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PART I—A.

Punjab Government Notifications and Orders.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Boards.

The 3rd January, 1940.

No. 4838-L. G.-39/291.—The following draft of an amendment which the Governor of the Punjab proposes to make, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 55 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, to the District Board Election Rules, 1933, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 23rd day of February, 1940, together with any objections or suggestions which may be received by Government in respect of the draft before that date :—

DRAFT AMENDMENT.

For clause (*i*) of rule 7, the following new clause shall be substituted, namely :—

" (*i*) is a whole-time salaried official in the service of the Crown, or in the service of any District Board, Municipal Committee or Town Committee."

No. 5160-L.G.-39/317.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5160-L.G.-39/35286, dated the 28th October, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 55 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, and section 19 of the Punjab General Clauses Act, 1898, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendment to the District Board Account Code, 1926 :—

AMENDMENT.

In the certificate appended below form 28-A, the words " in the presence of ——— " shall be substituted *for* the words " in my presence ".

GPP

No. 5030-L. G.-39/321.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5030-L. G.-39/35270, dated the 28th October, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendment to the Municipal Account Code, 1930 (revised edition) :—

AMENDMENT.

The following new proviso shall be added at the end of rule X·12 (2) :—

" Provided further that no feeding charges shall be recovered from the owner of an animal which is impounded after the hour fixed for feeding and is released before the next."

No. 6243-L.G.-39/327.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 2910-L.G.-9/24147, dated the 19th July, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 55 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, and section 19 of the Punjab General Clauses Act, 1898 the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendment, to the District Board Account Code, 1926 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. In rule 28 (1) the colon shall be converted into a full stop and for the words " at the end of each month a statement of demands in arrears shall be laid before the Chairman for orders " the following words shall be substituted :—

" To enable the Board to watch the progress of collection of taxes and miscellaneous demands (except Hasiyat Tax which is governed by rule XII·A·11) statements shall be laid before the Chairman monthly in forms 10-A and 10-B showing respectively the progress of collection of the demand for the current year and the collection of arrears for the previous years and copies thereof shall be forwarded to the Commissioner through the Deputy Commissioner :

Provided that if any arrear is due from any member or official of the Board, the name of such person shall be shown separately in the statements specifying the amount due from him. "

2. After form No. 10 the following new form shall be inserted :—

FORM 10-A. **[RULE 28 (1)].**

Tax and Miscellaneous Collection Progress Statement* (current year).

Description of Tax ______________.

Period to which statement relates ______________.

Demand.		Collections.		Remissions or Refunds.		Totals of collections and remissions or refunds.	Balance of demand outstanding.	Percentage of total demand collected and remitted or refunded.	Liabilities of the Board up to the date of the statement.
For the whole year.	Up to date of statement.	During the period of the statement.	Total up to date.	During the period of statement.	Total up to date.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10

*NOTE.—Separate statements shall be prepared for each tax and for miscellaneous demands.

3. After form 10-A the following new form shall be inserted —

FORM 10-B.

[RULE 28 (1)].

Tax and Miscellaneous Collection Progress Statement* (Arrears).

Description of Tax ____________.

Year of Arrears ____________.

Period of collection ____________.

Demand.	Collection.	Remissions or refunds.	Total of Collections and remissions or refunds.	Balance of demand outstanding.	Amount for the realization of which legal action has been taken.	Amount for which no such action has yet been taken.	REMARKS.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8

*NOTE.—Separate statements shall be prepared for each tax and for miscellaneous demands.

No. 5214-L. G.-39/336.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5214-L. G.-39/36863, dated the 7th November, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 55 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendment to the District Board Account Code, 1926 :—

AMENDMENT.

Convert the existing rule 89 into rule 89 (1) and *add* the following as sub-rule (2) :—

"(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-rule (1) the said verification of the property of the District Board, Kangra, situated in outer Saraj may be made by a person or persons specially appointed by the Board in this behalf."

No. 6357-L. G.—Bds.-39/343.—The following amendments made by the District Board of **Lyallpur,** to the Provident Fund Rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 22773, dated the 31st August, 1933, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the said Board on the 20th February, 1940 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. In rule 4, *substitute* the following proviso *for* the first proviso :—

"Provided that if the subscriber, who is required or permitted to subscribe to the provident fund, resigns within five years of the commencement of his service, except on account of illness or any other cause which the board may determine to be a sufficient cause, or has been dismissed from service of the board, the board may deduct from the sum standing to his credit in the provident fund, the whole or any part of the contributions made by it to his provident fund and the interest thereon."

2. In rule 11 between the words "sum" and "before" *insert* the words "but not exceeding in any case the total amount of its contributions credited to the account of the subscriber and interest accrued thereon."

No. 5601-C.-38/350—The following regulations made by the District Board of **Jullundur**, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 56 and 57 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, and in pursuance of Punjab Government notifications Nos. 40597 and 40598, dated the 27th November, 1935, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by sub-section (2) of section 56 of the said Act, are published for general information. They shall come into force within the area, subject to the authority of the District Board of **Jullundur,** on the 20th day of February, 1940.—

REGULATIONS.

1. These regulations shall apply to all animals and birds which are domesticated or are kept in confinement.

2. An animal or bird shall be deemed to be infected if it is affected with a disease mentioned in the schedule appended to these regulations or has recently come in contact with, or has been in close proximity to, an animal so affected.

3. The District Board may appoint an officer of the Civil Veterinary Department as Inspector under these regulations for the whole or a part of the area under the jurisdiction of the Board.

4. The Inspector may examine any animal or bird to ascertain whether it is infected and if he has reason to believe that it is infected he shall, by an order in writing, declare the area or place in which such animal or bird is kept to be an infected area or place. He shall then deliver a copy of his order to the owner, occupier, or person in charge of the area or place and shall also forward a copy to the Chairman of the Board.

5. The person in charge of an infected area or place shall keep the animal or bird confined to the area or place specified by the Inspector, till the infected area or place is declared by the Inspector to be free from infection.

6. If the Inspector has reason to believe that the area or place declared infected is free from infection, he shall issue a declaration to that effect in writing. He shall then deliver a copy of his order to the person in charge of the area or place and shall also forward a copy to the Chairman of the Board.

7. Any person who commits a breach of regulation 5 shall on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees and if the breach is a continuing one, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day during which the breach is continued after the offender has been convicted of such breach.

SCHEDULE.

Diseases of Equines.		Diseases of Bovines.	
English name.	Vernacular name.	English name.	Vernacular name.
1. Glanders ..	Badkinar,	Rinderpest	Mata, Sitla Wah Manuan.
2. Surra	Pheta, Tibarsa, Sokra.	Foot and-month disease	Muhn Khur.
3. Lymphangitis Epizootica.	Zehrbad.	Hæmorrhagic septicæmia	Galghotu.
4. Dourine ..	Atshaq-i-Aspan.	Anthrax ..	Salt.
5. Anthrax ..	Salt.	Blackquarter ..	Goli.
6. Strangles ..	Kubak, Khunak.	Sheep Pox ..	Bheri ki mata.
7. Contagious skin disease ..	Jildi Imraz muttaddi		
8. Gillar	Gillar.		
9. Pleuro Pneumonia contagious.	Phiphori.		

Committees.

No. 6449-L. G.—Bds.-39/287.—Whereas it appears to the Governor of the Punjab that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Municipal Committee of **Hoshiarpur**, for a public purpose, namely for the widening of a street at Kamalpur, it is hereby notified that the land described in the specification below is likely to be acquired for the said purpose.

2. This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, to all whom it may concern, and, in exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to authorize the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

3. Any person interested in the land who has any objection to the acquisition may, within thirty days of the publication of this notification, file an objection in writing before the Collector of the Hoshiarpur district :—

SPECIFICATION OF LAND.

District.—Hoshiarpur. | *Mauza.*—Kamalpur.

Tahsil.—Hoshiarpur. | *Area in acres.*—·000275.

Boundaries.—North.—House of Mohd. Hussain, *East.*—House of Sardar Begum w/o Qazi Abdul Kharim, *South.*—Street and house of Sh. Bashir Mohd., *West.*—House of Milkhi Ram.

No. 4742-C.-39/293.—The following draft of an amendment which the Governor of the Punjab proposes to make, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, to the Municipal Election Rules, 1930, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 23rd day of February, 1940, together with any objections or suggestions which may be received by Government with respect of the draft before that date :—

DRAFT AMENDMENT.

For clause (*g*) of sub-rule (2) of rule 7, the following new clause shall be substituted, namely :—

" (*g*) is a whole-time salaried official in the service of the Crown, or in the service of any district board, municipal committee or town committee."

No. 6234-L G.—Bds.-39/299.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (10) of section 62 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the Municipal Committee of **Pattoki,** in the Lahore district has, with effect from 6th April, 1940, imposed a tax, at the rates shown in the schedule appended below, payable by persons presenting building applications to the committee.

Provided that the tax shall not be payable by persons presenting applications relating to the erection or re-erection of religious buildings or buildings owned by Government or a district board :—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	*Description of building application.*	*Rate of tax.* Rs. A. P. for each storey.
1	Additions or alterations to existing buildings ..	0 8 0
2	Erection or re-erection of kacha buildings ..	1 0 0
3	Erection or re-erection of partly kacha and partly pacca buildings.	2 0 0
4	Erection or re-erection of pacca buildings ..	3 0 0

NOTE.—A building erected on old foundations will also be considered to be a new building.

No. 5509-C.-39/324.—The following amendment made by the Municipal Committee, **Rohtak**, of its by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 267, dated the 4th June, 1912, as amended by Punjab Government notifications No. 7119, dated the 8th March, 1922, No. 29827, dated the 12th October, 1926, and No. 3976-C.-37/41078, dated the 1st December, 1937, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Rohtak** on the 20th day of February, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

For existing by-law 4, the following by-law shall be substituted :—

" 4. For each cart, *chhakra* or *thela* shall be charged a licence fee of twelve annas per annum per wheel : provided that the licences issued on or after the 1st January, will be charged at half rates."

No. 5514-C.-39/330.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Muktsar**, in the Ferozepore district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188, 189, 190 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Muktsar,** on the 20th day of February, 1940, from which date Punjab Government notification No. 572, dated the 30th August, 1910, as subsequently amended by Punjab Government notifications No. 15188, dated the 6th June, 1919 and No. 25218, dated the 6th August, 1929, shall be deemed to be cancelled :—

BY-LAWS.

1. (1) Every person intending to erect or re-erect any building shall give notice of such intention in writing to the Secretary of the Committee in the form A appended to these by-laws, and shall at the same time submit —

(*a*) a site plan of the land on which it is intended to erect or re-erect the building ;

(*b*) a plan of the building which it is proposed to erect or re-erect, and

(*c*) the specifications detailed in form B appended to these by-laws.

(2) Copies of forms A and B may be obtained free of charge at the municipal office.

2. The site plan must be drawn to a scale of not less than one-eighth of an inch to the foot, must be submitted in duplicate, and must show—

(*a*) the direction of the north point ;

(*b*) the boundaries of the site ;

(*c*) the position of the site in relation to neighbouring streets and the level of the site in relation to the streets, if any, on which it abuts ;

(*d*) the position of the proposed building in relation to (*i*) the boundaries of the site ; (*ii*) all buildings and premises within 50 feet of the boundaries of the site ;

(*e*) the names, if any, and width of all streets on which the site abuts, and

(*f*) the scale to which the plan is drawn.

3. In the case of a structure proposed to be constructed on a site adjacent to a public street under the control or management of the Public Works Department or of another local authority the applicant shall submit the plans and specifications referred to above in triplicate and one complete set of the plans shall be forwarded by the Committee immediately on presentation to the Executive Engineer or to the other local body concerned for information.

4. No application for the erection or re-erection of a building shall be considered by the Committee until it is certified by the Municipal Engineer, or the Secretary, if there is no Municipal Engineer, that the plan submitted with the application is in accordance with the provisions of these by-laws.

5. The building plan must be drawn to a scale of not less than one-eighth of an inch to the foot must be submitted in duplicate, and must show—

(a) the plan of the ground floor and of every additional floor ;

(b) the position and dimensions of all projections beyond the main walls of the building ;

(c) the position of all proposed drains, privies, latrines, urinals and cesspools ;

(d) the level and width of the foundations, and the level of the lowest floor with reference to the level of the centre of the street on which the front of the proposed building is to abut ;

(e) the scale to which the plan is drawn.

6. The Committee may require any person who has submitted an application to erect or re-erect any building submit, in addition to the plans and specifications required by by-law 1, elevations and sections of the proposed building, together with full specifications as to the materials and methods of construction to be used for external walls, party-walls foundations, roofs, ceilings, floors, staircases, fireplaces and chimneys.

7. No building shall be roofed with straw or other easily inflammable material.

8. No fireplace to be used as such shall be constructed unless the floor beneath it and around it for a width of three feet has been rendered fireproof by being covered with earthenware tiles or concrete or some other fireproof substance.

9. Every fireplace shall before use as such be provided with a chimney with an iron, brick or stone flue to afford free means of exit for smoke.

10. No flue shall be so constructed as to pass through or be within one foot of any wall or structure made of inflammable material except at its point of exit, at which it must be rendered safe by a casing of uninflammable material at least one foot thick.

11. In no building shall any open sewer or drain pass through any room used or intended to be used as a living or sleeping room.

12. No drain shall be constructed within the thickness of any wall of any building.

13. All stack-pipes for the disposal of roof-drainage shall be of cast iron.

14. No person shall instal waterflushed laterines in his house unless the house drains are connected with a municipal sewer or unless arrangements are made to purify the sewage in a properly constructed septic tank of a suitable size and to discharge the effluent into a municipal sewer or into a sullage drain certified by the Medical Officer of Health to be capable of carrying off the effluent without danger to the health of the public. Such installations shall be constructed under the supervision of a sanitary engineer and shall be approved by the Medical Officer of Health before they are taken into use.

15. No person shall dispose of the effluent from a septic tank by surface irrigation or by sub-soil drainage or into open un-lined cess-pools.

16. Masonry latrines and privies which are not waterborne shall be so constructed that all solids fall directly into a movable receptacle of metal or pottery fitting beneath the seat.

17. A drain shall be provided for every latrine, privy, urinal, bathroom and cooking-place. Such drain shall be constructed of glazed pipes, or other impervious material and shall connect the floor of the latrine, privy, urinal, bathroom or cooking-place with :—

(a) a municipal masonry drain, or

(b) a private cesspool constructed as hereinafter prescribed.

18. The floor of every laterine, privy and urinal —

(a) shall be of masonry, or of tiles, or of cement ;

(b) shall be in every part at a height of not less than three inches above the level of the surface of the ground adjoining the larine, privy or urinal ; and

(c) shall slope to the drain in such a way that liquid will flow off quickly.

19. In every urinal the walls to a height of three feet above the floor, and in every laterine and privy both the seat and the walls to a height of three feet above the

floor, shall be of metal or masonry, provided that in the case of a water-closet of European type the seat may be of wood.

20. Every latrine, privy or urinal shall be provided with adequate ventilation which, in the case of a laterine, privy, or urinal situated in or near a building, shall be erected by an opening not less than one foot-square in area in one of the walls, as near the top of the wall as may be practicable, and communicating directly with the open air.

21. Every laterine or privy, shall be so constructed that—

(a) there shall be adequate access thereto for the purpose of cleansing ;

(b) when the outer door thereof is open, the seats shall not be visible from the street or other public place.

22. No privy other than a water closet of European type shall be placed on any upper floor of a building unless movable receptacles are provided.

23. No person shall construct a private cesspool—

(a) unless there is no municipal drain within 100 feet of the premises for which it is required ;

(b) except within the boundaries of private land ;

(c) unless adequate access is provided thereto for the purpose of cleansing it ;

(d) except a cesspool of masonry with a cast iron movable convering ; and

(e) within 100 feet of any inhabited building.

24. No portion of any building in a street in which a line of frontage has been fixed by a resolution of the committee shall be built to project beyond such line of frontage.

25. No portion of any building abutting on any street to which from time to time the Committee may, by resolution, declare this by-law to apply shall be built within 20 feet of what was the centre of such street at the time of the passing of these by-laws, and no portion of any building abutting on any other street shall be built within 10 feet of what was the centre of such street at the time of the passing of these by-laws provided that when the Municipal Committee has fixed a building line to regulate the frontage of buildings in any street, the Municipal Committee may permit a building to be constructed up to that line irrespective of the distance of any portion of it from the centre of the existing street.

26. No dwelling house of not more than two storeys including the ground-floor shall have an interior yard of a superficial area of less than 225 square feet, and no dwelling house of more than two storeys-including the ground-floor shall have an interior yard of a superficial area of less than 400 squar feet.

27. (1) Every interior yard must be raised at least one foot above the level of the nearest street so as to admit of easy drainage into such street.

(2) Every interior yard must be open to the sky throughout its entire area and must be kept accessible for the purpose of cleansing, and no structure except open fencing for protection against monkeys shall be erected within or above or so as to project over the yard.

28. No person shall construct any room to be used as a living or sleeping room with a superficial floor area of less than 144 square feet.

29. No person shall construct any room to be used as a living or sleeping unless it is provided for the purpose of light and ventilation, with one or more windows, doors or other apertures of a total area equal to not less than one-eighth of the floor area of such room, opening on to a space not less than six feet wide measured at right angles to the face of the wall in which window, door or other aperture is placed and open to the sky throughout such width and for the length of such window, door or other aperture or opening on to a verandah opening on to such space, and every such door or window shall be so constructed that the whole of it can be opened.

30. No person shall construct any building of more than five storeys including the ground-floor and no person shall construct any building of more than two such storeys unless the outer walls of such building are made of brick, stone or reinforced concrete.

31. (1) In the case of buildings of more than one storey including the ground-floor the height of each storey shall be not less than—

12 feet in the case of the ground-floor ;

11	ditto	first storey ;
10	ditto	second storey ;
10	ditto	third storey ;
10	ditto	fourth storey.

(2) Any horizontal division of a building so constructed as to be capable of use as a living or sleeping room shall be considered to be a storey for the purpose of this by-law and of by-law 26 even though such division does not extend over the whole depth or width of such building.

(3) For the purpose of this by-law the height of storeys shall be reckoned as follows :—

(a) In the case of single storyed buildings and of the uppermost storey of buildings of more than one storey, from the level of the upper surface of the floor at any point along the walls within the building to the level of the underside of the tie-beam, or if there is no tie-beam to the meeting point of the outside walls and roof ;

(b) In the case of any storey except the uppermost storey of building of more than one storey from the level of the upper surface of the floor to the level of the upper side of the beams or joints on which the floor above rests, or, if the floor above is ceiled, to the level of the under side of the ceiling.

32. No person shall construct any building abutting on any street—

(a) of a greater height than 12 feet if such street is less than eight feet wide ;

(b) of a greater height than 23 feet if such street is less than twenty feet but not less than eight feet wide ;

(c) of a greater height than 33 feet if such street is less than 30 feet but not less than twenty feet wide ;

(d) of a greater height than one and-a-half times the width of the street on any other street.

Provided that—

(a) if a building is to be erected on a corner plot so as to abut on more than one street the maximum height of such building shall be regulated by the width of the wider of such streets to the depth of 50 feet from such wider streets and for the rest of its depth by the width of the narrower of such streets ;

(b) if a building is to be erected in a street opposite to the point where another street joins it, the maximum height of such building for a frontage equal to the width of such other street may be increased by half the width of such street ;

(c) the Municipal Committee may permit chimneys, minarets of mosques, towers of churches, temples and similar structures to be erected to a height in excess of the maximum height otherwise permissible under this bye-law ; and

(d) the Municipal Committee may permit the erection on the rear half of a building of covers for roof-staircases, hot-weather sleeping rooms and sun shelters (*mamtis*, *barsatis*, *saibans*, etc.), to a height in excess of the maximum height otherwise permissible.

33. (1) No person shall construct any building so that any part of any storey of a building above the ground-floor is more than 50 feet from some staircase leading to the ground or to he ground-floor.

(2) No person shall construct any staircase of a width of less than three feet or with steps having a rise of more than nine inches or a breadth of less than 10 inches measured from the vertical face of the rise.

Form A.

(OBVERSE TO BE FILLED IN IN THE MUNICIPAL OFFICE.)

Serial No. of application ________.

Name of applicant ________

Site of building (name of street, quarter, etc.) ________

Abstract of application ________

____

____

Received by Secretary on ________ (date) ________

____

(Initials of Secretary.)

Date by which orders of Committee must be passed under section 193 (4) ________

(to be filled in red ink)

Forwarded to ________ for report on ________ (date) ________

____

(Initials of forwarding officer.)

Forwarded to Municipa Engineer for report on ________ (date) ________

____

(Initials of forwarding officer.)

Forwarded to Medical Officer of Health for report on ________ (date) ________

____

(Initials of forwarding officer.)

Returned to Secr tary on ________ (date) ________

____

(Initials of forwarding officer.)

Submitted to ________ Sub-Committee on ________ (date) ________

____

(Initials of Secretary.)

Submitted to the Committee on ________ (date) ________

____

(Initials of Secretary.)

Abstract of order of the Committee ________

____

(Initials of Secretary.)

From

(REVERSE TO BE FILLED IN BY APPLICANT.)

____

____

____

To

____

The Secretary,

________ Municipal Committee.

I hereby give notice under section 189 (2) of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, that I intend to erect/re-erect a building as specified in Form B attached, situated in (here insert street, ward, etc.)

I attach—

(*a*) the plans in duplicate required by the Committee's by-laws.

(*b*) a specification of the proposed building.

Signature ________

Date ________

Form B.

(SPECIFICATION OF PROPOSED BUILDING.)

1. In the case of the erection / re-erection of an entire house of considerable portion of a house —

(a) in case of re-erection of a house, the house number, if any, of the house to be re-erected ________________

(b) the purpose for which it is intended to use the building ________________

(c) the materials to be used in construction of the walls ________________

(d) the number of storeys of which the building will consist ________________

(e) the position and dimensions of all doors, windows and ventilation openings ________________

(f) the approximate number of inhabitants proposed to be accommodated ________________

(g) the number of latrines to be provided ________________

(h) whether the site has been built upon before or not ; if so, the date when the previous building ceased to be fit for occupation ________________

2. In the case of minor alterations or additions :—

(a) a description of the alteration or addition proposed ________________

(b) the material to be used for such alteration or addition ________________

Signature ________________

No. 5699-C.-39/333.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Jhang-*cum*-Maghiana**, in the Jhang district in exercise of the powers conferred by section 188 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Jhang-*cum*-Maghiana,** on the 20th day of February, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. All files relating to items in the agenda to be transacted in the next meeting of the Committee shall be made available for the inspection of the members of the Municipal Committee as soon as the copy of the agenda is issued to them and the Secretary shall provide necessary facilities for inspection of the files.

2. Any member of the Committee may inspect any municipal file without payment of any fee but he is not authorised to inspect a file or files concerning a case in which he is personally interested.

3. No member or official of the Committee except the Executive Officer or the President shall remove files from the municipal office. The inspection allowed by by-laws Nos. 1 and 2 shall be made at the municipal office.

4. No member of the public is authorised to inspect the municipal files except the minutes of the meetings of the Committee or of a Sub-Committee, but if any person is permitted to inspect records other than the proceedings of the meetings of the Committee or of a Sub-Committee he shall pay Re. 1 for the first hour and annas eight (0-8-0) for any subsequent hour or part thereof.

5. Any member of the public who wishes to inspect the municipal records other than the proceedings of the meeting of the Committee or of Sub-Committee under by-law 4 shall make an application in writing to the Secretary and if he is permitted by the Executive Officer or in his absence by the President or the Vice-President or the Secretary of the Committee to examine them shall pay Re. 1 in advance. This sum shall in no case be returned, but if he inspects the records it shall be deducted from the inspection fee referred to in by-law 4.

6. The inspection allowed by by-law 4 shall be made in the office of the Secretary of the Committee under his supervision or under the supervision of the officer appointed by him for the said purpose.

7 (A). A member of the public may obtain copies of the resolutions of the Committee and the Sub-Committees or any other record, except those mentioned in by-law 9, with the permission of the Executive Officer or in his absence the President or Vice-President on payment of the following fees :—

(a)

English or Roman Urdu or mixed.	Rs. A. P.	Vernacular. Rs. A. P.
First two hundred words or under.	0 12 0	0 6 0
Every additional hundred words or fraction thereof.	0 6 0	0 3 0

These rates include the cost of paper which will be supplied by the Committee.

(b) For field maps, boundary maps and tabular works (plans and registers) a special fee shall be fixed by the Executive Officer or in his absence by the President or Vice-President or Secretary of the Committee but this fee should always be a multiple of Re. 0-2-0.

(c) Application for urgent copies, *i.e.*, copies to take precedence of other copying work shall pay a uniform extra charge of one rupee or of such other amount as the Executive Officer or in his absence the President or the Vice-President may direct.

Note.—For the purpose of the above rule the extra fee to be charged shall be fixed for each copy of the record. In case of doubt whether a resolution is separate or not the decision of the Executive Officer or in his absence the President or the Vice-President shall be final.

(d) A search fee of 8 annas per year may be charged in cases in which an unreasonable amount of trouble has been caused in finding the original record.

(e) Any person may inspect the register of Birth and Death on payment of fee of one rupee and shall be entitled to receive a certified copy of an entry in the Birth or Death Register on payment of a fee of 8 annas provided that in case where insufficient or incorrect information is supplied by an applicant a further fee of 4 annas may be charged in respect of every calendar year for which the registers have to be searched.

(f) Ordinary copies will be supplied within a week.

(B) All the above applications for copies shall be made in writing on thick and white paper giving particulars of the copies required with the fees mentioned in the by-laws credited to Municipal Fund in advance.

8. Copies from the records of the Committee may be granted with the permission of the Executive Officer or in his absence the President or the Vice-President on payment of fees at the rates prescribed in by-law 7 above if the Executive Officer or in his absence the President or the Vice-President holds that the granting of such copies is not prejudicial to the interests of the Committee.

9. No copy shall be granted in the following cases :—

(1) Government Circulars.

(2) Letters from Government Officers addressed to the Committee.

(3) Intermediatory reports of the Municipal Commissioners, Officials and other intermediatory statements.

(4) Remarks or opinions made by the Revenue or other officers of the district on municipal cases.

No. 5516-C.-39/339.—The following draft rules which the Governor of the Punjab proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, are published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 20th day of February, 1940, together with any objection or suggestion which may be received by the Punjab Government from any person with respect to the draft before that date :—

DRAFT RULES.

1. The Deputy Commissioner of Gujrat district shall in consultation with the Municipal Committee of Dinga, cause to be prepared an accurate plan of the Municipality of Dinga, drawn to a scale of not less than one inch to fifty feet, showing thereon all public streets and other immovable property vested in the Comm

2. The Deputy Commissioner shall also cause to be prepared a *khasra* of the streets and other properties specified in rule 1 in Form 'B' appended to these rules.

3. The Deputy Commissioner shall cause the plan and *khasra*, when ready, to be published in such manner as he deems fit, together with a notice intimating the date not less than two months from the date of the notice by which objections from any person with regard to entries on the plan and *khasra* may be presented to the Revising Authority appointed under rule 5 and the time and place at which the plan and *khasra* may be inspected.

4. The Deputy Commissioner shall arrange to allow any person to inspect the plan and *khasra* during the hours and at the place specified in the notice on any day which is not a public holiday.

5. The Deputy Commissioner shall appoint an Assistant Commissioner or Extra Assistant Commissioner on the district staff to be the Revising Authority for the purpose of hearing objections relating to the plan or *khasra*.

6. When the plan and *khasra* have been published under the provisions of rule 3, objections in respect of entries on the plan and *khasra* may be presented to the Revising Authority, appointed under rule 5, within the hours of ten o'clock of the morning and four o'clock of the afternoon of any day of the period specified in the notice issued under rule 3, which is not a public holiday.

7. The Revising Authority shall maintain a register of objections in Form A in which he shall cause to be entered at the time of receipt particulars of every objection received.

8. Any person aggrieved by any order, which the Revising Authority may pass, may, within seven days from the date of such order, apply to the Deputy Commissioner for revision of the order; and the Deputy Commissioner, after giving notice to the parties concerned and hearing any representation which they may wish to make, may confirm it or set it aside, and pass such other orders with respect to the objection which he may deem fit.

9. After the objections, if any, have been disposed of, the Deputy Commissioner shall cause the plan and *khasra* to be corrected, if necessary, in accordance with the orders passed on the objections, and shall then have the amended plan and *khasra*, or a fresh copy of it, published for general information.

10. The original plan and *khasra* shall remain in the custody of the Deputy Commissioner, and a copy thereof duly certified by the Deputy Commissioner to be correct, shall be furnished to the Municipal Committee of Dinga.

11. The Deputy Commissioner may employ such staff as is required for the preparation of the plan and *khasra* and the Municipal Committee of Dinga shall be liable for the cost of pay and other incidental expenses connected with the staff and the preparation of the documents mentioned above, and also for the cost of pay or any other expenditure connected with the appointment of the Revising Authority.

Form A.

[RULE 7.]

Register of objections.

Serial No.	Name, parentage and address of the objector.	Date of presentation of objection with the initials of the officer to whom the objection is presented.	Nature of the objection.	Date of decision.	Summary of decision.	Signature of Revising Authority.	Decision by Deputy Commissioner, if any.	Signature of official by whom effect was given to the decision of the Revising Authority or of the Deputy Commissioner, and date.

Form B.

[RULE 2.]

MUNICIPAL COMMITTEE, DINGA.

Survey Register.

1	2	3			4								5		6	7
					Measurement in feet and inches.								Area in square yards and decimals.			
					North.		*East.*		*West.*		*South.*					
Plan sheet.	*Khasra* No.	Name of *Mohalla* or Bazar	Name of *Gali.*	Description of property.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Square yards.	Decimals.	Possessor's name with father's name, caste, occupation and present address.	REMARKS.

No. 5695-C.-39/347.—The following by-laws made by the Administrator of the **Kartarpur** Municipality, in the Jullundur district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information. They shall come into force within the Municipality of **Kartarpur**, on the 20th day of February, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. No person shall deposit goods for sale or articles for the exercise of any trade or calling, in any public street, or set up any booth, stall or other movable structure thereon or place furniture or furniture frames for polishing, finishing, etc., or deposit any building material or *malta* in any public street without obtaining the written permission of the Municipal Committee and without payment of the rents mentioned in by-law 3 or in cases not provided for in that by-law, the rent which may from time to time be fixed by the Committee.

2. The written permission granted to any person under by-law 1 shall specify the part of the Municipality which such person may use or occupy for the sale of articles or for the exercise of his calling or for the setting up of a booth, stall or other movable structure, or for placing furniture or furniture frames for polishing, finishing, etc., or for depositing any building material or *malba* ;

Provided that the permission granted under by-law 1 shall not interfere with the free means of ingress and egress to shops and other buildings.

3. The following rent shall be charged per month or part thereof for the use or occupation of any portion of any street or public place within the municipal limits :—

Serial No.	Description.	Area.	Rent per mensem.
			Rs. A. P.
1	Open spaces	(*i*) not more than 6×4 sq. ft. ..	0 8 0
		(*ii*) more than 6×4 sq. ft. ..	1 0 0
2	*Mochis*	4×4 sq. ft.	0 4 0
3	Barbers	4×4 sq. ft.	0 4 0
4	Hand-carts which will remain at a particular and specified place.	5½×4 sq. ft.	1 0 0
5	Stacking *malba* and building material ..	(*i*) not more than 50 sq. ft. ..	0 8 0
		(*ii*) more than 50 sq. ft. ..	1 0 0

Note.—In the case of other open spaces, platforms and stalls, the rent shall be fixed by public auction.

4. Every person from whom any such dues are leviable shall pay them to the servant of the Committee appointed for this purpose and obtain from him a receipt for the same.

5. If the Municipal Committee is satisfied that any booth, stall, movable structure or the placing of furniture or furniture frames or depositing of *malba* or building material on any street, under the provisions of by-law 1 is a nuisance, the owner or occupier thereof may, by written notice, be required to remove such booth, stall, movable structure, furniture or furniture frames, or building material or *malba* within such time from the receipt of the notice as may be prescribed therein.

6. Any person who commits a breach of any of these by-laws shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees and when the breach is a continuing one with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

Notified Areas.

The 1st January, 1940.

No. 6404-L. G.-Bds.-39/1-A.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*a*) of sub-section (I) of section 242 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to impose in the Notified Area of **Chheharta** in the Amritsar district with effect from 1st April, 1940, the tax described below :—

A tax at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum on the annual value of buildings and lands situated within the limits of the said Notified Area :

Provided that the tax shall not be levied in respect of any land used solely for agricultural purposes, any mosque, temple, church, gurdwara, dharmsala, school, hospital, dispensary, orphanage, alms-house, drinking water-fountains or graveyard :

Provided further that the tax shall be payable in one instalment in advance on the 1st April each year by the owner of such buildings and lands.

Medical.

The 3rd January, 1940.

No. 7083-M.-39/309.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Pakpattan**, district Montgomery, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 17 of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information and shall come into force within the limits of the Municipality of **Pakpattan**, six weeks after the date of the publication of this notification :—

BY-LAWS.

1. No person whose name has not been registered in accordance with the provisions of section 14 of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932, shall practise as nurse, health visitor, midwife, nurse dai, trained dai, or dai within the area subject to the authority of the Municipal Committee, Pakpattan.

2. Any person practising in contravention of by-law 1 or any person committing or abetting the commitment of a breach of by-law 1 shall be liable, on conviction by a magistrate of the first class, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 for the first offence or to a fine not exceeding Rs. 250 for a second or subsequent offence.

Public Health.

The 3rd January, 1940.

No. 6845-M.-39/302.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 1 of the Punjab Pure Food Act, 1929, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to extend to the Municipality of **Jandiala**, in the Amritsar district, with effect from the date of publication of this notification, the provisions of sections 3 to 22 of the said Act, in respect of all articles of food and drink.

No. 6845-M.-39/305.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Pure Food Act, 1929, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to appoint the Chemist of the Public Health Department to be a Public Analyst for the Municipality of **Jandiala**, in the Amritsar district, in respect of all articles of food and drink.

RAM CHANDRA,

Secretary to Government, Punjab,

Medical and Local Government Departments.

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The Government Gazette, Punjab.

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No. 2. LAHORE, FRIDAY, JANUARY 12, 1940.

PART I—A.

Punjab Government Notifications and Orders.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Boards.

The 8th January, 1940.

No. 6017-L. G.-39/1005.—In the matter of the election petition of Chaudhri Rai Bhan, against the election of Khan Bahadur Subedar-Major Sardar Mohammad Khan as a member of the District Board of Gurgaon, the Governor of the Punjab, in pursuance of the provisions of rules 73 and 75 of the District Board Election Rules, 1933, is pleased (*i*) to declare that the respondent Khan Bahadur Subedar-Major Sardar Mohammad Khan was duly elected as a member of the District Board of Gurgaon, and (*ii*) to order that the petitioner Chaudhri Rai Bhan shall pay to the respondent Khan Bahadur Subedar-Major Sardar Mohammad Khan the sum of rupees one hundred and forty-four and annas eight only, as costs.

The 9th January, 1940.

No. 6352-L. G.-39/1200.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 1140-L.G.-39/13928, dated the 11th April, 1939, and in pursuance of the provisions of section 71 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendment to the directions published with Punjab Government notification No. 3614-L.G.-38/28471, dated the 20th August, 1938 :—

AMENDMENT.

For direction No. 1, the following new direction shall be substituted namely :—

"The group in which any person shall be assessed shall be determined from time to time under the orders of the District Board by committees or any other person appointed by the Board."

No. 5606-L.G.-39/1202.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5606-L.G.-39/16841, dated the 7th November, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the the following amendment to the Municipal Account Code, 1930 (revised edition) :—

AMENDMENT.

Add the following as sub-rule (3) in rule II·9 —

" (3) when it is found after the close of the financial year that the budget provision under any departmental head has been exceeded, the excess may be regularized with the sanction of the Commissioner. "

No. 5606-L.G.-39/1205.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5606-L.G.-39/16844, dated the 7th November, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 55 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, and section 19 of the Punjab General Clauses Act, 1898, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendment to the District Board Account Code, 1926 :—

AMENDMENT.

Add the following as sub-rule (4) in rule 11 :—

" (4) When it is found at the close of the financial year that the budget provision under any departmental head has been exceeded, the excess may be regularized with the sanction of the Commissioner ."

No. 6466-L. G.-39/1296.—In the matter of the election petition of M. Mohammad Zaman, against the return of M. Dost Mohammad as a member of the District Board of **Rawalpindi**, the Governor of the Punjab, in pursuance of the provisions of rules 73 and 75 of the District Board Election Rules, 1933, is pleased to declare that the respondent M. Dost Mohammad was duly elected as a member of the District Board of **Rawalpindi** and to order that the parties to the election petition shall bear their own costs.

The 10th January, 1940.

No. 6575-L. G.-Bds.-39/1405.—The following amendments made by the District Board of **Gujranwala** to its Provident Fund Rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 33418, dated the 19th December, 1933, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Gujranwala** on the 26th February, 1940 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. *Substitute* the following new rule *for* the existing rule 12 :—

" 12. The Board shall maintain—

General accounts to be maintained by the Board.

(1) a Provident Fund Account in Form P. F. 4,

(2) a Provident Fund Investments Account in Form P. F. 5,

(3) a Provident Fund Investments Interest Account in Form P. F. 6 or if a Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund is maintained a Provident Fund Investment Interest Account in Form P. F. 6-A and a Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund Account in Form P. F. 6-B, and

(4) an account in Form P. F. 8, showing the amount available for payment of insurance premia of the Provident Fund subscribers."

2. *Insert* the following new forms *after* Form P. F. 6 :—

Form P. F. 6.-A. **Rule 12.**

Provident Fund Investments Interest Account ________________ *District Board.*

Serial No. in Provident Fund Investment Account (P. F. 5).	Instalment of interest due.		Instalment of interest received.			Disposal of interest received.					No. and date of the voucher with which the amount in column 4 (e) is withdrawn from the District Fund for credit to the Provident Fund.	Date on which the amount is credited to the savings bank account.	No. and date of voucher with which the amount in column 4 (d) is withdrawn from the District Fund for credit to the P. F. Investment Depreciation Fund.	Date on which the amount is credited in the P.F. Investment Depreciation Fund.	Remarks.
	(a)	(b)	(a)	(b)	(c)	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)					
	Date.	Amount.	Date.	No. and date of chalan with which remitted to treasury for credit into the fund of the local body.	Amount.	At savings bank rate to be credited to the P. F. Account.	Difference between columns 3 (c) and 4 (a).	Half of column 4 (b) to be credited to the Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund subject to a maximum of 1% on the amount invested.	Difference, if any, between half of columns 4 (b) and 4 (c).	Half of column 4 (b) plus 4 (d) to be credited to Provident Fund Account.					
1	2		3			4					5(a)	5(b)	6 (a)	6(b)	7
		Rs. A. P.			Rs. A. P.										

NOTE.—This form is to be used by the Boards which maintain Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund. Such Boards need not maintain Form P. F. 6.

Form P. F. 6-B. **Rule 12.**

Provident Fund Investments Depreciation Fund Account ——————— *District Board.*

Date.	Balance at credit.	Amount credited to the Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund in the Post Office Savings Bank. Imperial Bank.		Interest earned on the Investment Depreciation Fund money in the Post Office Savings Bank or Imperial Bank.	Payments.		Balance 4—5 (b).	Remarks.
		Folio No. of Register P. F. 6(a).	Amount.		No. and date of the order of the Commissioner sanctioning withdrawal from the fund.	Amount.		
1	2	3(a)	3(b)	4	5(a)	5(b)	6	7
			Rs. A. P.			Rs. A. P.		

3. *Insert* the following new form after Form P. F. 7 :—

Form P. F. 8. **Rule 12.**

Register showing the amount available for payment of insurance premia of Provident Fund subscriber.

P. F. ACCOUNT No. ____________________

NAME ____________________

Date.	Provident Fund subscription available for insurance.			Advance paid.	Balance after each transaction.	Remarks.*
	(a) Amount of deposit made by the subscriber since the last withdrawal for payment of insurance premium was made.	(b) Interest earned since the date of last withdrawal on subscriber's own deposits.	Total of columns 2(a), 2(b) and 4.			
1	2			3	4	5
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A P.	Rs. A. P.	

*The fact that the Insurance Policy has been assigned to the Board as well as the number of policy should be noted in the remarks column of the register.

No. 6517-L. G.-39/1409.—The following amendment, made by the District Board of **Multan**, to its business rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 30211, dated the 22nd November, 1933, as subsequently amended, is published for general information. It shall come into force on the 29th day of February, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

For 'Rs. 50', occuring in the column "Extent or Remarks", against item No. 30 of the appendix, *substitute* 'Rs. 90'.

No. 5981-L. G.-39/1487.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5981-L. G.-39/39180, dated the 22nd November, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendment to the Municipal Account Code, 1930 (revised edition):—

AMENDMENT.

After rule XVI·3 the following note shall be inserted :—

"NOTE.—In the case of a municipal employee governed by the Civil Service Regulations or the Revised Leave Rules, 1936, the term "leave on average pay" occurring in sub-rule (2) means the privilege leave on full salary or the earned leave as the case may be."

No. 6563-L.G.—39/1490.—The following amendments made by the District Board of **Shahpur** to its Provident Fund Rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 22824, dated the 2nd June, 1932, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Shahpur** on the 26th February, 1940 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. In rule 4, *substitute* the following proviso *for* the first proviso :—

"Provided that if the subscriber, who is required or permitted to subscribe to the provident fund, resigns within five years of the commencement of his service, except on account of illness or any other cause which the Board may determine to be a sufficient cause, or has been dismissed from service of the Board, the Board may deduct from the sum standing to his credit in the provident fund, the whole or any part of the contributions made by it to his provident fund and the interest thereon."

2. In rule 11 between the words "sum" and "before" *insert* the words "but not exceeding in any case the total amount of its contributions credited to the account of the subscriber and interest accrued thereon".

3. *Substitute* the following new rule *for* the existing rule 12 :—

"12. The Board shall maintain—

General accounts to be maintained by the Board.

(1) a Provident Fund Account in Form P. F. 4,

(2) a Provident Fund Investments Account in Form P. F. 5,

(3) a Provident Fund Investments Interest Account in Form P. F. 6 or if a Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund is maintained a Provident Fund Investment Interest Account in Form P. F. 6-A and a Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund Account in Form P. F. 6-B, and

(4) an account in Form P. F. 8, showing the amount available for payment of insurance premia of the Provident Fund subscribers."

4. *Insert* the following new Forms *after* Form P. F. 6 :—

Form P. F. 6 A. Rule 12

Provident Fund Investments Interest Account ______________ *District Board.*

Serial No. in Provident Fund Investment Account (P. F. 5).	INSTALMENT OF INTEREST DUE.		INSTALMENT OF INTEREST RECEIVED.			DISPOSAL OF INTEREST RECEIVED.					No. and date of the voucher with which the amount in column 4 (*e*) is withdrawn from the District Fund for credit to the Provident Fund.	Date on which the amount is credited to the savings bank account.	No. and date of voucher with which the amount in column 4 (*d*) is withdrawn from the District Fund for credit to the P. F. Investment Depreciation Fund.	Date on which the amount is credited in the P. F. Investment Depreciation Fund.	REMARKS.
	(*a*) Date.	(*b*) Amount.	(*a*) Date.	(*b*) No. and date of chalan with which remitted to treasury for credit into the fund of the local body.	(*c*) Amount.	(*a*) At savings bank rate to be credited to the P. F. Account.	(*b*) Difference between columns 3 (*c*) and 4 (*a*).	(*c*) Half of column 4 (*b*) to be credited to the Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund subject to a maximum of 1% on the amount invested.	(*d*) Difference, if any, between half of columns 4 (*b*) and 4 (*c*).	(*e*) Half of column 4 (*b*) plus 4 (*d*) to be credited to Provident Fund Account.					
1	2		3			4					5(*a*)	5(*b*)	6(*a*)	6(*b*)	7
		Rs. A. P.			Rs. A. P.										

NOTE.—This form is to be used by the Boards which maintain Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund. Such Boards need not maintain Form P. F. 6.

Form P. F. 6-B. **Rule 12.**

Provident Fund Investments Depreciation Fund Account __________ *District Board.*

Date.	Balance at credit.	Amount credited to the Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund in the Post Office Savings Bank / Imperial Bank. Folio No. of Register P. F. 6 (a).	Amount credited to the Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund in the Post Office Savings Bank / Imperial Bank. Amount.	Interest earned on the Investment Depreciation Fund money in the Post Office Savings Bank or Imperial Bank.	Payments. No. and date of the order of the Commissioner sanctioning withdrawal from the fund.	Payments. Amount.	Balance 4—5 (b).	Remarks.
1	2	3 (a)	3 (b)	4	5 (a)	5 (b)	6	7
			Rs. A. P.			Rs. A. P.		

5. *Insert* the following new form *after* Form P. F. 7 :—

Form P. F. 8. **Rule 12.**

Register showing the amount available for payment of insurance premia of Provident Fund subscriber.

P. F. ACCOUNT No. __________

NAME __________

Date.	Provident Fund subscription available for insurance. (a) Amount of deposit made by the subscriber since the last withdrawal for payment of insurance premium was made.	Provident Fund subscription available for insurance. (b) Interest earned since the date of last withdrawal on subscriber's own deposits.	Provident Fund subscription available for insurance. Total of columns 2 (a), 2 (b) and 4.	Advance paid.	Balance after each transaction.	Remarks.*
1		2		3	4	5
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	

*The fact that the Insurance Policy has been assigned to the Board as well as the number of policy should be noted in the remarks column of the register.

No. 6555-L. G.-Bds.-39/1494.—The following amendments made by the District Board of **Jhelum** to its Provident Fund Rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 12194, dated the 7th April, 1932, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab are published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Jhelum** on the 26th February, 1940 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. *Substitute* the following new rule *for* the existing rule **12** :—

"12. The Board shall maintain—

General accounts to be maintained by the Board.

(1) a Provident Fund Account in Form P. F. 4,

(2) a Provident Fund Investments Account in Form P. F. 5,

(3) a Provident Fund Investments Interest Account in Form P. F. 6 or if a Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund is maintained a Provident Fund Investment Interest Account in Form P. F. 6-A and a Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund Account in Form P. F. 6-B, and

(4) an account in Form P. F. 8, showing the amount availalable for payment of insurance premia of the Provident Fund subscribers."

2. *Insert* the following new forms *after* Form P. F. 6 :—

Form P. F. 6-A. **Rule 12.**

Provident Fund Investments Interest Account ______________ *District Board.*

Serial No. in Provident Fund Investment Account (P. F. 5).	Instalment of interest due.		Instalment of interest received.			Disposal of interest received.					No. and date of the voucher with which the amount in column 4 (e) is withdrawn from the District Fund for credit to the Provident Fund.	Date on which the amount is credited to the savings bank account.	No. and date of voucher with which the amount in column 4 (d) is withdrawn from the District Fund for credit to the P. F. Investment Depreciation Fund.	Date on which the amount is credited in the P. F. Investment Depreciation Fund.	Remarks.
	(a)	(b)	(a)	(b)		(a)	b	(c)	(d)	(e)					
	Date.	Amount.	Date.	No. and date of chalan with which remitted to treasury for credit into the fund of the local body.	Amount.	At savings bank rate to be credited to the P. F. Account.	Difference between columns 3 (c) and 4 (a).	Half of column 4 (b) to be credited to the Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund subject to a maximum of 1% on the amount invested.	Difference, if any, between half of columns 4 (b) and 4 (c).	Half of column 4 (b) plus 4 (d) to be credited to Provident Fund Account.					
1	2		3			4					5(a)	5(b)	6(a)	6(b)	7
		Rs. A. P.			Rs. A. P.										

NOTE.—This form is to be used by the Boards which maintain Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund. Such Boards need not maintain Form P. F. 6.

Form P. F. 6-B. **Rule 12.**

Provident Fund Investments Depreciation Fund Account ________ *District Board.*

Date.	Balance at credit.	Amount credited to the Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund in the Post Office Savings Bank / Imperial Bank.		Interest earned on the Investment Depreciation Fund money in the Post Office Savings Bank or Imperial Bank.	Payments.		Balance 4—5 (b).	Remarks.
		Folio No. of Register P. F. 6(a).	Amount.		No. and date of the order of the Commissioner sanctioning withdrawal from the fund.	Amount.		
1	2	3(a)	3(b)	4	5(a)	5(b)	6	7
			Rs. A. P.			Rs. A. P.		

3. *Insert* the following new form *after* Form P. F.-7 :—

Form P. F. 8. **Rule 12.**

Register showing the amount available for payment of insurance premia of Provident Fund subscriber.

P. F. ACCOUNT No. ________

NAME ________

Date.	Provident Fund subscription available for insurance.			Advance paid.	Balance after each transaction.	Remarks.*
	(a) Amount of deposit made by the subscriber since the last withdrawal for payment of insurance premium was made.	(b) Interest earned since the date of last withdrawal on subscriber's own deposits.	Total of columns 2(a), 2(b) and 4.			
1	2			3	4	5
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	

*The fact that the Insurance Policy has been assigned to the Board as well as the number of policy should be noted in the remarks column of the register.

Committees.

The 8th January, 1940.

No. 5808 C.-39/1016.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Dinga**, in the Gujrat district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Dinga**, on the 26th day of February, 1940 .—

BY-LAWS.

1. In these by-laws—

(*a*) " bull " includes a bull buffalo ;

(*b*) " Sub-committee " means the sub-committee of the Municipal Committee of Dinga ;

(*c*) " Veterinary Assistant " means the Veterinary Assistant employed by the Municipal Committee, Dinga, or the Veterinary Assistant in charge of the Veterinary Hospital at Dinga.

2. No person shall let loose a bull within municipal limits henceforth for covering purposes unless the permission in writing of the sub-committee has been obtained and the bull has been registered and branded as hereinafter set forth.

3. All bulls straying within municipal limits shall be liable to seizure and confiscation unless they have been registered at the municipal office under the orders of the sub-committee and branded with a *tirsul* mark.

4. (1) No bull shall be registered under by-law 3 and the sub-committee shall not grant permission for a bull to be turned loose unless—

(*a*) it is more than two years and six months of age ;

(*b*) it has been passed by the Veterinary Assistant as being fit for covering purposes ; and

(*c*) the person letting loose the bull or wishing to have the bull registered has agreed in writing that if it is at any future time declared by the sub-committee to be unsuitable for covering purposes the sub-committee shall have the power to order it to be castrated or to be detained in a *pinjrapool* or *Gowshala* or such other place as may be determined by the committee.

Explanation.—No fee shall be charged by the Veterinary Assistant for the inspection of bulls under clause (*b*).

(2) The description including marks of identification, age and ownership of a bull presented for registration shall be entered in a register to be kept for the purpose by the Veterinary Assistant, together with a note showing the result of his inspection.

5. Any person who commits a breach of by-law 2 shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees ; and if the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

No. 5784-C.-39/1020.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Rahon**, in the Jullundur district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Rahon** on the 26th day of February, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. These by-laws shall apply only to those tanks and wells from which water is or may be made available for the public.

2. The Committee may, by a public notice fixed near a tank or well, prohibit, either permanently or temporarily for a specified period, the lowering of private receptacles for drawing water from such tank or well.

3. No person shall—

(*a*) throw any rubbish, filth or any other unwholesome or objectionable articles into a tank or well ;

(*b*) wash or soak skins, leather or any other dirty substance in a tank or well ;

(*c*) permit water from a drain to flow into a tank or well.

4. No person shall, in the open space within a radius of one hundred feet, or such other distance as may be prescribed by the Committee of a tank or well,—

(*a*) place any rubbish or filth or any other unwholesome or objectionable articles ;

(*b*) ease himself or urinate ;

(*c*) (in the case of a tank or well the water of which is used for drinking purposes) wash any clothes or utensils or water any animals.

5. No water shall be used for filling a tank unless it is obtained from a source and conveyed through a channel approved by the Committee.

6. No person shall bathe on or within a distance of five feet of a well.

7. The owner or the person in charge of a well or tank shall carry out such measures as the Committee or the Medical Officer of Health may prescribe for preventing the pollution of water in such well or tank.

8. When so required by the Committee the owner or the person in charge of a well or tank—

(*a*) shall build, of the type and the material specified, a drain or a cistern or shall make pacca floor to provide for dirty water to flow off and to prevent the flow of surface water or the water of any drain into the well ;

(*b*) shall provide the well with a suitable covering to prevent pollution from natural causes such as the falling in of leaves or fruit of trees or the excreta of birds ;

(*c*) shall provide the well with a parapet wall of the size and type specified ;

(*d*) shall provide a metal receptacle for raising water for drinking purposes attached to a metal chain in such a manner that the upper end of the chain shall always be above the surface of the water ;

(*e*) shall render the lining of the well impervious to contamination from sub-soil water.

9. The owner or the person in charge of a well or tank shall, when so required by the Committee, have it cleaned or repaired to the satisfaction of the Committee. In default, the Committee may have the work performed through its own agency and recover the expense from the person concerned.

10. The President, Secretary or the Medical Officer of Health or any person appointed in this behalf by the Committee, may, at all times, inspect any well or tank, or its source of water-supply.

11. Any person who commits a breach of any of these by-laws shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and if the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

No. 4477-C.-39/1073.—The following draft of amendments, which the Governor of the Punjab proposes to make, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, of the Municipal Election Rules, 19 0, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 26th day of February, 194 , together with any objection or suggestion which may be received by Government from any person with respect to the draft before that date :—

DRAFT AMENDMENTS.

1. At the end of clause (*h*) of sub-rule (2) of rule 7 *add* the word " or ".

2. *Add* the following new clauses *after* clause (*h*) of sub-rule (2) of rule 7 :—

" (*i*) has been removed from membership of the committee under section 16 o the Act, or who is disqualified for such membership as a result of hi election having been set aside under these rules; or

(*j*) is disqualified for membership of any district board, town or notified area committee or cantonment board, as a result of removal from such board or committee or as a result of his election for membership of such board or committee having been declared void for corrupt practices; or

(*k*) has at any time within the five years from the date fixed for the nomination of candidates under the provisions of rule 15 been convicted of an offence under section 171-E or 171-F of the Indian Penal Code, or, having been disqualified from exercising any electoral right for a period of not less than five years in connection with an election of the Provincial Legislature is, on the said date of nomination, still subject to that disqualification. "

3. *For* the words " contained in clause (*b*), (*c*), (*d*), (*e*) or (*f*) of this sub-rule " appearing at the end of the first proviso to sub-rule (2) of rule 7 the following words shall be substituted, namely:—

" contained in clause (*b*), (*c*), (*d*), (*e*), (*f*), (*i*) or (*j*) of this sub-rule".

The 9th January, 1940.

No. 5271-C.-39/1203.—The following amendment made by the Municipal Committee of **Patti** in the Lahore district, to the by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 30986, dated the 30th November, 1927, as subsequently amended by Punjab Government notification No. 36765, dated the 21st December, 1934, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required under section 201 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Patti** on the 20th day of February, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

In form A the words " Date by which orders of the Committee must be communicated to the applicant " shall be deleted.

No. 3268-C.-39/1233.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Murree**, in the Rawalpindi district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Murree** on 26th day of February, 1940, from which date Punjab Government notification No. 39547, dated the 19th November, 1935, shall be deemed to be cancelled :—

BY-LAWS.

DEFINITIONS.

1. For the purpose of these by-laws, the word—

(*i*) " *Name-board* " means a board or anything else used for the purpose of exhibiting the name of a firm or business or individual.

(*ii*) " *Notice-board* " means any board or anything else used for exhibiting any advertisement or bill.

(*iii*) " *Sky-sign* " means any name-board or notice-board erected on a building and projecting above the top of the wall to which it is affixed.

(*iv*) " *Building* " means a building as defined in section 3 (2) of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911.

NOTE.—By-laws 2 to 10 (both inclusive) and 14 to 16 (both inclusive) apply to the whole of the municipal limits and by-laws 11 to 13 (both inclusive) apply only to the roads and streets given in the schedule at the end of the by-laws.

PART I.—MUNICIPAL NOTICE-BOARDS.

Municipal Notice-boards.

2. No person shall post or cause to be posted, any bill, or advertisement, in any public place within municipal limits, or on municipal land or on Government land controlled by the Committee except on notice-boards provided for the purpose by the Committee :

Provided that the Committee may sanction the erection by a person of one or more notice-boards at places within the aforesaid limits for the purpose of posting bills or advertisements as hereinafter provided.

3. (1) Any person desiring to have a bill or advertisement displayed on municipal notice-boards shall furnish to the Committee as many copies of such bill or advertisement as he may desire to have posted and the Committee shall—

(a) if it approves of the bill, or advertisement, cause the same to be posted on the municipal notice-boards by a municipal employee provided that not more than one copy of each bill or advertisement shall be posted on any one notice-board ;

(b) if it does not approve of the bill, or advertisement, direct that the same be returned to the applicant.

(2) The Deputy Commissioner may at any time, for reasons to be recorded in writing, direct the Committee to remove a bill or advertisement affixed under its orders, if in the opinion of the Deputy Commissioner such bill or advertisement is indecent or offensive to good taste.

4. No bill or poster submitted under by-law 3 shall exceed 3 feet by 2 feet.

5. On approval by the Committee of a bill or advertisement under by-law 3 (1) (a) the applicant shall pay to the Committee a sum of two annas per square foot of bill or advertisement per notice-board for an exposure of fifteen days: Provided that Government and municipal notices shall be posted free of all cost, and that the Committee may at its discretion allow the posting free of cost of notices which are of a purely charitable nature or are to be posted in the public interests and not for private or commercial purposes.

6. All bills and advertisements posted on municipal notice-boards under by-law 3 (1) (a) shall be liable to removal under the orders of the Committee after they have been on the notice-boards for a period of fifteen days.

7. No person shall tamper with or in any way alter or damage any bill or advertisement posted on a municipal board.

PART II.—NOTICE-BOARDS AND NAME-BOARDS ON MUNICIPAL LANDS.

Private notice-boards and name-boards on municipal lands.

8. Any person who wishes to erect a private notice-board or name-board in any public street or on municipal land or property or on Government land or property controlled by the Committee shall obtain the previous sanction of the Committee to such erection and shall submit with his application for such sanction a plan showing the size, design and method of erection of the notice-board which he proposes to erect and the site on which he proposes to erect it.

9. On receipt of written sanction for the erection of such private notice-board or name-board and prior to its erection the owner shall pay to the Committee rent at the rate of four annas per mensem for every square foot or portion thereof of the area of the board.

10. The owner of a private notice-board erected under by-law 9 may post on such notice-board only such bills, or advertisements as are connected with his own business or calling :

Provided that the Committee may at any time cause to be removed or obliterated any such bill, or advertisement on a private notice-board as is, in its opinion, indecently worded or in any other way calculated to offend against good taste, and may cause the notice-board itself to be removed if in its opinion it is not being maintained in a satisfactory state of repair.

PART III.—NOTICE-BOARDS AND NAME-BOARDS ON PRIVATELY-OWNED PROPERTY.

Name-boards and Notice-boards on buildings.

11. Name-boards and notice-boards affixed to the face of buildings shall comply with the following conditions :—

(i) the total area of any one name-board shall not exceed 40 square feet ;

(*ii*) the area of any one notice-board shall not exceed 20 square feet ;

Provided that where the contents of 2 or more name-boards or notice-boards are in sequence and not self-contained they shall be regarded as one unit for the purpose of measurement-restriction ;

(*iii*) no name-board, notice-board, bill or advertisement, except those indicating the name and the trade, profession or calling of the occupier, shall be affixed to a building ;

Provided that name-boards of persons other than the occupiers of a building necessary for directing the public to premises in side-streets may be affixed to any building with the permission of the owner of such building.

(*iv*) no name-boards or notice-boards affixed to a building shall be allowed to project from the wall more than six inches :

Provided that projecting illuminated night signs of doctors and chemists not conforming with these by-laws may be sanctioned by the Committee after its written approval of the design proposed and on payment of such rent as may be fixed by the Committee with the concurrence of the Deputy Commissioner ;

(*v*) name-boards or notice-boards or advertisement of any kind hanging on support across roads, streets or municipal land or Government land under the control of the Committee or posted or fixed to trees or street surfaces are prohibited ;

(*vi*) one name-board only shall be allowed for each business firm ;

Provided that where there is more than one public entrance to the premises of the firm concerned one additional name-board not larger than the size described in clause (*i*) of this by-law shall be allowed for each such entrance ;

(*vii*) sky-signs of any description are prohibited :

Provided that this does not preclude the erection of flag staffs and flying of flags.

Notice-boards in private land.

12. Name-boards or notice-boards on private land, which are fixed to supports in the ground or attached to compound walls, hedges, gates or gate posts are prohibited :

Provided that any person conducting his business on land which has a frontage on a street, but which contains no building on which a name-board visible from the street could be affixed, may erect on such land one name-board not exceeding 6 square feet in size :

Provided further that private name-boards on gate-piers or at gate-entrances of private houses shall be permitted up to a maximum size of one square foot, no one side to measure more than eighteen inches.

Notices on railings.

13. Where there are railings round verandahs or balconies on upper storeys one name-board or notice-board only may be affixed thereto for each separate business and no such name-board or notice-board shall exceed six square feet in area.

Cinema posters.

14. Notwithstanding anything in these by-laws cinematograph proprietors duly licensed under the Cinematograph Act, 1918, may erect on their own land such notice-boards as may be approved by the authority competent to license cinematographs :

Provided that the Committee can require a cinematograph proprietor to remove any notice or advertisement which is in its opinion indecent or offensive to good taste.

Notice to defaulters.

15. The Committee shall issue a notice to any person putting up a name-board, notice-board or sign-board, not conforming with these by-laws either to remove it or to make it conform with these by-laws within seven days of the date on which the notice is personally served on the defaulter or a copy of it is posted on the name-board, notice-board, sign-board, sign-post or sky-sign objected to. If the direction contained in the notice is not complied with, the Committee shall have the name-board, etc., removed and confiscated.

Penalties.

16. Any person who commits a breach or an abetment of a breach of any of these by-laws after a notice has been issued to him twice under the preceding by-law shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees and if the breach is a continuing one with a

further fine which may amount to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

SCHEDULE.

1. The Mall.
2. Bank Road.
3. Hall Road.
4. Viewforth Road.
5. Biddulph Road.
6. Pindi Point Road.
7. Jhicka Galli Road.
8. Kuldana Road.
9. Mountain View Road.

The 10th January, 1940.

No. 5804-C.-39/1400.—The following by laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Kunjah**, in the Gujrat district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information. They shall come into force within the Municipality of **Kunjah**, on the 26th day of February, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. In these by-laws :—

(a) 'Sweeper' means any sweeper whether male or female.

(b) 'House' means any place used as a human residence, whether permanently or temporarily.

(c) 'Medical Officer of Health' means the Sub-Assistant Surgeon incharge of the local dispensary.

2. No sweeper shall remove night-soil from any house within the Municipality, unless he has had his name registered in the Municipal Office.

3. Applications for registration shall be made in form "A" appended to the by-laws and obtainable, free of charge, from the Medical Officer of Health, or in his absence from the Secretary.

4. A registration card in form "B" appended to these by-laws shall be issued by the Medical Officer of Health, or in his absence by the Secretary free of charge, to every sweeper applying for registration and shall bear the registered number of the sweeper to whom it is issued.

5. Every sweeper so registered shall provide himself with a galvanised iron bucket of a type prescribed by the Medical Officer of Health. On this bucket he shall have painted in white figures two inches high and quarter inch thick his registered number.

6. All night-soil removed by a sweeper from any house shall be removed by him within the time specified by the Committee from time to time in the galvanised iron bucket, referred to in by-law 5 above and carried to any of the places fixed by the Committee for its collection and shall not be deposited at or transferred to, any other place.

7. No registered sweeper shall allow any other sweeper to work with the bucket bearing his register number.

8. Any person who commits a breach of by-laws 2, 5, 6 and 7 shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and if the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

Form A.

APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION AS SWEEPER.

(To be presented in person.)

Name____________________

Wife of____________________

Son of____________________

Daughter of____________________

I hereby apply for registration under the by-laws for the registration of sweepers of the Kunjah Municipal Committee published with Punjab Government notification No. 5804-C-39/1400, dated, the 10th January, 1940.

2. I undertake—

(a) not to transport night-soil, except in a covered receptacle approved by the Medical Officer of Health ;

(b) not to fill the receptacle in a manner likely to cause the contents to spill or prevent the lid from fitting close; and

(c) to abide by the conditions of the above-quoted by-laws.

Signature or thumb-impression } ________

Form B.

SWEEPER'S REGISTRATION CARD.

Register No. ________

Name ________

Father's / Husband's name ________

Date of issue ________

NOT TRANSFERABLE.

____

Medical Officer of Health,

____

Secretary, Municipal Committee, Kunjah.

No. 6287-L. G.—Bds. 39/1415.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (10) of section 62 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that with the previous sanction of the Governor of the Punjab the Administrator of the **Kartarpur** Municipality, in the Jullundur district, has with effect from the 6th April, 1940, imposed a tax at the rates shown in the schedule appended below, payable by persons presenting building applications to the Committee.

Provided that the tax shall not be payable by persons presenting applicationsrelating to the erection or re-erection of religious buildings or buildings owned by Government, Municipal Committee or a District Board :—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	*Description of building application.*	*Amount af tax.*
		Rs.
1	.. For the erection or re-erection of a *pucca* or a partly *pucca* building of one storey.	2
2	.. For the erection or re-erection of a *pucca* or a partly *pucca* building of more than one storey.	3
3	.. For the erection or re-erection of a *katcha* building	1

No. 6252-L. G.—Bds.-39/1468.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (10) of section 62 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the Municipal Committee of **Hansi**, in the Hissar district, has made the following amendment of the schedule appended to Punjab Government notification No. 33167, dated the 28th November, 1934. The amendment shall come into force within the Municipality of **Hansi**, with effect from the 15th April, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

After clause (e) under proviso (2) of the Schedule, the following new clause shall be added, namely :—

(f) any country cart, for which a free licence has been granted by the committee on the verification of the ward member that it is being kept by a cultivator for agricultural purposes; provided that, if at any time the said cart is used for any other purpose, the free licence shall be considered as cancelled and the tax leviable on such cart shall be charged for one full year.

No. 5767-C.-39/1498.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Abohar** in the Ferozepore district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 197 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Abohar**, on the 26th day of February, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. No person shall sell milk, skimmed milk or butter within the limits of the Municipality or import into the Municipality milk, skimmed milk or butter for sale except under a licence granted by the Municipal Committee in this behalf, and no person shall manufacture, sell, prepare or expose for sale milk, skimmed milk or butter in premises other than premises licensed by the Committee in this behalf—

"Milk means the secretion obtained by milking the udder of the cow, buffalo, sheep or goat."

"Butter means the substance known as butter and made exclusively from the milk of cow, buffalo or goat."

2. No premises shall be licensed for the manufacture, sale or preparation or exposure for sale of milk, skimmed milk and butter—

(*a*) unless the floor is made of stone, brick with cement pointing or other impervious material;

(*b*) unless the walls are properly plastered and lime-washed;

(*c*) unless they are provided with adequate light and ventilation to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health, or any other officer appointed by the Committee in this behalf;

(*d*) unless they are provided with a drain and the whole floor is so sloped as to allow all liquids to flow off by the drain;

(*e*) if there is any direct communication between the premises and any room used as a sleeping room;

(*f*) if there is any latrine, cess-pool, cow-shed, stable or other place within one hundred feet of the premises which, in the opinion of the Medical Officer of Health, renders it undesirable that such premises should be used for the manufacture, sale or preparation or exposure for sale of milk, skimmed milk and butter;

(*g*) unless they have a proper outlet for smoke if fire is lit therein.

3. Subject to the provisions of by-law 2, licences for premises for the manufacture, sale or preparation or exposure for sale of milk, skimmed milk and butter shall be issued by the Medical Officer of Health or any other officer appointed by the Committee in this behalf in form A appended to these by-laws on the application of the owner or occupier of such premises and shall be granted by the Committee subject to the conditions specified in form A.

4. Licences to import milk, skimmed milk or butter for sale shall be issued by the Medical Officer of Health, or any other officer appointed by the Committee in this behalf to any person applying for them and shall be granted by the Committee subject to the following conditions:—

(*i*) that the licensee shall not import any milk, skimmed milk or butter made from milk obtained from any animal which he knows or has good reason to believe is suffering from any disease, or from any place from which the procuring of milk, skimmed milk or butter has under any general or special declaration notified to the licensee, been declared dangerous to the public health by the Medical Officer of Health;

(*ii*) that the licensee shall import milk, skimmed milk, or butter only in clean covered vessels;

(*iii*) that the licensee shall not import milk, skimmed milk or butter which has been adulterated;

(*iv*) that the licensee shall not import for sale "skimmed milk" except in covered receptacles painted in red on the outside and on which shall be printed in large and legible type in English "Skimmed milk" on one side and its vernacular equivalent on the other.

5. Licences to sell milk, skimmed milk or butter shall be issued by the Medical Officer of Health or any other officer appointed by the Committee in this behalf to persons applying for them and shall be granted by the Committee on the following conditions :—

(i) that the licensee shall not sell any milk, skimmed milk or butter made from milk obtained from any animal which he knows or has good reason to believe to be suffering from any disease or from any place from which the procuring of milk has under any general or special declaration notified to the licensee, been declared dangerous to the public health by the Medical Officer of Health ;

(ii) that the licensee shall keep all milk, skimmed milk and butter for sale in clean covered vessels ;

(iii) that the licensee shall not keep any milk, skimmed milk or butter for sale in any place or room used for cooking or sleeping ;

(iv) that the licensee shall not dilute or adulterate or cause to be diluted or adulterated any milk, skimmed milk or butter intended for sale ;

(v) that the licensee shall not sell "Skimmed milk" except in covered receptacles painted red on the outside and on which shall be printed in large and legible type in English "Skimmed milk" on one side and its vernacular equivalent on the other.

6. The licensee to import or sell milk, skimmed milk or butter shall at all times allow the Medical Officer of Health or any other officer appointed by the Committee in this behalf to inspect and test the milk, skimmed milk or butter or take sample thereof for analysis.

7. Any licensee who commits a breach of any of the conditions of his licence shall be liable to have such licence suspended or revoked by order of the Committee.

8. Any person who commits a breach of these by-laws, and any licensee who commits a breach of any of the conditions of a licence granted to him under these by-laws shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and if the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

Form A.

Licence for premises for the manufacture, sale or preparation or exposure for sale of milk, skimmed milk and butter issued under by-law 3 of the by laws for licensing premises and for such manufacture, sale or exposure or preparation for sale published with Punjab Government notification No. 5767-C.-39/1498, dated 10th January, 1940.

The premises, of which a description is given in the attached schedule situated in __________ (name of street, ward, etc.), are hereby licensed for the manufacture, sale or preparation for sale of milk, skimmed milk and butter.

This licence is granted to __________ owner/occupier of the said premises subject to the following conditions :—

(a) that he shall keep the licensed premises structurally fit for the purpose for which the licence is granted ;

Explanation.—"Structural fitness" shall be deemed to include —

(i) the existence of floor made of stone, brick with cement pointing or other impervious material ;

(ii) possession of walls properly plastered and lime washed ;

(iii) adequate provision of light and ventilation ;

(iv) suitable drains ;

(v) non-existence of any direct communication between the premises and any room used as a sleeping room ;

(vi) non-existence of any latrine, cess-pool, cow-shed, stable or other insanitary place within one hundred feet of the premises ;

(vii) proper outlet for smoke ;

(viii) that he shall not employ or permit to be employed, in the manufacture, sale, exposure or preparation for sale of milk, skimmed milk and butter any person suffering from any contagious or infectious disease or from loathsome sores, or who has recently been attending on any person so suffering, and that he shall not suffer any person or any animal to enter or remain upon the licensed premises ;

(c) that he shall keep all vessels, receptacles, utensils and other things used in the manufacture, sale or exposure or preparation for sale of milk, skimmed milk and butter in a state of cleanliness and shall protect from dust and flies all materials used in such manufacture, sale or exposure or preparation for sale and the articles manufactured, exposed or prepared for sale to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health or any other officer appointed by the Committee in this behalf ;

(d) that he shall daily cause to be thoroughly washed and cleansed the floor and drain of the licensed premises, and every bench, counter, table, shelf or other place on which the articles manufactured, exposed or prepared for sale and any material used in such manufacture, sale or exposure or preparation for sale are kept ;

(e) that he shall cause the walls of the licensed premises to be properly lime-washed at least twice a year and more often if so required by the Medical Officer of Health or by any other officer appointed by the Committee in this behalf ;

(f) that he shall not carry on or permit to be carried on in the licensed premises any trade or occupation other than the manufacture, sale or exposure or preparation for sale of milk, skimmed milk and butter and that he shall not use or suffer to be used any portion of the licensed premises as a living room or sleeping room ;

(g) that he shall not spit, or smoke or suffer any other person to spit or smoke, within the licensed premises ;

(h) that he shall not keep or suffer to be kept in the licensed premises any bedding, soiled clothes or any other thing not required for the manufacture, sale or exposure or preparation for sale of milk, skimmed milk and butter ;

(i) that he shall not use, or permit to be used, in such manufacture, sale or exposure or preparation for sale any water except water obtained from a source and conveyed to the licensed premises in a manner approved by the Medical Officer of Health or any other officer appointed by the Committee in this behalf ;

(j) that he shall permit any member or officer of the Committee authorised in this behalf at all reasonable times and without notice to inspect the licensed premises.

SCHEDULE.

(The actual room or rooms in which the manufacture, sale or preparation for sale of milk, skimmed milk and butter is to be carried on, should be described in cases where the whole of the building is not to be used for such manufacture, sale or preparation for sale.)

Notified Areas.

The 8th January, 1940.

No. 5758-C.-39/1008.—The following by-laws made by the Notified Area Committee of **Jalalabad**, in the Ferozepore district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information. They shall come into force within the Notified Area of **Jalalabad** on the 26th day of February, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. No person shall be allowed to place in front of any building any movable encroachment upon the ground level of any public street or over or on a sewer drain or watercourse or any movable overhanging structure projecting into such public street at a point above the said ground level, or deposit or cause to be deposited building material, goods for sale or other articles of merchandise on any public street without obtaining a written permission of the Notified Area Committee and without payment of the fees as fixed by the Committee from time to time under section 173 (1) of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911 :

Provided that the permission granted shall not interfere with the free means of ingress and egress to shops and other buildings.

2. Every person from whom any such dues are leviable shall pay them to the servant of the Notified Area Committee appointed for this purpose and obtain from him a receipt for the same which shall be always open to inspection by the President, members and the Secretary of the Notified Area Committee.

3. If the Notified Area Committee is satisfied that any movable encroachment permitted under the provisions of by-law 1 is a nuisance, the owner or occupier thereof may, by a written notice, be required to remove such encroachment within such time from the receipt of the notice as may be specified therein.

4. Any person who commits a breach of any of these by-laws, shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees and when the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

No. 5805-C.-39/1014.—The following by-laws made by the Notified Area Committee of **Burewala,** in the Multan district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Notified Area of **Burewala** on the 26th day of February, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. Every person who keeps an hotel, *sarai* or lodging-house shall register it at the Notified Area Committee Office.

2. Every such person shall, if so required by written notice from the Sub-Assistant Surgeon in charge of the dispensary, Burewala, make such alterations to his hotel, *sarai* or lodging-house, as will ensure that—

(*a*) the minimum height of every room intended to accommodate lodgers shall be not less than ten feet ;

(*b*) the minimum superficial floor area of every such room shall be not less than one hundred square feet ;

(*c*) ventilation shall be provided for every such room by means of windows, gratings or other openings exclusive of doors, having a combined area equal to not less than one-tenth of the floor area of the room :

Provided that nothing in this by-law shall be considered in any way to waive the requirements of any by-laws for the regulation of buildings in general which may from time to time be in force in the Notified Area.

3. Every person who keeps an hotel, *sarai* or lodging-house shall provide it with a sufficient and good supply of drinking water, and if there is a well in his hotel, *sarai* or lodging-house or in the precincts thereof shall protect such well against pollution in such manner as the Sub Assistant Surgeon incharge of the dispensary, Burewala, may direct, and every year in October and more often if so required by the Sub-Assistant Surgeon shall cause such well to be cleaned to the satisfaction of the Sub-Assistant Surgeon.

4. Every such person shall keep his hotel, *sarai* or lodging-house clean and in good repair and shall employ such staff for conservancy as the Sub-Assistant Surgeon in charge of the dispensary, Burewala, may direct, and shall at least twice a year and more often if so required by the Sub-Assistant Surgeon, cause every room in his hotel, *sarai* or lodging-house to be lime-washed, and generally shall comply with every reasonable order of the Sub-Assistant Surgeon, for the purpose of promoting the sanitation and cleanliness of his hotel, *sarai* or lodging-house.

5. (*a*) The Sub-Assistant Surgeon incharge of the dispensary, Burewala, may fix the number of persons who may occupy any room in an hotel, *sarai* or lodging-house and no person who keeps such hotel, *sarai* or lodging-house shall suffer more than the number of persons so fixed to occupy such room.

(*b*) If the number of persons, who may occupy any room, has been fixed under clause (*a*) of this by-law, such number shall be painted over the door of such room and failure on the part of any keeper of an hotel, *sarai* or lodging-house to cause such number to be so painted shall constitute a breach of this by-law.

6. (*a*) Every person who keeps an hotel, *sarai* or lodging-house, shall as soon as it comes to his notice immediately report to the Sub-Assistant Surgeon incharge of the dispensary, Burewala, the occurrence in his hotel, *sarai* or lodging-house of any disease defined or notified by the local Government as an infectious disease under sub-section (7) of section 3 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, and shall take measures to keep any persons suffering from such disease isolated from all other lodgers.

(*b*) No person, who keeps an hotel, *sarai* or lodging-house, shall suffer such hotel, *sarai* or lodging-house or any part of it to be occupied if he knows or has good reason to believe that it has been occupied by a person suffering from any such disease until such hotel, *sarai* or lodging house or part of it and every article therein likely to contain infection have been disinfected to the satisfaction of the Sub-Assistant Surgeon.

7. Every person who keeps an hotel, *sarai* or lodging house shall, if so required by the Sub-Assistant Surgeon keep a register in the form prescribed by the Committee in

which he shall record immediately on the arrival or departure of any person who lodges in his hotel, *sarai* or lodging-house, the following particulars :—

(*a*) On arrival—

(*i*) the name, father's name, or in case of a married woman, husband's name of every such person ;

(*ii*) the caste and occupation of such person ;

(*iii*) the date of arrival of such person;

(*iv*) the place from which such person arrived.

(*b*) On departure—

(*i*) the date of departure of such person ;

(*ii*) the place to which such person proceeded on departure.

8. Any person who commits a breach of any of these by-laws shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and if the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

No. 5757-C.-39/1023.—The following by-laws made by the Notified Area Committee of **Buria**, in the Ambala district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the Notified Area of **Buria**, on the 26th day of February, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. Any person in charge of a motor vehicle, tonga, 'tum tum' or cart shall, if signalled to do so, stop at the octroi barrier for the purpose of allowing the octroi staff to realise octroi or inspect the motor vehicle, tonga, 'tum tum' or cart in order to ascertain whether any goods on which octroi is leviable are being carried thereon.

2. Any person who commits a breach of by-law 1 shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with a fine which may extend to fifty rupees.

The 10th January, 1940.

No. 5745-C.-39/1411.—The following by-laws made by the Notified Area Committee of **Buria**, in the Ambala district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Notified Area of **Buria,** on 20th day of February, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. In these by-laws—

(*a*) "bull" includes a bull buffalo ;

(*b*) "Sub-committee" means the Sub-committee of the Notified Area Committee of Buria ;

(*c*) "Veterinary Assistant" means the Veterinary Assistant employed by the Notified Area Committee, Buria or the Veterinary Assistant in charge of the Veterinary Hospital, Jagadhri.

2. No person shall let loose a bull within the Notified Area limits henceforth for covering purposes unless the permission in writing of the Sub-committee has been obtained and the bull has been registered and branded as herein after set forth.

3. All bulls straying within the Notified Area limits shall be liable to seizure and confiscation unless they have been registered at the Notified Area Office under the orders of the Sub-committee and branded with a *tirsul* mark.

4 (1) No bull shall be registered under by-law 3 and the Sub-committee shall not grant permission for a bull to be turned loose unless—

(*a*) it is more than two years and six months of age

(b) it has been passed by the Veterinary Assistant as being fit for covering purposes ; and

(c) the person letting it loose or wishing to have it registered has agreed in writing that if it is at any future time declared by the Sub-committee to be unsuitable for covering purposes the Sub-committee shall have the power to order it to be castrated or to be detained in a *pinjrapool* or *gowshala* or such other place as may be determined by the Committee.

Explanation.—No fee shall be charged by the Veterinary Assistant for the inspection of bulls under clause (b).

(2) The description including marks of identification, age and ownership of a bull presented for registration shall be entered in a register to be kept for the purpose by the Veterinary Assistant, together with a note showing the result of his inspection.

5. Any person who commits a breach of by-law 2 shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees ; and if the breach is a continuing one with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

Medical.

The 3rd January, 1940.

No. 5454-M.39/209.—Punjab Government notification No. 2207-M.-39/19533, dated the 31st May, 1939, is hereby cancelled.

The 9th January, 1940.

No. 7142-M.-39/1173.—The following bye-laws made by the District Board of **Ferozepore,** in exercise of the powers conferred by section 17 of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab are published for general information and shall come into force within the limits of the District Board, **Ferozepore,** six weeks after the date of the publication of this notification :—

BY-LAWS.

1. These by-laws shall apply to such areas subject to the authority of the District Board, Ferozepore, as the Board may by a resolution from time to time determine.

2. The application of these by-laws to any area shall be made public by beat of drum and the posting of notices in conspicuous places within the area in question.

3. In the area to which these by-laws are applied no person shall practise as nurse, health visitor, midwife, nursedai, trained dai or dai unless registered as such under the provisions of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932.

4. Any person practising in contravention of by-law 3 or any person committing or abetting the commitment of a breach of by-law 3 shall be liable, on conviction by a magistrate of the first class to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 for the first offence and to a fine not exceeding Rs. 250 for a second or a subsequent offence.

No. 7206-M.-39/1179.—The following by-laws made by the Notified Area Committee, **Burewala,** in the Multan district, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 17 of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab are published for general information and shall come into force within the limits of the Notified Area of **Burewala** six weeks after the date of the publication of this notification :—

BY-LAWS.

1. No person whose name has not been registered in accordance with the provisions of section 14 of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932, shall practise as nurse, health visitor, midwife, nurse dai, trained dai or dai within the area subject to the authority of the Notified Area Committee, Burewala.

2. Any person practising in contravention of by-law 1 or any person committing or abetting the commitment of a breach of by-law 1 shall be liable on conviction by a magistrate of the first class, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 for the first offence or to a fine not exceeding Rs. 250 for a second or a subsequent offence.

RAM CHANDRA,

Secretary to Government, Punjab,

Medical and Local Government Departments.

2056 CS—1159—5-1-40—SGPP Lahore.

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No. 3. LAHORE, FRIDAY, JANUARY 19, 1940.

PART I—A.

Punjab Government Notifications and Orders.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Boards.

The 12th January, 1940.

No. 5498-C.-39/1786.—The following amendment made by the District Board of **Sialkot** of the regulations published with Punjab Government notification No. 1173-C.-39/14476, dated the 15th April, 1939, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 56 (2) of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, is published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Sialkot**, on the 26th day of February, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

In regulation 16, *after* the word "Chairman" the words "or the Vice-Chairman" shall be *added*.

No. 6528-L.G.-39/1858.—The following draft of an amendment, which the Governor of the Punjab proposes to make, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 55 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, to the District Board Election Rules, 1933, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 6th March, 1940, together with any objection or suggestion which may be received by the Punjab Government from any person with respect to the draft before that date :—

DRAFT AMENDMENT.

The proviso to sub-rule (2) of rule 27 shall be *deleted*.

GGP

The 16th January, 1940.

No. 6491-L. G.—Bds.-39/2458.—Whereas it appears to the Governor of the Punjab that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of **Lahore** for a public purpose, namely, for the construction of a kacha road from the village Prem Nagar to the Railway Station Prem Nagar, it is hereby notified that the land described in the specification below is likely to be acquired for the said purpose.

2. This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, to all whom it may concern, and, in exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to authorize the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

3. Any person interested in the land who has any objection to the acquisition may, within thirty days of the publication of this notification, file an objection in writing before the Collector of the Lahore district:—

SPECIFICATION OF LAND.

District.	*Tahsil.*	*Mauza.*	*Area in acres.*
Lahore ..	.. Chunian	.. Longoke ..	·73
		Ghanyeke ..	·01
		Buchoke ..	·17

Boundaries.—

1. Village Longoke—

Khata No.	*Name of owner.*	*Khasra No.*
1/2	.. Labh Singh, Amar Singh, sons of Gudar Singh, caste Jat Sandhu, of Longoke.	39/2, 40/2
2/13	.. Bahal Singh, son of Arjan Singh, caste Jat Sandhu, of Longoke.	41/2, 43/2, 44/2.
3/23	.. Inder Singh, Talok Singh, sons of Mangal Singh, Sodagar Singh, son of Phola Singh, of Longoke.	53/2, 54/2, 60/2, 74/2.
/18	.. Bahal Singh, son of Deva Singh, caste Jat, of Zafarke.	61/2, 62/2, 72/2, 73/2.
4/25	.. Bahal Singh, son of Deva Singh, caste Jat, of Zafarke, Sudagar Singh, son of Phola Singh, caste Jat, of Longoke, Inder Singh, Talok Singh, sons of Mangal Singh.	49/2.

2. Village Ghanyeke —

Khata No.	*Name of owner.*	*Khasra No.*
34/153	.. Ishar Singh, son of Ganda Singh, caste Jat, of Ghanyeke.	68/1, 70/1, 72/1, 71/1.
40/170	.. Khushal Singh, Thakar Singh, sons of Sundar Singh, caste Jat Sandhu, of Ghanyeke.	94/1, 93/1, 92/1, 91/1.
39/169	.. Tehl Singh, Mehl Singh, sons of Saman Singh, Mst. Rami, widow of Surain Singh, Lal Singh, Chuhar Singh, Kapur Singh, sons of Buta Singh, Mangal Singh, Teja Singh, sons of Baga Singh, caste Jat Sandhu, of Ghanyeke.	95/1.
41/178	.. Ishar Singh, son of Ganda Singh, caste Jat Sandhu, Arjan Singh, Kartar Singh, Kehr Singh, sons of Sulakhan Singh, Tehl Singh, Mehl Singh, sons of Saman Singh, Mst. Rami,	69/1.

Khata No.	*Name of owner.*	*Khasra No.*
	widow of Surain Singh, Lal Singh, Chuhar Singh, Kapur Singh, sons of Buta Singh, Mangal Singh, Teja Singh, sons of Baga Singh, Khushal Singh, Thakar Singh, sons of Sundar Singh, caste Jat, of Ghanyeke.	
43/300 ..	Inder, Mangal, sons of Sham Das, of Chak 18, Kanshi Ram, son of Dayala, of Thakerke, Mst. Hukman, widow of Tulsi Ram.	98/1.
3. Village Buchoke—		
40 ..	Sundar Singh, son of Gajjan Singh, caste Jat Sandhu, Wadhawa Singh, son of Narain Singh, caste Jat.	1091/1, 1092/1, 1093/1.

No. 6560-Bds.-39/2474.—The following amendments made by the District Board of **Muzaffargarh** to the Provident Fund Rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 7179, dated the 9th March, 1933, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Muzaffargarh** on the 5th March, 1940 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. *Substitute* the following new rule *for* the existing rule 12 :—

"12. The Board shall maintain—

General accounts to be maintained by the Board.

(1) a Provident Fund Account in Form P. F. 4,

(2) a Provident Fund Investments Account in Form P. F. 5,

(3) a Provident Fund Investments Interest Account in Form P. F. 6 or if a Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund is maintained a Provident Fund Investment Interest Account in Form P. F. 6-A and a Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund Account in Form P. F. 6-B, and

(4) an account in Form P. F. 8, showing the amount available for payment of insurance premia of the Provident Fund subscribers."

2. *Insert* the following new forms *after* Form P. F. 5 :—

Form P. F. 6.-A. **Rule 12.**

Provident Fund Investments Interest Account ______________ *District Board.*

Serial No. in Provident Fund Investment Account (P. F. 5).	INSTALMENT OF INTEREST DUE.		INSTALMENT OF INTEREST RECEIVED.			DISPOSAL OF INTEREST RECEIVED.					No. and date of the voucher with which the amount in column 4 (*e*) is withdrawn from the District Fund for credit to the Provident Fund.	Date on which the amount is credited to the savings bank account.	No. and date of voucher with which the amount in column 4 (*d*) is withdrawn from the District Fund for credit to the P. F. Investment Depreciation Fund.	Date on which the amount is credited in the P.F. Investment Depreciation Fund.	REMARKS.
	(*a*) Date.	(*b*) Amount.	(*a*) Date.	(*b*) No. and date of chalan with which remitted to treasury for credit into the fund of the local body.	(*c*) Amount.	(*a*) At savings bank rate to be credited to the P. F. Account.	(*b*) Difference between columns 3 (*c*) and 4 (*a*).	(*c*) Half of column 4 (*b*) to be credited to the Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund subject to a maximum of 1% on the amount invested.	(*d*) Difference, if any, between half of columns 4 (*b*) and 4 (*c*).	(*e*) Half of column 4 (*b*) plus 4 (*d*) to be credited to Provident Fund Account.					
1	2		3			4					5(*a*)	5(*b*)	6 (*a*)	6(*b*)	7
		Rs. A. P.			Rs. A. P.										

NOTE.—This form is to be used by the Boards which maintain Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund. Such Boards need not maintain Form P. F. 6.

Form P. F. 6-B. **Rule 12.**

Provident Fund Investments Depreciation Fund Account ____ *District Board.*

Date.	Balance at credit.	Amount credited to the Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund in the Post Office Savings Bank. Imperial Bank.		Interest earned on the Investment Depreciation Fund money in the Post Office Savings Bank or Imperial Bank.	Payments.		Balance 4—5 (b).	Remarks.
		Folio No. of Register P. F. 6(a).	Amount.		No. and date of the order of the Commissioner sanctioning withdrawal from the fund.	Amount.		
1	2	3(a)	3(b)	4	5(a)	5(b)	6	7
			Rs. A. P.			Rs. A. P.		

3. *Insert* the following new form after Form P. F. 7 :—

Form P. F. 8. **Rule 12.**

Register showing the amount available for payment of insurance premia of Provident Fund subscriber.

P. F. ACCOUNT No. ____

NAME ____

Date.	Provident Fund subscription available for insurance.			Advance paid.	Balance after each transaction.	Remarks.*
	(a) Amount of deposit made by the subscriber since the last withdrawal for payment of insurance premium was made.	(b) Interest earned since the date of last withdrawal on subscriber's own deposits.	Total of columns 2(a), 2(b) and 4.			
1	2			3	4	5
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	

*The fact that the Insurance Policy has been assigned to the Board as well as the number of policy should be noted in the remarks column of the register.

No. 69-L.G.-40/2480.—The following draft of an amendment which the Governor of the Punjab proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by section 55 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, to the District Board Rules, 1926, published with Punjab Government notification No. 3919, dated 8th February, 1926, as subsequently amended, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 4th day of March, 1940, together with any objections or suggestions which may be received by Government from any person with respect to the draft before that date :—

DRAFT AMENDMENT.

In Part VII, *for* rule 2, the following new rule shall be substituted, namely :—

"2. A District Board may lease nazul properties in its charge for a term not exceeding one year, provided that the previous sanction of the Deputy Commissioner shall be obtained when the lease money is more than Rs. 250 and not more than Rs. 500 and of the Commissioner when the lease money is more than Rs. 500 and not more than Rs. 1,000. In the case of a lease which is for a term exceeding one year, or when the lease money exceeds Rs. 1,000, the previous sanction of the Provincial Government shall be obtained."

No. 192-C.-40/2496.—The following draft amendment which the Governor of the Punjab proposes to make, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 55 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, to the rules for the appointment and examination of Accountants of District Boards, published with Punjab Government notification No. 1914-C.-39/18711, dated the 24th May, 1939, is published for information of persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft amendment will be taken into consideration on or after 1st March, 1940, together with any objection or suggestion which may be received by the Punjab Government from any person with respect to the draft amendment before that date :—

DRAFT AMENDMENT.

At the rule 12 *substitute* a semi-colon for the full-stop and *add* the following proviso :—

'Provided that the fees may be paid upto 30 days before the date of the examination with the payment of an additional fee of Rs. 3.'

No. 8-L. G.-40/2547.—The following draft of amendments, which the Governor of the Punjab proposes to make, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 55 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, to Part IV of the District Boards Rules, 1926, published with Punjab Government notification No. 3919, dated the 8th February, 1926, as subsequently amended, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 6th day of March, 1940, together with any objection or suggestion which may be received by Government from any person with respect to the draft, before that date :—

DRAFT AMENDMENTS.

1. The existing full stop, at the end of clause (*d*) of rule 2 (1), shall be converted into a semi-colon, and the word 'or' added thereafter.

2. The following new clause shall be added after clause (*d*), *viz* :—

"(*e*) is a diploma holder of the Sanatan Dharam Premgiri Ayurvedic College Lahore."

The 17th January, 1940.

No. 6329-L. G.-39/2715.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 12 of the Cattle Trespass Act, 1871, as subsequently amended, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to prescribe, for the period from 6th December, 1928, to 30th September, 1939, the rate of fine set forth

in the schedule below, for the Municipal Committee, **Firozpur-Jhirka**, in the Gurgaon district :—

SCHEDULE.

	Rs. A. P.
Ram, ewe, sheep, lamb, goat and kid	0 4 0

2. Punjab Government notification No. 14248, dated the 28th April, 1922, shall, so far as the Municipal Committee, **Firozpur-Jhirka** is concerned, be considered as having remained inoperative during the above-noted period in respect of the animals specified in the schedule.

Committees.

The 10th January, 1940.

No. 31-C.-40/1518.—The following by-laws made by the Administrator of the **Kartarpur** Municipality in the Jullundur district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 189 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 101 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Kartarpur**, on the 26th day of February, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. (*i*) " Slaughter-house " means the slaughter-house owned and managed by the Municipal Committee.

(*ii*) " Superintendent " means the officer in charge of the slaughter-house.

2. (*i*) The slaughter-house will be open for the slaughter of animals during such hours as the Committee may from time to time direct.

(*ii*) No animal shall be slaughtered at any other time, provided that in special circumstances and on the realization of double the usual fee, the Superintendent may allow the slaughter of any animal at any other time. In all such cases the previous written permission of the Superintendent shall be obtained.

3. The Committee shall fix at a conspicuous place in the slaughter-house, a notice showing—

(*i*) the hours of the working of the slaughter-house,

(*ii*) the fees payable, and

(*iii*) any other directions that the Committee or the Superintendent may see fit to issue.

4. Every animal for slaughter shall, on being brought to the slaughter-house, be presented for inspection to Superintendent who before passing any animal for slaughter shall satisfy himself that—

(*i*) it is more than six months old,

(*ii*) its flesh will be fit for use as human food,

(*iii*) it is not pregnant or with unweaned young,

(*iv*) it is not diseased or in a dying condition :

provided that an animal which has met with an accident and is otherwise healthy may be passed for slaughter.

5. The Superintendent shall maintain a register in which he shall enter a brief description of each animal approved for slaughter, and the fees recovered therefor.

6. Fees for the slaughter of each animal shall be levied at the following rates :—

Animal.	*Fee per head.*
	Rs. A. P.
Goat, sheep, lambs, kids	0 0 6

7. (1) No person shall knowingly bring into any part of the slaughter-house—

(*i*) a diseased or unsound animal,

(*ii*) an animal which is less than six months old,

(*iii*) an animal which is pregnant or with unweaned young,

(*iv*) any carcass,

(*v*) any dog, or

(*vi*) any animal not meant for slaughter or for the slaughter of which the slaughter house is not provided.

(2) Any animal brought in contravention of this by-law shall be summarily removed under the direction of the Superintendent.

8. (1) Animals approved for slaughter by the Superintendent shall be branded/marked with a distinctive mark on ears, hooves or horns and admitted into the waiting-yard of the slaughter-house.

(2) All animals when approved shall be kept in the waiting-yard until the owners or persons in charge receive permission to bring them into the slaughter-y.

(3) The owner of the animal shall remain responsible for its securi while it is in the waiting-yard.

(4) No animal shall be admitted into the waiting-yard unless the pr ribed fee has been paid.

9. Animals rejected as unfit for slaughter shall be removed forthwith from the premises of the slaughter-house:

Provided that animals found to be affected by any infectious or contagious disease or which may reasonably be suspected of being so affected shall, if the Superintendent so directs, be forthwith apprehended and removed to the Veterinary Hospital or such other place as the Committee may provide for the purpose.

10. Each animal shall be slaughtered immediately over the drain and no blood shall be allowed to flow up on the floor.

11. (*i*) Slaughtered animals shall be disembowelled as soon as possible after slaughter.

(*ii*) The contents of the stomachs and bowels shall not be washed into the drain or allowed to drop on the floor, but shall be emptied into baskets or receptacles provided for the purpose by the Municipal Committee.

12. No person shall rub or cause to be rubbed the inner side of skins upon the ground within any portion of the slaughter-house or in the neighbourhood of the slaughter-house premises.

13. (*i*) All carcasses shall, after skinning and cleaning, be presented to the Superintendent for inspection.

(*ii*) Carcasses which have been passed by the Superintendent as fit for human consumption shall, if necessary, be branded or stamped so as to define their quality.

(*iii*) No person shall remove any carcass from the slaughter-house premises until it has been duly passed by the Superintendent.

(*iv*) The Superintendent shall cause any carcass or meat, which is in his opinion unfit for human consumption, to be buried or destroyed.

14. No person shall remove entrails and offals from the slaughter-house until they have been properly washed and cleaned.

15. No person shall blow or stuff any meat within the slaughter-house premises and the Superintendent may cause to be buried or destoryed any meat found to be blown or stuffed.

16. Any carcass or meat ordered to be destroyed in accordance with the provisions of by-law 13 or 15 shall be so treated as to render its use for human food impossible.

17. No meat shall be sold on the premisesof the slaughter-house.

18. No person shall remove or cause to be removed from the premises of the slaughter-house any carcass or meat except in a clean receptacle and covered in such manner as to be screened from public view and adequately proted against flies and dust.

19. The Superintendent shall by general or special order direct the disposition of all skins, heads, horns, and feet of slaughtered animals and all carcasses or meat found left in the slaughter-house after the hour fixed for closing the slaughter-house.

20. (*i*) No person affected with leprosy, sores, or any other skin disease or any contagious or infectious disease shall enter the slaughter-house premises.

(*ii*) No person, other than the municipal staff on duty and licensed butchers and their assistants or *bona fide* servants, shall enter the slaughter-house premises during the process of slaughtering or skinning or cutting up of carcass.

(*iii*) No person shall create any disturbance in the slaughter-house premises.

Any person transgressing the provisions of this by-law may be removed summarily under the direction of the Superintendent.

21. Any person who commits a breach of any of the by-laws 2, 4, 7 to 18 and 20 shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be liable to fine which may amount to fifty rupees.

The 12th January, 1940.

No. 4677-C.-39/1784.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4677-C.-39/36280, dated the 3rd November, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendment to the Municipal Election Rules, 1930:—

AMENDMENT.

In rule 8 *for* the existing second proviso, the following new proviso shall be *substituted*, namely :—

" provided further that the Punjab Government may, at any time not less than ten days before the first of the dates fixed for the holding of a general election or the first of the dates to which the general election has been postponed, direct that the elections shall be postponed to such other dates as may be prescribed not more than thirty days later than the dates so fixed, and no proceedings taken prior to the date of such direction shall be invalid merely on account of such postponement ".

No. 5766-C.-39/1789.—The following by-laws made by the Administrator of the **Kartarpur** Municipality, in the Jullundur district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188, 189, 190, 195 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Kartarpur**, on the 26th day of February, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. (1) Every person intending to erect or re-erect any building shall give notice of such intention in writing to the Secretary of the Committee in form A appended to these by-laws, and shall at the same time submit —

(*a*) a site plan of the land on which it is intended to erect or re-erect the building ;

(*b*) a plan of the building which it is proposed to erect or re-erect, and

(*c*) the specifications detailed in form B appended to these by-laws.

(2) Copies of forms A and B may be obtained free of charge from the municipal office.

2. The site plan shall be drawn to a scale of not less than one-eighth of an inch to the foot, must be submitted in duplicate, on tracing cloth and shall show—

(*a*) the direction of the north point ;

(*b*) the boundaries of the site ;

(*c*) the position of the site in relation to the neighbouring streets and the level of the site in relation to the streets, if any, on which it abuts ;

(*d*) the position of the proposed building in relation to the boundaries of the site ;

(*e*) the names, if any, and width of all streets on which the site abuts.

3. The building plan shall be drawn to a scale of not less than one-eighth of an inch to the foot, shall be submitted in duplicate on tracing cloth and shall show—

(a) the plan of the ground floor and of every additional floor ;

(b) the position and dimensions of all projections beyond the main walls of the building ;

(c) the position of all proposed drains, privies, latrines, urinals and cesspools ;

(d) the level and width of the foundations, and the level of the lowest floor with reference to the level of the centre of the street on which the front of the proposed building is to abut ;

Provided that in the case of an encroachment or structure proposed to be constructed on a site adjacent to a public street under the control or management of the Public Works Department of Government or of any local authority, the applicant shall submit the plans and specifications referred to in by-laws 1, 2 and 3 in triplicate and one complete set of the plans shall immediately, on presentation, be forwarded by the Committee to the Executive Engineer or to the other local body concerned for information.

4. The Committee may require any person who has submitted an application to erect or re-erect any building to submit, in addition to the plans and specifications required by by-law 1, elevations and sections of the proposed building, together with full specifications as to the materials and method of construction to be used for external walls, party-walls foundations, roofs, ceilings, floors, staircases, fireplaces and chimneys.

5. No application for the erection or re-erection of a building shall be considered by the Committee until it is certified by the Municipal Engineer, or the Secretary, if there is no Municipal Engineer, that the plan submitted with the application is in accordance with the provisions of these by-laws.

6. In no building shall any open sewer or drain pass through any room used or intended to be used as a living or sleeping room.

7. No drain shall be constructed within the thickness of any wall of any building.

8. A drain shall be provided for every latrine, privy, urinal, bathroom and cooking-place. Such drain shall be constructed of glazed pipes, or other impervious material and shall connect the floor of the latrine, privy, urinal, bathroom or cooking-place with —

(a) a municipal masonry drain, or

(b) a private cesspool constructed as hereinafter prescribed.

9. Every latrine or privy, shall be so constructed that—

(a) there shall be adequate access thereto for the purpose of cleansing ;

(b) when the outer door thereof is open, the seats shall not be visible from the street or other public place.

10. (1) No person shall instal waterflushed latrines in his house unless the house drains are connected with a municipal sewer or unless arrangements are made to purify the sewage in a properly constructed septic tank of a suitable size and to discharge the effluent into a municipal sewer or into a sullage drain certified by the Medical Officer of Health to be capable of carrying off the effluent without danger to the health of the public. Such installations shall be constructed under the supervision of a sanitary engineer and shall be approved by the Medical Officer of Health before they are taken into use.

(2) No person shall dispose of the effluent from a septic tank by surface irrigation or by sub-soil drainage or into open unlined cess-pools.

11. No person shall construct a private cesspool—

(a) unless there is no municipal drain within 100 feet of the premises for which it is required ;

(b) except within the boundaries of private land ;

(c) except a cesspool of masonry with a cast iron movable covering ;

(d) unless adequate access is provided thereto for the purpose of cleansing it ; and

(e) within 100 feet of any inhabited building.

12. Every interior yard must be raised at least one foot above the level of the nearest street so as admit of easy drainage into such street.

13. No person shall construct any building of more than five storeys including the ground-floor and no person shall construct any building of more than two such storeys unless the outer walls of such building are made of brick, stone or reinforced concrete.

14. No person shall construct any staircase of a width of less than three feet or with steps having a rise of more than nine inches or a breadth of less than 10 inches measured from the vertical face of the rise.

15. No building shall be roofed with straw or other easily inflammable material.

16. All stack-pipes for the disposal of roof-drainage shall be of cast iron or *khassi parnalas* and no projecting spouts shall be allowed.

17. (1) In the case of buildings of more than one storey including the ground-floor the height of such storey shall be not less than—

12 feet in the case of the ground-floor ;

11	ditto	first storey ;
10	ditto	second storey ;
10	ditto	third storey ;
10	ditto	fourth storey.

(2) Any horizontal division of a building so constructed as to be capable of use as a living or sleeping room shall be considered to be a storey for the purpose of this by-law and of by-law 13 even though such division does not extend over the whole depth or width of such building.

(3) For the purpose of this by-law the height of storeys shall be reckoned as follows :—

(*a*) In the case of single-storeyed buildings and of the uppermost storey of buildings of more than one storey, from the level of the upper surface of the floor at any point along the walls within the building to the level of the underside of the tie-beam, or if there is no tie-beam to the meeting point of the outside walls and roof ;

(*b*) In the case of any storey except the uppermost storey in buildings of more than one storey from the level of the upper surface of the floor to the level of the upper side of the beams or joints on which the floor above rests, or, if the floor above is ceiled, to the level of the under side of the ceiling.

18. Any person who erects or re-erects a building without proper sanction shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupee and the Committee may, under section 195 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, by a notice to be delivered to the owner within six months from the completion of the building require the building to be altered or demolished or accept by way of compensation such sum as it may deem reasonable in case the applicant acts in contravantion of any by-law or of the terms of any sanction granted.

Form A.

From

____

____

____

To

The Secretary,
Municipal Committee, Kartarpur.

I HEREBY give notice under sub-section (2) of section 189 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, that I intend to erect/re-erect a building as specified in Form B attached, situated in (here insert street, ward, etc.)

I attach—

(*a*) the plans in duplicate required by the Committee's by-laws.

(*b*) a specification of the proposed building.

Signature ________________

Date ________________

(REVERSE TO BE FILLED IN IN THE MUNICIPAL OFFICE.)

Serial No. of application ____________.

Name of applicant ____________.

Site of building (name of street, quarter, etc.) ____________

Abstract of application ____________

____

(dated).

Received by the Secretary on ____________ (date)

____

(Initials of Secretary.)

Date by which orders of the Committee must be passed [under section 193 (4)] ____________

(to be filled in in red ink)

Forwarded to ____________ for report on ____________ (date).

____

(Initials of forwarding officer.)

(date).

Forwarded to the Municipal Engineer for report on ____________

(Initials of forwarding officer.)

Forwarded to Medical Officer of Health for report on (date) ____________

____

(Initials of forwarding officer.)

Returned to Secretary on ____________

____

(Initials of forwarding officer.)

Submitted to the Sub-Committee on ____________ (date) ____________

(Initials of Secretary.)

(date.)

Submitted to the Committee on ____________

____

(Initials of Secretary.)

Abstract of order of the Committee ____________

(Initials of Secretary.)

Form B.

(SPECIFICATION OF PROPOSED BUILDING.)

1. In the case of the erection / re-erection of an entire house or considerable portion of a house —

(a) in case of a re-erection of a house, the house number, if any, of the house to be re-erected ____________

(b) the purpose for which it is intended to use the building ____________

(c) the materials to be used in the construction of the walls ____________

(d) the number of storeys of which the building will consist ____________

(e) the position and dimensions of all doors, windows and ventilation openings ____________

(*f*) the number of latrines to be provided ____________

(*g*) whether the site has been built upon before or not; if so, the date when the previous building ceased to be fit for occupation ____________

2. In the case of minor alterations or additions :—

(*a*) a description of the alteration or addition proposed ____________

(*b*) the material to be used for such alteration or addition ____________

Signature ____________

The 16th January, 1940.

No. 4191-L. G.—Bds.-39/2462.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (10) of section 62 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the Municipal Committee of **Jullundur,** has, with effect from the 20th April, 1940, imposed a tax, at the rates shown in the schedule appended below, payable by the persons presenting building applications to the Committee.

Provided that the tax shall not be payable by persons presenting applications relating to the erection or re-erection of religious buildings or buildings owned by Government or a District Board :—

SCHEDULE.

Description of building applications.	*Amount of tax.* Rs. A. P.
1. Building applications for one-storeyed buildings on a total area of land up to 5 marlas	3 0 0
Building applications for two-storeyed or three-storyed buildings on a total area of land up to 5 marlas ..	5 0 0
2. Building applications for one-storeyed buildings on a total area of land exceeding 5 marlas but not exceeding 10 marlas	6 0 0
Building applications for two-storeyed or three-storeyed buildings on a total area of land exceeding 5 marlas but not exceeding 10 marlas	10 0 0
3. Building applications for buildings on a site exceeding 10 marlas but less than 2 kanals in area, whether single-storeyed, two-storeyed or three-storeyed ..	15 0 0
4. Building applications for buildings on a site measuring 2 kanals but not exceeding 4 kanals, whether single-storeyed, two-storeyed, or three-storeyed ..	25 0 0
5. Building applications for buildings on a site exceeding 4 kanals in area whether single-storeyed, two-storeyed, or three-storeyed	50 0 0

Explanation.—In case a building of one-storey already exists and one or more storeys are to be added the construction will be deemed as that of a single-storey, and tax charged accordingly.

No. 5838-C.-39/2478.—The following draft of an amendment to the rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 13981, dated the 16th July, 1918, as amended subsequently, which the Governor of the Punjab proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for the information of the persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 4th day of March, 1940, together with any objection or suggestion which may be received by Government from any person in respect of the draft before that date.

Punjab Government notification No. 1601-C.-39/19280, dated 29th May, 1939, is hereby cancelled :

DRAFT AMENDMENT.

In part II for sub-rule (2) of rule 2 the following shall be *substituted* :—

"(2) The Municipal Committee may lease nazul properties in its charge for a term not exceeding one year, provided that the previous sanction of the

Deputy Commissioner shall be obtained when the lease money is more than Rs. 250 and not more than Rs. 500 and of the Commissioner when the lease money is more than Rs. 500 and not more than Rs. 1,000. In the case of a lease which is for a term exceeding one year or where the lease money exceeds Rs. 1,000 the previous sanction of the Provincial Government shall be obtained."

No. 192-C.-40/2492.—The following draft amendment which the Governor of the Punjab proposes to make, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, to the Rules for the appointment and examination of Accountants of Municipal Committees, published with Punjab Government notification No. 1914-C.-39/18707, dated the 24th May, 1939, is published for information of persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft amendment will be taken into consideration on or after 1st March, 1940, together with any objection or suggestion which may be received by the Punjab Government from any person with respect to the draft amendment before that date :—

DRAFT AMENDMENT.

At the end of rule 13 *substitute* a semi-colon *for* the full-stop and *add* the following proviso :—

"provided that the fees may be paid up to 30 days before the date of the examination with the payment of an additional fee of Rs. 3."

No. 5704-C.-39/2507.—The following draft of amendments which the Governor of the Punjab proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, to the rule published with the Punjab Government notification No. 21173, dated the 28th August, 1923, as subsequently amended, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 6th day of March, 1940, together with any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the draft before that date :—

DRAFT AMENDMENTS.

1. For the full stop at the end of clause (*d*) of rule 1 a comma shall be substituted and the word "or" added thereafter.

2. After clause (*d*) the following new clause shall be inserted, namely :—

(*e*) is a diploma holder of the Sanatan Dharma Prem Giri Ayurvedic College, Lahore.

Town Committees.

The 16th January, 1940.

No. 6418-L. G.—Bds.-39/2460.—Whereas it appears to the Governor of the Punjab that with reference to notification No 6576-L.G.—Bds.-39/34144, dated the 15th October, 1938, land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Town Committee of **Samrala** for a public purpose, namely, for the construction of a stand for vehicles it is hereby notified that the land described in the specification below is required for the said purpose.

2. This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, to all whom it may concern and, under section 7 of the said Act, the Collector of the Ludhiana district is hereby authorised to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

3. A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the said Collector :—

SPECIFICATION OF LAND.

District.	*Tahsil.*	*Mauza.*	*Area in acres.*	*Boundaries.*
Ludhiana ..	Samrala ..	Samrala ..	0·45 (Plot I).	*North.*—Metalled road from Samrala to Khanna.
				East.—Khasra No. 560.
				South.—Khasras Nos. 3167/562 and 3168/562.
				West.—Khasra No. 558 and road from Samrala to Shamgarh.
			0·27 (Plot II.)	*North.*—Metalled road from Samrala to Khanna.
				East.—Khasra No. 561.
				South.—Khasras Nos. 3167/562 and 3168/562.
				West.—Khasra No. 559.
			0·32 (Plot III.)	*North.*—Metalled road from Samrala to Khanna.
				East.—Khasras Nos. 3237/566 and 3238/566.
				South.—Khasras Nos. 3167/562 and 3168/562.
				West.—Khasra No. 560.

Small Towns.

The 16th January, 1940.

No. 6534-L.G.—Bds.-39/2451.—*Corrigendum.*—In Punjab Government notifications No. 643-L. G.-38/7204, dated the 26th February, 1938, and No. 4560-L. G.—Bds.-38/27466, dated the 10th August, 1938, under the heading "Specification of Land" against "Area in acres" for the figures "·1625" *read* "·25625".

No. 6554-L. G.—Bds.-39/2483.—The Governor of the Punjab is pleased to cancel, with effect from the 5th December, 1939, Punjab Government notifications No. 1033, dated the 13th January, 1930 and No. 4502-L. G.—Bds.-38/27768, dated the 13th August, 1939, relating to the imposition of toll tax by the Town Committee of **Malakwal** in the Gujrat district.

No. 24-L. G.—Bds.-40/2532.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (6) of section 29 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that with the previous sanction of the Governor of the Punjab the Town Committee of **Sultanwind** in the Amritsar district has with effect from the 20th February, 1940, imposed a tax at the rate of one rupee per application payable by persons presenting applications to the Committee for sanction to the erection or re-erection of buildings :

Provided that the tax shall not be payable by persons presenting applications relating to the erection or re-erection of religious buildings or buildings owned by Government or a District Board.

No. 6463-L. G.—Bds.-39/2544.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (6) of section 26 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Town Committee of **Hariana**, in the Hoshiarpur district has, with the previous sanction of the Governor of the Punjab, made the following amendments to its Toll-tax schedule published with Punjab Government notification No. 418-L. S.-G.-36/17071, dated the 19th May, 1936. The amendment shall come into

force from the 15th February, 1940 :—

AMENDMENTS.

(1) In item 6 of the schedule *for* the word " wood " the word " fuel " shall be substitued.

(2) *Insert* the following new item after item 6 asitem No. 7 :—

7. Bullock carts loaded with wood other than fuel wood........Four annas.

Notified Areas.

The 16th January, 1940.

No. 52-C.-40/2465.—The following amendments made by the Notified Area Committee of **Chichawatni** in the Montgomery district, to its by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 3576-C.-37/38323, dated the 8th November, 1937, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Notified Area of **Chichawatni**, on the 4th day of March 1940 :—

AMENDMENTS.

For existing by-laws 5, 6 and 11, the following by-laws shall be substituted, namely :—

" 5. The fees payable for licences in respect of vehicles shall be as follows :—

——..	If the licence is taken out for the whole year.	If the licence is taken out for any period less than a year.
		Rs. A. P.
(a) First class (Tongas) ..	Two rupees per annum ..	0 4 0 per mensem.
(b) Second class (Tumtums) ..	One rupee and eight annas per annum.	0 3 0 per mensem.
(c) Third class (Ekkas) ..	One rupee per annum ..	0 2 0 per mensem.
(d) Fourth class (Rehris) ..	Eight annas per annum ..	0 1 0 per mensem.

" 6. The maximum fares to be charged for the hire of licensed vehicles shall be as follows :—

Period.	First class.		Second class.		Third class.	Fourth class Rehries.
	If drawn by two horses.	If drawn by one horse.	Rubber tyred.	Steel tyred.		
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
First hour or portion of an hour.	1 0 0	0 8 0	0 6 0	0 4 0	0 3 0	0 1 6
Every subsequent hour or portion of an hour.	0 8 0	0 4 0	0 3 0	0 2 0	0 2 0	0 1 0
Day of nine hours ..	4 8 0	2 4 0	1 11 0	1 2 0	1 2 0	0 9 0

Provided that in the case of journeys by the direct route between the places specified in the first two columns of the following table the maximum fare to be charged

shall be the amount specified in the fourth column of the table :—

From or to	To or from	Class of vehicle.	Amount.
1	2	3	4
			Rs. A. P.
Railway Station ..	Town ..	1st class, if drawn by two horses.	12 0
		1st class, if drawn by one horse	0 6 0
		2nd class, Rubber tyre ..	0 4 0
		Second class, steel tyre ..	0 3 0
		3rd class ..	0 2 0
		4th class ..	0 2 0
Railway Station or Town	Thana, Dâk Bungalow, Public Works Department, Canal Bungalow, Forest Department Office.	1st class, if drawn by two horses	1 0 0
		1st class, if drawn by one horse	0 8 0
		2nd class, Rubber tyre ..	0 4 0
		2nd class. Steel tyre ..	0 3 0
		3rd class ..	0 2 0
		4th class ..	0 2 0

NOTE.—If the hirer wants to return within one hour from the time of arrival at the destination, 1½ fare should be charged.

The amounts in column 4 are payable, provided the vehicles are not retained for more than half an hour.

"11. A licensed vehicle's driver's licence shall be granted by the committee on payment of rupee one and annas eight for a year or three annas for a month or part thereof."

Medical.

The 16th January, 1940.

No. 7290-M.-39/2453.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Kunjah,** in the district of Gujrat, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 17 of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information and shall come into force within the limits of the Municipality of **Kunjah,** six weeks after the date of the publication of this notification :—

BY-LAWS.

1. No person whose name has not been registered in accordance with the provisions of section 14 of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932, shall practise as nurse, health visitor, midwife, nurse dai, trained dai, or dai within the area subject to the authority of the Municipal Committee, Kunjah.

2. Any person practising in contravention of by-law 1 or any person committing or abetting the commitment of a breach of by-law 1 shall be liable, on conviction by a magistrate of the first class, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 for the first offence or to a fire not exceeding Rs. 250 for a second or subsequent offence.

Public Health.

The 16th January, 1940.

No. 6243-M.-39/2467.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 1 of the Punjab Pure Food Act, 1929, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to extend to the Municipality of **Lyallpur,** in the Lyallpur district, with effect from the date of publication of this notification, the provisions of sections 3 to 22 of the said Act, in respect of all articles of food and drink.

2. Punjab Government notification No. 878-M.-36/9791, dated the 24th March, 1936, is hereby cancelled.

No. 6243-M.-39/2470.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Pure Food Act, 1929, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to appoint the Chemist of the Public Health Department to be a Public Analyst for the Municipality of **Lyallpur**, in respect of all articles of food and drink.

2. Punjab Government notification No. 878-M.-36/9794, dated the 24th March, 1936, is hereby cancelled.

RAM CHANDRA,

Secretary to Government, Punjab,

Medical and Local Government Departments.

2098 CS—1159—18,1.40—SGPP Lahore.

Registered No. L. 864.

The Government Gazette, Punjab.

Published by Authority.

No. 4 LAHORE, FRIDAY, JANUARY 26, 1940.

PART I—A.

Punjab Government Notifications and Orders.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Boards.

The 19th January, 1940.

No. 70-L. G.—Bds.-40/3057.— The following amendment made by the District Board of **Dera Ghazi Khan**, to its Provident Fund Rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 7489, dated the 14th March, 1933, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab is published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Dera Ghazi Khan**, on the 5th March, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

Substitute the following *for* clause (*e*) in rule 1 :—

" (*e*) " Servants " includes every employee of the board who holds a permanent post substantively under the board or is officiating in a permanent or a temporary post in the board but holds a permanent post in a substantive capacity under any other local body which maintains a provident fund, but does not include a Government servant employed by the board."

The 24th January, 1940.

No. 158-L. G.—Bds.-40/3624.—The following amendments made by the District Board of **Hissar** to its Provident Fund Rules published

with Punjab Government notification No. 8659, dated the 11th March, 1932, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Hissar** on the 9th March, 1940 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. *Substitute* the following new rule *for* the existing rule 12 :—

"12. The Board shall maintain—

General accounts to be maintained by the Board.

(1) a Provident Fund Account in Form P. F. 4,

(2) a Provident Fund Investments Account in Form P. F. 5,

(3) a Provident Fund Investments Interest Account in Form P. F. 6 or if a Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund is maintained a Provident Fund Investment Interest Account in Form P. F. 6-A and a Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund Account in Form P. F. 6-B, and

(4) an account in Form P. F. 8, showing the amount available for payment of insurance premia of the Provident Fund subscribers."

2. *Insert* the following new Forms *after* Form P. F. 6 :—

Form P. F. 6-A. Rule 12*4*

Provident Fund Investments Interest Account ______________ *District Board.*

Serial No. in Provident Fund Investment Account (P. F. 5).	INSTALMENT OF INTEREST DUE.		INSTALMENT OF INTEREST RECEIVED.			DISPOSAL OF INTEREST RECEIVED.					No. and date of the voucher with which the amount in column 4 (e) is withdrawn from the District Fund for credit to the Provident Fund.	Date on which the amount is credited to the savings bank account.	No. and date of voucher with which the amount in column 4 (d) is withdrawn from the District Fund for credit to the P. F. Investment Depreciation Fund.	Date on which the amount is credited in the P. F. Investment Depreciation Fund.	REMARKS.
	(a) Date.	(b) Amount.	(a) Date.	(b) No. and date of chalan with which remitted to treasury for credit into the fund of the local body.	(c) Amount.	(a) At savings bank rate to be credited to the P. F. Account.	(b) Difference between columns 3 (c) and 4 (a).	(c) Half of column 4 (b) to be credited to the Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund subject to a maximum of 1% on the amount invested.	(d) Difference, if any, between half of columns 4 (b) and 4 (c).	(e) Half of column 4 (b) *plus* 4 (d) to be credited to Provident Fund Account.					
1	2		3			4					5(a)	5(b)	6(a)	6(b)	7
		Rs. A. P.			Rs. A. P.										

NOTE.—This form is to be used by the Boards which maintain Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund. Such Boards need not maintain Form P. F. 6.

Rule 12.

Form P. F. 6-B.

Provident Fund Investments Depreciation Fund Account ________ *District Board.*

Date.	Balance at credit.	Amount credited to the Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund in the Post Office Savings Bank / Imperial Bank.		Interest earned on the Investment Depreciation Fund money in the Post Office Savings Bank or Imperial Bank.	Payments.		Balance 4—5 (b).	Remarks.
		Folio No. of Register P. F. 6(a).	Amount.		No. and date of the order of the Commissioner sanctioning withdrawal from the fund.	Amount.		
1	2	3(a)	3(b)	4	5(a)	5(b)	6	7
			Rs. A. P.			Rs. A. P.		

3. *Insert* the following new form *after* Form P. F. 7 :—

Form P. F. 8.

Rule 12.

Register showing the amount available for payment of insurance premia of Provident Fund subscriber.

P. F. ACCOUNT No.____________

NAME____________

Date.	Provident Fund subscription available for insurance.			Advance paid.	Balance after each transaction.	Remarks.*
	(a) Amount of deposit made by the subscriber since the last withdrawal for payment of insurance premium was made.	(b) Interest earned since the date of last withdrawal on subscriber's own deposits.	Total of columns 2(a), 2(b) and 4.			
1	2			3	4	5
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	

*The fact that the Insurance Policy has been assigned to the Board as well as the number of policy should be noted in the remarks column of the register.

No. 5691-C.-39/3652.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*q*) of sub-section (2) of section 20 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare that, subject to the provisions of the Motor-Vehicles Act, 1939, the control of traffic and the direction that lights should be provided by wheeled and other traffic on roads between the hours of sun-set and sun-rise are fit and proper matters to be taken under the control and administration of the District Boards in the Punjab.

No. 5691-C.-39/3653.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 56 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to direct that, subject to the provisions of the Motor-Vehicles Act, 1939, the District Boards in the Punjab are hereby empowered to make regulations for the control of traffic and for the purpose of securing that wheeled and other traffic (other than motor-vehicles) shall be provided with lights between the hours of sun-set and sun-rise on such roads as may by regulation be declared to be important.

No. 173-L.-G.-Bds-40/3748.—The following amendments made by the District Board of **Jhelum,** to its Provident Fund Rules, published with Punjab Government notification No. 12194, dated the 7th April, 1932, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Jhelum**, on the 9th March, 1940 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. In rule 4, *substitute* the following proviso *for* the first proviso :—

"Provided that if the subscriber, who is required or permitted to subscribe, to the provident fund, resigns, within five years of the commencement of his service, except on account of illness or any other cause which the board may determine to be a sufficient cause, or has been dismissed from service of the board, the board may deduct from the sum standing to his credit in the provident fund, the whole or any part of the contributions made by it to his provident fund and the interest thereon ".

2. In rule 11 between the words " sum " and " before " *insert* the words " but not exceeding in any case the total amount of its contributions credited to the account of the subscriber and interest accrued thereon. "

3. *Substitute* the following *for* clause (*e*) in rule 1 :—

"(*e*) " Servant " includes every employee of the board who holds a permanent post substantively under the board or is officiating in a permanent or a temporary post in the board but holds a permanent post in a substantive capacity under any other local body which maintains a provident fund, but does not include a Government servant employed by the board ".

No. 97-L. G.-40/3758.—The following amendments made by the District Board of **Sialkot,** to its business rules, published with Punjab Government notification No. 2017-L. G.-39/20270, dated the 6th June, 1939, are published for general information, and shall come into force on the 1st February, 1940 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. *For* the existing rule 2·30, the following new rule shall be substituted, namely :—

"2·30. The Finance Sub-committee shall consist of the Chairman of the Board, who shall be *ex-officio* Chairman of the sub-committee, and 8 members elected by the Board, besides the District Inspector of Schools ond the District Medical Officer of Health, who shall, by virtue of their offices, be treated as *ex-officio* members of this sub-committee; and the Secretary of the Board shall be the *ex-officio* Secretary of this sub-committee ".

2. The full stop at the end of existing rule 7·1 shall be substituted by a semicolon, and the following proviso added thereafter :—

"Provided that if a vacancy in the office of a Vice-Chairman occurs at any time, which is subsequently filled by an election, the term of office of the Vice-Chairman subsequently elected shall terminate on the day on which the term of office of his predecessor in office would ordinarily have terminated but for such vacancy".

No. 6483-L. G.-39/3760.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 51 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendment of the Small Town Account Rules, 1923, published with Punjab Government notification No. 25432, dated the 3rd November, 1923, as subsequently amended :—

AMENDMENTS.

Under Part IV—Provident Fund :—

(1) in rule 9 (1) for the words "may up to limit of the amount shown at credit of his account in column 5-A of the Provident Fund Ledger (Form P. F. 1)" shall be substituted the words "may up to the amount contributed by the subscriber including interest accrued thereon",

(2) in rule 9 (4) the words "clause (*a*) or clause (*b*) of" shall be deleted.

No. 218-L. G.-40/3781.—The following draft of an amendment of the Municipal Account Code, 1930 (revised edition), which the Governor of the Punjab proposes to make, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 11th March, 1940, together with any objections or suggestions which may be received by Government from any person with respect to the draft before that date :—

DRAFT AMENDMENT.

The following new proviso shall be added at the end of rule XV·I (3) :—

"Provided further that the medical officer may incur expenditure on his own authority in accordance with the wishes of a donor up to the extent of Rs. 50 out of the permanent advance (to be recouped subsequently by drawing bills in form no. H-3) subject to the condition that he certifies that the expenditure is not in excess of the balance of the donation and is in accordance with the wishes of the donor".

No. 218-L. G.-40/3786.—The following draft of an amendment of the District Board Account Code, 1926, which the Governor of the Punjab proposes to make, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 55 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, and section 19 of the Punjab General Clauses Act, 1898, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 11th March, 1940, together with any objection or suggestion which may be received by the Punjab Government from any person with respect to the draft before that date :—

DRAFT AMENDMENT.

The following new proviso shall be added at the end of rule XI·1 (3) :—

"Provided further that the Medical Officer may incur expenditure on his own authority in accordance with the wishes of a donor up to the extent of Rs. 50 out of the permanent advance (to be recouped subsequently by drawing bills in form no. H-3), subject to the condition that he certifies that the expenditure is not in excess of the balance of the donation and is in accordance with the wishes of the donor".

Committees.

The 19th January, 1940.

No. 5230-C.-39/3042.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Urmur-Tanda**, in the Hoshiarpur district, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 188 (*g*) of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Urmur-Tanda** on the 11th March, 1940, from which date the Punjab Government notification No. 969, dated the 1st December, 1890, so far as it relates to the octroi limits of the **Urmur-Tanda** Municipality, shall be deemed to be cancelled :—

BY-LAWS.

There shall be two separate areas for the purpose of the collection of octroi and their boundaries shall be as specified in schedule hereinbelow :—

SCHEDULE.

1.—URMUR, AHYAPUR AND DARAPUR.

North.—A line running from the northmost corner of khasra No. 1939 of Urmur south-eastwards along the eastern sides of khasras Nos. 1939 and 1937 to the south-east corner of khasra No. 1937 ; thence south-eastwards crossing khasra No. 1941 to the south-west corner of khasra No. 1954 ; thence eastwards along the southern boundary of khasra No. 1954 and northern boundaries of khasras Nos. 1953, 1943 and 1944 to the upper north-east corner of khasra No. 1944 ; thence northwards crossing khasra No. 1973 to the north-west corner of khasra No. 1629 ; thence eastwards to the south-east corner of khasra No. 1974 ; thence northwards along the eastern boundary of khasra No. 1974 to to the north-east corner of this khasra number ; thence eastwards along the southern boundary of khasra No. 1601 to the south-east corner of this khasra ; thence northwards along the eastern boundary of khasra No. 1601 to the north-west corner of khasra No. 1554 of Urmur ; thence north-eastwards along the northern boundary of khasra No. 1554 and touching the northmost corner of khasra No. 1556 and along the northern boundaries of khasras Nos. 1560, 1561, 1549 and 1358 to the north-east corner of khasra No. 1358 ; thence eastwards crossing khasra No. 1335 to the north-west corner of khasra No. 1411 ; thence eastwards along the northern boundaries of khasras Nos. 1411 and 1424 to the north-east corner of khasra No. 1424 of Urmur ; thence southwards along the western boundary of khasra No. 101 of Darapur to the south-west corner of this khasra ; thence eastwards along the southern boundary of khasra No. 101 and crossing the Jullundur-Mukerian Road to the north-west corner of khasra No. 147 ; thence eastwards along the northern boundaries of khasras Nos. 147 and 149 to the north-west corner of khasra No. 150 ; thence south-eastwards along the northern boundary of khasra No. 150 to the north-east corner of this khasra ; thence northwards along the western boundary of khasra No. 306 to the north-west corner of this khasra ; thence eastwards along the northern boundaries of khasras Nos. 306 and 303 to the north-east corner of khasra No. 303 ; thence northwards along the wastern boundary of khasra No. 289 to the north-west corner of this khasra ; thence eastwards along the northern boundaries of khasras Nos. 289 and 286 to the north-east corner of khasra No. 286 of Darapur.

East.—A line running from the north-east corner of khasra No. 286 of Darapur southwards along the eastern boundary of khasra No. 286 and western boundary of khasra No. 300 (*i.e.*, Harsipind Pathway) to the south-west corner of khasra No. 300 ; thence easthwasds along the southern boundary of khasra No. 300 to the south-east corner of khasra No. 300 ; thence southwards along the western boundary of khasra No. 434 to the south-west corner of this khasra ; thence westwards along the northern boundary of khasra No. 435 to the north-west corner of this khasra ; thence southwards along the western boundary of khasra No. 435 to the south-west corner of this khasra ; thence eastwards along the southern boundaries of khasras Nos. 435, 438 and 437 to the south-east corner of khasra No. 437 ; thence southwards along the western boundary of khasra No. 440 to the south-west corner of this khasra ; thence eastwards along the southern boundary of khasra No. 440 to the north-east corner of khasra No. 439 ; thence southwards along the eastern boundary of khasra No. 439 to its south-east corner ; thence westwards along the southern boundary of khasra No. 439 to the north-east corner of khasra No. 275 ; thence south-westwards along the eastern boundaries of khasras Nos. 275, 274, 482, 479 and 488 to the south-east corner of khasra

No. 488 ; thence westwards along the southern boundary of khasra No. 488 to the north-east corner of khasra No. 492 ; thence southwards along the eastern boundary of khasra No. 492 to the trijunction pillar of Darapur, Rasulpur and Urmur in the south-east corner of khasra No. 492 of Darapur.

South.—A line running from the trijunction pillar of Darapur, Rasulpur and Urmur in the south-east corner of khasra No. 492 of Darapur westwards along the southern boundary of this khasra and northern boundaries of khasras Nos. 2553 and 2551 to the north-west corner of khasra No. 2551 ; thence southwards along the western boundary of khasra No. 2551 to the south-west corner of this khasra ; thence westwards along the northern boundaries of khasras Nos. 2552 and 2573 to the north-west corner of khasra No. 2573 ; thence southwards along the western boundary of khasra No. 2573 to the north-east corner of khasra No. 2544 ; thence westwards along the northern boundaries of khasras Nos. 2544 and 2543 to the north-west corner of khasra No. 2543 ; thence north-westwards crossing the Jullundur-Mukerian Road to the south-east corner of khasra No. 2454 ; thence northwards along the eastern boundary of khasra No. 2454 to its north-east corner ; thence westwards along the northern boundaries of khasras Nos. 2454, 2456 and 2444 to the north-west corner of khasra No. 2444 ; thence northwards along the eastern boundary of khasra No. 2443 to its north-east corner ; thence westwards along the northern boundaries of khasras Nos. 2443, 2442, 2441, 2438, 2437, 2436, 2433, 1755, 1756, 1768 and 1769 to the south-east corner of khasra No. 1774 ; thence westwards along the southern boundaries of khasras Nos. 1774, 1669, 1811 and 1854 to the south-west corner of khasra No. 1854 ; thence south-westwards along the western boundary of khasra No. 1897 to the north-east corner of khasra No. 2181 ; thence westwards along the northern boundaries of khasras Nos. 2181 and 2182 to the north-east corner of khasra No. 2180 ; thence southwards along the eastern boundaries of khasras Nos. 2180, 2179 and 2178 to the south-east corner of khasra No. 2178 touching the Sirigobindpur Road (*i.e.*, khasra No. 2184); thence westwards along the northern boundary of khasra No. 2184 to the north-west corner of this khasra ; thence north-westwards along the boundary line separating Shahbazpur from Urmur to the north-east corner of khasra No. 2149 ; thence north-westwards along the northern boundary of khasra No. 2149 to the northmost corner of this khasra.

West.—A line running from the northmost corner of khasra No. 2149 northwards along the eastern boundary of khasra No. 2143 to its north-east corner ; thence westwards along the northern boundary of khasra No. 2143 to the south-east corner of khasra No. 2141 ; thence northwards along the eastern boundary of khasra No. 2141 to the north-east corner of this khasra ; thence north-westwards along the eastern boundaries of khasras Nos. 2140, 2139 and 2138 to the north-east corner of khasra No. 2138 ; thence north-eastwards along the western boundary of khasra No. 2156 to the south-west corner of khasra No. 2157 ; thence eastwards along the northern boundary of khasra No. 2156 to its north-east corner ; thence northwards along the northern boundary of khasra No. 2159/1 (Abyapur) to the north-east corner of this khasra ; thence north-eastwards along the northern boundary of khasra No. 1939 to the northmost corner of khasra No. 1939 of Urmur, the point of start.

2.—DALA AND TANDA.

North.—A line running from the the north-west corner of khasra No. 1448 (Female Public Privy) of Tanda eastwards along the northern boundaries of khasras Nos. 1448, 1447, 1446, 1445, 1444, 1439, 1438, 1437 and 1436 to the north-east corner of khasra No. 1436 ; thence northwards along the western boundary of khasra No. 1475 to the north-west corner of khasra No. 1487 ; thence eastwards along the northern boundary of khasra No. 1487 to its north-east corner ; thence south-eastwards along the eastern boundary of khasra No. 1487 (*i.e.*, along the boundary line separating Tanda from Dala) to the north-west corner of khasra No. 744; thence north-eastwards along the northern boundaries of khasras Nos. 744 and 743 to the north-east corner of khasra No. 743 ; thence crossing pathway in khasra No. 126 to the south-west corner of khasra No. 131 ; thence eastwards along the southern boundary of khasra No. 131 to its south-east corner ; thence northwards along the western boundary of khasra No. 712 to its north-west corner ; thence eastwards along the northern boundaries of khasras Nos. 712, 709, 708, 707, 706, 693, 692 aad 158 to the north-east corner of khasra No. 158 ; thence southwards along the western boundary of khasra No. 171 to its south-west corner ; thence eastwards crossing the Urmur-Tanda Road and along the southern boundary of khasra No. 171 and northern boundary of khasra No. 681 to the north-east corner of khasra No. 681 on the Jullundur-Mukerian Road (*i.e.*, khasra No. 604), thence northwards along the western boundary of khasra No. 604 to the north-west corner of the same khasra ; thence eastwards crossing the Jullundur-Mukerian Road along the northern boundary of khasra No. 604 to its north-east corner ; thence northwards along the western boundary of khasra No. 867/753 to the north-west corner of the same khasra ; thence eastwards along the northern boundary of khasra No. 867/753 to its north-east corner.

East.—A line running from the north-east corner of khasra No. 867/753 southwards along the eastern boundaries of khasras Nos. 867/753 and 603 to the south-east corner of khasra No. 603; thence westwards along the southern boundary of this khasra to the north-east corner of khasra No. 595; thence southwards along the eastern boundaries of khasras Nos. 595, 594, 593 and 592 and touching the eastern corner of khasra No. 591 and south-westwards along the eastern and southern boundary of khasra No. 590 to the south-west corner of khasra No. 590; thence southwards along the eastern boundary of khasra No. 604 and crossing the Jullundur-Mukerian Road in front of khasra No. 629 straight to the south-east corner of khasra No. 629; thence westwards to the north-west corner of khasra No. 616; thence southwards along the western boundary of kharsa No. 616 to its south-west corner; thence westwards crossing khasra No. 611 to the northmost corner of khasra No. 610; thence south-eastwards along the eastern boundary of khasra No. 610 to its south-east corner; thence westwards along the southern boundaries of khasras Nos. 610 and 609 to the south-west corner of khasra No. 609 of Dala on the boundary line separating Tanda from Dala; thence southwards along the eastern boundary of khasra No. 1190 of Tanda to the south-east corner of this khasra.

South.—A line running from the south-east corner of khasra No. 1190 westwards along the southern boundary of khasra No. 1190 to its south-west corner; thence southwards along the eastern boundary of khasra No. 1043 to its south-east coner; thence westwards along the northern boundary of khasra No. 1044 to its north-west corner; thence southwards along the western boundary of khasra No. 1044 to its southwest corner thence westwards along the northern boundary of khasra No. 1045 to its north-west corner; thence southwards along the western boundary of khasra No. 1045 to its south-west corner; thence westwards along the southern boundary of khasra No. 1043 to its south-west corner; thence northwards and crossing khasra No. 1214 to the north-east corner of khasra No. 1038; thence westwards along the northern boundary of khasra No. 1038 to its north-west corner; thence westwards crossing khasra No. 1036 to the northmost corner of khasra No. 1035.

West.—A line running from the northmost corner of khasra No. 1035 north-westwards along the western curved boundary of khasra No. 1036 to its north-west corner; thence westwards along the southern boundary of khasra No. 1297 to the south-west corner of this khasra; thence northwards along the western boundary of khasra No. 1297 to its north-west corner; thence eastwards along the northern boundary of khasra No. 1297 to the eastern corner of khasra No. 444 touching the northern boundary of khasra No. 1297; thence north-westwards along the eastern curved boundary of khasra No. 444 to the north-west corner of khasra No. 1448 of Tanda (*i.e.*, Female Public Privy), the point of start.

The 23rd January, 1940.

No. 180-A-C.-40/3480.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Pattoki,** in the Lahore district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the municipality of **Pattoki**. on the 11th day of March, 1940, from which date Commissioner, Lahore Division's notification No. 170, dated the 4th September, 1930, as subsequently amended shall be deemed to have been cancelled :—

BY-LAWS.

1. The Municipal Committee shall establish one or more registration offices for the registration of births and deaths within the limits of the Municipality, and may by public notice prescribe the office at which the reports of births and deaths occurring in specified portions of the Municipality are to be made in accordance with these by laws. The officer in charge of any such registration office shall be termed Municipal Registrar.

2. Every report of a birth required to be made under these by-laws shall contain the following particulars which shall be entered in a register to be kept for the purpose, by the Municipal Registrar, that is to say —

(*a*) the date of the birth ;

(*b*) the sex of the child ;

(*c*) the name of the father and of the grandfather ;

(*d*) the residence of the father ;

(*e*) the occupation, caste and religion of the father ;

(*f*) the name of the person making the report and the date of his report ;

(*g*) the name of the child ;

provided that—

(*i*) in the case of an illegitimate child, the Municipal Registrar shall not enter in the register the name of any person as father of the child save at the joint request of the mother and of the person acknowledging himself to be the father. If any entry of the father's name has been made in accordance with such a joint request, the entry shall be countersigned by the person acknowledging himself to be the father. If no such joint request is made, the name, residence and caste of the mother shall be entered in place of the name, residence and caste of the father. In all such cases a note shall be made in the register to the effect that the child is illegitimate ;

(*ii*) if the name of the child is not known, when the report is made, the person reporting the birth or, if he is dead, the father of the child, or, if the father is dead or the child illegitimate, the mother of the child, or, if both the father and the mother of the child are dead, the person in whose keeping the child is, shall, within three months of the birth, report the name of the child to the Municipal Registrar.

2-A. The Municipal Registrar entering in the register prescribed in by-law 2 the particulars required by that by-law shall enquire from the person reporting the birth the name of the mid-wife (*dai*), if any, who attended the mother at the time of the birth, and if the name is given shall enter it in the register.

3. (1) Every report of the occurrence of a death required to be made under these by-laws shall contain the following particulars which shall be entered in a register to be kept for the purpose by the Municipal Registrar, that is to say—

(*a*) the date of the death ;

(*b*) the name of the deceased ;

(*c*) the name of the father, or if the deceased was a married woman, of the husband of the deceased ;

(*d*) the sex of the deceased ;

(*e*) the age of the deceased ;

(*f*) the occupation, caste and religion of the deceased ;

(*g*) the residence of the deceased ;

(*h*) the cause of the death ;

(*i*) the name of the person making the report and the date of his report.

(2) In case of the death of a European, the person reporting the death shall also, if possible, furnish a certificate of a medical practitioner of the cause of the death.

4. Any person reporting a birth or death may attest by his signature or thumb-impression the entry relating to such birth or death made in the register by the Municipal Registrar.

5. Every report of a birth or death required by these by-laws may be made verbally or in writing.

6. The officer in charge of a jail, lock-up, work-house, lunatic asylum, Government or municipal hospital, college or school or any other Government or municipal institution shall report to the Municipal Registrar the occurrence of any birth or death within the institution of which he is in charge not later than four days from the date of such occurrence.

7. Every person in charge of a private hospital, orphanage, *sarai*, *dharamsala*, hotel, lodging house or other such institution shall report to the Municipal Registrar the occurrence of any birth or death within the institution of which he is in charge not later than four days from the date of such occurrence.

8. In the case of a birth or death not governed by by-law 6 or 7 a report of its occurrence shall be made within four days to the Municipal Registrar by the head of the household in which such birth or death has occurred or by any adult member or servant of such household.

9. In the case of a birth of which, for any reason, a report cannot be furnished by the head of a household or any adult member or servant of a household, the midwife or *dai* attending at such birth shall within four days report the occurrence of such birth to the Municipal Registrar.

10. Every medical practitioner who has been in attendance during the last illness of any person dying within municipal limits shall report the death of such person within four days of the date of death to the Municipal Registrar ; provided that if such person has died of any disease which is defined as an infectious disease, or has been notified as an infectious disease by the Punjab Government under section 3 (7) of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, such medical practitioner shall report such death immediately.

11. Every customary or other sweeper shall report the occurrence of every birth and death which occurs within the premises in which he works within four days of such occurrence to the Sanitary Inspector of the ward in which such premises are situated ; provided that no such report need be made by any sweeper working in any Government or municipal institution in respect of births or deaths occurring in such institutions.

12. Every person finding a living new-born child exposed and every person in whose charge such a child may be placed, shall within eight days of the finding of such child, report the fact to the Municipal Registrar, and shall at the same time to the best of his ability furnish the particulars specified in by-law 2.

13. If a dead body is found exposed, the officer in charge of the police station within whose jurisdiction such body is found shall, within eight days of the finding of such body, report the fact to the Municipal Registrar, and shall at the same time to the best of his ability furnish the particulars specified in by-law 3, together, if possible, with a certificate of the Sub-Assistant Surgeon, Pattoki, showing the cause of death.

14. Every person reporting a birth or death under these by-laws shall be given free of charge a copy of the entry made by the Municipal Registrar in respect of such birth or death.

15. Any person may inspect a register of births or deaths on payment of a fee of one rupee, and shall be entitled to receive a certified copy of any entry in a birth or death register on payment of a fee of eight annas, provided that in case where insufficient or incorrect information is supplied by an applicant, a further fee of four annas may be charged in respect of every year for which the registers have to be searched and a deposit sufficient to cover charges likely to be incurred under this proviso may be demanded before search is made. Any balance shall be refunded and if the entry in question cannot be found the deposit shall be refunded in full less eight annas.

16. No person shall wilfully destroy or injure or cause to be destroyed or injured any register of births or deaths or shall wilfully insert or cause to be inserted in any such register or certified copy thereof any false entry with regard to any birth or death, and no Municipal Registrar shall, without reasonable cause, refuse or omit to enter in a register of births or deaths any birth or death which has been duly reported to him.

17. (1) Any clerical error which may at any time be discovered in any register of births or deaths may be corrected in red ink, by the President of the Municipal Committee or by the Municipal Registrar.

(2) Any error of fact or substance in any register of births or deaths may be corrected in red ink, by the President of the Municipal Committee :

Provided that—

(*a*) the Municipal Committee may, with the previous sanction of the Commissioner, assign the duty of making such corrections to some other officer, and

(*b*) if any application is made for a correction in a births or deaths register the officer making such correction shall first satisfy himself that the correction to be made is a genuine one.

(3) Any corrections made shall be signed in full by the correcting officer.

18. When a child under one year of age dies the registers of births and deaths should be cross referenced, the serial number in the former being entered in the latter and *vice versa*.

19. Any person who commits a breach of by-laws 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 or 16, shall on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees.

No. 127-C.-40/3482.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Dalhousie,** in the Gurdaspur district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188, 198 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the municipality of **Dalhousie** on the 11th day of March, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. No person shall keep any rickshaw for hire or suffer any rickshaw of which he is the owner to ply for hire within the limits of the Municipality except under a licence granted in this behalf by the Municipal Committee.

2. A licence under by-law 1 shall be issued by the Secretary of the Committee on the application of the proprietor of such rickshaw on payment of a fee of three rupees per annum for rubber tyre rickshaw and one rupee per annum in the case of pneumatic tyre rickshaw :

Provided that if the period during which the licence is to remain in force is not more than six months, a fee of one rupee and eight annas shall be charged for rubber tyre rickshaw and annas eight in the case of pneumatic tyre rickshaw.

3. No licence shall be issued under by-law 2 until the rickshaw has been approved by the Secretary of the Municipal Committee, or any person authorised in this behalf by the Municipal Committee, as complying with the following conditions :—

(a) that it is not more than four feet and six inches in width in the case of a single rickshaw and six feet in the case of a double rickshaw ;

(b) that it is in good order and repair in all its parts ;

(c) that it is provided with—

(i) a lamp,

(ii) a bell,

(iii) rubber tyres or, as the case may be, pneumatic tyres,

(iv) a glass screen,

(v) a leather hood and leather cushions.

4. Licences issued under by-law 2 shall be numbered serially and the number of the licence shall be painted in a conspicuous place in Urdu and English figures on every licensed rickshaw.

5. The number of persons to be carried shall not exceed one in the case of a single rickshaw and two in the case of a double rickshaw.

Explanation.—A person and a child less than ten years of age or two children each less than twelve years shall be reckoned as one person for the purposes of this by-law.

6. Licences for rickshaws to ply for hire shall be granted on the following conditions :—

(a) that the licensee shall keep the licensed rickshaw clean and in good repairs ;

(b) that the licensee shall not permit the licensed rickshaw to be drawn or propelled by less than four men in the case of a licensed single rickshaw and five men in the case of a licensed double rickshaw ;

(c) that the licensee shall not carry or permit to be carried in the licensed rickshaw more persons than that specified in by-law 5 ;

(d) that the licensee shall not permit any person to draw or propel the licensed rickshaw who has not been licensed for such purpose under by-law 8 ;

(e) that the licensee shall not demand any fare in excess of the maximum fare prescribed in the schedule attached to these by-laws ;

(f) that the licensee shall give the licensed rickshaw on hire together with the necessary number of men to draw or propel it, to any person demanding it at any time of the day or night ;

(g) that the licensee shall cause to be affixed to the licensed rickshaw in a conspicuous place the licence granted in respect of such riskshaw and a copy of the authorised table of fares printed in English and Urdu,

and shall keep the number of the licence granted in respect of such rickshaw clearly printed on a conspicuous place on such rickshaw ;

(h) that should the licensee carry or permit to be carried in the licensed rickshaw any person who is suffering or reasonably suspected to be suffering from any infectious or contagious disease or the corpse of any person who has died of such disease, he shall immediately after the termination of his engagement by such person give intimation of the fact to the Secretary of the Municipal Committee, the Civil Surgeon or the Medical Officer of Health and shall cause the licensed rickshaw to be disinfected to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health before the rickshaw is used to carry any other person for hire or otherwise ;

(i) that the licensee shall immediately cause to be returned to the owner, if known, or to be deposited at the nearest police station any property found left in the licensed rickshaw ;

(j) that the licensee shall for the purpose of inspection permit the President, Vice-President, Secretary, or any person specially authorised by the Committee in this behalf to enter upon the premises where any licensed rickshaw is kept ;

(k) that the licensee shall produce or cause to be produced for inspection any licensed rickshaw whenever required to do so by the Secretary or any person authorised in this behalf by the Committee.

Note.—Nothing contained in conditions (f) and (g) shall apply to rickshaws licensed for hotel-keepers or rickshaw-makers.

7. No person shall draw or propel a licensed rickshaw for hire except under a licence to be granted in this behalf by the Municipal Committee.

8. A licence to draw or propel a licensed rickshaw for hire shall be issued by the Secretary of the Municipal Committee on payment of a fee of three rupees per annum for rubber tyre rickshaw and one rupee per annum in the case of pneumatic tyre rickshaw :

Provided that if the period during which the licence is to remain in force is not more than six months, a fee of one rupee and eight annas shall be charged for rubber tyre rickshaw and annas eight in the case of pneumatic tyre rickshaw :

Provided further that the licensing officer may refuse to grant a licence to any person if in his opinion the person applying for a licence is not fit to draw or propel a rickshaw.

9. A licence to draw or propel a licensed rickshaw for hire shall be subject to the following conditions :—

(a) that the licensee shall always when drawing or propelling a licensed rickshaw carry with him his licence and shall on demand produce it for inspection by any person hiring such rickshaw or by any police officer or by any officer of the Committee authorized by the Committee in this behalf ;

(b) that the licensee shall always when drawing or propelling a licensed rickshaw wear on his arm the metal badge which shall be supplied to him free of charge when the licence is issued to him ;

(c) that the licensee shall always when drawing or propelling a licensed rickshaw wear such uniform as may be prescribed by the Committee and shall keep it clean and tidy ;

(d) that the licensee shall keep the licensed rickshaw of which he may be in charge, clean and tidy ;

(e) that the licensee shall not demand any fare in excess of the fares prescribed in the schedule annexed ;

(f) that the licensee shall not carry or permit to be carried in the licensed rickshaw more persons than the number specified in by-law 5 ;

(g) that the licensee shall not draw or propel a licensed rickshaw while drunk or while suffering from any infectious or contagious disease and shall not while in charge of a licensed rickshaw make use of insulting, abusive or obscene language or gestures ;

(h) that the licensee shall not, when waiting for passengers, stop the rickshaw anywhere in a street except at a stand allotted for the purpose by the Committee ;

(i) that the licensee shall immediately return to the owner, if known, or deposit at the nearest police station any property which he may find left in the licensed rickshaw ;

(j) that should the licensee carry or permit to be carried on a licensed rickshaw of which he is in charge any person who is suffering or is easonably suspected to be suffering from any infectious or contagious disease or the corpse of any person who has died of such disease, he shall immediately after the termination of his engagement for such purpose give intimation of the fact to the Secretary of the Municipal Committee, the Civil Surgeon or the Medical Officer of Health and shall not subsequently carry any other passenger in such rickshaw whether for hire or otherwise until such rickshaw has been disinfected to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health ;

(k) that the licensee shall not, without reasonable cause, the burden of proving which shall lie upon him, refuse to give on hire or to draw or propel a licensed rickshaw of which he is in charge if any person demands it.

10. For a breach of any of the conditions of his licence a licensee may be liable to have such licence suspended or revoked by the Committee.

11. The maximum fares to be charged for the hire of rickshaws and for persons engaged to draw or propel them shall be in accordance with the schedule annexed to these by-laws.

12. Any person who commits a breach of any of these by-laws shall, on conviction by a Magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees and if the breach is a continuing breach with a further fine which may amount to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

SCHEDULE OF RATES FOR THE HIRE OF LICENSED RICKSHAWS.

Hours.	One passenger rickshaw.	Coolies.	Total.	Two passenger rickshaw.	Coolies.	Total.
Rates for rickshaws with coolies by day (i.e. 6 A. M. to 10 P. M.).						
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Up to 1 ..	0 4 0	0 12 0	1 0 0	0 6 0	0 15 0	1 5 0
" 2 ..	0 6 0	0 12 0	1 2 0	0 9 0	0 15 0	1 8 0
" 3 ..	0 8 0	1 0 0	1 8 0	0 12 0	1 4 0	2 0 0
" 4 ..	0 8 0	1 4 0	1 12 0	0 12 0	1 9 0	2 5 0
" 5 ..	0 12 0	1 8 0	2 4 0	1 2 0	1 14 0	3 0 0
" 6 ..	0 12 0	2 0 0	2 12 0	1 2 0	2 8 0	3 10 0
" 7 ..	0 12 0	2 0 0	2 12 0	1 2 0	2 8 0	3 10 0
" 8 ..	0 12 0	2 0 0	2 12 0	1 2 0	2 8 0	3 10 0
" 9 ..	1 0 0	2 4 0	3 4 0	1 8 0	2 13 0	4 5 0
" 10 ..	1 0 0	2 4 0	3 4 0	1 8 0	2 13 0	4 5 0
" 11 ..	1 0 0	2 4 0	3 4 0	1 8 0	2 13 0	4 5 0
" 12 ..	1 0 0	2 4 0	3 4 0	1 8 0	2 13 0	4 5 0
Combined rates for rickshaws and coolies by night (i.e., 10 P. M. to 6 A. M.).						
Up to 1 ..	0 4 0	1 2 0	1 6 0	0 6 0	1 7 0	1 13 0
" 2 ..	0 6 0	1 2 0	1 8 0	0 9 0	1 7 0	2 0 0
" 3 ..	0 8 0	1 8 0	2 0 0	0 12 0	1 14 0	2 10 0
" 4 ..	0 8 0	1 14 0	2 6 0	0 12 0	2 6 0	3 2 0
" 5 ..	0 12 0	2 4 0	3 0 0	1 2 0	2 13 0	3 15 0
" 6 ..	0 12 0	3 0 0	3 12 0	1 2 0	3 12 0	4 14 0
" 7 ..	0 12 0	3 0 0	3 12 0	1 2 0	3 12 0	4 14 0
" 8 ..	0 12 0	3 0 0	3 12 0	1 2 0	3 12 0	4 14 0

Rates by distance not including halts.

	ONE PASSENGER RICKSHAW.		TWO PASSENGER RICKSHAW.	
	Rickshaw.	Coolies (per).	Rickshaw.	Coolies (per).
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
From Motor Terminus to:—				
1. Arranmoor (Charing Cross) ..	0 3 0	0 2 0	0 4 0	0 2 0
2. All houses on Potreyn up to Kutchery including Saddar Bazar.	0 3 0	0 2 6	0 4 0	0 2 6
3. All houses on Kathlag Road ..	0 5 0	0 3 0	0 6 0	0 3 0
4. Plaza Cinema ..	0 2 0	0 1 0	0 3 0	0 1 0
5. Post Office including all houses on North and South Tehra Malls.	0 4 0	0 2 6	0 6 0	0 2 6
6. Houses on Tehra up to Fairlawn ..	0 4 0	0 3 0	0 5 0	0 3 0
7. From Terminus to all houses on Tehra Hill.	0 5 0	0 3 6	0 6 0	0 3 6
8. From Terminus to Panjpulla and houses on Lower Bakrota (up to Amir Villa on the North and Sunnyside on the South).	0 6 0	0 4 0	0 8 0	0 4 0
9. From Post Office to Panjpulla, Satdhara.	0 2 0	0 1 6	0 3 0	0 1 6
10. From Post Office or Charing Cross to North and South Tehra Malls.	0 2 0	0 2 0	0 3 0	0 2 0
11. From Terminus to Bakrota up to Peterborough.	0 6 0	0 5 0	0 8 0	0 5 0
12. From Terminus to houses on North and South Bakrota Malls.	0 6 6	0 5 6	0 8 6	0 5 6
13. From Terminus to houses on Upper Bakrota.	0 8 0	0 6 0	0 10 0	0 6 0
14. From Post Office to—				
(i) Peterborough ..	0 4 0	0 3 0	0 6 0	0 3 0
(ii) Ala houses on North and South Bakrota Malls.	0 5 0	0 4 0	0 7 0	0 4 0
(iii) All Gala ..	0 7 0	0 6 0	0 9 0	0 6 0
(iv) Kalatop Timber Depôt ..	0 10 0	0 10 0	0 14 0	0 10 0
15. From Peterborough to—				
(i) All houses on North and South Bakrota Malls.	0 4 0	0 2 0	0 6 0	0 2 0
(ii) All houses on Upper Bakrota ..	0 3 0	0 3 0	0 4 0	0 3 0
16. From the Motor Terminus to—				
(i) Headquarters, Lahore District in Balun.	0 4 0	0 3 0	0 6 0	0 3 0
(ii) British Military Hospital and all other places in Balun.	0 6 0	0 4 0	0 8 0	0 4 0
(iii) Banikhet ..	0 8 0	0 6 0	0 12 0	0 6 0
(iv) Maakote barracks ..	0 6 0	0 5 0	0 10 0	0 5 0

NOTES.—I. For a return journey, provided it is made without any appreciable halt, half rates will be charged.

II. Halt will be charged at the usual rates per hour.

The 24th January, 1940.

No. 250-C.-40/3655.—The following amendment made by the Municipal Committee of **Raikot** in the Ludhiana district to its by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 22850, dated the 22nd June, 1935, as corrected by Punjab Government notification No. 3128-C.-37/32526, dated the 15th September, 1937, and amended by Punjab Government notification No. 3128-C.-37/32527, dated 15th September, 1937, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for general information, and shall come into force with the Municipality of **Raikot**, on the 11th day of March, 1940.

AMENDMENT.

In form " A " for the words " date by which orders of Committee shall be communicated to the applicant ________________ (to be filled in red ink)" the words " date by which orders of the Committee must be passed [under section 193 (4)] ________ (to be filled in red ink)" shall be substituted.

No. 76-C-40/3657.—The following by-laws framed by the Administrator of the Municipality of **Lahore**, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188,197 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Lahore** on the 1st day of April, 1940, from which date Punjab Government notification No. 2400, dated the 24th December, 1917, shall be deemed to be cancelled :—

BY-LAWS.

1. No person shall sell wholesale or by auction any grain, pulse, fruit, vegetables or sugarcane within the limits of the Municipality in premises other than premises licensed by the Medical Officer of Health in this behalf.

Note 1.—A sale of more than one maund of any such commodity shall be deemed to be a wholesale transaction.

Note 2.—Markets maintained by the Municipality of Lahore shall be considered to have been licensed under these bylaws.

2. A licence under by-law 1 shall be issued for such period not exceeding one year and not less than one month, as the licensee may desire on payment of a fee calculated at the rate of Rs. 2-8-0 for each month or portion of a month. No licence shall be valid beyond the 31st day of March next following the date of issue.

3. Applications for the grant of a licence for premises for the sale, wholesale or by auction, of any grain, pulse, fruit, vegetables or sugarcane shall be made to the Medical Officer of Health.

4. Any licensee who commits a breach of any of the conditions of his licence shall be liable to have such licence suspended or revoked by the Medical Officer of Health.

5. Any person who commits a breach or an abetment of a breach of any of these by-laws shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees and when the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

Form A.

LICENSE FOR THE SALE OF GRAIN, PULSE, FRUIT, VEGETABLES AND SUGARCANE WHOLESALE OR BY AUCTION.

Name of the licensee____________________.

Father's name____________________.

Situation of the premises____________________.

Boundaries____________________.

Conditions.

1. Every license issued under these by-laws shall be subject to the following conditions.—

(a) that the licensee shall not allow any cart which brings grains, pulse, vegetables, fruit and sugarcane to the place of sale to impede or obstruct traffic or to remain stationary at such place except for the purpose of loading or unloading articles and then only for such time as is necessary for such purpose,

(b) that the rooms in which grain, pulse, fruit, vegetables and sugarcane are stored are rat-proof and are kept in a clean and wholesome condition and protected from dust and flies.

(c) that the licensee shall not allow refuse to be placed anywhere except at a place fixed for the purpose, and in a receptacle provided by him which shall be washed at least once a day.

(d) that the licensee shall not keep on the licensed premises any grain, pulse, fruit, vegetables or sugarcane that is unfit for human consumption or is declared to be so by the Medical Officer of Health.

(e) that no person suffering from any contagious or infectious disease or from loathsome sores, or who has recently been attending on any person so suffering, and no animal or bird suffering from any contagious or infectious disease or from loathsome sores shall be permitted to enter into or remain in the premises licensed for the sale of grain, pulse, fruit, vegetable or sugarcane.

(f) if required by the Medical Officer of Health any person employed for the sale of grain, pulse, fruit, vegetables or sugarcane shall be tested to ascertain if he is a carrier of any infectious disease.

Note.—The test to be carried out under this clause shall be made at the expense of the Municipality.

(g) that the walls of the licensed premises shall be properly lime-washed at least twice a year and more often if so required by the Medical Officer of Health.

(h) that no room or any portion of the licensed premises shall be used as a living room or sleeping room or for any other trade or occupation.

(i) that the licensee shall not spit or smoke, light fires or suffer any other person to spit or smoke, or light fires within the licensed premises.

(j) that the Medical Officer of Health or any municipal officer authorised by him in writing shall be permitted by the licensee to inspect the premises at all reasonable times without notice.

(k) that the licensee shall comply promptly with all notices issued by the Medical Officer of Health in respect of sanitation.

Date ____________.

Signature of the applicant.

Date ____________.

Signature of the Medical Officer of Health.

Fee paid.

No. 184-C.-40/3672.—The following amendments made by the Municipal Committee of **Jagadhri** in the Ambala district, to its by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 1443-C.-36/20682, dated the 30th of June, 1936, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, are published for general information. They shall come into force within the Municipality of **Jagadhri,** on the 11th day of March, 1940:—

AMENDMENTS.

1. The following clause shall be inserted as clause (3) to by-law 2 :—

" 2 (3). No person shall sell sweetmeats, cakes or other food prepared with banaspatine or charbini in premises not licensed by the Committee in this behalf ".

2. The full stop at the end of by-law 3 shall be deleted and the words " or of sweetmeats, cakes or other food prepared with banaspatine or charbini " shall be added after the words " or charbini."

3. The words " or for the sale of sweetmeats, cakes, or other food prepared with banaspatine or charbini " shall be inserted between the words " charbini " and " shall be issued " occurring in the second line of by-law 4.

4. The words " or sweetmeats, cakes or other food prepared with adulterated ghi, banaspatine or charbini " shall be inserted between the words " or charbini " and the semi-colon appearing at the end of clause (a) of by-law 4.

5. The words " or sweetmeats, cakes or other food prepared therewith " shall be inserted between the words " charbini " and " in premises " in the first line of clause (b) of by-law 4.

6. The words " or use in the preparation of sweetmeats, cakes or other food any ghi or banaspatine or charbini " shall be added between the words " charbini " and " obtained " occurring in the first line of clause (d) of by-law 4.

7. The following new clause shall be inserted as clause (*f*) to by-law 4 and the existing clauses (*f*), (*g*), (*h*), and (*i*) shall be renumbered (*g*),(*h*),(*i*) and (*j*), respectively :—

"(*f*) that the licensee shall keep all sweetmeats, cakes and other articles of food exposed for sale under such covers as will prevent them from being contaminated by flies and other insects ".

8. The words " or for the sale of sweetmeats, cakes or other food prepared with banaspatine or " charbini " shall be inserted between the words " charbini " and the semi-colon appearing at the end of clause (*g*) which shall be renumbered as clause (*h*) of by-law 4.

9. The following new clause shall be inserted as clause (*k*) of by-law 4 :—

" (*k*) that the licensee shall display on every untensil, on or in which sweetmeats, cakes or other articles of food prepared with banaspatine or charbini are exposed for retail sale, a label measuring at least 4″ × 4″ painted in red letters on a white back ground to the effect that the sweetmeats, cakes or other articles of food have been prepared with banaspatine or charbini as the case may be ".

No. 5732-C.-39/3681.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Okara** in the Montgomery district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 121 and 188 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Okara** on the 11th day of March, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. Licences under sub-section (1) of section 121 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, for premises to be used for any of the purposes specified in the schedule below shall be granted by the Municipal Committee on the application of the owner or occupier of such premises and shall be issued by the Secretary of the Committee in form A appended to these by-laws on payment of such fees as the Committee may fix from time to time with the approval of the Commissioner under section 121 (3) of the Act and on the conditions detailed in by-law 3 :—

Serial No.	*Purpose for which premises are licensed.*
1.	Factory worked by steam engine.
2.	Factory worked by oil engine.
3.	A yard, depôt or place of storage for trade in timber.
4.	A yard, depôt or place of storage for trade in wood-fuel, charcoal, coal, bamboos, straw, bhusa, hay, thatching grass, sirki, wan, munj, rope, kana san, khajur leaves, coconut fibres.
5.	A yard, depôt or place of storage for trade in unslaked lime.
6.	(*i*) A soap house.
	(*ii*) A dyeing house or tannery.
	(*iii*) Oil boiling house.
7.	Premises for melting tallow, dressing raw hides, boiling bones, offal or blood.
8.	(*i*) A lime kiln, brick kiln, charcoal kiln.
	(*ii*) Pottery.
9.	A yard, depôt or place of storage for sulphur matches.
10.	A yard, depôt or place of storage for non-dangerous petroleum or spirit not exceeding 250 gallons.
11.	A yard, depôt or place of storage for non-dangerous petroleum or spirit exceeding 250 gallons but not exceeding 500 gallons.
12.	A yard, depôt or place of storage for fire works.

13. Premises used for other purposes covered by section 12 (1) but not specified above.

2. All applications for the renewal of licenses shall be made before the 15th day of March every year.

3. Every license issued under by-law I shall be subject to the following conditions :—

(a) that the licensee shall at all reasonable times and without notice permit any member or officer of the Committee authorised in this behalf to inspect the licensed premises ;

(b) that the licensee shall always keep the licence issued by the Secretary at the licensed premises, and shall, on demand produce it for the inspection of any member or officer of the Committee authorised under clause (a) of this by-law ;

(c) that the licensee shall make adequate arrangement to the satisfaction of the Municipal Committee for the extinction of any outbreak of fire ;

(d) that the licensee shall at all times, keep the licensed premises in a clean and sanitary condition, and shall provide adequate vautilation, suitable drains, latrines, urinals and other sanitary conveniences for the use of the workmen employed therein ;

(e) that the licensee shall not permit any work to be carried on at the licensed premises which gives rise to loud and offensive noises between 8 o'clock at night and 6 o'clock in the morning unless he has been specially authorised in this behalf ;

(f) that in premises where oil engines are used, kerosine oil, petroleum and other inflammable oils and materials shall be kept in a separate room which shall not be contiguous to the engine room ;

(g) that the licensee of any engine house shall store in a suitable room or rooms, which shall be used for no other purpose and shall be rat roof, all grain or pulse received by him for milling and shall similarly store all flour produced by milling so long as it remains on the licensed premises ;

(h) that the licensee shall adopt the best practicable means to the satisfaction of the Committee for rendering inocuous all gases, effluvia or vapours emitted by the engine during the process of working and shall in every case cause such gases, effluvia or vapours to be discharged into the external air in such a manner and at such a height as to admit of the proper diffusion of these gases without producing any unwholesome or injurious effects in the neighbourhood or shall cause such gases to pass from the exhaust pipe (or other outlet of such gases) through fire or into a condensing apparatus and then through fire in such a manner as to consume effectually such gases so as to deprive the same of all noxious or injurious properties ;

(i) that in premises from where smoke arises through the use of coal in the furnace or any place in the engine house the licensee shall use such apparatus that will, as far as practicable, consume the smoke ;

Explanation.—For purposes of this by-law, the decision of the Committee or some officer appointed by the Committee in this behalf as to whether the ventilation is adequate or the drains or the rooms are suitable or the means adopted for rendering gases, effluvia or vapours inocuous are the best practicable, shall be final.

4. For a breach of any of the conditions of his licence the licensee shall be liable to have his licence suspended or revoked by an order of the Committee.

Form "A".

A LICENCE TO CARRY ON AN OFFENSIVE AND DANGEROUS TRADE IN THE MUNICIPALITY OF OKARA.

N. B.—This license is subject to the conditions specified in by-law 3 of the by-laws published with Punjab Government Notification No. 5732-C.-39/3681, dated the 24th January, 1940.

Serial No. of licence.	Name, perentage caste and residence of the licensee.	A description of the premises licensed.	A specification of the trades mentioned in section 121 (1) of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, for which the licence is issued.	Endorsement of renewal of licence.
				Renewed on Secretary, Municipal Committee, Okara.

No. 152-C.-40/3683.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Chiniot**, in the Jhang district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Chiniot** on the 11th day of March, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. Every owner of any building or land situated within the limits of the municipality who does not reside in the municipality shall appoint in writing a person residing within the municipal limits to act as his agent for all purposes of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, and of any rules or by-laws made thereunder.

2. Every appointment made under by-law 1 shall be notified to the Secretary of the Committee within seven days from the date of the making of such appointment and any changes made subsequently shall be similarly notified to the Secretary, provided that the original agent shall, until such change is reported, be held liable for compliance with the provisions of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, and of any rules or by-laws made thereunder.

3. Any person who commits a breach of by-law 1 shall, on conviction by a Magistrate, be punishable with fine which may be extend to fifty rupees and if the breach is a continuing breach with a further fine which may amount to five rupees for every day after the first during which such breach continues.

No. 251-C.-40/3746.—The following amendment made by the Municipal Committee of **Raikot**, in the Ludhiana district to its by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 34814, dated, the 26th November, 1928, as amended by Punjab Government notifications No. 5236, dated the 21st February, 1933 and No. 32000, dated the 2nd October, 1935, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for general information, and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Raikot**, on the 11th day of March, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

In form A the words " Date by which orders of the Committee must be communicated to the applicant " shall be deleted.

No. 104-C.-40/3752.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Hazro**, in the Attock district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 197 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the Municipal Committee of **Hazro** on the 11th day of March, 1940:—

BY-LAWS.

1. In these by-laws the word 'meat' means the flesh of sheep or goats intended for human or animal consumption.

2. No person shall sell meat, except under a license granted in this behalf by the Committee.

3. No person shall sell meat, or prepare or expose meat for sale, in premises other than premises licensed by the Committee in this behalf.

4. No premises shall be licensed for the sale or preparation or exposure for sale of meat—

(*a*) unless they have a floor made of bricks, stone, cement or other impervious materials;

(*b*) unless the walls are properly plastered and lime-washed;

(*c*) unless they are provided with adequate light and ventilation to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health, or, in the absence of such officer, the Secretary of the Committee;

(*d*) unless they are provided with a drain and the whole floor is so sloped as to allow all liquid to flow off by the drain;

(*e*) if there is any direct communication between the premises and any room used as a sleeping room;

(*f*) if there is any latrine, cess-pool, cow-shed, stable or other place within one hundred feet of the premises which, in the opinion of the Medical Officer of Health, or in the absence of such officer, the Secretary, renders it undesirable that such premises should be used for the sale or preparation for sale of meat; and

(*g*) unless they are situated in a suitable locality and provided with suitable arrangements for screening the meat from the view of the public.

5. Licences to sell meat may be issued by the Medical Officer of Health or, in the absence of such officer, by the Secretary of the Committee to any person applying for them and shall be granted by the Committee on payment of a fee at the rate of two rupees per annum, if the licence is taken for the whole year or four annas per mensem if the licence is taken out for a period of less than a year subject to the conditions specified in form 'A' appended to these by-laws.

6. Subject to the provisions of by-law 4, licences for premises to be used for the sale or preparation or exposure for sale of meat shall be issued by the Medical Officer of Health or, in the absence of such officer, the Secretary to the Committee on the application of the owner or occupier of such premises and shall be granted by the Committee in form 'A' appended to these by-laws on payment of a fee at the rate of two rupees per annum if the licence is taken out for the whole year or four annas per mensem if the license is taken out for less than a year for each licence, subject to the conditions specified in form 'A'.

7. Every place licensed for the sale or preparation for sale of meat shall be fitted with a table of which the top shall be covered with a zinc sheet or a slab of marble, slate or stone for cutting up meat and also with metal scales and weights and shall at all reasonable times be open to inspection by any member of the Committee or the Secretary or Sanitary Inspector of the Committee.

8. Every place licensed for the sale or preparation or exposure for sale of meat and all implements, tables, receptacles, vessels or other things used therein shall at all times be kept in a clean and wholesome condition, and every such place shall at all times be provided with a sufficient supply of water for cleaning the same.

9. All meat kept or exposed for sale on or at any such place shall at all times be kept in wire-gauze receptacle as a protection against flies.

10. The licensee shall provide a receptacle for the collection of all sorts of refuse and shall not throw or allow to be thrown any waste anywhere, except in the said receptacle, which shall be cleared and washed twice daily.

11. The Committee may at any time revoke or cancel any licence granted under these by-laws for any breach of the by-laws and no compensation in respect of such revocation or cancellation shall be recoverable from the Committee.

12. Any person who commits a breach or an abetment of a breach of any of these by-laws shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees and when the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

Form A.

Licence for premises for the sale or preparation or exposure for sale of meat issued under by-law 6 of the by-laws for licensing premises for the sale or preparation or exposure for sale of meat published with Punjab Government notification No. 104-C.-40/3752, dated the 24th January, 1940.

The premises, of which a description is given in the attached schedule, situated in ____________

(name of street, or ward, etc.), are hereby licensed for the sale or preparation or exposure for sale of meat

This licence is granted to ____________ ____________

owner/occupier of the said premises subject to the following conditions :—

(a) that he shall keep the licensed premises structurally fit for the purpose for which the licence is granted;

Explanation.—"Structural fitness" shall be deemed to include—

(i) the existence of a floor made of bricks, stone, cement, or other impervious material;

(ii) possession of walls, properly plastered and lime-washed;

(iii) adequate provision of light and ventilation;

(iv) suitable drains;

(b) that he shall not employ, or permit to be employed, in the sale or preparation or exposure for sale of meat any person suffering from any contagious or infectious disease or from loathsome sores or who has recently been attending on any person so suffering and that he shall not suffer any such person or any animal to remain upon the licensed premises ;

(c) that he shall at all times keep all vessels, receptacles, utensils and other things used in the sale or preparation or exposure for sale of meat in a state of thorough cleanliness, and shall protect from dust and flies all materials used in such sale or preparation or exposure for sale and the articles prepared or exposed for sale to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health, or in the absence of such officer, the Secretary of the Committee ;

(d) that he shall daily cause to be thoroughly washed and cleaned the floor and drain of the licenced premises and every bench, counter, table, shelf or other place on which the articles prepared or exposed for sale and any material used in such sale or preparation or exposure for sale are kept ;

(e) that he shall cause the walls of the licenced premises to be properly lime washed at least twice a year or more often, if so required by the Medical Officer of Health, or in the absence of such Officer, the Secretary of the Committee ;

(f) that he shall not carry on, or permit to be carried on, any trade or occupation in the licensed premises other than the sale or preparation or exposure for sale of meat, and that he shall not use, or suffer to be used, any portion of the licensed premises as a living room or sleeping room ;

(g) that he shall not spit or smoke or suffer any other person to spit or smoke within the licenced premises ;

(h) that he shall not keep, or suffer to be kept, in the licensed premises any bedding, soiled clothes or other things not required for the sale or preparation or exposure for sale of meat ;

(i) that he shall at all reasonable times permit any member or Secretary, or any other officer of the Committee to inspect the licensed premises without notice ; and

(j) that he shall comply promptly with all notices issued by the Municipal Committee or the Medical Officer of Health in respect of sanitation.

SCHEDULE.

(The actual room or rooms in which the sale or preparation for sale of meet is to be carried on should be described in cases where the whole of a building is not to be used for such sale or preparation for sale.)

Notified Areas.

The 24th January, 1940.

No. 159—L.G.—Bds.-40/3664.—Punjab Government notification No. 6099-L.G.—Bds.-39/43836, dated the 20th December, 1939, relating to the extension of the provisions of section 195 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, to the Notified Area of **Jalalabad** in the Ferozepore district, is hereby cancelled.

No. 6566—L.G.—Bds.-39/3678.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 244 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to cancel Punjab Government notification No. 225, dated the 17th May, 1898, constituting a Notified Area at **Hathin** in the Gurgaon district.

No. 5807-C.-39/3744.—*Corrigendum.*—In Punjab Government notification No. 4046-C.-38/12137, dated 29th March, 1939, *for* the words "After the first May, 1939, no residential house shall be erected unless it opens upon a kucha, lane or other way not less than 12 feet in width" the words "no new lane or kucha containing residential houses shall be less than 12 feet in width" shall be substituted.

Medical.

The 24th January, 1940.

No. 142-M.40/3667.—The following by-laws made by the Notified Area Committee, **Renala Khurd**, district Montgomery, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 17 of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab are published for general information and shall come into force within the limits of the Notified Area, **Renala Khurd**, six weeks after the date of the publication of this notification :—

BY-LAWS.

1. No person whose name has not been registered in accordance with the provisions of section 14 of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932, shall practise as nurse, health visitor, midwife, nurse dai, trained dai, or dai within the area subject to the authority of the Notified Area Committee, Renala Khurd.

2. Any person practising in contravention of by-law 1 or any person committing or abetting the commitment of a breach of by-law 1 shall be liable on conviction by a magistrate of the first class, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 for the first offence or to a fine not exceeding Rs. 250 for a second or a subsequent offence.

Public Health.

The 24th January, 1940.

No. 202-M.-40/3771.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Pure Food Act, 1929, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to appoint the Chemist of the Public Health Department to be a Public Analyst for the Notified Area of **Kamoki Mandi,** in the Gujranwala district, in respect of all articles of food and drink.

No. 202-M.-40/3768.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 1 of the Punjab Pure Food Act, 1929, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to extend to the Notified Area of **Kamoki Mandi,** in the Gujranwala district, with effect from the date of publication of this notification, the provisions of sections 3 to 22 of the said Act, in respect of all articles of food and drink.

RAM CHANDRA,

Secretary to Government, Punjab,
Medical and Local Government Departments

2146 CS—1161—26-1-40—SGPP Lahore.

Notified Areas.

The 24th January, 1940.

No. 150-L.G.-[illegible]-9/3084.—[illegible] notification No. [illegible] dated [illegible] 1939, regarding the extension of the provisions of section 174 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, to the Notified Area of Jalalabad in the Ferozepore district, is hereby cancelled.

No. 5506-L.G.-Edn. 39/2719.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 244 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to cancel Punjab Government notification No. 224, dated the 17th May, 1908, constituting a Notified Area of [illegible] in the Gurgaon district.

No. 3807-C.-39/2744.—*Corrigendum.*—In Punjab Government notification No. 4048-C.-39/3187, dated the 24th [illegible], 1939, for the words "after the first May, 1939, [illegible] unless it opens upon a [illegible] not less than [illegible] feet in width" the words "no new lane [illegible] shall be less than 15 feet in width" shall be substituted.

Medical.

The 24th January, 1940.

No. 142-M.-40/3037.—The following bye-laws made by the Notified Area Committee, Renala Khurd, [illegible] in exercise of the powers conferred by section 17 of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 193[illegible], having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab are published for general information and shall come into force within the limits of the Notified Area, Renala Khurd, [illegible] the date of publication of this notification:—

BYE-LAWS.

1. No person whose name has not been registered in accordance with the provisions of section 14 of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, [illegible], shall practise as nurse, health visitor, midwife, nurse-dai, trained dai, [illegible] within the limits of the authority of the Notified Area Committee, Renala Khurd.

2. Any person practising in contravention of bye-law 1 or any person abetting or assisting the commitment of a breach of bye-laws shall be liable, on conviction by a magistrate of the first class, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 25 for the first offence or to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 for a second or a subsequent offence.

Public Health.

The 24th January, 1940.

No. 262-M.-40/3711.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 8 of the Punjab Pure Food Act, 1929, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to appoint the Chemist of the Public Health Department to be a Public Analyst for the Notified Area of Kamoke Mandi, in the Gujranwala district, in respect of all articles of food and drugs.

No. 263-M.-40/3763.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 1 of the Punjab Pure Food Act, 1929, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to extend to the Notified Area of Kamoke Mandi, in the Gujranwala district, with effect from the date of publication of this notification, the provisions of section [illegible] of the said Act in respect of all articles of food and drugs.

[illegible] CHADDHA,
Secretary to Government, Punjab,
Medical and Local Government Departments.

Registered No. L. 864.

The Government Gazette, Punjab.

Published by Authority.

No. 5. LAHORE, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1940.

PART I—A.

Punjab Government Notifications and Orders.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Boards.

The 30th January, 1940.

No. 181-L. G.-Bds.-40/4542.—The following amendments made by the District Board of **Hoshiarpur** to its Provident Fund Rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 8670, dated the 14th March, 1934, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board, **Hoshiarpur**, from the date of publication of this notification :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. *Substitute* the following new rule *for* the existing rule 12 :—

" 12. The Board shall maintain —

General accounts to be maintained by the Board.

(1) a Provident Fund Account in Form P. F. 4,

(2) a Provident Fund Investments Account in Form P. F. 5,

(3) a Provident Fund Investments Interest Account in Form P. F. 6 or if a Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund is maintained a Provident Fund Investment Interest Account in Form P, F, 6-A and a Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund Account in Form P. F, 6-B, and

(4) an account in Form P. F. 8, showing the amount available for payment of insurance premia of the Provident Fund subscribers ".

2 *Insert* the following new forms *after* Form P. F. 6 :—

Form P. F. 6.-A. **Rule 12.**

Provident Fund Investments Interest Account ________________ *District Board.*

Serial No. in Provident Fund Investment Account (P. F. 5).	INSTALMENT OF INTEREST DUE.		INSTALMENT OF INTEREST RECEIVED.			DISPOSAL OF INTEREST RECEIVED.					No. and date of the voucher with which the amount in column 4 (e) is withdrawn from the District Fund for credit to the Provident Fund.	Date on which the amount is credited to the savings bank account.	No. and date of voucher with which the amount in column 4 (d) is withdrawn from the District Fund for credit to the P. F. Investment Depreciation Fund.	Date on which the amount is credited in the P. F. Investment Depreciation Fund.	REMARKS.
	(a)	b)	(a)	(b)	(c)	(a)	b	(c)	(d)	(e)					
	Date.	Amount.	Date.	No. and date of chalan with which remitted to treasury for credit into the fund of the local body.	Amount.	At savings bank rate to be credited to the P. F. Account.	Difference between columns 3 (c) and 4 (a).	Half of column 4 (b) to be credited to the Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund subject to a maximum of 1% on the amount invested.	Difference, if any, between half of columns 4 (b) and 4 (c).	Half of column 4 (b) plus 4 (d) to be credited to Provident Fund Account.					
1	2		3			4					5(a)	5(b)	6(a)	6(b)	7
		Rs. A. P.			Rs. A. P.										

NOTE.—This form is to be used by the Boards which maintain Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund. Such Boards need not maintain Form P. F. 6.

Form P. F. 6-B. **Rule 12.**

Provident Fund Investments Depreciation Fund Account ________ District Board.

Date.	Balance at credit.	Amount credited to the Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund in the Post Office Savings Bank / Imperial Bank. Folio No. of Register P. F. 6(a).	Amount credited to the Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund in the Post Office Savings Bank / Imperial Bank. Amount.	Interest earned on the Investment Depreciation Fund money in the Post Office Savings Bank or Imperial Bank.	Payments. No. and date of the order of the Commissioner sanctioning withdrawal from the fund.	Payments. Amount.	Balance 4—5 (b).	Remarks.
1	2	3(a)	3(b)	4	5(a)	5(b)	6	7
			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.		

3. *Insert* the following new form *after* Form P. F. 7 :—

Form P. F. 8. **Rule 12.**

Register showing the amount available for payment of insurance premia of Provident Fund subscriber.

P. F. ACCOUNT No. ________

NAME ________

Date.	Provident Fund subscription available for insurance. (a) Amount of deposit made by the subscriber since the last withdrawal for payment of insurance premium was made.	Provident Fund subscription available for insurance. (b) Interest earned since the date of last withdrawal on subscriber's own deposits.	Total of columns 2(a), 2(b) and 4.	Advance paid.	Balance after each transaction.	Remarks.*
1	2			3	4	5
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	

*The fact that the Insurance Policy has been assigned to the Board as well as the number of policy should be noted in the remarks column of the register.

No. 180-L. G.—Bds.-40/4546.—Whereas it appears to the Governor of the Punjab that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of **Jhang**, for a public purpose, namely, for extending the compound of the Vernacular Middle School at Kot Shakir, it is hereby notified that the land described in the specification below is likely to be acquired for the said purpose.

2. This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, to all whom it may concern, and, in exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to authorize the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

3. Any person interested in the land who has any objection to the acquisition may, within thirty days of the publication of this notification, file an objection in writing before the Collector of the Jhang district :—

SPECIFICATION OF LAND.

District.	*Tahsil.*	*Mauza.*	*Area in acres.*	*Boundaries.*
Jhang	Jhang	Kot Shakir	·3	*North.*—School compound. *East.*—House of Sardar Khan Bloch and streets. *South.*—Street and land of Lal, son of Bakhtawar. *West.*—School compound.

No. 6558-L. G.—Bds.-39/4548.—The following amendments made by the District Boad of **Multan**, to its Provident Fund Rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 1183, dated the 11th January, 1932, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab is published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Multan**, on the 15th March, 1940 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. In rule 4, *substitute* the following proviso *for* the first proviso :—

" Provided that if the subscriber, who is required or permitted to subscribe to the provident fund, resigns within five years of the commencement of his service, except on account of illness or any other cause which the board may determine to be a sufficient cause, or has been dismissed from service of the board, the board may (with the sanction of the Commissioner in the latter case only) deduct from the sum standing to his credit in the provident fund, the whole or any part of the contributions made by it to his provident fund and the interest thereon ".

2. In rule 11 between the words " sum " and " before " *insert* the words " but not exceeding in any case the total amount of its contributions credited to the account of the subscriber and interest accrued thereon."

No. 227-C.-40/4670.—The following amendment made by the District Board, **Hissar,** to the regulations published with Punjab Government notification No. 27476, dated the 6th of October, 1934, as amended by Punjab Government notification No. 3779-C.-39/28642, dated the 5th September, 1939, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 56 (2) of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, is published for general information, and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the Board on the 18th day of March, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

In regulation 12 opposite the words " For a licence to drive a third class vehicle " *substitute* " Rs. 2-8-0 " *for* " Rs. 4 ".

No. 167-L. G.-40/4672.—The following amendment, made by the District Board of **Hissar**, to the rates of Vehicle Tax published with Punjab Government notification No. 31546, dated the 5th December, 1933, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab is published for general information, the amendment shall come into force with immediate effect :—

AMENDMENT.

In column 3, against serial No. 3 of the schedule *substitute,* " Rs. 1-8-0 " *for* "Rs. 3".

The 31st January, 1940.

No. 250-L. G.-40/4811.—In accordance with the provisions of section 26 (*g*) of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to notify the following amendments, made by the District Board of **Dera Ghazi Khan**, to the rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 706-L. S.-G.—Bds., dated the 6th January, 1934 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. For the existing rule 1, *substitute* the following new rule, namely :—

" 1. The scale of pay of a Medical Officer incharge of a rural dispensary shall be Rs. 70—4—130, after 20 years' service Rs. 150 and after 26 years' service Rs. 175: —

Provided that the scale of pay of new entrants recruited after the 8th July, 1939, shall be Rs. 55—3—100".

2. For the existing second proviso to rule 1, *substitute* the following new proviso, namely : -

" Provided further that advancement in the time scale beyond the 4th, 8th and 12th year shall be subject to passing the quadrennial professional examinations prescribed for Sub-Assistant Surgeons, and no Medical Officer shall be entitled to pay beyond Rs. 82, Rs. 98 and Rs. 114 per mensem, or Rs. 64, Rs 76 and Rs. 98 per mensem, in the case of Medical Officers recruited after the 8th July, 1939, until he has passed the 1st, 2nd and 3rd quadrennial examinations as the case may be".

No. 6363-L. G.-Bds.-39/4831.—Whereas it appears to the Governor of the Punjab that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of **Ambala**, for a public purpose, namely, for the construction of an approach road to the Kurali Railway Station in Kharar tahsil, district Ambala, it is hereby notified that the land described in the specification below is likely to be acquired for the said purpose.

2. This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, to all whom it may concern, and, in exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to authorize the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

3. Any person interested in the land who has any objection to the acquisition may, within thirty days of the publication of this notification, file an objection in writing before the Collector of the Ambala district : -

SPECIFICATION OF LAND.

District.	Tahsil.	Mauza.	Plot.	Area in acres.	Boundaries.
Ambala ...	Kharar ...	Kurali ...	A	·150	*North.*—Part of Khasra No. 151/1. *East.*—Rupar-Chandigarh metalled Road. *South.*—Part of Khasra No. 151/1. *West.*—Mehar Ali, etc., Abadi.

District.	Tahsil.	Mauza.	Plot.	Area in acres.	Boundaries.
Ambala ...	Kharar ...	Kurali ...	B.	·005	*North*—Part of Khasra No. 154/1 Mehar Ali, etc. *East* Raqba Khasra No. 151/1 public way. *South*.— ... *West*.—Abadi.
Do. ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	C	·168	*North*—Owned by Abadi Deh. *East*.—Raqba of Khasra No. 151/1 and 154/1. *South*.—Owned by Abadi Deh. *West*.—Habib, etc., owners of Khasra No. 162/1.
Do ...	Do. ..	Do. ...	D.	·020	*North*.—Habib, etc., owners of Khasra No. 162/1. *East*.—Raqba of Khasra No. 1681/1 Abadi Deh. *South*.— ... *West*.—Ghulam Qadir, etc., owners of Khasra No. 163/1.
Do. ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	E.	·044	*North*.—Ghulam Qadir, etc., owners of Khasra No. 163/1. *East*.—Habib, etc., owners of Khasra No. 162/1. *South*.—Ghulam Qadir, etc., owners of Khasra No. 163/1. *West*.—Ghulam Qadir, etc., owners of Khasra No. 167/1.
Do. ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	F.	·033	*North*—Ghulam Qadir, etc., owners of Khasra No. 167/1. *East*.—Ghulam Qadir, etc., owners of Khasra No. 163/1. *South*.—Nathu, etc., owners of Khasra No. 164/1. *West*.—Nathu, etc., owners of Khasra No. 166/1.
Do. ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	G.	·003	*North*.—Nathu, etc., owners of Khasra No. 166/1. *East*.—Ghulam Qadir, etc., owners of Khasra No. 167/1. *South*.—Nathu, etc., owners of Khasra No. 164/1 *West*.— ...
Do. ...	Do. ..	Do. ..	H.	·032	*North*.—Owners of Khasra No. 167/1, Ghulam Qadir 166/1 and Nathu 164/1. *East*.— ... *South*.—Nathu, etc., owners of Khasra No. 164/1. *West*—Owners of Khasras Maurusis Sant Singh etc., 119/1, Ram Kishan etc., 720/1 Atma Singh, etc., 721/1.
Do. ..	Do. ..	Do. .	I.	·0006	*North*—Sant Singh, etc, Maurusi etc., owners of Khasra No. 719/1. *East*.—Nathu, etc., owners of Khasra No. 164/1. *South*.—Ram Kishan, Maurusi, owner o Khasra No. 720/1. *West*.— ...
Do. ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	J.	·028	*North*.—Sant Singh, etc., Maurusi owners of Khasra No. 719/1. *East*.—Nathu, etc., owners of Khasra No. 164/1. *South*.—Atma Singh, Maurusi owner of Khasra No. 721/1. *West*.—Ram Kishan Maurusi owners of Khasra No. 720/1.
Do. ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	K.	·050	*North*.—Ram Kishan and Atma Singh, etc., owners of Khasra No. 720/1 and 721/1. *East*—Nathu, etc., owners of Khasra No. 164/1. *South*.—Ram Kishan and Atma Singh maurusi Khasra No. 722/1 and 721/1. *West*.—Telu, etc., Maurusi owners of Khasra No. 723/1.
					North.—Atma Singh, etc., owners of Khasra No. 721/1. *East*. ... *South*.—Atma Singh, etc., of Khasra No. 721/1. *West*.—Telu, etc., Maurusi owners of Khasra No 723/1.
Do. ..	Do. ...	Do. ...	L.	·005	*North*.—Atma Singh, etc., owners of Khasra No. 721/1. *East*.— ... *South*.—Ram Kishen, etc., Maurusi owners of Khasra No. 722/7. *West*.—Telu, etc., Khasra No. 723/1.

District.	Tahsil.	Mauza.	Plot.	Area in acres.	Boundaries.
Ambala ..	Kharar ...	Kurali ..	M.	·058	*North.*—Telu, etc., owners of Khasra No. 723/1. *East.*—Owner of Khasra Maurusis No. 722/1, Ram Kishan and 721/1 Atma Singh. *South.*—Telu, etc., owners of Khasra No. 723/1. *West.*—Abadi Khasra No. 1681/2.
Do. ...	Do. ...	Do.	N.	·147	*North.*—Abadi, Deh Khasra No. 1681/2, *East.*—Telu, etc., owners of Khasras No. 723/1. *South.*—Water pool Khasra No. 1681/2 Abadi Deh. *West.*—Shamlat Thoroughfare 2746/7.
Do. ...	Do. ...	Do. ..	O.	·343	*North.*—Railway Road. *East.*—Khasra No. 1681/2 Abadi. *South.*—Owned by thoroughfare 2742/767/1. *West.*—Owners of Mandi near Railway Station, Kurali 28[illegible]2.
					North.—Railway Road. *East.*—Owners of Khasra No. 2740 Ram Chand etc., and Khasra No. 2742/767/1 thorough fare. *South.*—Owned by thorough fare 2742/767/1. *West.*—Khasras No. 2755/1191, etc.

No. 266-L.-G.—Bds.-40/4863. The following amendments made by the District Board, **Ambala,** to its Provident Fund Rules, published with Punjab Government notification No. 5080, dated the 12th February, 1932, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information and shall come into force within the area, subject to the authority of the District Board, **Ambala,** on the 15th March, 1940:—

AMENDMENTS.

1. In rule 4, *substitute* the following proviso *for* the first proviso :—

"Provided that if the subscriber, who is required or permitted to subscribe to the provident fund, resigns within five years of the commencement of his service, except on account of illness or any other cause which the board may determine to be a sufficient cause, or has been dismissed from service of the board, the board may deduct from the sum standing to his credit in the provident fund, the whole or any part of the contributions made by it to his provident fund and the interest thereon."

2. In rule 11 between the words "sum" and "before" *insert* the words "but not exceeding in any case the total amount of its contributions credited to the account of the subscriber and interest accured thereon."

Committees.

The 31st January, 1940.

No. 229-C.-40/4814.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Khangarh,** in the Muzaffargarh district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 197 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Khangarh,** on the 18th day of March, 1940:—

BY-LAWS.

1. No person shall manufacture, sell or prepare or expose for sale milk, curd, sweetmeats, confectionery, sherbet, sugar including *patashas,* sugar candy, except in premises licensed by the Committee in this behalf.

2. No premises shall be licensed for the manufacture, sale or preparation or exposure for sale of the articles of food and drink mentioned in by-law 1—

(*i*) unless the walls are properly plastered and limewashed ;

(*ii*) unless they are provided with adequate light and ventilation to the satisfaction of the Secretary or Medical Officer of Health or any other officer or servant duly appointed by the Committee in this behalf ;

(*iii*) if there is any latrine, cesspool, cowshed, stable or other place within one hundred feet of the premises, which, in the opinion of the Medical Officer of Health or any other officer or servant duly appointed by the Committee in this behalf, renders it undesirable that such premises should be used for the manufacture, sale or preparation or exposure for sale of the articles specified in by-law 1 ;

(*iv*) unless a receptacle approved by the Medical Officer of Health or any other officer or servant duly appointed by the Committee in this behalf, is provided on the premises for the collection of waste material and other rubbish ; and

(*v*) unless the drainage of the premises is connected with the recognized system of drainage, if any, in existence, in the near neighbourhood.

3. Subject to the provisions of by-law 2, licences for premises for the manufacture, sale or preparation or exposure for sale of the articles specified in by-law 1, shall be issued by the Secretary of the Committee, in Form A appended to these by-laws on the application of the owner or occupier of such premises and shall be granted by the Committee free of charge subject to the conditions specified in Form A.

4. Any licensee who commits or abets the commitment of a breach of the conditions of his licence shall be liable to have his licence revoked by the committee.

5. Any person who commits or abets the commitment of breach of by-law 1 and any licensee who commits or abets the commitment of a breach of any of the conditions of his licence, shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and when the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

Form A.

LICENCE FOR PREMISES FOR THE MANUFACTURE, SALE OR PREPARATION OR EXPOSURE FOR SALE OF ARTICLES SPECIFIED IN BY-LAW 1 OF THE BY-LAWS FOR LICENSIN GPREMISES, FOR SUCH MANUFACTURE, SALE OR PREPARATION OR EXPOSURE FOR SALE, PUBLISHED WITH PUNJAB GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATION No. 223-C.-40/4814, DATED THE 31ST JANUARY, 1940.

The premises, of which the description is given in the attached schedule, situated in ——————(name of street, ward, etc.), are hereby licensed for the manufacture, sale or preparation or exposure for sale of the articles specified in by-law 1.

This licence is granted to owner/occupier of the said premises subject to the following conditions :—

(1) that there is no latrine, cesspool, cow-shed, stable or other place within one hundred feet of the premises which in the opinion of the Medical Officer of Health or any officer or servant appointed by the Committee in his behalf renders it undesirable that such premises should be used for the manufacture, preparation, sale or exposure for sale of the articles specified in by-law 1 ;

(2) that he shall not employ or permit to be employed in the manufacture, sale or preparation or exposure for sale of the articles specified in by-law 1 any person suffering from any contagious or infectious disease or from loathsome sores or who has recently been attending on any person so suffering, and that he shall not suffer any such person or any animal to enter or remain upon the licensed premises ;

(3) that he shall keep all vessels, receptacles, utensils and other things used in the manufacture, sale or preparation or exposure for sale of the articles specified in by-law 1 in a state of cleanliness and shall protect from dust and flies by making use of wire gauze frames or clean white muslin all materials used in such manufacture sale or preparation for sale and the articles manufactured, sold, prepared or exposed for sale to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health or any other officer or servant appointed by the Committee in this behalf;

(4) that he shall cause the walls of the licensed premises to be properly limewashed at least twice a year and more often, if so required by the Medical Officer of Health or any other officer or servant appointed by the Committee in this behalf ;

(5) that he shall not use any dirty or soiled paper for wrapping the articles specified in by-law 1;

(6) that he shall exhibit a notice board outside the shop showing that he holds a licence.

(7) that he shall at all reasonable times permit the Medical Officer of Health or servant appointed by the Committee in this behalf, to inspect the licensed premises without notice.

SCHEDULE.

(The actual room or rooms in which the manufacture, sale or preparation for sale of the articles specified in by-law 1 is to be carried on should be described in cases where the whole of the building is not to be used for such manufacture, sale or preparation or exposure for sale.)

No. 128-C.-40/4816.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Dera Baba Nanak**, in the Gurdaspur district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188, 197 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Dera Baba Nanak**, on the 18th March, 1940, from which date Punjab Government notification No. 89, dated the 29th January, 1913, shall be deemed to have been cancelled :—

BY-LAWS.

1. No person shall within the Municipality sell wholesale or by auction any fruit, vegetable or sugarcane in premises other than premises licensed for the purpose by the Committee.

2. Any person wishing to obtain a licence for premises to be used for the sale wholesale, or by auction of any fruit, vegetables or sugarcane may apply to the Secretary of the Committee and if the application is sanctioned by the Committee a licence shall be issued by the Secretary of the Committee on payment of a licence fee at the rate of Rs. 75 per annum or Rs. 10 for a month or a part of it, if a licence is taken out for a period of less than one year.

3. Every licence issued under by-law No. 2 shall be subject to the following conditions :—

(a) that the licensee shall keep the licensed premises in a clean and sanitary condition to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health and shall not allow refuse to be placed anywhere except at a place fixed for the purpose.

(b) that the licensee shall not keep on the licensed premises any vegetable fruit or sugarcane that is unfit for human consumption or is declared to be so by the Medical Officer of Health of the Committee or by any officer authorised by the Committee in this behalf.

4. The Committee may by an order in writing, suspend any licence for a breach of any of the conditions thereof.

5. Any person who commits a breach of by-law 1 and every licensee who commits a breach of the conditions of his licence shall, on conviction by a Magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees and if the breach is a continuing breach with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day for the first during which such breach continues.

No. 181-C.-40/4829.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Khangarh**, in the Muzaffargarh district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Khangarh**, on the 18th day of March, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. No person shall import for the purpose of sale within the Municipal limits the flesh (other than cured or preserved meat) of any cattle, sheep, goat or swine slaughtered at any slaughter house except the Municipal slaughter house.

2. (i) Any officer or servant of the Municipal Committee duly authorised in this behalf may seize any flesh of any cattle, sheep, goat or swine imported within municipal limits in contravention of by-law 1 or which he has reason to believe has been so imported.

(*ii*) The seizure of ary flesh under clause (*i*) of this by-law shall atonce be reported to the President, Vice-President, Secretary or Medical Officer of Health who may pass such orders, for its destruction or disposal as he may think fit.

3. Any person who commits a breach of by-law 1 shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with a fine which may extend to fifty rupees.

Small Towns.

The 30th January, 1940.

No. 236-L. G.—Bds.-40/4680.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 51 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following rules :—

RULES.

1. The Deputy Commissioner of Multan district shall, in consultation with the Town Committee of Jalalpur-Pirwala, cause to be prepared an accurate plan of the Small Town Committee of Jalalpur-Pirwala, drawn to a scale not less than one inch to fifty feet, showing thereon all public streets and other immovable property vested in the Committee.

2. The Deputy Commissioner shall also cause to be prepared a *khasra* of the streets and other properties specified in rule 1 in form 'A' appended to these rules.

3. The Deputy Commissioner shall cause the plan and *khasra,* when ready to be published in such manner as he deems fit, together with a notice intimating the date not less than two months from the date of the notice by which objections from any person with regard to entries on the plan and *khasra* may be presented to the Revising Authority appointed under rule 5 and the time and place at which the plan and *khasra* may be inspected.

4. The Deputy Commissioner shall arrange to allow any person to inspect the plan and *khasra* during the hours and at the place specified in the notice on any day which is not a public holiday.

5. The Deputy Commissioner shall appoint an Assistant or Extra Assistant Commissioner on the district staff to be the Revising Authority for the purpose of hearing objections relating to the plan and *khasra.*

6. When the plan and *khasra* have been published under the provisions of rule 3, objections in respect of entries on the plan and *khasra* may be presented to the Revising Authority, appointed under rule 5, between the hours of ten o'clock in the morning and four o'clock in the afternoon of any day of the period specified in the notice issued under rule 3, which is not a public holiday.

7. The Revising Authority shall maintain a register of objections in form B in which he shall cause to be entered at the time of receipt particulars of every objection received.

8. Any person aggrieved by any order, which the Revising Authority may pass, may, within seven days from the date of such order, apply to the Deputy Commissioner for revision of the order ; and the Deputy Commissioner, after giving notice to the parties concerned and hearing any representation which they may wish to make, may confirm it or set it aside, and pass such other orders with respect to the objection which he may deem fit.

9. After the objections, if any, have been disposed of, the Deputy Commissioner shall cause the plan and *khasra* to be corrected, if necessary, in accordance with the orders passed on the objections, and shall then have the amended plan and *khasra*, or a fresh copy of it, published for general information.

10. The original plan and *khasra* shall remain in the custody of the Deputy Commissioner, and a copy thereof duly certified by the Deputy Commissioner to be correct, shall be furnished to the Town Committee of Jalalpur-Pirwala.

11. The Deputy Commissioner may employ such staff as is required for the preparation of the plan and *khasra* and the Town Committee of Jalalpur-Pirwala, shall be liable for the cost of pay and other incidental expenses connected with the staff and the preparation of the documents mentioned above, and also for the cost of pay or any other expenditure connected with the appointment of the Revising Authority.

Form A.

[RULE 2.]

TOWN COMMITTEE, JALALPUR PIRWALA.

Survey Register.

1	2	3			4								5		6	7
Plan sheet.	*Khasra* No.	Name of *Mohalla* or Bazar.	Name of *Gali*.	Description of property.	MEASUREMENT IN FEET AND INCHES.								AREA IN SQUARE YARDS AND DECIMALS.		Possessor's name with father's name, caste occupation and present address.	REMARKS.
					North.		*East.*		*West.*		*South.*					
					Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Square yards.	Decimals.		

Form B.

[RULE 7.]

Register of objections.

Serial No.	Name, parentage and address of the objector.	Date of presentation of objection with the initials of the officer to whom the objection is presented.	Nature of the objection.	Date of decision.	Summary of decision.	Signature of Revising Authority.	Decision by Deputy Commissioner, if any.	Signature of official by whom effect was given to the decision of the Revising Authority or of the Deputy Commissioner and date.

The 31st January, 1940.

No. 2-L. G.—Bds.-40/4838.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 51 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendments to the Small Town Account Rules, 1923, published with Punjab Government notification No. 25432, dated the 3rd November, 1923, as subsequently amended :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. After rule 63 in Part II-octroi the following new rule shall be inserted :—

Extraordinary passes for goods imported for repairs and to be re-exported.

" *Rule 63-A.*—(1) When goods liable to octroi are imported into a Small Town for repairs and subsequent export the importer shall obtain a pass in form O·23-A. The barrier moharrir shall fill up the counterfoil and columns 1 to 8 of the foil of the pass, tear off the foil with the exit coupon attached thereto and hand it over to the importer.

(2) The goods after repairs shall be brought to the barrier of import and the barrier moharrir shall, if the time covered by the pass has not expired and the goods tally with those entered in the pass, fill up the exit coupon, tear it off and hand back the pass to the importer. The exit coupon thus detached shall be pasted with the original counterfoil. If, however, the description of the goods does not tally with the particulars entered in the pass or the time of export has passed, the barrier moharrir shall make a note of the discrepancy in column 9 of the pass and shall then proceed to assess the goods as if the goods detailed in the pass were being imported for consumption, use or sale within octroi limits.

(3) The repair passes shall be examined by the Octroi Superintendent daily with a view to seeing that the exit passes have been pasted in respect of all passes the term of which has expired.

(4) The record of passes to which the exit coupons have not been attached will be noted in the register of missing transit passes in form O·25. A special investigation shall then be started at once to realize or remit the octroi on the goods imported on the pass.

(5) The committee shall by a resolution fix a period not exceeding fifteen days within which goods of a particular description should be exported after repairs. The periods so fixed shall be exhibited at every barrier and the officer in charge of the barrier at which such goods are imported shall enter the period accordingly in column 6 of the repair pass in form O·23-A. The committee may by a resolution delegate to the Secretary or the Octroi Superintendent the powers to extend the period in cases of real necessity."

2. In rule 67 in Part II-Octroi after clause (*g*) the following new clause shall be inserted :—

"(*h*) fails to export the goods in respect of which a repair pass has been obtained under the provisions of sub-rule (1) of rule 63-A."

In Part III Terminal Tax :—

3. After rule 22 the following new rule shall be inserted :—

Extraordinary passes for the goods imported for repairs and to be re-exported.

"*Rule 22-A.*—(1) When goods liable to terminal tax on import or export are imported into a Small Town for repairs and subsequent export the importer shall obtain a pass in form T·10-A. The barrier moharrir shall fill up the counterfoil and columns 1 to 8 of the foil of the pass, tear off the foil with the exit coupon attached thereto and hand it over to the importer.

(2) The goods after repairs shall be brought to the barrier of import and the barrier moharrir shall, if the time covered by the pass has not expired and the goods tally with those entered in the pass, fill up the exit coupon, tear it off and hand back the pass to the importer. The exit coupon thus detached shall be pasted with the original counterfoil. If, however, the description of the goods does not tally with the particulars entered in the pass or the time of export has passed, the barrier moharrir shall make a note of the discrepancy in column 9 of the pass and shall then proceed to assess the goods as if the goods detailed in the pass were being imported for consumption, use, or sale within terminal tax limits.

(3) The repair passes shall be examined by the Terminal Tax Superintendent daily with a view to see that the exit passes have been pasted in respect of all passes the term of which has expired.

(4) The record of passes to which the exit coupons have not been attached will be noted in the register of missing transit passes in form T·15. A special investigation shall then be started at once to realize or remit, the terminal tax on the goods imported on the pass.

(5) The committee shall by a resolution fix a period not exceeding fifteen days within which goods of a particular description should be exported after repairs. The periods so fixed shall be exhibited at every barrier and the officer in charge of the barrier at which such goods are imported shall enter the period accordingly in column 6 of the repair pass in form T·10-A. The committee may by a resolution delegate to the Secretary or the Terminal Tax Superintendent the powers to extend the period in cases of real necessity."

4. The word "shall" occurring for the first time between the words "he" and "before" in sub-rule (1) of rule 10 shall be changed to "may".

5. Clause (*b*) of rule 29 shall be deleted.

6. In rule 29 after clause (*h*) the following new clause shall be inserted :—

"(*i*) who fails to export the goods in respect of which a repair pass has been obtained under the provisions of sub-rule (1) of rule 22-A.

7. After form O-23 the following new form shall be inserted :—

Form O·23-A. EXTRAORDINARY PASS FOR REPAIRS. Rule 63-A.

Counterfoil

Book No. Counterfoil

No. Barrier.

Date and hour of issue of pass.	Name and address of the person incharge of goods.	Name and address of owner of goods.	Description of goods.	Weight, number or value.	Period covered by the pass.	Date by which the goods have to be re-exported.	Signature of the Moharrir.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8

Pass

Book No. Small Town

No. Barrier

Date and hour of the issue of pass.	Name and address of the person in charge of goods.	Name and address of the owner.	Description of goods.	Weight, number or value.	Period covered by the pass.	Date by which goods have to be re-exported.	Signature of the Moharrir.	REMARKS.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9

Exit coupon

Book No. Small Town

No. Exit coupon

Certified that the goods weighing / numbering have actually passed out of the Small Town limit on (date)

Signatures of the Export Barrier Moharrir.

8. After form T-10 the following new form shall be inserted :—

Rule 22-A.

T-10-A.

EXTRAORDINARY PASS FOR REPAIRS.

Counterfoil

Book No.

No.

Barrier.

Date and hour of issue of pass.	Name and address of the person in charge of goods.	Name and address of owner of goods.	Description of goods.	Weight, number or value.	Period covered by the pass.	Date by which the goods have to be re-exported.	Signature of the Moharrir.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8

Pass

Book No.

No.

Small Town

Barrier.

Date and hour of the issue of pass.	Name and address of the person in charge of goods.	Name and address of the owner.	Description of goods.	Weight, number or value.	Period covered by the pass.	Date by which goods have to be re-exported.	Signature of the Moharrir.	REMARKS.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9

Small Town.

Exit coupon.

Book No.

No.

Certified that the goods weighing/numbering have actually passed out of the Small Town limit on (date)

Signature of the
Export Barrier Moharrir.

Notified Areas.

The 30th January, 1940.

No. 166-L.G.—Bds.-40/4528.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*f*) of sub-section (1) of section 242 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to extend section 31 of the said Act to the Notified Area of **Lodhran**, in the Multan district and to declare that the provisions of the said section shall come into force from the date of publication of this notification.

Medical.

The 30th January, 1940.

No. 434-M-40/4531.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Muktsar**, in the Ferozepore district, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 17 of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information and shall come into force within the limits of the Municipality of **Muktsar**, six weeks after the date of the publication of this notification :—

BY-LAWS.

1. No person whose name has not been registered in accordance with the provisions of section 14 of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932, shall practise as nurse, health visitor, midwife, nurse dai, trained dai, or dai, within the area subject to the authority of the Municipal Committee, Muktsar.

2. Any person practising in contravention of by-law 1 or any person committing or abetting the commitment of a breach of by-law 1 shall be liable on conviction by a magistrate of the first class, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 for the first offence or to a fine not exceeding Rs. 250 for a second or subsequent offence.

The 31st January, 1940.

No. 300-M.-40/4833.—The following by-laws made by the Notified Area Committee, **Jalalabad**, in the Ferozepore district, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 17 of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information and shall come into force within the limits of the Notified Area, **Jalalabad**, six weeks after the date of the publication of this notification :—

BY-LAWS.

1. No person whose name has not been registered in accordance with the provisions of section 14 of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932, shall practise as nurse, health visitor, midwife, nurse dai, trained dai, or dai within the area subject to the authority of the Notified Area Committee, Jalalabad.

2. Any person practising in contravention of by-law 1 or any person committing or abetting the commitment of a breach of by-law 1 shall be liable on conviction by a magistrate of the first class, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 for the first offence or to a fine not exceeding Rs. 250 for a second or a subsequent offence.

RAM CHANDRA,

Secretary to Government, Punjab,

Medical and Local Government Departments.

Committees.

The 12th January, 1940.

No. 3/A.-II-119.—It is notified in pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 50 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, that I, hereby make an order surcharging the following members of the Municipal Committee of **Bhera**, in the Shahpur district, with Rs. 15 in equal

shares, being the amount paid to one Bansi Lal as compensation for the alleged loss sustained by him in not selling aerated water in the wrestling compound and being the amount of the loss sustained by the said committee, which is reported by the Examiner, Local Fund Accounts, Punjab, to be a direct consequence of the neglect on the part of the said persons in the performance of their duties, while members of the said committee :—

		Rs.	A.	P.
1.	Lala Hari Ram Shah ..	3	12	0
2.	Khwaja Mohammad Sadique ..	3	12	0
3.	Lala Balak Ram Shah ..	3	12	0
4.	Hakim Mohd. Abdul Majid ..	3	12	0

AMIN-UD-DIN,

Deputy Commissioner, Shahpur District.

2191 CS—1161—2-2-40—SGPP Lahore.

Registered No. L. 864

The Government Gazette, Punjab.

Published by Authority.

No. 6. LAHORE, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 1940.

PART I—A.

Punjab Government Notifications and Orders.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Boards.

The 3rd February, 1940.

No. 270-C.-40/5412.—With reference to rule 7 of the rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 1914-C.-39/18711, dated the 24th May, 1939, the Governor of Punjab is pleased to notify for the information of the general public the following schedule of subjects for the next examination of District Board Accountants :—

Schedule,

GROUP A.

Paper I.

(*i*) Precis-writing and drafting.

(*ii*) Elementary Commercial Book-keeping by Arthur Field House.

Paper II.

(*i*) Statutory Rules and Orders, etc.—

(1) Punjab Education Code.

(2) Consolidated Circular No. 28 relating to the staging bungalows and rest-houses.

(3) Medical Manual (Chapters II, III, IV, X and XI only).

(4) Veterinary Circular No. 5.

(5) Copying Agency Rules.

(6) Civil Service Regulations, Chapter XV, Chapter XXXVIII and Chapter XLVII.

(7) The Indian Electricity Rules, 1937.

(*ii*) (1) Fundamental Rules, Volume I (excluding special leave rules and rules applicable to high officials, Army officers, etc., and all the appendices).

(2) Fundamental Rules, Volume II, Chapter 1·25.

(3 Fundamental Rules, Volume III, Chapters 1 and 2 (Sections i—xvi, xviii—xxi and xxiii).

(4) Punjab Revised Leave Rules, 1936, as amended uptodate.

(*iii*) (1) Civil Account Code, Volume I, Chapters 1, 9, 10, 12, 13 and appendices 2, 5-A, 8, 8-A, 8-C and 8-H.

(2) Civil Account Code, Volume II, Chapters 16, 19, 20 and 30.

(3) Public Works Department Code, Chapters 1-1, Ik (*ii*) II, III, A (vi), IV (A) and (D) and Appendix VII.

(4) Public Works Account Code, Chapters II, III (*b*), VII, X, X-A, XI, XIII, XIV and XV.

GROUP B.

Paper I.

1. Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, as modified up to 1937 and as amended by the Government of India (Adaptation of Indian Laws) Order, 1937.

2. Punjab Municipal (Executive Officer) Act, 1931, as amended by the Government of India (Adaptation of Indian Laws) Order, 1937.

3. The rules of general application in force under the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, and the Punjab Municipal (Executive Officer) Act, 1931, namely :—

(1) Punjab Government notification No. 13981, dated 16th July, 1918, as amended by notifications Nos. 19677, dated 26th July 1923, 21197, dated 29th August, 1923, 13919, dated 2nd June, 1925, 25262, dated 18th November, 1925, 30031, dated 23rd November, 1927, 7100, dated 29th February, 1932, 22680, dated 30th May, 1932, and 850, dated 11th January, 1933, 3353-L. S.-G.-36/1275, dated 12th January, 1937, 3700-C.-37/2671, dated 24th January, 1938, 2946-C.-38/35614, dated 26th October, 1938, and No. 3179-C.-38/35617, dated 26th October, 1938 ;

(2) Punjab Government notification No. 7081, dated 8th March, 1920 ;

(3) Punjab Government notification No. 20768, dated 9th August, 1922 ;

(4) Punjab Government notification No. 15291, dated the 22nd June, 1925, as amended by No. 18450, dated the 18th June, 1934 ;

(5) Punjab Government notification No. 17655, dated the 8th June, 1934 ;

(6) Punjab Government notification No. 5-L. S.-G.-36/8368, dated the 13th March, 1936 ; and

(7) Punjab Government notification No. 4001-C.-35/17407, dated the 22nd May, 1936.

4. The Municipal Works Rules, 1925, published with Punjab Government notification No. 5690, dated 4th March, 1925, as amended up-to-date.

5. The Municipal Election Rules, 1930, published with Punjab Government notification No. 18030, dated 28th May, 1930, as amended uptodate.

6. Rules for the procedure to be observed by municipal committees in dismissing their officers and servants and as to appeals from such orders,—Punjab Government notification No. 4421, dated the 17th February, 1925, as amended by notification No. 30256, dated the 16th September, 1932.

7. The Punjab Municipal Account Code (Edition of 1938) as amended uptodate.

8. Proceedings of the Punjab Government (Ministry of Education) in the Local Self-Government Department No. 1520, dated 19th January, 1925, as amended by Punjab Government notification No. 39177, dated 14th December, 1932.

9. Cattle Trespass Act.

10. Hackney Carriages Act.

Paper II.

1. Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, as modified up to 1937 and as amended by the Government of India (Adaptation of Indian Laws) Order, 1937.

2. The District Works Rules, 1926, published with Punjab Government notification No. 1732, dated the 26th January, 1926, as amended uptodate.

3. The District Board Rules, 1926, published with Punjab Government notification No. 3919, dated 8th February, 1926, as amended uptodate.

4. The District Board Account Code, 1926 (Reprint: incorporating correction slips up to 23rd May, 1933), and as amended uptodate.

GROUP C.

Same books as for paper II of Group A.

The 7th February, 1940.

No. 349-L. G.-Bds.-40/5941.—The following amendments made by the District Board of **Ludhiana** to the Provident Fund Rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 13267, dated the 18th April, 1932, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Ludhiana** on the 26th March, 1940:—

AMENDMENTS.

1. In rule 4, *substitute* the following proviso *for* the first proviso :—

"Provided that if the subscriber, who is required or permitted to subscribe to the provident fund, resigns within five years of the commencement of his service, except on account of illness or any other cause which the board may determine to be a sufficient cause, or has been dismissed from service of the board, the board may deduct from the sum standing to his credit in the provident fund, the whole or any part of the contributions made by it to his provident fund and the interest thereon."

2. In rule 11 between the words "sum" and "before" *insert* the words "but not exceeding in any cose the total amount of its contributions credited to the account of the subscriber and interest accrued thereon."

3. *Substitute* the following new rule *for* the existing rule 12 :—

"12. The Board shall maintain—

General accounts to be maintained by the Board.

(1) a Provident Fund Account in Form P. F. 4,

(2) a Provident Fund Investments Account in Form P. F. 5,

(3) a Provident Fund Investments Interest Account in Form P. F. 6 or if a Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund is maintained a Provident Fund Investment Interest Account in Form P. F. 6-A and a Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund Account in Form P. F. 6-B, and

(4) an account in Form P. F. 8, showing the amount available for payment of insurance premia of the Provident Fund subscribers."

4. *Insert* the following new Forms *after* Form P. F. 6 :—

Form P. F. 6-A. **Rule 12.**

Provident Fund Investments Interest Account ______________ *District Board.*

Serial No. in Provident Fund Investment Account (P. F. 5).	INSTALMENT OF INTEREST DUE.		INSTALMENT OF INTEREST RECEIVED.			DISPOSAL OF INTEREST RECEIVED.					No. and date of the voucher with which the amount in column 4 (e) is withdrawn from the District Fund for credit to the Provident Fund.	Date on which the amount is credited to the savings bank account.	No. and date of voucher with which the amount in column 4 (d) is withdrawn from the District Fund for credit to the P. F. Investment Depreciation Fund.	Date on which the amount is credited in the P. F. Investment Depreciation Fund.	REMARKS.
	(a)	(b)	(a)	(b)	(c)	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)					
	Date.	Amount.	Date.	No. and date of chalan with which remitted to treasury for credit into the fund of the local body.	Amount.	At savings bank rate to be credited to the P. F. Account.	Difference between columns 3 (c) and 4 (a).	Half of column 4 (b) to be credited to the Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund subject to a maximum of 1% on the amount invested.	Difference, if any, between half of columns 4 (b) and 4 (c).	Half of column 4 (b) *plus* 4 (d) to be credited to Provident Fund Account.					
1	2		3			4					5(a)	5(b)	6(a)	6(b)	7
		Rs. A. P.			Rs. A. P.										

NOTE.—This form is to be used by the Boards which maintain Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund. Such Boards need not maintain Form P. F. 6.

Form P. F. 6-B. **Rule 12.**

Provident Fund Investments Depreciation Fund Account ________ *District Board.*

Date.	Balance at credit.	Amount credited to the Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund in the Post Office Savings Bank Imperial Bank.		Interest earned on the Investment Depreciation Fund money in the Post Office Savings Bank or Imperial Bank.	Payments.		Balance 4—5 (b).	Remarks.
		Folio No. of Register P. F. 6 (a).	Amount.		No. and date of the order of the Commissioner sanctioning withdrawal from the fund.	Amount.		
1	2	3 (a)	3 (b)	4	5 (a)	5 (b)	6	7
			Rs. A. P.			Rs. A. P.		

5. *Insert* the following new form *after* Form P. F. 7 :—

Form P. F. 8. Rule 12

Register showing the amount available for payment of insurance premia of Provident Fund subscriber.

P. F. ACCOUNT No. ____________

NAME ____________

Date.	Provident Fund subscription available for insurance.			Advance paid.	Balance after each transaction.	Remarks.*
	(a) Amount of deposit made by the subscriber since the last withdrawal for payment of insurance premium was made.	(b) Interest earned since the date of last withdrawal on subscriber's own deposits.	Total of columns 2 (a), 2 (b) and 4.			
1	2			3	4	5
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	

*The fact that the insurance policy has been assigned to the Board as well as the number of policy should be noted in the remarks column of the register.

No. 309-L.G.-Bds-40/5945.—The following amendment made by the District Board, **Hoshiarpur,** to its Provident Fund Rules, published with Punjab Government notification No. 8670, dated the 14th March, 1934, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab is published for general information and shall come into force within the area, subject to the authority of the District Board, **Hoshiarpur,** from the date of publication of this notification :—

AMENDMENT.

Substitute the following *for* clause (*e*) in rule 1 :—

"(*e*) "Servant" includes every employee of the board who holds a permanent post substantively under the board or is officiating in a permanent or a temporary post in the board but holds a permanent post in a substantive capacity under any other local body which maintains a provident fund, but does not include a Government servant employed by the board".

No. 402-L.G.-40/6051.—The following draft of amendments of the Municipal Account Code, 1930 (revised edition), which the Governor of the Punjab proposes to make, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 1st April, 1940, together with any objection or suggestion which may be received by Government from any person with respect to the draft before that date :—

DRAFT AMENDMENTS.

1. In rule X·13 *after* the word "President" the following words shall be *inserted* :—

"or the Executive Officer where such an officer has been appointed".

2. At the end of rule XII·13 (3) the following words shall be added :—

"In a municipality for which an Executive Officer has been appointed this duty will be discharged by the Executive Officer".

3. In rule XXII·18 (1) after the word "President" the following words shall be *inserted* —

"or the Executive Officer where such an officer has been appointed."

Committees.

The 3rd February, 1940.

No. 357-C.-40/5368.—The following amendment made by the **Sadar Bazaar Municipal Committee, Ambala,** to its by-laws for the control of traffic published with the second schedule of Punjab Government notification No. 6548-S., dated the 25th September, 1934, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the Municipal Act, 1911, is published for general information, and shall come into force within the **Sadar Bazaar Municipality, Ambala,** on the 26th day of March, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

The following by-law shall be substituted for existing by-law 4 :—

"4. The speed limit for motor vehicles within the Municipality shall be—

Outside the bazaars.

All motor vehicles .. .. .. 30 miles per hour.

Inside the bazaars.

All motor vehicles .. .. .. 15 miles per hour."

No. 5512-C.-39/5378.—The following amendments made by the Municipal Committee, **Sadar Bazaar, Ambala Cantonment,** to its by-laws for the licensing and control of *thelas,* country-carts and hand-carts published with the second schedule of Punjab Government notification No. 6548-S., dated the 25th September, 1934, [as amended

by Punjab Government notification Nos. 12697, dated the 30th March, 1935 and 3281-C.-36/31748, dated the 20th October, 1936, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the Municipal Act, 1911, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the Municipality of the **Sadar Bazaar Ambala Cantonment** on the 26th day of March, 1940 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. In clause (*a*) of by-law 2 a comma shall be inserted after the word "fees", and for the words "specified in by-law 4 and shall be granted on the conditions detailed in by-law 5" the following words shall be substituted :—

"if any, specified in by-laws 6 or 6-A, as the case may be, and shall be granted subject to the conditions detailed in by-law 7".

2. The following clause shall be substituted for the existing clause (*b*) of by-law No. 2 :—

"(*b*) At the time of issue of a licence, the Secretary shall also give to the proprietor of the *thela* or cart a card or a number plate written in letters 3″ long and 3/4″ broad which shall be affixed to the outer right side of the *thela* or cart at a place from which it is easily visible showing—

(*i*) the number of the *thela*, country-cart or hand-cart in the municipal register of licences ;

(*ii*) the name of the licensee ;

(*iii*) the period for which the licence has been granted ;

(*iv*) the maximum load admissible ; and

(*v*) the width of the tyres in inches.

3. The words "or hand-carts" shall be deleted from class "D" under by-law 3.

4. By-law 4 shall be omitted.

5. "Class C—Hand carts" and the words and figures thereunder shall be omitted from by-law 6, and in "Class A" the word "fitted" should be added after the words "country-carts".

6. The words "or 'C' as the case may be" shall be omitted from by-law 6-A, and a full stop shall be inserted after the words "class A".

7. In by-law No. 9 "45 maunds" shall be substituted for "35 maunds" and "20 maunds" for "16 maunds" as the maximum load to be carried by a *thela* or country-cart drawn by two or more bullocks and by a *thela* or country-cart drawn by one bullock, respectively.

8. By-law 10 shall be omitted.

No. 201-C.-40/5388.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Ludhiana**, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 197 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Ludhiana**, on the 26th day of March, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. No person shall sell fish in the Ludhiana Municipality or import into the Municipality fish for sale except under a licence granted by the Executive Officer.

2. A licence under by-law 1 shall be granted by the Executive Officer to any person applying for the same on payment of the fees prescribed in by-law 3, and subject to the following conditions :—

(*a*) that the licensee shall not import or sell any fish that is not fresh or which he knows or has good reason to believe to be unfit for human consumption ;

(*b*) that any fish certified by the Medical Officer of Health to be unfit for human consumption shall be confiscated and destroyed by him ; and

(c) that the receptacle in which fish is kept for sale shall be kept clean and covered and that the licensee shall not throw or permit to be thrown any part of the fish in a street or public place.

3. The fees payable in respect of a licence to import and/or sell fish shall be as follows :—

(1) Rupees six if the licence is taken out for a period exceeding six months but not exceeding one year ; and

(2) Rupees three if the licence is taken out for a period not exceeding six months.

4. Any person who commits a breach of by-law 1 and any licensee who commits a breach of any of the conditions on which a licence is issued shall, on conviction by a Magistrate be punishable with fine which may extend to rupees fifty and if the breach is a continuing one with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

No. 279-L. G.—Bds.-40/5390.—Whereas it appears to the Governor of the Punjab that with reference to notification No. 5204-L. G.—Bds.-39/33702, dated the 17th October, 1939, land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Municipal Committee of **Jullundur**, for a public purpose, namely, for widening a passage near Hoshiarpur Ekka Stand, Jullundur City, it is hereby notified that the land described in the specification below is required for the said purpose.

2. This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, to all whom it may concern and, under section 7 of the said Act, the Collector of the Jullundur district is hereby authorised to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

3. A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the said Collector :—

SPECIFICATION OF LAND.

District.—Jullundur.	*Mauza.*— Jullundur.
Tahsil.—Jullundur.	*Area in acres.*—·115.

Boundaries.—*North.*—Houses and shops of Lala Hira Nand. *East.*—House of Lala Shiv Nath. *South.*—Road from Railway Station. *West.*—Road from Hoshiarpur.

No. 96-L. G.—Bds -40/5392.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section 10 of section 62, Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the Municipal Committee of **Tarn Taran** has with the sanction of the Commissioner of the Lahore Division under sub-section (7) of section 62 of the said Act imposed the following tax :—

A tax payable by the owners of all buildings and lands situated within the limits of the Municipality at the rate of 6¼ per cent. on their annual value as defined in section 3 (1) of the said Act. The tax shall come into force on the 1st day of July, 1940 and shall be payable in two half-yearly instalments on the 1st of July and 1st of January.

The following properties shall be exempted from the above-mentioned tax :—

(1) All mosques, temples, churches, dharmsalas, bunga, gurdwaras, schools, hospitals, dispensaries, orphanages, alms houses and other charitable buildings ;

(2) All residential buildings of the rental value up to one rupee per month ;

Provided that—

(a) the residential building is occupied by the owner or his dependents ; and

(b) the owner possesses no other residential building within the Municipal area

Provided further that—

(1) all residential properties in the actual occupation of owners and their dependents will be exempted from the payment of half the house tax.

No. 378-C.-40/5395.—The following by-laws made by the Notified Area Committee of **Jalalabad** in the Ferozepore district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188, 189, 190 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the Notified Area of **Jalalabad**, on the 26th day of March, 1940:—

BY-LAWS.

1. (1) Every person intending to erect or re-erect any building shall give notice of such intention in writing to the Secretary of the Notified Area Committee in form A appended to these by-laws, and shall at the same time submit—

(a) a site plan of the land on which it is intended to erect or re-erect the building;

(b) a plan of the building which it is proposed to erect or re-erect, and

(c) the specifications detailed in form B appended to these by-laws.

(2) Copies of forms A and B may be obtained free of charge from the Notified Area's office.

2. The site plan shall be drawn to a scale of not less than one-eighth of an inch to the foot, shall be submitted in duplicate, on tracing cloth and shall show—

(a) the direction of the north point;

(b) the boundaries of the site;

(c) the position of the site, in relation to the neighbouring streets, and the level of the site, in relation to the streets, if any, on which it abuts;

(d) the position of the proposed building in relation to the boundaries of the site;

(e) the names, if any, and width of all streets on which the site abuts.

3. The building plan shall be drawn to a scale of not less than one-eighth of an inch to the foot, shall be submitted in duplicate on tracing cloth and shall show—

(a) the plan of the ground floor and of every additional floor;

(b) the position and dimensions of all projections beyond the main walls of the building;

(c) the position of all proposed drains, privies, latrines, urinals and cesspools;

(d) the level and width of the foundations, and the level of the lowest floor with reference to the level of the centre of the street on which the front of the proposed building is to abut;

Provided that in the case of an encroachment or structure proposed to be constructed on a site adjacent to a public street under the control or management of the Public Works Department of Government or of any local authority, the applicant shall submit the plans and specifications referred to in by-laws 1, 2 and 3 in triplicate and one complete set of the plans shall immediately, on presentation, be forwarded by the Notified Area Committee to the Executive Engineer or to the other local body concerned for information.

4. The Committee may require any person who has submitted an application to erect or re-erect any building to submit, in additions to the plans and specifications required by by-law 1, elevations and sections of the proposed building, together with full specifications as to the materials and method of construction to be used for external walls, party-walls, foundations, roofs, ceilings, floors, staircases, fireplaces and chimneys.

5. No application for the erection or re-erection of a building shall be considered by the Committee until it is certified by the Notified Area's Engineer, or the Secretary, if there is no Notified Area's Engineer, that the plan submitted with the application is in accordance with the provisions of these by-laws.

6. In no building shall any open sewer or drain pass through any room used or intended to be used as a living or sleeping room.

7. No drain shall be constructed within the thickness of any wall of any building.

8. A drain shall be provided for every latrine, privy, urinal, bathroom and cooking place. Such drain shall be constructed of glazed pipes, or other impervious material and shall connect the floor of the latrine, privy, urinal, bathroom or cooking-place with—

(a) a Notified Area masonry drain; or

(b) a private cesspool constructed as hereinafter prescribed.

9. Every latrine or privy shall be so constructed that—

(*a*) there shall be adequate access thereto for the purpose of cleansing ;

(*b*) when the outer door thereof is open, the seats shall not be visible from the street or other public place.

10. (1) No person shall instal waterflushed latrines in his house unless the house drains are connected with a Notified Area sewer or unless arrangements are made to purify the sewage in a properly constructed septic tank of a suitable size and to discharge the effluent into a Notified Area sewer or into a sullage drain certified by the Medical Officer of Health to be capable of carrying off the effluent without danger to the health of the public. Such installations shall be constructed under the supervision of a sanitary engineer and shall be approved by the Medical Officer of Health before they are taken into use.

(2) No person shall dispose of the effluent from a septic tank by surface irrigation or by sub-soil drainage or into open unlined cess-pools.

11. No person shall construct a private cesspool—

(*a*) unless there is no Notified Area drain within 100 feet of the premises for which it is required ;

(*b*) except within the boundaries of private land ;

(*c*) except a cesspool of masonry with a cast iron movable covering ;

(*d*) unless adequate access is provided thereto for the purpose of cleansing it ; and

(*e*) within 100 feet of any inhabited building.

12. Every interior yard must be raised at least one foot above the level of the nearest street as to admit of easy drainage into such street.

13. No person shall construct any building of more than five storeys including the ground-floor and no person shall construct any building of more than two such storeys unless the outer walls of such buildings are made of brick, stone or reinforced concrete.

14. No person shall construct any staircase of a width of less than three feet or with steps having a rise of more than nine inches or a breadth of less than 10 inches measured from the vertical face of the rise.

15. No building shall be roofed with straw or other easily inflammable material.

16. All stack-pipes for the disposal of roof-drainage shall be of cast iron or *khassi parnalas* and no projecting spouts shall be allowed.

17. (1) In case of buildings of more than one storey including the ground-floor the height of such storey shall be not less than—

12 feet in the case of the ground-floor ;		
11	ditto	first storey ;
10	ditto	second storey ;
10	ditto	third storey ;
10	ditto	fourth storey.

(2) Any horizontal division of a building so constructed as to be capable of use as a living or sleeping room shall be considered to be a storey for the purpose of this by-law and of by-law 13 even though such division does not extend over the whole depth or width of such building.

(3) For the purpose of this by-law the height of storeys shall be reckoned as follows :—

(*a*) In the case of single-storeyed buildings and of the uppermost storey of buildings of more than one storey, from the level of the upper surface of the floor at any point along the walls within the building to the level of the underside of the tie-beam, or if there is no tie-beam to the meeting point of the outside walls and roof ;

(*b*) In the case of any storey except the uppermost storey of buildings of more than one storey from the level of the upper surface of the floor to the level of the upper side of the beams or joists on which the floor above rests or if the floor above is ceiled, to the level of the underside of the ceiling.

18. Any person who erects or re-erects a building without proper sanction shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees and the Notified Area Committee may, under section 195 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, by a notice to be delivered to the owner within six months from the completion of

the building require the building to be altered or demolished or accept by way of compensation such sum as it may deem reasonable in case the applicant acts in contravention of any by-law or of the terms of any sanction granted.

Form A.

From

____

____

____

To

The Secretary,
Notified Area Committee, Jalalabad.

I HEREBY give notice under sub-section (2) of section 189 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, that I intend to $\frac{\text{erect}}{\text{re-erect}}$ a building as specified in Form B attached, situated in (here insert street, ward, etc.).

I attach—

(a) the plans in duplicate required by the Notified Area Committee's by-laws

(b) a specification of the proposed building.

Signature ______________

Date ______________

(REVERSE TO BE FILLED IN IN THE NOTIFIED AREA'S OFFICE.)

Serial No. of application ______________.

Name of applicant ______________.

Site of building (name of street, quarter, etc.) ______________

Abstract of application ______________

______________ (dated).

Received by the Secretary on ______________ (date)

____

(Initial of Secretary.)

Date by which orders of the Notified Area Committee must be passed [under section 193 (4)] ______________
(to be filled in in red ink)

Forwarded to ______________ for report on ______________ (date).

____

(Initials of forwarding officer.)

(date).

Forwarded to the Notified Area Engineer for report on ______________

(Initials of forwarding officer.)

Forwarded to Medical Officer of Health for report on (date) ______________

____

(Initials of forwarding officer.)

Returned to Secretary on ______________

____

(Initials of forwarding officer.)

Submitted to the Sub-Committee on ______________ (date) ______________

(Initials of Secretary.)

(date.)

Submitted to the Notified Area Committee on ______________

____

(Initials of Secretary.)

Abstract of order of the Notified Area Committee ______________

(Initials of Secretary.)

Form B.

(SPECIFICATION OF PROPOSED BUILDING.)

1. In the case of the erection/re-erection of an entire house or considerable portion of a house —

(a) in case of a re-erection of a house, the house number, if any, of the house to be re-erected ______

(b) the purpose for which it is intended to use the building ______

(c) the materials to be used in the construction of the walls ______

(d) the number of storeys of which the building will consist ______

(e) the position and dimensions of all doors, windows and ventilation openings ______

(f) the number of latrines to be provided ______

(g) whether the site has been built upon before or not, if so, the date when the previous building ceased to be fit for occupation ______

2. In the case of minor alterations or additions :—

(a) a description of the alteration or addition proposed ______

(b) the material to be used for such alteration or addition ______

Signature ______

No. 366-C.-40/5397.—The following draft rules, which the Governor of the Punjab proposes to make, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, are published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 18th day of March, 1940, together with any objection or suggestion which may be received by the Punjab Government from any person with respect to the draft before that date :—

DRAFT RULES.

1. The Deputy Commissioner of Ferozepore shall, in consultation with the Municipal Committee of Zira, cause to be prepared an accurate plan of the Municipality of Zira, drawn to a scale of not less than one inch to fifty feet, showing thereon all public streets and other immovable property vested in the Committee.

2. The Deputy Commissioner shall also cause to be prepared a *khasra* of the streets and other properties specified in rule 1 in form B appended to these rules.

3. The Deputy Commissioner shall cause the plan and *khasra*, when ready, to be published in such manner as he deems fit, together with a notice intimating the date not less than two months from the date of the notice by which objections from any person with regard to entries on the plan and *khasra* may be presented to the Revising Authority appointed under rule 5 and the time and place at which the plan and *khasra* may be inspected.

4. The Deputy Commissioner shall arrange to allow any person to inspect the plan and *khasra* during the hours and at the place specified in the notice on any day which is not a public holiday.

5. The Deputy Commissioner shall appoint an Assistant Commissioner or Extra Assistant Commissioner on the district staff to be the Revising Authority for the purpose of hearing objections relating to the plan or *khasra*.

6. When the plan and *khasra* have been published under the provisions of rule 3, objections in respect of entries on the plan and *khasra* may be presented to the Revising Authority, appointed under rule 5, between the hours of ten o'clock in the morning and four o'clock in the afternoon of any day of the period specified in the notice issued under rule 3, which is not a public holiday.

7. The Revising Authority shall maintain a register of objections in form A in which he shall cause to be entered at the time of receipt particulars of every objection received.

8. Any person aggrieved by any order, which the Revising Authority may pass, may, within seven days from the date of such order, apply to the Deputy Commissioner for revision of the order; and the Deputy Commissioner, after giving notice to the parties concerned and hearing any representation which they may wish to make, may confirm it or set it aside, and pass such other orders with respect to the objection which he may deem fit.

9. After the objections, if any, have been disposed of, the Deputy Commissioner shall cause the plan and *khasra* to be corrected, if necessary, in accordance with the orders passed on the objections, and shall then have the amended plan and *khasra*, or a fresh copy of it, published for general information.

10. The original plan and *khasra* shall remain in the custody of the Deputy Commissioner, and a copy thereof duly certified by the Deputy Commissioner to be correct, shall be furnished to the Municipal Committee of Zira.

11. The Deputy Commissioner may employ such staff as is required for the preparation of the plan and *khasra* and the Municipal Committee of Zira shall be liable for the cost of pay and other incidental expenses connected with the staff and the preparation of the documents mentioned above, and also for the cost of pay or any other expenditure connected with the appointment of the Revising Authority.

Form A.

(RULE 7.)

Register of objections.

Serial No.	Name, parentage and address of the objector.	Date of presentation of objection with the initials of the officer to whom the objection is presented.	Nature of the objection.	Date of decision.	Summary of decision.	Signature of Revising Authority.	Decision by Deputy Commissioner, if any.	Signature of official by whom effect was given to the decision of the Revising Authority or of the Deputy Commissioner and date.

Form B.

(RULE 2.)

MUNICIPAL COMMITTEE, ZIRA.

Survey Register.

1	2	3			4								5		6	7
					MEASUREMENT IN FEET AND INCHES.								AREA IN SQUARE YARDS AND DECIMALS.			
					North.		*East.*		*West.*		*South.*					
Plan sheet.	*Khasra* No.	Name of *Mohalla* or Bazar.	Name of *Gali*.	Description of property.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Square yards.	Decimals.	Possessor's name with father's name, caste, occupation and present address	REMARKS.

No. 270-C.-40/5409.—With reference to rule 8 of the rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 1914-C.-39/18707, dated the 24th May, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to notify for the information of the general public the following schedule of books for the next examination of Municipal Accountants :—

SCHEDULE.

GROUP A.

Paper I.

(*i*) Precis-writing and drafting.

(*ii*) Elementary Commercial Book-keeping by Arthur Field House.

Paper II.

(*i*) Statutory Rules and Orders, etc.—

(1) Punjab Education Code.

(2) Consolidated Circular No. 28, relating to the staging bungalows and rest-houses.

(3) Medical Manual (Chapter II, III, IV, X and XI only).

(4) Veterinary Circular No. 5.

(5) Copying Agency Rules.

(6) Civil Service Regulations, Chapter XV, Chapter XXXVIII and Chapter XLVII.

(7) The Indian Electricity Rules, 1937.

(*ii*) (1) Fundamental Rules, Volume I (excluding special leave rules applicable to high officials, Army officers, etc., and all the appendices).

(2) Fundamental Rules, Volume II, Chapters 1—25.

(3) Fundamental Rules, Volume III, Chapters 1 and 2 (Sections i—xvi, xviii—xxi and xxiii).

(4) Punjab Revised Leave Rules, 1936, as amended up-to-date.

(*iii*) (1) Civil Account Code, Volume I, Chapters 1, 9, 10, 12, 13 and appendices 2, 5-A, 8, 8-A, 8-C and 8-H.

(2) Civil Account Code, Volume II, Chapters 16, 19, 20 and 30.

(3) Public Works Department Code, Chapters 1-1, 1-k, (*ii*), II, III-A, (*vi*), IV (A) and (D) and Appendix VII.

(4) Public Works Account Code, Chapters II, III (*b*), VII, X, X-A, XI, XIII, XIV and XV.

GROUP B.

Paper I.

1. Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, as modified up to 1937 and as amended by the Government of India (Adaptation of Indian Laws) Order, 1937.

2. Punjab Municipal (Executive Officer) Act, 1931, as amended by the Government of India (Adaptation of Indian Laws) Order, 1937.

3. The rules of general application in force under the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, and the Punjab Municipal (Executive Officer Act, 1931, namely)—

(1) Punjab Government notification No. 13981, dated 16th July, 1918, as amended by notifications Nos. 19677, dated 26th July, 1923, 21197, dated 29th August, 1923, 13919, dated 2nd June, 1925, 95262, dated 18th November, 1925, 30031, dated 23rd November, 1927, 7100, dated 29th February, 1932, 22680, dated 30th May, 1932, and 850, dated 11th January, 1933, 3358-L. S.-G.-36/1475, dated 12th January, 1937, 3700-C.-37/2671, dated 24th January, 1938, 2946-C.-38/35614, dated 26th October, 1938; and No. 3179-C.-38,35617, dated 26th October, 1938;

(2) Punjab Government notification No. 7081, dated 8th March, 1920;

(3) Punjab Government notification No. 20768, dated 9th August 1922;

(4) Punjab Government notification No. 15291, dated the 22nd June, 1925, as amended by No. 18450, dated the 18th June, 1934;

(5) Punjab Government notification No. 17655, dated the 8th June, 1934;

(6) Punjab Government notification No. 5-L. S. G.—36/8368, dated the [illegible] March, 1936, and

(7) Punjab Government notification No. 4001-C.-35/17407, dated the 22nd May, 1936.

4. The Municipal Works Rules, 1925, published with Punjab Government notification No. 5690, dated 4th March, 1925, as amended up-to-date.

5. The Municipal Election Rules, 1930, published with Punjab Government notification No. 18030, dated 28th May, 1930, as amended up-to-date.

6. Rules for the procedure to be observed by Municipal Committee in dismissing their officers and servants and as to appeals from such orders,—Punjab Government notification No. 4421, dated the 17th February, 1925, as amended by notification No. 30256, dated the 16th September, 1932.

7. The Municipal Account Code (Edition of 1938) as amended up-to-date.

8. Proceedings of the Punjab Government (Ministry of Education) in the Local Self-Government Department No. 1[illegible]20, dated 19th January, 1925, as amended by Punjab Government notification No. 39177, dated 14th December, 1932.

9. Cattle Trespass Act and Hackney Carriages Act.

Paper II.

1. Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, as modified upto 1937 and as amended by the Government of India (Adaptation of Indian Laws) Order, 1937;

2. The District Works Rules, 1926, published with Punjab Government notification No. 1732, dated the 26th January, 1926, as amended up-to-date.

3. The District Board Rules, 1926, published with Punjab Government notification No. 3919, dated the 8th February, 1926, as amended up-to-date.

4. The District Boards Account Code, 1926 (Reprint: incorporating correction slips up to 23rd May, 1933), as amended up-to-date.

GROUP C.

Same books as for paper II of Group A.

No. 270-C.-40/5418.—In pursuance of—

(*i*) Rule 4 of the Rules for the examination and appointment of Municipal Accountants, 1939.

(*ii*) Rule 3 of the Rules for the examination and appointment of District Board Accountants, 1939, and

(*iii*) Rule 3 of the Rules for the examination and appointment of Small Town Accountants, 1939,

the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare that the next annual examination for the Municipal, District Board and Small Town Accountants will be held on the 9th (Monday), 10th (Tuesday), and 11th (Wednesday) of September, 1940. The place of examination will be notified later.

The following date-sheet shall be observed:—

DATE SHEET.

Date.	Time.	Paper.
9th September, 940 ..	9 A. M. to 12 Noon ..	Paper I—" Group A ".
	2 P. M. to 5 P.M. ..	Paper II—" Group A ".
10th September, 1940 ..	9 A. M. to 12 Noon ..	Paper I—" Group B ",
	2 P. M. to 5 P. M. ..	Paper II—" Group B ".
11th September 1940 ..	9 A. M. to 12 Noon. ..	Theory paper of " Group C ".

The 6th February, 1940.

No. 422-C.-40/5887.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (10) of section 62 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that with the previous sanction of the Governor of the Punjab the Administrator of the Municipality of **Lahore**, has with effect from the 11th May, 1940, imposed the following tax in supersession of the tax, the imposition of which was notified with Punjab Government notification No. 1380-C.-38/16360, dated the 28th April, 1938, as subsequently amended :—

A tax called octroi (without refunds) calculated on the gross weight of consignments including packing, drums and other articles used in packing, and a tax on animals by tail, at the rates shown in column 3 of the schedule appended below upon the articles or live animals mentioned in column 2 thereof imported into the limits of the Municipality as notified from time to time in the *Punjab Government Gazette* but subject to the following provisions :—

1. If an article, not specifically mentioned in this schedule, falls under more than one item, the octroi (without refunds) shall be charged under the item carrying the highest rate. If the rates are the same for both or all the items, the importer will decide under which item the article is to be classed, *i. e.*, a mixture of silk and wool may be classed as either silk or wool.

2. The tax shall not be levied on the following articles :—

(1) stores imported by the Central Supply Depôt of the Indian Red Cross Society ;

(2) magic lantern slides imported into the Lahore Municipality by the Curator, Central Museum, Lahore ;

(3) *motia* flowers and other flowers, except roses suitable for making *itr* and *gulkand* and flowers scheduled in item 46 ;

(4) patent Vanesta boxes used for carrying Government treasure ;

(5) articles exported by rail from the Municipality of Lahore and re-imported by rail owing to their having been refused by the consignees without delivery being taken or in the case of departments of Government only, after delivery has been taken, if a certificate to that effect is received from competent authority in that department ;

(6) empty gunny bags owned by Government and sent by the Officer in charge of Supplies, Lahore Cantonment, to the Victor Salt Refinery, Circular Road, Lahore, for the purpose of being refilled with salt, provided a certificate duly signed by a gazetted officer of the department is produced ;

(7) chlorination tanks imported by the Public Health Department of the Punjab Government, if accompanied by a certificate duly signed by a gazetted officer of the department ;

(8) all materials required for the construction of transmission lines and connected works for the Uhl River Hydro-Electric Project which are unloaded at the Lahore Railway Station and removed thence to the storage yards adjoining the Hydro-Electric Sub-Station sites outside Municipal limits, provided that a certificate duly signed by a gazetted officer of the department is produced ;

(9) all ammunitions, military stores and other articles of police equipment including bicycles imported by the Police Department, provided that each consignment of such ammunition, military stores or other articles is certified by the Superintendent of Police of the district concerned to be the property of Government in the Police Department ;

(10) scientific goods exported from Lahore to Murree and re-imported at the close of the summer season by the Chemist, Public Health Department, Lahore, and the Chemical Examiner to Government, Lahore, if accompanied by a certificate duly signed by a gazetted officer of the department ;

(11) cinema machines and films and gramophones and gramophone records imported for educational purposes by the Punjab Advisory Board of

Books or other official agency, if accompanied by a certificate duly signed by a gazetted officer of the department ;

(12) empty bobbins imported by the Government Weaving Factory, Shahdara, to obtain yarn from the Mela Ram Cotton Mills, if accompanied by a certificate signed by the Manager of the Factory ;

(13) all forms of quinine intended for medicinal purposes ;

(14) films and other material for propaganda imported by the Commissioner for Rural Reconstruction, Punjab, for the purpose of propaganda in rural areas, provided a certificate duly signed by a gazetted officer of the department is produced ;

(15) *bona fide* personal and household belongings of persons coming to take up their residence within the municipal limits and *bona fide* personal luggage of travellers and motor vehicles duly registered under the Indian Motor Vehicles Act with a tax coupon, the period for which has not expired, showing that the tax payable has been duly paid ;

(16) necessaries (not being articles of food and drink), equipment and clothing imported by officers in command of troops or air force units for the use of their men and followers, or grain and green fodder imported for consumption by horses, mules, or other animals maintained as part of their military equipage by any person in military or air force service, provided that such grain or fodder is certified by the commanding officer to be imported for *bona fide* public purposes, and all Government stores imported for military purposes and certified in writing by competent authority to be so exempt ;

(17) articles imported for manufacturing purposes into a jail situated within the municipal limits, provided that the goods into which they are manufactured are used in the jail itself or supplied to other departments of Government ;

(18) All road-making material such as stone ballast, sand, shingle, bricks for soling coats, empty coaltar or asphalt drums and wire screens for screening road metal and sand, imported by the Government of India or by any Provincial Government or by any Local Authority including Cantonment Authority), or by contractors for use on the roads maintained by the Public Works Department of Government or any Local Authority (including a Cantonment Authority), if accompanied at the time of import by a certificate signed by a gazetted officer of the Government department concerned by the President, Executive Officer or Secretary of the local authority concerned that such articles are required by them for road making only, and all coal tar (including *Damar*), bitumen and asphalt, and road rollers, tar mixers and sprayers and other machinery used for the construction and maintenance of roads ;

(19) nitrate of soda, sulphate of ammonia, calcium cyanamide, sulphate of potash, muriate of potash, kainite, superphosphates, leunaphos, nitrochalk, nicifos basic slag, gypsum and all other chemical manures, and bone meal and similar preparations for live stock ;

(20) gold and silver bullion or coin ;

(21) printed books, newspapers, catalogues, wall maps, globe maps, atlases, examination answer books and official records still in official use (excluding waste paper) ;

(22) stamps, stamped paper and petition paper ;

(23) headloads of cow dung fuel (*uplas*), of grass and of brush wood ;

(24) railway stores and materials required for use on a railway, whether in constructing, maintaining or working the same, and not removed outside the railway boundary, but not including stores imported for purchase or consumption by railway employees, or stores with which a railway co-operative store is stocked for sale to members, provided that whenever such stores and materials whether in their original forms or otherwise are removed from the railway boundaries and are no longer required for the use of the railway in constructing, maintaining or working the same they shall become liable to the payment of octroi ;

(25) goods imported by rail and rebooked and exported without delivery having been taken, or without being removed from railway premises;

(26) goods on which the octroi amounts to less than three pies;

(27) forms and papers used by *Patwaris* or *Field Kanungos* in connection with their official duties;

(28) goods belonging to the Lahore Municipality, so certified by the Secretary, the Municipal Engineer, the Medical Officer of Health and the Civil Surgeon;

(29) sweets, other edibles and *bhaji* for immediate personal use not exceeding two seers in weight per person accompanying them, and aerated water bottles, milk bottles and gas cylinders whether empty or filled with aerated waters (but not aerated excisable liquor), milk or gas (including carbonic acid gas under pressure whether in the form of 'dry ice' or not) respectively;

(30) earth, aerated waters, *chhichhra* leaves, bones in a natural state and fresh vegetables other than those specified in the schedule;

(31) *bona fide* commercial samples meant for free distribution and not meant for transfer or sale;

(32) the following articles, if accompanied by a transit pass valid for the period mentioned against each of them:—

(*i*) used articles imported in order that they may be repaired and exported to the original consignor including cinematographic films for repair or verification only and not for exhibition .. 6 months.

(*ii*) *bona fide* belongings of travellers, including the implements and paraphernalia of their trade or profession, which are imported for their professional use and are not intended for sale .. 6 months.

(*iii*) articles imported for sale, show or any purpose in furtherance of an exhibition certified by a gazetted officer of the Government department concerned to be for the promotion of trade, industry or agriculture, provided that—

Octroi without refunds is paid on the articles sold or otherwise disposed of within the limits of the Municipality:

The transit pass will be issued not more than 15 days prior to the commencement of the exhibition and will remain valid for 15 days after the last date of the exhibition.

(*iv*) tools and plants imported for the erection of machinery or for the execution of engineering works .. 3 years.

(*v*) gramophone records imported by the Station Director, All-India Radio, Lahore .. 1 month.

(*vi*) motor vehicles and their accessories required to be imported for inspection under the Indian Motor Vehicles Act and the rules thereunder .. 72 hours.

(*vii*) drums and barrels to be refilled with the oils specified in item No. 25 of the schedule or with excisable liquor including methylated spirit or molasses and empty jars and tins to be refilled with articles specified in item 25 and the articles specified in item 34 when sent from the Government Institute of Dyeing and Calico Printing, Shahdara .. 1 month.

(*viii*) articles or animals imported in accordance with the orders of a court of law in connection with its official duties .. 1 year.

(*ix*) all products of the Government Demonstration Weaving Factory at Shahdara imported into the Lahore Municipality and certified by the Superintendent of the Factory to be intended only for display, and not for consumption, use or sale within the limits of the Municipality .. 15 days.

(33) The following articles if accompanied by a pass in form 0·21 valid for the period shown against each of them :—

(*i*) machinery, tools and plant sent out for the execution of work .. 3 months.

(*ii*) used furniture pianos and similar musical instruments, tents, *chholdaries*, crockery, utensils and lamps taken out temporarily :—

(*a*) for parties, marriages, ceremonies and public functions .. 1 month.

(*b*) for hiring out to persons residing outside Municipal limits .. 3 months.

(*iii*) articles exported to the Government Institute for Dyeing and Calico Printing at Shahdara for washing, bleaching, dyeing, dry cleaning and printing .. 1 month.

(34) milk, water, ice and dry ice ;

(35) handwoven mosquito nets valued complete at a price not exceeding Rs. 3 each and handwoven mosquito net material (but not mesh nets) ;

(36) agricultural machinery and implements and their component and spare parts, including pipes and fittings used for boring wells ;

(37) unglazed earthenware (including unglazed earthenware toys) ;

(38) pig iron and old and unserviceable articles made of iron, steel or tin for scrapping. (Note.—No article shall be considered for scraping unless it is unfit for any use except melting) ;

(39) bullock carts, trucks, wheel barrows and hand carts ;

(40) refrigerating batteries ;

(41) all articles imported through the parcel post ;

(42) all live animals other than fish, game, eggs, poultry, sheep and goats, and bulls, bullocks, cows, buffaloes and calves for slaughter ;

(43) Post and Telegraph material imported by the Telegraph Store Depot of the Government of India and certified not to be used within the Municipal limits ;

(44) exhibits of the agricultural and other Government departments imported for instructional purposes, if accompanied at the time of import by a certificate signed by a gazetted officer of the department concerned that such exhibits are meant for the purpose of exhibition only ;

(45) exhibits of the District Rural Community Council imported for instructional purposes accompanied at the time of import by a certificate signed by the chairman of the Council that such exhibits are meant for the purpose of exhibition only ;

(46) all live plants, young trees and seedlings imported for transplantation ;

(47) articles or animals imported by the Police in connection with their official duties, if accompanied by a detailed certificate from the Station House Officer concerned, such certificate being liable in case of doubt to subsequent verification by a Gazetted Police Officer.

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	Description of Articles.	Rate per maund.
	CLASS I.	Rs. A. P.
	Articles of Food and Drink for Men or Animals.	
1	Fodder (except in headloads), *bhusa*, cotton seeds and oil cake	0 0 6
2	Unhusked rice, paddy or *dhan*, bran (*chokhar*), and grain	0 0 6
3	Crushed grain (*dalia, dana* and *wand*), flour (other than *sanghara* flour), *maida, suji, basin* and *sattu*, husked rice and pulses not otherwise scheduled.	0 1 0

Serial No.	Description of articles.	Rate per maund.
	CLASS I—CONCLD.	Rs. A. P.
4	Potatoes, sweet potatoes, Jerusalem artichokes, garlic, ginger, *singhara*, *arvi* and fresh chillies.	0 2 0
5	Cucumbers (*khira* or *kakri*), melons (*kharbuza*), water melons (*tarbuz*), *kanshi phal* (*halva kaddu*), sugarcane, *kachalu* and dried onions.	0 1 0
6	Other fresh fruits, including *sarda* melons, *narial tar*, *amla tar*, *harar tar*, *dhew tar*, *dela tar*, *tumma tar* and *pethas*, and roses suitable for making *itr* and *gulkand*.	0 4 0
7	All other dried fruits, dried vegetables (not specified elsewhere in the schedule) and nuts, including mush rooms (*khumb*, *dhingries* and *guchhies*) and sago in sacks and *singhara* flour.	0 8 0
8	Betel leaves	2 8 0
9	Sugar cane juice	0 2 0
10	Fruit juice not bottled or canned	0 8 0
11	*Ghi*	1 4 0
12	Refined sugar, *i.e.*, white or crystallized sugar, sugar candy and sugar loaf (*misri*), except as scheduled in item 15.	0 8 0
13	Sugar not otherwise specified including *gur*, *shakkar*, *minja*, *talauncha*, and molasses (*shira* or *rab*).	0 4 0
14	Bacon, ham fresh fish, meat, game, eggs and poultry, not bottled or canned ..	0 8 0
15	Vegetable *ghi*, cocogem, butter, *khoa*, cream, tinned milk and cream, milk powder, tea, coffee, honey, jams, preserved fruits, oilman's stores and groceries (including flour, rice, sweets and sugar in tins, cans, bottles or boxes) and preparations of food and drink not scheduled otherwise.	1 4 0
16	Excisable liquor, excluding methylated spirit	0 8 0
17	Opium and *charas*	0 2 0
18	*Bhang*	0 1 0
19	Bread, cakes and pastry	0 8 0
20	Indian confectionery and pickles (not tinned, canned, bottled or packed in boxes) including *bari*, *pappar*, *sewayan* and *phulwari*.	0 8 0
21	Seeds of vegetables, fodder, fruits, flowers and trees	0 4 0
22	Salt	0 0 6
	CLASS II.	
	Animals.	Per head.
		Rs. A. P.
23	Sheep and goats	0 2 0
24	Bulls, bullocks, cows, buffaloes and calves for slaughter	1 0 0
	CLASS III.	
	Articles used for Lighting, Fuel or Washing.	Per maund.
		Rs. A. P.
25	Petrol and kerosine oil and mineral oil, diesel oil, crude oil, and other fuel oils, lubricating oils and oils used as insecticides.	0 2 0
26	Mineral grease, excluding petroleum jelly	0 4 0
27	Vegetable non-essential oils	0 4 0
28	Oil seeds except cotton seeds	0 1 0
29	Steam coal	0 0 3
30	Cowdung fuel (*uplas*) and brushwood except in headloads, coal other than steam coal, *gaza* wood for burning, other firewood, charcoal, coke, soft coke, saw dust, *tili*, *sarkanda*, tanning material (bark, leaves and other tanstuff) and worn out inflammable articles only fit for burning.	0 0 6
31	*Ritha*, *kishta*, *sajji* and soap stone	0 2 0
32	Toilet soap for human use, and boot polish	1 4 0

Serial No.	Description of articles.	Rate per maund.
	CLASS III—CONCLD.	Rs. A. P.
33	Other soaps (including Monkey brand, Sunlight soap and Vim and Lux), caustic soda, caustic potash, refined salt-petre, potash, alum, starch, Epsom salts, sodium bicarbonate, sodium carbonate and sulphate and other saline substances used in washing clothes, floors and utensils.	0 4 0
33(A)	Unrefined salt-petre	0 1 0
34	Commercial Acids, naphthalene balls, disinfectants (including bleaching powder, chloride of lime and maxoclor), photographic chemicals, carbonate and bicarbonate of ammonia, calcium chloride, zinc chloride, magnesium chloride, fire extinguishing chemicals, solignum and other chemicals used for the preservation of wood and weed killers.	0 4 0
35	Matches, candles and other articles intended for gas or oil lighting (including lamps, lanterns, Kitson and Petromax lamps), gun powder, blasting powder, fire works, wax, tallow, fat and lard.	1 4 0
36	Methylated spirit	0 2 0
37	Electrical machinery, apparatus, appliances and material for lighting and cooling purposes, including electric motors, fans, cables (insulated or otherwise), earthen and porcelain insulators, batteries, cells, carbon anodes and cathodes, and glass lamp bulbs, but excluding articles scheduled in item 69.	1 4 0
	CLASS IV.	
	Articles used in the Construction of Buildings	
38	Wood sawn and unsawn, bamboos, *lathis*, *sirki*, *munj*, condemned railway sleepers, and wooden pegs for driving into the ground.	0 1 6
39	Manufactured articles of wood not otherwise scheduled, including chicks for doors and windows, plywood sheets and wooden electrical casing.	0 4 0
40	Cement, *hurmachi* (red oxide powder), *geri* (pink oxide powder), white and red sand, ground stone for cement, fire bricks, fire clay, marble and plaster of Paris and articles made thereof, stone not otherwise included in this schedule and articles made thereof, cement tiles, stoneware pipes, hume pipes, white lime, italit, asbestos sheets, glazed earthenware and bathroom and sanitary fittings, whether made of stoneware, porcelain, metal or glass, fresh or salt water shells, china clay and modelling clay	0 2 0
41	*Kankar* lime, brick tiles (including *chaukas*), other earthen building material not elsewhere scheduled, stone metal and boulders of barytes, red oxide, limestone and of other stone, *Multani kharia mitti*, lime nodules (*kankar*), chalk, coke cinders (*kali keri*).	0 0 3
42	Bricks, river sand, burnt earth (*lal keri*) and brick dust (*surkhi*) ..	0 0 1
43	Glazed tiles for walls and floors	1 4 0
44	Paint, dry colours (such as dry white zinc, white lead oxide, titanium oxide and lithophone), varnish, polish, glue, rosin and turpentine.	0 4 0
45	Glass window panes	0 10 0
	CLASS V.	
	Drugs, Spices, Gums and Perfumes.	
46	*Mehndi, wasma, harhar, behra, amla* (dry) *ambaltas, imli, kain, harmal, dhup, agarbati, loban, saunf, dhania, ajwain, rai, haldi, anardana, tej pattar, brahmi, ratanjot, jawanh* flower and other spices and gums and similar herbs, roots, flowers, leaves and seeds used for medicinal purposes or as incense and not otherwise scheduled.	0 8 0
47	Perfumery, toilet requisites, hair dyes, hair oils, sponges (natural or made of rubber), chemicals, drugs and medicines (excluding chemical manures and chmicals specified in items 33 and 34 and drugs specified in item 46), perfumed and essential oils and petroleum jelly (vaseline).	1 4 0
	CLASS VI.	Rs. A. P.
	Tobacco Manufactured and Unmanufactured.	
48	Cigarettes, cigars, *biris* and snuff and tobacco for manufacturing these or for smoking in pipes or for eating.	1 4 0
49	Tobacco in any other shape suitable for smoking in a *huqqa*	0 4 0
50	Tobacco dust	0 4 0
	CLASS VII.	
	Piece Goods and other Textile Fabrics, and other manufactured articles of Clothing and Dress.	
51	Raw cotton (*kapas*)	0 0 3
52	Raw wool and goat's hair	0 0 6

Serial No.	Description of articles-	Rate per maund.
	CLASS VII—CONCLD.	
53	Ginned cotton	0 4 0
54	Cotton, linen, silken and woollen thread, twist and yarn	0 12 0
55	Silk piece goods	1 4 0
56	Woollen piece goods	1 4 0
57	Cotton, linen, and all other piece goods	1 4 0
58	Furs and wearing apparel including boot laces, gloves, belts, hats (including skeleton hats), buttons, and clothes made of leather or fur (but excluding boots and shoes), carpets, blankets, drapery, hosiery and haberdashery.	1 4 0
	Niwar, canvas, tents, tarpaulins, tracing cloth, book-binding cloth, tonga and motor hood cloth, haircloth, ticken, screens and nets for games and sporting purposes.	1 4 0
60	Condemned and unserviceable old clothes made of linen, cotton or wool, blankets, tarpaulins, ground sheets, durries, tents, *chholdaries*, canvas bags, boots, saddlery and similar condemned military equipment and leather scrap.	0 4 0
61	Gold and silver lace, wire and thread, *gota, kinari, lamita, silma* and *sitara* (imitation or real).	1 4 0
62	Jute, hemp, *patha* and other fibres, including articles made of *patha, wan, chitai* and *tili dab*.	0 2 0
63	*Dib* (made from palm leaves)	0 1 0
64	Gunny bags, Hessian cloth, *tats* and articles made of *munj* except *wan*, and of hemp and other fibres not specified elsewhere in this schedule, ropes, cords of all kinds (except *wan*) and fine matting such as China matting.	0 6 0
65	Raw hides and skins	0 0 6
66	Cured hides and tanned leather	0 12 0
67	Manufactured leather, saddlery, boots and shoes, and other articles of leather (except as otherwise scheduled), and skins of animals fit for use as mats or rugs.	1 4 0
	CLASS VIII.	
	Metals and Articles made of Metals.	
68	Wrought and unwrought iron, steel bars, sheets of iron, girders, angle, tee and round irons and rails.	0 1 0
69	Machinery (other than agricultural machinery), including machinery for the production of electrical energy, electric motors, alternators, switch boards, rotary convertors, control gears, and other parts of electrical machinery used for motive power or in connection with any gear attached to industrial machinery and electrical casing (including *gutties* and metal pipes, capping and blocks.	0 4 0
70	Armoured suction hose pipes, sheets of zinc, lead and tin, articles made of iron, steel, zinc, lead and tin not otherwise scheduled (such as iron furniture made entirely of iron and without upholstery, pots and pans, galvanised iron bath tubs and buckets), iron and steel pipes, shafting, wire, wire ropes, nails and screws and tonga channels.	0 4 0
71	Telephonic, telegraphic, wireless, amplifying, cinematographic and televisional apparatus and goods, watches, watch glasses, watch chains and straps and parts thereof, optical goods, spectacles and spectacle cases, electrical apparatus other than for lighting and cooling purposes, surveying apparatus, scientific appliances, cutlery, scissors, tools, locks and keys, clocks, and parts thereof, musical instruments, photographic instruments, films and materials (other than chemicals), typewriters, and other similar machines, surgical, dental, drawing, educational, mathematical and measuring instruments, and appliances, sewing, knitting and embroidery machines, glass picture frames, gramophones and gramophone records, pianos, harmoniums, gold and silver jewellery, ornaments and articles made wholly or partly of gold and silver, precious stones, imitation jewellery, glass beads, mica, *muqash*, sequins and other metal adjuncts to wearing apparel, cigarette holders and lighters and furniture partly made of iron.	1 4 0
72	Brass and all other metals not otherwise scheduled, including wire, rods and pipes made of these metals and mixed metal dust.	0 12 0
73	Articles made wholly or partly of brass and other metals, except as otherwise scheduled.	1 4 0
	CLASS IX.	
	Miscellaneous.	
74	Dyes (including natural indigo), *hirakasis, maju, majith, lac* and sealing wax ..	1 4 0
75	Raw rubber, rubber solution and rubber goods (excluding rubber tyres, and tubes for vehicles), articles used for sports and games, articles made of wood, such as furniture (except as otherwise scheduled), looking glasses, brushes, wooden pegs for hanging hats and clothes, horn, celluloid (excluding films), bakelite, ivory and bone, and articles made thereof, all toys made of metals or wood or other material, playing cards, umbrellas, walking sticks, tobacco pipes, *huqqas* and parts thereof and unarmoured rubber and canvas hose pipes.	1 4 0

Serial No.	Description of articles.	Rate Per maund. Rs. A. P.
	CLASS IX—CONCLD.	
76	Photographic films for use in cinematographic exhibitions	1 4 0
77	Old and unserviceable rubber goods, including old tyres and tubes	0 4 0
78	Empty bottles for spirits, beer, limejuice and other similar drinks and empty medicinal, hair oil and scent bottles.	0 4 0
79	*Desi* glass bangles, crockery, enamel and glass ware (except empty bottles otherwise scheduled), thermos flasks and feeding bottles for infants.	1 4 0
80	Bicycles, tricycles, carriages, jin-rickshaws, aeroplanes, perambulators, motor vehicles, and all sorts of conveyances, and component and spare parts thereof excluding rubber tyres and tubes.	1 4 0
80 (A)	Solid or pneumatic rubber tyres and tubes mamfactured ready for use on vehicles of all kinds.	0 8 0
81	Paste, millboard and waste paper and rags for making paper	0 2 0
82	Paper, including newsprint, writing pads and cards and envelopes, drawing and blotting paper, photographic printing paper and carbon ferro paper (but excluding waste paper, printed books, newspapers and catalogues), printing and other ink and ink pots.	0 4 0
83	Stationery not specified elsewhere in this schedule	1 4 0
84	Cane for seating chairs, *khas,* belting, asbestos packing, wooden packing cases, baskets, cane and basket work chairs, stools and tables.	0 2 0
55	All other articles not otherwise exempted and not chargeable under any other head.	1 4 0

NOTE.—(*i*) Under item 84 every consignment of goods imported in a wooden packing case shall be assessed at one-fourth of its weight as a wooden packing case and three-fourths as the contents of the case, if the contents are to be assessed at a higher rate, provided that the gross weight of each single packing case is at least half a maund. A crate is not a packing case for the purpose of this note.

(*ii*) Importers of motor vehicles may have the option of paying octroi at the following rates for each vehicle, whether crated or uncrated, provided that no accessories are included other than those fixed on the vehicle or ordinarily included in the purchase price of the vehicle when new :—

	Rate per vehicle. Rs. A. P.
(*a*) Motor cycles without side car, and motor lawn mowers.. ..	3 0 0
(*b*) Motor cycles with side car..	5 0 0
(*c*) Other motor vehicles	20 0 0

The 7th February, 1940.

No. 5688-C.-39/5949.—The following draft of amendments to the Municipal Account Code, 1930, which the Governor of the Punjab proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 26th March, 1940, together with any objections or suggestions, which may be received by Government from any person with respect to the draft before that date :—

DRAFT AMENDMENTS.

(1) In form O·24 *delete* the entry "weight" and *add* the following two entries :—

"Weight of packing material"

"Net weight of goods."

(2) Columns 7 and 12 of form O·25 shall be sub-divided into the following two sub-columns :—

"Weight of packing material"

"Net weight of goods".

No. 223-C.-40/5963.—The following amendments made by the Municipal Committee of **Pind Dadan Khan,** in the Jhelum district, to its by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 17856, dated the 28th June, 1933, as amended by Punjab Government notification No. 3622-C.-38/31325, dated the 16th September, 1938, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Pind Dadan Khan** on the 11th day of March, 1940 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. In by-law 1 the word "retail" shall be deleted.

2. In by-law 2 the word "retail" shall be deleted and for the words "Rs. six per annum" and "annas ten per mensem" the words "Rs. fifty per annum" and "Rs. Five per mensem" shall be substituted.

No. 312-C.-40/6054.—In pursuance of the provisions of clause (*a*) of rule V. 47of the Municipal Account Code, 1930, Government are pleased to declare that with effect from the 11th March, 1940, the Municipal Committee of **Urmur-Tanda,** in the Hoshiarpur district may demand proof of previou payment of octroi in respect of all goods, which are exported from the octroi limits of the Municipality, for a period of one year.

No. 5658-C.-39/6104.—The following draft of amendments which the Governor the Punjab proposes to make, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, to the rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 741, dated the 12th January, 1925, as corrected by Punjab Government corrigendum No. 6130, dated the 9th March, 1925, and amended by Punjab Government notification No. 26127, dated the 8th September, 1930, for the municipality of **Narowal,** in the Sialkot district, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 25th day of March, 1940, together with any objections or suggestions thereto, which may be received from any person in respect of the draft before that date :—

DRAFT AMENDMENTS.

1. In rule 1, *for* the word "seven" the word "eight" shall be *substituted.*

2. For the existing schedule the following schedule shall be substituted :—

SCHEDULE.

No. of Ward.	*Name of Ward.*	*Description of boundaries.*
1	Kashmirianwala ..	*North.*—From the north-west corner of the municipality, eastwards along the northern municipal boundary to a point where it meets the central line of the Marhpooj Road ; *East.*—thence southwards along the central line of the Marhpooj Road to its junction with the central line of Qila Sobha Singh Road ; thence westwards along the central line of the Qila Sobha Singh Road to its junction with the central line of Zaffarwal Road ; thence southwards along the central line of the Zaffarwal Road to its junction with the central line of Mahajana Street ; thence eastwards along the central line of that street to its junction with the central line of the Naieyan Lane ; thence southwards along the central line of the Naian lane to its junction with the central line of the Main Bazar ;

No. of Ward.—contd.	Name of Ward.—contd.	Description of boundaries—contd.
1—concld.		*South.*—thence westwards along the central line of the Main Bazar to its junction with the central line of the Railway Road Bazar; thence south-westwards along the central line of the Railway Road Bazar to its junction with the central line of the Godown Road; thence southwards along the central line of that Road to its junction with the Railway Crossing on Ghota Road; thence northwards along the Railway turn table line to a point where it meets the western municipal boundary;
		West.—thence northwards along the western municipal boundary to the point of start.
2	Bhabarian ..	*North.*—From the junction of the central line of the Qila Sobha Singh and Zaffarwal Roads, eastwards along the eastern boundary of Ward No. 1 to the north-east corner of Ward No. 1 (Marhpooj);
		East.—thence south-eastwards along the municipal boundary to a point where it meets the central line of the Phuman Shah Bridge Road;
		South.—thence westwards along the central line of the Phuman Shah Bridge Road to its junction with Bazar Andhian; thence along the central line of that Bazar to its junction with the central line of the Jainian lane; thence north-westwards along the central line of the Jainian Lane to its junction with the central line of Bhabrian Street;
		West.—thence northwards along the central line of the Bhabarian Street to its junction with the central line of the Muftian and Changian Lane; thence northwards along the central line of the Bhabarian Lane to its junction with the central line of the Circular Road; thence westwards along the central line of that Road to its junction with the Zaffarwal Road; thence northwards along the central line of the Zaffarwal Road to the point of start.
3	Zamindaran	*North.*—From the junction of the central line of the Circular and Zaffarwal Roads, eastwards along the western boundary of ward No. 2 to its junction with the central line of the Bhabarian Lane;
		East.—thence southwards along the western and southern boundaries of ward No. 2 to the junction with the central line of Jainian Lane with the central line of Kucha Jattan; thence southwards along the central line of Kucha Jattan to its junction with the central line of the Mahajna Street;

No. of ward—contd.	*Name of ward*—contd.	*Description of boundaries*—contd.
3—concld.		*South.*—thence westwards along the central line of the Mahajna Street to its junction with the central line of the Zaffarwal Road ;
		West.—thence northwards along the eastern boundary of ward No. 1 to the point of start.
4	Mahantanwalla.	*North.*—From the junction of the central line of Kucha Jattan with the central line of Jainian Lane eastwards along the southern boundary of ward No. 2 to the south-east corner of that ward ;
		East.—thence southwards along the eastern municipal boundary to a point where it meets the central line of the Road to Ram Dass and Kotli Bajwa ;
		South.—thence westwards along the central lines of the Road to Ram Dass and Kotli Bajwa and of the Main Bazar to the south-east corner of ward No. 1 ;
		West.—thence northwards along the eastern boundary of ward No. 1 to the junction of Naieyan Lane with the Mahajna Street ; thence eastwards along the south-eastern boundary of ward No. 3 to the point of start.
5	Sadiqpura.	*North.*—From the junction of the central line of Main Sheikhan Lane with the central line of the Road to Ram Dass and Kotli Bajwa eastwards along the southern boundary of ward No. 4 to a point where it meets the eastern municipal boundary ;
		East and South.—thence southwards along the eastern municipal boundary to the junction of Jasar Road and Rest House Road ;
		West.—thence northwards along the central lines of the Rest House Road and of the Main Sheikhan Street to the point of start.
6	Attanranwalla.	*North.*—From the junction of the central line of Sheikh Rukan Din Lane with the central line of Main Bazar eastwards along the southern boundaries of wards Nos. 1 and 4 to the north-west corner of ward No. 5 ;
		East and South.—thence southwards along the western boundary of ward No. 5 to its south-east corner ; thence south-westwards along the municipal boundary to a point where it meets the central line of Rayya-Narowal Road ;
		West.—thence northwards along the central line of the Rayya-Narowal Road to its junction with the central line

No. of ward—concld.	Name of ward—concld.	Description of boundaries—concld.
6—concld.		of the Said Shah Road; thence eastwards along the central line of the Said Shah Road to its junction with the central lines of the Rest House Road; thence northwards along the central line of the Rest House Road to its junction with the central line of the Sheikh Rukan Din Lane and thence along the central line of that lane to the point of start.
7	Rajjanwalla ..	*North.*—From the junction of the central line of the Railway Godown Road with the central line of the Railway Road Bazar eastwards along the southern boundary of ward No. 1 to the north-west corner of ward No. 6;
		East.—thence southwards along the western boundary of ward No. 6 to the junction of the central lines of the Said Shah Road and Rest House Road,
		South.—thence westwards along the central line of Said Shah Road to its junction with the central line of the Rayya-Narowal Road; thence northwards along the central line of the Rayya-Narowal Road to its junction with the central line of the Chah Hardit Singh Lane; thence westwards along the central line of that lane to its junction with Awa Bishan Singh; thence south westwards along the central line of that lane across the southern side of Awa Bishan Singhwalla Chhappar to its junction with Mistri Mohd Said Lane; thence along the central line of that lane to its junction with the central line of the Railway Godown Road;
		West.—thence northwards along the central line of the Godown Road to the point of start;
8	Brahampura ..	*North.*—From the south-west corner (turn table) of ward No. 1 south eastwards along the southern boundary of ward No. 1 to its junction with Mistri Mohammad Said Lane; thence eastwards along the southern boundary of No. 7 to the point where it meets the central line of Rayya-Narowal Road;
		East and South.—thence southwards along the western boundary of ward No. 6 to the point where it meets the municipal boundary; thence south-west wards along the municipal boundary to Chah Bohriwalla;
		West.—thence northwards along the western municipal boundary to the point of start.

No. 453-C.-40/6110.—The following draft of an amendment to the Municipal Account Code, 1930, which the Governor of the Punjab proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 26th March, 1940, together with any objection or suggestion which may be received by Government from any person with respect to the draft before that date :—

DRAFT AMENDMENT.

In sub-rule (1) of rule V-15 for the words "if no peon is available" *substitute* the words "if no peon can be sent".

Small Towns.

The 3rd February, 1940.

No. 6551-L.G.-Bds.-39/5375.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 4 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, and rule 1 of the Electoral Rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 29388, dated the 13th December, 1923, as subsequently amended, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare that for the purposes of election of members of the Town Committee of **Bhalwal**, in the Shahpur district, the Small Town of **Bhalwal** shall be divided into six wards, the boundaries of which are described in the Schedule below.

2. Punjab Government notification No. 29843, dated the 19th December, 1923, is hereby cancelled :—

SCHEDULE.

DESCRIPTION OF BOUNDARIES.

Ward No. 1.—Commencing from the north-west corner of Khasra No. 538 and running in a straight line towards the east up to the north-east corner of Khasra No. 559, thence towards the north up to the north-east corner of Khasra No. 500 ; thence running in a straight line towards the east up to the north-east corner of Khasra No. 486 ; thence running in a straight line towards the south along the eastern boundary of Block No. 1 up to the south-east corner of Khasra No. 404 ; thence running in a straight line towards the west up to the south-west corner of Khasra No. 978/362 ; thence running in a straight line towards the north along the western boundary of Block No. 1 up to the point of start.

Ward No. 2.—Commencing from the north-west corner of Khasra No. 811 and running in a straight line towards the east along the northern boundary of Khasra No. 811 up to the north-east corner of the said Khasra ; thence running in a straight line towards the south crossing Bhalwal Purana and Bhalwal Mandi Road and along the eastern boundary of Block No. 2 up to the north-east corner of Khasra No. 486 ; thence running in a straight line towards the west up to the north-east corner of Khasra No. 500 ; thence running towards the south and crossing the Mianwali street up to the north-east corner of Khasra No. 559 ; thence running in a straight line towards the west along the southern boundary of Mianwali street up to the north-west corner of Khasra No. 538 ; thence running in a straight line towards the north and crossing the Mianwali street up to the north-west corner of Khasra No. 535 ; thence running in a straight line towards the west up to the south-west corner of Khasra No. 811 Min ; thence running in a straight line towards the north along the western boundary of the same Khasra up to the point of start.

Ward No. 3.—Commencing from the north-west corner of square No. 15 of Chak No. 11-N.B. running in a straight line towards the east along the northern boundary of squares Nos. 15, 14 and 10 in the said Chak up to the north-east corner of square No. 10 ; thence southwards in a straight line along the eastern boundary of square No 10 up to the south-east corner of the said square ; thence towards the south-east along the southern boundary of Bhalwal Purana Bhalwal Mandi road up to its junction with the northern boundary of Mitha Lak distributary ; thence towards north-east along the northern boundary of the said distributary up to the point where it meets the southern boundary of the Shahpur Salim Road ; thence towards the south-east crossing the Mitha Lak Distributary and along the southern boundary of Shahpur-Salim Road up to the south-east corner of Kila No. 9 of square No. 14 of Chak No. 8-N.B. ; thence southwards in a straight line along the eastern boundary of Killas Nos. 12 and 19 of the said square up to

south-east corner of the last named Killa; thence westwards in a straight line up to the south-west corner of the same Killa; thence southwards in a straight line along the eastern boundary of Killa No. 21 of square No. 14 and Killas Nos. 1, 10, 11 and 20 of square No. 20 of Chak No. 8-N.B. up to the south-east corner of the last named Killa; thence westwards in a straight line along the northern boundary of Killa No. 21 of square No. 20 and Killas Nos. 25, 24, 23, 22 and 21 of square No. 19 of Chak No. 8-N.B. up to the north-west corner of the last named Killa; thence southwards in a straight line along the western boundary of the same Killa up to its south-west corner; thence in a straight line westwards crossing the road between Bhalwal Mandi and Chak No. 8-N.B. up to the south-east corner of Khasra No. 57/34 (Tahsil Compound); thence towards the west in a straight line up to the south-west corner of the same Khasra; thence westwards in a straight line and crossing the road to Bhera up to the south-east corner of Khasra No. 33/2 (Police Station); thence towards the south in a straight line along the eastern boundary of Khasras Nos. 35/6 and 36/6 up to the south-east corner of the last named Khasra; thence running in a straight line westwards up to the south-west corner of Khasra No. 36/5; thence towards the north-west along the northern boundary of Bhalwal Mandi Bhalwal Purana road and crossing the Mitha Lak Distributary up to the junction of the last named road with the northern boundary of the said distributary; thence towards the south-west along the northern boundary of the said distributary up to the south-west corner of square No. 17 of Chak No. 11-N.B.; thence towards the north in a straight line along the western boundary of squares Nos. 17, 16 and 15 of the same Chak (No. 11-N. B.) up to the point of start.

Ward No. 4.—Commencing from the south-east corner of Khasra No. 33/2 (Police Station) running in a straight line towards the east and crossing the Committee road along the northern boundary of Khasra No. 815 up to the north-east corner of the said Khasra; thence southwards along the eastern boundary of Khasras Nos. 815 and 816 and Block No. 3 up to the south-east corner of Khasra No. 916; thence westwards in a straight line up to the south-west corner of Khasra No. 1089/813; thence continuing towards the west in a straight line up to the south-east corner of Khasra No. 1082/1009; thence northwards in a straight line along the western boundary of Khasras Nos. 747 and 42/6-A up to the point of start.

Ward No. 5.—Commencing from the north-east corner of Khasra No. 815 running in a straight line towards the east and crossing the road between Chak No. 8-N.B. and Mandi Bhalwal up to the south-west corner of Killa No. 21 of square No. 19 of Chak No. 8-N.B.; thence running in a straight line towards the south along the western boundary of square No. 26-A (Abadi Chak No. 8-N.B.) up to the south-west corner of the said square; thence running in a straight line towards the east along the northern boundary of squares Nos. 9, 8 and 7 of Mandi Bhalwal up to the trijunction pillar of Chaks Nos. 8-N.B., 5 S. B., and Mandi Bhalwal; thence running in a straight line towards the south-west along the southern boundary of Khasra No. 47/7 of Mandi Bhalwal up to the south-west corner of the said Khasra; thence running in a straight line towards the south along the western boundary of square No. 7 of Mandi Bhawal up to the north-west corner of Killa No. 20, square No. 7 of the said Mandi; thence running towards the east in a straight line up to the north-east corner of the same Killa; thence running in a straight line towards the south up to the south-east corner of the same Killa; thence running in a straight line towards the west up to the south-west corner of the same Killa; thence running in a straight line towards the south up to the south-east corner of square No. 8 of Mandi Bhawal; thence running in a straight line towards the west along the southern boundary of squares Nos. 8 and 9 of Mandi Bhawal up to the south-west corner of Khasra No. 40/9B; thence running in a straight line towards the north up to the north-west corner of the said Khasra; thence running in a straight line towards the west along the northern boundary of Railway Station compound up to the south-west corner of Khasra No. 947-A (Ganda Nala); thence running in a straight line towards the north along the eastern boundary of Block Mandi up to the north-east corner of Khasra No. 2.1; thence running in a straight line towards the west along the northern boundary of Block Mandi up to the south-east corner of Khasra No. 747; thence towards the west in a straight line and crossing the main bazar up to the south-west corner of Khasra No. 747; thence running in a straight line towards the north along the eastern boundary of Block No. 2 up to the south-east corner of Khasra No. 1082/1009; thence running towards the east in a straight line and crossing the main bazar up to the south-east corner of Khasra No. 916; thence running in a straight line towards the north along the eastern boundary of Block No. 3 up to the point of start.

Ward No. 6.—Commencing from the trijunction pillar of Chaks Nos. 10-N.B. and 11-N.B. and Mandi Bhalwal running towards the east along the northern boundary of the Mitha Lak Distributary up to the point where it meets the northern boundary of Bhalwal Purana Bhalwal Mandi road; thence towards the south-east along the northern boundary of the said road up to the south-west corner of Khasra No. 36/5; thence running

in a straight line towards the east along the southern boundary of the said Khasra up to the north-west corner of Khasra No. 811 ; thence running in a straight line towards the south along the western boundary of Khasra No. 811 Min ; up to its south-west corner ; thence running in a straight line towards the east up to the north-west corner of of Khasra No. 535 ; thence running in a straight line towards the south along the western boundary of Block No. 1 up to the south-west corner of Khasra No. 978/362 ; thence running in a straight line towards the east along the southern boundary of Block No. 1 up to the south east corner of Khasra No. 404 ; thence running in a straight line towards the north along the eastern boundary of Blocks Nos. 1 and 2 up to the north-east corner of Khasra No. 738 ; thence running in a straight line towards the east and crossing the main bazar up to the north-east corner of Khasra No. 211 ; thence running in a straight line towards the south along the western boundary of Khasra No. 946 and crossing the Ganda Nala up to the south-west corner of Khasra No. 947-A ; thence running in a straight line towards the east along the northern boundary of Railway Station compound up to the north-west corner of Khasra No. 40/9-B ; thence running in a straight line towards the south along the western boundary of the said Khasra up to its south-west corner ; thence running in a straight line towards the east up to the trijunction pillar of Chaks Nos. 5-S.B. and 8-N.B. and Mandi Bhalwal ; thence running in a straight line towards the south-west along the southern boundaries of Khasras Nos. 78/37, 78/36, 78/39, 77/39, 77/40 and 77/41 in Chak No. 8-N.B. up to the south-west corner of the last named Khasra ; thence running in a straight line towards the north along the eastern boundary of the village road up to the point where it meets the Railway boundary ; thence running in a straight line towards the west and crossing the said road along the northern boundary of Khasras Nos. 75/33, 75/32, 75/31 and 75/30 of Chak No. 8-N.B. up to the north-west corner of the last named Khasra ; thence running in a straight line towards the south along the western boundary of square No. 30 of Chak No. 8-N. B. and eastern boundary of squares Nos. 18 and 19 of Mandi Bhalwal up to the south-east corner of the last named square ; thence running towards the west along the southern boundary of squares Nos. 19 and 20 of Mandi Bhalwal up to the south-west corner of the last named square (the trijunction pillar of Chaks Nos. 8-N.B. and 9-N.B. and Mandi Bhalwal) ; thence running in a straight line towards the north along the western boundary of squares Nos. 20, 17 and 16 of Bhalwal Mandi and crossing the Mitha Lak Distributary up to the point of start.

No. 270-C.-40/5415.—With reference to rule 7 of the rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 1914-C.-39/18715, dated the 24th May, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to notify for the information of the general public the following schedule of books for the next examination of Small Towns Accountants :—

SCHEDULE.

GROUP A.

Paper I.

(i) Precis-writing and drafting.

(ii) Elementary Commercial Book-keeping by Arthur Field House.

Paper II.

(i) Statutory Rules and Orders, etc. :—

(1) Punjab Education Code.

(2) Consolidated Circular No. 28 relating to the staging bungalows and rest-houses.

(3) Medical Manual (Chapters II, III, IV, X and XI only).

(4) Veterinary Circular No. 5.

(5) Copying Agency Rules.

(6) Civil Service Regulations, Chapter XV, Chapter XXXVIII and Chapter XLVII.

(7) The Indian Electricity Rules, 1937.

(ii) (1) Fundamental Rules, Volume I (excluding special leave rules applicable to high officials, Army officers, etc., and all the appendices).

(2) Fundamental Rules, Volume II. Chapters 1—25.

(3) Fundamental Rules, Volume III, Chapters 1 and 2 (sections i—xvi, xviii—xxi and xxiii).

(4) Punjab Revised Leave Rules, 1936, as amended up to date.

(*iii*) (1) Civil Account Code, Volume I, Chapters 1, 9, 10, 12, 13 and Appendices 2, 5-A, 8, 8-A, 8-C and 8-H.

(2) Civil Account Code, Volume II, Chapters 16, 19, 20 and 30.

(3) P. W. D. Code, Chapters 1-1, lk (*ii*), II, III, A (vi), IV (A) and (D) and Appendix VII.

(4) P. W. Account Code, Chapters II, III (*b*), VII, X, X-A, XI, XIII, XIV and XV.

GROUP B.

Paper I.

1. Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, as modified up to 1937 and as amended by the Government of India (Adaptation of Indian Laws) Order, 1937.

2. Punjab Municipal (Executive Officer) Act, 1931, as amended by the Government of India (Adaptation of Indian Laws) Order, 1937.

3. The rules of general application in force under the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, and the Punjab Municipal (Executive Officer) Act, 1931, namely :—

(1) Punjab Government notification No. 13981, dated 16th July, 1918, as amended by notifications Nos. 19677, dated 26th July, 1923, 21197, dated 29th August, 1923, 13919, dated 2nd June, 1925, 25262, dated 18th November, 1925, 30031, dated 23rd November, 1927, 7100, dated 29th February, 1932, 22680, dated 30th May, 1932, 850, dated 11th January, 1933, 3358-S. L. G.-36/1275, dated 12th January, 1937, 3700-C.-37/2671, dated 24th January, 1938, 2946-C.-38/35614, dated 26th October, 1938, and 3179-C.-38/35617, dated 26th October, 1938;

(2) Punjab Government notification No. 7081, dated 8th March, 1920 ;

(3) Punjab Government notification No. 20768, dated 9th August, 1922 ;

(4) Punjab Government notification No. 15291, dated 22nd June, 1925, as amended by No. 18450, dated 18th June, 1934 ;

(5) Punjab Government notification No. 17655, dated 8th June, 1934 ;

(6) Punjab Government notification No. 5-L. S.-G.-36/8368, dated 13th March, 1936 ; and

(7) Punjab Government notification No. 4001-C.-35/17407, dated 22nd May, 1936.

4. The Municipal Works Rules, 1925, published with Punjab Government notification No. 5690, dated 4th March, 1925, as amended up-to-date.

5. The Municipal Election Rules, 1930, published with Punjab Government notification No. 18030, dated 28th May, 1930, as amended up-to-date.

6. Rules for the procedure to be observed by the Municipal Committees in dismissing their officers and servants and as to appeals from such orders—Punjab Government notification No. 4421, dated 17th February, 1925, as amended by notification No. 30256, dated 16th September, 1932.

7. The Punjab Municipal Account Code (Edition of 1938) as amended up to date.

8. Proceedings of the Punjab Government (Ministry of Education) in the Local Self-Government Department No. 1520, dated 19th January, 1925, as amended by Punjab Government notification No. 39177, dated 14th December, 1932.

9. Cattle Trespass Act.

10. Hakney Carriages Act.

Paper II.

The Small Towns Act, 1921, as modified up to 4th May, 1925, and amended by Act XIV of 1926, and Act IV of 1929.

The Small Towns Account Rules (Punjab Government notification No. 25432, dated 3rd November, 1923), as amended up-to-date.

GROUP C.

Same books as for paper II of Group A.

The 7th February, 1940.

No. 99-L. G.—Bds.-40/5961.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause(*g*) of section 16 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare that expenditure incurred on account of the carriage of ballot boxes in connection with the elections of Town Committees, is a charge to the payment of which the town fund of small towns in the Punjab may be applied.

Notified Areas.

The 3rd February, 1940.

No. 243-C.-40/5403.—The following amendments made by the Notified Area Committee of **Chichawatni**, in the Montgomery district to its by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 562-C.-37/20581, dated 18th May, 1937, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Notified Area of **Chichawatni**, on the 18th day of March, 1940 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. After by-law 4 the following new by-law shall be added :—

" 5. No person shall drive a motor vehicle on any of the roads and in any of the bazars specified in column 2 of the annexed schedule at a speed exceeding that shown against it in column 3 of the schedule.

Note.—The speed limit fixed under rule 36 (*a*) of the Punjab Motor Vehicles Rules, 1931, as amended from time to time, is applicable to other roads in the Notified Area."

2. Existing by-law 5 shall be renumbered " 6 " and in it for the words " by laws 2 to 4 " the words " by-laws 2 to 5 " shall be substituted.

SCHEDULE.

No.	Description of bazars and roads.	Speed limit.
1	Sadar Bazar	15 miles per hour.
2	Guru Bazar	Ditto.
3	Railway Road	Ditto.
4	Okanwala Road	Ditto.
5	Hospital Road	Ditto.
6	Post Office Road	Ditto.

The 7th February, 1940.

No. 464-C.-40/6097.—The following by-laws made by the Notified Area Committee of **Jalalabad,** in the Ferozepore district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188, 197 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the said Act are published for general information and shall come into force within the Notified Area of **Jalalabad,** on the 26th day of March, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. No person shall within the Notified Area limits, sell or expose for sale, wholesale, retail or by auction any fruit, vegetable or sugarcane in premises other than premises licensed for the purpose by the committee.

Note.—Red chillies, potatoes, chilgozas, almond, nuts, ground-nuts, kishmish and dates are exempted from the operation of this by-law.

2. (1) Any person wishing to obtain a licence for premises to be used for the sale wholesale, retail or by auction, of any fruit, vegetables or sugarcane shall submit an application to the committee which may grant or refuse to grant the licence.

(2) When the application for a licence has been granted by the committee, the secretary shall issue the licence on payment of fees as follows :—

(a) for the sale by auction or wholesale or both of fruit and vegetables, Rs. 50 per annum ;

provided that if the licence is issued in respect of any period less than one year the fee shall be calculated at the rate of Rs. ten per mensem ;

(b) for sale by retail of fruit or vegetables or both, Rs. twelve per annum ;

provided that if the licence is issued in respect of any period less than one year the fee shall be calculated at the rate of Re. one per mensem ;

provided further that for purposes of realization of fee under by-law 2 fraction of a month shall be reckoned as one month.

(3) The licence for sale by auction, wholesale or retail, of sugarcane shall be issued free of charge.

3. Every licence issued under by-law 2 shall be subject to the following condition that the licensee shall not keep on the licensed premises any fruit, vegetable or sugarcane which is rotten, decayed or over-ripe or is otherwise unfit for human consumption.

4. The committee may by an order in writing, suspend any licence for a breach of any of the condition specified in by-law 3.

5. No person suffering from any contagious or infectious disease, or from loathsome sores shall be suffered to enter the licensed premises.

6. Every occupier of the licensed premises shall keep the premises in a thoroughly clean condition and shall allow no refuse to remain in or about such premises, and shall from time to time, as often as occasion may arise, cause such refuse to be placed in a receptacles to be provided by the licensee for the purpose.

7. Any person who commits a breach of by-laws 1, 3, 5 and 6 shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with a fine which may extend to fifty rupees ; and if the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which such breach continues.

Public Health.

The 3rd February, 1940.

No. 5943-M.-39/5475.—Whereas in Punjab Government notification No. 5943-M.-39/39204, dated the 22nd November, 1939, the Governor of Punjab declared his intention of extending the provisions of the Vaccination Act, 1880, as amended by the Punjab Vaccination Law Amendment Acts, 1925 and 1929, to the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Dera Ghazi Khan**, and whereas no objection to such extension has been received, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to extend the said Act to the said area with effect from the date of publication of this notification.

RAM CHANDRA,

Secretary to Government, Punjab,

Medical and Local Government Departments.

2239 CS—1156—8.2-40—SGPP Lahore.

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The Government Gazette, Punjab.

Published by Authority.

No. 7. LAHORE, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1940.

PART I—A.

Punjab Government Notifications and Orders.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Boards.

The 10th February, 1940.

No. 6387-L. G. 39/6673.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 6387-L. G.-39/43812, dated the 20th December, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendment to the Municipal Account Code, 1930 (revised edition) :—

AMENDMENT.

The following new rule shall be *inserted* after rule XVII·3 :—

" XVII-3-A. A security deposited under rules XIII·6 and XVII·2 shall lapse and shall be credited to the committee if it remains unclaimed for more than three complete account years after it has become due. A security thus lapsed to the committee shall not be repaid unless the committee is satisfied that the item was really received, was carried to credit as lapsed and is new claimed by the person who might have drawn it at any time before the lapse. The repayment of the security shall be recorded in the remarks column of the Register of Deposits (Form G·25) in order to ensure that a lapsed deposit is not paid more than once ".

No. 6387-L. G.-39/6676.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 6387-L. G.-39/43815, dated the 20th December, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 55 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, and section 19 of the Punjab General Clauses, Act 1898, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendment of the District Board Account Code, 1926 :—

AMENDMENT.

The following new rule shall be *inserted* after rule 81 :—

" 18-A. A security deposited under rules 48 and 80 shall lapse and shall be credited to the Board if it remains unclaimed for more than three

complete account years after it has become due. A security thus lapsed to the Board shall not be repaid unless the Board is satisfied that the item was really received, was carried to credit as lapsed and is now claimed by the person who might have drawn it at any time before the lapse. The repayment of the security shall be recorded in the remarks column of the Register of Deposits (Form 52) in order to ensure that a lapsed deposit is not paid more than once ".

The 12th February, 1940.

No. 361-L.G.-40/6974.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 18 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to appoint the Deputy Commissioner Lahore, to be the Chairman of the District Board of **Lahore**.

No. 6507-L. G.-39/6977.—In the matter of the election petition of Chaudhri Narindar Singh and others, against the return of Chaudhri Sheo Chand as a member of the District Board of **Hissar**, the Governor of the Punjab, in pursuance of the provisions of rules 73, 74 and 75 of the District Board Election Rules, 1933, is pleased (*i*) to declare the election of Chaudhri Sheo Chand to be void, (*ii*) to order that the said Chaudhri Sheo Chand shall, for a period of five years, be incapable of being elected or nominated to membership or to any office whether honorary or paid of any District Board, and (*iii*) to order that the respondent Chaudhri Sheo Chand shall pay to the petitioners Chaudhri Narindar Singh, Gopal, Sohan Lal, Rup Ram and Munshi the sum of rupees two hundred and fifty, annas six only as costs.

No. 6507-L. G.-39/6978.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 14-A of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to direct that the seat of Chaudhri Sheo Chand shall forthwith be vacated in consequence of his election having been declared *void*.

The 14th February, 1940.

No. 300-L. G.-40/7302.—The following draft of an amendment of the District Board Account Code, 1926, which the Governor of the Punjab proposes to make, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 55 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, and section 19 of the Punjab General Clauses Act, 1898, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 30th March, 1940, together with any objection or suggestion which may be received by the Punjab Government, from any person with respect to the draft before that date :—

DRAFT AMENDMENT.

In sub-rule 2 of rule 89 after the words ' outer Saraj ' the words ' and Spiti ' shall be inserted.

No. 461-L. G.-Bds.-40/7330.—The following amendments made by the District Board of **Rawalpindi** to the Provident Fund Rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 24566, dated the 27th June, 1932, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the said Board on the 26th March, 1940 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. *Substitute* the following new rule *for* the existing rule 12 :—

" 12. The Board shall maintain—

General accounts to be maintained by the Board.

(1) a Provident Fund Account in Form P. F. 4,

(2) a Provident Fund Investments Account in Form P. F. 5,

(3) a Provident Fund Investments Interest Account in Form P. F. 6 or if a Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund is maintained a Provident Fund Investment Interest Account in Form P. F. 6-A and a Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund Account in Form P. F 6-B, and

(4) an account in Form P. F. 8, showing the amount available for payment of insurance premia of the Provident Fund subscribers".

2. *Insert* the following new forms *after* Form P. F. 6

Form P. F. 6.-A.

Rule 12.

Provident Fund Investments Interest Account ______________ *District Board.*

Serial No. in Provident Fund Investment Account (P. F. 5).	INSTALMENT OF INTEREST DUE.		INSTALMENT OF INTEREST RECEIVED.			DISPOSAL OF INTEREST RECEIVED.									
	(a)	(b)	(a)	(b)	(c)	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)					
	Date.	Amount.	Date.	No. and date of chalan with which remitted to treasury for credit into the fund of the local body.	Amount.	At savings bank rate to be credited to the P. F. Account.	Difference between columns 3 (c) and 4 (a).	Half of column 4 (b) to be credited to the Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund subject to a maximum of 1% on the amount invested.	Difference, if any, between half of columns 4 (b) and 4 (c).	Half of column 4 (b) plus 4 (d) to be credited to Provident Fund Account.	No. and date of the voucher with which the amount in column 4 (e) is withdrawn from the District Fund for credit to the Provident Fund.	Date on which the amount is credited to the savings bank account.	No. and date of voucher with which the amount in column 4 (d) is withdrawn from the District Fund for credit to the P. F. Investment Depreciation Fund.	Date on which the amount is credited in the P.F. Investment Depreciation Fund.	REMARKS.
1	2		3			4					5(a)	5(b)	6 (a)	6(b)	7
		Rs. A. P.			Rs. A. P.										

NOTE.—This form is to be used by the Boards which maintain Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund. Such Boards need not maintain Form P. F. 6.

Form P. F. 6-B. **Rule 12.**

Provident Fund Investments Depreciation Fund Account ——————— District Board.

Date.	Balance at credit.	Amount credited to the Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund in the Post Office Savings Bank / Imperial Bank. Folio No. of Register P. F. 6(a).	Amount credited ... Amount.	Interest earned on the Investment Depreciation Fund money in the Post Office Savings Bank or Imperial Bank.	Payments. No. and date of the order of the Commissioner sanctioning withdrawal from the fund.	Payments. Amount.	Balance 4—5 (b).	Remarks.
1	2	3(a)	3(b)	4	5(a)	5(b)	6	7
			Rs. A. P.			Rs. A. P.		

3. *Insert* the following new form *after* Form P. F. 7 :—

Form P. F. 8. **Rule 12.**

Register showing the amount available for payment of insurance premia of Provident Fund subscriber.

F. ACCOUNT No.________________

NAME________________

Date.	Provident Fund subscription available for insurance. (a) Amount of deposit made by the subscriber since the last withdrawal for payment of insurance premium was made.	(b) Interest earned since the date of last withdrawal on subscriber's own deposits.	Total of columns 2(a), 2(b) and 4.	Advance paid.	Balance after each transaction.	Remarks.*
1	2			3	4	5
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	

*The fact that the Insurance Policy has been assigned to the Board as well as the number of policy should be noted in the remarks column of the register.

Committees.

The 12th February, 1940.

No. 470-C.-40/6950.—The following amendment made by the Notified Area Committee of **Chichawatni** in the Montgomery district, to its by laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 11358, dated the 11th April, 1927, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for general information and shall come into force within the notified area of **Chichawatni,** on the 30th day of March, 1940:—

AMENDMENT.

For the words "sub-assistant surgeon" wherever they occur in the by-laws the words "veterinary assistant" shall be substituted.

No. 509-C.-40/6952.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee, **Tarn Taran**, in the Amritsar district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Tarn Taran**, on the 30th day of March, 1940:—

BY-LAWS.

1. No person shall import for the purpose of sale within municipal limits the flesh (other than cured or preserved meat) of sheep and goat slaughtered at any slaughter-house, except the municipal slaughter-house.

2. (*i*) Any officer or servant of the Municipal Committee duly authorised in this behalf may seize any flesh of sheep and goat imported within the municipal limits in contravention of by-law 1 or which he has reason to believe has been so imported.

(*ii*) The seizure of any flesh under clause (*i*) of this by-law shall at once be reported to the President, Vice-President or Secretary who may pass such orders, for its destruction or disposal, as he may deem fit.

3. Any person who commits a breach of by-law 1 shall, on conviction by a Magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees.

The 14th February, 1940.

No. 5386-C.-39/7305.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5386-C.-39/41941, dated the 9th November, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following rules:—

RULES.

1. The Deputy Commissioner of Lahore, shall in consultation with the Municipal Committee of Khem Karan, cause to be prepared an accurate plan of the Municipality of Khem Karan, drawn to a scale of not less than one inch to fifty feet, showing thereon all public streets and other immovable property vested in the Committee.

2. The Deputy Commissioner shall also cause to be prepared a *khasra* of the streets and other properties specified in rule 1 in Form 'B' appended to these rules.

3. The Deputy Commissioner shall cause the plan and *khasra,* when ready, to be published in such manner as he deems fit, together with a notice intimating the date not less than two months from the date of the notice by which objections from any person with regard to entries on the plan and *khasra* may be presented to the Revising Authority appointed under rule 5 and the time and place at which the plan and *khasra* may be inspected.

4. The Deputy Commissioner shall arrange to allow any person to inspect the plan and *khasra* during the hours and at the place specified in the notice on any day which is not a public holiday.

5. The Deputy Commissioner shall appoint an Assistant Commissioner or Extra Assistant Commissioner on the district staff to be the Revising Authority for the purpose of hearing objections relating to the plan or *khasra.*

6. When the plan and *khasra* have been published under the provisions of rule 3, objections in respect of entries on the plan and *khasra* may be presented to the Revising Authority, appointed under rule 5, between the hours of ten o'clock in the morning and four o'clock of the afternoon of any day of the period specified in the notice issued under rule 3, which is not a public holiday.

7. The Revising Authority shall maintain a register of objections in Form A in which he shall cause to be entered at the time of receipt particulars of every objection received.

8. Any person aggrieved by any order, which the Revising Authority may pass, may, within seven days from the date of such order, apply to the Deputy Commissioner for revision of the order ; and the Deputy Commissioner, after giving notice to the parties concerned and hearing any representation which they may wish to make, may confirm it or set it aside, and pass such other orders with respect to the objection which he may deem fit.

9. After the objections, if any, have been disposed of, the Deputy Commissioner shall cause the plan and *khasra* to be corrected, if necessary, in accordance with the orders passed on the objections, and shall then have the amended plan and *khasra*, or a fresh copy of it, published for general information.

10. The original plan and *khasra* shall remain in the custody of the Deputy Commissioner, and a copy thereof duly certified by the Deputy Commissioner to be correct, shall be furnished to the Municipal Committee of Khem Karan.

11. The Deputy Commissioner may employ such staff as is required for the preparation of the plan and *khasra* and the Municipal Committee of Khem Karan shall be liable for the cost of pay and other incidental expenses connected with the staff and the preparation of the documents mentioned above, and also for the cost of pay or any other expenditure connected with the appointment of the Revising Authority.

Form A.

[RULE 7.]

Register of objections.

Serial No.	Name, parentage and address of the objector.	Date of presentation of objection with the initials of the officer to whom the objection is presented.	Nature of the objection.	Date of decision.	Summary of decision.	Signature of Revising Authority.	Decision by Deputy Commissioner, if any.	Signature of official by whom effect was given to the decision of the Revising Authority or of the Deputy Commissioner, and date.

Form B.

[RULE 2.]

MUNICIPAL COMMITTEE, KHEM KARAN.

Survey Register.

1	2	3			4								5		6	7
					MEASUREMENT IN FEET AND INCHES.								AREA IN SQUARE YARDS AND DECIMALS.			
					North.		*East.*		*West.*		*South.*					
Plan sheet.	*Khasra* No.	Name of *Mohalla* or Bazar.	Name of *Gali*.	Description of property.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Square yards.	Decimals.	Possessor's name, with father's name, caste, occupation and present address.	REMARKS.

No. 429-L.G.—Bds.-40/7334.—Whereas it appears to the Governor of the Punjab that with reference to notification No. 4756-L.G.—Bds.-39/32085, dated the 7th October, 1939, land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Municipal Committee of **Gurdaspur** for a public purpose, namely, for public street in Mohalla Mahashian, Gurdaspur, it is hereby notified that the land described in the specification below is required for the said purpose.

2. This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, to all whom it may concern and, under section 7 of the said Act, the Collector of the Gurdaspur district is hereby authorised to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

3. A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the said Collector :—

SPECIFICATION OF LAND.

District.—Gurdaspur.	*Mauza.*—Gurdaspur.
Tahsil.—Gurdaspur.	*Area of land.*—80 sq. ft.

Boundaries.—*North.*—House of Mahasha Sundar Dass and public street ; *East.*—House of M. Ranjha ; *South.*—House of M. Ranjha and public street ; *West.*—House of M. Lali.

No. 456-C.-40/7349.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Hafizabad**, in the Gujranwala district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Hafizabad**, on the 30th day of March, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. (*i*) " Slaughter-house " means the slaughter-house owned and managed by the Municipal Committee.

(*ii*) " Superintendent " means the officer in charge of the slaughter-house.

2. (*i*) The slaughter-house will be open for the slaughter of animals during such hours as the Committee may from time to time direct.

(*ii*) No animal shall be slaughtered at any other time, provided that in special circumstances and on the realization of twice the usual fee, the Superintendent may allow the slaughter of any animal at any other time. In all such cases the previous written permission of the Superintendent shall be obtained.

3. The Committee shall fix at a conspicious place in the slaughter-house, a notice showing—

(*i*) the hours of the working of the slaughter-house,

(*ii*) the fees payable, and

(*iii*) any other directions that the Committee or the Superintendent may see fit to issue.

4. Every animal for slaughter shall, on being brought to the slaughter-house, be presented for inspection to the Superintendent who before passing any animal for slaughter shall satisfy himself that—

(*i*) it is more than six months old in the case of sheep and more than a year old in the case of goats,

(*ii*) its flesh will be fit for use as human food,

(*iii*) it is not pregnant or with unweaned young,

(*iv*) in the case of milch buffaloes or cows they are dry,

(*v*) it is not diseased or in a dying condition :

provided that an animal which has met with an accident and is otherwise healthy may be passed for slaughter.

5. The Superintendent shall maintain a register in which he shall enter a brief description of each animal approved for slaughter, and the fees recovered therefor.

6. No animal shall be slaughtered until the fee fixed by the Committee from time to time with the previous approval of the Deputy Commissioner under subsection (1) of section 167 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, has been paid.

7. (1) No person shall knowingly bring into any part of the slaughter-house—

(*i*) a diseased or unsound animal,

(*ii*) any sheep less than six months old or any goats less than a year old,

(*iii*) an animal which is pregnant or with unweaned young,

(*iv*) any carcass,

(*v*) any dog, or

(*vi*) any animal not meant for slaughter or for the slaughter of which the slaughter-house is not provided.

(2) Any animal brought in contravention of this by-law shall be summarily removed under the direction of the Superintendent.

8. (1) Animals approved for slaughter by the Superintendent, shall be $\frac{\text{branded}}{\text{marked}}$ with a distinctive mark on ears, hooves or horns and admitted into the waiting-yard of the slaughter-house.

(2) All animals when approved shall be kept in the waiting-yard until the owners or persons in charge receive permission to bring them into the slaughter-yard.

(3) The owner of the animal shall remain responsible for its security while it is in the waiting-yard.

(4) No animal shall be admitted into the waiting-yard unless the prescribed fee has been paid.

9. Animals rejected as unfit for slaughter shall be removed forthwith from the premises of the slaughter-house:

Provided that animals found to be affected by any infectious or contagious disease or which may reasonably be suspected of being so affected shall, if the Superintendent so directs be forthwith apprehended and removed to the Veterinary Hospital or such other place as the Committee may provide for the purpose.

10. Each animal shall be slaughtered immediately over the drain and no blood shall be allowed to flow upon the floor.

11. (*i*) Slaughtered animals shall be disembowelled as soon as possible after slaughter.

(*ii*) The contents of the stomachs and bowels shall not be washed into the drain or allowed to drop on the floor, but shall be emptied into buckets or receptacles provided for the purpose by the Municipal Committee.

12. No person shall rub or cause to be rubbed the inner sides of skins upon the ground within any portion of the slaughter-house or in the neighbourhood of the slaughter-house premises.

13. (*i*) All carcasses shall after skinning, and cleaning be presented to the Superintendent for inspection.

(*ii*) Carcasses which have been passed by the Superintendent as fit for human consumption shall, if necessary, be branded or stamped so as to define their quality.

(*iii*) No person shall remove any carcass from the slaughter-house premises until it has been duly passed by the Superintendent.

(*iv*) The Superintendent shall cause any carcass or meat which is, or in his opinion, unfit for human consumption, to be buried or destroyed.

14. No person shall remove entrails and offals from the slaughter-house until they have been properly washed and cleaned.

15. No person shall blow or stuff any meat within the slaughter-house premises and the Superintendent may cause to be buried or destroyed any meat found to be blown or stuffed.

16. Any carcass or meat ordered to be destroyed in accordance with the provisions of by-law 18 or 15 shall be so treated as to render its use for human food impossible.

17. No meat shall be sold on the premises of the slaugther-house.

18. No person shall remove or cause to be removed from the premises of the slaughter-house any carcass or meat except in a clean receptacle and covered in such manner as to be screened from public view and adequately protected against flies and dust.

19. The Superintendent shall by general or special order direct the disposition of all skins, heads, horns and feet of slaughtered animals and all carcasses or meat found left in the slaughter-house after the hour fixed for closing the slaughter-house.

20. (*i*) No person affected with leprosy, sores or any other skin disease or any contagious or infectious disease shall enter the slaughter-house premises.

(*ii*) No person, other than the municipal staff on duty and licensed butcher and their assistants or *bona fide* servants, shall enter the slaughter-house premises during the process of slaughtering or skinning and cutting up of carcass.

(*iii*) No person shall create any disturbance in the slaughter-house premises.

Any person transgressing the provisions of this by-law may be removed summarily under the direction of the Superintendent.

21. Any person who commits a breach of any of the by-laws 2, 4, 7 to 18 and 20 shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be liable to fine which may amount to fifty rupees.

No. 399-C.-40/7383.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4994-C.-39/41246, dated the 5th December, 1939 and in pursuance of the provisions of sections 5 (3) and 7 (2) of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to include within the Municipality of **Jalalpur Jattan**, in the Gujrat district, or exclude therefrom, as the case may be, the areas lying between the existing boundary as defined in the Punjab Government notification No. 280, dated the 12th April, 1886, and the boundary as specified in the schedule hereto annexed :—

SCHEDULE.

North.—From the north-east corner of Field No. 497 (of Jalalpur Jattan) south-eastwards in a straight line, to the middle of eastern boundary of Field No. 527 (of Jalalpur Jattan) ; thence northwards, in a straight line, to the north-west corner of Field No. 4893/530 to 532 (of Jalalpur Jattan) ; thence eastwards, in a straight line, to the north-east corner of Field No. 4893/530 to 532 (of Jalalpur Jattan) ; thence southwards, in a straight line, to the north-east corner of Field No. 536 (of Jalalpur Jattan) ; thence south-eastwards, in a straight line, to the north-east corner of Field No. 4141/540 (of Jalalpur Jattan) ; thence north-eastwards in a straight line, to the north-west corner of Field No. 580 (of Jalalpur Jattan) ; thence eastwards, in a straight line, to the middle of eastern boundary of Field No. 656 (of Jalalpur Jattan) ; thence eastwards, in a straight line, to the north-east corner of Field No. 3888/265 (of Kulachor) ;

East.—Thence south-eastwards, in a straight line, to the north-east corner of Field No. 1221 (of Kulachor) ; thence south-westwards, in a straight line, to the south-west corner of Field No. 3887 (of Jalalpur Jattan) ;

South.—Thence south-westwards, in a straight line, to the south-west corner of Field No. 1465 (of Kulachor) ; thence south-westwards, in a straight line, to the north-west corner of Field No. 1741 (of Jalalpur Jattan) ;

West.—Thence northwards, in a straight line, to the north-west corner of Field No. 4050/1684 (of Jalalpur Jattan) ; thence northwards in a straight line to the south-west corner of Field No. 1669 (of Jalalpur Jattan) ; thence northwards, in a straight line, to the south-east corner of Field No. 754 (of Jalalpur Jattan) ; thence north-westwards, in a straight line, to the south-east corner of Field No. 776 (of Jalalpur Jattan) ; thence north-eastwards, in a straight line, to the point of start.

No. 572-C.-40/7374.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of Kalka, in the Ambala district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 121 and 188 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall

come into force within the municipality of **Kalka**, on the 30th March, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. Licences under section 121 (1) of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, for premises to be used for any of the purposes specified in the schedule below shall be issued by the Secretary of the Municipal Committee of Kalka, in Form " A " appended to these by-laws on the application of the owner or occupier of such premises and shall be granted on payment of the fee mentioned in the schedule below on the conditions detailed in by-law 3 :—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No	Purpose for which premises are licensed.	Licence fee.
		Rs. A. P.
(a)	A house where a steam engine of 20 nominal horse power or less than 20 nominal horse power is installed.	6 0 0 per annum.
(b)	A house where a steam engine of more than 20 nominal horse power is installed.	12 0 0 " "
(c)	A house where an oil engine of 20 or less than 20 brake horse power is installed.	4 0 0 " "
(d)	A house where an oil engine of more than 20 brake horse power is installed.	8 0 0 " "
(e)	A yard, depôt or place of storage for non-dangerous petroleum not exceeding 500 gallons.	10 0 0 " "
(f)	A yard, depôt or place of storage for fuel wood, charcoal, and dry fodder of every kind.	4 0 0 " "
(g)	A yard, depôt or place of storage for timber wood, wooden boxes, fireworks and sulphur matches.	6 0 0 " "
(h)	A lime-kiln, or charcoal-kiln	3 0 0 " "
(i)	A brick-kiln	6 0 0 " "
(j)	A pottery-kiln	Free.
(k)	A yard, depôt or place of storage for coal of every description	4 0 0 per annum.
(l)	A soap manufacturing house	4 0 0 " "
(m)	A yard, depôt or plate of storage for thatching grass, *sirki*, *wan*, *munj*, rope, *kana*, *san*, *khajoor* leaves, cocoanut fibre, cotton, unslaked lime bamboos.	3 0 0 " "

NOTE.—Fees at full rates will be charged for the licences issued during the period from the 1st day of April to the 31st day of December, and at half-rates for those issued during the period from the 1st day of January to the 31st day of March.

2. All applications for the renewal of licences shall be made before the 15th day of March in each year.

3. Every licence issued under by-law 1 shall be subject to the following conditions :—

(a) that the licensee shall permit any member or officer of the Committee authorised in this behalf to inspect the licensed premises at all reasonable times and without notice ;

(b) that the licensee shall always keep the licence issued by the Secretary at the licensed premises, and shall, on demand, produce it for the inspection of any member or officer of the Committee authorised under clause (a) of this by-law ;

(c) that the licensee shall make adequate arrangements to the satisfaction of the Committee for the extinction of any outbreak of fire ;

(d) that the licensee shall at all times, keep the licensed premises in a clean and sanitary condition, and shall provide them with adequate ventilation, suitable drains, latrines, urinals and other sanitary conveniences for the use of the workmen employed therein ;

(e) that the licensee shall not permit any work to be carried on at the licensed premises which gives rise to offensive noises between 8 o'clock at night and 6 o'clock in the morning unless he has been specially authorised in this behalf ;

(f) that in the premises where oil engines are used, kerosine oil, petroleum and other inflammable materials shall be kept in a separate room which shall not be contiguous to the engine room ;

(g) that the licensee shall store in a suitable room or rooms, which shall be used for no other purpose and shall be rat roof, all grain or pulse received for milling by power supplied by the oil-engine, and all flour produced by milling so long as it remains on his premises ;

(h) that the licensee shall adopt the best practicable means to the satisfaction of the Committee for rendering innocuous all gases, effluvia or vapours emitted by the engine during the process of working and shall in every case cause such gases, effluvia or vapours to be discharged into the external air in such a manner and at such a height as to admit of the proper diffusion of these gases without producing any unwholesome or injurious effects in the neighbourhood or shall cause such gases to pass from the exhaust pipe (or other outlet of such gases) through fire or into a condensing apparatus and then through fire in such a manner as to consume effectually such gases so as to deprive the same of all noxious or injurious properties ;

(i) that in premises where smoke arises through the use of coal in the furnace or any other place in the engine house the licensee shall use such apparatus that will, as far as practicable, consume the smoke arising from the engine or the furnace ;

(j) that for a breach of any of these conditions the licence may be suspended or revoked by an order of the Municipal Committee.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this by-law, the decision of the Committee or some officer appointed by the Committee in this behalf whether the ventilation is adequate or the drains or the rooms are suitable or the means adopted for rendering gases, effluvia or vapours innocuous are the best practicable, shall be final.

Form "A".

A LICENCE TO CARRY ON AN OFFENSIVE AND DANGEROUS TRADE IN THE MUNICIPAL COMMITTEE OF KALKA.

N. B.—This licence is subject to the conditions specified in by-law 3 of the by-laws published with Punjab Government Notification No. 572-C.-40/7374, dated the 14th day of February, 1940.

Serial No. of licence.	Name, perentage, caste and residence of the licensee.	A description of the premises licensed.	A specification of the trades mentioned in section 121 (1) of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, for which the licence is issued.	Endorsement of annual renewal of licence.
				Renewed on Secretary, Municipal Committee, Kalka.

Small Towns.

The 10th February, 1940.

No. 471-C.-40/6679.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-clause (XVIII) of clause (b) of the proviso to rule II·47 of the Small Towns Account Rules, 1923, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare

that the Town Committee of **Jalalpur Pirwala**, in the Multan district may demand proof of previous payment of octroi in respect of the following articles when they are exported from the Small Town :—

1. Cloth,
2. Ghees and Oils of all kinds,
3. Sugar, Gur of all kinds and,
4. Grains of all kinds.

Notified Areas.

The 14th February, 1940.

No. 434-C.-40/7336.—The following by-laws made by the Notified Area Committee of **Jalalabad** in the Ferozepore district in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the Notified Area of, **Jalalabad**, on the 30th day of March, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. No person shall import for the purpose of sale within Notified Area limits the flesh (other than cured or preserved meat) of any cattle, sheep, goat or swine slaughtered at any slaughter house, except the Notified Area slaughter-house or a slaughter-house duly licensed by the Notified Area Committee.

2. (*i*) Any officer or servant of the Notified Area Committee duly authorised in this behalf may seize any flesh of any cattle, sheep, goat or swine imported within the Notified Area limits in contravention of by-law 1 or which he has reason to believe has been so imported.

(*ii*) The seizure of any flesh under clause (*i*) of this by-law shall at once be reported to the Medical Officer of Health or in his absence to the Secretary of the Committee, who may pass such orders, for its destruction or disposal, as he may think fit.

3. Any person who commits a breach of by-law 1 shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with a fine which may extend to fifty rupees.

Public Health.

The 14th February, 1940.

No. 770-M.-40/7347.—Whereas at a meeting of the Notified Area, Committee of **Kamoki Mandi**, in the Gujranwala district, specially convened in this behalf on the 30th June, 1939, it was resolved to apply to the Provincial Government to extend the provisions of the Vaccination Act, 1880, as amended by the Punjab Vaccination Law Amendment Acts, 1925 and 1929, to the said Notified Area and whereas such application has been made accordingly, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased under the provisions of section 3 of the said Act to declare his intention of extending the said Act to the said Notified Area.

2. Any inhabitant of the said Notified Area who objects to such extension may, within six weeks from the date of publication of this notification, send his objection in writing to the Secretary to Government, Punjab, Medical and Local Government Departments, and the Governor of the Punjab will take such objection into consideration.

No. 684-M.-40/7353.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 1 of the Punjab Pure Food Act, 1929, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to extend to the Small Town of **Ladwa**, in the Karnal district, with effect from the date of publication of this notification the provisions of sections 3 to 22 of the said Act, in respect of all articles of food and drink.

No. 684-M.-40/7356.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Pure Food Act, 1929, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to appoint the Chemist, Public Health Department, Punjab, to be a Public Analyst for the Small Town of **Ladwa**, in the Karnal district, in respect of all articles of food and drink.

RAM CHANDRA,
Secretary to Government, Punjab,
Medical and Local Government Departments.

2285 CS—1155—16-2-40—SGPP Lahore.

Registered No. L. 864.

The Government Gazette, Punjab.

Published by Authority.

No. 8. LAHORE, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 23, 1940.

PART I—A.

Punjab Government Notifications and Orders.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Boards.

The 16th February, 1940.

No. 48-L.G.-40/7790.—The following draft of amendments of the Municipal Account Code, 1930 (revised edition) which the Governor of the Punjab proposes to make, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 6th April, 1940, together with any objection or suggestion which may be received by Government from any person with respect to the draft before that date :—

DRAFT AMENDMENTS.

In rule XVII·16—

(*a*) the word " and " occurring between the words " investments " and " the unspent balance " shall be substituted by a comma,

(*b*) the word " and " occuring between the words " accounts " and " loans and grants " shall be substituted by a comma, and

(*c*) the following words shall be inserted after the words " loans and grants of all kinds " wherever they occur :—

" and receipts from the sale of land and buildings."

No. 48-L.G.-40/7793.—The following draft of amendments of the District Board Account Code, 1926, which the Governor of the Punjab proposes to make, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 55 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, and section 19 of the Punjab General Clauses Act, 1898, is published for the information of persons likely to be

affected thereby. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 6th April, 1940, together with any objection or suggestion which may be received by the Punjab Government from any person with respect to the draft before that date :—

DRAFT AMENDMENTS.

In rule 93—

(*a*) the word " and " occurring between the words " investments " and " the unspent balance " shall be substituted by a comma,

(*b*) the word " and " occurring between the words " accounts " and " loans and grants " shall be substituted by a comma,

and

(*c*) the following words shall be inserted after the words " loans and grants of all kinds " wherever they occur :—

" and receipts from the sale of land and buildings ".

The 21st February, 1940.

No. 560-L. G.-40/8382.—Whereas it appears to the Governor of the Punjab that with reference to notification No. 1713-L. G.-39/16485, dated the 1st May, 1939, land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, namely, for the preservation of pre-historic sites and extension of archaeological excavations at Harappa in the Montgomery district, it is hereby notified that the land described in the specification below is required for the said purpose.

2. This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, to all whom it may concern and, under section 7 of the said Act, the Collector of the Montgomery district is hereby authorised to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

3. A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the said Collector :—

SPECIFICATION OF LAND.

District.—Montgomery.
Tahsil.—Montgomery.

Locality.— Harappa.

Description of the land and its area.—(1) *Ghair mumkin* residential land belonging to Asa Nand, Bhag Rai, etc., 0·88 acres, (2) *Ghair mumkin* protected mound and *banjar kadim* entered as *shamilat deh* and property of various other owners 43·74 acres, (3) land proposed for hospital and a school 1·28 acres.

Committees.

The 21st February, 1940.

No. 175-C.-40/8375. - Whereas the Municipal Committee of **Rawalpindi** consists of 21 members of whom fifteen are elected and six appointed.

And whereas it is expedient in the public interest to increase the number of seats as a temporary measure.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*a*) section 14 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to direct that the number of seats shall be increased by one with effect from the date of this notification and until the results of the next elections are notified.

And further, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 12 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, and in pursuance of the proviso attached to that section, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to direct that this one seat shall be filled by appointment and that the person so appointed shall remain in office until the results of the next elections are notified.

No. 400-C.-40/8378.—The following amendment made by the Municipal Committee of **Dinga** in the Gujrat district of its by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 24074, dated the 18th September, 1933, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Dinga** on the 6th day of April 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

In by-law 4, between the words " granted " and " subject " the following words shall be added :—

" on payment of a fee of Re. 1 per annum " or annas 2 per mensem.

No. 573-C.-40/8380.—On the application of the Municipal Committee of **Hoshiarpur**, and in exercise of the powers conferred upon him by the second proviso to clauses (*a*) and (*b*) of section 188 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to sanction the extension of the Hackney Carriage Rules published with notification No. 3049, dated the 19th May, 1921, issued by the Commissioner, Jullundur division, to the following roads up to an extent of ten miles from the limits of the **Hoshiarpur** Municipality in the Hoshiarpur District in each case :—

Roads leading from Hoshiarpur to—

(*i*) Hariana.

(*ii*) Garhshankar.

(*iii*) Jullundur.

(*iv*) Una.

(*v*) Phagwara.

(*vi*) Tanda.

(*vii*) Bharwain.

(*viii*) Bassi Ghulam Hussain.

2. Punjab Government notification No. 12424, dated the 10th April, 1922, is hereby cancelled.

No. 533-C.-40/8392.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Eminabad**, in the Gujranwala district in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188, 189 and 190 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Eminabad**, on the 6th day of April, 1940, from which date Punjab Government notification No. 420, dated the 11th July, 1907, in so far as it relates to **Eminabad** Municipality shall be deemed to be cancelled :—

BY-LAWS.

1. (1) Every person intending to erect or re-erect any building shall give notice of such intention in writing to the Secretary of the Committee in Form A appended to these by-laws, and shall at the same time submit—

(*a*) a site plan of the land on which it is intended to erect or re-erect the building ;

(*b*) a plan of the building which it is proposed to erect or re-erect ; and

(*c*) the specification detailed in Form B appended to these by-laws.

(2) Copies of forms A and B may be obtained from the municipal office at two annas per form.

(3) In the case of an encroachment or structure proposed to be constructed on a site adjacent to a public street under the control or management of the Public Works

Department of Government or of any local authority the applicant shall submit the plans and specifications referred to above in triplicate and one complete set of the plans shall, immediately on presentation, be forwarded by the Committee to the Executive Engineer or the other local body concerned for information.

(4) In the case of a structure proposed to be constructed on land purchased from Government, the applicant shall submit the plan and specifications referred to in clauses (a), (b) and (c) of by-law 1 (1) in triplicate and one complete set of the plan, shall, immediately on presentation, be forwarded by the Committee to the Collector for information.

(5) In case of the erection or re-erection of a building within one hundred yards of the Railway premises, the applicant shall submit a spare copy of the plan and specifications referred to in clauses (a), (b) and (c) of by law 1 (1) and one complete set shall be forwarded by the Committee to the Divisional Superintendent, North-Western Railway, concerned for his information.

2. The site plan shall be drawn to a scale of not less than one-eighth of an inch to the foot, shall be submitted in duplicate on tracing cloth and shall show—

(a) the direction of the north point ;

(b) the boundaries of the site ;

(c) the position of the site in relation to the neighbouring streets and the level of the site in relation to the streets, if any, on which it abuts ;

(d) the position of the proposed building in relation to the boundaries of the site ;

(e) the names, if any, and width of all streets on which the site abuts.

(3) The building plan shall be drawn to a scale of not less than one-eighth of an inch to the foot, shall be submitted in duplicate, and shall show—

(a) the plan of the ground floor and of every additional floor ;

(b) the position and dimensions of all projections beyond the main walls of the building ;

(c) the position of all proposed drains, privies, latrines, urinals and cesspools ;

(d) the level and width of the foundations, and the level of the lowest floor with reference to the level of the centre of the street on which the front of the proposed building is to abut.

4. The Committee may require any person who has submitted an application to erect or re-erect any building to submit, in addition to the plans and specifications required by by-law 1, elevations and sections of the proposed building, together with full specifications regarding the materials and methods of construction to be used for external walls, party-walls, foundations, roofs, ceilings, floors, staircases, fireplaces and chimneys.

5. No application for the erection or re-erection of a building shall be considered by the Committee until it is certified by the Municipal Engineer, or the Secretary, if there is no Municipal Engineer, that the plan submitted with the application is in accordance with the provisions of these by-laws.

6. In no building shall any open sewer or drain pass through any room used or intended to be used as a living or sleeping room.

7. No drain shall be constructed within the thickness of any wall of any building.

8. A drain shall be provided for every latrine, privy, urinal, bath-room and cooking place. Such drain shall be constructed of glazed pipes, or other impervious material and shall connect the floor of the latrine, privy, urinal, bath-room or cooking place with—

(a) a municipal masonry drain, or

(b) a private cesspool constructed as hereinafter prescribed,

9. Every latrine or privy shall be so constructed that—

(a) there shall be adequate access thereto for the purpose of cleansing ;

(b) when the outer door thereof is open, the seats shall not be visible from the street or other public place.

10. (1) No person shall install water-flushed latrines in his house unless the house-drains are connected with a municipal sewer or unless arrangements are made to purify the sewer in a properly constructed septic tank of a suitable size and to discharge the effluent into a municipal sewer or into a sullage drain certified by the Sub-Assistant Surgeon of the local dispensary to be capable of carrying off the effluent without danger to the health of the public. Such installations shall be constructed under the supervision of a Sanitary Inspector and shall be approved by the Sub-Assistant Surgeon of the local dispensary before they are taken into use.

(2) No person shall dispose of the effluent from a septic tank by surface irrigation or by sub-soil drainage or into open unlined cesspools.

11. No person shall construct a private cesspool—

(a) unless there is no municipal drain within one hundred feet of the premises for which it is required ;

(b) except within the boundaries of private land ;

(c) except a cesspool of masonry with a cast iron moveable covering ;

(d) unless adequate access is provided thereto for the purpose of cleansing it ; and

(e) within one hundred feet of any inhabited building.

12. Every interior yard must be raised at least one foot above the level of the nearest street so as to admit of easy drainage into such street.

13. No person shall construct any building of more than five storeys including the ground floor and no person shall construct any building of more than two such storeys unless the outer walls of such building are made of brick, stone or re-inforced concrete.

14. No person shall construct any staircase of a width of less than three feet or with steps having a rise of more than nine inches or a breadth of less than ten inches measured from the vertical face o the rise.

Form A.

From

____

____

____

To

The Secretary,

Municipal Committee,

Eminabad.

I hereby give notice under subsection (2) of the section 189 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, that I intend to $\frac{\text{erect}}{\text{re-erect}}$ a building as specified in Form B attached, situated in (here insert street, ward, etc.)

I attach—

(a) the plans in $\frac{\text{duplicate}}{\text{triplicate}}$ required by the Committee's by-laws ;

(b) a specification of the proposed building.

Signature____________________

Date____________________

(Reverse to be filled in in the Municipal office.)

Serial No. of application____________________

Name of applicant____________________

Site of building (name of street, quarter, etc.)____________________

Abstract of application ______________________________

____

Date ____________

Received by the Secretary on ____________

Initials of Secretary ____________

Date by which orders of the Committee must be passed (under subsection (4) of section 193).

(to be filled in in red ink).

Forwarded to ____________ for report on ____________ (date) ____________

(Initials of forwarding officer) ____________

(Date) ____________

Forwarded to the Sanitary Inspector for report on ____________

(Initials of forwarding officer) ____________

Forwarded to the Medical Officer of Health for report on (date) ____________

(Initials of forwarding officer) ____________

Returned to Secretary on ____________

(Initials of forwarding officer) ____________

Submitted to the Sub-committee on ____________ (date) ____________

____

(Initials of Secretary).

(Date) ____________

Submitted to the Committee on ____________

____

(Initials of Secretary).

Abstract of order of the Committee ____________

____

(Initials of Secretary).

Form B.

(Specification of proposed building.)

1. In the case of the $\frac{\text{erection}}{\text{re-erection}}$ of entire house or considerable portion of a house :—

   (*a*) in case of a re-erection of a house, the house number, if any, of the house to be re-erected ____________.

   (*b*) the purpose for which it is intended to use the building ____________.

   (*c*) the materials to be used in the construction of the walls ____________.

   (*d*) the number of storeys of which the building will consist ____________

   (*e*) the position and dimensions of all doors, windows and ventilation openings ____________ ____________.

   (*f*) the number of latrines to be provided ____________.

   (*g*) whether the site has been built upon before or not, if so, the date when the previous building ceased to be fit for occupation ____________.

2. In the case of minor alterations or additions :—

   (*a*) the description of the alteration or addition proposed ____________

   (*b*) the material to be used for such alteration or addition ____________.

Signature ____________

No. 622-C.-40/8408.—The following by-laws made by the Administrator of the **Lahore,** Municipality, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the **Punjab**, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Lahore,** on the 6th day of April, 1940, from which date Punjab Government notification No. 11523, dated the 8th April, 1926, as subsequently amended, shall be deemed to be cancelled :—

BY-LAWS.

1. (*a*) In these by-laws a " hand-cart " shall mean a vehicle pulled or propelled by human agency and used for the transport of goods or for hawking articles for sale.

(*b*) No person shall use any such hand-cart within the limits of the Municipality except under a licence granted in this behalf by the Municipal Committee.

2. (*a*) A licence to use any such hand-cart shall be issued by the Secretary of the Committee on the application of the proprietor of any such hand-cart who shall specify in the application whether the hand-cart is required for private use or for hire, and the hand-cart shall be licensed accordingly.

Provided that the Secretary shall issue no licences in respect of any such hand-cart unless and until the hand-cart has been inspected and approved by the Secretary or some other person or persons appointed by the Committee in this behalf. Such inspections shall be held twice a year, and ordinarily in the months of September, and April.

(*b*) At the time of issue of a licence the Secretary shall give to the proprietor of the hand-cart a number plate to be affixed to the hand-cart. The licensee shall pay for the number plate such sum as may be fixed by the Committee in granting a contract to a contractor for their supply. The amount shall be paid directly to the contractor by the licensee.

(*c*) The licensee shall be responsible for ensuring that the hand-cart does not ply without such number plate being affixed to it in a prominent position, so that it can easily be seen even when the hand-cart is loaded. If the plate is defaced or spoilt in any way, it shall be replaced on payment of such sum as may have been fixed by the Committee for replacements in granting the contract referred to in clause (*b*) of this by-law.

3. Every licence issued under by-law 2 shall expire on the 31st of March next following the date of its issue.

4. Every licence issued under by-law 2 shall be granted subject to the following conditions :—

(*a*) A hand-cart licensed for hire shall be kept at all times in good repair to the satisfaction of the committee ;

(*b*) the person in charge of the hand-cart licensed for hire, shall not, except for reasonable cause, refuse to let if for hire ;

(*c*) the person in charge of a hand-cart licensed for hire and his assistants, if any, shall help in loading and unloading the hand-cart if required by the hirer to do so ;

(*d*) the hand-cart shall not be loaded with a load in excess of the maximum load prescribed in by-law 6 ;

(*e*) if the hand-cart is fited with pneumatic tyres, the tyres shall be properly inflated, the axle bearings and fastening nuts properly lubricated, and the fastening nuts tightly screwed up so as to prevent any play in the axle ;

(*f*) the licensee or any person for the time being in charge of a hand-cart licensed for hire shall, at all times when plying the hand-cart, have with him the licence and shall, if required to do so, exhibit such licence to the hirer ;

(*g*) the licensee or any person for the time being in charge of the hand cart shall, when called upon to do so by any magistrate or officer

of the Committee authorised in writing in this behalf, stop the hand cart and state his name and residence and the name and residence of the proprietor ;

(*h*) no hand-cart licensed for private use shall ply for hire.

5. For a breach of any of these conditions the licence may be suspended or cancelled by an order in writing to be signed by the Executive Officer, if and Executive Officer has been appointed, or if not by the Secretary.

6. (*a*) The maximum load to be carried by any hand-cart within the Municipality shall be as follows :—

(*i*) for every hand-cart fitted with pneu nati c tyres .. 15 maunds.

(*ii*) for every hand-cart without pneumatic tyres .. 7½ maunds.

(*b*) No persons shall load or cause or permit to be loaded any hand-cart ith a load in excess of the maximum load prescribed.

7. Any person who commits a breach of any of these by-laws and every licensee who commits a breach of the conditions of his licence shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to Rs. 50 and if the breach is a continuing breach with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which such breach continues.

No. 501-L. G.--Bds.-40/8416.—Punjab Government notification No. 999- . G.—Bds. 39/,3190, dated the 4th April, 1939, relating to the acquisition of land by the Municipal Committee of **Fazilka** for the disposal of sullage water of the Multani Ganda Nala, is hereby cancelled.

Small Towns.

The 16th February, 1940.

No. 372-L.G.—Bds.40/7773.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 51 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendments of the Small Town Account Rules, 1923, published with Punjab Government notification No. 25432, dated the 3rd November, 1923, as subsequently amended :—

AMENDMENT.

In Part IV—Provident Fund, after rule 3 the following note shall be inserted :—

" NOTE.—In the case of an employee of a Town Committee governed by the Civil Service Regulations or the Revised Leave Rules, 1936, the term " leave on average pay " occurring in sub-rule (2) means the privilege leave on full salary or the earned leave as the case may be."

No. 298-L. G.—Bds.-40/7776.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 51 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following rules :—

RULES.

1. The Deputy Commissioner of Multan district shall, in consultation with the Town Committee of Kabirwala, cause to be prepared an accurate plan of the Small Town Kabirwala, drawn to a scale not less than one inch to fifty feet, showing thereon all public streets and other immovable property vested in the Committee.

2. The Deputy Commissioner shall also cause to be prepared a *khasra* of the streets and other properties specified in rule 1 in form 'A' appended to these rules.

3. The Deputy Commissioner shall cause the plan and *khasra*, when ready to be published in such manner as he deems fit, together with a notice intimating the date not less than two months from the date of the notice by which objections from any person with regard to entries on the plan and *khasra* may be presented to the Revising Authority appointed under rule 5 and the time and place at which the plan and *khasra* may be inspected.

4. The Deputy Commissioner shall arrange to allow any person to inspect the plan and *khasra* during the hours and at the place specified in the notice on any day which is not a public holiday.

5. The Deputy Commissioner shall appoint an Assistant or Extra Assistant Commissioner on the district staff to be the Revising Authority for the purpose of hearing objections relating to the plan and *khasra*.

6. When the plan and *khasra* have been published under the provisions of rule 3, objections in respect of entries on the plan and *khasra* may be presented to the Revising Authority, appointed under rule 5, between the hours of ten o'clock in the morning and four o'clock in the afternoon of any day of the period specified in the notice issued under rule 3, which is not a public holiday.

7. The Revising Authority shall maintain a register of objections in form B in which he shall cause to be entered at the time of receipt particulars of every objection received.

8. Any person aggrieved by any order, which the Revising Authority may pass, may, within seven days from the date of such order, apply to the Deputy Commissioner for revision of the order; and the Deputy Commissioner, after giving notice to the parties concerned and hearing any representation which they may wish to make, may confirm it or set it aside, and pass such other orders with respect to the objection which he may deem fit.

9. After the objections, if any, have been disposed of, the Deputy Commissioner shall cause the plan and *khasra* to be corrected, if necessary, in accordance with the orders passed on the objections, and shall then have the amended plan and *khasra*, or a fresh copy of it, published for general information.

10. The original plan and *khasra* shall remain in the custody of the Deputy Commissioner, and a copy thereof duly certified by the Deputy Commissioner to be correct, shall be furnished to the Town Committee of Kabirwala.

11. The Deputy Commissioner may employ such staff as is required for the preparation of the plan and *khasra* and the Town Committee of Kabirwala shall be liable for the cost of pay and other incidental expenses connected with the staff and the preparation of the documents mentioned above, and also for the cost of pay or any other expenditure connected with the appointment of the Revising Authority.

Form A.

[RULE 2.]

TOWN COMMITTEE, KABIRWALA.

Survey Register.

1	2	3			4								5		6	7
					MEASUREMENT IN FEET AND INCHES.								AREA IN SQUARE YARDS AND DECIMALS.			
					North.		East.		West.		South.					
Plan sheet.	*Khasra* No.	Name of *Mohalla* or Bazar.	Name of *Gali*.	Description of property.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Square yards.	Decimals.	Possessor's name with father's name, caste occupation and present address.	REMARKS.

Form B.

[RULE 7.]

Register of objections.

Serial No.	Name, parentage and address of the objector.	Date of presentation of objection with the initials of the officer to whom the objection is presented.	Nature of the objection.	Date of decision.	Summary of decision.	Signature of Revising Authority.	Decision by Deputy Commissioner, if any.	Signature of Official by whom effect was given to the decision of the Revising Authority or of the Deputy Commissioner and date.

Notified Areas.

The 21st February, 1940.

No. 538-C.-40/8410.—The following by-laws made by the Notified Area Committee of **Vihari**, in the Multan district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the Notified Area of **Vihari** on the 6th day of April, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. In these by-laws the expression " motor vehicles " includes all vehicles, carriages or other conveyances propelled or which may be propelled on road by electrical or mechanical power, either entirely or partially.

2. No person in charge of a motor vehicle shall take his vehicle or any part of it on or over any footpath or tan ride reserved for pedestrians or equestrians, or over any grass plots along the sides of any road.

3. No person shall drive a motor vehicle on any of the roads specified in column 2 of the annexed schedule at a speed exceeding that shown against it in column 3 of the schedule.

NOTE.—The speed limit fixed under rule 36 (a) of the Punjab Motor Vehicles Rules, 1931, as amended from time to time, is applicable to the other roads in the municipality.

4. The person in charge of a motor vehicle shall, if signalled to do so, stop it at the tax or toll barrier by which he enters or leaves the tax or toll limits for the purpose of allowing the officer or staff of the tax or toll department to realise the tax or toll or to examine the contents of the vehicle. The signal for stopping the motor vehicle shall be given by waiving a red flag in front of the vehicle.

5. No person in charge of a motor vehicle plying for hire shall, when waiting for passengers, stop the vehicle anywhere in a street except at a stand allotted for the purpose by the Committee with the approval of the Registering Authority, as defined in Rule 3 (19) of the Punjab Motor Vehicles Rules, 1931.

6. Any person who commits a breach of by-laws 2 to 5 shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees ; and if the breach

is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues :—

SCHEDULE.

ROADS TO WHICH SPECIAL SPEED LIMITS ARE APPLICABLE.

No.	Description of roads.	Speed limit (miles per hour).
1	Railway Road ..	15
2	Town Hall Road ..	15
3	School Road ..	15
4	Factory Road ..	15
5	Grain Market Road ..	15
6	Sarai Road ..	15
7	Wood Market Road ..	15
8	Dhobi Ghat Road ..	15

Medical.

The 21st February, 1940.

No. 797-M.-40/8387.—The following by-laws made by the District Board of **Muzaffargarh**, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 17 of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab are published for general information and shall come into force within the limits of the District Board, **Muzaffargarh,** six weeks after the date of the publication of this notification :—

BY-LAWS.

1. These by-laws shall apply to such areas subject to the authority of the District Board, Muzaffargarh, as the Board may by a resolution from time to time determine.

2. The application of these by-laws to any area shall be made public by beat of drum and the posting of notices in conspicuous places within the area in question.

3. In the area to which these by-laws are applied no person shall practise as nurse, health visitor, midwife, nurse dai, trained dai or dai unless registered as such under the provisions of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932.

4. Any person practising in contravention of by-law 3 or any person committing or abetting the commitment of a breach of by-law 3 shall be liable, on conviction by a magistrate of the first class to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 for the first offence and to a fine not exceeding Rs. 250 for a second or a subsequent offence.

2. Punjab Government notification No. 4851-M.-37/42973, dated the 17th December, 1937, will be cancelled with effect from the date on which these by-laws come into force.

Public Health.

The 21st February, 1940.

No. 590-M.-40/8421.—Whereas at a meeting of the Notified Area Committee of **Buria**, in the Ambala district, specially convened in this behalf on the 30th September, 1939, it was resolved to apply to the Punjab Government to extend the provisions of the Vaccination Act, 1880, as amended by the Punjab Vaccination Law Amendment Acts, 1925 and 1929, to that notified area and whereas such application has been made accordingly the Governor of the Punjab is pleased, under the provisions of section 3 of the said Act, to declare his intention of extending the said Act, to the said notified area.

2. Any inhabitant of the said notified area who objects to such extension may, within six weeks from the date of publication of this notification, send his objection in writing to the Secretary to Government, Punjab, Medical and Local Government Departments, and the Governor of the Punjab will take such objection into consideration.

No. 707-M.-40/8423.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 1 of the Punjab Pure Food Act, 1929, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to extend to the town of **Radaur** in the Karnal district, with effect from the date of publication of this notification, the provisions of sections 3 to 22 of the said Act, in respect of all articles of food-and-drink.

No. 707-M.-40/8426.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Pure Food Act, 1929, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to appoint the Chemist of the Public Health Department to be a Public Analyst for the Town of **Radaur** in the Karnal district, in respect of all articles of food-and-drink.

No. 524-M.-40/8456.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 1 of the Punjab Pure Food Act, 1929, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to extend to the area subject to the authority of the District Board, **Hoshiarpur**, with effect from the date of publication of this notification the provisions of sections 3 to 22 of the said Act, in respect of all articles of food-and-drink.

No. 524-M.-40/8459.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Pure Food Act, 1929, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to appoint the Chemist of the Public Health Department, to be a Public Analyst for the area subject to the authority of the District Board, **Hoshiarpur**, in respect of all articles of food-and-drink.

RAM CHANDRA,

Secretary to Government, Punjab,

Medical and Local Government Departments.

2285 LS-1150-22.2.40-SGPP Lahore.

Registered No. L. 864

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PART I—A.

Punjab Government Notifications and Orders.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Boards.

The 23rd February, 1940.

No. 297-L. G.-40/8833.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 32 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to reduce the amounts of the sanitation tax imposed by the District Board of **Muzaffargarh**, in the village of Gujrat (Kot Adu tahsil),—*vide* Punjab Government notification No. 2120-L. S. G.-36/23080, dated the 24th July, 1936, and in the villages of Kinjhir (Muzaffargarh tahsil); Shahr Sultan and Sitpur (Alipur tahsil); and Kot Sultan (Leiah tahsil), respectively,—*vide* Punjab Government notification No. 119-L. G.-38/3793, dated the 1st February, 1938, as shown below :—

Name of village.	Existing tax.	Reduced tax.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
1. Gujrat ..	86 0 0	84 12 0
2. Kinjhir ..	252 0 0	250 10 0
3. Shahr Sultan ..	432 0 0	417 5 0
4. Sitpur ..	348 0 0	300 0 0
5. Kot Sultan ..	336 0 0	333 0 0

GGP

The 24th February, 1940.

No. 614-L. G.-Bds.-40/8912.—Whereas it appears to the Governor of the Punjab that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of **Sheikhupura**, for a public purpose, namely, for the construction of a road from Nankana Sahib to Chak No. 8-G. B., it is hereby notified that the land described in the specification below is likely to be acquired for the said purpose.

2. This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, to all whom it may concern, and, in exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to authorize the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

3. Any person interested in the land who has any objection to the acquisition may, within thirty days of the publication of this notification, file an objection in writing before the Collector of the Sheikhupura district :—

SPECIFICATION OF LAND.

District.	*Tahsil.*	*Mauza.*	*Area in acres.*	*Boundaries.*
Sheikhupura	Nankana Sahib.	Pairewali Ba'oli.	1·66	A strip of land measuring 3,279·37 feet long and 22 feet wide running from the south-eastern corner to the north-western corner along the boundary of village Chak Watu'an, No. 638-G.B., out of the land of village Pairewali Ba'oli; thence passing through khasra Nos. 1573, 1580, 1581 and 1582 of the village Pairewali Ba'oli, to the point where it meets the northern boundary of khasra No. 1582 leaving 26 feet towards east and 11 feet towards west.

The 28th February, 1940.

No. 676-C.-40/9585.—The following regulations made by the District Board of **Gurgaon**, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 56 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by subsection (2) of section 56 of the said Act, are published for general information. They shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Gurgaon**, on the 13th day of April, 1940 :—

REGULATIONS.

1. These regulations shall apply to all animals and birds which are domesticated or are kept in confinement.

2. An animal or bird shall be deemed to be infected if it is suffering from any of the diseases mentioned in the schedule appended to these regulations or has recently come in contact with, or has been in close proximity to, any other animal so affected.

3. The District Board may appoint an officer of the Civil Veterinary Department as Inspector under these regulations for the whole or part of the area under its jurisdiction.

4. The Inspector may examine any animal or bird in order to ascertain whether it is infected and, if he has reason to believe that it is infected, he shall, by an order in writing, declare the area or place in which such animal or bird is kept to be an infected area or place. He shall then deliver a copy of his order to the owner, occupier, or person in charge of the area or place and shall also forward a second copy to the Chairman of the Board.

5. The person in charge of an infected area or place shall keep the animal or bird confined to the area or place specified by the Inspector until such time as the infected area or place is declared by the Inspector to be free from infection.

6. If the Inspector has reason to believe that the area or place declared infected is free from infection, he shall issue a declaration to that effect. He shall then deliver a copy of his order to the person in charge of the area or place and shall also forward a copy to the Chairman of the Board.

7. Any person who commits a breach of regulation 5 shall on conviction by a Magistrate be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees and if the breach is a continuing one, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day during which the breach is continued after the offender has been convicted of such breach.

SCHEDULE.

DISEASES OF EQUINES.		DISEASES OF BOVINES.	
English name.	Vernacular name.	English name.	Vernacular name.
1. Glanders ..	Badklnar ..	Rinderpest ..	Mata, Sitla, Wah Munuan.
2. Surra ..	Pheta, Tibarsa, Sokra ..	Foot-and-mouth disease	Muhn Khur.
3. Lymphangitis Epizootica.	Zehrbad ..	Hæmorrhagic septicæmia.	Galghotu.
4. Dournine ..	Atshak-i-Aspan ..	Anthrax ..	Salt.
5. Anthrax ..	Salt ..	Blackquatrer ..	Goli.
6. Strangles ..	Kubak, Khunak ..	Sheep Pox ..	Bher ki mata.
7. Contagious skin disease	Jildi imraz muttaddi ..		
8. Gillar ..	Gillar ..		
9. Pleuro Pneumonia (contagious.)	Phiphori.		

Committees.

The 23rd February, 1940.

No. 325-C.-40/8820.—The following amendment made by the Municipal Committee of **Dinga**, in the Gujrat district, of its by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 356, dated the 9th May, 1913, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Dinga**, on the 13th day of April, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

In by-law 3 *for* the words " for a period of one year " *substitute* the words " on payment of a fee of Re. 1 per annum or annas two per mensem ".

The 24th February, 1940.

No. 530-C.-40/8958.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4896-C.-39/41951, dated the 9th December, 1939, and in pursuance of the provisions of subsection (3) of section 5 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to include within the Municipality of **Pindigheb**, in the Attock district, the area lying between the existing boundary as defined in Punjab Government notification No. 101, dated the 11th March, 1912, and the boundary specified in the schedule hereto annexed :—

SCHEDULE.

Description of boundaries.

North.—Stream known as " Sil ".

East.—From the junction of Basal-Tallagang Road with the stream known as " Sil " southwards to the point where it turns eastwards ; thence eastwards along the

northern boundary of fields Nos. 2939, 6600/2940, 6601/2940, 6602/2941, 2942 and 2943 to the north-east corner of the last mentioned field ; thence southwards along the eastern boundary of field No. 2943, to a point where it turns eastwards ; thence eastwards along the northern boundary of Pindigheb-Khaur Road to a point where it turns southwards near *ziart* (field No. 3162); thence southwards and crossing this road along the eastern boundary of field No 3167 to its south-east corner ; thence westwards along the southern boundary of fields Nos. 3167, 3166 and 3165 to the south-west corner of the last-named field ; thence northwards along the western boundary of the said field to the south-east corner of field No. 2857 ; thence westwards along the southern boundary of field No. 2857 to its north-west corner; thence southwards along the eastern boundaries of fields Nos. 2847, 2841, 2840, 2839, 2801 and 2789, to the south-east corner of the last-named field; thence along the eastern boundary of field No. 2780 ; thence along the eastern and southern boundary of Gosha (ج) field No. 2780, to its junction with the Basal-Tallagang Road ; thence southwards along the said road to its junction with the Hariwala rivulet.

South.—Hariwala rivulet.

West.—Stream known as " Sil ".

The 26th February, 1940.

No. 634-C.-40/9216.—The following draft of amendments to the Municipal Account Code, 1930, which the Governor of the Punjab proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 13th April, 1940, together with any objection or suggestion which may be received by Government from any person with respect to the draft before that date :—

DRAFT AMENDMENTS.

In the exit coupon attached to the foil—

(*i*) of form O·21-C *for* the words " Municipal limits ", the words " Octroi limits " ; and

(*ii*) of form T·10-A *for* the words " Municipal limits " the words " terminal-tax limits " ;

shall be substituted.

No. 634-C.-40/9219.—*Corrigendum.*—In sub-rule (3) of rule V·61-C. and sub-rule (3) of rule VI·22-A, inserted in the Municipal Account Code by Punjab Government notification No. 4107-C.-39/42631, dated the 13th December, 1939, *for* the words " exit passes " *read* " exit coupons ".

The 28th February, 1940.

No. 652-C.-40/9470.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee, **Muzaffargarh**, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 182 and 188 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Muzaffargarh** on the 13th day of April, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. Every permit for picketing or tethering animals granted by the Municipal Committee, Muzaffargarh, under section 182 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, shall be in writing, signed by the Secretary of the Committee and shall specify—

(*a*) the nature of the animal to be picketed or tethered ;

(*b*) the limits within which the animal may be picketed or tethered ; and

(*c*) the period for which the permit is valid.

2. No permit shall be granted unless—

(*a*) the animal is a milch cow or buffalo (including the young of either kind), and

(b) the place in which the animal is to be picketed or tethered if a street is not less than 10 feet wide and is used solely for residential purposes.

3. Permits shall only be granted subject to the following conditions :—

(a) that a receptacle, approved as suitable by the Municipal Committee or some person appointed by the Committee in this behalf, is provided for the collection of dung and refuse at the place where the animal is picketed or tethered ; and

) that the owner shall cause the area where the animal is picketed or tethered to be cleaned every morning and every evening and the dung and refuse thus collected to be placed in the receptacle prescribed in condition (a) above.

4. No permits shall be granted to any person who sells milk.

No. 834-C.-40/9596.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Sonepat**, in the Rohtak district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Sonepat**, on the 20th day of April, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. In these by-laws—

(a) " bull " includes a bull buffalo ;

(b) " Sub-committee " means the sub-committee of the Municipal Committee of Sonepat ;

(c) " Veterinary Assistant " means the Veterinary Assistant in charge of the Veterinary Hospital at Sonepat.

2. No person shall let loose a bull within municipal limits henceforth for covering purposes unless the permission in writing of the sub-committee has been obtained and the bull has been registered and branded as hereinafter set forth.

3. All bulls straying within municipal limits shall be liable to seizure and confiscation unless they have been registered at the municipal office under the orders of the sub-committee and branded with a *tirsul* mark.

4. (1) No bull shall be registered under by-law 3 and the sub-committee shall not grant permission for a bull to be turned loose unless—

(a) it is more than two years and six months of age ;

(b) it has been passed by the Veterinary Assistant as being fit for covering purposes ; and

(c) the person letting loose the bull or wishing to have the bull registered has agreed in writing that if it is at any future time declared by the sub-committee to be unsuitable for covering purposes the sub-committee shall have the power to order it to be castrated or to be detained in a *pinjrapool* or *gowshala* or such other place as may be determined by the committee.

Explanation.—No fee shall be charged by the Veterinary Assistant for the inspection of bulls under clause (b).

(2) The description including marks of identification, age and ownership of a bull presented for registration shall be entered in a register to be kept for the purpose by the Veterinary Assistant, together with a note showing the result of his inspection.

5. Any person who commits a breach of by-law 2 shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees ; and if the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

No. 829-C.-40/9600.—The following amendment made by the Municipal Committee of **Gojra,** in the Lyallpur district, to its by-law published with Punjab Government notification No. 10593, dated the 4th April, 1924, as subsequently amended by Punjab Government

notifications No. 41536, dated the 23rd December, 1929, and No. 3712-C.-38/38508, dated the 18th November, 1938, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Gojra**, on the 20th day of April, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

For the classes specified in by-law 8 (1) the following by-law shall be substituted, namely :—

"*Class* (*i*)—10 maunds per man employed in case of ordinary carts and 15 maunds per man employed in case of carts fitted with pneumatic tyres.

Class (*ii*)—35 maunds in case of ordinary carts and 55 maunds in case of carts fitted with pneumatic tyres.

Class (*iii*)—60 maunds in case of ordinary carts and 80 maunds in case of carts fitted with pneumatic tyres.

Class (*iv*)—20 maunds in case of ordinary carts and 40 maunds in case of carts fitted with pneumatic tyres.

Class (*v*)—30 maunds in case of ordinary carts and 50 maunds in case of carts fitted with pneumatic tyres."

No. 550-C.-40/9570.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Rajanpur**, in the Dera Ghazi Khan district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 197 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Rajanpur**, on the 13th day of April, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. In these by-laws—

(*a*) "Adulterated" when applied to banaspatine or charbini means mixed or diluted with any substance of lower commercial value than banaspatine or charbini, as the case may be.

(*b*) "Adulterated ghi" means ghi mixed or diluted with any substance other than banaspatine or charbini of lower commercial value than pure ghi.

(*c*) "Banaspatine" means any article of food, whether mixed with ghi or not, which resembles ghi but is derived from vegetable fat and contains no animal fat other than milk fat.

(*d*) "Charbini" means any article of food whether mixed with ghi or not which resembles ghi or banaspatine, but contain animal fat other than milk fat.

(*e*) "Ghi" means ghi obtained entirely from milk fat.

2. (*i*) No person shall sell ghi, either wholesale or retail, or import ghi for sale, either wholesale or retail, except under a licence granted by the committee in this behalf.

(*ii*) No person shall sell, wholesale or retail, banaspatine or charbini in premises not licensed by the committee in this behalf.

(*iii*) No person shall sell sweetmeats, cakes or other food prepared with banaspatine or charbini in premises not licensed by the committee in this behalf.

3. No premises licensed for the sale of ghi shall be licensed also for the sale of banaspatine or charbini or of sweetmeats, cakes or other food prepared with banaspatine or charbini.

4. Subject to the provisions of by-law 2, licences for premises to be used for the sale of ghi shall be issued free of charge and those for the sale of banaspatine or charbini or for the sale of sweetmeats, cakes or other articles of food prepared with banaspatine or charbini shall be issued on payment of a fee of Rs. 10 per annum or Re. 1 per mensem

the licence is not taken for the whole year by the Secretary on the application of the owner or occupier of such premises in Form A and shall be granted on the following conditions:—

(a) that the licensee shall not sell adulterated ghi, or adulterated banaspatine or charbini, or sweetmeats, cakes or other food prepared with adulterated ghi, banaspatine or charbini.

(b) that the licensee shall not sell banaspatine or charbini or sweetmeats, cakes or other food prepared therewith, in premises which have been licensed for the sale of ghi, or *vice versa*.

(c) that the licensee shall not sell any article under the name of ghi, or any equivalent term with or without the addition of any other word to such name unless such food is derived solely from milk fat;

(d) that the licensee shall not sell any ghi or banaspatine or charbini, or use in the preparation of sweetmeats, cakes or other food any ghi or banaspatine or charbini obtained from a place from which the import of ghi or of banaspatine or charbini, as the case may be, has, under any general or special declaration notified to the licensee, been declared by the Medical Officer of Health to be dangerous to the public health ;

(e) that the licensee shall keep ghi, banaspatine or charbini exposed for sale in clean covered vessels;

(f) that the licensee shall keep all sweetmeats, cakes and other food exposed for sale under such covers as will prevent the articles from being contaminated by flies or other insects;

(g) that the licensee shall not keep any ghi, banaspatine or charbini intended for sale in any place used for cooking or sleeping purposes;

(h) that the licensee shall display at the licensed premises a sign board containing a notice in English, Urdu, Hindi or Gurmukhi characters indicating whether the premises are licensed for the sale of ghi, or for the sale of banaspatine and charbini, or for the sale of sweetmeats, cakes or other food prepared with banaspatine or charbini ;

(i) that the licensee shall display on every package or other vessel of banaspatine or charbini, exposed for sale by retail in such manner as to be clearly visible to the purchaser, a lable measuring at least 4″ × 4″ marked banaspatine or charbini, as the case may be, in red letters on a white ground in Urdu, Hindi, Gurmukhi or English ;

(j) that the licensee shall display on every utensil on or in which sweetmeats, cakes or other articles of food prepared with banaspatine or charbini are exposed for sale by retail, a label measuring at least 4″×4″ setting forth in red letters on a white ground that the sweetmeat, cakes or other articles have been prepared with banaspatine or charbini as the case may be ;

(k) that the licensee shall at all reasonable times permit the Secretary or any member or officer of the committee authorised in this behalf to inspect the licensed premises without notice and take for examination samples of ghi or of banaspatine or charbini sold by him.

5. Licences to import ghi for sale shall be issued free of charge by the Secretary to persons applying therefor and shall be granted subject to the following conditions :—

(a) that the licensee shall not import ghi from any place from which the import of ghi has under any general or special declaration notified to the licensee been declared by the Medical Officer of Health to be dangerous to the public health ;

(b) that the licensee shall import ghi only in clean covered vessels ;

(c) that the licensee shall not import adulterated ghi into the municipality for sale.

6. Any person who commits a breach of any of these by-laws, or any licensee who commits a breach of any conditions of the licence granted to him under these by-laws, shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to Rs. 50, and if the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to Rs. 5 for every day after the first during which the breach continues, and in addition, any licensee who commits such a breach of any condition of such a licence, shall be liable to have his licence suspended or revoked.

Form A.

Application for a licence for the sale of ____________________

Name of Vendor ____________________

Father's name ____________________

Article for which the licence is required ____________________

Situation of the shop ____________________

Street or lane ____________________

Boundaries :—

North........ ....

East..............................

South............................

West.............................

I have read the conditions on which the sale of ____________ is allowed by the Municipal Committee of Rajanpur in the municipal limits and undertake to abide by them.

Applicants signature ____________________

Dated ____________________ Address ____________________

Small Towns.

The 28th February, 1940.

No. 462-L. G.-40/9588.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 3 (1) and (5) of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, and in supersession of Punjab Government notification No. 29838, dated the 19th December, 1923, so far as it relates to the boundary of the Small Town of **Sillanwali**, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare his intention of fixing the limits of the Small Town of **Sillanwali**, in the Shahpur district, as in the schedule below.

2. Should any inhabitant of the local area desire to object to the proposal, he may within three months from the date of publication of this notification, submit his objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Shahpur district, to the Punjab Government :—

SCHEDULE.

North.—Commencing from the north-west corner of Khasra No. 68/43 and running in a straight line towards the east along the northern boundaries of squares Nos. 43, 42, 41, 40 and 39 of Chak No. 127-N. B. up to the north-east corner of Khasra No. 68/39.

East.—Thence running towards the south along the eastern boundaries of Khasra Nos. 68/39 and 68/48 up to the trijunction pillar of Chaks Nos. 126-N. B., 127-N. B, and Mandi Sillanwali ; thence towards the east along the northern boundaries of Khasra Nos. 61/54-A and 61/55-A. up to the north-east corner of the last named khasra ; thence towards the south along the eastern boundaries of Khasra Nos. 61/55-A, 63/55-A, 63/55, and 61/55, killas 2, 9 and 12, of square No. 55 of Mandi Sillanwali, and Khasra Nos. 92/55 and 92/56 up to the south-east corner of the last named Khasra number.

South.—Thence running towards the west along the southern boundaries of Khasra Nos. 92/56 and 92/57 up to the south-west corner of the last named Khasra ; thence running towards the north in a straight line up to the trijunction pillar of Chaks Nos. 138-S. B., 127-N.B., and Mandi Sillanwali ; thence towards the south-west along the southern boundaries of Khasra Nos. 73/58, 73/57, 73/59, 73/60, 73/65, 73/64 and 73/66 upto the trijunction pillar of Chaks Nos. 138-S. B., 140-S. B. and 127-N. B. ; thence towards the west along the southern boundary of Khasra No. 73/67 up to the trijunction pillar of Chaks Nos. 140-S. B., 127-N. B. and 130-N. B.

West.—Thence towards the north running in a straight line along the western boundaries of Khasra Nos. 68/67, 68/63, 68/62, 68/54, 68/53, 68/44 and 68/43 up to the point of start.

Notified Areas.

The 23rd February, 1940.

No. 475-L. G.-40/8827.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*f*) of subsection (*i*) of section 242 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to extend the following sections of the said Act to the Notified Area of **Khaur**, in the Attock district, and to declare that the provisions of the said sections shall come into force from the date of the publication of this notification :—

Sections 70, 72, 74, 79, 84, 85 and 86.

RAM CHANDRA,

Secretary to Government, Punjab,
Medical and Local Government Departments.

2362 CS—1149—29-2-40—SGPP Lahore.

[illegible]—Thence towards the North, [illegible] between the western boundaries of Khasra Nos. [illegible] and [illegible] up to the point of start.

Notified Areas

The 23rd February, [illegible]

No. [illegible]-L. C. 40/8377.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (j) of sub-section (1) of section 242 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to extend the following sections of the said Act to the Notified Area of Khewra, in the Jhelum District, and to declare that the provisions of the said sections shall come into force from the date of the publication of this notification :—

Sections 70, 72, 74, 79, 84, 86 and 89.

R. M. [illegible],

Secretary to Government, Punjab,

Medical and Local Government Departments.

Registered No. L. 84.

The Government Gazette, Punjab.

Published by Authority.

No. 10. LAHORE, FRIDAY, MARCH 8, 1940.

PART I—A.

Punjab Government Notifications and Orders.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Boards.

The 4th March, 1940.

No. 6387-L. G.-39/10300.—*Corrigendum.*—In Punjab Government notification No. 6387-L. G.-39/6676, dated the 10th February, 1940, the figure "81-A" shall be substituted *for* "18-A".

The 5th March, 1940.

No. 747 L G.-40/10503—The following draft of amendments of the Municipal Account Code, 1930 (revised edition). which the Governor of the Punjab proposes to make, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after 20th April, 1940, together with any objection or suggestion which may be received by Government from any person with respect to the draft before that date:—

DRAFT AMENDMENTS.

1. In form G.-11, the word "pay" shall be substituted by the word "paid".

2. The word and figures "Rule XII·5" shall be substituted for "Rule XI·5" occuring at the top of form G.-11.

No. 672 L. G.-Bds.-40/10512.—The following amendments made by the District Board of Muzaffargarh to the Provident Fund Rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 7179, dated the 9th

GGP

March 1933, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, aving been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab are published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Muzaffargarh** on the 22nd April, 1940 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. *Substitute* the following *for* clause (*e*) in rule 1 :—

"(*e*) " Servant includes every employee of the board who holds a permanent post substantively under the board or is officiating in a permanent or a temporary post in the board but holds a permanent post in a substantive capacity under any other local body which maintains a provident fund, but does not include a Government servant employed by the board ".

2. The sub-columns for annas and pies in column 6 of form P. F. I. shall be deleted.

3. In rule 9 (1) for the words " may, up to limit of the amount shown at credit of his account in column 5-A of the Provident Fund Ledger, " shall be substituted the words " may up to the amount contributed by the subscriber including interest accrued thereon. "

4. In rule 9 (4) the words " clause (*a*) or clause (*b*) of " shall be deleted.

No. 681-L. G.-40/10520.—In accordance with the provisions of section 60 (1) of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to direct the publication of the following draft rules, which have been made under the provisions of section 55 (1) (*o*) of the said Act, for the District Board of **Sheikhupura**. The draft rules will be taken into consideration on or after the 20th April, 1940, together with any objections or suggestions in respect of them received before that date :—

DRAFT RULES.

1. Rules 43—56 of the District Board Account Code, 1926, shall not apply to the annual repairs of the District Board school buildings the estimated cost of repairs of which does not exceed Rs. 50 in each case.

2. A lump sum which shall be determined by the Engineering Department after inspection of the building concerned shall be specified from time to time by a resolution of the Board and provided for the annual repairs of each such building. It shall be paid as soon as possible after the first meeting of the Board in the month of October, as an advance to the Head Masters concerned to carry out the repairs under the supervision of the member halqa along with a respectable person of the village concerned as proposed by the local member.

3. The persons entrusted with the work of repairs of the school buildings referred to in rule 1 above shall be responsible to get the work completed by the end of December each year.

4. Such person shall as soon as possible after January 1st submit to the Board's Office, together with a certificate that the work has been completed to his satisfaction the actual payees' receipts for the money spent and return the unspent balance, if any.

5. The District Inspecting Staff shall put down remarks in the school log book whether the repairs have been done satisfactorily or not at the time of their visits to the school.

No. 930-C.-40/10523.—The following regulations made by the District Board of **Rawalpindi,** in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 56 and 57 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, and in pursuance of Punjab Government notifications Nos. 28407 and 28408, dated the 19th August, 1932, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by subsection (2) of section 56 of the said Act, are published for general information, and shall come into force within

the area, subject to the authority of the District Board of **Rawalpindi,** on the 20th day of April, 1940 :—

REGULATIONS.

1. The District Board may authorize any person to destroy, or cause to be destroyed, or confine, or cause to be confined for such period as the Board may direct any dog suffering or reasonably suspected to be suffering from rabies, or bitten by any dog, or any other animal suffering or suspected to be suffering from rabies.

2. No person knowing or having reason to believe that any dog belonging to him or in his charge is likely to annoy or intimidate any person or animal or has been bitten by an animal suffering or reasonably suspected to be suffering from rabies shall neglect to restrain such dog from annoying, intimidating or biting other persons or animals.

3. Any person who commits a breach of regulation 2 shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine, which may extend to twenty rupees, and if the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to two rupees for every day during which the breach is continued after the offender has been convicted of such breach.

The 6th March, 1940.

No. **639-C.-40/10651**.—The following regulations made by the District Board of **Sialkot,** in pursuance of Punjab Government notifications Nos. 1372-C.-39/13909 and 1372-C.-39/13910, dated the 11th April, 1939, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by subsection (2) of section 56 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, are published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Sialkot,** on the 20th day of April, 1940 ;—

REGULATIONS.

1. No person shall, without the permission of the Board, work, erect or re-erect or cause to be worked, erected or re erected an oil engine in any place within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of Sialkot.

2. No person shall erect or re-erect any oil engine in any place that is not approved by the Board.

3. Permission for the working, erection or re-erection of an oil engine shall be granted by the Board subject to the conditions that the person working, erecting or re-erecting an oil engine shall—

(a) permit any member or officer of the Board, authorised in this behalf, to inspect the premises at all reasonable times and without notice ;

(b) make adequate arrangements, to the satisfaction of [the Board, for the extinction of any outbreak of fire ;

(c) at all times keep the approved premises in a clean and sanitary condition and provide them with adequate ventilation, suitable drains, latrines-urinals, and other sanitary conveniences for the use of the workmen employed therein ;

(d) not permit any work, which gives rise to offensive noises, to be carried on at the approved premises between eight o'clock at night and six o'clock in the morning, without the special authority of the Board in this behalf ;

(e) keep the exhaust pipe free and open and not permit anything to be fastened to the end of the exhaust pipe to produce any sound ;

(f) store kerosene oil, petroleum and other inflammable materials in approved premises in accordance with the rules for the time being in force under the Indian Petroleum Act, 1899 ;

(g) store in a suitable room or rooms, which shall be used for no other purpose and which shall be rat-proof, all grain or pulse received for milling by power supplied by the oil engine and all flour produced by milling, so long as it remains on his premises ;

(h) make such arrangements for the effective disposal of offensive waste products of the process of manufacture as may be approved by the Board;

(i) adopt the best practicable means, to the satisfaction of the Board, for rendering innocuous all gases, effluvia or vapours emitted by the oil engine during the process of working, and in every case cause such gases, effluvia or vapours to be discharged into the external air in such a manner and at such height as to admit of the proper diffusion of these gases without producing any unwholesome or injurious effects in the neighbourhood, or cause such gases to pass from the exhaust pipe (or other outlet of such gases) through fire or into a condensing apparatus and then through fire in such a manner as to consume effectually such gases so as to deprive them of all noxious or injurious properties; and

(j) in approved premises where smoke arises through the use of the coal in the furnace or any other place in the engine house, use such apparatus that will, as far as practicable, consume the smoke arising from the oil engine or furnace.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this regulation, the decision of the District Medical Officer of Health on question relating to clauses (c), (d), (g) and (h) and of the District Engineer on questions relating to clauses (h) (f), (i) and (j) shall be final, unless modified or cancelled by the Chairman of the Board on appeal. In such cases of appeal the decision of the Chairman shall be final.

"3 A.—If any person has erected an oil engine before these regulations came into force then no person shall work such engine or cause it to be worked unless he complies with all the conditions laid down in regulation 3."

4. For a breach of any of the conditions contained in regulation 3, the permission granted may be suspended or revoked by an order of the Board, and the oil engine in respect of which this permission is suspended or revoked shall not be worked any longer.

5. Any person who commits a breach of these regulations shall, on conviction by a Magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees (and in default to simple imprisonment for a term which may extend to eight days) and in the case of a continuing breach with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day during which the breach is continued after the offender has been convicted of such breach.

6. The District Engineer may inspect an oil engine and make a report once a quarter that these regulations are followed by the owners of the engines.

7. The Chairman, Vice-Chairman, the Secretary, the District Engineer or the District Medical Officer of Health may lodge before a magistrate a complaint of a breach of any of the provisions of these regulations.

8. The Officers mentioned herein below are authorised to accept from any person concerning whom evidence exists which if unrebutted would prove that he has committed a breach of any these regulations, a sum of money by way of compensation for the offence with regard to which such evidence exists :—

1. Secretary.

2. Chairman.

No. 735-L. G.-40/10654.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5982-L. G.-39/39226, dated the 22nd November, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendments to the Municipal Account Code, 1930 (revised edition) :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. *After* rule III·9 the following new rule shall be inserted as rule III·10 :—

III·10. The committee shall maintain a register of building applications in form G.-35 in which shall be entered all building applications as soon as they are received. The record of various fees realized shall also be made in the respective columns of the form if the committee collects any fees of the kind provided therein.

Register of building applications.

2. *After* form No. G.-34 the following new form shall be inserted as form No. G.-35 :—

Form G.-35. **Rule III·10.**

Register of building applications.

Serial No.	Date of receipt.	Name and address of applicant / owner.	Situation and description (number of storeys and area, etc.), of the building.	Date of expiry of time limit of application prescribed under section 193 (4) of the Act.	Abstract of orders of competent authority.	Amount of tax, if any, under section 61 (i) (f) of the Act.	Amount of fee, if any, realized under section 173.	No. and date of receipt.	Date of commencement of building.	Signature of Muharrir.	Signature of Head of the Department.	REMARKS.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7*	8	9	10	11	12	13

*NOTE.—The entry in column 7 of the register will be filled only by those Municipal Committees which levy a tax on persons presenting building applications.

No. 807-L. G.-40/10657.—In accordance with the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 60 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to direct the publication of the following draft rules which have been made under the provisions of section 55 (1) (o) of the said Act for the District Board of **Gurgaon.** The draft rules will be taken into consideration on or after the 20th April, 1940, together with any objections or suggestions in respect of them received before that date :—

DRAFT RULES.

1. Rules 43—56 of the District Board Account Code, 1926, shall not apply to the annual repairs of District Board school buildings, the estimated cost of which does not exceed Rs. 50 in each case.

2. A lump sum, which shall be determined by the Engineering Department after inspection of each building, shall be specified from time to time by a resolution of the Board and provided for the annual repairs of such building. It shall be paid as soon as possible after the first meeting of the Board in the month of October as an advance to the Head Masters concerned to carry out the repairs under the supervision of the local member of the Board along with a respectable person of the village concerned to be selected by him.

3. The person entrusted with the work of repairs to school buildings to be carried out under rule 1 shall be responsible for having the work completed by the end of December each year.

4. Such person shall, as soon as possible after the 1st of January each year, submit to the District Board office a certificate to the effect that the work has been completed to his satisfaction together with the actual payees' receipts for the money spent, and shall at the same time return any unspent balance.

5. At the time of school inspections, inspecting officers shall note in the inspection register whether the repairs have or have not been carried out satisfactorily.

No. 430-L. G.-40/10660.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*q*) of subsection (2) of section 20 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare that the purchase of radio receiving sets in the public interest is a fit and proper matter to be taken under the control and administration of all District Boards in the Punjab.

The 5th March, 1940.

No. 145-L G.-40/10695.—In exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (2) of section 11 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to appoint the following persons to be members of the District Board of **Karnal** :—

(1) Nawabzada Muhammad Zulfiqar Ali Khan of Karnal.

(2) Chaudhri Said Akhtar Khan, Zaildar, Panipat.

(3) Pandit Shugan Chand, Advocate, Karnal.

(4) Rai Bahadur Chaudhri Bans Gopal, Advocate, Karnal.

(5) Chaudhri Mai Ram Singh, of village Naguran, tahsil Kaithal, district Karnal.

No. 145-L. G.-40/10696.—In exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (2) of section 11 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to appoint the following officials to be members of the District Board of **Karnal** :—

(1) The Deputy Commissioner, Karnal.

(2) The Civil Surgeon, Karnal.

(3) The Sub-Divisional Officer, Kaithal.

(4) The District Medical Officer of Health, Karnal.

(5) The District Inspector of Schools, Karnal.

Committees.

The 5th March, 1940.

No. 875-C.-40/10500.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee, **Hazro**, in the Attock district in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 197 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Hazro**, on the 20th day of April, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. No person shall sell or expose for sale any fruit or vegetables in any place or premises other than the place or premises licensed for the purpose by the committee in this behalf.

2. (1) No premises shall be licensed for the sale or exposure for sale of fruit or vegetables :—

(a) unless it has a floor made of bricks, stone, cement or other impervious material ;

(b) unless the walls are properly plastered and lime-washed ;

(c) unless it is provided with adequate light and ventilation to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health ;

(d) unless it is provided with a drain and the whole floor is so sloped as to allow all liquid to flow off by the drain ;

(e) if there is any direct communication between the premises and any room used as a sleeping room ;

(f) if there is any latrine, cesspool, cow-shed, stable or other place within one hundred feet of the premises which in the opinion of the Medical Officer of Health renders it undesirable that such premises should be used for the sale or exposure for sale of fruit and vegetables.

(2) No place shall be licensed—

(a) unless it has a floor made of bricks, stone, cement, or other impervious material ;

(b) unless it is provided with a drain the floor of which is so sloped as to allow all liquid to flow off by the drain ;

(c) if there is any latrine, cesspool, cowshed, stable or other place within one hundred feet of the place which in the opinion of the Medical Officer of Health

renders it undesirable that such place should be used for the sale or exposure for sale of fruit or vegetables.

3. The Committee may refuse to grant a licence in respect of any premises or place which it considers unsuitable for the sale or exposure for sale of fruit or vegetables.

4. Markets maintained by the committee shall be considered to have been licensed under these by-laws.

5. If on the application of the owner or occupier of any premises or place a licence has been granted by the committee it shall be issued by the Medical Officer of Health in the form A appended to these by-laws and the grant of the licence shall be subject to the conditions specified in that form. A fee of Rs. 2 per annum or annas eight per mensem shall be charged for every licence.

6. (i) The licence may be cancelled by the committee at any time for non-compliance of any of the provisions of these by-laws or for a breach of any of the conditions of the licence.

(ii) The licence so cancelled may be renewed by the Committee on payment of a fee of Re. 1 for the rest of the year for which the licence was available.

7. Any person who commits or abets the commitment of the breach of by-law No. 1 and any licensee who commits or abets the commitment or a breach of any condition of his licence shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees and when the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

Form A.

Licence for place or premises for the sale or exposure for sale of fruit and vegetables under by law 5 of the by-laws for licensing places or premises for sale or exposure for sale of fruit and vegetables published with the Punjab Government notification No. , dated .

The premises or place of which a description is given in the attached schedule situated in—(name of street or ward, etc.) is hereby licensed for sale or exposure for sale of fruit and vegetables.

The licence is granted to $\frac{\text{Owner}}{\text{Occupier}}$ of the said premises or place subject to the following conditions :—

(1) that he shall keep the licensed premises or place, as the case may be, structurally fit for the purposes for which the licence is granted;

Explanation.—" Structural fitness " shall be deemed to include—

(a) the existence of a floor made of bricks, stone, cement or other impervious material;

(b) in case of premises, the existence of walls properly plastered and lime-washed;

(c) adequate provision of light and ventilation;

(d) suitable drains;

(2) that he shall not employ nor permit to be employed in the sale or exposure for sale of fruit and vegetables any person suffering from any contagious or infectious disease or from loathsome sores or who has recently been attending any person so suffering and that he shall not suffer any such person or any animal to remain upon the licensed premises or place.

(3) that he shall keep all vessels, receptacles, utensils, and other things used in the premises or place in a state of cleanliness and shall protect from dust and flies all fruit and vegetables to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health;

(4) that he shall daily cause to be thoroughly washed and cleaned the floor and drain of the licensed premises or place and every bench counter, table, shelf or any material used in such sale or exposure for sale of fruit and vegetables;

(5) that he shall cause the walls of licensed premises to be properly lime-washed at least twice a year or more often if so required by the Medical Officer of Health;

(6) that he shall not carry on or permit to be carried on any other trade or occupation in the licensed premises or place except the sale or exposure for sale of fruits and vegetables and he shall not use or suffer to be used any portion of the licensed premises or place as a living or sleeping room;

(7) that he shall not spit or smoke or suffer any person to spit or smoke within the licensed premises or place;

(8) that he shall not keep or suffer to be kept in the licensed premises or place any bedding, soiled clothes or other things not required for the sale or exposure for sale of fruit and vegetables;

(9) that he shall not use or permit to be used in such sale or exposure for sale any water except water obtained from the municipal water supply and conveyed to the licensed premises or place in a manner approved by the Medical Officer of Health ;

(10) that he shall permit any member or officer of the Committee authorised in this behalf at all reasonable times and without notice to inspect the licensed premises or place.

SCHEDULE.

(The licensed premises or place should be described here. The actual room or rooms in which the sale or exposure for sale of fruit or vegetables is to be carried on should be described in cases where the whole of building is not to be used for such sale or exposure for sale.)

No. 782-L.G.—Bds.-40/10510.—Whereas it appears to the Governor of the Punjab that with reference to notification No. 6216-L. G.—Bds.-39/43576, dated the 19th December, 1939, land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Municipal Committee of **Rewari** for a public purpose, namely, for a school for girls, it is hereby notified that the land described in the specification below is required for the said purpose.

2. This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, to all whom it may concern and, under section 7 of the said Act, the Collector of the Gurgaon district is hereby authorised to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

3. A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the said Collector :—

SPECIFICATION OF LAND.

District.—Gurgaon. *Mauza.*—Rewari.

Tahsil.—Rewari. *Area in acres.*—2·59.

Boundaries—North.—Jewli bazar road leading to Kanod Terminal Tax barrier, *East.*—Public residential quarters, *South.*—Katcha road leading to Qutabpur village, *West.*—Circular road and Zaiighar.

No. 868 C.-40/10530.—The following amendments made by the Municipal Committee of **Panipat**, in the Karnal district of the by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 3471-C.-38/30644, dated the 10th September, 1938, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, are published for general information and shall come into force on the 20th day of April, 1940 :—

AMENDMENTS.

By-Law 4.—Add the following as clause (*iv*), re-numbering the existing clause (*iv*) as clause (*v*)—

" (*iv*) in the case of milch buffaloes or cows they are dry ".

By-Law 7 (1).—Add the following as clause (*iv*), re-numbering the existing clauses (*iv*) to (*vi*) as clauses (*v*), (*vi*) and (*vii*), respectively.

" (*iv*) any buffalo or cow during the period of lactation ".

No. 870-C.-40/10534.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Mian Channu** in the Multan district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 182 and 188 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the said Act are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Mian Channu**, on the 20th day of April, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. Every permit for picketing or tethering animals granted by the Committee under section 182 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, shall be in writing, signed by the Secretary of the Municipal Committee and shall specify—

(*a*) the nature of the animal to be picketed or tethered ;

(*b*) the limits within which the animal may be picketed or tethered ; and

(*c*) the period for which the permit is valid.

2. No such permit shall be granted unless—

(a) the animal is a milch cow or buffalo (including the young of either kind), and

(b) the place in which the animal is to be picketed or tethered if a street is not less than ten feet wide and is used solely for residential purposes.

3. No permit shall be granted except on the following conditions :—

(a) that a receptacle, approved as suitable by the Municipal Committee or some person appointed by the Committee in this behalf, is provided at the place where the animal is picketed or tethered for the collection of dung and refuse ;

(b) that the owner shall cause the area where the animal is picketed or tethered to be cleaned every morning and every evening and the dung and refuse thus collected to be placed in the receptacle prescribed in condition (a) above.

4. No permit shall be granted to any person who sells milk.

No. 402-C.-40/10541.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare his intention of including within the Municipality of **Moga**, in the Ferozepore district, the area lying between the existing boundary as defined in Punjab Government notification No. 1346, dated the 14th January, 1919, and the boundary now proposed as specified in the schedule hereto annexed.

2. Any person who objects to the proposed inclusion of the said area should submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner, Ferozepore, to the Punjab Government within six weeks of the date of publication of this notification :—

SCHEDULE.

Pillar No.	*Boundaries.*
1	.. *North*.—Form the north-west corner of field No. 284 of Moga Jeet Singh (pillar No. 1), eastwards, passing straight through fields Nos. 281J, 279J, 6440/278J, 6439/278J crossing kacha way to Dhalleki (field No. 321J), thence running straight through fields Nos. 415M, 416M, 433M, 434M, 439M, 437M, thence crossing kacha way to Zira (field No. 403M), thence running straight through fields Nos. 285M, 284M, 283M, 278M, 277M, 6537/265M, 6538/265M, 7350/266M, 267M, to the north-east corner of the last named field (pillar No. 2),
2	.. Thence eastwards, crossing the pacca road to Dharamkot (field No. 6546/666M), thence running straight through fields Nos. 487M, 489M, 6556/490M, 483M, 6558/482M, 481M, 8665/495M, 560M, 545M, 554M, 7394/555M, 553M, 552M, 605M, 615M, to the north-west corner of field No. 609M (pillar No. 3),
3	.. Thence eastwards, passing straight through field No. 609M, thence running along the northern side of field No. 6915/667M, thence running straight through fields Nos. 6914/667M, 7793/667M, 7792/667M, 7414/666M, 7413/666M, 7415/666M, 7412/666M, to the south-east corner of the last named field (pillar No. 4),
4	.. *East*.—Thence southwards, crossing the kacha way to Dosanj (field No. 675M), to the north-west corner of field No. 677M, thence running straight through fields Nos. 677M, 676M to the point where it meets with the Grand Trunk Road from Ferozepore to Ludhiana (field No. 1519M), at a distance of 1,890 feet from milestone No. 35, towards Ludhiana, thence crossing the Grand Trunk Road and running straight through fields Nos. 1745M, 1756M, 1758M, 1759M, 1757M, 1760M, 1762M, 1775M, 6699/1780M, 7000/1780M, and thence crossing the Railway line (field No. 2346M) and running straight through fields Nos. 2665M, 2663M, 2682M, 2683M, 2685M,

Pillar No.	Boundaries.
	2688M, to the point where it meets kacha way to Godhewala (field No. 2653M), thence crossing this kacha way and running straight through fields Nos. 2925M, 2924M, 2923M, 2922M, 2921M, 2783M, 2912M, 277 M, 2776M, 2785M, 2786M, 2788M, 2763M, 2767M, 4565M, 4564M, to the point where it meets the kacha way to Dala (field No. 4500M), thence crossing this kacha way and running straight through fields Nos. 4507M, 4489M, 4488M, crossing the kacha way to Mahron (field N . 457-M), thence running straight through fields Nos. 4747M, 4745M, 4744M, 4741M, 4728M, to the south-east corner of the last named field (pillar No. 5),
5	.. *South.*—Thence westwards, through fields Nos. 4729M, 4732M, 4733M, 4859M, to the point where it meets kacha way to Bhona (field No.4908M), thence crossing this kacha way and running straight through fields Nos. 5126M, 5125M, 5124M, 5122M, 5132M, thence crossing kacha way to Chupkni (field No. 5617M), thence running straight through fields Nos. 5599M, 5600M, 55. 8M, 5603M, 5604M, 5286J, 5287J, to the point where it meets kacha way to Moga Jeet Singh (field No. 5284J), thence crossing the kachaway and running straight through fields Nos. 5257J, 5256J, 5255J, 5688M, 5689M, 5692M, 5699M, 5698M, 8235/5701M, 8236/5701M, to south-west corner of the last named field (pillar No. 6),
6	.. Thence nothwards crossing kacha way to Singhawala (field No. 4092J), thence running straigh through fields Nos. 8234/5700M, 8233/57 0M, and touching the south-west corner of field No. 8225/5682M, and thence crossing again kacha way to Singhawala (field No. 4092J), thence running straight through fields Nos. 6221/4073J, 6222/4073J, 6223/4073J, 4074J, 6224/4073J, 4082J, 4083J, 4085J, 4086J, 4091J, to the noth-west corner of the last named field (pillar No. 7),
7	.. *West.*—Thence nothwards, crossing pacca road to Singhawala (field No. 3814J, thence running straight through fields Nos. 3509J, 3508J, 3507J, 3506J, 3505J, 3504J, 3500J, 3497J, thence running straight along the western side of fields Nos. 3496J, 3495J, 3494J, thence running straight through fields Nos. 3293J, 3292J, 3291J, 3290J, to the point where it meets kacha way to Bukanwala (field No. 2823J) thence crossing this kachaway and running straight through fields Nos. 2188J, 2189J, 2190J, *Gosha* 2189J, 2191J, thence touching the south-west corner of field No. 2192J, and running straight through fields Nos. 2193J, 2199J, 2200J, 2011J, 2010J, 2006J, 2005J, 6124/2007 , 2001J (to the north-west corner of the last named field (pillar No. 8),
8	.. Thence northwards, and passing through fields Nos. 2000J, thence crossing kacha way to Ghal Kalan (field No. 1470J), thence running straight through fields Nos. 1319J, 1323J, 1320J, 1321J, 13 1J, 1333J, thence running straight along the western side of fields Nos. 1334J, 1339J, 1342J, 1343J, thence running straight through fields Nos. 1345J, 1251J, 1253J, 1254J, 1247J, 1242J, 7065/1241J, 1240J, 1231J, 6065/1230J, 1226J, 1220J, 1218J, 1211J, 1212J, 1213J, 1208J, to the point where it meets kacha way to Dunnewala (field No. 888J), thence crossing the kacha way and running straight through fields Nos. 808J, 810J, 811J, 812J, 813J, 826J, 822J, 820J, and thence crossing the Railway line (field No. 517J), and thence running straight through fields Nos. 516J, 5947/514J, 511J, 512J, 513J, 378J, 379J, 6967/395J, 396J, and thence crossing the Grand Trunk Road from Ferozepore to Ludhiana (field No. 4391J), and then running straight through fields Nos. 312J, 313J, again 312J, 314J, 317J, 284J, to the point of start (pillar No. 1.)

NOTE (1).—" M " stands for Moga Mehla Singh.

" J " stands for Moga Jeet Singh.

Note (2) Extension of the limits of the Municipality does not mean extension of the terminal tax limits which will stand as at present.

No. 649-C.-40/10647.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Leiah,** in the Muzaffargarh district, in exercise of the

powers conferred by sections 197 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the municipality of **Leiah, on the** 20th day of April, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. In these by-laws the word 'meat' means the flesh of sheep or goats intended for human or animal consumption.

2. No person shall sell meat, except under a licence granted in this behalf by the Committee.

3. No person shall sell meat, or prepare or expose meat for sale, in premises other than premises licensed by the Committee in this behalf.

4. No premises shall be licensed for the sale or preparation or exposure for sale of meat—

(a) unless they have a floor made of bricks, stone, cement or other impervious material ;

(b) unless the walls are properly plastered and lime-washed ;

(c) unless they are provided with adequate light and ventilation to the satisfaction of the District Medical Officer of Health, or, in the absence of such officer, the Secretary of the Committee ;

(d) unless they are provided with a drain and the whole floor is so sloped as to allow all liquid to flow off by the drain ;

(e) if there is any direct communication between the premises and any room used as a sleeping room ;

(f) if there is any latrine, cess-pool, cow-shed, stable or other place within one hundred feet of the premises which, in the opinion of the District Medical Officer of Health, or in the absence of such officer, the Secretary, renders it undesirable that such premises should be used for the sale or preparation for sale of meat ; and

(g) unless they are situated in a suitable locality and provided with suitable arrangements for screening the meat from the view of the public.

5. Licences to sell meat may be issued by the District Medical Officer of Health or in the absence of such officer, the Secretary of the Committee, to any person applying for them and shall be granted on payment of a fee of rupees two per annum, or annas four per mensem subject to the conditions specified in form 'A' appended to these by-laws.

6. Subject to the provisions of by-law 4, licences for premises to be used for the sale or preparation or exposure for sale of meat shall be issued by the District Medical Officer of Health, or in the absence of such officer, the Secretary of the Committee, on the application of the owner or occupier of such premises and shall be granted by the Committee in form 'A' appended to these by-laws, on payment of a fee of rupees two per annum for each licence or annas four per mensem, subject to the conditions specified in form 'A'.

7. Every place licensed for the sale or preparation for sale of meat shall be fitted with a table or board of which the top shall be covered with a zinc sheet or a slab of marble, slate or stone for cutting up meat and also with metal scales and weights and shall at all reasonable times be open to inspection by any member of the Committee, or the Secretary of the Committee.

8. Every place licensed for the sale or preparation or exposure for sale of meat and all implements, tables, receptacles, vessels or other things used therein shall at all times be kept in a clean and wholesome condition, and every such place shall at all times be provided with a sufficient supply of water for cleaning the same.

9. All meat kept or exposed for sale on or at any such place shall at all times be kept in a wire-gauze receptacle as a protection against flies.

10. The licensee shall provide a receptacle for the collection of all sorts of refuse and shall not throw or allow to be thrown any waste anywhere, except in the said receptacle, which shall be cleaned and washed twice daily.

11. The Committee may at any time revoke or cancel any licence granted under these by-laws for breach of these by-laws and no compensation in respect of such revocation or cancellation shall be recoverable from the Committee.

12. Any person who commits a breach or an abetment of a breach of any of these by-laws shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees and when the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

Form A.

Licence for premises for the sale or preparation or exposure for sale of meat issued under by-law 6 of the by-laws for licensing premises for the sale or preparation or exposure for sale of meat published with Punjab Government notification No. 649-C.-40/10647, dated the 5th March, 1940.

The premises of which a description is given in the attached schedule, situated in ____________

(name of street, or ward, etc.), are hereby licensed for the sale or preparation or exposure for sale of meat.

This licence is granted to ____________ ____________

owner/occupier of the said premises, subject to the following conditions :—

(*a*) that he shall keep the licensed premises structurally fit for the purpose for which the licence is granted;

Explanation.—"Structural fitness" shall be deemed to include—

(*i*) the existence of a floor made of bricks, stone, cement, or other impervious material,

(*ii*) possession of walls, properly plastered and lime-washed,

(*iii*) adequate provision of light and ventilation ; and

(*iv*) suitable drains.

(*b*) that he shall not employ, or permit to be employed, in the sale or preparation or exposure for sale of meat any person suffering from any contagious or infectious disease or from loathsome sores or who has recently been attending on any person so suffering and that he shall not suffer any such person or any animal to remain upon the licensed premises ;

(*c*) that he shall at all times keep all vessels, receptacles, utensils and other things used in the sale or preparation or exposure for sale of meat in a state of thorough cleanliness, and shall protect from dust and flies all materials used in such sale or preparation or exposure for sale and the articles prepared or exposed for sale to the satisfaction of the District Medical Officer of Health, or in the absence of such officer, the Secretary of the Committee ;

(*d*) that he shall daily cause to be thoroughly washed and cleansed the floor and drain of the licenced premises and every bench, counter, table, shelf or other place on which the articles prepared or exposed for sale and any material used in such sale or preparation or exposure for sale are kept ;

(*e*) that he shall cause the walls of the licensed premises to be properly lime-washed at least twice a year or more often, if so required by the District Medical Officer of Health, or in the absence of such officer, the Secretary of the Committee ;

(*f*) that he shall not carry on, or permit to be carried on, any trade or occupation in the licensed premises other than the sale or preparation or exposure for sale of meat, and that he shall not use, or suffer to be used, any portion of the licensed premises as a living room or a sleeping room ;

(*g*) that he shall not spit, or smoke or suffer any other person to spit or smoke, within the licensed premises ;

(*h*) that he shall not keep, or suffer to be kept, in the licensed premises any bedding, soiled clothes or other things not required for the sale or preparation or exposure for sale of meat ;

(*i*) that he shall at all reasonable times permit any member or the Secretary or any other officer of the Committee to inspect the licensed premises without notice ; and

(*j*) that he shall comply promptly with all notices issued by the Municipal Committee or the District Medical Officer of Health in respect of sanitation.

SCHEDULE.

(The actual room or rooms, in which the sale or preparation for sale of meat is to be carried on, should be described in cases where the whole of the building is not to be used for such sale or preparation for sale.)

The 6th March, 1940.

No. 5516-C.-39/10644.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5516-C.-39/389, dated the 13th January, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following rules :—

RULES.

1. The Deputy Commissioner of Gujrat district shall, in consultation with the Municipal Committee of Dinga, cause to be prepared an accurate plan of the Municipality of Dinga, drawn to a scale of not less than one inch to fifty feet, showing thereon all public streets and other immovable property vested in the Committee.

2. The Deputy Commissioner shall also cause to be prepared a *khasra*, of the streets and other properties specified in rule 1 in Form 'B' appended to these rules.

3. The Deputy Commissioner shall cause the plan and *khasra*, when ready, to be published in such manner as he deems fit, together with a notice intimating the date not less than two months from the date of the notice by which objections from any person with regard to entries on the plan and *khasra* may be presented to the Revising Authority appointed under rule 5 and the time and place at which the plan and *khasra* may be inspected.

4. The Deputy Commissioner shall arrange to allow any person to inspect the plan and *khasra* during the hours and at the place specified in the notice on any day which is not a public holiday.

5. The Deputy Commissioner shall appoint an Assistant Commissioner or Extra Assistant Commissioner on the district staff to be the Revising Authority for the purpose of hearing objections relating to the plan or *khasra*.

6. When the plan and *khasra* have been published under the provisions of rule 3, objections in respect of entries on the plan and *khasra* may be presented to the Revising Authority, appointed under rule 5, within the hours of ten o'clock of the morning and four o'clock of the afternoon of any day of the period specified in the notice issued under rule 3, which is not a public holiday.

7. The Revising Authority shall maintain a register of objections in Form A in which he shall cause to be entered at the time of receipt particulars of every objection received.

8. Any person aggrieved by any order, which the Revising Authority may pass may, within seven days from the date of such order, apply to the Deputy Commissioner for revision of the order; and the Deputy Commissioner, after giving notice to the parties concerned and hearing any representation which they may wish to make, may confirm it or set it aside, and pass such other orders with respect to the objection which he may deem fit.

9. After the objections, if any, have been disposed of, the Deputy Commissioner shall cause the plan and *khasra* to be corrected, if necessary, in accordance with the orders passed on the objections, and shall then have the amended plan and *khasra*, or a fresh copy of it, published for general information.

10. The original plan and *khasra* shall remain in the custody of the Deputy Commissioner, and a copy thereof duly certified by the Deputy Commissioner to be correct, shall be furnished to the Municipal Committee of Dinga.

11. The Deputy Commissioner may employ such staff as is required for the preparation of the plan and *khasra* and the Municipal Committee of Dinga shall be liable for the cost of pay and other incidental expenses connected with the staff and the preparation of the documents mentioned above, and also for the cost of pay or any other expenditure connected with the appointment of the Revising Authority.

Form A.

[RULE 7.]

Register of objections.

Serial No.	Name, parentage and address of the objector.	Date of presentation of objection with the initials of the officer to whom the objection is presented.	Nature of the objection.	Date of decision.	Summary of decision.	Signature of Revising Authority.	Decision by Deputy Commissioner, if any.	Signature of official by whom effect was given to the decision of the Revising Authority or of the Deputy Commissioner, and date.

Form B

[RULE 2.]

MUNICIPAL COMMITTEE, DINGA.

Survey Register.

1	2	3			4								5		6	7
					MEASUREMENT IN FEET AND INCHES.								AREA IN SQUARE YARDS AND DECIMALS.			
					North.		*East.*		*West.*		*South.*					
Plan List.	*Khasra* No.	Name of *Mohalla* or Bazar	Name of *Gali.*	Description of property.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Square yards.	Decimals.	Possessor's name with father's name, caste, occupation and present address.	REMARKS.

No. 379-C.-40/10670.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Panipat**, in the Karnal district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Panipat,** on the 20th day of April, 1940 :—

BY LAWS.

1. Permission will not be granted by the Committee to the owner or occupier of a shop for the use of municipal land in front of his shop for the fixing of his takht posh or board except on the following conditions :—

(*a*) that in cases in which a takhtposh or a board projects, or is to be placed over a drain the Secretary has, after visiting the spot, made specific recommendations ;

(*b*) that the permission granted by the Committee under this by-law shall extend only to the owner of the shop in front of which the land is, or to his *bona fide* tenant and shall not be transferable ;

(*c*) that no person shall fix a takhtposh or board except of such dimensions as may be prescribed by the Committee from time to time ;

(*d*) that the holder of the permission shall keep the land in front of his shop in a thoroughly clean condition ; and

(*e*) that the rents at the following rates for a period of twelve months or less ending on the thirty-first day of March each year, shall be payable in advance for the use of the land for fixing a takhtposh or board :—

	Scale of fees.
(1) Takhtposhes or boards having a width of two feet.	Annas four per mensem.
(2) Takhtposhes of boards having a width of more than two feet but not more than three feet.	Annas eight per mensem.

(*f*) that the Committee may, at any time by notice, resume the area under such takhtposh or board should it be deemed expedient to do so :

Provided that when land is so resumed, the rent already paid by the person granted permission under by-law 1 shall be refunded to such person for the unexpired period of the permit granted, and any period less than a month shall be ignored.

Note.—Permission shall not be accorded by the Committee for fixing a takhtposh or board exceeding three feet in width.

2. No person shall deposit goods for sale or articles for the purpose of any trade or calling in any public street or set up thereon any booth, stall or other movable structure not provided for in by-law 1, without obtaining the written permission of the Municipal Committee and without the payment of the rents at the following rates or, in cases not provided for in these by-laws, the rents which may from time to time be fixed by the Committee :—

(1)	Seat for shop keepers	Pies three per diem.
(2)	Seat for Khanchawala	Pies three per diem.
(3)	Heaps of vegetables and fruits and other articles of food	Re. 1 per mensem per heap.

Provided—

(*i*) that, if any takhtposh or board is removed from the municipal land before the expiry of the period in respect of which rent has been paid in advance, the amount of rent due in respect of the unexpired period may be refunded to the payer ;

(*ii*) that previous notice of the intention of the payer to remove the takhtposh or board shall be given to the committee, and no refund shall be made in respect of periods less than a month.

3. Applications for the grant of permission under section 173 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, shall be made to the secretary, who shall obtain the orders of the Committee thereon, and if the committee grants permission in any case, the secretary shall issue orders accordingly, if permission is not granted, the Secretary shall communicate the orders of the Committee to the applicant concerned.

4. If the committee is satisfied that any person, to whom written permission has been accorded under subsection (1) of section 173 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, has failed to comply with any of the conditions imposed under by-laws 1 and 2, the Committee may cancel the permission so accorded and no claim by such person to a refund of any rent already paid in consideration for such permission shall be entertained.

5. Whoever commits a breach of by-laws 1 and 2 shall in addition to such cancellation of permission to which he may have rendered himself liable under by-law 4, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and if the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

No. 810-C.-40/10672.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of the **Ambala Cantonment Sadar Bazar,** in the Ambala District, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 122 and 188 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the said Act are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Ambala Cantonment Sadar Bazar** on the 20th day of April, 1940, from which date Punjab Government notification No 30013, dated the 11th of September, 1935, shall be deemed to be cancelled :—

BY-LAWS.

PART I.—*Definitions.*

1. In these by-laws unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context—

(*a*) "Committee" means the Municipal Committee of Ambala Cantonment Sadar Bazar ;

(b) "Licence" means a licence under section 122 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911 ;

(c) "Municipal area" means the area under the administration and control of the Municipal Committee of Ambala Cantonment Sadar Bazar for the time being ;

(d) "Premises" means any premises kept or used for public performances of stage plays or for other public entertainment or amusement of the like kind or for holding public boxing contests.

PART II.—*Licensing of Premises.*

2. Subject to the provisions of by-law 4, every person desiring to obtain a licence for the use of premises for the purposes specified in by-law 1 (d) shall apply in writing to the Municipal Committee and shall submit with his application plans complete with dimensions of all storeys of the building showing clearly—

(a) roof, walls, floors, galleries and the number of exits ;

(b) cross sections of the building and of galleries ; and

(c) notes stating the material used in the construction of various parts of the building and galleries.

3. No licence shall be granted unless the premises are certified by the Medical Officer of Health and the District Magistrate to be suitable for the purpose and by the Municipal Engineer to conform to the requirements prescribed by these by-laws.

4. When the premises are to be used only for small or occasional entertainments, the Committee may, on the certificate of the District Magistrate as to the suitability of a building, grant special licences on such terms as it may deem fit, and may relax any of the provisions of these by-laws.

5. Where premises to be licensed or already licensed under the Cinematograph Act, 1918, the licence shall be subject to the conditions prescribed for licences under the rules under the Cinematograph Act.

PART III.—*Conditions.*

6. Subject to the provisions of by-law 4 licences shall be granted only on the following conditions :—

Construction and arrangement of premises. Tiers.

(i) The premises shall not have more than two tiers built above the ground floor level of the auditorium and a tier shall not be constructed with a slope of more than 35 degrees. The height between any floor and the ceiling above a tier shall at no place be less than 14 feet.

Exits.

(ii) Two separate exits shall be provided for each tier or floor calculated to accommodate not more than 300 persons and an additional exit for every additional 250 persons or fraction thereof to be accommodated on such tier or floor. In calculating the number of persons to be accommodated no any tier or floor the standing space from which a view of the performance can be obtained shall be reckoned at the rate $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet square for each person in addition to the sitting accommodation.

(iii) Every exit shall not be less than five feet wide between the walls at any point or between the leaves of the doors when open.

(iv) Every such exit shall lead direct on to an open street or a verandah the floor of which shall not be more than three feet above the level of the ground, provided that where the exit leads to a verandah or a balcony above the ground floor such balcony or verandah shall have the width specified in clause (xii) of this bylaw.

(v) Two separate exits of a minimum width of five feet shall be provided from the stage direct to a public street or an open verandah not more than three feet above the ground.

(vi) One separate exit of a minimum width of four feet shall be provided for each block of dressing rooms direct to a public street or open space communicating with the public street, and such exit shall in no way communicate with the stage.

Doors.

(vii) All internal doors shall be so hung as not to obstruct when open, any gangway, passage, staircase or landing; and all doors shall be made to open in the direction of exits. If any door is also intended to be used as an entrance, one of its leave shall open both ways.

(viiii) All doors and gates used for the entrance shall be made to open outwards; or if made to open both ways, shall be so fitted that when open inwards, they can be locked back against the wall in such a manner as to require a key to release them.

(ix) All exit doors having fastenings shall be fastened by bolts of a pattern and in a position to allow them to be opened easily, and no fastening or fitting shall have sharp projections, locking bars, slight hasps, staples or screw eyes. No fastening other than an automatic fastening shall be fitted on exit doors.

(x) All exits and other doors or openings to be used by the public for the purpose of exit shall be indicated by notices clearly painted to the satisfaction of the Committee; the exit notices shall be lighted and lettered in red. The lettering shall not be less than seven inches in height and shall be conspicuously visible from all positions on the floor it serves.

(xi) Notices bearing the words "No Exit" shall not be provided.

Corridors and passages.

(xii) All corridors and passages leading from a tier or a floor shall not be less than five feet wide if the tier or floor accommodates not more than 250 persons, and not less than ten feet wide if the tier accommodates more than 250 persons and not more than 500 persons; provided that where a tier or floor accommodates not more than 500 persons and a third exit is provided, the width of corridors and passages need not exceed five feet; and that if a tier or floor accommodates more than 500 persons, then for every 250 persons, or fraction thereof, over and above 500, and additional width of 5 feet is added to the corridors and passages leading therefrom.

(xiii) All corridors and passages shall be kept absolutely free and no corridor or passage shall be used as a clock room, or be otherwise obstructed in any way.

Staircases.

(xiv) All staircases intended for the use of the audience shall be at least 6 feet wide at their narrowest part.

(xv) All staircases shall be provided with treads not less than 11 inches wide and with risers not more than 6 inches high (each lapping at least one inch over the back edge of the step below), in flights not more than 15 or less than three steps each; they shall be without winders and shall not have more than two successive flights without a turn; they shall be properly secured and enclosed to the satisfaction of the Committee; the depths of the landings between the flights shall not be less than the width of the flights; the treads and risers of each stair case between any two floors shall be of uniform width and height.

(xvi) A continuous and uninterrupted hand-rail shall be fixed on both sides of all steps and landings and shall be supported by metal brackets built into the wall; such hand-rails and brackets shall not project more than 3 inches. The hand-rail shall be at a height of 2 feet 9 inches above the steps or landings. Where the flight of steps returns, the new wall shall be chased so as to allow the hand-rail to turn without projecting over the landing. No projection from the walls of the staircases shall be less than 6 feet 9 inches above the steps or landing and any recesses shall be defended.

(xvii) No door shall open immediately upon a flight of steps, but a landing with a minimum distance of 3 feet between the door and the steps shall be provided between such step or steps and the door-way.

Stage.

(xviii) In all premises where a stage with proscenium is erected, such stage shall be separated from the auditorium by a brick proscenium wall not less than 15 inches in thickness, and that such wall shall be carried

down below the stage to a solid foundation and up to the full thickness to a height of at least 3 feet above the roof such height being measured at right angles to the slope of the roof.

(*xix*) Not more than two openings, exclusive of the proscenium opening, shall be formed in the proscenium wall. No such opening shall exceed 20 square feet in area, and at the lowest part shall not be at a higher level than 3 feet above the floor of the stage. Such openings shall be fitted with double teak doors two inches thick, hung in fire resisting frames with a one inch lap or with such other fire resisting doors and frames as may be approved by the committee in writing.

(*xx*) The licensee shall cause the steps underneath the stage to be entirely closed with the exception of such doors as the committee may approve by thick wall not less than 10 inches thick and shall keep it entirely clear and empty from all inflammable material or rubbish.

(*xxi*) No premises, in which a stage is provided and in which scenery is to be used, shall be constructed underneath or on the top of any part of any other building.

Fire proof materials.

(*xxii*) All roofs, floors, staircases, walls, lintels and railings, with the exception of hand-rails, shall be constructed of fire proof material.

Additional means of lighting.

(*xxiii*) The licensee shall provide in each premises additional means of lighting for use in the event of gas or electric light being extinguished, for the auditorium, corridors, passages, exits and stair-cases by a sufficient number of oil lamps of a pattern to be approved by the committee, properly secured to inflammable base and placed, if possible, out of the reach of the public, and shall keep such lamps alight during the whole time the public are in such premises. No oil other than mineral oil shall be used in such lamps.

(*xxiv*) Arc lamps other than those provided in condition (*xxiii*) shall not be used inside such premises without special permission and when used, special precautions shall be taken to guard against danger from falling glass or incandescent particles or carbon. All parts of the lamps, lanterns and fittings which are liable to be handled (except by the persons employed to trim them) shall be insulated from the frame work, and in case of arc lamps, shall be suspended by the conductors.

Fire appliances.

(*xxv*) The licensee shall provide hand-pumps, hose, buckets and other small fire appliances as may be required by the committee and keep them in such position as the committee may direct. Provision shall also be made for a sufficient number of bibcocks for the purpose of filling buckets.

(*xxvi*) Buckets filled with dry sand and buckets filled with water shall be kept on the premises in such numbers and positions as required by the Committee.

(*xxvii*) The licensee shall keep in readiness hatches, hooks and other appliances for taking down hanging scenery in case of fire for immediate use.

Ventilation.

(*xxviii*) Means of ventilation capable of providing a supply of outdoor air at a minimum rate of 1,000 cubic feet per occupant per hour shall be installed at the premises. The ventilation shall be effected by natural means, or by a mechanical exit system, or by both, or by mechanical plant giving positive supply of outdoor air.

(*xxix*) The means of ventilation shall not cause noise or vibration and shall be used continuously during the whole of the time the public are on the premises, so as to provide the required standard of ventilation.

(*xxx*) The entering air shall be so distributed that all occupied parts of the building, including entrances, vestibules and refreshment saloons, will be reached and the vitiated air effectually displaced.

(*xxxi*) The condition of the air shall not be regarded as satisfactory if the amount of carbon dioxide in occupied portions of the premises taken at a level of three to six feet above the floor level exceeds 10 parts in 10,000.

(*xxxii*) Inlets for external air and exits for air passing outwards shall be so arranged that no objectionable drafts are caused.

(*xxxiii*) All openings used for ventilation shall be kept in a clean condition and free from all obstruction.

(*xxxiv*) Independent ventilation from the external air shall be provided for lavatories and other rooms in which sanitary conveniences are located, and ventilation shall be so arranged that the air movement shall not be from such rooms into other parts of the premises.

(*xxxv*) Provision shall be made to the satisfaction of the Committee for warming, by means of recognised systems of heating and for cooling by recognised systems of cooling all parts of the premises regularly occupied by the public, the performers and the staff and for the installation of fans for the purpose of keeping the air in movement.

Heating and cooling.

(*xxxvi*) (I) Sanitary conveniences, such as water closets, commodes, urinals, latrines, wash-basins and the like shall be provided separately for each sex and for the public, performers, and the staff, in such places as are convenient and easy of access under all weather conditions.

Sanitary conveniences.

(II) Sanitary conveniences for the public shall be on the following scales :—

(*a*) Water closets, commodes or latrines seats—

For males.—One seat for first 200 or part thereof ; two seats for 200 to 500 ; three seats for 500 to 1,000 and one additional seat for every additional 500 or part thereof over 1,000.

For females.—One seat for first 100 or part thereof ; two seats for 100 to 250 ; three seats for 250 to 500 and one additional seat for every 400 or part thereof over 500.

(*b*) Urinals—

At one or more places on the premises urinals shall be provided on the scale of one urinal for each 50 males.

(III) Entrance to rooms in which sanitary conveniences are located shall be separate for the two sexes.

(IV) The rooms in which sanitary conveniences are installed shall be so constructed as to ensure strict privacy. Passages or roads leading to them shall be lighted to the satisfaction of the Committee.

(V) The floor area of each room, in which a water closets, commode or latrine seat is placed, shall be at least 4 feet × 10 feet and the height not less than 8 feet.

(VI) All sanitary conveniences shall be made of non-absorbent impervious material and of a type and design approved by the Committee.

(VII) Proper arrangements shall be made to the satisfaction of the Committee for the collection and removal of excreta and waste matter, and suitable sanitary annexes properly equipped with receptacles of sanitary pattern shall be constructed for this purpose.

(VIII) A sufficient number of sweepers to the satisfaction of the Committee shall be employed and shall be present during the whole period when the public are on the premises.

(*xxxvii*) (*a*) Arrangements shall be made to the satisfaction of the Committee for a sufficient supply of wholesome drinking water for the public. The storage and distribution shall be carried out in the manner and under conditions approved by the Committee.

Water supply.

(*b*) If there be a well or storage tank for drinking water or other means of storing water on the premises, it shall be protected against contamination in such a manner as the Committee may direct.

(*xxxviii*) All articles of food and drink exposed for sale on the premises, meant for the use by the public, shall be wholesome and fit for human consumption. They shall be kept at places and under conditions approved by the Committee.

Refreshments.

(*xxxix*) No permanent building used as premises shall accommodate more than 20 persons, and no temporary building used as such more than 25 persons per hundred square feet of space available for sitting and standing. The area under entrances, gangways, stages, etc., shall be deducted for the purpose of calculating the space available on the premites under this by-law.

Seating.

(*xl*) No licensee shall allow inside the premises any person in excess of the accommodation provided in accordance with condition (*xxxix*).

(*xli*) All parts of the premises and the fittings therein and seatings, door fastenings notices, lighting arrangements, ventilating and other arrangements shal be maintained at all times in good order and condition to the satisfaction of the Committee.

Maintenance, alterations or additions.

(*xlii*) No additions or alterations shall be made to any licensed premises so as to cause the premises to be not in conformity with any of the provisions of these conditions, nor shall the premises be used after any such additions or alterations without a fresh licence.

PART IV.—GENERAL.

7. The Medical Officer of Health, the Municipal Engineer, the Secretary of the Committee or any other officer authorised in this behalf by the Committee, shall have authority to inspect any premises at any time without previous notice for the purpose of satisfying himself that the conditions of any licence are being complied with or whether the premises are being used in contravention of section 122 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911.

8. (*i*) A licence may be revoked either for a breach of conditions or for any other reason as may seem fit to the Committee.

(*ii*) No compensation in respect of such a revocation shall be recoverable from the Committee.

Notified Areas.

The 5th March, 1940.

No. 608-L. G.-Bds.-40/10516.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*f*) of subsection (1) of section 242 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to extend section 14 (*e*) of the said Act to all Notified Areas in the Punjab and to declare that the provisions of the said section shall come into force from the date of publication of this notification.

No. 608-L. G.—Bds.-40/10518.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*f*) of subsection (1) of section 242 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to extend section 16 of the said Act to the following Notified Areas in the Lahore Division and to declare that the provisions of the said section shall come into force from the date of publication of this notification :—

Begowala.	Kamoki Mandi.
Raewind Mandi.	Muridke Mandi.

Mandi Khalra.

No. 701-L G.—Bds.-40/10538.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 242 (1) (*f*) of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to extend section 55 of the said Act to the Notified Area of **Civil Station Karnal**, in the Karnal district, and to declare that the provisions of the said section shall come into force from the date of publication of this notification.

Medical.

The 6th March, 1940.

No. 935-M.-40/10665.—The following by-laws made by the Town Committee of **Samrala**, in the Ludhiana district, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 17 of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act,

1932, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information and shall come into force within the limits of the Small Town of **Samrala**, six weeks after the date of the publication of this notification :—

BY-LAWS.

1. No person whose name has not been registered in accordance with the provisions of section 14 of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932, shall practise as nurse, health visitor, midwife, nurse dai, trained dai or dai, within the area subject to the authority of the Town Committee, Samrala.

2. Any person practising in contravention of by-law No. 1 or any person committing or abetting the commitment of a breach of by-law No. 1 shall be liable, on conviction by a magistrate of the first class, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 for the first offence or to a fine not exceeding Rs. 250 for a second or a subsequent offence.

RAM CHANDRA,

Secretary to Government, Punjab,
Medical and Local Government Departments.

Committees.

The 27th February/1st March, 1940.

No. 1471-M./91-37.—It is notified that in pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 50 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, I hereby order that the undermentioned members of the municipal committee of Bhiwani be surcharged with the amounts shown against each which represent the loss sustained by the said committee in connection with overpayments to Jagan Nath, sanitary inspector, which loss is reported by the Examiner, Local Fund Accounts, to be a direct consequence of neglect by the members in question of the performance of their duties while they were members of the said committee :—

	Rs.	A.	P.
(1) Pandit Ram Sarup Sharma	4	4	6
(2) B. Ram Dev	4	4	6
(3) L. Banwari Lal	4	4	6
(4) L. Manohar Lal	4	4	6
(5) Pandit Sant Lal	4	4	6
(6) Pandit Hari Charan	4	4	6
(7) Pandit Ram Kumar	4	4	6
(8) Lala Shital Parshad	4	4	6
(9) Lala Shiv Ram Dass	4	4	6
(10) Sh. Abdul Ghafoor	4	4	6
(11) Dr. A. R. Sikand	4	4	6
(12) Khan Mohammad Mahfuz Khan ..	4	4	6
(13) Subedar Nathu Singh	4	4	6
(14) Thakur Chhaju Singh	4	4	6
(15) Lala Gokal Chand	4	4	6

E. A. R. EUSTACE,

Deputy Commissioner, Hissar.

2416 CS—1149—7-3-40—SGPP Lahore.

1933, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information and shall come into force within the limits of the Small Town of Samrala, six weeks after the date of the publication of this notification :—

BYE-LAWS.

1. No person whose name has not been registered in accordance with the provisions of section 14 of the Punjab [illegible] Registration Act, 1937, shall practise as [illegible] health visitor, midwife, nurse, dai [illegible] within the area subject to the authority of the Town Committee, Samrala.

2. Any person [illegible] in contravention of bye-law No. 1 [illegible] shall be liable on conviction by a magistrate of the first class, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 25 for the first offence or to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 for a second or subsequent offence.

RAM CHANDRA,

Secretary to Government, Punjab,

Medical and Local Government Departments.

Committees.

The 27th February/1st March 1940.

No. 1471-M. 81-37.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 157 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, I hereby order that the undermentioned members of the municipal committee, Bhiwani, be surcharged with the amounts shown against each which represent the loss sustained by the said committee in connection with overpayments to [illegible], Sanitary Inspector, which has been reported by the Examiner, Local Fund Accounts, to be a direct consequence of neglect by the members in question of the performance of their duties while they were members of the said committee :—

		Rs.	A.	P.
(1) Pandit Ram Sarup Sharma	..	4	4	0
(2) B. Ram Dev	..	4	4	[illegible]
(3) L. Banwari Lal	..	4	4	[illegible]
(4) L. Mandhar Lal	..	4	4	0
(5) Pandit Sant Lal	..	4	4	0
(6) Pandit Hari Chand	..	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
(7) Pandit Ram Kumar	..	[illegible]	4	0
(8) Lala Bhital Parshad	..	4	4	0
(9) Lala Shiv Parshad	..	4	4	0
(10) Sh. Abdul Ghafoor	..	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
(11) Dr. A. R. Shamed	..	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
(12) Khan Mohammad Mahdar Khan	..	4	4	0
(13) Subedar Nathu Ram	..	[illegible]	4	0
(14) Thakur Chandi Singh	..	[illegible]	4	0
(15) Lala Gokal Chand	..	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

[illegible],

Deputy Commissioner, Hissar.

Registered No. L. 864

The Government Gazette, Punjab.

Published by Authority.

No. 11. LAHORE, FRIDAY, MARCH 15, 1940.

PART I—A.

Punjab Government Notifications and Orders.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Boards.

The 8th March, 1940.

No. 704-L G.-40/11160.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 33 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to authorise the Director, Veterinary Services, Punjab, to sanction the levy by District Boards, of fees for the branding of mares covered by District Board stallions.

The 9th March, 1940.

No. 863-L. G.-40/11222.—The following amendments made by the District Board of **Mianwali,** to its Provident Fund Rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 37406, dated the 11th December, 1931, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Mianwali** on the 26th April, 1940:—

AMENDMENTS.

1. *substitute* the following *for* clause (*e*) in rule 1 :—

" (*e*) " Servant " includes every employee of the board who holds a permanent post substantively under the board or is officiating in a permanent or a temporary post in the board but holds a permanent post in a

substantive capacity under any other local body which maintains a provident fund, but does not include a Government servant employed by the board ."

2. *Delete* the full stop at the end of condition 1 of the conditions prescribed under clause (b) of sub-rule (2) of rule 8 and *add* the words, " under the general account of the General Provident Fund Account ."

3. *Substitute* the following new rule *for* the existing rule 12 :—

" 12. The Board shall maintain—

General accounts to be maintained by the Board.

(1) a Provident Fund Account in Form P. F. 4,

(2) a Provident Fund Investments Account in Form P. F. 5,

(3) a Provident Fund Investments Interest Account in Form P. F. 6 or if a Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund is maintained a Provident Fund Investment Interest Account in Form P. F. 6-A and a Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund Account in Form P. F. 6-B, and

(4) an account in Form P. F. 8. showing the amount available for payment of insurance premia of the Provident Fund subscribers."

4. *Insert* the following new Forms *after* Form P. F. 6 :—

Form P. F. 6-A. **Rule 12.**

Provident Fund Investments Interest Account ________ *District Board.*

Serial No. in Provident Fund Investment Account (P. F. 5).	INSTALMENT OF INTEREST DUE.		INSTALMENT OF INTEREST RECEIVED.			DISPOSAL OF INTEREST RECEIVED.									
	(a)	(b)	(a)	(b)	(c)	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)					
	Date.	Amount.	Date.	No. and date of chalan with which remitted to treasury for credit into the fund of the local body.	Amount.	At savings bank rate to be credited to the P. F. Account.	Difference between columns 3 (c) and 4 (a).	Half of column 4 (b) to be credited to the Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund subject to a maximum of 1% on the amount invested.	Difference, if any, between half of columns 4 (b) and 4 (c).	Half of column 4 (b) *plus* 4 (d) to be credited to Provident Fund Account.	No. and date of the voucher with which the amount in column 4 (e) is withdrawn from the District Fund for credit to the Provident Fund.	Date on which the amount is credited to the savings bank account.	No. and date of voucher with which the amount in column 4 (d) is withdrawn from the District Fund for credit to the P. F. Investment Depreciation Fund.	Date on which the amount is credited in the P. F. Investment Depreciation Fund.	REMARKS.
1	2		3			4					5(a)	5(b)	6(a)	6(b)	7
		Rs. A. P.			Rs. A. P.										

NOTE.—This form is to be used by the Boards which maintain Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund. Such Boards need not maintain Form P. F. 6.

Form P. F. 6-B. Rule 12.

Provident Fund Investments Depreciation Fund Account ________ District Board.

Date.	Balance at credit.	Amount credited to the Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund in the Post Office Savings Bank / Imperial Bank.		Interest earned on the Investment Depreciation Fund money in the Post Office Savings Bank or Imperial Bank.	Payments.		Balance 4—5 (b).	Remarks.
		Folio No. of Register P. F. 6 (a).	Amount.		No. and date of the order of the Commissioner sanctioning withdrawal from the fund.	Amount.		
1	2	3 (a)	3 (b)	4	5 (a)	5 (b)	6	7
			Rs. A. P.			Rs. A. P.		

5. *Insert* the following new form *after* Form P. F. 7 :—

Form P. F. 8. Rule 12

Register showing the amount available for payment of insurance premia of Provident Fund subscriber.

P. F. ACCOUNT No.________________

NAME ________________

Date.	Provident Fund subscription available for insurance.			Advance paid.	Balance after each transaction.	Remarks.*
	(a) Amount of deposit made by the subscriber since the last withdrawal for payment of insurance premium was made.	(b) Interest earned since the date of last withdrawal on subscriber's own deposits.	Total of columns 2 (a), 2 (b) and 4.			
1	2			3	4	5
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	

*The fact that the insurance policy has been assigned to the Board as well as the number of policy should be noted in the remarks column of the register.

No. 830-L. G.-40/11226.—The following amendment made by the District Board of **Amritsar** to its Provident Fund Rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 23607, dated the 13th June, 1932, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, is published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Amritsar**, on the 26th April, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

Substitute the following *for* clause (*e*) in rule 1 :—

"(*e*) "Servant" includes every employee of the board who holds a permanent post substantively under the board or is officiating in a permanent or a temporary post in the board but holds a permanent post in a substantive capacity under any other local body which maintains a provident fund, but does not include a Government servant employed by the board".

The 11th March, 1940.

No. 988-L. G.-40/11515.—The following amendments made by the District Board of **Kangra** to its Provident Fund Rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 7175, dated the 9th March, 1933, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Kangra**, on the 29th April, 1940 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. *Substitute* the following *for* clause (*e*) in rule 1 :—

"(*e*) "Servant" includes every employee of the board who holds a permanent post substantively under the board or is officiating in a permanent or a temporary post in the board but holds a permanent post in a substantive capacity under any other local body which maintains a provident fund, but does not include a Government servant employed by the board."

2. In rule 4, *substitute* the following proviso *for* the first proviso :—

"Provided that if the subscriber, who is required or permitted to subscribe to the provident fund, resigns within five years of the commencement of his service, except on account of illness or any other cause which the board may determine to be a sufficient cause, or has been dismissed from service of the board, the board may deduct from the sum standing to his credit in the provident fund, the whole or any part of the contributions made by it to his provident fund and the interest thereon."

3. In rule 11 between the words "sum" and "before" *insert* the words "but not exceeding in any case the total amount of its contributions credited to the account of the subscriber and interest accrued thereon."

4. *Substitute* the following new rule *for* the existing rule 12 :—

"12. The Board shall maintain—

General accounts to be maintained by the Board.

(1) a Provident Fund Account in Form P. F. 4,

(2) a Provident Fund Investments Account in Form P. F. 5,

(3) a Provident Fund Investments Interest Account in Form P. F. 6 or if a Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund is maintained a Provident Fund Investment Interest Account in Form P. F. 6-A and a Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund Account in Form P. F. 6-B, and

(4) an account in Form P. F. 8, showing the amount available for payment of insurance premia of the Provident Fund subscribers."

5. *Insert* the following new forms *after* Form P F. 5 :—

Form P. F. 6-A. **Rule 12.**

Provident Fund Investments Interest Account ________________ *District Board.*

Serial No. in Provident Fund Investment Account (P. F. 5).	INSTALMENT OF INTEREST DUE.		INSTALMENT OF INTEREST RECEIVED.			DISPOSAL OF INTEREST RECEIVED.					No. and date of the voucher with which the amount in column 4 (e) is withdrawn from the District Fund for credit to the Provident Fund.	Date on which the amount is credited to the savings bank account.	No. and date of voucher with which the amount in column 4 (d) is withdrawn from the District Fund for credit to the P. F. Investment Depreciation Fund.	Date on which the amount is credited in the P.F. Investment Depreciation Fund.	REMARKS.
	(a) Date.	(b) Amount.	(a) Date.	(b) No. and date of chalan with which remitted to treasury for credit into the fund of the local body.	(c) Amount.	(a) At savings bank rate to be credited to the P. F. Account.	(b) Difference between columns 3 (c) and 4 (a).	(c) Half of column 4 (b) to be credited to the Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund subject to a maximum of 1% on the amount invested.	(d) Difference, if any, between half of columns 4 (b) and 4 (c).	(e) Half of column 4 (b) plus 4 (d) to be credited to Provident Fund Account.					
1	2			3				4			5(a)	5(b)	6 (a)	6(b)	7
		Rs. A. P.			Rs. A. P.										

NOTE.—This form is to be used by the Boards which maintain Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund. Such Boards need not maintain Form P. F. 6.

shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Hissar** on the 29th April, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

Substitute the following *for* clause (e) in rule 1 :—

" (e) " Servant " includes every employee of the board who holds a permanent post substantively under the board or is officiating in a permanent or a temporary post in the board but holds a permanent post in a substantive capacity under any other local body which maintains a provident fund, but does not include a Government servant employed by the board ".

No. 611-L. G.—Bds.-40/11322.—The following amendment of the table of registration fees published with Punjab Government notification No. 22850-Registration dated the 25th September, 1923, as subsequently amended, made in exercise of the powers conferred by section 78 of the Indian Registration Act, 1908, and approved by the Governor of the Punjab, is notified for general information :—

AMENDMENT.

The following shall be inserted under the first proviso to Article II of the Table of Registration fees (Appendix I to the Registration Manual) :—

" NOTE.—The date of registration of a document is the date on which it is copied in the relevant book and the endorsement under section 60 of the Registration Act is recorded on it ."

The 11th March, 1940.

No. 929-L.G.-40/11497.—The following amendments made by the District Board of **Lahore** to its Provident Fund Rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 22820, dated the 2nd June, 1932, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab are published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Lahore** on the 29th April, 1940 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. *Substitute* the following *for* clause (e) in rule 1 :—

" (e) " Servant " includes every employee of the board who holds a permanent post substantively under the board or is officiating in a permanent or a temporary post in the board but holds a permanent post in a substantive capacity under any other local body which maintains a provident fund, but does not include a Government servant employed by the board. "

2. In rule 4, *substitute* the following proviso *for* the first proviso :—

" Provided that if the subscriber, who is required or permitted to subscribe to the provident fund, resigns within five years of the commencement of his service, except on account of illness or any other cause which the board may determine to be a sufficient cause, or has been dismissed from service of the board, the board may deduct from the sum standing to his credit in the provident fund, the whole or any part of the contributions made by it to his provident fund and the interest thereon. "

3. In rule 11 between the words " sum " and " before " *insert* the words " but not exceeding in any case the total amount of its contributions credited to the account of the subscriber and interest accrued thereon. "

No. 868-L.G.-40/11503. – The following amendment, made by the District Board of **Attock** to its Rules of Business published with Punjab Government notification No. 1013-L.S.-G./Boards, dated the 12th January, 1933, is published for general information, and shall come into force with immediate effect :—

AMENDMENT.

For the existing rule 6·6 the following new rule shall be substituted, namely :—

" 6·6. Subject to the provisions of part V of the District Board Rules, 1926, the Board or any person to whom power has been delegated under section 19-A of the Act, may remove any officer or servant of the Board. "

No. 834-L.G.40/11506.—The following amendment, made by the District Board of **Jhelum,** to its Business Rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 4731-L.G.-38/31352, dated the 16th September, 1938, as subsequently amended, is published for general information, and shall come into force with immediate effect :—

AMENDMENT.

For the existing rule 6·6 the following new rule shall be substituted, namely :—

"6·6. Subject to the provisions of Part V of the District Board Rules, 1926, the Board or any person to whom power has been delegated under section 19-A of the Act, may remove any officer or servant of the Board."

The 13th March, 1940.

No. 192-C.-40/11935.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 192-C.-40/2496, dated the 16th January, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 55 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendment to the rules for the appointment and examination of Accountants of District Boards, published with Punjab Government notification No. 1914-C.-39/18711, dated the 24th May, 1939 :—

AMENDMENT.

At the end of rule 12 *substitute* a semi-colon for the full-stop and *add* the following proviso :—

'Provided that the fees may be paid up to 30 days before the date of the examination with the payment of an additional fee of Rs. 3.'

No. 1027-L. G.—Bds. 40/12019.—The following amendment made by the District Board of **Multan** to its Provident Fund Rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 1183, dated the 11th January, 1932, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab is published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Multan,** on the 29th April, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

Substitute the following *for* clause (*e*) in rule 1 :—

"(*e*) "Servant" includes every employee of the board who holds a permanent post substantively under the board or is officiating in a permanent or a temporary post in the board but holds a permanent post in a substantive capacity under any other local body which maintains a provident fund, but does not include a Government servant employed by the board."

No. 5544-C.-39/12045.—The following regulations made by the District Board of **Jullundur,** in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 56 and 57 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, and in pursuance of Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2662-C.-36/26202 and 2662-C.-36/26203, dated the 29th August, 1936, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by subsection (2) of section 56 of the said Act, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board, **Jullundur,** on the 29th day of April, 1940 :—

REGULATIONS.

1. In these regulations a "Pond" means any pond, tank, *baoli,* well or reservoir whose water is or may be used for drinking by human beings.

2. The District Board may, by resolution, declare any pond, situate within the area subject to its jurisdiction, to by a protected pond.

3. When a pond is declared to be a protected pond, the fact shall be notified to the public in the vicinity of the pond by beat of drum and a copy of the prohibitions

against its pollution as contained in these regulations together with the penalty therefor shall be posted in the vernacular on a notice-board close to the pond.

4. The District Board may further by resolution determine the catchment area, if any, of a protected pond, which shall be demarcated on the spot by a railing or boundary pillars.

5. No person shall, in a protected pond or its catchment area—

(i) throw filth, sweepings or any other unwholesome articles;

(ii) wash or soak skins, leather, hempor other dirty substance;

(iii) place or bury the dead body of an animal;

(iv) carry on a skinning or tanning business or stock bones;

(v) ease himself or allow filthy water from his drain or property to flow;

(vi) make any new burial ground;

(vii) establish a kiln or make an excavation;

(viii) allow a flock of sheep or goats to stray;

(ix) collect manure in heaps or pits;

(x) wash himself or an animal, or wash clothes, or water an animal, except at a distance of fifteen yards from the pond and so as not to allow the dirty water to flow into the pond.

6. No person shall, in a protected pond spit or urinate, or wash his hands after easing himself.

7. No water shall be used for filling a protected pond unless it is obtained from a source, and conveyed through a channel, approved by the Board.

8. The owner or the person in charge of a protected pond shall carry out such measures as the Board or the District Medical Officer of Health may prescribe for preventing the pollution of water in such pond.

9. When so required by the Board the owner or the person in charge of a protected pond shall—

(a) build, of the type and the material specified, a drain or a cistern or shall make pacca floor to provide for dirty water to flow off and to prevent the flow of surface water or the water of any drain into the pond;

(b) provide the pond with a suitable covering to prevent pollution from natural causes such as the falling in of leaves or fruit of trees or the excreta of birds;

(c) provide the pond with a parapet wall of the size and type specified;

(d) provide a metal receptacle for raising water for drinking purposes attached to a metal chain in such a manner that the upper end of the chain shall ava be above the sur face of the water;

(e) render the lining of the pond impervious to contamination from sub-soil water.

10. The owner or the person in charge of a protected pond shall, when so required by the Board, have it cleaned or repaired to the satisfaction of the Board.

11. The Chairman, Senior Vice-Chairman, Secretary or the District Medical Officer of Health or circle member or any person appointed in this behalf by the Board may, at all times, inspect any protected pond or its catchm ent area.

12. Any person who commits a breach of regulations 5 and 6, shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may ext end to fifty rupees, and if the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first day during which the breach continues.

Committees.

The 6th March, 1940.

No. 650-C.-40/10843.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Leiah**, in the Muzaffargarh district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 197 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act,

1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Leiah** on the 27th day of April, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. No person shall sell milk or butter within the limits of the Municipality or import into the Municipality milk, or butter for sale except under a licence granted by the Municipal Committee in this behalf, and no person shall manufacture, sell or prepare for sale, milk, or butter except in premises licensed by the Committee in this behalf.

2. No premises shall be licensed for the manufacture, sale or preparation for sale, of milk and butter—

(*a*) unless the floor is made of burnt bricks, stones, cement or other impervious material ;

(*b*) unless the walls are properly plastered and lime-washed ;

(*c*) unless they are provided with adequate light and ventilation to the satisfaction of the President of the Municipal Committee, Leiah, or the District Medical Officer of Health, Muzaffargarh ;

(*d*) unless they are provided with a drain and the whole floor is so sloped as to allow all liquid to flow off by the drain ;

(*e*) if there is any direct communication between the premises and any room used as a sleeping room ;

(*f*) if there is any latrine, cesspool, cowshed, stable or other place within one hundred feet of the premises which, in the opinion of the District Medical Officer of Health, Muzaffargarh, renders it undesirable that such premises should be used for the manufacture, sale or preparation for sale of milk and butter.

3. Subject to the provisions of by-law 2, licences for premises for the manufacture or preparation for sale of milk and butter shall be issued by the Secretary of the Committee in form A appended to these by-laws on the application of the owner or occupier of such premises and shall be granted subject to the conditions specified in form A as the conditions subject to which the licence is granted.

4. Licences issued in accordance with by-law 3 shall terminate on the 31st March immediately succeeding the date of issue.

5. Licences to import milk or butter for sale shall be issued by the Secretary to any person applying for them and shall be granted subject to the following conditions :—

(*i*) that the licensee shall not import any milk or any butter made from milk, obtained from any animal which he knows or has good reason to believe is suffering from any disease, or from any dairy or other place from which the procuring of milk has under any general or special declaration notified to the licensee been declared dangerous to the public health by the District Medical Officer of Health ;

(*ii*) that the licensee shall import milk, and butter only in clean covered vessels ;

(*iii*) that the licensee shall not import milk and butter which has been adulterated.

6. Licenses to sell milk or butter shall be issued by the Secretary to persons applying for them and shall be granted on the following conditions :—

(*i*) that the licensee shall not sell any milk or any butter made from milk obtained from any animal which he knows or has good reason to believe to be suffering from any disease or from any dairy or other place from which the procuring of milk has under any general or special declaration, notified to the licensee, been declared dangerous to the Public Health by the District Medical Officer of Health ;

(*ii*) that the licensee shall keep all milk and butter for sale in clean covered vessels ;

(*iii*) that the licensee shall not keep any milk or butter for sale in any place or room used for cooking or sleeping ;

(*iv*) that the licensee shall not dilute or adulterate or cause to be diluted or adulterated any milk or butter intended for sale.

7. Any person who commits a breach of any of these by-laws, and any licensee who commits a breach of any condition of his licence granted to him under these by-laws shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and, if the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues, and in addition any licensee who commits such a breach of any condition of his licence shall be liable to have such licence suspended or revoked.

Form A.

Licence for premises for the manufacture, or preparation for sale of milk and butter issued under by-law 3 of the by-laws for licensing premises for such manufacture, or preparation for sale, published with Punjab Government Notification No. 650-C.-40/10843, dated the 6th March, 1940.

The premises of which a description is given in the attached schedule situated in __________ (name of street, ward, etc.), are hereby licensed for the manufacture or preparation for sale of milk and butter.

This licence is granted to __________ owner/occupier of the said premises, subject to the following conditions:—

(1) that he shall keep the licensed premises structurally fit for the purpose for which the licence is granted ;

Explanation.—" Structural fitness " shall be deemed to include—

(*a*) the existence of a floor made of burnt bricks, stone, cement or other impervious material ;

(*b*) possession of walls properly plastered and limewashed ;

(*c*) adequate provision of light and ventilation ;

(*d*) suitable drains ;

(*e*) non-existence of any direct communications between the premises and any room used as a sleeping room ;

(*f*) non-existence of any lantrine, cesspool, cowshed, stable or other insanitary place within one hundred feet of the premises ;

(*g*) arrangements for protecting milk and butter from flies ; and

(*h*) proper outlet for smoke ;

(2) that he shall not employ or permit to be employed, in the manufacture, sale or preparation for sale of milk, and butttr any person suffering from any contagious or infectious disease or from loathsome sores or who has recently been attending on any person so suffering and that he shall not suffer any such person or any animal to enter or remain upon the licensed premises ;

(3) that he shall keep all vessels, receptactes, utensils and other things used in the manufacture, sale or preparation for sale of milk and butter in a state of cleanliness, and shall protect from dust and flies all materials used in such manufacture, sale or preparation for sale and the articles manufactured or prepared for sale to the satisfaction of the District Medical Officer of Health ;

(4) that he shall daily cause to be thoroughly washed and cleansed the floor and drain of the licensed premises, and every bench, counter, table, shelf or other place on which the articles manufactured or prepared for sale and any material used in such manufacture or preparation for sale are kept ;

(5) that he shall cause the walls of the licensed premises to be properly plastered and lime-washed at least twice a year and more often if so required by the District Medical Officer of Health ;

(6) that he shall not carry on or permit to be carried on any trade or occupation in the licensed premises except the manufacture, sale or preparation for sale of milk and butter and that he shalll not use or suffer to be used any portion of the licensed premises as a living room or sleeping room ;

(7) that he shall not spit or smoke or suffer any other person to spit or smoke, within the licensed premises ;

(8) that he shall not keep or suffer to be kept in the licensed premises any bedding, soiled clothes or other things not required for the manufacture, sale or preparation for sale of milk and butter ;

(9) that he shall not use or permit it to be used in such manufacture, sale or preparation for sale any water except water obtained from a source and to the licensed premises in a manner approved by the District Medical Officer of Health ;

(10) that he shall permit any member or officer of the Committee authorized in this behalf at all reasonable times and without notice to inspect the licensed premises.

SCHEDULE.

(The actual room or rooms, in which the manufacture or preparation for sale of milk and butter is to be carried on, should be described in cases where the whole of the building is not to be used for such manufacture, or preparation for sale.)

The 7th March, 1940.

No. 105-C.-40/10917.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Phullarwan**, in the Shahpur District, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Phullarwan** on the 20th day of April, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

In these by-laws " hand-cart " means a hand-cart used for hawking articles for sale.

2. No person shall use a hand-cart except under a license granted in this behalf by the Municipal Committee, Phullarwan.

Explanation.—A license will not be issued in case of a hand-cart over all measurements of which are more than 3 × 5 ft.

3. (*a*) A license to use any such hand-cart shall be issued by the Secretary of the Committee.

(*b*) At the time of issue of the license the Secretary shall also give to the proprietor of the hand-cart a number plate for which four annas will be charged, to be affixed to the cart. In case such number plate is lost another shall at once be obtained by the proprietor of the hand-cart from the Secretary of the Committee on payment of six annas and affixed to the hand-cart.

4. Licensees who set up their hand-carts at a fixed place shall pay the following fee in advance :—

(*i*) Piece goods and Maniari sellers, Re. 2 per mensem,

(*ii*) Sellers of food stuffs, Re. 1 per mensem.

5. No person shall use or propel an unlicensed hand-cart.

6. Every license issued under by-law No. 3 shall be in the form L.-3 under clause (2) of sub-rule (3) of rule IX of the Municipal Account Code, 1930, and shall be subject to the following conditions:—

(*a*) That the hand-cart in respect of which the license is granted shall have the number plate, which shall not be altered, defaced, or obliterated, given under by-law 3 affixed to it at all times.

(*b*) That the hand-cart shall be maintained in good repair to the satisfaction of the Municipal Committee.

(*c*) That all articles of food, confectionary, fruits and vegetables carried in or on the hand-cart shall be kept covered in the manner prescribed from time to time by the Medical Officer of Health.

(*d*) That the hand-cart shall be brought for inspection to the Municipal Office or such other places set apart for the purpose whenever required by the Committee.

(*e*) That the hand-cart shall not be used in or propelled along the streets bazars and markets, from half-an-hour after sunset until half-an-hour before sun-rise unless it carries a light in such a position as to be conspicuous from the front and behind.

(*f*) That the licensee or the person for time being in charge of the hand-cart shall obey all instructions and directions with regard thereto that may be issued by the Secretary of the Committee or a Police Officer.

(*g*) That every licensee or any person for the time being in charge of a licensed hand-cart shall produce for inspection the license for the hand-cart whenever required to do so by any member of the Municipal Committee or any officer of the Committee authorised in this behalf.

Note.—The attention of the licensee is directed to section 34 of the Police Act, 1861.

7. The license may be suspended or cancelled by order of the Municipal Committee for a breach of any of the conditions of the license or of any of these by-laws.

8. Any person who commits a breach of any of these by-laws shall on conviction by a magistrate be punishable with a fine which may extend to Rs. 50 and if the breach is a continuing one with a further fine which may extend to Rs. 5 for every day after the first during which such breach continues.

The 8th March, 1940.

No. 962-C.-40/11151.—The following draft rules, which the Governor of the Punjab proposes to make, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, are published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 27th day of April, 1940, together with any objection or suggestion which may be received by the Punjab Government from any person with respect to the draft before that date :—

DRAFT RULES.

1. The Deputy Commissioner of Muzaffargarh shall, in consultation with the Municipal Committee of Karor, cause to be prepared an accurate plan of the Municipality of Karor, drawn to a scale of not less than one inch to fifty feet, showing thereon all public streets and other immovable property vested in the Committee.

2. The Deputy Commissioner shall also cause to be prepared a *khasra* of the streets and other properties specified in rule 1 in form B appended to these rules.

3. The Deputy Commissioner shall cause the plan and *khasra*, when ready, to be published in such manner as he deems fit, together with a notice intimating the date not less than two months from the date of the notice by which objections from any person with regard to entries on the plan and *khasra* may be presented to the Revising Authority appointed under rule 5 and the time and place at which the plan and *khasra* may be inspected.

4. The Deputy Commissioner shall arrange to allow any person to inspect the plan and *khasra* during the hours and at the place specified in the notice on any day which is not a public holiday.

5. The Deputy Commissioner shall appoint an Assistant Commissioner or Extra Assistant Commissioner on the district staff to be the Revising Authority for the purpose of hearing objections relating to the plan or *khasra*.

6. When the plan and *khasra* have been published under the provisions of rule 3, objections in respect of entries on the plan and *khasra* may be presented to the Revising Authority, appointed under rule 5, between the hours of ten o'clock in the morning and four o'clock in the afternoon of any day of the period specified in the notice issued under rule 3, which is not a public holiday.

7. The Revising Authority shall maintain a register of objections in form A in which he shall cause to be entered at the time of receipt particulars of every objection received.

8. Any person aggrieved by any order, which the Revising Authority may pass, may, within seven days from the date of such order, apply to the Deputy Commissioner for revision of the order ; and the Deputy Commissioner, after giving notice to the parties concerned and hearing any representation which they may wish to make, may confirm it or set it aside, and pass such other orders with respect to the objection which he may deem fit.

9. After the objections, if any, have been disposed of, the Deputy Commissioner shall cause the plan and *khasra* to be corrected, if necessary, in accordance with the orders passed on the objections, and shall then have the amended plan and *khasra*, or a fresh copy of it, published for general information.

10. The original plan and *khasra* shall remain in the custody of the Deputy Commissioner, and a copy thereof duly certified by the Deputy Commissioner to be correct, shall be furnished to the Municipal Committee of Karor.

11. The Deputy Commissioner may employ such staff as is required for the preparation of the plan and *khasra* and the Municipal Committee of Karor shall be liable for the cost of pay and other incidental expenses connected with the staff and the preparation of the documents mentioned above, and also for the cost of pay or any other expenditure connected with the appointment of the Revising Authority.

Form A.

(RULE 7.)

Register of objections.

Serial No.	Name, parentage and address of the objector.	Date of presentation of objection with the initials of the officer to whom the objection is presented.	Nature of the objection.	Date of decision.	Summary of decision.	Signature of Revising Authority.	Decision by Deputy Commissioner, if any.	Signature of official by whom effect was given to the decision of the Revising Authority or of the Deputy Commissioner and date.

Form B.

(RULE 2.)

MUNICIPAL COMMITTEE, KAROR.

Survey Register.

1	2	3			4								5		6	7
					MEASUREMENT IN FEET AND INCHES.								AREA IN SQUARE YARDS AND DECIMALS.			
					North.		*East.*		*West.*		*South.*					
Plan sheet.	*Khasra* No.	Name of *Mohalla* or Bazar.	Name of *Gali.*	Description of property.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Square yards.	Decimals.	Possessor's name with father's name, caste, occupation and present address.	REMARKS.

No. 703-C.-40/11154.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee oi **Hoshiarpur**, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Hoshiarpur**, on the 20th day of April, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. In these by-laws the expression "motor vehicles" includes all vehicles carriages or other conveyances propelled or which may be propelled on road by electrica or mechanical power, either entirely or partially.

2. No person in charge of a motor vehicle shall take his vehicle or any part of it on or over any footpath or tan ride reserved for pedestrians or equestrians, or over any grass plots along the sides of any road.

3. No person shall drive a motor vehicle on any of the roads specified in column 2 of the annexed schedule at a speed exceeding that shown against it in column 3 of the schedule.

NOTE.—The speed limit fixed under rule 36(*a*) of the Punjab Motor Vehicles Rules, 1931, as amended from time to time is applicable to the other roads in the municipality.

4. The person in charge of a motor vehicle shall, if signalled to do so, stop it at the tax or toll barrier by which he enters or leaves the tax or toll limits for the purpose of allowing the officer or staff of the tax or toll department to realize the toll or tax or to examine the contents of the vehicle.

5. No person in charge of a motor vehicle plying for hire shall, when waiting for passengers, stop the vehicle anywhere in a street except at a stand allotted for the purpose by the Committee with the approval of the Registering Authority, as defined in Rule 3(19) of the Punjab Motor Vehicles Rules, 1931.

6. Any person who commits a breach of by-laws 2 to 5 shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees; and if the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues :—

SCHEDULE.

ROADS TO WHICH SPECIAL SPEED LIMITS ARE APPLICABLE.

No.	Description of roads.	Speed limit (miles per hour).
1	Road leading from the City Police Station to the Chauk where the Hoshiarpur-Dharamsala Road meets the Bahadurpur Road.	10
2	Road leading from the Gaurian Chauk through Vakilan Bazar to the Takiya of Gulzar Shah.	10
3	Road leading from Municipal Serai to mile stone No. 25 on the Hoshiarpur-Jullundur road.	15
4	Road leading from the City Police Station through Kashmiri Katra Bazar, Pir-Phulahi, Kank Mandi Chauks to the Sat Narain temple attached to the Sanatan Dharm Sabha High School, Hoshiarpur.	10
5	Road leading from the Pir-Phulahi Chauk through Sarajan and Golden mosque Chauks to the Gaurian Chauk.	10
6	Road leading from the Arya Mandi to the Assistant Surgeon's quarters on the railway road.	10
	Road leading from the City Police Station to the Central Terminal Tax barrier on the Hoshiarpur-Jullundur road.	10

The 9th March, 1940.

No. 985-C.-40/11242.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Sargodha**, in the Shahpur district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Sargodha**, on the 27th day of April, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. In these by-laws—

(a) "bull" includes a bull-buffalo ;

(b) " sub-committee " means the sub-committee of the Municipal Committee of Sargodha ;

(c) " Veterinary Assistant " means the Veterinary Assistant employed by the Municipal Committee, Sargodha, or the Veterinary Assistant in charge of the Veterinary Hospital.

2. No person shall let loose a bull within municipal limits hence forth for covering purposes unless the permission in writing of the sub-committee has been obtained and the bull has been registered and branded as hereinafter set forth.

3. All bulls straying within municipal limits shall be liable to seizure and confiscation unless they have been registered at the Municipal Office under the orders of the sub-committee and branded with a *tirsul* mark.

4. (1) No bull shall be registered under by-law 3 and the sub-committee shall not grant permission for a bull to be turned loose unless—

(a) it is more than two years and six months of age ;

(b) it has been passed by the Veterinary Assistant as being fit for covering purposes ; and

(c) the person letting loose the bull or wishing to have the bull registered has agreed, in writing, that if it is at any future time declared by the sub-committee to be unsuitable for covering purposes, the sub-committee shall have the power to order it to be castrated or to be detained in a *pinjrapool* or *gowshala* or in such other place as may be determined by the Committee,

Explanation.—No fee shall be charged by the Veterinary Assistant for the inspection of bulls under clause (b).

(2) The description including marks of identification, age and ownership of a bull presented for registration shall be entered in a register to be kept for the purpose by the Veterinary Assistant, together with a note showing the result of his inspection.

5. Any person who commits a breach of by-law 2 shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees ; and if the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

No. 926-C.-40/11252.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee, **Ferozepore**, in exercise of powers conferred by sections 122, 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Ferozepore**, on 27th day of April, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

PART I.—DEFINITIONS

1. In these by-laws unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context :—

(a) " Committee " means the Municipal Committee of Ferozepore ;

(b) " Licence " means a licence under section 122 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911 ;

(c) " Municipal area " means the area under the administration and control of the Ferozepore Municipal Committee for the time being ;

(d) " Premises " means any premises kept or used for public performances o stage plays or for other public entertainment or amusement of the like kind or for holding public boxing contests.

PART II.—LICENSING OF PREMISES.

2. Subject to the provisions of by-law 4, every person desiring to obtain a licence for the use of premises for the purposes specified in by-law 1 (d) shall apply in writing to the Municipal Committee and shall submit with his application plans complete with dimensions of all storeys of the building showing clearly :—

(a) roof, walls, floor, galleries and the number of exits ;

(*b*) cross sections of the building and of galleries ; and

(*c*) notes stating the material used in the construction of various parts of the building and galleries,

3. No licence shall be granted unless the premises are certified by the Medical Officer of Health and the District Magistrate to be suitable for the purpose and by the Municipal Engineer to conform to the requirements prescribed by these by-laws.

4. When the premises are to be used only for small or occassional entertainments, the Committee may, on the certificate of the District Magistrate as to the suitability of a building, grant special licences on such terms as it may deem fit, and may relax any of the provisions of these by-laws.

5. Where premises to be licensed or already licensed under the Cinematograph Act, 1918, the licence shall be subject to the conditions prescribed for licences under th rules under the Cinematograph Act.

PART III.—CONDITIONS.

6. Subject to the provisions of by-law 4 licences shall be granted only on the following conditions :—

Construction and arrangements of premises. Tiers.

(*i*) The premises shall not have more than two tiers built above the ground floor level of the auditorium and a tier shall not be constructed with a slope of more than 35 degrees. The height between any floor and the ceiling above a tier shall at no place be less than 14 feet.

Exits.

(*ii*) Two separate exits shall be provided for each tier or floor calculated to accommodate not more than 300 persons and an additional exit for every additional 250 persons or fraction thereof to be accommodated on such tier or floor. In calculating the number of persons to be accommodated on any tier or floor the standing space from which a view of the performance can be obtained shall be reckoned at the rate 1½ feet square for each person in addition to the sitting accommodation.

(*iii*) Every exit shall not be less than five feet wide between the walls at any point or between the leaves of the doors when open.

(*iv*) Every such exit shall lead direct on to an open street or a verandah the floor of which shall not be more than three feet above the level of the ground, provided that where the exit leads to a verandah or a balcony above the ground floor such balcony or verandah shall have the width specified in clause 12 of this by-law.

(*v*) Two separate exits of a minimum width of five feet shall be provided from the stage direct to a public street or an open verandah not more than three feet above the ground.

(*vi*) One separate exit of a minimum width of four feet shall be provided for each block of dressing rooms direct to a public street or open space comimunicating with the public street, and such exit shall in no way communicate with the stage.

Doors.

(*vii*) All internal doors shall be so hung as not to obstruct when open, any gangway, passage, staircase or landing; and all doors shall be made to open in the direction of exits. If any door is also intended to be used as an entrance, one of its leaves shall open both ways.

(*viii*) All doors and gates used for the entrance shall be made to open outwards; or if made to open both ways, shall be so fitted that when open inwards, they can be locked back against the wall in such a manner as to require a key to release them.

(*ix*) All exit doors having fastenings shall be fastened by bolts of a pattern and in a position to allow them to be opened easily, and no fastening or fitting shall have sharp projections, locking bars, slight hasps, staples or screw-eyes. No fastening other than an automatic fastening shall be fitted on exit doors.

(*x*) All exits and other doors or openings to be used by the public for the purpose of exit shall be indicated by notices clearly painted to the satisfaction

of the Committee ; the exit notices shall be lighted and lettered in red The lettering shall not be less than seven inches in height and shall be conspicuously visible from all positions on the floor it serves.

(*xi*) Notices bearing the words " No Exit " shall not be provided.

Corridors and passages.

(*xii*) All corridors and passages leading from a tier or a floor shall not be less than five feet wide if the tier or floor accommodates not more than 250 persons, and not less than ten feet wide if the tier accommodates more than 250 persons and not more than 500 persons: provided that where a tier or floor accommodates not more than 500 persons and a third exit is provided, the width of corridors and passages need not exceed five feet ; and that if a tier or floor accommodates more than 500 persons, then for every 250 persons, or fraction thereof over and above 500, an additional width of 5 feet is added to the corridors and passages leading therefrom.

(*xiii*) All corridors and passages shall be kept absolutely free and no corridor or passage shall be used as a cloak room, or be otherwise obstructed in any way.

Staircases.

(*xiv*) All staircases intended for the use of the audience shall be at least six fee wide at their narrowest part.

(*xv*) All staircases shall be provided with treads not less than 11 inches wide and with risers not more than 6 inches high (each lapping at least one inch over the back edge of the step below), in flights not more than 15 or less than 3 steps each ; they shall be without winders and shall not have more than 2 successive flights without a turn ; they shall be properly secured and enclosed to the satisfaction of the Committee ; the depths of landings between the flights shall not be less than the widths of the flights ; the treads and risers of each staircase between any 2 floors shall be of uniform width and height.

(*xvi*) A continuous and uninterrupted hand-rail shall be fixed on both sides of all steps and landings, and shall be supported by metal brackets built into the wall ; such hand-rails and brackets shall not project more than 3 inches. The hand-rail shall be at a height of 2 feet 9 inches above the steps or landings. Where the flight of steps returns; the newel shall be chased so as to allow the hand-rail to turn without projecting over the landing. No projection from the walls of the staircases shall be less than 6 feet 9 inches above the steps or landing and any recesses shall be defended.

(*xvii*) No door shall open immediately upon a flight of steps, but a landing with a minimum distance of 3 feet between the door and the steps shall be provided between such step or steps and the door-way.

Stage.

(*xviii*) In all premises where a stage with proscenium is erected, such stage shall be separated from the auditorium by a brick proscenium wall not less than 15 inches in thickness, and that such wall shall be carried down below the stage to a solid foundation and up to the full thickness to a height of at least 3 feet above the roof such height being measured at right angles to the slope or the roof.

(*xix*) Not more than 2 openings, exclusive of the proscenium opening, shall be formed in the proscenium wall. No such opening shall exceed 20 square feet in area. and at the lowest part shall not be at a higher level than 3 feet above the floor of the stage. Such openings shall be fitted with double teak doors 2 inches thick, hung in fire-resisting frames with a one inch lap or with such other fire-resisting doors and frames as may be approved by the Committee in writing.

(*xx*) The licensee shall cause the steps underneath the stage to be entirely closed with the exception of such doors as the Committee may approve by thick wall not less than 10 inches thick and shall keep it entirely clear and empty from all inflammable material or rubbish.

(*xxi*) No premises in which a stage is provided and in which scenery is to be used, shall be constructed underneath or on the top of any part of any other building.

(*xxii*) All roofs, floors, staircases, walls, lintels and railings, with the exception of hand-rails, shall be constructed of fire proof material.

Fire proof materials.

(*xxiii*) The licensee shall provide in each premises additional means of lighting for use in the event of gas or electric light being extinguished, for the auditorium, corridors, passages, exits and staircases by a sufficient number of oil lamps of a pattern to be approved by the Committee, properly secured to inflammable base and placed, if possible, out of the reach of the public, and shall keep such lamps alight during the whole time the public are in such premises. No oil other than mineral oil shall be used in such lamps.

Additional means of lighting.

(*xxiv*) Arc lamps other than those provided in condition (*xxiii*) shall not be used inside such premises without special permission and, when used, special precautions shall be taken to guard against danger from falling glass or incandescent particles or carbon. All parts of the lamps, lanterns and fittings which are liable to be handled (except by the persons employed to trim them) shall be insulated from the frame work, and in case of arc lamps, shall be suspended by the conductors.

(*xxv*) The licensee shall provide hand-pumps, hose, buckets and other small fire appliances as may be required by the Committee and keep them in such position as the Committee may direct, Provision shall also be made for a sufficient number of bibcocks for the purpose of filling buckets.

Fire appliances.

(*xxvi*) Buckets filled with dry sand and buckets filled with water shall be kept on the premises in such numbers and positions as required by the Committee.

(*xxvii*) The licensee shall keep in readiness hatches, hooks and other appliances for taking down hanging scenery in case of fire for immediate use.

(*xxviii*) Means of ventilation capable of providing a supply of outdoor air at a minimum rate of 1,000 cubic feet per occupant per hour shall be installed at the premises. The ventilation shall be effected by natural means, or by a mechanical exit system, or by both, or by mechanical plant giving positive supply of outdoor air.

Ventilation.

(*xxix*) The means of ventilation shall not cause noise or vibration and shall be used continuously during the whole of the time the public are on the premises so as to provide the required standard of ventilation.

(*xxx*) The entering air shall be so distributed that all occupied parts of the building, including entrances, vestibules and refreshment saloons, will be reached and the vitiated air effectually displaced.

(*xxxi*) The condition of the air shall not be regarded as satisfactory if the amount of carbon dioxide in occupied portions of the premises taken at a level of 3 to 6 feet above the floor level exceeds 10 parts in 10,000.

(*xxxii*) Inlets for external air and exits for air passing outwards shall be so arranged that no objectionable drafts are caused.

(*xxxiii*) All openings used for ventilation shall be kept in a clean condition and free from all obstruction.

(*xxxiv*) Independent ventilation from the external air shall be provided for lavatories and other rooms in which sanitary conveniences are located, and ventilation shall be so arranged that the air movement shall not be from such rooms into other parts of the premises.

(*xxxv*) Provision shall be made to the satisfaction of the Committee for warming, by means of recognised systems of heating and for cooling by recognised systems of cooling all parts of the premises regularly occupied by the public, the performers and the staff and for the installation of fans for the purpose of keeping the air in movement.

Heating and cooling.

(*xxxvi*) (I) Sanitary conveniences, such as water closets, commodes, urinals, latrines, wash-basins and the like shall be provided separately for each sex and for the public, performers, and the staff, in such places as are convenient and easy of access under all weather conditions.

Sanitary conveniences.

(II) Sanitary conveniences for the public shall be on the following scales :—

(a) Water closets, commodes or latrines seats—

For males.—One seat for first 200 or part thereof ; 2 seats for 200 to 500 ; 3 seats for 500 to 1,000 and one additional seat for every additional 500 or part thereof over 1,000.

For females.—One seat for first 100 or part thereof ; 2 seats for 100 to 250; 3 seats for 250 to 500 and one additional seat for every 400 or part thereof over 500.

(b) Urinals—

At one or more places on the premises urinals shall be provided on the scale of one urinal for each 50 males.

(III) Entrance to rooms in which sanitary conveniences are located shall be separate for the 2 sexes.

(IV) The rooms in which sanitary conveniences are installed shall be so constructed as to ensure strict privacy. Passages or roads leading to them shall be lighted to the satisfaction of the Committee.

(V) The floor area of each room, in which a water closet, commode or latrine seat is placed, shall be at least 4 feet × 10 feet and the height not less than 8 feet.

(VI) All sanitary conveniences shall be made of non-absorbent impervious material and of a type and design approved by the Committee.

(VII) Proper arrangements shall be made to the satisfaction of the Committee for the collection and removal of excreta and waste matter, and suitable sanitary annexes properly equipped with receptacles of sanitary pattern shall be constructed for this purpose.

(VIII) A sufficient number of sweepers to the satisfaction of the Committee shal be employed and shall be present during the whole period when the public are on the premises.

(xxxvii) (a) Arrangements shall be made to the satisfaction of the Committee for a sufficient supply of wholesome drinking water for the public. The storage and distribution shall be carried out in the manner and under conditions approved by the Committee.

Water supply.

(b) If there be a well or storage tank for drinking water or other means of storing water on the premises, it shall be protected against contamination in such a manner as the Committee may direct.

(xxxviii) All articles of food and drink exposed for sale on the premises, meant for the use by the public, shall be wholesome and fit for human consumption. They shall be kept at places and under conditions approved by the Committee.

Refreshments.

(xxxix) No permanent building used as premises shall accommodate more than 20 persons, and no temporary building used as such more than 25 persons per hundred square feet of space available for sitting and standing. The area under entrances, gangways, stages, etc., shall be deducted for the purpose of calculating the space available on the premises under this by-law.

Seating.

(xl) No licensee shall allow inside the premises any person in excess of the accommodation provided in accordance with condition *(xxxix)*.

(xli) All parts of the premises and the fittings therein and seating, door fastenings, notices, lighting arrangements, ventilating and other arrangements shall be maintained at all times in good order and condition to the satisfaction of the Committee.

Maintenance, alterations or additions.

(xlii) No additions or alterations shall be made to any licensed premises so as to cause the premises to be not in conformity with any of the provisions of these conditions, nor shall the premises be used after any such additions or alterations without a fresh licence.

PART IV.—GENERAL.

7. The Medical Officer of Health, the Municipal Engineer, the Secretary of the Committee or any other officer authorized in this behalf by the Committee, shall have authority to inspect any premises at any time without previous notice for the purpose of satisfying himself that the conditions of any licence are being complied with or whether the premises are being used in contravention of section 122 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911.

8. (*i*) A licence may be revoked either for a breach of conditions or for any other reason as may deem fit to the Committee.

(*ii*) No compensation in respect of such a revocation shall be recoverable from the Committee.

No. 4477-C.-39/11250.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4477-C.-39/1073, dated the 8th January, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendments of the Municipal Election Rules, 1930 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. At the end of clause (*h*) of sub-rule (2) of rule 7 *add* the word " or ".

2. *Add* the following new clauses *after* clause (*h*) of sub-rule (2) of rule 7 :—

" (*i*) has been removed from membership of the committee under section 16 of the Act, or who is disqualified for such membership as a result of his election having been set aside under these rules ; or

(*j*) is disqualified for membership of any district board, town or notified area committee or cantonment board, as a result of removal from such board or committee or as a result of his election for membership of such board or committee having been declared void for corrupt practices ; or

(*k*) has at any time within the five years from the date fixed for the nomination of candidates under the provisions of rule 15 been convicted of an offence under section 171-E or 171-F of the Indian Penal Code, or, having been disqualified from exercising any electoral right for a period of not less than five years in connection with an election of the Provincial Legislature is, on the said date of nomination, still subject to the disqualification."

3. *For* the words " contained in clause (*b*), (*c*), (*d*), (*e*) or (*f*) of this sub-rule " appearing at the end of the first proviso to sub-rule (2) of rule 7 the following words shall be substituted, namely :—

" contained in clause (*b*), (*c*), (*d*), (*e*), (*f*), (*i*) or (*j*) of this sub-rule ".

The 11th March, 1940.

No. 764-L. G.-Bds.-40/11495.—Whereas it appears to the Governor of the Punjab that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Municipal Committee of **Gujrat,** for a public purpose, namely, for widening a road, it is hereby notified that the land described in the specification below is likely to be acquired for the said purpose.

2. This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, to all whom it may concern, and, in exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to authorize the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

3. Any person interested in the land who has any objection to the acquisition may, within thirty days of the publication of this noti-

fication, file an objection in writing before the Collector of the Gujrat district :—

SPECIFICATION OF LAND.

District.	*Tahsil.*	*Mauza.*	*Area in acres.*	*Boundaries.*
Gujrat ..	Gujrat ..	Nawan Nazul, Gujrat	·00964	*North.*—Kachery Road. *East.*—Shops of M. Mohammad Hayat and others, sons of M. Ghulam Mohy-ud-Din. *South and West.*—Kachery Road.

The 12th March, 1940.

No. 590-C.-40/11754.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Kamalia**, in the Lyallpur district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 121 and 188 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Kamalia**, on the 27th day of April, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. Licences under subsection (1) of section 121 of the Punjab Municipal Act 1911, for premises to be used for any of the purposes mentioned in the said subsection shall be granted by the Municipal Committee on the application of the owner or occupier of the such premises and shall be issued by the Secretary of the Committee in form 'A' appended to these by-laws on payment of such fees as the Committee may fix from time to time with the approval of the Commissioner and on the conditions detailed in by-law 3.

2. All applications for the renewal of licences shall be made before the fifteenth day of March each year.

3. Every licence issued under by-law 1 shall be subject to the following conditions :—

(*a*) that the licensee shall permit any member or officer of the Committee authorized in this behalf to inspect the licensed premises at all reasonable times and without notice ;

(*b*) that the licensee shall always keep the licence issued by the Secretary at the licensed premises, and shall, on demand, produce it for inspection by any member or officer of the Committee authorized under clause (*a*) of this by-law ;

(*c*) that the licensee shall make adequate arrangements to the satisfaction of the Committee for the extinction of any outbreak of fire ;

(*d*) that the licensee shall at all times keep the licensed premises in a clean and sanitary condition, and shall provide them with adequate ventilation, suitable drains, latrines, urinals and other sanitary conveniences for the use of the workmen employed therein ;

(*e*) that the licensee shall not permit any work to be carried on at the licensed premises which gives rise to offensive noises between eight o' clock at night and six o'clock in the morning unless he has been specially authorized in this behalf ;

(*f*) that in premises where oil engines are used, kerosine oil, petroleum and other inflammable materials shall be kept in a separate room which shall not be contiguous to the engine room ;

(*g*) that the licensee shall store in a suitable room or rooms, which shall be used for no other purpose and shall be rat-proof, all grain, or pulse received for milling by power supplied by the oil engine, and all floor produced by milling, so long as it remains on his premises.

(*h*) that the licensee shall adopt the best practicable means to the satisfaction of the Committee for rendering innocuous all gases, effluvia or vapours emitted by the engine during the process of working, and shall in every case cause such gases, effluvia or vapours to be discharged into the

external air in such a manner and at such a height as to admit of the proper diffusion of these gases without producing any unwholesome or injurious effects in the neighbourhood or shall cause such gases to pass from the exhaust pipe (or other outlet of such gases) through fire or into a condensing apparatus and then through fire in such a manner as to consume effectually such gases so as to deprive the same of all noxious or injurious properties ;

(i) that in premises where smoke arises through the use of coal in the furnace or any other place in the engine-house, the licensee shall use such apparatus that will, so far as practicable, consume the smoke arising from the engine or the furnace.

Explanation.—For purposes of this by-law, the decision of the Committee or some officer appointed by the Committee in this behalf as to whether the ventilation is adequate or the drains or the rooms are suitable or the means adopted for rendering gases, effluvia or vapours innocuous are the best practicable, shall be final.

4. Any licensee who commits a breach of the conditions of his licence shall be liable to have his licence suspended or revoked by an order of the Committee.

Form 'A'.

A LICENCE TO CARRY ON AN OFFENSIVE AND DANGEROUS TRADE IN THE MUNICIPALITY OF KAMALIA.

N. B.—The licence is subject to the conditions specified in by-law 3 of the by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 590-C.-40/11734, dated the 12th March, 1940.

Serial No. of licence.	Name, parentage, caste and residence of the licensee.	A description of the premises licensed.	A specification of the trade mentioned in section 121 (i) of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, for which the licence is issued.	Endorsement of annual renewal of licence.
				Renewed on *Secretary,* *Municipal Committee of Kamalia.*

No. 1000-C.-40/11804.—The following model by-laws under sections 188 (*d*) and 199 (*i*) of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, for the registration and regulation of hotels, sarais, boarding and lodging-houses, are published for general information :—

BY-LAWS.

1. Every person who keeps an hotel, *sarai* or lodging-house shall register it at the Municipal Office.

2. Every such person shall, if so required by written notice from the Medical Officer of Health, make such alterations to his hotel, sarai or lodging-house as will ensure that—

(*a*) the minimum height of every room intended to accommodate lodgers shall be not less than 10 feet ;

(*b*) the minimum superficial floor-area of every such room shall be not less than 144 square feet;

(c) ventilation opening directly into external air shall be provided for every such room by means of windows, gratings or other openings exculsive of doors, having a combined area equal to not less than one-tenth of the floor area of the room:

Provided that nothing in this by-law shall be considered in any way to waive the requirements of any by-laws for the regulation of buildings in general which may from time to time be in force in the municipality.

3. Every person who keeps an hotel, sarai or lodging-house shall provide it with a sufficient and good supply of drinking water from a municipal main and if there is a well or storage tank or other storage provision in his hotel, sarai or lodging-house or in the precincts thereof shall protect such well or storage tank or other storage provision against pollution in such manners as the Medical Officer of Health may direct, and every year in October or more often if so required by the Medical Officer of Health, shall cause such well or storage tank or other storage provision to be cleaned to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health.

4. (a) Every such person shall keep his hotel, sarai or lodging-house clean and in good repair and shall employ such staff for conservancy as the Medical Officer of Health may direct, and shall unless otherwise permitted by the Medical Officer of Health at least twice a year, and more often if so required by the Medical Officer of Health, cause every room in his hotel, sarai or lodging-house to be lime-washed and generally shall comply with every reasonable order of the Medical Officer of Health for the purpose of promoting the sanitation and cleanliness of his hotel, sarai or lodging-house.

(b) Every such hotel, sarai or lodging-house shall be provided with bathrooms bathing places, latrines and urinals of the pattern approved by the Medical Officer of Health and with such accommodation as he may consider sufficient. Separate provision shall be made in this respect for both the sexes (where necessary) as well as for the lodgers, the staff and servants of the institution.

5. (a) All kitchens and dining rooms shall be made of imprevious non-absorbant material and of such pattern as directed by the Medical Officer of Health with suitable provision for accommodation, drainage, ventilation, exit of smoke and protection from birds, flies, rats and vermin.

(b) Separate places or rooms made of impervious non-absorbant material will be provided for washing and cleaning all utensils, cutlery, crockery and other articles used for purposes of food and drink. Such places or rooms shall be fitted with sufficient supply of wholesome water and efficient drainage to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health.

6. (a) Wholesome and unadulterated articles of food and drink shall be used and provision shall be made to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health to prevent articles of food and drink kept on the premises from getting contaminated, decomposed or being otherwise rendered unfit for human consumption from any source whatsoever.

(b) All receptacles, utensils, vessels or other things employed for storing, cooking or serving articles of food and drink shall be made of suitable material to prevent deterioration or poisoning of such articles of food and drink either by chemical action or otherwise and all reasonable directions given by the Medical Officer of Health in this respect as well as to protect such utensils, vessels and other things from flies, rats and vermin shall be carried out to his satisfaction.

7. (a) The Medical Officer of Health may fix the number of persons who may occupy any room in an hotel, sarai or lodging-house, and no person who keeps such hotel, sarai or lodging-house shall suffer more than the number of persons so fixed to occupy such room.

(The minimum requirement of space for each person shall be 100 cubic feet, any height above 10' not being taken into consideration).

(b) If the number of persons who may occupy any room has been fixed under clause (a) of this by-law, such number shall be painted over the door of such room, and failure on the part of any keeper of an hotel, sarai or lodging-house to cause such number to be so painted shall constitute a breach of this by-law.

8. (a) Every person who keeps an hotel, sarai or lodging-house shall, as soon as it comes to his notice, immediately report to the Medical Officer of Health the occurrence in his hotel, sarai or lodging-house of any disease defined or notified by the Provincial Government as an infectious disease under clause (7) of section 3 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, and shall take measures to keep any person suffering from such disease isolated from all other lodgers.

(b) No person who keeps an hotel, sarai or lodging-house shall suffer such hotel, sarai or lodging-house or any part of it to be occupied if he knows or has good reason to believe that it has been occupied by a person suffering from any such disease, until such hotel, sarai or lodging-house or part of it and every article therein likely to contain infection have been disinfected to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health.

9. Every person who keeps an hotel, sarai or lodging-house shall, if so required by the Medical Officer of health, keep a register in the form prescribed by the Committee, in which he shall record immediately on the arrival or departure of any person who lodges in his hotel, sarai or lodging-house the following particulars :—

(i) on arrival—

(a) the name, father's name or, in case of a married woman, husband's name of every such person ;

(b) the caste and occupation of such person ;

(c) the date of arrival of such person ;

(d) the place from which such person arrived.

(ii) on departure —

(a) the date of departure of such person ;

(b) the place to which such person Proceeded on departure.

10. Any person who commits a breach of any of these by-laws shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to Rs. 50, and if the breach is a continuing breach with a further fine which may amount to Rs. 5 for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

No. 302-C.-40/11824.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Khangarh** in the Muzaffargarh district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the said Act are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Khangarh**, on 29th day of April, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. In these by-laws the word "vehicle" means a vehicle other than a motor vehicle.

2. No person less than fourteen years of age shall drive a vehicle drawn by an animal or animals.

3. No person shall take a vehicle loaded with bricks, kankar, earth, stone, metal or other loose material along any public road or street unless the cart is protected on all sides by boards or other material and the load near the sides shall not be higher than six inches below the top of the sides.

4. No person shall take an elephant along any street without the previous sanction in writing of the Committee.

5. No person in charge of a vehicle shall take it or any part of it over any foot path or tan ride reserved for pedestrians or equestrians or over any grass plots along the side of a road and no person riding or leading any animal shall take such animal over any footpath reserved for pedestrians or over any grass plot along the sides of a road.

6. The use on vehicles of bulb horns klaxon horns, or other similar warning contrivances ordinarily employed on motor vehicles is prohibited.

7. The driver of a vehicle shall obey all directions given whether by signal or otherwise, by a police officer controlling traffic.

8. No person in charge of a licensed vehicle plying for hire shall, when waiting for passengers, stop the vehicle anywhere in a street except at a stand allotted for the purpose by the Committee.

9. No person when riding a bicycle on any street or in any public place shall sit on any part of the bicycle except on the ordinary saddle, nor shall he carry any other person on the same bicycle.

10. No vehicle shall be driven along a public road or street during the period from half an hour after sunset to half an hour before sunrise unless it is supplied with lights in the following manner :—

(a) in the case of a bicycle or tricycle, one light in front and a red reflector at the back,

(b) in the case of country carts one light so placed as to be visible both from the front and the back ; and

(c) in the case of any other vehicle two lights visible both from the front and the back and in case the front lights are not visible from behind, a third light at the back.

11. No person riding a bicycle shall permit it to be towed by any vehicle drawn by any animal or animals or propelled by mechanical means.

12. No bullock cart or hand cart shall be taken along the road mentioned in the margin unless permitted in writing by the Committee or some other officer of the Committee authorised by it in this behalf ; provided that such carts shall be permitted to pass across these roads at crossings without such permission.

Road between Jama Mosque and main chowk of the main bazar.

13. No person other than a person riding or leading an animal shall use the tan rides.

14. The galloping of animals on the tan rides is prohibited.

15. Any of the following classes of traffic may be prohibited either absolutely or during such hours as may be notified by the Committee in this behalf, on any road, within the limits of the Municipality :—

(1) Country carts,

(2) ekkas,

(3) hand carts,

(4) horses out for exercise,

(5) laden animals,

except when actually crossing or proceeding to houses or shops which cannot be reached by any other road.

16. The person in charge of a vehicle shall, if signalled to do so, stop it at the tax or toll barrier by which he enters or leaves the tax or toll limits for the purpose of allowing the officer or staff of the tax or toll department to realise the tax or toll or to examine the contents of the vehicle.

17. All vehicles shall observe the rules of the road, that is they shall pass traffic which is proceeding in the opposite direction on the left and the traffic which is proceeding in the same direction on the right.

18. *Overtaking.*—A slower moving vehicle may be overtaken, provided that :—

(a) the act of overtaking will not hold up, inconvenience or endanger other traffic proceeding in either direction ;

(b) the overtaking is not done in the vicinity of a blind corner, a police constable on point duty or a turning to the right, or when the road is not clearly visible ahead ; or

(c) the vehicle sought to be overtaken is not itself attempting to overtake another vehicle.

19. *Turning.*—(1) (a) The driver of a vehicle shall slow down and make the appropriate signals before making any turning.

(b) The speed at which any vehicle may be driven round any corner shall be such that there is no danger of skidding or overturning, and such that the turning vehicle can be kept on the left hand side of the road without difficulty.

(2) In making a turning from a side road into a main road—

(a) (if the turning is on the right) the driver of the vehicle shall slow down, and if necessary stop, until the main road is sufficiently clear to enable him to take the turning in safety ;

(b) (if the turning is to the left) the driver of the vehicle shall keep to the extreme left, and not hold up, inconvenience, or endanger other traffic in making such turning.

(3) In making a turning from a main road to a side road—

(a) (if the turning is to the right) the driver of the vehicle shall draw to the middle of the road, slow down, and if necessary stop, until the road on the right is sufficiently clear to enable him to take the turning in safety;

(b) (if the turning is to the left) the driver of the vehicle shall keep to the extreme left and not hold up, inconvenience or endanger other traffic when making such a turning. When two roads meet and it is doubtful which of the two is the main road, special caution should be observed by all drivers.

When turning round blind corners, the driver of the vehicle shall slow down, give a warning in an audible manner, keep to the left and be on the look out for pedestrians, any obstacle on the road, or traffic proceeding in either direction.

20. *Cross Roads.*—When passing cross roads, the driver of the vehicle shall slow down, give a warning in an audible manner and be on the look out for pedestrians or traffic crossing his path.

21. A clear road shall be no justification for lack of vigilance. The driver of a vehicle shall at all times be on the look out for pedestrians or traffic coming on the road unexpectedly.

22. The driver of a vehicle shall always allow sufficient room for other vehicles going in either direction to pass him with safety and without difficulty.

23. The driver of a vehicle shall not slow down or stop in any public place without making the appropriate signal.

24. When a vehicle is halted, it shall be drawn up either off the road or as near as possible to the extreme left of the road. No vehicle shall remain halted where it is liable to cause danger or inconvenience to other traffic, as, for example, on the blind side of a corner.

25. Any person who commits a breach of by-laws 2 to 24 shall, on conviction, by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and if the breach is a continuing breach with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues:

Provided that for a conviction under by-laws 4 and 17 the fine shall only extend to twenty rupees.

No. 3384-C.-39/11828.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Montgomery**, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Montgomery**, on the 29th day of April, 1940:—

BY-LAWS.

1. In these by-laws the word "vehicle" means a vehicle other than a motor vehicle.

2. No person less than fourteen years of age shall drive a vehicle drawn by an animal or animals.

3. No person shall take a vehicle loaded with bricks, *kanker*, earth, stone, metal or other loose material along any public road or street unless the cart is protected on all sides by boards or other material, and the load near the sides shall not be higher than six inches below the top of the sides.

4. No person shall take an elephant along any street without the previous sanction in writing of the Committee.

5. No person in charge of a vehicle shall take it or any part of it over any foot-path or tan ride reserved for pedestrians or equestrians, or over any grass plots along the sides of a road; and no person riding or leading an animal shall take such animal over any foot-path reserved for pedestrians or over any grass plot along the sides of a road.

6. The use on vehicles of bulb-horns, klaxon-horns, or other similar warning contrivances ordinarily employed on motor vehicles is prohibited.

7. The driver of a vehicle shall obey all directions given whether by signal or otherwise, by a Police officer controlling traffic.

8. No person in charge of a licensed vehicle plying for hire shall, when waiting for passengers, stop the vehicle anywhere in a street except at a stand allotted for the purpose by the Committee.

9. No person when riding a bicycle on any street or in any public place shall sit on any part of the bicycle except on the ordinary saddle, nor shall he carry any other person on the same bicycle.

10. No vehicle shall be driven along a public road or street during the period from half an hour after sunset to half an hour before sunrise unless it is supplied with lights in the following manner :—

(a) In the case of bicycle or tricycle, one light in front and a red reflector at the back,

(b) in the case of country carts one light so placed as to be visible both from the front and the back, and

(c) in the case of any other vehicle two lights visible both from the front and the back and in case the front lights are not visible from behind, a third light at the back.

11. No person riding a bicycle shall permit it to be towed by any vehicle drawn by any animal or animals or propelled by mechanical means.

12. No person other than a person riding or leading an animal shall use the tan rides.

13. The galloping of animals on the tan rides is prohibited.

14. Any of the following classes of traffic may be prohibited either absolutely or during such hours as may be notified by the Committee in this behalf, on any road within the limits of the Municipality :—

(i) country carts,

(ii) ekkas,

(iii) hand-carts,

(iv) horses out for exercise,

(v) laden animals,

except when actually crossing or proceeding to houses or shops which cannot be reached by any other road.

15. The person in charge of a vehicle shall, if signalled to do so, stop it at the tax or toll barrier by which he enters or leaves the tax or toll limits for the purpose of allowing the officer or staff of the tax or toll department to realize the tax or toll or to examine the contents of the vehicle.

16. All vehicles shall observe the rules of the road, that is, they shall pass traffic which is proceeding in the opposite direction on the left and traffic which is proceeding in the same direction on the right.

17. *Overtaking.*—A slower moving vehicle may be overtaken, provided that—

(a) the act of overtaking will not hold up, inconvenience or endanger other traffic proceeding in either direction.

(b) the overtaking is not done in the vicinity of a blind corner, a police constable on point duty, or a turning to the right, or when the road is not clearly visible ahead;

(c) the vehicle sought to be overtaken is not itself attempting to overtake another vehicle.

18. *Turning.*—(1) (a) The driver of a vehicle shall slow down and make the appropriate signals before making any turnings.

(b) The speed at which any vehicle may be driven round any corner shall be such that there is no danger of skidding or overturning, and such that the turning vehicle can be kept on the left-hand side of the road without difficulty.

(2) In making a turning from a side road into a main road—

(a) (If the turning is to the right) the driver of the vehicle shall slow down, and if necessary stop, until the main road is sufficiently clear to enable him to take the turning in safety ;

(b) (if the turning is to the left) the driver of the vehicle shall keep to the extreme left, and not hold up, inconvenience or endanger other traffic in making such turning.

(3) In making a turning from a main road to a side road—

(a) (if the turning is to the right) the driver of the vehicle shall draw to the middle of the road, slow down, and if necessary stop, until the road on the right is sufficiently clear to enable him to take the turning in safety ;

(b) (if the turning is to the left), the driver of the vehicle shall keep to the extreme left and not hold up, inconvenience or endanger other traffic when making such turning.

When two roads meet and it is doubtful which of the two is the main road, special caution should be observed by all drivers.

When turning round blind corners, the driver of the vehicle shall slow down, give a warning in an audible manner, keep to the left and be on the look out for pedestrians, any obstacle on the road, or traffic proceeding in either direction.

19. *Cross Roads.*—When passing cross roads, the driver of a vehicle shall slow down, give a warning in an audible manner and be on the look out for pedestrians or traffic crossing his path.

20. A clear road shall be no justification for lack of vigilance. The driver of a vehicle shall at all times be on the look out for pedestrians or traffic coming on the road unexpectedly.

21. The driver of a vehicle shall always allow sufficient room for other vehicles going in either direction to pass him with safety and without difficulty.

22. The driver of a vehicle shall not slow down or stop in any public place without making the appropriate signal.

23. When a vehicle is halted, it shall be drawn up either off the road or as near as possible to the extreme left of the road. No vehicle shall remain halted where it is liable to cause danger or inconvenience to other traffic ; as for example, on the blind side of a corner.

24. Any person who commits a breach of by-laws 2 to 23 shall, on conviction by a Magistrate, be punishab'e with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and if the breach is a continuing breach with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.—

Provided that for a conviction under by-laws 4 and 16 the fine shall only extend to twenty rupees.

The 13th March, 1940.

No. 192-C.-40/11931.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 192-C.-40/2492, dated the 16th January, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendment to the rules for the appointment and examination of Accountants of Municipal Committees, published with Punjab Government notification No. 1914-C.-39/18707, dated the 24th May, 1939 :—

AMENDMENT.

At the end of rule 13 *substitute* a semi-colon *for* the full-stop and *add* the following proviso :—

" Provided that the fees may be paid up to 30 days before the date of the examination with the payment of an additional fee of Rs. 3".

No. 380-C.-40/12036.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Fazilka**, in the Ferozepore district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act,

1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Fazilka**, on the 29th day of April, 1940, from which date the by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 3400, dated the 2nd February, 1927, shall be deemed to have been cancelled *in toto* while those published with Punjab Government notification No. 20125, dated the 12th June, 1929, in so far as they relate to bicycles :—

BY-LAWS.

1. In these by-laws the word "vehicle" means a vehicle other than a motor vehicle.

2. No person less than fourteen years of ago shall drive a vehicle drawn by an animal or animals.

3. No person shall take a vehicle loaded with bricks, *kanker*, earth, stone metal or other loose material along any public road or street unless the vehicle is protected on all sides by boards or other material, and the load near the sides shall not be higher than six inches below the top of the sides.

4. No person shall take an elephant along any street without the previous sanction in writing of the Committee.

5. No person in charge of a vehicle shall take it or any part of it over any foot-path or tan ride reserved for pedestrians or equestrians or over any grass plots along the sides of road ; and no person riding or leading an animal shall take such animal over any foot-path reserved for pedestrians or over any grass plot along the sides of a road.

6. The use on vehicles of bulb-horns, klaxon-horns, or other similar warning contrivances ordinarily employed on motor vehicles is prohibited.

7. The driver of a vehicle shall obey all directions given whether by signal or otherwise, by a police officer controlling traffic.

8. No person in charge of a licensed vehicle plying for hire shall, when waiting for passengers, stop the vehicle anywhere in a street except at a stand allotted for the purpose by the Committee.

9. No person when riding a bicycle on any street or in any public place, shall sit or any part of the bicycle except on the ordinary saddle, nor shall he carry any other person on the same bicycle.

10. No vehicle shall be driven along a public road or street during the period from half an hour after sunset to half an hour before sunrise unless it is supplied with lights in the following manner :—

(a) in the case of bicycle or tricycle, one light in front and a red reflector at the back ;

(b) in the case of country carts, one light so placed as to be visible both from the front and the back ; and

(c) in the case of any other vehicle, two lights visible both from the front and the back and in case the front lights are not visible from behind, a third light at the back.

11. No person riding a bicycle shall permit it to be towed by any vehicle drawn by any animal or animals or propelled by mechanical means.

12. No person other than a person riding or leading an animal shall use the tan rides.

13. The galloping of animals on the tan rides is prohibited.

14. Any of the following classes of traffic may be prohibited either absolutely or during such hours as may be notified by the Committee in this behalf, on any road within the limits of the Municipality :—

(i) country carts,

(ii) ekkas,

(iii) hand carts,

(iv) horses out for exercise,

(v) laden animals,

except when actually crossing or proceeding to houses or shops which cannot be reached by any other road.

15. The person in charge of a vehicle shall, if signalled to do so, stop it at the tax or toll barrier by which he enters or leaves the tax or toll limits for the purpose of allowing the officer or staff of the tax or toll department to realize the tax or toll or to examine the contents of the vehicle.

16. All vehicles shall observe the rules of the road, that is, they shall pass traffic which is proceeding in the opposite direction on the left and traffic which is proceeding in the same direction on the right.

17. *Overtaking.*—A slower moving vehicle may be overtaken, provided that—

(a) the act of overtaking will not hold up, inconvenience or endanger other traffic proceeding in either direction,

(b) the overtaking is not done in the vicinity of a blind corner, a police constable on point duty or a turning to the right, or when the road is not clearly visible ahead,

(c) the vehicle sought to be overtaken is not itself attempting to overtake another vehicle.

18. *Turning.*—(1) (a) The driver of a vehicle shall slow down and make the appropriate signals before making any turnings.

(b) The speed at which any vehicle may be driven round any corner, shall be such that there is no danger of skidding or overturning, and such that the turning vehicle can be kept on the left-hand side of the road without difficulty.

(2) In making a turning from a side road into a main road—

(a) (if the turning is to the right) the driver of the vehicle shall slow down, and if necessary stop, until the main road is sufficiently clear to enable him to take the turning in safety;

(b) (if the turning is to the left) the driver of the vehicle shall keep to the extreme left, and not hold up, inconvenience or endanger other traffic in making such turning.

(3) In making a turning from a main road to a side road—

(a) (if the turning is to the right) the driver of the vehicle shall draw to the middle of the road, slow down, and if necessary stop, until the road on the right is sufficiently clear to enable him to take the turning in safety.

(b) (if the turning is to the left) the driver of the vehicle shall keep to the extreme left and not hold up, inconvenience or endanger other traffic when making such turning.

When two roads meet and it is do ful which of the two is the main road, special caution should be observed by all drivers.

When turning round blind corners, the driver of the vehicle shall slow down, give a warning in an audible manner, keep to the left and be on the look out for pedestrians, any obstacle on the road, or traffic proceeding in either direction.

19. *Cross Roads.*—When passing cross roads, the driver of a vehicle shall slow down, give a warning in an audible manner and be on the look out for pedestrians or traffic crossing his path.

20. A clear road shall be no justification for lack of vigilance. The driver of a vehicle shall at all times be on the look out for pedestrians or traffic coming on the road unexpectedly.

21. The driver of a vehicle shall always allow sufficient room for other vehicles going in either direction to pass him with safety and without difficulty.

22. The driver of a vehicle shall not slow down or stop in any public place without making the appropriate signal.

23. When a vehicle is halted, it shall be drawn up either off the road or as near as possible to the extreme left of the road. No vehicle shall remain halted where it is liable to cause danger or inconvenience to other traffic, as, for example, on the blind side of a corner.

24. Any person who commits a breach of by-laws 2—23 shall on conviction by a magistrate be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and if the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues :

Provided that for a conviction under by-laws 4 and 16 the fine shall only extend to twenty rupees.

Small Towns.

The 13th March, 1940.

No. 192-C.-40/11939.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*d*) of subsection (1) of section 51 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendment of the rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 1914-C.-39/18715, dated the 24th May, 1939 :—

AMENDMENT.

At the end of rule 12 *substitute* a semi-colon for the full-stop and *add* the following proviso :—

'Provided that the fees may be paid up to 30 days before the date of the examination with the payment of an additional fee of Rs. 3.'

The 9th March, 1940.

No. 874-L. G.—Bds.-40/11219.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 51 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following rules :—

RULES.

1. The Deputy Commissioner of Attock district shall, in consultation with the Town Committee of Talagang, cause to be prepared an accurate plan of the Small Town of Talagang, drawn to a scale not less than one inch to fifty feet, showing thereon all public streets and other immovable property vested in the Committee.

2. The Deputy Commissioner shall also cause to be prepared a *khasra* of the streets and other properties specified in rule 1 in form 'A' appended to these rules.

3. The Deputy Commissioner shall cause the plan and *khasra*, when ready to be published in such manner as he deems fit, together with a notice intimating the date not less than two months from the date of the notice by which objections from any person with regard to entries on the plan and *khasra* may be presented to the Revising Authority appointed under rule 5 and the time and place at which the plan and *khasra* may be inspected.

4. The Deputy Commissioner shall arrange to allow any person to inspect the plan and *khasra* during the hours and at the place specified in the notice on any day which is not a public holiday.

5. The Deputy Commissioner shall appoint an Assistant or Extra Assistant Commissioner on the district staff to be the Revising Authority for the purpose of hearing objections relating to the plan and *khasra*.

6. When the plan and *khasra* have been published under the provisions of rule 3, objections in respect of entries on the plan and *khasra* may be presented to the Revising Authority, appointed under rule 5, between the hours of ten o'clock in the morning and four o'clock in the afternoon of any day of the period specified in the notice issued under rule 3, which is not a public holiday.

7. The Revising Authority shall maintain a register of objections in form B in which he shall cause to be entered at the time of receipt particulars of every objection received.

8. Any person aggrieved by any order, which the Revising Authority may pass, may, within seven days from the date of such order, apply to the Deputy Commissioner for revision of the order ; and the Deputy Commissioner, after giving notice to the parties concerned and hearing any representation which they may wish to make, may

confirm it or set it aside, and pass such other orders with respect to the objection which he may deem fit.

9. After the objections, if any, have been disposed of, the Deputy Commissioner shall cause the plan and *khasra* to be corrected, if necessary, in accordance with the orders passed on the objections, and shall then have the amended plan and *khasra*, or a fresh copy of it, published for general information.

10. The original plan and *khasra* shall remain in the custody of the Deputy Commissioner, and a copy thereof duly certified by the Deputy Commissioner to be correct, shall be furnished to the Town Committee of Talagang.

11. The Deputy Commissioner may employ such staff as is required for the preparation of the plan and *khasra* and the Town Committee of Talagang shall be liable for the cost of pay and other incidental expenses connected with the staff and the preparation of the documents mentioned above, and also for the cost of pay or any other expenditure connected with the appointment of the Revising Authority.

Form A.

[RULE 2.]

TOWN COMMITTEE, TALAGANG.

Survey Register.

1	2	3			4								5		6	7
					MEASUREMENT IN FEET AND INCHES.								AREA IN SQUARE YARDS AND DECIMALS.			
					North.		*East.*		*West.*		*South.*					
Plan sheet.	*Khasra* No.	Name of *Mohalla* or Bazar.	Name of *Gali*.	Description of property.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Square yards.	Decimals.	Possessor's name with father's name, caste occupation and present address.	REMARKS.

Form B.

[RULE 7.]

Register of objections.

Serial No.	Name, parentage and address of the objector.	Date of presentation of objection with the initials of the officer to whom the objection is presented.	Nature of the objection.	Date of decision.	Summary of decision.	Signature of Revising Authority.	Decision by Deputy Commissioner, if any.	Signature of Official by whom effect was given to the decision of the Revising Authority or of the Deputy Commissioner and date.

Notified Areas.

The 9th March, 1940.

No. 958-C.-40/11317.—The following by-laws made by the Notified Area Committee of **Jalalabad**, in the Ferozepore district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information. They shall come into force within the Notified Area Committee of **Jalalabad**, on the 27th day of April, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. In these by-laws—

(*a*) the word 'sweeper' means any sweeper whether male or female ; and

(*b*) the word 'house' means any place used as a human residence, whether permanently or temporarily.

2. No sweeper shall remove night-soil from any house within the Notified Area, unless he has had his name registered in the Notified Area Office.

3. Applications for registration shall be made in form A appended to these by-laws and obtainable, free of charge, from the Medical Officer of Health.

4. A registration card in form B appended to these by-laws shall be issued by the Medical Officer of Health, free of charge, to every sweeper applying for registration and shall bear the registered number of the sweeper to whom it is issued.

5. Every sweeper so registered shall provide himself with a galvanised iron bucket of a type prescribed by the Medical Officer of Health. On his bucket he shall have painted in white figures two inches high and one quarter of an inch thick his registered number.

6. All night-soil removed by a sweeper from any house shall be removed by him in the galvanised iron bucket, referred to in by-law 5 above, and carried to places fixed by the Committee for its collection and shall not be deposited at, or transferred to, any other place.

7. No registered sweeper shall allow any other sweeper to work with the bucket bearing his register number.

8. Any person who commits a breach of by-laws 2, 5, 6 and 7 shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees and if the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

Form A.

APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION AS SWEEPER.

(*To be presented in person.*)

Name ____________________

son of ____________________

wife of ____________________

daughter of ____________________

I hereby apply for registration under the by-laws for the registration of sweepers of the Jalalabad Notified Area Committee published with Punjab Government notification No. 958-C.-40/11317, dated 9th March, 1940.

2. I undertake—

(*a*) not to transport night-soil, except in a covered receptacle approved by the Medical Officer of Health ;

(*b*) not to fill the receptacle in a manner likely to cause the contents to spill or prevent the lid from fitting close, and

(*c*) to abide by conditions of the above quoted by-laws.

Signature ________________

or

Thumb-impression ________________

Form B.

Sweepers Registration Card.

Registered No. .... }
Name.. }
Father's / Husband's name .... } Not transferable.
Date of issue.. }

Medical Officer of Health,
Notified Area Committee, Jalalabad.

The 12th March, 1940.

No. 1013-C.-40/11749.—The following amendments made by the Notified Area Committee of **Lodhran**, in the Multan district, of the by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 23957, dated the 22nd July, 1931, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Notified Area of **Lodhran**, on the 27th day of April, 1940 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. In by-law 2 (3) between the word " with " and the word " banaspatine " the words " ghi or with " shall be inserted.

2. In by-law 3 between the word " ghi " and the word " shall " the words " or for the sale of sweetmeats, cakes or other food prepared with ghi " shall be inserted.

3. In by-law 4 between the word " with " and the word " banaspatine " the words " ghi or with " shall be inserted.

4. In by-law 4 (*b*) between the word " ghi " and the word " or " the words " or for the sale of sweetmeats, cakes or other food prepared with ghi " shall be inserted.

5. In by-law 4 (*h*) between the word " with " and the word " banaspatine " the words " ghi or with " shall be inserted.

Public Health.

The 13th March, 1940.

No. 1168-M.-40/12012.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 1 of the Punjab Pure Food Act, 1929, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to extend to the Municipality of **Pasrur**, in the Sialkot district, with effect from the date of publication of this notification, the provisions of sections 3 to 22 of the said Act, in respect of all articles of food and drink.

No. 1168-M.-40/12015.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Pure Food Act, 1929, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to appoint the Chemist of the Public Health Department to be a Public Analyst for the Municipality of **Pasrur,** in the Sialkot district, in respect of all articles of food and drink.

No. 1170-M.-40/12023.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 1 of the Punjab Pure Food Act, 1929, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to extend to the Town of **Ramdas,** in the Amritsar district, with effect from the date of publication of this notification, the provisions of sections 3 to 22 of the said Act, in respect of all articles of food and drink.

No. 1170-M.-40/12026.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Pure Food Act, 1929, the Governor of the Punjab

is pleased to appoint the Chemist of the Public Health Department to be a Public Analyst for the Town of **Ramdas,** in Amritsar district, in respect of all articles of food and drink.

RAM CHANDRA,

Secretary to Government, Punjab,
Medical and Local Government Departments.

Committees.

Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 50 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, Qazi Bashir Hussain, member and ex-President of the Jullundur Municipal Committee, is surcharged with the sum of Rs. 166-6-0 being the amount of the loss sustained by the said committee through the action of Qazi Bashir Hussain in incurring expenditure on a private road to Abadpura village outside the jurisdiction of the committee.

C. M. ORMEROD,

Deputy Commissioner, Jullundur.

1550 CS—1,149—15-3-40—SGPP Lahore.

Registered No. L. 864.

The Government Gazette, Punjab.

Published by Authority.

No. 12. LAHORE, FRIDAY, MARCH 22, 1940.

PART I—A.

Punjab Government Notifications and Orders.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Boards.

The 18th March, 1940.

No. 1061-L. G.—Bds.-40/13588.—The following amendment made by the District Board of **Jullundur** to its Provident Fund Rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 1750-L.S.-G.-36/19795, dated the 20th June, 1936, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, is published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Jullundur** on the 6th May, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

Substitute the following *for* clause (*e*) in rule 1 :—

> " (*e*) " Servant " includes every employee of the board who holds a permanent post substantively under the board or is officiating in a permanent or a temporary post in the board but holds a permanent post in a substantive capacity under any other local body which maintains a provident fund, but does not include a Government servant employed by the board. "

No. 1087-L. G.-40/13711.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 12 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to direct that the Executive Engineer, Public Works Department, Buildings and Roads Branch, Montgomery

Division, Montgomery, shall cease to be a member of the District Board of **Montgomery.**

No. 1087-L. G.-40/13712.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 11 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to fix the total number of members of the District Board of **Montgomery**, at 36 as follows :—

Ex-officio	.. ..	3
Members appointed by name	..	6
Elected	.. ..	27
Total	..	36

Punjab Government notification No. 30134, dated the 8th October, 1931, is hereby cancelled.

No. 1087-L. G.-40/13713.—In exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (2) of section 11 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to appoint the following officials to be members of the District Board of **Montgomery** :—

(1) The Deputy Commissioner, Montgomery.

(2) The Civil Surgeon, Montgomery.

(3) The District Inspector of Schools, Montgomery.

No. 1087-L. G.-40/13714.—In exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (2) of section 11 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to appoint the following persons to be members of the District Board of **Montgomery** :—

(1) Khan Sahib Mian Nur Ahmad Khan Maneka, M.L.A.

(2) Syed Ashiq Hussain, of Shergarh.

(3) Mian Abdul Wahab, Zaildar, of Niami.

(4) Chaudhri Mohammad Sharif, Pleader, Montgomery.

(5) Chaudhri Hukam Singh, son of Rai Sahib Chaudhri Mahla Singh, of Bahadur Nagar Cattle Farm.

(6) Mr. R. C. Bannerjee, retired Superintendent, Deputy Commissioner's Office' Montgomery.

The 20th March, 1940.

No. 1196-L. G.-40/13942.—The following draft of an amendment of the Municipal Account Code, 1930 (revised edition), which the Governor of the Punjab proposes to make, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 6th May, 1940, together with any objection or suggestion which may be received by Government from any person with respect to the draft before that date :—

DRAFT AMENDMENT.

At the end of rule VII·14 (2) the following new proviso shall be added :—

" Provided further that when an arrear has been outstanding for more than three months the Secretary of the Committee shall proceed against the defaulter under section 81 (1) of the Act ".

No. 6528-L. G.-39/13974.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 6528-L. G.-39/1858, dated the 12th January, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 55 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendment to the District Board Election Rules, 1933 :—

AMENDMENT.

The proviso to sub-rule (2) of rule 27 shall be deleted.

Committees.

The 16th March, 1940.

No. 651-C.-40/13468.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Leiah**, in the Muzaffargarh district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 197 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information they shall come into force within the municipality of **Leiah**, on the 6th day of May, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. No person shall manufacture, sell or prepare or expose for sale, sweetmeats, confectionary or sugar including *patashas* and sugar candy, bread, syrup, khoya and rabri, in premises other than premises licensed by the Committee in this behalf.

2. No premises shall be licensed for the manufacture, sale or preparation or exposure for sale of the articles of food and drink mentioned in by-law 1 :—

(*a*) unless they have a floor made of stone, brick, with cement pointing or other impervious material ;

(*b*) unless the walls are properly plastered and lime-washed ;

(*c*) unless they are provided with adequate light and ventilation to the satisfaction of the District Medical Officer of Health, or, any other officer appointed by the Committee in this behalf ;

(*d*) unless they are provided with a drain and the whole floor is so sloped as to allow all liquid to flow off by the drain ;

(*e*) if there is any direct communication between the premises and any room used as a sleeping room ;

(*f*) if there is any latrine, cess-pool, cow-shed, stable or other place within one hundred feet of the premises which, in the opinion of the District Medical Officer of Health, renders it undesirable that such premises should be used for the manufacture, sale or preparation or exposure for sale of the articles specified in by-law 1 ;

(*g*) unless they have a proper outlet for smoke if fire is lit therein.

3. Subject to the provisions of by-law 2, licences for premises for the manufacture, sale or preparation or exposure for sale of the articles specified s in by-law 1 shall be issued by the Secretary of the Municipal Committee (or any other officer appointed by the Committee in this behalf) in form 'A' appended to these by-laws on the application of the owner or occupier of such premises and shall be granted free of charge and subject to the conditions specified in form A as the conditions subject to which the licence is granted.

4. Licenses issued in accordance with by-law 3 shall be current for not more than 12 months, and shall in any case terminate on the 31st March, immediately succeeding the date of issue.

5. Any licensee who commits a breach of the conditions of his licence shall be liable to have his licence revoked.

6. Any person who commits or abets the commitment of a breach of any of these by-laws and any licensee who commits or abets the commitment of a breach of any of the conditions of his licence, shall be liable, on conviction by a magistrate, to a fine which may extend to fifty rupees and when the breach is a continuing breach, to a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

Form A.

Licences for premises for the manufacture, sale or preparation or exposure for sale of sweetmeats, confectionery or sugar including patashas and sugar candy, bread, syrup, khoya and rabri issued under by-law 3 of the by-laws for licensing premises for such manufacture, sale or preparation or exposure for sale published with Punjab Government notification No. 651-C.-40/13468, dated the 16th March, 1940.

The premises of which a description is given in the attached schedule, situated in ________

(name of street, ward, etc.), are hereby licensed for the manufacture, sale or preparation or exposure for sale of the articles specified in by-law 1.

The licence is granted to ______________________________ ________________

owner/occupier of the said premises, subject to the following conditions :—

(1) that he shall keep the licensed premises structurally fit for the purpose for which the licence is granted;

Explanation.—"Structural fitness" shall be deemed to include—

(a) the existence of a floor made of stone, bricks, with cement pointing or other impervious material,

(b) possession of walls properly plastered and lime-washed,

(c) adequate provision of light and ventilation ;

(d) suitable drains;

(e) non-existence of any direct communication between the premises and any room used as a sleeping room ;

(f) non-existence of any latrine, cess pool, cow-shed, stable or other insanitary place within 100 feet of the premises ;

(g) proper outlet for smoke ;

(2) that he shall not employ or permit to be employed in the manufacture, sale or preparation or exposure for sale of the articles specified in by-law 1 any person suffering from any contagious or infectious disease or from loath-some sores or who has recently been attending on any person so suffering and that he shall not suffer any such person or any animal to enter or remain upon the licensed premises ;

(3) that he shall keep all vessels, receptacles, utensils and other things used in the manufacture, sale or preparation or exposure for sale of the articles specified in by-law 1, in a state of cleanliness, and shall protect from dust and flies all materials used in such manufacture, sale or preparation or exposure for sale and the articles manufactured, prepared or exposed for sale to the satisfaction of the District Medical Officer of Health, or any other officer, appointed by the committee in this behalf ;

(4) that he shall daily cause to be thoroughly washed and cleansed the floor and drain of the licensed premises and every bench, counter, table, shelf or other place on which the articles manufactured, prepared or exposed for sale and any material used in manufacture, sale or preparation or exposure for sale, are kept ;

(5) that he shall cause the walls of the licensed premises to be properly lime washed or plastered at least once a year and more often, if so required by the District Medical Officer of Health, or any other officer, appointed by the committee in this behalf ;

(6) that he shall not carry on, or permit to be carried on, any trade or occupation in the licensed premises other than the manufacture, sale or preparation or exposure for sale of the articled specified in by-law 1 and that he shall not use, or suffer to be used, any portion of the licensed premises as a living or sleeping room ;

(7) that he shall not spit, or smoke or suffer any other person to spit or smoke, within the licenced premises ;

(8) that he shall not keep, or suffer to be kept, in the licensed premises any bedding, soiled clothes or any other thing not required for the manufacture, sale or preparation or exposure for sale of articles in specified by-law 1 ;

(9) that he shall not use or permit to be used in such manufacture, sale or preparation or exposure for sale any water except water obtained from a source and conveyed to the licensed premises in a manner approved by the District Medical Officer of Health or any other officer appointed by the committee in this behalf ;

(10) that he shall permit any member or officer of the committee authorised in this behalf at all reasonable times and without notice to inspect the licensed premises ;

(11) that he shall comply with the orders issued by the District Medical Officer of Health or any other officer appointed by the committee in this behalf in connection with the sanitary condition of the licensed premises ;

(12) that he shall exhibit the licence at a proper place in the licensed premises.

SCHEDULE.

(The actual room or rooms, in which the manufacture, sale or preparation or exposure for sale of articles of food and drink specified in by-law 1, is to be carried on should be described in cases where the whole of the building is not to be used for such manufacture, sale or preparation or exposure for sale.)

No. 1021-L.G.—Bds.-40/13475.—Whereas it appears to the Governor of the Punjab that with reference to notification No. 3780-L. G.—Bds.-39/27146, dated the 18th August, 1939, land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Municipal Committee of **Amritsar** for

a public purpose, namely, for laying out a park, it is hereby notified that the land described in the specification below is required for the said purpose.

2. This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, to all whom it may concern and, under section 7 of the said Act, the Collector of the Amritsar district is hereby authorised to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

3. A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the said Collector :—

SPECIFICATION OF LAND.

District.—Amritsar.	*Mauza.*—Amritsar.
Tahsil.—Amritsar.	*Area in acres.*—1·72.

Boundaries.—North.—Outer Circular Road between Gilwali and Bhagtanwala Gates. *East.*—Municipal Garden (Khasra No. 2247). *South.*—Municipal Garden (Khasra No. 2245). *West.*—Road (Khasra No. 2212).

The 18th March, 1940.

No. 1011-C.-40/13659.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Fazilka,** in the Ferozepore district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab a required by section 201 of the said Act are published for general in formation and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Fazilka** on the 6th day of May, 1940, from which date Punjab Government notification No. 26983, dated the 26th August, 1929, shall be considered to be cancelled :—

BY-LAWS.

1. In these by-laws the expression "motor vehicle" includes all vehicles, carriages or other conveyances propelled or which may be propelled on road by electrical or mechanical power, either entirely or partially.

2. No person in charge of a motor vehicle shall take his vehicle or any part of it on or over any footpath or tan ride reserved for pedestrians or equestrians, or over any grass plots along the sides of any road.

3. Subject to the provisions of by-law 6 no person shall drive a motor vehicle on any of the roads specified in column 2 of the annexed schedule at a speed exceeding that shown against it in column 3 of the schedule.

4. The person in charge of a motor vehicle shall, if signalled to do so, stop it at the tax or toll-barrier by which the enters or leaves the tax or toll limits for the purpose of allowing the officer or staff of the tax or toll department to realize the toll or tax or to examine the contents of the vehicle.

5. No person in charge of a motor vehicle plying for hire shall, when waiting for passengers, stop the vehicle anywhere in a street except at a stand allotted for the purpose by the Committee with the approval of the Registering Authority as defined in rule 31 (19) of the Punjab Motor Vehicles Rules, 1931.

6. No person shall drive a motor vehicle on any of the following streets.—

(1) Kucha Tang from the house of Munshi Ram Bhusri to Multani outfall.

(2) Bhatejan street.

(3) Gali Singh Sabha.

(4) Mahasha Duni Chand street.

(5) Mahasha Buta Ram street.

(6) Gali Mohar Singh.

(7) Two by-lanes in Kaseran street.

(8) By-lane joining Wool bazar with Chaudhrian street.

(9) Gali R. S. Seth Madan Gopal.

(10) By-lane joining the old post office street with Pasarian street.

(11) Three by-lanes in gali Dasaundi Ram.

(12) One by-lane in gali Rampal.

(13) By lane-joining Mehtab Ganj road with street Kasaban.

(14) By-lane joining Mehtab Ganj road with M. B. School, Maidan.

(15) Maulvi Pir Modammad lane.

7. Any person who commits a breach of any of these by-laws shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and if the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

THE SCHEDULE.

Roads to which a special speed limit is applicable :—

No.	Description of Roads.	Speed limit (miles per hour).
1	All streets within the town with the exception of those mentioned in by-law 6.	15 miles.

No. 1702-C.-38/13666.—The following by-laws, made by the Municipal Committee of **Jhang-*cum*-Maghiana,** in the Jhang district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Jhang-*cum*-Maghiana**, on the 6th day of May, 1940, from which date the by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 30308, dated the 1st October, 1929, shall be deemed to be cancelled in so far as they relate to bicycles :—

BY-LAWS.

1. In these by-laws the word "vehicle" means a vehicle other than a motor vehicle.

2. No person less than fourteen years of age shall drive a vehicle drawn by an animal or animals.

3. No person shall take a vehicle loaded with bricks, *kanker*, earth, stone, metal or other loose material along any public road or street unless the cart is protected on all sides by boards or other material and the load near the sides shall not be higher than six inches below the top of the sides.

4. No person shall take an elephant along any street without the previous sanction in writing of the Committee.

5. No person in charge of a vehicle shall take it or any part of it over any footpath or tan ride reserved for pedestrians or equestrians, or over any grass plots along the sides of a road ; and no person riding or leading an animal shall take such animal over any footpath reserved for pedestrians or over any grass plot along the sides of a road.

6. The use on vehicles of bulb-horns, klaxon horns, or other similar warning contrivances ordinarily employed on motor vehicles is prohibited.

7. The driver of a vehicle shall obey all directions given whether by signal or otherwise, by a police officer controlling traffic.

8. No person in charge of a licensed vehicle plying for hire shall, when waiting for passengers, stop the vehicle anywhere in a street except at a stand allotted for the purpose by the Committee.

9. No person when riding a bicycle on any street or in any public place shall sit on any part of the bicycle except on the ordinary saddle, nor shall he carry any other person on the same bicycle.

10. No vehicle shall be driven along a public road or street during the period from half an hour after sunset to half an hour before sunrise unless it is supplied with lights in the following manner :—

(a) in the case of bicycle or tricycle, one light in front and a red reflector at the back,

(b) in the case of country carts one light so placed as to be visible both from the front and the back, and

(c) in the case of any other vehicle two lights visible both from the front and the back and in case the front lights are not visible from behind a third light at the back.

11. No person riding a bicycle shall permit it to be towed by any vehicle drawn by any animal or animals or propelled by mechanical means.

12. No bullock-cart or hand-cart shall be taken along the Civil Station roads and Jhang-Maghiana road unless permitted in writing by the President, Municipal Committee, or some other officer authorised by the Committee: provided that such carts shall be permitted to pass across these roads at crossings without such permission.

13. No person other than a person riding or leading an animal shall use the tan rides.

14. The galloping of animals on the tan rides is prohibited.

15. Any of the following classes of traffic may be prohibited either absolutely or during such hours as may be notified by the Committee in this behalf, on any road within the limits of the Municipality :—

(i) country carts,

(ii) ekkas,

(iii) hand-carts,

(iv) horses out for exercise,

(v) laden animals,

except when actually crossing or proceeding to houses or shops which cannot be reached by any other road.

16. The person in charge of a vehicle shall, if signalled to do so, stop it at the tax or toll barrier by which he enters or leaves the tax or toll limits for the purpose of allowing the officer or staff of the tax or toll department to realize the tax or toll or to examine the contents of the vehicle.

17. All vehicles shall observe the rules of the road, that is, they shall pass traffic which is proceeding in the opposite direction on the left and traffic which is proceeding in the same direction on the right.

18. *Overtaking.*—A slower moving vehicle may be overtaken, provided that—

(a) the act of overtaking will not hold up, inconvenience or endanger other traffic proceeding in either direction.

(b) the overtaking is not done in the vicinity of a blind corner, a police constable on point duty or a turning to the right, or when the road is not clearly visible ahead.

(c) the vehicle sought to be overtaken is not itself attempting to overtake another vehicle.

19. *Turning.*—(1) (a) The driver of a vehicle shall slow down and make the appropriate signals before making any turnings.

(b) The speed at which any vehicle may be driven round any corner shall be such that there is no danger of skidding or overturning, and such that the turning vehicle can be kept on the left-hand side of the road without difficulty.

(2) In making a turning from a side road into the main road—

(a) (if the turning is to the right), the driver of the vehicle shall slow down and if necessary stop, until the main road is sufficiently clear to enable him to take the turning in safety ;

(b) (if the turning is to the left), the driver of the vehicle shall keep to the extreme left, and not hold up, inconvenience or endanger other traffic in making such turning.

(3) In making a turning from a main road to a side road—

(*a*) (if the turning is to the right), the driver of the vehicle shall draw to the middle of the road, slow down, and if necessary stop, until the road on the right is sufficiently clear to enable him to take the turning in safety ;

(*b*) (if the turning is to the left), the driver of the vehicle shall keep to the extreme left and not hold up, inconvenience or endanger other traffic when making such turning.

When two roads meet and it is doubtful which of the two is the main road, special caution should be observed by all drivers.

When turning round blind corners, the driver of the vehicle shall slow down, give a warning in an audible manner, keep to the left and be on the look out for pedestrians, any obstacle on the road, or traffic proceeding in either direction.

20. *Cross Roads.*—When passing cross roads, the driver of a vehicle shall slow down, give a warning in an audible manner and be on the look out for pedestrians or traffic crossing his path.

21. A clear road shall be no justification for lack of vigilance. The driver of a vehicle shall at all times be on the look out for pedestrians or traffic coming on the road unexpectedly.

22. The driver of a vehicle shall always allow sufficient room for other vehicles going in either direction to pass him with safety and without difficulty.

23. The driver of a vehicle shall not slow down or stop in any public place without making the appropriate signal.

24. When a vehicle is halted, it shall be drawn up either off the road or as near as possible to the extreme left of the road. No vehicle shall remain halted where it is liable to cause danger or inconvenience to other traffic ; as, for example, on the blind side of a corner.

25. Any person who commits a breach of by-laws 2 to 24 shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and if the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues :

Provided that for a conviction under by-laws 4 and 17 the fine shall only extend to twenty rupees.

No. 4437-C.-39/13669.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Tarn Taran** in the Amritsar district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Tarn Taran**, on the 6th day of May, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. In these by-laws the word " vehicle " means a vehicle other than a motor vehicle.

2. No person less than fourteen years of age shall drive a vehicle drawn by an animal or animals.

3. No person shall take a vehicle loaded with bricks, kanker, earth, stone, metal or other loose material along any public road or street unless the cart is protected on all sides by boards or other material, and the load near the sides shall not be higher than six inches below the top of the sides.

4. No person shall take an elephant along any street without the previous sanction in writing of the Committee.

5. No person in charge of a vehicle shall take it or any part of it over any foot-path or tan ride reserved for pedestrians or equestrians, or over any grass plots along the sides of a road ; and no person riding or leading an animal shall take such animal over any foot-path reserved for pedestrians or over any grass plot along the sides of a road.

6. The use on vehicles of bulb-horns, klaxon horns or other similar warning contrivances ordinarily employed on motor vehicles is prohibited.

7. The driver of a vehicle shall obey all directions given whether by signal or otherwise, by a Police Officer controlling traffic.

8. No person in charge of licensed vehicle plying for hire shall, when waiting for passengers, stop the vehicle anywhere in a street except at a stand allotted for the purpose by the Committee.

9. No person when riding a bicycle on ony street or in any public place shall sit on any part of the bicycle except on the ordinary saddle, nor shall he carry any other person on the same bicycle.

10. No vehicle shall be driven along a public road or street during the period from half an hour after sunset to half an hour before sunrise unless it is supplied with lights in the following manner :—

(*a*) in the case of bicycle or tricycle, one light in front and a red reflector at the back ;

(*b*) in the case of country carts, one light so placed as to be visible both from the front and the back ; and

(*c*) in the case of any other vehicle, two lights visible both from the front and the back and in case the front lights are not visible from behind a third light at the back.

11. No person riding a bicycle shall permit it to be towed by any vehicle drawn by any animal or animals or propelled by mechanical means.

12. No bullock cart or hand cart shall be taken along the roads mentioned in the margin unless permitted in writing by the Committee or an officer of the Committee authorised by it in this behalf ; provided that such carts shall be permitted to pass across these roads at crossings without such permission.

1. Kucha B. Barket Ram.
2. Bazar Langarwala.
3. Bazar Police Guard up to the shop of Bh. Gopal Singh Sodawala.
4. From Chowk Mahiwala to Darbar Sahib.
5. From Adda Sarhali to the Gate of Grain Market, Tarn Taran, western side.

Provided further that hand carts used for the retail sale of vegetables and other articles shall not be subject to the provisions of this by-law.

13. No person other than a person riding or leading an animal shall use the tan rides.

14. The galloping of animals on the tan rides is prohibited.

15. Any of the following classes of traffic may be prohibited either absolutely or during such hours as may be notified by the Committee in this behalf, on any road within the limits of the Municipality :—

(*i*) country carts,

(*ii*) ekkas,

(*iii*) hand carts,

(*iv*) horses out for exercise,

(*v*) laden animals,

except when actually crossing or proceeding to houses or shops which cannot be reached by any other road.

16. The person in charge of a vehicle shall, if signalled to do so, stop it at the tax or toll barrier by which he enters or leaves the tax or toll limits for the purpose of allowing the officer or staff of the tax or toll department to realize the tax or toll or to examine the contents of the vehicle.

17. All vehicles shall observe the rules of the road, that is, they shall pass traffic which is proceeding in the opposite direction on the left and traffic which is proceeding in the same direction on the right.

18. *Overtaking.*—A slower moving vehicle may be overtaken, provided that—

(*a*) the act of overtaking will not hold up, inconvenience or endanger other traffic proceeding in either direction ;

(b) the overtaking is not done in the vicinity of a blind corner, a police constable on point duty or a turning to the right, or when the road is not clearly visible ahead ;

(c) the vehicle sought to be overtaken is not itself attempting to overtake another vehicle.

19. *Turning.*—(1) (a) The driver of a vehicle shall slow down and make the appropriate signals before making any turnings.

(b) The speed at which any vehicle may be driven round any corner shall be such that there is no danger of skidding or overturning, and such that the turning vehicle can be kept on the left-hand side of the road without difficulty.

(2) In making a turning from a side road into a main road—

(a) (if the turning is to the right) the driver of the vehicle shall slow down, and if necessary stop, until the main road is sufficiently clear to enable him to take the turning in safety ;

(b) (if the turning is to the left) the driver of the vehicle shall keep to the extreme left, and not hold up, inconvenience or endanger other traffic in making such turning.

(3) In making a turning from a main road to a side road—

(a) (if the turning is to the right) the driver of the vehicle shall draw to the middle of the road, slow down, and if necessary stop, until the road on the right is sufficiently clear to enable him to take the turning in safety ;

(b) (if the turning is to the left) the driver of the vehicle shall keep to the extreme left and not hold up, inconvenience or endanger other traffic when making such turning.

When two roads meet and it is doubtful which of the two is the main road, special caution should be observed by all drivers.

When turning round blind corners, the driver of the vehicle shall slow down, give a warning in an audible manner, keep to the left and be on the look out for pedestrians any obstacle on the road, or traffic proceeding in either direction.

20. *Cross roads.*—When passing cross roads the driver of a vehicle shall slow down, give a warning in an audible manner and be on the look out for pedestrians or traffic crossing his path.

21. A clear road shall be no justification for lack of vigilance. The driver of a vehicle shall at all times be on the look out for pedestrians or traffic coming on the road unexpectedly.

22. The driver of a vehicle shall always allow sufficient room for other vehicles going in either direction to pass him with safety and without difficulty.

23. The driver of a vehicle shall not slow down or stop in any public place without making the appropriate signal.

24. When a vehicle is halted, it shall be drawn up either off the road or as near as possible to the extreme left of the road. No vehicle shall remain halted where it is liable to cause danger or inconvenience to other traffic ; as, for example, on the blind side of a corner.

25. Any person who commits a breach of by-laws 2 to 24 shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and if the breach is a continuing breach with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues :

Provided that for a conviction under by-laws 4 and 17, the fine shall only extend to twenty rupees.

No. 656-C.-40/13698.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Hansi**, in the Hissar district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 121 and 188 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information, and

shall come into force within the Municipality of **Hansi**, on the 6 h day of May, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. Licences under section 121(1) of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, shall be issued by the Secretary of the Committee in form A appended to these by-laws on the application of the owner or occupier of the premises to be used for any of the purposes specified in the said section and shall be granted on payment of the fees prescribed below on the conditions detailed in by-law 3 :—

	Rates of licence fee per annum. Rs. A. P.	
(a) 1. A building where one or more oil engines of not more than 20 total horse power is installed.	10 0 0	
2. A building where one or more oil engines of more than 20 total horse power is installed.	20 0 0	
3. A building where other machines with steam engines is installed.	25 0 0	
(b) 1. A building where ginning factories up to 16 gins3 is installed.	35 0 0	
2. A building where ginning factories above 16 gins is installed.	45 0 0	
(c) 1. A brick kiln	25 0 0	
2. A brick field	8 0 0	
3. A lime kiln	1 0 0	If lime is burnt for personal use.
3. A Kuthli	0 8 0	If lime is burnt for personal use.
(d) A Saltpetre manufactory	5 0 0	
(e) A bone house	0 4 0	
(f) A house for dressing raw hides	5 0 0	
(g) A store house for non-dangerous petroleum for quantities up to 500 gallons (provided it is stored in receptacles of a capacity of 200 gallons or less).	5 0 0	
(h) A depot for trade in fire works ..	3 0 0	
(i) Premises used for other purposes specified in section 121 (1) but not specified above.	3 0 0	

Provided that saltpetre maunfacturing and tanning operations shall be carried out outside the city abadi and at a suitable distance, which the public health authorities shall from time to time pronounce safe in the interest of public health, and the owner of any saltpetre manufactory shall be responsible for filling up any depression made in process of manufacturing saltpeter and for keeping the area clean and sanitary.

2. All applications for the renewal of licences shall be made before the fifteenth day of March in each year.

3. Every licence issued under by-law 1 shall be subject to the following conditions :—

(a) that the licensee shall permit any member or officer of the Committee authorized in this behalf to inspect the licensed premises at all reasonable times and without notice ;

(b) that the licensee shall always keep the licence at the licensed premises, and shall, on demand, produce it for inspection by any member or officer of the Committee authorized under clause (a) of this by-law ;

(c) that the licensee shall to the satisfaction of the Municipal Medical Officer of Health make adequate arrangements for the extinction of any outbreak of fire ;

(d) that the licensee shall at all times keep the licensed premises in a clean and sanitary condition, and shall provide them with adequate ventilation, suitable drains, latrines, urinals and other sanitary conveniences for the use of the workmen employed therein;

(e) that the licensee shall not permit any work to be carried on at the licensed premises which gives rise to offensive noises between eight o' clock at night and six o'clock in the morning unless he has been specially authorized in this behalf;

(f) that in premises where oil engines are used, kerosine oil, petroleum and other inflammable materials shall be kept in a separate room which shall not be contiguous to the engine room;

(g) that the licensee shall store in a suitable room or rooms, which shall be used for no other purpose and shall be rat-proof, all grain, or pulses received for milling by electric power or by power supplied from an oil engine, and all floor produced by milling;

(h) that the licensee shall adopt the best practicable means to the satisfaction of the Committee of rendering innocuous all gases, effluvia or vapours emitted by the engine and shall in every case cause such gases, effluvia or vapours to be discharged into the external air in such a manner and at such a height as to admit of the proper diffusion of these gases without producing any unwholesome or injurious effects in the neighbourhood or shall cause such gases to pass from the exhaust pipe (or any other outlet provided for such gases) through fire or into a condensing apparatus and then through fire in such a manner as to consume effectually such gases so as to deprive the same of all noxious or injurious properties;

(i) that in premises where smoke arises through the use of coal in the furnace or any other place in the engine-house, the licensee shall use such apparatus that will, as far as practicable, consume the smoke arising from the engine or the furnace.

Explanation.—For purposes of this by-law, the decision of the Committee or some officer appointed by the Committee in this behalf as to whether the ventilation is adequate, the drains and rooms are suitable and the method of rendering gases, effluvia or vapours the best practicable, shall be final.

4. Any licensee who commits a breach of the conditions of his licence shall be liable to have his licence suspended or revoked by an order of the Committee.

Form 'A'.

A LICENCE TO CARRY ON AN OFFENSIVE AND DANGEROUS TRADE IN THE MUNICIPALITY OF HANSI.

N. B.—The licence is subject to the conditions specified in by-law 3 of the by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 676-C.-40/13698, dated the 18th March, 1940.

Serial No. of licence.	Name, parentage, caste and residence of the licensee.	A description of the premises licensed.	A specification of the trade mentioned in section 121 (1) of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, for which the licence is issued.	Endorsement of annual renewal of licence.
				Renewed on *Secretary, Municipal Committee, Hansi.*

The 20th March, 1940.

No. 1114-C.-40/13947.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Ferozepore**, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Ferozepore**, on 6th day of May, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. In these by-laws unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context :—

(a) "Committee" shall mean the Municipal Committee of Ferozepore.

(b) "Medical Officer of Health" shall have the same meaning as in section 3 (15) of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911.

(c) "Officer-in-charge of the fair" shall mean the officer appointed by the Committee to be in charge of the fair.

(d) "Sanitary Inspector" shall mean the Sanitary Inspector deputed by the Medical Officer of Health.

(e) "Sub-Assistant Health Officer" shall mean the Sub-Assistant Health Officer deputed by the Medical Officer of Health.

2. These by-laws shall apply to the following fairs—

(a) Dusehra.

(b) Basant Panchmi.

(c) Durga Ashtami.

(d) Id-ul-Fittar.

(e) Id-ul-Zuha.

3. No person shall enter or leave the fair ground save by a route specified for the purpose by the officer-in-charge of the fair.

4. If the Committee has erected any barrier across a road no person shall without permission of an authorized official pass such barrier.

5. The officer-in-charge of the fair may prohibit the entrance into the fair ground of any person suffering from a loathsome, infectious or contagious disease or any person who has been in contact with any such person and may expel any person so suffering or having been in contact from the fair ground.

6. (1) Where the officer-in-charge of the fair has fixed a place or places for parking of vehicles, no person shall park any vehicle at any place in the fair ground other than the place or places so fixed.

(2) No person shall stable or keep animals at places other than those set apart for the purpose.

7. No person shall set up in the fair ground any theatre or cinema, merry-go-round or any other show for public amusement, save at places and on conditions to be fixed by the Committee.

8. No person shall set up any game of chance at any place in the fair ground.

9. The Medical Officer of Health may destroy or cause to be destroyed, or confine or cause to be confined for such period as he may direct any dog suffering, or reasonablly suspected to be suffering from rabies or bitten by any dog, or any other animal suffering or suspected to be suffering from rabies.

10. No person knowing or having reasons to believe that any dog belonging to him in his charge is likely to annoy or intimidate any person or animal or has been bitten by an animal suffering, or reasonably suspected to be suffering from rabies shall neglect to restrain such dog from annoying, intimidating or biting other persons or animals. Any person who commits or abets the commitment of a breach of this by-law shall be punishable with fine which may extend to twenty rupees.

ACCOMMODATION.

11. No person attending the fair shall encamp anywhere on the fair ground except on places set apart by the Committee for the purpose.

12. No person shall use any building or site for the lodging of visitors on the fair ground except under a licence granted by the Medical Officer of Health. Every such licence shall be issued subject to the following conditions —

(i) that such building or site complies with such conditions regarding ventilation, cleanliness, water supply, conservancy and drainage as the Medical Officer of Health may lay down ;

(ii) that such building or site shall accommodate not more than the number of persons of either sex stated in the licence ;

(iii) that the licence shall be liable to cancellation at any time by the Medical Officer of Health for a breach of any of these conditions.

13. The licensee of any such house shall supply to each person staying in it a card-board ticket bearing the name of the visitor and the accommodation assigned to that individual.

14. All fires in thatched houses on *jhugis* shall be extinguished by 10 P.M.

15. Each licensee shall provide such number of buckets filled with water or sand as may be prescribed by the Medical Officer of Health for use in case of fire.

WATER SUPPLY.

16. No person shall take water within the fair ground from any source other than that approved by the Medical Officer of Health who may close or direct the closure of any source of water supply public or private temporarily if the same be in his opinion polluted or otherwise unfit for use.

17. The Medical Officer of Health may at his discretion disinfect or treat any well, tank or other source of water supply.

18. No drinking booth shall be allowed on the fair ground except under a licence granted by the Medical Officer of Health.

19. No person shall sell, store, prepare or expose for sale any article of food or drink at any place in the fair ground except under a licence granted by the Medical Officer of Health and subject to the conditions specified on the licence form.

FOOD SUPPLY.

20. Every licence granted under by-law No. 19 shall be issued subject to the following conditions :—

(i) that any place used for the preparation, sale or exposure for sale or free supply of any article of food or drink shall be well lighted and ventilated and shall be kept clean at all times to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health ;

(ii) that water used in the preparation of articles of food or drink or for the washing of vessels used in such preparation shall be derived from a source approved by the Medical Officer of Health and be stored in clean and properly covered containers ;

(iii) that all vessels used in the preparation, storage or distribution of food or drink shall be kept clean ;

(iv) that only wholesome and unadulterated articles of food or drink shall be sold ;

(v) that all refuse (from whatever source) shall be deposited in suitable covered containers ;

(vi) that the Medical Officer of Health or any person not below the rank of a Sanitary Inspector or Sub-Assistant Health Officer authorised by him in this behalf may enter the licensed premises to inspect the same and any articles of food and drink ;

(vii) that the Medical Officer of Health or any officer not below the rank of a Sanitary Inspector or Sub-Assistant Health Officer specially authorised by him in this behalf may seize and destroy or otherwise dispose of any article of food or drink which in his opinion is unfit for human consumption ;

(*viii*) that no person who is suffering from any infectious, loathsome or contagious disease shall touch, or take part in the preparation of distribution of, any article of food or drink ;

(*ix*) that the licensee or his agent or servant shall immediately inform the office of the Medical Officer of Health at the fair of any case of illness among the persons connected with the licensed premises ;

(*x*) that the licensed premises shall not be used for sleeping purposes ;

(*xi*) that nothing shall be stored in any licensed premises except the articles necessary for the preparation, storage, and distribution of food and drink ;

(*xii*) that no dog or other animal shall be allowed in any licensed premises ;

(*xiii*) that all articles of food and drink shall be carefully protected from flies and dust ; and

(*xiv*) that the licensee shall comply with any other instructions issued by the Medical Officer of Health in this behalf.

21. The Medical Officer of Health may prohibit the import into the fair ground of any article of food or drink which he considers is likely to promote illness.

22. (1) No person shall manufacture aerated waters for sale in any premises on the fair ground except under a licence granted by the Medical Officer of Health.

(2) Every licence granted under this by-law shall be subject to the following conditions :—

(*i*) that the water used in the manufacture of aerated waters be derived from a source approved by the Medical Officer of Health and be carried in clean covered vessels and stored in a clean cistern with a tap ;

(*ii*) that empty bottles be first cleaned by scrubbing brush and clean water and then kept soaked in a solution of permanganate of potash for 6 hours. The permanganate solution shall be renewed as soon as it turns brown ; and

(*iii*) that all bottles shall bear a lable or mark showing the name and address of the manufacturer.

NOTE.—The Medical Officer of Health will be the sole judge of whether a vessel or cistern is clean or not and in case of dispute in any matter pertaining to articles of food or drink as contained in these by-laws, the decision of the Medical Officer of Health shall be final.

WASHING AND BATHING.

23. (*a*) No person shall wash any clothes or animals or bathe at any place on the fair ground other than that approved by the Medical Officer of Health and specified by the Committee, and no person shall use such a place which is set apart for the use of the opposite sex or at times other than those specified by the Committee.

(*b*) No infected articles or clothes which have been used by or have come in contact with a person suffering from an infectious disease shall be washed at the public washing or bathing places unless they have been previously disinfected to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health.

CONSERVANCY AND HEALTH.

24. No person shall ease himself at any place on the fair ground other than that set apart for the purpose.

25. No person shall deposit refuse at any place on the fair ground other than specified for the purpose.

26. The Medical Officer of Health may :—

(*i*) fix places for the deposit of refuse, rubbish or other waste matter of any kind and give directions regarding the time at which and manner in which such refuse, rubbish or waste matter may be kept on any land or building or removed along any road or pathway ;

(*ii*) direct the owner or occupier of any land or building not to cause, or knowingly or negligently allow, any waste water to collect on any land or place not set apart for the purpose ;

(iii) arrange for the removal of filth, rubbish, manure or other waste matter from any latrine, urinal, cesspool or other receptacle for such matter ;

(iv) establish medical inspection posts in connection with the examination of travellers by rail and road and may also arrange for adequate accommodation for the isolation of cases of infections diseases ;

(v) refuse entry to the fair ground to any person suspected to be suffering from any contagious disease and who refuses to allow himself to be examined at any such examination post, or gives a false answer to any question addressed to him by the Medical Officer or official incharge of such post and who disobeys any order of such officer or official in respect of his removal to a hospital or his detention in a place set apart for the purpose ;

(vi) order the removal of any person suffering or suspected to be suffering from any infectious disease to a suitable hospital and order all persons who have been in contact with a case of infectious disease to be isolated for a specified period ;

(vii) order the cleaning and disinfection of any land, building, drain, latrine, urinal, cesspool or any bedding or clothing or any other article which is in his opinion infected or likely to carry infection ;

(viii) prohibit the letting of a house or building or part of a house or building which has not been disinfected to his satisfaction ;

(ix) prohibit the entrance into the fair ground of persons coming from a town, village or locality which is infected with cholera, plague, smallpox or any other communicable disease unless such persons submit to appropriate preventive inoculation.

27. It shall be duty of the owner or keeper of a lodging house, hostel or serai to inform the Medical Officer of Health immediately of any case of illness on his premises.

NOTE.—In these by-laws the term " infectious diseases " " contagious diseases " or " communicable diseases " includes—

1. Cholera.	11. Erysipelas.
2. Smallpox.	2. Relapsing fever.
3. Plague.	13. Influenza.
4. Measles.	14. Purperal fever.
5. Chicken-pox.	15. Cerebrospinal fever (meningitis).
6. Diptheria.	16. Dysentery.
7. Tuberculosis (includes tubercle of lungs).	17. Leprosy.
8. Scarlet fever.	18. Mumps.
9. Typhus fever.	19. Whooping Cough.
10. Enteric fever.	20. Sprue.

28. Any licence issued under these by-laws may be cancelled by the Medical Officer of Health for a breach of any of the conditions of the licence. The decision of the Medical Officer of Health shall be final.

29. Any person who commits or abets the commitment of a breach of any of these by-laws except by-law 10 for which a penalty is prescribed separately shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with a fine which may extend to rupees fifty and if the breach is a continuing breach with a further fine which may extend to rupees five for each day after the first, during which the breach continues.

The 20th March, 1940.

No. 1138-L.G. Bds.-40/13945.—Whereas it appears to the Governor of the Punjab that with reference to notification No. 6180-L. G.-Bds.-39/45584, dated the 19th December, 1939, land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Municipal Committee of **Chiniot** for a public purpose, namely, for the construction of a drain of Hafiz Diwan Road to improve the sanitation of the locality of mohalla Ghas Pura and Rajewali, it is hereby notified that the land described in the specification below is required for the said purpose.

2. This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, to all whom it may concern and, under section 7 of the said Act, the Collector of the Jhang district is hereby authorised to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

3. A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the said Collector :—

SPECIFICATION OF LAND.

District.—Jhang. | *Mauza.*—Chiniot.
Tahsil.—Chiniot. | ***Area in acres.***—·0375.

Boundaries.—*North.*—House of Muhammad Hussain, *East.*—Khasra Nos. 9936/2 and 9935/2, belonging to Mst Viran, widow of Kaura Mal, and Bhola Nath and Krishan Lal, sons of Lakhmi Das, khasra No. 9932/2, belonging to Sikandar Lal, Chuni Lal and Harbans Ram, sons of Karam Chand, Mst. Lachhmi, widow of Mangu Mal and Jaggu Mal and Diwan Chand, sons of Parabh Dyal, khasra No. 9927/2 belonging to Kanayha Lal, Des Raj, Gur Dayal and Ishar Das, sons of Kaura Mal, *South.*—A kucha, *West.*—Houses of Ilahi Hakhsh Patrang, Ismail Patrang, Sh. Abdul Karim, Sh. Abdul Aziz, B Abdul Ghani and Ghulam Hussain.

No. 1215-C.-40/13951.—The following by-laws made by the Municipa Committee of **Leiah** in the Muzaffargarh district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Leiah**, on the 6th day of May, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. No owner or person in charge of an aerated water or icefactory shall use or permit to be used in such factory any water except water obtained from a source and conveyed to such factory in a manner approved by the District Medical Officer of Health.

2. No owner or person in charge of an aeratedwater or ice factory shall employ or permit to be employed in such factory any person suffering from any contagious or infectious disease or from loathsome sores or who has recently been attending on any person so suffering, nor shall he permit any such person or any animal to enter or remain in such factory.

3. Every person in charge of an aerated-water or ice-factory shall keep such factory and all vesseles, receptacles, utensiles and other things in which the products of the factory or the materials used in making them are kept in a state of thorough cleanliness.

4. Every owner or person in charge of such a factory shall permit the District Medical Officer of Health and any member or other officer of the committee appointed in this behalf to inspect such factory at all reasonable times.

5. Any personwho commits a breach of any of these by-laws shall, on conviction by a Magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to Rs. 50, and if the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may amount to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

Small Towns.

The 18th March, 1940.

No. 389-L. G.-Bds.-40/13558.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 7 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to remove the following persons from membership of the Town Committee of **Makhad** in the Attock district, as they have been found to be unfit to act as members of the committee :—

(1) Lala Devi Dial, son of Bura Mal.

(2) M. Ghulam Hussain, son of Ghulam Mohd.

(3) M. Rustam, son of Zaman Malah.

(4) M. Abdul Karim, son of Mehr Mohd.

(5) Pir Sayed Badshah, son of Pir Makhdum Shah.

Notified Areas.

The 16th March, 1940.

No. 1116-C.-40/13460.—The following amendment made by the Notified Area Committee, **Tankanwali**, in the Ferozepore district, of its by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 3894-C.-38-11166, dated the 22nd March, 1939, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for general information and shall come into force within the Notified Area of **Tankanwali** on the 6th day of May, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

In by-law 35 for the word " eight " the word " twelve " shall be substituted.

No. 3037-C.-38/13462.—The following by-laws made by the Notified Area Committee of Civil Station **Karnal**, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the Notified Area, Civil Station, **Karnal**, on the 6th day of May, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. In these by-laws the words " vehicle " means a vehicle other than a motor vehicle.

2. No person less than sixteen years of age shall drive a vehicle drawn by an animal or animals.

3. No person shall take a vehicle loaded with bricks, *kankar* earth, stone, metal or other loose material along any street unless the cart is protected on all sides by boards or other material and the load near the sides shall not be higher than six inches below the top of the sides.

4. No person in charge of a vehicle shall take it or any part of it over any footpath or tan ride reserved for pedestrain or equestrains, or over any grass plots along the sides of a street, and no person riding or leading an animal shall take such animal over any footpath reserved for pedestrians or over any grass plot along the sides of a street.

5. The use on vehicles of bulb-horns, klaxon horns, or other similar warning contrivances ordinarily employed on motor vehicles is prohibited.

6. The driver of a vehicle shall obey all directions given whether by signal or otherwise by a police officer controlling traffic.

7. No person in charge of a licensed vehicle plying for hire shall, when waiting for passengers, stop the vehicle anywhere in a street except at a stand allotted for the purpose by the Committee.

8. No person when riding a bicycle on any street or in any public place shall sit on any part of the bicycle except on the ordinary saddle, nor shall he carry any other person on the same bicycle.

9. No vehicle shall be driven along a street during the period from half-an-hour after sunset to half-an-hour before sunrise unless it is supplied with lights in the following manner :—

(a) in the case of bicycle or tricycle, one light in front and a red reflector at the back,

(b) in the case of country carts one light so placed as to be visible both from the front and the back, and

(c) in the case of any other vehicle two lights visible both from the front.

10. No person riding a bicycle shall permit it to be towed by any vehicle drawn by any animal or animals or propelled by mechanical means.

11. No person other than a person riding or leading an animal shall use the tan rides.

12. The galloping of animals on the tan ride is prohibited.

13. Any of the following classes of traffic may be prohibted either absolutely or during such hours as may be notified by the Committee in this behalf, on any street

within the limits of the Notified Area, Civil Station, Karnal.

(i) country carts,

(ii) ekkas,

(iii) hand carts.

(iv) horses out for exercise,

(v) laden animals.

except when actually crossing or proceeding to houses or shops which cannot be reached by any other street.

14. All vehicles shall observe the rules of the road, that is, they shall pass traffic which is proceeding in the opposite direction on the left and traffic which is proceeding in the same direction on the right.

15. *Overtaking.*—A slower moving vehicle may be overtaken, provided that—

(a) the act of overtaking will not hold up, inconvenience or endanger other traffic proceeding in either direction ;

(b) the overtaking is not done in the vicinity of a blind corner, a police constable on point duty or a turning to the right, or when the road is not clearly visible ahead ; or

(c) the vehicle sought to be overtaken is not itself attempting to overtake another vehicle.

16. *Turning.*—(1) (a) The driver of a vehicle shall slow down and make the appropriate signals before making any turnings.

(b) The speed at which any vehicle may be driven round any corner shall be such that there is no danger of skidding or overturning, and such that the turning vehicle can be kept on the left-hand side of the street without difficulty.

(2) In making a turning from a side street into a main street—

(a) (if the turning is to the right) the driver of the vehicle shall slow down and if necessary stop, until the main road is sufficiently clear to enable him to take the turning in safety ;

(b) (if the turning is to the left) the driver of the vehicle shall keep to the extreme left, and not hold up, inconvenience or endanger other traffic in making such turning.

(3) In making a turning from a main street to a side street—

(a) (if the turning is to the right) the driver of the vehicle shall draw to the middle of the street, slow down, and if necessary stop, until the street on the right is sufficiently clear to enable him to take the turning in safety ;

(b) (if the turning is to the left) the driver of the vehicle shall keep to the extreme left and not hold up, inconvenience or endanger other traffic when making such turning.

When two streets meet and it is doubtful which of the two is the main street, special caution should be observed by all drivers.

When turning round blind corners, the driver of the vehicle shall slow down, give a warning in an audible manner, keep to the left and be on the look out for pedestrians, any obstacle on the road, or traffic proceeding in either direction.

17. *Cross streets.*—When passing cross streets, the driver of a vehicle shall slow down, give a warning in an audible manner and be on the look out for pedestrians or traffic crossing his path.

18. A clear street shall be no justification for lack of vigilance. The driver of a vehicle shall at all times be on the look out for pedestrians or traffic coming on the street unexpectedly.

9. The driver of a vehicle shall always allow sufficient room for other vehicle going in either direction to pass him with safety and without difficulty.

20. The driver of a vehicle shall not slow down or stop in any public place without making the appropriate signal.

21. When a vehicle is halted, it shall be drawn up either off the street or as near as possible to the extreme left of the street. No vehicle shall remain halted where it is liable to cause danger or inconvenience to other traffic; as, for example, on the blind side of a corner.

22. Any person who commits a breach of by-laws 2 to 21 shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and if the breach is a continuing breach with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues :

Provided that for a conviction under by-law 14 h e fine shall only extend t twenty rupees.

No. 4800-C.-38/13465.—The following by-laws made by the Notified Area Committee of **Lodhran**, in the Multan district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the Notified Area of **Lodhran**, on the 6th day of May, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. In these by-laws the word "vehicle" means a vehicle other than a motor vehicle.

2. No person less than sixteen years of age shall drive a vehicle drawn by an animal or animals.

3. No person shall take a vehicle loaded with bricks, *kanker*, earth, stone metal or other loose material along any public road or street unless it is protected on all sides by boards or other material, and the load near the sides shall not be higher than six inches below the top of the sides.

4. No person in charge of a vehicle shall take it or any part of it over any footpath or tan ride reserved for pedestrians or equestrians, or over any grass plots along the sides of a road; and no person riding or leading an animal shall take such animal over any footpath reserved for pedestrians or over any grass plot along the sides of a road.

5. The use on vehicles of bulb-horns, klaxon-horns, or other similar warning contrivances ordinarily employed on motor vehicles is prohibited.

6. The driver of a vehicle shall obey all directions given whether by signal or otherwise, by a police officer controlling traffic.

7. No person in charge of a licensed vehicle plying for hire shall, when waiting for passengers, stop the vehicle anywhere in a street except at a stand allotted for the purpose by the Committee.

8. No person when riding a bicycle on any street or in any public place shall sit on any part of the biycle except on the ordinary saddle, nor shall he carry any other person on the same bicycle.

9. No vehicle shall be driven along a public road or street during the period from half-an-hour after sunset to half-an-hour before sunrise unless it is supplied with lights in the following manner :—

(a) in the case of bicycle or tricycle, one light in front and a red reflector at the back ;

(b) in the case of country carts one light so placed as to be visible both from the front and the back ; and

(c) in the case of any other vehicle two lights visible both from the front and the back and in case the front lights are not visible from behind a third light at the back.

10. No person riding a bicycle shall permit it to be towed by any vehicle drawn by any animal or animals or propelled by mechanical means.

11. (a) No person shall ride on a public road or street any animal which is not fit for and thoroughly broken to the work required of it, nor shall he drive any vehicle drawn by such animal.

(b) No person other than a person riding or leading an animal shall use the tan rides.

12. (*a*) The galloping of animals on the tan rides is prohibited.

(*b*) No person in charge of a string of horses, donkeys or mules, laden or unladen shall ride such animals but shall lead or follow them on foot.

(*c*) No person shall break in or cause to be broken in any animal on any street or road other than a street or road specified for the purpose by the Committee.

13. Any of the following classes of traffic may be prohibited either absolutely or during such hours as may be notified by the Committee in this behalf, on any road within the limits of the Notified Area :—

(*i*) country carts,

(*ii*) tongas,

(*iii*) hand-carts,

(*iv*) horses taken out for exercise,

(*v*) laden animals,

except when actually crossing or proceeding to houses or shops which cannot be reached by any other road.

14. The person in charge of a vehicle shall, if signalled to do so, stop it at the tax or toll barrier by which he enters or leaves the tax or toll limits for the purpose of allowing the officer or staff of the tax or toll department to realise the tax or toll or to examine the contents of the vehicle.

15. All vehicles shall observe the rules of the road, that is, they shall pass traffic which is proceeding in the opposite direction on the left and traffic which is proceeding in the same direction on the right.

16. *Overtaking.*—A slower moving vehicle may be overtaken, provided that—

(*a*) the act of overtaking will not hold up, inconvenience or endanger other traffic proceeding in either direction,

(*b*) the overtaking is not done in the vicinity of a blind corner, a police constable on point duty or a turning to the right, or when the road is not clearly visible ahead,

(*c*) the vehicle sought to be overtaken is not itself attempting to overtake another vehicle.

17. *Turning.*—(1) (*a*) The driver of a vehicle shall slow down and make the appropriate signals before making any turnings.

(*b*) The speed at which any vehicle may be driven round any corner shall be such that there is no danger of skidding or overturning, and such that the turning vehicle can be kept on the left-hand side of the road without difficulty.

(2) In making a turning from a side road into a main road—

(*a*) (if the turning is to the right) the driver of the vehicle shall slow down and if nesessary stop, until the main road is sufficiently clear to enable him to take the turning in safety ;

(*b*) (if the turning is to the left) the driver of the vehicle shall keep to the extreme left, and not hold up, inconvenience or endanger other traffic in making such turning.

(3) In making a turning from a main road to a side road—

(*a*) (if the turning is to the right) the driver of the vehicle shall draw to the middle of the road, slow down, and if necessary stop, until the road on the right is sufficiently clear to enable him to take the turning in safety ;

(*b*) (if the turning is to the left) the driver of the vehicle shall keep to the extreme left and not hold up, inconvenience or endanger other traffic when making such turning.

When two roads meet and it is doubtful which of the two is the main road special caution should be observed by all drivers.

When turning round blind corners, the driver of the vehicle shall show down, give a warning in an audible manner, keep to the left and be on the look out for pedestrians, any obstacle on the road or traffic proceeding in either direction.

18. *Cross roads.*—When passing cross roads, the driver of a vehicle shall slow down, give a warning in an audible manner and be on the look out for pedestrians or traffic crossing this path.

19. A clear road shall be no justification for lack of vigilance. The driver of a vehicle shall at all times be on the look out for pedestrians or traffic coming on the road unexpectedly.

20. The driver of a vehicle shall always allow sufficient room for other vehicle, going in either direction to pass him with safety and without difficulty.

21. The driver of a vehicle shall not slow down or stop in any public place without making the appropriate signal.

22. When a vehicle is halted, it shall be drawn up either off the road or as near as possible to the extreme left of the road. No vehicle shall remain halted where it is liable to cause danger or inconvenience to other traffic; as, for example, on the blind side of a corner.

23. Any person who commits a breach of any of by-laws 2 to 22 shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and if the breach is a continuing breach with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues:

Provided that for a conviction under by-law 15 the fine shall only extend to Rs. 20.

The 18th March, 1940.

No. 696-L. G.—Bds.-40/13701.—In pursuance of the provisions of clause (*c*) of subsection (2) of section 70 of the Punjab Municipal Act 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to confirm resolution No. 4 passed at a special meeting of the Notified Area Committee of **Lodhran** held on the 2nd December, 1939, exempting buildings owned by the District Board of Multan from the payment of house-tax for the year 1939-40, the imposition of which was sanctioned with Punjab Government notification No. 35075, dated the 28th November, 1928.

The 20th March, 1940.

No. 1146-C.-40/13949.—The following amendment made by the Notified Area Committee of **Railway Bazar, Gujrat** of the by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 1471-C.-37/20792, dated 19th May, 1937, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for general information and shall come into force within Notified Area of **Railway Bazar, Gujrat** on the 6th day of May, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

In by-law 1 against items (*i*) and (*ii*) for the words 'Twelve' and 'Six', respectively, the word 'Two' shall be substituted.

No. 1145-C.-40/13953.—The following amendment made by the Notified Area Committee of **Railway Bazar, Gujrat,** of the by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 5186-C.-37/42618, dated 14th December, 1937, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for general information and shall come into force within Notified Area of **Railway Bazar, Gujrat,** on 6th day of May, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

In by-law No. 3 for the words, "on payment of a fee of Rs. 2 only" the words "free of charge" shall be substituted.

Public Health.

The 18th March, 1940.

No. 1324-M.-40/13581.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 1 of the Punjab Pure Food Act, 1929, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to extend to the Municipality of **Lahore**, with effect from the date of publication of this notification, the provisions of sections 3 to 22 of the said Act, in respect of all articles of food and drink.

2. Punjab Government notification No. 23553/Public Health, dated the 11th September, 1933, is hereby cancelled.

No. 1324-M.-40/13584.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Pure Food Act, 1929, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to appoint M. Hassan Ahmad, B.S.c. (Ag.), to be a Public Analyst for the Municipality of **Lahore**, in respect of all articles of food and drink.

2. Punjab Government notification No. 3910-M.-39/25983, dated the 8th August, 1939, is hereby cancelled.

No. 1402-M.-40/13610.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 1 of the Punjab Pure Food Act, 1929, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to extend to the Notified Area of **Buria**, in the Ambala district, with effect from the date of publication of this notification, the provisions of sections 3 to 22 of the said Act, in respect of all articles of food and drink.

No. 1402-M.-40/13613.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Pure Food Act, 1929, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to appoint the Chemist of the Public Health Department to be a Public Analyst for the Notified Area of **Buria**, in the Ambala district, in respect of all articles of food and drink.

No. 1325-M.-40/13617.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 1 of the Punjab Pure Food Act, 1929, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to extend to the Municipality of **Dinanagar**, in the Gurdaspur district, with effect from the date of publication of this notification, the provisions of sections 3 to 22 of the said Act, in respect of all articles of food and drink.

No. 1325-M.-40/13620.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Pure Food Act, 1929, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to appoint the Chemist of the Public Health Department to be a Public Analyst for the Municipality of **Dinanagar**, in the Gurdaspur district, in respect of all articles of food and drink.

RAM CHANDRA,

Secretary to Government, Punjab,
Medical and Local Government Departments.

2612 CS—1,149—22-3-40—SGPP Lahore.

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No. 13. LAHORE, FRIDAY, MARCH 29, 1940.

PART I—A.

Punjab Government Notifications and Orders.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Boards.

The 21st March, 1940.

No. 1153-L. G.-40/14385.—The following amendment made by the District Board of **Shahpur** to its Provident Fund Rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 22824, dated the 2nd June, 1932, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab is published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Shahpur**, on the 11th May, , 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

Substitute the following *for* clause (*e*) in rule 1 :—

" (*e*) " Servant " includes every employee of the board who holds a permanent post substantively under the board or is officiating in a permanent or a temporary post in the board but holds a permanent post in a substantive capacity under any other local body which maintains a provident fund, but does not include a Government servant employed by the board. "

The 26th March, 1940.

No. 1125-L. G.-40/14768.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 69-L. G.-40/2480, dated the 16th January, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 55 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendment to the District Board Rules, 1926, published with Punjab Government notification No. 3919, dated the 8th February, 1926, as subsequently amended :—

AMENDMENT.

In Part VII, *for* rule 2, the following new rule shall be substituted, namely :—

"2. A District Board may lease nazul properties in its charge for a term not exceeding one year, provided that the previous sanction of the Deputy Commissioner shall be obtained when the lease money is more than Rs. 250 and not more than Rs. 500 and of the Commissioner when the lease money is more than Rs. 500 and not more than Rs. 1,000. In the case of a lease which is for a term exceeding one year, or when the lease money exceeds Rs. 1,000, the previous sanction of the Provincial Government shall be obtained."

The 27th March, 1940.

No. 1220-L. G.-40/14893.—In accordance with the provisions of section 60 (1) of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to direct the publication of the following draft rules, which have been made under the provisions of section 55 (1) (*o*) of the said Act, for the District Board of **Attock**. The draft rules will be taken into consideration on or after the 11th May, 1940, together with any objections or suggestions in respect of them received before that date :—

DRAFT RULES.

1. Rules 43—56 of the District Board Account Code, 1926, shall not apply to the annual repairs of the District Board School buildings the estimated cost of repairs of which does not exceed Rs. 50 in each case.

2. A lump sum which shall be determined by the Engineering Department after inspection of the building concerned shall be specified from time to time by a resolution of the Board and provided for the annual repairs of each such building. It shall be paid as soon as possible after the first meeting of the Board in the month of October, as an advance to the Head Masters concerned to carry out the repairs under the supervision of the member halqa along with a respectable person of the village concerned as proposed by the local member.

3. The persons entrusted with the work of repairs of the school buildings referred to in rule 1 above shall be responsible to get the work completed by the end of December each year.

4. Such person shall as soon as possible after January 1st submit to the Board's Office, together with a certificate that the work has been completed to his satisfaction, the actual payees' receipts for the money spent and return the unspent balance, if any.

5. The District Inspecting Staff shall put down remarks in the school log book whether the repairs have been done satisfactorily or not at the time of their visits to the school.

No. 1076-L. G.-40/14910.—The following draft of amendments of the District Board Account Code, 1926, which the Governor of the Punjab proposes to make, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 55 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, and section 19 of the Punjab General Clauses Act, 1898, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 11th May, 1940, together with any objection or suggestion which may be received by the Punjab Government, from any person with respect to the draft before that date :—

DRAFT AMENDMENTS.

1. *After* rule 69 (3) the following new sub-rule shall be inserted :—

"(4) The collections shall be accounted for by the Board in its monthly account (form No. 4) under head 'Suspense' and credited to the provincial

revenues under head XLVI—Miscellaneous at the end of month when the monthly account is closed after deducting the amount paid if any to the owners of impounded cattle under section 17 of the Cattle Trespass Act, 1871."

2. *After* rule 74 (2) the following new sub-rule shall be inserted :—

" (3) The collections from ferries shall be accounted for and credited to the provincial revenues in the manner prescribed under rule 69 (4). "

3. In form No. 1 (Budget form)—on the income side—the following amendments shall be made :—

(*a*) The following new heads shall be inserted under head " A—General " :—

" (*v*) Grant-in-aid for pounds.

(*vi*) Grant-in-aid for ferries. "

(*b*) Under head " Suspense Accounts " the following new heads shall be inserted :—

" (E) Cattle pounds—

(*i*) Income from pounds.

(*ii*) Deduct refunds under section 17 of the Cattle Trespass Act, 1871.

(F) Ferries. "

(*c*) The following heads shall be deleted :—

" (*iii*) Fines under section 57 of the Punjab District Boards Act " under head " A—General ".

" (*ii*) Fines " under head " D—Income from other Acts ".

" (2) Cattle Trespass Act " under head " D-Income from other Acts ".

" (3) Northern India Ferries Act "—Under head " D—Income from other Acts ".

4. In form No. 4 (monthly account form) the following amendments shall be made :—

(*a*) The following new heads shall be inserted under " A—General " :—

" (*v*) Grant-in-aid for pounds.

(*vi*) Grant-in-aid for ferries. "

(*b*) The head " (*iii*) Fines under section 57 of the Punjab District Boards Act " under head " A—General " shall be deleted.

5. In form No. 5 (annual account form) the following amendments shall be made :—

(*a*) The head " (*iii*) Fines under section 57 of the Punjab District Boards Act " under head " A—General " shall be deleted.

(*b*) The following new heads shall be inserted under " A—General " :—

" (*v*) Grant-in-aid for pounds.

(*vi*) Grant-in-aid for ferries. "

(*c*) The following heads shall be deleted under head " D—Income from other Acts " :—

" (1) Sub-head (*ii*) Fines under (1) Stage Carriages Act.

(2) Cattle Trespass Act.

(3) Northern India Ferries Act. "

(*d*) The following new heads shall be inserted under head " Suspense Accounts " :—

" (*e*) Cattle pounds.

(*f*) Ferries. "

No. 1076-L. G.-40/14913.—The following draft of amendments of the Municipal Account Code, 1930 (revised edition) which the Governor of the Punjab proposes to make, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 11th May, 1940, together with

any objection or suggestion which may be received by Government from any person with respect to the draft before that date :—

DRAFT AMENDMENTS.

1. *After* rule X·10 (2) the following new sub-rule shall be inserted :—

" (3) The collections shall be accounted for by the Committee in its monthly account (form G·4) under head " Suspense " and credited to the provincial revenues under head XLVI—Miscellaneous at the end of the month when the monthly account is closed, after deducting the amount paid if any to the owners of impounded Cattle under section 17 of the Cattle Trespass Act, 1871. "

2. *After* converting rule XI·14 into sub-rule (I) the following new sub-rule shall be inserted :—

" (3) The collections from ferries shall be accounted for and credited to the provincial revenues in the manner prescribed under rule X·10 (3). "

3. In form G·1—on the income side—the following amendments shall be made :—

(*a*) The following new heads shall be inserted under head " A—General " :—

" (*vii*) Grant-in-aid for pounds.

(*viii*) Grant-in-aid for ferries."

(*b*) Under head " IX—Suspense Accounts " the following new heads shall be inserted :—

" (D) Cattle Pounds—

(*i*) Income from cattle pounds.

(*ii*) Deduct refunds under section 17 of the Cattle Trespass Act, 1871.

(E) Ferries."

(*c*) The following heads shall be deleted :—

" (*iv*) Miscellaneous fines " under head " A—General ".

" (*i*) Police " under head " D—Public Safety and Convenience ".

" (*iv*) Pounds " under head " D—Public Safety and Convenience ".

" (*b*) Fines for offences concerning buildings and streets " under head " D—Public Safety and Convenience. "

" (*c*) Fines under the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act ".

4. In form G·4 (monthly account form) the following amendments shall be made :—

(*a*) the following new heads shall be inserted under " A—General " :—

" (*vii*) Grant-in-aid for pounds.

(*viii*) Grant-in-aid for ferries. "

(*b*) the " head (*iv*) Miscellaneous—fines " shall be deleted.

5. In Form G. 5 (annual account form) the following amendments shall be made :—

(*a*) The following new heads shall be inserted under head " A—General " :—

" (*vii*) Grant-in-aid for pounds.

(*viii*) Grant-in-aid for ferries. "

(*b*) Under head " Suspense Accounts " the following new heads shall be inserted :—

" (D) Cattle pounds.

(E) Ferries."

(*c*) The following heads shall be deleted :—

" (*iv*) Miscellaneous fines " under head " A—General ".

" (*i*) Police," under head " D—Public Safety and Convenience ".

" (*iv*) Pounds " under head " D—Public Safety and Convenience ".

" (*b*) Fines for offences concerning buildings and streets " under head " D—Public Safety and Convenience. "

" (*c*) Fines under the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act. "

No. 218-L.G.-40/15007.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 218-L. G.-40/3781, dated the 24th January, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendment to the Municipal Account Code, 1930 (revised edition) :—

AMENDMENT.

The following new proviso shall be added at the end of rule XV·1 (3) :—

" Provided further that the medical officer may incur expenditure on his own authority in accordance with the wishes of a donor up to the extent of Rs. 50 out of the permanent advance (to be recouped subsequently by drawing bills in form No. H-3) subject to the condition that he certifies that the expenditure is not in excess of the balance of the donation and is in accordance with the wishes of the donor ".

No. 218-L.G.-40/15011.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 218-L.G.-40/3786, dated the 24th January, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 55 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, and section 19 of the Punjab General Clauses Act, 1898, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendment to the District Board Account Code, 1926 :—

AMENDMENT.

The following new proviso shall be added at the end of rule XI·1 (3) :—

" Provided further that the Medical Officer may incur expenditure on his own authority in accordance with the wishes of a donor up to the extent of Rs. 50 out of the permanent advance (to be recouped subsequently by drawing bills in form No. H-3), subject to the condition that he certifies that the expenditure is not in excess of the balance of the donation and is in accordance with the wishes of the donor ".

No. 1222-L.G.—Bds.-40/15040.—The following amendments made by the District Board of **Jhelum**, to its Provident Fund Rules, published with Punjab Government notification No. 12194, dated the 7th April, 1932, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority the of District Board of **Jhelum**, on the 11th May, 1940 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. In rule 9 (1) for the words " may, up to limit of the amount shown at credit of his account in column 5-A of the Provident Fund Ledger, " shall be substituted the words " may up to the amount contributed by the subscriber including interest accrued thereon. "

2. In rule 9 (4) the words " clause (*a*) or clause (*b*) of " shall be deleted.

3. The sub-columns for annas and pies in column 6 of form P. F. 1 shall be deleted.

No. 1133-L. G.—Bds.-40/15054.—The following amendment made by the District Board of **Multan** to its Provident Fund Rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 1183, dated the 11th January, 1932, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab is published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Multan**, on the 11th May, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

The sub-columns for annas and pies in column 6 of Form P. F. 1 shall be deleted.

Committees.

The 21st March, 1940.

No. 1065-C.-40/14330.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Kalka**, in the Ambala district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 197 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Kalka**, on the 13th day of May, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. In these by-laws—

(a) "adulterated" when applied to banaspatine or charbini means mixed or diluted with any substance of lower commercial value than banaspatine or charbini, as the case may be ;

(b) "adulterated ghi" means ghi mixed or diluted with any substance, other than banaspatine or charbini of lower commercial value than pure ghi ;

(c) "banaspatine" means any article of food, whether mixed with ghi or not, which resembles ghi, but is derived from vegetable fat and contains no animal fat other than milk fat ;

(d) "charbini" means any article of food, whether mixed with ghi or not, which resembles ghi or banaspatine, but contains animal fat other than milk fat ; and

(e) "ghi" means ghi obtained entirely from milk fat.

2. (1) No person shall sell ghi either wholesale or retail, or import ghi for sale, either wholesale or retail, except under a licence granted by the Committee in this behalf.

(2) No person shall sell, wholesale or retail, banaspatine or charbini in premises not licensed by the Committee in this behalf.

(3) No person shall sell sweetmeats, cakes or other food prepared with banaspatine or charbini in premises not licensed by the Committee in this behalf.

3. No premises licensed for the sale of ghi shall be licensed also for the sale of banaspatine or charbini or of sweetmeats, cakes or other food prepared with banaspatine or charbini.

4. Subject to the provisions of by-law 2, licences for premises to be used for the sale of ghi or for the sale of banaspatine and charbini, or for the sale of sweatmeats, cakes, or other food prepared with ghi, banaspatine or charbini, shall be issued on payment of a fee of Rs. 4 per annum, by the Secretary of the Committee on the application of the owner or occupier of such premises in form 'A' and shall be granted by the Committee on the following conditions :—

(a) that the licensee shall not sell adulterated ghi, or adulterated banaspatine or charbini, or sweetmeats, cakes or other food prepared with adulterated ghi, banaspatine or charbini ;

(b) that the licensee shall not sell banaspatine or charbini or sweetmeats, cakes or other food prepared therewith, in premises which have been licensed for the sale of ghi or *vice versa* ;

(c) that the licensee shall not sell any article under the name of ghi or any equivalent term with or without the addition of any other word to such name unless such article is derived solely from milk fat ;

(d) that the licensee shall not sell any ghi or banaspatine or charbini, or use in the preparation of sweetmeats, cakes or other food any ghi or banaspatine or charbini obtained from a place from which the import of ghi or of banaspatine or charbini, as the case may be, has, under any general or special declaration notified to the licensee, been declared by the Medical Officer of Health to be dangerous to the public health ;

(e) that the licensee shall keep ghi, banaspatine or charbini exposed for sale in clean covered vessels ;

(*f*) that the licensee shall keep all sweetmeats, cakes and other food exposed for sale under such covers as will prevent the articles from being contaminated by flies or other insects ;

(*g*) that the licensee shall not keep any ghi, banaspatine or charbini intended for sale in any place used for cooking or sleeping purposes ;

(*h*) that the licensee shall display at the licensed premises a sign-board containing a notice in English, Urdu, Hindi or Gurmukhi characters indicating whether the premises are licensed for the sale of ghi or for the sale of banaspatine and charbini, or for the sale of sweetmeats, cakes or other food prepared with ghi, banaspatine or charbini ;

(*i*) that the licensee shall display on every package or other vessel of ghi, banaspatine or charbini exposed for sale by retail, in such manner as to be clearly visible to the purchaser, a label measuring at least 4"×4" marked ghi, banaspatine or charbini, as the case may be, in red letters on a white ground in Urdu, Hindi, Gurmukhi, or English ;

(*j*) that the licensee shall display on every utensil, on, or in which sweetmeats, cakes or other articles of food prepared with ghi, banaspatine or charbini, are exposed for sale by retail, a label measuring at least 4"×4" setting forth in red letters on a white ground that the sweetmeats, cakes or other articles of food have been prepared with ghi, banaspatine, or charbini, as the case may be ; and

(*k*) that the licensee shall at all reasonable times permit the Secretary or any member or officer of the Committee authorised in this behalf to inspect the licensed premises without notice and take for examination samples of ghi or of banaspatine or charbini sold by him.

5. Licences to import ghi for sale shall be issued on payment of Rs. 4 per annum by the Secretary to persons applying therefor, and shall be granted by the Committee subject to the following conditions :—

(*a*) that the licensee shall not import ghi from any place from which the import of ghi has, under any general or special declarations notified to the licensee, been declared by the Medical Officer of Health to be dangerous to the public health ;

(*b*) that the licensee shall import ghi only in clean covered vessels ; and

(*c*) that the licensee shall not import adulterated ghi into the Municipality for sale.

6. Any licensee who commits a breach of any of the conditions of his licence shall be liable to have such licence suspended or revoked.

7. Any person who commits a breach of by-law 2 and any licensee who commits a breach of any condition of the licence granted to him under these by-laws shall on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees and, if the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first, during which the breach continues.

Form A.

Application for the licence for the sale of ________________

Name of vendor ________________

Father's name ________________

Articles for which licence is required ________________

Situation of the shop ________________

Street or lane ________________

Boundaries :—

North __________

East __________

South __________

West __________

I have read the conditions on which the sale of __________ is allowed by the Municipal Committee of Kalka in the municipal limits and undertake to abide by them.

Applicant's signature __________

Address __________

Dated

No. 1018-C.-40/14361.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Simla**, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 198 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Simla**, on the 13th of May, 1940, from which date Punjab Government notification No. 607, dated the 20th of October, 1914, shall be deemed to be cancelled :—

BY-LAWS.

1. Wood, which also includes timber of any description, shall only be stored within the municipal limits of Simla on sites fixed by the Committee, of which a list shall be approved by the committee from time to time, or in godowns which shall be approved by the committee for the purpose.

2. Wood or timber shall be kept on any such site or sites in properly arranged stacks.

3. No stack shall be more than eight feet in height.

4. No stack shall be placed on any land abutting on a street so as likely to be a source of danger to persons or animals going along such street.

5. No wood or timber shall be stacked unless the stack rests either on a natural level surface of the land or on an artificial level platform built for the purpose of holding the stack. A platform of horizontal bars duly supported shall be deemed to be a platform within the meaning of these by-laws.

6. No wood consisting of square timber, round timber or planks or scantlings shall be stacked unless they cross each other at right angles in alternate layers.

7. Nothing contained in these by-laws shall apply to wood or timber in small quantities stored for personal or domestic use on private estates and not for sale.

8. A breach of any of the by-laws 1 to 6 shall be punishable with a fine which may extend to rupees fifty and when the breach is a continuing breach with a further fine which may extend to rupees five for every day after the first during which the breach may continue.

No. 1154-L. G.—Bds.-40/14381.—Whereas it appears to the Governor of the Punjab that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Municipal Committee of **Gujrat**, for a public purpose, namely, for safeguarding the privacy of the female section of the Civil Hospital, Gujrat, it is hereby notified that the land described in the specification below is likely to be acquired for the said purpose.

2. This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, to all whom it may concern, and, in exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to authorize the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

3. Any person interested in the land who has any objection to the acquisition may, within thirty days of the publication of this notification, file an objection in writing before the Collector of the Gujrat district :—

SPECIFICATION OF LAND.

District.	*Tahsil.*	*Mauza.*	*Area in acres.*	*Boundaries.*
Gujrat ..	Gujrat ..	Nawan Nazul, Gujrat.	·0143	*North.*—The site attached to the old sub-jail, Gujrat. *East.*—House of Dr. Hira Nand. *South.*—Circular Road. *West.*—The site attached to the old sub-jail, Gujrat.

No. 1058-C.-40/14431.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Leiah,** in the Muzaffargarh district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the **Punjab Municipal Act,** 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the **Punjab**, as required by section 201 of the said Act are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Leiah,** on the 13th day of May, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. Every owner of a building or land situated within the limits of the Municipality of Leiah who does not reside in the Municipality shall appoint in writing a person residing within municipal limits to act as his agent for all the purposes of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, or any rules or by-laws made thereunder.

2. Such appointment shall be notified as soon as possible to the Secretary of the Committee by a notice which shall bear the signature of the agent in acknowledgment of his appointment, and no person shall be deemed to have been appointed as agent until such notice has been received by the Secretary. Every person whose appointment as agent has been so notified shall be deemed to be a duly appointed agent until the contrary is notified to the Committee by the principal or by the agent.

3. When an agent has been appointed in pursuance of these by-laws, any notice served upon him and any demand for payment of its dues made from him, by the Committee, shall be deemed to have been served upon his principal, and shall have the same effect as regards the principal as if the notice had been served upon, or the demand had been made from the principal.

4. A register shall be maintained in the office of the Municipal Committee in which the names and addresses of all agents appointed in pursuance of these by-laws together with date of such appointment shall be entered.

5. Any person who commits a breach of by-law 1 or 2 shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees and when the breach is a continuing one with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

The 26th March, 1940.

No. 1125-L. G.-40/14770.—With reference to the Punjab Government notification No. 5838-C.-39/2478, dated the 16th January, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendment to the rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 13981, dated the 16th July, 1918, as subsequently amended :—

AMENDMENT.

In part II *for* sub-rule (2) of rule 2 the following shall be *substituted* :—

" (2) The Municipal Committee may lease nazul properties in its charge for a term not exceeding one year, provided that the previous sanction of the Deputy Commissioner shall be obtained when the lease money is more than Rs. 250 and not more than Rs. 500 and of the Commissioner when the lease money is more than Rs. 500 and not more than Rs. 1,000. In the case of a lease which is for a term exceeding one year or where the lease money exceeds Rs. 1,000 the previous sanction of the Provincial Government shall be obtained. "

The 27th March, 1940.

No. 1320-C.-40/14891.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Abohar**, in the Ferozepore district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Abohar**, on the 13th day of May, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. In these by-laws unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context—

(a) " Committee " shall mean the Municipal Committee of Abohar.

(b) " Medical Officer of Health " shall have the same meaning as in section 3 (15) of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911.

(c) " Officer-in-charge of the fair " shall mean the officer appointed by the Committee to be in charge of the fair.

(d) " Sanitary Inspector " shall mean the Sanitary Inspector deputed by the Medical Officer of Health.

(e) " Sub-Assistant Health Officer " shall mean the sub-assistant health officer deputed by the Medical Officer of Health.

2. These by-laws shall apply to the Abohar Camel and Cattle Fair.

3. No person shall enter or leave the fair ground save by a route specified for the purpose by the officer-in-charge of the fair.

4. If the Committee has erected any barrier across a road no person shall without permission of an authorized official pass such barrier.

5. The officer-in-charge of the fair may prohibit the entrance into the fair ground of any person suffering from a loathsome, infectious or contagious disease or any person who has been in contact with any such person and may expel any person so suffering or having been in contact from the fair ground.

6. (1) Where the officer-in-charge of the fair has fixed a place or places for parking of vehicles, no person shall park any vehicle at any place in the fair ground other than the place or places so fixed.

(2) No person shall stable or keep animals at places other than those set apart for the purpose.

7. No person shall set up in the fair ground any theatre or cinema, merry-go-round or any other show for public amusement, save at places and on conditions to be fixed by the Committee.

8. No person shall set up any game of chance at any place in the fair ground.

9. The Medical Officer of Health may destroy or cause to be destroyed, or confine, or cause to be confined for such period as he may direct any dog suffering, or reasonably suspected to be suffering from rabies or bitten by any dog, or any other animal suffering or suspected to be suffering from rabies.

10. No person knowing or having reasons to believe that any dog belonging to him in his charge is likely to annoy or intimidate any person or animal or has been bitten by an animal suffering, or reasonably suspected to be suffering from rabies shall neglect to restrain such dog from annoying, intimidating or biting other persons or animals. Any person who commits or abets the commitment of a breach of this by-law shall be punishable with fine which may extend to twenty rupees.

Accommodation.

11. No person attending the fair shall encamp anywhere on the fair ground except on places set apart by the Committee for the purpose.

12. No person shall use any building or site for the lodging of visitors on the fair ground except under a licence granted by the Medical Officer of Health. Every such licence shall be issued subject to the following conditions :—

(i) that such building or site complies with such conditions regarding ventilation, cleanliness, water supply, conservancy and drainage as the Medical Officer of Health may lay down ;

(ii) that such building or site shall accommodate not more than the number of persons of either sex stated in the licence ;

(iii) that the licence shall be liable to cancellation at any time by the Medical Officer of Health for a breach of any of these conditions.

13. The licensee of any such house shall supply to each person staying in it a cardboard ticket bearing the name of the visitor and the accommodation assigned to that individual.

14. All fires in thatched houses or *jhugis* shall be extinguished by 10 P.M.

15. Each licensee shall provide such number of buckets filled with water or sand as may be prescribed by the Medical Officer of Health for use in case of fire.

Water Supply.

16. No person shall take water within the fair ground from any source other than that approved by the Medical Officer of Health who may close or direct the closure of any source of water supply public or private temporarily if the same be in his opinion polluted or otherwise unfit for use.

17. The Medical Officer of Health may at his discretion disinfect or treat any well, tank or other source of water supply.

18. No drinking booth shall be allowed on the fair ground except under a licence granted by the Medical Officer of Health.

19. No person shall sell, store, prepare or expose for sale ony article of food or drink at any place in the fair ground except under a licence granted by the Medical Officer of Health and subject to the conditions specified on the licence form.

Food Supply.

20. Every licence granted under by-law No. 19 shall be issued subject to following conditions :—

(i) that any place used for the preparation, sale or exposure for sale or free supply of any article of food or drink shall be well lighted and ventilated and shall be kept clean at all times to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health ;

(ii) that water used in the preparation of articles of food or drink or for the washing of vessels used in such preparation shall be derived from a source approved by the Medical Officer of Health and be stored in clean and properly covered containers ;

(iii) that all vessels used in the preparation, storage or distribution of food or drink shall be kept clean ;

(iv) that only wholesome and unadulterated articles of food or drink shall be sold ;

(v) that all refuse (from whatever source) shall be deposited in suitable covered containers ;

(vi) that the Medical Officer of Health or any person not below the rank of a Sanitary Inspector or Sub-Assistant Health Officer authorised by him in this behalf may enter the licensed premises to inspect the same and any articles of food and drink ;

(vii) that the Medical Officer of Health or any officer not below the rank of a Sanitary Inspector or Sub-Assistant Health Officer specially authorised by him in this behalf may seize and destroy or otherwise dispose of any article of food or drink which in his opinion is unfit for human consumption ;

(viii) that no person who is suffering from any infectious, loathsome or contagious disease shall touch, or take part in the preparation or distribution of, any article of food or drink ;

(ix) that the licensee or his agent or servant shall immediately inform the office of the Medical Officer of Health at the fair of any case of illness among the persons connected with the licensed premises ;

(x) that the licensed premises shall not be used for sleeping purposes ;

(*xi*) that nothing shall be stored in any licensed premises except the articles necessary for the preparation, storage, and distribution of food and drink ;

(*xii*) that no dog or other animal shall be allowed in any licensed premises ;

(*xiii*) that all articles of food and drink shall be carefully protected from flies and dust ; and

(*xiv*) that the licensee shall comply with any other instructions issued by the Medical Officer of Health in this behalf.

21. The Medical Officer of Health may prohibit the import into the fair ground of any article of food or drink which he considers is likely to promote illness.

22. (1) No person shall manufacture aerated waters for sale in any premises on the fair ground except under a license granted by the Medical Officer of Health.

(2) Every licence granted under this by-law shall be subject to the following conditions :—

(*i*) that the water used in the manufacture of aerated waters be derived from a source approved by the Medical Officer of Health and be carried in clean covered vessels and stored in a clean cistern with a tap ;

(*ii*) that empty bottles be first cleaned by scrubbing brush and clean water and then kept soaked in a solution of permanganate of potash for six hours. The permanganate solution shall be renewed as soon as it turns brown ; and

(*iii*) that all bottles shall bear a label or mark showing the name and address of the manufacturer.

NOTE.—The Medical Officer of Health will be the sole judge of whether a vessel or cistern is clean or not and in case of dispute in any matter pertaining to articles of food or drink as contained in these by-laws, the decision of the Medical Officer of Health shall be final.

Washing and Bathing.

23. (*a*) No person shall wash any clothes or animals or bathe at any place on the fair ground other than that approved by the Medical Officer of Health and specified by the Committee, and no person shall use such a place which is set apart for the use of the opposite sex or at times other than those specified by the Committee.

(*b*) No infected articles or clothes which have been used by or have come in contact with a person suffering from an infectious disease shall be washed at the public washing or bathing places unless they have been previously disinfected to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health.

Conservancy and Health.

24. No person shall ease himself at any place on the fair ground other than that set apart for the purpose.

25. No person shall deposit refuse at any place on the fair ground other than that specified for the purpose.

26. The Medical Officer of Health may—

(*i*) fix places for the deposit of refuse, rubbish or other waste matter of any kind and give directions regarding the time at which and manner in which such refuse, rubbish or waste matter may be kept on any land or building or removed along any road or pathway ;

(*ii*) direct the owner or occupier of any land or building not to cause, or knowingly or negligently allow, any waste water to collect on any land or place not set apart for the purpose ;

(*iii*) arrange for the removal of filth, rubbish, manure, or other waste matter from any latrine, urinal, cesspool or other receptacle for such matter ;

(*iv*) establish medical inspection posts in connection with the examination of travellers by rail and road and may also arrange for adequate accommodation for the isolation of cases of infectious diseases ;

(*v*) refuse entry to the fair ground to any person suspected to be suffering from any contagious disease and who refuses to allow himself to be examined at any such examination post, or gives a false answer to any question

addressed to him by the Medical Officer or official in charge of such post and who disobeys any order of such officer or official in respect of his removal to a hospital or his detention in a place set apart for the purpose ;

(*vi*) order the removal of any person suffering or suspected to be suffering from any infectious disease to a suitable hospital and order all persons who have been in contact with a case of infectious disease to be isolated for a specified period ;

(*vii*) order the cleaning and disinfection of any land, building drain, latrine, urinal ces-pool or any bedding clothing or any other article which is in his opinion infected or likely to carry infection ;

(*viii*) prohibit the letting of a house or building or part of a house or building which has not been disinfected to his satisfaction ;

(*ix*) prohibit the entrance into the fair ground of persons coming from a town, village or locality which is infected with cholera, plague, smallpox or any other communicable disease unless such persons submit to appropriate preventive inoculation.

27. It shall be the duty of the owner or keeper of a lodging house, hostel or serai to inform the Medical Officer of Health immediately of any case of illness on his premises.

Note.—In these by-laws the term "infectious diseases" "contagious diseases" or "communicable diseases" includes —

1. Cholera.	11. Erysipelas.
2 Smallpox.	12. Relapsing fever.
3. Plague.	13. Influenza.
4. Measles.	14. Purperal fever.
5. Chickenpox.	15. Cerebrospinal fever. (meningitis).
6. Diphtheria.	16. Dysentery.
7. Tuberculosis (includes tubercle of lungs).	17. Leprosy.
8. Scarlet fever.	18. Mumps.
9. Typhus fever.	19. Whooping Cough.
10. Enteric fever.	29. Sprue.

28. Any licence issued under these by-laws may be cancelled by the Medical Officer of Health for a breach of any of the conditions of the licence. The decision of the Medical Officer of Health shall be final.

29. Any person who commits or abets the commitment of a breach of any of these by-laws except by-law 10 for which a penalty is prescribed separately shall on conviction by a magistrate be punishable with a fine which may extend to rupees fifty and if the breach is a continuing breach with a further fine which may extend to rupees five for each day after the first, during which the breach continues.

No. 1115-C.-40/14963.—The following amendment made by the Municipal Committee of **Fazilka**, in the Ferozepore district, of its by-laws published with the Punjab Government notification No. 1628-C.-36/20478, dated the 27th June, 1936, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Fazilka** on the 13th day of May, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

In by-law 2 *for* the figures and words "3 A. M. and 5 A. M." *substitute* the following :—

"5 A. M. and 8 A. M. from 1st April to 30th September and 7 A. M. and 9 A. M. from 1st October to 31st March".

No. 1043-C.-40/14968.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Hazro**, in the Attock district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 197 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the municipality of **Hazro**, on the 13th day of May, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. No person shall manufacture or prepare for sale sweetmeats except in premises licensed by the Committee in this behalf.

2. No premises shall be licensed for the manufacture or preparation for sale of sweetmeats—

(a) unless they have a floor made of stone, cement, or other imprevious materials;

(b) unless the walls are properly plastered and lime-washed ;

(c) unless they are provided with adequate light and ventilation to the satisfaction of the Health Officer, Hazro ;

(d) unless they are provided with a drain and the whole floor is so sloped as to allow all liquid to flow off by the drain ;

(e) if there is any direct communication between the premises and any room used as a sleeping room ;

(f) if there is any latrine, cess-pool, cow-shed, stable or other place within 100 feet of the premises which in the opinion of the Health Officer renders it undesirable that such premises should be used for the manufacture or preparation for sale of sweetmeats ;

(g) unless all articles exposed for sale are kept covered.

3. Subject to the provisions of by-law 2 licences for premises for the manufacture or preparation for sale of sweetmeats shall be issued by the Health Officer, Hazro, in form A appended to these by-laws on the application of the owner or occupier of such premises and shall be granted subject to the conditions specified in form A as the conditions subject to which the licence is granted.

4. Licences issued in accordance with by-law 3, shall be current for not more than 12 months, and shall in any case terminate on the 31st March, immediately succeeding the date of issue. A fee of Rs. two per annum or annas eight for a month shall be charged for every licence.

5. Any licensee who commits a breach of any of the conditions of his licence shall be liable to have such licence suspended or revoked.

6. Any person who commits or abets the commitment of any breach of these by-laws and any licensee who commits or abets the commitment of a breach of any of the conditions of his licence, shall be liable, on conviction by a magistrate, to a fine which may extend to fifty rupees and when the breach is a continuing breach, to a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

Form A.

Licence for premises for the manufacture, or preparation for sale of sweetmeats, issued under by-law 3 of the by-laws for licensing premises for such manufacture, or preparation sale, published with Punjab Government notification No. 1043-C.-40/14968, dated the 27th March, 1940.

The premises of which a description is given in the attached schedule, situated in ———— name of street, ward, etc.), are hereby licensed for the manufacture, or preparation for sale of sweetmeats.

This licence is granted to ———— owner/occupier of the said premises, subject to the following conditions :—

(1) that he shall keep the licensed premises structurally fit for the purpose for which the licence is granted;

Explanation.—"Structural fitness" shall be deemed to include—

(a) the existence of a floor made of stone, cement, or other impervious material ;

(b) possession of walls, properly plastered and lime-washed ;

(c) adequate provision of light and ventilation ;

(d) suitable drains ;

(2) that he shall not employ or permit to be employed in the manufacture, or preparation for sale of sweetmeats any person suffering from any contagious or infectious disease or from loathsome sores or who has recently been attending on any person so suffering and that he shall not suffer any such person or any animal to enter or remain upon the licensed premises ;

(3) that he shall keep all vessels, receptacles, utensils and other things used in the manufacture, or preparation for sale of sweetmeat in a state of cleanliness, and shall protect from dust and flies all materials used in such manufacture, or preparation for sale and the articles manufactured, or prepared for sale to the satisfaction of the Health Officer, Hazro ;

(4) that he shall daily cause to be thoroughly washed and cleansed the floor and drain of the licensed premises and every bench, counter, table, shelf or other place on which the articles manufactured or prepared for sale and any material used in such manufacture or preparation for sale, are kept ;

(5) that he shall cause the walls of the licensed premises to be properly lime-washed at least twice a year and more often, if so required by the Health Officer, Hazro ;

(6) that he shall not carry on, or permit to be carried on, any other trade or occupation in the licensed premises except the manufacture, or preparation for sale of sweetmeats and that he shall not use, or suffer to be used, any portion of the licensed premises as a living room or sleeping room ;

(7) that he shall not spit, or smoke or suffer any other person to spit or smoke, within the licenced premises

(8) that he shall not keep, or suffer to be kept, in the licensed premises any bedding, soiled clothes or other thing not required for the manufacture or preparation for sale of sweetmeats ;

(9) that he shall not use or permit to be used in such manufacture, or preparation for sale any water except water obtained from a source and conveyed to the licensed premises in a manner approved by the Health Officer, Hazro;

(10) that he shall permit any member or officer of the committee authorised in this behalf at all reasonable times and without notice to inspect the licensed premises.

No. 1066-C.-40/15002.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Jagadhri,** in the Ambala District, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Jagadhri** on the 13th day of May, 1940 —

BY-LAWS.

1. No person shall be allowed to place in front of any building any moveable encroachment upon the ground level of any public street or over or on any sewer, drain or water course, or any movable overhanging structure projecting into such public street at a point above the said ground level, or deposit, or cause to be deposited, building material, goods for sale or other articles of merchandise on any public street without obtaining a written permission of the Municipal Committee and without the payment in advance of the fee or rent which may be fixed by the Municipal Committee from time to time under section 173 (1) of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911.

2. Permission will not be granted to any person under by-law 1 except on the following conditions :—

(a) that the permission granted shall not interfere with the free means of ingress or egress to shops or other buildings ;

(b) that in cases in which a takhtposh or a board projects, or is to be placed over a drain, the officer appointed by the Municipal Committee for the purpose, has, after visiting the spot, made a specific recommendation ;

(c) that the permission granted shall extend only to the owner of the shop in front of which the land is, or to his *bonafide* tenant, and shall not be transferable ;

(d) that the holder of the permission shall keep the land under lease in a thoroughly clean condition ;

(e) that the holder of the permission pays in advance the fee or rent due ; provided that, if any such movable encroachment is removed from the municipal land before the expiry of the period in respect of which fee or rent has been paid in advance, the amount due in respect of the unexpired period may be refunded to the payer, provided further that previous notice of the intention of the payer to remove the encroachment shall be given to the Committee, and no refund shall be made in respect of periods less than a month ; and

(f) that the Committee may at any time by notice resume the area under such encroachment, should it be deemed expedient to do so :

Provided that when land is so resumed, the fee or rent already paid by the person granted permission under by-law 1, shall be refunded to such person for the unexpired period of permit granted ; provided further that periods of less than a month shall be ignored.

3. Application for the grant of permission under section 173 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, shall be made to the Secretary who shall obtain the order of the Committee or its officers, as the case may be, thereon and shall communicate the orders to the applicant concerned.

4. If the Committee is satisfied that any person, to whom written permission has been accorded under subsection (1) of section 173 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, has failed to comply with any of the conditions of by-law 2, the Committee may cancel the permission so accorded, and no claim by such person to the refund of any rent already paid in consideration for such permission, shall be entertained.

5. Whosoever commits a breach of by-laws 1 and 2 shall, in addition to such cancellation of permission to which he may have rendered himself liable under by-law 4, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees and, if the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first, during which the breach continues.

No. 1067-C.-40/15004.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4615-C.-39/35037, dated the 27th October, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor is pleased to make the following rules for the municipality of **Gohana,** in the Rohtak district :—

RULES.

1. For the purposes of election of members of the Municipal Committee of Gohana, the Gohana Municipality shall be devided into seven election wards, the boundaries of which are described in the schedule appended to these rules.

2. One representative shall be elected for the each ward by the registered voters belonging to that ward.

3. Subject to the provisions of rule 7 of the Municipal Election Rules, 1930, no person shall be eligible for election as a member of the committee unless he—

(a) pays as proprietor, or receives as an assignee of Government, not less than ten rupees per annum on account of land revenue in respect of land situated in the Gohana tahsil ; or

(b) is the owner of immovable property of the value of not less than one thousand rupees half or more of which is situated within the limits of the municipality ; or

(c) is in receipt of an income of not less than fifty rupees per mensem ; or

(d) is in receipt of not less than twenty-five rupees as pension from Government; or

(e) has passed the Matriculation or School Leaving Certificate or any other equivalent or higher examination recognised by the Punjab University, or any Oriental Title Examination of the Punjab University.

Explanation.—In the case of a father and son living together, the payment of land revenue or receipt of land revenue as an assignee of Government or the possession of immovable property or a monthly income to the amount or value specified in clauses (a), (b) or (c) of this rule shall be held to qualify the father only ;

Provided that, if the father so desires, such payment, receipt or possession shall be held to qualify the son in lieu of the father.

4. Subject to the provisions of rule 6 of the Municipal Election Rules, 1930, no person shall be entitled to be registered as a voter in the Gohana Municipality unless he—

(a) possesses immovable property situated within the limits of the municipality of the value of not less than two hundred rupees ; or

(b) pays not less than one rupee per mensem as rent for a house or part of a house situated within the municipal limits ; or

(c) pays as proprietor or receives as an assignee of Government not less than five rupees per annum on account of land revenue in respect of land situated in the Gohana tahsil; or

(d) is in receipt of an income of not less than fifteen rupees per mensem; or

(e) has passed the Matriculation or School Leaving Certificate or any other equivalent or higher examination recognised by the Punjab University or any Oriental Title Examination of the Punjab University.

5. For the purpose of calculating the period of ordinary residence within municipal limits, under rule 6 of the Municipal Election Rules, 1930, no account shall be taken of any period of temporary absence, such as time spent in the hills or on leave.

SCHEDULE.

DESCRIPTION OF BOUNDARIES.

Ward No. I.

North.—From the north-west corner of the houses of Dhobian, eastwards along the south of the Public Road from Hissar Gate to Bazar Chohatta and passing along the northern boundary of the house of Lala Imrat Lal, son of Lala Piare Lal, to the north-west corner of the houses of Rajputs of Hatai Khurd; thence south-eastwards along the northern boundary of these houses to the north-east corner of the aforesaid houses;

East.—Thence southwards along the eastern boundaries of the houses of Rajputs of Hatai Khurd, of the houses of Qassaban and of the Municipal latrines to the point where it meets the Circular Road;

South.—Thence north-westwards along the northern boundary of the Circular Road to its junction with Mehm Ghati;

West.—Thence north-eastwards along the eastern boundary of Mehm Ghati to the house of Wali Mohammad, Qassab; thence northwards along the eastern boundary of Mehm Ghati to the north-west corner of the houses of Qassaban; thence north-eastwards along the north-western side of the houses of Qassaban to the north-east corner of these houses; thence north wards along the western boundary of the houses of Dhobian to the point of start.

Ward No. II.

North.—From the junction of the Circular Road with Khandrai Road eastwards along the northern boundary of the Circular Road to the point where it turns northwards; thence northwards along the western boundary of this Road to a point where it turns eastwards; thence eastwards along the northern boundary of the Road to a point where it turns southwards; thence southwards to a point where it turns eastwards; thence eastwards along its northern boundary to a point on this Road opposite north-east corner of the houses of Mahajans;

East.—Thence southwards across the Circular Road and along the eastern boundary of the houses of Mahajans and the western boundary of the *Gali* Brahmanan to its junction with the Public Road from Hissar Gate to Bazar Chohatta; thence south-westwards along the north-western boundary of the said Public Road to the south-west corner of the tomb of Farrukh Hussain Sahib; thence southwards across the said Public Road along the western boundary of Ward No. 1 to the south-east of abadi *Gali* Pansarian; thence south-westwards along the north-western boundary of Mehm Ghati to the north-east corner of the houses of Sheikhan; thence southwards along the western side of Mehm Ghati to the south-east corner of the house of Shadi, Mirasi;

South.—Thence westwards along the northern boundary of Mehm Ghati to its junction with the Circular Road; thence westwards, across this Road to its junction with the Baroda Road;

West.—Thence northwards along the western boundary of the Circular Road to the point of start.

Ward No. III.

North.—From the south-west corner of the houses of Rajputs of Hatai Kalan, north-eastwards along the southern side of the Public Road from Hissar Gate to Bazar Chohatta to its junction with the Pacca Road from Ghati Chamaran;

East.—Thence southwards along the western side of the Pacca Road from Ghati Chamaran to the south-east corner of the houses of Rajputs of Bardi ;

South.—Thence westwards along the southern boundary of the said houses to the south-west corner of these houses ;

West.—Thence northwards along the eastern and northern boundaries of Ward No. 1 to the point of start.

Ward No. IV.

North.—From the eastern extremity of the northern boundary of Ward No. II, eastwards along the northern side of the Circular Road to the north-west corner of the old graveyard ; thence north-westwards along the western side of the Mughalpura abadi and north-eastwards to the southern bank of Rohta Tank ; thence, first turning eastwards along the northern side of the Mughalpura abadi and then south-eastwards to the south-western junction of the Rohta Tank with the Circular Road ; thence north-eastwards along the eastern bank of Rohta Tank to the bridge on drain No. 8 emanating from the Rohta Tank ;

East.—Thence southwards along the western side of the Kacha Road joining the Circular Road to its junction with the Circular Road ; thence southwards along the western side of the Circular Road to the south-east corner of the houses of Mahajans of Gali Malian ;

South.—Thence westwards along the southern boundary of these houses and further along the northern boundary of Gali Mirdhgan to the junction of this Gali with the Main Bazar Road from Rohtak Gate to Panipat Gate ; thence southwards across Gali Mirdhgan to the south-west corner of this Gali ; thence eastwards along the southern side of this Gali to the north-east corner of the houses of Mahajans ; thence southwards along the eastern boundary of the houses of Mahajans to the south-east corner of the house of Kirpa, goldsmith ; thence westwards along the southern side of house of Kirpa, goldsmith, to the Main Bazar Road from Rohtak Gate to Panipat Gate ; thence crossing this road and northwards along the western side of the said road to the north-east corner of the house of L. Imrat Lal, petition writer ; thence westwards along the northern side of the houses of L. Imrat Lal, petition writer, Hukam Chand and other Mahajans to the junction of the Dharamsala of Mohalla Kot with the Pacca Road from Ghati Chamaran ;

West.—Thence northwards along the eastern side of the Pacca Road from Ghati Chamaran to its junction with the Public Road from Hissar Gate to Bazar Chohatta ; thence westwards along the northern side of the said Public Road to its junction with Gali Brahmnan ; thence northwards along the eastern boundary of Ward No. II to the point of start.

Ward No. V.

North.—From the south-west corner of the Dharamsala of Mohalla Kot on the Pacca Road from Ghati Chamaran, eastwards along the southern boundary of Ward No. IV to the north-west corner of the house of Bansi Dhar ; thence further eastwards along the northern boundary of the said house to its north-east corner ;

East.—Thence southwards along the eastern side of the said house and the eastern side of the houses of Mahajans to the south-east corner of the houses of Mahajans ; thence westwards along the southern boundary of the houses of Mahajans to the south-west corner of the said houses and the Main Bazar Road from Rohtak Gate to Panipat Gate ; thence southwards along the eastern side of the said Main Bazar Road to the south-west corner of the house of Mangal Sain ; thence eastwards along the southern boundary of the said house and the northern side of Gali Faqiran to the end of the said Gali ; thence southwards along the eastern boundary of the houses of Mahajans and Gali Telian to the south-east corner of the said Gali ; thence eastwards along the northern side of Gali and Mahalla Gujran to the point where it meets the Circular Road ; thence southwards crossing the Circular Road along the western side of Field No. 4202 to a point where it meets Field No. 4205 ; thence westwards along the northern side of Field No. 4205 and part of western side of the said Field to the south-east corner of Field No. 4201 ;

South.—Thence westwards along the southern boundary of Field No. 4201 and crossing the Pacca Road to Rohtak Gate and along the southern boundary of the inn of L. Imrat Lal and others crossing the Kacha Road, to Rohtak Gate, further westwards along the southern boundaries of the inn of L. Lakhmi Chand and others, Fields Nos. 3553 and 3554 to the south-west corner of Field No. 3554 ; thence northwards along the western side of Field No. 3554 to its north-west corner ; thence westwards along the northern boundary of the houses of Jats of Gudha to the south-west corner of the inn of L. Naunihal Singh and others ; thence westwards to the south-east corner of the

vacant land ; thence northwards along the eastern side of the vacant land to the point where it meets the Circular Road ; thence westwards along the southern side of the Circular Road to its junction with the Mehm Road ;

West.—Thence northwards along the eastern boundary of Ward No. I to the south-west corner of the houses of Rajputs of Bardi in Ward No. III ; thence eastwards along the southern boundary of Ward No. III to the point where it meets the Pacca Road from Ghati Chamaran ; thence crossing the said road and turning northwards along the eastern side of the said Road to the point of start.

Ward No. VI.

North.—From the north-west corner of Gali Mirdhgan, eastwards along the northern side of this Gali and the southern boundary of the houses of Mahajans of Gali Malian in Ward No. IV to the south-east corner of the said houses adjoining the Circular Road ;

East.—Thence southwards along the western side of the Circular Road to the point where it meets the eastern boundary of Ward No. V ;

South.—Thence westwards along the eastern boundary of Ward No. V to the eastern extremity of Gali Telian in Ward No. V ;

West.—Thence northwards along eastern boundary of Ward No. V to the point from where the eastern boundary of Ward No. V begins (north-east corner of Bansi Dhar's house) ; thence north-westwards along the northern boundary of Ward No. V to the north-west corner of the house of Bansi Dhar in Ward No. V ; thence northwards along the southern boundary of Ward No. IV to the point of start.

Ward No. VII.

North.—From the north-west corner of Field No. 10929/10211, eastwards along the southern side the Khandrai Road to the north-east corner of Field No. 1786 ;

East.—Thence southwards along the western boundary of Ward No. II to the unction of the Baroda Road with the Circular Road ; thence south-eastwards along the southern side of the Circular Road to the north-east corner of the vacant land lying towards the south of the Circular Road ; thence southwards along the western boundary of Ward No. V to the south-east corner of the vacant land near the south-west corner of the inn of L. Naunihal Singh and others ;

South.—Thence westwards along the northern side of the Gudha abadi to the point where it meets the Mehm Road ; thence crossing the said Road and southwards along the western side of the said Road to the north-east corner of Field No. 3395 ; thence westwards along the northern side of Field No. 3395 to the north-west corner of the said Field ; thence southwards along the western sides of Fields Nos. 3397, 3396 and 3399 to the point where it meets the foot-path of Mandalwala ; thence north-westwards along the northern side of the said foot-path to its junction with Baroda Road ; thence westwards along the southern side of the Baroda Road to the north-east corner of Field No. 10683/3331 thence southwards along the eastern side of the said Field to its south-east corner ; thence westwards along the southern side of the said Field to the north-east corner of Field No. 11088/3325 ; thence southwards along the eastern sides of Fields Nos. 11088/3325, 11089/3325, 3326 and 3327 to the south-east corner of the last-named Field ; thence westwards along the southern sides of Fields Nos. 3327, 3312, 3316, 3317, 3233 and 3234 to the north east corner of Field No. 3236 ; thence southwards along the eastern side of Field No. 3236 to its south-east corner ; thence westwards along the northern side of Field No. 3243 to the north-west corner of the said Field ; thence southwards along the eastern side of Field No. 11080/3239 to its south-east corner ; thence westwards along the southern sides of Fields Nos. 11080/3239, 11081/3219, 3217, 11077/3218, 1175/3219/3218, 10027/3144, 10028/3144, 10996/10029 to the point where it meets the railway boundary and the south-west corner of Field No. 10996/10029 ;

West.—Thence northwards along the railway boundary to the point of start.

No. 1243-C.-40/15038.—The following amendment made by the Municipal Committee of **Sahiwal**, in the Shahpur district, of its by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 27915, dated 20th September, 1926, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for general information and shall come into force within the

Municipality of **Sahiwal**, on the 13th day of May, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

For existing by-law 2, the following new by-law shall be substituted, namely :—

" 2. Any person wishing to obtain a licence for premises for wholesale or, sale by auction, of any fruit, vegetable or sugarcane may apply to the Secretary of the Committee and if, the application is sanctioned by the committee, a licence shall be issued by the Secretary of the Committee on payment of a licence fee of Rs. One hundred and twenty per annum, or Rs. 10 per mensem."

Panchayats.

The 27th March, 1940.

No. 947-L.G.-Bds.-40/14965.—With reference to notification No. O.-XIV-A-20/91, dated the 9th February, 1940, issued by the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, and in pursuance of the provisions of sub-rule (*ii*) of rule 6 of the rules made under the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, published with Punjab Government notification No. 4108, dated the 5th February, 1930, as subsequently amended, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to direct that five panches shall be elected by the revenue estate of Jalalia and two panches by the revenue estate of Abdul Rahman.

Notified Areas.

The 21st March, 1940.

No. 1251-C.-40/14359.—The following by-laws made by the Notified Area Committee of **Chheharta,** in the Amritsar district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 121 and 188 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Notified Area of **Chheharta** on 13th day of May, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. Licences under subsection (1) of section 121 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, shall be issued by the Secretary of the Committee in form A appended to these by-laws on the application of the owner or occupier of the premises to be used for any of the purposes specified in the said subsection and shall be granted on payment of such fees as may be prescribed from time to time by the Committee with the approval of the Commissioner, under subsection (3) of section 121 of the Act.

2. All applications for the renewal of licences shall be made before the 15th day of March in each year.

3. Every licence issued under by-law 1 shall be subject to the following conditions :—

(*a*) that the licensee shall permit any member or officer of the Committee authorised in this behalf to inspect the licensed premises at all reasonable times and without notice ;

(*b*) that the licensee shall always keep the licence issued by the Secretary at the licenced premises and shall on demand produce it for the inspection of any member or officer of the Committee authorised under clause (*a*) of this by-law ;

(*c*) that the licensee shall make adequate arrangements to the satisfaction of the Committee for the extinction of any outbreak of fire ;

(*d*) that the licensee shall at all times keep the licensed premises in a clean and sanitary condition and shall provide them with adequate ventilation, suitable drains, latrines, urinals, and other sanitary conveniences for the use of the workmen employed therein ;

(*e*) that the licensee shall not permit any work to be carried on at the licensed premises which gives rise to offensive noises between 8 o'clock at night and 6 o'clock in the morning unless he has been specially authorised in this behalf ;

(f) that in premises where oil-engines are used, kerosine oil, petroleum and other inflammable materials shall be kept in a separate room which shall not be contiguous to the engine room ;

(g) that the licensee shall store in a suitable room or rooms, which shall be used for no other purpose and shall be rat-proof, all grain or pulse received for milling by power supplied by the oil-engine, and all floor produced by milling so long as it remains on his premises ;

(h) that the licensee shall adopt the best practicable means to the satisfaction of the Committee for rendering innocuous all gases, effluvia, or vapours emitted by the engine during the process of working, and shall in every case cause such gases, effluvia, or vapours to be discharged into the external air in such a manner and at such a height as to admit of the proper diffusion of these gases without producing any unwholesome or injurious effects in the neighbourhood or shall cause such gases to pass from the exhaust pipe (or other outlet of such gases) through fire into a condensing apparatus and then through fire in such a manner as to consume effectually such gases so as to deprive the same of all noxious or injurious properties ;

(i) that in premises where smoke arises through the use of coal in the furnace or any other place in the engine-house, the licensee shall use such apparatus that will as far as practicable consume the smoke arising from the engine or the furnace ;

(j) that for a breach of any of these conditions, the licence may be suspended or revoked by an order of the Committee.

Explanation.—For purposes of this by-law, the decision of the Committee or some officer appointed by the Committee in this behalf as to whether the ventilation is adequate or the drains or the rooms are suitable or the means adopted for rendering gases, effluvia or vapours innocuous are the best practicable, shall be final.

Form A.

A licence to carry on an offensive and dangerous trade in the Notified Area of Chheharta.

N.-B.—This licence is subject to the conditions specified in by-law 3 of the by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No.________, dated________.

Serial number of licence.	Name, parentage, caste and residence of the licensee.	A description of the premises licensed.	A specification of the trades mentioned in section 121 (1) of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, for which the licence is issued.	Endorsement of annual renewals of licence.
				Renewed on Secretary, Notified Area Committee, Chheharta.

No. 1150-C.-40/14363.—The following by-laws made by the Notified Area Committee of **Buria** in the Ambala district, in exercise of the powers confirmed by sections 188, 189 and 190 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Notified Area of **Buria**, on the 13th day of May, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. (1) Every person intending to erect or re-erect any building shall give notice of such intention in writing to the Committee in form A appended to these by-laws and shall at the same time submit—

(a) a plan of the building which it is proposed to erect or re-erect ; and

(b) the specifications detailed in form B appended to these by-laws.

(2) Copies of forms A and B may be obtained from the office of the Notified Area Committee on payment of two annas for each form.

(3) In the case of an encroachment or structure proposed to be constructed on a site adjacent to a public street under the control or management of the Public Works Department of Government or of any local authority the applicant shall submit the plans or specifications referred to in clause (1) in triplicate and one complete set of the plans shall, immediately on presentation, be forwarded by the Committee to the Executive Engineer or to the other local body concerned for information.

(4) No application for the erection or re-erection of a building shall be considered by the Committee until it is certified by the Municipal Engineer or the Secretary if there is no Municipal Engineer, that the plan submitted with the application is in accordance with the provisions of these by-laws.

2. The plan shall be drawn to a scale of not less than one-eighth of an inch to the foot, shall be submitted in duplicate on tracing cloth and shall show—

(*a*) the direction of the north point ;

(*b*) the boundaries of the site ;

(*c*) the position of the site in relation to neighbouring streets and the level of the site in relation to the streets, if any, on which it abuts ;

(*d*) the position of the proposed building in relation to the boundaries of the site ;

(*e*) the plan of the ground floor and of every additional floor ;

(*f*) the names, if any, and width of all streets on which the site abuts ;

(*g*) the position and dimensions of all projections beyond the main walls of the building ;

(*h*) the position of all proposed drains, privies, urinals and cesspools ;

(*i*) the level and width of the foundations, and the level of the lowest floor with reference to the level of the centre of the street on which the front of the proposed building is to abut.

3. The Committee may require any person who has submitted an application to erect or re-erect any building to submit, in addition to the plans and specifications required by by-law 1, elevation and sections of the proposed building, together with full specifications regarding the materials and methods of construction to be used for external walls, party walls, foundations, roofs, ceilings, floors, staircases, fire-places and chimneys.

4. In no building shall any open sewer or drain pass through any room used or intended to be used as a living or sleeping room.

5. No drain shall be constructed within the thickness of any wall of any building.

6. A drain shall be provided for every latrine, privy, urinal, bath room and cooking place. Such drains shall be constructed of glazed pipes, or other impervious material and shall connect the floor of the latrine, privy, urinal, bath room or cooking place with—

(*a*) a municipal masonry drain, or

(*b*) a private cess-pool constructed as hereinafter prescribed.

7. Every latrine or privy shall be so constructed that—

(*a*) there shall be adequate access thereto for the purpose of cleansing ;

(*b*) when the outer door thereof is open, the seats shall not be visible from the street or other public place.

8. (1) No person shall install water flushed latrines in his house unless the house drains are connected with a municipal sewer or unless arrangements are made to purify the sewage in a properly constructed septic tank of a suitable size and to discharge the effluent into a municipal sewer or into a sullage drain certified by the Medical Officer of Health to be capable of carrying off the effluent without danger to the health of the public. Such installations shall be constructed under the supervision of a Sanitary Engineer and shall be approved by the Medical Officer of Health before they are taken into use.

(2) No person shall dispose of the effluent from a septic tank by surface irrigation or by sub-soil drainage or into open unlined cess-pools.

9. No person shall construct a private cess-pool—

(a) unless there is no municipal drain within one hundred feet of the premises for which it is required ;

(b) except a cess-pool of masonry with a cast iron movable covering ; and

(c) unless adequate access is provided thereto for the purpose of cleansing it.

10. Every interior yard shall be raised at least one foot above the level of the nearest street as to admit of easy drainage into such street.

11. No person shall construct any building of more than five storeys including the ground floor, and no person shall construct any building of more than two such storeys unless the outer walls of such building are made of brick, stone or reinforced concrete.

12. No person shall construct any staircase of a width of less than three feet or with steps having a rise of more than nine inches or a breadth of less than ten inches measured from the vertical face of the rise.

Form A.

From

____

____

____

To

The Secretary,

Notified Area Committee, Buria.

I hereby give notice under subsection (2) of section 189 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, that I intend to erect/re-erect a building as specified in form B attached, situated in (here insert street, ward, etc.)

I attach—

(a) the plans in duplicate required by the Committee's by-laws, and

(b) a specification of the proposed building.

Signature__________

Date__________

(Reverse to be filled in in the office of the Notified Area Committee.)

Serial number of application__________

Name of applicant__________

Site of building (name of street, quarter, etc.)__________

Abstract of application__________

(Date)__________

Received by the Secretary on__________

(Initials of Secretary.)

Date by which orders of the Committee must be passed [under section 193 (4)]__________

(To be filled in red ink.)

Forwarded to the ward member for report on__________

(Date)__________

(Initials of forwarding officer.)

Returned to Secretary on ______

(Date) ______

______

(Initials of forwarding officer.)

Submitted to the Committee on ______

______

(Initials of Secretary.)

Abstract of order of the Committee ______

______

(Initials of Secretary.)

Form B.

SPECIFICATION OF PROPOSED BUILDING.

1. In the case of the erection / re-erection of entire house or considerable portion of a house—

(a) in case of a re-erection of a house, the house number, if any, of the house to be re-erected ______

(b) the purpose for which it is intended to use the building ______

(c) the materials to be used in the construction of the walls ______

(d) the number of storeys of which the building will consist ______

(e) the position and dimensions of all doors, windows and ventilation openings ______

(f) the number of latrines to be provided ______

(g) whether the site has been built upon before or not; if so, the date when the previous building ceased to be fit for occupation ______

2. In the case of minor alterations or additions—

(a) a description of the alteration or addition proposed ______

(b) the material to be used for such alteration or addition ______

Signature ______

No. 1195-C.-40/14378.—The following by-laws made by the Notified Area Committee of **Kamoki Mandi**, in the Gujranwala district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the Notified Area of **Kamoki Mandi**, on the 13th day of May, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. In these by-laws the expression "motor vehicle" includes all vehicles, carriages or other conveyances propelled or which may be propelled on road by electrical or mechanical powers, either entirely or partially.

2. No person in charge of a motor vehicle shall take his vehicle or any part of it on or over any foot-path or tan ride reserved for pedestrians or equestrians, or over any grass plots along the side of any road

3. No person shall drive a motor vehicle on any of the roads within the Notified Area at a speed exceeding fifteen miles per hour.

4. The person in charge of a motor vehicle shall, if signalled to do so, stop it at the tax or toll barrier by which he enters or leaves the tax or toll limits for the purpose of allowing the officer or staff of the tax or toll department to realise the toll or tax or to examine the contents of the vehicle.

5. No person in charge of a motor vehicle plying for hire shall, when waiting for passengers, stop the vehicle anywhere in a street except at a stand allotted for the purpose by the Committee with the approval of the Registering Authority as defined in rule 3 (19) of the Punjab Motor Vehicles Rules, 1931.

6. Any person who commits a breach of any of these by-laws shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees; and if the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

No. 1216-C.-40/14389.—The following by-laws made by the Notified Area Committee of **Samundri,** in the Lyallpur district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the Notified Area of **Samundri,** on the 13th day of May, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. In these by-laws the word "vehicle" means a vehicle other than a motor vehicle.

2. No person less than eighteen years of age shall drive a vehicle drawn by an animal or animals.

3. No person shall take a vehicle loaded with bricks, kankar, earth, stone, metal or other loose material along any public road or street unless the cart is protected on all sides by boards or other material, and the load near the sides shall not be higher than six inches below the top of the sides.

4. No person shall take an elephant along any street without the previous sanction in writing of the Superintendent of Police.

5. No person in charge of a vehicle shall take it or any part of it over any footpath reserved for pedestrians, and no person riding or leading any animal shall take such animal over any footpath reserved for pedestrians.

6. The use on vehicles of bulb-horns, klaxon-horns, or other similar warning contrivances ordinarily employed on motor vehicles is prohibited.

7. The driver of a vehicle shall obey all directions given whether by signal or otherwise, by a police officer controlling traffic.

8. No person in charge of a licensed vehicle plying for hire shall, when waiting for passengers, stop the vehicle anywhere in a street except at a stand allotted for the purpose by the Notified Area Committee.

9. No person when riding a bicycle on any street or in any public place, shall sit on any part of the bicycle except on the ordinary saddle, nor shall he carry any other person on the same bicycle.

10. No vehicle shall be driven along a public road or street during the period from half-an-hour after sunset to half-an-hour before sunrise unless it is supplied with lights in the following manner :—

(a) in the case of bicycle or tricycle, one light in front and a red reflector at the back,

(b) in the case of country carts one light so placed as to be visible both from the front and the back ; and

(c) in the case of any other vehicle, two lights visible both from the front and the back and in case the front lights are not visible from behind, a third light at the back.

11. No person riding a bicycle shall permit it to be towed by any vehicle drawn by any animal or animals or propelled by mechanical means.

12. Any of the following classes of traffic may be prohibited either absolutely or during such hours as may be notified by the Notified Area Committee in this behalf, on any road within the limits of the Notified Area :—

(i) country carts,

(ii) ekkas,

(iii) hand carts,

(iv) horses out for exercise,

(v) laden animals,

except when actually crossing or proceeding to houses or shops which cannot be reached by any other road.

13. The person in charge of a vehicle shall, if signalled to do so, stop it at the tax or toll barrier by which he enters or leaves the tax or toll limits for the purpose of allowing the officer or staff of the tax or toll department to realize the tax or toll or to examine the contents of the vehicle.

14. All vehicles shall observe the rules of the road, that is, they shall pass traffic which is proceeding in the opposite direction on the left and traffic which is proceeding in the same direction on the right.

15. *Overtaking.*—A slower moving vehicle may be overtaken, provided that—

(*a*) the act of overtaking will not hold up, inconvenience or endanger other traffic proceeding in either direction.

(*b*) the overtaking is not done in the vicinity of a blind corner, a Police constable on point duty or a turning to the right, or when the road is not clearly visible ahead.

(*c*) the vehicle sought to be overtaken is not itself attempting to overtake another vehicle.

16. *Turning.*—(1) (*a*) The driver of a vehicle shall slow down and make the appropriate signals before making any turnings.

(*b*) The speed at which any vehicle may be driven round any corner, shall be such that there is no danger of skidding or overturning, and such that the turning vehicle can be kept on the left-hand side of the road without difficulty.

(2) In making a turning from a side road into a main road—

(*a*) (if the turning is to the right) the driver of the vehicle shall slow down, and if necessary stop, until the main road is sufficiently clear to enable him to take the turning in safety ;

(*b*) (if the turning is to the left) the driver of the vehicle shall keep to the extreme left, and not hold up, inconvenience or endanger other traffic in making such turning.

(3) In making a turning from a main road to a side road—

(*a*) (if the turning is to the right) the driver of the vehicle shall draw to the middle of the road, slow down, and if necessary stop, until the road on the right is sufficiently clear to enable him to take the turning in safety.

(*b*) (if the turning is to the left) the driver of the vehicle shall keep to the extreme left and not hold up, inconvenience or endanger other traffic when making such turning.

When two roads meet and it is doubtful which of the two is the main road, special caution should be observed by all drivers.

When turning round blind corner, the driver of the vehicle shall slow down, give a warning in an audible manner, keep to the left and be on the look out for pedestrians, any obstacle on the road, or traffic proceeding in either direction.

17. *Cross Roads.*—When passing cross roads, the driver of a vehicle shall slow down, give a warning in an audible manner and be on the look out for pedestrians or traffic crossing his path.

18. A clear road shall be no justification for lack of vegilance. The driver of a vehicle shall at all times be on the look out for pedestrians or traffic coming on the road unexpectedly.

19. The driver of a vehicle shall always allow sufficient room for other vehicles going in either direction to pass him with safety and without difficulty.

20. The driver of a vehicle shall not slow down or stop in any public place without making the appropriate signal.

21. When a vehicle is halted, it shall be drawn up either off the road or as near as possible to the extreme left of the road. No vehicle shall remain halted where it is liable to cause danger or inconvenience to other traffic, as for example, on the blind side of a corner.

22. Any person who commits a breach of any of these by-laws shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and if the breach is a continuing breach with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

The 27th March, 1940.

No. 1305-C.-40/14901.—The following by-laws made by the Notified Area Committee, **Guruharsahai**, in the Ferozepore district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the Notified Area of **Guruharsahai** on the 13th day of May, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS

1. In these by-laws—

(*a*) "sweeper" means any sweeper whether male or female.

(*b*) "house" means any place used as a human residence, whether permanently or temporarily.

2. No sweeper shall remove night-soil from any house within the Notified Area, unless he has had his name registered with the Notified Area Committee office.

3. Applications for registration shall be made in form 'A' appended to these by-laws and obtainable, free of charge, from the Secretary of the Notified Area Committee.

4. A registration card in form 'B' appended to these by-laws shall be issued by the Secretary of the Notified Area Committee, free of charge, to every sweeper applying for registration and shall bear the registered number of the sweeper to whom it is issued.

5. Every sweeper so registered shall provide himself with a galvanised iron bucket of a type prescribed by the Secretary of the Notified Area Committee. On this bucket he shall have painted in white figures two inches high and a quarter of an inch thick his registered number.

6. All night-soil removed by a sweeper from any house shall be removed by him in the galvanised iron bucket, referred to in by-law 5 above and carried to any of the places fixed by the Committee for its collection and shall not be deposited at, or transferred to, any other place.

7. No registered sweeper shall allow any other sweeper to work with the bucket bearing his register number.

8. Any person who commits a breach of by-laws 2, 5, 6 and 7 shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees and if the breach is a continuing breach with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

Form A.

APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION AS SWEEPER.

(*To be presented in person.*)

Name ____________________

Wife of ____________________

Son/daughter of ____________________

I HEREBY apply for registration under the by-laws for the registration of sweepers of the Guruharsahai Notified Area Committee published with Punjab Government notification No. 1305-C.-40/14901, dated the 27th March, 1940.

2. I undertake—

(*a*) not to transport night-soil except in a covered receptacle approved by the Secretary of the Notified Area Committee,

(*b*) not to fill the receptacle in a manner likely to cause the contents to spill or prevent the lid from fitting close, and

(*c*) to abide by the conditions of the above-quoted by-laws.

Signature or Thumb-impression } ____________________

Form B.

SWEEPER'S REGISTRATION CARD.

NOT TRANSFERABLE

Register No. ______

Name ______

Father's / Husband's name ______

Date of issue ______

SECRETARY,

Notified Area Committee, Gurubarsah

Medical.

The 25th March, 1940.

No. 784-M.-40/14607.—The following amendments made by the Punjab Medical Council with the previous sanction of the Governor of the Punjab, in exercise of the power conferred by subsection (2) of section 24 of the Punjab Medical Registration Act, 1916, to the by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 16357, dated the 22nd August, 1917, as subsequently amended, are published for general information :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. The words "Executive Committee" shall be substituted in place of "Registration Sub-Committee" wherever they occur in the by-laws.

2. *For* by-law 3-B the following shall be substituted :—

"The term of the members of the Executive Committee shall be conterminus with their membership of the Council but a person who has been re-elected or renominated as a member of the Council shall continue as a member of the Committee until such time as a meeting of the Council is held after his re-election or re-nomination, at which the vacancy will be filled by election. Should a vacancy in the Executive Committee occur in the interval between two meetings of the Council, the Executive Committee shall have power to fill such vacancy from amongst the members of the Council, and the member so appointed shall hold office till the next meeting of the Council".

3. *For* by-law 3-F the following shall be substituted :—

"The function of the Executive Committee shall be as follows :—

(1) To supervise the publication of the Punjab Medical Register.

(2) To draft business other than motions and amendments notified by members and submit its recommendations thereon.

(3) To obtain from Licensing Bodies such information as may be necessary to facilitate the requirements of the Act.

(4) To call for particulars of professional examinations and their results and submit them to the Council annually with necessary comments thereon.

(5) To consider and forward to the Council reports on the visitation of examinations.

(6) To report to the Council on all applications for registration which are not covered under the schedule of the Punjab Medical Council.

(7) To consider the explanations of registered medical practitioners for breach of professional conduct and submit its report thereon to the Council.

(8) To consider any other business referred to it by the Council.

4. *For* by-law 21 (*ii*) the following shall be substituted :—

"Votes may be taken by voices, by show of hands or by ballot and shall always be taken by ballot if any member so desires".

5. The following shall be added as by-law 43-A :—

"Subject to the provisions of section 10 the authorities mentioned in the following table are authorised to the extent specified therein to appoint, grant leave to and impose penalties upon different members of the staff of the Punjab Medical Council :—

Description of official.	Appointing Authority.	Authority competent to sanction leave.	Authority competent to impose penalty (including suspension and dismissal).
Registrar ..	Punjab Medical Council.	Casual leave by the President or the Vice-President. Leave on average pay, etc., in case of urgent necessity by the President, otherwise by the Punjab Medical Council.	Punjab Medical Council.
Clerks ..	Ditto ..	Casual leave not exceeding 4 days by the Registrar. Casual leave for more than four days by the President or the Vice-President. Leave on average pay, etc., by the President in case of urgent necessity, otherwise by the Punjab Medical Council	Ditto.
Daftry and Peons ..	President or the Vice-President.	Casual leave by the Registrar. Leave on average pay, etc., by the President.	President or Vice-President.
Menials ...	Registrar ..	Casual leave by the Registrar ..	Registrar.

The Council shall be competent to hear appeals of its employees.

6. The following shall be added as by-law 43-B :—

"An employee of the Council shall retire on attaining the age of 55 years unless an extension is specifically granted by the Council".

7. *For* by-law 44 the following shall be substituted :—

"The Registrar as Secretary shall conduct and have charge of the correspondence of the Council and shall also be responsible for the property of the Council".

8. *For* by-law 51 the following shall be substituted :—

"The Registrar shall not retain in his hands a sum of more than Rs. 50 for contingent expenditure."

9. *For* by-law 57 the following shall be substituted :—

"A fee of Rs. 20 shall be paid to each member who attends a meeting of the Council or of a Sub-Committee of the Council".

The 27th March, 1940.

No. 1446-M.-40/14916.—The following by-laws made by the Notified Area Committee, **Samundri**, in the Lyallpur district, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 17 of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information and shall come into force within the limits of the Notified Area, **Samundri**, six weeks after the date of the publication of this notification :—

BY-LAWS.

1. No person whose name has not been registered in accordance with the provisions of section 14 of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932, shall practise as nurse, health visitor, midwife, nurse dai, trained dai, or dai within the area subject to the authority of the Notified Area Committee, Samundri.

2. Any person practising in contravention of by-law 1 or any person committing or abetting the commitment of a breach of by-law 1 shall be liable on conviction by a magistrate of the first class, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 for the first offence or to a fine not exceeding Rs. 250 for a second or a subsequent offence.

No. 1423-M.-40/14896.—The following by-laws made by the Town Committee of **Kangra**, district Kangra, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 17 of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information and shall come into force within the limits of the Small Town of **Kangra**, six weeks after the date of the publication of this notificatio :—

BY-LAWS.

1. No person whose name has not been registered in accordance with the provisions of section 14 of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932, shall practise as nurse, health visitor, midwife, nurse dai, trained dai, or dai within the area subject to the authority of the Town Committee, Kangra.

2. Any person practising in contravention of by-law No. 1 or any person committing or abetting the commitment of a breach of by-law No. 1 shall be liable, on conviction by a magistrate of the first class, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 for the first offence or to a fine not exceeding Rs. 250 for a second or a subsequent offence.

Public Health.

The 27th March, 1940.

No. 1506-M.-40/14959.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Pure Food Act, 1929, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to appoint the Chemist of the Public Health Department to be a Public Analyst for the Municipality of **Pindigheb**, in the Attock district, in respect of all articles of food and drink.

2. Punjab Government notification No. 4306-M.-37/39363, dated the 17th November, 1937, is hereby cancelled.

RAM CHANDRA,

Secretary to Government, Punjab,
Medical and Local Government Departments.

2676 CS—1,150—29.3.40—SGPP Lahore.

Registered No. L. 864

The Government Gazette, Punjab.

Published by Authority.

No. 14. LAHORE, FRIDAY, APRIL 5, 1940.

PART I—A.

Punjab Government Notifications and Orders.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Boards.

The 30th March, 1940.

No. 1278-L. G.—Bds.-40/15482.—The following amendments made by the District Board of **Dera Ghazi Khan,** to its Provident Fund Rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 7489-L. S.-G.—Bds., dated the 14th March, 1933, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab are published for general information and shall come into force within the **area** subject to the authority of the District Board of **Dera Ghazi Khan** on the 11th May, 1940 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. In rule 9 (1) for the words " may, up to limit of the amount shown at credit of his account in column 5 A of the Provident Fund Ledger, " shall be substituted the words " may up to the amount contributed by the subscriber including interest accrued thereon. "

2. In rule 9 (4) the words " clause (*a*) or clause (*b*) of " shall be deleted.

3. The sub-columns for annas and pies in column 6 of Form P. F. 1 shall be deleted.

The 2nd April, 1940.

No. 1413-L. G.-40/15845.—The following draft of amendments of the Municipal Account Code, 1930 (revised edition), which the Governor of the Punjab proposes to make, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 18th May, 1940, together with any objection or suggestion which may be received by Government from any person with respect to the draft before that date :—

DRAFT AMENDMENTS.

1. The following provisos shall be inserted after sub-rule (2) of rule XVI·5 :—

Provided that no interest shall be credited to the accounts of a Muslim subscriber, if he informs the committee in writing that he does not wish to receive the interest and that the committee may utilise it on any subject of general public interest.

" Provided further that if the subscriber subsequently asks for interest, it shall be credited to his account with effect from the first day of the year in which he asks for it ".

2. *After* sub-clause (*c*) of rule XVI·7 (1) the following new clause shall be added :—

" (*d*) under the proviso to sub-rule (2) of rule XVI·5 for the purpose of utilising the interest on subject of general public interest".

3. At the end of sub-rule (3) of rule XVI·9 the following proviso shall be nserted :—

" Provided that muslim subscribers whose deposits in the fund carry no interest shall not be required to pay any interest ".

No. 1358-L. G.—Bds.-40/15848.—The following amendment made by the District Board of **Ludhiana** to the Provident Fund Rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 13267, dated the 18th April, 1932, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab is published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Ludhiana**, on the 20th May, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

Substitute the following *for* clause (*e*) in rule 1 :—

" (*e*) " Servant " includes every employee of the board who holds a permanent post substantively under the board or is officiating in a permanent or a temporary post in the board but holds a permanent post in a substantive capacity under any other local body which maintains a provident fund, but does not include a Government servant employed by the board ".

No. 1412-L. G.-40/15852.—The following draft of amendments of the Municipal Account Code, 1930 (revised edition) which the Governor of the Punjab proposes to make, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 18th May, 1940, together with any objection or suggestion which may be received by Government from any person with respect to the draft before that date :—

DRAFT AMENDMENTS.

1. *After* sub-rule (2) of rule **XIII·3**, the following new sub-rule shall be inserted :—

" (3) A Register of Tenders shall be maintained by the Municipal Engineer in Form M. W. 3-A., in which shall be entered details of all Tenders received in response to notices published under sub-rule (1) of rule XIII·2.

2. *After* Form M. W. 3 the following new form shall be inserted :—

Form M. W. 3-A] [Rule XIII·3 (3).

Register of Tenders for 'Works'.

Name of work ____________

Estimate for Rs. ____________

Total number of tenders received ____________

Serial No.	Name of tenderer.	Rates tendered.	Earnest money. Amount deposited and date of deposit.	Earnest money. Amount refunded and date of refund.	Acknowledgment of depositor.	Recommendations of Technical Officer.	Orders of acceptance of tender.	Remarks.

CERTIFIED that the tenders listed above were received intact and opened *by me* at ____________ o'clock on ____________ in the presence of ____________.

Signature of officer opening the tenders ____________

No. 1297-C.-40/15855.—The following regulations made by the District Board of **Rawalpindi,** in exercise of the powers conferred by section 56 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, and in pursuance of Punjab Government notifications Nos. 40597 and 40598, dated the 27th November, 1935, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 56 (2) of the said Act, are published for general information. They shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Rawalpindi** on the 20th day of May, 1940 :—

REGULATIONS.

1. These regulations shall apply to all animals and birds which are domesticated or are kept in confinement.

2. An animal or bird shall be deemed to be infected if it is affected with a disease mentioned in the schedule appended to these regulations or has recently come in contact with, or has been in close proximity, to an animal so affected.

3. The District Board may appoint an officer of the Civil Veterinary Department as Inspector under these regulations for the whole or a part of the area under the jurisdiction of the Board.

4. The Inspector may examine any animal or bird to ascertain whether it is infected, and if he has reason to belive that it is infected he shall, by an order in writing declare the area or place in which such animal or bird is kept to be an infected area or place. He shall then deliver a copy of his order to the owner, occupier or person in charge of the area or place and shall also forward a copy to the Chairman of the Board.

5. The person in charge of an infected area or place shall keep the animal or bird confined to the area or place specified by the Inspector till the infected area or place is declared by the Inspector to be free from infection.

6. If the Inspector has reason to believe that the area or place declared infected is free from infection, he shall issue a declaration to that effect in writing. He shall then deliver a copy of his order to the person in charge of the area or place and shall also forward a copy to the Chairman of the Board.

7. Any person who commits a breach of regulation 5 shall, on conviction by a Magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to ten rupees and if the breach is

a continuing one, with a further fine which may extend to one rupee for every day during which the breach is continued after the offender has been convicted of such breach.

SCHEDULE.

Diseases of Equines.		Diseases of Bovines.	
English Name.	Vernacular name.	English name.	Vernacular name.
1. Glanders ..	*Badkinar*	Rinderpest ..	*Mata, Sitla, Wah Munuan.*
2. Surra ..	*Pheta, Tibarsa, Sokra..*	Foot-and-mouth disease	*Muhn Khur.*
3. Lymphanguitis Episootica	*Zehrbad*	Hæmorrhagic Septicæmia.	*Galghotu.*
4. Dourine ..	*Atshak-i-Aspan*	Anthrax ..	*Salt*
5. Anthrax ..	*Salt*	Blackquarter ..	*Goli.*
6. Strangles ..	*Kubak, Khunak*	Sheep Pox ..	*Bheri ki Mata.*
7. Contagious skin disease..	*Jildi imraz muttaddi*		
8. Gillar ..	*Gillar*		
9. Pleuro Pneumonia contagious.	*Phiphori*		

No. 502-L. G.-40/15858.—The following draft of an amendment of the Municipal Account Code, 1930 (revised edition), which the Governor of the Punjab proposes to make, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 18th May, 1940, together with any objection or suggestion which may be received by Government from any person with respect to the draft before that date :—

DRAFT AMENDMENT.

After converting the existing rule XVII·12 into rule XVII·12 (1) the following new sub-rule (2) shall be added :—

"(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-rule (1) the said verification of the meters, heaters and boilers, if any and other parts of the electric installation belonging to the municipal committees of Simla and Amritsar shall be made by a person or persons specially appointed by the Committee in this behalf."

Committees.

The 30th March, 1940.

No. 1305-L.G.—Bds.-40/15480.—Whereas it appears to the Governor of the Punjab that with reference to notification No. 6025-L. G.—Bds.-39/40385, dated the 29th November, 1939, land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Municipal Committee of **Chunian** for a public purpose, namely, for the construction of a slaughter house, it is hereby notified that the land described in the specification below is required for the said purpose.

2. This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, to all whom it may concern and, under section 7 of the said Act, the Collector of the Lahore district is hereby authorised to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

3. A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the said Collector :—

SPECIFICATION OF LAND.

District.—Lahore. | *Mauza.*—Chunian.

Tahsil.—Chunian. | *Area in acres.*—·05.

Boundaries—North —Khasra No. 3194. *East.*—Kacha road (Khasra No. 3193.) *South and West.*—Khasra No. 3195.

The 2nd April, 1940.

No. 1299-C.-40/15800.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-clause (XVIII) of clause (*b*) of the proviso to rule V·47 of the Municipal Account Code, 1930, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare that the Municipal Committee of **Gujrat** may demand proof of previous payment of octroi in respect of the following articles when they are exported from the Municipality —

(1) Metal of all kinds, wrought or unwrought, and articles made wholly or partly thereof.

(2) Paints, varnishes, turpentine, glue, chalk, coal tar, paintings, glazier, requisites and cement.

(3) Rubber and articles made thereof.

(4) Bhoosa, other fodder and phak,

(5) Oil cakes and cotton seeds.

(6) Oilman store and condiments,

(7) Matches, wax, greese, candles and other articles used for washing and lighting.

(8) Phenyle including its tablets.

(9) Country tobacco.

No. 1308-C.-40/15814.—The following amendment made by the Municipal Committee of **Ambala Cantonment Sadar Bazar** in the Ambala district to its building by-laws published with the second schedule of Punjab Government notification No. 6548-S., dated the 25th September, 1934, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for general information, and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Ambala Cantonment Sadar Bazar** on the 20th day of May, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

In form " A " for the words " date by which orders of Committee must be communicated to the applicant ____________________ (to be filled in red ink) " the words " date by which orders of the Committee must be passed [under section 193 (4)] __________ (to be filled in red ink) " shall be substituted.

No. 1332-C.-40/15818.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Kalka** in the Ambala district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Kalka,** on the 20th day of May, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. The Municipal Committee shall establish one or more registration offices for the registration of births and deaths within the limits of the Municipality, and may by public notice prescribe the office at which the reports of births and deaths occurring in specified portions of the Municipality are to be made in accordance with these by-laws. The officer in charge of any such registration office shall be termed Municipal Registrar.

2. Every report of a birth required to be made under these by-laws shall contain the following particulars which shall be entered in a register to be kept for the purpose by the Municipal Registrar, that is to say :—

(*a*) the date of the birth ;

(*b*) the sex of the child ;

(*c*) the name of the father and of the grandfather ;

(*d*) the residence of the father ;

(*e*) the occupation, caste and religion of the father ;

(*f*) the name of the person making the report and the date of his report ;

(*g*) the name of the child ;

provided that —

(*i*) in the case of an illegitimate child, the Municipal Registrar shall not enter in the register the name of any person as father of the child save at the joint request of the mother and of the person acknowledging himself to be the father. If any entry of the father's name has been made in accordance with such a joint request, the entry shall be countersigned by the person acknowledging himself to be the father. If no such joint request is made, the name, residence and caste of the mother shall be entered in place of the name, residence and caste of the father. In all such cases a note shall be made in the register to the effect that the child is illegitimate ;

(*ii*) if the name of the child is not known when the report is made, the person reporting the birth or, if he is dead, the father of the child, or, if the father is dead or the child illegitimate, the mother of the child or, if both the father and the mother of the child are dead, the person in whose keeping the child is shall, within three months of the birth, report the name of the child to the Municipal Registrar.

2-A. The Municipal Registrar entering in the register prescribed in by-law 2 the particulars required by that by-law shall enquire from the persons reporting the birth the name of the midwife (*dai*), if any, who attended the mother at the time of birth, and if the name is given, shall enter it in the register.

3. (1) Every report of the occurrence of a death required to be made under these by-laws shall contain the following particulars which shall be entered in a register to be kept for the purpose by the Municipal Registrar, that is to say —

(*a*) the date of the death ;

(*b*) the name of the deceased ;

(*c*) the name of the father, or if the deceased was a married woman, of the husband of the deceased ;

(*d*) the sex of the deceased ;

(*e*) the age of the deceased ;

(*f*) the occupation, caste and religion of the deceased ;

(*g*) the residence of the deceased ;

(*h*) the cause of the death ;

(*i*) the name of the person making the report and the date of his report.

(2) In case of the death of a European, the person reporting the death shall also, if possible, furnish a medical practitioner's certificate as to the cause of the death.

3. In the case of death of a child under one year of age, who was born within the limits of the municipality, and whose birth was registered, the Municipal Registrar shall note against the entry in the register of deaths the number of the entry in the birth register and *vice versa.*

4. Any person reporting a birth or death may attest by his signature or thumb-impression the entry relating to such birth or death made in the register by the Municipal Registrar.

5. Every report of a birth or death required by these by-laws may be made verbally or in writing.

6. The officer in charge of a jail, lock-up, work-house, lunatic asylum, Government or municipal hospital, college or school or any other Government or municipal institution shall report to the Municipal Registrar the occurrence of any birth or death within the institution of which he is in charge not later than four days from the date of such occurrence.

7. Every person in charge of a private hospital, orphanage, *sarai*, *dharmsala*, hotel, lodging-house or other such institution shall report to the Municipal Registrar the occurrence of any birth or death within the institution of which he is in charge not later than four days from the date of such occurrence.

8. In the case of a birth or death not governed by by-law 6 or 7 a report of its occurrence shall be made within four days to the Municipal Regist rar by the head of the household in which such birth or death has occurred or by any adult member or servant of such household.

9. In the case of a birth of which, for any reason, a report cannot be furnished by the head of a household or any adult member or servant of a household, the midwife or dai attending at such birth shall within four days report the occurrence of such birth to the Municipal Registrar.

10. Every medical practitioner who has been in attendance during the last illness of any person dying within municipal limits shall report the death of such person within four days of the date of death to the Municipal Registrar, provided that if such person has died of any disease which is defined as an infectious decease, or has been notified as an infections disease by the Punjab Government under clause (7) of section 3 of Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, such medical practitioner shall report such death immediately.

11. Every customary or other sweeper shall report the occurrence of every birth or death which occurs within the premises in which he works within four days of such occurrence to the Sanitary Inspector of the ward in which such premises are situated; provided that no such report need be made by any sweeper working in any Government or municipal institution in respect of births or deaths occurring in such institutions.

12. Every person finding a living new-born child exposed and every person in whose charge such a child may be placed shall, within eight days of the finding of such child, report the fact to the Municipal Registrar, and shall at the same time to the best of his ability furnish the particulars specified in by-la w 2.

13. If a dead body is found exposed the officer in charge of the police station within whose jurisdiction such body is found shall, within eight days of the finding of such body, report the fact to the Municipal Registrar, and shall at the same time to the best of his ability furnish the particulars specified in by-law 3 together with, if possible, a certificate of the Assistant Surgeon or Sub-Assistant Surgeon as to the cause of death.

14. Every person reporting a birth or death under these by-laws shall at the time of report be given free of charge a copy of the entry made by the Municipal Registrar in respect of such birth or death.

15. Any person may inspect a register of births or deaths on payment of a fee of one rupee, and shall be entitled to receive a certified copy of any entry in a birth or death register on payment of a fee of eight annas, provided that in case where insufficient or incorrect information is supplied by an applicant, a further fee of four annas may be charged in respect of every year for which the registers have to be searched and a deposit sufficient to cover charges likely to be incurred under this proviso may be demanded before search is made. Any balance shall be refunded and if the entry in question cannot be found, the deposit shall be refunded in full less eight annas.

16. No person shall wilfully destroy or injure or cause to be destroyed or injured any register of births or deaths or shall wilfully insert or cause to be inserted in any such register or certified copy thereof any false entry with regard to any birth or death and no Municipal Registrar shall, without reasonable cause, refuse or omit to enter in a register of births or deaths any birth or death which has been duly reported to him.

17. (*i*) Any clerical error which may at any time be discovered in any register of births or deaths may be corrected in red ink, by the President of the Municipal Committee or by the Municipal Registrar.

(*ii*) Any error of fact or substance in any register of births or deaths may be corrected, in red ink, by the President of the Municipal Committee.

Provided that—

(a) the Municipal Committee may, with the previous sanction of the Commissioner of the Division assign the duty of making such corrections to some other officers, and

(b) if any application is made for a correction in a birth or death register the officer making such correction shall first satisfy himself that the correction to be made is a genuine one.

(iii) Any corrections made shall be signed in full by the correcting officer.

18. Any person who commits a breach of proviso (ii) to by-law 2 or by-laws 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, or 16 shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees.

The 3rd April, 1940.

No. 1250-C.-40/16305.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (b) (XVIII) of the proviso to rule V·47 of the Municipal Account Code, 1930, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare that the Administrator of the **Sialkot** Municipality may demand proof of payment of octroi in respect of the following articles :—

(1) Medical and Electrical instruments.

(2) Wheat, wheat flour, suji and maida.

(3) Oil and oilseeds.

(4) Husked rice.

(5) Soap.

(6) Gramophones, sewing machines, radios, and their accessories.

(7) Cotton seeds.

No. 807-C.-40/16309.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare his intention of including within the municipality of **Karor**, in the Muzaffargarh district, the areas lying between the existing boundary as defined in Punjab Government notification No. 539, dated the 5th September, 1887, and the boundary now proposed as specified in the appended schedule.

Any inhabitant who objects to the proposed inclusion of the said areas may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner, Muzaffargarh, to the Punjab Government on or before the _______ th day of __________ 1940.

SCHEDULE.

North.—From the north-west corner of field No. 702, eastwards along the northern boundary of the same field to the north-west corner of field No. 477, thence southwestwards along the western boundary of the same field to its south-west corner, thence eastwards along the southern boundaries of fields Nos. 477, 473, 478, 480, 481, 484 and 485 to the north-east corner of field No. 662, thence southwards along the eastern boundary of the same field to the south-west corner of field No. 600, thence eastwards along the southern boundary of the same field to the north-west corner of field No. 593, thence southwards along the western boundaries of fields Nos. 593, 594 and 595 to the south-west corner of the last named field, thence east-wards along the southern boundaries of fields Nos. 595, 588 and 2134/587 to the south-east corner of the last named field, thence southwards along the eastern boundary of field No. 589 to its south-east corner, thence westwards along the southern boundary of the same field to the north-west corner of field No. 930 ; thence south-wards along the western boundaries of fields Nos. 930 and 929 to the south-east corner of field No. 926 ; thence in a south-east wards along the eastern boundary of field No. 927 and the northern boundaries of fields Nos. 922 and 921 to the eastern most end of the last named field ; thence eastwards along the northern boundaries of fields Nos. 920 and 963 to the north-east corner of the last named field ; thence in the same direction straight across the Railway Line (field No. 37) to the north-west corner of field No. 970.

East.—Thence south-wards along the eastern boundary of the Railway premises, and the western boundaries of fields Nos. 970, 969, 967, 2154, 1057, 1056, 1055, 1054, 1053, 1052 and 1904 to a point in a straight line at a distance of 83 karams from the south-west corner of eld No. 1052.

South.—Thence westwards across the Railway Line and field No. 1489 in a straight line to the south-east corner of field No. 1484 ; thence westwards along the southern boundaries of fields Nos. 1474, 1475, 1476, 1160, 116 , 1162, 1163, 1386, 1387, 1392, 1393 and 1394 to the south-west corner of the last named field, thence southwards along a part of the eastern boundary of field No. 1379 to its south-east corner ; thence westwards along the southern boundaries of fields Nos. 1379, 1378, 1374, 1373, 1372 and 1371 to the south-west corner of the last named field.

West.—Thence northwards along the western boundaries of fields Nos. 1371, 1369 and 1368 to the north-west corner of the last named field ; thence westwards along the southern boundaries of fields Nos. 1345 and 1344 up to the south-west corner of the last named field ; thence northwards along the western boundary of field No. 1344 to its point of junction with the south-east corner of field No. 1334 ; thence westwards along the southern boundary of field No. 1334 to its south-west corner ; thence northwards along the western boundary of the same field to its north-west corner ; thence eastwards along the northern boundary of the same field No. 1334 to the south-west corner of field No. 1333 ; thence northwards along the western boundaries of fields Nos. 1333, 1332, 1331 and 1330 and again turning towards the west to the south-east corner of field No. 1235, thence in the same direction along the southern boundaries of fields Nos. 1235, 1223, 1222 and 1221 to the south-west corner of the last named field, thence northwards along the western boundary of field No. 1221, and a part of the western boundary of field No. 1220, to the south-east corner of field No. 1219 ; thence westwards along the southern boundaries of fields Nos. 1219 and 1218, to the south-west corner of the last named field ; thence northwards along the western boundaries of fields Nos. 1218, 1210, 750, 734, 737, 738 and 719 to the north-west corner of the last named field ; thence eastwards along the northern boundary of same field No. 719, to its north-east corner ; thence northwards along the western boundaries of fields Nos. 722, 723, 718, 717, 716 and 702 to the south-west corner of field No. 701/2 ; thence eastwards along the southern boundaries of fields Nos. 701/2 and 701/1 to the south-east corner of the last named field ; thence northwards along the western boundary of field No. 702, to the point of start.

Notified Areas.

The 2nd April, 1940.

No. 1241-C.-40/15816.—The following amendments made by the Notified Area Committee of **Railway Bazar, Gujrat**, in the Gujrat district of the by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 1105-C.-37/18731, dated 30th April, 1937, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Notified Area of **Railway Bazar, Gujrat,** on the 20th day of May, 1940 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. For existing by-law 2, the following new by-law shall be substituted, namely ;—

"2. No person shall sell meat or import meat for sale, within the limits of the Notified Area, except under a licence granted in this behalf by the Committee".

2. After condition (*j*) of form A, the following new conditions shall be added —

(*k*) that the licensee shall only sell or import within the limits of the Notified Area the meat of an animal which has been slaughtered in the slaughter-house of the Municipal Committee of Gujrat,

(*l*) that the licensee shall be liable to have his licence cancelled for a breach of condition (*k*).

Medical.

The 2nd April, 1940.

No. 1603-M.-40/15803.—The following by-laws made by the District Board of **Kangra,** in exercise of the powers conferred by section

17 of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information and shall come into force within the limits of the District Board of **Kangra**, six weeks after the date of the publication of this notification :—

BY-LAWS.

1. These by-laws shall apply to such areas subject to the authority of the District Board, Kangra, as the Board may by a resolution from time to time determine.

2. The application of these by-laws to any area shall be made public by beat of drum and the posting of notices in conspicuous places within the area in question.

3. In the area to which these by-laws are applied no person shall practise as nurse, health visitor, midwife, nurse-dai, trained dai, or dai unless registered as such under the provisions of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932.

4. Any person practising in contravention of by-law 3 or any person committing or abetting the commitment of a breach of by-law 3 shall be liable, on conviction by a magistrate of the first class, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 for the first offence and to a fine not exceeding Rs. 250 for a second or a subsequent offence.

RAM CHANDRA,

Secretary to Government, Punjab,
Medical and Local Government Departments.

2705 CS—1145—4-3-40—SGPP Lahore.

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No. 15. LAHORE, FRIDAY, APRIL 12, 1940.

PART I—A.

Punjab Government Notifications and Orders.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Boards.

The 5th April, 1940.

No. 1359 C.-40/16540.—The following regulations made by the District Board of **Multan** in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 56 and 57 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, and in pursuance of Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2662-C.-36/26202 and 2662-C.-36/26203, dated the 29th August, 1936, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by subsection (2) of section 56 of the said Act, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board, **Multan**, on the 27th day of May, 1940 :—

REGULATIONS.

1. In these regulations a " Pond " means any pond, tank, *baoli*, or reservoir whose water is or may be used for drinking by human beings.

2. The District Board may, by resolution, declare any pond, situate within the area subject to its jurisdiction, to be a protected pond.

3. When a pond is declared to be a protected pond, the fact shall be notified to the public in the vicinity of the pond by beat of drum and a copy of the prohibitions against its pollution as contained in these regulations together with the penalty therefor shall be posted in the vernacular on a notice-board close to the pond.

4. The District Board may further by resolution determine the catchment area, if any, of a protected pond, which shall be demarcated on the spot by a railing or boundary pillars.

5. No person shall, in a protected pond or its catchment area —

(*i*) throw filth, sweepings or any other unwholesome articles;

(*ii*) wash or soak skins, leather, hemp or other dirty substance;

(*iii*) place or bury the dead body of an animal;

(*iv*) carry on a skinning or tanning business or stock bones;

(*v*) ease himself or allow filthy water from his drain or property to flow;

(*vi*) make any new burial ground;

(*vii*) establish a kiln or make an excavation;

(*viii*) allow a flock of sheep or goats to stray;

(*ix*) collect manure in heaps or pits;

(*x*) wash himself or an animal, or wash clothes, or water an animal, except at a distance of fifteen yards from the pond and so as not to allow the dirty water to flow into the pond.

6. No person shall, in a protected pond spit or urinate, or wash his hands after easing himself.

7. No water shall be used for filling a protected pond, unless it is obtained from a source, and conveyed through a channel, approved by the Board.

8. The owner or the person in charge of a protected pond shall carry out such measures as the Board or the District Medical Officer of Health may prescribe for preventing the pollution of water in such pond.

9. When so required by the Board the owner or the person in charge of a protected pond shall—

(*a*) build, of the type and the material specified, a drain or a cistern or shall make pacca floor to provide for dirty water to flow off and to prevent the flow of surface water or the water of any drain into the pond;

(*b*) provide the pond with a suitable covering to prevent pollution from natural causes such as the falling in of leaves or fruit of trees or the excreta of birds;

(*c*) provide the pond with a parapet wall of the size and type specified;

(*d*) provide a metal receptacle for raising water for drinking purposes attached to a metal chain in such a manner that the upper end of the chain shall always be above the surface of the water;

(*e*) render the lining of the pond impervious to contamination from sub-soil water.

10. The owner or the person in charge of a protected pond shall, when so required by the Board, have it cleaned or repaired to the satisfaction of the Board.

11. The Chairman, Senior Vice-Chairman, Secretary or the District Medical Officer of Health or circle member or any person appointed in this behalf by the Board may, at all times, inspect any protected pond or its catchment area.

12. Any person who commits a breach of regulations 5 and 6, shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and if the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first day during which the breach continues.

No. 1478-L. G.-40/16552.—The following draft of amendments of the District Board Account Code, 1926, which the Governor of the Punjab proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by section 55 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, and section 19 of the Punjab General Clauses Act, 1896, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 27th May, 1940, together with any objection or suggestion which may be received by the Punjab Government, from any person, with respect to the draft before that date :—

DRAFT AMENDMENTS.

1. The following new rule shall be inserted after rule 27 :—

"27-A. A district board, levying a tax on buildings under section 30 of the Act, shall maintain the following registers :—

Preparation of Assessment Register, Assessment Objections Register and Tax Bill Register.

(1) Assessment Register in form 9-A,

(2) Assessment Objection Register in form 9-B,

(3) Tax Bill Register in form 9-C."

2. The following new forms Nos. 9-A, 9-B and 9-C shall be inserted after form No. 9 :—

Form 9-A. **Rule 27-A.**

ASSESSMENT REGISTER.

Description and rate of tax________________________________.

Year ending________________________________.

Circle________________________________.

Serial No.	Name of street or division in which the property is situated.	Designation of the property, either by name or by number, sufficient for identification.	Name and address of the owner.	Name and address of the occupier.	*Assessment proposed by the Tax Sub-Committee appointed by the District Board.*		*Final assessment ordered by the District Board after hearing the objections.*			REMARKS.
					Annual value, or area, or frontage.	Amount of tax payable.	Number of objection in the Register of Assessment objections.	Annual value, or area, or frontage.	Amount of tax payable.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11

Form 9-B. **Rule 27-A.**

REGISTER OF ASSESSMENT OBJECTIONS.

Description of tax______________________.

Year ending______________________.

Serial No. of objection.	Date of receipt of objection.	Name of the objector.	Serial No. in Assessment Register (Form 9-A.)	Abstract of order of the District Board on the objection with number and date of order.
1	2	3	4	5

Form 9-C.

TAX BILL.

Book No.______________. Date____________________.

______________District Board.

Description of tax __________________________.

The amount specified below is due from

(Name and address of assessee.)

Period in respect of which the amount is due.	Particulars of person or property in respect of which the tax is due.	Amount.
	Total ..	

Signature of Secretary,

District Board,______________________________.

Rule 27-A.

TAX BILL.

Book No.______________. Date____________________.

______________District Board.

Description of tax __________________________.

The amount specified below is due from

(Name and address of assessee.)

Period in respect of which the amount is due.	Particulars of person or property in respect of which the tax is due.	Amount.
	Total ..	

Signature of Secretary,

District Board,______________________________.

The 6th April, 1940.

No. 1419-C.-40/16845.—The following regulations made by the District Board of **Ferozepore**, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 56 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, and in pursuance of Punjab Government notifications Nos. 40597 and 40598, dated the 27th November, 1935, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by subsection (2) of section 56 of the said Act, are published for general information. They shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Ferozepore** on the 27th day of May, 1940 :—

REGULATIONS.

1. These regulations shall apply to all animals and birds which are domesticated or are kept in confinement.

2. An animal or bird shall be deemed to be infected if it is affected with a disease mentioned in the schedule appended to these regulations or has recently come in contact with, or has been in close proximity to, an animal so affected.

3. The District Board may appoint an officer of the Civil Veterinary Department as Inspector under these regulations for the whole or a part of the area under the jurisdiction of the Board.

4. The Inspector may examine any animal or bird to ascertain whether it is infected, and if he has reason to believe that it is infected he shall, by an order in writing, declare the area or place in which such animal or bird is kept to be an infected area or place. He shall then deliver a copy of his order to the owner, occupier, or person in charge of the area or place and shall also forward a copy to the Chairman of the Board.

5. The person in charge of an infected area or place shall keep the animal or bird confined to the area or place specified by the Inspector till the infected area or place is declared by the Inspector to be free from infection.

6. If the Inspector has reason to believe that the area or place declared infected is free from infection, he shall issue a declaration to that effect in writing. He shall then deliver a copy of his order to the person in charge of the area or place and shall also forward a copy to the Chairman of the Board.

7. Any person who commits a breach of regulation 5 shall on conviction by a magistrate be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees and if the breach is a continuing one, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day during which the breach is continued after the offender has been convicted of such breach.

SCHEDULE.

Diseases of Equines.		Diseases of Bovines.	
English name.	Vernacular name.	English name.	Vernacular name.
1. Glanders ...	Badkinan	Rinderpest ..	Mata, Sitla, Wah Munuan.
2. Surra ..	Pheta, Tibarsa, Sokra.	Foot-and-mouth disease ..	Muhn Khur.
3. Lymphanguitis Epizootica.	Zehrbad.	Hæmorrhagic septicæmia..	Galghotu.
4. Dourine ..	Atshak-i-Aspan.	Anthrax ..	Salt.
5. Anthrax ..	Salt.	Blackquarter ..	Goli.
6. Strangles ..	Kubak, Khunak.	Sheep Pox ..	Bheri ki mata.
7. Contagious skin disease	Jildi imraz muttaddi.		
8. Gillar ..	Gillar.		
9. Pleuro Pneumonia contagious.	Phiphori.		

The 8th April, 1940.

No. 1383-L. G.-40/16943.—The following draft of amendments of the Municipal Account Code, 1930 (revised edition), which the Governor of the Punjab proposes to make, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 20th May, 1940, together with any objection or suggestion which may be received by Government from any person, with respect to the draft before that date:—

DRAFT AMENDMENTS.

1. After sub-rule (2) in rule XVI·10, the following new sub-rule shall be added as sub-rule (3) —

" (3) When a subscriber—

(*a*) has proceeded on leave preparatory to retirement, or

(*b*) while on leave, has been permitted to retire or declared by competent authority to be unfit for further service,

the amount shown at the credit of his account in column 6 of the Provident Fund Ledger (Form P. F. I.) shall, upon application made by him in that behalf, become payable to him, subject to the provisions of rule XVI·4.

Provided that the subscriber, if he returns to duty, shall, if required to do so by the committee, repay to the Provident Fund for credit to his account, the whole or part of any amount paid to him from the provident fund in pursuance of this sub-rule with interest thereon in cash or securities or partly in cash or partly in securities, by instalments or otherwise, by recovery from his salary or otherwise, as the committee may direct. "

2. Existing sub-rules (3) and (4) shall be renumbered as (4) and (5) respectively.

3. In sub-rule (4) for the words and figures " sub-rule (1) or sub-rule (2) " the words and figures " sub-rules (1), (2) or (3) " shall be substituted.

No. 1357-L. G.-40/16978.—The following amendment made by the District Board of **Jhang**, of the Provident Fund Rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 12344, dated the 8th April, 1932, are subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, is published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the said Board on the 25th May, 1940.

AMENDMENT.

Substitute the following *for* clause (*e*) in rule 1 :—

" (*e*) ' Servant includes every employee of the board who holds a permanent post substantively under the board or is officiating in a permanent or a temporary post in the board but holds a permanent post in a substantive capacity under any other local body which maintains a provident fund, but does not include a Government servant employed by the board. "

No. 1370-L. G.-40/16987.—The following amendment made by the District Board of **Hissar**, to its Rules of Business, published with Punjab Government notification No. 40586, dated the 24th December, 1932, is published for general information, and shall come into force with immediate effect :—

AMENDMENT.

For the existing rule 6·6, the following new rule shall be substituted, namely :—

" 6·6. Subject to the provisions of part V of the District Board Rules, 1926, the board or any person to whom power has been delegated under section 19-A of the Act may remove any officer or servant of the board. "

The 9th April, 1940.

No. 300-L. G.-40/17188.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 300-L. G.-40/7302, dated the 14th February, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 55 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, and section 19 of the Punjab General Clauses Act, 1898, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendment to the District Board Account Code, 1926 :—

AMENDMENT.

In sub-rule 2 of rule 89 after the words " outer Saraj " the words " and Spiti " shall be inserted.

No. 1452-L. G.-40/17191.—The following draft of an amendment of the Municipal Account Code, 1930 (revised edition) which the Governor of the Punjab proposes to make, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 27th May, 1940, together with any objection or suggestion which may be received by Government from any person with respect to the draft before that date :—

DRAFT AMENDMENT.

In the schedule appended to the Code after item G.32 the following new items shall be inserted :—

Number of form.	Description.	Period.
G. 33 ..	Register of contract, work and supply orders	Three years.
G. 34 ..	Register of purchase orders of all kinds except those for the supply of material for works.	Three years.

No. 786-L.G.-40/17195.—In the matter of the election petition of Bishen Singh and other voters, against the return of Sardar Indar Singh as a member of the District Board of **Hissar**, the Governer of the Punjab in pursuance of the provisions of rules 73 and 75 of the District Board Election Rules, 1933, is pleased to declare that the respondent Sardar Indar Singh was duly elected as a member of the District Board of **Hissar** and to order that the petitioners shall pay to the respondent, Sardar Indar Singh, the sum of rupees seventy-five only, as costs.

No. 7 2-L. G.-40/17199.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4838-L. G. 39/291, dated the 3rd January, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 55 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendment to the District Boards Election Rules, 1933 :—

AMENDMENT.

For clause (*i*) of rule 7, the following new clause shall be substituted, namely :—

" (*i*) is a whole-time salaried official in the service of the Crown, or in the service of any District Board, Municipal Committee, Notified Area Committee or Town Committee."

No. 964-L. G. 40/17201.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*a*) of subsection (1) of section 51 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendment to the Small Town Electoral Rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 29388, dated the 13th December, 1923, as subsequently amended :—

AMENDMENT.

For clause (*f*) of rule 5, the following new clause shall be substituted, namely :—

" (*f*) is a whole-time salaried official in the service of the Crown, or in the service of any District Board, Municipal Committee, Notified Area Committee or Town Committee."

No. 1371-L. G.-40/17213—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 8-L. G.-40/2547, dated the 16th January, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 55 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendments to Part IV of the District Board Rules, 1926 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. The existing full stop, at the end of clause (*d*) of rule 2 (1), shall be converted into a semi-colon, and the word " or " added thereafter.

2. The following new clause shall be added after clause (*d*), *viz.* :—

" (*e*) is a diploma holder of the Sanatan Dharam Premgiri Ayurvedic College, Lahore."

No. 1336-C.-40/17226.- The following regulations framed by the District Board of **Amritsar**, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 56 and 57 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by sub-section (2) of section 56 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Amritsar**, on the 27th day of May, 1940 :—

REGULATIONS.

1. In these regulations a " pond " means any pond, tank, baoli or reservior whose water is or may be used for drinking by human beings.

2. The District Board may by resolution declare any pond situate within the area subject to its jurisdiction, to be a protected pond.

3. When a pond is declared to be a protected pond, the fact shall be notified to the public in the vicinity of the pond by beat of drum and a copy of the prohibition against its pollution as contained in these regulations together with the penalty there for shall be posted in the vernacular on a notice board close to the pond.

4. The District Board may further by resolution determine the catchment area if any, of a protected pond, which shall be demarcated on the spot by a railing or boundary pillars.

5. No person shall in a protected pond or its catchment area—

(*i*) throw filth, sweepings or any other unwholesome articles ;

(*ii*) wash or soak skins, leather, hemp or other dirty substance ;

(*iii*) place or bury the dead body of an animal ;

(*iv*) carry on a skinning or tanning business or stock bones ;

(*v*) ease himself or allow filthy water from his drain or property to flow ;

(*vi*) make any new burial ground ;

(*vii*) establish a kiln or make an excavation ;

(*viii*) allow a flock of sheep or goats to stray ;

(*ix*) collect manure in heaps or pits ;

(*x*) wash himself or an animal, or wash clothes or water an animal, except at a distance of fifteen yards from the pond and so as not to allow the dirty water to flow into the pond.

6. No person shall, in a protected pond, spit or urinate or wash his hands after easing himself.

7. No water shall be used for filling a protected pond unless it is obtained from a source, and conveyed through a channel, approved by the Board.

8. The owner or the person in charge of a protected pond shall carry out such measures as the Board or the District Medical Officer of Health may prescribe for preventing the pollution of water in such pond.

9. When so required by the Board, the owner or the person in charge of a protected pond shall—

(*a*) build, of the type and the material specified, a drain, or a cistern or shall make pucca floor to provide for dirty water to flow off and to prevent the flow of surface water or the water of any drain into the pond ;

(b) provide the pond with a suitable covering to prevent pollution from natural causes such as the falling of leaves or fruit or trees or the excreta of birds ;

(c) provide the pond with a parapet wall of the size and type specified ;

(d) provide a metal receptacle for raising water for drinking purposes attached to a metal chain in such a manner that the upper end of the chain shall always be above the surface of the water ;

(e) render the lining of the pond impervious to contamination from sub-soil water.

10. The owner or the person in charge of a protected pond shall, when so required by the Board, have it cleaned or repaired to the satisfaction of the Board.

11. The Chairman, Senior Vice-Chairman, Secretary or the District Medical Officer of Health or circle member or any person appointed in this behalf by the Board may, at all times, inspect any protected pond or its catchment area.

12. Any person who commits a breach of regulations 5 and 6, shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and if the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first day during which the breach continues.

Committees.

The 5th April, 1940.

No. 1389-C.-40/16549.—The following amendment made by the Administrator of the **Lahore** Municipality, to the by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 2026-C.-38/21279, dated the 14th June, 1938, having been conferred by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Lahore** on the 27th day of May, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

In the last line of by-law 6 (iv) *for* the words " by-law 16 below " the words " clause (xii) of this by-law " shall be *substituted*.

No. 1351-L. G.—Bds.-40/16555.—Whereas it appears to the Governor of the Punjab that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Municipal Committee of **Shujabad** for a public purpose, namely, for the establishment of a Sullage farm, it is hereby notified that the land described in the specification below is likely to be acquired for the said purpose.

2. This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, to all whom it may concern, and, in exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to authorize the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

3. Any person interested in the land who has any objection to the acquisition may, within thirty days of the publication of this notification, file an objection in writing before the Collector of the Multan district :—

SPECIFICATION OF LAND.

District.	*Tahsil.*	*Mauza.*	*Area in acres.*	*Boundaries.*
Multan ..	Shujabad ..	Shujabad ..	5·456 (Plot No. 1) ..	*North.*—Khasra Nos. 1137, 1214 and 1929/1215. *East.*—Khasra No. 1590. *South.*—1132, 1117, 1118, and 1119. *West.*—Khasra Nos. 1085 and 1103.

1·95 (Plot No. 2)	..	*North.*—Khasra No. 1980/1215. *East.*—Khasra Nos. 1987/1218—1220 and 1229—1232. *South.*—Khasra Nos. 1136, 1104, 1214 and 1137. *West*—Khasra Nos. 1214 and 1103.

The 8th April, 1940.

No. 366-C.-40/16993.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 366-C.-40/5397, dated the 3rd February, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following rules :—

RULES.

1. The Deputy Commissioner of Ferozepore shall, in consultation with the Municipal Committee of Zira, cause to be prepared an accurate plan of the Municipality of Zira, drawn to a scale of not less than one inch to fifty feet, showing thereon all public streets and other immovable property vested in the Committee.

2. The Deputy Commissioner shall also cause to be prepared a *khasra* of the streets and other properties specified in rule 1 in Form 'B' appended to these rules.

3. The Deputy Commissioner shall cause the plan and *khasra*, when ready, to be published in such manner as he deems fit, together with a notice intimating the date not less than two months from the date of the notice by which objections from any person with regard to entries on the plan and *khasra* may be presented to the Revising Authority appointed under rule 5 and the time and place at which the plan and *khasra* may be inspected.

4. The Deputy Commissioner shall arrange to allow any person to inspect the plan and *khasra* during the hours and at the place specified in the notice on any day which is not a public holiday.

5. The Deputy Commissioner shall appoint an Assistant Commissioner or Extra Assistant Commissioner on the district staff to be the Revising Authority for the purpose of hearing objections relating to the plan or *khasra*.

6. When the plan and *khasra* have been published under the provisions of rule 3, objections in respect of entries on the plan and *khasra* may be presented to the Revising Authority, appointed under rule 5, between the hours of ten o'clock in the morning and four o'clock in the afternoon of any day of the period specified in the notice issued under rule 3, which is not a public holiday.

7. The Revising Authority shall maintain a register of objections in Form A in which he shall cause to be entered at the time of receipt particulars of every objection received.

8. Any person aggrieved by any order, which the Revising Authority may pass may, within seven days from the date of such order, apply to the Deputy Commissioner for revision of the order ; and the Deputy Commissioner, after giving notice to the parties concerned and hearing any representation which they may wish to make, may confirm it or set it aside, and pass such other orders with respect to the objection which he may deem fit.

9. After the objections, if any, have been disposed of, the Deputy Commissioner shall cause the plan and *khasra* to be corrected, if necessary, in accordance with the orders passed on the objections, and shall then have the amended plan and *khasra*, or a fresh copy of it, published for general information.

10. The original plan and *khasra* shall remain in the custody of the Deputy Commissioner, and a copy thereof duly certified by the Deputy Commissioner to be correct, shall be furnished to the Municipal Committee of Zira.

11. The Deputy Commissioner may employ such staff as is required for the preparation of the plan and *khasra* and the Municipal Committee of Zira shall be liable for the cost of pay and other incidental expenses connected with the staff and the preparation of the documents mentioned above, and also for the cost of pay or any other expenditure connected with the appointment of the Revising Authority.

Form A.

[RULE 7.]

Register of objections.

Serial No.	Name, parentage and address of the objector.	Date of presentation of objection with the initials of the officer to whom the objection is presented.	Nature of the objection.	Date of decision.	Summary of decision.	Signature of Revising Authority.	Decision by Deputy Commissioner, if any.	Signature of official by whom effect was given to the decision of the Revising Authority or of the Deputy Commissioner, and date.

Form B.

[RULE 2.]

MUNICIPAL COMMITTEE, ZIRA.

Survey Register.

1	2	3			4								5		6	7
					MEASUREMENT IN FEET AND INCHES.								AREA IN SQUARE YARDS AND DECIMALS.			
					North.		East.		West.		South.					
Plan serial.	*Khasra* No.	Name of *Mohalla* or *Bazar*	Name of *Gali*.	Description of property.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Square yards.	Decimals.	Possessor's name with father's name, caste, occupation and present address.	REMARKS.

The 9th April, 1940.

No. 529-C.-40/17197.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4742-C.-39/293, dated the 3rd January, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendment to the Municipal Election Rules, 1930:—

AMENDMENT.

For clause (*g*) of sub-rule (2) of rule 7, the following new clause shall be substituted; namely :—

"(*g*) is a whole-time salaried official in the service of the Crown, or in the service of any District Board, Municipal Committee, Notified Area Committee or Town Committee."

No. 5704 C.-39/17207.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5704-C.-39/2507, dated the 16th January, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendments to the rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 21173, dated the 28th August, 1923, as subsequently amended :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. For the full stop at the end of clause (*d*) of rule 1 a comma shall be substituted and the word " or " added thereafter.

2. After clause (*d*) the following new clause shall be inserted, namely :—

(*e*) is a diploma holder of the Sanatan Dharma Prem Giri Ayurvedic College, Lahore.

No. 1386-C.-40/17220.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (10) of section 62 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that with the previous sanction of the Governor of the Punjab the Municipal Committee of **Pind Dadan Khan** in the Jhelum district has, with effect from the 15th July, 1940, made the following amendment to its octroi schedule, published with Punjab Government notification No. 20290, dated the 2nd June, 1931, as subsequently amended :—

AMENDMENT.

The entries under " Class II.—Animals of a class usually slaughtered " shall be deleted and the word " Nil " shall be inserted thereunder.

No. 1324-C.-40/17223.—The following draft rules, which the Governor of the Punjab proposes to make, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, are published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 27th day of May, 1940, together with any objection or suggestion which may be received by the Punjab Government from any person with respect to the draft before that date :—

DRAFT RULES.

1. The Deputy Commissioner of Ambala district shall, in consultation with the Notified Area Committee of Buria, cause to be prepared an accurate plan of the Notified Area of Buria, drawn to a scale of not less than one inch to fifty feet, showing thereon all public streets and other immovable property vested in the Committee.

2. The Deputy Commissioner shall also cause to be prepared a *khasra* of the streets and other properties specified in rule 1 in form " B " appended to these rules.

3. The Deputy Commissioner shall cause the plan and *khasra*, when ready, to be published in such manner as he deems fit, together with a notice intimating the date not less than two months from the date of the notice by which objections from any person with regard to entries on the plan and *khasra* may be presented to the Revising Authority appointed under rule 5 and the time and place at which the plan and *khasra* may be inspected.

4. The Deputy Commissioner shall arrange to allow any person to inspect the plan and *khasra* during the hours and at the place specified in the notice on any day which is not a public holiday.

5. The Deputy Commissioner shall appoint an Assistant Commissioner or Extra Assistant Commissioner on the district staff to be the Revising Authority for the purpose of hearing objections relating to the plan or *khasra*.

6. When the plan and *khasra* have been published under the provisions of rule 3, objections in respect of entries on the plan and *khasra* may be presented to the Revising Authority, appointed under rule 5, between the hours of ten o'clock of the morning and four o'clock of the afternoon of any day of the period specified in the notice issued under rule 3, which is not a public holiday.

7. The Revising Authority shall maintain a register of objections in form A in which he shall cause to be entered at the time of receipt particulars of every objection received.

8. Any person aggrieved by any order, which the Revising Authority may pass, may, within seven days from the date of such order, apply to the Deputy Commissioner for revision of the order; and the Deputy Commissioner, after giving notice to the parties concerned and hearing any representation which they may wish to make, may confirm it or set it aside, and pass such other orders with respect to the objection which he may deem fit.

9. After the objections, if any, have been disposed of, the Deputy Commissioner shall cause the plan and *khasra* to be corrected, if necessary, in accordance with the orders passed on the objections, and shall then have the amended plan and *khasra*, or a fresh copy of it, published for general information.

10. The original plan and *khasra* shall remain in the custody of the Deputy Commissioner, and a copy thereof duly certified by the Deputy Commissioner to be correct, shall be furnished to the Notified Area Committee of Buria.

11. The Deputy Commissioner may employ such staff as is required for the preparation of the plan and *khasra* and the Notified Area Committee of Buria shall be liable for the cost of pay and other incidental expenses connected with the staff and the preparation of the documents mentioned above, and also for the cost of pay or any other expenditure connected with the appointment of the Revising Authority.

Form A.

(RULE 7.)

Register of objections.

Serial No.	Name, parentage and address of the objector.	Date of presentation of objection with the initials of the officer to whom the objection is presented.	Nature of the objection.	Date of decision.	Summary of decision.	Signature of Revising Authority.	Decision by Deputy Commissioner, if any.	Signature of official by whom effect was given to the decision of the Revising Authority or of the Deputy Commissioner and date.

Form B.

(RULE 2.)

NOTIFIED AREA COMMITTEE, BURIA.

Survey Register.

1	2	3			4								5		6	7
					MEASUREMENT IN FEET AND INCHES.								AREA IN SQUARE YARDS AND DECIMALS.			
					North.		*East.*		*West.*		*South.*					
Plan sheet.	*Khasra* No.	Name of *Mohalla* or Bazar.	Name of *Gali.*	Description of property.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Square yards.	Decimals.	Possessor's name with father's name, caste, occupation and present address.	REMARKS.

No. 1475-C -40/17249.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Wazirabad**, in the Gujranwala district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188, 189 and 190 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Wazirabad**, on the 27th day of May, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. (1) Every person intending to erect or re-erect any building shall give notice of such intention in writing to the Secretary of the Committee in Form A appended to these by-laws, and shall at the same time submit—

(*a*) a site plan of the land on which it is intended to erect or re-erect the building ;

(*b*) a plan of the building which it is proposed to erect or re-erect ; and

(*c*) the specifications detailed in Form B appended to these by-laws.

(2) Copies of forms A and B may be obtained from the municipal office at one anna per form.

(3) In the case of an encroachment or structure proposed to be constructed on a site adjacent to a public street under the control or management of the Public Works Department of Government or of any local authority the applicant shall submit the plans and specifications referred to above in triplicate and one complete set of the plans shall, immediately on presentation, be forwarded by the Committee to the Executive Engineer or the other local body concerned for information.

(4) In the case of a structure proposed to be constructed on land purchased from Government, the applicant shall submit the plan and specifications referred in clauses (*a*), (*b*) and (*c*) of by-law 1 (1) in triplicate and one complete set of the plan, shall, immediately on presentation, be forwarded by the Committee to the Collector for information.

(5) In case of the erection or re-erection of a building within one hundred yards of the Railway premises, the applicant shall submit a spare copy of the plan and specifications referred to in clauses (*a*), (*b*) and (*c*) of by-law 1 (1) and one complete set shall be forwarded by the Committee to the Divisional Superintendent, North-Western Railway, concerned for his information.

2. The sites plan shall be drawn to a scale of not less than one-eighth of an inch to the foot, shall be submitted in duplicate on tracing cloth and shall show—

(*a*) the direction of the north point ;

(*b*) the boundaries of the site ;

(*c*) the position of the site in relation to the neighbouring streets and the level of the site in relation to the streets, if any, on which it abuts ;

(*d*) the position of the proposed building in relation to the boundaries of the site ;

(*e*) the names, if any, and width of all streets on which the site abuts.

3. The building plan shall be drawn to a scale of not less than one-eighth of an inch to the foot, shall be submitted in duplicate, and shall show—

(*a*) the plan of the ground floor and of every additional floor ;

(*b*) the position and dimensions of all projections beyond the main wall of the building ;

(*c*) the position of all proposed drains, privies, latrines, urinals and cesspools ;

(*d*) the level and width of the foundations, and the level of the lowest floor with reference to the level of the centre of the street on which the front of the proposed building is to abut.

4. The Committee may require any person who has submitted an application to erect or re-erect any building to submit, in addition to the plans and specifications required by by-law 1, elevations and sections of the proposed building, together with full specifications regarding the materials and methods of construction to be used for external wall, party-walls, foundations, roofs, ceilings, floors, staircases, fireplaces and chimneys.

5. No application for the erection or re-erection of a building shall be considereed by the Committee until it is certified by the Municipal Engineer, or the Secretary, if there is no Municipal Engineer, that the plan submitted with the application is in accordance with the provisions of these by-laws.

6. In no building shall any open sewer or drain pass through any room used or intended to be used as a living or sleeping room.

7. No drain shall be constructed within the thickness of any wall of any building.

8. A drain shall be provided for every latrine, privy, urinal, bath-room and cooking place. Such drain shall be constructed of glazed pipes, or other impervious material and shall connect the floor of the latrine, privy, urinal, bathroom or cooking place with—

(a) a municipal masonry drain, or

(b) a private cesspool constructed as hereinafter prescribed.

9. Every latrine or privy shall be so constructed that—

(a) there shall be adequate access thereto for the purpose of cleansing ;

(b) when the outer door thereof is open, the seats shall not be visible from the street or other public place.

10. (1) No person shall install water-flushed latrines in his house unless the house drains are connected with a municipal sewer or unless arrangements are made to purify the sewer in a properly constructed septice tank of a suitable size and to discharge the effluent into a municipal sewer or into a sullage drain certified by the Medical Officer of Health to be capable of carrying off the effluent without danger to the health of the public. Such installations shall be constructed under the supervision of a Sanitary Engineer and shall be approved by the Medical Officer of Health before they are taken into use.

(2) No person shall dispose of the effluent from a septic tank by surface irrigation or by sub-soil drainage or into open unlined cesspools.

11. No person shall construct a private cesspool—

(a) unless there is no municipal drain within one hundred feet of the premises for which it is required ;

(b) except within the boundaries of private land ;

(c) except a cesspool of masonry with a cast iron moveable covering ;

(d) unless adequate access is provided thereto for the purpose of cleansing it ; and

(e) within one hundred feet of any inhabited building.

12. Every interior yard must be raised at least one foot above the level of the nearest street so as to admit of easy drainage into such street.

13. No person shall construct any building of more than five storeys including the ground floor and no person shall construct any building of more than two such storeys unless the outer walls of such building are made of brick, stone or re-inforced concrete.

14. No person shall construct any staircase of a width of less than three feet or with steps having a rise of more than nine inches or a breadth of less than ten inches measured from the vertical face of the rise.

Form A.

From

____

____

To

____

The Secretary,

Municipal Committee, Wazirabad.

I HEREBY give notice under sub-section (2) of section 189 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, that I intend to erect/re-erect a building as specified in Form B attached, situated in (here insert street, ward, etc.)

I attach—

(a) the plans in duplicate / triplicate required by the Committee's by-laws.

(b) a specification of the proposed building.

Signature ______________________

Date ______________________

(REVERSE TO BE FILLED IN IN THE MUNICIPAL OFFICE.)

Serial No. of application ______________________.

Name of applicant ______________________.

Site of building (name of street, quarter, etc.) ______________________

Abstract of application ______________________

____

(date)

Received by the Secretary on ______________________

____

(Initials of Secretary.)

Date by which orders of the Committee must be passed [under section 193 (4)] ______________________ (to be filled in in red ink)

Forwarded to ______________ for report on ______________ (date).

____

(Initials of forwarding officer.)

(date).

Forwarded to the Municipal Engineer for report on ______________________

____

(Initials of forwarding officer.)

Forwarded to the Medical Officer of Health for report on (date) ______________________

____

(Initials of forwarding officer.)

Returned to Secretary on ______________________

____

(Initials of forwarding officer.)

Submitted to the sub-committee on ______________ (date) ______________

____

(Initials of Secretary.)

(date.)

Submitted to the Committee on ______________________

____

(Initials of Secretary.)

Abstract of order of the Committee ______________________

____

(Initials of Secretary.)

Form B.

(SPECIFICATION OF PROPOSED BUILDING.)

1. In the case of the erection / re-erection of an entire house or considerable portion of a house :—

(a) in case of a re-erection of a house, the house number, if any, of the house to be re-erected __________

(b) the purpose for which it is intended to use the building __________

(c) the materials to be used in the construction of the walls __________

(d) the number of storeys of which the building will consist __________

(e) the position and dimensions of all doors, windows and ventilation openings __________

(f) the number of latrines to be provided __________

(g) whether the site has been built upon before or not, if so, the date when the previous building ceased to be fit for occupation __________

2. In the case of minor alterations or additions :—

(a) a description of the alteration or addition proposed __________

(b) the material to be used for such alteration or addition __________

Signature __________

No. 1418-C.-40/17253.—The following by-laws made by the Administrator of the Municipality of **Sialkot**, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Sialkot** on the 27th day of May 1940, from which date Punjab Government notification No. 1667-C.-38/19982, dated the 1st June, 1938, shall be deemed to be cancelled :—

BY-LAWS.

1. No person shall bathe or wash clothes or other articles or animals at a public stand-pipe or hydrant or tamper with or damage a public stand-pipe, hydrant or draw or attempt to draw water from a public stand-pipe or hydrant except by the proper method or wilfully waste water or suffer water to run to waste from a public stand-pipe or hydrant.

2. (1) No person shall without the written permission of the Executive Officer, draw or use water from a public stand-pipe or hydrant or from a private water-supply for a purpose other than a domestic purpose.

Explanation.—For the purpose of these by-laws water for a domestic purpose shall not be deemed to include water :—

(a) for any trade, manufacture or business ; or

(b) for fountains, swimming baths or for any ornamental or mechanical purpose ; or

(c) for gardens or for purpose of irrigation ; or

(d) for watering roads or paths ; or

(e) for building purposes.

(2) A person permitted to draw or use water under clause (1) for a purpose other than a domestic purpose shall pay for the water consumed at the rate prescribed in by-law 9 : provided that if water is so drawn or used from a public stand-pipe or hydrant, the amount of water consumed shall be calculated at the rate of 500 gallons per hundred cubic feet of material consolidated if the water is used for the consolidation of a road, or at the rate of 500 gallons per hundred rupees of the value of the building as estimated by the Executive Officer of the Committee if the water is used for building purposes, unless in either case such person can prove to the satisfaction of the Executive Officer, the approximate amount of water actually consumed.

3. Subject to the provisions of by-law 20 no connection with the Municipal mains for a private water-supply and no alteration or extension of any such existing connection shall be made except on the application of the owner of such premises or his recognised agent, who shall be registered as the consumer and shall be responsible for the observance of the by-laws, so far as the connection on his property is concerned.

4. Every application for a connection with the Municipal mains for a private water supply or for the alteration or extension of any such existing connection shall be addressed to the Executive Officer of the Committee accompanied by a fee of two rupees and shall be made on a printed form in Form A, a copy of which may be obtained free of charge from the Municipal office, and on receipt of the application an estimate of the cost of the connection shall be prepared and forwarded to the applicant by value-payable post, if necessary. A charge of 5 per cent on the total amount of the estimate shall be made as the estimate fee, and the balance, if any, in excess of the minimum fee of Rs. 2 shall be recovered from the applicant.

5. If on receipt of the estimate the applicant wishes to have the connection, alteration or extension carried out, he shall deposit at the office of the Executive Officer of the Committee the amount of the estimate and if the connection, alteration or extension is sanctioned the work shall be executed only by Municipal agency or, to such extent as the Executive Officer may permit, by a plumber licensed by him in accordance with the Water Supply Regulations contained in the Appendix.

5-A. Presentation of the said application shall be deemed to authorise the Executive Officer and such of their officers as may be appointed from time to time in this behalf to enter the premises after reasonable notice, and to examine and test the applicant's pipes, taps and receptacles, with which connection is to be made, and the drains, water closets, receptacles and latrines into which water received is to be discharged.

5-B. The Executive Officer may, after such examination of the applicant's premises and system of piping as they may deem fit, accept or refuse the application and, in case of refusal shall refund to the applicant the deposits made under by-law 5.

6. All connections for a private water supply shall be metered.

7. The meter shall be supplied by the Executive Officer and rent shall be charged for it at the rates specified in by-law 10 and no person shall temper with the meter in any way, provided that a member of the Municipal staff may, if authorised by the Executive Officer in this behalf, have access to the meter.

8. No connection for a private water supply shall be provided with a ferrule of more than ½″ in diameter less than ⅜″ in diameter provided that a connection for a supply of water for a purpose other than a domestic purpose may be provided with a ferrule or branch tee connection not exceeding 1″ in diameter.

9. The registered consumer shall pay each month for water consumed during the previous month at the rate of annas five per 500 gallons, provided that for the purpose of calculating the amount so payable any fraction of five hundred gallons not more that two hundred and fifty gallons shall be disregarded and any such fraction more than two hundred and fifty gallons shall be reckoned as five hundred gallons, and that a minimum charge per mensem shall be levied, however, low the consumption may be at the rates given in by-law 10.

10. The charges specified in by-law 9 and meter rent shall be levied in accordance with the following scale :—

Size of meter.	Meter rent.	Minimum charge for water.	Total minimum monthly charge.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
⅜ inch ..	0 8 0	1 4 0	1 13 0
½ " ..	0 8 0	1 4 0	1 12 6
¾ " ..	0 12 0	2 8 0	3 4 0
1 " ..	1 0 0	5 0 0	6 0 0

and meter rent shall be charged for the period during which the meter is installed, whether it is in working order or not.

Diameter of stop tap ______________

Diameter of water meter ______________

Position of meter and stop tap and how to be protected ______________

Signature ______________

Cost of connection estimated in the Municipal office ______________

______________ ferrule complete Rs. ______________

______________ feet galvanised water tubing inches

______________ diameter laid complete Rs. ______________

______________ stop taps fixed, complete Rs. ______________

______________ meter installation charges only, including box of cast iron or wrought iron Rs. ______________

______________ No. ______________ Bib taps fixed complete Rs. ______________

______________ No. ______________ clamps to walls Rs. ______________

______________ No. ______________ cutting through walls and repairing them Rs. ______________

Total Rs. ______________

Dated ______________ 19 .

A plan in duplicate shall be prepared for record (*a*) with the application and (*b*) with the Engineering Department, *i.e.*, on a scale of ⅛" to 1 foot showing the position of the water main, the line of the building, the location of the ferrule and the stop cock and meter chambers, the lines of connecting pipes and the positions of taps. An elevation showing the number and height of floors with taps should also be given.

Appendix.

(BY-LAW 5.)

Water supply Regulations.

1. All work connected with the making, alteration, extension or repair of private connections shall be carried out by Municipal agency or, to the extent which the Executive Officer may permit, by a licensed plumber, under the supervision of the Superintendent, Waterworks, and all materials required for such work shall be provided by the Committee at the cost of the owner of a private house or his recognized agent.

2. The pipes and fittings of house service connections shall consist of the following sections :—

(*a*) the ferrule connecting the communication pipe with the supply pipe, such ferrule to be made of hard brass or gun metal ;

(*b*) the communication pipe from the ferrule or tee to the stop cock and the service pipe or pipes from the stop cock to the taps, such service pipe or pipes to be of galvanized iron, solid drawn or lap welded of British manufacture and of the strength known as "water strength";

(*c*) brass stop-cock of the screw-down pattern having the same water way as the pipe, such stop-cock to be placed at or near the point of entrance of the service pipe to the premises to be supplied with water or if necessary within such premises for the purposes of shutting off the water and regulating the supply, and to be provided with a cover box of cast-iron or wrought iron and furnished with a lock and key, such key to remain under the control of the Superintendent, Waterworks ;

(*d*) the taps, which shall, wherever, fitted, be of the screw-down pattern with crutch handle ; and

(*e*) the meter, which shall, if possible, be placed in the same cover box as that in which the stop-cock is placed, and shall be fixed in a position where it is not liable to injury but can be easily inspected, provided that if the meter is placed in a separate box, the box shall be of cast iron or wrought iron and shall be placed as near to stock-cock as possible in a position where the meter can be conveniently examined and the box shall be fitted with lock and key and the key shall be under the control of the Superintendent, Waterworks, for that purpose.

3. The number of taps to each ferrule conection and the dimensions of ferrule, interior pipes and taps for water shall be of the following relative sizes only :—

Diameter of ferrule.	Diameter of pipes inside buildings.		Size of taps or cock.	Maximum number of taps for each ferrule connection.
	Lower floor.	Upper floors.		
⅜" ..	⅜" ..	⅜" ..	⅜" ..	Three.
½" ..	½" ..	½" ..	½" ..	Four.
¾" ..	¾" ..	¾" ..	½" ..	Five.
1" ..	1" ..	¾" ..	½" ..	Seven.

4. All taps and fittings for service connection shall be capable of standing a test pressure of three hundred pounds per square inch of water without damage or leakage.

5. All service pipes shall, if possible be laid not less than two feet below the surface of the ground.

6. All pipes and fittings laid above ground shall be securely fastened to a wall or other immovable structure by means of strong wrought iron clamps.

7. No service pipe or fitting shall pass alongside any sullage drain, sewer, latrine, ashpit or soakage pit, and no service pipe shall enter a building through the same opening as gives exit to a sullage drain.

8. No tap shall be fixed at a distance of less than two feet above the surface of the ground.

9. No service pipe shall be connected directly with a boiler for generating steam and every cistern, tank reservoir or other vessel, which is supplied with water from a service pipe shall have the discharge end of the service pipe or the tap at a distance of not less than six inches from the highest water level of such cistern, tank, reservoir or other vessel.

10. The ferrule, when tapped into a municipal main of less than six inches in internal diameter, shall be half-an-inch in diameter, and, if tapped into a municipal main of six inches or more, but less than eight inches in diameter, shall be not more than three-fourth of an inch in diameter.

No. 1443 C.-40/17257.—The following amendment made by the Municipal Committee of **Pind Dadan Khan**, in the Jhelum district of its by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 17859, dated the 28th June, 1933, as subsequently amended by Punjab Government notifications No. 1647-C.-36/20468, dated the 27th June, 1936, and No. 3696 C.-37/37315, dated the 30th October, 1937, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Pind Dadan Khan**, on 27th day of May, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

For the existing by-law 19, the following by-law shall be substituted, namely :—

" 19. Every person useing the slaughter house shall pay fee at the following rates for each animal slaughtered:—

Oxen, cows, buffaloes, calves	..	annas ten per head.
Sheep, goats, lambs and kids	..	annas two and pies six per head.

Small Towns.

The 5th April, 1940.

No. 1208-L.-G.-Bds.-40/16605.—*Corrigendum.*—In Punjab Government notifications Nos. 3090, 3091 and 3092, dated the 30th January, 1924, relating to the establishment of a small town at **Chuharkana Mandi** in the Sheikhupura district *for* the words 'Chuharkana' *read* the words 'Chuharkana Mandi'.

The 9th April, 1940.

No. 1371 L. G.-Bds.-40/17215.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 51 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendments to the rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 9052, dated the 3rd April, 1925, as subsequently amended :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. For the full stop at the end of clause (*d*) of rule 8 (1) a comma shall be substituted and the word "or" added threafter.

2. After clause (*d*) the following new clause shall be inserted, namely :—

(*e*) is a diploma holder of the Sanatan Dharma Prem Giri Ayurvedic College, Lahore.

Town Improvement.

The 9th April, 1940.

No. 443 C.-40/17265.—The Governor of the Punjab is pleased to accord sanction to the following rules framed by the Lahore Improvement

Trust under clause (*iv*) of section 74 of the Punjab Town Improvement Act, 1922 :—

RULES.

1. (*i*) These rules may be called "The Lahore Improvement Trust Delegation of Powers Rules, 1940".

(*ii*) In these rules, unless there is something repugnant in the subject or context,—

"*Trust*" means the Lahore Improvement Trust ;

"*Chairman*" means the Chairman of the Trust ; and

"*Act*" means the Punjab Town Improvement Act, 1922.

2. The Trust hereby delegates, until further notice, the following powers to the Chairman :—

(*a*) to incur expenditure up to Rs. 100 on any single item, subject to the condition that the amount allotted in the sanctioned budget is not exceeded ;

(*b*) to incur all expenditure not exceeding the estimate already sanctioned by the Trust ;

(*c*) to strike off the registers any Trust property the original cost of which did not exceed Rs. 100 ;

(*d*) to sanction leases of Trust property for a period not exceeding one year at a time ;

(*e*) to sanction all auction sales of material, grass and trees to the highest bidder ;

(*f*) to sanction auction sales of Trust land to the highest bidder, provided that the accepted bid is not less than the reserved price fixed by the Trust ;

(*g*) to sanction sales of Trust land by private treaty in the schemes under the Act where a sale rate has been fixed by the Trust and the number of applicants is less than the number of plots available ;

(*h*) to create temporary appointments, not exceeding six in number at any time, each carrying a maximum monthly salary not exceeding Rs. 100, and being for a period not exceeding two months.

3. All orders by the Chairman under the delegated powers should be reported to the Trust for information at the next meeting.

Notified Areas.

The 5th April, 1940.

No. 1390-C.-40/16542.—The following by-laws made by the Notified Area Committee of **Kamoke Mandi**, in the Gujranwala district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 197 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the Notified Area of **Kamoke Mandi**, on the 27th day of May, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. In these by-laws—

(*a*) "adulterated" when applied to banaspatine or charbini means mixed or diluted with any substance of lower commercial value than banaspatine or charbini, as the case may be ;

(*b*) "adulterated ghi" means ghi mixed or diluted with any substance, other than banaspatine or charbini of lower commercial value than pure ghi ;

(c) " banaspatine " means any article of food, whether mixed with ghi or not, which resembles ghi, but is derived from vegetable fat and contains no animal fat other than milk fat ;

(d) " charbini " means any article of food, whether mixed with ghi or not, which resembles ghi or banaspatine, but contains animal fat other than milk fat ; and

(e) " ghi " means ghi obtained entirely from milk fat.

2. (i) No person shall sell ghi, either wholesale or retail, or import ghi for sale, either wholesale or retail, except under a licence granted by the Committee in this behalf.

(ii) No person shall sell, wholesale or retail, banaspatine or charbini in premises not licensed by the Committee in this behalf.

(iii) No person shall sell sweetmeats, cakes or other food prepared with banaspatine or charbini in premises not licensed by the Committee in this behalf.

3. No premises licensed for the sale of ghi shall be licensed also for the sale of banaspatine or charbini or of sweetmeats, cakes or other food prepared with banaspatine or charbini.

4. Subject to the provisions of by-law 2, licences for premises to be used for the sale of ghi shall be issued on payment of a fee of rupee one per annum or annas two per mensem, and licences for premises for the sale of banaspatine or charbini, or for the sale of sweetmeats, cakes, or other food prepared with banaspatine or charbini, shall be issued on payment of a fee of Rs. 50 per annum, or Rs. 5 per month, if the licence is not taken for the whole year, by the Secretary of the Committee when the owner or occupier of such premises makes an application in Form 'A' and shall be granted on the following conditions :—

(a) that the licensee shall not sell adulterated ghi, or adulterated banaspatine or charbini, or sweetmeats, cakes or other food prepared with adulterated ghi, banaspatine or charbini ;

(b) that the licensee shall not sell banaspatine or charbini or sweetmeats, cakes or other food prepared therewith, in premises which have been licensed for the sale of ghi, or *vice versa* ;

(c) that the licensee shall not sell any article under the name of ghi, or any equivalent term with or without the addition of any other word to such ame un less such food is derived solely from milk fat ;

(d) that the licensee shall not sell any ghi or banaspatine or charbini, or use in the preparation of sweetmeats, cakes or other food, any ghi or banaspatine or charbini obtained from a place from which the import of ghi or of banaspatine or charbini, as the case may be, has, under any general or special declaration notified to the licensee, been declared by the Medical Officer of Health to be dangerous to the public health;

(e) that the licensee shall keep ghi, banaspatine or charbini exposed for sale in clean covered vessels ;

(f) that the licensee shall keep all sweetmeats, cakes and other food exposed for sale under such covers as will prevent the articles from being contaminated by flies or other insects ;

(g) that the licensee shall not keep any ghi, banaspatine or charbini intended for sale in any place used for cooking or sleeping purposes ;

(h) that the licensee shall display at the licensed premises a signboard containing a notice in English. Urdu, Hindi or Gurmukhi characters indicating whether the premises are licensed for the sale of ghi, or for the sale of banaspatine and charbini, or for the sale of sweetmeats, cakes or other food prepared with banaspatine or c[illegible]

(i) that the licensee shall display on every package or other vessel of banaspatine or charbini exposed for sale by retail, in such manner as to be clearly visible to the purchaser, a label measuring at least 4"×4" marked banaspatine or charbini, as the case may be, in red letters on a white ground in Urdu, Hindi, Gurmukhi, or English ;

(j) that the licensee shall display on every utensil, on, or in which sweetmeats, cakes or other articles of food prepared with banaspatine or charbini, are exposed for sale by retail, a label measuring at least 4"×4" setting forth in red letters on a white ground that the sweetmeats, cakes or other articles have been prepared with banaspatine or charbini, as the case may be ; and

(k) that the licensee shall at all reasonable times permit the Secretary or any member or officer of the Committee authorised in this behalf to inspect the licensed premises without notice and take for examination samples of ghi or of banaspatine or charbini sold by him.

5. Licences to import ghi for sale shall be issued free of charge by the Secretary to persons applying therefor, and shall be granted subject to the following conditions :—

(a) that the licensee shall not import ghi from any place from which the import of ghi has, under any general or special declarations notified to the licensee been declared by the Medical Officer of Health to be dangerous to the public health ;

(b) that the licensee shall import ghi only in clean covered vessels ;

(c) that the licensee shall not import adulterated ghi into the Notified Area for sale.

6. Any person who commits a breach of any of these by-laws, or any licensee who commits a breach of any condition of the licence granted to him under these by-laws shall on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to Rs. 50 and if the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to Rs. 5 for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

Form A.

Application for the licence for the sale of __________

Name of vendor __________

Father's name __________

Articles for which the licence is required __________

Situation of the shop __________

Street or lane __________

Boundaries —

North __________

East __________

South __________

West __________

I have read the conditions on which the sale of __________ is allowed by the Notified Area Committee of Kamoki Mandi, in the Notified Area limits and undertake to abide by them.

Applicant's signature __________

Address __________

Dated __________

Medical.

The 8th April, 1940.

No. 799-M.-40/16996.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Kaithal**, district Karnal, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 17 of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for genera

information and shall come into force within the limits of the Municipality of **Kaithal**, six weeks after the date of the publication of this notification :—

BY-LAWS.

1. No person whose name has not been registered in accordance with the provisions of section 14 of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932, shall practise as nurse, health visitor, midwife, nurse dai, trained dai, or dai within the area subject to the authority of the Municipal Committee, Kaithal.

2. Any person practising in contravention of by-law 1 or any person committing or abetting the commitment of a breach of by-law 1 shall be liable on conviction by a magistrate of the first class, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 for the first offence or to a fine not exceeding Rs. 250 for a second or subsequent offence.

Public Health.

The 5th April, 1940.

No. 1736-M.-40/16557.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 1 of the Punjab Pure Food Act, 1929, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to extend to the Small Town of **Ramnagar**, in the Gujranwala district, with effect from the date of publication of this notification the provisions of sections 3 to 22 of the said Act, in respect of all articles of food and drink.

No. 1736-M.-40/16560.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Pure Food Act, 1929, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to appoint the Chemist, Public Health Department, Punjab, to be a public Analyst for the Small Town of **Ramnagar**, in the Gujranwala district, in respect of all articles of food and drink.

RAM CHANDRA,

Secretary to Government, Punjab,
Medical and Local Government Departments.

Committees.

The 6th April, 1940.

No. 5221-Mis./L. F.—It is notified that in pursuance of the provision of subsection (1) of section 50 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, I hereby order that the undermentioned members of the Municipal Committee of Rohtak be surcharged with the amounts shown against each which represent the loss sustained by the said committee in connection with its failure to file an appeal in the civil suit **Faiz Muhammad** *versus* **Municipal Committee, Rohtak**, which loss is reported by the Examiner, Local Fund Accounts, to be a direct consequence of neglect by the members in question of the performance of their duties while they were members of the said committee :—

	Rs.	A.	P.
1. H. Masrur Uddin	49	11	5
2. H. Ghulam Nabi	49	11	5
3. M. Dost Muhammad Khan	49	11	5
4. H. Ashiq Ali	49	11	5
5. Ch. Ram Charan	49	11	5
6. B. Lachman Sarup	49	11	5
7. L. Bichha Lal	49	11	5

BALWANT SINGH GAREWAL,

Deputy Commissioner, Rohtak.

45 CS—1148—12-4-40—SGPP Lahore.

information and shall come into force within the limits of the Municipality of Kaithal six months after the date of the publication of this notification.

BY-LAWS.

1. No person whose name has not been registered in accordance with the provisions of section 14 of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932 shall practise as a health visitor, midwife, nurse, dai, trained dai or dai within the area under the authority of the Municipal Committee, Kaithal.

2. Any person practising in contravention of by-law 1 or any person committing or abetting the commission of a breach of bye-law 1 shall be liable on conviction by a magistrate of the first class to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 (or exceeding what ...) as a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 for a second or subsequent offence.

Public Health.

The 5th April, 1940.

No. 1736-M.-40/16557.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 1 of the Punjab Pure Food Act, 1929, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to extend to the Small Town of Kamoke, in the Gujranwala district, with effect from the date of publication of this notification the provisions of sections 3 to 23 of the said Act, in respect of articles of food and drugs.

No. 1732-M.-40/16590.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Pure Food Act, 1929, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to appoint the Chemist, Public Health Department, Punjab, to be a public Analyst for the Small Town of Kamoke, in the Gujranwala district, in respect of all articles of food and drinks.

RAM CHANDRA,

Secretary to Government, Punjab,

Medical and Local Government Departments.

Committees.

The 6th April, 1940.

No. 5221-Mis.-L. F.—It is notified that in pursuance of the provision of sub-section (1) of section 50 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, I hereby order that the undermentioned members of the Municipal Committee of Rohtak be surcharged with the amounts shown against each which represent the loss sustained by the said committee in connection with its failure to file an appeal in the civil suit Faiz Mohammad *versus* Municipal Committee, Rohtak, which loss is reported by the Examiner, Local Fund Accounts, to be a direct consequence of neglect by the members in question of the performance of their duties while they were members of the said committee :—

	Rs.	A.	P.
1. Br. Master Uddin	30	11	[illegible]
2. H. Ghulam Nabi	10	11	6
3. M. Dost Muhammad Khan	40	11	[illegible]
4. H. Ashiq Ali	40	11	[illegible]
5. Ch. Ram Charan	13	11	6
6. B. Lachman Sarup	40	11	[illegible]
7. L. Bhikha Lal	13	11	[illegible]

BHAGWANT SINGH GAREWAL,

Deputy Commissioner, Rohtak.

Registered No. L. 864

The Government Gazette, Punjab.

Published by Authority.

No. 16. LAHORE, FRIDAY, APRIL 19, 1940.

PART I—A.

Punjab Government Notifications and Orders.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Ferries.

The 11th April, 1940.

No. 1014-L. G.-Bds.-40/17753.—Under the provisions of clause (*f*) of section 4 of the Northern India Ferries Act, 1878, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to direct that the public ferry at **Surarwan** on the Beas river in the Kangra district which was declared a public ferry in Punjab Government notification No. 1360, dated the 5th April, 1881, shall cease to be deemed a public ferry with effect from the 1st April, 1940.

No. 1014-L. G.-Bds.-40/17754.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 4 and 7 (*a*) of the Northern India Ferries Act, 1878, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased—

(*a*) to establish a public ferry at **Ghandran** on Beas river in the Nurpur tahsil of the Kangra district and to direct ;

(*i*) that the said ferry shall be managed by the District Board of Kangra in accordance with the provisions of the said Act and of the rules made thereunder, and

(*b*) to define the limits of the said ferry as follows :—

—	Name of the ferry.	River on which situated.	*Limits of the ferry.* On the right bank.	On the left bank.	REMARKS.
Ghandran ..	Ghandran ..	Beas ..	To a point upstream 939 yards and 955 yards downstream from the point where the path from the river meets the Re-Pathankote road in a straight line in field No. 165 of Tika and Mauza Ghandran.	To a point 367 yards upstream and 364 yards downstream from the point where the road from the river meets the road from Ghandran in a straight line in field No. 349 of Tika and Mauza Ghandran.	Auctioned as one ferry but crossing is in two places.
	Bakrarwan..	Beas ..	To a point upstream 307 yards and 295 yards downstream from the point where the road from the river meets the Bakrarwan road in a straight line in field No. 120 of Bela Indaura.	To a point 246 yards upstream and 217 yards downstream from the point where the road from the river meets in a straight line in field No. 7 of Mauza Bakrarwan.	
			Settlement of 1917-18.	Settlement of 1917-18.	

Boards.

The 13th April, 1940.

No. 1449-L. G.—Bds.-40/17982.—Whereas it appears to the Governor of the Punjab that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of **Multan**, for a public purpose, namely, to improve the compound of the Kabror dispensary, it is hereby notified that the land described in the specification below is likely to be acquired for the said purpose.

2. This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, to all whom it may concern, and, in exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to authorize the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

3. Any person interested in the land who has any objection to the acquisition may, within thirty days of the publication of this notification, file an objection in writing before the Collector of the Multan district :—

SPECIFICATION OF LAND.

District.—Multan.

Tahsil.—Lodhran.

Mauza.—Bahawalgarh.

Area in acres.—·526.

Boundaries.—*North.*—Boundary of District Board Civil Hospital; *East and West.*—Land belonging to L. Chetan Anand; *South.*—Boundary of Kahror Municipal office.

4. Punjab Government notifications Nos. 6657-L. G.—Bds.-38/34308, dated 24th October, 1938, and 684-L. G.—Bds.-39/10893, dated the 21st March, 1939, are hereby cancelled.

No. 1269-C.-40/18009.—The following model regulations for village sanitation in the areas subject to the authority of District Boards are published for general information :—

MODEL REGULATIONS.

PART I.

General.

1. In these Regulations, unless there be anything repugnant in the subject or context—

(1) " Board " means the District Board of ____________.

(2) " Committee " means a Committee appointed under the provisions of regulation 3.

(3) " estate " has the meaning assigned to it by section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887.

(4) " Specified estate " means an estate to which these Regulations, or any of them, have been applied.

2. The Board may apply these Regulations, or any of them, to any estate in the district not being a panchayat area notified under section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, in the following manner :—

(*a*) by resolution declare the intention of the Board to apply these Regulations to the said estate ;

(*b*) publish the resolution in the said estate inviting objections to the proposal within one month of the date of such publication ;

(*c*) after the expiration of the period during which objections may be filed under clause (*b*), consider such objections as are received and order the application of all or any of these Regulations to the said estate.

3. (1) A Committee consisting of not less than three and not more than five membsrs shall be appointed by the Board from amongst the inhabitants of the said estate to carry out the purposes of these Regulations :—

Provided as follows :—

(*a*) the personnel of the Committee shall be subject to the approval of the Deputy Commissioner, and the Board shall adopt any suggestion the Deputy Commissioner may make in this respect ;

(*b*) where the Deputy Commissioner is himself a member of the Board, the approval of the Commissioner of the Division shall be necessary, and the Board shall adopt any suggestions the Commissioner may make in this respect .

(2) (*a*) A member of a Committee shall hold office for a term of two years.

(*b*) The Board may, and if required by the Commissioner shall, remove any member who has been guilty of any disgraceful conduct or of misconduct in the discharge of his duties.

(*c*) When a vacancy occurs in the case of a member by his death, resignation duly accepted, or removal, the Board may subject to the approval of the Deputy Commissioner or the Commissioner, as the case may be, appoint to the vacancy such person as it may think fit.

(*d*) Every such person shall remain a member for the residue of the term of office of the member in whose stead he was appointed.

(*e*) An outgoing member shall be eligible for re-appointment.

(3) In all matters covered by Parts ____________ of these Regulations the Committee shall be the agent of the Board, and subordinate to the Board, and shall comply with all orders of the Board, issued or purporting to be issued under these Regulations.

4. If a Committee neglects or refuses to perform any duty, imposed on it by these Regulations, the Board may perform or cause to be performed such duty ; and any thing done by the Board in exercise of the powers conferred by these Regulations shall be deemed to have been done by the Committee.

5. Any party aggrieved by an order of the Committee may, within fourteen days of the order, appeal to the Board ; and any Committee aggrieved by an order of the Board may, within one month of the order, appeal to the Deputy Commissioner or, if the Deputy Commissioner is a member of the Board, to the Commissioner of the Division. The order passed in appeal by the Board, Deputy Commissioner or Commissioner, as the case may be, shall be final.

PART II.

Conservancy, Scavenging and Drainage.

6. In any specified estate no person, being the owner or occupier of any building, shall keep or knowingly allow to be kept, for more then twenty-four hours, otherwise han in some proper receptacle, any dirt, rubbish, dung, bones, ashes, night-soil, filth or offensive matter in or upon such building and the premises attached thereto, or suffer any such receptacle to be in a filthy state.

7. In any specified revenue estate no person shall throw or deposit, or permit his servants or members of his household to throw or deposit, refuse, rubbish or offensive matter of any kind in any place outside his premises except in such places as have been approved by the Committee for the collection of such refuse, rubbish, or offensive matter.

Explanations—(1) Under these Regulations the head of the household is responsible for the acts of his family, children and servants, and of all persons residing temporarily or permanently in the compound of any such person shall be considered to be his dependants for the purposes of this Act.

(2) Easing one's-self amounts to depositing offensive matter.

8. In a specified estate no person shall collect night-soil, manure or sweeping anywhere within the *abadi* in the case of old villages, and anywhere inside the circular road in the case of new colony chaks ; nor shall any person collect night-soil, manure or sweepings except in pits dug in such places and in such manner as the Committee may approve and all night-soil so collected shall be properly and sufficiently covered with fresh earth.

9. Should the occupier of any building or land suffer the same to be in a filthy state, the Committee may, by notice in writing, require him, within a reasonable period to be specified in the notice, to cleanse the same or otherwise put it in a proper state and thereafter to keep it in a clean and proper state. If the occupier fails to carry out the order, the Committee may have the work carried out through its own agency and recover the expenses incurred in so doing from the person concerned.

10. The Committee's approval shall be required for all places selected for the deposit of night-soil, refuse, rubbish or offensive matter of all kinds and for the disposal of the dead bodies of animals.

11. The Committee shall, if the person or persons collecting night-soil, refuse rubbish, manure or sweepings or carrying on such occupations have no site suitable for the purpose, make an application to the Board for the acquisition of land at a distance of ——————— from the village abadi ; and the Board shall forthwith proceed to acquire land for the purpose. If a site considered by the Board to be suitable and sufficient for the purpose is so acquired, the persons collecting such night-soil, refuse, rubbish manure or sweepings or carrying on such occupations shall for the future collect such night-soil, refuse, rubbish, manure or sweepings and pursue such occupations only on those sites which shall be allotted to them and be demarcated by the Committee ; and if such site is not acquired, they may continue to collect night-soil, refuse, manure or sweepings or carrying on their occupation in the village.

12. Regulations 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11 shall not apply to any place more than 200 yards from any house or habitation.

13. The Committee may by notice in writing of not less than a week, require the owner or occupier of any building or land in any specified estate :—

(*a*) to provide, remove, repair, alter or close any drain, privy, latrine, urinal, cesspool, or other receptacle for filth or refuse ;

(*b*) to have any privy, latrine or urinal shut out by a sufficient roof, walls or fence from the view of the public ;

(*c*) to cleanse, repair, cover, fill up or drain off any private well, tank, reservoir, pool, depression or excavation which may appear to the Committee to be injurious to health or offensive to the neighbourhood ;

(*d*) to provide clean and keep in good condition cesspits and pipes for receiving and carrying off water and sullage from his building or land ; and

(e) to provide for discharging the same so as not to inconvenience persons passing along a street or thoroughfare.

PART III.

Control of tanneries, hide-dressing and stocking of bones.

14. No place within a specified revenue estate shall be used for the purpose of stocking bones, dressing hides, or as a tannery without the permission in writing of the Board obtained through the Committee. The owner of any such place in use at the time these Regulations are applied to an estate shall obtain such permission within two months of such application.

15. The permission referred to in regulation 14 may be withheld if the Board considers that the business which it is intended to establish or maintain would be the cause of annoyance or offence to, or danger to the health of, persons residing in or frequenting the immediate neighbourhood.

PART IV.

Excavations.

16. No person shall make any excavation within 200 yards of any house or of any source of drinking water in a specified estate without the previous permission in writing of the Board obtained by an application through the Committee which shall set out in detail the site, length, width and depth of the excavation it is intended to make, and the purpose for making it :

Provided that no such permission shall be necessary in the case of excavations made as foundations of buildings if the same are filled up with masonry within a period of one month from the date of excavation.

PART V.

17. With the approval of the Board, the Committee may set apart or provide suitable places for the purpose of bathing, washing of animals or clothes, and doing other acts likely to pollute water, and may, by public notice, prohibit bathing or washing of animals or clothes or the doing of any such act in any public place not so set apart.

PART VI.

Cleansing and protection of springs, tanks, ponds and the like.

18. The Committee may, by public notice fixed near a spring, tank, pond, well, *baoli*, or the like, prohibit either permanently or temporarily for a specified period, the use of private receptacles for drawing water from such spring, tank, pond, well, *baoli* or the like, and the Board shall provide the necessary lifting apparatus to be used thereon ; and the Committee may cause such spring, tank, pond, well, *baoli* or the like, to be disinfected.

19. No person shall—

(a) throw any rubbish, filth or any other unwholesome or objectionable articles into a tank, pond, well or *baoli* ;

(b) wash or soak skins, leather or any other dirty substance in a tank, pond, well or *baoli* ;

(c) permit water from a drain to flow into a tank, pond, well or *baoli*.

20. No person shall within a radius of one hundred feet (or such greater distance as may be prescribed by the Committee) of a spring, tank, pond, well, *baoli* or tube-well the water of which is used for drinking purposes :—

(a) place any rubbish, filth, or offensive matter ;

(b) ease himself or urinate ;

(c) wash animals, clothes or utensils, or water any animals.

21. No water shall be used for filling a tank or pond unless it is obtained from a source, and conveyed through a channel, approved by the Committee.

22. No person shall bathe at or within a distance of twenty feet of a well or *baoli* or spring.

23. The owner in charge of a well, tank, pond or *baoli* shall carry out such measures as the Committee may prescribe for preventing the pollution of water in such well, tank, pond or *baoli*.

24. When so required by the Committee, the owner or the person responsible for the maintenance or repair of a well, spring or *baoli* shall—

(*a*) build, of the type and of the material specified, a drain, cistern or flooring to prevent the flow of surface water, or the water of any drain, into the well, spring or *baoli* ;

(*b*) provide the well, spring or *baoli* with a suitable covering to prevent pollution from natural causes such as the falling in of leaves or fruit of trees or the excreta of birds ;

(*c*) provide the well, spring or *baoli* with a parapet wall of the height and type specified ;

(*d*) provide the well, spring or *baoli* with the necessary lifting apparatus (for drawing water) of such a design that it does not necessitate the handling by any individual of any bucket or utensil introduced into the well, spring or *baoli* for the drawing of water ; and

(*e*) render the lining of the well impervious to contamination.

25. The owner or the person responsible for the maintenance or repairs of a spring, well, tank, pond, *baoli* or the like shall, when so required by the Committee, have it cleansed or repaired to the satisfaction of the Committee. In the event of such person failing for a period of two weeks after such requisition to execute the work, the Committee may have the work performed through its own agency and recover the expense incurred in so doing from the person concerned.

PART VII.

Provision and supervision of burial and burning places.

26. After the application of these Regulations to any estate, no burial or burning ground shall be made or formed within one mile of any house in the said estate without the permission in writing of the Board obtained by application through the Committee.

27. The Board may, by public notice, order any burial or burning ground which is certified by the District Medical Officer of Health to be dangerous to the health of persons living in the neighbourhood, to be closed, and shall, in such case, if no suitable place for burning or burial exists within reasonable distance, forthwith proceed to acquire land for the purpose :

Provided that in regard to any private burial or burning ground so certified by the District Medical Officer of Health, instead of ordering its closure, the Board may impose such conditions as may be considered sufficient to obviate the danger referred to, and the person responsible for the maintenance and repairs shall comply with all such conditions.

28. Any person who commits a breach of any of the regulations 6 to 10, 13, 14 and 16 to 27 or is guilty of a disobedience of any notice issued under these Regulations, shall be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and in the case of a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day during which the breach or disobedience is continued after the offender has been convicted of such breach or disobedience.

No. 402-L. G.-40/18011.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 402-L. G.-40/6051, dated the 7th February, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendment to the Municipal Account Code, 1930 (revised edition) :—

AMENDMENT.

1. In rule X·13 after the word "President" the following words shall be inserted :—

"or the Executive Officer where such an officer has been appointed".

2. At the end of rule XII·13 (3) the following words shall be added :—

"In a municipality for which an Executive Officer has been appointed this duty will be discharged by the Executive Officer".

3. In rule XVII·18 (1) after the words "President" the following words shall be inserted :—

"or the Executive Officer where such an officer has been appointed".

The 16th April, 1940.

No. 1651-L.G.-40/18291.—The following draft of an amendment to the Municipal Account Code, 1930 (revised edition), which the Governor of the Punjab proposes to make, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after 1st June, 1940, together with any objection or suggestion which may be received by Government from any person with respect to the draft before that date :—

DRAFT AMENDMENT.

In the schedule appended to the Code after the item relating to "leases" the following new item shall be inserted :—

Number of form.	Description.	Period.
..	Register of composition of offences under section 229 of the Municipal Act.	Three years after the conclusion of the audit

No. 1516-L. G.—Bds.-40/18321.—The following amendments made by the District Board of **Lyallpur,** to the Provident Fund Rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 22773, dated the 31st August, 1933, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the said Board on the 1st June, 1940 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. *Substitute* the following new rule *for* the existing rule 12 :—

"12. The Board shall maintain—

General accounts to be maintained by the Board.

(1) a Provident Fund Account in Form P. F. 4,

(2) a Provident Fund Investments Account in Form P. F. 5,

(3) Provident Fund Investments Interest Account in Form P. F. 6 or if a Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund is maintained a Provident Fund Investment Interest Account in Form P. F. 6-A and a Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund Account in Form P. F. 6-B, and

(4) an account in Form P. F. 8, showing the amount available for payment of insurance premia of the Provident Fund subscribers."

2. *Insert* the following new Forms *after* Form P. F. 6 : —

Form P. F. 6-A. Rule 12.

Provident Fund Investments Interest Account ____________ *District Board.*

Serial No. in Provident Fund Investment Account (P. F. 5).	Instalment of interest due.		Instalment of interest received.			Disposal of interest received.					No. and date of the voucher with which the amount in column 4 (e) is withdrawn from the District Fund for credit to the Provident Fund.	Date on which the amount is credited to the savings bank account.	No. and date of voucher with which the amount in column 4 (d) is withdrawn from the District Fund for credit to the P. F. Investment Depreciation Fund.	Date on which the amount is credited in the P. F. Investment Depreciation Fund.	Remarks.
	(a)	(b)	(a)	(b)	(c)	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)					
	Date.	Amount.	Date.	No. and date of chalan with which remitted to treasury for credit into the fund of the local body.	Amount.	At savings bank rate to be credited to the P. F. Account.	Difference between columns 3 (c) and 4 (a).	Half of column 4 (b) to be credited to the Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund subject to a maximum of 1% on the amount invested.	Difference, if any, between half of columns 4 (b) and 4 (c).	Half of column 4 (b) *plus* 4 (d) to be credited to Provident Fund Account.					
1	2		3			4					5(a)	5(b)	6(a)	6(b)	7
		Rs. A. P.			Rs. A. P.										

NOTE.—This form is to be used by the Boards which maintain Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund. Such Boards need not maintain Form P. F. 6.

Form P. F. 6-B. **Rule 12.**

Provident Fund Investments Depreciation Fund Account __________ District Board.

Date.	Balance at credit.	Amount credited to the Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund in the Post Office Savings Bank / Imperial Bank.		Interest earned on the Investment Depreciation Fund money in the Post Office Savings Bank or Imperial Bank.	Payments.		Balance 4—5 (b).	Remarks.
		Folio No. of Register P. F. 6(a).	Amount.		No. and date of the order of the Commissioner sanctioning withdrawal from the fund.	Amount.		
1	2	3(a)	3(b)	4	5(a)	5(b)	6	7
			Rs. A. P.			Rs. A. P.		

3. *Insert* the following new form *after* Form P. F. 7 :—

Form P. F. 8. **Rule 12.**

Register showing the amount available for payment of insurance premia of Provident Fund subscriber.

P. F. ACCOUNT No. __________

NAME __________

Date.	Provident Fund subscription available for insurance.			Advance paid.	Balance after each transaction	Remarks.*
	(a) Amount of deposit made by the subscriber since the last withdrawal for payment of insurance premium was made.	(b) Interest earned since the date of last withdrawal on subscriber's own deposits.	Total of columns 2(a), 2(b) and 4.			
1	2			3	4	5
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	

*The fact that the Insurance Policy has been assigned to the Board as well as the number of policy should be noted in the remarks column of the register.

No. 1466-L. G.—Bds.-40/18325.—The following amendments made by the District Board of **Sialkot** to its Provident Fund Rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 19-L. S.-G.-36/1416, dated the 15th January, 1936, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Sialkot**, on the 1st June, 1940 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. *Substitute* the following *for* clause (*e*) in rule 1 :—

"(*e*) "Servant" includes every employee of the board who holds a permanent post substantively under the board or is officiating in a permanent or a temporary post in the board but holds a permanent post in a substantive capacity under any other local body which maintains a provident fund, but does not include a Government servant employed by the board."

2. In rule 4, *substitute* the following proviso *for* the first proviso :—

"Provided that if the subscriber, who is required or permitted to subscribe to the provident fund, resigns within five years of the commencement of his service, except on account of illness or any other cause which the board may determine to be a sufficient cause, or has been dismissed from service of the board, the board may deduct from the sum standing to his credit in the provident fund, the whole or any part of the contributions made by it to his provident fund and the interest thereon."

3. In rule 9 (1) for the words "may, up to limit of the amount shown at credit of his account in column 5-A of the Provident Fund Ledger" shall be substituted the words "may up to the amount contributed by the subscriber including interest accrued thereon."

4. In rule 9 (4) the words "clause (*a*) or clause (*b*) of" shall be deleted.

5. In rule 11 between the words "sum" and "before" *insert* the words "but not exceeding in any case the total amount of its contributions credited to the account of the subscriber and interest accrued thereon."

6. *Substitute* the following new rule *for* the existing rule 12 :—

"12. The Board shall maintain—

General accounts to be maintained by the Board.

(1) a Provident Fund Account in Form P. F. 4,

(2) a Provident Fund Investments Account in Form P. F. 5,

(3) a Provident Fund Investments Interest Account in Form P. F. 6 or if a Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund is maintained a Provident Fund Investment Interest Account in Form P. F. 6-A and a Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund Account in Form P. F. 6-B, and

(4) an account in Form P. F. 8, showing the amount available for payment of insurance premia of the Provident Fund subscribers."

7. The sub-columns for annas and pies in column 6 of form P. F. 1 shall be deleted.

8. *Insert the following new forms after Form P. F. 5 :—*

Form P. F. 6-A. Rule 12.

Provident Fund Investments Interest Account ______ District Board.

Serial No. in Provident Fund Investment Account (P. F. 5).	INSTALMENT OF INTEREST DUE.		INSTALMENT OF INTEREST RECEIVED.			DISPOSAL OF INTEREST RECEIVED.					No. and date of the voucher with which the amount in column 4 (e) is withdrawn from the District Fund for credit to the Provident Fund.	Date on which the amount is credited to the savings bank account.	No. and date of voucher with which the amount in column 4 (c) is withdrawn from the District Fund for credit to the P. F. Investment Depreciation Fund.	Date on which the amount is credited in the P.F. Investment Depreciation Fund.	REMARKS.
	(a)	(b)	(a)	(b)	(c)	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)					
	Date.	Amount.	Date.	No. and date of chalan with which remitted to treasury for credit into the fund of the local body.	Amount.	At savings bank rate to be credited to the P. F. Account.	Difference between columns 3 (c) and 4 (a).	Half of column 4 (b) to be credited to the Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund subject to a maximum of 1% on the amount invested.	Difference, if any, between half of columns 4 (b) and 4 (c).	Half of column 4 (b) plus 4 (d) to be credited to Provident Fund Account.					
1	2		3			4					5(a)	5(b)	6 (a)	6(b)	7
		Rs. A. P.			Rs. A. P.										

Note.—This form is to be used by the Boards which maintain Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund Such Boards need not maintain Form P. F. 6.

Form P. F. 6-B. Rule 12.

Provident Fund Investments Depreciation Fund Account ________ *District Board.*

Date.	Balance at credit.	Amount credited to the Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund in the Post Office Savings Bank / Imperial Bank.		Interest earned on the Investment Depreciation Fund money in the Post Office Savings Bank or Imperial Bank.	Payments.		Balance 4—5 (b).	Remarks.
		Folio No. of Register P. F. 6 (a).	Amount.		No. and date of the order of the Commissioner sanctioning withdrawal from the fund.	Amount.		
1	2	3 (a)	3 (b)	4	5 (a)	5 (b)	6	7
			Rs. A. P.			Rs. A. P.		

9. *Insert* the following new form *after* Form P. F. 7 :—

Form P. F. 8. Rule 12

Register showing the amount available for payment of insurance premia of Provident Fund subscriber.

P. F. ACCOUNT No. ____________

NAME ____________

Date.	Provident Fund subscription available for insurance.			Advance paid.	Balance after each transaction.	Remarks.*
	(a) Amount of deposit made by the subscriber since the last withdrawal for payment of insurance premium was made.	(b) Interest earned since the date of last withdrawal on subscriber's own deposits.	Total of columns 2 (a), 2 (b) and 4.			
1	2			3	4	5
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	

*The fact that the insurance policy has been assigned to the Board as well as the number of policy should be noted in the remarks column of the register.

No. 1444-L.G.-40/18329.—In exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (2) of section 15 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to appoint Lala Brij Lal, son of Rai Bahadur Lala Girdhari Lal, Rais, Jhang, to be a member of the District Board of **Jhang**, *vice* Chaudhri Khan Chand, deceased.

Committees.

The 13th April, 1940.

No. 1053-A. L.G.-Bds.-40/17986.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (10) of section 62 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that with the previous sanction of the Governor of the Punjab, the Administrator of the Municipality of **Lahore** has, with effect from the 1st October, 1940, imposed the tax described in the schedule below :—

SCHEDULE.

Description of tax.	Tax per quarter.
	Rs. A. P.
Tax on riding horses and ponies ..	0 8 0 each.

Provided that the following shall be exempted from the tax :—

(1) horses which any person is bound by the regulations of the public service to which he belongs to keep ;

(2) any horse belonging to His Majesty or to the Municipality ;

(3) any horse exempt from Municipal taxation under section 16 of the Indian Territorial Force Act, 1920 or section 34 of of the Indian Auxiliary Force Act, 1920.

No. 1551-C.-40/17995.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Rai Kot,** in the Ludhiana district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Rai Kot,** on the 3rd day of June, 1940, from which date Punjab Government notification No. 371, dated the 3rd June, 1899, so far as it relates to slaughter-house by-laws shall be deemed to be cancelled :—

BY-LAWS.

1. (*i*) " Slaughter-house " means the slaughter-house owned and managed by the Municipal Committee.

(*ii*) " Superintendent " means the officer in charge of the slaughter-house.

2. (*i*) The slaughter-house will be open for the slaughter of animals during such hours as the Committee may from time to time direct.

(*ii*) No animal shall be slaughtered at any other time, provided that in special circumstances the Superintendent may allow the slaughter of any animal at any other time. In all such cases the previous written permission of the Superintendent shall be obtained.

3. The Committee shall fix at a conspicuous place in the slaughter-house, a notice showing—

(*i*) the hours of the working of the slaughter-house, and

(*ii*) any other directions that the Committee or the Superintendent may see fit to issue.

4. Every animal for slaughter shall on being brought to the slaughter-house, be presented for inspection to the Superintendent who before passing any animal for slaughter shall satisfy himself that –

(*i*) it is more than six months old,

(*ii*) its flesh will be fit for use as human food,

(*iii*) it is not pregnant or with unweaned young,

(*iv*) in the case of milch buffaloes or cows they are dry,

(*v*) it is not diseased or in a dying condition :

provided that an animal which has met with an accident and is otherwise healthy may be passed for slaughter.

5. The Superintendent shall maintain a register in which he shall enter a brief description of each animal approved for slaughter.

6. No fees for the slaughter of animals shall be charged.

7. (1) No person shall knowingly bring into any part of the slaughter-house—

(*i*) a diseased or unsound animal,

(*ii*) an animal which is less than six months old,

(*iii*) an animal which is pregnant or with unweaned young,

(*iv*) any buffalo or cow during the period of lactation,

(*v*) any carcass,

(*vi*) any dog, or

(*vii*) any animal not meant for slaughter or for the slaughter of which the slaughter-house is not provided.

(2) Any animal brought in contravention of this by-law shall be summarily removed under the direction of the Superintendent.

8. (1) Animals approved for slaughter by the Superintendent, shall be branded/marked with a distinctive mark on ears, hooves or horns and admitted in to the waiting-yard of the slaughter-house.

(2) All animals when approved shall be kept in the waiting-yard until the owners or persons in charge receive permission to bring them into the slaughter-yard.

(3) The owner of the animal shall remain responsible for its security while it is in the waiting-yard.

9. Animals rejected as unfit for slaughter shall be removed forthwith from the premises of the slaughter-house :

Provided that animals found to be affected by any infectious or contagious disease or which may reasonably be suspected of being so affected shall, if the Superintendent so directs be forthwith apprehended and removed to the Veterinary Hospital or such other place as the Committee may provide for the purpose.

10. Each animal shall be slaughtered immediately over the drain and no blood shall be allowed to flow upon the floor.

11. (*i*) Slaughtered animals shall be disembowelled as soon as possible after slaughter.

(*ii*) The contents of the stomachs and bowels shall not be washed into the drain or allowed to drop on the floor, but shall be emptied into bukets or receptacles provided for the purpose by the Municipal Committee.

12. No person shall rub or cause to be rubbed the inner sides of skins upon the ground within any portion of the slaughter-house or in the neighbourhood of the slaughter-house premises.

13. (*i*) All carcasses shall, after skinning and cleaning, be presented to the Superintendent for inspection.

(*ii*) Carcasses which have been passed by the Superintendent as fit for human consumption shall, if necessary, be branded or stamped so as to define their quality.

(*iii*) No. person shall remove any carcass from the slaughter-house premises until it has been duly passed by the Superintendent.

(*iv*) The Superintendent shall cause any carcass or meat which is, or in his opinion unfit for human consumption, to be buried or destroyed.

14. No person shall remove entrails and offals from the slaughter-house until they have been properly washed and cleaned.

15. No person shall blow or stuff any meat within the slaughter-house premises and the Superintendent may cause to be buried or destroyed any meat found to be blown or stuffed.

16. Any carcass or meat ordered to be destroyed in accordance with the provisions of by-law 13 or 15 shall be so treated as to render its use for human food impossible.

17. No meat shall be sold on the premises of the slaughter-house.

18. No person shall remove or cause to be removed from the premises of the slaughter-house any carcass or meat axcept in a clean receptacle and covered in such manner as to be screened from public view and adequately protected against flies and dust

19. The Superintendent shall by general or special order direct the disposition of all skins, heads, horns and feet of slaughtered animals and all carcasses or meat found left in the slaughter-house after the hour fixed for closing the slaughter-house.

20. (*i*) No person affected with leprosy, sores or any other skin disease or any contagious or infectious disease shall enter the slaughter-house premises.

(*ii*) No person, other than the municipal staff on duty and licensed butcher and their assistants or *bona fide* servants, shall enter the slaughter-house premises during the process of slaughtering or skinning and cutting up of carcass.

(*iii*) No person shall create any disturbance in the slaughter-house premises.

Any person transgressing the provisions of this by-law may be removed summarily under the direction of the Superintendent.

21. Any person who commits a breach of any of the by-laws 2, 4, 7 to 18 and 20 shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be liable to fine which may amount to fifty rupees.

No. 1420-C.-40/18007.—Punjab Government notification No. 3557-C., 39/27583, dated the 23rd August, 1939, publishing a proposal to revise the boundaries of the **Banga** Municipality is hereby cancelled.

No. 1247-L. G.—Bds.-40/18014.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (10) of section 62 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that with the previous sanction of the Governor of the Punjab the Municipal Committee of **Murree** in the Rawalpindi district has, with effect from 20th July, 1940, imposed the following tax namely :—

A toll at the rate of four annas per wheel per trip on all motor vehicles, which are permitted to use the Kuldana-Murree-Jhickagali and Mall Roads.

Provided that if the toll is paid in respect of a vehicle five times between the first day of April in any one year and the thirty-first day of March in the next following year, the vehicle shall thereafter be exempt from further payment of the toll during that period.

The 16th April, 1940.

No. 493-C.—40/18301.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5688-C.-39/5949, dated the 7th February, 1940 and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendments to the Municipal Account Code —

AMENDMENTS.

(1) In form O·24 *delete* the entry "weight" and *add* the following two entries :—

" Weight of packing material "

" Net weight of goods".

(2) Columns 7 and 12 of form O·25 shall be sub-divided into the following two sub-columns :—

" Weight of packing material "

" Net weight of goods ".

No. 1340-C.-40/18305.—The following draft of an amendment which the Governor of the Punjab proposes to make, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, to the rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 15259, dated the 13th August, 1918, for the Municipality of **Kunjah**, in the Gujrat district, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the first day of June, 1940, together with any objections or suggestions relating thereto which may be received from any person in respect to the draft before that date :—

DRAFT AMENDMENT.

For the existing schedule of ndaries the following new schedule shall be substituted :—

ard No. I.

North.—From a point in the centre of the Mangowal-Kunjah Road, eastwards, along the middle of this Road to its junction with the Isa street, thence north-eastwards along the middle of Isa street to its junction with the new Bazar, thence eastwards and southwards along the middle of the said bazar to its junction with the Circular Road, thence south-eastwards along the middle of Circular Road to its junction with the Diwanan street, thence north-eastwards along the middle of Diwanan street to its junction with the Malkan street, thence northwards and eastwards along the middle of Malkan street to its junction with the Ghore Pir street, thence northwards along the middle of Ghore Pir street to its junction with the main bazar, thence eastwards along the middle of the main bazar to its junction with the Circular Road, thence north-eastwards along the middle of the Circular Road to its junction with the Kunjah-Chuknanwali Road, thence eastwards along the middle of Kunjah-Chuknanwali Road to the point where it meets the 14-R Kharif Distributary ;

East.—thence south-westwards along the western boundary line of 14-R Kharif Distributary to the point where it crosses the Kunjah-Shadiwal Road ;

South.—thence westwards along the northern boundary line of 14-R Kharif Distributary to its junction with the Jabboke-Kunjah Road ;

West.—thence northwards along the western boundary of Jabboke-Kunjah Road to the south-east corner of field No. 3560, thence westwards in a straight line to the north-west corner of field No. 3592, thence north-westwards in a straight line to the south-west corner of field No. 3180, and thence northwards in a straight line to the point of start.

Ward No. II.

North.—From the point where the Circular Road meets the western end of the main bazar, eastwards along the middle of the main bazar to the point where it meets the Ghore Pir street ;

East.—thence south-westwards along the northern boundary of ward No. I to the point where it meets the Circular Road

South.—thence north-westwards along the northern boundary of ward No. I and along the middle of Circular Road, new bazar and Isa street to the point where Isa street meets Circular Road ; and

West.—thence northwards along the middle of Circular Road to the point of start.

Ward No. III.

North.—From the point where the western municipal boundary meets the Kunjah-Dinga Road, south-eastwards along the middle of Kunjah-Dinga Road to its junction with the link Road, thence eastwards along the middle of the link Road to its junction with the Circular Road, thence northwards and eastwards along the middle of the Circular Road to its junction with the Mochian street ;

East.—thence southwards along the middle of the Mochian street to its junction with the Shah Natha Wali street, thence westwards along the middle

of Shah Natha Wali street to its junction with the Billian street, thence southwards along the middle of the Billian street to its junction with Chaudhrian street, thence south-eastwards along the middle of Chaudhrian street to its junction with the main bazar, thence westwards along the middle of the main bazar to its western end adjoining the Circular Road, thence southwards along the middle of the Circular Road to its junction with the Mangowal-Kunjah Road;

South.—thence westwards along the middle of Mangowal-Kunjah Road to its junction with the western municipal boundary; and

West.—thence northwards along the western municipal boundary to the point of start.

Ward No. IV.

North.—From the north-east corner of field No. 1149 adjoining the northern municipal boundary eastwards along the said boundary to its junction with 14-R Kharif Distributary;

East.—thence southwards along the western boundary of 14-R Kharif Distributary (which is the eastern municipal boundary) to the point where it meets the Kunjah-Chuknanwali Road;

South.—thence westwards along the northern boundary of ward No. I to the point where the Ghore Pir street meets the main bazar, thence onwards along the middle of the main bazar to the point where it meets the Purian street;

West.—thence northwards along the middle of Purian street to the point where it meets the Qila street, thence eastwards along the middle of Qila street to the point where it meets the Masum Ali street, thence northwards along the middle of Masum Ali street to the point where it meets the Circular Road, thence westwards along the middle of the Circular Road to the point where it meets the Pir Phulla Road, thence north-eastwards along the middle of Pir Phulla Road to its northern end and thence north-westwards in a straight line to the point of start.

Ward No. V.

North.—From the point where the Shah Natha Wali street meets the Billjan street eastwards along the middle of Shah Natha Wali street to its junction with the Loharan street, thence southwards along the middle of Loharan street to its southern end, thence eastwards along the back of the houses on the southern end of Loharan street to the point where it meets the Qila street, thence eastwards along the middle of Qila street to its junction with Purian street;

East.—thence southwards along the middle of Purian street to its junction with the main bazar;

South.—thence westwards along the middle of main bazar to its junction with the Chaudhrian street;

West.—thence north-westwards along the middle of Chaudhrian street to its junction with the Billian street and thence northwards along the middle of Billian street to the point of start;

Ward No. VI.

North.—From the north-west corner of field No. 907 eastwards along the northern municipal boundary to the point where it meets the north-east corner of field No. 1149;

East.—thence southwards along the western boundary of ward No. IV to the point where it meets the Qila street;

South.—thence westwards along the middle of the Qila street to the point where it meets the northern boundary of ward No. V, thence onwards along the northern boundary of ward No. V to the point where it meets the Mochian street, thence northwards along the middle of Mochian street to its junction with the Circular Road, thence westwards and southwards along the middle of Circular Road to its junction with the Link Road, thence westwards along the northern boundary of ward No. III to the point where it meets the western municipal boundary; and

West.—thence northwards along the western municipal boundary to the point of start.

No. 1602-C.-40/18308.—The following amendment made by the Municipal Committee of **Pind Dadan Khan,** in the Jhelum district, of its by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 28867, dated the 23rd September, 1931, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Pind Dadan Khan,** on the 3rd day of June, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

For the first sentence of by-law 4 the following shall be substituted :—

"4. Subject to the provisions of by-law 2, licences for premises to be used for the sale of ghi shall be issued free of charge and those for the sale of banaspatine or charbini or for the sale of sweetmeats, cakes or other articles of food prepared with banaspatine or charbini, shall be issued on payment of a fee of Rs. 50 per annum or if the licence is not taken for the whole year at the rate of Rs. 5 per mensem by the Secretary of the Committee on the application of the owner or occupier of such premises in form A and shall be granted on the following conditions."

No. 453-C.-40/18357.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 453-C.-40/6110, dated the 7th February, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendment to the Municipal Account Code, 1930 :—

AMENDMENT.

In sub-rule (1) of Rule V·15 for the words "if no peon is available" shall be substituted the words "if no peon can be sent"

Small Towns.

The 16th April, 1940.

No. 1110-L.G.--Bds.-40/18318.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (5) of section 29 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Town Committee of **Hidayatpur Chhaoni** in the Gurgaon district, has, with the previous sanction of the Governor of the Punjab, imposed a tax of the nature of a toll at the rates mentioned in column 3 of the schedule below, on animals and vehicles mentioned in column 2 thereof, entering the limits of the Small Town. The tax shall come into force with effect from the 20th day of May, 1940.

2. Punjab Government notification No. 26, dated the 19th of January, 1899, is hereby cancelled :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Description of animals and vehicles.	Rate of tax.
1	On each cart drawn by two bullocks or buffaloes	Six pies.
2	On each extra bullock or buffalo attached to a cart	Three pies.
3	On every buffalo or bullock used as a beast of burden	Three pies.
4	On each donkey, horse, pony or mule (donkeys with *uplas* exempted) ..	Three pies.
5	On each camel cart	Six pies.
6	On each camel	Three pies.
7	On goats and sheep	Three pies per 5 heads or less than 5.

Note.—The above tax shall not be levied on animals and vehicles belonging to the residents of the town

Notified Areas.

The 12th April, 1940.

No. 1429-C.-40/17759.—The following by-laws made by the Notified Area Committee of Mandi Khalra in the Lahore district in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188, 189, 190 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the Notified Area of Mandi Khalra on the 27th day of May, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. (1) Every person intending to erect or re-erect any building shall give notice of such intention in writing to the secretary of the Notified Area Committee in from A appended to these by-laws and shall at the same time submit—

(*a*) a site plan of the land on which it is intended to erect or re-erect the building ;

(*b*) a plan of the building which it is proposed to erect or re-erect ; and

(*c*) the specifications detailed in form B appended to these by-laws.

(2) Copies of forms A and B may be obtained on payment of one anna for each form at the Notified Area's Office.

(3) In the case of an encroachment or structure proposed to be constructed on a site adjacent to a public street under the control or management of the Public Works Department of Government or of any local authority the applicant shall submit the plans and specifications referred to above in triplicate and one complete set of the plans shall, immediately on presentation, be forwarded by the Committee to the Executive Engineer or to the other local body concerned for information.

2. The site plan shall be drawn to a scale of not less than one eighth of an inch to the foot, shall be submitted in duplicate, and shall show—

(*a*) the direction of the north point ;

(*b*) the boundaries of the site ;

(*c*) the position of the site in relation to neighbouring streets and the level of the site in relation to the streets, if any, on which it abuts ;

(*d*) the position of the proposed building in relation to—

(*i*) the boundaries of the site ; and

(*ii*) all buildings and premises within fifty feet of the boundaries of the site ;

(*e*) the names, if any, and width of all streets on which the site abuts ;

(*f*) the scale to which the plan is drawn.

3. The building plan shall be drawn to a scale of not less than one-eighth of an inch to the foot. Shall be submitted in duplicate, and shall show—

(*a*) the plan of the ground floor and of every additional floor ;

(*b*) the position and dimensions of all projections beyond the main walls of the building ;

(*c*) the position of all proposed drains, privies, latrines, urinals and cesspols ;

(*d*) the level and width of the foundations and the level of the lowest floor with reference to the level of the centre of the street on which the front of the proposed building is to abut ;

(*e*) the scale to which the plan is drawn ;

provided that if the person giving notice satisfies the committee that the proposed building will not cost more than five hundred rupees a rough sketch giving the particulars required in by-laws 2 and 3 shall be sufficient.

4. No application for the erection or re-erection of a building shall be considered by the committee until it is certified by the Engineer of the Notified Area or the Secretary if there is no Engineer of the Notified Area that the plan submitted with the application is in accordance with the provisions of these by-laws.

5. All plans and specifications referred to in the preceding by-laws shall be signed by the applicant or his agent.

6. The orders of the committee shall be communicated in writing to the applicant or his agent and shall also be endorsed on one set of the plans which may be delivered to the applicant or left at his usual place of business or abode with an adult male member or servant of his family, or, if it cannot be so delivered, it may be sent to him by registered post to the address stated on the application form.

7. The committee may require any person who has submitted an application to erect or re-erect any building to submit, in addition to the plans and specifications required by by-law 1, elevations and sections of the proposed building, together with full specifications as to the materials and methods of construction to be used for external walls, party-walls, foundations, roofs, ceilings, floors, staircases, fireplaces and chimneys.

8. No building shall be roofed with straw or other easily inflammable material.

9. No fireplace to be used as such shall be constructed unless the floor beneath it and around it for a width of three feet has been rendered fireproof by being covered with earthen-ware tiles or concrete or some other fireproof substance.

10. Every fireplace shall before use as such be provided with a chimney with an iron brick or stone-flue to afford free means of exit for smoke.

11. No flue shall be so constructed as to pass through or be within one foot of any wall or structure made of inflammable material, except at its point of exit, at which it must be rendered safe by a casing of non-inflammable material at least one foot thick.

12. In no building shall any open sewer or drain pass through any room used or, intended to be used as a living or sleeping room.

13. No drain shall be constructed within the thickness of any wall of any building.

14. All stack pipes for the disposal of roof-drainage shall be of cast iron and no projecting spouts shall be allowed.

15. No building shall be built upon newly filled earth till it has had ample time to settle and only then with the special permission of the committee in writing.

16. Masonry latrines and privies which are not water-borne shall be so constructed that all solids fall directly into a movable receptacle of metal or pottery fitting close beneath the seat.

17. No person shall install water flushed latrines in his house unless the house drains are connected with a municipal sewer or unless arrangements are made to purify the sewage in a properly constructed septic tank of a suitable size and to discharge the effluent into a municipal sewer or into a sullage drain certified by the Medical Officer of Health to be capable of carrying off the effluent without danger to the health of the public. Such installations shall be constructed under the supervision of a Sanitary Engineer and shall be approved by the Medical Officer of Health before they are taken into use.

18. A drain shall be provided for every latrine, privy, urinal, bathroom and cooking place. Such drain shall be constructed of glazed pipes, or other impervious material and shall connect the floor of the latrine, privy, urinal, bathroom or cooking-place with—

(a) a municipal masonry drain; or

(b) a private cesspool constructed as hereinafter prescribed.

19. The floor of evry latrine, privy and urinal:—

(a) shall be of masonry, or of tiles, or of cement,

(b) shall be in every part at a height of not less than three inches above the level of the surface of the ground adjoining the latrine, privy or urinal; and

(c) shall slope to the drain in such a way that liquid will flow off quickly.

20. In every urinal the walls to a height of three feet above the floor, and in every latrine and privy both the seat and the walls to a height of three feet above the floor, shall be of metal or masonry, provided that in the case of a water-closet of European type the seat may be of wood.

21. Every latrine, privy or urinal shall be provided with adequate ventilation which, in the case of a latrine, privy or urinal situated in or near a building, shall be effected by an opening not less than one foot square in area in one of the walls, as near the top of the walls, as may be practicable, and communicating directly with the open air.

22. Every latrine or privy shall be so constructed that—

(a) there shall be adequate access thereto for the purpose of cleansing ;

(b) when the outer door thereof is open, the seats shall not be visible from the street or other public place.

23. No privy other than a water-closet of Europeen type shall be placed on any upper floor of a building unless movable receptacles are provided.

24. No person shall construct a private cesspool—

(a) unless there is no municipal drain within one hundred feet of the premises for which it is required ;

(b) except within the boundaries of private land ;

(c) except a cesspool of masonry with a cast iron movable covering ;

(d) unless adequate access is provided thereto for the purpose of cleansing it ; and

(e) within one hundred feet of any inhabited building.

25. No dwelling-house of not more than two storeys including the ground-floor, shall have an interior yard of a superficial area of less than two hundred and twenty-five square feet, and no dwelling-house of more than two storeys, including the ground-floor shall have an interior yard of a superficial area of less than four hundred square feet.

26. (1) Every interior yard must be raised at least one foot above the level of the nearest street so as to admit of easy drainage into such street.

(2) Every interior yard shall be open to the sky throughout its entire area and shall be kept accessible for the purpose of cleansing, and no structure except open fencing for protection against monkeys shall be erected within or above or so as to project over the yard.

27. No structure shall be supported by wooden posts, masonry pillars, or any other structure placed on a public street.

28. No room intended for human habitation shall have a floor area of less than sixty-four square feet.

29. The ventilation of every r o shall be through doors, windows and other apertures.

30. No person shall construct any building of more than five storeys, including the ground-floor and no person shall construct any building of more than two such storeys unless the outer walls of such building are made of brick, stone or re-inforced concrete.

31. (1) In the case of buildings of more than one storey, including the ground-floor the height of each storey shall be not less than—

twelve feet in the case of the ground-floor ;

eleven feet in the case of the first storey ;

ten feet in the case of the second storey ;

ten feet in the case of the third storey ;

ten feet in the case of fourth storey.

(2) Any horizontal division of a building so constructed as to be capable of use as a living or sleeping room shall be considered to be a storey for the purpose of this by-law and of by-law 28 even though such division does not extend over the whole depth or width of such building.

(3) For the purpose of this by-law this height of storeys shall be reckoned as follows :—

(a) in the case of single-storeyed buildings and of the upper most storey of buildings of more than one storey, from the level of the upper surface of the floor at any point along the walls within the building to the level of the under-side of the tie-beam, or if there be no tie-beam, to the meeting point of the outside walls and roof ;

(b) in the case of any storey, except the uppermost storey of buildings of more than one storey, from the level of the upper surface of the floor to the level of the upper side of the beams or joists on which the floor above rests, or, if the floor above is ceiled to the level of the under side of the ceiling.

32. All beams, joists, floors, roofs and walls shall be of sufficient strength to ensure stability and in case of doubt the committee may call for further information on these points.

33. No person shall construct any building abutting on any street—

(a) of a greater height than twelve feet if such street is less than eight feet wide ;

(b) of a greater height than twenty three feet if such street is less than twenty feet, but not less than eight feet wide ;

(c) of a greater height than thirty-three feet if such street is less than thirty feet, but not less than twenty feet wide ;

(d) of a greater height than one and-a-half times the width of the street on any other street ;

provided that—

(a) if a building is to abut on more than one street the width of the wider street shall regulate the height of the building ;

(b) the committee may permit chimneys, minarets of mosques, towers of churches, temples and similar structures to be erected to a height in excess of the maximum height otherwise permissible under this by-law ; and

(c) the committee may permit the erection on the rear half of a building of covers for roof stair-cases, hot-weather sleeping rooms and sun shelters (*mamtis*, *barsatis*, *saibans*, etc.) to a height in excess of the maximum height otherwise permissible.

34. No person shall construct any staircase of a width of less than three feet or with steps having a rise of more than nine inches or a breadth of less than ten inches measured from the vertical face of the rise.

35. Any person who commits a breach or an abetment of a breach of any of these by-laws shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees and when the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

Form A.

From

____

____

To

The SECRETARY,

Notified Area Committee, Mandi Khalra.

I hereby give notice, under subsection (2) of section 189 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, that I intended to erect/re-erect a building as specified in form B attached, situated in (here insert street ward, etc.) attach—

(a) the plans in duplicate required by the committee's by-laws ;

(b) a specification of the proposed building.

Signature________________

Dated________________

(Reverse to be filled in in the municipal's office.)

Serial number of application________________

Name of applicant________________

Site of building (name of street, quarter, etc.)________________

Abstract of application________________

Received by Secretary on (date)________________

(Initials of secretary.)

Date by which the orders of the committee must be passed [*under section 193 (4)*]________________ (to be filled in red ink).

Forwarded to________________ for report.

Date________________

(Initials of forwarding officer.)

Returned to secretary on (date)____________________

(Initials of forwarding officer.)

Submitted to committee on (date)____________________

(Initials of secretary.)

Abstract of orders of the committee____________________

Date____________________

(Initials of secretary.)

Form B.

(SPECIFICATION OF PROPOSED BUILDING.)

In the case of the erection / re-erection of an entire house or considerable portion of a house—

(a) in case of re-erection of a house, the house number, if any, of the house to be re-erected__________

(b) the purpose for which it is intended to use the building__________

(c) the material to be used in construction of the walls__________

(d) the number of storeys of which the building will consist__________

(e) the position and dimensions of all doors, windows and ventilation openings__________

(f) the approximate number of inhabitants proposed to be accommodated__________

(g) the number of latrines to be provided__________

(h) whether the site has been built upon before or not, if so, the date when the previous building ceased to be fit for occupation__________

2. In the case of minor alterations or additions—

(a) a description of the alteration or addition proposed__________

(b) the material to be used for such alteration or addition__________

Date__________ Signature__________

The 16th April, 1940.

No. 1471-L. G.-Bds.-40/18332.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (f) of subsection (1) of section 242 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to extend section 33 of the said Act to the Notified Area of **Wasawewala** in the Montgomery district, and to declare that the provisions of the said section shall come into force from the date of publication of this notification.

Medical.

The 17th April, 1940.

No. 1963-M.-40/18500.—The following bylaws made by the Municipal Committee of **Karnal** in the Karnal district, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 17 of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information and shall come into force within the limits of the Municipality of **Karnal**, six weeks after the date of the publication of this notification :—

BY-LAWS.

1. No person whose name has not been registered in accordance with the provisions of section 14 of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932, shall practise as nurse, health visitor, midwife, nurse dai, trained dai, or dai, within the area subject to the authority of the Municipal Committee, Karnal.

2. Any person practising in contravention of bylaw 1 or any person committing or abetting the commitment of a breach of bylaw 1 shall be liable on conviction by a Magistrate of the first class, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 for the first offence or to a fine not exceeding Rs. 250 for a second or a subsequent offence.

Public Health.

The 16th April, 1940.

No. 770-M.-40/18353.—Whereas in Punjab Government notification No. 770-M.-40/7347, dated the 14th February, 1940, the Governor of the Punjab declared his intention of extending the provisions of Vaccination Act, 1880, as amended by the Punjab Vaccination Law Amendment Acts,

1925 and 1929, to the Notified Area Committee of **Kamoki Mandi** in the Gujranwala district, and whereas no objection to such extension has been received, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to extend the said Act to the said Notified Area with effect from the date of publication of this notification.

No. 1858-M.-40/18361. In exercise of the powers conferred by section 1 of the Punjab Pure Food Act, 1929, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to extend to the town of **Kot Adu**, in the Muzaffargarh district, with effect from the date of publication of this notification, the provisions of sections 3 to 22 of the said Act, in respect of all articles of food and drink.

No. 1858-M.-40/18364.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Pure Food Act, 1929, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to appoint the Chemist of the Public Health Department to be a Public Analyst for the Town of **Kot Adu** in the **Muzaffargarh** district, in respect of all articles of food and drink.

The 17th April, 1940.

No. 1960-M.-40/18493.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 1 of the Punjab Pure Food Act, 1929, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to extend to the Municipality of **Dajal,** in the Dera Ghazi Khan district, with effect from the date of publication of this notification, the provisions of sections 3 to 22 of the said Act, in respect of all articles of food and drink.

No. 1660-M.-40/18496.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Pure Food Act, 1929, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to appoint the Chemist of the Public Health Department to be a Public Analyst for the Municipality of **Dajal,** in the Dera Ghazi Khan district, in respect of all articles of food and drink.

RAM CHANDRA,

Secretary to Government, Punjab,

Medical and Local Government Departments.

99 CS—1149—19-4-40—SGPP Lahore.

Registered No. L. 864.

The Government Gazette, Punjab.

Published by Authority.

No. 17. LAHORE, FRIDAY, APRIL 26, 1940.

PART I–A.

Punjab Government Notifications and Orders.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Boards

The 19th April, 1940.

No. 1490-L. G.—Bds.-40/18780.—The following amendments made by the District Board of **Multan** to its Provident Fund Rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 1183, dated the 11th January, 1932, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab are published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Multan**, on the 10th June, 1940 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. In rule 9 (1) for the words " may, up to limit of the amount shown at credit of his account in column 5-A of the Provident Fund Ledger," shall be substituted the words " may up to the amount contributed by the subscriber including interest accrued thereon."

2. In rule 9 (4) the words " clause (*a*) or clause (*b*) of " shall be deleted.

The 20th April, 1940.

No. 1594-L. G.—40/19036.—*Corrigendum.*—In Punjab Government notification No. 250-L. G.—40/4811, dated the 31st January, 1940, *for* ' Rs. 98 ' where it occurs for the second time *read* ' Rs. 88 '.

The 23rd April, 1940.

No. 1463-L.G.-40/19481.—The following amendments made by the District Board of **Mianwali**, to its Provident Fund Rules, published with Punjab Government notification No. 37406, dated the 11th December, 1931, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Mianwali**, on the 10th June, 1940 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. *After* rule 8 the following note shall be inserted :—

"NOTE.—In the case of a board's employee governed by the Civil Service Regulations or the Revised Leave Rules, 1936, the term "leave on average pay" occurring in sub-rule (2) means the privilege leave on full salary or the earned leave as the case may be."

2. In rule 9 (1) for the words "may, up to limit of the amount shown at credit of his account in column 5-A of the Provident Fund Ledger," shall be substituted the words "may up to the amount contributed by the subscriber including interest accrued thereon."

3. In rule 9 (4) the words "clause (*a*) or clause (*b*) of" shall be deleted.

4. The sub-columns for annas and pies in column 6 of Form P. F. 1 shall be deleted.

No. 1614-L. G.-40/19486.—The following amendments made by the District Board of **Gurgaon** to its Provident Fund Rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 14691, dated the 28th April, 1932, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Gurgaon**, on the 10th June, 1940 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. In rule 4, *substitute* the following proviso *for* the first proviso :—

"Provided that if the subscriber, who is required or permitted to subscribe to the provident fund, resigns within five years of the commencement of his service, except on account of illness or any other cause which the board may determine to be a sufficient cause, or has been dismissed from service of the board, the board may deduct from the sum standing to his credit in the provident fund, the whole or any part of the contributions made by it to his provident fund and the interest thereon."

2. In rule 11 between the words "sum" and "before" *insert* the words "but not exceeding in any case the total amount of its contributions credited to the account of the subscriber and interest accrued thereon."

3. *Substitute* the following new rule *for* the existing rule 12 :—

"12. The Board shall maintain—

General accounts to be maintained by the Board.

(1) a Provident Fund Account in Form P. F. 4,

(2) a Provident Fund Investments Account in Form P. F. 5,

(3) a Provident Fund Investments Interest Account in Form P. F. 6 or if a Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund is maintained a Provident Fund Investment Interest Account in Form P. F. 6-A and a Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund Account in Form P. F. 6-B, and

(4) an account in Form P. F. 8, showing the amount available for payment of insurance premia of the Provident Fund subscribers."

4. *Insert* the following new forms *after* Form P. F. 6 :—

Form P. F. 6-A. Rule 12.

Provident Fund Investments Interest Account ________ District Board.

Serial No. in Provident Fund Investment Account (P. F. 5).	INSTALMENT OF INTEREST DUE.		INSTALMENT OF INTEREST RECEIVED.			DISPOSAL OF INTEREST RECEIVED.					No. and date of the voucher with which the amount in column 4 (*e*) is withdrawn from the District Fund for credit to the Provident Fund.	Date on which the amount is credited to the savings bank account.	No. and date of voucher with which the amount in column 4 (*c*) is withdrawn from the District Fund for credit to the P. F. Investment Depreciation Fund.	Date on which the amount is credited in the P.F. Investment Depreciation Fund.	REMARKS.
	(*a*)	(*b*)	(*a*)	(*b*)	(*c*)	(*a*)	(*b*)	(*c*)	(*d*)	(*e*)					
	Date.	Amount.	Date.	No. and date of chalan with which remitted to treasury for credit into the fund of the local body.	Amount.	At savings bank rate to be credited to the P. F. Account.	Difference between columns 3 (*c*) and 4 (*a*).	Half of column 4 (*b*) to be credited to the Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund subject to a maximum of 1% on the amount invested.	Difference, if any, between half of columns 4 (*b*) and 4 (*c*).	Half of column 4 (*b*) plus 4 (*d*) to be credited to Provident Fund Account.					
1	2		3			4					5(*a*)	5(*b*)	6 (*a*)	6(*b*)	7
		Rs. A. P.			Rs. A. P.										

Note.—This form is to be used by the Boards which maintain Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund. Such Boards need not maintain Form P. F. 6.

Form P. F. 6-B. Rule 12.

Provident Fund Investments Depreciation Fund Account ________ District Board.

Date.	Balance at credit.	Amount credited to the Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund in the Post Office Savings Bank / Imperial Bank. Folio No. of Register P. F. 6 (a).	Amount.	Interest earned on the Investment Depreciation Fund money in the Post Office Savings Bank or Imperial Bank.	Payments. No. and date of the order of the Commissioner sanctioning withdrawal from the fund.	Amount.	Balance 4—5 (b).	Remarks.
1	2	3 (a)	3 (b)	4	5 (a)	5 (b)	6	7
			Rs. A. P.			Rs. A. P.		

5. *Insert* the following new form *after* Form P. F. 7 :—

Form P. F. 8. Rule 12.

Register showing the amount available for payment of insurance premia of Provident Fund subscriber.

P. F. ACCOUNT No. ____________

NAME ____________

Date.	Provident Fund subscription available for insurance. (a) Amount of deposit made by the subscriber since the last withdrawal for payment of insurance premium was made.	(b) Interest earned since the date of last withdrawal on subscriber's own deposits.	Total of columns 2 (a), 2 (b) and 4.	Advance paid.	Balance after each transaction.	Remarks.*
1	2			3	4	5
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	

*The fact that the insurance policy has been assigned to the Board as well as the number of policy should be noted in the remarks column of the register.

No. 1648-L. G.—Bds.-40/19490.—The following amendments made by the District Board of **Amritsar** to its Provident Fund Rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 23607, dated the 13th June, 1932, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab are published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Amritsar**, on the 10th June, 1940 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. In rule 9 (1) *for* the words "may, up to limit of the amount shown at credit of his account in column 5-A of the Provident Fund Ledger," shall be substituted the words "may up to the amount contributed by the subscriber including interest accrued thereon."

2. In rule 9 (4) the words "clause (*a*) or clause (*b*) of" shall be deleted.

3. The sub-columns for annas and pies in column 6 of form P. F. 1 shall be deleted.

The 5th April, 1940.

No. 1810-L. G.—Bds.-40/19629.—Whereas it appears to the Governor of the Punjab that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of **Attock** for a public purpose, namely, for the construction of a bund, tank and percolation wells at Khunda, it is hereby notified that the land described in the specification below is likely to be acquired for the said purpose.

2. This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, to all whom it may concern, and, in exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to authorize the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

3. Any person interested in the land who has any objection to the acquisition may, within thirty days of the publication of this notification, file an objection in writing before the Collector of the Attock district :—

SPECIFICATION OF LAND.

District.	Tehsil.	Mauza	Area in acres.	Boundaries.
Attock ..	Pindigheb ..	Khunda ..	·7 Khasra Nos. 4135/1 and 4136/1.	*North.*—Public path (Khasra No. 4150). *East.*—Uncultivated land of Mst. Gulab Bano, widow of Oulya Khan and of Mst. Gahar Bano, mother, and Mst. Sultan Sadiq Begum, daughter of Fateh Khan. *South.*—Khasra No. 4149/1. *West.*—Khasra No. 4149/2 and uncultivated land of Mst. Gulab Bano, widow of Oulya Khan.

District.	Tehsil.	Mauza.	Area in acres.	Boundaries.
Attock—concld	Pindigheb—concld.	Khunda—concld.	2·95 Khasra Nos. 4148, 4147 and 4149/1.	*North.*—Khasra Nos. 4136/1 and 4149/2. *East.*—Khasra No. 4909/4146,4910/4146 and uncultivated land of Mst. Gahar Bano, mother, and Sultan Sadiq Begum, daughter of Fateh Khan and Malik Khaki Jan, Malik Mohammad Iqbal Khan, son of K.B. Malik Itbar Khan and Mohammad Khan, son of Faja Khan, of Piran. *South.*—Uncultivated land of Mst. Gahar Bano, mother, and Sultan Sadiq Begum, daughter of Fateh Khan, and Malik Khaki Jan, Malik Mohammad Iqbal, son of K. B. Malik Itbar Khan, and Mohammad Khan, son of Faja Khan, of Pirana; and khasra No. 4151/1. *West.*—Uncultivated land of Mst. Gahar Bano, mother, and Sultan Sadiq Begum, daughter of Fateh Khan, Malik Khaki Jan, and Mohammad Iqbal Khan, son of K. B. Malik Itbar Khan and Mohd. Khan, son of Faja Khan, of Pirana.

Committees.

The 19th April, 1940.

No. 1428-C.-40/18825.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Narowal**, in the Sialkot district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188, 189 and 190 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Narowal**, on the 10th day of June, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. (1) Every person intending to erect or re-erect any building shall give notice of such intention in writing to the Secretary of the Committee in Form A appended to these by-laws, and shall at the same time submit—

(*a*) a site plan of the land on which it is intended to erect or re-erect the building ;

(*b*) a plan of the building which it is proposed to erect or re-erect ; and

(*c*) the specifications detailed in Form B appended to these by-laws.

(2) Copies of forms A and B may be obtained free of charge at the municipal office.

(3) In the case of an encroachment or structure proposed to be constructed on a site adjacent to a public street under the control or management of the Public Works Department of Government or of any local authority the applicant shall submit the plans and specifications referred to above in triplicate and one complete set of the plans shall, immediately on presentation, be forwarded by the Committee to the Executive Engineer or the other local body concerned for information.

2. The site plan shall be drawn to a scale of not less than one-eighth of an inch to the foot, shall be submitted in duplicate on tracing cloth and shall show—

(*a*) the direction of the north point ;

(*b*) the boundaries of the site ;

(*c*) the position of the site in relation to the neighbouring streets and the level of the site in relation to the streets, if any, on which it abuts ;

(d) the position of the proposed building in relation to the boundaries of the site ;

(e) the names, if any, and width of all streets on which the site abuts.

3. The building plan shall be drawn to a scale of not less than one-eighth of an inch to the foot, shall be submitted in duplicate, and shall show—

(a) the plan of the ground floor and of every additional floor ;

(b) the position and dimensions of all projections beyond the main walls of the building ;

(c) the position of all proposed drains, privies, latrines, urinals and cesspools ;

(d) the level and width of the foundations, and the level of the lowest floor with reference to the level of the centre of the street on which the front of the proposed building is to abut.

4. The Committee may require any person who has submitted an application to erect or re-erect any building to submit, in addition to the plans and specifications required by by-law 1, elevations and sections of the proposed building.

5. No application for the erection or re-erection of a building shall be considered by the Committee until it is certified by the municipal works sub-committee, that the plan submitted with the application is in accordance with the provisions of these by-laws.

6. In no building shall any open sewer or drain pass through any room used or intended to be used as a living or sleeping room.

7. No drain shall be constructed within the thickness of any wall of any building.

8. A drain shall be provided for every latrine, privy, urinal, bathroom and cooking place. Such drain shall be constructed of cement pointed bricks or other impervious material and shall connect the floor of the latrine, privy, urinal, bathroom or cooking place with—

(a) a municipal masonry drain, or

(b) a private cesspool constructed as hereinafter prescribed.

9. Every latrine or privy shall be so constructed that—

(a) there shall be adequate access thereto for the purpose of cleansing ;

(b) when the outer door thereof is open, the seats shall not be visible from the street or other public place.

10. (1) No person shall install water-flushed latrines in his house unless the house-drains are connected with a municipal sewer or unless arrangements are made to purify the sewer in a properly constructed septic tank of a suitable size and to discharge the effluent into a municipal sewer or into a sullage drain certified by the Medical Officer of Health to be capable of carrying off the effluent without danger to the health of the public. Such installation shall be constructed under the supervision of a Sanitary Engineer and shall be approved by the Medical Officer of Health before they are taken into use.

(2) No person shall dispose of the effluent from a septic tank by surface irrigation or by sub-soil drainage or into open unlined cesspools.

11. No person shall construct a private cesspool—

(a) unless there is no municipal drain within one hundred feet of the premises for which it is required ;

(b) except within the boundaries of private land ;

(c) except a cesspool of masonry with a cast iron movable covering ;

(d) unless adequate access is provided thereto for the purpose of cleansing it ; and

(e) within one hundred feet of any inhabited building.

12. Every interior yard must be raised at least one foot above the level of the nearest street so as to admit of easy drainage into such street.

13. No person shall construct any building of more than five storeys including the ground floor and no person shall construct any building of more than two such storeys unless the outer walls of such building are made of brick, stone or re-inforced concrete.

14. No person shall construct any staircase of a width of less than three feet or with steps having a rise of more than nine inches or a breadth of less than ten inches measured from the vertical face of the rise.

Form A.

From

____

____

____

To

The Secretary,

Municipal Committee,

Narowal.

I hereby give notice under subsection (2) of section 189 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, that I intend to erect / re-erect a building as specified in Form B attached, situated in (here insert street, ward, etc).

I attach—

(a) the plans in duplicate required by the Committee's by-laws,

(b) a specification of the proposed building.

Signature________________

Date________________

(Reverse to be filled in in the Municipal Office.)

Serial number of application________________.

Name of applicant________________.

Site of building (name of street, quarter, etc.)________________.

Abstract of application________________

____

(date)

Received by the Secretary on ________________

(Initials of Secretary.)

Date by which orders of the Committee must be passed under section 193 (4)________________ (to be filled in in red ink).

Forwarded to________________ for report on________________(date.)

____

(Initials of forwarding officer.)

(Date.)

Forwarded to the Municipal Engineer for report on________________

____

(Initials of forwarding officer.)

Forwarded to Medical Officer of Health for report on (date)________________

____

(Initials of forwarding officer.)

Returned to Secretary on____________________

(Initials of forwarding officer.)

Submitted to ________________ sub-committee on ____________(date)____________

(Initials of Secretary).

Submitted to the Committee on____________________ (date.)

(Initials of Secretary.)

Abstract of order of the Committee____________________

(Initials of Secretary.)

Form B.

SPECIFICATION OF PROPOSED BUILDING.

1. In the case of the erection / re-erection of entire house or considerable portion of a house—

(a) in case of a re-erection of a house, the house number, if any, of the house to be re-erected ____________

(b) the purpose for which it is intended to use the building____________

(c) the materials to be used in the construction of the walls____________

(d) the number of storeys of which the building will consist____________

(e) the position and dimensions of all doors, windows and ventilation openings____________

(f) the number of latrines to be provided____________

(g) whether the site has been built upon before or not, if so, the date when the previous building ceased to be fit for occupation____________

2. In the case of minor alterations or additions :—

(a) a description of the alteration or addition proposed____________

(b) the material to be used for such alteration or addition____________

Signature____________

The 20th April, 1940.

No. 1623-C.-40/19039.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Khanna**, in the Ludhiana district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 197 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Khanna**, on the 10th day of June, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. In these by-laws—

(a) " Adulterated " when applied to banaspatine or charbini means mixed or diluted with any substance of lower commercial value than banaspatine or charbini, as the case may be.

(b) " Adulterated ghi " means ghi mixed or diluted with any substance other than banaspatine or charbini of lower commercial value than pure ghi.

(c) " Banaspatine " means any article of food, whether mixed with ghi or not, which resembles ghi but is derived from vegetable fat and contains no animal fat other than milk fat.

(d) " Charbini " means any article of food whether mixed with ghi or not which resembles ghi or banaspatine, but contains animal fat other than milk fat.

(e) " Ghi " means ghi obtained entirely from milk fat.

2. (i) No person shall sell ghi, either wholesale or retail, or import ghi for sale, either wholesale or retail, except under a licence granted by the Committee in this behalf.

(i) No person shall sell, wholesale or retail, banaspatine or charbini in premises not licensed by the Committee in this behalf.

(iii) No person shall sell sweetmeats, cakes or other food prepared with banaspatine or charbini in premises not licensed by the Committee in this behalf.

3. No premises licensed for the sale of ghi shall be licensed also for the sale of banaspatine or charbini or of sweetmeats, cakes or other food prepared with banaspatine or charbini.

4. Subject to the provisions of by-law 2, licences for premises to be used for the sale of ghi shall be issued on payment of a fee of annas 4 per annum or anna 1 per mensem, and licences for premises for the sale of banaspatine or charbini or for the sale of sweetmeats, cakes or other food prepared with banaspatine or charbini, shall be issued on payment of a fee of Rs. 50 per annum or Rs. 5 per month, if the licence is not taken for the whole year, by the Medical Officer of Health when the owner or occupier of such premises makes an application in Form A and shall be granted on the following conditions :—

(a) that the licensee shall not sell adulterated ghi, or adulterated banaspatine or charbini, or sweetmeats, cakes or other food prepared with adulterated ghi, banaspatine or charbini ;

(b) that the licensee shall not sell banaspatine or charbini or sweetmeats, cakes or other food prepared therewith, in premises which have been licensed for the sale of ghi, or *vice versa* ;

(c) that the licensee shall not sell any article under the name of ghi, or any equivalent term with or without the addition of any other word to such name unless such food is derived solely from milk fat ;

(d) that the licensee shall not sell any ghi or banaspatine or charbini, or use in the preparation of sweetmeats, cakes or other food, any ghi or banaspatine or charbini obtained from a place from which the import of ghi or of banaspatine, or charbini, as the case may be, has, under any general or special declaration notified to the licensee, been declared by the Medical Officer of Health to be dangerous to the public health ;

(e) that the licensee shall keep ghi, banaspatine or charbini exposed for sale in clean covered vessels ;

(f) that the licensee shall keep all sweetmeats, cakes and other food exposed for sale under such covers as will prevent the articles from being contaminated by flies or other insects ;

(g) that the licensee shall not keep any ghi, banaspatine or charbini intended for sale in any place used for cooking or sleeping purposes ;

(h) that the licensee shall display at the licensed premises a sign board containing a notice in English, Urdu, Hindi, or Gurmukhi characters indicating whether the premises are licensed for the sale of ghi, or for the sale of banaspatine and charbini, or for the sale of sweetmeats, cakes or other food prepared with banaspatine or charbini ;

(i) that the licensee shall display on every package or other vessel of banaspatine or charbini, exposed for sale by retail in such manner as to be clearly visible to the purchaser, a label measuring at least 4″×4″ marked banaspatine or charbini, as the case may be, in red letters on a white ground in Urdu, Hindi, Gurmukhi or English ;

(j) that the licensee shall display on every utensil on or in which sweetmeats, cakes or other articles of food prepared with banaspatine or charbini are exposed for sale by retail, a label measuring at least 4″×4″ setting forth in red letters on a white ground that the sweetmeats, cakes or other articles have been prepared with banaspatine or charbini as the case may be ;

(k) that the licensee shall at all reasonable times permit the Medical Officer of Health or any member or officer of the Committee authorised in this behalf to inspect the licensed premises without notice and take for examination samples of ghi or of banaspatine or charbini sold by him.

5. Licences to import ghi for sale shall be issued free of charge by the Medical Officer of Health to persons applying therefor and shall be granted subject to the following conditions :—

(a) that the licensee shall not import ghi from any place from which the import of ghi has under any general or special declaration notified to the licensee been declared by the Medical Officer of Health to be dangerous to the public health.

(b) that the licensee shall import ghi only in clean covered vessels ;

(c) that the licensee shall not import adulterated ghi into the municipality for sale.

6. Any person who commits a breach of any of these by-laws, or any licensee who commits a breach of any condition of the licence granted to him under these by-laws shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to Rs. 50, and if the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to Rs. 5 for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

Form A.

Application for a licence for the sale of ____________________

Name of Vendor ____________________

Father's name ____________________

Article for which the licence is required ____________________

Situation of the shop ____________________

Street or lane ____________________

Boundaries—

North....................................

East ....

South....................................

West ....

I have read the conditions on which the sale of ____________________ is allowed by the Municipal Committee of Khanna in the Municipal limits and undertake to abide by them.

Applicant's signature ____________________

Dated ____________________ Address ____________________

The 23rd April, 1940.

No. 634-C.-40/19478.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 631-C.-40/9216, dated the 26th February, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendments to the Municipal Account Code, 1930 :—

AMENDMENTS.

In the exit coupon attached to the foil—

(i) of form O·21-C *for* the words " Municipal limits " the words " Octroi limits " ; and

(ii) of form T·10-A *for* the words " Municipal limits " the words " Terminal tax limits " ;

shall be substituted.

No. 727-C.-40/19494.—The following by-laws framed by the Administrator of the Municipality of **Lahore**, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 197 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Lahore** on the 1st June, 1940, from which date Punjab Government notification

No. 399, dated the 27th June, 1916, shall be deemed to be cancelled :—

BY-LAWS.

1. In these by-laws unless there is something repugnant in the subject or context—

(a) Milk means the undiluted and unadulterated milk of a cow, buffalo or goat, and includes skim milk and cream, but does not include condensed, powdered or dried milk or hermetically sealed milk in tins or bottles.

(b) Skim milk means milk from which the milk fat has been wholly or partly removed either by skimming or in a separator.

(c) Cream means the fatty part of milk.

(d) Butter means milk fat extracted either from milk or from cream by means of churning which separates the butter milk from the butter, but does not include butter in hermetically sealed tins.

(e) Dilution means the addition to milk of water.

(f) Adulteration means the addition to milk of foreign substances except innocuous colouring matter.

2. No person shall sell or import for sale within the limits of the Lahore Municipality milk or butter except under a license granted by the Medical Officer of Health in this behalf in form A and subject to the conditions specified thereon.

3. No person shall manufacture, sell or prepare for sale milk or butter except in premises licensed by the Medical Officer of Health in this behalf in form B and subject to the conditions specified thereon, provided that a person holding such a license may also be permitted to deliver milk and butter at the residence of his customers.

4. A fee at the rate of Rs. 2 per annum or annas 8 per mensem or portion thereof shall be paid for a license issued under these by-laws. No licence shall be valid beyond the 31st day of March next following the date of issue.

5. Any person who commits a breach or an abetment of a breach of any of these by-laws shall, on conviction by a Magistrate, be punishable with a fine which may extend to fifty rupees and when the breach is a continuing breach with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

6. Any licensee who commits a breach of any of the conditions of his licence shall be liable to have such licence suspended or revoked by the Medical Officer of Health.

Form A.

License to sell or import milk and butter issued under by-law 2 of the by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 727-C.-40/19494, dated 23rd April, 1940.

THIS license is granted to________________________________

for the import and sale of milk and butter within the limits of the Lahore Municipality subject to the following conditions :—

1. The licensee shall not import or sell any milk or any butter made from milk obtained from any animal which he knows or has good reason to believe is suffering from any disease or from any diary or other place from which the procuring of milk has under any general or special declaration notified to the licensee been declared dangerous to the public health by the Medical Officer of Health.

2. The licensee shall import and keep milk and butter for sale in clean covered vessels.

3. The licensee shall not import or sell milk or butter which has been adulterated, nor shall he dilute or adulterate or cause to be adulterated or diluted any milk or butter intended for sale. No skim milk shall be exposed for sale unless clearly so labelled or otherwise indicated.

4. He shall not employ or permit to be employed for the import or sale of milk and butter any person suffering from any contagious or infectious disease or from loathsome sores or who has recently been attending on any person so suffering.

5. He shall keep all vessels, receptacles, utensils and other things used in the import and sale of milk or butter in a state of cleanliness and shall protect them from flies and dust to the satisfaction of the Medical Office of Health.

6. If required by the Medical Officer of Health any person employed for the import or sale of milk or butter shall be tested to ascertain if he is a carrier of any infectious disease.

NOTE.—Such tests shall be made at municipal expense.

7. The licensee shall comply promptly with all notices issued by the Medical Officer of Health in respect of sanitation.

8. No person shall be employed by the licensee for these purposes unless his name has been entered in this license with the approval of the Medical Officer of Health. Fresh names may be added at any time with the approval of the Medical Officer of Health without any further charge.

Signature of the licensee.

Signature of the Medcial Officer of Health.

Names of employees.

Dated____________ Fee paid____________

Form B.

Licence for premises for the manufacture or preparation for sale of milk and butter issued under by-law 3 of the by-laws for licensing premises for such manufacture or preparation for sale, published with Punjab Government notification No. 727-C.-40/19494, dated 23rd April, 1940.

THE premises of which a description is given in the attached schedule, situated in ____________ are hereby licensed for the manufacture, sale or preparation for sale of milk or butter and this license is granted to ____________ occupier of the said premises subject to the following conditions :—

Conditions.

1. The licensee shall keep the premises structurally fit for the purpose for which the license has been granted.

Explanation.—Structural Fitness shall be deemed to include—

(*a*) the existence of a floor made of stone, cement or impervious material suitably sloped;

(*b*) possession of walls properly plastered and lime-washed ;

(*c*) adequate provision of light and ventilation ;

(*d*) suitable drains so sloped as to allow all liquid to flow off into a drain.

2. The premises shall not be used as a living or a sleeping room nor shall there be any direct communication between the premises and any room used as a sleeping room.

3. No premises shall be licensed for the manufacture, sale or preparation for sale of milk or butter if there is any latrine, cess-pool, cow-shed, stable or other place within 100 feet of the premises which in the opinion of the Medical Officer of Health renders it undesirable that such premises should be used for the manufacture or sale or preparation for sale of milk or butter.

4. All vessels, receptacles, utensils and other things used in the manufacture, sale or preparation for sale of milk and butter shall be kept in a state of cleanliness and shall be protected from flies and dust to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health.

5. All milk and butter for sale shall similarly be protected from flies and dust to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health.

6. The licensee shall not spit or smoke or suffer any other person to spit or smoke within the licensed premises.

7. Bedding, soiled clothes and articles not connected with the manufacture, sale or preparation for sale of butter or milk shall not be kept on the licensed premises.

8. The walls of the licensed premises shall be properly lime-washed at least once a year and more often if so required by the Medical Officer of Health.

9. The licensee shall daily cause to be thoroughly washed and cleansed the floor and drain of the licensed premises and every bench, counter, table, shelf or other place on which the articles manufactured or prepared for sale and any material used in such manufacture or preparation for sale are kept.

10. The licensee shall not use or permit to be used in the manufacture, sale or preparation for sale of milk or butter any water except water obtained from the municipal water supply laid in direct pipe connection to the licensed premises unless special permission is given by the Medical Officer of Health for the use of other water.

11. The licensee shall not manufacture, sell or prepare for sale any milk or butter from any animal which he knows or has good reason to believe is suffering from any disease or from any dairy or other place from which the procuring of milk has under any general or special declaration notified to the licensee been declared dangerous to the public health by the Medical Officer of Health or Civil Surgeon or Assistant Surgeon, as the case may be.

12. The licensee shall not sell any milk or butter which has been diluted or adulterated. No skim milk shall be exposed for sale or sold except clearly so labelled and otherwise indicated.

13. He shall not employ or permit to be employed in the premises any person suffering from any contagious or infectious disease or from loathsome sores or who has recently been attending on any person so suffering, and that he shall not suffer any such person, or any animal, or bird to remain upon the licensed premises.

14. If required by the Medical Officer of Health any person employed in the premises shall be tested to ascertain if he is a carrier of any infectious disease.

NOTE.—Such tests shall be made at municipal expense.

15. The licensee shall permit the Medical Officer of Health or any officer of the Municipality authorised by the Committee in this behalf at all reasonable times and without notice to inspect the licensed premises.

16. The licensee shall comply promptly with all notices issued by the Medical Officer of Health in respect of sanitation.

17. No person shall be employed in these premises unless his name has been entered in this license with the approval of the Medical Officer of Health. Fresh names may be added at any time with the approval of the Medical Officer of Health without any further charge.

Signature of the licensee.

Names of employees. Signature of the Medical Officer of Health.

Date ____________ Fee paid ____________

SCHEDULE.

The actual room or rooms in which the manufacture, sale or preparation for sale of milk and butter is to be carried on should be described in cases where the whole of a building is not to be used for such manufacture, sale or preparation for sale.

No. 1605-C.-40/19496.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Karor** in the Muzaffargarh district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 167, 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Karor** on the 10th day of June, 1940, from which date Punjab Government notification No. 282, dated the 5th May, 1890, in so far as it relates to the Municipal Committee, **Karor**, shall be deemed to be cancelled :—

BY-LAWS.

1. (*i*) "Slaughter-house" means the slaughter-house owned and managed by the Municipal Committee of Karor.

(*ii*) "Superintendent" means the officer in charge of the slaughter-house.

(*iii*) "Animal" means sheep and goats.

2. (*i*) The slaughter-house will be open for the slaughter of animals during the following hours or such hours as the Committee may from time to time direct :—

6 a. m. to 8 a. m.

3 p. m. to 5 p. m.

(*iii*) No animal shall be slaughtered at any other time, provided that in special circumstances and on the realization of the usual fee, the Superintendent may allow the slaughter of any animal at any other time. In all such cases the previous written permission of the Superintendent shall be obtained.

3. The Committee shall fix at a conspicuous place in the slaughter-house a notice showing—

(*i*) the hours of the working of the slaughter-house,

(*ii*) the fees payable, and

(*iii*) any other directions that the Committee or the Superintendent may see fit to issue.

4. Every animal for slaughter shall, on being brought to the slaughter-house, be presented for inspection to the Superintendent who before passing any animal for slaughter, shall satisfy himself that—

(*i*) it is more than three months old,

(*ii*) its flesh will be fit for use as human food,

(*iii*) it is not pregnant or with unweaned young,

(*iv*) it is not diseased or in a dying condition ;

provided that an animal which has met with an accident and is otherwise healthy may be passed for slaughter.

5. The Superintendent shall maintain a register in which he shall enter a brief description of each animal approved for slaughter, and the fees recovered therefor.

6. Fees for the slaughter of each animal shall be levied at the following rates :—

Animal.	*Fee per head.* Rs. A. P.
Goat	0 1 6
Sheep	0 1 6

7. (1) No person shall knowingly bring into any part of the slaughter-house—

(*i*) a diseased or unsound animal,

(*ii*) an animal which is less than three months old,

(*iii*) an animal which is pregnant or with unweaned young,

(*iv*) any carcass,

(*v*) any dog, or

(*vi*) any animal not meant for slaughter or for the slaughter of which the slaughter-house is not provided.

(2) Any animal brought in contravention of this by-law shall be summarily removed under the directions of the Superintendent.

8. (1) Animals approved for slaughter by the Superintendent shall be marked with a distinctive mark on ears, hooves or horns and admitted into the waiting-yard of the slaughter-house.

(2) All animals when approved shall be kept in the waiting-yard until the owners or persons in charge receive permission to bring them into the slaughter-yard.

(3) The owner of the animal shall remain responsible for its security while it is in the waiting-yard.

(4) No animal shall be admitted into the waiting-yard unless the prescribed fee has been paid.

9. Animals rejected as unfit for slaughter shall be removed forthwith from the premises of the slaughter-house ;

Provided that animals found to be affected by any infectious or contagious disease or which may reasonably be suspected of being so affected shall, if the Superintendent so directs, be forthwith apprehended and removed to the Veterinary Hospital or such other place as the Committee may provide for the purpose.

10. Each animal shall be slaughtered immediately over the drain and no blood shall be allowed to flow upon the floor.

11. (*i*) Slaughtered animals shall be disembowelled as soon as possible after slaughter.

(*ii*) The contents of the stomachs and bowels shall not be washed into the drain or allowed to drop on the floor, but shall be emptied into buckets or receptacles provided for the purpose by the Municipal Committee.

12. No person shall rub or cause to be rubbed the inner sides of skins upon the ground within any portion of the slaughter-house or in the neighbourhood of the slaughter-house premises.

13. (*i*) All carcasses shall, after skinning and cleaning, be presented to the Superintendent for inspection.

(*ii*) Carcasses which have been passed by the Superintendent as fit for human consumption shall, if necessary, be branded or stamped so as to define their quality.

(*iii*) No person shall remove any carcass from the slaughter-house premises until it has been duly passed by the Superintendent.

(*iv*) The Superintendent shall cause any carcass or meat which is, in his opinion, unfit for human consumption to be buried or destroyed.

14. No person shall remove entrails and offals from the slaughter-house until they have been properly washed and cleaned.

15. No person shall blow or stuff any meat within the slaughter-house premises and the Superintendent may cause to be buried or destroyed any meat found to be blown or stuffed.

16. Any carcass or meat ordered to be destroyed in accordance with the provisions of by-law 13 or 15 shall be so treated as to render its use for human food impossible.

17. No meat shall be sold on the premises of the slaughter-house.

18. No person shall remove or cause to be removed from the premises of the slaughter-house any carcass or meat except in a clean receptable and covered in such manner as to be screened from public view and adequately protected against flies and dust.

19. The Superintendent shall, by general or special order direct the disposition of all skins, heads, horns, and feet of slaughtered animals and all carcasses or meat found left in the slaughter-house after the hour fixed for closing the slaughter-house.

20. (*i*) No person affected with leprosy, sores or any other skin disease or any contagious or infectious disease shall enter the slaughter-house premises.

(*ii*) No person, other than the municipal staff on duty and licensed butchers and their assistants or *bona fide* servants, shall enter the slaughter-house premises during the process of slaughtering or skinning and cutting up of carcass.

(*iii*) No person shall create any disturbance in the slaughter-house premises.

Any person transgressing the provisions of this by-law may be removed summarily under the direction of the Superintendent.

21. Any person who commits a breach of any of the by-laws 2, 4, 7 to 18 and 20 shall, on conviction by a magistrate be liable to fine which may amount to fifty rupees.

No. 1697-C.-40/19500.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Khanna,** in the Ludhiana district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Khanna**, on 10th day of June, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. In these by-laws unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context :—

(*a*) "Committee" shall mean the Municipal Committee of Khanna.

(b) " Medical Officer of Health " shall have the same meaning as in section 3 (15) of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911.

(c) " Officer-in-charge of the fair " shall mean the officer appointed by the Committee to be in charge of the fair.

(d) " Sanitary Inspector " shall mean the Sanitary Inspector deputed by the Medical Officer of Health.

(e) " Sub-Assistant Health Officer " shall mean the Sub-Assistant Health Officer deputed by the Medical Officer of Health.

2. These by-laws shall apply to the Dusehra fair only.

3. No person shall enter or leave the fair ground save by a route specified for the purpose by the officer-in-charge of the fair.

4. If the Committee has erected any barrier across a road no person shall without permission of an authorized official pass such barrier.

5. The officer-in-charge of the fair may prohibit the entrance into the fair ground of any person suffering from a loathsome, infectious or contagious disease or any person who has been in contact with any such person and may expel any person so suffering or having been in contact from the fair ground.

6. (1) Where the officer-in-charge of the fair has fixed a place or places for parking of vehicles, no person shall park any vehicle at any place in the fair ground other than the place or places so fixed.

(2) No person shall stable or keep animals at places other than those set apart for the purpose.

7. No person shall set up in the fair ground any theatre or cinema, merry-go-round or any other show for public amusement, save at places and on conditions to be fixed by the Committee.

8. No person shall set up any game of chance at any place in the fair ground.

9. The Medical Officer of Health may destroy or cause to be destroyed, or confine or cause to be confined for such period as he may direct any dog suffering, or reasonably suspected to be suffering from rabies or bitten by any dog, or any other animal suffering or suspected to be suffering from rabies.

10. No person knowing or having reasons to believe that any dog belonging to him in his charge is likely to annoy or intimidate any person or animal or has been bitten by an animal suffering, or reasonably suspected to be suffering from rabies shall neglect to restrain such dog from annoying, intimidating or biting other persons or animals. Any person who commits or abets the commitment of a breach of this by-law shall be punishable with fine which may extend to twenty rupees.

ACCOMMODATION.

11. No person attending the fair shall encamp anywhere on the fair ground except on places set apart by the Committee for the purpose.

12. No person shall use any building or site for the lodging of visitors on the fair ground except under a licence granted by the Medical Officer of Health. Every such licence shall be issued subject to the following conditions :—

(i) that such building or site complies with such conditions regarding ventilation, cleanliness, water supply, conservancy and drainage as the Medical Officer of Health may lay down ;

(ii) that such building or site shall accommodate not more than the number of persons of either sex stated in the licence ;

(iii) that the licence shall be liable to cancellation at any time by the Medical Officer of Health for a breach of any of these conditions.

13. The licensee of any such house shall supply to each person staying in it a cardboard ticket bearing the name of the visitor and the accommodation assigned to that individual.

14. All fires in thatched houses or *jhugis* shall be extinguished by 10 p. m.

15. Each licensee shall provide such number of buckets filled with water or sand as may be prescribed by the Medical Officer of Health for use in case of fire.

WATER SUPPLY.

16. No person shall take water within the fair ground from any source other than that approved by the Medical Officer of Health who may close or direct the closure of any source of water supply public or private temporarily if the same be, in his opinion, polluted or otherwise unfit for use.

17. The Medical Officer of Health may at his discretion disinfect or treat any well, tank or other source of water supply.

18. No drinking booth shall be allowed on the fair ground except under a licence granted by the Medical Officer of Health.

19. No person shall sell, store, prepare or expose for sale any article of food or drink at any place in the fair ground except under a licence granted by the Medical Officer of Health and subject to the conditions specified on the licence form.

FOOD SUPPLY.

20. Every licence granted under by-law 19 shall be issued subject to the following conditions :—

(*i*) that any place used for the preparation, sale or exposure for sale or free supply of any article of food or drink shall be well lighted and ventilated and shall be kept clean at all times to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health ;

(*ii*) that water used in the preparation of articles of food or drink or for the washing of vessels used in such preparation shall be derived from a source approved by the Medical Officer of Health and be stored in clean and properly covered containers ;

(*iii*) that all vessels used in the preparation, storage or distribution of food or drink shall be kept clean ;

(*iv*) that only wholesome and unadulterated articles of food or drink shall be sold ;

(*v*) that all refuse (from whatever source) shall be deposited in suitable covered containers ;

(*vi*) that the Medical Officer of Health or any person not below the rank of a Sanitary Inspector or Sub-Assistant Health Officer authorised by him in this behalf may enter the licensed premises to inspect the same and any articles of food and drink ;

(*vii*) that the Medical Officer of Health or any officer not below the rank of a Sanitary Inspector or Sub-Assistant Health Officer specially authorised by him in this behalf may seize and destroy or otherwise dispose of any article of food or drink which, in his opinion, is unfit for human consumption ;

(*viii*) that no person who is suffering from any infectious, loathsome or contagious disease shall touch, or take part in the preparation or distribution of any article of food or drink ;

(*ix*) that the licensee or his agent or servant shall immediately inform the office of the Medical Officer of Health at the fair of any case of illness among the persons connected with the licensed premises ;

(*x*) that the licensed premises shall not be used for sleeping purposes ;

(*xi*) that nothing shall be stored in any licensed permises except the articles necessary for the preparation, storage, and distribution of food and drink ;

(*xii*) that no dog or other animal shall be allowed in any licensed premises ;

(*xiii*) that all articles of food and drink shall be carefully protected from flies and dust ; and

(*xiv*) that the licensee shall comply with any other instructions issued by the Medical Officer of Health in this behalf.

21. The Medical Officer of Health may prohibit the import into the fair ground of any article of food or drink which he considers is likely to promote illness.

22. (1) No person shall manufacture aerated waters for sale in any premises on the fair ground except under a licence granted by the Medical Officer of Health.

(2) Every licence granted under this by-law shall be subject to the following conditions —

(i) that the water used in the manufacture of aerated waters be derived from a source approved by the Medical Officer of Health and be carried in clean covered vessels and stored in a clean cistern with a tap ;

(ii) that empty bottles be first cleaned by scrubbing brush and clean water and then kept soaked in a solution of permanganate of potash for 6 hours. The permanganate solution shall be renewed as soon as it turns brown ; and

(iii) that all bottles shall bear a lable or mark showing the name and address of the manufacturer.

NOTE.—The Medical Officer of Health will be the sole judge of whether a vessel or cistern is clean or not and in case of dispute in any matter pertaining to articles of food or drink as contained in these by-laws, the decision of the Medical Officer of Health shall be final.

WASHING AND BATHING.

23. (a) No person shall wash any clothes or animals or bathe at any place on the fair ground other than that approved by the Medical Officer of Health and specified by the Committee, and no person shall use such a place which is set apart for the use of the opposite sex or at times other than those specified by the Committee.

(b) No infected articles or clothes which have been used by, or have come in contact with, a person suffering from an infectious disease shall be washed at the public washing or bathing places unless they have been previously disinfected to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health.

CONSERVANCY AND HEALTH.

24. No person shall ease himself at any place on the fair ground other than that set apart for the purpose.

25. No person shall deposit refuse at any place on the fair ground other than that specified for the purpose.

26. The Medical Officer of Health may —

(i) fix places for the deposit of refuse, rubbish or other waste matter of any kind and give directions regarding the time at which and manner in which such refuse, rubbish or waste matter may be kept on any land or building or removed along any road or pathway ;

(ii) direct the owner or occupier of any land or building not to cause, or knowingly or negligently allow, any waste-water to collect on any land or place not set apart for the purpose ;

(iii) arrange for the removal of filth, rubbish, manure or other waste matter from any latrine, urinal cesspool or other receptacle for such matter ;

(iv) order the cleaning and disinfection of any land, building, drain, latrine, urinal, cesspool or any bedding or clothing or any other article which is, in his opinion, infected or likely to carry infection :

(v) prohibit the letting of a house or building or part of a house or building which has not been disinfected to his satisfaction ;

(vi) prohibit the entrance into the fair ground of persons coming from a town, village or locality which is infected with cholera, plague, smallpox or any other communicable disease unless such persons submit to appropriate preventive inoculation.

27. It shall be the duty of the owner or keeper of a lodging house, hostel or serai to inform the Medical Officer of Health immediately of any case of illness on his premises.

NOTE.—In these by-laws the term "infectious diseases", "contagious diseases" or "communicable diseases" includes —

1. Cholera.
2. Smallpox.
3. Plague.
4. Measles.
5. Chicken-pox.
6. Diptheria.
7. Tuberculosis (includes tubercle of lungs).
8. Scarlet fever.
9. Typhus fever.
10. Enteric fever.
11. Erysipelas.
12. Relapsing fever.
13. Influenza.
14. Purperal fever.
15. Cerebrospinal fever (meningitis).
16. Dysentery.
17. Leprosy.
18. Mumps.
19. Whooping Cough.
20. Sprue.

28. Any licence issued under these by-laws may be cancelled by the Medical Officer of Health for a breach of any of the conditions of the licence. The decision of the Medical Officer of Health shall be final.

29. Any person who commits or abets the commitment of a breach of any of these by-laws, except by-law 10 for which a penalty is prescribed separately, shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with a fine which may extend to rupees fifty and, if the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to rupees five for each day after the first, during which the breach continues.

No. 1538-C.-40/19502.—In pursuance of the provision of sub-clause (XVIII) of clause (*b*) of the proviso to rule V·47 of the Municipal Account Code, 1930, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare that the Municipal Committee of **Shahbad** may demand proof of previous payment of octroi in respect of the following articles when they are exported from the octroi limits of the municipality :—

All kinds of vegetable oil excluding perfumed oil.

No. 1476-C.-40/19509.—The following by-laws made by the Munic pal Committee of **Khem Karan**, Lahore district, in exercise of powers conferred by sections 188, 189, 190 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Khem Karan**, on the 10th day of June, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. (1) Every person intending to erect or re-erect any building shall give notice of such intention in writing to the Executive Officer of the Committee in form A appended to these by-laws and shall at the same time submit—

(*a*) a site plan of the land on which it is intended to erect or re-erect the building ;

(*b*) a plan of the building which it is proposed to erect or re-erect ; and

(*c*) the specifications detailed in form B appended to these by-laws.

(2) Copies of forms A and B may be obtained from the Municipal Office at on anna per form.

(3) In the case of an encroachment or structure proposed to be constructed on a site adjacent to a public street under the control or management of the Public Works Department of Government or of any local authority, the applicant shall submit the plans and specifications referred to above in triplicate and one complete set of the plans shall, immediately on presentation, be forwarded by the Committee to the Executive Engineer or to the other local body concerned for information.

2. The site plan shall be drawn to a scale of not less than one-eighth of an inch to the foot, shall be submitted in duplicate, and shall show—

(*a*) the direction of the north point ;

(*b*) the boundaries of the site ;

(*c*) the position of the site in relation to neighbouring streets and the level of the site in relation to the streets, if any, on which it abuts ;

(*d*) the position of the proposed building in relation to—

(*i*) the boundaries of the site ; and

(*ii*) all buildings and premises within fifty feet of the boundaries of the site ;

(*e*) the names, if any, and width of all steeets on which the site abuts ;

(*f*) the scale to which the plan is drawn.

3. The building plan shall be drawn to a scale of not less than one-eighth of an inch to the foot, shall be submitted in duplicate, and shall show—

(a) the plan of the ground floor and of every additional floor ;

(b) the position and dimensions of all projections beyond the main walls of the building ;

(c) the position of all proposed drains, privies, latrines, urinals, and cesspools ;

(d) the level and width of the foundations and the level of the lowest floor with reference to the level of the centre of the street on which the front of the proposed building is to abut ;

(e) the scale to which the plan is drawn :

Provided that if the person giving notice satisfies the Committee that the proposed building will not cost more than five hundred rupees a rough sketch giving the particulars required in by-laws 2 and 3 shall be sufficient.

4. No application for the erection or re-erection of a building shall be considered by the Committee until it is certified by the Municipal Engineer, or the Executive Officer, if there is no Municipal Engineer, that the plan submitted with the application is in accordance with the provisions of these by-laws.

5. All plans and specifications referred to in the preceding by-laws shall be signed by the applicant or his agent.

6. The orders of the Committee shall be communicated in writing to the applicant or his agent and shall also be endorsed on one set of the plans which may be delivered to the applicant or left at his usual place of business or abode with an adult male member or servant of his family, or, if it cannot be so delivered, it may be sent to him by registered post to the address stated on the application form.

7. The Committee may require any person who has submitted an application to erect or re-erect any building to submit, in addition to the plans and specifications required by by-law 1, elevations and sections of the proposed building, together with full specifications as to the materials and methods of construction to be used for external walls, party-walls, foundations, roofs, ceilings, floors, staircases, fireplaces and chimneys.

8. No building shall be roofed with straw or other easily inflammable material.

9. No fireplace to be used as such shall be constructed unless the floor beneath it and around it for a width of three feet has been rendered fireproof by being covered with earthen-ware tiles or concrete or some other fireproof substance.

10. Every fireplace shall before use as such be provided with a chimney with an iron brick or stone flue to afford free means of exit for smoke.

11. No flue shall be so constructed as to pass through or be within one foot of any wall or structure made of inflammable material, except at its point of exit, at which it must be rendered safe by casing of non-inflammable material at least one foot thick.

12. In no building shall any open sewer or drain pass through any room used or intended to be used as a living or sleeping room.

13. No drain shall be constructed within the thickness of any wall of any building.

14. All stack pipes for the disposal of roof-drainage shall be of caste iron and no projecting spouts shall be allowed.

15. No building shall be built upon newly-filled earth till it has had ample time to settle and only then with the special permission of the Committee in writing.

16. Masonry latrines and privies which are not water-borne shall be so constructed that all solids fall directly into a movable receptacle of metal or pottery fitting close beneath the seat.

17. No person shall install water-flushed latrines in his house unless the house drains are connected with a municipal sewer or unless arrangements are made to purify

the sewage in a properly constructed septic tank of a suitable size and to discharge the effluent into a municipal sewer or into a sullage drain certified by the Medical Officer of Health to be capable of carrying off the effluent without danger to the health of the public. Such installations shall be constructed under the supervision of a Sanitary Engineer and shall be approved by the Medical Officer of Health before they are taken into use.

(2) No person shall dispose of the effluent from a septic tank by surface irrigation, by sub-soil drainage or into open unlined cesspools.

18. A drain shall be provided for every latrine, privy, urinal, bathroom and cooking place. Such drain shall be constructed of glazed pipes, or other impervious material and shall connect the floor of the latrine, privy, urinal, bathroom, or cooking place with—

(*a*) a municipal masonry drain, or

(*b*) a private cesspool constructed as hereinafter prescribed.

19. The floor of every latrine, privy and urinal :—

(*a*) shall be of masonry, or of tiles, or of cement,

(*b*) shall be in every part at a height of not less than three inches above the level of the surface of the ground adjoining the latrine, privy or urinal; and

(*c*) shall slope to the drain in such a way that liquid will flow off quickly.

20. In every urinal the walls to a height of three feet above the floor, and in every latrine and privy both the seat and the walls to a height of three feet above the floor, shall be of metal or masonry, provided that in the case of a water-closet of European type the seat may be of wood.

21. Every latrine, privy or urinal shall be provided with adequate ventilation which, in the case of a latrine, privy or urinal situated in or near a building, shall be effected by an opening not less than one foot square in area in one of the walls, as near the top of the walls as may be practicable, and communicating directly with the open air.

22. Every latrine or privy shall be so constructed that—

(*a*) there shall be adequate access thereto for the purpose of cleansing ;

(*b*) when the outer door thereof is open, the seats shall not be visible from the street or other public place.

23. No privy other than a water-closet of European type shall be placed on any upper floor of a building unless movable receptacles are provided.

24. No person shall construct a private cesspool—

(*a*) unless there is no municipal drain within one hundred feet of the premises for which it is required ;

(*b*) except within the boundaries of private land ;

(*c*) except a cesspool of masonry with a cast iron movable covering ;

(*d*) unless adequate access is provided thereto for the purpose of cleansing it; and

(*e*) within one hundred feet of any inhabited building.

25. No dwelling-house of not more than two storeys, including the ground floor, shall have an interior yard of a superficial area of less than two hundred and twenty-five square feet, and no dwelling-house of more than two storeys, including the ground floor, shall have an interior yard of a superficial area of less than four hundred square feet.

26. (1) Every interior yard must be raised at least one foot above the level of the nearest street so as to admit of easy drainage into such street.

(2) Every interior yard shall be open to the sky throughout its entire area and shall be kept accessible for the purpose of cleansing, and no structure except open fencing for protection against monkeys shall be erected within or above or so as to project over the yard.

27. No structure shall be supported by wooden posts, masonry pillars, or any other structure placed on a public street.

28. No roof intended for human habitation shall have a floor area of less than sixty-four square feet.

29. The ventilation of every room shall be through doors, windows and other apertures.

30. No person shall construct any building of more than five storeys, including the ground floor, and no person shall construct any building of more than two such storeys unless the outer walls of such building are made of brick, stone or reinforced concrete.

31. (1) In the case of buildings of more than one storey, including the ground floor, the height of each storey shall be not less than—

twelve feet in the case of the ground floor ;

eleven feet in the case of the first storey ;

ten feet in the case of the second storey ;

ten feet in the case of the third storey ;

ten feet in the case of the fourth storey.

(2) Any horizontal division of a building so constructed as to be capable of use as a living or sleeping room shall be considered to be a storey for the purpose of this by-law and of by-law 28 even though such division does not extend over the whole depth or width of such building.

(3) For the purpose of this by-law the height of storeys shall be reckoned as follows :—

(a) in the case of single-storeyed buildings and of the uppermost storey of buildings of more than one storey, from the level of the upper surface of the floor at any point along the walls within the building to the level of under side of the tie-beem, or if there be no tie-beam, to the meeting point of the outside walls and roof ;

(b) in the case of any storey, except the uppermost storey of buildings of more than one storey, from the level of the upper surface of the floor to the level of the upper side of the beams or joists on which the floor above rests or if the floor above is ceiled to the level of the under side of the ceiling.

32. All beams, joists, floors, roofs and walls shall be of sufficient strength to ensure stability and in case of doubt the Committee may call for further information on these points.

33. No person shall construct any building abutting on any street—

(a) of a greater height than twelve feet if such street is less than eight feet wide ;

(b) of a greater height than twenty-three feet if such street is less than twenty feet, but not less than eight feet wide ;

(c) of a greater height than thirty-three feet if such street is less than thirty feet, but not less than twenty feet wide ;

(d) of a greater height than one and half times the width of the street on any other street ;

Provided that—

(a) if a building is to abut on more than one street the width of the wider street shall regulate the height of the building ;

(b) the Committee may permit chimneys, minarets of mosques, towers of churches, temples and similar structures to be erected to a height in excess of the maximum height otherwise permissible under this by-law ; and

(c) the Committee may permit the erection on the rear half of a building of covers for roof staircases, hot weather sleeping rooms and sun shelters (mamtis, barsatis, saibans, etc.) to a height in excess of the maximum height otherwise permissible .

34. No person shall construct any staircase of a width of less than three feet or with steps having a rise of more than nine inches or a breadth of less than ten inches measured from the vertical face of the rise.

35. Any person who commits a breach or an abetment of a breach of any of these by-laws shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees and when the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

Form A.

From

____

____

____

To

The Executive Officer,

Municipal Committee,

Khem Karan.

I hereby give notice, under subsection (2) of section 189 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, that I intend to erect / re-erect a building as specified in form B attached, situated in (here insert, street ward, etc.)

I attach—

(a) the plans in duplicate required by the Committee's by-laws,

(b) a specification of the proposed building.

Signature__________

Dated__________

(Reverse to be filled in in the Municipal Office.)

Serial number of application__________.

Name of applicant__________.

Site of building (name of street, quarter, etc.)__________.

____

Abstract of application__________

Received by Executive Officer on (date)__________.

(Initials of Executive Officer.)

Date by which the orders of the Committee must be passed (under section 193 (4) to be filled in red ink)__________

Forwarded to__________for report (date)__________

(Initials of forwarding offiicer.)

Returned to Executive Officer on (date)__________

(Initials of forwarding Officer.)

Submitted to sub-committee on (date)__________

(Initials of Executive Officer.)

Submitted to the Committee on (date)__________

(Initials of Executive Officer.)

Abstract of orders of the Committee__________

Date__________

(Initials of Executive Officer.)

Form B.

(SPECIFICATION OF PROPOSED BUILDING.)

In the case of the erection / re-erection — of an entire house or considerable portion of a house—

(a) in case of re-erection of a house, the house number, if any, of the house to be re-erected ________

(b) the purpose for which it is intended to use the building ________

(c) the material to be used in construction of the walls ________

(d) the number of storeys of which the building will consist ________

(e) the position and dimensions of all doors, windows and ventilation openings ________

(f) the approximate number of inhabitants proposed to be accommodated ________

(g) the number of latrines to be provided ________

(h) whether the site has been built upon before or not, if so, the date when the previous building ceased to be fit for occupation ________

2. In the case of minor alterations or additions—

(a) a description of the alteration or addition proposed ________

(b) the material to be used for such alteration or addition ________

Date ________

Signature ________

The 23rd April, 1940.

No. 1472-C.-40/19511.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (10) of section 62 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that with the previous sanction of the Governor of the Punjab the Administrator of the Municipality of **Mithankot** in Dera Ghazi Khan District, has with effect from the 1st August, 1940, made the following amendment to the octroi schedule of the Municipality, published with Punjab Government notification No. 4911, dated the 12th February, 1931, as subsequently amended :—

AMENDMENT.

For the existing heading of class II the following shall be substituted " class II—Animals of a class usually slaughtered ".

No. 1501-L.G.-Bds.-40/19520.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub section (10) of section 62 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the Municipal Committee of **Multan**, has with effect from the 26th July, 1940, enhanced the existing rate of tax on building applications from Re. 1 to Rs. 2 per application. This tax will be payable by persons presenting building applications to the Committee for construction or alteration of or additions to buildings, provided that the tax shall not be payable by persons presenting applications relating to Government or District Board or religious buildings.

2. Punjab Government notification No. 3901-L. S.-G.-36/37940, dated the 4th December, 1936, is hereby cancelled.

Medical.

The 24th April, 1940.

No. 2118-M.-40/19690—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Beri** in the Rohtak district, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 17 of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information and shall come into force within the limits of the

Municipality of **Beri** six weeks after the date of the publication of this notification :—

BY-LAWS.

1. No person whose name has not been registered in accordance with the provisions of section 14 of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932, shall practise as nurse, health visitor, midwife, nurse dai, trained dai, or dai within the area subject to the authority of the Municipal Committee, Beri.

2. Any person practising in contravention of by-law 1 or any person committing or abeting the commitment of a breach of by-law 1 shall be liable, on conviction by a Magistrate of the first class, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 for the first offence or to a fine not exceeding Rs. 250 for a second or a subsequent offence.

Public Health.

The 24th April, 1940.

No. 590M.-40/19666.—Whereas in Punjab Government notification No. 590-M.-40/8421, dated the 21st February, 1940, the Governor of the Punjab declared his intention of extending the provisions of Vaccination Act, 1880, as amended by the Punjab Vaccination Law Amendment Acts, 1925 and 1929, to the Notified Area of **Buria**, in the Ambala district, and whereas no objection to such extension has been received, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to extend the said Act to the said Notfied Area with effect from the date of publication of this notification.

2. Punjab Government notification No. 4850-M.-35/11624, dated the 7th April, 1936, is cancelled.

RAM CHANDRA,

Secretary to Government, Punjab,

Medical and Local Government Departments.

148 CS—1150—25-4-1940—SGPP Lahore.

Registered No. L. 861.

The Government Gazette, Punjab.

Published by Authority.

No. 18. LAHORE, FRIDAY, MAY 3, 1940.

PART I—A.

Punjab Government Notifications and Orders.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Boards.

The 25th April, 1940.

No. 1615-L. G.-40/19818.—In accordance with the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 18 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to reappoint the Deputy Commissioner, Shahpur to be the *ex-officio* chairman of the District Board of **Shahpur,** with effect from the 6th April, 1940.

No. 48-L. G.-40/19821.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 48-L. G.-40/7790, dated the 16th February, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendments to the Municipal Account Code, 1930 (revised edition) :—

AMENDMENTS.

In rule XVII·16—

(a) the word "and" occurring between the words "investments" and "the unspent balance" shall be substituted by a comma,

(b) the word "and" occurring between the words "accounts" and "loans and grants" shall be substituted by a comma, and

(c) the following words shall be inserted after the words "loans and grants of all kinds" wherever they occur :—

"and receipts from the sale of land and buildings."

No. 48-L. G.-40 19824.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 48-L. G.-40/7793, dated the 16th February, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 55 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, and section 19 of the Punjab General Clauses Act, 1898, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendments to the District Board Account Code, 1926 :—

AMENDMENTS.

In rule 93—

(*a*) the word " and " occurring between the words " investments " and " the unspent balance " shall be substituted by a comma,

(*b*) the word " and " occurring between the words " accounts " and " loans and grants " shall be substituted by a comma,

and

(*c*) the following words shall be inserted after the words "loans and grants of all kinds " wherever they occur :—

" and receipts from the sale of land and buildings ".

The 27th April, 1940.

No. 681-L.G.-40/20255.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 681-L.G.-40/10520. dated the 5th March, 1940, and under the provisions of section 55 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, the Governor of the Punjab, is pleased to make the following rules, for the District Board, **Sheikhupura** :—

RULES.

1. Rules 43—56 of the District Board Account Code, 1926, shall not apply to the annual repairs of the District Board school buildings the estimated cost of repairs of which does not exceed Rs. 50 in each case.

2. A lump sum which shall be determined by the Engineering Department after inspection of the building concerned shall be specified from time to time by a resolution of the Board and provided for the annual repairs of each such building. It shall be paid as soon as possible after the first meeting of the Board in the month of October, as an advance to the Head Masters concerned to carry out the repairs under the supervision of the member halqa along with a respectable person of the village concerned as proposed by the local member.

3. The persons entrusted with the work of repairs of the school buildings referred to in rule 1 above shall be responsible to get the work completed by the end of December each year.

4. Such person shall as soon as possible after January 1st submit to the Board's Office, together with a certificate that the work has been completed to his satisfaction, the actual payee's receipts for the money spent and return the unspent balance, if any.

5. The District Inspecting Staff shall put down remarks in the school log book whether the repairs have been done satisfastorily or not at the time of their visits to the school.

No. 807-L.G.-40/20258.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 807-L.G.-40/10657, dated the 6th March, 1940, and under the provisions of section 55 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883 the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following rules for the District Board of **Gurgaon** :—

RULES.

1. Rules 43—56 of the District Board Account Code, 1926, shall not apply to the annual repairs of District Board School buildings, the estimated cost of which does not exceed Rs. 50 in each case.

2. A lump sum, which shall be determined by the Engineering Department after inspection of each building, shall be specified from time to time by a resolution of the Board and provided for the annual repairs of such building. It shall be paid as soon as possible after the first meeting of the Board in the month of October as an advance

to the Head Masters concerned to carry out the repairs under the supervision of the local member of the Board along with a respectable person of the village concerned to be selected by him.

3. The person entrusted with the work of repairs to school buildings to be carried out under rule 1 shall be responsible for having the work completed by the end of December each year.

4. Such person shall, as soon as possible after the 1st of January each year, submit to the District Beard office a certificate to the effect that the work has been completed to his satisfaction together with the actual payees' receipts for the money spent, and shall at the same time return any unspent balance.

5. At the time of school inspections, inspecting officers snall note in the inspection register whether the repairs have or have not been carried out satisfactorily.

No. 747-L.G.-40/20268.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 747-L.G.-40/10503, dated the 5th March, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendments to the Municipal Account Code, 1930 (revised edition) :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. In form G-11, the word "pay" shall be substituted by the word "paid".

2. The word and figures "Rule XII-5" shall be substituted for "Rule XI-5" occurring at the top of form G-11.

The 29th April, 1940.

No. 1659-L. G.-40/20413.—In the matter of the election petition of Mr. S. B. Mallhi against the return of Chaudhri Nasir Ahmad as a member of the District Board of **Sialkot**, the Governor of the Punjab, in pursuance of the provisions of rules 73, 74 and 75 of the District Board Election Rules, 1933, is pleased (*i*) to declare the election of Chaudhri Nasir Ahmad to be *void*, (*ii*) to order that the said Chaudhri Nasir Ahmad shall, for a period of five years, be incapable of being elected or nominated to membership or to any office whether honorary or paid of any District Board and (*iii*) to order that the respondent Chaudhri Nasir Ahmad shall pay to the petitioner Mr. S. B. Mallhi the sum of rupees one hundred sixty-five and annas ten only as costs.

No. 1659-L. G.-40/20414.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 14-A of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to direct that the seat of Chaudhri Nasir Ahmad shall forthwith be vacated in consequence of his election having been declared *void*.

No. 1329-L. G.-40/20417.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (6) of section 31 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendment in respect of the tax on buildings, the imposition of which by the District Board of **Rohtak,** was notified with Punjab Government notification No. 2467-L. G-39/21273, dated the 19th June, 1939. This amendment will come into force with effect from the 1st day of October, 1939 :—

AMENDMENT.

The colon at the end of the preamble of the notification shall be converted into a comma, and the following proviso added immediately thereafter :—

"provided that for the purpose of calculating the tax a deduction of ten per cent. to meet the cost of repairs will be allowed in the annual rent of all buildings":—

No. 1595-L. G.-40/20423.—The following amendment, made by the District Board of **Ludhiana,** to its Rules of Business published with Punjab Government notification No. 365-L. S.-G..-36/18180, dated the

2nd June, 1936, is published for general information, and shall come into force with immediate effect :—

AMENDMENT.

For the existing rule 6·6, the following new rule shall be substituted, namely :—

"6·6. Subject to the provisions of Part V of the District Board Rules, 1926, the Board or any person to whom power has been delegated under section 19-A of the Act, may remove any officer or servant of the Board".

No. 1683-L. G.-40/20426.—The following amendment, made by the District Board of **Amritsar**, to its Rules of Business published with Punjab Government notification No. 2083-L. S.-G.—Bds., dated the 23rd January, 1933, is published for general information, and shall come into force with immediate effect :—

AMENDMENT.

For the existing rule 6·6, the following new rule shall be substituted, namely : —

"6·6. Subject to the provisions of Part V of the District Board Rules, 1926, the Board or any person to whom power has been delegated under section 19-A of the Act, may remove any officer or servant of the Board."

No. 1368-L. G.-40/20429.—The following amendments, made by the District Board of **Kangra,** to its Rules of Business published with Punjab Government notification No. 30183, dated the 21st November, 1933, are published for general information, and shall come into force with immediate effect :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. *For* the existing rule 6·6 the following new rule shall be substituted, namely :—

"6·6. Subject to the provisions of Part V of the District Board Rules, 1926, the Board or any person to whom power has been delegated under section 19-A of the Act, may remove any of its officers or servants".

2. Between the words "that" and "it," in column 3 of item No. 6 of the Appendix the words "except in the case of dismissal", shall be inserted.

3. *For* the words "cancel or modify any order of appointment, suspension or dismissal" in column 3 of item No. 37 of the appendix the words "cancel or modify any order of appointment or suspension", shall be substituted.

4. Between the words "shall" and "lie" in column 3 of item No 40 of the appendix, the words "except in the case of dismissal" shall be inserted.

No. 1684-L. G.—Bds.-40/20525.—Whereas it appears to the Governor of the Punjab that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of **Amritsar**, for a public purpose, namely, for the construction of a vehicle stand and an approach road to Ram Tirath, it is hereby notified that the land described in the specification below is likely to be acquired for the said purpose.

2. This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, to all whom it may concern, and, in exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to authorize the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

3. Any person interested in the land who has any objection to the acquisition may, within thirty days of the publication of this notification, file an objection in writing before the Collector of the Amritsar

district :—

SPECIFICATION OF LAND.

District.	*Tahsil.*	*Mauza.*	*Area in acres.*	*Boundaries.*
Amritsar ..	Ajnala ..	Kaler ..	3·73 (For Vehicle Stand.) ..	*North.*—Khasra Nos. 128, 34, 132, 243 and 143. *East.*—Khasra Nos. 143 and 144. *South.*—Khasra Nos. 144, 243, 129, 245 and 122. *West.*—Khasra Nos. 122 and 123.
			1·92 (For approach road.) ..	*North.*—Khasra Nos. 129 and 245. *East.*—Khasra Nos. 129, 245, 121 and 122. *South.*—Khasra No. 247. *West.*—Khasra Nos. 121 and 122.

The 30th April, 1940.

No. 1800-L. G.-40/20715.—The following amendments made by the District Board of **Lahore** to its Provident Fund Rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 22820, dated the 2nd June, 1932, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab are published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Lahore** on the 15th June, 1940 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. In rule 9 (1) for the words " may, up to limit of the amount shown at credit of his account in column 5-A of the Provident Fund Ledger," shall be substituted the words " may up to the amount contributed by the subscriber including interest accrued thereon."

2. In rule 9(4) the words " clause (*a*) or clause (*b*) of " shall be deleted.

3. *Substitute* the following new rule for the existing rule 12 :—

" 12. The Board shall maintain—

General accounts to be maintained by the Board.

(1) a Provident Fund Account in Form P. F. 4,

(2) a Provident Fund Investments Account in Form P. F. 5,

(3) a Provident Fund Investment Interest Account in Form P. F. 6, and

(4) an account in Form P. F. 8, showing the amount available for payment of insurance premia of the Provident Fund subscribers."

4. The sub-columns for annas and pies in column 6 of Form P. F. I. shall be deleted.

5. *Insert* the following new form *after* Form P. F. 7 :—

Form P. F. 8. **Rule 12**

Register showing the amount available for payment of insurance premia of Provident Fund subscriber.

P. F. ACCOUNT No.________________

NAME________________

Date.	PROVIDENT FUND SUBSCRIPTION AVAILABLE FOR INSURANCE.			Advance paid.	Balance after each transaction.	REMARKS.*
	(*a*) Amount of deposit made by the subscriber since the last withdrawal for payment of insurance premium was made.	(*b*) Interest earned since the date of last withdrawal on subscriber's own deposits.	Total of columns 2(*a*), 2(*b*) and 4.			
1	2			3	4	5
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	

*The fact that the Insurance Policy has been assigned to the Board as well as the number of policy should be noted in the remarks column of the register.

No. 1766-L.C.—Bds.-40/20736.—Whereas it appears to the Governor of the Punjab that with reference to notification No. 180-L. G.—Bds.-40/4546, dated the 10th January, 1940, land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of **Jhang** for a public purpose, namely, for extending the compound of the Vernacular Middle School at Kot Shakir it is hereby notified that the land described in the specification below is required for the said purpose.

2. This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, to all whom it may concern and, under section 7 of the said Act, the Collector of the Jhang district is hereby authorised to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

3. A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the said Collector :—

SPECIFICATION OF LAND.

District.	*Tahsil.*	*Mauza.*	*Area in acres.*	*Boundaries.*
Jhang ..	Jhang ..	Kot Shakir	·3	*North.*—School Compound. *East.*—House of Sardar Khan Bloch and streets. *South.*—Street and land of Lal, son of Bakhtawar. *West.*—School compound.

The 1st May, 1940.

No. 1692-L. G.-40/20887.—In exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (2) of section 15 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to appoint Chaudhri Partab Singh, son of Rai Bahadur Chaudhri Narain Singh, of Shujabad, to be a member of the District Board of **Multan**, *vice* Chaudhri Ram Kishen, deceased.

No. 1819-L. G.-40/20901.—The following amendments made by the District Board of **Shahpur** to its Provident Fund Rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 22824, dated the 2nd June, 1932, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Shahpur**, on the 15th June, 1940 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. In rule 9 (1) for the words " may, up to limit of the amount shown at credit of his account in column 5-A of the Provident Fund Ledger, " shall be substituted the words " may up to the amount contributed by the subscriber including interest accrued thereon ".

2. In rule 9 (4) the words " clause (*a*) or clause (*b*) of " shall be deleted.

No. 1795-L. G.—Bds.-40/20905.—The following amendments made by the District Board of **Ludhiana** to the Provident Fund Rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 13267, dated the 18th April, 1932, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab are published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Ludhiana** on the 15th June, 1940 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. In rule 9 (1) for the words " may, up to limit of the amount shown at credit of his account in column 5-A of the Provident Fund Ledger, " shall be substituted the words " may up to the amount contributed by the subscriber including interest accrued thereon. "

2. In rule 9 (4) the words " clause (*a*) or clause (*b*) of " shall be deleted.

3. The sub-columns for annas and pies in column 6 of form P. F. 1 shall be deleted.

No. 1842-L. G.-40/20909.—The following amendment made by the District Board of **Jhang**, of the Provident Fund Rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 12344, dated the 8th April, 1932, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, is published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the said Board on the 15th June, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

The sub-columns for annas and pies in column 6 of Form P. F. 1 shall be deleted.

Committees.

The 27th April, 1940.

No. 1585-L.G.—Bds.-40/20252.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (10) of section 62 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the Municipal Committee of **Nurmahal** in the Jullundur district, has, with effect from the 15th June, 1940, imposed a tax, at the rates shown in the schedule appended below, payable by persons presenting building applications to the Committee :

Provided that the tax shall not be payable by persons presenting applications relating to the erection or re-erection of buildings owned by Government or a district board or religious buildings :—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	*Description of building application.*	*Amount of tax.*
		Rs.
1.	For the erection or re-erection of a *katcha* building ..	1
2.	For the erection or re-erection of a *pacca* or partly *pacca* building of one storey	2
3.	For the erection or re-erection of a two storeyed building	3
4.	For the erection or re-erection of a three storeyed building or other additional upper storeys	4
5.	For the erection or re-erection of each additional storey after the first storey	1
6.	For making other additions or alterations to the existing buildings	3

The 29th April, 1940.

No. 1735-C.-40/20420.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Dinga,** in the Gujrat district, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 188 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Dinga,** on the 17th day of June, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. All files relating to items in the agenda to be transacted in the next meeting of the Committee shall be made available for the inspection of the members of the Municipal Committee as soon as the copy of the agenda is issued to them, and the Secretary shall provide necessary facilities for inspection of the files.

2. Any member of the Committee may inspect any municipal file without payment of any fee, but he is not authorised to inspect a file or files concerning a case in which he is personally interested.

3. No member or official of the Committee except the Secretary, the President or a Vice-President shall remove any file from the municipal office. The inspections allowed by by-laws 1 and 2 shall be made at the municipal office.

4. No member of the public is authorised to inspect the municipal files except the minutes of the meetings of the Committee or of a sub-committee, but if any person is permitted to inspect records other than the proceedings of the meeting of the Committee or of a sub-committee, he shall pay two rupees for the first hour and eight annas for any subsequent hour or part thereof.

5. Any member of the public who wishes to inspect municipal records, other than the proceedings of the meeting of the Committee or sub-committee, under by-law 4, shall make an application in writing to the Secretary and if he is permitted to examine them, shall pay rupee 1 in advance. This sum shall, in no case be returned, but if he inspects the records, it shall be deducted from the inspection fee referred to in by-law 4.

6. The inspection allowed by by-law 4 shall be made in the office of the Secretary of the Committee under his supervision or under the supervision of the officer appointed by him for the said purpose.

7. A member of the public may obtain copies of the resolutions of the Committee and the sub-committees on payment of the following fees :—

A (*a*)—

	English or Roman Urdu.	*Vernacular*
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
First 200 words or under	0 12 0	0 6 0
Every additional 100 words or fraction thereof ..	0 6 0	0 3 0

These rates include the cost of paper which will be supplied by the committee.

(b) For field maps, boundary maps and tabular works a special fee shall be fixed by the President of the Committee, but this fee should always be a multiple of 2 annas.

(c) Applicants for "urgent" copies, that is, copies to take precedence of other copying work, shall pay a uniform extra charge of one rupee or of such other amount as the committee may direct.

Note.—For the purposes of the above rule the extra fees to be charged shall be fixed for each resolution of the committee. In case of doubt whether a resolution is separate or not, the decision of th President of the committee shall be final.

(d) A search fee of 8 annas may be imposed under the orders of the President in cases in which an unreasonable amount of trouble has been caused in finding the original resolution.

(e) An agency fee of 2 annas will be charged when copies are delivered personally after a period of 3 days has expired from the date on which the copy was prepared.

B. In the case of copies supplied through the value-payable post :—

(a) ordinary, special, urgent and search fees as above prescribed.

(b) *Agency fees.*—Two annas per application.

(c) *Court fees and Stamp fees.*—The amount actually spent on applicant's behalf, on the application and on copy supplied.

(d) *Postal Charges.*—The amount actually spent on applicant's behalf, on postal charges and value-payable post commission.

8. Copies from the records of the committee may be granted with the permission of the President, or, in his absence, the Vice-President, on payment of fees at the rates prescribed in by-law 7, if the President or the Vice-President holds that the granting of such copies is not prejudicial to the interests of the committee.

No. 1575-L. G.-Bds.-40/20517.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (10) of section 62 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the Municipal Committee of **Khem Karan,** in the Lahore district, has, with effect from the 3rd August, 1940, imposed a tax, at the rates shown in the schedule appended below, payable by persons presenting building applications to the committee :

Provided that the tax shall not be payable by persons presenting applications relating to the erection or re-erection of buildings owned by Government, or a district board, or religious buildings, or relating to the construction of doors in the existing buildings :—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	Particulars of application.	Rate.
		Rs. A. P.
1	For the construction of a katcha building	1 0 0
2	For the construction of a pacca building	2 0 0

The 30th April, 1940.

No. 1808-C.-40/20696.—In exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (2) of section 1 of the Punjab Municipal (Executive Officers) Act, 1931, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to extend the provisions of the said Act to the Municipality of **Lyallpur.**

No. 1799-C.-40/20727.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Karor,** in the Muzaffargarh district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 197 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as

required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Karor** on the 17th day of June, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. In these by-laws—

(a) " Adulterated " when applied to banaspatine or charbini means mixed or diluted with any substance of lower commercial value than banaspatine or charbini, as the case may be.

(b) " Adulterated ghi " means ghi mixed or diluted with any substance other than banaspatine or charbini of lower commercial value than pure ghi.

(c) " Banaspatine " means any article of food, whether mixed with ghi or not, which resembles ghi but is derived from vegetable fat and contains no animal fat other than milk fat.

(d) " Charbini " means any article of food whether mixed with ghi or not which resembles ghi or banaspatine, but contains animal fat other than milk fat.

(e) " Ghi " means ghi obtained entirely from milk fat.

2. (i) No person shall sell ghi, either wholesale or retail, or import ghi for sale, either wholesale or retail, except under a licence granted by the committee in this behalf.

(ii) No person shall sell, wholesale or retail, banaspatine or charbini in premises not licensed by the committee in this behalf.

(iii) No person shall sell sweetmeats, cakes or other food prepared with banaspatine or charbini in premises not licensed by the committee in this behalf.

3. No premises licensed for the sale of ghi shall be licensed also for the sale of banaspatine or charbini or of sweetmeats, cakes or other food prepared with banaspatine or charbini.

4. Subject to the provisions of by-law 2, licences for premises to be used for the sale of ghi or for the sale of banaspatine and charbini or for the sale of sweetmeats, cakes or other food prepared with banaspatine or charbini shall be issued free of charge by the Secretary on the application of the owner or occupier of such premises in Form 'A' and shall be granted on the following conditions :—

(a) that the licensee shall not sell adulterated ghi, or adulterated banaspatine or charbini, or sweetmeats, cakes or other food prepared with adulterated ghi, banaspatine or charbini ;

(b) that the licensee shall not sell banaspatine or charbini or sweetmeats, cakes or other food prepared therewith in premises which have been licensed for the sale of ghi, or *vice versa* ;

(c) that the licensee shall not sell any article under the name of ghi, or any equivalent term with or without the addition of any other word to such name unless such food is derived solely from milk fat ;

(d) that the licensee shall not sell any ghi or banaspatine or charbini, or use in the preparation of sweetmeats, cakes or other food any ghi or banaspatine or charbini obtained from a place from which the import of ghi or of banaspatine or charbini, as the case may be, has, under any general or special declaration notified to the licensee, been declared by the Medical Officer of Health to be dangerous to the public health ;

(e) that the licensee shall keep ghi, banaspatine or charbini exposed for sale in clean covered vessels ;

(f) that the licensee shall keep all sweetmeats, cakes and other food exposed for sale under such covers as will prevent the articles from being contaminated by flies or other insects ;

(g) that the licensee shall not keep any ghi, banaspatine or charbini intended for sale in any place used for cooking or sleeping purposes ;

(*h*) that the licensee shall display at the licensed premises a sign board containing a notice in English, Urdu, Hindi or Gurmukhi characters indicating whether the premises are licensed for the sale of ghi, or for the sale of banaspatine and charbini, or for the sale of sweetmeats, cakes or other food prepared with banaspatine or charbini ;

(*i*) that the licensee shall display on every package or other vessel of banaspatine or charbini, exposed for sale by retail in such manner as to be clearly visible to the purchaser, a label measuring at least $4'' \times 4''$ marked banaspatine or charbini, as the case may be, in red letters on a white ground in Urdu, Hindi, Gurmukhi or English ;

(*j*) that the licensee shall display on every utensil on or in which sweetmeats, cakes or other articles of food prepared with banaspatine or charbini are exposed for sale by retail, a label measuring at least $4'' \times 4''$ setting forth in red letters on a white ground that the sweetmeat, cakes or other articles have been prepared with banaspatine or charbini as the case may be ;

(*k*) that the licensee shall at all reasonable times permit the Secretary or any member or officer of the committee authorised in this behalf to inspect the licensed premises without notice and take for examination samples of ghi or of banaspatine or charbini sold by him.

5. Licences to import ghi for sale shall be issued free of charge by the Secretary to persons applying therefor and shall be granted subject to the following conditions :—

(*a*) that the licensee shall not import ghi from any place from which the import of ghi has under any general or special declaration notified to the licensee been declared by the Medical Officer of Health to be dangerous to the public health ;

(*b*) that the licensee shall import ghi only in clean covered vessels ;

(*c*) that the licensee shall not import adulterated ghi into the municipality for sale.

6. Any licensee who commits a breach of any of the conditions of his licence shall be liable to have such licence suspended or revoked.

7. Any person who commits a breach of any of these by-laws, or any licensee who commits a breach of any condition of the licence granted to him under these by-laws, shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to Rs. 50, and if the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to Rs. 5 for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

Form A.

Application for a licence for the sale of____________________

Name of Vendor____________________

Father's name____________________

Article for which the licence is required____________________

Situation of the shop____________________

Street or lane____________________

Boundaries :—

North____________________

East____________________

South____________________

West____________________

I have read the conditions on which the sale of____________________ is allowed by the Municipal Committee of Karor in the municipal limits and undertake to abide by them.

Applicant's signature____________________

Address____________________

Dated____________________

The 1st May, 1940.

No. 1445-C.-40/20898. – In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911 it is hereby notified that Khan Sahib Malik Fateh Mohammad, retired Examiner, Local Fund Accounts, Punjab, has been appointed a member of the Muncipal Committee of **Rawalpindi.**

Small Towns.

The 1st May, 1940.

No. 1831-L. G.—Bds.-40/20933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 51 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following rules :—

RULES.

1. The Deputy Commissioner of Gurgaon district shall, in consultation with the Town Committee of Hidayatpur Chhaoni, cause to be prepared an accurate plan of the Small Town Hidayatpur Chhaoni, drawn to a scale not less than one inch to fifty feet, showing thereon all public streets and other immovable property vested in the Committee.

2. The Deputy Commissioner shall also cause to be prepared a *khasra* of the streets and other properties specified in rule 1 in form 'A' appended to these rules.

3. The Deputy Commissioner shall cause the plan and *khasra,* when ready to be published in such manner as he deems fit, together with a notice intimating the date not less than two months from the date of the notice by which objections from any person with regard to entries on the plan and *khasra* may be presented to the Revising Authority appointed under rule 5 and the time and place at which the plan and *khasra* may be inspected.

4. The Deputy Commissioner shall arrange to allow any person to inspect the plan and *khasra* during the hours and at the place specified in the notice on any day which is not a public holiday.

5. The Deputy Commissioner shall appoint an Assistant or an Extra Assistant Commissioner on the district staff to be the Revising Authority for the purpose of hearing objections relating to the plan and *khasra.*

6. When the plan and *khasra* have been published under the provisions of rule 3, objections in respect of entries on the plan and *khasra* may be presented to the Revising Authority, appointed under rule 5, between the hours of ten o'clock in the morning and four o'clock in the afternoon of any day not being a public holiday of the period specified in the notice issued under rule 3 *ibid.*

7. The Revising Authority shall maintain a register of objections in form B in which he shall cause to be entered at the time of receipt particulars of every objection received.

8. Any person aggrieved by any order, which the Revising Authority may pass, may, within seven days from the date of such order, apply to the Deputy Commissioner for revision of the order ; and the Deputy Commissioner, after giving notice to the parties concerned and hearing any representation which they may wish to make, may confirm it or set it aside, and pass such other orders with respect to the objection which he may deem fit.

9. After the objections, if any, have been disposed of, the Deputy Commissioner shall cause the plan and *khasra* to be corrected, if necessary, in accordance with the orders passed on the objections, and shall then have the amended plan and *khasra,* or a fresh copy of it, published for general information.

10. The original plan and *khasra* shall remain in the custody of the Deputy Commissioner, and a copy thereof duly certified by the Deputy Commissioner to be correct, shall be furnished to the Town Committee of Hidayatpur Chhaoni.

11. The Deputy Commissioner may employ such staff as is required for the preparation of the plan and *khasra* with the sanction of competent authority and subject to budget provision. The cost of pay and other incidental expenses will be met out of the provincial revenues.

Form A.

[RULE 2.]

TOWN COMMITTEE, HIDAYATPUR CHHAONI.

Survey Register.

1	2	3			4								5		6	7
Plan sheet.	*Khasra* No.	Name of *Mohalla* or Bazar.	Name of *Gali*.	Description of property.	MEASUREMENT IN FEET AND INCHES.								AREA IN SQUARE YARDS AND DECIMALS.		Possessor's name with father's name, caste, occupation and present address.	REMARKS.
					North.		*East.*		*West.*		*South.*					
					Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Square yards.	Decimals.		

Form B.

[RULE 7.]

Register of objections.

Serial No.	Name, parentage and address of the objector.	Date of presentation of objection with the initials of the officer to whom the objection is presented.	Nature of the objection.	Date of decision.	Summary of decision.	Signature of Revising Authority.	Decision by Deputy Commissioner, if any.	Signature of official by whom effect was given to the decision of the Revising Authority or of the Deputy Commissioner and date.

Medical.

The 29th April, 1940.

No. 1801-M.-40/20520.—The following by-laws made by the Cantonment Board, **Multan,** in exercise of the powers conferred by section 17 of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information and shall come into force within the limits of the Cantonment of **Multan,** six weeks after the date of the publication of this notification :—

BY-LAWS.

1. No person whose name has not been registered in accordance with the provisions of section 14 of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932, shall practice as nurse, health visitor, midwife, nurse dai, trained dai or dai within the area subject to the authority of the Cantonment Board, Multan.

2. Any person practising in contravention of by-law 1 or any person committing or abetting the commitment of a breach of by-law 1 shall be liable, on conviction by a magistrate of the first class, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 for the first offence or to a fine not exceeding Rs. 250 for a second or subsequent offence.

RAM CHANDRA,

Secretary to Government, Punjab,

Medical and Local Government Departments.

201 CS—1156—2-5-1940—SGPP Lahore.

Registered No. L. 884.

The Government Gazette, Punjab.

Published by Authority.

No. 19. LAHORE, FRIDAY, MAY 10, 1940.

PART I—A.

Punjab Government Notifications and Orders.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Boards.

The 2nd May, 1940.

No. 1837-L. G.-40/21069.—The following amendments made by the District Board of **Sheikhupura,** to its Provident Fund Rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 23437, dated the 10th June, 1932, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Sheikhupura** on the 22nd June, 1940 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. *Substitute* the following *for* clause (*e*) in rule 1 :—

"(*e*) "Servant" includes every employee of the board who holds a permanent post substantively under the board or is officiating in a permanent or a temporary post in the board but holds a permanent post in a substantive capacity under any other local body which maintains a provident fund, but does not include a Government servant employed by the board."

2. In rule 4, *substitute* the following proviso *for* the first proviso :—

"Provided that if the subscriber, who is required or permitted to subscribe to the provident fund, resigns within five years of the commencement of his service, except on account of illness or any other cause which the board may determine to be a sufficient cause, or has been dismissed from service of the board, the board may deduct from the sum standing to his

GGP

credit in the provident fund, the whole or any part of the contributions made by it to his provident fund and the interest thereon."

3. *Delete* the full stop at the end of condition I of the conditions prescribed under clause (*b*) of sub-rule (2) of rule 8 and *add* the words, "under the general account of the General Provident Fund Account".

4. In rule 11 between the words "sum" and "before" *insert* the words "but not exceeding in any case the total amount of its contributions credited to the account of the subscriber and interest accrued thereon."

5. *Substitute* the following new rule *for* the existing rule 12 :—

"12. The Board shall maintain—

General accounts to be maintained by the Board.

(1) a Provident Fund Account in Form P. F. 4,

(2) a Provident Fund Investments Account in Form P. F. 5,

(3) a Provident Fund Investments Interest Account in Form P. F. 6 or if a Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund is maintained a Provident Fund Investment Interest Account in Form P. F. 6-A and a Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund Account in Form P. F. 6-B, and

(4) an account in Form P. F. 8, showing the amount available for payment of insurance premia of the Provident Fund subscribers."

6. *Insert the following new forms after Form P. F. 6 :—*

Form P. F. 6-A.

Rule 12.

Provident Fund Investments Interest Account ______________________ *District Board.*

Serial No. in Provident Fund Investment Account (P. F. 5).	Instalment of interest due.		Instalment of interest received.			Disposal of interest received.					No. and date of the voucher with which the amount in column 4 (e) is withdrawn from the District Fund for credit to the Provident Fund.	Date on which the amount is credited to the savings bank account.	No. and date of voucher with which the amount in column 4 (c) is withdrawn from the District Fund for credit to the P. F. Investment Depreciation Fund.	Date on which the amount is credited in the P.F. Investment Depreciation Fund.	Remarks.
	(a)	(b)	(a)	(b)	(c)	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)					
	Date.	Amount.	Date.	No. and date of chalan with which remitted to treasury for credit into the fund of the local body.	Amount.	At savings bank rate to be credited to the P. F. Account.	Difference between columns 3 (c) and 4 (a).	Half of column 4 (b) to be credited to the Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund subject to a maximum of 1% on the amount invested.	Difference, if any, between half of columns 4 (b) and 4 (c).	Half of column 4 (b) plus 4 (d) to be credited to Provident Fund Account.					
1	2		3			4					5(a)	5(b)	6 (a)	6(b)	7
		Rs. A. P.			Rs. A. P.										

NOTE.—This form is to be used by the Boards which maintain Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund. Such Boards need not maintain Form P. F. 6.

Form P. F. 6-B. **Rule 12.**

Provident Fund Investments Depreciation Fund Account ______________ District Board.

Date.	Balance at credit.	Amount credited to the Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund in the Post Office Savings Bank / Imperial Bank.		Interest earned on the Investment Depreciation Fund money in the Post Office Savings Bank or Imperial Bank.	Payments.		Balance 4—5 (b).	Remarks.
		Folio No. of Register P. F. 6(a).	Amount.		No. and date of the order of the Commissioner sanctioning withdrawal from the fund.	Amount.		
1	2	3(a)	3(b)	4	5(a)	5(b)	6	7
			Rs. A. P.			Rs. A. P.		

7. *Insert* the following new form *after* Form P. F. 7 :—

Form P. F. 8. **Rule 12**

Register showing the amount available for payment of insurance premia of Provident Fund subscriber.

P. F. ACCOUNT No.______________

NAME______________

Date.	Provident Fund subscription available for insurance.			Advance paid.	Balance after each transaction	Remarks.*
	(a) Amount of deposit made by the subscriber since the last withdrawal for payment of insurance premium was made.	(b) Interest earned since the date of last withdrawal on subscriber's own deposits.	Total of columns 2(a), 2(b) and 4.			
1	2			3	4	5
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	

*The fact that the Insurance Policy has been assigned to the Board as well as the number of policy should be noted in the remarks column of the register.

No. 1865-L.G.—Bds.-40/21107.—The following amendment made by the District Board of **Hoshiarpur** to its Provident Fund Rules, published with Punjab Government notification No. 8670, dated the 14th March, 1934, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, is published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board, **Hoshiarpur**, from the date of publication of this notification :—

AMENDMENT.

1. *After* rule 8 the following note shall be inserted :—

"NOTE.—In the case of a board's employee governed by the Civil Service Regulations or the Revised Leave Rules, 1936, the term "leave on average pay" occurring in sub-rule (2) means the privilege leave on full salary or the earned leave as the case may be."

No. 1860-L. G.-40/21111.—The following amendments made by the District Board of **Gujrat** to its Provident Fund Rules, published with Punjab Government notification No. 24502, dated the 24th June, 1932, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Gujrat**, on the 22nd June, 1940 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. *Substitute* the following *for* clause (*e*) in rule 1 :—

"(*e*) "Servant" includes every employee of the board who holds a permanent post substantively under the board or is officiating in a permanent or a temporary post in the board but holds a permanent post in a substantive capacity under any other local body which maintains a provident fund, but does not include a Government servant employed by the board."

2. In rule 4, *substitute* the following proviso *for* the first proviso :—

"Provided that if the subscriber, who is required or permitted to subscribe to the provident fund, resigns within five years of the commencement of his service, except on account of illness or any other cause which the Board may determine to be a sufficient cause, or has been dismissed from service of the Board, the Board may deduct from the sum standing to his credit in the provident fund, the whole or any part of the contributions made by it to his provident fund and the interest thereon."

3. In rule 9 (1) for the words "may, up to limit of the amount shown at credit of his account in column 5-A of the Provident Fund Ledger," shall be substituted the words "may up to the amount contributed by the subscriber including interest accrued thereon."

4. In rule 9 (4) the words "clause (*a*) or clause (*b*) of" shall be deleted.

5. In rule 11 between the words "sum" and "before" *insert* the words "but not exceeding in any case the total amount of its contributions credited to the account of the subscriber and interest accrued thereon".

6. *Substitute* the following new rule *for* the existing rule 12 :—

"12. The Board shall maintain—

General accounts to be maintained by the Board.

(1) a Provident Fund Account in Form P. F. 4,

(2) a Provident Fund Investments Account in Form P. F. 5,

(3) a Provident Fund Investments Interest Account in Form P. F. 6 or if a Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund is maintained a Provident Fund Investment Interest Account in Form P. F. 6-A and a Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund Account in Form P. F. 6-B, and

(4) an account in Form P. F. 8, showing the amount available for payment of insurance premia of the Provident Fund subscribers."

7. The sub-columns for annas and pies in column 6 of Form P. F. 1 shall be deleted.

8. *Insert* the following new Forms *after* Form P. F. 6: —

Rule 12.

Form P. F. 6 A.

Provident Fund Investments Interest Account __________ *District Board.*

Serial No. in Provident Fund Investment Account (P. F. 5).	Instalment of interest due.		Instalment of interest received.			Disposal of interest received.					No. and date of the voucher with which the amount in column 4 (e) is withdrawn from the District Fund for credit to the Provident Fund.	Date on which the amount is credited to the savings bank account.	No. and date of voucher with which the amount in column 4 (c) is withdrawn from the District Fund for credit to the P. F. Investment Depreciation Fund.	Date on which the amount is credited in the P. F. Investment Depreciation Fund.	Remarks.
	(a)	(b)	(a)	(b)	(c)	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)					
	Date.	Amount.	Date.	No. and date of chalan with which remitted to treasury for credit into the fund of the local body.	Amount.	At savings bank rate to be credited to the P. F. Account.	Difference between columns 3 (c) and 4 (a).	Half of column 4 (b) to be credited to the Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund subject to a maximum of 1% on the amount invested.	Difference, if any, between half of columns 4 (b) and 4 (c).	Half of column 4 (b) *plus* 4 (d) to be credited to Provident Fund Account.					
1	2		3			4					5(a)	5(b)	6(a)	6(b)	7
		Rs. A. P.			Rs. A. P.										

NOTE.—This form is to be used by the Boards which maintain Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund. Such Boards need not maintain Form P. F. 6.

Form P. F. 6-B. **Rule 12.**

Provident Fund Investments Depreciation Fund Account *District Board.*

Date.	Balance at credit.	Amount credited to the Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund in the Post Office Savings Bank Imperial Bank.		Interest earned on the Investment Depreciation Fund money in the Post Office Savings Bank or Imperial Bank.	Payments.		Balance 4—5 (b).	Remarks.
		Folio No. of Register P. F. 6 (a).	Amount.		No. and date of the order of the Commissioner sanctioning withdrawal from the fund.	Amount.		
1	2	3 (a)	3 (b)	4	5 (a)	5 (b)	6	7
			Rs. A. P.			Rs. A. P.		

9. *Insert* the following new form *after* Form P. F. 7 :—

Form P. F. 8. **Rule 12.**

Register showing the amount available for payment of insurance premia of Provident Fund subscriber.

P. F. ACCOUNT No. ________

NAME ________

Date.	Provident Fund subscription available for insurance.			Advance paid.	Balance after each transaction.	Remarks.*
	(a) Amount of deposit made by the subscriber since the last withdrawal for payment of insurance premium was made.	(b) Interest earned since the date of last withdrawal on subscriber's own deposits.	Total of columns 2 (a), 2 (b) and 4.			
1		2		3	4	5
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	

*The fact that the insurance policy has been assigned to the Board as well as the number of policy should be noted in the remarks column of the register.

The 3rd May, 1940.

No. 1889-L. G.-40/21353.—The following amendment made by the District Board of **Jhang,** of the Provident Fund Rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 12344, dated the 8th April, 1932, as subsequently amended, in exrecise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, is published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the said Board on the 22nd June, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

After rule 3 the following note shall be inserted :—

"NOTE.—In the case of a board's employee governed by the Civil Service Regulations or the Revised Leave Rules, 1936, the term "leave on average pay" occuring in sub-rule (2) means the privilege leave on full salary or the earned leave as the case may be."

The 4th May, 1940.

No. 1649-L. G.-40/21444.—In accordance with the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 18 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to re-appoint the Deputy Commissioner, Amritsar, to be the *ex-officio* Chairman of the District Board of **Amritsar,** with effect from the 1st August, 1939.

No. 1535-L. G.-40/21447.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 32 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to reduce with effect from the 1st April, 1938, the rates of the Hasiyat tax imposed by the District Board of **Gujrat,** and to direct that the following schedule shall be substituted for the schedule appended to Punjab Government notification No. 19964, dated the 21st June, 1930 :—

SCHEDULE.

Amount of annual income.						*Amount of tax.*		
	Rs.				Rs.	Rs.	A.	P.
Exceeding	400	but	not	exceeding	500	3	0	0
"	500	"	"	"	750	4	8	0
"	700	"	"	"	1,000	6	0	0
"	1,000	"	"	"	1,200	7	8	0
"	1,200	"	"	"	1,500	9	12	0
"	1,500	"	"	"	2,000	12	12	0
"	2,000	"	"	"	3,000	15	0	0
"	3,000	"	"	"	5,000	28	12	0
"	5,000	"	"	"	7,500	41	4	0
"	7,500	"	"	"	10,000	60	0	0
"	10,000	"	"	"	15,000	82	8	0
"	15,000	"	"	"	20,000	120	0	0
"	20,000	"	"	"	30,000	145	0	0
"	30,000	"	"	"	40,000	247	8	0
"	40,000	"	"	"	50,000	330	0	0
"	50,000					375	0	0

2. Punjab Government notification No. 4956-L. G.-38/30809, dated the 12th September, 1938, is hereby cancelled.

No. 1912-L. G.—Bds.-40/21457.—The following amendment made by the District Board of **Muzaffargarh,** to the Provident Fund Rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 7179, dated the 9th March, 1933, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab is published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of

the District Board of **Muzaffargarh** on the 22nd June, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

After rule 3 the following note shall be inserted :—

"NOTE.—In the case of a board's employee governed by the Civil Service Regulations or the Revised Leave Rules, 1936, the term "leave on average pay" occuring in sub-rule (2) means the privilege leave on full salary or the earned leave as the case may be."

The 6th May, 1940.

No. 1934-L. G.—Bds.-40/21642.—The following amendment made by the District Board of **Hissar** to its Provident Fund Rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 8659, dated the 11th March, 1932, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, is published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Hissar** on the 22nd June, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

The sub-columns for annas and pies in column 6 of Form P. F. 1 shall be deleted.

The 7th May, 1940.

No 188-L. G.-40/21713.—The following amendments, made by the District Board of **Ludhiana**, to its rules of business, published with Punjab Government notification No. 365-L.S.-G.-36/18180, dated the 2nd June, 1936, as subsequently amended by Punjab Government notification No. 2378-L.S.-G.-36/23640, dated the 31st July, 1936, are published for general information, and shall come into force on the 13th day of May, 1940 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. The following proviso shall be added at the end of rule 2·1 namely :—

"provided further that during the vacancy of the office of Chairman and Vice-Chairman, the Secretary may, on the requisition of one-fourth of the members convene a meeting for the election of Chairman and Vice-Chairman."

2. *For* the first four lines of existing rule 2·3 (1), the following shall be substituted, namely :—

"The agenda shall include every matter that any member may desire to put before a meeting ; provided that a copy of the motion thereon, signed by such member, and by a seconder, which the Chairman has referred to a sub-committee under rule 2·50, has been delivered to the Secretary of the Board at the Board's office at least 14 clear days before the meeting."

3. In rule 2·3 (1), after the words "meeting of the Board" occuring in the second proviso, the following addition shall be made, namely :—

"an intimation thereof will be sent by the Secretary to the member concerned."

4. In rule 2·3 (1), *for* the words "Local Government", the words "Punjab Government" shall be substituted.

5. In rule 2·3 (2), for the words "fourteen days" the words "twenty-one days" shall be substituted.

6. In rule 2·3 (2), after the word "language", the words 'nor shall any question be argumentative or hypothetical or defamatory of any person or section of the community", shall be added.

7. At the end of rule 2·3 (2), the following shall be added, namely :—

"The questions and answers thereto shall form part of the proceedings of the Board, unless the Board otherwise directs in any particular case. If the member who has given due notice of a question has not withdrawn it, but is not present at the meeting, the Chairman may allow the question to be put by any other member present and the answer to be read.

Every member present in the meeting, when an answer to a question is read, shall have a right to put a supplementary question. The Chairman may disallow any supplementary question for want of relevancy or any other cause, and his decision shall be final. The question shall be taken at the end of the meeting."

8. In rule 2·3 (4), *for* the words "notices convening a meeting", the words "agenda of the meeting" shall be substituted.

9. At the end of rule 2·7, the following shall be added, namely :—

"The Secretary, or in his absence any other person duly authorised by the Chairman of the meeting shall record in the English or Urdu language the proceedings of the meeting of the Board, in the register of proceedings, under the direction of the Chairman, and shall be responsible for the correct recording."

10. At the end of rule 2·9, the following shall be added, namely :—

"The Chairman shall order his rulings on points of order to be recorded in a separate register, when so desired by himself or requested by any member."

11. At the end of rule 2·17, the following shall be added, namely :—

"and such member shall not be entitled to any daily allowance for that day."

12. In rule 2·29, clause (*f*) shall be deleted and clause (*e*) shall be altered as under :—

"(*e*) The Agriculture and Vehicle sub-committee."

13. For existing rule 2·33, the following new rule shall be substituted, namely :—

"2·33 The Medical and Public Health sub-committee shall consist of seven members elected by the Board, and the District Medical Officer of Health shall be *ex-officio* Secretary as well as member of this sub-committee."

14. In rule 2·34, for the words "The Vehicle sub-committee", the words "The Agriculture and the Vehicle sub-committee" shall be substituted.

15. For existing rule 2·35, the following new rule shall be substituted, namely :—

"2·35. The Board or the Chairman of the Board may appoint a special sub-committee of not less than three members of the Board to investigate or report on any matter and such special sub-committee shall be dissolved as soon as the matter entrusted to it has been disposed of."

16. Between the first and the second sentence of rule 2·38, the following new sentence shall be inserted, namely :—

"The Chairman of the Board, if present at a meeting of a sub-committee, shall be an additional *ex-officio* member of such sub-committee, and shall also preside at such meeting."

17. For the words "over a month" in line 1 of rule 2·39, the words "once in two months" shall be substituted.

18. At the end of rule 2·41, the following addition shall be made, namely :—

"The sub committee shall not discuss any matter which has not been admitted by the Chairman of the Board. Every sub-committee shall maintain minutes of its proceedings in a separate book set apart for the purpose, and its Chairman shall sign the minutes."

19. For existing rule 2·47, the following new rule shall be substituted, namely :—

"2·47. To the Agriculture and Vehicle sub-committee shall be submitted all matters relating to agriculture, veterinary, stock-breeding, fairs, the licensing or taxation of vehicles or animals and the establishment connected therewith."

20. Existing rules 2·48 and 2·49 shall be cancelled, and existing rules 2·50, 2·51 and 2·52 shall be re-numbered as rules 2·48, 2·49 and 2·50.

21. Re-numbered rule 2·49 shall read as follows :—

"2·49. A copy of the proceedings of every meeting of a sub-committee, signed by the Chairman of the sub-committee, shall be forwarded by the Secretary of the sub-committee to the Secretary of the Board, for inclusion in the agenda of the next meeting of the Board, except such cases as have not been finally dealt with by the sub-committee ; provided that any member may call in question any order of a sub-committee on the ground that it was *ultra vires* of the sub-committee, and if the Board considers that such order was *ultra vires*, it may confirm, modify or cancel such order ; provided further that if any member considers that the sub-committee is unduly delaying the decision of any matter in respect of which it has made no recommendation, he may move a motion requiring the sub-committee to submit its recommendation within a stated period, and if such motion is carried, and the sub-committee fails to make a recommendation within the period fixed, the Board may itself proceed to pass orders in respect of such matter."

22. For the existing entry under the column " extent " against item No. 6 of the appendix, the following shall be substituted, namely :—

" Full powers in the case of menial staff where no extra cost is involved, and in other cases, subject to the Board's approval, if the leave exceeds two months."

23. In column 2 against item No. 24 of the appendix, the word " fruit " shall be inserted between the words " vegetables " and " grass ".

24. For the existing entry under the column " nature of powers delegated " against item No. 35 of the appendix, the following shall be substituted, namely :—

" To appoint, promote, degrade, suspend, transfer, grant leave to and dismiss the staff of the Board's Anglo-Vernacular Schools, and Anglo-Vernacular teachers in the Boys' Board Vernacular Schools in consultation with the chairman."

25. In column 2 against item No. 36 of the appendix after the word " transfer ", the following words shall be inserted, namely :—

" Reduce, withhold increments ".

26. The existing item No. 39 of the appendix shall be re-numbered as 39 (*a*), and the following new item added thereafter as item 39 (*b*) :—

" 39 (*b*).	To grant casual leave to teachers working in the Board's Vernacular Middle, Lower Middle, Primary and Branch Schools attached to them.	Assistant District Inspector of Schools.	Full powers."

27. For the words " Assistant Inspectress of Schools" in column 3 against item No. 41 of the appendix, the words " District Inspectress of Schools " shall be substituted.

28. For the word " Ditto " in column 3 against items Nos. 42 and 43 of the appendix, the word " Assistant Inspectress of Schools " shall be substituted.

29. At the end of the delegations given in column 2 against item No. 47 of the appendix, the following new words shall be added, namely :—

" or to transfer them to another society or fund."

30. After the word " suspend " in the delegations given in column 2 against item No. 49 of the appendix, the following words shall be added, namely :—

" reduce, withhold increments."

No. 1586-L. G.-40/21841.—In the matter of the election petition of Chaudhri Mohammad Khan against the return of Chaudhri Umar Hayat as a member of the District Board of **Sialkot,** the Governor of the Punjab, in pursuance of the provisions of rules 73 and 75 of the District Board Election Rules, 1933, is pleased (*i*) to declare that the respondent Chaudhri Umar Hayat was duly elected as a member of the District Board of **Sialkot,** and (*ii*) to order that the petitioner, Chaudhri Mohammad Khan, shall pay to the respondent, Chaudhri Umar Hayat, the sum of rupees one hundred and eight, annas seven and pies three only as costs.

The 8th May, 1940.

No. 1694-L G.-40/21919.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (6) of section 31 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, it is hereby notified that the District Board of **Sheikhupura** has, with the previous sanction of the Punjab Government, made the following amendment of the tax notified with Punjab Government, notification No. 10496, dated the 26th March, 1930. This amendment shall come into force on the 12th day of August, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

For the words and figures " whose annual income is less than Rs. 400 " under Description of tax " *substitute* " whose annual income is less than Rs. 200 ".

No. 1973-L. G.—40/21922.—The following amendments made by the District Board of **Kangra** to its Provident Fund Rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 7175, dated the 9th March, 1933, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab are published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Kangra**, on the 22nd June, 1940 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. In rule 9 (1) *for* the words " may, up to limit of the amount shown at credit of his account in column 5-A cf the Provident Fund Ledger," shall be substituted the words " may up to the amount contributed by the subscriber including interest accrued thereon."

2. In rule 9 (4) the words " clause (*a*) or clause (*b*) of " shall be deleted.

3. The sub-columns for annas and pies in column 6 of form P. F. 1 shall be deleted.

No. 1596-L.G.-40/21926.—In exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (*a*) of section 14 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to remove Sardar Kulbir Singh, son of Sardar Kishen Singh, of Chak No. 105-G.B., from membership of the District Board of **Lyallpur,** in view of his having been convicted of an offence under the Defence of India Act.

Committees.

The 4th May, 1940.

No. 707 C.-40/21381—The following by-laws framed by the Administrator of the municipality of **Lahore**, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188, 197 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the municipality of **Lahore**, on the 24th day of June, 1940, from which date the Punjab Government notification No. 1039, dated the 14th January, 1918, shall be deemed to have been cancelled so far as it relates to aerated water and ice factories :—

BY-LAWS.

1. No person shall manufacture for sale to the public aerated waters or ice except in premises licensed in this behalf.

2. Licenses for premises for the manufacture for sale of aerated waters or ice shall be issued by the Medical Officer of Health in Form A appended to these by-laws and shall be granted subject to the conditions specified in the Form.

3. For a licence issued under by-law 2 a fee of Rs. 2 per annum or at the rate of 8 annas for a month or portion thereof shall be charged. No licence shall be valid beyond the 31st day of March, next following the date of issue.

4. Any person who commits a breach of any of these by-laws or any licensee who commits a breach of any condition of a licence granted to him under these by-laws shall, on conviction by a Magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to Rs. 50 and

if the breach is a continuing breach with a further fine which may extend to Rs. 5 for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

5. Any licensee who commits a breach of any condition of his licence shall be liable to have his licence suspended or revoked by the Medical Officer of Health.

Form A.

LICENCE FOR PREMISES FOR THE MANUFACTURE FOR SALE OF AERATED WATERS OR ICE ISSUED UNDER BY-LAW 2 OF THE BY-LAWS PUBLISHED WITH PUNJAB GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATION No. 707-C.-40/21381, DATED THE 4TH MAY, 1940.

1. The premises of which a description is given below are hereby licensed for the manufacture for sale of aerated waters.
ice.

Description.

Situation of premises :

Boundaries :—

North :

East :

South :

West :

2. This licence is granted in respect of the said premises to ______

s/o ______ subject to the following conditions :—

(1) No water shall be used for the manufacture of aerated water / ice except water obtained—

(a) (*in a place where there is a municipal water supply*) from a direct pipe connection to the premises, unless special permission is given by the Medical Officer of Health for the use of other water, and

(b) (*in a place where there is no municipal water supply*) from a source approved by the Medical Officer of Health and conveyed to the premises in a manner approved by him.

(2) No owner or person in charge of the premises shall employ or permit to be employed in the premises any person suffering from any contagious or infectious disease or from loathsome sores, or who has recently been attending on any person so suffering.

(3) No person suffering from any contagious or infectious disease or from loathsome sores, or who has recently been attending on any person so suffering and no animal suffering from any contagious or infectious disease or from loathsome sores shall be permitted to enter into or remain in the premises.

(4) The premises and all vessels, receptacles, utensils and other things in which the products of the premises or the materials used in making them are kept shall be maintained in a state of thorough cleanliness.

(5) No ice shall be wrapped in dirty or soiled paper, cloth or leaves.

(6) Every owner or person in charge of the premises shall permit the Medical Officer of Health or any Municipal Officer authorised by him in writing to inspect the premises at all reasonable times and without notice.

(7) If required by the Medical Officer of Health, the owner or person in charge of the premises shall permit any person employed in the premises to be tested for the purposes of ascertaining whether he is a carrier of any infectious disease.

Note.—Such tests shall be made at municipal expense.

(8) The licensee shall comply promptly with all notices issued by the Medical Officer of Health in respect of sanitation.

Signature of licensee.

Dated Signature of Medical Officer of Health.

Fee paid———————.

The 6th May, 1940.

No. 1622-C.-40/21621.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (c) of subsection (1) of section 16 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to remove Chaudhri Fakhar Alam from membership of the Municipal Committee of **Nakodar**, and to direct under subsection (2) of the said section that he shall be disqualified for election for a period of one year following the date of this notification.

No. 1923-C.-40/21639.—The following draft rules, which the Governor of the Punjab proposes to make, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, are published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 24th day of June, 1940, together with any objection or suggestion which may be received by the Punjab Government from any person with respect to the draft before that date :—

DRAFT RULES.

1. The Deputy Commissioner of Hissar district shall, in consultation with the Municipal Committee of Hissar, cause to be prepared an accurate plan of the Municipality of Hissar drawn to a scale of not less than one inch to fifty feet, showing thereon all public streets and other immovable property vested in the Committee.

2. The Deputy Commissioner shall also cause to be prepared a *khasra* of the streets and other properties specified in rule 1 in form " B " appended to these rules.

3. The Deputy Commissioner shall cause the plan and *khasra*, when ready, to be published in such manner as he deems fit, together with a notice intimating the date not less than two months from the date of the notice by which objections from any person with regard to entries on the plan and *khasra* may be presented to the Revising Authority appointed under rule 5 and the time and place at which the plan and *khasra* may be inspected.

4. The Deputy Commissioner shall arrange to allow any person to inspect the plan and *khasra* during the hours and at the place specified in the notice on any day which is not a public holiday.

5. The Deputy Commissioner shall appoint an Assistant Commissioner or Extra Assistant Commissioner on the district staff to be the Revising Authority for the purpose of hearing objections relating to the plan or *khasra*.

6. When the plan and *khasra* have been published under the provisions of rule 3, objections in respect of entries on the plan and *khasra* may be presented to the Revising Authority, appointed under rule 5, between the hours of ten o'clock of the morning and four o'clock of the afternoon of any day of the period specified in the notice issued under rule 3, which is not a public holiday.

7. The Revising Authority shall maintain a register of objections in form A in which he shall cause to be entered at the time of receipt particulars of every objection received.

8. Any person aggrieved by any order, which the Revising Authority may pass, may, within seven days from the date of such order, apply to the Deputy Commissioner for revision of the order ; and the Deputy Commissioner, after giving notice to the parties concerned and hearing any representation which they may wish to make, may confirm it or set it aside, and pass such other orders with respect to the objection which he may deem fit.

9. After the objections, if any, have been disposed of, the Deputy Commissioner shall cause the plan and *khasra* to be corrected, if necessary, in accordance with the orders passed on the objections, and shall then have the amended plan and *khasra*, or a fresh copy of it, published for general information.

10. The original plan and *khasra* shall remain in the custody of the Deputy Commissioner, and a copy thereof duly certified by the Deputy Commissioner to be correct, shall be furnished to the Municipal Committee of Hissar.

11. The Deputy Commissioner may employ such staff as is required for the preparation of the plan and *khasra* and the Municipal Committee of Hissar shall be liable for the cost of pay and other incidental expenses connected with the staff and the preparation of the documents mentioned above, and also for the cost of pay or any other expenditure connected with the appointment of the Revising Authority.

Form A.

(RULE 7.)

Register of objections.

Serial No.	Name, parentage and address of the objector.	Date of presentation of objection with the initials of the officer to whom the objection is presented.	Nature of the objection.	Date of decision.	Summary of decision.	Signature of Revising Authority.	Decision by Deputy Commissioner, if any.	Signature of official by whom effect was given to the decision of the Revising Authority or of the Deputy Commissioner and date.

Form B.

(RULE 2.)

MUNICIPAL COMMITTEE, HISSAR.

Survey Register.

1	2	3			4								5		6	7
					MEASUREMENT IN FEET AND INCHES.								AREA IN SQUARE YARDS AND DECIMALS.			
					North.		East.		West.		South.					
Plan sheet.	*Khasra* No.	Name of *Mohalla* or Bazar.	Name of *Gali*.	Description of property.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Square yards.	Decimals.	Possessor's name with father's name, caste, occupation and present address.	REMARKS.

No. 609-C.-40/21663.—The following by-laws framed by the Administrator of the **Lahore** Municipality, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188, 197 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Lahore** on the first day of July, 1940, from which date the by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 22958, dated the 4th August, 1928, shall be deemed to have been cancelled :—

BY-LAWS.

1. In these by-laws the word " meat " means the flesh of cattle (including buffaloes), swine, sheep, goats, fish, game, or fowls intended for human or animal consumption) but shall not include cooked, salted or preserved meat.

2. No person shall sell, prepare meat or expose meat for sale except in premises licensed for the purpose by a licence issued by the Medical Officer of Health in this behalf in form "A" :

Provided that a person holding a licence may also be permitted to deliver meat at the residence of his customer.

Note.—(1) Markets maintained by the Municipality shall be considered to have been licensed under these by-laws.

(2) No person may be granted a licence to sell beef or prepare beef for sale unless he has obtained the previous permission of the District Magistrate.

3. For a licence issued under by-law 2 a fee of two rupees per annum or, if the licence is taken out for any period less than a year, a fee at the rate of eight annas for a month or portion thereof shall be paid. No licence shall be valid beyond the 31st day of March next following the date of issue.

4. Any person who commits a breach or an abetment of a breach of any of these by-laws shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees and when the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

5. Any licensee who commits a breach of any of the conditions of his licence shall be liable to have his licence suspended or revoked by the Medical Officer of Health.

Form A.

Licences for premises for the sale or preparation or exposure for sale of meat issued under by-law 2 of the by-laws published with Punjab Government Notification No. 6 9-C.-40/21663, dated the 6th May, 1940.

The premises, of which a description is given below, are hereby licensed for the sale of preparation or exposure for sale of meat.

Description.

Situation :

(Name of street or ward, etc.).

Boundaries :—

North :

East :

South :

West :

The licence is granted to ________________ son of ________________

owner
______ of the said premises subject to the following conditions :—
occupier

Conditions.

1. The licensed premises shall be kept structurally fit for the purpose for which the licence is granted.

Explanation.—Structural fitness shall be deemed to include :—

(a) the existence of a floor made of bricks, stone, cement or other impervious material ;

(b) possession of walls, properly plastered and limewashed ;

(c) adequate provision of light and ventilation ;

(d) suitable drains and the floor so sloped as to allow all liquid to flow off by the drain.

2. (a) There shall be no such latrine, cess-pool, cow-shed, stable, or other place within one hundred feet of the premises which in the opinion of the Medical Officer of Health renders it undesirable that such premises shall be used for the sale or preparation for sale of meat.

(b) Suitable arrangements shall be made for screening the meat from the view of the public.

3. Every place licensed for the sale or preparation for sale of meat shall be fitted with a table of which the top shall be covered with a zinc sheet or slab of marble, slate or stone for cutting meat, and also, with metal scales and weights and shall at all reasonable times without notice, be open to inspection by the Medical Officer of Health or such Food Inspector or Sanitary Inspector of the Committee as may be deputed by the Committee for the purpose.

4. Every place licensed for the sale and preparation or exposure for sale of meat and all implements tables, receptacles, vessels or other things used therein shall at all times be kept in a clean and wholesome condition and protected from dust and every place shall at all times be provided with a sufficient supply of water for cleaning the same.

5. All meat shall at all times be kept in a wire-gauze receptacle as a protection against flies.

6. The licensee shall provide a receptacle for the collection of all sorts of refuse and shall not throw or allow to be thrown any waste anywhere, except in the said receptacle which shall be cleaned and washed twice daily.

7. The licensee shall not permit any meat to be wrapped in dirty or soiled paper, cloth or leaves or to be transported except in a clean fly-proof receptacle.

8. (*a*) No person suffering from any contagious or infectious disease or from loathsome sores, or who has recently been attending on any person so suffering, and no animal or bird suffering from any contagious or infectious disease or from loathsome sores, shall be permitted to enter into or remain in the premises licensed for the sale or preparation or exposure for sale of meat.

(*b*) If required by the Medical Officer of Health the licensee shall permit any person employed for the sale or preparation or exposure for sale of meat to be tested for the purpose of ascertaining whether he is a carrier of any infectious disease.

Note.—Such tests shall be made at municipal expense.

9. (*a*) The walls of the licensed premises shall be properly lime-washed at least twice a year and more often if so required by the Medical Officer of Health.

(*b*) No room or any portion of the licensed premises shall be used as a living room or sleeping room or for any other trade or occupation.

10. The licensee shall not spit or smoke or suffer any other person to spit or smoke within the licensed premises.

11. The licensee shall comply promptly with all notices issued by the Medical Officer of Health in respect of sanitation.

Signature of licensee.

Signature of Medical Officer of Health.

Dated Fee Paid______

The 7th May, 1940.

No. 1303-L. G.—Bds.-40/21716.—In pursuance of the provisions of clause (*c*) of subsection (2) of section 70 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to confirm resolution No. 905, passed at a special meeting of the Municipal Committee of **Sargodha,** held on the 10th November, 1939, exempting with effect from the year 1934-35, from the payment of house tax, the imposition of which was notified in Punjab Government notification No. 210, dated the 28th March, 1916, the following :—

(1) huts and buildings constructed by the lessees on land leased by the municipal committee for brick kilns, fuel stalls and lime kilns,

(2) huts and buildings constructed by the lessees on land leased by the municipal committee for agricultural purposes.

No. 1935-C.-40/21719.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Karor,** in the Muzaffargarh district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 197 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Karor,** on the 24th day of June, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. In these by-laws the word "meat" means the flesh of sheep or goats intended for human or animal consumption.

2. No person shall sell meat, except under a licence granted in this behalf by the Committee.

3. No person shall sell meat, or prepare or expose meat for sale, in premises other than premises licensed by the Committee in this behalf.

4. No premises shall be licensed for the sale or preparation or exposure for sale of meat :—

(a) unless they have a floor made of bricks, stone, cement or other impervious material;

(b) unless the walls are properly plastered and limewashed;

(c) unless they are provided with adequate light and ventilation to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health, or in the absence of such officer the Secretary of the Committee;

(d) unless they are provided with a drain and the whole floor is so sloped as to allow all liquid to flow off by the drain.

(e) if there is any direct communication between the premises and any room used as a sleeping room;

(f) if there is any latrine, cess pool, cowshed, stable or other place within one hundred feet of the premises which, in the opinion of the Medical Officer of Health, or in the absence of such officer, the Secretary, renders it undesirable that such premises should be used for the sale or preparation for sale of meat; and

(g) unless they are situated in a suitable locality and provided with suitable arrangements for screening the meat from the view of the public.

5. Licences to sell meat may be issued by the Medical Officer of Health, or, in the absence of such officer, by the Secretary of Committee, to any person applying for them and shall be granted by the Committee free of charge, subject to the conditions specified in form "A" appended to these by-laws.

6. Subject to the provisions of by-law 4, licences of premises to be used for the sale or preparation or exposure for sale of meat shall be issued by the Medical Officer of Health, or, in the absence of such officer, the Secretary of the Committee, on the application of the owner or occupier of such premises and shall be granted by Committee in form "A" appended to these by-laws, free of charge, subject to the conditions specified in form "A".

7. Every place licensed for the sale or preparation for sale of meat shall be fitted with a table of which the top shall be covered with a zinc sheet or a slab of marble, slate or stone for cutting up meat and also with metal scales and weights, and shall at all reasonable times be open to inspection by any member of the Committee or the Secretary of the Committee.

8. Every place licensed for the sale or preparation or exposure for sale of meat and all implements, tables, receptacles, vessels or other things used therein shall at all times be kept in a clean and wholesome condition, and every such place shall at all times be provided with a sufficient supply of water for cleaning the same.

9. All meat kept or exposed for sale on or at any such place shall at all times be kept in a wire-gauze receptacle as a protection against flies.

10. The licensee shall provide a receptacle for the collection of all sorts of refuse and shall not throw or allow to be thrown anywaste anywhere except in the said receptacle, which shall be cleared and washed twice daily.

11. The committee may at any time revoke or cancel any licence granted under these by-laws for any breach of the by-laws, and no compensation in respect of such revocation or cancellation shall be recoverable from the Committee.

12. Any person who commits a breach or an abetment of a breach of any of these by-laws shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and when the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

Form A.

LICENCE FOR PREMISES FOR THE SALE OR PREPARATION OR EXPOSURE FOR SALE OF MEAT ISSUED UNDER BY-LAW 6 OF THE BY-LAWS FOR LICENSING PREMISES FOR THE SALE OR PREPARATION OR EXPOSURE FOR SALE OF MEAT, PUBLISHED WITH PUNJAB GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATION No. 1935-C.-40/21719, DATED THE 7TH MAY, 1940.

The premises, of which a description is given in the attached schedule, situated in ______________

(name of street or ward, etc.,) are hereby licensed for the sale or preparation or exposure for sale of meat.

This licence is granted to ______________________________

owner
———of the said premises, subject to the following conditions—
occupier

(a) that he shall keep the licensed premises structurally fit for the purpose for which the licence is granted;

Explanation.—" Structural fitness " shall be deemed to include—

(i) the existence of a floor made of bricks, stone, cement or other impervious material;

(ii) possession of walls, properly plastered and limewashed;

(iii) adequate provision of light and ventilation; and

(iv) suitable drains.

(b) that he shall not employ, or permit to be employed, in the sale or preparation or exposure for sale of meat any person suffering from any contagious or infectious disease or from loathsome sores or who has recently been attending on any person so suffering, and that he shall not suffer any such person or any animal to remain upon the licensed premises;

(c) that he shall at all times keep all vessels, receptacles, utensils, and other things used in the sale or preparation or exposure for sale of meat in a state of thorough cleanliness, and shall protect from dust and flies all materials used in such sale or preparation or exposure for sale and the articles prepared or exposed for sale to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health, or in the absence of such officer, the Secretary of the Committee;

(d) that he shall daily cause to be thoroughly washed and cleaned the floor and drain of the licensed premises and every bench, counter, table, shelf, or other place on which the articles prepared or exposed for sale and any material used in such sale or preparation or exposure for sale are kept;

(e) that he shall cause the walls of the licensed premises to be properly limewashed at least twice a year or more often, if so required by the Medical Officer of Health, or in the absence of such officer, the Secretary of the Committee;

(f) that he shall not carry on, or permit to be carried on, any trade or occupation in the licensed premises other than the sale or preparation or exposure for sale of meat, and that he shall not use or suffer to be used, any portion of the licensed premises as a living room or sleeping room;

(g) that he shall not spit or smoke or suffer any other person to spit or smoke within the licensed premises;

(h) that he shall not keep or suffer to be kept in the licensed premises any bedding, soiled clothes or other things not required for the sale or preparation or exposure for sale of meat;

(i) that he shall at all reasonable times permit any Member or Secretary, or any other officer of the Committee to inspect the licensed premises without notice;

(j) that he shall comply promptly with all notices issued by the Municipal Committee or the Medical Officer of Health in respect of sanitation.

SCHEDULE.

(The actual room or rooms in which the sale or preparation for sale of meat is to be carried on should be described in cases where the whole of the building is not to be used for such sale or preparation for sale.)

No. 1619-L. G.—Bds.-40/21844.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (10) of section 62 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the Municipal Committee of **Rupar** in the Ambala district has, with effect from the 10th day of August, 1940, made the following amendment of its tax, the imposition of which was notified in Punjab Government notification No. 21781, dated the 12th of June, 1935, as subsequently amended by Punjab Government notification No. 4198-L. G.—Bds.-38/25048, dated the 20th of July, 1938 :—

AMENDMENT.

The words " for plying on hire, picking up passengers or loading goods " shall be added after the word " kept " appearing in the 7th line of the preamble of the notification.

The 8th May, 1940.

No. 1837-C.-40/21929.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (10) of section 62 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that with the previous sanction of the Governor of the Punjab, the Municipal Committee of **Dajal,** in the Dera Ghazi Khan district, has, with effect from the 12th August, 1940, made the following amendments to its octroi schedule published with Punjab Government notification

No. 3441-C.36/34004, dated the 6th November, 1936, as subsequently amended :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. In item 6 under class III after the word "Firewood" the words "and Coal" shall be added.

2. In item 6 under class IV between the words "chalks" and "and" the word "Clay" shall be added.

3. In item 3 under Class VII between the words "namdahs" and "tents" the words "gunny bags" shall be added.

No. 1933-C.-40/21997.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Karor**, in the Muzaffargarh district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 197 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Karor**, on the 24th day of June, 1940:—

BY-LAWS.

1. No person shall manufacture, sell or prepare or expose for sale milk, butter including clarified butter, curd and sweetmeats, in premises other than premises licensed by the Committee in this behalf.

2. No premises shall be licensed for the manufacture, sale or preparation or exposure for sale of the articles of food and drink mentioned in by-law 1—

(*a*) unless they have a floor made of stone, bricks, with cement pointing or other impervious material ;

(*b*) unless the walls are properly plastered and limewashed ;

(*c*) unless they are provided with adequate light and ventilation to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health, or any other office appointed by the Committee in this behalf ;

(*d*) unless they are provided with a drain and the whole floor is so sloped as to allow all liquids to flow off by the drain ;

(*e*) if there is any direct communication between the premises and any room used as a sleeping room ;

(*f*) if there is any latrine, cesspool, cowshed, stable or other place within one hundred feet of the premises, which, in the opinion of the Medical Officer of Health renders it undesirable that such premises should be used for the manufacture, sale or preparation or exposure for sale of the articles specified in by-law 1 ; and

(*g*) unless they have a proper outlet for smoke if fire is lit therein.

3. Subject to the provisions of by-law 2, licences for premises for the manufacture, sale or preparation or exposure for sale of the articles specified in by-law 1, shall be issued by the Secretary of the Municipal Committee (or any other officer appointed by the Committee in this behalf in form A appended to these by-laws on the application of the owner or occupier of such premises free of charge and sha'l be granted by the Committee subject to the conditions specified in form A as the conditions subject to which the licence is granted.

4. Any licensee who commits a breach of any of the conditions of his licence shall be liable to have such licence suspended or revoked by order of the Committee.

5. Any person who commits or abets the commitment of a breach of any of these by-laws, and any licensee who commits or abets the commitment of a breach of any of the conditions of his licence, shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and, when the breach is a continuing breach,

with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

Form A.

LICENCE FOR PREMISES FOR THE MANUFACTURE, SALE OR PREPARATION OR EXPOSURE FOR SALE OF MILK BUTTER, INCLUDING CLARIFIED BUTTER, CURD AND SWEETMEATS ISSUED UNDER BY-LAW 3 OF THE BY-LAWS FOR LICENSING PREMISES, FOR SUCH MANUFACTURE, SALE OR PREPARATION OR EXPOSURE FOR SALE, PUBLISHED WITH PUNJAB GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATION No. 1993-C.-40/21997, DATED THE 8TH MAY, 1940.

The premises, of which the description is given in the attached schedule, situated in ________________(name of street, or ward, etc.), are hereby licensed for the manufacture, sale or preparation or exposure for sale of the articles specified in by-law 1.

This licence is granted to owner/occupier of the said premises subject to the following conditions :—

(a) that he shall keep the licensed premises structurally fit for the purpose for which the licence is granted ;

Explanation.—" Structural fitness " shall be deemed to include—

(i) the existence of a floor made of stone, brick, with cement pointing or other impervious material ;

(ii) possession of walls, properly plastered and lime washed ;

(iii) adequate provision of light and ventilation ;

(iv) suitable drains ;

(v) non-existence of any direct communication between the premises and any room used as a sleeping room ;

(vi) non-existence of any latrine, cesspool, cowshed, stable or other insanitary place within one hundred feet of the premises ;

(vii) proper outlet for smoke ;

(b) that he shall not employ or permit to be employed in the manufacture, sale or preparation or exposure for sale of the articles specified in by-law 1, any person suffering from any contagious or infectious disease or from loathsome sores or who has recently been attending on any person so suffering, and that he shall not suffer any such person or any animal to enter or remain upon the licensed premises ;

(c) that he shall keep all vessels, receptacles, utensils and other things used in the manufacture, sale or preparation or exposure for the sale of the articles specified in by-law 1, in a state of cleanliness and shall protect from dust and flies all materials used in such manufacture, sale or preparation or exposure for sale and the articles manufactured, prepared or exposed for sale to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health or any other officer appointed by the Committee in this behalf;

(d) that he shall daily cause to be thoroughly washed and cleaned the floor and drain of the licensed premises, and every bench, counter, table, shelf or other place on which the articles manufactured, prepared or exposed for sale and any material used in such manufacture, sale or preparation or exposure for sale are kept.

(e) that he shall cause the walls of the licensed premises to be properly limewashed at least twice a year and more often, if so required by the Medical Officer of Health or by any other officer appointed by the Committee in this behalf ;

(f) that he shall not carry on, or permit to be carried on, in the licensed premises any trade or occupation other than the manufacture, sale or preparation or exposure for sale of the articles specified in by-law 1, and that he shall not use or suffer to be used, any portion of the licensed premises as a living room or sleeping room ;

(g) that he shall comply with the orders issued by the Medical Officer of Health or any other officer appointed by the Committee in this behalf in connection with the sanitary condition of the licensed premises ;

(h) that he shall not use for keeping any liquid or wet articles, any soiled papers or paper written upon with black or coloured ink, nor shall he tender any of the articles mentioned in by-law 1, on such paper to the vendee ;

(i) that he shall exhibit the licence at a proper place in the licensed premises ;

(j) that he shall not spit, or smoke or suffer any other person to spit or smoke, within the licensed premises ;

(k) that he shall not keep or suffer to be kept in the licensed premises any bedding, soiled clothes or any other thing not required for the manufacture, sale or preparation or exposure for sale of the articles specified in by-law 1 ; and

(l) that he shall not use, or permit to be used, in such manufacture, sale or preparation or exposure for sale any water except water obtained from a source and conveyed to the licensed premises in a manner approved by the Medical Officer of Health or any other officer appointed by the Committee in this behalf ;

(m) that he shall at all reasonable times permit any Member or Officer of the Committee authorized in this behalf, to inspect the licensed premises without notice.

SCHEDULE.

(The actual room or rooms in which the manufacture, sale or preparation or exposure for sale of the articles of food and drink specified in by-law 1 is to be carried on, should be described to cases where the whole of the building is not to be used for such manufacture, sale or preparation or exposure for sale.)

No. 1934-C.-40/22002.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Karor**, in the Muzaffargarh district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Karor**, on the 24th day of June, 1940, from which date Punjab Government notification No. 282, dated the 5th May, 1890, in so far as it relates to the Municipal Committee of **Karor**, shall be deemed to be cancelled ;—

BY-LAWS.

1. The Municipal Committee shall establish one or more registration offices for the registration of births and deaths within the limits of the Municipality, and may by public notice prescribe the office at which the reports of births and deaths occurring in specified portions of the Municipality are to be made in accordance with these by-laws. The officer in charge of any such registration office shall be termed Municipal Registrar.

2. Every report of a birth required to be made under these by-laws shall contain the following particulars which shall be entered in a register to be kept for the purpose, by the Municipal Registrar, that is to say—

(*a*) the date of the birth ;

(*b*) the sex of the child ;

(*c*) the name of the father and of the grandfather ;

(*d*) the residence of the father ;

(*e*) the occupation, caste and religion of the father ;

(*f*) the name of the person making the report and the date of his report ;

(*g*) the name of the child ;

provided that—

(*i*) in the case of an illegitimate child, the Municipal Registrar shall not enter in the register the name of any person as father of the child save at the joint request of the mother and of the person acknowledging himself to be the father. If any entry of the father's name has been made in accordance with such a joint request, the entry shall be countersigned by the person acknowledging himself to be the father. If no such joint request is made, the name, residence and caste of the mother shall be entered in place of the name, residence and caste of the father. In all such cases a note shall be made in the register to the effect that the child is illegitimate ;

(*ii*) if the name of the child is not known, when the report is made, the person reporting the birth or, if he is dead, the father of the child, or, if the father is dead or the child illegitimate, the mother of the child or, if both the father and the mother of the child are dead, the person in whose keeping the child is, shall, within three months of the birth, report the name of the child to the Municipal Registrar.

2-A. The Municipal Registrar entering in the register prescribed in by-law the particulars required by that by-law shall enquire from the person reporting the birth the name of the mid-wife (*dai*), if any, who attended the mother at the time of the birth, and if the name is given, shall enter it in the register.

3. (1) Every report of the occurrence of a death required to be made under these by-laws shall contain the following particulars which shall be entered in a register to be kept for the purpose by the Municipal Registrar, that is to say—

(*a*) the date of the death ;

(*b*) the name of the deceased ;

(*c*) the name of the father, or if the deceased was a married woman, of the husband of the deceased ;

(*d*) the sex of the deceased ;

(*e*) the age of deceased ;

(*f*) the occupation, caste and religion of the deceased ;

(*g*) the residence of the deceased ;

(*h*) the cause of the death ;

(*i*) the name of the person making the report and the date of his report.

(2) In case of the death of a European, the person reporting the death shall also, if possible, furnish a certificate of a medical practitioner of the cause of the death.

4. Any person reporting a birth or death may attest by his signature or thumb-impression the entry relating to such birth or death made in the register by the Municipal Registrar.

5. Every report of a birth or death required by these by-laws may be made verbally or in writing.

6. The officer in charge of a jail, lock-up, work-house, lunatic asylum, Government or municipal hospital, college or school or any other Government or municipal institution shall report to the Municipal Registrar the occurrence of any birth or death within the institution of which he is in charge not later than four days from the date of such occurrence.

7. Every person in charge of a private hospital, orphanage, *sarai, dharmsala,* hotel, lodging house or other such institution shall report to the Municipal Registrar the occurrence of any birth or death within the institution of which he is in charge, not later than four days from the date of such occurrence.

8. In the case of a birth or death not governed by by-law 6 or 7 a report of its occurrence shall be made within four days to the Municipal Registrar by the head of the household in which such birth or death has occurred or by any adult member or servant of such household.

9. In the case of a birth of which, for any reason, a report cannot be furnished by the head of a household or any adult member or servant of a household, the mid-wife or *dai* attending at such birth shall within four days report the occurrence of such birth to the Municipal Registrar.

10. Every medical practitioner who has been in attendance during the last illness of any person dying within municipal limits shall report the death of such person within four days of the date of death to the Municipal Registrar ; provided that if such person has died of any disease which is defined as an infectious disease, or has been notified as an infectious disease by the Punjab Government under section 3 (7) of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, such medical practitioner shall report such death immediately.

11. Every customary or other sweeper shall report the occurrence of every birth and death which occurs within the premises in which he works within four days of such occurrence to the Sanitary Inspector of the ward in which such premises are situated ; provided that no such report need be made by any sweeper working in any Government or municipal institution in respect of births or deaths occurring in such institutions.

12. Every person finding a living new-born child exposed and every person in whose charge such a child may be placed, shall within eight days of the finding of such child, report the fact to the Municipal Registrar, and shall at the same time to the best of his ability furnish the particulars specified in by-law 2.

13. If a dead body is found exposed, the officer in charge of the police station within whose jurisdiction such body is found shall, within eight days of the finding of such body, report the fact to the Municipal Registrar, and shall at the same time to the best of his ability furnish the particulars specified in by-law 3, together, if possible, with a certificate of the Civil Surgeon showing the cause of death.

14. Every person reporting a birth or death under these by-laws shall be given free of charge a copy of the entry made by the Municipal Registrar in respect of such birth or death.

15. Any person may inspect a register of births or deaths on payment of a fee of one rupee, and shall be entitled to receive a certified copy of any entry in a birth or death register on payment of a fee of eight annas, provided that in case where insufficient or incorrect information is supplied by an applicant, a further fee of four annas may be charged in respect of every year for which the registers have to be searched and a deposit sufficient to cover charges likely to be incurred under this proviso may be demanded before search is made. Any balance shall be refunded and if the entry in question cannot be found the deposit shall be refunded in full less eight annas.

16. No person shall wilfully destroy or injure or cause to be destroyed or injured any register of births or deaths or shall wilfully insert or cause to be inserted in any such register or certified copy thereof any false entry with regard to any birth or death, and no Municipal Registrar shall, without reasonable cause, refuse or omit to enter in a register of births or deaths any birth or death which has been duly reported to him.

17. (1) Any clerical error which may at any time be discovered in any register of births or deaths may be corrected in red ink, by the President of the Municipal Committee or by the Municipal Registrar.

(2) Any error of fact or substance in any register of births or deaths may be corrected in red ink, by the President of the Municipal Committee :

Provided that—

(a) the Municipal Committee may, with the previous sanction of the Commissioner, assign the duty of making such corrections to some other officer, and

(b) if any application is made for a correction in a births or deaths register the officer making such correction shall first satisfy himself that the correction to be made is a genuine one.

(3) Any corrections made shall be signed in full by the correcting officer.

18. When a child under one year of age dies the registers of births and deaths shall be cross referenced, the serial number in the former being entered in the latter and *vice versa*.

19. Any person who commits a breach of by-laws 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 or 16, shall on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees.

No. 1982-C.-40/22007.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Leiah**, in the Muzaffargarh district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information. They shall come into force within the Municipality of **Leiah**, on the 24th day of June, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. In these by-laws :—

(a) 'Sweeper' means any sweeper whether male or female.

(b) 'House' means any place used as a human residence, whether permanently or temporarily.

2. No sweeper shall remove night-soil from any house within the Municipality, unless he has had his name registered in the Municipal Office.

3. Applications for registration shall be made in form A appended to these by-laws and obtainable, free of charge, from the Secretary, Municipal Committee.

4. A registration card in form B appended to these by-laws shall be issued by the Secretary free of charge, to every sweeper applying for registration and shall bear the registered number of the sweeper to whom it is issued.

5. Every sweeper so registered shall provide himself with a galvanised iron bucket of a type prescribed by the District Medical Officer of Health. On this bucket he shall have painted in white figures two inches high and one-quarter of an inch thick his registered number.

6. All night-soil removed by a sweeper from any house shall be removed by him in the galvanised iron bucket, referred to in by-law 5 above and carried to a place fixed by the Committee for its collection and shall not be deposited at or transferred to, any other place.

7. No registered sweeper shall allow any other sweeper to work with the bucket bearing his register number.

8. Any person who commits a breach of by-laws 2, 5, 6 and 7 shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and if the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

Form A.

APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION AS SWEEPER.

(To be presented in person.)

Name ______________________

son of ______________________

wife of ______________________

daughter of ______________________

I hereby apply for registration under the by-laws for the registration of sweepers of the Leiah Municipal Committee published with Punjab Government notification No. 1982-C.-40/22007, dated 8th May, 1940.

2. I undertake—

(*a*) not to transport night-soil, except in a covered receptacle approved by the District Medical Officer of Health;

(*b*) not to fill the receptacle in a manner likely to cause the contents to spill or prevent the lid from fitting close; and

(*c*) to abide by the conditions of the above-quoted by-laws

Signature or thumb-impression } ______________________

Form B.

SWEEPER'S REGISTRATION CARD.

Register No. ______________

Name ______________________

Father's / Husband's name ______________________

Date of issue ______________________

NOT TRANSFERABLE.

____

Secretary, Municipal Committee, Leiah.

Small Towns.

The 2nd May, 1940.

No. 1474-L. G.—Bds.-40/21095.—In exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (5) of section 3 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to cancel Punjab Government notification No. 18322, dated the 25th July, 1924, declaring the local area of **Kot Rai Buta Mal** and **Azamabad** in the Lahore district, to be a Small Town under the said Act.

Notified Areas.

The 2nd May, 1940.

No. 1474-L. G.—Bds.-40/21096.—In exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (1) of section 241 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare that within the local area of **Kot Rai Buta Mal** and **Azamabad** in the Lahore district the boundaries of which are described in the schedule given below, improved arrangements are required with respect to the matters mentioned in section 52 of the said Act.

SCHEDULE.

North.—From the trijunction pillar at the north-western boundary of Kot Rai Buta Mal, across the Rajbah and along the northern side of the kacha road to the road leading to Kot Anderson, Chak No. 55; thence across the road to Kot Anderson, Chak No. 55 to the north eastern corner of khasra No. 399; thence along the northern boundary of khasras Nos. 399, 398, 397 to the north-eastern corner of khasra No. 385;

East.—From the north-eastern corner of khasra No. 385 along its eastern and southern boundaries across the Zaffarke Road to the south-eastern corner of khasra No. 395; thence across the Railway line at the crossing of the District Board road to

the north-eastern corner of khasra No. 518 ; thence along the eastern boundary of khasra No. 518 ; thence across the path to Clarkabad to the north-eastern corner of khasra No. 530 ;

South.—From the north-eastern corner of khasra No. 513 along the southern boundaries of khasras Nos. 513, 512, 509 to the south-wastern corner of khasra No. 510 ;

West.—From the south-western corner of khasra No. 510 along the Turkwind Rajbah to the Railway line ; thence across the Railway line and along the northern side of the Railway boundary to the south-western corner of khasra No. 420 ; thence along the western and northern boundaries of khasra No. 420 and 60 karams to the north along the western side of the road in khasra No. 417—1 ; thence across the road to the trijunction pillar.

No. 1474-L. G.—Bds.-40/21097.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*d*) of subsection (1) of section 242 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to appoint the following persons to be members of the Notified Area Committees of **Kot Rai Buta Mal** and **Azamabad** in the Lahore district :—

(1) The Tahsildar of Chunian.

(2) Babu Abdul Aziz.

(3) Ch. Wahab-ud-Din.

(4) Doctor Mohan Lal.

(5) Lala Ghannu Ram .

(6) Sardar Makhan Singh.

No. 1474-L. G.—Bds.-40/21098.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*e*) of subsection (1) of section 242 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to appoint the Tahsildar of Chunian to be President of the Notified Area Committees of **Kot Rai Buta Mal** and **Azamabad** in the Lahore district.

No. 1474-L. G.—Bds.-40/21099.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*f*) of subsection (1) of section 242 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to extend the following sections of the said Act to the Notified Area of **Kot Rai Buta Mal** and **Azamabad**, in the Lahore district, and to declare that the provisions of the said sections shall come into force from the date of publication of this notification :—

(Sections :—4 (7) (*b*), 13, 14 (*e*), 16, 18, 19, 24 to 31, 33, 35, 38, 39 to 48, 51, 52, 54, 56, 58, 61 (*i*) (*b*) to (*f*), 61 (2), 62 to 75, 79 to 81, 85 to 92, 93, 94, 106 to 110, 113 to 119, 121 to 131, 135 (*i*), 136, 141, 143, 146, 147 to 152, 154 to 157, 167, 169 to 170-F., 171 to 177, 179, 180, 182, 187 to 197, 199 to 210, 212, 222, 224 to 229, 231 to 236 and 239.

No. 1474-L. G.—Bds.-40/21100.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*a*) of subsection (1) of section 242 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to impose in the Notified Area of **Kot Rai Buta Mal** and **Azamabad**, in the Lahore district, with effect from the 1st October, 1940, the tax hereinafter described, namely :—

TAX.

A house-tax on all buildings situated within the limits of the Notified Area of Kot Rai Buta Mal and Azamabad, at a rate of 6½ per cent. per annum on the annual value of buildings, provided—

(*a*) that the tax shall be payable in advance on the 1st October, 1940, for the period 1st October, 1940, to 31st December, 1940, and thereafter annually in advance in one instalment on the 1st January, each year,

(*b*) that the tax shall not be levied on religious buildings, schools, hospitals and dispensaries.

A rebate of 20 per cent. shall be allowed if the tax is paid within 30 days from the date on which it falls due.

Small Towns.

The 4th May, 1940.

No. 1881-L. G.—Bds.-40/21454.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 51 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following rules :—

RULES.

1. The Deputy Commissioner of Multan district shall, in consultation with the Town Committee of Kahror cause to be prepared an accurate plan of the Small Town of Kahror, drawn to a scale not less than one inch to fifty feet, showing thereon all public streets and other immovable property vested in the Committee.

2. The Deputy Commissioner shall also cause to be prepared a *khasra* of the streets and other properties specified in rule 1 in form 'A' appended to these rules.

3. The Deputy Commissioner shall cause the plan and *khasra*, when ready to be published in such manner as he deems fit, together with a notice intimating a date not less than two months from the date of the notice by which objections from any person with regard to entries on the plan and *khasra* may be presented to the Revising Authority appointed under rule 5 and the time and place at which the plan and *khasra* may be inspected.

4. The Deputy Commissioner shall arrange to allow any person to inspect the plan and *khasra* during the hours and at the place specified in the notice on any day which is not a public holiday.

5. The Deputy Commissioner shall appoint an Assistant or Extra Assistant Commissioner on the district staff to be the Revising Authority for the purpose of hearing objections relating to the plan and *khasra*.

6. When the plan and *khasra* have been published under the provisions of rule 3, objections in respect of entries on the plan and *khasra* may be presented to the Revising Authority, appointed under rule 5, between the hours of ten o'clock in the morning and four o'clock in the afternoon of any day not being a public holiday of the period specified in the notice issued under rule 3 *ibid.*

7. The Revising Authority shall maintain a register of objections in form B in which he shall cause to be entered at the time of receipt particulars of every objection received.

8. Any person aggrieved by any order, which the Revising Authority may pass, may, within seven days from the date of such order, apply to the Deputy Commissioner for revision of the order ; and the Deputy Commissioner, after giving notice to the parties concerned and hearing any representation which they may wish to make, may confirm it or set it aside, and pass such other orders with respect to the objection which he may deem fit.

9. After the objections, if any, have been disposed of, the Deputy Commissioner shall cause the plan and *khasra* to be corrected, if necessary, in accordance with the orders passed on the objections, and shall then have the amended plan and *khasra*, or a fresh copy of it, published for general information.

10. The original plan and *khasra* shall remain in the custody of the Deputy Commissioner, and a copy thereof duly certified by the Deputy Commissioner to be correct, shall be furnished to the Town Committee of Kahror.

11. The Deputy Commissioner may employ such staff as is required for the preparation of the plan and *khasra* and the Town Committee of Kahror, shall be liable for the cost of pay and other incidental expenses connected with the staff and the preparation of the documents mentioned above, and also for the cost of pay or any other expenditure connected with the appointment of the Revising Authority.

Form A.

[RULE 2.]

TOWN COMMITTEE, KAHROR.

Survey Register.

1	2	3			4								5		6	7
					MEASUREMENT IN FEET AND INCHES.								AREA IN SQUARE YARDS AND DECIMALS			
					North.		*East.*		*West.*		*South.*					
Plan sheet.	*Khasra* No.	Name of *Mohalla* or Bazar.	Name of *Gali*.	Description of property.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Square yards.	Decimals.	Possessor's name with father's name, caste, occupation and present address.	REMARKS.

Form B.

[RULE 7.]

Register of objections.

Serial No.	Name, parentage and address of the objector.	Date of presentation of objection with the initials of the officer to whom the objection is presented.	Nature of the objection.	Date of decision.	Summary of decision.	Signature of Revising Authority.	Decision by Deputy Commissioner, if any.	Signature of official by whom effect was given to the decision of the Revising Authority or of the Deputy Commissioner and date.

The 8th May, 1940.

No. 1745-L.G.-Bds.-40/21916.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 51 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendments to the Small Town Account Rules, 1923, published with Punjab Government notification No. 25432, dated the 3rd November, 1923, as subsequently amended.—

AMENDMENTS.

1. *After* rule 74 under Part I-C.—General, the following new rule shall be inserted as rule 75 :—

75.—The town committee shall maintain a register of building applications in form No. 21 in which shall be entered all building applications as soon as they are received. The record of various fees realized shall also be made

Register of building applications.

in the respective columns of the form if the town committee collects any fees of the kind provided therein.

2. *After* form No. 20 the following new form shall be inserted as form No. 21 :—

Form 21. **Rule 75.**

Register of building applications.

Serial No.	Date of receipt.	Name and address of appplicant. owner	Situation and description (number of storeys and area, etc.), of the building.	Abstract of orders of competent authority.	Amount of tax, if any, under section 29 (6) of the Act.	Amount of fee, if any, realized under section 41 (1) (c) of the Act.	No. and date of receipt.	Date of commencement of building.	Signature of Muharrir.	Signature of Head of the Department.	REMARKS.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12

NOTE.—The entry in column 6 of the register will be filled only by those Committees which levey a tax on persons presenting building applications.

Notified Areas.

The 2nd May, 1940.

No. 1362-L. G.-Bds.-40/21103.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*f*) of subsection (*i*) of section 242 of thePunjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to extend the following sections of the said Act to the Notified Area of **Arifwala**, in the Montgomery district, and to declare that the provisions of the said sections shall come into force from the date of the publication of this notification :—

Sections 63 to 68, 70, 72 and 74.

No. 1362-L.G.-Bds.-40/21104.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*a*) of subsection (1) of section 242 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to impose within the Notified Area of **Arifwala**, in the Montgomery district, with effect from 1st October, 1940, the tax described below :—

A tax at the rate of 5 per cent per annum on the annual rental value of buildings and lands situated within the limits of the said Notified Area:

Provided—

(*a*) that the tax shall be payable in advance on the 1st October, 1940, for the period 1st October, 1940 to 31st December, 1940 and thereafter annually in advance in one instalment on the 1st January, each year,

(*b*) that the tax shall not be levied on churches, mosques, gurdwaras and other places of worship,

(*c*) that the tax shall not be levied on schools, hospitals and dispensaries.

The 3rd May, 1940.

No. 1800-C.-40/21251.—The following amendment made by the Notified Area Committee of **Arifwala** in the Montgomery district, of the by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 29207, dated the 29th September, 1931, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for general information and shall come into force in the Notified Area of **Arifwala**, on the 24th day of June, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

For by-law 7 (1) the following shall be substituted, namely :—

" 7 (1) The maximum load to be carried by carts plying for hire within the notified area shall be as follows :—

(*i*) for a cart drawn by four animals.	40 maunds in case of an ordinary cart and 80 maunds in case of a cart fitted with pneumatic tyres.
(*ii*) for a cart drawn by three animals.	30 maunds in case of an ordinary cart and 60 maunds in case of a cart fitted with pneumatic tyres.
(*iii*) for a cart drawn by two animals.	25 maunds in case of an ordinary cart and 50 maunds in case of a cart fitted with pneumatic tyres.
(*iv*) for a cart drawn by one animal.	15 maunds in case of an ordinary cart and 30 maunds in case of a cart fitted with pneumatic tyres.
(*v*) for a cart drawn by two or more men.	15 maunds in case of an ordinary cart and 30 maunds in case of a cart fitted with pneumatic tyres.
(*vi*) for a cart drawn by one man	5 maunds in case of an ordinary cart and 10 maunds in case of a cart fitted with pneumatic tyres.

Medical.

The 7th May, 1940.

No. 2304-M.-40/21836.—The following by-laws made by the Notified Area Committee, **Pirmahal Mandi,** district Lyallpur, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 17 of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information and shall come into force within the limits of the Notified Area, **Pirmahal Mandi** six weeks after the date of the publication of this notification :—

BY-LAWS.

1. No person whose name has not been registered in accordance with the provisions of section 14 of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932, shall practise as nurse, health visitor, midwife, nurse dai, trained dai, or dai within the area subject to the authority of the Notified Area Committee, Pirmahal Mandi.

2. Any person practising in contravention of by-law 1 or any person committing or abetting the commitment of a breach of by-law 1 shall be liable on conviction by a magistrate of the first class, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 for the first offence or to a fine not exceeding Rs. 250 for a second or a subsequent offence.

RAM CHANDRA,

Secretary to Government, Punjab,

Medical and Local Government Departments.

Registered No. L. 861

The Government Gazette, Punjab.

Published by Authority.

No. 20. LAHORE, FRIDAY, MAY 17, 1940.

PART I—A.

Punjab Government Notifications and Orders.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Committees.

The 11th May, 1940.

No. 341-C -40/22403.—The following amendments made by the Municipal Committee of **Jagadhri,** in the Ambala district to its by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 13340, dated the 14th of April, 1930, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Jagadhri,** on the 1st day of July, 1940.

AMENDMENTS.

1. *Substitute* 'annas eight' for the words 'twenty five rupees' wherever they occur in by-laws 6 and 8.

2. *Delete* by-law 16.

No. 1973-C.-40/22405.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Muzaffargarh.** in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 197 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Muzaffargarh,** on the 1st day of July, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. No person shall sell or expose for sale milk, curd or butter within the limits of the municipality or import into the municipality milk, curd or butter for sale except under

a licence granted by the committee in this behalf, and no person shall manufacture, sell, prepare or expose for sale milk, curd or butter except in premises licensed by the committee in this behalf.

2. No permises shall be licensed for the manufacture, sale or preparation for sale of milk, curd or butter :—

(a) unless the floor is made of stone, cement, or other non-absorbent impervious material ;

(b) unless the walls are properly plastered and lime washed ;

(c) unless they are provided with adequate light and ventilation to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health or whoever may be appointed the licensing officer by the committee ;

(d) unless they are provided with a drain and the whole floor is so sloped as to allow all liquid to flow off by the drain ;

(e) if there is any direct communication between the premises and any room used as a sleeping room ;

(f) if there is any latrine, cess-pool, cow-shed, stable or other place within 100 feet of the premises which in the opinion of the Medical Officer of Health renders it undesirable that such premises should be used for the manufacture, sale, preparation or exposure for sale of milk, curd or butter ;

(g) if ample provision is not made for exit of smoke or other offensive gases emitted during the process of boiling milk ;

(h) if a proper place of a sanitary patten approved by the Medical Officer of Health is not provided for washing hands and for the washing and cleaning of vessels, receptacles, utensils or other such things used ;

(i) unless the drainage of the premises is connected with the recognised system of drainage, if any, in existence, in the near neighbourhood.

3. Subject to the provisions of by-law 2, licences for premises for the manufacture, preparation, sale or exposure for sale of milk, curd or butter shall be issued by the Medical Officer of Health or whoever is appointed by the committee as the licensing officer in form A appended to these by-laws on the application of the owner or occupier of such premises and shall be granted free of charge subject to the conditions specified in form A as the conditions subject to which the licence is granted.

4. Licences to import milk, curd or butter for sale shall be issued by the Medical Officer of Health or whoever is appointed by the committee as the licensing officer, to any person applying for them and shall be granted free of charge subject to the following conditions :—

(i) that the licensee shall not import any milk, curd or butter obtained from any animal which he knows or has good reason to believe is suffering from any disease, or from any dairy or other place from which the procuring of milk, curd or butter has, under any general or special declaration notified to the licensee, been declared dangerous to the public health by the Medical Officer of Health or in his absence the Civil Surgeon or the Assistant Surgeon ;

(ii) that the licensee shall import milk, curd or butter only in clean covered vessels ;

(iii) that the licensee shall not import milk, curd or butter which has been adulterated.

5. Licences to sell milk, curd or butter shall be issued by the Medical Officer of Health or whoever is appointed by the committee as the licensing officer, to any person applying for them and shall be granted free of charge on the following conditions :—

(1) that the licensee shall not sell milk, curd or butter obtained from any animal which he knows or has good reason to believe to be suffering from any disease, or from any dairy or other place from which the procuring of milk, curd or butter has, under any general or special declaration notified to the licensee, been declared dangerous to the public health by the Medical Officer of Health or in his absence the Civil Surgeon or the Assistant Surgeon ;

(2) that the licensee shall keep all milk, curd or butter for sale in clean covered vessels ;

(3) that the licensee shall not keep any milk, curd or butter for sale in any place or room used for cooking or sleeping ;

(4) that the licensee shall not dilute or adulterate or cause to be diluted or adulterated any milk, curd or butter intended for sale.

6. No person suffering from any contagious or infectious disease or loathsome sores shall be employed in premises where milk, curd or butter is manufactured, sold or is prepared for sale.

7. All the premises shall be open during business hours to inspection by the Medical Officer of Health, or any member or servant of the committee specially authorised in this behalf.

8. Any licensee who commits a breach of any of the conditions of his licence shall be liable to have such licence suspended or revoked by order of the committee.

9. Any person who commits or abets the commitment of any breach of these by-laws, and any licensee who commits or abets the commitment of a breach of any of the conditions of his licence shall be liable, on conviction by a magistrate, to a fine which may extend to fifty rupees and in the case of a continuing breach, to a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

Form A.

LICENCE FOR PREMISES FOR THE MANUFACTURE, SALE, PREPARATION OR EXPOSURE FOR SALE OF MILK CURD OR BUTTER ISSUED UNDER BY-LAW 3 OF THE BY-LAWS, FOR LICENSING PREMISES FOR SUCH MANUFACTURE, SALE OR PREPARATION OR EXPOSURE FOR SALE PUBLISHED WITH PUNJAB GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATION No. 1973-C.-40/22405, DATED THE 11TH MAY, 1940.

The premises of which a description is given in the attached schedule, situated in ________ (name of street, ward, etc.) are hereby licensed for the manufacture, sale or preparation for sale of milk, curd or butter.

This licence is granted to ________ owner/occupier of the said premises subject to the following conditions :—

(1) that he shall keep the licensed premises structurally fit for the purpose for which the license is granted :—

Explanation.—" Structural fitness " shall be deemed to include —

(*a*) the existence of floor made of stone, cement, or other non-absorbent impervious material ;

(*b*) possession of walls properly plastered and lime washed ;

(*c*) adequate provision of light and ventilation ; and

(*d*) suitable drains.

2. That he shall not employ or permit to be employed in the manufacture, sale, preparation or exposure for sale of milk, curd or butter any person suffering from any infectious or contagious disease or from loathsome sores or who has been recently attending on any person so suffering and that he shall not suffer any such person or any animal to enter or remain upon the licensed premises.

3. That he shall keep all vessels, receptacles, utensils or other things used in the manufacture, sale, preparation or exposure for sale of milk, curd or butter in a state of cleanliness and shall protect from dust and flies by making use of wire gauze frames or clean white muslin, all materials used in such manufacture or preparation or exposure for sale and articles manufactured, prepared or exposed for sale to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health.

4. That he shall daily cause to be thoroughly washed and cleaned the floor and drain of the licensed premises and every bench, counter, table shelf or other place on which the articles manufactured, prepared or exposed for sale any material used in such manufacture, preparation or exposure for sale are kept.

5. That he shall cause the walls of the licensed premises to be properly limewashed at least twice a year or more often, if so required by the Medical Officer of Health.

6. That he shall not carry on or permit to be carried on any other trade or occupation in the licensed premises except the manufacture, preparation, sale or exposure for sale of milk, curd or butter.

7. That he shall not spit or smoke or suffer any other person to spit or smoke within the licensed premises.

8. That he shall not keep or suffer to be kept in the licensed premises any bedding, soiled clothes, or other things not required for the manufacture, preparation, sale or exposure for sale of milk, curd or butter.

9. That he shall not use or permit to be used in such manufacture or preparation for sale any water except water obtained from a source and conveyed to the licensed premises in a manner approved by the Medical Officer of Health.

10. That he shall permit any member or officer of the committee specially authorised in this behalf at all reasonable times and without notice to inspect the licensed premises.

11. That there is no direct communication between the premises and any room used as a sleeping room.

12. That there is no latrine, cesspool, cow shed, stable or other place within one hundred feet of the premises, which in the opinion of the Medical Officer of Health renders it undesirable that such premises should be used for the manufacture, preparation or exposure for sale of milk, curd or butter.

13. That when required by the Medical Officer of Health, all water used on the premises shall be treated with such chemical substances of such strength as he may determine to ensure the purity of water and to avoid the spread of disease.

14. That he shall exhibit a notice board outside the shop showing that he holds a licence from the committee.

SCHEDULE.

The actual room or rooms in which the manufacture, preparation, sale or exposure for sale of milk, curd or butter is to be carried on should be described in cases where the whole of a building is not to be used for such manufacture, preparation, sale or exposure for sale.

No. 1326-C.-40/22409.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Phularwan,** in the Shahpur District in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Phularwan,** on the 1st day of July, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. No person shall bathe or wash clothes or other articles or animals at a public stand-pipe or hydrant, or tamper with or damage a public stand-pipe or hydrant, or draw or attempt to draw water from a public stand-pipe or hydrant, except by the proper method, or wilfully waste water or suffer water to run to waste from a public stand pipe or hydrant.

2. (1) No person shall, without the written permission of the committee, draw or use water, from a public stand pipe or hydrant, or from private water supply, for a purpose other than a domestic purpose.

Explanation.—For the purpose of these by-laws, water for a domestic purpose shall not be deemed to include water :—

(*a*) for any trade, manufacture or business ; or

(*b*) for fountains, swimming baths or for any ornamental or mechanical purpose ; or

(*c*) for gardens, or for purpose of irrigation ; or

(*d*) for watering roads or paths ; or

(*e*) for building purposes.

(2) A person permitted to draw or use water under clause (1), for a purpose other than a domestic purpose, shall pay for the water consumed at the rate prescribed in by-law 9 ; provided that if water is so drawn or used from a public stand-pipe or hydrant, the amount of water consumed shall be calculated at the rate of 40 gallons per hundred cubic feet of material consolidated, if the water is used for the consolidation of a road, or at the rate of 1300 gallons per hundred rupees of the value of the building, as estimated by the Secretary of the committee, if the water is used for building purposes unless in either case, such person can prove to the satisfaction of the committee, the approximate amount of water actually consumed.

3. Subject to the provisions of by-law 20, no connection with the municipal mains for a private water-supply, and no alteration or extension of any such existing connection, shall be made except on the application of the owner of such premises or his recognised agent, who shall be registered as the consumer and shall be responsible for the observance of the by-law, so far as the connection on his property is concerned.

4. Every application for a connection with the municipal mains for private water-supply, or for the alteration or extension of any such existing connection, shall be addressed to the Secretary of the committee, and shall be made on printed form in Form A, a copy of which may be obtained free of charge from the municipal office and shall be accompanied by an estimate fee of one rupee, and on receipt of the application an estimate of the cost of the connection, shall be prepared and forwarded to the applicant.

5. If on receipt of the estimate, the applicant wishes to have the connection, alteration or extension carried out, he shall deposit at the office of the Secretary of the committee, the amount of the estimate, and if the connection, alteration or extension is sanctioned by the committee, or the officer authorised by the committee in this behalf, the work shall be executed only by the municipal agency, or, to such extent as the committee may permit, by a plumber licensed by the committee in accordance with the water supply Regulations contained in the Appendix.

6. All connections for a private water-supply shall be metered.

7. The meter shall be supplied by the committee and rent shall be charged for it at the rates specified in by law 10 and no person shall tamper with the meter in any way ; provided that a member of the municipal staff may, if authorised by the committee in this behalf, have access to the meter.

8. No connection for a private water supply shall be provided with a ferrule of more than 3/4th of an inch in diameter ; provided that a connection for a supply of water, for a purpose other than a domestic purpose may be provided with a ferrule not exceeding one inch in diameter.

9. (a) The registered consumer shall pay each month, for water consumed during the previous month, at the rate of Re. 0-8-0 per thousand gallons, according to the readings of the meter, provided that for the purpose of calculating the amount so payable, any fraction of two hundered and fifty gallons less than one hundred and twenty-five gallons, shall be disregarded and any such fraction not less than one hundred and twenty-five gallons shall be reckoned as two hundred and fifty gallons.

(b) The charges for water supplied through unmetered connections, till such date fixed by the committee for their being metered, for purely domestic purposes shall be at the rate of Re. one for size of ferrule up to ½" and Re. 1-8-0 for size of ferrule over 1/2".

(c) Notwithstanding the provisions of clauses (a) and (b) and of by-law 6 the municipal committee may allow any water connection free for any public or charitable purpose ; provided that if the person who is the registered consumer in respect of such free connection allows water to be wasted or to be used for any purpose other than that for which such free connection was granted, the municipal committee may cancel the grant of the free connection or impose such conditions, as it may deem fit.

10. In addition to the charge specified in by-law 9, meter rent shall be levied in accordance with the following scale :—

Size of meter.	*Monthly rate.* Rs. A. P.
¼ to 3/8 inch	0 6 0
1/2 inch	0 8 0
3/4 inch	0 12 0
1 inch	1 0 0

and meter rent shall be charged for the period during which the meter is installed, whether it is in working order or not ;

Provided that if the total period for which charge is to be made is not more than fifteen days in any one month, such period shall not be reckoned, and a period of more than fifteen days, but less than one month, shall be reckoned as one month ;

Provided further that no charge shall be made by the commitcee for the cost of repair or renewal of meter, unless such repair or renewal has been necessitated by wilful abuse or negligence on the part of the registered consumer.

11. The registered consumer in respect of any metered connection may challenge the correctness of his meter, on payment of a fee of two rupees ; and if, on examination, the meter is found to record five per cent or more in excess, the fee shall be returned.

12. If in the course of any month, a meter is found to be registering not less than five per cent., in excess, the consumer shall be entitled to have the charge made to him, for consumption of water, reduced proportionately for the period from the first day of the month previous to the month in which the fee referred to in by-law 11 is deposited, to the day on which the meter is set right.

13. If in any month the meter of any connection ceases to register, or has been removed for repair or renewal, the committee shall be entitled to charge for that month, an amount equal to the average amount levied for the corresponding month of the previous year, and the two months preceding such mouth, or if the connection was not in existence or the supply had been out off during such period, an amount not less than the amount levied during the month, peevious to the month in which the meter ceased to register or was removed for repair or renewal.

14. The bill of demand for meter rent and water-supply shall be presented to the consumer by the Secretary of the Committee each month and shall be paid within seven days from the date of presentation of the bill.

Explanation.—For the purpose of this by-law a bill shall be deemed to have been duly presented, if it is presented in the manner prescribed for the service of a notice in section 215 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911.

15. No house or premises shall be supplied with water from the service connection of any other house or premises.

16. No portion of any water connection or of the pipe or main leading to it, shall be tampered with, by any consumer in any way whatever, whether for the purpose of repair, alteration or any other purpose, except with the written permission of the Committee;

Provided that every consumer shall maintain the taps, pipes and other fittings inside the premises in water-tight condition.

17. A connection may at any time be cut off at the request of the registered consumer, or by order of the Committee, for any of the followieg reasons :—

(a) in the interest of the water works;

(b) for the purpose of effecting repairs to any part of the water-supply system;

(c) if the bill for water-supply and meter rent remains unpaid for a period of one month from the date of presentation of the bill to the consumer;

(d) in any case where, in the opinion of the President or the Secretary of the Committee or the Municipal Medical Officer of Health, the use of water causes the premises to become insanitary; or

(e) in any case where, in the opinion of the President or the Secretary of the Committee or the Municipal Medical Officer of Health, adequate drainage arrangements have not been made for the disposal of waste water.

Explanation.—The cutting off of a connection means merely the closing of the stop cock.

18. Any registered consumer who wishes to close his connection shall give seven days' notice to the Secretary of the Committee and no charge shall be made for water or meter rent after the expiry of the period of the notice.

Explanation.—The closing of a connection means the removal of the meter and the severance of the service pipe from the communication pipe.

19. Any application for restoring a connection which has been closed shall be dealt with as if it were an application for a new connection.

20. If any person, other than the owner of the premises to which a connection has been made, or his duly authorised agent, wishes to re-open a connection or to keep open a connection which would otherwise be closed, he shall enter into an agreement with the Committee, undertaking the responsibilities of the registered consumer, and shall remain responsible for the connection so long as it remains open, and if the Committee thinks fit, such person may be called upon to deposit a sum of thirty rupees as security for the cost of water to be supplied and such amount shall be kept intact and not set off against any money due from such consumer until the connection is closed.

21. Any person who commits a breach of by-law 1, 2, 3, 7 or 16 shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with a fine which may extend to fifty rupees and, if the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

Form A.

PHULARWAN MUNICIPALITY.

No. , dated

Application for a private connection for water-supply from the distribution mains of the Municipal Committee of Phularwan.

For houses or premises. { No. ______ / Name, if any ______ } Street or road, ' 6 Kucha ' or Bazar,

To

The Secretary,
Municipal Committee,
Phularwan.

SIR,

I beg to request that a meter supply of water for* ______ purposes may be sanctioned for the premises specified above and that the Municipal Committee of Phularwan will arrange to carry out the work. The particulars of the fittings required are given below.

2. I undertake to act in respect of the said supply in conformity with the by-laws and regulationes made by the Committee and also with such amended by-laws and regulations as may be made by the Committee from time to time for the regulation of connections between private houses or other premises and the water-supply mains of the Committee.

3. I agree that the Committee shall, with or without notice, have power to close or sever at any time the private service pipe to my premises, if it considers it advisable or necessary to do so for any reason whatsoever.

Yours faithfully,

*Domestic or other than domestic.

(Signature of the owner, or his recognised agent,
of the premises specified above.)

PARTICULARS OF PRIVATE CONNECTION.

Approximate length and diameter of service pipe__________

Number and diameter of taps__________No.__________Diameter__________

Diameter of ferrule on distribution main__________

Diameter of stop tap__________

Diameter of water meter__________

Position of meter and stop tap and how to be protected__________

Signature__________

COST OF CONNECTION

__________ ferrule complete Rs.__________

__________ ft ; galvanized water tubing.

__________ inches in diameter laid complete Rs.__________

__________ stop tap fixed complete Rs.__________

__________ meter installation charges only, including box of cast iron or wrought iron Rs.__________

No.__________ Bib taps fixed complete Rs.__________

No.__________ clamps to walls Rs.__________

No.__________ cutting through walls and repair them Rs.__________

Total Rs.__________

Dated

APPENDIX.

WATER SUPPLY REGULATIONS.

1. All work connected with the making, alteration, extension or repair of private connections shall be carried out by Municipal Agency or by the person or persons whom the Municipal Committee may from time to time appoint as its licensed plumber or plumbers.

2. No tap shall be allowed to project outside any premises nor shall any tap be fixed in such a position, as to be available for use by the public or in close proximity to any privy, drains or other places where injurious gases are likely to be produced.

3. No connection shall be made by a licensed plumber between a communication pipe and a supply pipe except in the presence of an officer duly authorised in this behalf by the committee.

4. No service pipe shall be connected directly with a boiler for generating steam and every cistern, tank, reservoir or other vessel, which is supplied with water from a service pipe, shall have the discharge end of the service pipe or the tap at a distance of not less than six inches from the highest water level of such cistern, tank, reservoir, or other vessel.

5. The pipes and fitting of house service connections shall be exact duplicate of the samples deposited in the office of Secretary, Municipal Committee, so that the parts may be interchangeable and shall consist of five sections :—

(1) The ferrule connecting the communication pipe with the supply pipe shall be covered with an iron bell cover resting on the supply pipe to protect it from contact with the earth.

(2) The communication pipe from the ferrule to the stop cock, and the service pipe from the stop cock to the taps, shall be of galvanized iron and of water quality. Above ground all pipes shall be screened wherever practicable from exposure to the sun. The communication pipe shall not be less than 2 feet below the surface of the ground, wherever a communication pipe is laid across a sewer or open drain or in any place where in the opinion of the Secretary or other officer appointed for that purpose, is liable to injury, such pipe shall be passed through an exterior glazed ware or cast iron pipe of sufficient length and strength to afford due protection to it. No pipe of less than one inch shall be laid under roads.

(3) A brass stop cock having the same water way as the pipe, shall be placed at or near the point of entrance to the premises, to be supplied or if necessary within such premises to shut off the water and regulate the supply. The stop cock shall be provided with a foot way cover box resting on brick work to indicate its situation and furnished with a lock and key—such key shall remain under the control of the Secretary or other officer appointed for that purpose. The stop cock shall be capable of adjustment so that the supply to the house may be regulated by it.

(4) The taps—All taps wherever fitted shall be of the screw down variety.

(5) The meter where necessary shall be placed as near to the stop cock as possible, in a position where it can be conveniently examined. No meter shall be fixed underground unless it is in a brick wall. No meter shall be disconnected from the service pipe or in any way interfered with save with the permission of the Secretary or other officer appointed for that purpose. There must be arrangements for locking it and the key shall remain under the control of the Secretary or other officer appointed for that purpose. The Secretary or other officer appointed for that purpose shall cause all meters to be tested at least once a quarter and in each case a certificate shall be filed to the effect that the meter has been tested.

6. The dimensions of ferrule, interior pipes and taps for water shall be of the following relative sizes :—

Diameter of Ferrule.	Diameter of pipe inside building.		
	Lower floor.	Upper floor.	Taps or cocks.
Inches	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.
1/4 ...	3/8 or 1/2 ...	3/8 or 1/2 ...	3/8 or 1/2
3/8 ...	1/2 ...	1/2 ..	3/8 or 1/2
1/2 ...	1/2 ...	1/2 ...	1/2
3/4 ...	3/4 ...	3/4 ...	3/4 or 1/2
1 ...	1 ...	3/4 ...	3/4 or 1/2

7. No service pipe or fitting shall pass along side any sullage drain, sewer, latrine, ashpit or soakage pit and no service pipe shall enter a building through the same opening as gives exist to a sullage drain.

No. 962-C.-40/22411.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 962-C.-40/11151, dated the 8th March, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following rules :—

RULES.

1. The Deputy Commissioner of Muzaffargarh shall, in consultation with the Municipal Committee of Karor, cause to be prepared an accurate plan of the Municipality of Karor, drawn to a scale of not less than one inch to fifty feet, showing thereon all public streets and other immovable property vested in the Committee.

2. The Deputy Commissioner shall also cause to be prepared a *khasra* of the streets and other properties specified in rule 1 in Form B appended to these rules.

3. The Deputy Commissioner shall cause the plan and *khasra*, when ready, to be published in such manner as he deems fit, together with a notice intimating the date not less than two months from the date of the notice by which objections from any person with regard to entries on the plan and *khasra* may be presented to the Revising Authority appointed under rule 5 and the time and place at which the plan and *khasra* may be inspected.

4. The Deputy Commissioner shall arrange to allow any person to inspect the plan and *khasra* during the hours and at the place specified in the notice on any day which is not a public holiday.

5. The Deputy Commissioner shall appoint an Assistant Commissioner or Extra Assistant Commissioner on the district staff to be the Revising Authority for the purpose of hearing objections relating to the plan or *khasra*.

6. When the plan and *khasra* have been published under the provisions of rule 3, objections in respect of entries on the plan and *khasra* may be presented to the Revising Authority, appointed under rule 5, between the hours of ten o'clock in the

morning and four o'clock in the afternoon of any day of the period specified in the notice issued under rule 3, which is not a public holiday.

7. The Revising Authority shall maintain a register of objections in Form A in which he shall cause to be entered at the time of receipt particulars of every objection received.

8. Any person aggrieved by any order, which the Revising Authority may pass may, within seven days from the date of such order, apply to the Deputy Commissioner for revision of the order ; and the Deputy Commissioner, after giving notice to the parties concerned and hearing any representation which they may wish to make, may confirm it or set it aside, and pass such other orders with respect to the objection which he may deem fit.

9. After the objections, if any, have been disposed of, the Deputy Commissioner shall cause the plan and *khasra* to be corrected, if necessary, in accordance with the orders passed on the objections, and shall then have the amended plan and *khasra*, or a fresh copy of it, published for general information.

10. The original plan and *khasra* shall remain in the custody of the Deputy Commissioner, and a copy thereof duly certified by the Deputy Commissioner to be correct, shall be furnished to the Municipal Committee of Karor.

11. The Deputy Commissioner may employ such staff as is required for the preparation of the plan and *khasra* and the Municipal Committee of Karor shall be liable for the cost of pay and other incidental expenses connected with the staff and the preparation of the documents mentioned above, and also for the cost of pay or any other expenditure connected with the appointment of the Revising Authority.

Form A.

[RULE 7.]

Register of objections.

Serial No.	Name, parentage and address of the objector.	Date of presentation of objection with the initials of the officer to whom the objection is presented.	Nature of the objection.	Date of decision.	Summary of decision.	Signature of Revising Authority.	Decision by Deputy Commissioner, if any.	Signature of official by whom effect was given to the decision of the Revising Authority or of the Deputy Commissioner, and date.

Form B.

[RULE 2.]

MUNICIPAL COMMITTEE, KAROR.

Survey Register.

1	2	3			4								5		6	7
					MEASUREMENT IN FEET AND INCHES.								AREA IN SQUARE YARDS AND DECIMALS.			
					North.		*East.*		*West.*		*South.*					
Plan sheet.	*Khasra* No.	Name of *Mohalla* or *Bazar*	Name or *Gali*	Description of property.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Square yards.	Decimals.	Possessor's name, with caste, father's name, occupation and present address.	REMARKS.

Town Committees.

The 10th May, 1940.

No. 1994-L. G.—Bds.-40/22333.—Whereas it appears to the Governor of the Punjab that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Town Committee of **Mailsi**, for a public purpose, namely, for the construction of addas for lorries and tongas, it is hereby notified that the land described in the specification below is likely to be acquired for the said purpose.

2. This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, to all whom it may concern, and, in exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to authorize the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

3. Any person interested in the land who has any objection to the acquisition may, within thirty days of the publication of this notification, file an objection in writing before the Collector of the Multan district :—

SPECIFICATION OF LAND.

District.—Multan.	*Mauza.*—Mailsi.
Tahsil.—Mailsi.	*Area in acres.*—·456.

Boundaries.—North.—House belonging to Mitha Daya and others. *East.*—Circular Road. *South.*—Vacant land belonging to Tilloo Mall and others. *West.*—Land belonging to Sidhoo Mal and others.

Notified Areas.

The 11th May, 1940.

No. 1882-L. G.-40/22390.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*a*) of sub-section (*i*) of section 242 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the Notified Area Committee, **Wasawewala**, in the Montgomery district, has with the previous sanction of the Government of the Punjab with effect from the 17th June, 1940, imposed a tax at the rates shown in the schedule below, payable by persons presenting building applications to the Committee.

Provided that the tax shall not be payable by persons presenting applications relating to the erection or re-erection of religious buildings or building owned by Government or a District Board.

SCHEDULE.

	Amount of Tax. Rs. A. P.
(*a*) For the erection or re-erection of a building of one storey	1 0 0
(*b*) For the erection or re-erection of a building of more than one storey	2 0 0
(*c*) For the erection or re-erection of a katcha building ..	0 8 0

Medical.

The 11th May, 1940.

No. 2287-M.-40/22398.—The following by-laws made by the Notified Area Committee **Khaur**, district Attock, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 17 of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information and shall come into force within the limits of the

Notified Area, **Khaur**, six weeks after the date of the publication of this notification :—

BY-LAWS.

1. No person whose name has not been registered in accordance with the provisions of section 14 of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932, shall practise as nurse, health visitor, midwife, nurse dai, trained dai, or dai within the area subject to the authority of the Notified Area Committee, Khaur.

2. Any person practising in contravention of by-law 1 or any person committing or abetting the commitment of a breach of by-law 1 shall be liable on conviction by a magistrate of the 1st class, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 for the first offence or to a fine not exceeding Rs. 250 for a second or a subsequent offence.

RAM CHANDRA,

Secretary to Government, Punjab,
Medical and Local Government Departments.

Registered No. L. 864

The Government Gazette, Punjab.

Published by Authority.

No. 21. LAHORE, FRIDAY, MAY 24, 1940.

PART I—A.

Punjab Government Notifications and Orders.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Boards.

The 16th May, 1940.

No. 1818-L. G.-40/22788.—The following amendments, made by the District Board of **Ambala**, to its Rules of Business, published with Punjab Government notification No. 25980, dated the 14th July, 1932, are published for general information, and shall come into force with immediate effect :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. *For* the word " Board " at the end of rule 6·6, the word " Commissioner " shall be substituted.

2. *After* the word " Board " in column 4 against item No. 4 of the appendix the words " except in the case of dismissal " shall be added.

3. *After* the word " Board " at the end of entry in column 2 against item No. 16 the appendix, the words " except in the case of dismissal " shall be added.

No. 2086-L. G.-40/22793.—Whereas it appears to the Governor of the Punjab that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, namely, for carrying out conservational repairs to the mosque and tomb of Tahar Khan Nahar, at Sitpur in the Muzaffargarh district which are protected monuments, it is hereby notified that the land described in the specification below is likely to be acquired for the said purpose.

2. This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, to all whom it may concern, and, in exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to authorize the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

3. Any person interested in the land who has any objection to the acquisition may, within thirty days of the publication of this notification, file an objection in writing before the Collector of the Muzaffargarh district :—

SPECIFICATION OF LAND.

District.	Tahsil.	Mauza.	Area in acres.	Boundaries.
Muzaffargarh ..	Alipur ..	Sitpur ..	(1) ·01875 ..	North.—Vacant land belonging to Karim Dad.
				South.—Thorough fare.
				East.—Tomb of Tahar Khan Nahar.
				West.—House of Karim Dad.
			(2) ·025 ..	North.—Thorough fare.
				East.—Mosque of Tahar Khan.
				South and West.—Sarai belonging to Kanwal Nain.

No. 1579-L. G.-40/22804.—The following amendment, made by the District Board of **Lahore**, to its rules of Business, published with Punjab Government notification No. 6174-L. G.-38/1265, dated the 11th January, 1939, is published for general information and shall come in to force with immediate effect :—

AMENDMENT.

For the word " board " at the end of rule 6·6, the word " Commissioner " shall be substituted.

No. 1196-L. G.-40/22807.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 1196-L. G.-40/13942, dated the 20th March, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendment to the Municipal Account Code, 1930 (revised edition) ;—

AMENDMENT.

At the end of rule VII·14 (1) the following new proviso shall be added :—

" Provided further that when an arrear has been outstanding for more than three months the Secretary of the Committee shall proceed against the defaulter under section 81 (1) of the Act ".

No. 2035-L. G.-40/22810.—The following draft of amendments of the Municipal Account Code, 1930 (revised edition), which the Governor of the Punjab proposes to make, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 6th July, 1940, together

with any objection or suggestion which may be received by the Government from any person with respect to the draft before that date :—

DRAFT AMENDMENTS.

1. In rule XI·13 (1) the following words shall be deleted :—

" fines, which under the provisions of any Act are to be credited to the municipal fund ".

2. In rule XI·13 (1) the words " fines or " occurring between the words " such " and " arrears " shall be deleted.

3. Rule XI·13 (2) shall be deleted.

4. In Form R.11 columns 7 to 11 shall be deleted.

The 17th May, 1940.

No. 2016-L. G.-40/22845.—In accordance with the provisions of section 60 (1) of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to direct the publication of the following draft rules, which have been made under the provisions of section 55 (1)(*o*) of the said Act, for the District Board of **Gurdaspur.** The draft rules will be taken into consideration on or after the 13th July, 1940, together with any objection or suggestion in respect of them received before that date :—

DRAFT RULES.

1. Rules 43—56 of the District Board Account Code, 1926, shall not apply to the annual repairs of the District Board School buildings, the estimated cost of repairs of which does not exceed Rs. 50 in each case.

2. A lump sum which shall be determined by the Engineering Department after inspection of the building concerned shall be specified from time to time by a resolution of the Board and provided for the annual repairs of each such building. It shall be paid as soon as possible after the first meeting of the Board in the month of October, as an advance to the Head Masters concerned to carry out the repairs under the supervision of the Member Halqa, along with a respectable person of the village concerned as proposed by the local member.

3. The persons entrusted with the work of repairs of the school buildings referred to in rule 1 above shall be responsible to get the work completed by the end of December each year.

4. Such person shall as soon as possible after January 1 submit to the Board's office, together with a certificate that the work has been completed to his satisfaction, the actual payee's receipts for the money spent and return the unspent balance, if any.

5. The District Inspecting Staff shall put down remarks in the school log book whether the repairs have been done satisfactorily or not at the time of their visits to the schools.

The 18th May, 1940.

No. 2052-C.-40/23128.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 20 (2) (*p*) of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare that the control and prevention of nuisances arising out of the working of oil-engines in the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Hoshiarpur** is a fit and proper matter to be taken under the control and administration of that District Board.

No. 2052-C.-40/23129.—In accordance with the provisions of section 56 (1) of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to empower the District Board of **Hoshiarpur** to make regulations for the control and prevention of nuisances arising out of the working of oil-engines in the area subject to the authority of that Board.

No. 1945-L. G.-40/23132.—The following amendment made by the District Board of **Montgomery,** to its Rules of Business, published with

Punjab Government notification No. 22775, dated the 31st August, 1933, is published for general information, and shall come into force with immediate effect :—

AMENDMENT.

For the word "board" at the end of rule 8·6, the word "Commissioner" shall be substituted.

The 21st May, 1940.

No. 1220-L. G./40/23394.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 1220-L. G.-40/14893, dated the 27th March, 1940, and under the provisions of section 55 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following rules for the District Board **Attock** :—

RULES.

1. Rules 43—56 of the District Board Account Code, 1926, shall not apply to the annual repairs of the District Board School buildings the estimated cost of repairs of which does not exceed Rs. 50 in each case.

2. A lump sum which shall be determined by the Engineering Department after inspection of the building concerned shall be specified from time to time by a resolution of the Board and provided for the annual repairs of each such building. It shall be paid as soon as possible after the first meeting of the Board in the month of October, as an advance to the Head Masters concerned to carry out the repairs under the supervision of the member halqa along with a respectable person of the village concerned as proposed by the local member.

3. The persons entrusted with the work of repairs of the school buildings referred to in rule 1 above shall be responsible to get the work completed by the end of December each year.

4. Such person shall as soon as possible after January 1 submit to the Board's Office, together with a certificate that the work has been completed to his satisfaction, the actual payee's receipt for the money spent and return the unspent balance, if any.

5. The District Inspecting Staff shall put down remarks in the school log book whether the repairs have been done satisfactorily or not at the time of their visits to the school.

No. 1986-L. G.—Bds.-40/23418.—The following amendment made by the District Board of **Hissar** to its Provident Fund Rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 8659, dated the 11th March, 1932, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, is published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Hissar** on the 6th July, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

After rule 3 the following note shall be inserted :—

"NOTE.—In the case of the board's employee governed by the Civil Service Regulations or the Revised Leave Rules, 1936, the term "leave on average pay" occurring in sub-rule (2) means the privilege leave on full salary or the earned leave as the case may be".

The 22nd May, 1940.

No. 2014-L.G.-40/23547.—Whereas it appears to the Punjab Government with reference to notification No. 5951-L. G.-39/43490, dated the 19th December, 1939, that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, namely, for the improvement of Hakim's tomb, a protected monument at Hasan Abdal in the Attock district, it is hereby notified that the land described in the specification below is required for the said purpose.

2. This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, to all whom it may concern and, under section 7 of the said Act, the Collector of the Attock district is hereby authorised to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

3. A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the said Collector :—

SPECIFICATION OF LAND.

District.—Attock. | *Mauza.*—Hasan Abdal.

Tahsil.—Attock. | *Area in acres.*—1·50.

Khasra No. 3048/1, 2938/3/1 and 2937/1.

No. 1947-L. G.-40/23588.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (6) of section 31 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendment to the description of the tax, the imposition of which by the District Board of **Gurgaon,** was notified with Punjab Government notification No. 2853-L. G.-38/19571, dated the 27th May, 1938. This amendment shall come into force with effect from the 1st September, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

For the existing proviso (*b*), the following proviso shall be substituted, namely :—

" (*b*) that any person, who carries on more than one trade or follows more than one profession or calling, shall be liable to pay the tax on each trade, profession or calling provided that his income from each trade, profession or calling is not less than Rs. 200 per annum."

The 22nd May, 1940.

No. 1913-L. G.—Bds.-40/23591.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (10) of section 62 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that with the previous sanction of the Governor of the Punjab the Municipal Committee of **Murree** in the Rawalpindi district, has with effect from the 1st September, 1940, imposed a tax payable by persons presenting building applications to the Committee at Rs. 2 per application.

Committees.

The 17th May, 1940.

No. 2003-C.-40/22955.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Nankana Sahib,** in the Sheikhupura district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 187, 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Nankana Sahib,** on the 8th day of July, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. Any person who sells cattle at any cattle fair on which the Committee has incurred expenditure under clause (*j*) of subsention (2) of section 52 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, shall pay to the Committee a fee at the rate of six pies per rupee on the sale price of each head of cattle so sold.

2. No person shall act as a broker in the fair ground unless he obtains a permit from the Municipal Committee or from an officer or servant of the Committee authorised in this behalf on payment of a fee of Rs. 2 per fair. The Committee or an officer or servant of the Committee authorised in this behalf may, for any reason which he deems sufficient, cancel a permit granted under this by-law. No broker whose permit has been cancelled shall be entitled to a refund of the fee paid or of any portion thereof.

3. The purchaser of an animal sold at the cattle fair shall be given a certificate of sale in respect of each animal purchased at the fair on payment of two annas only to the person deputed by the Committee to issue such certificates.

4. Any person who commits a breach or an abetment of a breach of any of these by-laws shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees.

No. 2093-C.-40/22957.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Khangarh**, in the Muzaffargarh district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 197 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Khangarh** on the 8th day of July, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. In these by-laws—

(*a*) "Adulterated" when applied to banaspatine or charbini means mixed or diluted with any substance of lower commercial value than banaspatine or charbini, as the case may be.

(*b*) "Adulterated ghi" means ghi mixed or diluted with any substance other than banaspatine or charbini of lower commercial value than pure ghi.

(*c*) "Banaspatine" means any article of food, whether mixed with ghi or not which resembles ghi but is derived from vegetable fat and contains no animal fat other than milk fat.

(*d*) "Charbini" means any article of food whether mixed with ghi or not which resembles ghi or banaspatine, but contains animal fat other than milk fat.

(*e*) "Ghi" means ghi obtained entirely from milk fat.

2. (1) No person shall sell ghi, either wholesale or retail, or import ghi for sale, either wholesale or retail, except under a licence granted by the committee in this behalf.

(2) No person shall sell, wholesale or retail, banaspatine or charbini in premises not licensed by the committee in this behalf.

(3) No person shall sell sweetmeats, cakes or other food prepared with banaspatine or charbini in premises not licensed by the committee in this behalf.

3. No premises licensed for the sale of ghi shall be licensed also for the sale of banaspatine or charbini or of sweetmeats, cakes or other food prepared with banaspatine or charbini.

4. Subject to the provisions of by-law 2, licences for premises to be used for the sale of ghi or for the sale of banaspatine and charbini or for the sale of sweetmeats, cakes or other food prepared with banaspatine or charbini shall be issued free of charge by the Secretary of the Committee on the application of the owner or occupier of such premises in Form 'A' and shall be granted by the committee on the following conditions :—

(*a*) that the licensee shall not sell adulterated ghi, or adulterated banaspatine or charbini, or sweetmeats, cakes or other food prepared with adulterated ghi, banaspatine or charbini ;

(*b*) that the licensee shall not sell banaspatine or charbini or sweetmeats, cakes or other food prepared therewith, in premises which have been licensed for the sale of ghi, or *vice versa* ;

(*c*) that the licensee shall not sell any article under the name of ghi, or any equivalent term with or without the addition of any other word to such name unless such food is derived solely from milk fat ;

(*d*) that the licensee shall not sell any ghi or banaspatine or charbini, or use in the preparation of sweetmeats, cakes or other food any ghi or banaspatine or charbini obtained from a place from which the import of ghi or of banaspatine or charbini, as the case may be, has, under any general or special declaration notified to the licensee, been declared by the Medical Officer of Health to be dangerous to the public health ;

(*e*) that the licensee shall keep ghi, banaspatine or charbini exposed for sale in clean covered vessels ;

(*f*) that the licensee shall keep all sweetmeats, cakes and other food exposed for sale under such covers as will prevent the articles from being contaminated by flies or other insects ;

(g) that the licensee shall not keep any ghi, banaspatine or charbini intended for sale in any place used for cooking or sleeping purposes ;

(h) that the licensee shall display at the licensed premises a sign board containing a notice in English, Urdu, Hindi or Gurmukhi characters indicating whether the premises are licensed for the sale of ghi, or for the sale of banaspatine and charbini, or for the sale of sweetmeats, cakes or other food prepared with banaspatine or charbini ;

(i) that the licensee shall display on every package or other vessel of banaspatine or charbini, exposed for sale by retail in such manner as to be clearly visible to the purchaser, a label measuring at least 4″ × 4″ (inches) marked banaspatine or charbini, as the case may be, in red letters on a white ground in Urdu, Hindi, Gurmukhi or English ;

(j) that the licensee shall display on every utensil on or in which sweetmeats, cakes or other articles of food prepared with banaspatine or charbini are exposed for sale by retail, a label measuring at least 4″ × 4″ (inches) setting forth in red letters on a white ground that the sweetmeats, cakes or other articles have been prepared with banaspatine or charbini as the case may be ;

(k) that the licensee shall at all reasonable times permit the Secretary or any member or officer of the committee authorised in this behalf to inspect the licensed premises without notice and take for examination samples of ghi or banaspatine or charbini sold by him.

5. Licences to import ghi for sale may be issued free of charge by the Secretary to persons applying therefor and shall be granted by the committee subject to the following conditions :—

(a) that the licensee shall not import ghi from any place from which the import of ghi has, under any general or special declarations notified to the licensee, been declared by the Medical Officer of Health to be dangerous to the public health ;

(b) that the licensee shall import ghi only in clean covered vessels ;

(c) that the licensee shall not import adulterated ghi into the municipality for sale.

6. Any licensee who commits a breach of the conditions of his licence shall be liable to have his licence suspended or revoked.

7. Any person who commits a breach of by-law 2, or any licensee who commits a breach of any condition of the licence granted to him under these by-laws, shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to 50 rupees and if the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to 5 rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

Form A.

Application for a licence for the sale of ____________

Name of Vendor ____________

Father's name ____________

Articles for which licence is required ____________

Situation of the shop ____________

Street or lane ____________

Boundaries :—

North ____________

East ____________

South ____________

West ____________

I have read the conditions on which the sale of ____________ is allowed by the Municipal Committee of Khangarh in the municipal limits and undertake to abide by them.

Applicant's signature ____________

Dated ____________ Address ____________

No. 2076-C.-40/22962.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Montgomery,** in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the municipality of **Montgomery,** on the 8th day of July, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. The owner or occupier of a shop in the grain market shall not use the platform in front of his shop except for exhibiting or exposing grain, cotton, cotton seed, gur, shakkar, sugar, chillies, dates, tobacco, oil seeds, or ghee for sale ;

Provided that the owner or occupier of such a shop may use the platform for exhibiting or exposing for sale any other article with the previous permission, in writing, of the Committee.

A monthly rent of Re. 1 shall be charged for each platform.

2. No goods which have been condemned by the Committee as unfit for human consumption shall be brought or kept by any person on the platform in front of the shops in the grain market.

3. An owner or occupier of a shop in the grain market using the platform in front of his shop shall always keep it in a thoroughly clean condition.

4. No person shall, without the permission of the Committee in writing, make any overhanging structure or projection over the platform in front of his shop in the grain market.

5. Any person who commits a breach of any of these by-laws shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with a fine which may extend to twenty rupees and in the case of a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

No. 1744-C.-40/22965.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Multan,** in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188, 189 and 190 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, and having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Multan** on the 8th day of July, 1940, from which date Punjab Government notification No. 2, dated the 5th January, 1909, shall be cancelled :—

BY-LAWS.

1. (1) Every person intending to erect or re-erect any building shall give notice of such intention in writing to the Executive Officer of the Committee in Form A appended to these by-laws, and shall at the same time submit :—

(*a*) a site plan of the land on which it is intended to erect or re-erect the building,

(*b*) a plan of the building which it is proposed to erect or re-erect (applicant may show site plan and building plan on one sheet if he so desires, and

(*c*) the specifications detailed in form B appended to these by-laws.

(2) Copies of forms A and B shall be obtained from Municipal Office on payment of one anna only.

2. The site plan must be drawn to a scale of not less than one-twentyth of an inch to a foot, must be submitted in duplicate, and must show :—

(*a*) tha direction of the north point ;

(*b*) the boundaries of the site ;

(*c*) the position of the site in relation to neighbouring streets and the level of the site in relation to the streets if any, on which it abuts ;

(*d*) the position of the proposed building in relation to—

(*i*) the boundaries of the site ; and

(*ii*) all buildings and premises within, 50 feet of the boundaries of the site (applicant may show site plan and building plan on one sheet if he likes) ;

(e) the names, if any, and width of all streets on which the site abuts;

(f) the scale to which the plan is drawn.

3. The building plan must be drawn to a scale of not less than one-tenth of an inch to the foot must be submitted in duplicate and must show :—

(a) the plan of the ground floor and of every additional floor,

(b) the position and dimensions of all projections beyond the main walls of the building, which abut on roads and streets,

(c) the position of all proposed drains, privies, latrines, urinals and cesspools,

(d) the level and width of the foundations, and the level of the lowest floor with reference to the level of the centre of the street on which the front of the proposed building is to abut;

(e) the scale to which the plan is drawn.

4. The Executive Officer may require any person who has submitted an application to erect or re-erect any building to submit in addition to the plans and specifications required by by-law 1 elevations and sections of the proposed building, together with full specifications as to the materials and methods of constructions to be used for external walls, partition walls, foundations, roofs, ceilings, floors, stair cases, fire places and chimneys.

5. No building shall be roofed with straw or other easily inflammable material.

6. Every fire place shall before use as such be provided with a chimney with an iron, brick or stone flue to afford free means of exit for smoke.

7. In no building shall any open sewer or drain pass through any room used or intended to be used as a living or sleeping room.

8. If stack-pipes for the disposal of roof drainage are used they shall be of cast-iron, otherwise Khassi covered *parnalas* should be made for the purpose.

9. Masonry latrines and privies which are not water borne shall be so constructed that all solids fall directly into a moveable receptacle of metal or pottery fitting close beneath the seat.

10. A drain shall be provided for every latrine, privy, urinal, bathroom and cooking place. If the Municipal drain in the vicinity is pacca, the applicant should also construct a drain of glazed pipes or other impervious materials to connect it with Municipal masonry drain or to a private cesspool.

11. The floor of every latrine, privy and urinal :—

(a) shall be of masonry, or of tiles, or of cement,

(b) shall be in every part at a height of not less than three inches above the level of the surface of the ground adjoining the latrine, privy or urinal, and

(c) shall slope to the drain in such a way that liquid will flow off quickly.

12. In every urinal which shall not be less than, 4'×2', the walls to a height of three feet above the floor, and in every latrine and privy both the seat and the walls to a height of three feet above the floor shall be of metal or masonry, provided that in the case of a water closet of European type the seat may be of wood, except in case of kacha building built of sun dried bricks with mud mortar.

13. Every latrine, privy and urinal, which should not be less than 4'×2', shall be provided with adequate ventilation which in the case of a latrine, privy or urinal situated in or near a building, shall be effected by an opening not less than one foot square in area in one of the walls, as near the top of the wall as may be practicable and communicating directly with the open air.

14. Every latrine or privy shall be so constructed that :—

(a) there shall be adequate access thereto for the purpose of cleansing,

(b) when the outer door thereof is open, the seats shall not be visible from the street or other public place.

15. No privy other than a water closet of European type shall be placed on any upper floor of a building unless moveable receptacles are provided.

16. No portion of any building in a street in which a line of frontage has been fixed by a resolution of the committee shall be built to project beyond such line of frontage.

17. Every interior courtyard must be raised at least one foot above the level of the nearest street so as to admit of easy drainage into such street.

18. No person shall construct any room to be used as a living or sleeping room unless it is provided for the purpose of light and ventilation, with one or more windows, doors or other apertures of a total area equal to not less than one-eighth of the floor area of such room, opening on to a space not less than six feet wide measured at right angles to the face of the wall in which window, door or other aperture is placed and open to the sky throughout such width and for the length of such window, door or other aperture or opening on to a verandah opening on to such space; and every such door or window shall be so constructed that the whole of it can be opened.

19. (*a*) No person shall construct any building of more than five stories including the ground floor and no person shall construct any building of more than two such stories unless the outer walls of such building are made of brick, stone or re-inforced concrete.

(*b*) No person shall construct any building of sun-dried bricks of more than two stories. The foundation shall be made of pacca bricks in every case.

20. (1) In the case of buildings of more than one story including the ground floor the height of each story shall be not less than :—

12 feet in the case of the ground floor.

11	ditto	ditto	first story.
10	ditto	ditto	second story.
10	ditto	ditto	third story.
10	ditto	ditto	fourth story.

(2) Any horizontal division of a building so constructed as to be capable of use as a living or sleeping room shall be considered to be a story for the purpose of this by-law and of by-law 19, even though such division does not extend over the whole depth or width of such building.

(3) For the purpose of this by-law the height of a story shall be reckoned as follows :—

(*a*) In the case of single storied buildings and of the uppermost story of buildings of more than one story from the level of the upper surface of the floor at any point along the walls within the building to the level of the underside of the tie-beam or if there is no tie-beam, to the meeting points of the outside walls and roof ;

(*b*) In the case of any story except the uppermost story of buildings of more than one story, from the level of the upper surface of the floor to the level of the upper side of the beams or joints on which the floor above rests, or, if the floor above is ceiled, to the level of the under side of the ceiling.

21. No person shall construct any building abutting on any street—

(*a*) of a greater height than 36 feet, if such street is 10 feet wide or less;

(*b*) of a greater height than 45 feet, if such street is 16 feet wide or less than 15 feet but more than 10 feet wide;

(*c*) of a greater height than 50 feet, if such street is more than 15 feet wide;

(*d*) The Municipal Committee may permit chimneys, minarets of mosques, towers of churches, temples and similar structures to be erected to a height in excess of the maximum height, permissible under this by-law.

22. No person shall construct any staircase of a width of less than 3 feet or with steps having a rise of more than 9 inches or a breadth of less than 10 inches measured from the verticle face of the rise.

23. No dwelling-house of not more than two storys including the ground floor shall have an interior yard of a superficial area of less than 225 square feet, and no dwelling house of more than two storys including the ground floor shall have an interior yard of a superficial area of less than 400 square feet.

24. Every room intended to be inhabited shall have a clear superficial area of not less than 144 square feet.

Form A.

Serial No. of application ______________.

Name of applicant ______________.

Site of building (name of street quarter, etc.) ______________.

Abstract of application ______________.

Received by Executive Officer on __________ dated __________.

(Initials of Executive Officer.)

Forwarded to Municipal Engineer for report on __________.

(Initials of Forwarding Officer.)

Forwarded to Medical Officer of Health for report on __________.

(Initials of Forwarding Officer.)

Submitted to the sub-committee on __________.

(Initials of Executive Officer.)

Abstract of order of the Executive Officer. __________

(Initials of Executive Officer.)

From

____

To

______________ The Executive Officer,

______________ Municipal Committee, Multan.

I hereby give notice under section 189 (2) of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, that I intend to erect/re-erect a building as specified in Form B attached situated in ______ (here insert street, ward, etc.). I attach—

(a) The plans in duplicate required by the Committee's by-laws.

(b) A specification of the proposed building.

Signature ______________ Dated ______________

Form B.

SPECIFICATION OF PROPOSED BUILDING.

1. In the case of erection/re-erection of an entire house or considerable portion of a house—

(a) In case of re-erection of a house, the house number, if any, of the house, to be re-erected ______________.

(b) The purpose for which it is intended to use the building ______________.

(c) The materials to be used in construction of the walls.

(d) The number of stories of which the building will consist.

(e) The position and dimensions of all doors, windows and ventilation openings ________.

(f) The approximate number of inhabitants proposed to be accommodated ________.

(g) The number of latrines to be provided________.

(h) Whether the site has been built upon before or not, if so, the date when the previous building ceased to be fit for occupation________.

2. In the case of minor alterations or additions.—

(a) a description of the alteration or addition proposed ________.

(b) the material to be used for such alteration or addition.

No. 2075-C.-40/22967.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Okara**, in the Montgomery district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Okara** on the 8th day of July, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. The person in charge of a motor vehicle, tonga, tum tum, or cart shall, if signalled to do so, stop it at the terminal-tax barrier by which he enters or leaves the terminal tax limits for the purpose of allowing the officer or staff of the terminal-tax department to realise the terminal-tax or to inspect the motor vehicle, tonga, tum tum or cart in order to ascertain whether any goods on which terminal-tax is leviable are being carried thereon.

2. Any person who commits a breach of by-law 1 shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with a fine which may extend to fifty rupees.

The 20th May, 1940.

No. 2032-C.-40/23274.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee, **Pindigheb,** in the Attock district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information. They shall come into force within the Municipality of **Pindigheb,** on the 8th day of July, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. No person shall deposit goods for sale or articles for the exercise of any trade or calling, in any public street, or set up any booth, stall or other movable structure thereon or place furniture or furniture frames for polishing, finishing, etc., or deposit any building material or *malba* in any public street without obtaining the written permission of the Municipal Committee and without payment of the rents mentioned in by-law 3 or in cases not provided for in that by-law, the rent which may from time to time be fixed by the Committee.

2. The written permission granted to any person under by-law 1 shall specify the part of the Municipality which such person may use or occupy for the sale of articles or for the exercise of his calling or for the setting up of a booth, stall or other movable structure, or for placing furniture or furniture frames for polishing, finishing, etc., or for depositing any building material or *malba* ;

Provided that the permission granted under by-law 1 shall not interfere with the free means of ingress and egress to shops and other buildings.

3. The following rent shall be charged per month or part thereof for the use or occupation of any portion of any street or public place within the municipal limits :—

Serial No.	Description.	Area.	Rent per mensem. Rs. A. P.
1	Open spaces	(*i*) not more than 6×4 sq. ft.	0 8 0
		(*ii*) more than 6×4 sq. ft... ..	1 0 0
2	*Mochis*	4×4 sq. ft.	0 4 0
3	Barbers	4×4 sq. ft.	0 4 0
4	Hand-carts which will remain at a particular and specified place.	5½×4 sq. ft.	1 0 0
5	Stacking *malba* and building material ..	(*i*) not more than 50 sq. ft. ..	0 8 0
		(*ii*) more than 50 sq. ft. ..	1 0 0

Note.—In the case of other open spaces, platforms and stalls, the rent shall be fixed by public auction.

4. Every person from whom any such dues are leviable shall pay them to the servant of the Committee appointed for this purpose and obtain from him a receipt for the same.

5. If the Municipal Committee is satisfied that any booth, stall, movable structure or the placing of furniture or furniture frames or depositing of *malba* or building material on any street, under the provisions of by-law 1 is a nuisance, the owner or occupier thereof may, by written notice, be required to remove such booth, stall, movable structure, furniture or furniture frames, or building material or *malba* within such time from the receipt of the notice as may be prescribed therein.

6. Any person who commits a breach of any of these by-laws shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees and when the breach is a continuing one with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

The 21st May, 1940.

No. 2021-C.-40/23372.—The following by-laws made by the Notified Area Committee of **Khalra Mandi**, in the Lahore district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 197 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are hereby published for general information and shall come into force within the Notified Area of **Khalra Mandi**, on the 8th day of July, 1940:—

BY-LAWS.

1. No person shall manufacture, sell or prepare or expose for sale milk, butter including clarified butter, curd, sweetmeats, dry sweetmeats which are not prepared with ghee or oil (such as Makhana, Khandwala Chhola, Patashas, misri, chapati, salan, dal, sherbat, dabal roti, biscuit, cake, puri, kachori, pakoras) and meat in premises other than those licensed by the committee in this behalf.

2. No premises shall be licensed for the manufacture, sale or preparation or exposure for sale of the articles of food and drink mentioned in by-law 1—

(*a*) unless they have a floor made of stone, brick with cement pointing or other impervious material ;

(*b*) unless the walls are properly plastered and lime-washed ;

(*c*) unless they are provided with adequate light and ventilation to the satisfaction of the District Medical Officer of Health, Lahore (hereinafter referred to as the Medical Officer of Health) or any other officer appointed by the committee in this behalf ;

(*d*) unless they are provided with a drain and the whole floor is so sloped as to allow all liquid to flow off by the drain ;

(*e*) if there is any direct communication between the premises and any room used as a sleeping room ;

(*f*) if there is any latrine, cesspool, cow-shed, stable, or other place within one hundred feet of the premises which in the opinion of the Medical Officer of Health or any other officer appointed by the committee in this behalf renders it undesirable that such premises should be used for the manufacture, sale or preparation or exposure for sale of the articles specified in by-law 1 ; and

(*g*) unless they have a proper outlet for smoke if fire is lit therein.

3. Subject to the provisions of by-law 2, licences for premises for the manufacture, sale or preparation or exposure for sale of the articles specified in by-law 1 shall be issued by the Secretary of the Notified Area Committee or any other officer appointed by the committee in this behalf in Form " A " appended to these by-laws on the application of the owner or occupier of such premises on payment of a fee of one rupee per annum or annas four per mensem and shall be granted by the committee subject to the conditions specified in Form " A ".

4. Any person who commits or abets the commission of a breach of any of these by-laws and any licensee who commits or abets the commission of a breach of any of the conditions of his licence, shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with a fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and, when the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

Form " A ".

License for premises for the manufacture, sale for preparation or exposure for sale of milk, butter, including clarified butter, curd, sweetmeats and meat issued under by-law 3 of the by-laws for licensing premises for such manufacture, sale or preparation or exposure for sale published with Punjab Government notification No. 2021-C.-40/23372, dated the 21st May, 1940.

The premises of which a description is given in the attached schedule situated in ________ (name of street, ward, etc.) are hereby licensed for the manufacture, sale or preparation or exposure for the sale of the articles specified in by-law 1 ;—

This license is granted to the owner/occupier on the said premises, subject to the following conditions :—

(*a*) that he shall keep the licensed premises structurally fit for the purpose for which the licence is granted ;

Explanation.—" Structural fitness " shall be deemed to include—

(*i*) the existence of a floor made of stone, brick with cement pointing or other impervious material ;

(*ii*) possession of walls properly plastered and lime-washed ;

(*iii*) adequate provision of light and ventilation ;

(*iv*) suitable drains ;

(*v*) non-existence of any direct communication between the premises and any room used as a sleeping room ;

(*vi*) non-existence of any latrine, cesspool, cow-shed, stable or other insanitary place within one hundred feet of the premises;

(*vii*) proper outlet for smoke ;

(*b*) that he shall not employ, or permit to be employed, in the manufacture, sale or preparation or exposure for sale of the articles specified in by-law 1 any person suffering from any contagious or infectious disease or from loathsome sores, or who has recently been attending on any person so suffering, and that he shall not suffer any person or any animal to enter or remain upon the licensed premises ;

(*c*) that he shall keep all vessels, receptacles, utensils and other things used in the manufacture, sale or preparation or exposure for sale of the articles specified in by-law 1 in a state of cleanliness, and shall protect from dust and flies all materials used in such manufacture, sale or preparation or exposure for sale and the articles manufactured, prepared or exposed for sale to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health or any other officer appointed by the committee in this behalf.

(*d*) that he shall daily cause to be thoroughly washed and cleansed the floor and drain of the licensed premises, and every bench, counter, table, shelf or other place on which the articles manufactured, prepared or exposed for sale and any material used in such manufacture, sale or preparation or exposure for sale are kept :

(*e*) that he shall cause the walls of the licensed premises to be properly lime-washed at least twice a year and more often if so required by the Medical Officer of Health or by any other officer appointed by the committee in this behalf ;

(f) that he shall not carry on, or permit to be carried on, in the licensed premises any trade or occupation other than the manufacture, sale, or preparation or exposure for sale of the articles specified in by-law 1 and that he shall not use, or suffer to be used, any portion of the licensed premises as a living room or sleeping room ;

(g) that he shall comply with the orders issued by the Medical Officer of Health in connection with the sanitary condition of the licensed premises ;

(h) that he shall not use for keeping any liquid or wet articles, any soiled papers or paper written upon with black or coloured ink, nor shall he tender any of the articles mentioned in by-law 1 on such paper to the vendee ;

(i) that he shall exhibit the licence at a proper place in the licensed premises ;

(j) that he shall not spit, or smoke or, suffer any other person to spit or smoke, within the licensed premises ;

(k) that he shall not keep or suffer to be kept in the licensed premises any bedding, soiled clothes or any other thing not required for the manufacture, sale or preparation or exposure for sale of the articles specified in by-law 1 ;

(l) that he shall not use or permit to be used, in such manufacture, sale or preparation or exposure for sale any water, except water obtained from a source and conveyed to the licensed premises in a manner approved by the Medical Officer of Health or any other officer appointed by the committee in this behalf ; and

(m) that he shall at all reasonable times permit any member or officer of the committee authorised in this behalf to inspect the licensed premises without notice.

SCHEDULE.

(The actual room or rooms in which the manufacture, sale or preparation or exposure for sale of the specified articles of food and drink is to be carried on should be described in cases where the whole of the building is not to be used for such manufacture, sale, or preparation or exposure for sale.)

No. 2094-C.-40/23374.—The following amendment made by the Municipal Committee, **Gojra** in the Lyallpur district, of its by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 3965-C.-38/9734, dated the 14th March, 1939, having been confimed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Gojra** on the 8thday of July, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

For existing by-law 1, the following new by-law shall be substituted, namely :—

"1. Licences under subsection (1) of section 121 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, for premises to be used for any of the purposes specified in the said subsection shall be granted by the Municipal Committee on the application of the owner or occupier of such premises and shall be issued by the Secretary of the Committee in form 'A' appended to these by-laws on payment of such fees as may be fixed by the Committee from time to time with the approval of the Commissioner and on the conditions detailed in by-law 3."

No. 2022-C.-40/23390.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Bhakkar**, in the Mianwali district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188, 189 and 190 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Bhakkar** on the 8th day of July, 1940, from which date Punjab Government notification No. 598, dated the 15th December, 1892, so far as it relates to the Municipality of **Bhakkar**, shall be deemed to be cancelled :—

BY-LAWS.

1. (1) Every person intending to erect or re-erect any building shall give notice of such intention in writing to the Secretary of the Committee in Form A appended to these by-laws, and shall at the same time submit—

(a) a site plan of the land on which it is intended to erect or re-erect the building ;

(b) a plan of the building which it is proposed to erect or re-erect ; and

(c) the specifications detailed in Form B appended to these by-laws.

(2) Copies of forms A and B may be obtained from the Municipal Office, on payment of two annas for each form.

(3) In the case of an encroachment or structure proposed to be constructed on a site adjacent to public street under the control or management of the Public Works Department of Government or of any local authority, the applicant shall submit the plans and specifications referred to above in triplicate and one complete set of the plans shall, immediately on presentation, be forwarded by the Committee to the Executive Engineer or the other local body concerned, for information.

(4) In the case of a structure proposed to be constructed on land purchased from Government, the applicant shall submit an additional copy of the plans and specifications referred to in by-laws 1, 2 and 3 and one complete set of the plan shall, immediately on presentation, be forwarded by the Committee to the Collector, for information.

2. The site plan shall be drawn to a scale of not less than one-eighth of an inch to the foot, shall be submitted in duplicate on tracing cloth and shall show—

(a) the direction of the north point ;

(b) the boundaries of the site ;

(c) the position of the site in relation to the neighbouring streets and the level of the site in relation to the streets, if any on which it abuts ;

(d) the position of the proposed building in relation to the boundaries of the site ;

(e) the names, if any, and width of all streets on which the site abuts.

3. The building plan shall be drawn to a scale of not less than one-eighth of an inch to the foot, shall be submitted in duplicate, and shall show—

(a) the plan of the ground floor and of every additional floor ;

(b) the position and dimensions of all projections beyond the main walls of the building ;

(c) the position of all proposed drains, privies, latrines, urinals and cesspools ;

(d) the level and width of the foundations, and the level of the lowest floor with reference to the level of the centre of the street on which the front of the proposed building is to abut.

4. The Committee may require any person who has submitted an application to erect or re-erect any building to submit, in addition to the plans and specifications required by by-law 1, elevations and sections of the proposed building, together with full specifications as to the materials and methods of construction to be used for external walls, party-walls, foundations, roofs, ceilings, floors, staircases, fireplaces and chimneys.

5. No application for the erection or re-erection of a building shall be considered by the Committee until it is certified by the Municipal Sub-Overseer, that the plan submitted with the application is in accordance with the provisions of these by-laws.

6. In no building shall any open sewer or drain pass through any room used or intended to be used as a living or sleeping room.

7. No drain shall be constructed within the thickness of any wall of any building.

8. A drain shall be provided for every latrine, privy, urinal, bathroom and cooking place. Such drain shall be constructed of glazed pipes, or other impervious material and shall connect the floor of the latrine, privy, urinal, bathroom or cooking place with—

(a) a municipal masonry drain, or

(b) a private cesspool constructed as hereinafter prescribed

9. Every latrine or privy shall be so constructed that—

(a) there shall be adequate access thereto for the purpose of cleansing ;

(b) when the outer door thereof is open, the seats shall not be visible from the street or other public place.

10. (1) No person shall instal water-flushed latrines in his house unless the house drains are connected with a Municipal sewer or unless arrangements are made to

purify the ewage in a properly constructed septic tank of a suitable size and to discharge the effluent into a Municipal sewer or into a sullage drain certified by the Medical Officer of Health to be capable of carrying off the efflu nt without danger to the heal h of the public. Such installations shall be constructed under the supervision of a Municipal Sanitary Inspector and shall be approved by the Medical Officer of Health before they are taken into use.

(2) No person shall dispose of the effluent from a septic tank by surface irrigation or by sub-soil drainage or into open unlined cesspools.

11. No person shall construct a private cesspool :—

(a) unless there is no Municipal drain within one hundred feet of the premises for which it is required ;

(b) except within the boundaries of private land ;

(c) except a cesspool of masonry with a cast iron movable covering ;

(d) unless adequate acces is provided thereto for the purpose of cleansing it ; and

(e) within one hundred feet of any inhabited building.

12. Every interior yard must be raised at least one foot above the level of the nearest street as to admit of easy drainage into such street.

13. No person shall construct any building of more than five storeys including the ground floor and no person shall construct any building of more than two such storeys unless the outer walls of such building are made of brick, stone or re-inforced concrete.

14. No person shall construct any staircase of a width of less than three feet or with steps having a rise of more than nine inches or a breadth of less then ten inches measured from the vertical face of the rise.

Form A.

From

____________________,

____

____

To

The Secretary,

Municipal Committee,

Bhakkar.

I hereby give notice under subsection (2) of section 189 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, that I intend to erect/re-erect a building as specified in Form 'B' attached, situated in (here insert street, ward, etc.).

I attach —

(a) the plans in duplicate required by the Committee's by-laws ;

(b) a specification of the proposed building.

Signature ____________________

Date ____________________

(Reverse—to be filled in in the Municipal Office.)

Serial number of application ____________________.

Name of applicant ____________________

Site of building (name of street, quarter, etc.) ____________________

Abstract of application ____________________

Received by the Secretary on (date.) ____________________

(Initials of Secretary.)

Date by which orders of the Committee must be passed [under section 193 (4)] ____________ (to be filled in in red ink.) ____________

Forwarded to ____________ for report on (date.) ____________

Initials of forwarding officer.

Forwarded to the Municipal Sub-overseer for report on (date.) ____________

(Initials of forwarding officer.)

Forwarded to Medical Officer of Health for report on (date) ____________

(Initials of forwarding officer.)

Returned to Secretary on ____________

(Initials of forwarding officer.)

Submitted to the Committee on ____________ sub-committee on (date) ____________

(Initials of Secretary.)

Submitted to the Committee on (date.) ____________

(Initials of Secretary.)

Abstract of order of the Committee ____________

(Initials of Secretary.)

Form B.

SPECIFICATION OF PROPOSED BUILDING.

1. In the case of the erection / re-erection of entire house or considerable portion of a house :—

(a) in case of a re-erection of a house, the house number, if any, of the house to be re-erected ____________

(b) the purpose for which it is intended to use the building ____________

(c) the materials to be used in the construction of the walls ____________

(d) the number of storeys of which the building will consist ____________

(e) the position and dimensions of all doors, windows and ventilation openings ____________

(f) the number of latrines to be provided ____________

(g) whether the site has been built upon before or not; if so, the date when the previous building ceased to be fit for occupation ____________

2. In the case of minor alterations or additions :—

(a) a description of the alteration or addition proposed ____________

(b) the material to be used for such alteration or addition ____________

Signature ____________

No. 1917-C.-40/23414.—In supersession of Punjab Government notification No. 4914, dated the 14th February, 1921, and in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 11 and 12 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911 the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to fix, with effect from the date of

publication of the results of the next general elections, the number of members of the municipal committee of **Narowal**, in the Sialkot district, at ten, of whom eight shall be elected and two appointed.

No. 1917-C.-40/23415.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5658-C.-39/6104, dated the 7th February, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipial Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendments to the rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 741, dated the 12th January, 1925, as corrected by Punjab Government corrigendum No. 6130, dated the 9th March, 1925, and amended by Punjab Government notification No. 26127, dated the 8th September, 1930, for the municipality of **Narowal**, in the Sialkot district:—

AMENDMENTS.

1. In rule 1, *for* the word "seven" the word "eight" shall be substituted.

2. *For* the existing schedule the following schedule shall be substituted :—

SCHEDULE.

No. of Ward.	*Name of Ward.*	*Description of boundaries.*
1	Kashmirianwala ..	*North.*—From the north-west corner of the municipality, eastwards along the northern municipal boundary to a point where it meets the central line of the Marhpooj Road ; *East.*—thence southwards along the central line of the Marhpooj Road to its junction with the central line of the Qila Sobha Singh Road ; thence westwards along the central line of the Qila Sobha Singh Road to its junction with the central line of the Zaffarwal Road ; thence southwards along the central line of the Zaffarwal Road to its junction with the central line of the Mahajana Street ; thence eastwards along the central line of that street to its junction with the central line of the Naieyan Lane ; thence southwards along the central line of the Naian Lane to its junction with the central line of the Main Bazar ; *South.*—thence westwards along the central line of the Main Bazar to its junction with the central line of the Railway Road Bazar ; thence south-westwards along the central line of the Railway Road Bazar to its junction with the central line of the Godown Road ; thence southwards along the central line of that Road to its junction with the Railway Crossing on Ghota Road ; thence northwards along the Railway turn table line to a point where it meets the western municipal boundary ; *West.*—thence northwards along the western municipal boundary to the point of start.
2	Bhabarian ..	*North.*—From the junction of the central line of the Qila Sobha Singh and Zaffarwal Roads, eastwards along the eastern boundary of Ward No. 1 to the north-east corner of Ward No. 1 (Marhpooj) ; *East.*—thence south-eastwards along the municipal boundary to a point where it meets the central line of the Phuman Shah Bridge Road ;

No. of Ward.	Name of Ward.	Description of boundaries.
2	Bhabarian—*concld.*	
—*concld.*		*South.*—thence westwards along the central line of the Phuman Shah Bridge Road to its junction with Bazar Andhian; thence along the central line of that Bazar to its junction with the central line of the Jainian Lane; thence north-westwards along the central line of the Jainian Lane to its junction with the central line of Bhabarian Street;
		West.—thence northwards along the central line of the Bhabarian Street to its junction with the central line of the Muftian and Changian Lane; thence northwards along the central line of the Bhabarian Lane to its junction with the central line of the Circular Road; thence westwards along the central line of that Road to its junction with the Zaffarwal Road; thence northwards along the central line of the Zaffarwal Road to the point of start.
3	Zamindaran ..	*North.*—From the junction of the central line of the Circular and Zaffarwal Roads, eastwards along the western boundary of ward No. 2 to its junction with the central line of the Bhabarian Lane;
		East.—thence southwards along the western and southern boundaries of ward No. 2 to the junction with the central line of Jainian Lane with the central line of Kucha Jattan; thence southwards along the central line of Kucha Jattan to its junction with the central line of the Mahajna Street;
		South.—thence westwards along the central line of the Mahajna Street to its junction with the central line of the Zaffarwal Road;
		West.—thence northwards along the eastern boundary of ward No. 1 to the point of start.
4	Mahantanwalla ..	*North.*—From the junction of the central line of Kucha Jattan with the central line of Jainian Lane eastwards along the southern boundary of ward No. 2 to the south-east corner of that ward;
		East.—thence southwards along the eastern municipal boundary to a point where it meets the central line of the Road to Ram Dass and Kotli Bajwa;
		South.—thence westwards along the central lines of the Road to Ram Dass and Kotli Bajwa and of the Main Bazar to the south-east corner of ward No. 1;
		West.—thence northwards along the eastern boundary of ward No. 1 to the junction of Naieyan Lane with the Mahajna Street; thence eastwards along the south-eastern boundary of ward No. 3 to the point of start.
5	Sadiqpura ..	*North.*—From the junction of the central line of Main Sheikhan Lane with the central line of the Road to Ram Dass and Kotli Bajwa east-

No. of Ward.	Name of Ward.	Description of boundaries.
5—concld.	Sadiqpura —concld.	wards along the southern boundary of ward No. 4 to a point where it meets the eastern municipal boundary ;
		East and South.—thence southwards along the eastern municipal boundary to the junction of Jasar Road and Rest House Road ;
		West.—thence northwards along the central lines of the Rest House Road and of the Main Sheikhan Street to the point of start.
6	Attanranwalla	*North.*—From the junction of the central line of Sheikh Rukan Din Lane with the central line of Main Bazar eastwards along the southern boundaries of wards Nos. 1 and 4 to the north-west corner of ward No. 5 ;
		East and South.—thence southwards along the western boundary of ward No. 5 to its south-east corner ; thence south-westwards along the municipal boundary to a point where it meets the central line of Rayya-Narowal Road ;
		West.—thence northwards along the central line of the Rayya-Narowal Road to its junction with the central line of the Said Shah Road ; thence eastwards along the central line of the Said Shah Road to its junction with the central lines of the Rest House Road ; thence northwards along the central line of the Rest House Road to its junction with the central line of the Sheikh Rukan Din Lane and thence along the central line of that lane to the point of start.
7	Rajjanwalla..	*North.*—From the junction of the central line of the Railway Godown Road with the central line of the Railway Road Bazar eastwards along the southern boundary of ward No. 1 to the north-west corner of ward No. 6 ;
		East.—thence southwards along the western boundary of ward No. 6 to the junction of the central lines of the Said Shah Road and Rest House Road ;
		South.—thence westwards along the central line of Said Shah Road to its junction with the central line of the Rayya-Narowal Road ; thence northwards along the central line of the Rayya-Narowal Road to its junction with the central line of the Chah Hardit Singh Lane ; thence westwards along the central line of that lane to its junction with Awa Bishan Singh ; thence south-westwards along the central line of that lane across the southern side of Awa Bishan Singhwalla Chhappar to its junction with Mistri Mohd. Said Lane ; thence along the central line of that lane to its junction with the central line of the Railway Godown Road ;
		West.—thence northwards along the central line of the Godown Road to the point of start.

No. of ward —concld.	*Name of Ward —concld.*	*Description of boundaries—concld.*
8	Brahampura	*North.*—From the south-west corner (turn table) of ward No. 1 south-eastwards along the southern boundary of ward No. 1 to its junction with Mistri Mohammad Said Lane; thence eastwards along the southern boundary of ward No. 7 to the point where it meets the central line of Rayya-Narowal Road ;
		East and South.—thence southwards along the western boundary of ward No. 6 to the point where it meets the municipal boundary ; thence south-westwards along the municipal boundary to Chah Bohriwalla ;
		West.—thence northwards along the western municipal boundary to the point of start.

The 22nd May, 1940.

No. 2061-C.-40/23481.—The following by-laws made by the Notified Area Committee of **Buria** in the Ambala district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Notified Area of **Buria** on the 8th day of July, 1940, in supersession of the by-law published in Part III of Punjab Government notification No. 406, dated 13th June, 1890, in so far as it relates to the Notified Area of **Buria** :—

BY-LAWS.

1. (*i*) " Slaughter-house " means the slaughter-house owned and managed by the Notified Area Committee.

(*ii*) " Superintendent " means the officer in charge of the slaughter-house.

2. (*i*) The slaughter-house will be open for the slaughter of animals during such hours as the Committee may from time to time direct.

(*ii*) No animal shall be slaughtered at any other time, provided that in special circumstances and on the realization of double the usual fee, the Superintendent may allow the slaughter of any animal at any other time. In all such cases the previous written permission of the Superintendent shall be obtained.

3. The Committee shall fix at a conspicuous place in the slaughter-house, a notice showing—

(*i*) the hours of the working of the slaughter-house,

(*ii*) the fees payable, and

(*iii*) any other directions that the Committee or the Superintendent may see fit to issue.

4. Every animal for slaughter shall, on being brought to the slaughter-house, be presented for inspection to Superintendent who before passing any animal for slaughter shall satisfy himself that—

(*i*) it is more than 10 months old in the case of cows and buffaloes and more than 6 months in other cases,

(*ii*) its flesh will be fit for use as human food,

(*iii*) it is not pregnant or with unweaned young,

(*iv*) in case of milch buffaloes or cows they are dry,

(*v*) it is not diseased or in a dying condition :

provided that an animal which has met with an accident and is otherwise healthy may be passed for slaughter.

5. The Superintendent shall maintain a register in which he shall enter a brief description of each animal approved for slaughter, and the fees recovered therefor.

6. Fees for the slaughter of each animal shall be levied at the following rates :—

Animal.	*Fee per head.* Rs. A. P.
(*a*) Horned animals except animals mentioned in (*b*)..	0 8 0
(*b*) Sheep, goat, *dumba* and ram	0 2 0

7. (1) No person shall knowingly bring into any part of the slaughter-house—

(*i*) a diseased or unsound animal,

(*ii*) any buffalo or cow less than ten months old and any other animal less than 6 months old,

(*iii*) an animal which is pregnant or with unweaned young,

(*iv*) any buffalo or cow during the period of lectation,

(*v*) any carcass,

(*vi*) any dog, or

(*vii*) any animal not meant for slaughter or for the slaughter of which the slaughter-house is not provided.

(2) Any animal brought in contravention of this by-law shall be summarily removed under the direction of the Superintendent.

8. (1) Animals approved for slaughter by the Superintendent shall be branded/marked with a distinctive mark on ears, hooves or horns and admitted into the waiting-yard of the slaughter-house.

(2) All animals when approved shall be kept in the waiting-yard until the owners or persons in charge receive permission to bring them into the slaughter-yard.

(3) The owner of the animal shall remain responsible for its security while it is in the waiting-yard.

(4) No animal shall be admitted into the waiting-yard unless the prescribed fee has been paid.

9. Animals rejected as unfit for slaughter shall be removed forthwith from the premises of the slaughter-house :

Provided that animals found to be affected by any infectious or contagious disease or which may reasonably be suspected of being so affected shall, if the Superintendent so directs, be forthwith apprehended and removed to the Veterinary Hospital or such other place as the Committee may provide for the purpose.

10. Each animal shall be slaughtered immediately over the drain and no blood shall be allowed to flow upon the floor.

11. (*i*) Slaughtered animals shall be disembowelled as soon as possible after slaughter.

(*ii*) The contents of the stomachs and bowels shall not be washed into the drain or allowed to drop on the floor, but shall be emptied into buckets or receptacles provided for the purpose by the Notified Area Committee.

12. No person shall rub or cause to be rubbed the inner side of skins upon the ground within any portion of the slaughter-house or in the neighbourhood of the slaughter-house premises.

13. (*i*) All carcasses shall, after skinning and cleaning, be presented to the Superintendent for inspection.

(*ii*) Carcasses which have been passed by the Superintendent as fit for human consumption shall, if necessary, be branded or stamped so as to define their quality.

(*iii*) No person shall remove any carcass from the slaughter-house premises until it has been duly passed by the Superintendent.

(*iv*) The Superintendent shall cause any carcass or meat, which is, in his opinion, unfit for human consumption, to be buried or destroyed.

14. No person shall remove entrails and offals from the slaughter-house until they have been properly washed and cleaned.

15. No person shall blow or stuff any meat within the slaughter-house premises and the Superintendent may cause to be buried or destoryed any meat found to be blown or stuffed.

16. Any carcass or meat ordered to be destroyed in accordance with the provisions of by-law 13 or 15 shall be so treated as to render its use for human food impossible.

17. No meat shall be sold on the premises of the slaughter-house.

18. No person shall remove or cause to be removed from the premises of the slaughter-house any carcass or meat except in a clean receptacle and covered in such a manner as to be screened from public view and adequately protected against flies and dust.

19. The Superintendent shall by general or special order direct the disposition of all skins, heads, horns and feet of slaughtered animals and all carcasses or meat found left in the slaughter-house after the hour fixed for closing the slaughter-house.

20. (*i*) No person affected with leprosy, sores or any other skin disease or any contagious or infectious disease shall enter the slaughter-house premises.

(*ii*) No person, other than the municipal staff on duty and licensed butchers and their assistants or *bona fide* servants, shall enter the slaughter-house premises during the process of slaughtering or skinning and cutting up of carcass.

(*iii*) No person shall create any disturbance in the slaughter-house premises.

Any person transgressing the provisions of this by-law may be removed summarily under the direction of the Superintendent.

21. Any person who commits a breach of any of the by-laws 2, 4, 7 to 18 and 20 shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be liable to fine which may amount to fifty rupees.

No. 2142-C.-40/23529.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee, **Kasur**, in the Lahore District, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 185 and 188 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Kasur** on the 8th day of July, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. No person shall fly kites by means of thread or string which is composed wholly or in part of metallic wire or which has been treated with powdered glass.

2. No person shall, in the vicinity of electric, telegraph or telephone wires or poles fly kites or play football or any other game which is likely to cause damage to such wires or poles or to the fittings to which they may be attached.

3. No person except an authorized employee on duty of the Department owning the line, shall, in any circumstances, climb any pole or bracket carrying an electric, telegraph or telephone wire or bring any stick, pole, hook or other implements in contact with an electric, telegraph or telephone wire, pole, bracket or other fittings.

4. Any person who commits a breach of any of these by-laws shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to twenty rupees.

No. 2144-C.-40/23532.—The following by-laws made by the municipal committee of **Kasur**, in the Lahore district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the municipality of **Kasur**, on the 8th day of July, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. In these by-laws—

(*a*) " bull " includes a bull buffalo ;

(*b*) " Executive Officer " means the Executive Officer of the Municipal Committee of Kasur ;

(c) "Veterinary Assistant" means the Veterinary Assistant employed by the Municipal Committee Kasur or the Veterinary Assistant in charge of the Veterinary Hospital at Kasur.

2. No person shall let loose a bull within municipal limits henceforth for covering purposes unless the permission in writing of the Executive Officer has been obtained and the bull has been registered and branded as hereinafter set forth.

3. All bulls straying within municipal limits shall be liable to seizure and confiscation unless they have been registered at the municipal office under the orders of the Executive Officer and branded with a *tirsul* mark.

4. (1) No bull shall be registered under by-law 3 and the Executive Officer shall not grant permission for a bull to be turned loose unless—

(a) it is more than two years and six months of age;

(b) it has been passed by the Veterinary Assistant as being fit for covering purposes; and

(c) the person letting loose the bull or wishing to have the bull registered has agreed in writing that if it is at any future time declared by the Executive Officer as unserviceable for covering purposes the Executive Officer shall have the power to order it to be castrated or to be detained in a Pinjrapool or Gowshala or such other place as may be determined by the Committee.

Explanation.—No fee shall be charged by the Veterinary Assistant for the inspection of bulls under clause (b).

(2) The description including marks of identification, age and ownership of a bull presented for registration shall be entered in a register to be kept for the purpose by the Veterinary Assistant, together with a note showing the result of his inspection.

5. Any person who commits a breach of by-law 2 shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees; and if the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

No. 2126-C. 40/23536.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Muzaffargarh**, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 188 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information. They shall come into force within the Municipality of **Muzaffargarh**, on the 8th day of July, 1940:—

BY-LAWS.

PART I.—DEFINITIONS.

1. In these by-laws unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context—

(a) "Committee" means the Municipal Committee of Muzaffargarh;

(b) "Licence" means a licence under section 122 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911;

(c) "Municipal area" means the area under the administration and control of the Muzaffargarh Municipal Committee for the time being;

(d) "Premises" means any premises kept or used for public performances of stage plays or for other public entertainment or amusement of the like kind or for holding public boxing contests.

PART II.—LICENSING OF PREMISES.

2. Subject to the provisions of by-law 4, every person desiring to obtain a licence for the use of premises for the purposes specified in by-law, 1 (d) shall apply in writing to the Municipal Committee and shall submit with his application plans complete with dimensions of all storeys of the building showing clearly—

(a) roof, walls, floors, galleries and the number of exits;

(b) cross sections of the building and of galleries; and

(c) notes stating the meterial used in the construction of various parts of the building and galleries.

3. No licence shall be granted unless the premises are certified by the Medical Officer of Health and the District Magistrate to be suitable for the purpose and by the Municipal Engineer to conform to the requirements prescribed by these by-laws.

4. When the premises are to be used only for small or occasional entertainments, the Committee may, on the certificate of the District Magistrate as to the suitability of a building, grant special licences on such terms as it may deem fit, and may relax any of the provisions of these by-laws.

5. Where premises to be licensed are already licensed under the Cinematograph Act, 1918, the licence shall be subject to the conditions prescribed for licences under the rules under the Cinematograph Act.

PART III.—CONDITIONS.

6. Subject to the provisions of by-law 4 licences shall be granted only on the following conditions :—

Construction and arrangement o premises. Tiers.

(i) The premises shall not have more than two tiers built above the ground floor level of the auditorium and a tier shall not be constructed with a slope of more than 35 degrees. The height between any floor and the ceiling above a tier shall at no place be less than 14 feet.

Exits.

(ii) Two separate exits shall be provided for each tier or floor calculated to accommodate not more than 300 persons and an additional exit for every additional 250 persons or fraction thereof to be accommodated on such tier or floor. In calculating the number of persons to be accommodated on any tier or floor the standing space from which a view of the performance can be obtained shall be reckoned at the rate $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet square for each person in addition to the sitting accommodation.

(iii) Every exit shall not be less than five feet wide between the walls at any point or between the leaves of the doors when open.

(iv) Every such exit shall lead direct on to an open street or a verandah the floor of which shall not be more than three feet above the level of the ground, provided that where the exit leads to a verandah or a balcony above the ground floor such balcony or verandah shall have the width specified in condition (xii) of this by-law.

(v) Two separate exits of a minimum width of five feet shall be provided from the stage direct to a public street or an open verandah not more than three feet above the ground.

(vi) One separate exit of a minimum width of four feet shall be provided for each block of dressing rooms direct to a public street or open space communicating with the public street, and such exit shall in no way communicate with the stage.

Doors.

(vii) All internal doors shall be so hung as not to obstruct when open, any gangway, passage, staircase or lending ; and all doors shall be made to open in the direction of exits. If any door is also intended to be used as an entrance, one of its leaves shall open both ways.

(viii) All doors and gates used for the entrance shall be made to open outwards ; or if made to open both ways, shall be so fitted that, when opened inwards, they can be locked back against the wall in such a manner as to require a key to release them.

(ix) All exit doors having fasteningr shall be fastened by bolts of a pattern and in a position to allow them to be opened easily, and no fastening or fitting shall have sharp projections, locking bars, slight hasps, staples or screw-eyes. No fastening other than an automatic fastening shall be fitted on exit doors.

(x) All exits and other doors or openings to be used by the public for the purpose of exit shall be indicated by notices clearly painted to the satisfaction of the Committee ; the exit notices shall be lighted and lettered in red. The lettering shall not be less than seven inches in height and shall be conspicuously visible from all positions on the floor it serves.

(*xi*) Notices bearing the words " No Exit " shall not be provided.

Corridors and passages.

(*xii*) All corridors and passages leading from a tier or a floor shall not be less than five feet wide if the tier or floor accommodates not more than 250 persons, and not less than ten feet wide if the tier accommodates more than 250 persons and not more than 500 persons; provided that where a tier or floor accommodates not more than 500 persons and a third exit is provided, the width of corridors and passages need not exceed five feet; and that if a tier or floor accommodates more than 500 persons, then for every 250 persons, or fraction thereof, over and above 500, an additional width of 5 feet is added to the corridors and passages leading therefrom.

(*xiii*) All corridors and passages shall be kept absolutely free and no corridor or passage shall be used as a cloak room, or be otherwise obstructed in any way.

Staircases.

(*xiv*) All staircases intended for the use of the audience shall be at least 6 feet wide at their narrowest part.

(*xv*) All staircases shall be provided with treads not less than 11 inches wide and with risers not more than 6 inches high (each lapping at least one inch over the back edge of the step below), in flights not more than 15 or less than three steps each; they shall be without winders and shall not have more than two successive flights without a turn; they shall be properly secured and enclosed to the satisfaction of the Committee; the depths of lendings between the flights shall not be less than the widths of the flight; the treads and risers of each staircase between any two floor shall be of uniform width and height.

(*xvi*) A continuous and uninterrupted hand-rail shall be fixed on both sides of all steps and landings, and shall be supported by metal brackets built into the wall; such hand-rails and brackets shall not project more than 3 inches. The hand-rails shall be at a height of 2 feet 9 inches above the steps or landings. Where the flight of steps returns, the newal wall shall be chased so as to allow the hand-rail to turn without projecting over the landing. No projection from the walls of the staircases shall be less than 6 feet 9 inches above the steps or landing and any recesses shall be defended.

(*xvii*) No door shall open immediately upon a flight of steps, but a landing with a minimum distance of 3 feet between the door and the steps shall be provided between such step or steps and the door-way.

Stage.

(*xviii*) In all premises where a stage with proscenium is erected, such stage shall be separated from the auditorium by a brick proscenium wall not less than 15 inches in thickness, and that such wall shall be carried down below the stage to a solid foundation and up to the full thickness to a height of at least 3 feet above the roof such height being measured at right angles to the slope of the roof.

(*xix*) Not more than two openings, exclusive of the proscenium opening, shall be formed in the proscenium wall. No such opening shall exceed 20 square feet in area, and at the lowest part shall not be at a higher level than 3 feet above the floor of the stage. Such openings shall be fitted with double teak doors two inches thick, hung in fire resisting frames with a one inch lap or with such other fire re isting doors and frames as may be approved by the Committee in writing.

(*xx*) The licensee shall cause the steps underneath the stage to be entirely closed with the exception of such doors as the Committee may approve by thick wall not less than 10 inches thick and shall keep it entirely clear and empty from all inflammable material or rubbish.

(*xxi*) No premises, in which a stage is provided and in which scenery is to be used, shall be constructed underneath or on the top of any part of any other building.

Fire proof materials.

(*xxii*) All roofs, floors, staircases, walls, lintels and railings, with the exception of hand-rails, shall be constructed of fire-proof material.

(*xxiii*) The licensee shall provide in each premises additional means of lighting for use in the event of gas or electric light being extinguished, for the auditorium, corridors passages, exits and staircases by a sufficient number of oil lamps of a pattern to be approved by the Committee, properly secured to inflammable base and placed, if possible, out of the reach of the public, and shall keep such lamps alight during the whole time the public are in such premises. No oil other than mineral oil shall be used in such lamps.

Additional means of lighting.

(*xxiv*) Are lamps other than those provided in condition (*xxiii*) shall not be used inside such premises without special permission and, when used, special precautions shall be taken to guard against danger from falling glass or incandescent particles or carbon. All parts of the lamps, lanterns and fittings which are liable to be handled (except by the persons employed to trim them) shall be insulated from the frame work, and in case of arc lamps, shall be suspended by the conductors.

(*xxv*) The licensee shall provide hand-pumps, hose, buckets and other small fire appliances as may be required by the Committee and keep them in such position as the Committee may direct. Provision shall also be made for a sufficient number of bibcocks for the purpose of filling buckets.

Fire appliances.

(*xxvi*) Buckets filled with dry sand and buckets filled with water shall be kept on the premises in such numbers and positions as required by the Committee.

(*xxvii*) The licensee shall keep in readiness hatches, hooks and other appliances for taking down hanging scenery in case of fire for immediate use.

(*xxviii*) Means of ventilation capable of providing a supply of outdoor air at a minimum rate of 1,000 cubic feet per occupant per hour shall be installed at the premises. The ventilation shall be effected by natural means, or by a mechanical exit system, or by both, or by mechanical plant giving positive supply of outdoor air.

Ventilation.

(*xxix*) The means of ventilation shall not cause noise or vibration and shall be used continuously during the whole of the time the public are on the premises, so as to provide the required standard of ventilation.

(*xxx*) The entering air shall be so distributed that all occupied parts of the building, including entrances, vestibules and refreshment saloons, will be reached and the vitiated air effectually displaced.

(*xxxi*) The condition of the air shall not be regarded as satisfactory if the amount of carbon dioxide in occupied portions of the premises taken at a level of three to six feet above the floor level exceeds 10 parts in 10,000.

(*xxxii*) Inlets for external air and exits for air passing outwards shall be so arranged that no objectionable draughts are caused.

(*xxxiii*) All openings used for ventilation shall be kept in a clean condition and free from all obstruction.

(*xxxiv*) Independent ventilation from the external air shall be provided for lavatories and other rooms in which sanitary conveniences are located, and ventilation shall be so arranged that the air movement shall not be, from such rooms into other parts of the premises.

(*xxxv*) Provision shall be made to the satisfaction of the Committee for warming by means of recognised systems of heating and for cooling by recognized systems of cooling all parts of the premises regularly occupied by the public, the performers and the staff and for the installation of fans for the purpose of keeping the air in movement.

Heating and cooling.

(*xxxvi*) (I) Sanitary conveniences, such as water closets, commodes, urinals, latrines, wash-basins and the like, shall be provided separately for each sex and for the public performers, and the staff, in such places as are convenient and easy of access under all weather conditions.

Sanitary conveniences.

(II) Sanitary conveniences for the public shall be on the following scales :—

(a) Water closets, commodes or latrines seats—

For males—one seat for first 200 or part thereof; two seats for 200 to 500; three seats for 500 to 1,000; and one additional seat for every additional 500 or part thereof over 1,000.

For females—one seat for first 100 or part thereof; two seats for 100 to 250; three seats for 250 to 500; and one additional seat for every 400 part thereof over 500.

(b) Urinals—

At one or more places on the premises urinals shall be provided on the scale of one urinal for each 50 males.

(III) Entrance to rooms in which sanitary conveniences are located shall be separate for the two sexes.

(IV) The rooms in which sanitary conveniences are installed shall be so constructed as to ensure strict privacy. Passages or roads leading to them shall be lighted to the satisfaction of the Committee.

(V) The floor area of each room, in which a water closet, commode or latrine seat is placed, shall be at least 4 feet × 10 feet and the height not less than 8 feet.

(VI) All sanitary conveniences shall be made of non-absorbent impervious material and of a type and design approved by the Committee.

(VII) Proper arrangements shall be made to the satisfaction of the Committee for the collection and removal of excreta and waste matter, and suitable sanitary annexes properly equipped with receptacles of sanitary pattern shall be constructed for this purpose.

(VIII) A sufficient number of sweepers to the satisfaction of the Committee shall be employed and shall be present during the whole period when the public are on the premises.

Water supply.

(*xxxvii*) (a) Arrangements shall be made to the satisfaction of the Committee for a sufficient supply of wholesome drinking water for the public. The storage and distribution shall be carried out in the manner and under conditions approved by the Committee.

(b) If there be a well or storage tank for drinking water or other means of storing water on the premises, it shall be protected against contamination in such a manner as the Committee may direct.

Refreshments.

(*xxxviii*) All articles of food-and-drink exposed for sale on the premises, meant for the use by the public, shall be wholesome and fit for human consumption. They shall be kept at places and under conditions approved by the Committee.

Seating.

(*xxxix*) No permanent building used as premises shall accommodate more than 20 persons, and no temporary building used as such more than 25 persons per hundred square feet of space available for sitting and standing. The area under entrances, gangways, stages, etc., shall be deducted for the purpose of calculating the space available on the premises under this by-law.

(*xl*) No licensee shall allow inside the premises any person in excess of the accommodation provided in accordance with condition (*xxxix*).

Maintenance, alterations or additions.

(*xli*) All parts of the premises and the fittings therein and seatings, door fastenings, notices, lighting arrangements, ventilating and other arrangements shall be maintained at all times in good order and condition to the satisfaction of the Committee.

(*xlii*) No additions or alterations shall be made to any licensed premises so as to cause the premises to be not in conformity with any of the provisions of these conditions, nor shall the premises be used after any such additions or alterations without a fresh licence.

PART IV.—GENERAL.

7. The Medical Officer of Health, the Municipal Engineer, the Secretary of the Committee or any other officer authorised in this behalf by the Committee, shall have authority to inspect any premises at any time without previous notice for the purpose of satisfying himself that the conditions of any licence are being complied with or whether the premises are being used in contravention of section 122 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911.

8. (*i*) A licence may be revoked either for a breach of conditions or for any other reason as may seem fit to the Committee.

(*ii*) No compensation in respect of such a revocation shall be recoverable from the Committee.

No. 2141-C.-40/23542.—The following draft rules, which the Governor of the Punjab proposes to make, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, are published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 8th of July, 1940, together with any objection or suggestion which may be received by the Punjab Government from any person with respect to the draft before that date :—

DRAFT RULES.

1. The Deputy Commissioner of Lahore shall, in consultation with the Municipal Committee of Kasur, cause to be prepared an accurate plan of the Municipality of Kasur drawn to a scale of not less than one inch to fifty feet, showing thereon all public streets and other immovable property vested in the Committee.

2. The Deputy Commissioner shall also cause to be prepared a *khasra* of the streets and other properties specified in rule 1 in form "B" appended to these rules.

3. The Deputy Commissioner shall cause the plan and *khasra*, when ready, to be published in such manner as he deems fit, together with a notice intimating the date not less than two months from the date of the notice by which objections from any person with regard to entries on the plan and *khasra* may be presented to the Revising Authority appointed under rule 5 and the time and place at which the plan and *khasra* may be inspected.

4. The Deputy Commissioner shall arrange to allow any person to inspect the plan and *khasra* during the hours and at the place specified in the notice on any day which is not a public holiday.

5. The Deputy Commissioner shall appoint an Assistant Commissioner or Extra Assistant Commissioner on the district staff to be the Revising Authority for the purpose of hearing objections relating to the plan or *khasra*.

6. When the plan and *khasra* have been published under the provisions of rule 3, objections in respect of entries on the plan and *khasra* may be presented to the Revising Authority, appointed under rule 5, between the hours of ten o'clock in the morning and four o'clock of the afternoon of any day of the period specified in the notice issued under rule 3, which is not a public holiday.

7. The Revising Authority shall maintain a register of objections in form A in which he shall cause to be entered at the time of receipt particulars of every objection received.

8. Any person aggrieved by any order, which the Revising Authority may pass, may, within seven days from the date of such order, apply to the Deputy Commissioner for revision of the order ; and the Deputy Commissioner, after giving notice to the parties concerned and hearing any representation which they may wish to make, may confirm it or set it aside, and pass such other orders with respect to the objection which he may deem fit.

9. After the objections, if any, have been disposed of, the Deputy Commissioner shall cause the plan and *khasra* to be corrected, if necessary, in accordance with the orders passed on the objections, and shall then have the amended plan and *khasra*, or a fresh copy of it, published for general information.

10. The original plan and *khasra* shall remain in the custody of the Deputy Commissioner, and a copy thereof duly certified by the Deputy Commissioner to be correct, shall be furnished to the Municipal Committee of Kasur.

11. The Deputy Commissioner may employ such staff as is required for the preparation of the plan and *khasra* and the Municipal Committee of Kasur shall be liable for the cost of pay and other incidental expenses connected with the staff and the preparation of the documents mentioned above, and also for the cost of pay or any other expenditure connected with the appointment of the Revising Authority.

Form A.

(RULE 7.)

Register of objections.

Serial No.	Name, parentage and address of the objector.	Date of presentation of objection with the initials of the officer to whom the objection is presented.	Nature of the objection.	Date of decision.	Summary of decision.	Signature of Revising Authority.	Decision by Deputy Commissioner, if any.	Signature of official by whom effect was given to the decision of the Revising Authority or of the Deputy Commissioner and date.

Form B.

(RULE 2.)

MUNICIPAL COMMITTEE, KASUR.

Survey Register.

1	2	3			4								5		6	7
					MEASUREMENT IN FEET AND INCHES.								AREA IN SQUARE YARDS AND DECIMALS.			
					North.		East.		West.		South.					
Plan sheet.	*Khasra* No.	Name of *Mohalla* or bazar.	Name of *Gali*.	Description of property.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Square yards.	Decimals.	Possessor's name with father's name, caste, occupation and present address.	REMARKS.

No. 2140-C.-40/23545.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Kasur**, in the Lahore district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Kasur**, on the 8th day of July, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. These by-laws shall apply only to those tanks, ponds, wells and *baolis* from which water is or may be made available for the public.

2. The Committee may, by a public notice fixed near a tank, pond, well or *baoli*, prohibit, either permanently or temporarily for a specified period, the lowering of private receptacles for drawing water from such tank, pond, well or *baoli*.

3. No person shall—

(*a*) throw any rubbish, filth or any other unwholesome or objectionable articles into a tank, pond, well or *baoli* ;

(*b*) wash or soak skins, leather or any other dirty substance in a tank, pond, well or *baoli* ;

(*c*) permit water from a drain to flow into a tank, pond, well or *baoli*.

4. No person shall in the open space within a radius of one hundred feet, or such other distance as may be prescribed by the Committee, of a tank, pond, well or *baoli*—

(*a*) place any rubbish or filth or any other unwholesome or objectionable articles ;

(*b*) ease himself or urinate ;

(*c*) (in the case of a tank, pond, well or *baoli* the water of which is used for drinking purposes) wash any clothes or utensils or water any animals.

5. No water shall be used for filling a tank unless it is obtained from a source, and conveyed through a channel, approved by the Committee.

6. No person shall bathe on or within a distance of ten feet of a well or a *baoli*.

7. The owner or the person in charge of a well, tank, pond or *baoli*, shall carry out such measures as the Committee or the Medical Officer of Health may prescribe for preventing the pollution of water in such well, tank, pond or *baoli*.

8. When so required by the Committee, the owner or the person in charge of a well, tank, pond or *baoli*—

(*a*) shall build, of the type and the material specified, a drain or a cistern or shall make pacca floor to provide for dirty water to flow off and to prevent the flow of surface water or the water of any drain into the well ;

(*b*) shall provide the well with a suitable covering to prevent pollution from natural causes such as the falling in of leaves or fruit of trees or the excreta of birds ;

(*c*) shall provide the well with a parapet wall of the size and type specified ;

(*d*) shall provide a metal receptacle for raising water for drinking purposes attached to a metal chain in such a manner that the upper end of the chain shall always be above the surface of the water ;

(*e*) shall render the lining of the well impervious to contamination from sub-soil water.

9. The owner or the person in charge of a well, tank, pond or *baoli* shall, when so required by the Committee, have it cleaned or repaired to the satisfaction of the Committee. In default, the Committee may have the work performed through its own agency and recover the expense from the person concerned.

10. The President, Executive Officer or the Medical Officer of Health or any person appointed in this behalf by the Committee may, at all times, inspect any well, tank, pond or *baoli*, or its source of water supply.

11. Any person who commits a breach of any of these by-laws shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and if the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

The 23rd May, 1940.

No. 1603-C.-40/23644.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (10) of section 62 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that with the previous sanction of the Governor of the Punjab the Municipal

Committee of **Mianwali** has with effect from the 9th September, 1940, imposed the rates of octroi shown in the Schedule appended below, in supersession of the rates published with Punjab Government notification No. 262, dated the 24th April, 1908, as amended by notifications No. 27501, dated the 5th August, 1932, No. 18313, dated the 10th May, 1935, and No. 3671-C.-37/37706, dated the 3rd November, 1937 :

Provided that the octroi shall not be levied on—

(1) articles imported as dowry of a bride;

(2) trade samples when imported by *bona fide* travelling agents ;

(3) *bona fide* personal and household belongings of persons coming to take up their residence in the Municipality, and *bona fide* personal luggage of travellers ;

(4) necessaries (not being articles of food or drink), equipment and clothing imported by officers in command of troops or air force units for the use of their men and followers, and grain and green fodder, imported for consumption by horses, mules or other animals maintained as part of their military equipage, by any person in military or air force service: Provided that such grain or fodder is certified by the commanding officer to be imported for *bona fide* public purposes ;

(5) articles imported for manufacturing purposes into a jail situated within octroi limits : Provided that the goods into which they are manufactured are used in the jail itself or supplied to other departments of Government ;

(6) all road-making material, such as stone-ballast, coal tar, bitumen, sand, shingle and bricks for soling coats, imported by the Government of India, or by any Provincial Government or by any local authority (including a cantonment authority) or by contractors for use on the roads maintained by the Public Works Department of Government, or any local authority (including a cantonment authority) if accompanied at the time of import by a certificate signed by a gazetted officer of the Government department concerned, or by the President, Executive Officer, or Secretary of the local authority concerned, that such articles are required for road-making only ;

(7) nitrate of soda, sulphate of ammonia, calcium cyanamide, sulphate of potash, muriate of potash, kainite, superphosphates, leunaphos, nitro-chalk, nicifos and basic slag ;

(8) arms of any sort imported by Government ;

(9) gold or silver bullion and coin ;

(10) printed books ;

(11) stamps, stamp paper and petition paper ;

(12) headloads of cow-dung fuel (*upla*), grass and brushwood ;

(13) railway stores or materials required for use on a railway whether in constructing, maintaining, or working the same and not removed outside the railway boundaries, but not including stores imported for purchase or consumption by railway employees or stores with which a railway co-operative store is stocked for sale to members ;

(14) goods imported by rail and re-booked and exported without delivery having been taken ;

(15) goods on which the octroi tax amounts to less than three pies ;

(16) forms and papers used by patwaris and field kanungos in connection with their official duties ;

(17) exhibits of the Agricultural and other Government departments, imported for instructional purposes if accompanied, at the time of import, by a certificate, signed by a gazetted officer of the department concerned, that such exhibits are meant for the purpose of exhibition only ;

(18) exhibits of the District Rural Community Council, imported for instructional purposes, if accompanied, at the time of import, by a certificate, signed by the Chairman of the Council, that such exhibits are meant for the purpose of exhibition only ;

(19) all young plants for transplantation on roadsides if accompanied at the time of import by a certificate, signed by a gazetted officer of the Public Works Department, that such plants are required for transplantation on roadsides only ;

(20) the Cinema lorries of the North-Western Railway carrying the cinema equipment and consumable stores in the Municipality for the purpose of giving free shows. This exemption will be subject to the production of a certificate signed by a responsible railway official to the effect that these lorries belong to the North-Western Railway and are meant for their propaganda work only ;

(21) articles imported by the Police department in connection with criminal cases, provided that the articles are accompanied by a certificate signed by a Police Officer not below the rank of a Sub-Inspector ;

(22) all ammunitions, military stores and other articles of police equipment, including bicycles, imported by Police department into the Municipality, provided that each consignment of such ammunition, military stores or other articles is certified by the Superintendent of Police, Mianwali district, to be the property of Goverument in the Police department;

(23) all articles brought into the town for repairs and taken back within seven days.

SCHEDULE

Articles.	RATE OF OCTROI DUTY.		
	By Maundage.	By *Ad valorem.*	By Tale.
CLASS I.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
ARTICLES OF FOOD AND DRINK.			
1. Wheat, *mash, mung*	0 0 9 per md.	...	...
2. *Bajra, moth*, gram, *masur, jawar*, barley Indian corn, peas and maize.	0 0 6 „	...	...
3. Soya-beans	0 2 0 „	...	...
4. Rice of all kinds	0 3 0 „	...	...
5. *Nishasta* (Starch) ...	...	0 0 6 per rupee.	...
6. Refined sugar (all white or cristal sugar, i.e., *khand*, sugar candy, sugar refined by scientific method).	...	0 0 6 „	...
7. Unrefined sugar, including *shakar* and *gur* of all kinds.	...	0 0 6 „	...
8. *Ghee*	...	0 0 6 „	...
9. (1) All fresh and dried fruits, and their seeds, i.e., grapes, pomegranates, and all other *Kabli* fruits, dates, oranges, mangoes, lemons, plums, melons, cocumbers and *malta*.	...	0 0 9 „	...
(2) Almonds	...	0 0 6 „	...
(3) Sugar cane	...	0 0 9 „	...

Articles.	Rate of octroi duty. By Maundage.	By *Ad valorem*.	By Tale.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
CLASS I—CONCLD.			
ARTICLES OF FOOD AND DRINK—*concld.*			
(4) Vegetables of all kinds and their seeds such as potatoes, *kachaloos*, onion, garlic, pods of water lily and turnips.	...	0 0 6 per rupee	...
(5) Honey, pickles, *chutnies*, jams, jellies, preserves and conserves.	...	0 0 6 „	...
(6) Butter	...	0 0 6 „	...
(7) Oil cakes of all kinds	...	0 0 6 „	...
(8) Eggs	...	0 0 6 „	...
(9) Fish	...	0 0 6 „	...
(10) Meat of all kinds	...	0 0 6 „	...
(11) Vinegar	...	0 0 6 „	...
(12) Betel-leaf	...	0 0 9 „	...
(13) White *til*	...	0 0 6 „	...
10. Unhusked rice	0 1 0 per md.	...	...
11. Vegetable ghee	6 4 0 „	...	...
12. Tea, coffee, cocoa, oil-man stores, saccharine, cheese, *khoa* and edible roots.	...	0 0 6 per rupee	...
13. Essences of all kinds, all colours, used in aerated water.	...	0 0 6 „	...
14. Nuts of all kinds, not otherwise provided for in the schedule.	...	0 0 6 „	...
15. Ice	0 0 9 per md.	...	...
16. Cotton seeds	...	0 0 3 per rupee.	...
17. Biscuits, lozenges and tinned sweets, *phainian*.	...	0 0 9 „	...
18. Wheat flour	0 1 0 per md.	...	...
19. Gram, *bajra* and maize flour ...	0 0 9 „	...	...
20. *Suji, rawa*	0 0 „	...	...
21. Syrups of all kinds	...	0 0 9 per rupee.	...
22. Flask filled with gas for aerated water	0 0 6 per md.	...	...
23. Pulses of all kinds	0 1 6 „	...	...
CLASS II.			
ANIMALS FOR SLAUGHTER.			
1. Horned cattle...	...	...	0 8 0 per head.
2. Sheep and goats	...	...	0 1 6 „
3. *Dumbas*	...	...	0 2 0 „
4 Lambs and kids up to six months age ...	...	...	0 1 0 „
5. Chickens and ducks	...	...	0 3 0 per dozen.
6. Sand-grouse and other game ...	...	...	0 6 0 per score.
7. Quails	...	...	0 0 6 „ „
8. Partridge	...	...	0 1 0 „ „

Articles.	Rates of Octroi Duty. By Maundage.	By Ad valvrem.	By Tale.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
CLASS III.			
ARTICLES USED FOR FUEL, LIGHTIG AND WASHING.			
1. All kinds of oils, not specified elsewhere in this schedule.	...	0 0 6 per rupee	...
2. Oil seeds (*sarson*, black *til*, *jamaon* and *toria*).	0 1 0 per md.	..	...
3. Char-coal	...	0 0 6 per rupee	...
4. Coal	...	0 0 6 "	...
5. Grease, tallow and soap	...	0 0 6 "	...
6. *Sajji*	...	0 0 6 "	...
7. *Multani* and *Gachni* clay	...	0 0 6 "	...
8. Matches	...	0 0 6 "	...
9. Soap, nuts (*retha*) soda, caustic and *tezab*.	...	0 0 6 "	...
10. Crude oil and all other fuels not specified elsewhere in this schedule.	...	0 0 6 "	..
11. All lubricating oils, including cylinder oils, machine oils, mobil oil, spirits (methylated and rectified).	..	0 0 6 "	...
12. Wood for fuel imported by rail ..	0 0 3 per md.	..	
13. Kerosene oil	...	...	0 0 9 per tin of 4 gallons. 0 0 3 per tin of one gallon.
CLASS IV.			
ARTICLES USED IN BUILDINGS.			
1. Wood of every kind, lime, *kanker*, cement and *surkhi*.	...	0 0 9 per rupee	...
2. *Sutli*, twine, mats, ropes, *munj* ...	...	0 0 6 "	...
3. Burnt bricks	...	...	0 6 0 per thousand.
4 Paints and varnish	...	0 0 6 per rupee	...
5. Sun-dried bricks	...	...	0 1 0 per thousand.
6. Roofing and flooring tiles 1′×½′ ...	...	...	0 12 0 "
7. Roofing and flooring tiles 4½″×9″ ...	...	...	0 7 6 "
8 Marble and articles made thereof ...	...	0 0 9 per rupee	...
9 Tiles (glazed and porcelain) ...	..	0 0 9 "	...
10. *Sar*, *kana*, *kash*, *sirkie*, and articles made thereof.	...	0 0 6 "	...
11. Glue, chalk, coal tar, turpentine oil ...	...	0 0 6 "	...
12. All articles not specified elsewhere in this schedule made from metal used in buildings, girders, T-iron, iron, rods, rails, iron and zinc sheets, gauze, screw, hinges, *chitkanies*, *latoos* and pipes of all kinds.	...	0 0 9 "	...

Articles.	RATES OF OCTROI DUTY. By Maundage.	By Ad valorem.	By Tale.
CLASS IV—*concld.*	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
ARTICLES USED IN BUILDINGS—*concld.*			
13. Locks and iron pegs ...	...	0 0 6 per rupee	...
14. Glasses of all kinds ...	...	0 0 9 "	...
CLASS V.			
DRUGS, GUMS, PERFUMES, SPICES.			
1. Rose water, *kewara, mushk* and scented oil	...	0 0 6 per rupee	...
2. Other drugs and medicines ...	...	0 0 6 "	...
3. Toilet requisites, such as tooth paste, tooth powder, *dandasa* and *khizab*.	...	0 0 9 "	...
4. Face cream, vaseline of all kinds, musk, lavender, *phulel* and *corriander* oil.	...	0 0 9 "	...
CLASS VI.			
TOBACCO.			
1. Foreign tobacco, including cheroots, cigars and cigarettes.	...	0 0 6 per rupee	...
2. Country tobacco	...	0 0 6 "	...
3. *Kandhari* tobacoo	...	0 0 6 "	...
4. Snuff	...	0 0 6 "	...
5. *Biris* and other smoking requisites not specified elsewhere in this schedule.	...	0 0 6 "	...
CLASS VII.			
PIECE GOODS AND TEXTILE FABRICS.			
1. Machine-made silk and cotton piece goods.	...	0 0 6 per rupee	...
2. *Khadi* piece goods	...	0 0 3 "	...
3. *Pattoos*	...	0 0 6 "	...
4. *Pattis*	...	0 0 6 "	...
5. Blankets and *lois*	...	0 0 6 "	...
6. *Namdas*	...	0 0 6 "	...
7. Gold lace, and lace of all sorts ...	...	0 0 6 "	...
8. Shoes and boots	...	0 0 6 "	...
9. Used warm coats	...	0 0 6 "	...
10. Warm clothes not specified elsewhere in the schedule.	...	0 0 6 "	...
11. Cotton thread, yarn made of cotton and ginned cotton.	...	0 0 3 "	...
12. Silk, *chamak, tassar, karandi* and other kinds of thread, and yarn not specified elsewhere in this schedule.	...	0 0 6 "	...
13. Wool, wool-yarn, goat and camel hair and yarn made thereof.	...	0 0 6 "	...
14. Millinery, tinsel, haberdashery, *maquaish*, embroidered goods and articles made thereof.	...	0 0 6 "	...

Articles.	Rates of Octroi Duty. By Maundage.	By Ad *valorem*.	By Tale.
CLASS VII—CONCLD.			
PIECE GOODS AND TEXTILE FABRICS—*concld.*		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
15. Articles of clothing and dress not specified elsewhere in this schedule, carpets, rugs, tents, *tarpauline*, *newar*, *kanats*, awnings, water proof, gunny cloth, oil-cloth, wax cloth, tapes of all kinds, new gunny bags, cured skins, canvas and articles made thereof, *postine*, sola hats.	...	0 0 6 per rupee	...
16. Unginned cotton	0 2 0 per maund	...	...
CLASS VIII.			
METALS AND ARTICLES MADE THEREOF.			
1. Metals and utensils made wholly or partly thereof, and other articles not mentioned elsewhere in this schedule except aluminium utensils.	...	0 0 6 per rupee	...
2. Gold and silver wares ...	...	0 0 6 „	...
3. Enamelled ware ...	...	0 0 6 „	...
4. E. P. N. S. (Electric plated nickle silver) wares.	...	0 0 6 „	...
5. Arms and ammunition of all kinds (other than Government).	..	0 0 6 „	...
6. Aluminium ...	...	0 0 4½ „	...
CLASS IX.			
MISCELLANEOUS.			
1. Cane and articles made thereof ...	...	0 0 6 per rupee	...
2. Sandals, combs, *ukhli*, bowls ...	...	0 0 9 „	...
3. Bamboo chicks ...	...	0 0 6 „	...
4. Bamboo sticks and poles ...	...	0 0 9 „	...
5. *Pilchhi* hoop baskets ..	...	0 0 6 „	...
6. *Changers* (small baskets) of all kinds ...	..	0 0 6 „	...
7. Grinding stones, mortars of stone ...	..	0 0 6 „	...
8. Wooden plough and parts thereof ...	...	0 0 9 „	...
9 Cabinet ware, furniture including mattings palm, leaf, hems, *patha*, and rticle made therefroms.	...	0 0 6 „	...
10. Articles made of wood not specified elsewhere in this schedule.	...	0 0 0 „	...
11. Articles made of stone, brushes, brooms.	...	0 0 0 „	...

Articles.	Rates of octroi duty. By Maundage.	By Ad valorem.	By Tale.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
CLASS IX—concld.			
Miscellaneous—concld.			
12. Carriages, carts, *tongas*, hand carts, bicycles, tricycles, perambulators, side-cars, and all other conveyances, not specified elsewhere in this schedule, fans and their parts, and accessories, walking sticks, driving, riding and other whips, and fishing accessories.	...	0 0 6 per rupee.	
13. Motor vehicles ...	...	...	Rs. 20 per vehicle.
14. Motor cycles with side-cars ...	...	...	Rs. 12-8-0 per combination.
15. Motor cycles without side-cars ...	...	...	Rs. 10 per motor-cycle.
16. Glass and glass ware, china and china ware.	...	0 0 9 per rupee.	...
17. Glazed and earthen ware, and all other kinds of crockery.	...	0 0 9 "	...
18. Instruments, computing, dental, drawing, educational, electrical, galvanic, measuring, optical, phonographic, photographic, scientific, surgical, surveying, watch-making, bioscopic apparatus and appliances, type-writers, duplicators, gramophone, phonograpic records, photographic, bioscopic materials.	...	0 6	
19. Machinery worked by steam oil or manual labour including parts and accessories.	...	0 0 6 "	
20. Rubber and articles made thereof.	...	0 0 6 "	...
21. Horn, celluloid and goods made therefrom			
22. Umbrellas, parasols, and sun-shades, toys, indoor and outdoor games and sporting goods and gear including cork wood, gutstring, dried and wet gum, stationery, blank books, and forms and card-boards.	...	0 0	
23. Printing materials ...	...	0 0 6 "	...
24. Dying and tanning materials of all kinds not specified elseware in this schedule.	...	0 0 6 "	...
25. Saddlery, harness and parts thereof	...	0 0 6 "	...
26. Skins (tanned and raw), leather and articles made therefrom not otherwise specified in this schedule.	...	0 0 3 "	...
27. Sealing wax and articles of fire-works, glass bangles, bottles and fountain-pens.	...	0 0 6	...
28. Buttons, studs and links ...	...	0 0 6 "	...
29. Looking glasses, and mirrors of all kinds.	...	0 0 6 "	...
30. Coloured papers, printed wall papers of all kinds, craft papers and pictures.	...	0 0 6 "	...
31. Waste papers	...	0 0 3 "	...
32. Dyes of all kinds	...	0 0 6 "	...

Small Towns.

The 22nd May, 1940.

No. 2132-L. G.—Bds.-40/23526.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 51 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following rules :—

RULES.

1. The Deputy Commissioner of Multan district shall, in consultation with the Town Committee of Dunyapur, cause to be prepared an accurate plan of the Small Town, Dunyapur, drawn to a scale not less than one inch to fifty feet, showing thereon all public streets and other immovable property vested in the Committee.

2. The Deputy Commissioner shall also cause to be prepared a *khasra* of the streets and other properties specified in rule 1 in form 'A' appended to these rules.

3. The Deputy Commissioner shall cause the plan and *khasra*, when ready to be published in such manner as he deems fit, together with a notice intimating a date not less than two months from the date of the notice by which objections from any person with regard to entries on the plan and *khasra* may be presented to the Revising Authority appointed under rule 5 and the time and place at which the plan and *khasra* may be inspected.

4. The Deputy Commissioner shall arrange to allow any person to inspect the plan and *khasra* during the hours and at the place specified in the notice on any day which is not a public holiday.

5. The Deputy Commissioner shall appoint an Assistant or Extra Assistant Commissioner on the district staff to be the Revising Authority for the purpose of hearing objections relating to the plan and *khasra*.

6. When the plan and *khasra* have been published under the provisions of rule 3, objections in respect of entries on the plan and *khasra* may be presented to the Revising Authority, appointed under rule 5, between the hours of ten o'clock in the morning and four o'clock in the afternoon of any day not being a public holiday of the period specified in the notice issued under rule 3 *ibid.*

7. The Revising Authority shall maintain a register of objections in form B in which he shall cause to be entered at the time of receipt particulars of every objection received.

8. Any person aggrieved by any order, which the Revising Authority may pass, may, within seven days from the date of such order, apply to the Deputy Commissioner for revision of the order ; and the Deputy Commissioner, after giving notice to the parties concerned and hearing any representation which they may wish to make, may confirm it or set it aside, and pass such other orders with respect to the objection which he may deem fit.

9. After the objections, if any, have been disposed of, the Deputy Commissioner shall cause the plan and *khasra* to be corrected, if necessary, in accordance with the orders passed on the objections, and shall then have the amended plan and *khasra*, or a fresh copy of it, published for general information.

10. The original plan and *khasra* shall remain in the custody of the Deputy Commissioner, and a copy thereof duly certified by the Deputy Commissioner to be correct, shall be furnished to the Town Committee of Dunyapur.

11. The Deputy Commissioner may employ such staff as is required for the preparation of the plan and *khasra* and the Town Committee of Dunyapur, shall be liable for the cost of pay and other incidental expenses connected with the staff and the preparation of the documents mentioned above, and also for the cost of pay or any other expenditure connected with the appointment of the Revising Authority.

Form A.

[RULE 2.]

TOWN COMMITTEE, DUNYAPUR.

Survey Register.

1	2	3			4								5		6	7
					MEASUREMENT IN FEET AND INCHES.								AREA IN SQUARE YARDS AND DECIMALS.			
					North.		*East.*		*West.*		*South.*					
Plan sheet.	*Khasra* No.	Name of *Mohalla* or Bazar.	Name of *Gali*.	Description of property.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Square yards.	Decimals.	Possessor's name with father's name, caste, occupation and present address.	REMARKS.

Form B.

[RULE 7.]

Register of objections.

Serial No.	Name, parentage and address of the objector.	Date of presentation of objection with the initials of the officer to whom the objection is presented.	Nature of the objection.	Date of decision.	Summary of decision.	Signature of Revising Authority.	Decision by Deputy Commissioner, if any.	Signature of Official by whom effect was given to the decision of the Revising Authority or of the Deputy Commissioner and date.

Notified Areas.

The 16th May, 1940.

No. 2047-L. G.—Bds.-40/22799.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*f*) of subsection (1) of section 242 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to extend sections 199, 200 and 201 of the said Act to the Notified Area of **Wasawewala** in the Montgomery district, and to declare that the provisions of the said sections shall come into force from the date of publication of this notification.

RAM CHANDRA,

Secretary to Government, Punjab,

Medical and Local Government Departments.

309 CS—1157—23-5-40—SGPP Lahore.

Form A.

[Rule 2.]

Town Committee, [illegible]

[illegible] Register.

[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

Form B.

[Rule 7.]

Register of objections.

Remarks and date [illegible]	Decision [illegible] if any [illegible]	Signature of the deciding Authority.	Summary of decision.	Date of decision.	Nature of the objection.	Date of presentation of objection with the designation of the officer to whom the objection is presented.	Name, parentage and address of the objector.	Serial No.

Notified Areas.

The 15th May, 1940.

No. 2047-L. G.-Bds.-40/22799.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (f) of sub-section (1) of section 241 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to extend sections 200 and 201 of the said Act to the Notified Area of Wazirwala in the Montgomery district, and to declare that the provision of the said sections shall come into force from the date of publication of this notification.

RAM CHANDRA,

Secretary to Government, Punjab,

Medical and Local Government Departments.

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Registered No. L. 884.

The Government Gazette, Punjab.

Published by Authority.

No. 22. LAHORE, FRIDAY, MAY 31, 1940.

PART I—A.

Punjab Government Notifications and Orders.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Boards.

The 25th May, 1940.

No. 2062-C.-40/23943.—The following regulations made by the District Board of **Karnal**, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 56 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, and in pursuance of Punjab Government notification No. 3752-C.-39/28080, dated the 30th August, 1939, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by subsection (2) of section 56 of the said Act, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the area, subject to the authority of the District Board of **Karnal** on the 8th day of July, 1940 :—

REGULATIONS.

1. The District Board of Karnal may award scholarships, of a value not exceeding Rs. 20 per mensem each, for professional and technical education in any institution in British India.

2. In awarding the scholarships preference shall be given to students who intend to study in any of the following institutions :—

(1) The King Edward Medical College, Lahore, and the Punjab Medical School, Amritsar.

(2) The Punjab Agricultural College, Lyallpur, and the Agricultural School, Gurdaspur.

(3) The Rasul Engineering School.

(4) The Punjab Veterinary College, Lahore.

(5) The Women's Christian Medical College, Ludhiana, the Lady Hailey Hospital, Bhiwani, and the Victoria Zenana Hospital, Delhi.

(6) The Government Wood Working Institute, Jullundur, and the Tanning Institute, Jullundur.

(7) The Government Normal School for Girls, Karnal.

(8) The Ahmmadiya School for the Blind, Aligarh.

(9) The Government Dyeing School, Shahdara.

3. (1) The number of scholarships shall not exceed 3 in any case in one institution subject to budget provision. They shall be tenable for the full period of training in the institution.

(2) Only *bona fide* residents of the Karnal District will be eligible for these scholarships ; preference will be given to statutory agriculturists.

Provided that a candidate whose father, or if his or her father is dead, $\frac{\text{he himself}}{\text{she herself}}$ pays land revenue exceeding Rs. 25 per annum or is in receipt of an annual income of more than Rs. 500 shall not be eligible for the scholarship.

4. All applications for the award of these scholarships shall be submitted to the Chairman of the District Board at least 3 months before the date on which the course of training of the institution begins. These applications shall be forwarded to the Education sub-committee who will submit them to the Board through the Finance sub-committee with their own recommendations. In making the recommendations the Education and Finance sub-committees shall take into consideration the highest examination passed by the candidates and the number of marks obtained.

5. No candidate if already in receipt of any other scholarship shall be eligible.

6. The scholarship holder shall execute an agreement that $\frac{\text{he}}{\text{she}}$ will serve the District Board for at least 3 years after completing the course of training in case $\frac{\text{his}}{\text{her}}$ services are required by the Board.

7. A scholarship may be forfeited on the report of the head of the institution that the student has been guilty of gross misconduct, irregularity of attendance, or lack of diligence in $\frac{\text{his}}{\text{her}}$ studies. A scholarship once forfeited shall not be awarded to the same student.

No. 2054-C.-40/23951.—The following regulations made by the District Board of **Ludhiana**, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 56 and 57 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by subsection (2) of section 56 of the said Act, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board, **Ludhiana**, on the 8th day of July, 1940 :—

REGULATIONS.

1. In these regulations a "Pond" means any pond, tank, *baoli*, or reservoir whose water is or may be used for drinking by human beings.

2. The District Board may, by resolution, declare any pond, situate within the area subject to its jurisdiction, to be a protected pond.

3. When a pond is declared to be a protected pond, the fact shall be notified to the public in the vicinity of the pond by beat of drum and a copy of the prohibitions against its pollution as contained in these regulations together with the penalty therefor shall be posted in the vernacular on a notice-board close to the pond.

4. The District Board may further by resolution determine the catchment area, if any, of a protected pond, which shall be demarcated on the spot by a railing of boundary pillars.

5. No person shall, in a protected pond or its catchment area—

(*i*) throw filth, sweepings or any other unwholesome articles ;

(*ii*) wash or soak skins, leather, hemp or other dirty substance ;

(*iii*) place or bury the dead body of an animal ;

(*vi*) carry on a skinning or tanning business or stock bones ;

(*v*) ease himself or allow filthy water from his drain or property to flow ;

(*vi*) make any new burial ground ;

(*vii*) establish a kiln or make an excavation ;

(*viii*) allow a flock of sheep or goats to stray ;

(*ix*) collect manure in heaps or pits ;

(*x*) wash himself or an animal, or wash clothes, or water an animal, except at a distance of fifteen yards from the pond and so as not to allow the dirty water to flow into the pond.

6. No person shall, in a protected pond spit or urinate, or wash his hands after easing himself.

7. No water shall be used for filling a protected pond unless it is obtained from a source, and conveyed through a channel, approved by the Board.

8. The owner or the person in charge of a protected pond shall carry out such measures as the Board or the District Medical Officer of Health may prescribe for preventing the pollution of water in such pond.

9. When so required by the Board the owner or the person in charge of a protected pond shall—

(*a*) build, of the type and the material specified, a drain or a cistern or shall make pacca floor to provide for dirty water to flow off and to prevent the flow of surface water or the water of any drain into the pond ;

(*b*) provide the pond with a suitable covering to prevent pollution from natural causes such as the falling in of leaves or fruit of trees or the excreta of birds ;

(*c*) provide the pond with a parapet wall of the size and type specified ;

(*d*) provide a metal receptacle for raising water for drinking purposes attached to a metal chain in such a manner that the upper end of the chain shall always be above the surface of the water ;

(*e*) render the lining of the pond impervious to contamination from sub-soil water.

10. The owner or the person in charge of a protected pond shall, when so required by the Board, have it cleaned or repaired to the satisfaction of the Board.

11. The Chairman, Senior Vice-Chairman, Secretary or the District Medical Officer of Health or circle member or any person appointed in this behalf by the Board may, at all times, inspect any protected pond or its catchment area.

12. Any person who commits a breach of regulations 5 and 6, shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and if the breach is continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first day during which the breach continues.

No. 2162-L. G.-40/23956.—In exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (2) of section 15 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to appoint Honorary Captain Sardar Bahadur Sham Singh, of Kawankh, tahsil and district Gujrat, to be a member of the District Board of **Gujrat,** *vice* Honorary Captain Sardar Bahadur Jawala Singh, I.O.M., deceased.

The 29th May, 1940.

No. 1890-L. G.-40/24294.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 14 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, the Governor of the Punjab hereby directs that M. Atma Ram, an elected member of the District Board of **Hoshiarpur**, shall be removed from membership of the Board.

Committees.

The 24th May, 1940.

No. 1696-C.-40/23846.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 11 and 12 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to fix, with reference to the next general elections and with effect from the date of the results thereof, the number of members of the municipal committee of **Kalabagh**, in the Mianwali district, at fourteen, of whom eleven shall be elected and three appointed.

2. Punjab Government notification No. 206, dated the 20th April, 1904, is hereby cancelled.

No. 1696-C.-40/23847.—The following draft of rules which the Governor of the Punjab proposes to make, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby. The proposed rules will apply to the municipality of **Kalabagh**, and the draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 15th day of July, 1940, together with any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person in respect of the draft before that date :—

DRAFT RULES.

1. For the purpose of election of members of the Municipal Committee of Kalabagh, the municipality of Kalabagh shall be divided into eleven election wards, the boundaries of which are described in the schedule appended to these rules.

2. One representative shall be elected for each ward by the registered voters belonging to that ward.

3. Subject to the provisions of rule 7 of the Municipal Election Rules, 1930, no person shall be eligible for election as a member of the Municipal Committee of Kalabagh unless he—

(a) pays as proprietor or receives as an assignee of Government not less than ten rupees per annum on account of land revenue in respect of land situated in the Isakhel Tahsil ; or

(b) is the owner of immovable property of a value of not less than one thousand rupees, half or more of which is situated within the municipal limits ;

(c) is in receipt of an income of not less than fifty rupees per mensem ; or

(d) is in receipt of not less than twenty-five rupees per mensem as pension from Government ; or

(e) has passed the Matriculation, School Leaving Certificate or any other equivalent or higher examination recognised by the Punjab University or any Oriental Title Examination of the Punjab University.

Explanation.—In the case of a father and son living together the payment of land revenue or receipt of land revenue as an assignee of Government or the possession of immovable property or a monthly income to the amount or value specified in clauses (a), (b) or (c) of this rule shall be held to qualify the father only, provided that if the father so desires, such payment, receipt or possession shall be held to qualify the son in lieu of the father.

4. Subject to the provisions of rule 6 of the Municipal Election Rules, 1930, no person shall be entitled to be registered as a voter in the Municipality of Kalabagh, unless he—

(a) possesses immovable property situated within the Municipal limits of a value of not less than two hundred rupees ; or

(b) pays not less than one rupee per mensem as rent for a house or part of a house situated within the municipal limits ; or

(c) is in receipt of an income of not less than fifteen rupees per mensem ; or

(d) pays as proprietor or receives as an assignee of Government not less than five rupees per annum on account of land revenue in respect of land situated in the Isakhel Tahsil ; or

(e) has passed the Matriculation, School Leaving Certificate or any other equivalent or higher examination recognised by the Punjab University or any Oriental Title examination of the Punjab University.

5. For the purpose of calculating the period of ordinary residence within municipal limits, under rule 6 of the Municipal Election Rules, 1930, no account shall be taken of any period of temporary absence, such as time spent in the hills or on leave.

SCHEDULE.

DESCRIPTION OF BOUNDARIES.

Ward No. 1.

North :—From the north-east corner of railway bridge No. 6, eastwards along the northern municipal boundary to its junction with the central line of Chup Faqir Tomb Road ;

East :—thence southwards along the central line of Chup Faqir Tomb Road to its junction with the central line of Kalabagh Station Road ; thence south-eastwards along the central line of this Road to its junction with the central line of Kalabagh-Isakhel road ; thence southwards to the southern municipal boundary making an angle of 90 degrees with the central line of Kalabagh-Isakhel Road ;

South :—thence westwards along the southern municipal boundary to its junction with the western municipal boundary ;

West :—thence northwards along the western municipal boundary to the point of start.

Ward No. 2.

North :—From a point fixed 220 feet northwards from the central line of Kalabagh Station Road on the junction of central line of Chup Faqir Tomb Road with the Garhi foot path eastwards along the Garhi footpath to its junction with the central line of Chikranwali street ;

East :—thence southwards along the central line of Chikranwali street to its junction with the central line of Main Bazar ; thence eastwards along the central line of Main Bazar to its junction with the central line of Bramakbara street ; thence southwards along the central line of Brahmakhara street to the southern municipal boundary ;

South :—thence westwards along the southern municipal boundary to its junction with the eastern boundary of Ward No. 1 ;

West :—thence northwards along the eastern boundary of Ward No. 1 to the point of start.

Ward No 3.

North :—From the junction of the central line of Chikranwali street with the Garhi footpath, eastwards to its junction with the central line of Swanianwali street ;

East :—thence southwards along the central line of Swanianwali street to its junction with the central line of Main Bazar Road ; thence eastwards along the central line of the Main Bazar Road to its junction with the central line of Ashabanwali street ; thence southwards along the central line of Ashabanwali street up to 120 feet ; thence westwards making an angle of 90 degrees with the central line of Ashabanwali street upto 120 feet ; thence southwards making an angle of 90 degrees with the above line up to the southern municipal boundary.

South :—thence westwards along the southern municipal boundary to its junction with the eastern boundary line of Ward No. 2 ;

West :—thence northwards along the eastern boundary of Ward No. 2 to the point of start.

Ward No. 4.

North :—From the junction of the central line of Nur Mohd. Street with the Garhi footpath, north-eastwards along the central line of Nur Mohd. Street to its junction with the central line of Harbhaj Dhagga Street ; thence eastwards along the central line of Harbhaj Dhagga Street to its junction with the central line of Loharanwala Wahan.

East :—Thence southwards along the central line of Loharanwala Wahan to its junction with the central line of Main Bazar Road ;

South :—Thence westwards along the central line of Main Bazar Road to its junction with the central line of Swanianwali street ;

West :—Thence northwards along the eastern boundary of Ward No. 3 to the point of start.

Ward No. 5.

North.—From the junction of northern municipal boundary with the central line of Chup Faqir Road, south-eastwards along the northern municipal boundary to its junction with the central line of Ghulam Hussain Dhabba Street; thence south-eastwards along the central line of the above street to its junction with the central line of Chhinmori Street;

East.—thence southwards along the central line of Chhinmori street to its junction with the central line of Loharanwala Wahan; thence southwards along the central line of Loharanwala Wahan to its junction with the central line of Harbhaj Dhagga street; thence along the northern boundary of Ward No. 4 to its junction with Garhi footpath;

South.—thence along the northern boundaries of Wards Nos. 3 and 2 to the starting point of Ward No. 2;

West.—thence northwards along the eastern boundary of Ward No. 1 to the point of start.

Ward No. 6.

North—From the junction of the central line of Chhinmori street with the central line of Loharanwala Wahan, north-eastwards along the central line of Chhinmori street to its junction with the central line of Khanda Ram street;

East.—thence southwards along the central line of Khanda Ram street to it junction with the central line of Dhakki Uttarkhel street, thence south-eastwards along the central line of Dhakki Uttarkhel street to its junction with the central line of Thalla Sayyadanwala street; thence southwards along the central line of Thalla Sayyadanwala street to its junction with the central line of Tang Bazar.

South.—thence westwards along the central line of Tang Bazar to its junction with the central line of Loharanwala Wahan;

West.—thence northwards along the eastern boundary of Ward No. 4 to the point of start.

Ward No. 7.

North.—From the junction of the central line of Main Bazar with the central line of Ashabanwali street, eastwards along the central line of Main Bazar to its junction with the central line of Loharanwala Wahan, thence northwards along the central line of Loharanwala Wahan to its junction with the central line of Tang Bazar; thence eastwards along the central line of Tang Bazar to its junction with the central line of Pirachanwali street;

East.—thence southwards along the central line of Pirachanwali street to its junction with the southern municipal boundary;

South.—thence westwards along the southern municipal boundary to its junction with the eastern boundary of Ward No. 3;

West.—thence northwards along the eastern boundary of Ward No. 3 to the point of start.

Ward No. 8.

North.—From the junction of the central line of Tang Bazar with the central line of Pirachanwali street, eastwards along the central line of Tang Bazar to its junction with the central line of Chota Wahan;

East.—thence southwards along the central line of Chota Wahan to its junction with the southern municipal boundary;

South.—thence westwards along the southern municipal boundary to its junction with eastern boundary of Ward No. 7;

West.—thence northwards along the eastern boundary of Ward No. 7 to the point of start.

Ward No. 9.

North.—From the junction of the northern municipal boundary with the central line of Ghulam Hussain Dhabba Street, eastwards along the municipal boundary line up to 250 feet; thence southwards along the municipal boundary to its junction with the central line of Azam Uttarkhel street;

East.—thence southwards along the central line of Azam Uttarkhel street to its junction with the central line of Ahmed Gul street; thence eastwards along the central line of Ahmed Gul street to its junction with the central line of Sultan Butcher street; thence southwards along the central line of Sultan Butcher street to its junction with the central line of Mussallian street; thence southwards along the central line of Mussallian street to its junction with the central line of Tang Bazar;

South.—thence westwards along the central line of Tang Bazar to its junction with the central line of Thalla Sayadanwali street;

West.—thence northwards along the eastern boundary of Ward No. 6 to its junction with the central line of Chhinmori street; thence westwards along the central line of Chhinmori street to the central line of Ghulam Hussain Dhabba street; thence westwards along the central line of Ghulam Hussain Dhabba street to the point of start.

Ward No. 10.

North.—From the junction of the northern municipal boundary with the central line of Azam Utterkhel street, eastwards along the municipal boundary to its junction with the central line of Chota Wahan;

East.—thence southwards along the central line of Chota Wahan to its junction with the central line of Tang Bazar;

South.—thence westwards along the central line of Tang Bazar to its junction with the eastern boundary of Ward No. 9;

West.—thence northwards along the eastern boundary of Ward No. 9 to the point of start.

Ward No. 11.

North.—From the junction of the northern municipal boundary with the Central line of Chota Wahan, eastwards along the northern municipal boundary to its junction with the eastern municipal boundary;

East.—thence southwards along the eastern municipal boundary to its junction with the southern municipal boundary;

South.—thence westwards along the southern municipal boundary to its junction with the eastern boundary of Ward No. 8;

West.—thence northwards along the eastern boundaries of Wards Nos. 8 and 10 to the point of start.

The 25th May, 1940,

No. 2035-C.-40/23945.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 402-C.-40/10541, dated the 5th March, 1940, and in pursuance of the provisions of subsection (3) of section 5 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to include within the Municipality of **Moga**, in the Ferozepore district, the areas lying between the existing boundary as defined in Punjab Government notification No. 1346, dated the 14th January, 1919, and the boundary now proposed as specified in the schedule hereto annexed :—

SCHEDULE.

Pillar No.	*Boundaries.*
1 ..	*North.*—From the north-west corner of field No. 284 of Moga Jeet Singh (pillar No. 1), eastwards, passing straight through fields Nos. 281J, 27 J, 6440/278J, 6439/278J crossing kacha way to Dhalleki (field No. 321J), thence running straight through fields Nos. 415M, 416M, 433M, 434M, 439M, 437M, thence crossing kacha way to Zira (field No. 403M), thence running straight through fields Nos. 285M, 284M, 283M, 278M, 277M, 6537/265M, 6538/265M, 7850/266M, 267M, to the north-east corner of the last named field (pillar No. 2);
2 ..	Thence eastwards, crossing the pacca road to Dharamkot (field No. 6546/666M), thence running straight through fields Nos. 487M, 489M, 6556/490M, 483M, 6558/482M, 481M, 8665/495M, 560M, 545M, 554M, 7394/555M, 553M, 552M, 605M, 615M, to the north-west corner of field No. 609M (pillar No. 3);

Pillar No.	*Boundaries.*
3	.. Thence eastwards, passing straight through field No. 609M, thence running along the northern side of field No. 6915/667M, thence running straight through fields Nos. 6914/667M, 7793/667M, 7792/667M, 7414/666M, 7413/666M, 7415/666M, 7412/666M, to the south-east corner of the last named field (pillar No. 4);
4	.. *East.*—Thence southward, crossing the kacha way to Dosanj (field No. 675M), to the north-west corner of field No. 677M, thence running straight through fields Nos. 677M, 676M to the point where it meets with the Grand Trunk Road from Ferozepore to Ludhiana (field No. 1519M), at a distance of 1,890 feet from mile stone No. 35, towards Ludhiana, thence crossing the Grand Trunk Road and running straight through fields Nos. 1745M, 1756M, 1758M, 1759M, 1757M, 1760M, 1762M, 1775M, 6699/1780M, 7000/1780M, and thence crossing the Railway line (field No. 2346M) and running straight through fields Nos. 2665M, 2663M, 2682M, 2683M, 2685M, 2688M, to the point where it meets kacha way to Godhewala (field No. 2653M), thence crossing this kacha way and running straight through fields Nos. 2925M, 2924M, 2923M, 2922M, 2921M, 2788M, 2912M, 2777M, 2776M, 2785M, 2786M, 2788M, 2768M, 2767M, 4565M, 4564M, to the point where it meets the kacha way to Dala (field No. 4500M), thence crossing this kacha way and running straight through fields Nos. 4507M, 4489M, 4488M, crossing the kacha way to Mahron (field No. 4578M), thence running straight through fields Nos. 4747M, 4745M, 4744M, 4741M, 2728M, to the south-east corner of the last named field (pillar No. 5);
5	.. *South.*—Thence westwards, through fields Nos. 4729M, 4732M, 4733M, 4859M, to the point where it meets kacha way to Bhona (field No. 4908M), thence crossing this kacha way and running straight through fields Nos. 5126M, 5125M, 5124M, 5122M, 5132M, thence crossing kacha way to Chupkiti (field No. 5617M), thence running straight through fields Nos. 5599M, 5600M, 5598M, 5603M, 5604M, 5286J, 5287J, to the point where it meets kacha way to Moga Jet Singh (field No. 5284J), thence crossing the kacha way and running straight through fields Nos. 5257J, 5256J, 5255J, 5688M, 5689M, 5692M, 5699M, 5698M, 8235/5701M, 8236/5701M, to south-west corner of the last named field (pillar No. 6);
6	.. Thence northwards crossing kacha way to Singhawala (field No. 4092J), thence running straight through fields Nos. 8234/5700M, 8233/5700M, and touching the south-west corner of field No. 8225/5682M, and thence crossing again kacha way to Singhawala (field No. 4092J), thence running straight through fields Nos. 6221/4073J, 6222/4073J, 6223/4073J, 4074J, 6224/4073J, 4082J, 4083J, 4085J, 4086J, 4091J, to the north-west corner of the last named field (pillar No. 7);
7	.. *West.*—Thence northwards, crossing pacca road to Singhawala (field No. 3814J), thence running straight through fields Nos. 3509J, 3508J, 3507J, 3506J, 3505J, 3504J, 3500J, 3497J, thence running straight along the western side of fields Nos. 3496J, 3495J, 3494J, thence running straight through fields Nos. 3293J, 3292J, 3291J, 3290J, to the point where it meets kacha way to Bukanwala (field No. 2823J), thence crossing this kacha way and running straight through fields Nos. 2188J, 2189J, 2190J, *Gosha* 2189J, 2191J, thence touching the south-west corner of field No. 2192J, and running straight through fields Nos. 2193J, 2199J, 2200J, 2011J, 2010J, 2006J, 2005J, 6124/2007J, 2001J, to the north-west corner of the last named field (pillar No. 8);

8 .. Thence northwards, and passing through fields Nos. 2000J, thence crossing kacha way to Ghal Kalan (field No. 1470J), thence running straight through fields Nos. 1319J, 1323J, 1320J, 1321J, 1331J, 1333J, thence running straight along the western side of fields Nos. 1334J, 1339J, 1342J, 1343J, thence running straight through fields Nos. 1345J, 125 J, 1253J, 1254J, 1247J, 1242J, 7065/1241J, 1240J, 1231J, 6065/1230J, 1226J 1220J, 1218J, 1211J, 1212J, 1213J, 1208J, to the point where it meets kacha way to Dunnewala (field No. 888J), thence crossing the kacha way and running straight through fields Nos. 808J, 810J, 811J, 812J, 813J, 826J, 822J, 820J. and thence crossing the Railway line (field No. 517J), and thence running straight through fields Nos. 516J, 5947/514J, 511J, 512J, 513J, 378J, 379J, 6967/395J, 396J, and thence crossing the Grand Trunk Road from Ferozepore to Ludhiana (field No. 4391J), and then running straight through fields Nos. 312J, 313J, again 312J, 314J, 317J, 284J, to the point of start (pillar No. 1).

NOTE (1).—" M " stands for Moga Mehla Singh.

" J " stands for Moga Jeet Singh.

Note (2) Extension of the limits of the Municipality does not mean extension of the terminal tax limits which will stand as at present.

Medical.

The 24th May, 1940.

No. 2543-M.-40-23878—The following byl-aws made by the Municipal Committee of **Pasrur**, district Sialkot, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 17 of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information and shall come into force within the limits of the Municipality of **Pasrur**, six weeks after the date of the publication of this notification :—

BY-LAWS.

1. No person whose name has not been registered in accordance with the provisions of section 14 of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932, shall practise as nurse-health visitor, midwife, nurse dai, trained dai, or dai within the area subject to the authority of the Municipal Committee, Pasrur.

2. Any person practising in contravention of by-law 1 or any person committing or abetting the commitment of a breach of by-law 1 shall be liable on conviction by a magistrate of the first class, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 for the first offence or to a fine not exceeding Rs. 250 for a second or subsequent offence.

The 29th May, 1940.

No. 1910-M.-40/24287.—The following by-laws made by the Cantonment Board, **Campbellpur**, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 17 of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information and shall come into force within the limits of the Cantonment of **Campbellpur,** six weeks after the date of the publication of this notification :—

BY-LAWS.

1. No person whose name has not been registered in accordance with the provisions of section 14 of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932, shall practise as nurse, health visitor, midwife, nurse dai, trained dai or dai within the area subject to the authority of the Cantonment Board, Campbellpur.

2. Any person practising in contravention of by-law 1 or any person committing or abetting the commitment of a breach of by-law 1 shall be liable, on conviction by a magistrate of the 1st class, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 for the first offence or to a fine not exceeding Rs. 250 for a second or subsequent offence.

RAM CHANDRA,

Secretary to Government, Punjab,

Medical and Local Government Departments.

346 CS—1159—30-5-40—SGPPLahore.

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PART I—A.

Punjab Government Notifications and Orders.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Boards.

The 5th June, 1940.

No. 2370 C.-40/24878.—The following regulations made by the District Board of **Attock**, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 56 and 57 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 56 (2) of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Attock** on the 22nd day of July, 1940 :—

REGULATIONS.

1. In these regulations unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context—

(*a*) " Board " shall mean the District Board of Attock.

(*b*) " Medical Officer of Health " shall mean the District Medical Officer of Health of the Attock District.

(*c*) " Officer in charge of the fair " means the officer appointed by the Board to be in charge of the fair.

(*d*) " Sanitary Inspector " shall mean the Sanitary Inspector deputed by the Medical Officer of Health.

(*e*) " Sub-Assistant Health Officer " shall mean the Sub-Assistant Health Officer deputed by the Medical Officer of Health.

2. These regulations shall apply to all fairs held under the control of the District Board, Attock.

3. No person shall enter or leave the fair ground save by a route specified for the purpose by the officer-in-charge of the fair.

4. If the Board has erected any barrier across a road no person shall without permission of an authorized official pass such barrier.

5. The officer-in-charge of the fair may prohibit the entrance into the fair ground of any person suffering from a loathsome, infectious or contagious disease or any person who has been in contact with any such person and may expel any person so suffering or having been in contact from the fair ground.

6. (1) Where the officer-in-charge of the fair has fixed a place or places for parking of vehicles, no person shall park any vehicle at any place in the fair ground other than the place or places so fixed.

(2) No person shall stable or keep animals at places other than those set apart for the purpose.

7. No person shall get up in the fair ground any theatre or cinema, merry-go-round or any other show for public amusement, save at places and on conditions to be fixed by the Board.

8. No person shall set up any game of chance at any place in the fair ground.

9. The Medical Officer of Health may—

(*i*) fix places at which, and lay down conditions under which, cremation, or burial of dead bodies, human or animal, shall take place ;

(*ii*) destroy or cause to be destroyed, or confine, or cause to be confined for such period as he may direct any dog suffering, or reasonably suspected to be suffering from rabies or bitten by any dog or any other animal suffering or suspected to be suffering from rabies.

10. No person knowing or having reasons to believe that any dog belonging to him or in his charge is likely to annoy or intimidate any person or animal or has been bitten by an animal suffering, or reasonably suspected to be suffering from rabies shall neglect to restrain such dog from annoying, intimidating or bitting other persons or animals.

Accommodation.

11. No person attending the fair shall encamp anywhere on the fair ground except on places set apart by the Board for the purpose.

12. No person shall use any building or site for the lodging of visitors on the fair ground except under a licence granted by the Medical Officer of Health. Every such licence shall be issued on the following conditions :—

(*i*) that such building or site complies with such conditions regarding ventilation, cleanliness, water supply, conservancy and drainage as the Medical Officer of Health may lay down ;

(*ii*) that such building or site shall accommodate not more than the number of persons of either sex stated in the licence ;

(*iii*) that the licence shall be liable to cancellation at any time by the Medical Officer of Health for a breach of any of these conditions.

13. The licensee of any such house shall supply to each person staying in it a cardboard ticket bearing the name of the visitor and the accommodation assigned to that individual.

14. All fires in thatched houses or *jhugis* shall be extinguished by 10 P.M.

15. Each licensee shall provide such number of buckets filled with water or sand as may be prescribed by the Medical Officer of Health for use in case of fire.

Water supply.

16. No person shall take water within the fair ground from any source other than that approved by the Medical Officer of Health who may close or direct the closure of any source of water supply public or private temporarily if the same be in his opinion polluted or otherwise unfit for use.

17. The Medical Officer of Health may at his discretion disinfect or treat any well, tank or other source of water supply.

18. No drinking booth shall be allowed on the fair ground except under a licence granted by the Medical Officer of Health.

Food supply.

19. No person shall sell, store, prepare or expose for sale any article of food or drink at any place in the fair ground except under a licence granted by the Medical Officer of Health and subject to the conditions specified on the licence form.

20. Every licence granted under regulation No. 19 shall be issued subje t to the following conditions :—

(*i*) that any place used for the preparation, sale or exposure for sale or free supply of any article of food or drink shall be well lighted and ventilated and shall be kept clean at all times to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health ;

(*ii*) that water used in the preparation of articles of food or drink or for the washing of vessels used in such preparation shall be derived from a source approved by the Medical Officer of Health and be stored in clean and properly covered containers ;

(*iii*) that all vessels used in the preparation, storage or distribution of food or drink shall be kept clean ;

(*iv*) that only wholesome and unadulterated articles of food or drink shall be sold ;

(*v*) that all refuse (from whatever source) shall be deposited in suitable covered containers ;

(*vi*) that the Medical Officer of Health or any person not below the rank of a Sanitary Inspector or Sub-Assistant Health Officer authorised by him in this behalf may enter the licensed premises to inspect the same and any articles of food and drink.

(*vii*) that the Medical Officer of Health or any officer not below the rank of a Sanitary Inspector or Sub-Assistant Health Officer specially authorised by him in this behalf may seize and destroy or otherwise dispose of any article of food or drink which in his opinion is unfit for human consumption ;

(*viii*) that no person who is suffering from any infectious, loathsome or contagious disease shall touch, or take part in the preparation or distribution of, any article of food or drink.

(*ix*) that a licensee or his agent or servant shall immediately inform the office of the Medical Officer of Health at the fair of any case of illness among the persons connected with the licensed premises ;

(*x*) that the licensed premises shall not be used for sleeping purposes ;

(*xi*) that nothing shall be stored in any licensed premises except the articles necessary for the preparation, storage and distribution of food and drink ;

(*xii*) that no dog or other animal shall be allowed in any licensed premises ;

(*xiii*) that all articles of food and drink shall be carefully protected from flies and dust ; and

(*xiv*) that the licensee shall comply with any other instructions issued by the Medical Officer of Health in this behalf.

21. The Medical Officer of Health may prohibit the import into the fair ground of any article of food or drink which he considers is likely to promote illness.

22. (1) No person shall manufacture aerated waters for sale in any premises on the fair ground except under a licence granted by the Medical Officer of Health.

(2) Every licence granted under this regulation shall be subject to the following conditions :—

(*i*) that the water used in the manufacture of aerated waters be derived from a source approved by the Medical Officer of Health and be carried in clean covered vessels and stored in a clean cistern with a tap ;

(*ii*) that empty bottles be first cleaned by scrubbing brush and clean water and then kept soaked in a solution of permanganate of potash for six hours. The permanganate solution shall be renewed as soon as it turns brown ; and

(*iii*) that all bottles shall bear a label or mark showing the name and address of the manufacturer.

NOTE.—The Medical Officer of Health will be the sole judge of whether a vessel or cistern is clean or not and in case of dispute in any matter pertaining to articles of food or drink as contained in these regulations the decision of the Medical Officer of Health shall be final.

Washing and Bathing.

23. (*a*) No person shall wash any clothes or animals or bathe at any place on the fair ground other than that approved by the Medical Officer of Health and specified by the board and no person shall use such a place which is set apart for the use of the opposite sex or at times other than those specified by the Board.

(*b*) No infected articles or clothes which have been used by or have come in contact with a person suffering from an infectious disease shall be washed at the public washing or bathing places unless they have been previously disinfected to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health.

Conservancy and Health.

24. No person shall ease himself at any place on the fair ground other than that set apart for the purpose.

25. No person shall deposit refuse at any place on the fair ground other than that specified for the purpose.

26. The Medical Officer of Health may—

(*i*) fix places for the deposit of refuse, rubbish or other waste matter of any kind and give directions regarding the time at which and manner in which such refuse, rubbish or waste matter may be kept on any land or building or removed along any road or pathway ;

(*ii*) direct the owner or occupier of any land or building not to cause, or knowingly or negligently allow, any waste water to collect on any land or place not set apart for the purpose ;

(*iii*) arrange for the removal of filth, rubbish, manure, or other waste matter from any latrine, urinal, cesspool, or other receptacle for such matter ;

(*iv*) establish medical inspection posts in connection with the examination of travellers by rail and road and may also arrange for adequate accommodation for the isolation of cases of infectious diseases ;

(*v*) refuse entry to the fair ground to any person suspected to be suffering from any infectious disease and who refuses to allow himself to be examined at any such examination post, or gives a false answer to any question addressed to him by the medical officer or official incharge of such post and who disobeys any order of such officer or official in respect of his removal to a hospital or his detention in a place set apart for the purpose.

(*vi*) order the removal of any person suffering or suspected to be suffering from any infectious disease to a suitable hospital and order all persons who have been in contact with a case of infectious disease to be isolated for a specified period ;

(*vii*) order the cleaning and disinfection of any land, building, drain, latrine, urinal, cesspool or any bedding, clothing or any other article which is in his opinion infected or likely to carry infection ;

(*viii*) prohibit the letting of a house or building or part of a house or building which has not been disinfected to his satisfaction ;

(*ix*) prohibit the entrance into the fair ground of persons coming from a town village or locality which is infected with cholera, plague, smallpox or any other communicable disease unless such persons submit to appropriate preventive inoculation.

27. It shall be the duty of the owner or keeper of a lodging house, hostel or serai to inform the Medical Officer of Health immediately of any case of illness on his premises.

NOTE.—In these regulations the term "infectious diseases", "contagious diseases" or "communicable diseases" includes—

1. Cholera.	11. Erysipelas.
2. Smallpox.	12. Relapsing fever.
3. Plague.	13. Influenza.
4. Measles.	14. Purperal fever.
5. Chickenpox,	15. Cerebrospinal fever (meningitis).
6. Diphtheria.	16. Dysentery.
7. Tuberculosis (includes tubercle of lungs),	17. Leprosy.
8. Scarlet fever.	18. Mumps.
9. Typhus fever.	19. Whooping Cough.
10. Enteric fever.	20. Sprue.

28. Any licence issued under these regulations may be cancelled by the Medical Officer of Health for a breach of any of the conditions of the licence. The decision of the Medical Officer of Health shall be final.

29. Any person who commits or abets the commitment of a breach of any of these regulations shall on conviction by a Magistrate be punishable with a fine which may extend to rupees fifty and if the breach is a continuing breach with a further fine which may extend to rupees five for each day after the first during which the breach continues.

No. 2352-L. G.—Bds.-40/24896.—The following amendments made by the District Board of **Lyallpur** to the Provident Fund Rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 22773, dated the 31st August, 1933, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the said Board on the 27th July, 1940 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. *After* rule 3 the following note shall be inserted :—

"NOTE.—In the case of a board's employee governed by the Civil Service Regulations or the Revised Leave Rules, 1936, the term "leave on average pay" occurring in sub-rule (2) means the privilege leave on full salary or the earned leave as the case may be."

2. In rule 9 (1) for the words "may, up to limit of the amount shown at credit of his account in column 5-A of the Provident Fund Ledger," shall be substituted the words "may up to the amount contributed by the subscriber including interest accrued thereon."

3. In rule 9 (4) the words "clause (*a*) or clause (*b*) of" shall be deleted.

Committees.

The 5th June, 1940.

No. 2277-C.-40/24871.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Sadhaura** in the Ambala district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Sadhaura** on the 22nd day of July, 1940, from which date by-laws published in Part III of Punjab Government notification No. 406, dated the 13th June, 1890, in so far as these relate to the Municipal Committee of **Sadhaura** shall be deemed to be cancelled :—

BY-LAWS.

1. (*i*) "Slaughter-house" means the slaughter-house owned and managed by the Municipal Committee.

(*ii*) "Superintendent" means the officer in charge of the slaughter-house.

2. (*i*) The slaughter-house will be open for the slaughter of animals during such hours as the Committee may from time to time direct.

(*ii*) No animal shall be slaughtered at any other time, provided that in special circumstances and on the realization of the usual fee, the Superintendent may allow the slaughter of any animal at any other time. In all such cases the previous written permission of the Superintendent shall be obtained.

3. The Committee shall fix at a conspicuous place in the slaughter-house, a notice showing—

(*i*) the hours of the working of the slaughter-house,

(*ii*) the fees payable, and

(*iii*) any other directions that the Committee or the Superintendent may see fit to issue.

4. Every animal for slaughter shall, on being brought to the slaughter-house, be presented for inspection to Superintendent who before passing any animal for slaughter, shall satisfy himself that—

(*i*) it is more than three months old,

(*ii*) its flesh will be fit for use as human food,

(*iii*) it is not pregnant or with unweaned young,

(*iv*) it is not diseased or in a dying condition :

provided that an animal which has met with an accident and is otherwise healthy may be passed for slaughter.

5. The Superintendent shall maintain a register in which he shall enter a brief description of each animal approved for slaughter, and the fees recovered therefor.

6. Fees for the slaughter of each animal shall be levied at the following rates :—

Animal.	*Fee per head.* Rs. A. P.
Goat	0 1 6
Sheep	0 1 6

7. (1) No person shall knowingly bring into any part of the slaughter-house—

(*i*) a diseased or unsound animal,

(*ii*) an animal which is less than there months old,

(*iii*) an animal which is pregnant or with unweaned young,

(*iv*) any carcass,

(*v*) any dog, or

(*vi*) any animal not meant for slaughter or for the slaughter of which the slaughter-house is not provided.

(2) Any animal brought in contravention of this by-law shall be summarily removed under the direction of the Superintendent.

8. (1) Animals approved for slaughter by the Superintendent shall be branded with a distinctive mark on ears, hooves or horns and admitted into the waiting-yard of the slaughter-house.

(2) All animals when approved shall be kept in the waiting-yard until the owners or persons in charge receive permission to bring them into the slaughter-yard.

(3) The owner of the animal shall remain responsible for its security while it is in the waiting-yard.

(4) No animal shall be admitted into the waiting-yard unless the prescribed fee has been paid.

9. Animals rejected as unfit for slaughter shall be removed forthwith from the premises of the slaughter-house :

Provided that animals found to be affected by any infectious or contagious disease or which may reasonably be suspected of being so affected shall, if the Superintendent so directs, be forthwith apprehended and removed to the Veterinary Hospital or such other place as the Committee may provide for the purpose.

10. Each animal shall be slaughtered immediately over the drain and no blood shall be allowed to flow upon the floor.

11. (*i*) Slaughtered animals shall be disembowelled as soon as possible after slaughter.

(*ii*) The contents of the stomachs and bowels shall not be washed into the drain or allowed to drop on the floor, but shall be emptied into buckets or receptacles provided for the purpose by the Municipal Committee.

12. No person shall rub or cause to be rubbed the inner side of skins upon the ground within any portion of the slaughter-house or in the neighbourhood of the slaughter-house premises.

13. (*i*) All carcasses shall, after skinning and cleaning, be presented to the Superintendent for inspection.

(*ii*) Carcasses which have been passed by the Superintendent as fit for human consumption shall, if necessary, be branded or stamped so as to define their quality.

(*iii*) No person shall remove any carcass from the slaughter-house premises until it has been duly passed by the Superintendent.

(*iv*) The Superintendent shall cause any carcass or meat, which is, in his opinion unfit for human consumption, to be buried or destroyed.

14. No person shall remove entrails and offals from the slaughter-house until they have been properly washed and cleaned.

15. No person shall blow or stuff any meat within the slaughter-house premises and the Superintendent may cause to be buried or destoryed any meat found to be blown or stuffed.

16. Any carcass or meat ordered to be destroyed in accordance with the provisions of by-law 13 or 15 shall be so treated as to render its use for human food impossible.

17. No meat shall be sold on the premises of the slaughter-house.

18. No person shall remove or cause to be removed from the premises of the slaughter-house any carcass or meat except in a clean receptacle and covered in such a manner as to be screened from public view and adequately protected against flies and dust.

19. The Superintendent shall by general or special order direct the disposition of all skins, heads, horns and feet of slaughtered animals and all carcasses or meat found left in the slaughter-house after the hour fixed for closing the slaughter-house.

20. (*i*) No person affected with leprosy, sores or any other skin disease or any contagious or infectious disease shall enter the slaughter-house premises.

(*ii*) No person, other than the municipal staff on duty and licensed butchers and their assistants or *bona fide* servants, shall enter the slaughter-house premises during the process of slaughtering or skinning and cutting up of carcass.

(*iii*) No person shall create any disturbance in the slaughter-house premises.

Any person transgressing the provisions of this by-law may be removed summarily under the direction of the Superintendent.

21. Any person who commits a breach of any of the by-laws 2, 4, 7 to 18 and 20 shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be liable to fine which may amount to fifty rupees.

No. 2311-C.-40/24875.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Kasur**, in the Lahore district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab, Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Kasur** on 22nd day of July, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. In these by laws the word "vehicle" means a vehicle other than a motor vehicle.

2. No person less than fourteen years of age shall drive a vehicle drawn by an animal or animals.

3. No person shall take a vehicle loaded with bricks, kankar, earth, stone, metal or other loose material along any public road or street unless the cart is protected on all sides by boards or other material and the load near the sides shall not be higher than six inches below the top of the sides.

4. No person shall take an elephant along any street without the previous sanction in writing of the Committee.

5. No person in charge of a vehicle shall take it or any part of it over any footpath or tan-ride reserved for pedestrians or equestrians or over any grass plots along the sides of a road and no person riding or leading any animal shall take such animal over any footpath reserved for pedestrians or over any grass plot along the sides of a road.

6. The use on vehicles of bulb horns, klaxon horns, or other similar warning contrivances ordinarily employed on motor vehicles is prohibited.

7. The driver of a vehicle shall obey all directions given whether by signal or otherwise, by a police officer controlling traffic.

8. No person in charge of a licensed vehicle plying for hire shall, when waiting for passengers, stop the vehicle anywhere in a street except at a stand allotted for the purpose by the Committee.

9. No person when riding a bicycle on any street or in any public place shall sit on any part of the bicycle except on the ordinary saddle, nor shall he carry any other person on the same bicycle.

10. No vehicle shall be driven along a public road or street during the period from half-an-hour after sunset to half-an-hour before sunrise unless it is supplied with lights in the following manner :—

(a) in the case of a bicycle or tricycle, one light in front and a red reflector at the back ;

(b) in the case of country carts one light so placed as to be visible both from the front and the back ; and

(c) in the case of any other vehicle two lights visible both from the front and the back and in case the front lights are not visible from behind, a third light at the back.

11. No person riding a bicycle shall permit it to be towed by any vehicle drawn by any animal or animals or propelled by mechanical means.

12. No bullock cart or hand cart shall be taken along the roads mentioned in the margin unless permitted in writing by the Committee or some other officer of the Committee authorised by it in this behalf, provided that such carts shall be permitted to pass across these roads at crossings without such permission.

Shahbaz Khan Road from Chak Umar Khan's barrier
Shah Nawaz Khan Road.
Road leading from Town Hall to the Courts.

13. No person other than a person riding or leading an animal shall use the tan-rides.

14. The galloping of animals on the tan-rides is prohibited.

15. Any of the following classes of traffic may be prohibited either absolutely or during such hours as may be notified by the Committee in this behalf, on any road, within the limits of the Municipality :—

(1) Country carts,

(2) ekkas,

(3) hand carts,

(4) horses out for exercise,

(5) laden animals,

except when actually crossing or proceeding to houses or shops which cannot be reached by any other road.

16. The person in charge of a vehicle shall, if signalled to do so, stop it at the tax or toll barrier by which he enters or leaves the tax or toll limits for the purpose of allowing the officer or staff of the tax or toll department to realise the tax or toll or to examine the contents of the vehicle.

17. All vehicles shall observe the rules of the road, that is they shall pass traffic which is proceeding in the opposite direction on the left and the traffic which is proceeding in the same direction on the right.

18. *Overtaking.*—A slower moving vehicle may be overtaken, provided that :—

(a) the act of overtaking will not hold up, inconvenience or endanger other traffic proceeding in either direction ;

(b) the overtaking is not done in the vicinity of a blind corner, a police constable on point duty or a turning to the right, or when the road is not clearly visible ahead ; or

(c) the vehicle sought to be overtaken is not itself attempting to overtake another vehicle.

19. *Turing.*—(1) (a) The driver of a vehicle shall slow down and make the appropriate signals before making any turning.

(b) The speed at which any vehicle may be driven round any corner shall be such that there is no danger of skidding or overturning, and such that the turning vehicle can be kept on the left-hand side of the road without difficulty.

(2) In making a turning from a side road into a main road—

(a) (if the turning is on the right) the driver of the vehicle shall slow down, and if necessary stop, until the main road is sufficiently clear to enable him to take the turning in safety ;

(b) (if the turning is to the left) the driver of the vehicle shall keep to the extreme left, and not hold up, inconvenience, or endanger other traffic in making such turning.

(3) In making a turning from a main road to a side road—

(a) (if the turning is to the right) the driver of the vehicle shall draw to the middle of the road, slow down, and if necessary stop, until the road on the right is sufficiently clear to enable him to take the turning in safety ;

(b) (if the turning is to the left) the driver of the vehicle shall keep to the extreme left and not hold up, inconvenience or endanger other traffic when making such a turning.

When two roads meet and it is doubtful which of the two is the main road, special caution should be observed by all drivers.

When turning round blind corners, the driver of the vehicle shall slow down, give a warning in an audible manner, keep to the left and be on the look out for pedestrians, any obstacle on the road, or traffic proceeding in either direction.

20. *Cross Roads.*—When passing cross roads, the driver of the vehicle shall slow down, give a warning in an audible manner and be on the look out for pedestrians or traffic crossing his path.

21. A clear road shall be no justification for lack of vigilance. The driver of a vehicle shall at all times be on the look out for pedestrians or traffic coming on the road unexpectedly.

22. The driver of a vehicle shall always allow sufficient room for other vehicles going in either direction to pass him with safety and without difficulty.

23. The driver of a vehicle shall not slow down or stop in any public place without making the appropriate signal.

24. When a vehicle is halted, it shall be drawn up either off the road or as near as possible to the extreme left of the road. No vehicle shall remain halted where it is liable to cause danger or inconvenience to other traffic, as, for example, on the blind side of a corner.

25. Any person who commits a breach of by-laws 2 to 24 shall, on conviction, by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and if the breach is a continuing breach with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues :

Provided that for a conviction under by-laws 4 and 17 the fine shall only extend to twenty rupees.

No. 2305-L. G.—Bds.-40/24900.—Whereas it appears to the Governor of the Punjab that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Municipal Committee of **Sheikhupura**, for a public purpose, namely, for the construction of a road, it is hereby notified that the land described in the specification below is likely to be acquired for the said purpose.

2. This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, to all whom it may concern, and, in exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to authorize the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

3. Any person interested in the land who has any objection to the acquisition may, within thirty days of the publication of this notification, file an objection in writing before the Collector of the Sheikhupura district :—

SPECIFICATION OF LAND.

District.—Sheikhupura. | *Mauza.*—Arainawala.

Tahsil.—Sheikhupura. | *Area in acres.*—0·42.

Boundaries.—North.—Municipal public road; *East.*—Houses belonging to Mohammad Shaffi, son of Chirag Din, Ali Mohammad, son of Sain Mohammad, Changar, Mohammad Din, son of Allah Ditta, Kher Din, Siraj Din, sons of Allah Din, Mahnga, son of Maula Bux, Changar, Ismail, son of Piran Ditta, Changar, and Gopal Singh, son of Nihal Chand, Arora, of Sheikhupura ; *South.*—Storm water channel ; *West.*—Houses belonging tó Mohammad Hussain, son of Allah Din, Khushi Mohammad, son of Kutab Din, Wali Mohammad, son of Mohammad Suba, Karim, son of Kalu, Kher Din, son of Allah Din, Nawab, son of Balanda and Shahab Din, son of Haku, of Sheikhupura.

Small Town.

The 5th June, 1940.

No. 2138-L. G.—Bds.-40/24860.—Whereas it appears to the Governor of the Punjab that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Town Committee of **Una**, for a public purpose. namely, for the construction of slaughter-houses, it is hereby notified that the land described in the specification below is likely to be acquired for the said purpose.

2. This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, to all whom it may concern, and, in exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to authorize the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

3. Any person interested in the land who has any objection to the acquisition may, within thirty days of the publication of this notification, file an objection in writing before the Collector of the Hoshiarpur district :—

SPECIFICATION OF LAND.

District.	*Tahsil.*	*Mauza.*	*Area in acres.*	*Boundaries.*
				Plot No. 1.
Hoshiarpur..	Una ..	Una ..	0·0103 ..	*North.*—Field No. 689 (Public garden). *East and South.*—Remainder of Field No. 4017/688 owned by Rulia Ram, Amar Chand, sons of Banna, Gama,

				Daya Ram and Hako, sons of Tota, Labhu Ram, Bhagwan Das and Khushi Ram, sons of Punnu, of Una.
				West.—Land belonging to the Una Town Committee.
				Plot No. 2.
Hoshiarpur..	Una ..	Una ..	0·0309 ..	*North*.—Remainder of Field No. 273 owned by Prabhu, son of Sundar, and Ram Asra, son of Chandu, caste Bahti, of Bharowal.
				East.—District Board road from Una to Santokhgarh.
				South.—Field No. 274 owned by Tabu, etc.
				West.—Remainder of Field No. 273 owned by Prabhu, son of Sundar, and Ram Asra, son of Chandu, caste Bahti of Bharowal.

RAM CHANDRA,
Secretary to Government, Punjab,
Medical and Local Government Departments.

Committees.

The 29th May, 1940.

	Rs. A. P.
Paid for 86,700 sq. ft. at Rs. 4-12-0 per hundred sq. ft.	4,118 4 0
Due at Rs 4 per hundred, sq. ft. ..	3,468 0 0
Excess payment	650 4 0

No. 1.—It is notified that in pursuance of the provisions of sub-section 1 of section 50 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, I hereby make an order surcharging the following members of the Municipal Committee of **Gujranwala,** with Rs. 650-4-0 (rupees six hundred and fifty and annas four only) detailed in the margin, being the amount of the loss sustained by the said Committee in the month of September, 1938, in connection with excess payment to L. Girdhari Lal Bhambari, Contractor, for the work of tarring of certain municipal roads executed in 1935 at Rs. 4-12-0 per 100 square feet instead of Rs. 4 per 100 square feet, the rate in force in the Public Works Department for tarring of roads when the work was executed. The loss has been reported by the Examiner, Local Fund Accounts, Punjab, to be the direct consequence of the neglect of the aforesaid members in the performance of their duties as members of the said Committee :—

(1) S. B. S. Sundar Singh, M.B.E.
(2) K. S. Sh. Ata Mohammad.
(3) Sh. Ghulam Rasul.
(4) Seth Dharam Chand.
(5) Sh. Ashaq Hussain.
(6) M. Abdul Hamid.
(7) Mehr Mohammad Shaffi.
(8) M. Mohammad Abdullah.
(9) L. Tilak Chand.
(10) L. Bhag Shah.
(11) L. Mela Ram.
(12) Rev. Wazir Chand.
(13) L. Haveli Ram.
(14) K. B. Ch. Riasat Ali, M.L.A.

SAHIB KHAN NOON,
Deputy Commissioner, Gujranwala.

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	Laya Ram and Rako, sons of Tek, Babbi Ram, Bhagwan Das and Khushi Ram, sons of Puhan, of Una
	West.—Land belonging to the Una Town Committee.
	Plot No. 2.
Basdehpur ... Una ... Una ... 0'030 ...	*North*.—Remainder of Field No. 273 owned by Prabhu, son of Sundar, and Ram Asra, son of Chandu, caste Babbi, of Basdehpur
	East.—District Board road from Una to Santokhgarh.
	South.—Field No. 71 owned by Tabu, etc.
	West.—Remainder of Field No. 273 owned by Prabhu, son of Sundar, and Ram Asra, son of Chandu, caste Babbi of Basdehpur.

RAM CHANDRA,
Secretary to Government, Punjab,
Medical and Local Government Departments.

Committees.

The 29th May, 1940.

No. 1.—It is notified that in pursuance of the provisions of sub-section 1 of section 20 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, I hereby make an order surcharging the following members of the Municipal Committee of **Gujranwala**, with Rs. 650-4-0 (rupees six hundred and fifty and annas four only) detailed in the margin, being the amount of the loss sustained by the said Committee in the month of September, 1933, in connection with excess payment to L. Girdhari Lal Bhandari, Contractor, for the work of tarring of certain municipal roads executed in 1933 at Rs. 4-12-0 per 100 square feet instead of Rs. 4 per 100 square feet, the rate in force in the Public Works Department for tarring of roads when the work was executed. The loss has been reported by the Examiner, Local Fund Accounts, Punjab, to be the direct consequence of the neglect of the aforesaid members in the performance of their duties as members of the said Committee :—

	Rs.	A.	P.
Paid for 86,700 sq. ft. at Rs. 4-12-0 per hundred sq. ft.	4,118	4	0
Due at Rs. 4 per hundred sq. ft. ...	3,468	0	0
Excess payment ...	650	4	0

(1) S. B. S. Sundar Singh, M.B.E.
(2) K. S. Sh. Ata Mohammed.
(3) Sh. Ghulam Rasul.
(4) Seth Dharam Chand.
(5) Sh. Ashiq Hussain.
(6) M. Abdul Hamid.
(7) Mehr Mohammad Shafi.
(8) M. Mohammad Abdullah.
(9) L. Tilak Chand.
(10) L. Bhag Singh.
(11) L. Mela Ram.
(12) Rev. Wazir Chand.
(13) L. Harsh Ram.
(14) K. B. Ch. Barkat Ali, M.L.A.

SAHIB KHAN NOON,
Deputy Commissioner, Gujranwala.

361 C.—1145—4-6-40—SGPP Lahore.

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PART I—A.

Punjab Government Notifications and Orders.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Boards.

The 7th June, 1940.

No. 2346-L. G.-Bds.-40/25000.—The following amendments made by the District Board of **Gujranwala** to its Provident Fund Rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 33418, dated the 19th December, 1933, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab are published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Gujranwala** on the 27th July, 1940 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. In rule 4, *substitute* the following proviso *for* the first proviso :—

"Provided that if the subscriber, who is required or permitted to subscribe to the provident fund, resigns within five years of the commencement of his service, except on account of illness or any other cause which the Board may determine to be a sufficient cause, or has been dismissed from service of the Board, the Board may deduct from the sum standing to his credit in the provident fund, the whole or any part of the contributions made by it to his provident fund and the interest thereon."

2. In rule 9 (1) *for* the words "may, up to limit of the amount shown at credit of his account in column 5-A of the Provident Fund Ledger," shall be substituted the words "may up to the amount contributed by the subscriber including interest accrued thereon."

3. In rule 9 (4) the words " clause (*a*) or clause (*b*) of " shall be deleted.

4. In rule 11 between the words " sum " and " before " insert the words " but not exceeding in any case the total amount of its contributions credited to the account of the subscriber and interest accrued thereon ".

5. The sub-columns for annas and pies in column 6 of Form P. F. 1 shall be deleted.

No. 2361-L. G.-Bds.-40/25094.—Whereas it appears to the Governor of the Punjab that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of **Attock**, for a public purpose, namely for the improvement of Hassanabdal-Usman Khattar Road, it is hereby notified that the land described in the specification below is likely to be acquired for the said purpose.

2. This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, to all whom it may concern, and, in exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to authorize the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

3. Any person interested in the land who has any objection to the acquisition may, within thirty days of the publication of this notification, file an objection in writing before the Collector of the Attock district :—

SPECIFICATION OF LAND.

District.	*Tahsil.*	*Mauza.*	*Area in acres.*	*Boundaries.*
Attock ..	Attock ..	Hassanabdal ..	3·80 ..	*North.*—Khasra numbers 3283, 3282, 3279, 3278, 3277, 3276, 3275, 3271, 3261, 3260, 3259, 3253, 3258, 3257, 3256, 3249, 3248, 3247, 3244, 3243, 3232, 3231, 3407/3230, 3405/3228, 3227, 3403/3225, 3226; *East.*—New alignment on Hassanabdal-Usman Khattar Road, out of Khasra number 541, in village Budho; *South.*—Railway line Khasra No. 96; *West.*—Public Works Department metalled road to Abbottabad, Khasra No. 3185.
		Budho ..	0·23 ..	*North.*—Khasra Nos. 541 and 52; *East.*—Existing District Board road to Usman Khattar Khasra No. 538; *South.*—Railway line Khasra No. 542; *West.*—New alignment on Hassanabdal-Usman Khattar Road, out of Khasra No. 3226 in village Budho.

The 8th June, 1940.

No. 2371-C.-40/25266.—The following regulations made by the District Board of **Attock,** in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 56 and 57 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by subsection (2) of section 56 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Attock** on the 29th day of July, 1940 :—

REGULATIONS.

1. Should the District Medical Officer of Health be of opinion that it is necessary to disinfect any street or building or as a measure against the spread of malaria, cholera,

plague or tuberculosis to disinfect any article likely to spread infection, he may enter upon and disinfect any such street or building and disinfect any such article.

2. If during an epidemic, or when the outbreak of an epidemic is apprehended, the District Medical Officer of Health is of opinion that any article of food or drink exposed for sale is likely to spread infection, he may cause the same to be disinfected or destroyed.

3. During an epidemic, or when the outbreak of an epidemic is apprehended, the District Medical Officer of Health may take such measures to protect ths water supply of any infected locality as he considered necessary. He may disinfect any well, tank, pond or spring and prohibit the use of water from any such place for such length of time as he deems advisable.

The 10th June, 1940.

No. 2032-L.G.-40/25370.—The following amendment made by the District Board of **Kangra** to its Provident Fund Rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 7175, dated the 9th March, 1933, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab is published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Kangra**, on the 27th July, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

After rule 8 the following note shall be inserted :—

" NOTE.—In the case of the board's employee governed by the Civil Service Regulations or th Revised Leave Rules, 1936, the term " leave on average pay " occuring in sub-rule (2) means the privilege leave on full salary or earned leave as the case may be."

No. 1412-L. G.-40/25375.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 1412-L. G.-40/15852, dated tha 2nd April, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendments to the Municipal Account Code, 1930 (revised edition) :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. *After* sub-rule (2) of rule XIII·3, the following new sub-rule shall be inserted :—

" (3) A Register of Tenders shall be maintained by the Municipal Engineer in Form M. W. 3-A., in which shall be entered details of all Tenders received in response to notices published under sub-rule (1) of rule XIII·2.

2. *After* Form M. W. 3 the following new form shall be inserted :—

Form M. W. 3-A.] [Rule XIII·3 (3)

Register of Tenders for 'Works'.

Name of work __________

Estimate for Rs. __________

Total number of tenders received __________

Serial No.	Name of tenderer.	Rates tendered.	EARNEST MONEY.		Acknowledgment of depositor.	Recommendations of Technical Officer.	Orders of acceptance of tender.	REMARKS.
			Amount deposited and date of deposit.	Amount refunded and date of refund.				

CERTIFIED that the tenders listed above were received intact and opened *by me* at ______ o'clock on ______ in the presence of ______

Signature of officer opening the tenders ______

No. 1383-L. G.-40/25378.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 1383-L.G.-40/16943, dated the 8th April, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendments to the Municipal Account Code, 1930 (revised edition) :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. After sub-rule (2) in rule XVI·10, the following new sub-rule shall be added as sub-rule (3) :—

" (3) When a subscriber—

(a) has proceeded on leave preparatory to retirement, or

(b) while on leave, has been permitted to retire or declared by competent authority to be unfit for further service,

the amount shown at the credit of his account in column 6 of the Provident Fund Ledger (Form P. F. I.) shall, upon application made by him in that behalf, become payable to him, subject to the provisions of Rule XVI·4.

Provided that the subscriber, if he returns to duty, shall, if required to do so by the committee, repay to the Provident Fund for credit to his account, the whole or part of any amount paid to him from the provident fund in pursuance of this sub-rule with interest thereon in cash or securities or partly in cash or partly in securities, by instalments or otherwise, by recovery from his salary or otherwise, as the committee may direct."

2. Existing sub-rules (3) and (4) shall be renumbered as (4) and (5) respectively.

3. In sub-rule (4) for the words and figures " sub-rule (1) or sub-rule (2) " the words and figures " sub-rules (1), (2) or (3) " shall be substituted.

No. 1411-L.G.-40/25417.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 502-L.G.-40/15858, dated the 2nd April, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendment to the Municipal Account Code, 1930 (revised edition) :—

AMENDMENT.

After converting the existing rule XVII·12 into rule XVII·12 (1) the following new sub-rule (2) shall be added :—

" (2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-rule (1) the said verification of the meters, heaters and boilers, if any and other parts of the electric installation belonging to the municipal committees of Simla and Amritsar shall be made by a person or persons specially appointed by the Committee in this behalf."

The 11th June, 1940.

No. 2164-L.G.-Bds.-40/25498.—The following amendment made by the District Board of **Jullundur** to its Provident Fund Rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 1750-L.S.-G.-36/19795, dated the 20th June, 1936, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, is published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Jullundur** on the 27th July, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

After rule 3 the following note shall be inserted :—

" NOTE.—In the case of the board's employee governed by the Civil Service Regulations or the Revised Leave Rules, 1936, the term " leave on average pay " occurring in sub-rule (2) means the privilege leave on full salary or the earned leave as the case may be."

No. 1413-L.G.-40/25515.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 1413-L.-G.-40/14845, dated the 2nd April, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal

Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendments to the Municipal Account Code, 1930 (revised edition) :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. The following provisos shall be inserted after sub-rule (2) of rule XVI·5 :—

" Provided that no interest shall be credited to the accounts of a Muslim subscriber, if he informs the committee in writing that he does not wish to receive the interest and that the committee may utilise it on any subject of general public interest.

Provided further that if the subscriber subsequently asks for interest, it shall be credited to his account with effect from the first day of the year in which he asks for it. "

2. *After* sub-clause (*c*) of rule XVI·7 (1) the following new clause shall be added :—

" (*d*) under the proviso to sub-rule (2) of rule XVI·5 for the purpose of utilising the interest on subject of general public interest ".

3. At the end of sub-rule (3) of rule XVI·9 the following proviso shall be inserted :—

" Provided that Muslim subscribers whose deposits in the fund carry no interest shall not be required to pay any interest ".

No. 2060-L. G.-40/25570.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (6) of section 31 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, it is hereby notified that the District Board of **Sialkot** has, with the sanction of the Governor of the Punjab, imposed the tax described below in the undermentioned eight villages of the Sialkot district, with effect from the 16th October, 1940 :—

DESCRIPTION OF THE TAX.

1. A sanitary rate, equal in amount to the Chaukidara tax, as noted below :—

		Rs.
(1)	Ghartal	216 per annum.
(2)	Adamke	216 " "
(3)	Kotli Loharan East	288 " "
(4)	Kotli Loharan West	360 " "
(5)	Ghuinki	216 " "
(6)	Roras	216 " "
(7)	Badiana	144 " "
(8)	Kotli Bawa Faqir Chand	144 " "

2. The method of assessment of the rate, and the persons to be taxed, shall be the same as in the case of the Chaukidara tax, realisable under section 39-A of the Punjab Land Act, 1872.

3. The proceeds of the rate shall be applied towards payment of sweepers employed in these villages and for the improvement of village sanitation, such as digging manure pits, making drains, cleaning wells, etc.

No. 2213-L. G.-40/25590.—In accordance with the provisions of section 60 (1) of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to direct the publication of the following draft rules, which have been made under the provisions of section 55 (1) (*o*) of the said Act. for the District Board of **Sialkot.** The draft rules will be taken into consideration on or after the 29th July, 1940, together with any objections or suggestions in respect of them received before that date :—

DRAFT RULES.

1. Rules 43—56 of the District Board Account Code, 1926, shall not apply to the annual repairs of the District Board school buildings the estimated cost of repairs of which does not exceed Rs. 50 in each case.

2. A lump sum which shall be determined by the Engineering Department after inspection of the building concerned shall be specified from time to time by a resolution of the Board and provided for the annual repairs of each such building. It shall be paid as soon as possible after the first meeting of the Board in the month of October, as an advance to the Head Masters concerned to carry out the repairs under the supervision of the member halqa along with a respectable person of the village concerned as proposed by the local member.

3. The persons entrusted with the work of repairs of the school buildings referred to in rule 1 above shall be responsible to get the work completed by the end of December each year.

4. Such person shall as soon as possible after January 1st submit to the Board's Office, together with a certificate that the work has been completed to his satisfaction, the actual payees' receipts for the money spent and return the unspent balance, if any.

5. The District Inspecting Staff shall put down remarks in the school log book whether the repairs have been done satisfactorily or not at the time of their visits to the school.

The 12th June, 1940.

No. 1651-L. G.-40/25629.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 1651-L. G.-40/18291, dated the 16th April, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendment to the Municipal Account Code, 1930 (revised edition) :—

AMENDMENT.

In the schedule appended to the Code after the item relating to "leases" the following new item shall be inserted :—

Number of form.	Description.	Period.
..	Register of composition of offences under section 229 of the Municipal Act.	Three years after the conclusion of the audit.

No. 2435-C.-40/25644.—The following regulations made by the District Board of **Attock,** in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 56 and 57 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by subsection (2) of section 56 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Attock** on the 29th day of July, 1940 :—

REGULATIONS.

1. In these regulations a "pond" means any pond, tank, *baoli* or reservoir whose water is or may be used for drinking by human beings.

2. The District Board may, by resolution, declare any pond, situate within the area subject to its jurisdiction, to be a protected pond.

3. When a pond is declared to be a protected pond, the fact shall be notified to the public in the vicinity of the pond by beat of drum and a copy of the prohibitions against its pollution as contained in these regulations together with the penalty therefor shall be posted in the vernacular on a notice board close to the pond.

4. The District Board may further by resolution determine the catchment area, if any, of a protected pond, which shall be demarcated on the spot by a railing of boundary pillars.

5. No person shall, in a protected pond or its catchment area ,—

(*i*) throw filth, sweepings or any other unwholesome articles ;

(*ii*) wash or soak skins, leather, hemp or other dirty substance ;

(*iii*) place or bury the dead body of an animal ;

(*iv*) carry on a skinning or tanning business or stock bones ;

(*v*) ease himself or allow filthy water from his drain or property to flow ;

(*vi*) make any new burial ground ;

(*vii*) establish a kiln or make an excavation ;

(*viii*) allow a flock of sheep or goats to stray ;

(*ix*) collect manure in heaps or pits ;

(*x*) wash himself or an animal, or wash clothes, or water an animal, except at a distance of fifteen yards from the pond and so as not to allow the dirty water to flow into the pond.

6. No person shall, in a protected pond spit or urinate, or wash his hands after easing himself.

7. No water shall be used for filling a protected pond unless it is obtained from a source, and conveyed through a channel, approved by the Board.

8. The owner or the person in charge of a protected pond shall carry out such measures as the Board or the District Medical Officer of Health may prescribe for preventing the pollution of water in such pond.

9. When so required by the Board, the owner or the person in charge of a protected pond shall—

(*a*) build, of the type and the material specified, a drain or a cistern or shall make pacca floor to provide for dirty water to flow off and to prevent the flow of surface water or the water of any drain into the pond ;

(*b*) provide the pond with a suitable covering to prevent pollution from natural causes such as the falling in of leaves or fruit of trees or the excreta of birds ;

(*c*) provide the pond with a parapet wall of the size and type specified ;

(*d*) provide a metal receptacle for raising water for drinking purposes attached to a metal chain in such a manner that the upper end of the chain shall always be above the surface of the water ;

(*e*) render the lining of the pond impervious to contamination from sub-soil water.

10. The owner or the person in charge of a protected pond shall, when so required by the Board, have it cleaned or repaired to the satisfaction of the Board.

11. The Chairman, Senior Vice-Chairman, Secretary or the District Medical Officer of Health or circle member or any person appointed in this behalf by the Board may, at all times, inspect any protected pond or its catchment area.

12. Any person who commits a breach of regulations 5 and 6, shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and if the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend five rupees for every day after the first day during which the breach continues.

No. 2179-L. G.-40/25653.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 18 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to appoint the Deputy Commissioner, Montgomery, to be the *ex-officio* Chairman of the District Board of **Montgomery.**

No. 2221-L. G.—Bds.-40/25655.—The following amendment made by the District Board of **Amritsar** to its Provident Fund Rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 23607, dated the 13th June, 1932, as subsequently amended in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, is published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Amritsar**, on the 27th July, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

After rule 3 the following note shall be inserted :—

" NOTE.—In the case of the board's employee governed by the Civil Service Regulations or the Revised Leave Rules, 1936, the term " leave on average pay " occurring in sub-rule (2) means the privilege leave on full salary or the earned leave as the case may be."

No. 2436-C.-40/25687.—The following regulations made by the District Board, **Attock**, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 56 and 57 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, and in pursuance of Punjab Government notifications Nos. 5691-C.-39/3652, and 5691-C.-39/3653, dated 24th January, 1940, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by subsection (2) of section 56 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Attock**, on the 29th day of July, 1940 :—

REGULATIONS.

1. In these regulations—

(*a*) " cattle " includes elephants, camels, buffaloes, horses, mares, geldings, ponies, colts, bullocks, fillies, mules, asses, pigs, rams, ewes, sheep, lambs, goats and kids ;

(*b*) " important road " means the roads specified in the schedule appended to these regulations ;

(c) " night time " means half an hour after sunset to half an hour before sunrise ;

(*d*) " vehicle " means a vehicle other than a motor vehicle.

2. No vehicle shall be driven along an important road at night unless it is equipped with lights in the following manner :—

(*a*) in the case of a bicycle or a tricycle one light in front and a red reflector at the back ;

(*b*) in the case of country carts, one light so placed as to be visible both from the front and the back ;

(*c*) in the case of any other vehicle two lights visible both from the front and the back, and in case the front lights are not visible from behind, a third light at the back.

3. No cattle shall be driven along an important road at night unless the person driving them carries a light and, if the number of cattle exceeds ten, unless they are accompanied by persons bearing lights in front of and behind the cattle.

4. Any person driving a vehicle or cattle in contravention of these regulations, if not liable to punishment under any other regulations, shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees.

SCHEDULE.

1. The Grand Trunk Road in Attock district.
2. The Campbellpur-Haji Shah Road.
3. The Campbellpur-Qutba Road.

No. 2402-L.G.-40/25689.—The following amendments, made by the District Board of **Gurdaspur**, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 26 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, to the rules of business of the Board, published with Punjab Government notification No. 29766, dated the 18th November, 1933, are published for general information, and shall come into force with immediate effect :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. The following shall be added at the end of entries in column 3 against serial Nos. 2, 29 and 35 of the Appendix :—

" and is not likely to fetch any price, if auctioned ".

2. For the words " and to auction such property " occurring at the end of entry in column 3 against serial No. 32 of the Appendix, the words " and is not likely to fetch any price, if auctioned " shall be substituted.

No. 2448-L. G.—Bds.-40/25695.—Punjab Government notification No. 5567-L. G.-Bds.-39/37532, dated the 11th November, 1939, relating to the acquisition of land by the District Board, **Dera Ghazi Khan**, for the extension of the Civil Hospital at Jampur, is hereby cancelled.

Committees.

The 7th June, 1940.

No. 1264-C.-40/25033.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 16 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab, hereby directs that Khawaja Mohammad Eusoof, Khawaja Mohammad Aslam, Khawaja Mohammad Akram and Lala Tilak Ram, shall be removed from membership of the municipal committee of **Ludhiana** and shall be disqualified for election for a period of five years.

No. 2372-C.-40/25097.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection 10 of section 62 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that with the previous sanction of the Governor of the Punjab the Municipal Committee of **Pind Dadan Khan** in the Jhelum district, has, with effect from the 15th September, 1940, made the following amendment to its octroi schedule, published with Punjab Government notification No. 20290, dated the 2nd June, 1931, as subsequently amended :—

AMENDMENT.

Under class III the following new item shall be added, namely :—

Serial No.	Articles.	Rate of octroi.		
		Per maund.	Per rupee.	By tale.
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
12	All sorts of soap	..	0 0 3	–

No. 2364-L. G.—Bds.-40/25104.—Whereas it appears to the Governor of the Punjab that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Municipal Committee of **Jullundur**, for a public purpose, namely, for the construction of a terminal-tax post in Basti Sheikh, Jullundur district, it is hereby notified that the land described in the specification below is likely to be acquired for the said purpose.

2. This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, to all whom it may concern, and, in exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to authorize the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

3. Any person interested in the land who has any objection to the acquisition may, within thirty days of the publication of this notification, file an objection in writing before the Collector of the Jullundur district :—

SPECIFICATION OF LAND.

District.—Jullundur.	*Mauza.*—Basti Sheikh Darwesh.
Tahsil.—Jullundur.	*Area in acres.*—·0061.

Boundaries.—*North.*—Katcha road leading to Basti Danishmandan.—*East and South.*—(Cultivated land of Khan Sher Din Khan, (Khasra No. 233) ; *West.*—Katcha passage (15 wide).

The 8th June, 1940.

No. 2177-C.-40/25249.—The following amendment made by the Municipal Committee of **Miani** in the Shahpur district of its by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 2484-C.-38/23584, dated 6th July, 1938, as amended by Punjab Government notification

No. 4815-C.-38/8620, dated 8th March, 1939, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Miani** on the 29th day of July 1940.

AMENDMENT.

For existing by-law 6 the following shall be substituted.

6. Fees for the slaughter of each animal shall be levied at the following rates :—

Animal.		*Fee per head.* Rs. A. P.
Goat	.. .. ..	0 1 3
Sheep	.. .. ..	0 1 3

No. 2348-L. G.-Bds.-40/25251.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (10) of section 62 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the Municipal Committee of **Pindigheb**, in the Attock district has with the previous sanction of the Governor of the Punjab imposed a tax, at the rates shown in the schedule appended below, payable by persons presenting building applications to the Committee with effect from 14th September, 1940.

Provided that the tax shall not payable by persons presenting applications relating to the erection or re-erection of religious buildings or buildings owned by Government or a district board :—

SCHEDULE.

Description of building applications.	*Amount of tax.* Rs. A. P.
1. Building applications for additions or alterations to existing buildings for each storey.	0 8 0
2. Building applications for erection or re-erection of Katcha buildings for each storey.	1 0 0
3. Building applications for one-storeyed buildings on a total area of land upto 5 marlas.	3 0 0
Building applications for two-storeyed or three-storeyed buildings on a total area of land upto 5 marlas.	5 0 0
4. Building applications for one-storeyed buildings on a total area of land exceeding 5 marlas but not exceeding 10 marlas.	6 0 0
Building applications for two-storeyed or three-storeyed buildings on a total area of land exceeding 5 marlas but not exceeding 10 marlas.	8 0 0
5. Building applications for buildings on a site exceeding 10 marlas but less than 2 Kanals in area, whether single-storeyed, two-storeyed or three-storeyed.	10 0 0
6. Building applications for buildings on a site measuring 2 Kanals but not exceeding 4 Kanals, whether single-storeyed, two-storeyed, or three-storeyed.	25 0 0
7. Building applications for buildings on a site exceeding 4 Kanals in area whether single-storeyed, two-storeyed, or three-storeyed,	50 0 0

NOTE.—(1) A building erected on old foundations will also be considered to be a new building.

(2) In case a building of one-storeyed already exists and one or more storeys are to be added the construction will be deemed as that of a single-storey, and tax charged accordingly.

No. 2207-C.-40/25254.—*Addendum.*—The following words shall be added at the end of preamble of Punjab Government notification No. 1475-C.-40/17249, dated the 29th April, 1940 :—

" from which date Punjab Government notification No. 420, dated the 11th July, 1907, in so far as it relates to the Municipal Committee, Wazirabad shall be deemed to be cancelled. "

No. 2056-C.-40/25262.—The following draft of an amendment which the Governor of the Punjab proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, in the rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 23039, dated the 27th September, 1923, for the municipality of **Jalalpur Jattan**, in the Gujrat district, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 29th day of July, 1940, together with any objections or suggestion relating thereto which may be received from any person in respect to the draft before that date :—

DRAFT AMENDMENT.

For the existing schedule of boundaries of wards the following new schedule shall be *substituted* :—

SCHEDULE.

DESCRIPTION OF WARDS.

Ward No. I.

North.—From the point where the Julahi Gate Road meets the Circular Road, eastwards along the middle of the Circular Road to the point where it meets the Jaalpur-Jattan-Karianwala Road, thence northwards along the middle of Jalalpur Jattan-Karianwala Road to the point where it meets the northern municipal boundary near the middle of eastern boundary of field No. 656 (of Jalalpur Jattan), thence eastwards in a straight line to the north-east corner of field No. 3888/265 (of Kulachaur),

East.—Thence south-eastwards in a straight line to the north-east corner of field No. 1221 (of Kulachaur),

South.—Thence westwards in a straight line to the point where the Circular Road meets the Bazari Gate Road, thence westwards along the middle of Bazari Gate Road to the point where it meets the Main Bazar, thence onwards along the middle of the Main Bazar to the point where it meets the Pahari Road,

West.—Thence northwards along the middle of the Pahari Road to the point where it meets the Post Office Street, thence westwards along the middle of the Post Office Street to the point where it meets the Babian Street, thence northwards and westwards along the middle of the Babian Street to the point where it meets the Dhakki Street, thence nothwards and westwards along the middle of Dhakki Street to the point where it meets the Julahi Gate and thence northwards along the middle of Julahi Gate Road to the point of start.

Ward No. II.

North.—From the point where the Sher Shahi Street meets the Arayan Street (Chauk Arayan) south-eastwards along the middle of Arayan Street to the point where it meets the Kasbian Street, thence eastwards and north-eastwards along the middle of Kasbian Street to the point where it meets the Handian Street, thence nothwards along the middle of Handian Street to the point where it meets the Dhakki Street, thence eastwards and south-eastwards along the western boundary of ward No. I to the point where the Post Office Street meets the Pahari Road,

East.—Thence southwards along the middle of the Pahari Road to the point where it meets the Main Bazar,

South.—Thence westwards along the middle of the Main Bazar to the point where it meets the Chhimbian Street, thence north westwards along the middle of the Chhimbian Street to the point where it meets the Sethian Street, thence north-westwards along the middle of the Sathian Street to the Chauk Shohotra where it meets the Mahantan Street, thence onwards along the middle of the Mahantan Street to the Chauk Sher Shahi where it meets the Sher Shahi Street, and

West.—Thence north-eastwards along the middle of the Sher Shahi Street to the point of start.

Ward No. III.

North.—From the north-east corner of field No. 497 (of Jalalpur Jattan) south-eastwards in a straight line to the middle of eastern boundary of field No. 527 (of Jalalpur-Jattan), thence northwards in a straight line to the north-west corner of field

No. 4893/530 to 532 (of Jalalpur Jattan), thence eastwards in a straight line to the north-east corner of field No. 4893/530 to 532 (of Jalalpur-Jattan), thence southwards in a straight line to the north-east corner of field No. 536 (of Jalalpur-Jattan), thence south-eastwards in a straight line to the north-east corner of field No. 4141/540 (of Jalalpur Jattan), thence north-eastwards in a straight line to the north-west corner of field No. 580 (of Jalalpur-Jattan), thence eastwards in a straight line to the middle of eastern boundary of field No. 656 (of Jalalpur-Jattan) which adjoins the Jalalpur Jattan Karianwala Road,

East.—Thence southwards along the Middle of the Jalalpur Jattan-Karianwala Road to the point where it meets the Circular Road, thence westwards along the middle of the Circular Road to the point where it meets the Julahi Gate Road, thence southwards along the middle of the Julahi Gate Road to the point where it meets the Handian Street, thence southwards along the middle of the Handian Street to the point where it meets the Kasbian Street, thence westwards along the middle of the Kasbian and Arayan Streets to Chauk Arayan, thence southwards along the middle of the Sher Shahi Street to the point where it meets the Diwanan Street, thence south-westwards along the middle of the Diwanan Street to the point where it meets the Main Bazar, thence onwards crossing the Main Bazar along the middle of the southern Ekka Stand Road to the point where it meets the Circular Road, thence southwards along the middle of the Circular Road to the point where it meets the Hafiz Hayat-Jalalpur-Jattan Road,

South.—Thence westwards along the middle of the Hafiz Hayat-Jalalpur Jattan Road to the point where it meets the western municipal boundary, and

West.—Thence northwards along the western municipal boundary to the point of start.

Ward No. IV.

North.—From the point where the Vegetable Market Street meets the Main Bazar eastwards along the middle of Main Bazar to the point where it meets the Bazari Gate Road, thence onwards along the middle of the Bazari Gate Road to the point where it meets the Circular Road, thence eastwards in a straight line to the north-east corner of field No. 1221 (of Kulachaur),

East.—Thence south-westwards in a straight line to the south-west corner of field No. 3887 (of Jalalpur Jattan),

South.—Thence south-westwards in a straight line to the point where the southern municipal boundary meets the Jalalpur Jattan-Islam Garh Road, thence north-westwards along the middle of the Jalalpur-Jattan-Islam Garh Road to the point where it meets the Circular Road on the Chamrangi Bridge,

West.—Thence north-eastwards along the middle of the Main Drain Street to the Chauk Sadhu Mohalla where it meets the Vegetable Market Street and thence north-westwards along the middle of the Vegetable Market Street to the point of start.

Ward No. V.

North.—From the point where the Old Thana Street meets the Main Bazar, eastwards along the middle of the Main Bazar to the point where it meets the Sathian Street, thence southwards in a straight line to the northern end of the Vijjan Street, thence southwards along the middle of the Vijjan Street to the point where it turns to the east thence eastwards along the middle of the Vijjan Street to the point where it turns to the north, thence northwards along the middle of the Vijjan Street to the point where it turns to the east, thence eastwards and northwards along the middle of the Vijjan Street to the point where it meets the Main Bazar, thence eastwards along the middle of the Main Bazar to the point where it meets the Vegetable Market Street,

East.—Thence south-eastwards and south-westwards along the middle of Vegetable Market Street and Main Drain Street, respectively, to the Chamrangi Bridge on the Circular Road,

South.—Thence westwards along the middle of the Circular Road to the point where it meets the Dara Chaudhrian Street,

West.—Thence north-westwards along the middle of the Dara Chaudhrian the Street to the point where it meets the Sarajan Street, thence onwards along the middle of the Sarajan Street to the point where it meets the Bari Mehal Street, thence westwards along the middle of the Bari Mehl Street to the point where it meets the Old Thana Street and thence northwards along the middle of the Old thana Street to the point of start.

Ward No. VI.

North.—From Chauk Sher Shahi south eastwards along the middle of the Mahantan Street to Chauk Chohatra, thence onwards along the middle of the Sethian Street to the point where it meets the Chhimbian Street, thence onwards along the middle of Chhimbian Street, to the point where it meets the Main Bazar, thence eastwards along the Main Bazar to the point where it meets the Vijjan Street,

East.—Thence along the northern boundary of ward No. V to the point where the Main Bazar meets the Old Thana Street, thence southwards along the middle of the Old Thana Street to the point where it meets the Bhasinan Street.

South.—Thence south-westwards along the middle of the Bhasinan Street to the point where it meets the Khusrian Street, thence westwards and northwards along the middle of the Khusrian Street to the point where it meets the Mandi Street, thence westwards along the middle of the Mandi Street to the point where it turns to the north,

West.—Thence northwards along the middle of the Mandi Street to the point where it meets the Arorian Bazar, thence north-eastwards along the middle of Arorian Bazar to the point where it meets the Chaddian Street, thence eastwards along the middle of the Chaddian Street to the point where it meets the Ali Gohar Street, thence northwards along the middle of the Ali Gohar Street to its northern end, thence onwards to the point where a straight line drawn through the middle of the Ali Gohar Street meets the Main Bazar, thence westwards along the middle of the Main Bazar to the point where it meets the Diwanan Street, thence north-eastwards along the middle of the Diwanan Street to the point where it meets the Sher Shahi Street and thence northwards along the middle of the Sher Shahi Street to the point of start.

Ward No. VII.

North.—From the point where the Mashkian Street meets the Gagrian Street eastwards along the middle of the Gagrian Street to the point where it meets the Mandi Street, thence southwards and eastwards along the middle of the Mandi Street to the point where it meets the Khusrian Street, thence southwards and eastwards along the middle of the Khusrian Street to the point where it meets the Bhasinan Street, thence north-eastwards along the middle of the Bhasinan Street to the point where it meets the Bari Mehl Street, thence eastwards along the middle of the Bari Mehal Street to the point where it meets the Sarajan Street,

East.—Thence south-eastwards along the western boundary of ward No. V to the Chamrangi Bridge on the Circular Road, thence south-eastwards along the middle of the Jalalpur-Jattan-Islam Garh Road to the point where it meets the southern municipal boundary,

South.—Thence westwards along the southern municipal boundary to the point where it meets the Khiwa-Hayat Garh Road,

West.—Thence north-westwards in a straight line to the southern end of Choi Street, thence northwards along the middle of Choi Street to the point where it meets the Circular Road, thence onwards crossing the Circular Road along the middle of Dangar-Purian Street to the point where it meets the Mashkian Street, and thence onwards along the middle of the Mashkian Street to the point of start.

Ward No. VIII.

North.—From the point where the western municipal boundary meets the Haiz Hayat-Jalalpur Jattan Road, eastwards along the middle of this Road to the point where it meets the Circular Road, thence northwards along the middle of the Circular Road to the point where it meets the Southern Ekka Stand Road, thence north-eastwards along the middle of the Southern Ekka Stand Road to the point where it meets the Main Bazar thence eastwards along the middle of the Main Bazar to the point where a straight line drawn along the middle of the Ali Gohar street meets the Main Bazar,

East.—Thence southwards and westwards along the western boundary of ward No. VI to the point where the Mandi Street meets the Gagrian Street, thence westwards along the middle of the Gagrian Street to the point where it meets the Mashkian Street, thence southwards along the western boundary of ward No. VII to the point where it meets the southern municipal boundary,

South.—Thence westwards along the southern municipal boundary to the north-west corner of field No. 1741 (of Jalalpur-Jattan), and

West.—Thence northwards along the western municipal boundary to the point of start.

No. 2187-C.-40/25268.—The following draft rules, which the Governor of the Punjab proposes to make, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, are published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 29th day of July, 1940, together with any objection or suggestion which may be received by the Punjab Government from any person with respect to the draft before that date :—

DRAFT RULES.

1. The Deputy Commissioner of Ludhiana shall, in consultation with the Municipal Committee of Jagraon, cause to be prepared an accurate plan of the Municipality of Jagraon drawn to a scale of not less than one inch to fifty feet, showing thereon all public streets and other immovable property vested in the Committee.

2. The Deputy Commissioner shall also cause to be prepared a *khasra* of the streets and other properties specified in rule 1 in form "B" appended to these rules.

3. The Deputy Commissioner shall cause the plan and *khasra*, when ready, to be published in such manner as he deems fit, together with a notice intimating the date not less than two months from the date of the notice by which objections from any person with regard to entries on the plan and *khasra* may be presented to the Revising Authority appointed under rule 5 and the time and place at which the plan and *khasra* may be inspected.

4. The Deputy Commissioner shall arrange to allow any person to inspect the plan and *khasra* during the hours and at the place specified in the notice on any day which is not a public holiday.

5. The Deputy Commissioner shall appoint an Assistant Commissioner or Extra Assistant Commissioner on the district staff to be the Revising Authority for the purpose of hearing objections relating to the plan or *khasra*.

6. When the plan and *khasra* have been published under the provisions of rule 3, objections in respect of entries on the plan and *khasra* may be presented to the Revising Authority, appointed under rule 5, between the hours of ten o'clock in the morning and four o'clock in the afternoon of any day of the period specified in the notice issued under rule 3, which is not a public holiday.

7. The Revising Authority shall maintain a register of objections in form A in which he shall cause to be entered at the time of receipt particulars of every objection received.

8. Any person aggrieved by any order, which the Revising Authority may pass, may, within seven days from the date of such order, apply to the Deputy Commissioner for revision of the order; and the Deputy Commissioner, after giving notice to the parties concerned and hearing any representation which they may wish to make, may confirm it or set it aside, and pass such other orders with respect to the objection which he may deem fit.

9. After the objections, if any, have been disposed of, the Deputy Commissioner shall cause the plan and *khasra* to be corrected, if necessary, in accordance with the orders passed on the objections, and shall then have the amended plan and *khasra*, or a fresh copy of it, published for general information.

10. The original plan and *khasra* shall remain in the custody of the Deputy Commissioner, and a copy thereof duly certified by the Deputy Commissioner to be correct, shall be furnished to the Municipal Committee of Jagraon.

11. The Deputy Commissioner may employ such staff as is required for the preparation of the plan and *khasra* and the Municipal Committee of Jagraon shall be liable for the cost of pay and other incidental expenses connected with the staff and the preparation of the documents mentioned above, and also for the cost of pay or any other expenditure connected with the appointment of the Revising Authority.

Form A.

(RULE 7.)

Register of objections.

Serial No.	Name, parentage and address of the objector.	Date of presentation of objection with the initials of the officer to whom the objection is presented.	Nature of the objection.	Date of decision.	Summary of decision.	Signature of Revising Authority.	Decision by Deputy Commissioner, if any.	Signature of official by whom effect was given to the decision of the Revising Authority or of the Deputy Commissioner and date.

Form B.

(RULE 2.)

MUNICIPAL COMMITTEE, JAGRAON.

Survey Register.

1	2	3			4								5		6	7
					MEASUREMENT IN FEET AND INCHES.								AREA IN SQUARE YARDS AND DECIMALS.			
					North.		*East.*		*West.*		*South.*					
Plan sheet.	*Khasra* No.	Name of *Mohalla* or Bazar.	Name of *Gali*.	Description of property.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Square yards.	Decimals.	Possessor's name with father's name, caste, occupation and present address.	REMARKS.

The 10th June, 1940.

No. 2408-C.-40/25382.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Khanewal**, in the Multan District, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 122 and 188 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Khanewal**, on the 29th day of July, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

PART I.—DEFINITIONS.

1. In these by-laws unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context—

(*a*) " Committee " means the Municipal Committee of Khanewal ;

(*b*) " Licence " means a licence under section 122 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911 ;

(c) "Municipal area" means the area under the administration and control of the Khanewal Municipal Committee for the time being:

(d) "Premises" means any premises kept or used for public performances of stage plays or for other public entertainment or amusement of the like kind or for holding public boxing contests.

PART II.—LICENSING OF PREMISES.

2. Subject to the provisions of by-law 4, every person desiring to obtain a licence for the use of premises for the purposes specified in by-law, 1 (d) shall apply in writing to the Municipal Committee and shall submit with his application plans complete with dimensions of all storeys of the building showing clearly—

(a) roof, walls, floors, galleries and the number of exits;

(b) cross sections of the building and of galleries; and

(c) notes stating the material used in the construction of various parts of the building and galleries.

3. No licence shall be granted unless the premises are certified by the Medical Officer of Health and the Sub-Divisional Magistrate to be suitable for the purpose and by the Municipal Engineer to conform to the requirements prescribed by these by-laws.

4. When the premises are to be used only for small or occasional entertainments, the Committee may, on the certificate of the Sub-Divisional Magistrate as to the suitability of a building, grant special licences on such terms as it may deem fit, and may relax any of the provisions of these by-laws.

5. Where premises to be licensed are already licensed under the Cinematograph Act, 1918, the licence shall be subject to the conditions prescribed for licences under the rules under the Cinematograph Act.

PART III.—CONDITIONS.

6. Subject to the provisions of by-law 4 licences shall be granted only on the following conditions:—

Construction and arrangement of premises. Tiers.

(i) The premises shall not have more than two tiers built above the ground floor level of the auditorium and a tier shall not be constructed with a slope of more than 35 degrees. The height between any floor and the ceiling above a tier shall at no place be less than 14 feet.

Exits.

(ii) Two separate exits shall be provided for each tier or floor calculated to accommodate not more than 300 persons and an additional exit for every additional 250 persons or fraction thereof to be accommodated on such tier or floor. In calculating the number of persons to be accommodated on any tier or floor the standing space from which a view of the performance can be obtained shall be reckoned at the rate 1½ feet square for each person in addition to the sitting accommodation.

(iii) Every exit shall not be less than five feet wide between the walls at any point or between the leaves of the doors when open.

(iv) Every such exit shall lead direct on to an open street or a verandah the floor of which shall not be more than three feet above the level of the ground, provided that where the exit leads to a verandah or a balcony above the ground floor such balcony or verandah shall have the width specified in clause (xii) of this by-law.

(v) Two separate exits of a minimum width of five feet shall be provided from the stage direct to a public street or an open verandah not more than three feet above the ground.

(vi) One separate exit of a minimum width of four feet shall be provided for each block of dressing rooms direct to a public street or open space communicating with the public street, and such exit shall in no way communicate with the stage.

Doors.

(vii) All internal doors shall be so hung as not to obstruct when open, any gangway, passage, staircase or lending; and all doors shall be made to open in the direction of exits. If any door is also intended to be used as an entrance, one of its leaves shall open both ways.

(*viii*) All doors and gates used for the entrance shall be made to open outwards, or if made to open both ways, shall be so fitted that, when opened inwards, they can be locked back against the wall in such a manner as to require a key to release them.

(*ix*) All exit doors having fastenings shall be fastened by bolts of a pattern and in a position to allow them to be opened easily, and no fastening or fitting shall have sharp projections, locking bars, slight hasps, staples or screw-eyes. No fastening other than an automatic fastening shall be fitted on exit doors.

(*x*) All exits and other doors or openings to be used by the public for the purpose of exit shall be indicated by notices clearly painted to the satisfaction of the Committee ; the exit notices shall be lighted and lettered in red. The lettering shall not be less than seven inches in height and shall be conspicuously visible from all positions on the floor it serves.

(*xi*) Notices bearing the words " No Exit " shall not be provided.

Corridors and passages.

(*xii*) All corridors and passages leading from a tier or a floor shall not be less than five feet wide if the tier or floor accommodates not more than 250 persons, and not less than ten feet wide if the tier accommodates more than 250 persons and not more than 500 persons ; provided that where a tier or floor accommodates not more than 500 persons and a third exit is provided, the width of corridors and passages need not exceed five feet ; and that if a tier or floor accommodates more than 500 persons, then for every 250 persons, or fraction thereof, over and above 500, and additional width of 5 feet is added to the corridors and passages leading therefrom.

(*xiii*) All corridors and passages shall be kept absolutely free and no corridor or passage shall be used as a cloak room, or be otherwise obstructed in any way.

Staircases.

(*xiv*) All staircases intended for the use of the audience shall be at least 6 feet wide at their narrowest part.

(*xv*) All staircases shall be provided with treads not less than 11 inches wide and with risers not more than 6 inches high (each lapping at least one inch over the back edge of the step below), in flights not more than 15 or less than three steps each ; they shall be without winders and shall not have more than two successive flights without a turn ; they shall be properly secured and enclosed to the satisfaction of the Committee ; the depths of lendings between the flights shall not be less than the width of the flight ; the treads and risers of each staircase between any two floors shall be of uniform width and height.

(*xvi*) A continuous and uninterrupted hand-rail shall be fixed on both sides of all steps and landings, and shall be supported by metal brackets built into the wall; such hand-rails and brackets shall not project more than 3 inches. The hand-rails shall be at a height of 2 feet 9 inches above the steps or landings. Where the flight of steps returns, the new wall shall be chased so as to allow the hand-rail to turn without projecting over the landing. No projection from the walls of the staircases shall be less than 6 feet 9 inches above the steps or landing and any recesses shall be defended.

(*xvii*) No door shall open immediately upon a flight of steps, but a landing with a minimum distance of 3 feet between the door and the steps shall be provided between such step or steps and the door-way.

Stage.

(*xviii*) In all premises where a stage with proscenium is erected, such stage shall be separated from the auditorium by a brick proscenium wall not less than 15 inches in thickness, and that such wall shall be carried down below the stage to a solid foundation and up to the full thickness to a height of at least 3 feet above the roof such height being measured at right angles to the slope of the roof.

(*xix*) Not more than two openings, exclusive of the proscenium opening, shall be formed in the proscenium wall. No such opening shall exceed 20 square feet in area, and at the lowest part shall not be at a higher level than

(*xxxix*) No permanent building used as premises shall accommodate more than 20 persons, and no temporary building used as such more than 25 persons per hundred square feet of space available for sitting and standing. The area under entrances, gangways, stages, etc., shall be deducted for the purpose of calculating the space available on ther premises under this by-law.

Seating.

(*xl*) No licensee shall allow inside the premises any person in excess of the accommodation provided in accordance with condition (*xxxix*).

(*xli*) All parts of the premises and the fittings therein and seatings, door fastenings, notices, lighting arrangements, ventilating and other arrangements shall be maintained at all times in good order and condition to the satisfaction of the Committee.

Maintenance, alterations or additions.

(*xlii*) No additions or alterations shall be made to any licensed premises so as to cause the premises to be not in conformity with any of the provisions of these conditions, nor shall the premises be used after any such additions or alterations without a fresh licence.

PART IV.—GENERAL.

7. The Medical Officer of Health, the Municipal Engineer, the Secretary of the Committee or any other officer authorised in this behalf by the Committee, shall have authority to inspect any premises at any time without previous notice for the purpose of satisfying himself that the conditions of any licence are being complied with or whether the premises are being used in contravention of section 122 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911.

8. (*i*) A licence may be revoked either for a breach of conditions or for any other reason as may seem fit to the Committee.

(*ii*) No compensation in respect of such a revocation shall be recoverable from the Committee.

No. 1920-C.-40/25412.—The following amendment made by the Municipal Committee, **Gujrat**, of the by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 4012-C.-37/42472, dated the 13th December, 1937, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for general information, and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Gujrat,** on the 29th day of July, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

After by-law 1 the following shall be added as a new by-law :—

"I-A.—No animal shall be slaughtered at any place other than the slaughter-house except in case of necessity or for a religious purpose."

The 11th June, 1940.

No. 2243-C.-40/25493.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Narowal**, in the Sialkot district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Narowal**, on the 29th day of July, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. In these by-laws the expression "motor vehicles" includes all vehicles, carriages or other conveyances propelled or which may be propelled on road by electrical or mechanical power, either entirely or partially.

2. No person in charge of a motor vehicle shall take his vehicle or any part of it on or over any footpath or tan ride reserved for pedestrians, or equestrians, or over any grass plots along the sides of any road.

3. No person shall drive a motor vehicle on any of the roads specified in column 2 of the annexed schedule at a speed exceeding that shown against it in column 3 of the schedule.

NOTE.—A speed limit of 30 miles per hour is applicable to the other roads in the municipality.

4. The person in charge of a motor vehicle shall, if signalled to do so, stop it at the octroi barrier by which he enters or leaves the octroi limits for the purpose of allowing the officer or staff of the octroi department to realize the octroi or to examine the contents of the vehicle.

5. No person in charge of a motor vehicle plying for hire shall, when waiting for passengers, stop the vehicle anywhere in a street except at a stand allotted for the purpose by the Committee with the approval of the Registering Authority, as defined in Rule 8 (19 of the Punjab Motor Vehicles Rules, 1931.

6. Any person who commits a breach of by-laws 2 to 5 shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees; and if the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues :—

SCHEDULE.

ROADS TO WHICH SPECIAL SPEED LIMITS ARE APPLICABLE.

No.	Description of roads.	Speed limit (miles per hour).
1	Railway Bazar Road ..	15
2	Tahsil and Raya Road ..	15
3	Abbott Bazar Road ..	15

No. 2253-C.-40/25496.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee, **Kasur,** in the Lahore District, in exercise of powers conferred by sections 122, 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Kasur,** on 29th day of July, 1940.

BY-LAWS.

PART I.—DEFINITIONS.

1. In these by-laws unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context :—

(a) " Committee " means the Municipal Committee of Kasur ;

(b) " Licence " means a licence under section 122 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911 ;

(c) " Municipal area " means the area under the administration and control of the Kasur Municipal Committee for the time being ;

(d) " Premises " means any premises kept or used for public performances of stage plays or for other public entertainment or amusement of the like kind or for holding public boxing contests.

PART II.—LICENSING OF PREMISES.

2. Subject to the provisions of by-law 4, every person desiring to obtain a licence for the use of premises for the purposes specified in by-law 1 (d) shall apply in writing to the Municipal Committee and shall submit with his application plans complete with dimensions of all storeys of the building showing clearly—

(a) roof, walls, floors, galleries and the number of exits ;

(b) cross sections of the building and of galleries ; and

(c) notes stating the material used in the construction of various parts of the building and galleries.

3. No licence shall be granted unless the premises are certified by the Medical Officer of Health and the District Magistrate to be suitable for the purpose and by the Municipal Engineer or Overseer to conform to the requirements prescribed by these by-laws.

4. When the premises are to be used only for small or occasional entertainments the Committee may, on the certificate of the District Magistrate as to the suitability of a building, grant special licences on such terms as it may deem fit, and may relax any of the provisions of these by-laws.

5. Where premises to be licensed or already licensed under the Cinematograph Act, 1918, the licence shall be subject to the conditions prescribed for licences under the rules under the Cinematograph Act.

PART III.—CONDITIONS.

6. Subject to the provisions of by-law 4 licences shall be granted only on the following conditions :—

Construction and arrangements of premises. Tiers.

(*i*) The premises shall not have more than two tiers built above the ground floor level of the auditorium and a tier shall not be constructed with a slope of more than 35 degrees. The height between any floor and the ceiling above a tier shall at no place be less than 14 feet.

Exits.

(*ii*) Two separate exits shall be provided for each tier or floor calculated to accommodate not more than 300 persons and an additional exit for every additional 250 persons or fraction thereof to be accommodated on such tier or floor. In calculating the number of persons to be accommodated on any tier or floor the standing space from which a view of the performance can be obtained shall be reckoned at the rate 1½ feet square for each person in addition to the sitting accommodation.

(*iii*) Every exit shall not be less than five feet wide between the walls at any point or between the leaves of the doors when open.

(*iv*) Every such exit shall lead direct on to an open street or a verandah the floor of which shall not be more than three feet above the level of the ground, provided that where the exit leads to a verandah or a balcony above the ground floor such balcony or verandah shall have the width specified in clause 12 of this by-law.

(*v*) Two separate exits of a minimum width of five feet shall be provided from the stage direct to a public street or an open verandah not more than three feet above the ground.

(*vi*) One separate exit of a minimum width of four feet shall be provided for each block of dressing rooms direct to a public street or open space communicating with the public street, and such exit shall in no way communicate with the stage.

Doors.

(*vii*) All internal doors shall be so hung as not to obstruct when open, any gangway, passage, staircase or landing ; and all doors shall be made to open in the direction of exits. If any door is also intended to be used as an entrance, one of its leaves shall open both ways.

(*viii*) All doors and gates used for the entrance shall be made to open outwards or if made to open both ways, shall be so fitted that when open inwards, they can be locked back against the wall in such a manner as to require a key to release them.

(*ix*) All exit doors having fastenings shall be fastened by bolts of a pattern and in a position to allow them to be opened easily, and no fastening or fitting shall have sharp projections, locking bars, slight hasps, staples or screw-eyes. No fastening other than an automatic fastening shall be fitted on exit doors.

(*x*) All exits and other doors or openings to be used by the public for the purpose of exit shall be indicated by notices clearly painted to the satisfaction of the Committee; the exit notices shall be lighted and lettered in red. The lettering shall not be less than seven inches in height and shall be conspicuously visible from all positions on the floor it serves.

(*xi*) Notices bearing the words " No Exit " shall not be provided.

Corridors and passages.

(*xii*) All corridors and passages leading from a tier or a floor shall not be less than five feet wide if the tier or floor accommodates not more than 250 persons, and not less than ten feet wide if the tier accommodates more than 250 persons and not more than 500 persons: provided that where a tier or floor accommodates not more than 500 persons and a third exit is provided, the width of corridors and passages need not exceed five feet; and that if a tier or floor accommodates more than 500 persons, then for every 250 persons, or fraction thereof over and above 500, an additional width of 5 feet is added to the corridors and passages leading therefrom.

(*xiii*) All corridors and passages shall be kept absolutely free and no corridor or passage shall be used as a cloak room, or be otherwise obstructed in any way.

Staircases.

(*xiv*) All staircases intended for the use of the audience shall be at least six feet wide at their narrowest part.

(*xv*) All staircases shall be provided with treads not less than 11 inches wide and with risers not more than 6 inches high (each lapping at least one inch over the back edge of the step below), in flights not more than 15 or less than 3 steps each; they shall be without winders and shall not have more than 2 successive flights without a turn; they shall be properly secured and enclosed to the satisfaction of the Committee; the depths of landings between the flights shall not be less than the widths of the flights; the treads and risers of each staircase between any 2 floors shall be of uniform width and height.

(*xvi*) A continuous and uninterrupted hand-rail shall be fixed on both sides of all steps and landings, and shall be supported by metal brackets built into the wall; such hand-rails and brackets shall not project more than 3 inches. The hand-rail shall be at a height of 2 feet 9 inches above the steps or landings. Where the flight of steps returns; the newel wall shall be chased so as to allow the hand-rail to turn without projecting over the landing. No projection from the walls of the staircases shall be less than 6 feet 9 inches above the steps or landing and any recesses shall be defended.

(*xvii*) No door shall open immediately upon a flight of steps, but a landing with a minimum distance of 3 feet between the door and the steps shall be provided between such step or steps and the doorway.

Stage.

(*xviii*) In all premises where a stage with proscenium is erected, such stage shall be separated from the auditorium by a brick proscenium wall not less than 15 inches in thickness, and that such wall shall be carried down below the stage to a solid foundation and up to the full thickness to a height of at least 3 feet above the roof such height being measured at right angles to the slop of the roof.

(*xix*) Not more than 2 openings, exclusive of the proscenium opening, shall be formed in the proscenium wall. No such opening shall exceed 20 square feet in area, and the lowest part shall not be at a higher level than 3 feet above the floor of the stage. Such openings shall be fitted with double teak doors 2 inches thick, hung in fire-resisting frames with a one inch lap or with such other fire-resisting doors and frames as may be approved by the Committee in writing.

(*xx*) The licensee shall cause the steps underneath the stage to be entirely closed with the exception of such doors as the Committee may

approve by thick wall not less than 10 inches thick and shall keep it entirely clear and empty from all inflammable material or rubbish.

(*xxi*) No premises in which a stage is provided and in which scenery is to be used, shall be constructed underneath or on the top of any part of any other building.

Fire proof materials.

(*xxii*) All roofs, floors, staircases, walls, lintels and railings, with the exception of hand-rails, shall be constructed of fire-proof material.

Additional means of lighting.

(*xxiii*) The licensee shall provide in each premises additional means of lighting for use in the event of gas or electric light being extinguished, for the auditorium, corridors, passages, exits and staircases by a sufficient number of oil lamps of a pattern to be approved by the Committee, properly secured to inflammable base and placed, if possible, out of the reach of the public, and shall keep such lamps alight during the whole time the public are in such premises. No oil other than mineral oil shall be used in such lamps.

(*xxiv*) Arc lamps other than those provided in condition (*xxiii*) shall not be used inside such premises without special permission and, when used, special precautions shall be taken to guard against danger from falling glass or incandescent particles or carbon. All parts of the lamps, lanterns and fittings which are liable to be handled (except by the persons employed to trim them) shall be insulated from the frame work, and in case of arc lamps, shall be suspended by the conductors.

Fire appliances.

(*xxv*) The licensee shall provide hand-pumps, hose, buckets and other small fire appliances as may be required by the Committee and keep them in such position as the Committee may direct. Provision shall also be made for a sufficient number of bibcocks for the purpose of filling buckets.

(*xxvi*) Buckets filled with dry sand and buckets filled with water shall be kept on the premises in such numbers and positions as required by the Committee.

(*xxvii*) The licensee shall keep in readiness hatches, hooks and other appliances for taking down hanging scenery in case of fire for immediate use.

Ventilation.

(*xxviii*) Means of ventilation capable of providing a supply of outdoor air at a minimum rate of 1,000 cubic feet per occupant per hour shall be installed at the premises. The ventilation shall be effected by natural means, or by a mechanical exit system, or by both, or by mechanical plant giving positive supply of outdoor air.

(*xxix*) The means of ventilation shall not cause noise or vibration and shall be used continuously during the whole of the time the public are on the premises so as to provide the required standard of ventilation.

(*xxx*) The entering air shall be so distributed that all occupied parts of the building, including entrances, vestibules and refreshment saloons, will be reached and the vitiated air effectually displaced.

(*xxxi*) The condition of the air shall not be regarded as satisfactory if the amount of carbon dioxide in occupied portions of the premises taken at a level of 3 to 6 feet above the floor level exceeds 10 parts in 10,000.

(*xxxii*) Inlets for external air and exits for air passing outwards shall be so arranged that no objectionable drafts are caused.

(*xxxiii*) All openings used for ventilation shall be kept in a clean condition and free from all obstruction.

(*xxxiv*) Independent ventilation from the external air shall be provided for lavatories and other rooms in which sanitary conveniences are located, and ventilation shall be so arranged that the air movement shall not be from such rooms into other parts of the premises.

(*xxxv*) Provision shall be made to the satisfaction of the Committee for warming, by means of recognised systems of heating and for cooling by recognised systems of cooling all parts of the premises regularly occupied by the public, the performers and the staff and for the installation of fans for the purpose of keeping the air in movement.

Heating and cooling.

(*xxxvi*) (I) Sanitary conveniences, such as water closets, commodes, urinals, latrines, wash-basins and the like shall be provided separately for each sex and for the public, performers, and the staff, in such places as are convenient and easy of access under all weather conditions.

Sanitary conveniences.

(II) Sanitary conveniences for the public shall be on the following scales :—

(*a*) Water closets, commodes or latrines seats—

For males.—One seat for first 200 or part thereof ; 2 seats for 200 to 500 ; 3 seats for 500 to 1,000 and one additional seat for every additional 500 or part thereof over 1,000.

For females.—One seat for first 100 or part thereof ; 2 seats for 100 to 250 ; 3 seats for 250 to 500 and one additional seat for every 400 or part thereof over 500.

(*b*) Urinals—

At one or more places on the premises urinals shall be provided on the scale of one urinal for each 50 males.

(III) Entrance to rooms in which sanitary conveniences are located shall be separate for the 2 sexes.

(IV) The rooms in which sanitary conveniences are installed shall be so constructed as to ensure strict privacy. Passages or roads leading to them shall be lighted to the satisfaction of the Committee.

(V) The floor area of each room, in which a water closet, commode or latrine seat is placed, shall be at least 4 feet × 10 feet and the height not less than 8 feet.

(VI) All sanitary conveniences shall be made of non-absorbent impervious material and of a type and design approved by the Committee.

(VII) Proper arrangements shall be made to the satisfaction of the Committee for the collection and removal of excreta and waste matter, and suitable sanitary annexes properly equipped with receptacles of sanitary pattern shall be constructed for this purpose.

(VIII) A sufficient number of sweepers to the satisfaction of the Committee shall be employed and shall be present during the whole period when the public are on the premises.

(*xxxvii*) (*a*) Arrangements shall be made to the satisfaction of the Committee for a sufficient supply of wholesome drinking water for the public. The storage and distribution shall be carried out in the manner and under conditions approved by the Committee.

Water supply.

(*b*) If there be a well or storage tank for drinking water or other means of storing water on the premises, it shall be protected against contamination in such a manner as the Committee may direct.

(*xxxviii*) All articles of food-and-drink exposed for sale on the premises, meant for the use by the public, shall be whole-some and fit for human consumption. They shall be kept at place and under conditions approved by the Committee.

Refreshments.

(*xxxix*) No permanent building used as premises shall accommodate more than 20 persons, and no temporary building used as such more than 25 persons per hundred square feet of space available for sitting and standing. The area under entrances, gangways, stages, etc., shall be deducted for the purpose of calculating the space available on the premises under this by-law.

Seating.

(*xl*) No licensee shall allow inside the premises any person in excess of the accommodation provided in accordance with condition (*xxxix*).

Maintenance, alterations or additions.

(*xli*) All parts of the premises and the fittings therein and seating, door fastenings, notices, lighting arrangements, ventilating and other arrangements shall be maintained at all times in good order and condition to the satisfaction of the Committee.

(*xlii*) No additions or alterations shall be made to any licensed premises so as to cause the premises to be not in conformity with any of the provisions of these conditions, nor shall the premises be used after any such additions or alterations without a fresh licence.

PART IV.—GENERAL.

7. The Medical Officer of Health, the Municipal Engineer, Overseer, the Executive Officer of the Committee or any other officer authorized in this behalf by the Committee, shall have authority to inspect any premises at any time without previous notice for the purpose of satisfying himself that the conditions of any licence are being complied with or whether the premises are being used in contravention of section 122 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911.

8. (*i*) A licence may be revoked either for a breach of conditions or for any other reason as may deem fit to the Committee.

(*ii*) No compensation in respect of such a revocation shall be recoverable from the Committee.

No. 2246-C.-40/25567.—The following amendment made by the Municipal Committee of **Abohar,** in the Ferozepore district to its by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 4951, dated the 13th February, 1934, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for general information, and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Abohar**, on the 29th day of July, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

In form " A " for the words " Date by which the order of the Committee must be communicated to the applicant ________ (*to be filled in red ink*) " *substitute* the words " Date by which orders of the committee must be passed [under section 193 (4)] ________ (*to be filled in red ink*) ".

No. 2386-C.-40/25585. —In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (5) of section 171 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to extend the provisions of the said section to the Municipality of **Abohar** in the Ferozepore district.

No. 2333-C-40/25603.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (10) of section 62 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that, with the previous sanction of the Governor of the Punjab, the Municipal Committee of **Miani** in the Shahpur district, has, with effect from 23rd September, 1940, made the following amendment to its octroi schedule published with Punjab Government notification No. 1262-C-36/17724, dated the 26th May, 1936, as subsequently amended.

AMENDMENT.

Under class III the following new item shall be inserted, namely :—

Articles.	Rate of Octroi.		
	By maundage.	*Ad Valorem.*	By Tale.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
9. Coal	0 0 6	..	..

The 12th June, 1940.

No. 2037-C.-40/25626.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (10) of section 62 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that with the previous sanction of the Governor of the Punjab, the Municipal Committee **Leiah**, in the Muzaffargarh district, has, with effect from 23rd September, 1940, made the following amendments to its octroi schedule, published with Punjab Government notification No. 5481-C.-37/10457, dated the 19th March, 1938 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. The following shall be added as new items :—

Serial No.	Articles.	Rates of octroi. By maundage.	Ad valorem.	By Tale.	Remarks.
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
	CLASS II.				
9	Quails	..	..	0 0 6 per twenty heads.	
	CLASS III.				
11	Soda of all kinds, and spirits ..	..	0 0 6	..	
	CLASS IV.				
12	Wood of every description and articles made thereof, not specified elsewhere in the schedule	..	0 0 9	..	
13	Hurmachi	..	0 0 9	..	
14	Wan of all kinds not specified elsewhere in the schedule.	..	0 0 6	..	
	CLASS VII.				
11	Cotton yarn	0 2 0	..	..	
	CLASS VIII.				
9	Machinery of all kinds and their parts ..	0 4 0	..	..	
	CLASS IX.				
4	Gatta, thakhties slates and inks of all kinds and other articles of stationery not specified elsewhere inthe schedule.	..	0 0 4½	..	
5	All articles of Minhari not speciefid elsewhere in the schedule.	..	0 0 4½	..	
6	Dyes of all kinds	..	0 0 6	..	
7	Cinematograph film	..	0 0 6	..	
8	Electric goods, batteries and their cells ..	0 0 6	..	..	

2. For existing item No. 9 of Class IV the following shall be substituted :—

	CLASS IV.				
9	Girdars and iron beams	..	0 0 9	..	

3. For existing item No. 10 of Class VII the following shall be substituted :—

	CLASS VII.				
10	Coloured leather, tanned leather and articles made thereof, not specified elsewhere in the schedule.	..	0 0 6	..	

4. From item No. 8 under Class VII the words " and cotton yarn " shall be deleted.

No. 2115-L. G.—Bds.-40/25635.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (10) of section 62 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the Municipal Committee of **Gujrat,** in the Gujrat district, has with effect from the 14th September, 1940, imposed a tax at the rates shown in the schedule appended below, payable by persons presenting building applications to the committee ;

Provided that—

(*i*) the tax shall not be payable by persons presenting applications relating to the erection or re-erection of religious buildings or buildings owned by Government or a District Board : and

(*ii*) in case the building application is rejected the tax realized shall be refunded .

SCHEDULE.

Description of building applications.	*Amount of tax.* Rs. A. P.
1. Building applications for buildings on a total area of land up to 5 marlas. ..	1 0 0
2. Building applications for buildings on a total area of land exceeding 5 marlas but not exceeding 10 marlas. ..	2 0 0
3. Building applications for buildings on a total area of land exceeding 10 marlas but not exceeding 15 marlas. ..	3 0 0
4. Building applications for buildings on a total area of land more than 15 marlas. ..	5 0 0

No. 2147-C.-40/25649.—The following amendment made by the Municipal Committee of **Ambala City,** to its by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 15067, dated the 5th June, 1919, as subsequently amended, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Ambala City** on the 29th day of July, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

The following clause shall be substituted for the existing clause (*iii*) of by-law 7 (*a*) :—

	Mds.
" (*iii*) For a cart drawn by two animals	30".

No. 2446-C.-40/25651.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Khangarh,** in the Muzaffargarh district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 121 and 188 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Khangarh** on the 29th day of July, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. Licences under subsection (1) of section 121 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, for premises to be used for any of the purposes specified in the schedule below shall be granted by the Municipal Committee on the application of the owner or occupier of such premises and shall be issued by the Secretary of the Committee in Form A appended to these by-laws on payment of such fees as the Committee may fix from time

to time with the approval of the Commissioner under section 121 (3) of the Act and on the conditions detailed in by-law 3 :—

Serial No.	*Purpose for which premises are licensed.*
1.	Factory worked by steam engine.
2.	Factory worked by oil engine.
3.	A yard or a depôt for trade in unslaked lime.
4.	Premises for dressing raw hides.
5.	A brick kiln.
6.	A lime kiln.
7.	A store house for trade in fire works
8.	Wood factories.

2. All applications for the renewal of licences shall be made before the 15th day of March every year.

3. Every licence issued under by-law 1 shall be subject to the following conditions :—

(*a*) that the licensee shall at all reasonable times and without notice permit any member or officer of the Committee authorised in this behalf to inspect the licensed premises ;

(*b*) that the licensee shall always keep the licence issued by the Secretary at the licensed premises, and shall, on demand, produce it for the inspection of any member or officer of the Committee authorised under clause (*a*) of this by-law ;

(*c*) that the licensee shall make adequate arrangements to the satisfaction of the Municipal Committee for the extinction of any outbreak of fire ;

(*d*) that the licensee shall at all times, keep the licensed premises in a clean and sanitary condition, and shall provide adequate ventilation, suitable drains, latrines, urinals and other sanitary conveniences for the use of the workmen employed therein ;

(*e*) that the licensee shall not permit any work to be carried on at the licensed premises which gives rise to loud and offensive noises between 8 o'clock at night and 6 o'clock in the morning unless he has been specially authorised in this behalf ;

(*f*) that in the premises where oil engines are used, kerosine oil, petroleum and other inflammable oils and materials shall be kept in a separate room which shall not be contiguous to the engine room ;

(*g*) that the licensee of any engine house shall store in a suitable room or rooms, which shall be used for no other purpose and shall be rat roof, all grain or pulse received by him for milling and shall similarly store all flour produced by milling so long as it remains on his licensed premises ;

(*h*) that the licensee shall adopt the best practicable means to the satisfaction of the Committee for rendering inocuous all gases, effluvia or vapours emitted by the engine during the process of working and shall in every case cause such gases, effluvia or vapours to be discharged into the external air in such a manner and at such a height as to admit of the proper diffusion of these gases without producing any unwholesome or injurious effects in the neighbourhood or shall cause such gases to pass from the exhaust pipe (or other outlet of such gases) through fire or into a condensing apparatus and then through fire in such a manner as to consume effectually such gases so as to deprive the same of all noxious or injurious properties ;

(*i*) that in premises from where smoke arises through the use of coal in the furnace or any place in the engine house the licensee shall use such apparatus that will, as far as practicable, consume the smoke ;

Explanation.—For the purposes of this by-law, the decision of the Committee or some officer appointed by the Committee in this behalf as to whether the ventilation is adequate or the drains or the rooms are suitable or the means adopted for rendering gases, effluvia or vapours innocuous are the best practicable, shall be final.

4. For a breach of any of the conditions of his licence the licensee shall be liable to have his licence suspended or revoked by an order of the Committee.

Form "A".

A LICENCE TO CARRY ON AN OFFENSIVE AND DANGEROUS TRADE IN THE MUNICIPALITY OF KHANGARH.

N. B.—This licence is subject to the conditions specified in by-law 3 of the by-laws published with Punjab Government Notification No. 2446-C.-40/25651, dated the 12th day of June, 1940.

Serial No. of licence.	Name, parentage, caste and residence of the licensee.	A description of the premises licensed.	A specification of the trades mentioned in section 121 (1) of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, for which the licence is issued.	Endorsement of renewal of licence.
				Renewed on Secretary, Municipal Committee, Khangarh.

No. 2055-L.G.—Bds.-40/25659.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (10) of section 62 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the Municipal Committee of **Rohtak**, in the Rohtak district, has imposed a tax at the rates shown in the schedule appended below, payable by persons presenting building applications to the Committee. The tax shall come into force with effect from 14th September, 1940, provided that the tax shall not be payable by persons presenting applications for the erection or re-erection of religious buildings or buildings owned by Government or a District Board :—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	Description of building applications.	Amount of Tax.
		Rs. A. P.
1	(*a*) For the erection or re-erection of a building of one storey.	4 0 0
	(*b*) For the erection or re-erection of a building of more than one storey.	8 0 0
	(*c*) Foundations only	2 0 0

Note.—1. A building erected on old foundations will also be considered to be a new building.

2. No separate fee will be charged for foundations if the application for the erection or re-erection of the first or higher storeys is made at the same time.

Small Towns.

The 7th June, 1940.

No. 2264-L. G.—Bds. 40/25015.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (6) of section 29 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Town Committee of **Garhdiwala**, in the Hoshiarpur district has, with the previous sanction of the Governor of the

Punjab, made the following amendment to its toll tax schedule published with Punjab Government notification No. 4204-Bds.-38/24749, dated the 18th July, 1938. The amendment shall come into force from the 8th July, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

In column 3 against item No. 1 of the schedule for the words "Four annas" the words "Two annas" shall be substituted.

The 12th June, 1940.

No. 2344-L. G.—Bds.-40/25632.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 51 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following rules :—

RULES.

1. The Deputy Commissioner of Ferozepore district shall, in consultation with the Town Committee of Dharamkot, cause to be prepared an accurate plan of the Small Town of Dharamkot, drawn to a scale not less than one inch to fifty feet showing thereon all public streets and other immovable property vested in the Committee.

2. The Deputy Commissioner shall also cause to be prepared a *khasra* of the streets and other properties specified in rule 1 in form 'A' appended to these rules.

3. The Deputy Commissioner shall cause the plan and *khasra*, when ready to be published in such manner as he deems fit, together with a notice intimating a date not less than two months from the date of the notice by which objections from any person with regard to entries on the plan and *khasra* may be presented to the Revising Authority appointed under rule 5 and the time and place at which the plan and *khasra* may be inspected.

4. The Deputy Commissioner shall arrange to allow any person to inspect the plan and *khasra* during the hours and at the place specified in the notice on any day which is not a public holiday.

5. The Deputy Commissioner shall appoint an Assistant or Extra Assistant Commissioner on the district staff to be the Revising Authority for the purpose of hearing objections relating to the plan and *khasra*.

6. When the plan and *khasra* have been published under the provisions of rule 3, objections in respect of entries on the plan and *khasra* may be presented to the Revising Authority, appointed under rule 5, between the hours of ten o'clock in the morning and four o'clock in the afternoon of any day not being a public holiday of the period specified in the notice issued under rule 3 *ibid.*

7. The Revising Authority shall maintain a register of objections in form B in which he shall cause to be entered at the time of receipt particulars of every objection received.

8. Any person aggrieved by any order, which the Revising Authority may pass, may, within seven days from the date of such order, apply to the Deputy Commissioner for revision of the order ; and the Deputy Commissioner, after giving notice to the parties concerned and hearing any representation which they may wish to make, may confirm it or set it aside, and pass such other orders with respect to the objection which he may deem fit.

9. After the objections, if any, have been disposed of, the Deputy Commissioner shall cause the plan and *khasra* to be corrected, if necessary, in accordance with the orders passed on the objections, and shall then have the amended plan and *khasra*, or a fresh copy of it, published for general information.

10. The original plan and *khasra* shall remain in the custody of the Deputy Commissioner, and a copy thereof duly certified by the Deputy Commissioner to be correct, shall be furnished to the Town Committee of Dharamkot.

11. The Deputy Commissioner may employ such staff as is required for the preparation of the plan and *khasra* and the Town Committee of Dharamkot, shall be liable for the cost of pay and other incidental expenses connected with the staff and the preparation of the documents mentioned above, and also for the cost of pay or any other expenditure connected with the appointment of the Revising Authority.

Form A.

[RULE 2.]

TOWN COMMITTEE, DHARAMKOT.

Survey Register.

1	2	3			4								5		6	7
					MEASUREMENT IN FEET AND INCHES.								AREA IN SQUARE YARDS AND DECIMALS.			
					North.		East.		West.		South.					
Plan sheet.	*Khasra* No.	Name of *Mohalla* or Bazar.	Name of *Gali*.	Description of property.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Square yards.	Decimals.	Possessor's name with father's name, caste, occupation and present address.	REMARKS.

Form B.

[RULE 7.]

Register of objections.

Serial No.	Name, parentage and address of the objector.	Date of presentation of objection with the initials of the officer to whom the objection is presented.	Nature of the objection.	Date of decision.	Summary of decision.	Signature of Revising Authority.	Decision by Deputy Commissioner, if any.	Signature of Official by whom effect was given to the decision of the Revising Authority or of the Deputy Commissioner and date.

Notified Areas.

The 12th June, 1940.

No. 1324-C.-40/25646.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 1324-C.-40/17223, dated the 9th April, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following rules :—

RULES.

1. The Deputy Commissioner of Ambala district shall, in consultation with the Notified Area Committee of Buria, cause to be prepared an accurate plan of the Notified Area of Buria, drawn to a scale of not less than one inch to fifty feet, showing thereon all public streets and other immovable property vested in the Committee.

2. The Deputy Commissioner shall also cause to be prepared a *khasra* of the streets and other properties specified in rule 1 in Form B appended to these rules

3. The Deputy Commissioner shall cause the plan and *khasra*, when ready, to be published in such manner as he deems fit, together with a notice intimating the date not less than two months from the date of the notice by which objections from any person with regard to entries on the plan and *khasra* may be presented to the Revising Authority appointed under rule 5 and the time and place at which the plan and *khasra* may be inspected.

4. The Deputy Commissioner shall arrange to allow any person to inspect the plan and *khasra* during the hours and at the place specified in the notice on any day which is not a public holiday.

5. The Deputy Commissioner shall appoint an Assistant Commissioner or Extra Assistant Commissioner on the district staff to be the Revising Authority for the purpose of hearing objections relating to the plan or *khasra*.

6. When the plan and *khasra* have been published under the provisions of rule 8, objections in respect of entries on the plan and *khasra* may be presented to the Revising Authority, appointed under rule 5, between the hours of ten o'clock of the morning and four o'clock of the afternoon of any day of the period specified in the notice issued under rule 3, which is not a public holiday.

7. The Revising Authority shall maintain a register of objections in Form A in which he shall cause to be entered at the time of receipt particulars of every objection received.

8. Any person aggrieved by any order, which the Revising Authority may pass, may, within seven days from the date of such order, apply to the Deputy Commissioner for revision of the order; and the Deputy Commissioner, after giving notice to the parties concerned and hearing any representation which they may wish to make, may confirm it or set it aside, and pass such other orders with respect to the objection which he may deem fit.

9. After the objections, if any, have been disposed of, the Deputy Commissioner shall cause the plan and *khasra* to be corrected, if necessary, in accordance with the orders passed on the objections, and shall then have the amended plan and *khasra*, or a fresh copy of it, published for general information.

10. The original plan and *khasra* shall remain in the custody of the Deputy Commissioner, and a copy thereof duly certified by the Deputy Commissioner to be correct, shall be furnished to the Notified Area Committee of Buria.

11. The Deputy Commissioner may employ such staff as is required for the preparation of the plan and *khasra* and the Notified Area Committee of Buria shall be liable for the cost of pay and other incidental expenses connected with the staff and the preparation of the documents mentioned above, and also for the cost of pay or any other expenditure connected with the appointment of the Revising Authority.

Form A.

[RULE 7.]

Register of objections.

Serial No.	Name, parentage and address of the objector.	Date of presentation of objection with the initials of the officer to whom the objection is presented.	Nature of the objection.	Date of decision.	Summary of decision.	Signature of Revising Authority.	Decision by Deputy Commissioner, if any.	Signature of official by whom effect was given to the decision of the Revising Authority or of the Deputy Commissioner, and date.

Form B.

[RULE 2.]

NOTIFIED AREA COMMITTEE, BURIA.

Survey Register.

1	2	3			4								5		6	7
					MEASUREMENT IN FEET AND INCHES.								AREA IN SQUARE YARDS AND DECIMALS.			
					North.		*East.*		*West.*		*South.*					
Plan sheet.	*Khasra* No.	Name of *Mohalla* or Bazar.	Name of *Gali*.	Description of property.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Square yards.	Decimals.	Possessor's name with father's name, caste, occupation and present address.	REMARKS.

Medical.

The 7th June, 1940.

No. 2753-M.-40/25108.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Jhang-*cum*-Maghiana,** district Jhang, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 17 of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information and shall come into force within the limits of the Municipality of **Jhang-*cum*-Maghiana,** six weeks after the date of the publication of this notification :—

BY-LAWS.

1. No person whose name has not been registered in accordance with the provisions of section 14 of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932, shall practise as nurse, health visitor, midwife, nurse dai, trained dai or dai within the area subject to the authority of the Municipal Committee, Jhang-*cum*-Maghiana.

2. Any person practising in contravention of by-law 1 or any person committing or abetting the commitment of a breach of by-law 1 shall be liable, on conviction by a magistrate of the first class, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 for the first offence or to a fine not exceeding Rs. 250 for a second or subsequent offence.

Public Health.

The 7th June, 1940.

No. 2799-M.-40/25113.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 1 of the Punjab Pure Food Act, 1929, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to extend to the Municipality of **Chunian,** in the Lahore district, with effect from the date of publication of this notification, the provisions of sections 3 to 22 of the said Act, in respect of all articles of food and drink.

No. 2799-M.-40/25116.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Pure Food Act, 1929, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to appoint the Chemist of the Public Health Department to be a Public Analyst for the Municipality of **Chunian,** in the Lahore district, in respect of all articles of food and drink.

RAM CHANDRA,

Secretary to Government, Punjab,

Medical and Local Government Departments.

Committees.

The 3rd June, 1940.

No. S.-XXII-37/6041.—Notifications No. S.-XXII.-37/20641 and No. S.-XXII-37/20642, dated the 9th November, 1939, are hereby cancelled.

B. N. SINGH,

Deputy Commissioner, Sheikhupura.

410 CS—1159—14-6-40—SGPPLahore.

Registered No. L. 884

The Government Gazette, Punjab.

Published by Authority.

No. 25. LAHORE, FRIDAY, JUNE 21, 1940.

PART I—A.

Punjab Government Notifications and Orders.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Boards.

The 15th June, 1940.

No. 2329-L. G.-40/26010.—The following draft of amendments of the Municipal Account Code, 1930 (revised edition) which the Governor of the Punjab proposes to make, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 3rd August, 1940, together with any objection or suggestion which may be received by the Punjab Government, from any person, with respect to the draft, before that date :—

DRAFT AMENDMENTS.

1. In form P. F. 1. between columns 5 and 6 the following new column shall be *inserted* :—

" 5-A.— Actual monthly balance in hand ."

2. In sub-rules (1) and (4) of rule XVI·9 *for* the word and figure " column 6 " the word, figure and letter " column 5-A " shall be *substituted*.

3. In sub-rules (1) and (2) of rule XVI·10 the word and figure " column 6 " shall be replaced by the word, figure and letter " column 5-A ".

No. 2486-L G.—Bds.-40/6013.—The following amendments made by the District Board of **Ambala** to its Provident Fund Rules, published with Punjab Government notification No. 5080, dated the 12th February, 1932, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Ambala**, on the 3rd August, 1940 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. *Substitute* the following *for* clause (*e*) in rule 1 :—

"(*e*) "Servant" includes every employee of the board who holds a permanent post substantively under the board or is officiating in a permanent or a temporary post in the board but holds a permanent post in a substantive capacity under any other local body which maintains a provident fund, but does not include a Government servant employed by the board."

2. *Delete* the full stop at the end of condition 1 of the conditions prescribed under clause (*b*) of sub-rule (2) of rule 8 and *add* the words, "under the general account of the General Provident Fund Account".

3. *Substitute* the following new rule *for* the existing rule 12 :—

"12. The Board shall maintain—

General accounts to be maintained by the Board.

(1) a Provident Fund Account in Form P. F. 4,

(2) a Provident Fund Investments Account in Form P. F. 5,

(3) a Provident Fund Investments Interest Account in Form P. F. 6 or if a Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund is maintained a Provident Fund Investment Interest Account in Form P. F. 6-A and a Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund Account in Form P. F. 6-B, and

(4) an account in Form P. F. 8, showing the amount available for payment of insurance premia of the Provident Fund subscribers."

4. *Insert* the following new Forms *after* Form P. F. 6: —

Form P. F. 6-A. Rule 12.

Provident Fund Investments Interest Account ______________ District Board.

Serial No. in Provident Fund Investment Account (P. F. 5).	INSTALMENT OF INTEREST DUE.		INSTALMENT OF INTEREST RECEIVED.			DISPOSAL OF INTEREST RECEIVED.					No. and date of the voucher with which the amount in column 4 (e) is withdrawn from the District Fund for credit to the Provident Fund.	Date on which the amount is credited to the savings bank account.	No. and date of voucher with which the amount in column 4 (d) is withdrawn from the District Fund for credit to the P. F. Investment Depreciation Fund.	Date on which the amount is credited in the P. F. Investment Depreciation Fund.	REMARKS.
	(a) Date.	(b) Amount.	(a) Date.	(b) No. and date of chalan with which remitted to treasury for credit into the fund of the local body.	(c) Amount.	(a) At savings bank rate to be credited to the P. F. Account.	(b) Difference between columns 3 (c) and 4 (a).	(c) Half of column 4 (b) to be credited to the Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund subject to a maximum of 1% on the amount invested.	(d) Difference, if any, between half of columns 4 (b) and 4 (c).	(e) Half of column 4 (b) *plus* 4 (d) to be credited to Provident Fund Account.					
1	2		3			4					5(a)	5(b)	6(a)	6(b)	7
		Rs. A. P.			Rs. A. P.										

NOTE.—This form is to be used by the Boards which maintain Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund. Such Boards need not maintain Form P. F. 6.

Form P. F. 6-B. **Rule 12.**

Provident Fund Investments Depreciation Fund Account ________ *District Board.*

Date.	Balance at credit.	Amount credited to the Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund in the Post Office Savings Bank / Imperial Bank.		Interest earned on the Investment Depreciation Fund money in the Post Office Savings Bank or Imperial Bank.	Payments.		Balance 4—5 (b).	Remarks.
		Folio No. of Register P. F. 6(a).	Amount.		No. and date of the order of the Commissioner sanctioning withdrawal from the fund.	Amount.		
1	2	3(a)	3(b)	4	5(a)	5(b)	6	7
			Rs. A. P.			Rs. A. P.		

5. *Insert* the following new form *after* Form P. F. 7 :—

Form P. F. 8. **Rule 12.**

Register showing the amount available for payment of insurance premia of Provident Fund subscriber.

P. F. ACCOUNT No.________________

NAME________________

Date.	Provident Fund subscription available for insurance.			Advance paid.	Balance after each transaction.	Remarks.*
	(a) Amount of deposit made by the subscriber since the last withdrawal for payment of insurance premium was made.	(b) Interest earned since the date of last withdrawal on subscriber's own deposits.	Total of columns 2(a), 2(b) and 4.			
1	2			3	4	5
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	

*The fact that the Insurance Policy has been assigned to the Board as well as the number of policy should be noted in the remarks column of the register.

No. 2227-C.-40/26053.—The following regulations made by the District Board of **Ludhiana**, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 56 and 57 of the District Board Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by subsection (2) of section 56 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Ludhiana**, on the 5th day of August, 1940 :—

REGULATIONS.

1. No person shall erect or cause to be erected any temporary or permanent pucca or katcha encroachment moveable or immoveable upon the ground level of any public road or street or any moveable or immoveable overhanging structure projecting into any public street at any point above the ground level.

2. No person shall suspend or cause to be suspended temporary or permanent sunshades or awning across any public street.

3. No person shall erect or cause to be erected any roof or building across any public street.

4. No person shall damage or make an excavation in any public street or public place or pond within 200 feet of a village.

5. No owner or person in charge of a well out of use shall leave it uncovered or unfenced so as to be public danger.

6. Any person who commits a breach of any of these regulations shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with a fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and in case of a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which such breach continues after the offender has been convicted of such breach.

The 17th June, 1940.

No. 2226-C.-40/26181.—The following regulations made by the District Board of **Jhang**, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 56 and 57 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by subsection (2) of section 56 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Jhang**, on the 5th day of August, 1940, from which date Punjab Government notification No. 2376-C.-36/24552, dated the 11th August, 1936, shall be deemed to have been cancelled :—

REGULATIONS.

1. In these regulations unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context—

(a) " Board " shall mean the District Board of Jhang.

(b) " Medical Officer of Health " shall mean the District Medical Officer of Health of the Jhang District.

(c) " Officer in charge of the fair " means the officer appointed by the Board to be in charge of the fair.

(d) " Sanitary Inspector " shall mean the Sanitary Inspector deputed by the Medical Officer of Health.

(e) " Sub-Assistant Health Officer " shall mean the Sub-Assistant Health Officer deputed by the Medical Officer of Health.

2. These regulations shall apply to the following fairs :—

(1) Jhang Horse and Cattle fair. (3) Atharan Hazari fair.

(2) Massan fair. (4) Shahjewana fair.

3. No person shall enter or leave the fair ground save by a route specified for the purpose by the officer-in-charge of the fair.

4. If the Board has erected any barrier across a road no person shall without permission of an authorized official pass such barrier.

5. The officer-in-charge of the fair may prohibit the entrance into the fair ground of any person suffering from a loathsome, infectious or contagious disease or any person who has been in contact with any such person and may expel any person so suffering or having been in contact from the fair ground.

6. (1) Where the officer-in-charge of the fair has fixed a place or places for parking of vehicles, no person shall park any vehicle at any place in the fair ground other than the place or places so fixed.

(2) No person shall stable or keep animals at places other than those set apart for the purpose.

7. No person shall set up in the fair ground any theatre or cinema, merry-go-round or any other show for public amusement, save at places and on conditions to be fixed by the Board.

8. No person shall set up any game of chance at any place in the fair ground.

9. The Medical Officer of Health may—

(*i*) fix places at which, and lay down conditions under which, cremation or burial of dead bodies, human or animal, shall take place ;

(*ii*) destroy or cause to be destroyed, or confine, or cause to be confined for such period as he may direct any dog suffering, or reasonably suspected to be suffering from rabies or bitten by any dog or any other animal suffering or suspected to be suffering from rabies.

10. No person knowing or having reasons to believe that any dog belonging to him or in his charge is likely to annoy or intimidate any person or animal or has been bitten by an animal suffering, or reasonably suspected to be suffering from rabies shall neglect to restrain such dog from annoying, intimidating or bitting other persons or animals.

Accommodation.

11. No person attending the fair shall encamp anywhere on the fair ground except on places set apart by the Board for the purpose.

12. No person shall use any building or site for the lodging of visitors on the fair ground except under a licence granted by the Medical Officer of Health. Every such licence shall be issued on the following conditions :—

(*i*) that such building or site complies with such conditions regarding ventilation, cleanliness, water supply, conservancy and drainage as the Medical Officer of Health may lay down ;

(*ii*) that such building or site shall accommodate not more than the number of persons of either sex stated in the licence ;

(*iii*) that the licence shall be liable to cancellation at any time by the Medical Officer of Health for a breach of any of these conditions.

13. The licensee of any such house shall supply to each person staying in it a cardboard ticket bearing the name of the visitor and the accommodation assigned to that individual.

14. All fires in thatched houses or *jhugis* shall be extinguished by 10 P.M

15. Each licensee shall provide such number of buckets filled with water or sand as may be prescribed by the Medical Officer of Health for use in case of fire.

Water supply.

16. No person shall take water within the fair ground from any source other than that approved by the Medical Officer of Health who may close or direct the closure of any source of water supply public or private temporarily if the same be in his opinion polluted or otherwise unfit for use.

17. The Medical Officer of Health may at his discretion disinfect or treat any well tank or other source of water supply.

18. No drinking booth shall be allowed on the fair ground except under a licence granted by the Medical Officer of Health.

Food supply.

19. No person shall sell, store, prepare or expose for sale any article of food or drink at any place in the fair ground except under a licence granted by the Medical Officer of Health and subject to the conditions specified on the licence form.

20. Every licence granted under regulation No. 19 shall be issued subject to the following conditions :—

(*i*) that any place used for the preparation, sale or exposure for sale or free supply of any article of food or drink shall be well lighted and ventilated and shall be kept clean at all times to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health ;

(ii) that water used in the preparation of articles of food or drink or for the washing of vessels used in such preparation shall be derived from a source approved by the Medical Officer of Health and be stored in clean and properly covered containers ;

(iii) that all vessels used in the preparation, storage or distribution of food or drink shallbe kept clean ;

(iv) that only wholesome and unadulterated articles of food or drink shall be sold ;

(v) that all refuse (from whatever source) shall be deposited in suitable covered containers ;

(vi) that the Medical Officer of Health or any person not below the rank of a Sanitary Inspector or Sub-Assistant Health Officer authorised by him in this behalf may enter the licensed premises to inspect the same and any articles of food and drink ;

(vii) that the Medical Officer of Health or any officer not below the rank of a Sanitary Inspector or Sub-Assistant Health Officer specially authorised by him in this behalf may seize and destroy or otherwise dispose of any article of food or drink which in his opinion is unfit for human consumption ;

(viii) that no person who is suffering from any infectious, loathsome or contagious disease shall touch, or take part in the preparation or distribution of, any article of food or drink ;

(ix) that a licensee or his agent or servant shall immediately inform the office of the Medical Officer of Health at the fair of any case of illness among the persons connected with the licensed premises ;

(x) that the licensed premises shall not be used for sleeping purposes ;

(xi) that nothing shall be stored in any licensed premises except the articles necessary for the preparation, storage and distribution of food and drink ;

(xii) that no dog or other animal shall be allowed in any licensed premises ;

(xiii) that all articles of food and drink shall be carefully protected from flies and dust ; and

(xiv) that the licensee shall comply with any other instructions issued by the Medical Officer of Health in this behalf.

21. The Medical Officer of Health may prohibit the import into the fair ground of any article of food or drink which he considers is likely to promote illness.

22. (1) No person shall manufacture aerated waters for sale in any premises on the fair ground except under a licence granted by the Medical Officer of Health.

(2) Every licence granted under this regulation shall be subject to the following conditions :—

(i) that the water used in the manufacture of aerated waters be derived from a source approved by the Medical Officer of Health and be carried in clean covered vessels and stored in a clean cistern with a tap ;

(ii) that empty bottles be first cleaned by scrubbing brush and clean water and then kept soaked in a solution of permanganate of potash for six hours. The permanganate solution shall be renewed as soon as it turns brown ; and

(iii) that all bottles shall bear a label or mark showing the name and address of the manufacturer.

NOTE.—The Medical Officer of Health will be the sole judge of whether a vessel or cistern is clean or not and in case of dispute in any matter pertaining to articles of food or drink as contained in these regulations the decision of the Medical Officer of Health shall be final.

Washing and Bathing.

23. (a) No person shall wash any clothes or animals or bathe at any place on the fair ground other than that approved by the Medical Officer of Health and specified by the board and no person shall use such a place which is set apart for the use of the opposite sex or at times other than those specified by the Board.

(b) No infected articles or clothes which have been used by or have come in contact with a person suffering from an infectious disease shall be washed at the public washing or bathing places unless they have been previously disinfected to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health.

Conservancy and Health.

24. No person shall ease himself at any place on the fair ground other than that set apart for the purpose.

25. No person shall deposit refuse at any place on the fair ground other than that specified for the purpose.

26. The Medical Officer of Health may—

(i) fix places for the deposit of refuse, rubbish or other waste matter of any kind and give directions regarding the time at which and manner in which such refuse, rubbish or waste matter may be kept on any land or building or removed along any road or pathway ;

(ii) direct the owner or occupier of any land or building not to cause, or knowingly or negligently allow, any waste water to collect on any land or place not set apart for the purpose ;

(iii) arrange for the removal of filth, rubbish, manure, or other waste matter from any latrine, urinal, cesspool, or other receptacle for such matter ;

(iv) establish medical inspection posts in connection with the examination of travellers by rail and road and may also arrange for adequate accommodation for the isolation of cases of infectious diseases ;

(v) refuse entry to the fair ground to any person suspected to be suffering from any infectious disease and who refuses to allow himself to be examined at any such examination post, or gives a false answer to any question addressed to him by the medical officer or official incharge of such post and who disobeys any order of such officer or official in respect of his removal to a hospital or his detention in a place set apart for the purpose.

(vi) order the removal of any person suffering or suspected to be suffering from any infectious disease to a suitable hospital and order all persons who have been in contact with a case of infectious disease to be isolated for a specified period ;

(vii) order the cleaning and disinfection of any land, building, drain, latrine, urinal, cesspool or any bedding, clothing or any other article which is in his opinion infected or likely to carry infection ;

(viii) prohibit the letting of a house or building or part of a house or building which has not been disinfected to his satisfaction ;

(ix) prohibit the entrance into the fair ground of persons coming from a town, village or locality which is infected with cholera, plague, smallpox or any other communicable disease unless such persons submit to appropriate preventive inoculation.

27. It shall be the duty of the owner or keeper of a lodging house, hostel or serai to inform the Medical Officer of Health immediately of any case of illness on his premises.

NOTE.—In these regulations the term " infectious diseases ", " contagious diseases " or " communicable diseases " includes—

1. Cholera.
2. Smallpox.
3. Plague.
4. Measles.
5. Chickenpox.
6. Diphtheria.
7. Tuberculosis (includes tubercle of lungs),
8. Scarlet fever.
9. Typhus fever.
10. Enteric fever.
11. Erysipelas.
12. Relapsing fever.
13. Influenza.
14. Purperal fever.
15. Cerebrospinal fever (meningitis).
16. Dysentery.
17. Leprosy.
18. Mumps.
19. Whooping Cough.
20. Sprue.

28. Any licence issued under these regulations may be cancelled by the Medical Officer of Health for a breach of any of the conditions of the licence. The decision of the Medical Officer of Health shall be final.

29. Any person who commits or abets the commission of a breach of any of these regulations shall on conviction by a Magistrate be punishable with a fine which may extend to rupees fifty and if the breach is a continuing breach with a further fine which may extend to rupees five for each day after the first during which the breach continues.

No. 2291-L.G.-40/26205.—The following amendments made by the District Board of **Shahpur** to its Provident Fund Rules, published with Punjab Government notification No. 22824, dated the 2nd June, 1932, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Shahpur**, on the 5th August, 1940 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. *After* rule 8 the following note shall be inserted :—

" NOTE.—In the case of the board's employee governed by the Civil Service Regulations or the Revised Leave Rules, 1936, the term "leave on average pay" occuring in sub-rule (2) means the privilege leave on full salary or the earned leave as the case may be. "

2. The sub-columns for annas and pies in column 6 of Form P. F. 1 shall be deleted.

The 18th June, 1940.

No. 2498-L. G.-40/26338.—The following amendments, made by the District Board of **Rawapindi**, to its Rules of Business published with Punjab Government notification No. 11881, dated the 10th April, 1934, are published for general information and shall come in to force with immediate effect :—

AMENDMENT.

1. For the existing rule 6·6, the following new rule shall be substituted, namely :—

"6·6. Subject to the provisions of paragraph V of the District Board Rules, 1926, the Board or any other person to whom power has been delegated under section 19-A of the Act, may remove any of its officers or servants ."

2. Clause (*iv*) of the foot-note to the appendix shall be deleted.

No. 1478-L.G.-40/26426.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 1478-L.G.-40/16552, dated the 5th April, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 55 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, and section 19 of the Punjab General Clauses Act, 1898, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendments to the District Board Account Code, 1926 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. The following new rule shall be inserted after rule 27 :—

Preparation of Assessment Register, Assessment Objections Register and Tax Bill Register.

" 27-A. A district board levying a tax on buildings under section 30 of the Act, shall maintain the following registers :—

(1) Assessment Register in form 9-A.

(2) Assessment Objections Register in form 9-B.

(3) Tax Bill Register in form 9-C.

2. The following new forms Nos. 9-A, 9-B and 9-C shall be inserted after form No. 9 :—

Form 9-A. **Rule 27-A.**

ASSESSMENT REGISTER.

Description and rate of tax ____________________

Year ending ____________________.

Circle ____________________

Serial No.	Name of street or division in which the property is situated.	Designation of the property, either by name or by number, sufficient for identification.	Name and address of the owner.	Name and address of the occupier.	*Assessment proposed by the Tax Sub-Committee appointed by the District Board.* Annual value, or area, or frontage.	Amount of tax payable.	Number of objection in the Register of Assessment Objections.	*Final assessment ordered by the District Board after hearing the objections.* Annual value, or area, or frontage.	Amount of tax payable.	REMARKS.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11

Form 9-B. **Rule 27-A.**

REGISTER OF ASSESSMENT OBJECTIONS.

Description of tax ____________________.

Year ending ____________________

Serial No. of objection.	Date of receipt of objection.	Name of the objector.	Serial No. in Assessment Register (Form 9-A.)	Abstract of order of the District Board on the objection with number and date of order.
1	2	3	4	5

Form 9-C.

Rule 27-A.

TAX BILL.

Book No. ____________.

Date ____________.

____________ District Board.

Description of tax ____________.

The amount specified below is due from

(Name and address of assessee.)

Period in respect of which the amount is due.	Particulars of person or property in respect of which the tax is due.	Amount.
	Total ..	

Signature of Secretary,

District Board ____________.

TAX BILL.

Book No. ____________.

Date ____________.

____________ District Board.

Description of tax ____________.

The amount specified below is due from

(Name and address of assessee.)

Period in respect of which the amount is due.	Particulars of person or property in respect of which the tax is due.	Amount.
	Total ..	

Signature of Secretary,

District Board ____________.

Form A.

A LICENCE TO CARRY ON AN OFFENSIVE AND DANGEROUS TRADE IN THE MUNICIPALITY OF AMBALA CANTONMENT SADAR BAZAR.

N. B.—This licence is subject to the conditions specified in bylaw 3 of the bylaws published with Punjab Government notification No. 2415-C-40/26023, dated the 15th June, 1940.

Serial No. of licence.	Name, parentage, caste and residence of the licensee.	A description of the premises licensed.	Specification of the trades mentioned in section 121 (1) of Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, for which the licence is issued.	Endorsement of annual renewal of licence.
				Renewed on Secretary, Municipal Committee, Ambala Cantonment Sadar Bazar.

No. 2203-C.-40/26026.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 71 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to exempt from the payment of octroi or terminal tax, stores belonging to the Indian Red Cross Society when imported into, or, in the case of terminal tax, exported from, any Municipality in the Punjab :

Provided that at the time of import or export, as the case may be, the stores are accompanied by a certificate signed by the Secretary, Red Cross Society, or the Officer-in-charge or Superintendent of a Red Cross Depôt to the effect that the stores belong to the Indian Red Cross Society.

No. 2473-C-.40/26044.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 1340-C.-40/18305, dated the 16th April, 1940, and, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendment to the rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 15259, dated the 13th August, 1918, for the municipality of **Kunjah,** in the Gujrat district :—

AMENDMENT.

For the existing schedule of boundaries the following new schedule shall be substituted :—

Ward No. I.

North.—From a point in the centre of the Mangowal-Kunjah Road, eastwards, along the middle of this Road to its junction with the Isa street, thence north-eastwards along the middle of Isa street to its junction with the new bazar, thence eastwards and southwards along the middle of the said bazar to its junction with the Circular Road, thence south-eastwards along the middle of Circular Road to its junction with the Diwanan street, thence north-eastwards along the middle of Diwanan street to its junction with the Malkan street, thence northwards and eastwards along the middle of Malkan street to its junction with the Ghore Pir street, thence northwards along the middle of Ghore Pir street to its junction with the main bazar, thence eastwards along the middle of the main bazar to its junction with the Circular Road, thence north-eastwards along the middle of the Circular Road to its junction with the Kunjah-Chuknanwali Road, thence eastwards along the middle of Kunjah-Chuknanwali Road to the point where it meets the 14-R Kharif Distributary ;

East.—thence south-westwards along the western boundary line of 14-R Kharif Distributary to the point where it crosses the Kunjah-Shadiwal Road ;

South.—thence westwards along the northern boundary line of 14-R Kharif Distributary to its junction with the Jabboke-Kunjah Road ;

West.—thence northwards along the western boundary of Jabboke-Kunjah Road to the south-east corner of field No. 3560, thence westwards in a straight line to the north-west corner of field No. 3592, thence north-westwards in a straight line to the south-west corner of field No. 3180, and thence northwards in a straight line to the point of start.

Ward No. II.

North.—From the point where the Circular Road meets the western end of the main bazar, eastwards along the middle of the main bazar to the point where it meets the Ghore Pir street ;

East.—thence south-westwards along the northern boundary of ward No. I to the point where it meets the Circular Road ;

South.—thence north-westwards along the northern boundary of ward No. I and along the middle of Circular Road, new bazar and Isa street to the point where Isa street meets Circular Road ; and

West.—thence northwards along the middle of Circular Road to the point of start.

Ward No. III.

North.—From the point where the western municipal boundary meets the Kunjah-Dinga Road, south-eastwards along the middle of Kunjah-Dinga Road to its junction with the link Road, thence eastwards along the middle of the link Road to its junction with the Circular Road, thence northwards and eastwards along the middle of the Circular Road to its junction with the Mochian street ;

East.—thence southwards along the middle of the Mochian street to its junction with the Shah Natha Wali street, thence westwards along the middle of Shah Natha Wali street to its junction with the Billian street, thence southwards along the middle of the Billian street to its junction with Chaudhrian street, thence south-eastwards along the middle of Chaudhrian street to its junction with the main bazar, thence westwards along the middle of the main bazar to its western end adjoining the Circular Road, thence southwards along the middle of the Circular Road to its junction with the Mangowal-Kunjah Road ;

South.—thence westwards along the middle of Mangowal-Kunjah Road to its junction with the western municipal boundary ; and

West.—thence northwards along the western municipal boundary to the point of start.

Ward No. IV.

North.—From the north-east corner of field No. 1149 adjoining the northern municipal boundary eastwards along the said boundary to its junction with 14-R Kharif Distributary ;

East.—thence southwards along the western boundary of 14-R Kharif Distributary (which is the eastern municipal boundary) to the point where it meets the Kunjah-Chuknanwali Road ;

South.—thence westwards along the northern boundary of ward No. I to the point where the Ghore Pir street meets the main bazar, thence onwards along the middle oi the main bazar to the point where it meets the Purian street ;

West.—thence northwards along the middle of Purian street to the point where it meets the Qila street, thence eastwards along the middle

of Qila street to the point where it meets the Masum Ali street, thence northwards along the middle of Masum Ali street to the point where it meets the Circular Road, thence westwards along the middle of the Circular Road to the point where it meets the Pir Phulla Road, thence north-eastwards along the middle of Pir Phulla Road to its northern end and thence north-westwards in a straight line to the point of start.

Ward No. V.

North.—From the point where the Shah Natha Wali street meets the Billian street eastwards along the middle of Shah Natha Wali street to its junction with the Loharan street, thence southwards along the middle of Loharan street to its southern and, thence eastwards along the back of the houses on the southern end of Loharan street to the point where it meets the Qila street, thence eastwards along the middle of Qila street to its junction with Purian street;

East.—thence southwards along the middle of Purian street to its junction with the main bazar;

South.—thence westwards along the middle of main bazar to its junction with the Chaudhrian street;

West.—thence north westwards along the middle of Chaudhrian street to its junction with the Billian street and thence northwards along the middle of Billian slreet to the point of start.

Ward No. VI.

North.—From the north-west corner of field No. 907 eastwards along the northern municipal boundary to the point where it meets the north east corner of field No. 1149;

East.—thence southwards along the western boundary of ward No. IV to the point where it meets the Qila street;

South.—thence westwards along the middle of the Qila street to the point where it meets the northern boundary of Ward No. V, thence onwards along the northern boundary of ward No. V to the point where it meets the Mochian street, thence northwards along the middle of Mochian street to its junction with the Circular Road, thence westwards and southwards along the middle of Circular Road to its junction with the Link Road, thence westwards along the northern boundary of ward No. III to the point where it meets the western municipal boundary; and

West.—thence northwards along the western municipal boundary to the point of start.

No. 2079-C.-40/26051.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Okara**, in the Montgomery district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188, 197 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Okara,** on the 5th day of August, 1940:—

BY-LAWS.

1. No person shall, within the Municipal limits, sell or expose for sale any fruit, vegetable or sugarcane in premises other than premises licensed for the purpose by the Committee.

2. Any person wishing to obtain a licence for premises for the sale by retail of any fruit, vegetable or sugarcane, may apply to the Committee, and if the application is sanctioned by the Committee a licence shall be issued by the Secretary on payment of fees as follows:—

(1) For sale by retail of fruits .. Rs. 10 per annum or Re. 1 per mensem

(2) For sale by retail of vegetable or sugarcane... Rs. 5 per annum or Re. 0-8-0 per mensem.

3. Every licence issued under by-law 2 shall be subject to the following conditions :—

(a) that the licensee shall not keep on the licensed premises any fruit, vegetable or sugarcane which is rotten, decayed or over-ripe, or is otherwise unfit for human consumption ;

(b) that the Committee may by an order in writing suspend or withdraw any licence for a breach of any of the conditions thereof.

4. No person suffering from any contagious or infectious disease, or from loathsome sores, shall enter the licensed premises.

5. Every occupier of licensed premises shall keep the premises in a thoroughly clean condition, and shall allow no refuse to remain in or about such premises, and shall from time to time, as often as occasion may arise, cause such refuse to be placed in a receptacle to be provided by the licensee for the purpose.

6. Any person who commits a breach of any of these by-laws shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees ; and, if the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which such breach continues.

No. 2296-C.-40/26056.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Shujabad**, in the Multan district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Shujabad** on the 5th August, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. In these by-laws—

(i) " Slaughter-house " means the slaughter-house owned and managed by the Municipal Committee.

(ii) " Superintendent " means the officer in charge of the slaughter-house.

2. (i) The slaughter-house will be open for the slaughter of animals during such hours as the Committee may, from time to time, direct.

(ii) No animal shall be slaughtered at any other time, provided that, in special circumstances and on the realization of four times the usual fee, the Superintendent may allow the slaughter of any animal at any other time. In all such cases the previous written permission of the Superintendent shall be obtained.

3. The Committee shall fix at a conspicuous place in the slaughter-house, a notice showing—

(i) the hours of the working of the slaughter-house ;

(ii) the fees payable; and

(iii) any other directions that the Committee or the Superintendent may see fit to issue.

4. Every animal for slaughter shall, on being brought to the slaughter-house, be presented for inspection to the Superintendent who, before passing any animal for slaughter, shall satisfy himself that—

(i) it is more than six months old;

(ii) its flesh will be fit for use as human food ;

(iii) it is not pregnant or with unweaned young;

(iv) it is not diseased or in a dying condition :

provided that an animal which has met with an accident and is otherwise healthy may be passed for slaughter.

5. The Superintendent shall maintain a register in which he shall enter a brief description of each animal approved for slaughter, and the fees recovered therefor.

6. Fees for the slaughter of each animal shall be levied at the following rates :—

Animal.	*Fee per head.* Rs. A. P.
Goat	0 2 0
Sheep	0 2 0

7. (1) No person shall knowingly bring into any part of the slaughter-house—

(*i*) a diseased or unsound animal;

(*ii*) an animal which is less than six months old;

(*iii*) an animal which is pregnant or with unweaned young;

(*iv*) any carcass;

(*v*) any dog, or

(*vi*) any animal not meant for slaughter or for the slaughter of which the slaughter-house is not provided.

(2) Any animal brought in contravention of this by-law shall be summarily removed under the direction of the Superintendent.

8. (1) Animals approved for slaughter by the Superintendent shall be branded/marked with a distinctive mark on ears, hooves or horns and admitted into the waiting-yard of the slaughter-house.

(2) All animals when approved shall be kept in the waiting-yard until the owners or persons in charge receive permission to bring them into the slaughter-yard.

(3) The owner of the animal shall remain responsible for its security while it is in the waiting-yard.

(4) No animal shall be admitted into the waiting-yard unless the prescribed fee has been paid.

9. Animals rejected as unfit for slaughter shall be removed forthwith from the premises of the slaughter-house :

Provided that animals found to be affected by any infectious or contagious disease or which may reasonably be suspected of being so affected, shall, if the Superintendent so directs, be forthwith apprehended and removed to the Veterinary Hospital or such other place as the Committee may provide for the purpose.

10. Each animal shall be slaughtered immediately over the drain and no blood shall be allowed to flow upon the floor.

11. (*i*) Slaughtered animals shall be disembowelled as soon as possible after slaughter.

(*ii*) The contents of the stomachs and bowels shall not be washed into the drain or allowed to drop on the floor, but shall be emptied into buckets or receptacles provided for the purpose by the Municipal Committee.

12. No person shall rub or cause to be rubbed the inner sides of skins upon the ground within any portion of the slaughter-house or in the neighbourhood of the slaughter-house premises.

13. (*i*) All carcasses shall, after skinning and cleaning, be presented to the Superintendent for inspection.

(*ii*) Carcasses which have been passed by the Superintendent as fit for human consumption shall, if necessary, be branded or stamped so as to define their quality.

(*iii*) No person shall remove any carcass from the slaughter-house premises until it has been duly passed by the Superintendent.

(*iv*) The Superintendent shall cause any carcass or meat, which is, in his opinion, unfit for human consumption, to be buried or destroyed.

14. No person shall remove entrails and offals from the slaughter-house until they have been properly washed and cleaned.

15. No person shall blow or stuff any meat within the slaughter-house premises and the Superintendent may cause to be buried or destoryed any meat found to be blown or stuffed.

16. Any carcass or meat ordered to be destroyed in accordance with the provisions of by-law 13 or 15 shall be so treated as to render its use for human food impossible.

17. No meat shall be sold on the premises of the slaughter-house.

18. No person shall remove or cause to be removed from the premises of the slaughter-house any carcass or meat except in a clean receptacle and covered in such a manner as to be screened from public view and adequately protected against flies and dust.

19. The Superintendent shall, by general or special order, direct the disposition of all skins, heads, horns and feet of slaughtered animals and all carcasses or meat found left in the slaughter-house after the hour fixed for closing the slaughter-house.

20. (*i*) No person affected with leprosy, sores or any other skin disease or any contagious or infectious disease shall enter the slaughter-house premises.

(*ii*) No person, other than the municipal staff on duty and licensed butchers and their assistants or *bona fide* servants, shall enter the slaughter-house premises during the process of slaughtering or skinning and cutting up of carcass.

(*iii*) No person shall create any disturbance in the slaughter-house premises.

Any person transgressing the provisions of this by-law may be removed summarily under the direction of the Superintendent.

21. Any person who commits a breach of any of the by-laws 2, 4, 7 to 18 and 20 shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be liable to fine which may amount to fifty rupees.

The 17th June, 1940.

No. 1984-C.-40/26138.—The following by-laws framed by the Administrator of the **Lahore** Municipality, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188, 197 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall came into force within the Municipality of **Lahore** on the 5th day of August, 1940, from which date the by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 1041, dated the 14th January, 1918, shall be deemed to have been cancelled :—

BY-LAWS.

1. In these by-laws the expression 'cooked food' shall mean the articles of food and drink specified in the schedule hereto appended.

2. No person shall manufacture, sell or prepare or expose for sale cooked food except in premises licensed in this behalf by the Medical Officer of Health in form A :

Provided that a person holding such a licence may also be permitted to deliver cooked food at the residence of his customers.

3. For a licence issued under by-law 2 a fee of two rupees per annum or, if the licence is taken out for any period less than a year, a fee at the rate of eight annas for a month or portion thereof shall be paid. No licence shall be valid beyond the 31st day of March next following the date of issue.

4. Any person who commits a breach or an abetment of a breach of these by-laws shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and in the case of a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

5. Any licensee who commits a breach of any of the conditions of his licence shall be liable to have his licence suspended or revoked by the Medical Officer of Health.

SCHEDULE.

(1) Bread (loaves and scones) ; (2) Bread (*chapaties*) ; (3) Rusks ; (4) *Luchis* ; (5) *Puras* ; (6) *Puris* ; (7) *Dal* ; (8) Cooked vegetables ; (9) Cooked meat, fish, game, poultry or eggs ; (10) Sweetmeats and confectionery of all kinds ; (11) Biscuits of all kinds ; (12) *Kachauries* ; (13) *Ghughnian* ; (14) *Chhola* ; (15) Cooked rice ; (16) *Siwayan* ; (17) *Kababs* ; (18) *Lobia* ; (19) *Dalian* ; (20) *Pakoras* ; (21) *Laddus* ; (22) *Halwa* ; (23) Potatoes (boiled) ; (24) *Kachalu* (boiled) ; (25) *Chhallian* (boiled) ; (26) *Phaluda* ; (27) *Kulfa* ; (28) *Khir* and *Khoa* ; (29) Sugar including *Misri* and *Patassas* ; (30) *Sharbat* ; (31) Bolied milk ; (32) *Dahi* ; (33) Clarified butter (*ghi*) ; (34) Boiled sweet beetroot ; (35) Ice-cream ; (36) *Purathas* ; (37) Indigenous drugs and decoctions prepared by cooking ; (38) *Lassi* ; (39) *Mulai* ; (40) *Alu-chhole* ; (41) *Gol gappas* ; (42) Cheese ; (43) *Biryani* (44) *Zarda* ; (45) *Mutanjan*.

Form A.

Licence for premises for the manufacture, sale, preparation or exposure for sale of cooked food.

Name of licensee ______________________

Father's name ______________________

Situation of the premises ______________________

Boundaries :—

North ______________________

East ______________________

South ______________________

West ______________________

Signature of the applicant.

Signature of Medical Officer of Health.

Dated ______________________

CONDITIONS.

1. The licensed premises shall be kept structurally fit for the purpose for which the licence is granted.

Explanation.—"Structural fitness" shall be deemed to include —

(*a*) the existence of a floor made of stone, cement or other non-absorbent impervious material ;

(*b*) possession of walls, properly plastered and lime-washed ;

(*c*) adequate provision of light and ventilation ; and

(*d*) suitable drains ;

2. There shall be no direct communication between the premises and any room used as a sleeping room.

3. There shall be no latrine, cesspool, cow-shed, stable or other place within one hundred feet of the premises, which, in the opinion of the Medical Officer of Health, render it undesirable that such premises shall be used for the manufacture, preparation or exposure for sale of cooked food.

4. The licensee shall not employ or permit to be employed in the manufacture, preparation, sale or exposure for sale of cooked food, any person suffering from any infectious or contagious disease, or from loathsome sores or who has recently been attending on any person so suffering, and he shall not suffer any such person or any animal to enter or remain upon the licensed premises.

5. The licensee shall keep all vessels, utensils, receptacles, and other things used in the manufacture, preparation or exposure for sale of cooked food in a state of cleanliness and shall protect from dust and flies, by making use of wire gauze frames or clean white muslin, all materials used in such manufacture or preparation for sale and articles manufactured or prepared for sale to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health.

6. The licensee shall daily cause to be thoroughly washed and cleaned the floor and drain of the licensed premises and every bench, counter, table, shelf or other place on which the articles manufactured, prepared or exposed for sale or any material used in such manufacture, preparation or exposure for sale are kept.

7. The walls of the licensed premises shall be properly lime-washed at least twice a year and more often if so required by the Medical Officer of Health.

8. The licensee shall not carry on or permit to be carried on any other trade or occupation in the licensed premises, except the manufacture preparation, sale or exposure for sale of the cooked food.

9. The licensee shall not spit or smoke or suffer any other person to spit or smoke within the licensed premises.

10. Bedding, soiled clothes and articles not connected with the manufacture, preparation or exposure for sale of cooked food shall not be kept on the licensed premises.

11. (a) The licensee shall not use or permit to be used in such manufacture or preparation for sale any water except water obtained from a source and conveyed to the licensed premises in a manner approved by the Medical Officer of Health ;

(b) The storage of water, if any, on the premises shall be done in a manner approved by the Medical Officer of Health.

(c) When required by the Medical Officer of Health, all water used on the premises shall be treated with such chemical substance and of such strength as he may determine to ensure the purity of water and to avoid the spread of disease.

12. The licensee shall not permit any cooked food to be wrapped in dirty or soiled paper, cloth or leaves.

13. If required by the Medical Officer of Health, the licensee shall present any person employed on the premises to be tested for the purpose of ascertaining whether he is a carrier of any infectious disease.

Note.—Such tests shall be made at municipal expense.

14. The licensee shall provide a receptacle of sanitary type approved by the Medical Officer of Health at a place fixed for the purpose for the collection of waste material and other rubbish.

15. The licensee shall provide a proper place of a sanitary type approved by the Medical Officer of Health for washing hands and for the washing and cleaning of vessels, receptacles, utensils and other such things used.

16. The licensee shall make ample provision for the exit of smoke or other offensive gases emitted during the process of cooking.

17. The drainage of the premises shall be connected with the recognised system of drainage, if any, in existence in the neighbourhood.

18. The licensee shall not import, manufacture, sell or prepare or expose for sale cooked food containing any colouring material which is injurious to the health of human beings.

Explanation.—The colouring matters which shall not be added are as follows :—

Antimony	Copper
Cadmium	Lead
Arsenic	Mercury
Chromium	Zinc
or colours made from Coal Tar	

19. The licensee who uses banaspatine or charbini in the preparation of cooked food shall exhibit in a prominent place on the premises, a signboard to that effect in English, Urdu and if so desired by the licensee, in Nagri or Gurmukhi characters.

20. The licensee shall not use any vessel for keeping *Achars* (pickles) or other articles containing acids or acid vegetable substances unless it is constructed of stone, china or glass or is enamelled, tinned or eletroplated.

21. The licensee shall not place any iron pan containing *misri* in a street or lane or near a drain.

22. The licensee shall keep cooked food in such a manner that it does not decompose or deteriorate or become poisonous or contaminated from any source whatsoever.

23. The licensed premises shall be open without notice and at all reasonable times to inspection by the Medical Officer of Health or any municipal officer authorised by the Committee in this behalf.

24. The licensee shall comply promptly with all notices issued by the Medical Officer of Health in respect of sanitation.

Signature of licensee.

Medical Officer of Health.

Dated __________ Fee paid.

No. 2293-C.-40/26140.—The following by-laws made by the Notified Area Committee of **Buria**, in the Ambala district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 121 and 188 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Notified Area of **Buria** on the 5th day of August, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. Licences under subsection (1) of section 121 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, shall be issued by the Secretary of the Committee in Form A appended to these by-laws on the application of the owner or occupier of the premises to be used for any of the purposes specified in the said subsection and shall be granted by the Committee on payment of a fee of ten rupees per annum per factory and of twelve rupees per annum per flour mill, and on the conditions detailed in by-law 3.

2. All applications for the issue or the renewal of the licences shall be made before the fifteenth day of March in each year.

3. Every licence issued under by-law 1 shall be subject to the following conditions :—

(*a*) that the licensee shall permit any member or officer of the Committee authorised in this behalf to inspect the licensed premises at all reasonable times and without notice ;

(*b*) that the licensee shall always keep the licence issued by the Secretary at the licensed premises, and shall, on demand, produce it for the inspection of any member or officer of the Committee authorised under clause (*a*) of this by-law ;

(*c*) that the licensee shall make adequate arrangements to the satisfaction of the President of the Committee for the extinction of any outbreak of fire ;

(*d*) that the licensee shall at all times keep the licensed premises in a clean and sanitary condition, and shall provide them with adequate ventilation, suitable drains, latrines, urinals and other sanitary conveniences for the use of the workmen employed therein ;

(*e*) that the licensee shall not permit any work to be carried on at the licensed premises which gives rise to offensive noises between 8 o'clock at night and 6 o'clock in the morning unless he has been specially authorised in this behalf ;

(*f*) that in the premises where oil engines are used, kerosine oil, petroleum and other inflammable materials shall be kept in a separate room which shall not be contiguous to the engine room ;

(*g*) that the licensee shall store in a suitable room or rooms, which shall be used for no other purpose and shall be rat proof, all grains or pulses received for milling by power supplied by the oil engine and all flour produced by milling so long as it remains on his premises ;

(*h*) that the licensee shall adopt the best practicable means to the satisfaction of the Committee for rendering innocuous all gases, effluvia or vapours emitted by the engine during the process of working and shall in every case cause such gases, effluvia or vapours to be discharged into the external air in such a manner and at such a height as to admit of the proper diffusion of these gases without producing any unwholesome or injurious effect in the neighbourhood or shall cause such gases to pass from the exhaust pipe (or other outlet of such gases) through fire or into a condensing apparatus and then through fire in such a manner as to consume effectually such gases so as to deprive the same of all noxious or injurious properties ;

(*i*) that in premises where smoke arises through the use of coal in the furnace or any other place in the engine house the licensee shall use such apparatus that will, as far as practicable, consume the smoke arising from the engine or the furnace ;

(*j*) that for a breach of any of these conditions the licence may be suspended or revoked by an order of the Notified Area Committee of Buria.

Explanation.—For purpose of this by-law, the decision of the Committee or some officer appointed by the Committee in this behalf as to whether the ventilation is adequate or the drains or the rooms are suitable or the means adopted for rendering gases, effluvia or vapours innocuous, are the best practicable, shall be final.

Form "A".

A LICENCE TO CARRY ON AN OFFENSIVE AND DANGEROUS TRADE IN THE NOTIFIED AREA OF BURIA.

N. B.—The licence is subject to the conditions specified in by-law 3 of the by-laws published with the Punjab Government notification No. 2293-C.-40/26140, dated the 17th June, 1940.

Serial No. of licence.	Name, parentage, caste and residence of the licensee.	A description of the premises licensed.	A specification of the trades mentioned in section 121 (1) of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, for which the licence is issued.	Endorsement of annual renewals of licence.
1	2	3	4	5

No. 2488-C.-40/26143.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Kalka** in the Ambala district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188, 197 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the municipality of **Kalka**, on the 5th day of August, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

PART I.—DEFINITIONS.

1. In these by-laws "meat" means the flesh of sheep or goats intended for human or animal consumption.

PART II.—LICENSING OF PREMISES FOR THE SALE OR PREPARATION, OR EXPOSURE FOR SALE OF MEAT.

2. No person shall sell meat, or prepare or expose meat for sale in premises other than premises licensed by the Committee in this behalf.

3. No premises shall be licensed for the sale or preparation, or exposure for sale of meat, unless they comply with the following conditions, to the satisfaction of the President or the Medical Officer of Health :—

(1) the floor is made of brick, stone, cement or other impervious material,

(2) the walls are properly plastered and lime-washed.

(3) the drainage is effective,

(4) light and ventilation is adequate,

(5) the locality is suitable, and provided with suitable arrangements for screening the meat from the view of the public, and there is no latrine, cess-pool, cow-shed, stable, or any other such place directly attached to the premises, and

(6) there is no direct communication with any room used as a sleeping room.

4. (*a*) Application for the grant of licence for premises to be used for the sale, preparation, or exposure for sale of meat shall be submitted by the owner or occupier thereof, to the Secretary, who shall issue the licence after the Committee has sanctioned its grant.

(*b*) A fee on the following scale shall be charged for each licence granted under this by-law :—

Rs. 5 per annum.

Re. 1 per mensem, if the licence is granted for a period less than one year.

5. A licence under by-law 4 shall be granted subject to the following conditions :—

(1) that the licensed premises shall always be maintained in a structurally fit condition as defined in by-law 3,

(2) that the walls shall be lime washed at least twice a year or more often, if so required by the President or the Committee.

6. Municipal meat shops in the municipal market shall be deemed to be duly licensed under by-law 4.

PART III.—LICENSING OF PERSONS TO SELL MEAT.

7. No person shall sell meat, except under a licence granted in this behalf by the committee.

8. (*a*) Application for a licence to sell meat shall be submitted to the Secretary who shall issue the licence after the committee has sanctioned its grant.

(*b*) A fee on the following scale shall be charged for the grant of each licence, under this by-law :—

Rs. 2 per annum.

Annas 4 per mensem, if the licence is granted for a period less than one year.

9. A licence under by-law 8 shall be granted subject to the following conditions :—

(1) that the licensee shall keep and expose meat for sale in wire gauze receptacles as a protection against flies ;

(2) that the licensee shall keep the place used for the sale, or preparation, or exposure for sale of meat, and all implements, tables, receptacles, vessels, or other things used therein in a clean and wholesome condition, and he shall provide every such place at all times with a sufficient supply of water for cleaning the same, and that he shall daily cause to be thoroughly washed and cleaned the floor and drains of the premises and every bench, counter, table, shelf or other place on which meat is kept or prepared or exposed for sale.

(3) that the licensee shall provide a receptacle for the collection of all sorts of refuse, and shall not throw or suffer to be thrown any waste except in the said receptacle which shall be cleared and washed twice daily.

(4) that the licensee shall provide :—

(*a*) a table of which the top shall be covered with a zinc sheet, or a slab of marble, slate or stone, for cutting up meat;

(*b*) metal scales and weights in proper working order, and these shall at all reasonable times be open to inspection by any member of the committee, or the President, or the Secretary of the Committee;

(5) that the licensee shall cease to sell meat when suffering from any infectious or contagious disease or loathsome sores, that he shall not employ, or permit to be employed any person suffering from any of the aforesaid diseases and that he shall not allow to enter in the premises where meat is sold or prepared or exposed for sale any person so suffering, or who has recently attended any person thus suffering ;

(6) that the licensee shall not carry on or permit to be carried on in the premises licensed for the sale, or preparation or exposure for sale of meat, any trade or occupation, other than the sale, or preparation, or exposure for sale of meat ;

(7) that the licensee shall not spit or smoke or suffer any other person to spit or smoke, within the licensed premises ;

(8) that the licensee shall not keep or suffer to be kept in the licensed premises any bedding, soiled clothes, or other things not required for the sale or preparation, or exposure for sale of meat ;

(9) that while in the licensed premises the licensee shall be dressed in reasonably clean clothes;

(10) that while in the licensed premises, the licensee shall not in any way misbehave, or commit any other nuisance;

(11) that the licensee shall always keep the licence with him, in the licensed premises, and produce it for inspection, when so required by the President, or the Secretary, or any other person duly authorised by the Committee in this behalf.

(12) that the licensee shall at all reasonable times permit any member, or President or Secretary, or any other officer of the committee to inspect the licensed premises without notice.

PART IV.—REGULATION OF THE MANNER OF TRANSPORT OF MEAT.

10. No person shall carry or tra ort meat for sale through any street or public place except in clean receptacles and covered by a clean cloth in such a way that the meat shall not be visible to passersby.

PART V.—PENAL CLAUSES.

11. The committee may at any time revoke or cancel any license granted under these by-laws for any breach of the by-laws, and no compensation in respect of such revocation or cancellation shall be recoverable from the committee.

12. Any person who commits a breach or an abetment of a breath of any of these by-laws shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and if the breach is continuing breach, with a further fine. which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

No. 2461-L. G.—Bds.-40/26147.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (10) of section 62 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that with the previous sanction of the Governor of the Punjab, the Municipal Committee of **Dinga**, in the Gujrat district, has, with effect from the 21st September, 1940, made the following amendment of its toll tax schedule appended to Punjab Government notification No. 7164-L. G.—Bds.-38/1338, dated the 11th January, 1939 :—

AMENDMENT.

For the words "per day" appearing in the heading of column 3 of the schedule the words "per trip" shall be substituted.

No 2472-C.-40/26188.—The following bye-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Panipat** in the Karnal district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 189 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Panipat**, on the 5th day of August, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. No person shall bathe or wash clothes or other articles or animals at a public stand-pipe or hydrant or tamper with or damage a public stand-pipe or hydrant or draw or attempt to draw water from the public stand-pipe or hydrant except by the proper method, or wilfully waste water or suffer water to run to waste from a public stand-pipe or hydrant.

2. (1) No person shall without the written permission of the committee draw or use water from a public stand-pipe or hydrant or from a private water supply for a purpose other than a domestic purpose.

Explanation.—For the purpose of these by-laws water for a domestic purpose shall not be deemed to include water —

(*a*) for any trade, manufacture or business, or

(*b*) for fountains, swimming baths or for any ornamental or mechanical purpose, or

(*c*) for gardens, or for purpose of irrigation, or

(*d*) for watering roads or paths, or

(*e*) for building purposes.

(2) A person permitted to draw or use water under clause (1) for a purpose other than a domestic purpose shall pay for the water consumed at the rate prescribed in by-law 9, provided that if water is so drawn or used from a public stand-pipe or hydrant, the amount of water consumed shall be calculated at the rate of 600 gallons per hundred cubic feet of material consolidated if the water is used for the consolidation of a road, or at the rate of 500 gallons per hundred rupees of the value of the building as estimated by

the Secretary of the Committee if the water is used for building purposes, unless in either case such person can prove to the satisfaction of the committee the approximate amount of water actually consumed.

3. Subject to the provision of by-law 20 no connection with the municipal mains for a private water supply and no alteration or extension of any such existing connection shall be made except on the application of the owner of such premises or his recognised agent, who shall be registered as the consumer and shall be responsible for the observance of the by-laws, so far as the connection on his property is concerned.

4. Every application for a connection with the municipal mains for a private water supply or for the alteration or extension of any such existing connection shall be addressed to the Secretary of the Committee and shall be made on a printed form in Form A, a copy of which may be obtained free of charge from Municipal Office, and on receipt of the application an estimate of the cost of the connection shall be prepared and forwarded to the applicant.

5. If on the receipt of the estimate the applicant wishes to have the connection, alteration or extension carried out, he shall deposit at the Office of the Secretary of the Committee the amount of the estimate, and if the connection, alteration or extension is sanctioned by the committee or the officer authorised by the committee in this behalf the work shall be executed only by Municipal agency, or to such extent as the committee may permit, by a plumber licensed by the committee in accordance with the water supply Regulations contained in the appendix.

6. All connections for a private water supply shall be metered.

7. The meter shall be supplied by the committee and rent shall be charged for it at the rates specified in by-law 10 and no person shall tamper with the meter in any way; provided that a member of the Municipal staff may, if authorised by the committee in this behalf, have access to the meter.

8. No connection for a private water supply shall be provided with a ferrule of more than ½″ in diameter; provided that a connection for supply of water for a purpose other than a domestic purpose may be provided with a ferrule not exceeding ¾″ in diameter.

9. The registered consumer shall pay each month for water consumed during the previous month at the rate of Re. 0-8-0 per thousand gallons provided that for the purpose of calculating the amount so payble any fraction of five hundred gallons less than two hundred and fifty gallons shall be disregarded and any such fraction not less than two hundred and fifty gallons shall be reckoned as five hundred gallons:

Provided that instead of the above rate annas two per months per thousand gallons will be charged for places of worship such as mosques and temples.

10. In addition to the charge specified in by-law 9 meter rent shall be levied in accordance with the following scale :—

Size of meter.	*Monthly rate.* Rs.	A.	P.
3/8″	0	8	0
1/2″	0	8	0
3/4″	0	12	0
1″	1	0	0

and meter rent shall be charged for the period during which the meter is installed whether it is in working order or not;

Provided that if the total period for which charge to be made is not more than fifteen days in any one month, such period shall not be reckoned, and period of more than fifteen days but less than one month shall be reckoned as one month;

Provided further that no charge shall be made by the committee for the cost of repair or renewal of a meter unless such repair or renewal has been necessitated by wilful abuse or negligence on the part of the registered consumer.

11. The registered consumer in respect of any metered connection may challenge the correctness of his meter on payment of a fee of four rupees; and if, on examination the meter is found to record five per cent or more in excess, the fee shall be returned.

12. If in the course of any month a meter is found to be registering not less than five per cent in excess, the consumer shall be entitled to have the charge made to him for consumption of water reduced proportionately for the period from the first day of the month previous to the month in which the fee referred to in by-law 11 is deposited to the day on which the meter is set right.

13. If in any month the meter of any connection ceases to register or has been removed for repair or renewal, the committee shall be entitled to charge for that month an amount equal to the average amount levied for the corresponding month of the previous year and the two months preceding such month, or if the connection was not in existence or the supply had been cut off on during such period, an amount not less than the amount levied during the month previous to the month in which the meter ceased to register or was removed for repair or renewal.

14. The bill of demand for meter rent and water supply shall be presented to the consumer by the Secretary of the committee each month and shall be paid within seven days from the date of the presentation of the bill.

Explanation.—For the purpose of this by-law a bill shall be deemed to have been duly presented if it is presented in the manner prescribed for the service of a notice in section 215 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911.

15. No house or premises shall be supplied with water from the service connection of any other house or premises.

16. No portion of any water connection or of the pipe or main leading to it shall be tampered with by any consumer in any way whatever, whether for the purpose of repair, alteration or any other purpose, except with the written permission of the Committee:

Provided that every consumer shall maintain the taps, pipes and other fitting inside the premises in water-tight condition.

17. A connection may at any time be cut off at the request of the registered consumer or by order of the committee for any of the following reasons :—

(a) in the interest of the water works ;

(b) for the purpose of affecting repairs to any part of the water supply system ;

(c) if the bill for water supply and meter rent remains unpaid for a period of one month from the date of the presentation of the bill to the consumer ;

(d) in any case, where, in the opinion of the President or the Secretary of the Committee or the Municipal Medical Officer of Health, the use of water causes the premises to become insanitary, or

(e) in any case, where, in the opinion of the President or the Secretary of the Committee or the Municipal Medical Officer of Health, adequate drainage arrangements have not been made for the disposal of the waste water.

Explanation.—The cutting off of a connection means merely the closing of the stop-cock.

18. Any registered consumer who wishes to close his connection shall give seven days' notice to the Secretary of the Committee and no charge shall be made for the water or meter rent after the expiry of the period of the notice.

Explanation.—The closing of a connection means the removal of the meter and the severance of the service pipe from the communication pipe.

19. Any application for restoring a connection which has been closed shall be dealt with as if it were an application for a new connection.

20. If any person, other than the owner of the premises to which a connection has been made or his duly authorized agent wishes to reopen a connection or to keep open a connection which would otherwise be closed he shall enter into an agreement with the committee undertaking the responsibilities of the registered consumer and shall remain responsible for the connection so long as it remains open and if the committee thinks fit, such person may be called upon to deposit a sum of thirty rupees as security for the cost of water to be supplied and such amount shall be kept in tact and not set off against any money due from such consumer until the connection is closed.

21. Any person who commits a breach of by-laws 1, 2, 3, 7 or 13 shall, on conviction by a magistrate be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees and if the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

Form A.

(BY-LAW 4.)

MUNICIPAL COMMITTEE, PANIPAT.

No. *Dated*

Application for a private connection for water supply from the distribution mains of the Municipal Committee of Panipat.

For houses or premises { No.__________ } Street or road. { Name__________ } Kucha or bazar.

To

The Secretary,

Municipal Committee,

Panipat.

Sir,

I beg to request that a metered supply of water for domestic or other than domestic purposes may be sanctioned for the premises specified above and that the Municipal Committee of Panipat will arrange to carry out the work. The particulars of the fittings required are given below.

2. I undertake to act in respect of the said supply in conformity with the by-laws and regulations made by the committee and also with such amended by-laws and regulations as may be made by the committee from time to time for the regulation of connections between private houses or other premises and the water supply mains of the Committee.

3. I agree that the committee shall, with or without notice, have power to close or sever at any time the private service pipe to my premises if it considers it advisable or necessary to do so for any reason whatsoever.

Yours faithfully.

(Signature of the owner or his recognised agent, of the premises specified above.)

Particulars of private connection.

Approximate length and diameter of service pipe__________

Number and diameter of taps__________ No.__________ Diameter.

Diameter of ferrule on distribution main__________

Diameter of stop tap__________

Diameter of water meter__________

Position of meter and stop tap and how to be protected__________

Signature__________

Cost of connection.

______ ferrule complete Rs.__________ Ft. galvanised water tubing Rs.__________

______ inches in diameter laid complete Rs.__________ stop-tap fixed complete Rs.__________

______ meter installation charges only, including box of cast iron or wrought iron Rs.__________

No.__________ bib taps fixed complete Rs.__________ No.__________ clamps to walls Rs.

______ No.__________ cutting through walls and repairing them.

Rs.

Dated__________ 19 . Total Rs.__________

APPENDIX.

(BY-LAW 5.)

Water supply regulations.

1. All work connected with the making, alteration, extension or repair of private connections shall be carried out by Municipal agency or, to the extent which the committee may permit, by a licensed plumber, under the supervision of Municipal Engineer or other officer appointed for that purpose and all materials required for such work shall be provided by the committee at the cost of the owner of a private house or his recognized agent.

2. The pipes and fittings of house service connection shall consist of the following sections ,—

(a) the ferrule connecting the communication pipe with the supply pipe, such ferrule to be made of hard brass or gun metal ;

(b) the communication pipe from the ferrule or *tee* to the stop cock and the service pipe or pipes from the stop cock to the taps such service pipe or pipes to be of galvanized iron, solid drawn or lap welded, of British manufacture and of the strength known as water strength ;

NOTE.—The specifications of pipes of water strength are given below :—

Nominal bore of tubes.	Thickness S. W. G.	Inches.	WEIGHT PER FT. IN LB.	
			Black.	Galvanized.
1/8"	13	·092	·306	·330
1/4"	13	·092	·428	·462
3/8"	12	·104	·644	·695
1/2"	11	·116	·896	·968
3/4"	10	·128	1·268	1·344
1"	9	·144	1·833	1·943
1¼"	8	·60	2·598	2·728
1½"	7	·76	3·237	3·399
2"	7	·176	4·128	4·293
2½"	6	·192	5·779	6·010
3"	6	·192	6·834	7·107
3½"	6	·192	7·873	8·188
4"	6	·192	8·945	9·302
4½"	6	·192	10·006	10·406
5"	6	·192	11·001	11·534
6"	6	·192	13·332	13·865

NOTE 1.—Tube 1½ inches nominal bore and under may be buttwelded, tubes over 1½ inches nominal bore must be lapwelded or weldless.

NOTE 2.—Unless otherwise specified all tubes up to and including 6 inches nominal bore shall be the screwed type over 6 inches nominal bore, they shall be of the flanged type.

(c) a brass stop-cock of the screw down pattern having the same waterway as the pipe, such stop-cock to be placed at or near the point of entrance of the service pipe to the premises to be supplied with water or if necessary within such premises for the purpose of shutting off the water and regulating the supply, and to be provided with a cover box of cast iron or wrought iron and furnished with a lock and key, such key to remain under the control of the Municipal Engineer or other officer appointed by the committee for that purpose ;

(d) the tap which shall, wherever fitted, be of the screw down pattern with crutch handle; and

(e) the meter, which shall, if possible be placed in the same cover box as that in which the stop-cock is placed, and shall be fixed in a position where it is not liable to injury but can be easily inspected, provided that if the meter is placed in a separate box, the box shall be of cast iron or wrought iron and shall be placed as near to the stop-cock as possible in a position where the meter can be conveniently examined and the box shall be fitted with lock and key and the key shall remain under the control of the Municipal Engineer, or other officer of the committee appointed for that purpose.

3. The number of taps to each ferrule connection and the dimensions of ferrule interior pipes and taps for water shall be of the following relative sizes only :—

Diameter of ferrule.	DIAMETER OF PIPES INSIDE BUILDING.		Size of taps or cocks.	Number of taps for each ferrule connection.
	Lower floor.	Upper floor.		
2"	1/2"	1/2"	1/2"	4
3/4"	3/4"	1/2"	1/2"	5
3/4"	3/4"	3/4"	1/2"	6

4. All taps and fittings for service connection shall be capable of standing a test pressure of three hundred pounds per square inch of water without damage or leakage.

5. All service pipes shall, if possible, be laid not less than two feet below the surface of the ground.

6. All pipes and fittings laid above ground shall be securely fastened to a wall or other immovable structure by means of strong wrought iron clamps.

7. No service pipe or fitting shall pass along side any sullage drain, sewer, latrine, ashpit or soakage pit, and no service pipe shall enter a building through the same opening as gives exit to a sullage drain.

8. No tap shall be fixed at a distance of less than two feet above the surface of the ground.

9. No service pipe shall be connected directly with a boiler for generating steam and every cistern, tank, reservoir or other vessel which is supplied with water from a service pipe shall have the discharge and of the service pipe or the tap at a distance of not less than six inches above the highest water level of such cistern, tank, reservoir or other vessel.

10. In the case of a connection for the supply of water for other than domestic purposes, the ferrule when tapped into a Municipal main of less than six inches in internal diameter, shall be half an inch in diameter, and if tapped into a Municipal main of six inches or more, but less than eight inches in diameter shall be not more than three-fourths of an inch in diameter.

No. 2465-C.-40/26240.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Khushab**, in the Shahpur district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Khushab** on the 5th day of August, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. These by-laws shall apply only to those tanks, ponds, wells and baolis from which water is or may be made available for the public.

2. The Committee may, by a public notice fixed near a tank, pond, well or baoli prohibit, either permanently or temporarily for a specified period, the lowering of private receptacles for drawing water from such tank, pond, well or baoli.

3. No person shall—

(*a*) throw any rubbish, filth or any other unwholesome or objectionable articles into a tank, pond, well or baoli ;

(*b*) wash or soak skins, leather or any other dirty substance in a tank, pond, well or baoli ;

(*c*) permit water from a drain to flow into a tank, pond, well or baoli.

4. No person shall, in the open space within a radius of one hundred feet, or such other distance as may be prescribed by the Committee of a tank, pond, well or baoli—

(*a*) place any rubbish or filth or any other unwholesome or objectionable articles ;

(*b*) ease himself or urinate ;

(*c*) (in the case of a tank, pond, well or baoli the water of which is used for drinking purposes) wash any clothes or utensils or water any animals.

5. No water shall be used for filling a tank unless it is obtained from a source and conveyed through a channel approved by the Committee.

6. No person shall bathe on or within a distance of five feet of a well or a baoli.

7. The owner or the person in charge of a well, tank, pond or baoli shall carry out such measures as the Committee or the Medical Officer of Health may prescribe for preventing the pollution of water in such well tank, pond or baoli.

8. When so required by the Committee the owner or the person in charge of a well, tank, pond or baoli—

(*a*) shall build, of the type and the material specified, a drain or a cistern or shall make pacca floor to provide [for dirty water to flow

off and to prevent the flow of surface water or the water of any drain into the well ;

(b) shall provide the well with a suitable covering to prevent pollution from natural causes such as the falling in of leaves or fruit of trees or the excreta of birds ;

(c) shall provide the well with a parapet wall of the size and type specified ;

(d) shall provide a metal receptacle for raising water for drinking purposes attached to a metal chain in such a manner that the upper end of the chain shall always be above the surface of the water ;

(e) shall render the lining of the well impervious to contamination from sub-soil water.

9. The owner or the person in charge of a well, tank, pond or baoli shall, when so required by the Committee, have it cleaned or repaired to the satisfaction of the Committee. In default, the Committee may have the work performed through its own agency and recover the expense from the person concerned.

10. The President, Secretary or the Medical Officer of Health or any person appointed in this behalf by the Committee, may, at all times, inspect any well, tank, pond or baoli or its source of water-supply.

11. Any person who commits a breach of any of these by-laws shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and if the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

The 18th June, 1940.

No. 2244-C.-40/26242.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Jagraon**, in the Ludhiana district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Jagraon**, on the 5th day of August, 1940, from which date the by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 434-C.-37/8358, dated the 1st March, 1937, shall be deemed to be cancelled :—

BY-LAWS.

1. In these by-laws unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context :—

(a) "Committee" shall mean the Municipal Committee of Abohar.

(b) "Medical Officer of Health" shall have the same meaning as in section 3 (15 of the Punjab Mun icipal Act, 1911.

(c) "Officer-in-charge of the fair" shall mean the officer appointed by the Committee to be incharge of the fair.

(d) "Sanitary Inspector" shall mean the Sanitary Inspector deputed by the Medical Officer of Health.

(e) "Sub-Assistant Health Officer" shall mean the sub-assistant health officer deputed by the Medical Officer of Health.

2. These by-laws shall apply to the Roshni Fair at Jagraon.

3. No person shall enter or leave the fair ground save by a route specified for the purpose by the officer-in-charge of the fair.

4. If the officer-in-charge of the fair has erected any barrier across a road no person shall without permission of an authorised official pass such barrier.

5. The officer-in-charge of the fair may prohibit the entrance into the fair ground of any person suffering from a loathsome, infectious or contagious disease or any person who has been in contact with any such person and may expel any person so suffering or having been in contact from the fair ground.

6. (1) Where the officer-in-charge of the fair has fixed a place or places for parking of vehicles, no person shall park any vehicle at any place in the fair ground other than the place or places so fixed.

2) No person shall stable or keep animals at places other than those set apart for the purpose.

7. No person shall set up in the fair ground any theatre or cinema, merry-go-round or any other show for public amusement, save at places and on conditions to be fixed by the officer-in-charge of the fair.

8. No person shall set up any game of chance at any place in the fair ground.

9. The Medical Officer of Health may destroy or cause to be destroyed, or confine, or cause to be confined for such period as he may direct any dog suffering, or reasonably suspected to be suffering from rabies or bitten by any dog, or any other animal suffering or suspected to be suffering from rabies.

10. No person knowing or having reasons to believe that any dog belonging to him in his charge is likely to annoy or intimidate any person or animal or has been bitten by an animal suffering, or reasonably suspected to be suffering from rabies shall neglect to restrain such dog from annoying, intimidating or biting other persons or animals. Any person who commits or abets the commitment of a breach of this by-law shall be punishable with fine which may extend to twenty rupees.

Accommodate.

11. No person attending the fair shall encamp anywhere on the fair ground except on places set apart by the officer-in-charge of the fair for the purpose.

12. No person shall use any building or site for the lodging of visitors on the fair ground except under a licence granted by the Medical Officer of Health. Every such licence shall be issued subject to the following conditions :—

(*i*) that such building or site complies with such conditions regarding ventilation, cleanliness, water supply, conservancy and drainage as the Medical Officer of Health may lay down ;

(*ii*) that such building or site shall accomodate not more than the number of persons of either sex stated in the licence ;

(*iii*) that the licence shall be liable to cancellation at any time by the Medical Office of Health for a breach of any of these conditions.

13. The licensee or any such house shall supply to each person staying in it a cardboard ticket bearing the name of the visitor and the accommodation assigned to that individual.

14. All fires in thatched houses or *jhugis* shall be extinguished by 10 P.M.

15. Each licensee shall provide such number of buckets filled with water or sand as may be prescribed by the Medical Officer of Health for use in case of fire.

Water Supply.

16. No person shall take water within the fair ground from any source other than that approved by the Medical Officer of Health who may close or direct the closure of any source of water supply, public or private, temporarily if the same be in his opinion polluted or otherwise unfit for use.

17. The Medical Officer of Health may at his discretion disinfect or treat any well, tank or other source of water supply.

18. No drinking booth shall be allowed on the fair ground except under a licence granted by the Medical Officer of Health.

19. No person shall sell, store, prepare or expose for sale any article of food or drink at any place in the fair ground except under a licence granted by the Medical Officer of Health and subject to the conditions specified on the licence form.

Food Supply.

20. Every licence granted under by-law No. 19 shall be issued subject to following conditions :—

(*i*) that any place used for the preparation, sale or exposure for sale or free supply of any article of food or drink shall be well lighted and ventilated and shall be kept clean at all times to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health ;

(*ii*) that water used in the preparation of articles of food or drink or for the washing of vessels used in such preparation shall be derived from a source approved by the Medical Officer of Health and be stored in clean and properly covered containers ;

(*iii*) that all vessels used in the preparation, storage or distribution of food or drink shall be kept clean ;

(*iv*) that only wholesome and unadulterated articles of food or drink shall be sold ;

(*v*) that all refuse (from whatever source) shall be deposited in suitable covered containers ;

(*vi*) that the Medical Officer of Health or any person not below the rank of a Sanitary Inspector or Sub-Assistant Health Officer authorised by him in this behalf may enter the licensed premises to inspect the same and any articles of food and drink ;

(*vii*) that the Medical Officer of Health or any officer not below the rank of a Sanitary Inspector or Sub-Assistant Health Officer specially authorised by him in this behalf may seize and destroy or otherwise dispose of any article of food or drink which in his opinion is unfit for human consumption ;

(*viii*) that no person who is suffering from any infectious, loathsome or contagious disease shall touch, or take part in the preparation or distribution of, any article of food or drink ;

(*ix*) that the licensee or his agent or servant shall immediately inform the office of the Medical Officer of Health at the fair of any case of illness among the persons connected with the licensed premises ;

(*x*) that the licensed premises shall not be used for sleeping purposes ;

(*xi*) that nothing shall be stored in any licensed premises except the articles necessary for the preparation, storage, and distribution of food and drink;

(*xii*) that no dog or other animal shall be allowed in any licensed premises ;

(*xiii*) that all articles of food and drink shall be carefully protected from flies and dust ; and

(*xiv*) that the licensee shall comply with any other instructions issued by the Medical Officer of Health in this behalf.

21. The Medical Officer of Health may prohibit the import into the fair ground of any article of food or drink which he considers is likely to promote illness.

22. (1) No person shall manufacture ærated waters for sale in any premises on the fair ground except under a licence granted by the Medical Officer of Health.

(2) Every licence granted under this by-law shall be subject to the following conditions :—

(*i*) that the water used in the manufacture of ærated waters be derived from a source approved by the Medical Officer of Health and be carried in clean covered vessels and stored in a clean cistern with a tap ;

(*ii*) that empty bottles be first cleaned by scrubbing brush and clean water and then kept soaked in a solution of permanganate of potash for six hours. The permanganate solution shall be renewed as soon as it turns brown ; and

(*iii*) that all bottles shall bear a lable or mark showing the name and address of the manufacturer.

NOTE.—The Medical Officer of Health will be the sole judge of whether a vessel or cistern is clean or not and in case of dispute in any matter pertaining to articles of food or drink as contained in these by-laws, the decision of the Medical Officer of Health shall be final.

Washing and Bathing.

23. (*a*) No person shall wash any clothes or animals or bathe at any place on the fair ground other than that approved by the Medical Officer of Health and specified by the officer-in-charge of the fair and no person shall use such a place which is set apart for the use of the opposite sex or at times other than those specified by the officer-in-charge of the fair.

(b) No infected articles or clothes which have been used by or have come in contact with a person suffering from an infectious disease shall be washed at the public washing or bathing places unless they have been previously disinfected to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health.

Conservancy and Health.

24. No person shall ease himself at any place on the fair ground other than that set apart for the purpose.

25. No person shall deposit refuse at any place on the fair ground other than that specified for the purpose by the Medical Officer of Health.

26. The Medical Officer of Health may—

(i) fix places for the deposit of refuse, rubbish or other waste matter of any kind and give directions regarding the time at which and manner in which such refuse, rubbish or waste matter may be kept on any land or building or removed along any road or pathway ;

(ii) direct the owner or occupier of any land or building not to cause, or knowingly or negligently allow, any waste water to collect on any land or place not set apart for the purpose ;

(iii) arrange for the removal of filth, rubbish, manure, or other waste matter from any latrine, urinal, cesspool or other receptacle for such matter ;

(iv) establish medical inspection posts in connection with the examination of travellers by rail and road and may also arrange for adequate accommodation for the isolation of cases of infectious diseases ;

(v) refuse entry to the fair ground to any person suspected to be suffering from any contagious disease and who refuses to allow himself to be examined at any such examination post, or gives a false answer to any question addressed to him by the Medical Officer or official in charge of such post and who disobeys any order of such officer or official in respect of his removal to a hospital or his detention in a place set apart for the purpose ;

(vi) order the removal of any person suffering or suspected to be suffering from any infectious disease to a suitable hospital and order all persons who have been in contact with a case of infectious disease to be isolated for a specified period ;

(vii) order the cleaning and disinfection of any land building drain, latrine, urinal, cesspool or any bedding, clothing or any other article which is in his opinion infected or likely to carry infection ;

(viii) prohibit the letting of a house or building or part of a house or building which has not been disinfected to his satisfaction ;

(ix) prohibit the entrance into the fair ground of persons coming from a town, village or locality which is infected with cholera, plague, smallpox or any other communicable disease unless such persons submit to appropriate preventive inoculation.

27. It shall be the duty of the owner or keeper of a lodging house, hostel or serai to inform the Medical Officer of Health immediately of any case of illness on his premises.

Note.—In these by-laws the term "infectious diseases", "contagious diseases" or "communicable diseases" includes —

1. Cholera.	11. Erysipelas.
2. Smallpox.	12. Relapsing fever.
3. Plague.	13. Influenza.
4. Measles.	14. Purperal fever.
5. Chickenpox.	15. Cerebrospinal fever (meningitis).
6. Diphtheria.	16. Dysentery.
7. Tuberculosis (includes tuberclo of lungs).	17. Leprosy.
8. Scarlet fever.	18. Mumps.
9. Typhus fever.	19. Whooping cough.
10. Enteric fever.	20. Sprue.

28. Any licence issued under these by-laws may be cancelled by the Medical Officer of Health for a breach of any of the conditions of the licence. The decision of the Medical Officer of Health shall be final.

29. Any person who commits or abets the commitment of a breach of any of these by-laws except by-law 10 for which a penalty is prescribed separately shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with a fine which may extend to rupees fifty and if the breach is a continuing breach with a further fine which may extend to rupees five for each day after the first, during which the breach continues.

No. 2297-C.-40/26279.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 16 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to remove Sheikh Hissam-ud-Din, B.A., from membership of the Municipal Committee of **Amritsar,** and to direct under subsection (2) of the said section that be shail be disqualified for election for a period of five years following the date of this notification.

No. 2511-C.-40/26335.—The following amendment made by the Municipal Committee of **Nurmahal,** in the Jullundur district, to the by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 24408, dated the 9th August, 1935, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for general information, and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Nurmahal,** on the 5th day of August, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

In by-law 5 *for* the words " on payment of a fee at the rate of two rupees per annum " the words " free of charge " shall be substituted.

No. 2414-C.-40/26429.—Punjab Government notification No. 30469-C.-38/26923, dated the 5th August, 1938, is hereby cancelled.

No. 2512-C.-40/26432.—The following amendment made by the Municipal Committee of **Muktsar**, in the Ferozepore district, to the by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 36379, dated the 13th November, 1929, as amended by Punjab Government notifications Nos. 28538 and 8198-L. S. G., dated the 19th September, 1931, and the 20th March, 1933, respectively, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for general information, and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Muktsar,** on the 5th day of August, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

The following proviso shall be added after clause (2) of by-law 9 :—

" Provided further that a minimum charge for monthly consumption of water shall not be less than eight annas exclusive of meter rent."

No. 2439-C.-40/26434.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (10) of section 62 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that with the previous sanction of the Governor of the Punjab the Municipal Committee of **Pind Dadan Khan,** in the Jhelum district has, with effect from the 25th September, 1940, made the following amendment to its octroi schedule, published with Punjab Government notification No. 20290, dated the 2nd June, 1931, as subsequently amended :—

AMENDMENT.

Under clause IX the following new item shall be added, namely :—

Serial No.	Articles.	RATE OF OCTROI.		
		Per maund.	Per rupee.	By tale.
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
12	Radios, gramophones, their recordings, and harmoniums.	...	0 0 6	...

No. 2255-L G.—Bds.-40/26437.—Whereas it appears to the Governor of the Punjab that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Municipal Committee of **Jullundur**, for a public purpose, namely, for providing a passage to the land already purchased by the Committee for the construction of a Girls' School in Niain Faqiran, Jullundur City, it is hereby notified that the land described in the specification below is likely to be acquired for the said purpose.

2. This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, to all whom it may concern, and, in exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to authorize the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

3. Any person interested in the land who has any objection to the acquisition may, within thirty days of the publication of this notification, file an objection in writing before the Collector of the Jullundur district :—

SPECIFICATION OF LAND.

District.	*Tahsil.*	*Mauza.*	*Area in acres.*	*Boundaries.*
Jullundur	Jullundur	Jullundur	·056	*North.*—Khasra Nos. 2438, 2439 and cultivated land of Rahmat Ullah and others. *East.*—A part of the proposed passage. *South.*—A part of the passage and khasra Nos. 2440 and 2438. *West.*—Municipal land purchased for Girls' School (khasra No. 2455).

No. 2092-C.-40/26450.—The following by-laws made by the Administrator of the **Sialkot** Municipality, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 197 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are hereby published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Sialkot**, on the 5th day of August, 1940, from which date Punjab Government notification No. 18935, dated the 5th August, 1924, shall be deemed to be cancelled :—

BY-LAWS.

1. No person shall manufacture, sell, prepare or expose for sale milk, skimmed milk, curd or butter including clarified butter, sweetmeats and confectionary, sherbat, indigenous drugs and decoctions, sugar, including batashas and misri, in any place or premises not licensed by the Executive Officer, and no person shall sell or expose for sale milk, butter or curd within the limits of the municipality or import into the municipality milk, butter or curd for sale except under a licence granted by the Executive Officer in this behalf.

2. No premises shall be licensed for the manufacture, sale, or preparation for sale of milk, skimmed milk, curd or butter, including clarified butter, sweatmeats and confectionary, sherbats, indigenous drugs and decoctions, sugar, including batashas and misri :—

(*a*) unless they have a floor made of stone, brick, cement or other impervious material ;

(*b*) unless the walls are properly plastered and lime-washed ;

(*c*) unless they are provided with adequate light and ventilation to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health ;

(*d*) unless they are provided with a drain and the whole floor is so sloped as to allow all liquid to flow off by the drain ;

(e) if there is any direct communication between the premises and any room used as a sleeping room ;

(f) if there is any latrine, cess-pool, cow-shed, stable or other place within such distance as in the opinion of the Medical Officer of Health renders it undesirable that such premises should be used for the manufacture or preparation for sale of milk, skimmed milk, curd or butter, including clarified butter, sweatmeats, and confectionary, sherbats, indigenous drugs and decoctions, sugar, including batashas and misri ;

(g) unless suitable arrangement is made for exit of smoke, if fire is lit in the room ;

(h) if a proper place of sanitary pattern approved by the Medical Officer of Health is not provided for washing hands, and for the washing and cleaning of vessels, receptacles, utensils or other such things used ;

(i) unless the drainage of the premises is connected with the recognised system of drainage, if any, in existence, in the near neighbourhood.

3. Subject to the provisions of by law 2 licences for premises for the manufacture, preparation for sale or exposure for sale of milk, skimmed milk, curd or butter, including clarified butter, sweatmeats and confectionary, sherbats, indigenous drugs and decoctions, sugar, including batashas and misri, shall be issued by the Medical Officer of Health in form 'A' appended to these by-laws on the application of the owner or occupier of such premises and shall be granted subject to the conditions specified in form 'A' as the conditions subject to which the licence is granted.

4. Licences to import, milk, skimmed milk, curd or butter, including clarified butter, for sale shall be issued by the Medical Officer of Health to any person applying for them and shall be granted subject to the following conditions :—

(i) that the licensee shall not import any milk, skimmed milk, curd or butter, including clarified butter made from milk obtained from any animal, which he knows or has good reason to believe is suffering from any disease or from any dairy or other place from which the procuring of milk, skimmed milk, curd or butter, including clarified butter, has under any general or special declaration notified to the licensee been declared dangerous to the public health by the Medical Officer of Health ;

(ii) that the licensee shall import milk, skimmed milk, curd or butter, including clarified butter, in clean covered vessels ;

(iii) that the licensee shall not import milk, skimme d milk, curd or butter, in cluding clarified butter, which has been adulterated ;

(iv) that the licensee shall not import for sale 'skimmed milk' except in covered receptable painted in red on the outside and on which shall be printed in large and legible type in English 'Skimmed Milk' on one side and its vernacular equivalent on the other side.

5. Licences to sell milk, skimmed milk, curd or butter, including clarified butter, shall be issued by the Medical Officer of Health to any person applying for them and shall be granted subject to the following conditions :—

(i) that the licensee shall not sell milk, skimmed milk, curd or butter including clarified butter, made from milk, obtained from any animal, which he knows or has good reason to believe to be suffering from any disease, or from any dairy or other place from which the procuring of milk, skimmed milk, curd or butter, including clarified butter, has under any general or special declaration notified to the licensee been declared dangerous to the public health by the Medical Officer of Health ;

(ii) that the licensee shall keep all milk, skimmed milk, curd or butter, including clarified butter for sale in clean covered vessels ;

(iii) that the licensee shall not keep any milk, skimmed milk, curd or butter including clarified butter for sale in any place or room used for cooking or sleeping ;

(iv) that the licensee shall not dilute or adulterate or cause to be diluted or adulterated any milk, skimmed milk, curd or butter, including clarified butter intended for sale ;

(v) that the licensee shall not sell 'skimmed milk' except in covered receptacles painted red on the outside and on which shall be printed in large and legible type in English 'skimmed milk' on one side and its vernacular equivalent on the other.

6. No person suffering from any contagious or infectious disease or loathsome sores shall be employed in premises where milk, skimmed milk, curd or butter, including clarified butter, sweetmeats and confectionery, *sherbats*, indigenous drugs and decoctions, sugar, including *batashas* and misri is manufactured, sold or prepared for sale.

7. The licensee to import or sell milk, skimmed milk, curd or butter, including clarified butter, shall at all times allow the Executive Officer or the Medical Officer of Health to inspect any premises in which he keeps the milk, skimmed milked, curd or butter, including clarified butter, or to keep sample thereof for analysis.

8. The licensee shall provide a covered receptacle of the size and design as prescribed by Municipal Medical Officer of Health for the collection or rubbish, and shall not throw or allow to be thrown any waste anywhere except in the said receptacle to be placed just outside the licensed premises.

9. Any licensee who commits or abets the commission of a breach of the condition of his licence shall be liable to have his licence revoked.

10. Any person who commits or abets the commission of a breach of any of these by-laws, and any licensee who commits or abets the commission of a breach of any of the conditions of his licence shall be liable on conviction by a magistrate to fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and when the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

FORM 'A'.

Licence for premises for the manufacture, sale, preparation or exposure for sale of milk, skimmed milk, curd or butter, including clarified butter, sweetmeats, and confectionery, sherbats, indigenous, drugs and decoctions, sugar, including batashas and misri, issued under by-law 3 of the by-laws licensing premises for manufacture or preparation for sale published with Punjab Government notification No.________ dated________.

The premises of which a description is given in the attached schedule, situate in________ (name of street, ward, etc.) are hereby licensed for the manufacture, sale or preparation for sale of milk, skimmed milk, curd or butter, including clarified butter, sweetmeats and confectionery, sherbats, indigenous drugs, and decoctions, sugar including *batashas* and *misri*.

This licence is granted to ________ owner/occupier of the saide premises described in the schedule below, subject to the following conditions :—

(a) that he shall keep the licensed primeses structurally fit for the purpose for which the licence is granted ;

Explanation.—'Structural fitness' shall be deemed to include :—

(i) the existence of a floor made of stone, cement or other impervious materials ;

(ii) possession of walls properly plastered and lime-washed ;

(iii) adequate provision of light and ventilation ;

(iv) suitable drains ;

(v) suitable arrangements for exit of smoke ;

(vi) non-existence of any direct communication between the premises and any room used as sleeping room ;

(b) that he shall not employ or permit to be employed in the manufacture, sale or preparation for sale of________ any person suffering from any infectious or contagious disease or from loathsome sores or who has recently been attending on any person so suffering and that he shall not suffer any such person or any animal to enter or remain upon the licensed premises ;

(c) that he shall keep all vessels, receptacles, utensils or other things used in the manufacture or preparation for sale of________ in a state of cleanliness and shall protect from dust and flies by making use of wire guaze frames or muslin, all materials used in such manufacture or preparation or exposure for sale and articles manufactured, prepared or exposed for sale to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health ;

(d) that he shall daily cause to be thoroughly washed and cleansed the floor and drain of the licensed premises and every bench, counter, table, shelf or other place on which the articles manufactured, prepared are exposed for sale and any material used in such manufacture, sale or exposure for preparation for sale are kept ;

(e) that he shall cause the walls of the licensed premises to be properly lime-washed at least twice a year or more often, if so required by the Medical Officer of Health ;

(f) that he shall not carry on or permit to be carried on any other trade or occupation in the licensed premises except the manufacture or preparation for sale of ________ and that he shall not use or suffer to be used any portion of the licensed premises as a living or sleeping room;

(g) that he shall not spit or smoke or suffer any other person to spit or smoke within the licensed premises;

(h) that he shall not keep or suffer to be kept in the licensed premises any bedding, soiled clothes or other things not required for the manufacture or preparation for sale of ________ ;

(i) that he shall not use or permit to be used in such manufacture or preparation for sale any water except water obtained from Municipal Water Supply laid in direct pipe connection to the licensed premises; unless special permission is given by the Medical Officer of Health for use of other water;

(j) that when required by the Medical Officer of Health, he shall treat all water used in the premises with such chemical substances of such strength as may be determined to ensure the purity of water and to avoid the spread of disease;

(k) that he shall permit any officer of the Committee specially authorised in this behalf by the Executive Officer at reasonable time and without notice to inspect the licensed premises;

(l) that he shall exhibit a notice board outside the shop showing that he holds a license from the Committee.

SCHEDULE.

The actual room or rooms in which the manufacture, or preparation for sale of milk, skimmed milk, curd or butter, including clarified butter, sweatmeats and confectionery, *sherbats*, indigenous drugs, and decoctions, sugar, including *bateshas* and *misri*, is to be carried on should be described in cases, where the whole of the building is not to be used for such manufacture or preparation for sale.

No. 2539 L. G.—Bds.-40/26455.—Punjab Government notification No. 734-L. G.-38/7560, dated the 1st March, 1938, relating to the acquisition of land by the Municipal Committee of **Gujranwala** for widening a street in *abadi* Chak Bawianwala is hereby cancelled.

The 19th June, 1940.

No. 1971-C.-40/26528.—The following by-law made by the Municipal Committee of **Karnal**, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 188 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab required by section 201 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force on the 25th September, 1940 :—

BY-LAW.

The limits of the Municipality for the collection of octroi without refunds shall be as specified in the schedule herein below :—

North.—The Northern municipal boundary;

East.—Thence in a straight line to the north-east corner of the compound of the shrine of Qalander Sahib, thence along the eastern boundary of that compound up to its south-eastern corner, thence southwards along the eastern boundaries of khasras Nos. 5285,5294 and 5290, up to a point 90 feet from the northern boundary of the Grand Trunk Road, on passage in khasra No. 5292, thence eastwards crossing the said passage in a straight line up to the north-western corner of khasra No. 5297, thence along the northern boundaries of khasras Nos. 5297,5299,5301 and 5303, thence turning southwards along the eastern boundary of khasra No. 5303, up to its end, thence crossing the passage in khasra No. 5304, in a straight line, thence turning eastwards along the northern boundary of field No. 5316, up to its end, thence southwards along the eastern boundaries of Khasra Nos. 5316, 5306, and 5307 up to the northern boundary of Meerut Road, thence westward along the northern boundary of the said road for 340 feet up to its junction with the Grand Trunk Road, thence southwards along the eastern boundary of that road to its junction with the Circular road.

South.—Thence westwards along the southern boundary of the Circular Road to the point where it meets the eastern boundary of the Bazida Road;

West.—Thence across that road along the western boundary of the Circular Road to the point where it meets the eastern boundary of the Rajbaha Road, thence in a straight line to the south-west corner of the *Takya*, thence northwards along the western boundary of the *Takya* and the temple in a straight line to the point where it meets the southern boundary of Matak-Majri up to the katcha road, thence westwards along the western boundary of the said road passing along the Badriwala Tank and Golmol temple up to its junction with the meat market road, thence along the southern boundary of the said road up to 612 feet, thence southwards along the southern boundary of Slaughter House and the southern boundary of the abadi of Chamaran up to the south-west corner of that abadi, thence in a straight line to a point on the western boundary of the Kanjaran road at a distance of 1,180 feet from the south-eastern corner of the terminal tax post, thence northwards along the western boundary of the said road up to its junction with the Kaithal Road, thence westwards along the southern boundary of the new Kaithal Road to a point opposite the south-western corner of the Railway Post, thence in a straight line northwards to the point of start.

No. 1947-C.-40/26531.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (10) of section 62 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that with the previous sanction of the Governor of the Punjab the Municipal Committee of **Karnal** has with effect from the 25th September, 1940, imposed the following tax in supersession of the tax, the imposition of which was notified with Punjab Government notification No. 24875, dated the 2nd October, 1933 :—

A tax called Octroi (without refunds) at the rates shown in column 3 of the schedule below, on the articles mentioned in column 2 thereof when imported into the Municipality by rail or road subject to the following provisions :—

(1) The tax shall be calculated on the gross weight of consignments including packing, drums and other articles used in packing ; fraction of less than 1½ pies will be ignored, and fractions of 1½ pies and over will be counted as one pice.

(2) When an article, not specifically mentioned in the schedule, falls under more than one item the octroi (without refunds) shall be charged under the item carrying the highest rate.

(3) The tax shall not be levied on the following articles :—

(*a*) *bona fide* personal and house-hold belongings of persons coming to take up their residence in the Municipality and *bona fide* personal luggage of travellers ;

(*b*) necessaries (not being articles of food or drink), equipment and clothing imported by officers in command of troops or air force units for the use of their men and followers and grain and green fodder imported for consumption by horses, mules and other animals maintained as part of their military equipage by any person in the military or air force service ; provided that such grain or fodder is certified by the commanding officer to be imported for *bona fide* public purposes ;

(*c*) articles imported for manufacturing purposes into a jail situated within octroi limits, provided that the goods into which they are manufactured are used in the jail itself or supplied to other departments of Government ;

(*d*) all road making materials, such as stone-ballast, coal-tar, bitumen, sand, shingle and bricks for solling coats imported by the Government of India, or by any Local Government or by any local authority (including a cantonment authority) or by contractors for use on the roads maintained by the Public Works Department of Government or any local authority (including a Cantonment Authority), if accompanied at the time of import by a certificate signed by a gazetted officer of the Government department concerned or by the President, the Executive Officer or the Secretary of the local authority concerned that such articles are required for road making only ;

(*e*) nitrate of soda, sulphate of ammonia, calcium cyanamide, sulphate of potash, muriate of potash, kainit, super-phosphates leunaphos, nitro chalk, nicifos and basic slag ;

(f) arms of any sort imported by Government, all ammunitions, military stores and other articles of Police equipment including bicycles imported by the Police department, provided that each consignment of such ammunition, military stores other articles is certified by the Superintendent of Police of the district concerned to be the property of Government in the Police department ;

(g) gold or silver bullion and coin ;

(h) printed books and newspapers ;

(i) stamps, stamp paper and petition paper ;

(j) headloads of cow-dung fuel (*upla*) grass, brush-wood and all sorts of fodder ;

(k) railway stores and materials required for use on a railway, whether in constructing, maintaining or working the same, and not removed outside the railway boundaries, but not including stores imported for purchase or consumption by railway employees or stores with which a railway co-operative store is stocked for sale to members ;

(l) goods imported by rail and re-booked and exported without delivery having been taken ;

(m) goods on which the octroi amounts to less than three pies ;

(n) all articles of any class received in marriage, dowery or those brought as a present for boys and girls on ceremonial occasions such as betrothals and marriages ;

(o) headloads of all sorts of *lai* (produce of crops received as daily wages by labourers).

(p) goods imported by the Municipal Committee, provided that each consignment is accompanied by a certificate signed by the Secretary that the goods are the property of the committee and are being imported by it ;

(q) clay and sun dried bricks ;

(r) sweetmeats, milk, butter, cheese, curd, meat, eggs and game of all kinds including game of fish ;

(s) logs of wood imported for manufacture of agricultural tools such as ploughs ;

(t) goods declared at the time of import to be for immediate export in accordance with the rules made in this behalf ;

(u) used goods imported for repairs and re-exported provided they are dealt with according to the rules laid down by the committee by a resolution in this behalf ;

(v) all sorts of agricultural machines ;

(w) the flour of the grain which is exported for grinding to a flour-mill after obtaining a pass in the form prescribed by the committee in this behalf ;

(x) forms and papers used by Patwaries and Field Qanungos in connection with their official duties ;

(y) exhibits of the agricultural and other Government departments imported for instructional purposes, if accompanied at the time of import by a certificate signed by a gazetted officer of the department concerned that such exhibits are meant for the purpose of exhibition only ;

(z) exhibits of the District Rural Community Council imported for instructional purposes accompanied at the time of import by a certificate signed by the chairman of the Council that such exhibits are meant for the purpose of exhibition only ;

(zz) the goods imported by the Karnal Electric Supply Company for construction, maintenance and working of the works, mains, service lines and plants ; provided that this exemption shall not apply to goods imported for sale or exclusive use of private individuals ;

(zzz) all sorts of quinine imported for use as medicine ; and

(zzzz) all young plants imported for transplantation on road sides if accompanied by a certificate signed by a gazetted officer of the Public Works Department that such plants are required for transplantation on roadsides only.

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	Description of articles.	Rate per maund.
		Rs. A. P.
	CLASS I.	
	Articles of food and drink for men or animals.	
1	Wheat and other food grains including flour, pulses, bran and *radawa*	0 0 9
2	Rice, *suji* and *maida*	0 1 0
3	Sugar of all sorts, including crystalized sugar of all sorts, *misri*, *minja* and *bura* of all sorts and *batasha*.	0 6 0
4	*Gur*, *shakar*, *rab*, *andarki* and *sunthiya gur*	0 2 0
5	Cocoagem, vegetable *ghee* and *banaspati*	1 4 0
6	*Ghee*	0 15 0
7	*Shira*	0 1 3
8	Dried fruits including almonds, *chironji* and *kaju*, but excluding those mentioned elsewhere in the schedule and all sorts of oil-man's stores including bottled, canned or otherwise packed sweetmeats and juices of fruits but excluding those mentioned elsewhere in the schedule.	2 0 0
9	Fresh fruits such as apples, grapes, *sarda*, *lichi*, *qabuli* and *qandhari* pomegranates...	0 12 0
10	Dates, fresh cocoanuts and monkeynuts	0 5 0
11	All other fresh fruits which are not specified elsewhere in this schedule including *singarahs* and wild dates.	0 1 6
12	Potatoes and other edible roots including garlic	0 1 6
13	Vegetables of all sorts including pumpkins, cucumbers, onions, mint, melons, water-melons and sugarcane of all sorts except *sags* of *cholai*, gram, *bathwa*, *sarson* and *kakora*.	0 0 9
14	Fish	0 8 0
15	Betel leaves	0 8 0
16	Salt...	0 0 6
	CLASS II—*Nil*.	
	CLASS III.	
	Articles used for lighting, fuel or washing.	
1	Cylinder oil, machine oil and mobil oil	1 0 0
2	Vegetable oils including oil of monkey-nuts	0 5 0
3	Petroleum including petrol, mineral, kerosene oil, diesel oil, and crude oil	0 2 0
4	Oil seeds, cotton seeds and oil cakes	0 1 0
5	Coal of all sorts	0 0 3
6	Fuel wood	0 0 1
7	Washing soap including sunlight soap	0 10 0
	CLASS IV.	
	Articles used in the construction of buildings.	
1	Timber logs, planks, sleepers and all other sorts of timber used in building, *ballies*, bamboos, quick lime and stones.	0 1 0
2	Bricks, tiles of all sorts, *kanker*, *surkhi* and brick bats	0 0 1
3	Cement	0 1 0
	CLASS V.	
	Drugs, stores, gums and perfumes.	
1	All chemicals	1 0 0
2	All sorts of *uttar*, scents, lavendar, toilet soap, perfumery and other accessories of toilet.	2 0 0
3	Condiments including dry chilies, *balchhar*, *panri* and such other scented herbs and roots, borax, saltpetre, sulphur, sindur, dried *singharas*, mustard, *kanwal gatta*, camphor, *sagodana*, *amchur*, mica, *alum*, *makhana*, *ritha*, *surma*, *leuban*, wax, *mehdi* leaves, indigo leaves, all country and European drugs and their compounds, *araq*, syrup, honey, spices, gum, cocoanut oil, castor oil, almond oil, poppy oil, and such other oils used as medicines, scented oils, jams, pickles, *chutnies*, vinegar, betel nuts, cocoanut-kernels, raisins, drydates, walnuts, *chilgoza*, biscuits, tea, coffee, flower-seeds, vegetable seeds including pumpkin and cucumber seeds, and other seeds used as medicines including cummin seeds and poppy seeds but excluding such as mentioned elsewhere in the schedule.	0 8 0
4	Bhang, opium and charas	0 1 0

Serial No.	Description of articles.	Rate per maund.
		Rs. . .
	CLASS VI.	
	Tobacco manufactured and unmanufactured.	
1	All sorts of tobacco	0 4 0
2	Cigars and cigarettes including biris	1 4 0
	CLASS VII.	
	Piece goods and other textile fabrics, and other manufactured articles of clothing and dress.	
1	All sorts of skins	0 2 6
2	All sorts of leather	0 5 0
3	All articles made of leather and skin excluding boots, shoes and foot-wear of every sort.	1 4 0
4	All sorts of embroidery, tinsel, lace and articles made thereof, embroidered cloth, silk and cloth of silk, pieces of cloth and clothes of all kinds made of cotton, wool or other textile fabrics including carpets, rugs, durries, canvas, articles made of canvas excluding boots, shoes, and other foot-wear made of canvas, tents and all sorts of blankets but excluding *khaddar* woven by hand with hand-spun cotton yarn.	2 0 0
5	Wool and ginned cotton	0 1 0
6	Raw cotton	0 0 9
7	*Khaddar* woven by hand with hand-spun cotton yarn	0 8 0
8	Boots, shoes and other foot-wear of all sorts	1 4 0
	CLASS VIII.	
	Metals and articles made of metals.	
1	Iron bars, sheets, plates and articles made of iron excluding machinery and parts thereof and pig iron.	0 5 0
2	Brass, copper and other metals except iron and articles made thereof such as utensils except machinery and parts thereof and lead.	1 4 0
3	Broken pieces (phoot) of all articles taxable under item 2 above and lead	0 5 0
4	Watches, clocks, harmoniums, gramophones and gramophone records	2 8 0
5	Motor cycle, bicycle and tri-cycle	1 8 0
6	All sorts of machinery and parts thereof including parts of cycles, joint papers and asbestos.	0 4 0
7	Pig iron	0 0 6
	CLASS IX.	
	Miscellaneous.	
1	Apparatus, instruments, appliances and parts thereof, such as dental, drawing, educational, lighting, galvanic, measuring, optical, scientific, including physiological models, surgical, surveying, music and photographic, type-writers, duplicators, lamps, lanterns and their accessories, locks, all sorts of buckles, buttons and hooks, hair pins, hair clips, chains, ribbons, tapes and such other articles of haberdashery, cutlery, all sorts of brushes, boot polish, purses, face powders and creams, mirrors, cigarette cases, cigarette holders and pipes, thermos flasks, vases, candles candle holders, scissors, knives, all sorts of razors and accessories used in shaving, wooden and other fancy goods, corks and articles made thereof, ivory and articles made thereof, straps and chains of watches, lockets, celluloid and articles made thereof, combs of all sorts, sponges, hats, caps, hosiery, torches and their shells and bulbs, articles used in out-door and in-door games such as balls, bats and playing cards, beads, scent sprayer, fishing rods with their parts riding and other whips, films of all sorts, gum bottles, chalk-pancils and other articles of stationery not specified elsewhere, chinaware, procelain and enamelled wares, sticks, umbrellas, matches, curtain and frills of glass beads, art and statuary works paintings photos, pictures and toys of all sorts excluding clay toys ...	2 0 0
2	Paper, paste-boards, writing boards of wood, slates, rubber and articles made of rubber excluding boots, shoes and foot-wear made of rubber but including tyres, window glasses, glass bangles, other articles made of glass excluding glass and empty glass bottles, electric fans, heaters, lamps, electric apparatuses and their parts and all other electric accessories such as bulbs, switches, insullated-wire, meters and plugs ...	1 0 0
3	Cotton thread of all sorts	0 4 0
4	Cotton ropes and cotton newars	0 8 0
5	*Multani, selkhari, gairu,* pindol, yellow earth, *hirimizi, kaisu* and soap stones ...	0 2 0
6	Country and foreign liquors, ice, gunny bags, glass, clay-toys empty bottles, orange and cocoanut rinds, ammunition, wooden packing cases, electrical casing including guties, casing and blocks	0 1 0
7	*Bahis, payas,* hemp, *munj, bhabhar, khas,* thatching grass, *sink, tilu,* sirki, *lathi, bansi* cane, baskets, *chhaj,* all sorts of matting and *tats,* ropes of all sorts (except cotton ropes) and articles made of stone	0 1 0
8	Articles made of wood such as boxes, tables and chairs	0 8
9	Cemented articles, coal-tar, terpentine, phenylle, dyes, paints, varnishes and fancy bricks	0 4 0
10	Barks of all sorts	0 0 6

The 19th June, 1940.

No. 1970-C.-40/26550.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Simla**, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 197 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information. They shall come into force within the Municipality of **Simla** on the 5th day of August, 1940, from which date Punjab Government notification No. 657, dated the 11th November, 1911, shall be deemed to be cancelled :—

BY-LAWS.

1. No person shall manufacture, sell or prepare for sale, bread, cakes, jam, or confectionary except in premises licensed by the Committee in this behalf.

The word "jam" wherever it occurs in the by-laws, includes jellies, preserves condiments and preparations of the like nature.

2. No premises shall be licensed for the manufacture, sale or preparation for sale of bread, cakes, jam or confectionary :—

(a) unless they have a floor made of stone, cement or other impervious materials ;

(b) unless the walls are properly plastered and lime-washed ;

(c) unless they are provided with adequate light and ventilation to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health ;

(d) unless they are provided with a drain and the whole floor is so sloped as to allow all liquid to flow off by the drain ;

(e) if there is any direct communication between the premises and any room used as a sleeping room ;

(f) if there is any public latrine, cesspool, cowshed, stable or other place in the close proximity to the premises which, in the opinion of the Medical Officer of Heath, renders it undesirable that such premises should be used for the manufacture, sale or preparation for sale of bread, cakes, jam or confectionary ;

(g) unless the articles under manufacture or preparation for sale are suitably protected by means of covers, or other suitable device approved of by the Medical Officer of Health, against contamination from flies or other source ; and

(h) if swine, dogs, fowls, ducks or geese or other poultry are kept in and have access to the premises or to any place communicating directly there with.

3. No licence for the sale, or for the manufacture, or preparation for sale, of bread, cakes, jam or confectionary, will be issued to any person unless he submits himself and any person he employs at any time in the sale or preparation for sale of bread, cakes, jam or confectionary, to inoculation against the enteric group of diseases at Municipal expense.

4. Subject to the provisions of by-laws 2 and 3, licences for the manufacture, sale or preparation for sale of bread, cakes, jam or confectionary shall be issued by the Medical Officer of Health in Form "A", appended to these by-laws on the application of the owner or occupier of such premises and the conditions specified in that form shall be the conditions subject to which the license is granted.

5. Any licensee who commits a breach of the conditions of his licence shall be liable to have his licence revoked by an order of the Committee.

6. Any person who commits or abets the commission of a breach of by-law I and any licensee who commits or abets the commission of a breach of any of the conditions of his licence, shall be liable, on conviction, by a magistrate, to a fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and when the breach is a continuing breach, to a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day, after the first, during which the breach continues.

7. The provisions of these by-laws do not apply to the sale of manufactured jams, imported or otherwise sold in tins, bottles, jars or other closed receptacles.

FORM "A".

License for the manufacture, sale or preparation for sale of bread, cakes, jam or confectionary issued under by-law 4 of the by-laws for licensing of premises for such manufacture, sale or preparation for sale, published with Punjab Government notification No. 1970-C-40/26550, dated 19th June, 1940.

The premises, of which a description is given in the attached schedule situated in ______________________________ (name of street, ward, etc.,) are hereby licensed for the manufacture, sale or preparation for sale of ______________________________.

This license is granted to ______________________________ occupier/owner of the said premises subject to the following conditions :—

(1) That he shall keep the licensed premises structurally fit for the purpose for which the licence is granted.

Explanation.—" Structural fitness " shall be deemed to include —

(*a*) the existence of a floor made of stone, cement, other impervious material ;

(*b*) possession of walls, properly plastered and lime-washed ;

(*c*) adequate provision of light and ventilation ;

(*d*) suitable drains ;

(*e*) protection by means of covers, or other suitable device approved by the Medical Officer of Health against contamination from flies or other sources.

(2) That he shall not employ or permit to be employed in the manufacture, sale or preparation for sale of bread, cakes, jam or confectionary, any person suffering from any contagious or infectious disease or from loathsome sores or who has recently been attending on any person so suffering, and that he shall not suffer any such person or any animal to enter or remain upon the licensed premises.

(3) That he shall keep his person and his clothes and those of his employees, at all times, in clean condition and shall suffer none of his employees or himself to engage in the manufacture of bread and jam, etc., unless wearing a clean white apron.

(4) That he shall keep all vessels, receptacles, utensils and other things used in the manufacture, sale or preparation for sale of bread, cakes, jam or confectionary in a state of cleanliness and shall protect from dust and flies all materials used in such manufacture, sale or preparation for sale and the articles manufactured or prepared for sale to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health.

(5) That he shall daily cause to to thoroughly washed and cleansed the floor and drain of the licensed premises and every bench, counter, table, shelf or other places on which the articles manufactured, sold or prepared for sale and any materials used in such manufacture, sale or preparation for sale are kept.

(6) That he shall cause the walls of the licensed premises to be properly lime-washed at least twice a year and more often if so required by the Medical Officer of Health.

(7) That he shall not carry on or permit to be carried on, any other trade or occupation in the licensed premises except the manufacture, sale or preparation for sale of bread, cakes, jam or confectionary and that he shall not use or suffer to be used any portion of the licensed premises as a living room or sleeping room.

(8) That he shall not spit or smoke or suffer any other person to spit or smoke within the licensed premises.

(9) That he shall not keep or suffer to be kept in the licensed premises any beddings, soiled clothes, or other things not required for the manufacture, sale or preparation for sale of bread, cakes, jam or confectionary.

(10) That he shall not use or permit to be used in such manufacture, sale or preparation for sale any water except water obtained from the municipal supply laid in direct pipe connection to the licensed premises unless special permission is given by the Medical Officer of Health for the use of other water.

(11) That he shall permit any member or officer of the Committee authorised in this behalf, at all reasonable times and without notice to inspect the licensed premises.

SCHEDULE.

(The actual room or rooms in which the manufacture, sale or preparation for sale of the specified articles of food or drink is to be carried on should be described in cases where the whole of a building is not to be used for such manufacture or preparation for sale.)

Notified Areas.

The 15th June, 1940.

No. 2091-L. G.-Bds.-40/1745-S.—In exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (1) of section 241 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare that within the local area of **Narang Mandi**, in the Sheikhupura district, the boundaries of which are described in the schedule given below, improved arrangements are required with respect to the matters mentioned in section 52 of the said Act :—

SCHEDULE.

North.—From North-western corner of Killa No. 792 situate in village Narang south-eastwards in a straight line to the north-east corner of Killa No. 1916 of the said village.

East.—Thence south-westwards in a straight line up to the south-west corner of Killa No. 20 of village Jaito Gala.

South.—Thence north-westwards in a straight line up to the north-west corner of Killa No. 597 of village Mananwala.

West.—Thence north-eastwards in a straight line up to the point of start.

No. 2091-L. G.-Bds.-40/1746-S.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*d*) of subsection (1) of section 242 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to appoint the Tahsildar of Shahdara as a member of the Notified Area Committee of **Narang Mandi**, in the Sheikhupura district. He should also act as Administrator of the Notified Area.

No. 2091-L. G.-Bds.-40/1747-S.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*f*) of subsection (1) of section 242 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to extend the following sections of the said Act to the Notified Area of **Narang Mandi**, in the Sheikhupura district, and to declare that the provisions of the said sections shall come into force from the date of this notification:—

Sections :—13, 14 (*e*), 16, 18, 19, 24 to 31, 33, 35, 38, 39, 41 to 48, 51, 52, 54, 56, 58, 61 to 75, 79, 80, 81, 85 to 92, 106, 107, 109, 110, 113 to 117, 121, 123, 125, 126 to 131, 136, 141, 143, 146, 147 to 151, 154 to 157, 167, 169, 170, 170-A to 170-F, 171 to 177, 180, 182, 187 to 196, 197, 199 to 209, 213, 219 to 222, 224 to 229, 231 to 236 and 239.

No. 2091-L. G.-Bds.-40/1748-S.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*a*) of subsection (1) of section 242 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to impose in the Notified Area of **Narang Mandi**, in the Sheikhupura district, with effect from 1st October, 1940, the tax hereafter described, namely :—

A house tax on all buildings situated within the limits of the **Narang Mandi**, Notified Area at the rate of 6¼% per annum on the annual value of buildings, provided—

(*a*) that the tax shall be leviable by the quarter for the period 1st October to 31st December, 1940, and thereafter in one instalment in advance on the 1st January each year;

(*b*) that the tax shall not be levied on religious buildings, schools, hospitals and dispensaries.

The 17th June, 1940.

No. 2272-C.-40/26209.—The following by-laws made by the Notified Area Committee of **Buria**, in the Ambala district in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201

of the said Act, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the Notified Area of **Buria** on the 5th day of August, 1940 :--

BY-LAWS.

1. The Notified Area Committee shall establish one or more registration offices for the registration of births and deaths within the limits of the Notified Area and may, by public notice, prescribe the office at which the reports of births and deaths occurring in specified portions of the Notified Area are to be made in accordance with these by-laws. The officer in charge of any such registration office shall be termed the Notified Area Registrar.

2. Every report of a birth required to be made under these by-laws shall contain the following particulars which shall be enter ed in a register to be kept for the purpose by the Notifiad Area Registrar, that is to say—

(*a*) the date of the birth ;

(*b*) the sex of the child ;

(*c*) the name of the father and of the grandfather ;

(*d*) the residence of the father ;

(*e*) the occupation, caste and religion of the father ;

(*f*) the name of the person making the report and the date of his report ;

(*g*) the name of the child.

Provided that—

(*i*) in the case of an illegitimate child, the Notified Area Registrar shall not enter in the register the name of any person as father of the child save at the joint request of the mother and of the person acknowledging himself to be the father. If any entry of the father's name has been made in accordance with such a joint request, the entry shall be countersigned by the person acknowledging himself to be the father. If no such joint request is made, the name, residence and caste of the mother shall be entered in place of the name, residence and caste of the father. In all such cases a note shall be made in the register to the effect that the child is illegitimate.

(*ii*) If the name of the child is not known when the report is made, the person reporting the birth, or, if he is dead, the father of the child, or if the father is dead or the child ellegitimate, the mother of the child or, if both the father and the mother of the child are dead, the person in whose keeping the child is, shall, within three months of the birth, report the name of the child to the Notified Area Registrar.

3. The Notified Area Registrar entering in the register prescribed in by-law 2 the particulars required by that by-law shall enquire from the person reporting the birth the name of the midwife (*dai*), if any, who attended the mother at the time of the birth and if the name is given, shall enter it in the register.

4. (1) Every report of the occurrence of a death required to be made under these by-laws shall contain the following particulars which shall be entered in a register to be kept for the purpose by the Notified Area Registrar, that is to say—

(*a*) the date of the death ;

(*b*) the name of the deceased ;

(*c*) the name of the father, or, if the deceased was a married woman, of the husband of the deceased ;

(*d*) the sex of the deceased ;

(*e*) the age of the deceased ;

(*f*) the occupation, caste and religion of the deceased ;

(*g*) the residence of the deceased ;

(*h*) the cause of the death.

(*i*) the name of the person making the report, and the date of his report.

(2) In the case of the death of a European, the person reporting the death shall also, if possible, furnish the certificate of a medical practitioner showing the cause of the death.

(3) In the case of the death of a child under one year of age who was born within the limits of the Notified Area, and whose birth was registered, the Registrar shall note against the entry in the register of deaths the number of the entry in the birth register and *vice versa*.

5. Any person reporting a birth or death may attest by his signature or thumb-impression the entry relating to such birth or death made in the register by the Notified Area Registrar.

6. Every report of a birth or death required by these by-laws may be made verbally or in writing.

7. The officer in charge of jail, lock-up, work-house, lunatic asylum, Government or Notified Area hospital, college or school or any other Government or Notified Area institution shall report to the Notified Area Registrar the occurrence of any birth or death within the institution of which he is in charge, not later than four days from the date of such occurrence.

8. Every person in charge of a private hospital, orphanage *serai*, *dharamsala*, hotel, lodging house or other such institution shall report to the Notified Area Registrar the occurrence of any birth or death within the institution of which he is in charge not later than four days from the date of such occurrence.

9. In the case of a birth or death not governed by by-law 7 or 8, a report of its occurrence shall be made within four days to the Notified Area Registrar by the head of the household in which such birth or death has occurred or by any adult member or servant of such household.

10. In the case a birth of which, for any reason, a report cannot be furnished by the head of a household or any adult member or servant of a household, the midwife or *dai* attending at such birth shall, within four days, report the occurrence of such birth to the Notified Area Registrar.

11. Every medical practitioner who has been in attendance during the last illness of any person dying within the Notified Area limits shall report the death of such person within four days of the date of death to the Notified Area Registrar, provided that if such person has died of any disease which is defined as an infectious disease, or has been notified as an infectious disease by the Provincial Government under clause (7) of section 3 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, such medical practitioner shall report such death immediately.

12. Every customary or other sweeper shall report the occurrence of every birth and death which occurs within the premises in which he works within four days of such occurrence to the conservancy Darogha or the Sanitary Inspector (if any) of the ward in which such premises are situated, provided that no such report need be made by any sweeper working in any Government or Notified Area institution in respect of births or deaths occurring in such institutions.

13. Every person finding a living new-born child exposed, and every person in whose charge such a child may be placed, shall, within eight days of the finding of such child, report the fact to the Notified Area Registrar, and shall at the same time to the best of his ability, furnish the particulars specified in by-law 2.

14. If a dead body is found exposed, the officer in charge of the Police Station within whose jurisdiction such body is found shall, within eight days of the finding of such body, report the fact to the Notified Area Registrar, and shall at the same time, to the best of his ability, furnish the particulars specified in by-law 4, together, if possible, with a certificate of the Assistant Surgeon in charge of the Civil Dispensary at Jagadhri showing the cause of death.

15. Every person reporting a birth or death under these by-laws shall, at the time of report, be given free of charge, a copy of the entry made by the Notified Area Registrar in respect of each birth or death.

16. Any person may inspect a register of births or deaths on payment of a fee of one rupee, and shall be entitled to receive a certified copy of any entry in a birth or death register on payment of a fee of eight annas, provided that in case where insufficient or incorrect information is supplied by an applicant, a further fee of four annas may be charged in respect of every year for which the registers have to be searched and a deposit sufficient to cover charges likely to be incurred under this proviso may be demanded before search is made. Any balance shall be refunded, and if the entry in question cannot be found, the deposit shall be refunded in full less eight annas.

17. (1) Any clerical error, which may at any time be discovered in any register of births or deaths, may be corrected, in red ink, by the President of the Notified Area Committee or the Notified Area Registrar.

(2) Any error of fact or substance in any register of births or deaths may be corrected, in red ink, by the President, provided that—

(a) the Notified Area Committee may, with the previous sanction of the Commissioner, assign the duty of making such corrections to some other officer, and

(b) if any application is made for a correction in a birth or death register, the officer making such correction shall first satisfy himself that the correction to be made is a genuine one.

(3) Any corrections made shall be signed in full by the correcting officer

18. No person shall wilfully destroy or injure, or cause to be destroyed or injured any register of births, or deaths, or shall wilfully insert, or cause to be inserted, in any such register or certified copy thereof, any false entry with regard to any birth or death, and no Notified Area Registrar shall, without reasonable cause, refuse or omit to enter in a register of births or deaths any birth or death which has been duly reported to him.

19. Any person who commits a breach of by-laws 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 or 18 shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with a fine which may extend to fifty rupees.

RAM CHANDRA,
Secretary to Government, Punjab,
Medical and Local Government Departments.

Registered No. L. 861

The Government Gazette, Punjab.

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PART I—A.

Punjab Government Notifications and Orders.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Boards.

The 24th June, 1940.

No. 2547-C.-40/27045.—The following regulations made by the District Board of **Dera Ghazi Khan**, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 56 and 57 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 56 (2) of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Dera Ghazi Khan**, on the 12th day of August, 1940 :—

REGULATIONS.

1. In these regulations unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context—

(*a*) " Board " shall mean the District Board of Dera Ghazi Khan.

(*b*) " Medical Officer of Health " shall mean the District Medical Officer of Health of the Dera Ghazi Khan District.

(*c*) " Officer-in-charge of the fair " means the officer appointed by the Board to be in charge of the fair.

(*d*) " Sanitary Inspector " shall mean the Sanitary Inspector deputed by the Medical Officer of Health.

(*e*) " Sub-Assistant Health Officer " shall mean the Sub-Assistant Health Officer deputed by the Medical Officer of Health.

2. These regulations shall apply to the following fairs :—

(1) Mangrotha.

(2) Pir Adil.

(3) Sakhi Sarwar.

3. No person shall enter or leave the fair ground save by a route specified for the purpose by the officer-in-charge of the fair.

4. If the Board has erected any barrier across a road no person shall without permission of an authorized official pass such barrier.

5. The officer-in-charge of the fair may prohibit the entrance into the fair ground of any person suffering from a loathsome, infectious or contagious disease or any person who has been in contact with any such person and may expel any person so suffering or having been in contact from the fair ground.

6. (1) Where the officer-in-charge of the fair has fixed a place or places for parking of vehicles, no person shall park any vehicle at any place in the fair ground other than the place or places so fixed.

(2) No person shall stable or keep animals at places other than those set apart for the purpose.

7. No person shall set up in the fair ground any theatre or cinema, merry-go-round or any other show for public amusement, save at places and on conditions to be fixed by the Board.

8. No person shall set up any game of chance at any place in the fair ground.

9. The Medical Officer of Health may—

(*i*) fix places at which, and lay down conditions under which, cremation or burial of dead bodies, human or animal, shall take place ;

(*ii*) destroy or cause to be destroyed, or confine, or cause to be confined for such period as he may direct any dog suffering, or reasonably suspected to be suffering from rabies or bitten by any dog or any other animal suffering or suspected to be suffering from rabies.

10. No person knowing or having reasons to believe that any dog belonging to him or in his charge is likely to annoy or intimidate any person or animal or has been bitten by an animal suffering, or reasonably suspected to be suffering from rabies shall neglect to restrain such dog from annoying, intimidating or bitting other persons or animals.

Accommodation.

11. No person attending the fair shall encamp anywhere on the fair ground except on places set apart by the Board for the purpose.

12. No person shall use any building or site for the lodging of visitors on the fair ground except under a licence granted by the Medical Officer of Health. Every such licence shall be issued on the following conditions :—

(*i*) that such building or site complies with such conditions regarding ventilation, cleanliness, water supply, conservancy and drainage as the Medical Officer of Health may lay down ;

(*ii*) that such building or site shall accommodate not more than the number of persons of either sex stated in the licence ;

(*iii*) that the licence shall be liable to cancellation at any time by the Medical Officer of Health for a breach of any of these conditions.

13. The licensee of any such house shall supply to each person staying in it a cardboard ticket bearing the name of the visitor and the accommodation assigned to that individual.

14. All fires in thatched houses or *jhugis* shall be extinguished by 10 P.M.

15. Each licensee shall provide such number of buckets filled with water or sand as may be prescribed by the Medical Officer of Health for use in case of fire.

Water supply.

16. No person shall take water within the fair ground from any source other than that approved by the Medical Officer of Health who may close or direct the closure of any source of water supply public or private temporarily if the same be in his opinion polluted or otherwise unfit for use.

17. The Medical Officer of Health may at his discretion disinfect or treat any well tank or other source of water supply.

18. No drinking booth shall be allowed on the fair ground except under a licence granted by the Medical Officer of Health.

Food supply.

19. No person shall sell, store, prepare or expose for sale any article of food or drink at any place in the fair ground except under a licence granted by the Medical Officer of Health and subject to the conditions specified on the licence form.

20. Every licence granted under regulation No. 19 shall be issued subject to the following conditions :—

(*i*) that any place used for the preparation, sale or exposure for sale or free supply of any article of food or drink shall be well lighted and ventilated and shall be kept clean at all times to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health ;

(*ii*) that water used in the preparation of articles of food or drink or for the washing of vessels used in such preparation shall be derived from a source approved by the Medical Officer of Health and be stored in clean and properly covered containers ;

(*iii*) that all vessels used in the preparation, storage or distribution of food or drink shall be kept clean;

(*iv*) that only wholesome and unadulterated articles of food or drink shall be sold ;

(*v*) that all refuse (from whatever source) shall be deposited in suitable covered containers ;

(*vi*) that the Medical Officer of Health or any person not below the rank of a Sanitary Inspector or Sub-Assistant Health Officer authorised by him in this behalf may enter the licensed premises to inspect the same and any articles of food and drink ;

(*vii*) that the Medical Officer of Health or any officer not below the rank of a Sanitary Inspector or Sub-Assistant Health Officer specially authorised by him in this behalf may seize and destroy or otherwise dispose of any article of food or drink which in his opinion is unfit for human consumption ;

(*viii*) that no person who is suffering from any infectious, loathsome or contagious disease shall touch, or take part in the preparation or distribution of, any article of food or drink ;

(*ix*) that a licensee or his agent or servant shall immediately inform the office of the Medical Officer of Health at the fair of any case of illness among the persons connected with the licensed premises ;

(*x*) that the licensed premises shall not be used for sleeping purposes;

(*xi*) that nothing shall be stored in any licensed premises except the articles necessary for the preparation, storage and distribution of food and drink ;

(*xii*) that no dog or other animal shall be allowed in any licensed premises ;

(*xiii*) that all articles of food and drink shall be carefully protected from flies and dust ; and

(*xiv*) that the licensee shall comply with any other instructions issued by the Medical Officer of Health in this behalf.

21. The Medical Officer of Health may prohibit the import into the fair ground of any article of food or drink which he considers is likely to promote illness.

22. (1) No person shall manufacture aerated waters for sale in any premises on the fair ground except under a licence granted by the Medical Officer of Health.

(2) Every licence granted under this regulation shall be subject to the following conditions :—

(*i*) that the water used in the manufacture of aerated waters be derived from a source approved by the Medical Officer of Health and be carried in clean covered vessels and stored in a clean cistern with a tap ;

(*ii*) that empty bottles be first cleaned by scrubbing brush and clean water and then kept soaked in a solution of permanganate of potash for six hours. The permanganate solution shall be renewed as soon as it turns brown ; and

(*iii*) that all bottles shall bear a label or mark showing the name and address of the manufacturer.

NOTE.—The Medical Officer of Health will be the sole judge of whether a vessel or cistern is clean or not and in case of dispute in any matter pertaining to articles of food or drink as contained in these regulations the decision of the Medical Officer of Health shall be final.

Washing and Bathing.

23. (*a*) No person shall wash any clothes or animals or bathe at any place on the fair ground other than that approved by the Medical Officer of Health and specified by the Board and no person shall use such a place which is set apart for the use of the opposite sex or at times other than those specified by the Board.

(*b*) No infected articles or clothes which have been used by or have come in contact with a person suffering from an infectious disease shall be washed at the public washing or bathing places unless they have been previously disinfected to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health.

Conservancy and Health.

24. No person shall ease himself at any place on the fair ground other than that et apart for the purpose.

25. No person shall deposit refuse at any place on the fair ground other than that specified for the purpose.

26. The Medical Officer of Health may—

(*i*) fix places for the deposit of refuse, rubbish or other waste matter of any kind and give directions regarding the time at which and manner in which such refuse, rubbish or waste matter may be kept on any land or building or removed along any road or pathway ;

(*ii*) direct the owner or occupier of any land or building not to cause, or knowingly or negligently allow, any waste water to collect on any land or place not set apart for the purpose ;

(*iii*) arrange for the removal of filth, rubbish, manure, or other waste matter from any latrine, urinal, cesspool, or other receptacle for such matter ;

(*iv*) establish medical inspection posts in connection with the examination of travellers by rail and road and may also arrange for adequate accommodation for the isolation of cases of infectious diseases ;

(*v*) refuse entry to the fair ground to any person suspected to be suffering from any infectious disease and who refuses to allow himself to be examined at any such examination post, or gives a false answer to any question addressed to him by the medical officer or official incharge of such post and who disobeys any order of such officer or official in respect of his removal to a hospital or his detention in a place set apart for the purpose.

(*vi*) order the removal of any person suffering or suspected to be suffering from any infectious disease to a suitable hospital and order all persons who have been in contact with a case of infectious disease to be isolated for a specified period ;

(*vii*) order the cleaning and disinfection of any land, building, drain, latrine, urinal, cesspool or any bedding, clothing or any other article which is in his opinion infected or likely to carry infection ;

(*viii*) prohibit the letting of a house or building or part of a house or building which has not been disinfected to his satisfaction ;

(*ix*) prohibit the entrance into the fair ground of persons coming from a town village or locality which is infected with cholera, plague, smallpox or any other communicable disease unless such persons submit to appropriate preventive inoculation.

27. It shall be the duty of the owner or keeper of a lodging house, hostel or serai to inform the Medical Officer of Health immediately of any case of illness on his premises.

NOTE.—In these regulations the term " infectious diseases ", " contagious diseases " or " communicable diseases " includes—

1. Cholera.	11. Erysipelas.
2. Smallpox.	12. Relapsing fever.
3. Plague.	13. Influenza.
4. Measles.	14. Purperal fever.
5. Chickenpox.	15. Cerebrospinal fever (meningitis).
6. Diphtheria.	16. Dysentery.
7. Tuberculosis (includes tubercle of lungs),	17. Leprosy.
8. Scarlet fever.	18. Mumps.
9. Typhus fever.	19. Whooping Cough.
10. Enteric fever.	20. Sprue.

28. Any licence issued under these regulations may be cancelled by the Medical Officer of Health for a breach of any of the conditions of the licence. The decision of the Medical Officer of Health shall be final.

29. Any person who commits or abets the commission of a breach of any of these regulations shall on conviction by a Magistrate be punishable with a fine which may extend to rupees fifty and if the breach is a continuing breach with a further fine which may extend to rupees five for each day after the first during which the breach continues.

No. 2608-L. G.-Bds.-40/27098.—The following amendment made by the District Board of **Ludhiana** to the Provident Fund Rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 13267, dated the 18th April, 1932, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab is published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Ludhiana**, on the 10th August, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

After rule 3 the following note shall be inserted :—

" NOTE.—In the case of the board's employee governed by the Civil Service Regulations or the Revised Leave Rules, 1936, the term " leave on average pay " occurring in sub-rule (2) means the privilege leave on full salary or the earned leave as the case may be. "

The 25th June, 1940.

No. 2656-L. G.-Bds. 40/27198.—The following amendment made by the District Board of **Jhelum.** to its Provident Fund Rules, published with Punjab Government notification No. 12194, dated the 7th April, 1932, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, is published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Jhelum**, on the 10th August, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

After rule 3 the following note shall be inserted :—

" NOTE.—In the case of the board's employee governed by the Civil Service Regulations or the Revised Leave Rules, 1936, the term " leave on average pay " occurring in sub-rule (2) means the privilege leave on full salary or the earned leave as the case may be.

The 26th June, 1940.

No. 2555-C.-40/27360.—The following regulations made by the District Board of **Amritsar**, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 56 and 57 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 56 (2) of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of

Amritsar, on the 12th day of August, 1940, from which date Punjab Government notification No. 7985, dated the 6th March, 1930, shall be deemed to be cancelled :—

REGULATIONS.

1. In these regulations unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context :—

(a) "Board" shall mean the District Board of Amritsar.

(b) "Medical Officer of Health" shall mean the District Medical Officer of Health of the Amritsar District.

(c) "Officer-in-charge of the fair" means the officer appointed by the Board to be incharge of the fair.

(d) "Sanitary Inspector" shall mean the Sanitary Inspector deputed by the Medical Officer of Health.

(e) "Sub-Assistant Health Officer" shall mean the Sub-Assistant Health Officer deputed by the Medical Officer of Health.

2. These regulations shall apply to the following fairs :—

1. Khalchian.
2. Baba Bakala.
3. Goindwal.
4. Khadur Sahib.
5. Ram Tirath.
6. Kotli Shah Habib.
7. Wallah.
8. All Amawas fairs held at Tarn Taran Guru Ka Bagh and Chawinda Devi.

3. No person shall enter or leave the fair ground save by a route specified for the purpose by the officer-in-charge of the fair.

4. If the Board has erected any barrier across a road no person shall without permission of an authorised official pass such barrier.

5. The officer-in-charge of the fair may prohibit the entrance into the fair ground of any person suffering from a loathsome, infectious or contagious disease or any person who has been in contact with any such person and may expel any person so suffering or having been in contact from the fair ground.

6. (1) Where the officer-in-charge of the fair has fixed a place or places for parking of vehicles, no person shall park any vehicle at any place in the fair ground other than the place or places so fixed.

(2) No person shall stable or keep animals at places other than those set apart for the purpose.

7. No person shall set up in the fair ground any theatre or cinema, merry-go-round or any other show for public amusement, save at places and on conditions to be fixed by the Board.

8. No person shall set up any game of chance at any place in the fair ground.

9. The Medical Officer of Health may—

(i) fix places at which, and lay down conditions under which, cremation or burial of dead bodies, human or animal, shall take place ;

(ii) destroy or cause to be destroyed, or confine, or cause to be confined for such period as he may direct any dog suffering, or reasonably suspected to be suffering from rabies or bitten by any dog, or any other animal suffering or suspected to be suffering from rabies.

10. No person knowing or having reasons to believe that any dog belonging to him or in his charge is likely to annoy or intimidate any person or animal or has been bitten by an animal suffering, or reasonably suspected to be suffering from rabies shall neglect to restrain such dog from annoying, intimidating or biting other persons or animals.

Accommodation.

11. No person attending the fair shall encamp anywhere on the fair ground except on places set apart by the Board for the purpose.

12. No person shall use any building or site for the lodging of visitors on the fair ground except under a licence granted by the Medical Officer of Health. Every such licence shall be issued on the following conditions :—

(i) that such building or site complies with such conditions regarding ventilation, cleanliness, water supply, conservancy and drainage as the Medical Officer of Health may lay down ;

(ii) that such building or site shall accommodate not more than the number of persons of either sex stated in the licence ;

(iii) that the licence shall be liable to cancellation at any time by the Medical Officer of Health for a breach of any of these conditions.

13. The licensee of any such house shall supply to each person staying in it a cardboard ticket bearing the name of the visitor and the accommodation assigned to that individual.

14. All fires in thatched houses or *jhugis* shall be extinguished by 10 P.M.

15. Each licensee shall provide such number of buckets filled with water or sand as may be prescribed by the Medical Officer of Health for use in case of fire.

Water Supply.

16. No person shall take water within the fair ground from any source other than that approved by the Medical Officer of Health who may close or direct the closure of any source of water supply, public or private, temporarily if the same be in his opinion polluted or otherwise unfit for use.

17. The Medical Officer of Health may at his discretion disinfect or treat any well, tank or other source of water supply.

18. No drinking booth shall be allowed on the fair ground except under a licence granted by the Medical Officer of Health.

Food Supply.

19. No person shall sell, store, prepare or expose for sale any article of food or drink at any place in the fair ground except under a licence granted by the Medical Officer of Health and subject to the conditions specified on the licence form.

20. Every licence granted under regulation No. 19 shall be issued subject to the following conditions :—

(i) that any place used for the preparation, sale or exposure for sale or free supply of any article of food or drink shall be well lighted and ventilated and shall be kept clean at all times to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health ;

(ii) that water used in the preparation of articles of food or drink or for the washing of vessels used in such preparation shall be derived from a source approved by the Medical Officer of Health and be stored in clean and properly covered containers ;

(iii) that all vessels used in the preparation, storage or distribution of food or drink shall be kept clean ;

(iv) that only wholesome and unadulterated articles of food or drink shall be sold ;

(v) that all refuse (from whatever source) shall be deposited in suitable covered containers ;

(vi) that the Medical Officer of Health or any person not below the rank of a Sanitary Inspector or Sub-Assistant Health Officer authorised by him in this behalf may enter the licensed premises to inspect the same and any articles of food and drink ;

(vii) that the Medical Officer of Health or any officer not below the rank of a Sanitary Inspector or Sub-Assistant Health Officer specially authorised by him in this behalf may seize and destroy or otherwise dispose of any article of food or drink which in his opinion is unfit for human consumption ;

(viii) that no person who is suffering from any infectious, loathsome or contagious disease shall touch, or take part in the preparation or distribution of, any article of food or drink ;

(ix) that the licensee or his agent or servant shall immediately inform the office of the Medical Officer of Health at the fair of any case of illness among the persons connected with the licensed premises ;

(x) that the licensed premises shall not be used for sleeping purposes ;

(xi) that nothing shall be stored in any licensed premises except the articles necessary for the preparation, storage, and distribution of food and drink;

(xii) that no dog or other animal shall be allowed in any licensed premises ;

(*xiii*) that all articles of food and drink shall be carefully protected from flies and dust ; and

(*xiv*) that the licensee shall comply with any other instructions issued by the Medical Officer of Health in this behalf.

21. The Medical Officer of Health may prohibit the import into the fair ground of any article of food or drink which he considers is likely to promote illness.

22. (1) No person shall manufacture aerated waters for sale in any premises on the fair ground except under a licence granted by the Medical Officer of Health.

(2) Every licence granted under this regulation shall be subject to the following conditions :—

(*i*) that the water used in the manufacture of aerated waters be derived from a source approved by the Medical Officer of Health and be carried in clean covered vessels and stored in a clean cistern with a tap ;

(*ii*) that empty bottles be first cleaned by scrubbing brush and clean water and then kept soaked in a solution of permanganate of potash for six hours. The permanganate solution shall be renewed as soon as it turns brown ; and

(*iii*) that all bottles shall bear a label or mark showing the name and address of the manufacturer.

NOTE.—The Medical Officer of Health will be the sole judge of whether a vessel or cistern is clean or not and in case of dispute in any matter pertaining to articles of food or drink as contained in these regulations, the decision of the Medical Officer of Health shall be final.

Washing and Bathing.

23. (*a*) No person shall wash any clothes or animals or bathe at any place on the fair ground other than that approved by the Medical Officer of Health and specified by the Board and no person shall use such a place which is set apart for the use of the opposite sex or at times other than those specified by the Board.

(*b*) No infected articles or clothes which have been used by or have come in contact with a person suffering from an infectious disease shall be washed at the public washing or bathing places unless they have been previously disinfected to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health.

Conservancy and Health.

24. No person shall ease himself at any place on the fair ground other than that set apart for the purpose.

25. No person shall deposit refuse at any place on the fair ground other than that specified for the purpose.

26. The Medical Officer of Health may—

(*i*) fix places for the deposit of refuse, rubbish or other waste matter of any kind and give directions regarding the time at which and manner in which such refuse, rubbish or waste matter may be kept on any land or building or removed along any road or pathway ;

(*ii*) direct the owner or occupier of any land or building not to cause, or knowingly or negligently allow, any waste water to collect on any land or place not set apart for the purpose ;

(*iii*) arrange for the removal of filth, rubbish, manure, or other waste matter from any latrine, urinal, cesspool or other receptacle for such matter ;

(*iv*) establish medical inspection posts in connection with the examination of travellers by rail and road and may also arrange for adequate accommodation for the isolation of cases of infectious diseases ;

(*v*) refuse entry to the fair ground to any person suspected to be suffering from any infections disease and who refuses to allow himself to be examined at any such examination post, or gives a false answer to any question addressed to him by the Medical Officer or official in charge of such post and who disobeys any order of such officer or official in respect of his removal to a hospital or his detention in a place set apart for the purpose ;

(*vi*) order the removal of any person suffering or suspected to be suffering from any infectious disease to a suitable hospital and order all persons who have been in contact with a case of infectious disease to be isolated for a specified period ;

(vii) order the cleaning and disinfection of any land, building, drain, latrines, urinal, cesspool or any bedding, clothing or any other article which is in his opinion infected or likely to carry infection ;

(viii) prohibit the letting of a house or building or part of a house or building which has not been disinfected to his satisfaction ;

(ix) prohibit the entrance into the fair ground of persons coming from a town, village or locality which is infected with cholera, plague, smallpox or any other communicable disease unless such persons submit to appropriate preventive inoculation.

27. It shall be the duty of the owner or keeper of a lodging house, hostel or serai to inform the Medical Officer of Health immediately of any case of illness on his premises.

Note.—In these regulations the term "infectious diseases", "contagious diseases" or "communicable diseases" includes —

1. Cholera.
2. Smallpox.
3. Plague.
4. Measles.
5. Chickenpox.
6. Diphtheria.
7. Tuberculosis (includes tubercle of lungs).
8. Scarlet fever.
9. Typhus fever.
10. Enteric fever.
11. Erysipelas.
12. Relapsing fever.
13. Influenza.
14. Purperal fever.
15. Cerebrospinal fever (meningitis)
16. Dysentery.
17. Leprosy.
18. Mumps.
19. Whooping cough.
20. Sprue.

28. Any licence issued under these regulations may be cancelled by the Medical Officer of Health for a breach of any of the conditions of the licence. The decision of the Medical Officer of Health shall be final.

29. Any person who commits or abets the commission of a breach of any of these regulations shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with a fine which may extend to rupees fifty and if the breach is a continuing breach with a further fine which may extend to rupees five for each day after the first, during which the breach continues.

No. 1936-L. G.-Bds.-40/27367.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*b*) of subsection (2) of section 241 of the Government of India Act, 1935, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following addition to Appendix G to the Travelling Allowance Rules, Punjab Financial Handbook No. 2, Volume III, 3rd edition :—

Add the following as serial No. 100 :—

1	2	3	4	5	6
			SCALE OF CONVEYANCES ALLOWED.		
Department.	Number.	Designation.	If in grades I and II.	If in grades III to VII.	If in grades VIII to XI.
Miscellaneous ..	100	Divisional Inspectors of Local Bodies.	(MC=1 H) or 2 H.	F. S. ..	..

N.-B.—The orders will have effect from the 1st July, 1939.

Committees.

The 24th June, 1940.

No. 2331-C.-40/27060.—*Corrigendum.*—In Punjab Government notification No. 1443-C.-40/17257, dated 9th April, 1940, *for* "27th May, 1940" *substitute* 15th July, 1940 ".

No. 2445 C-40/27063.—The following amendment made by the Municipal Committee of **Mian Channu** in the Multan district, to its by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 29121, dated the 28th September, 1931, as subsequently amended by Punjab Government notifications No. 5398-C.-37/347, dated the 5th January, 1938 and No. 2183-C.-39/20519, dated the 10th June, 1939, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Mian Channu,** on the 12th day of August, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

After by-law 1 the following shall be added as a new by-law :—

" 1-A. No animal shall be slaughterad at any place other than the slaughter-house except in case of necessity or for a religious purpose."

No. 2189-C-40/27065.—The following amendments made by the Municipal Committee of **Murree** in the Rawalpindi district to its by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 675-C.-38/13587, dated the 4th April, 1938, as amended by Punjab Government notification No. 3801-C.-40/28056, dated the 30th August, 1939, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, are published for general information and shall come into force on the 12th day of August, 1940 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. After by-law 1 the following shall be added as a new by-law :—

" 1-A. No animal shall be slaughtered at any place other than the slaughter-house except in case of necessity or for a religious purpose and all such animals shall be subjected to *ante* and *post-mortem* examination by the Veterinary Assistant Surgeon."

2. After by-law 19 the following shall be added as a new by-law : –

" 19-A. Skins and hides of animals slaughtered shall be packed in bales, and shall be marked to show the name of the slaughter-house and the date of slaughter."

No. 2149-C.-40/27105.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of section 238 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare that the Municipal Committee of **Mithankot,** in the Dera Ghazi Khan district, shall be reconstituted with effect from the date of the publication in the Gazette of the results of the next general elections.

No. 2149-C.-40/27106.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 11 and 12 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to fix, with reference to the next general elections and with effect from the date of publication of the results thereof, the number of members of the Municipal Committee of **Mithankot,** in the Dera Ghazi Khan district, to be reconstituted under Punjab Government notification No. 2149-C.-40/27105, dated the 24th June, 1940, at eight, of whom six shall be elected and two appointed.

The 25th June, 1940.

No. 2577-C.-40/27204.—*Addendum.*—In by-law 1 (e) (1) of the by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 379-C.-40/10670, dated the 6th March, 1940, after the words " two feet " the words " or less " shall be added.

No. 2579-C.-40/27206.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Banga,** in the Jullundur district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and

shall come into force within the Municipality of **Banga** on the 12th day of August, 1940, in supersession of that part of Punjab Government notification No. 1091, dated 9th December, 1891, which relates to the slaughter-house bylaws of this Municipality and Punjab Government notification No. 344, dated the 31st May, 1915:—

BY-LAWS.

1. In these by-laws—

(*i*) "Slaughter-house" means the slaughter-house owned and managed by the Municipal Committee.

(*ii*) "Superintendent" means the officer in charge of the slaughter-house.

2. (*i*) The slaughter-house will be open for the slaughter of animals during such hours as the Committee may, from time to time, direct.

(*ii*) No animal shall be slaughtered at any other time, provided that, in special circumstances and on the realization of twice the usual fee, the Superintendent may allow the slaughter of any animal at any other time. In all such cases the previous written permission of the Superintendent shall be obtained.

3. The Committee shall fix at a conspicuous place in the slaughter-house, a notice showing—

(*i*) the hours of the working of the slaughter-house;

(*ii*) the fees payable; and

(*iii*) any other directions that the Committee or the Superintendent may see fit to issue.

4. Every animal for slaughter shall, on being brought to the slaughter-house, be presented for inspection to the Superintendent who, before passing any animal for slaughter, shall satisfy himself that—

(*i*) it is more than six months old;

(*ii*) its flesh will be fit for use as human food;

(*iii*) it is not pregnant or with unweaned young;

(*iv*) it is not diseased or in a dying condition:

provided that an animal which has met with an accident and is otherwise healthy may be passed for slaughter.

5. The Superintendent shall maintain a register in which he shall enter a brief description of each animal approved for slaughter, and the fees recovered therefor.

6. Fees for the slaughter of each animal shall be levied at the following rates:—

Animal.	*Fee per head.* Rs. A. P.
Goat	0 1 6
Sheep	0 1 6

7. (1) No person shall knowingly bring into any part of the slaughter-house—

(*i*) a diseased or unsound animal;

(*ii*) an animal which is less than six months old;

(*iii*) an animal which is pregnant or with unweaned young;

(*iv*) any carcass;

(*v*) any dog, or

(*vi*) any animal not meant for slaughter or for the slaughter of which the slaughter-house is not provided.

(2) Any animal brought in contravention of this by-law shall be summarily removed under the direction of the Superintendent.

8. (1) Animals approved for slaughter by the Superintendent shall be branded/marked with a distinctive mark on ears, hooves or horns and admitted into the waiting-yard of the slaughter-house.

(2) All animals when approved shall be kept in the waiting-yard until the owners or persons in charge receive permission to bring them into the slaughter-yard.

(3) The owner of the animal shall remain responsible for its security while it is in the waiting-yard.

(4) No animal shall be admitted into the waiting-yard unless the prescribed fee has been paid.

9. Animals rejected as unfit for slaughter shall be removed forthwith from the premises of the slaughter-house :

Provided that animals found to be affected by any infectious or contagious disease or which may reasonably be suspected of being so affected, shall, if the Superintendent so directs, be forthwith apprehended and removed to the Veterinary Hospital or such other place as the Committee may provide for the purpose.

10. Each animal shall be slaughtered immediately over the drain and no blood shall be allowed to flow upon the floor.

11. (*i*) Slaughtered animals shall be disembowelled as soon as possible after slaughter.

(*ii*) The contents of the stomachs and bowels shall not be washed into the drain or allowed to drop on the floor, but shall be emptied into buckets or receptacles provided for the purpose by the Municipal Committee.

12. No person shall rub or cause to be rubbed the inner sides of skins upon the ground within any portion of the slaughter-house or in the neighbourhood of the slaughter-house premises.

13. (*i*) All carcasses shall, after skinning and cleaning, be presented to the Superintendent for inspection.

(*ii*) Carcasses which have been passed by the Superintendent as fit for human consumption shall, if necessary, be branded or stamped so as to define their quality.

(*iii*) No person shall remove any carcass from the slaughter-house premises until it has been duly passed by the Superintendent.

(*iv*) The Superintendent shall cause any carcass or meat, which is, in his opinion, unfit for human consumption, to be buried or destroyed.

14. No person shall remove entrails and offals from the slaughter-house until they have been properly washed and cleaned.

15. No person shall blow or stuff any meat within the slaughter-house premises and the Superintendent may cause to be buried or destoryed any meat found to be blown or stuffed.

16. Any carcass or meat ordered to be destroyed in accordance with the provisions of by-law 13 or 15 shall be so treated as to render its use for human food impossible.

17. No meat shall be sold on the premises of the slaughter-house.

18. No person shall remove or cause to be removed from the premises of the slaughter-house any carcass or meat except in a clean receptacle and covered in such a manner as to be screened from public view and adequately protected against flies and dust.

19. The Superintendent shall, by general or special order, direct the disposition of all skins, heads, horns and feet of slaughtered animals and all carcasses or meat found left in the slaughter-house after the hour fixed for closing the slaughter-house.

20. (*i*) No person affected with leprosy, sores or any other skin disease or any contagious or infectious disease shall enter the slaughter-house premises.

(*ii*) No person, other than the municipal staff on duty and licensed butchers and their assistants or *bona fide* servants, shall enter the slaughter-house premises during the process of slaughtering or skinning and cutting up of carcass.

(*iii*) No person shall create any disturbance in the slaughter-house premises.

Any person transgressing the provisions of this by-law may be removed summarily under the direction of the Superintendent.

21. Any person who commits a breach of any of the by-laws 2, 4, 7 to 18 and 20 shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be liable to fine which may amount to fifty rupees.

The 26th June, 1940.

No. 2540-C.-40/27335.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 16 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab hereby directs that Chaudhri Balbir Singh shall be removed from membership of the Municipal Committee of **Hoshiarpur**, and shall be disqualified for election for a period of five years following the date of this notification.

No. 1715-C.-40/27393.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 16 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab hereby directs that Khwaja Amir Ahmad Ansari and Haji Abdul Qayyum, shall be removed from membership of the Municipal Committee of **Panipat**, in the Karnal district and shall be disqualified for election for a period of five years.

No. 2116-C.-40/27395.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare his intention of including within the Municipality of **Gujrat,** the area lying between the existing boundary as defined in Punjab Government notification No. 4421-C.-38/41850, dated the 14th December, 1938, and the boundary now proposed as specified in the appended schedule.

2. Any person who objects to the proposed inclusion of the said area should submit his objection, in writing through the Deputy Commissioner, Gujrat, to the Punjab Government, within six weeks from the date of publication of this notification :—

SCHEDULE.

North.—From the north-west corner of field No. 392 (of Sio Mundowal) eastwards in a straight line to the south-west corner of field No. 60 (of Chak Mehmada) ; thence eastwards in a straight line to the north-east corner of field No. 377 (of Chak Mehmada) ;

East.—Thence southwards in a straight line to the south-west corner of field No. 601 (of Sio Mundowal) ; thence eastwards in a straight line to the south-east corner of field No. 636 (of Sio Mundowal) ; thence southwards in a straight line to the south-west corner of field No. 360 (of Shahpur) ; thence southwards in a straight line to the south-east corner of field No. 580 (of Shahpur) ; thence south-eastwards in a straight line to the south-east corner of field No. 749 (of Nurpur) ; thence southwards in a straight line to the north-east corner of field No. 178 (of Nurpur) ; thence south-eastwards in a straight line to the south-east corner of field No. 607 (of Fatehpur) ; thence south-westwards in a straight line to the north-west corner of field No. 898 (of Fatehpur) ; thence south-westwards in a straight line to the south-east corner of field No. 1205 (of Fatehpur) ;

South.—Thence north-westwards in a straight line to a point on the southern limit of the Grand Trunk Road removed 500 feet to the south-east of the outer end of the Railway Bazar Road where it meets the Grand Trunk Road ; thence south-westwards in a straight line to a point on the northern limit of the Railway Yard removed 500 feet to the south-east of the outer end of the Railway Bazar Road where it meets the Railway Yard;

West.—Thence north-westwards along the northern boundary of Railway yard to a point on the said boundary removed 500 feet to the north-west of the outer end of the Kunjah-Gujrat Road where it meets the Railway Yard ; thence north-eastwards in a straight line to a point on the southern limit of the Grand Trunk Road removed 500 feet to the north-west of the outer end of the Kunjah-Gujrat Road where it meets the Grand Trunk Road, thence north-westwards in a straight line to the north-west corner of fields Nos. 782 and 783/202 (of Jattu Akkal) ; thence north-eastwards in a straight line to the south-west corner of field No. 929/709 (of Jattu Akkal) ; thence north-eastwards in a straight line to the north-west corner of field No. 295 (of Rangpur) ; thence north-westwards in a straight line to the north-west corner of field No. 21 (of Rangpur) which adjoins the Civil Station Road, thence north-eastwards along the centre of the Civil Station Road to the point where it meets the Chak Budhewala Road, thence north-westwards along the centre of the Chak Budhewala Road to the point where it meets the south-east corner of field No. 2:8 (of Shahpur) ; thence north-eastwards in a straight line to the point of start.

No. 2115-C.-40/27408.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (10) of section 62 of the Punjab Municipal Act 1911, it is hereby notified that with the previous sanction of the Governor of the Punjab the Municipal Committee of **Gurdaspur** has with effect from the 10th October, 1940, imposed the following tax in supersession of the tax the imposition of which was notified in Punjab Government notification No. 20240, dated the 28th May, 1935, namely :—

A tax called octroi (without refunds) calculated on the gross weight of consignments including packing drums and other articles used

in packing at the rates shown in column 3 of the schedule herein below upon the articles mentioned in column 2 thereof imported by rail or road into the octroi limits of the Municipality as notified from time to time in the *Punjab Government Gazette*, but subject to the following provisions :—

1. When an article, not specifically mentioned in this schedule, falls under more than one item the octroi (without refunds) shall be charged under the item carrying the highest rate. If the rates are the same for both or all the items, the importer will decide under which item the article is to be classed, e.g., a mixture of silk and wool may be classed as either silk or wool.

2. The tax shall not be levied on —

(1) *bona fide* personal and household belongings of persons coming to take up their residence in the municipal limits and the *bona fide* personal luggage of travellers ;

(2) railway stores and materials required for use on railway, whether in constructing, maintaining or working the same and not removed outside the railway boundaries, but not including stores imported for purchase or consumption by railway employees or stores with which railway co-operative store is stocked for sale to members ;

(3) goods imported by rail and rebooked and exported without delivery having been taken ;

(4) goods declared at the time of import to be for immediate export and exported in accordance with the rules made in this behalf ;

(5) agricultural implements imported or exported for experimental and demonstrative purposes ;

(6) gold and silver bullion and coin ;

(7) printed books, newspapers and catalogues (excluding waste papers) ;

(8) stamps, stamp papers and petition papers ;

(9) articles fertilizers, i.e., nitrate of soda, sulphate of amonia, calcium cyanamide, sulphate of potash, muriate of potash, kainit, superphosphates leunaphos, nitro chalk, nicifos, and basic slag ;

(10) all road making materials such as stone ballast, coaltar (including drums, bitumen, asphalt, sand shingle, and bricks for soling coates, imported by the Government of India or by any Provincial Government or by any local authority (including a cantonment authority) or by contractors for use on the roads maintained by the Public Works Department of Government or any local authority (including a cantonment authority) if accompanied at the time of import by a certificate signed by a gazetted officer of the Government department concerned or by the President, Executive Officer, or Secretary of the local authority concerned that such articles are required by them for road making only ;

(11) all materials required for the local distribution works in connection with the Uhl River Hydro-Electric Project now being undertaken :

Provided that at the time of import the Importing Engineer shall certify that the materials in question are required for and will be used solely in Government work. For the purpose of this certificate the Importing Engineer in the

case of materials imported by Government shall be the Electricity Branch Officer in charge of the particular work, and in the case of materials imported by the Contractor the Contractor's Engineer ;

(12) head loads of cow dung (Opla) brush wood, grass and *fodder* ;

(13) arms of any sort imported by Government ;

(14) articles of dowry imported along with the marriage party or articles imported in connection with a mourning ceremony ;

(15) necessaries (not being articles of food or drink) equipment and clothing imported by officers-in-command of troops or air force units for the use of their men and followers and grain and green fodder imported for consumption by horses, mules or other animals maintained as part of their military equipage by any person in military or air-force service :

Provided that such grain or fodder is certified by the Commanding Officer to be imported for *bona fide* public purposes ;

(16) all ammunition and military stores imported by the Police Department provided that each consignment of such ammunition or military stores is certified by the Superintendent of Police of the district concerned to be the property of the Government in the Police Department ;

(17) articles relating to a "Waqf" property if accompanied at the time of import by a certificate from the Manager of the "Waqf" that the articles belong to the "Waqf" ;

(18) agricultural machinery and agricultural implements excepting "Toka" ;

(19) unburnt bricks, bundles of hemp plant, and aerated waters ;

(20) goods on which the Octroi (without Refunds) amounts to less than three pies ;

(21) exhibits of the Agricultural and other Government departments imported for instructional purposes if accompanied at the time of import by a certificate signed by a gazetted officer of the department concerned that such exhibits are meant for the purpose of exhibition only ;

(22) forms and papers used by partwaris and field kanugoes in connection with their official duties ;

(23) all sorts of quinine imported into the Municipality for medicinal purposes ;

(24) films and other material for propaganda imported by the Commissioner for Rural Reconstruction, Punjab, for the purposes of propaganda in rural areas, provided a certificate duly signed by a gazetted officer of the department is produced ;

(25) articles imported for manufacturing purposes into a jail situated within the municipal limits, provided that the goods into which they are manufactured are used in jail itself or supplied to other departments of Government ;

(26) goods belonging to the Gurdaspur Municipality so certified by the Secretary ;

(27) *bona fide* commercial samples meant for free distribution and not meant for transfer or sale ;

(28) used and empty Co. 2 gas cylinders to be refilled, if accompanied by a transit pass valid for a period of one month.

(29) Articles imported in accordance with the orders of a court of Law or by the Police in connection with the official duty;

(30) the following articles if accompanied by a pass in Form O-10 valid for the period shown against each of them :—

(*i*) machinery tools and plants sent out for the execution of work .. .. 15 days.

(*ii*) used furniture, musical instrument, tents, chholdaris, crockery, utensils and lamps taken out temporarily for parties, marriages, ceremonies, and public functions 15 days.

(31) all articles imported through parcel post;

(32) exhibits of the District Rural Community Council imported for instructional purposes if accompanied at the time of import by a certificate signed by the Chairman of the Council that such exhibits are meant for the purpose of exhibition only;

(33) hand spun yarn, hand-woven khadar and hand-woven mosquito nets;

(34) old lorries, cars, bicycles, motor cycles and cycles;

(35) phak and eggs;

(36) all young plants for transplantation on roadsides when imported into the Municipality if accompanied by a certificate signed by a gazetted officer of the Public Works Department that such plants are required for transplantation on roadsides only;

(37) the cinema lorries of the North-Western Railway carrying the cinema equipment and consumable stores for the purposes of giving free shows subject to the production of a certificate signed by a responsible railway official to the effect that these lorries belong to the North-Western Railway and are meant for their propaganda work only :—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	Description of articles.	Rate.	REMARKS.
	CLASS I.—ARTICLES OF FOOD OR DRINK FOR MEN OR ANIMALS.	Rs. A. P.	
		Per maund.	
1	All grains including drau and their flours except wheat and its flours, pulses, husked and unhusked rices, *swank* and its rice, *sil* and *chirwa*.	0 0 6	
2	Wheat and its flour not specified elsewhere in the schedule.	0 0 3	
3	*Maida*, *suji*, *rawa* and *nishasta*	0 0 6	
4	Vegetables of all kinds includes water nuts (Sangharas), sweet potatoes (*shakarkandi*), green ginger, green chilly, green turmeric and potatoes.	0 0 6	

Serial No.	Description of articles.	Rate.	REMARKS.
	CLASS I.—ARTICLES OF FOOD OR DRINK FOR MEN OR ANIMALS.—*concld.*	RS. A. P.	
		per maund.	
5	Fodder, Bhusa (*chokar*)	0 0 3	
6	Cotton seeds and oil cakes	0 0 6	
7	Fruits (fresh), namely, grapes, pomegranates, apples, pears, bananas, *alichis*, *sardas*, strawberries, *khirni*, *sharifa*, *khobani* (appricot), *zardalu*, dates, *locats*, *turanj*, *phalsa* and *rasbhari*.	0 6 0	
8	*Mongphalli* (ground nuts)	0 2 0	
9	Fruits (dried) and nuts of all kinds except betel nuts.	0 6 0	
10	Fruits not specified elsewhere in the schedule, such as *chakotra*, *anwla* (green *anwla*), *galgal*, lemon, melon (*kharbooza*), *phut*, *khatties*, *ber*, *shahtut* (*badana*), *jaman*, guavas, *sangtaras*, mangoes, *arus* and *aluchas*.	0 2 0	
11	Betel leaves and betel nuts	0 8 0	
12	Ghi, butter, *khoas* and cream	0 8 0	
13	Solidified vegetable oil (Banaspatin ghi)	1 8 0	
14	Sugarcane of all kinds and its pieces ..	0 1 0	
15	Sugar (Refined) all kinds and articles made thereof not specified elsewhere in the schedule.	0 2 0	
16	Foreign and country-made oilman's stores of all kinds, groceries including country pickles, vinegar, *chatni*, jam and jelly, preserved and conserved preparations of food and drink including dried fish, tea, coffee, coco and all kinds of sweetmeats (country and foreign made) of refined and unrefined sugar.	0 4 0	
17	Fish not specified elsewhere in the schedule ..	0 8 0	
		per doz.	
18	Ducks, fowls, water fowls and other games ..	0 8 0	
19	Partridges, quails, starlings and other small birds.	0 1 0	
		per maund.	
20	*Guchhian* and *Khumban*	0 4 0	
21	Dried *dhania* and chillies	0 2 0	
22	Salt (common)	0 0 3	
23	Salt of all kinds (other than common salt) ..	0 4 0	
24	Whisky, beers, and liquor of all kinds ..	0 8 0	
25	Colour in the form of essences for colouring aerated waters.	2 0 0	
26	Ice	0 2 0	
27	Milk	0 4 0	
28	Opium, bhang, charas and poppy seeds ..	0 1 0	
29	Sugar (unrefined), *gur*, *shakar*, jaggery and *shira*.	0 0 6	
30	Indian confectionary including *bari*, *papper*, *phulwari*.	0 6 0	
	CLASS II.—ANIMALS OF A CLASS USUALLY SLAUGHTERED.		
	Nil.		

Serial No.	Description of articles.	Rate.	REMARKS.
	CLASS III.—ARTICLES USED FOR LIGHTING OR WASHING.		
		RS. A. P. per maund.	
1	Kerosene oil, and other mineral oils including crude and lubricating oil not specified elsewhere in the schedule.	0 1 0	
2	Petrol	0 2 0	
3	Turpentine oil, linseed, coconut and poppy seeds oils.	0 4 0	
4	Vegetable oils of all kinds except hair oils and solidified vegetable oil.	0 2 0	
5	Oil seeds not specified elsewhere in the schedule.	0 0 6	
6	Coal, Coke, and its dust	0 0 3	
7	Firewood and charcoal	0 0 6	
8	Soap (Toilet)	1 0 0	
9	Soap (Others)	0 4 0	
10	Soda (Washing), *retha, kishta* and soap stone for washing clothes.	0 0 3	
11	Soda caustic	0 4 0	
12	Matches, candles, tallows, and other articles intended for gas and oil lighting not specified elsewhere in the schedule.	0 6 0	
13	Lamps not specified elsewhere in the schedule, lanterns, excluding chimneys and their spare parts.	0 8 0	
14	Gas lamps and their spare parts ..	2 0 0	
15	Electric lamps	3 8 0	
	CLASS IV.—ARTICLES USED IN THE CONSTRUCTION OF BUILDINGS.		
1	Timber of all kinds and articles made thereof not otherwise scheduled.	0 1 0	
2	Bamboos ballies	0 1 0	
3	Marble (*Sangmarmar*) and articles made thereof	0 6 0	
4	Cement and articles made thereof ..	0 0 6	
5	Lime of all kinds (slaked and unslaked) including kankar lime.	0 0 6	
		per thousand.	
6	Bricks and tiles not specified elsewhere in the schedule.	0 8 0	
7	*Naqshi* bricks	1 0 0	
8	Glazed tiles for walls and floors ..	1 0 0	
		per maund.	
9	*Surkhi, rori,* ballast, red stone, ground stone, stone metal, multani kharia mitti, sand, cinder, *keri,* kankar, *bajri,* and slate stone.	0 0 3	
10	Coaltar (Dry and liquid), *hurmachi, geri,* firebricks and fire clay.	0 2 0	
11	Varnish, paints and glue ..	2 0 0	
12	Sufaida liquid ..	0 8 0	
13	*Broza* and *ral* (Resin) ..	0 8 0	
	CLASS V—DRUGS, SPICES, GUMS AND PERFUMERY.		
1	Spices, *mahndi, wasma* ..	0 4 0	
2	*Unani* and *Vaidic* medicines not otherwise scheduled.	1 0 0	
3	All other medicines and drugs of all kinds not specified elsewhere in the schedule.	2 0 0	
4	Methylated spirits ..	0 8 0	

Serial No.	Description of articles.	Rate.	REMARKS.
	CLASS V—DRUGS, SPICES, GUMS AND PERFUMERY—*concld.*		
		Rs. A. P. per maund.	
5	Gold and silver leaves, saffron, *Kasturi*, pearls and *Mushakambar*.	25 0 0	
6	*Abresham*, camphor, *tabashir*, *kutha*, *salajit*, *saleb misri*, *moosli*, caroamom, *sandaldust*, poisonous drugs, essences of drugs.	2 0 0	
7	*Harar*, *behara*, *anwla* (Amla dried), *amaltas*, *rarah*, *bakhara*, *imili*, *gulkesu* and *gulkand*.	0 1 0	
8	*Banafsha* and *beedana*	1 0 0	
9	Oils not specified elsewhere in the schedule ..	1 0 0	
10	Lavenders and *khazabs*	2 0 0	
	CLASS VI.—TOBACCO MANUFACTURED AND UNMANUFACTURED.		
1	Tobacco for pipes and cigars	1 4 0	
2	Cigars, cigarettes and biries	1 4 0	
3	Tobacco in any shape suitable for smoking in *huqqa* and tobacco dust.	0 4 0	
4	Tobacco for eating purposes	1 0 0	
	CLASS VII.—PIECE-GOODS AND OTHER TEXTILE FABRICS AND MANUFACTURED ARTICLES OF CLOTHING AND DRESS.		
1	Ginned cotton and raw wool	0 1 0	
2	Cotton, silk and woollen piece-goods, thread, cotton twist and yarn, fancy wool, *pasham* and Dhariwal wool.	1 4 0	
3	*Nawar* (Cotton listing)	0 8 0	
4	Durries (*Shatranjis*)	1 0 0	
5	Carpets and flour rugs	2 0 0	
6	Blankets (*Kambals*)	0 8 0	
7	Tents, tarpauline, *saibans*, *kanats* ..	0 8 0	
8	Tats of all kinds	0 1 0	
9	Old clothes of all kinds meant for sale	0 8 0	
10	Leather of all hinds except chrome leather ..	0 4 0	
11	Boot shoes of leather and rubbers, slippers and *chaplis*.	1 8 0	
12	Leather goods not specified elsewhere in the schedule.	0 8 0	
13	Chrome leather	1 0 0	
14	Raw cotton	0 0 6	
15	Gold and silver lace, wire and thread, *gota*, *kinari*, *laurita*, *silma* and *sitara* (immitation or real).	1 4 0	
16	Hides and skins including skins of goat and sheep.	0 0 6	
	CLASS VIII—METALS AND ARTICLES OF METAL.		
1	Scrap and pig iron	0 2 0	
2	Steel bars, flats, girders and old tin ..	0 2 0	
3	Articles made of wrought and unwrought iron, articles made of steel except those mentioned otherwise in the schedule.	0 4 0	
4	Watches, clocks, time pieces and their spare parts.	2 0 0	

Serial No.	Description of articles.	Rate per maund.	REMARKS.
	CLASS VIII—METALS AND ARTICLES OF METAL—*concld.*		
		Rs. A. P.	
5	Machinery of all kinds except agricultural machinery and plants and their spare parts.	0 4 0	
6	Other metals not specified elsewhere in the schedule and articles made thereof.	0 8 0	
7	Tin sheets	0 4 0	
8	Galvanized iron sheets	0 4 0	
	CLASS IX—MISCELLANEOUS.		
1	Dyes other than hair dyes	2 0 0	
2	*Hira Kasis, majith,* indigo .. .	0 12 0	
3	Dry *kikar* bark	0 0 3	
4	Pictures and stage curtains	1 0 0	
5	Articles of sports and games	1 0 0	
6	Furniture of all kinds whether old or new ..	0 12 0	
7	Motor cars and lorries (new)	20 0 0	per vehicle.
8	Motor cycles with side cars (New)	12 8 0	per combination.
9	Motor cycles without side cars (New) ..	10 0 0	per cycle.
		per maund.	
10	Spare parts of motor cars, lorries and motor cycles.	1 0 0	
11	Bicycles and their spare parts	0 12 0	
12	Rubber and articles made thereof except those mentioned in the schedule elsewhere.	0 8 0	
13	Apparatus of photography, musical instruments, *cinematographic films,* typewriter machines.	2 0 0	
14	Sewing machines and their spare parts	2 0 0	
15	Paste boards, mill boards and waste papers ..	0 0 6	
16	Crockery and glass-ware except bangles ..	0 12 0	
17	Country and foreign made bangles ..	0 8 0	
18	Ivory and articles made thereof imitation stone optical goods.	2 0 0	
19	Empty bottles and jars of all kinds ..	0 6 0	
20	Perambulators and tricycles	0 8 0	
21	Arms of all kinds (used goods are exempted) ..	2 0 0	
22	Fireworks	0 6 0	
23	Glass Sheets..	0 6 0	
24	Wooden boxes (Empty)	0 4 0	
25	Ban (Material made of *munj, bagar, kahi, patha* and similar other fibres employed in stringing beds and other furniture of similar nature).	0 1 0	
26	*Necha, abnai, nari, dandi, kharawan* ..	0 1 0	
27	Electric fans and other electric goods of all kinds except electric lamps.	2 0 0	
28	Cane, *khas,* ropes, belting, asbestos, packing and chords of all kinds except *wan* ..	0 3 0	
29	Baskets made of bamboos, mulberry twigs and brush wood.	0 1 0	
30	Bones including hoofs, horns skins, and scrape	0 0 6	
31	Stationery	0 8 0	
32	Haberdashery including umbrellas.. ..	0 8 0	
33	Boot Polish..	0 12 0	
34	Empty Bags..	0 2 0	
35	All other articles not otherwise exempted and not chargeable under any other head.	2 0 0	

Note.—Every consignment of goods imported in a wooden packing case shall be assessed at one-fourth of its weight as a wooden packing case and three-fourths as the contents of the case, if the contents are to be assessed at a higher rate, provided that the gross weight of the case is at least half a maund. A crate shall not be deemed to be a packing case for the purpose of this note.

Public Health.

The 25th June, 1940.

No. 2643-M.-40/27210.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Pure Food Act, 1929, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to appoint the Chemist of the Public Health Department to be a Public Analyst for the Notified Area of **Khaur**, in the Attock district, in respect of cows' milk, buffaloes' milk, mixed milk, (cows and buffaloes) ghee, butter, khoa, ata, gur, canesugar, tea, sarson oil, toria oil, tara mira oil, til oil, sago and malt vinegar.

2. Punjab Government notification No. 2962-M.-38/23639, dated the 6th July, 1938, is hereby cancelled.

No. 2644-M.-40/27213.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Pure Food Act, 1929, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to appoint the Chemist of the Public Health Department to be a Public Analyst for the Municipality of **Hazro**, in the Attock district in respect of cows' milk, buffaloes' milk, ghee, butter, khoa, ata, gur, canesugar, tea, sarson oil, taramira oil, toria oil and til oil.

2. Punjab Government notification No. 3405-M.-37/38179, dated the 6th November, 1937, is hereby cancelled.

RAM CHANDRA,

Secretary to Government, Punjab,
Medical and Local Government Departments.

Committees.

The 22nd June, 1940.

No. 5711.—It is notified that in pursuance of the provisions of subsection 1 of section of 50 the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, I hereby make an order surcharging the following members or *ex*-members of the Municipal Committee, **Ludhiana** to the extent mentioned against their names, on account of the loss sustained by the said Committee in connection with the purchase of eight trailors for the conservancy scheme 'C' which have been lying idle for want of filth depots :—

		Rs.	A.	P.
(1)	Kh. Mohd. Eusoof	347	9	3
(2)	Lala Tilak Ram	347	9	3
(3)	Mian Roshan Din	347	9	3
(4)	Khawaja Muhammad Akram	347	9	3
(5)	Mian Mohd. Abdulla	347	9	3
(6)	Dr. E. M. Brown	296	4	9
(7)	Seth Sant Dass	296	4	9
(8)	Khwaja Ahmed Shah	296	4	9
(9)	Ch. Tikka Kishan Singh..	296	4	9
(10)	Ch. Nand Lal	51	4	6

The Examiner, Local Fund Accounts, Punjab, had reported that the loss of Rs. 7,200 was a direct consequence of the neglect on the part of the members named in the next paragraphs as well as of the members mentioned above, in the performance of their duties while members of the said Committee,—*vide* resolution Nos. 1785 and 53, dated the 23rd March, 1936, and 4th April, 1936, respectively.

Lala Ram Nath, Master Taj-ud-Din, Sayyed Mohd. Yasin Shah, Kh. Mohd. Aslam, Khwaja Muhammad Azam, K. S. Dr. Nur Mohd., Haji Qutub-ud-Din, Sayyed Altaf Hussain, Pandit Muni Lal Kalia and Mr. Vijey Kumar Gupta, who ceased to be members of the Committee more than a year before the date on which notices were issued, have become exempt from proceedings under section 50 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911.

Mr. Sarab Kishan was not present in any of the meetings held on the 23rd March, and 4th April, 1936, has been held to be exempt under this section.

H. A. MAJID,

Deputy Commissioner, Ludhiana.

490 CS—1160—27, 6,40—SGPPL, Lahore.

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PART I—A.

Punjab Government Notifications and Orders.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Boards.

The 28th June, 1940.

No. 2568-L. G.—Bds.-40/27628.—Whereas it appears to the Governor of the Punjab that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of **Amritsar,** for a public purpose, namely, for the extension of medical dispensary at Fatehabad, it is hereby notified that the land described in the specification below is likely to be acquired for the said purpose.

2. This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, to all whom it may concern, and, in exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to authorize the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

3. Any person interested in the land who has any objection to the acquisition may, within thirty days of the publication of this notification,

file an objection in writing before the Collector of the Amritsar district :—

SPECIFICATION OF LAND.

District.	*Tahsil.*	*Mauza.*	*Area in acres.*	*Boundaries.*
Amritsar ..	Tarn Taran ..	Fatehabad ..	·45	*North.*—Tarn Taran-Goindwal Road. *East.*—Khasra Nos. 3622 min., 3621 min., 3620 min. and 3619 min. *South.*—Khasra No. 3625 min. *West.*—Medical Dispensary and Tarn Taran-Goindwal road.

No. 2563-L. G.-40/27641.—The following amendments, made by the District Board of **Sialkot** to its rules of business, published with Punjab Government notification No. 2017-L. G.-39/20270, dated the 6th June, 1939, are published for general information, and shall come into force with immediate effect :—

AMENDMEMTS.

1. For the existing rule 2·29, the following new rule shall be substituted namely :—

" 2·29. There shall be the following sub-committees of the Board, namely :—

(*a*) The Finance sub-committee ;

(*b*) The District Works sub-committee ;

(*c*) The Education sub-committee ;

(*d*) The Medical and Public Health sub-committee ;

(*e*) The Small Fairs, Vehicle and Agriculture sub-committee ;

(*f*) The Gullu Shah Cattle Fair sub-committee ;

(*g*) The Throh Cattle Fair sub-committee ;

(*h*) The Sialkot Spring Cattle Fair sub-committee ; and

(*i*) The Narowal Cattle Fair sub-committee."

2. For the existing rule 2·34, the following new rule shall be substituted, namely :—

" 2·34. The Small Fairs, Vehicle and Agriculture sub-committee shall consist of 8 members elected by the Board, and the Secretary of the Board shall be the *ex-officio* Secretary of this sub-committee. The small fairs other than those mentioned in clauses (*f*) to (*i*) of rule 2·29 shall be supervised by the circle member, and the Secretary of the Board."

3, After rule 2·34, the following new rule shall be added, namely :—

" 2·34-A. The (*a*) Gullu Shah Cattle Fair / (*b*) Throh Cattle Fair / (*c*) Sialkot Spring Cattle Fair / (*d*) Narowal Cattle Fair sub-committee shall consist of (*a*) 8 / (*b*) 6 / (*c*) 6 / (*d*) 6 members elected by the Board, and the Secretary of the Board shall be an *ex-officio* Secretary of this sub-committee."

4. Before the word " Fairs " occurring in line 1 of rule 2·46, the word " Small " shall be inserted.

No. 2686-L. G.-40/27644.—The following amendments made by the District Board of **Gurgaon** to its Provident Fund Rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 14691, dated the 28th April, 1932, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information, and

shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Gurgaon,** on the 20th August, 1940 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. *Substitute* the following *for* clause (*e*) in rule 1 :—

" (*e*) ' Servant ' includes every employee of the board who holds a permanent post substantively under the board or is officiating in a permanent or a temporary post in the board but holds a permanent post in a substantive capacity under any other local body which maintains a provident fund, but does not include a Government servant employed by the board."

2. *After* rule 8 the following note shall be inserted :—

" NOTE.—In the case of the board's employee governed by the Civil Service Regulations or the Revised Leave Rules, 1936, the term ' leave on average pay ' occurring in sub-rule (2) means the privilege leave on full salary or the earned leave as the case may be ".

3. In rule 9 (1) *for* the words " may, up to limit of the amount shown at credit of his account in column 5-A of the Provident Fund Ledger," shall be substituted the words " may up to the amount contributed by the subscriber including interest accrued thereon."

4. In rule 9 (4) the words " clause (*a*) or clause (*b*) of " shall be deleted.

5. The sub-columns for annas and pies in column 6 of form P. F. 1 shall be deleted.

No. 2339-L. G.-40/27649.—The following draft of amendments, which the Governor of the Punjab proposes to make, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 55 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, to the District Works Rules, 1926, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 20th August, 1940, together with any objection or suggestion which may be received by the Punjab Government from any person with respect to the draft before that date :—

DRAFT AMENDMENTS.

I. The following new rule shall be added after rule 5 :—

" 5-A. Whenever the alignment of a new District Board road, drain, etc., passes close to, or involves any alteration to, or diversions of, pre-existing railways, or interferes with any works or land appertaining to the same, the written consent of the authorities in charge of such railways to the proposed construction of the new road, drain, etc., shall be obtained before any work thereon is put in hand."

II. The following new sub-rule shall be added after sub-rule (2) of rule 12 :—

" (3). When the alignment of a new District Board road, drain, etc., passes close to or involves any alteration to, or diversions of, pre-existing railways, or interferes with any works or land appertaining to the same, the district board shall, during the survey, ascertain the views of the authorities in charge of such railways and also enquire from them whether they contemplate undertaking any work which would affect the proposed road, drain, etc. If it is found that such a work is contemplated, the estimates and plans for the road, drain, etc., shall contain a provision for necessary additions and alterations."

No. 2677-L. G.-40/27657.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 15 (2) of the Punjab District Baards Act, 1883, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to appoint Lala Chaman Lal Pandhi, Advocate, Lyallpur, to be a member of the District Board of **Lyallpur,** *vice* Rai Bahadur Lala Sewak Ram, deceased.

The 2nd July, 1940.

No. 2501-L. G.-40/27912.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 74 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to exempt all motor vehicles carrying road-making

materials through the Kurukshetra Fair Area, from the payment of the tax, the imposition of which, by the District Board of **Karnal,** was notified with Punjab Government notification No. 3893-M.-35/11480, dated the 6th April, 1936, if accompanied at the time of import by a certificate signed by a Gazetted official of the Public Works Department, stating that such materials are required by the Public Works Department, for the purpose of road construction.

The 3rd July, 1940.

No. 2606-L.G.-40/28110.—In accordance with the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 18 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to re-appoint the Deputy Commissioner, Karnal, to be the *ex-officio* Chairman of the District Board of **Karnal** with effect from the 5th September, 1939.

No. 2713-C.-40/28160.—The following regulations made by the District Board of **Shahpur,** in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 56 and 57 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 56 (2) of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Shahpur,** on the 19th day of August, 1940, from which date the regulations published with Punjab Government notification No. 2130-G.-38/21954, dated the 20th June, 1938, shall be deemed to be cancelled :—

REGULATIONS.

1. In these regulations unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context :—

(*a*) " Board " shall mean the District Board of Shahpur.

(*b*) " Medical Officer of Health " shall mean the District Medical Officer of Health of the Shahpur District.

(*c*) " Officer-in-charge of the fair " means the officer appointed by the Board to be in charge of the fair.

(*d*) " Sanitary Inspector " shall mean the Sanitary Inspector deputed by the Medical Officer of Health.

(*e*) " Sub-Assistant Health Officer " shall mean the Sub-Assistant Health Officer deputed by the Medical Officer of Health.

2. These regulations shall apply to all fairs held under the control of the District Board, Shahpur.

3. No person shall enter or leave the fair ground save by a route specified for the purpose by the officer-in-charge of the fair.

4. If the Board has erected any barrier across a road no person shall without permission of an authorised official pass such barrier.

5. The officer-in-charge of the fair may prohibit the entrance into the fair ground of any person suffering from a loathsome, infectious or contagious disease or any person who has been in contact with any such person and may expel any person so suffering or having been in contact from the fair ground.

6. (1) Where the officer-in-charge of the fair has fixed a place or places for parking of vehicles, no person shall park any vehicle at any place in the fair ground other than the place or places so fixed.

(2) No person shall stable or keep animals at places other than those set apart for the purpose.

7. No person shall set up in the fair ground any theatre or cinema, merry-go-round or any other show for public amusement, save at places and on conditions to be fixed by the Board.

8. No person shall set up any game of chance at any place in the fair ground.

9. The Medical Officer of Health may—

(*i*) fix places at which, and lay down conditions under which, cremation or burial of dead bodies, human or animal, shall take place ;

(*ii*) destroy or cause to be destroyed, or confine, or cause to be confined for such period as he may direct any dog suffering, or reasonably suspected to be suffering from rabies or bitten by any dog, or any other animal suffering or suspected to be suffering from rabies.

10. No person knowing or having reasons to believe that any dog belonging to him or in his charge is likely to annoy or intimidate any person or animal or has been bitten by an animal suffering, or reasonably suspected to be suffering from rabies shall neglect to restrain such dog from annoying, intimidating or biting other persons or animals.

Accommodation.

11. No person attending the fair shall encamp anywhere on the fair ground except on places set apart by the Board for the purpose.

12. No person shall use any building or site for the lodging of visitors on the fair ground except under a licence granted by the Medical Officer of Health. Every such licence shall be issued on the following conditions : –

(*i*) that such building or site complies with such conditions regarding ventilation, cleanliness, water supply, conservancy and drainage as the Medical Officer of Health may lay down ;

(*ii*) that such building or site shall accommodate not more than the number of persons of either sex stated in the licence ;

(*iii*) that the licence shall be liable to cancellation at any time by the Medical Officer of Health for a breach of any of these conditions.

13. The licensee of any such house shall supply to each person staying in it a cardboard ticket bearing the name of the visitor and the accommodation assigned to that individual.

14. All fires in thatched houses or *jhugis* shall be extinguished by 10 P.M.

15. Each licensee shall provide such number of buckets filled with water or sand as may be prescribed by the Medical Officer of Health for use in case of fire.

Water Supply.

16. No person shall take water within the fair ground from any source other than that approved by the Medical Officer of Health who may close or direct the closure of any source of water supply, public or private, temporarily if the same be in his opinion polluted or otherwise unfit for use.

17. The Medical Officer of Health may at his discretion disinfect or treat any well, tank or other source of water supply.

18. No drinking booth shall be allowed on the fair ground except under a licence granted by the Medical Officer of Health.

Food Supply.

19. No person shall sell, store, prepare or expose for sale any article of food or drink at any place in the fair ground except under a licence granted by the Medical Officer of Health and subject to the conditions specified on the licence form.

20. Every licence granted under regulation No. 19 shall be issued subject to the following conditions :—

(*i*) that any place used for the preparation, sale or exposure for sale or free supply of any article of food or drink shall be well lighted and ventilated and shall be kept clean at all times to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health ;

(*ii*) that water used in the preparation of articles of food or drink or for the washing of vessels used in such preparation shall be derived from a source approved by the Medical Officer of Health and be stored in clean and properly covered containers ;

(*iii*) that all vessels used in the preparation, storage or distribution of food or drink shall be kept clean ;

(*iv*) that only wholesome and unadulterated articles of food or drink shall be sold ;

(*v*) that all refuse (from whatever source) shall be deposited in suitable covered containers ;

(*vi*) that the Medical Officer of Health or any person not below the rank of a Sanitary Inspector or Sub-Assistant Health Officer authorised by him in this behalf may enter the licensed premises to inspect the same and any articles of food and drink ;

(*vii*) that the Medical Officer of Health or any officer not below the rank of a Sanitary Inspector or Sub-Assistant Health Officer specially authorised by him in this behalf may seize and destroy or otherwise dispose of any article of food or drink which in his opinion is unfit for human consumption ;

(*viii*) that no person who is suffering from any infectious, loathsome or contagious disease shall touch, or take part in the preparation or distribution of, any article of food or drink ;

(*ix*) that the licensee or his agent or servant shall immediately inform the office of the Medical Officer of Health at the fair of any case of illness among the persons connected with the licensed premises ;

(*x*) that the licensed premises shall not be used for sleeping purposes ;

(*xi*) that nothing shall be stored in any licensed premises except the articles necessary for the preparation, storage and distribution of food and drink;

(*xii*) that no dog or other animal shall be allowed in any licensed premises ;

(*xiii*) that all articles of food and drink shall be carefully protected from flies and dust ; and

(*xiv*) that the licensee shall comply with any other instructions issued by the Medical Officer of Health in this behalf.

21. The Medical Officer of Health may prohibit the import into the fair ground of any article of food or drink which he considers is likely to promote illness.

22. (1) No person shall manufacture aerated waters for sale in any premises on the fair ground except under a licence granted by the Medical Officer of Health.

(2) Every licence granted under this regulation shall be subject to the following conditions :—

(*i*) that the water used in the manufacture of aerated waters be derived from a source approved by the Medical Officer of Health and be carried in clean covered vessels and stored in a clean cistern with a tap ;

(*ii*) that empty bottles be first cleaned by scrubbing brush and clean water and then kept soaked in a solution of permanganate of potash for six hours. The permanganate solution shall be renewed as soon as it turns brown ; and

(*iii*) that all bottles shall bear a label or mark showing the name and address of the manufacturer.

NOTE.—The Medical Officer of Health will be the sole judge of whether a vessel or cistern is clean or not and in case of dispute in any matter pertaining to articles of food or drink as contained in these regulations, the decision of the Medical Officer of Health shall be final.

Washing and Bathing.

23. (*a*) No person shall wash any clothes or animals or bathe at any place on the fair ground other than that approved by the Medical Officer of Health and specified by the Board and no person shall use such a place which is set apart for the use of the opposite sex or at times other than those specified by the Board.

(*b*) No infected articles or clothes which have been used by or have come in contact with a person suffering from an infectious disease shall be washed at the public washing or bathing places unless they have been previously disinfected to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health.

Conservancy and Health.

24. No person shall ease himself at any place on the fair ground other than that set apart for the purpose.

25. No person shall deposit refuse at any place on the fair ground other than that specified for the purpose.

26. The Medical Officer of Health may—

(i) fix places for the deposit of refuse, rubbish or other waste matter of any kind and give directions regarding the time at which and manner in which such refuse, rubbish or waste matter may be kept on any land or building or removed along any road or pathway ;

(ii) direct the owner or occupier of any land or building not to cause, or knowingly or negligently allow, any waste water to collect on any land or place not set apart for the purpose ;

(iii) arrange for the removal of filth, rubbish, manure, or other waste matter from any latrine, urinal, cesspool or other receptacle for such matter ;

(iv) establish medical inspection posts in connection with the examination of travellers by rail and road and may also arrange for adequate accommodation for the isolation of cases of infectious diseases ;

(v) refuse entry to the fair ground to any person suspected to be suffering from any infectious disease and who refuses to allow himself to be examined at any such examination post, or gives a false answer to any question addressed to him by the Medical Officer or official in charge of such post and who disobeys any order of such officer or official in respect of his removal to a hospital or his detention in a place set apart for the purpose ;

(vi) order the removal of any person suffering or suspected to be suffering from any infectious disease to a suitable hospital and order all persons who have been in contact with a case of infectious disease to be isolated for a specified period ;

(vii) order the cleaning and disinfection of any land, building, drain, latrine, urinal, cesspool or any bedding, clothing or any other article which is in his opinion infected or likely to carry infection ;

(viii) prohibit the letting of a house or building or part of a house or building which has not been disinfected to his satisfaction ;

(ix) prohibit the entrance into the fair ground of persons coming from a town, village or locality which is infected with cholera, plague, smallpox or any other communicable disease unless such persons submit to appropriate preventive inoculation.

27. It shall be the duty of the owner or keeper of a lodging house, hostel or serai to inform the Medical Officer of Health immediately of any case of illness on his premises.

Note.—In these regulations the term "infectious diseases", "contagious diseases" or "communicable diseases" includes —

1. Cholera.	11. Erysipelas.
2. Smallpox.	12. Relapsing fever.
3. Plague.	13. Influenza.
4. Measles.	14. Purperal fever.
5. Chickenpox.	15. Cerebrospinal fever (meningitis).
6. Diphtheria.	16. Dysentery.
7. Tuberculosis (includes tubercle of lungs).	17. Leprosy.
8. Scarlet fever.	18. Mumps.
9. Typhus fever.	19. Whooping cough.
10. Enteric fever.	20. Sprue.

28. Any licence issued under these regulations may be cancelled by the Medical Officer of Health for a breach of any of the conditions of the licence. The decision of the Medical Officer of Health shall be final.

29. Any person who commits or abets the commission of a breach of any of these regulations shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with a fine which may extend to rupees fifty and if the breach is a continuing breach with a further fine which may extend to rupees five for each day after the first, during which the breach continues.

No. 2698-C.-40/28164.—The following regulations framed by the District Board of **Shahpur**, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 56 and 57 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by subsection (2) of section 56 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Shahpur**, on the 19th day of August, 1940 :—

REGULATIONS.

1. In these regulations a "pond" means any pond, tank, *baoli* or reservior whose water is or may be used for drinking by human beings.

2. The District Board may by resolution declare any pond situate within the area subject to its jurisdiction, to be a protected pond.

3. When a pond is declared to be a protected pond, the fact shall be notified to the public in the vicinity of the pond by beat of drum and a copy of the prohibition against its pollution as contained in these regulations together with the penalty there for shall be posted in the vernacular on a notice-board close to the pond.

4. The District Board may further by resolution determine the catchment area if any, of a protected pond, which shall be demarcated on the spot by a railing or bound ary pillars.

5. No person shall, in a protected pond or its catchment area,—

(*i*) throw filth, sweepings or any other unwholesome articles ;

(*ii*) wash or soak skins, leather, hemp or other dirty substance ;

(*iii*) place or bury the dead body of an animal ;

(*iv*) carry on a skinning or tanning business or stock bones ;

(*v*) ease himself or allow filthy water from his drain or property to flow;

(*vi*) make any new burial ground ;

(*vii*) establish a kiln or make an excavation ;

(*viii*) allow a flock of sheep or goats to stray ;

(*ix*) collect manure in heaps or pits ;

(*x*) wash himself or an animal, or wash clothes or water an animal, except at a distance of fifteen yards from the pond and so as not to allow the dirty water to flow into the pond.

6. No person shall, in a protected pond, spit or urinate or wash his hands after easing himself.

7. No water shall be used for filling a protected pond unless it is obtained from a source, and conveyed through a channel, approved by the Board.

8. The owner or the person in charge of a protected pond shall carry out such measures as the Board or the District Medical Officer of Health may prescribe for preventing the pollution of water in such pond.

9. When so required by the Board, the owner or the person in charge of a protected pond shall—

(*a*) build, of the type and the material specified, a drain or a cistern or shall make pucca floor to provide for dirty water to flow off and to prevent the flow of surface water or the water of any drain into the pond ;

(*b*) provide the pond with a suitable covering to prevent pollution from natural causes such as the falling of leaves or fruit or trees or the excreta of birds ;

(*c*) provide the pond with a parapet wall of the size and type specified ;

(*d*) provide a metal receptacle for raising water for drinking purposes attached to a metal chain in such a manner that the upper end of the chain shall always be above the surface of the water ;

(*e*) render the lining of the pond impervious to contamination from sub-soil water.

10. The owner or the person in charge of a protected pond shall, when so required by the Board, have it cleaned or repaired to the satisfaction of the Board.

11. The Chairman, Senior Vice-Chairman, Secretary or the District Medical Officer of Health or circle member or any person appointed in this behalf by the Board may, at all times, inspect any protected pond or its catchment area.

12. Any person who commits a breach of regulations 5 and 6 shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and if the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first day during which the breach continues.

No. 2668-L.G.-40/28171.—In exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (2) of section 15 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to appoint Chaudhri Hira Lal, of Khanda Kheri, tahsil Hansi, to be a member of the District Board of **Hissar**, *vice* Mr. Ram Singh Bahmini who has resigned his seat.

Committees.

The 28th June, 1940.

No. 2483-A.-C.-40/27652.—The following draft of amendments which the Governor of the Punjab proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, to the Municipal Works Rules, 1925, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby the draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 20th August, 1940, together with any objection or suggestion, which may be received by the Punjab Government from any person with respect to the draft before that date :—

DRAFT-AMENDMENTS.

I. The following new rule shall be added after rule 5 :—

"5-A. Whenever the alignment of a new municipal road, drain, etc., passes close to, or involves any alteration to, or diversions of, pre-existing railways, or interferes with any works or land appertaining to the same, the written consent of the authorities in charge of such railways to the proposed con struction of the new road, drain, etc., shall be obtained before any work thereon is put in hand."

II. The following new sub-rule shall be added after sub-rule (2) of rule 13 :—

"(3) When the alignment of a new municipal road, drain, etc., passes close to or involves any alteration to, or diversions of, pre-existing railways, or interferes with any works or land appertaining to the same, the municipal committee shall, during the survey, ascertain the views of the authorities in charge of such railways and also enquire from them whether they contemplate undertaking any work which would affect the proposed road, drain, etc. If it is found that such a work is contemplated, the estimates and plans for the road, drain, etc., shall contain a provision for necessary additions and alterations."

The 2nd July, 1940.

No. 2504-L.G.-Bds.-40/28000.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (10) of section 62 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that with the previous sanction of the Governor of the Punjab the Municipal Committee of **Gurdaspur**, in the Gurdaspur district, has, with effect from 5th October, 1940, imposed a tax, at the rates shown in the schedule appended below, payable by persons presenting building applications to the Committee :

Provided that the tax shall not be payable by persons presenting applications relating to the erection or re-erection of religious buildings or buildings owned by Government or a District Board :—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	*Description of building application.*	*Rate of tax.* Rs. A. P.
1.	Foundations only	1 0 0
2.	Construction of a kachha building	1 0 0
3.	Additions or alterations to existing building ..	1 0 0
4.	Pakka building	2 0 0

Note.—Opening of a new door, ventilator or window will not mean erection or re-erection for the purpose of this tax.

No. 2531-C.-40/28007.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Lyallpur** in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for the general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Lyallpur** on the 19th day of August, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. Every person owning or keeping or otherwise in charge of a dog, more than two months old, within the municipal limits shall, within 21 days after these by-laws come into force, or within 7 days after bringing a dog within such limits, as the case may be cause such dog to be registered at the Municipal Office.

2. (1) Any person who wishes to register a dog shall apply for such registration on the prescribed form of application which will be issued free of charge from the Munci-pal Office.

(2) Every application for reg,stration shall be accompanied with a fee of one anna.

(3) The registration shall remain in force till the 31st March next following the dat of règistration.

(4) The Municipal Medical Officer of Health shall register or cause to be registered every dog in respect of which an application for registration is received, together with the prescribed fee and shall issue to the applicant a metal badge in token of the dog having been registered.

(5) If any badge issued under clause (4) of this by-law is lost, the owner or keeper or the person otherwise in charge of the dog in respect of which the badge was issued may apply for another badge and the Municipal Medical Officer of Health shall issue another badge on receipt of 8 annas.

3. Every owner or keeper or person otherwise in charge of a registered dog shall cause such dog to wear a collar to which shall be attached the metal badge issued under clause (4) or clause (5) of by-law 2 in token of the dog having been registered.

4. Any dog which is not registered or which is not wearing a collar and the metal badge issued by the committee shall, if found in any public place, be removed and detain-ed in the Municipal Cattle Pound and shall be liable to be destroyed or to be disposed off under the orders of Municipal Medical Officer of Health on the expiry of a period of one week from the date of its capture unless the owner or keeper or person otherwise in charge of it before the expiry of such period shall have claimed it and shall have paid a fee of eight annas for every day or part thereof, not being less than eight hours, during which it has been detained.

5. Any person who commits a breach of by-laws and 3 shall, on conviction by a Magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupee and if the breach is a continuing breach with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

No. 2653-C.-40/28009.—The following by-laws made by the Muni-cipal Committee of **Lyallpur** in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Lyallpur** on the 19th day of August, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. Every park, or garden maintained by the Municipal Committee shall remain open to the public between such hours as may be notified by the President of the Com-mittee on a board to be affixed to some conspicuous place in such park or garden.

2. On the occasion of any public entertainment, ceremony or exhibition taking place in such park or garden after permission has been obtained from or given by the President of the Committee in that behalf, such park or garden shall be kept open or closed or such period and upon such terms and conditions as may be considered expedient by the President of the Committee.

3. No person shall enter or quit such park or garden except by a gate or opening provided for the purpose.

4. No person shall deface or displace any board or tablet in such park or garden wherein any notiee or by-law of the Cnmmittee is exhibited.

5. No person shall turn out to graze, or feed, or suffer to stray any animal in such park or garden.

6. No person shall allow or suffer to enter or be in such park or garden any dog not led by a chain or string or sufficient fastening.

7. No person shall, except with the written permission of the President of the Committee post or affix any bill, placard, or notice in any part of or upon any tree in such park or garden.

8. No person otherwise than in the discharge of his official duty as a servant of the Committee shall remove or disturb any soil or turf or flower bed or pluck any flower or l eaf in such park or garden.

9. No person shall destroy, injure, deface, soil or defile any part of any wall, fence, barrier, or railing in or enclosing such park or garden or any part of any fixed or moveable seat, building, monument, work of art, ornament or decoration or any other structure or erection or any municipal property in such park or garden, nor throw or deposit any litter filth, rubbish or refuse, or cause any litter filth, rubbish or refuse to fall or to be thrown or deposited upon any part of such park or garden.

10. No person shall throw or discharge in such park or garden any stone or other missile.

11. No person shall climb any tree, wall, fence, barrier, railing or post in or enclosing such park or garden.

12. No person shall bathe in any tank, pond or other ornamental water in such park or garden or wash clothes or any article in, or foul or pollute any such water.

13. No game shall be played in such park or garden except subject to such conditions as may from time to time be prescribed by the President of the Committee.

14. No person shall drink, or bring for consumption within such park or garden any intoxicating liquor.

15. Except with the written permission of the President of the Committee no person shall erect any post, rail, fnece, pole, tent, booth, stand, or other such temporary structure in such park or garden.

16. No person shall beat or clean any carpet, drugger rug, mat or any other fabric retaining dust or dirt in such park or garden.

17. No person shall, except with the written permission of the President of the Committee sell or offer or expose for sale or let to hire or offer or expose for letting to hire any commodity or article in such park or garden.

18. No person shall spread or deposit any linen or other fabric in such park, or garden, for the purpose of drying or bleaching the same.

19. No person shall wilfully obstruct, disturb, interrupt or annoy any other person in the proper use or enjoyment of such park or garden or wilfully obstruct, disturb or interrupt any officer or servant of the Committee in the execution of his duty.

20. No person shall ease himself in such park or garden.

21. No person who is suffering from any loathsome or infectious disease shall enter such park or garden.

22. Any person who commits a breach of any of the foregoing by-laws shall be punishable with fine which may extend to Rs. 50 and in case of a continuing breach with a further fine which may extend to Rs. 5 for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

No. 2601-C.-40/28012.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Kalabagh**, in the Mianwali district, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 188 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force within the municipality of **Kalabagh** on the 19th August, 1940 :—

BY-LAW.

The limits for the purpose of collecting octroi on articles imported into the municipality shall be the limits of the municipality as notified from time to time.

No. 2640-C.-40/28015.—The following amendment made by the Municipal Committee of **Gojra**, in the Lyallpur district, to its by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 1502-C.-37/21042, dated the 21st May, 1937, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Gojra**, on the 19th day of August, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

For the existing clause (*e*) of by-law 16 the following new clause shall be substituted :—

" (*e*) every permit shall be for one month only and shall be renewable for subsequent months on payment of rent for each month in advance. "

No. 2654-C.-40/28017.—The following amendment made by the Municipal Committee of **Gojra**, in the Lyallpur district, to its by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 430-C.-37/8226. dated the 27th February, 1937, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Gojra**, on the 19th day of August, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

In by-law 2 *for* the words " one-eight of an inch to the foot " the words " an inch to fifty feet ". shall be substituted.

No. 2358-C.-40/28019.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare his intention of including within the municipality of **Sharakpur,** in the Sheikhupura district, the area lying between the existing boundary as defined in Punjab Government notification No. 1025-S., dated the 18th August, 1885, as amended by Punjab Government notifications No. 11096 and No. 21056, dated the 2nd May, 1917, and 10th August, 1933, respectively, and the boundary now proposed as specified in the schedule hereto annexed.

2. Any person who objects to the proposed inclusion of the said area should submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner, Sheikhupura, to the Punjab Government within six weeks from the date of the publication of this notification :—

SECHEDULE.

North.—From the north-west corner of field No. 1544, of village Ghazipur, eastwards along the northern boundaries of fields Nos. 1544, 1543/2, 1543/1, 1542, 1529, 1528/2, 1528/1, 1503, 1491 to the north-east corner of field No. 1491. thence north-eastwards in a straight line passing through fields Nos. 1478/1, 1478/2, 1480, 2807/1465, 1481, 2857/1074, 1462, 1075, 1079, 1460, 1459 and 2719/1082 to the north-east corner of the last-named field of village Ghazipur ;

East.—Thence southwards in a straight line along the eastern boundary of field No. 2719/1082 crossing the Lahore-Lyallpur metalled road (field No. 1494), further along the eastern boundaries of fields Nos. 2707/1056/2, 2706/1056/1 and 1055 to the south-east corner of the last-named field, thence south westwards in a straight line passing through fields Nos. 1060/1, 1059, 1068, 1067, 1071, of village Ghazipur and fields Nos. 5631, 5630, 5629, 5624, 5628, 5627, 960, 959, 6698/958, 6697/944, 945, 946, 938 to the north-east corner of field No. 936, of village Sharakpur, thence southwards in a straight line along the eastern boundaries of fields Nos. 936, 930, 929, 928, 916, crossing kacha path (field No. 926), further southwards along the eastern boundaries of fields Nos. 917, 918, 1054, 1052, 1051, 1037, 1036, 1029/2, crossing village path (field No. 1017) further along the eastern boundaries of fields Nos. 1030, 1148, 1146, 1145, 1144, crossing kacha road (field No. 1022), further southwards along the western boundaries of field No. 1154 and eastern boundaries of fields Nos. 1155, 1156 to the north-east corner of field No. 1188 ;

South.—Thence south-westwards along the northern boundary of Nala (field No. 1185) to the southern corner of field No. 1193, thence north-westwards along the

northern boundary of kacha road to Bhaini (field No. 1197) to the north-west corner of field No. 1105, thence crossing the kacha road to the north-east corner of field No. 1199, thence southwards in a straight line along the eastern boundaries of fields Nos. 1199, 1200, 1203, 1205, 1206, crossing kacha path (field No. 1207) further in the same direction along the eastern boundaries of fields Nos. 1208, 1215, 1214, 1218, 1233, 1232, crossing kacha path (field No. 1322) further along the eastern boundary of field No. 1230 to its south-east corner, thence westwards in a straight line along the southern boundaries of fields Nos. 1230 and 1244 crossing kacha path (field No. 1361) to the south-east corner of field No. 1376, thence northwards along the eastern boundary of field No. 1376 its north-east corner, thence south-westwards straight along the northern boundary of the field to a point on the left side of Khudpur Road, thence northwards to the south-east corner of field No. 1502, thence westwards in a straight line along the southern boundaries of fields Nos. 1502, 1504, 1484, 1481, 1480, 1479, 1528, crossing the kacka road (field No. 1516), further in the same direction along the southern boundaries of fields Nos. 1539, 1538, 1593, 1591, crossing Nurpur Road field No. 1615, further in the same direction along the southern boundaries of fields Nos. 1621 and 1620 to the south-west corner of field No. 1620 ;

West.—Thence northwards along the western boundaries of fields Nos. 1620, 1622 (Doharanwala graveyard) crossing the Lahore-Lyallpur metalled road (fields Nos. 6950/6507, 6505, 6509, 6579) to the south-west corner of field No. 6908/6790, thence northwards in a straight line along the western boundaries of fields Nos. 6908/6790, 6909/6507, 1665, 1655, 1654, 1673, crossing kacha path (field No. 1674) further along the western boundaries of field 1675, crossing kacha path (field No. 6910/6630 and western boundaries of fields Nos. 1677 and 1678 to the northwest corner of field No. 1678, thence north-eastwards in a straight line passing through fields Nos. 1683, 1680, 1681/1, 1681/2, 567, 566, 564 and 563, crossing kacha path (field No. 6810/6439) and fields Nos. 594, 597, 596/2, 596/1, 599, 604, 603, crossing kacha path (field No. 6585/6436) and fields Nos. 352, 342 343, 336, 335, 767, 766, 769, 770, crossing kacha path (fields Nos. 6850/6615) and fields Nos. 771, 772, 775, 293, 294/2, 295, 296, 286, 284, 281, 278, of village Sharakpur and fields Nos. 1566, 1565/2, 1564, 1563, 1570, 1571, crossing kacha path (field No. 1572) and passing through field No. 1591 further crossing kacha road to Sheikhupura (field No. 1557) to the point of start.

The 3rd July, 1940.

No. 2302-C.-40/28117.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Sadhaura**, in the Ambala district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Sadhaura**, on the 19th day of August, 1940 :—

BY-LAW.

1. In these by-laws unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context—

(*a*) " Committee " shall mean the Municipal Committee of Sadhaura.

(*b*) " Medical Officer of Health " shall have the same meaning as in section 3 (15) of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911.

(*c*) " Officer-in-charge of the fair " shall mean the officer appointed by the Committee to be in charge of the fair.

(*d*) " Sanitary Inspector " shall mean the Sanitary Inspector deputed by the Medical Officer of Health.

(*e*) " Sub-Assistant Health Officer " shall mean the Sub-Assistant Health Officer deputed by the Medical Officer of Health.

2. These by-laws shall apply to the Sadhaura Municipal Cattle Fair.

3. No person shall enter or leave the fair ground save by a route specified for the purpose by the officer-in-charge of the fair.

4. If the Committee has erected any barrier across a road no person shall without permission of an authorized official pass such barrier.

5. The officer-in-charge of the fair may prohibit the entrance into the fair ground of any person suffering from a loathsome, infectious or contagious disease or any person who has been in contact with any such person and may expel any person so suffering or having been in contact from the fair ground.

6. (1) Where the officer-in-charge of the fair has fixed a place or places for parking of vehicles, no person shall park any vehicle at any place in the fair ground other than the place or places so fixed.

(2) No person shall stable or keep animals at places other than those set apart for the purpose.

7. No person shall set up in the fair ground any theatre or cinema, merry-go-round or any other show for public amusement, save at places and on conditions to be fixed by the Committee.

8. No person shall set up any game of chance at any place in the fair ground.

9. The Medical Officer of Health may destroy or cause to be destroyed, or confine, or cause to be confined for such period as he may direct any dog suffering, or reasonably suspected to be suffering from rabies or bitten by any dog or any other animal suffering or suspected to be suffering from rabies.

10. No person knowing or having reasons to believe that any dog belonging to him in his charge is likely to annoy or intimidate any person or animal or has been bitten by an animal suffering, or reasonably suspected to be suffering from rabies shall neglect to restrain such dog from annoying, intimidating or biting other persons or animals. Any person who commits or abets the commission of a breach of this by-law shall be punishable with fine which may extend to twenty rupees.

Accommodation.

11. No person attending the fair shall encamp anywhere on the fair ground except on places set apart by the Committee for the purpose.

12. No person shall use any building or site for the lodging of visitors on the fair ground except under a licence granted by the Medical Officer of Health. Every such licence shall be issued on the following conditions :—

(*i*) that such building or site complies with such conditions regarding ventilation, cleanliness, water supply, conservancy and drainage as the Medical Officer of Health may lay down ;

(*ii*) that such building or site shall accommodate not more than the number of persons of either sex stated in the licence ;

(*iii*) that the licence shall be liable to cancellation at any time by the Medical Officer of Health for a breach of any of these conditions.

13. The licensee of any such house shall supply to each person staying in it a cardboard ticket bearing the name of the visitor and the accommodation assigned to that individual.

14. All fires in thatched houses or *jhugis* shall be extinguished by 10 P.M.

15. Each licensee shall provide such number of buckets filled with water or sand as may be prescribed by the Medical Officer of Health for use in case of fire.

Water supply.

16. No person shall take water within the fair ground from any source other than that approved by the Medical Officer of Health who may close or direct the closure of any source of water supply public or private temporarily if the same be in his opinion polluted or otherwise unfit for use.

17. The Medical Officer of Health may at his discretion disinfect or treat any well, tank or other source of water supply.

18. No drinking booth shall be allowed on the fair ground except under a licence granted by the Medical Officer of Health.

19. No person shall sell, store, prepare or expose for sale any article of food or drink at any place in the fair ground except under a licence granted by the Medical Officer of Health and subject to the conditions specified on the licence form.

Food supply.

20. Every licence granted under by-law No. 19 shall be issued subject to the following conditions :—

(*i*) that any place used for the preparation, sale or exposure for sale or free supply of any article of food or drink shall be well lighted and ventilated and shall be kept clean at all times to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health ;

(*ii*) that water used in the preparation of articles of food or drink or for the washing of vessels used in such preparation shall be derived from a source approved by the Medical Officer of Health and be stored in clean and properly covered containers ;

(*iii*) that all vessels used in the preparation, storage or distribution of food or drink shall be kept clean ;

(*iv*) that only wholesome and unadulterated articles of food or drink shall be sold ;

(*v*) that all refuse (from whatever source) shall be deposited in suitable covered containers ;

(*vi*) that the Medical Officer of Health or any person not below the rank of a Sanitary Inspector or Sub-Assistant Health Officer authorised by him in this behalf may enter the licensed premises to inspect the same and any articles of food and drink ;

(*vii*) that the Medical Officer of Health or any officer not below the rank of a Sanitary Inspector or Sub-Assistant Health Officer specially authorised by him in this behalf may seize and destroy or otherwise dispose of any article of food or drink which in his opinion is unfit for human consumption ;

(*viii*) that no person who is suffering from any infectious, loathsome or contagious disease shall touch, or take part in the preparation or distribution of, any article of food or drink ;

(*ix*) that a licensee or his agent or servant shall immediately inform the office of the Medical Officer of Health at the fair of any case of illness among the persons connected with the licensed premises ;

(*x*) that the licensed premises shall not be used for sleeping purposes ;

(*xi*) that nothing shall be stored in any licensed premises except the articles necessary for the preparation, storage and distribution of food and drink ;

(*xii*) that no dog or other animal shall be allowed in any licensed premises ;

(*xiii*) that all articles of food and drink shall be carefully protected from flies and dust ; and

(*xiv*) that the licensee shall comply with any other instructions issued by the Medical Officer of Health in this behalf.

21. The Medical Officer of Health may prohibit the import into the fair ground of any article of food or drink which he considers is likely to promote illness.

22. (1) No person shall manufacture aerated waters for sale in any premises on the fair ground except under a licence granted by the Medical Officer of Health.

(2) Every licence granted under this by-law shall be subject to the following conditions :—

(*i*) that the water used in the manufacture of aerated waters be derived from a source approved by the Medical Officer of Health and be carried in clean covered vessels and stored in a clean cistern with a tap ;

(*ii*) that empty bottles be first cleaned by scrubbing brush and clean water and then kept soaked in a solution of permanganate of potash for six hours. The permanganate solution shall be renewed as soon as it turns brown ; and

(*iii*) that all bottles shall bear a label or mark showing the name and address of the manufacturer.

NOTE.—The Medical Officer of Health will be the sole judge of whether a vessel or cistern is clean or not and in case of dispute in any matter pertaining to articles of food or drink as contained in these by-laws the decision of the Medical Officer of Health shall be final.

Washing and Bathing.

23. (*a*) No person shall wash any clothes or animals or bathe at any place on the fair ground other than that approved by the Medical Officer of Health and specified by the Committee and no person shall use such a place which is set apart for the use of the opposite sex or at times other than those specified by the Committee.

(*b*) No infected articles or clothes which have been used by or have come in contact with a person suffering from an infectious disease shall be washed at the public washing or bathing places unless they have been previously disinfected to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health.

Conservancy and Health.

24. No person shall ease himself at any place on the fair ground other than that set apart for the purpose.

25. No person shall deposit refuse at any place on the fair ground other than that specified for the purpose.

26. The Medical Officer of Health may—

(i) fix places for the deposit of refuse, rubbish or other waste matter of any kind and give directions regarding the time at which and manner in which such refuse, rubbish or waste matter may be kept on any land or building or removed along any road or pathway ;

(ii) direct the owner or occupier of any land or building not to cause, or knowingly or negligently allow, any waste water to collect on any land or place not set apart for the purpose ;

(iii) arrange for the removal of filth, rubbish, manure, or other waste matter from any latrine, urinal, cesspool, or other receptacle for such matter ;

(iv) establish medical inspection posts in connection with the examination of travellers by rail and road and may also arrange for adequate accommodation for the isolation of cases of infectious diseases ;

(v) refuse entry to the fair ground to any person suspected to be suffering from any contagious disease and who refuses to allow himself to be examined at any such examination post, or gives a false answer to any question addressed to him by the medical officer or official in charge of such post and who disobeys any order of such officer or official in respect of his removal to a hospital or his detention in a place set apart for the purpose.

(vi) order the removal of any person suffering or suspected to be suffering from any infectious disease to a suitable hospital and order all persons who have been in contact with a case of infectious disease to be isolated for a specified period ;

(vii) order the cleaning and disinfection of any land, building, drain, latrine, urinal, cesspool or any bedding, clothing or any other article which is in his opinion infected or likely to carry infection ;

(viii) prohibit the letting of a house or building or part of a house or building which has not been disinfected to his satisfaction ;

(ix) prohibit the entrance into the fair ground of persons coming from a town village or locality which is infected with cholera, plague, smallpox or any other communicable disease unless such persons submit to appropriate preventive inoculation.

27. It shall be the duty of the owner or keeper of a lodging house, hostel or serai to inform the Medical Officer of Health immediately of any case of illness on his premises.

NOTE.—In these by-laws the term "infectious diseases", "contagious diseases" or "communicable diseases" includes—

1. Cholera.	11. Erysipelas.
2. Smallpox.	12. Relapsing fever.
3. Plague.	13. Influenza.
4. Measles.	14. Purperal fever.
5. Chickenpox.	15. Cerebrospinal fever (meningitis).
6. Diphtheria.	16. Dysentery.
7. Tuberculosis (includes tubercle of lungs),	17. Leprosy.
8. Scarlet fever.	18. Mumps.
9. Typhus fever.	19. Whooping Cough.
10. Enteric fever.	20. Sprue.

28. For every animal sold at the cattle fair ground the vendor shall have to pay to the Committee such fee as may have been fixed by it for the purpose.

29. It is incumbent on the vendee of an animal to secure a sale certificate from the Officer-in-Charge of the fair after payment of the necessary fee by the vendor to the Committee.

30. Brokers duly licensed by the Committee on payment of a prescribed fee shall charge their fees from the seller or buyer, as settled by them, only at such rate as may have been fixed by the Committee for the purpose.

31. No person shall purchase, sell or even picket any animal within half a mile of the cattle fair ground particularly fixed and marked on each occasion by the Committee for the purpose.

32. Any licence issued under these by-laws may be cancelled by the Medical Officer of Health for a breach of any of the conditions of the licence. The decision of the Medical Officer of Health shall be final.

33. Any person who commits or abets the commission of a breach of any of these by-laws except by laws 10 for which a penalty is prescribed separately shall on conviction by a magistrate be punishable with a fine which may extend to rupees fifty and if the breach is a continuing breach with a further fine which may extend to rupees five for each day after the first during which the breach continues.

No. 2070 C.-40/28168.—The following draft of an amendment, which the Governor of the Punjab proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, to the rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 22898, dated the 10th August, 1926, as amended by Punjab Government notification No. 32706, dated the 13th December, 1933, for the Municipality of **Jhelum**, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 19th day of August, 1940, together with any objections or suggestions relating thereto which may be received from any person in respect to the draft before that date :—

DRAFT AMENDMENT.

For the existing "Schedule" of boundaries, the following new "Schedule" shall be *substituted* :—

SCHEDULE.

DESCRIPTION OF BOUNDARIES.

Ward No. 1.

North.—From the northern corner of the municipal boundary pillar No. 2 south-eastwards to its north-east corner (pillar No. 4).

East.—Thence south-westwards along the right bank of the Jhelum river to its junction with the Kala Kassi near the Kashmir State Timber Depôt ;

South.—Thence north westwards along the centre of the Kala Kassi to its junction with the Road to village Karimpur ;

West.—Thence westwards along the centre of the Karimpur Road to its junction with the Municipal boundary near Dhok Nek Alam ; thence north-eastwards along the Municipal boundary to the point of start.

Ward No. 2.

North.—From the Bridge on the Civil Lines Road across the Kala Kassi south-eastwards along the centre of the Kala Kassi to its junction with the Jhelum river ;

East.—Thence south-westwards along the right bank of the Jhelum river to a point directly opposite to the centre of the River Road ;

South.—Thence westwards the centre of the River Road to its junction with Kucha Bhayan ; thence northwards along the centre of Kucha Bhayan to its junction with the Gali Kohlian ; thence westwards along the centre of Gali Kohlian to its junction with the Town Hall Road near the Raiskhana ;

West.—Thence northwards along the centre of the Town Hall Road to its junction with the Civil Lines Road ; thence northwards along the Civil Lines Road to the point of start.

Ward No. 3.

North.—From the junction of Civil Lines Road with the Town Hall Road to the junction of the latter road with Gali Kohlian ; thence along the southern boundary of ward No. 2 to a point where it meets the eastern boundary of the Municipality along the right bank of the Jhelum river ;

East.—Thence southwards along the right bank of the Jhelum river to a point opposite the Bazar Lilarian;

South.—Thence westwards along the centre of Bazar Lilarian to its junction with the Battan Street, thence northwards along the centre of the Battan Street and in continuation along the centre of Bazar Zargaran to its junction with the Mohallah Mallahan street, thence along the centre of the Mallahan street to its junction with the River Road near Masjid Mallahan, thence northwards along the eastern boundary of Masjid Mallahan to the *Shah Bhor* street, thence westwards along the centre of the *Shah Bhor* street and in its continuation the *Maidan* to the latter's junction with the Town Hall Road; thence northwards along the centre of the Town Hall Road to its junction with the Committee street; thence westwards along the Committee street to its junction with the Civil Lines Road;

West.—Thence northwards along the centre of the Civil Lines Road to the point of start.

Ward No. 4.

North.—From the junction of the Bazar Kalan and Bazar Lilarian eastwards along the centre or Bazar Lilarian to its junction with the municipal boundary;

East.—Thence southwards along the right bank of the Jhelum river to a point opposite Bazar Sabzimandi;

South.—Thence along the centre of Bazar Sabzi Mandi to its junction with Bazar Kalan;

West.—Thence northwards along the centre of Bazar Kalan to the point of start.

Ward No. 5.

North.—From the junction of Bazar Kalan with Bazar Sabzimandi eastwards along the centre of Bazar Sabzimandi to its junction with the municipal boundary;

East.—Thence southwards along the municipal boundary (along the right bank of the Jhelum river) to the Railway River Bridge;

South.—Thence north-westwards along the centre of the Tahsil Road to its junction with Bazar Kalan;

West.—Thence north-eastwards along the centre of Bazar Kalan to the point of start.

Ward No. 6.

North.—From Encamping Ground Pillar No. 1 eastwards to its Pillar No. 2, thence southwards along the eastern boundary of the Railway Workshop to its junction with the Machine Mohallah Road, thence eastwards along the centre of the Machine Mohallah Road to its junction with the Tibba Road; thence south-eastwards along the centre of the Tibba Road to its junction with the Railway Road, thence north-eastwards along the centre of the Railway Road to its junction with the Tahsil Road;

East.—Thence southwards along the centre of the Tahsil Road to the Railway River Bridge; thence south-westwards along the municipal boundary to the Cantonment Boundary Pillar No. 86.

South.—Thence northwards along the municipal boundary to Cantonment Board Pillars Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4.

West.—Thence north-westwards along the municipal boundary to Cantonment Pillar No. 5; thence eastwards to the point of start.

Ward No. 7.

North.—From the junction of the Parao Road with the Old Grand Trunk Road south-eastwards along the centre of the Old Grand Trunk Road to its junction with the Railway Road;

East.—Thence south-westwards along the centre of the Railway Road to its junction with the Tibba Road;

South.—Thence north-westwards along the centre of the Tibba Road to its junction with the Machine Mohalla Road; thence westwards along the centre of the Machine Mohallah Road to the boundary of the Railway Workshop;

West.—Thence northwards along the eastern boundary of the Workshop to the Encamping Ground Pillar No. 2; thence north-westwards along the municipal boundary passing through Encamping Ground Pillars Nos. 3 and 4 and onwards to Encamping Ground Pillar No. 5, thence north-eastwards in a straight line to the point of start.

Ward No. 8.

North.—From the junction of the Kacheri Road and the New Mohallah Road southwards along the centre of the New Mohallah Road to the bridge on the Naya Mohallah Kassi; thence north-eastwards along the centre of the Naya Mohallah Kassi to its junction with the Kala Kassi;

East.—Thence southwards along the centre of the Civil Lines Road to its junction with the Library Road;

South.—Thence westwards along the centre of the Library Road to its junction with the Old Grand Trunk Road; thence north-westwards along the centre of the Old Grand Trunk Road to its junction with the Kacheri Road;

West.—Thence north-eastwards along the centre of the Kacheri Road to the point of start.

Ward No. 9.

North.—From the junction of the Civil Lines Road with the Committee Street, eastwards along the centre of the Committee Street to its junction with the Town Hall Road; thence southwards along the centre of the Town Hall Road to its junction with the *Maidan*, thence eastwards along the centre of the *Maidan* and the *Shah Bhor* street to its junction with the River Road;

East.—Thence southwards along the eastern boundary of Masjid Mallahan on the River Road to its junction with the Mohallah Mallahan street; thence westwards and south-westwards along the centre of the Mohallah Mallahan street to its junction with Bazar Zargaran; thence southwards along the centre of Bazar Zargaran and in continuation along the centre of Battan street to its junction with Bazar Lilarian;

South.—Thence westwards along the centre of Bazar Lilarian and in continuation along the centre of the Post Office street to its junction with the Town Hall Road;

West.—Thence northwards along the centre of the Town Hall Road to its junction with the School street; thence westwards along the centre of the School street to its junction with the Civil Lines Road; thence northwards along the centre of the Civil Lines Road to the point of start.

Ward No. 10.

North.—From the junction of the Civil Lines Road with the School Street eastwards along the centre of the School Street to its junction with the Town Hall Road; thence southwards along the centre of the Town Hall Road to its junction with the Post Office street; thence eastwards along the centre of the Post Office street to its junction with Bazar Kalan;

East.—Thence southwards along the centre of Bazar Kalan to its junction with the Tahsil Road;

South.—Thence northwards along the centre of the Tahsil Road and in continuation along the centre of the Old Grand Trunk Road to its junction with the Library Road;

West.—Thence eastwards along the centre of the Library Road to its junction with the Civil Lines Road; thence north-eastwards along the centre of the Civil Lines Road to the point of start.

Ward No. 11.

North.—From the junction of the Old Grand Trunk Road and the Parao Road eastwards along the centre of the Parao Road to its junction with the Kala Gujran Road;

East.—Thence south-eastwards along the centre of the Kala Gujran Road to its junction with the Kacheri Road;

South.—Thence south-westwards along the centre of the Kacheri Road to its junction with the Old Grand Trunk Road;

West.—Thence north-westwards along the centre of the Old Grand Trunk Road to the point of start.

Ward No. 12.

North.—From the Municipal Boundary Pillar No. 1, north-eastwards along the Municipal boundary to its junction with the Karimpur Road; thence south-eastwards along the centre of the Karimpur Road to its junction with the Kala Kassi;

East.—Thence southwards along the centre of the Kala Kassi to its junction with the Naya Mohalla Kassi;

South.—Thence south-westwards along the centre of the Naya Mohalla Kassi to its junction with the New Mohalla Road; thence north-westwards along the centre of the New Mohalla Road and in continuation along the centre of the Kala Gujran Road to its junction with the Parao Road; thence westwards along the centre of the Parao Road to its junction with the Old Grand Trunk Road; thence north-westwards in a straight line to the Encamping Ground Pillar No. 5; thence south-westwards to the Encamping Ground Pillar No. 6;

West.—Thence northwards along the municipal boundary to the point of start.

Ferries.

The 2nd July, 1940.

No. 2536-L.G.-Bds.-40/28003.—Under the provisions of clause (*f*) of section 4 of the Northern India Ferries Act, 1878, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to direct that the Ram Chautra Ferry on the Ravi river in the Multan district, which was declared to be a public ferry in Punjab Government notification No. 1360, dated the 5th April, 1881, shall cease to be deemed a public Ferry from the date of this notification.

Punjab Government notification No. 1647, dated the 2nd September, 1896, so far it relates to the Ram Chautra ferry, is hereby cancelled.

Notified Areas.

The 28th June, 1940.

No. 2500-L.G.-40/27635.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*a*) of subsection (*i*) of section 242 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the Notified Area Committee, **Kamoke Mandi** in the Gujranwala district, has, with the previous sanction of the Governor of the Punjab with effect from the 5th August, 1940, imposed a tax at the rates shown in the schedule below, payable by persons presenting building applications to the Committee.

Provided that the tax shall not be payable by persons presenting applications relating to the erection or re-erection of religious buildings or building owned by Government or a District Board.

Provided further that the opening of a new door, ventilator, or window will not mean erection or re-erection for the purpose of this tax :—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	Description of building application.	Amount of tax. Rs.	A.	P.
1	For the erection or re-erection of a kacha building ..	2	0	0
2	For the erection or re-erection of a pacca or partly pacca (Ghalafi) building.—			
	(*i*) of one storey	4	0	0
	(*ii*) of two storeys	5	0	0
	(*iii*) of three storeys	6	0	0
3	For the erection or re-erection of each additional storey in the case of an existing building.	1	0	0

The 3rd July, 1940.

No. 2761-L.G.-Bds.-40/28119.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*f*) of subsection (*1*) of section 242 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to extend section 178 of the said Act to the notified Area of **Jahanian** in the Multan district, and to declare that the provisions of the said section shall come into force from the date of publication of this notification.

Public Health.

The 3rd July, 1940.

No. 3130-M.-40/28113.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Pure Food Act, 1929, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to appoint with effect from 12th February, 1940, Mr. Dina Nath Nijhawan, B.Sc., to be a Public Analyst for the Municipality of **Rawalpindi** *vice* S. Ram Singh Sobti, M. Sc., in respect of cow's milk, buffaloe's milk, mixed milk (cows and buffaloes), ghee, butter, khoa, ata, gur, cane-sugar, tea, sarson oil, toria oil, taramira oil and til oil.

RAM CHANDRA,

Secretary to Government, Punjab,
Medical and Local Government Departments.

524 CS—1158—5-7-40—SGPP Lahore.

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PART I—A.

Punjab Government Notifications and Orders.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Boards.

The 9th July, 1940.

No. 2780-C.-40/28916.—The following regulations made by the District Board of **Dera Ghazi Khan**, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 56 and 57 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 56 of the said Act, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the area in the Rajanpur and Sanghar tahsils, subject to the authority of the District Board of **Dera Ghazi Khan**, on the 26th day of August, 1940 :—

REGULATIONS.

1. In these regulations—

(a) " bull " includes a bull buffalo ;

(b) " committee " means the zail committee specified in regulation 2 ; and

(c) " Veterinary Assistant " means the Veterinary Assistant in charge of the Veterinary Hospital in or nearest to the zail ;

2. (1) For any revenue zail in the district a committee consisting of the following persons may be appointed :—

(a) the elected member of the District Board for the electoral circle in which the zail is situated ;

(b) the Zaildar concerned or his duly appointed Sarbrah ;

(c) the Veterinary Assistant ; and

(d) four residents of the zail to be nominated by the District Board.

(2) The quorum necessary for the transaction of business at a meeting of the committee shall be four members.

3. No person shall let loose a bull for covering purposes unless the permission in writing of the committee has been obtained and the bull has been branded in accordance with the provisions of clause 3 of regulation 4.

4. (1) No committee shall grant permission to let loose a bull unless—

(a) the bull is more than two years and six months of age ;

(b) the concurrence of the Veterinary Assistant has been obtained regarding the fitness of the bull for covering purposes ; and

(c) the person letting loose the bull has agreed in writing that ; if it is at any future time declared by the committee to be unsuitable for covering purposes, the committee shall have the power to order it to be castrated or sent to a Gowshawla or auctioned.

Explanation.—No fee shall be charged by the Veterinary Assistant for the inspection of bulls proposed to be let loose for covering purposes.

(2) The description, including marks of identification, age and ownership of a bull presented before the committee for inspection shall be entered in a register to be kept for this purpose by the Veterinary Assistant, such entry to be signed by two members of the committee, and a note shall be made whether, in the opinion of the Veterinary Assistant, such bull is fit for covering purposes or not.

(3) Every bull which is declared by the committee to be fit for covering purposes shall be branded with the letters " D. B. " before it is let loose.

5. The committee shall have authority concerning any of the bulls already at large which it finds unfit or unsuitable for covering purposes to ask its owner not to let it remain at large any longer, and, in the case of his failing to comply within fifteen days, to take any suitable action it considers fit, such as having the bull castrated, sent to a Gowshawla or auctioned.

6. Any person who commits a breach of regulation 3 shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and, if the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day during which the breach is continued after the offender has been convicted of such breach.

No. 2548-C.-40/28929.—The following amendment made by the District Board of **Sialkot** to its rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 3944-C.-39/30637, dated the 26th September, 1939, are published for general information and shall come into force on the 26th day of August, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

For the existing rule 1 the following new rule shall be substituted :—

" 1. The Arboriculture establishment of the District Board will consist of four Superintendents one for each tahsil and a number of malis who will be employed according to requirements of maintenance and tree planting scheme prepared annually in accordance with rule 6 below. There will also be malis in charge of the nurseries maintained by the Board. Where this is not the case, zamindars will be paid a small remuneration for maintaining the nurseries with the Board's approval. "

Committees.

The 9th July, 1940.

No. 1923-C.-40/28913.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 1923-C.-40/21639, dated the 6th May, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following rules :—

RULES.

1. The Deputy Commissioner of Hissar district shall, in consultation with the Municipal Committee of Hissar, cause to be prepared an accurate plan of the Municipality of Hissar drawn to a scale of not less than one inch to fifty feet, showing thereon all public streets and other immovable property vested in the Committee.

2. The Deputy Commissioner shall also cause to be prepared a *khasra* of the streets and other properties specified in rule 1 in form " B " appended to these rules.

3. The Deputy Commissioner shall cause the plan and *khasra*, when ready, to be published in such manner as he deems fit, together with a notice intimating the date not less than two months from the date of the notice by which objections from any person with regard to entries on the plan and *khasra* may be presented to the Revising Authority appointed under rule 5 and the time and place at which the plan and *khasra* may be inspected.

4. The Deputy Commissioner shall arrange to allow any person to inspect the plan and *khasra* during the hours and at the place specified in the notice on any day which is not a public holiday.

5. The Deputy Commissioner shall appoint an Assistant Commissioner or Extra Assistant Commissioner on the district staff to be the Revising Authority for the purpose of hearing objections relating to the plan or *khasra*.

6. When the plan and *khasra* have been published under the provisions of rule 3 objections in respect of entries on the plan and *khasra* may be presented to the Revising Authority, appointed under rule 5, within the hours of ten o'clock of the morning and four o'clock of the afternoon of any day of the period specified in the notice issued under rule 3, which is not a public holiday.

7. The Revising Authority shall maintain a register of objections in form A in which he shall cause to be entered at the time of receipt particulars of every objection received.

8. Any person aggrieved by any order, which the Revising Authority may pass, may, within seven days from the date of such order, apply to the Deputy Commissioner for revision of the order ; and the Deputy Commissioner, after giving notice to the parties concerned and hearing any representation which they may wish to make, may confirm it or set it aside, and pass such other orders with respect to the objection which he may deem fit.

9. After the objections, if any, have been disposed of, the Deputy Commissioner shall cause the plan and *khasra* to be corrected, if necessary, in accordance with the orders passed on the objections, and shall then have the amended plan and *khasra*, or a fresh copy of it, published for general information.

10. The original plan and *khasra* shall remain in the custody of the Deputy Commissioner, and a copy thereof duly certified by the Deputy Commissioner to be correct, shall be furnished to the Municipal Committee of Hissar.

11. The Deputy Commissioner may employ such staff as is required for the preparation of the plan and *khasra* and the Municipal Committee of Hissar shall be liable for the cost of pay and other incidental expenses connected with the staff and the preparation of the documents mentioned above, and also for the cost of pay or any other expenditure connected with the appointment of the Revising Authority.

Form A.

(RULE 7.)

Register of objections.

Serial No.	Name, parentage and address of the objector.	Date of presentation of objection with the initials of the officer to whom the objection is presented.	Nature of the objection.	Date of decision.	Summary of decision.	Signature of Revising Authority.	Decision by Deputy Commissioner, if any.	Signature of official by whom effect was given to the decision of the Revising Authority or of the Deputy Commissioner and date.

Form B.

(RULE 2.)

MUNICIPAL COMMITTEE, HISSAR.

Survey Register.

1	2		3		4								5		6	7
					MEASUREMENT IN FEET AND INCHES.								AREA IN SQUARE YARDS AND DECIMALS.			
					North.		*East.*		*West.*		*South.*					
Plan sheet.	*Khasra* No.	Name of *Mohalla* or Bazar.	Name of *Gali.*	Description of property.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Square yards.	Decimals.	Possessor's name with father's name, caste, occupation and present address.	REMARKS.

No. 2699-C.-40/28919.—The following amendment made by the Municipal Committee, **Jaranwala**, in the Lyallpur district, to its by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 1980-C.-38/20422, dated the 6th June, 1938, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Jaranwala** on the 26th day of August, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

After by-law 2 (*ii*) the following shall be added as a new by-law :—

"2 (*iii*). No animal shall be slaughtered at any place other than the slaughter-house except in case of necessity or for a religious purpose."

The 10th July, 1940.

No. 2764-C.-40/29074.—The following amendment made by the Notified Area Committee of **Jahanian** in the Multan district to its by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 1025-C.-37/18857, dated the 1st May, 1937, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for general information and shall come into force within the Notified Area Committee of **Jahanian** on the 26th day of August, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

For existing by-law 1 the following by-law shall be substituted :—

"1. Licences under section 121 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, for premises to be used for any of the purposes mentioned in subsection (1) of the said section shall be granted by the Committee on the application of the owner or occupier of such premises and shall be issued by the Secretary of the Committee in form 'A' appended to these by-laws on payment of such fees as may be fixed by the Committee from time to time with the approval of the Commissioner and on the conditions detailed in by-law 3."

No. 2703-C.-40/29076.—The following amendment made by the Municipal Committee of **Jaranwala**, in the Lyallpur district, to its by-laws published,—*vide* Punjab Government notification No. 2360-C.-37/26703,

dated the 17th July, 1937, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Jaranwala**, on the 26th day of August, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

For the existing by-law 1 the following by-law shall be *substituted*, namely :—

" 1. Licences under section 121 (1) of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, for premises to be used for any of the purposes specified therein, shall be granted by the Committee on the application of the owner or occupier of such premises and shall be issued by the Secretary of the Committee in form 'A' appended to these by-laws on payment of such fees as may be fixed by the Committee from time to time with the approval of the Commissioner and on the conditions detailed in by-law 8."

The 11th July, 1940.

No. 2697-C.-40/29177.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 807-C.-40/16309, dated the 3rd April, 1940, and, in pursuance of the provisions of subsection (3) of section 5 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to include within the Municipality of **Karor**, in the Muzaffargarh district, the areas lying between the existing boundary as defined in Punjab Government notification No. 539, dated the 5th September, 1887, and the boundary as described in the schedule below :—

SCHEDULE.

North.—From the north-west corner of field No. 702, eastwards along the northern boundary of the same field to the north-west corner of field No. 477; thence south-westwards along the western boundary of the same field to its south-west corner; thence eastwards along the southern boundaries of fields Nos. 477, 473, 478, 480, 481, 484 and 485 to the north-east corner of field No. 662 ; thence southwards along the eastern boundary of the same field to the south-west corner of field No. 600; thence eastwards along the southern boundary of the same field to the north-west corner of field No. 593 ; thence southwards along the western boundaries of fields Nos. 593, 594 and 595. to the south-west corner of the last-named field ; thence east-wards along the southern boundaries of fields Nos. 595, 588 and 2134/587 to the south-east corner of the last-named field ; thence southwards along the eastern boundary of field No. 589 to its south-east corner ; thence westwards along the southern boundary of the same field up to the north-west corner of field No. 930 ; thence southwards along the western boundaries of fields Nos. 930 and 929 to the south-east corner of field No. 926 ; thence south-eastwards along the eastern boundary of field No. 927 and the northern boundaries of fields Nos. 922 and 921 to the easternmost end of the last-named field, thence eastwards along the northern boundaries of fields Nos. 920 and 963 to the north-east corner of the last-named field ; thence in the same direction straight across the Railway Line (field No. 37) to the north-west corner of field No. 970.

East.—Thence southwards along the eastern boundary of the Railway premises, and the western boundaries of fields Nos. 970, 969, 967, 2154, 1057, 1056, 1055, 1054, 1053, 1052 and 1904 to a point in a straight line at a distance of 83 *karams* from the south-west corner of field No. 1052.

South.—Thence westwards across the Railway Line and field No. 1489 in a straight line to the south-east corner of field No. 1484 ; thence westwards along the southern boundaries of fields Nos. 1474, 1475, 1476, 1160, 1161, 1162, 1163, 1386, 1387, 1392, 1393 and 1394 to the south-west corner of the last-named field ; thence southwards along a part of the eastern boundary of field No. 1379 to its south-east corner ; thence westwards along the southern boundaries of fields Nos. 1379, 1378, 1374, 1373, 1372 and 1371 to the south-west corner of the last-named field.

West.—Thence northwards along the western boundaries of fields Nos. 1371, 1369 and 1368 to the north-west corner of the last named field ; thence westwards along the southern boundaries of fields Nos. 1345 and 1344 up to the south-west corner of the last-named field ; thence northwards along the western boundary of field No. 1344 to its point of junction with the south-east corner of field No. 1334 ; thence westwards along the southern boundary of field No. 1334 to its south-west

corner; thence nothwards along the western boundary of the same field to its north-west corner; thence eastwards along the northern boundary of the same field No. 1334 to the south-west corner of field No. 1333; thence northwards along the western boundaries of fields Nos. 1333, 1332, 1331 and 1330 and again turning towards the west to the south-east corner of field No. 1235; thence in the same direction along the southern boundaries of fields Nos. 1235, 1223, 1222 and 1221 to the south-west corner of the last-named field, thence northwards along the western boundary of field No. 1221, and a part of the western boundary of field No. 1220 to the south-east corner of field No. 1219; thence westwards along the southern boundaries of fields Nos. 1219 and 1218, to the south-west corner of the last-named field; thence northwards along the western boundaries of fields Nos. 1218, 1210, 750, 734, 737, 738, and 719 to the north-west corner of the last-named field; thence eastwards along the northern boundary of same field No. 719, to its north-east corner; thence northwards along the western boundaries of fields Nos. 722, 723, 718, 717, 716 and 702 to the south-west corner of field No. 701/2; thence eastwards along the southern boundaries of fields Nos. 701/2 and 701/1 to the south-east corner of the last-named field; thence northwards along the western boundary of field No. 702 to the point of start.

Small Towns.

The 9th July, 1940.

No. 2860-L. G.—Bds.-40/28905.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 51 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following rules :—

RULES.

1. The Deputy Commissioner of Multan district shall, in consultation with the Town Committee of Fatehjang, cause to be prepared an accurate plan of the Small Town of Fatehjang, drawn to a scale not less than one inch to fifty feet showing thereon all public streets and other immovable property vested in the Committee.

2. The Deputy Commissioner shall also cause to be prepared a *khasra* of the streets and other properties specified in rule 1 in form 'A' appended to these rules.

3. The Deputy Commissioner shall cause the plan and *khasra*, when ready to be published in such manner as he deems fit, together with a notice intimating a date not less than two months from the date of the notice by which objections from any person with regard to entries on the plan and *khasra* may be presented to the Revising Authority appointed under rule 5 and the time and place at which the plan and *khasra* may be inspected.

4. The Deputy Commissioner shall arrange to allow any person to inspect the plan and *khasra* during the hours and at the place specified in the notice on any day which is not a public holiday.

5. The Deputy Commissioner shall appoint an Assistant or Extra Assistant Commissioner on the district staff to be the Revising Authority for the purpose of hearing objections relating to the plan and *khasra*.

6. When the plan and *khasra* have been published under the provisions of rule 3, objections in respect of entries on the plan and *khasra* may be presented to the Revising Authority, appointed under rule 5, between the hours of ten o'clock in the morning and four o'clock in the afternoon of any day not being a public holiday of the period specified in the notice issued under rule 3 *ibid*.

7. The Revising Authority shall maintain a register of objections in form B in which he shall cause to be entered at the time of receipt particulars of every objection received.

8. Any person aggrieved by any order, which the Revising Authority may pass, may, within seven days from the date of such order, apply to the Deputy Commissioner for revision of the order; and the Deputy Commissioner, after giving notice to the parties concerned and hearing any representation which they may wish to make, may confirm it or set it aside, and pass such other orders with respect to the objection which he may deem fit.

9. After the objections, if any, have been disposed of, the Deputy Commissioner shall cause the plan and *khasra* to be corrected, if necessary, in accordance with the orders passed on the objections, and shall then have the amended plan and *khasra*, or a fresh copy of it, published for general information.

10. The original plan and *khasra* shall remain in the custody of the Deputy Commissioner, and a copy thereof duly certified by the Deputy Commissioner to be correct, shall be furnished to the Town Committee of Fatehjang.

11. The Deputy Commissioner may employ such staff as is required for the preparation of the plan and *khasra* and the Town Committee of Fatehjang, shall be liable for the cost of pay and other incidental expenses connected with the staff and the preparation of the documents mentioned above, and also for the cost of pay or any other expenditure connected with the appointment of the Revising Authority.

Form A.

[RULE 2.]

TOWN COMMITTEE, FATEHJANG.

Survey Register.

1	2	3			4								5		6	7
					MEASUREMENT IN FEET AND INCHES.								AREA IN SQUARE YARDS AND DECIMALS.			
					North.		*East.*		*West.*		*South.*					
Plan sheet.	*Khasra* No.	Name of *Mohalla* or Bazar.	Name of *Gali.*	Description of property.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Square yards.	Decimals.	Possessor's name with father's name, caste, occupation and present address.	REMARKS.

Form B.

[RULE 7.]

Register of objections.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Serial No.	Name, parentage and address of the objector.	Date of presentation of objection with the initials of the officer to whom the objection is presented.	Nature of the objection.	Date of decision.	Summary of decision.	Signature of Revising Authority.	Decision by Deputy Commissioner, if any.	Signature of Official by whom effect was given to the decision of the Revising Authority or of the Deputy Commissioner and date.

RAM CHANDRA,

Secretary to Government, Punjab,

Medical and Local Government Departments.

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PART I—A.

Punjab Government Notifications and Orders.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Boards.

The 12th July, 1940.

No. 2796-C.-40/29385.—The following regulations made by the District Board of **Gurdaspur**, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 56 and 57 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by sub-section (2) of section 56 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Gurdaspur**, on the 2nd day of September, 1940 :—

REGULATIONS.

1. In these regulations a " pond " means any pond, tank, *baoli* or reservoir whose water is or may be used for drinking by human beings.

2. The District Board may, by resolution, declare any pond, situated within the area subject to its jurisdiction, to be a protected pond.

3. When a pond is declared to be a protected pond, the fact shall be notified to the public in the vicinity of the pond by beat of drum and a copy of the prohibitions against its pollution as contained in these regulations together with the penalty therefor shall be posted in the vernacular on a notice board close to the pond.

4. The District Board may further by resolution determine the catchment area, if any, of a protected pond, which shall be demarcated on the spot by a railing or boundary pillars.

5. No person shall, in a protected pond or its catchment area,—

(*i*) throw filth, sweepings or any other unwholesome articles ;

(*ii*) wash or soak skins, leather, hemp or other dirty substance ;

(*iii*) place or bury the dead body of an animal ;

(*iv*) carry on a skinning or tanning business or stock bones ;

(*v*) case himself or allow filthy water from his drain or property to flow ;

(*vi*) make any new burial ground ;

(*vii*) establish a kiln or make an excavation ;

(*viii*) allow a flock of sheep or goats to stray ;

(*ix*) collect manure in heaps or pits ;

(*x*) wash himself or an animal, or wash clothes, or water an animal, except at a distance of fifteen yards from the pond and so as not to allow the dirty water to flow into the pond.

6. No person shall, in a protected pond spit or urinate, or wash his hands after easing himself.

7. No water shall be used for filling a protected pond unless it is obtained from a source, and conveyed through a channel, approved by the Board.

8. The owner or the person in charge of a protected pond shall carry out such measures as the Board or the District Medical Officer of Health may prescribe for preventing the pollution of water in such pond.

9. When so required by the Board, the owner of the person in charge of a protected pond shall—

(*a*) build, of the type and the material specified, a drain or a cistern or shall make pacca floor to provide for dirty water to flow off and to prevent the flow of surface water or the water of any drain into the pond ;

(*b*) provide the pond with a suitable covering to prevent pollution from natural causes such as the falling in of leaves or fruit of trees or the excreta of birds ;

(*c*) provide the pond with a parapet wall of the size and type specified ;

(*d*) provide a metal receptacle for raising water for drinking purposes attached to a metal chain in such a manner that the upper end of the chain shall always be above the surface of the water ;

(*e*) render the lining of the pond impervious to contamination from sub-soil water.

10. The owner or the person in charge of a protected pond shall, when so required by the Board, have it cleaned or repaired to the satisfaction of the Board.

11. The Chairman, Senior Vice-Chairman, Secretary or the District Medical Officer of Health or circle member or any person appointed in this behalf by the Board may, at all times, inspect any protected pond or its catchment area.

12. Any person who commits a breach of regulations 5 and 6, shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and if the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first day during which the breach continues.

The 17th July, 1940.

No. 2035-L. G.-40/29882.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 2035-L. G.-40/22810, dated the 16th May, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendment to the Municipal Account Code, 1930 (revised edition):—

AMENDMENT.

1. In rule XI·13 (1) the following words shall be deleted :—

"fines, which under the provisions of any Act are to be credited to the municipal fund".

2. In rule XI·13 (1) the words "fines or" occurring between the words "such" and "arrears" shall be deleted.

3. Rule XI·13 (2) shall be deleted.

4. In Form R·11 columns 7 to 11 shall be deleted.

No. 2817-L.G.—Bds.-40/29892.—Whereas it appears to the Governor of the Punjab that with reference to notification No. 6363-L. G.—Bds.-39/4831, dated the 31st January, 1940, land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of **Ambala**, for a public purpose, namely, for the construction of an approach road to the Kurali Railway Station in Kharar Tahsil, District Ambala, it is hereby notified that the land described in the specification below is required for the said purpose.

2. This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, to all whom it may concern and, under section 7 of the said Act, the Collector of the Ambala district is hereby authorised to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

3. A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the said Collector :—

SPECIFICATION OF LAND.

District.	Tahsil.	Mauza.	Plot.	Area in acres.	Boundaries.
Ambala ...	Kharar ...	Kurali ...	A.	·156	*North.*—Part of Khasra No. 151/1. *East.*—Rupar-Chandigarh Metalled Road. *South.*—Part of Khasra No. 151/1. *West.*—Mehar Ali, etc., Abadi.
Do. ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	B.	·005	*North.*—Part of Khasra No. 154/1, Mehar Ali, etc. *East.*—Raqba Khasra No. 151/1, public way. *South.*— ... *West.*—Abadi.
Do. ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	C.	·168	*North.*—Owned by Abadi Deh. *East.*—Raqba of Khasra No. 151/1 and 154/1. *South.*—Owned by Abadi Deh. *West.*—Habib, etc., owners of Khasra No. 162/1.
Do. ...	Do. ...	Do. .	D.	·020	*North.*—Habib, etc., owners of Khasra No. 162/1. *East.*—Raqba of Khasra No. 1681/1 Abadi Deh. *South.*— ... *West.*—Ghulam Qadir, etc., owners of Khasra No. 163/1.
Do. ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	E.	·44	*North.*—Ghulam Qadir, etc., owners of Khasra No. 163/1. *East.*—Habib, etc., owners of Khasra No. 162/1. *South.*—Ghulam Qadir, etc., owners of Khasra No. 163/1. *West.*—Ghulam Qadir, etc., owners of Khasra No. 167/1.

District.	Tahsil.	Mauza	Plot.	Area in acres	Boundaries.
Ambala ...	Kharar ...	Kurali ..	F.	·033	*North*—Ghulam Qadir, etc., owners of Khasra No. 167/1. *East*—Ghulam Qadir, etc., owners of Khasra No. 163/1. *South*.—Nathu, etc., owners of Khasra No. 164/1. *West*.—Nathu, atc., owners of Khasra No. 166/1.
Do. ..	Do. ...	Do. ...	G.	·003	*North*.—Nathu, etc., owners of Khasra No. 166/1. *East*.—Ghulam Qadir, etc., owners of Khasra No. 167/1. *South*.—Nathu, etc., owners of Khasra No. 164/1. *West*.— ...
Do. ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	H.	·032	*North*.—Owners of Khasra No. 167/1 Ghulam Qadir 166/1 and Nathu 164/1. *East*.— ... *South*.—Nathu, etc., owners of Khasra No. 164/1. *West*.—Owners of Khasras Maurusis Sant Singh, etc., 119/1, Ram Kishan, etc., 720/1, Atma Singh, etc., 721/1.
Do. ...	Do. ..	Do. ...	I.	·0006	*North*.—Sant Singh, etc., Maurusi, etc., owners of Khasra No. 719/1. *East*.—Nathu, etc., owners of Khasra No. 164/1. *South*.—Ram Kishan, Maurusi, owner of Khasra No. 72[illegible]/1. *West*.— ...
Do. ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	J.	·028	*North*.—Sant Singh, etc., Maurusi owners of Khasra No. 719/1. *East*.—Nathu, etc., owners of Khasra No. 164/1. *South*.—Atma Singh, Maurusi, owner of Khasra No. 721/1. *West*.—Ram Kishan Maurusi, owner of Khasra No. 720/1.
Do. ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	K.	·050	*North*.—Ram Kishan and Atma Singh, etc., owners of Khasra Nos. 720/1 and 721/1. *East*.—Nathu, etc., owners of Khasra No. 164/1. *South*.—Ram Kishan and Atma Singh Maurusi Khasra No. 722/1 and 721/1. *West*.—Telu, etc., Maurusi owners of Khasra No. 723/1. *North*.—Atma [illegible]ingh, etc., owners of Khasra No. 721/1. *East*.— ... *South*. Atma Singh, etc., of Khasra No. 721/1. *West*.—Telu, etc., Maurusi, owners of Khasra No. 723/1.

District.	Tahsil.	Mauza	Plot.	Area in acres.	Boundaries.
Ambala ..	Kharar ..	Kurali ...	L.	·005	*North.*—Atma Singh, etc., owners of Khasra No. 721/1. *East.* ... *South.*—Ram Kishn, etc., Maurusi owners of Khasra No. 722/7. *West.*—Telu., etc., Khasra No. 723/1.
Do. ...	Do.	Do. ...	M.	·058	*North*—Telu., etc., owners of Khasra No. 723/1. *East.*—Owner of Khasra Maurusi No. 722/1, Ram Kishan and 721/1 Atma Singh. *South.*—Telu, etc., owners of Khasra No. 723/1. *West.*—Abadi Khasra No. 1681/2.
Do.	Do. ..	Do. ...	N.	1·47	*North.*—Abadi Deh Khasra No. 1681/2. *East.*—Telu, etc., owners of Khasra. No. 723/1. *South.*—Water pool Khasra No. 1681/2, Abadi Deh. *West.*—Shamlat Thoroughfare 2742/7.
Do. ...	Do. ...	Do.	O.	313	*North.*—Railway Road. *East.*—Khasra No. 1681/2 Abadi. *South.*—Owned by thoroughfare 2742/767/1. *West.*—Owners of Mandi near Railway Station Kurali 2082. *North.*—Railway Road. *East.*—Owners of Khasra No. 2740 Ram Chand, etc., and Khasra No. 2742/767/1 thoroughfare. *South.*—Owned by thoroughfare 2742/767/1, *West.*—Khasras No. 2755/1191, etc.

Committees.

The 12th July, 1940.

No. 2810-C.,-40/29380.—The following by-law made by the Administrator, **Lahore** Municipality, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 188 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, is published for general information, and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Lahore**, on the 1st August 1940 :—

BY-LAW.

The limits for the collection of Octroi (without refunds) in the Municipality of Lahore shall be conterminous with the limits of the Municipality and shall include the area of the Lahore Cantonment Board ; but from these limits shall be excluded the areas comprised within the railway boundaries utilised for the purpose of the operation of the railway, but not those utilised for residential purposes or for the purposes of supplying stores from a Railway Co-operative Store, to its members, or of supplying stores to railway employees, or of removing stores and materials no longer required for constructing, maintaining or working the railway.

The 15th July, 1940.

No. 2625-C.-40/29581.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub section (10) of section 62 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that with the previous sanction of the Governor of the Punjab the Municipal Committtee of **Chiniot**, in the Jhang district has, with effect from the 20th October, 1940, made the following amendment to its octroi schedule, published with Punjab Government notification No. 1114-C.-38/30806, dated the 12th September, 1938 :—

AMENDMENT.

After item (31) in the list of exemptions the following shall be added :—

" (32) Hand spun and hand woven khaddar. "

The 17th July, 1940.

No. 2788-C.-40/29901.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Rewari**, in the Gurgaon district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Rewari** on the 2nd day of September, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. These by-laws shall apply only to those tanks, wells and *baolis* from which water is or may be made available for the public.

2. The Committee may, by a public notice fixed near a tank or well, prohibit, either permanently or temporarily for a specified period, the lowering of private receptacles for drawing water from such tank, well, pond or *baoli*.

3. No person shall—

(*a*) throw any rubbish, filth or any other unwholesome or objectionable articles into a tank, well, pond or *baoli* ;

(*b*) wash or soak skins, leather or any other dirty substance in a tank, well, pond or *baoli* ;

(*c*) permit water from a drain to flow into a tank, well, pond or *baoli*.

4. No person shall, in the open space within a radius of one hundred feet, or such other distance as may be prescribed by the Committee of a tank, well, pond or *baoli*—

(*a*) place any rubbish or filth or any other unwholesome or objectionable articles ;

(*b*) ease himself or urinate ;

(*c*) (in the case of a tank, well, pond or *baoli* the water of which is used for drinking purposes) wash any clothes or utensils or water any animals.

5. No water shall be used for filling a tank unless it is obtained from a source and conveyed through a channel approved by the Committee.

6. No person shall bathe on or within a distance of 50 feet of a well or a *baoli*.

7. The owner or the person in charge of a well, tank, pond or *baoli* shall carry out such measures as the Committee or the Medical Officer of Health may prescribe for preventing the pollution of water in such well, tank, pond or *baoli* ;

8. When so required by the Committee the owner or the person in charge of a well, tank, pond or *baoli*—

(*a*) shall build, of the type and the material specified, a drain or cistern or shall make pacca floor to provide for dirty water to flow off and to prevent the flow of surface water or the water of any drain into the well ;

(*b*) shall provide the well with a suitable covering to prevent pollution from natural causes such as the falling in of leaves or fruit of trees or the excreta of birds ;

(c) shall provide the well with a parapet wall of the size and type specified ;

(d) shall provide a metal receptacle for raising water for drinking purposes attached to a metal chain in such a manner that the upper end of the chain shall always be above the surface of the water ;

(e) shall render the lining of the well impervious to contamination from sub-soil water.

9. The owner or the person in charge of a well, tank, pond or *baoli* shall, when so required by the Committee, have it cleaned or repaired to the satisfaction of the Committee. In default, the Committee may have the work performed through its own agency and recover the expense from the person concerned.

10. The President, Secretary or the Medical Officer of Health or any person appointed in this behalf by the Committee may, at all times, inspect any well, tank, pond or *baoli* or its source of water supply.

11. Any person who commits a breach of any of these by-laws shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and if the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

No. 2805-C.-40/29903.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Sadhaura** in the Ambala District, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 121 and 188 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Sadhaura**, on the 2nd day of September, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. Licences under subsection (1) of section 121 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, shall be issued by the Secretary of the Committee in form 'A' appended to these bylaws on the application of the owner or occupier of the premises to be used for any of the purposes specified in the said subsection, and shall be granted on the conditions detailed in by-law 3 on payment of fee at the following rates :—

(*i*) A place used for melting tallow ..	Rs. 5 per annum.
(*ii*) A place used for boiling bones, offal or blood ..	Rs. 2 per annum.
(*iii*) A place used for as a soap-house or oil boiling house.	Rs. 5 per annum.
(*iv*) A place used for as a tannery ..	Rs. 2 per annum.
(*v*) A place used for as a brickfield brick-kiln or lime-kiln.	Rs. 2 per annum.
(*vi*) A place used for as a pottery kiln ..	Annas 8 per annum.
(*vii*) A place used for as any other manufactory engine-house or place of business from which offensive or unwholesome smoke or smells arises—	
(*a*) with one or more engine of more than twenty horse power.	Rs. 10 per annum.
(*b*) with one or more engine of less than twenty horse power.	Rs. 5 per annum.
(*viii*) A place used for a store-house for non-dangerous petroleum provided it is stored in receptacles of a capacity of 200 gallons or less—	
(*a*) for quantities of 120 gallons or less ..	Nil.
(*b*) for quantities of 240 gallons or less ..	Rs. 4 per annum.
(*c*) for quantities of 500 gallons or less ..	Rs. 8 per annum.
(*ix*) A place used for a store-house for spirits, calcium carbide or other inflammable material which the Committee may by resolution include.	Rs. 5 per annum.

(x) A place used as a yard or depôt for storing hay, *bhoosa*, thatching straw in quantities of more than 10 maunds. — Re. 1 per annum.

(xi) A place used as a yard or depôt for storing fuel, coal, timber, charcoal in quantities exceeding 10 maunds. — Rs. 2 per annum.

2. All applications for the renewal of the licences shall be made before the fifteenth day of March each year.

3. Every licence issued under by-law 1 shall be subject to the following conditions:—

(a) that the licensee shall permit any member or officer of the Committee authorized in this behalf to inspect the licensed premises at all reasonable times and without notice ;

(b) that the licensee shall always keep the licence issued by the Secretary at the licensed premises, and shall, on demand, produce it for the inspection of any member or officer of the committee authorized under clause (a) of this by-law;

(c) that the licensee shall make adequate arrangements to the satisfaction of the Sanitary Inspector of the Committee for the extinction of any outbreak of fire ;

(d) that the licensee shall, at all times, keep the licensed premises in a clean and sanitary condition, and shall provide them with adequate ventilation, suitable drains, latrines, urinals, and other sanitary conveniences for the use of the workmen employed therein ;

(e) that the licensee shall not permit any work to be carried on at the licensed premises which gives rise to offensive noises between 8 o'clock at night and 6 o' clock in the morning unless he has been specially authorized in this behalf ;

(f) that in premises where oil engines are used, kerosine oil, petroleum, and other inflammable materials shall be kept in a seperate room which shall not be contiguous to the engine ro m ;

(g) that the licensee shall store in a suitable room or rooms, which shall be used for no other purposes and shall be rat-proof, all grain or pulse received for milling by power supplied by the oil engine and all flour produced by milling so long as it remains on his premises ;

(h) that the licensee shall adopt the best practicable means to the satisfaction of the Committee for rendering innocuous all gases, effluvia or vapours emitted by the engine during the process of working and shall in every case cause such gases, effluvia or vapours to be discharged into the external air in such a manner and at such a height as to admit of the proper diffusion of these gases without producing any unwholesome or injurious effects in the neighbourhood or shall cause such gases to pass from the exhaust pipe (or other outlet of such gases) through fire into a condensing apparatus and then through fire in such a manner as to consume effectually such gases so as to deprive the same of all noxious or injurious properties ;

(i) that in premises where smoke arises through the use of coal in the furnace or any other place in the engine house the licensee shall use such apparatus that will, as far as practicable, consume the smoke arising from the engine or the furnace ;

(j) that for a breach of any of these conditions the license may be suspended or revoked by an order of the Municipal Committee.

Explanation.—For purposes of this by-law the decision of the Committee or some officer appointed by the Committee in this behalf as to whether the ventilation is adequate or the drains or the rooms are suitable or the means adopted for rendering gases, effluvia or vapours innocuous, are the best practicable shall be final.

FORM A.

A LICENCE TO CARRY ON AN OFFENSIVE AND DANGEROUS TRADE IN THE MUNICIPALITY OF SADHAURA.

N. B.—This licence is subject to the conditions specified in bylaw 3 of the bylaws published with the Punjab Government notification No. 2805-C.-40/29903, dated the 17th July, 1940.

Serial No. of licence	Name, parentage, caste and residence of the licensee.	A description of the premises licensed.	A specification of the trades mentioned in section 121 (1) of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, for which the licence is issued.	Endorsement of annual renewals of licence.
1	2	3	4	5

Renewed on__________

Secretary,
Municipal Committee,
Sadhaura.

No. 2857-C.-40/29905.—*Corrigendum.*—In by-law (1) of the by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 2244-C.-40/26242, dated the 18th June, 1940, *for* the word "Abohar" *substitute* "Jagraon".

No. 2787-C.-40/29991.—The following amendment made by the Municipal Committee of **Ambala Cantonment Sadar Bazar** to its by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 1204-C.-36/17643, dated the 25th May, 1936, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for general information and shall come into force within the said Municipality on the 2nd day of September, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

For existing by-law 3 the following by-law shall be substituted, namely :—

"3. The following fees (rents) shall be charged per month or part thereof for the use or occupation of any portion of any public street within the Municipal limits and shall be collected quarterly in advance :—

Serial No.	Description.	Area.	Fee (rent) per month.
			Rs. A. P.
1	Takhats	For every 40 sq. ft. or part thereof	0 8 0
2	Open spaces (Peddler) ..	For every 40 sq. ft. or part thereof	1 0 0
3	Mochies	For every 16 sq. ft. or part thereof	0 8 0
4	Barbers and Nalbands ..	For every 16 sq. ft. or part thereof	0 8 0
5	Bhatties	For every 12 sq. ft. or portion thereof	0 8 0
6	Petition Writers	For every 12 sq. ft. or portion thereof	0 8 0
7	Vegetable platforms—Commission Agents (half day).	For every 80 sq. ft. or part thereof	1 8 0
8	Vegetable platform (full day)	For every 80 sq. ft. or part thereof	2 0 0
9	Stalls in Vegetable Market ..	Per stall	3 0 0
10	Vegetable platforms on Hill Road.	For every 40 sq. ft. on part thereof	1 0 0

NOTE.—In the case of other places, platforms and stalls, the rent shall be fixed by public auction."

No. 3005-L. G.—Bds.-40/29999.—Whereas it appears to the Governor of the Punjab that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Municipal Committee of **Jullundur**, for a public purpose, namely, for the construction of a terminal-tax barrier in Basti Danishmandan on the katcha road leading to village Gakhal, it is hereby notified that the land described in the specification below is likely to be acquired for the said purpose.

2. This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, to all whom it may concern, and, in exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to authorize the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

3. Any person interested in the land who has any objection to the acquisition may, within thirty days of the publication of this notification, file an objection in writing before the Collector of the Jullundur district :—

SPECIFICATION OF LAND.

District.—Jullundur. *Mauza.*—Jullundur.

Tahsil.—Jullundur. *Area in acres.*—·0061.

Boundaries.—North & East.—Cultivated land of Subedar Ghulam Jilani Khan. *South.*—Katcha road leading to village Gakhal, *West.*—Passage to tomb of Marjal Shah.

Small Towns.

The 17th July, 1940.

No. 2050-L. G.—Bds.-40/29993.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 51 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendment to the Small Town Account Rules, 1923, published with Punjab Government notification No. 25432, dated the 3rd November, 1923, as subsequently amended :—

AMENDMENT.

At the end of rule 56 in Part I-B. Receipts—the following new proviso shall be added :—

"Provided further that when an arrear has been outstanding for more than three months the Secretary of the Committee shall proceed against the defaulter under sections 31 and 32 of the Act."

Notified Areas.

The 12th July, 1940.

No. 2804-C.-40/29387.—The following by-laws made by the Notified Area Committee of **Guruharsabai,** in the Ferozepore district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 197 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Notified Area of **Guruharsabai,** on the 2nd day of September, 1940, from which date notification No. 8168, dated the 11th November, 1930, issued by the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, shall be deemed to be cancelled :—

BY-LAWS.

1. In these by-laws—

(a) "Adulterated" when applied to banaspatine or charbini means mixed or ordiluted with any substance of lower commercial value than banaspatine or charbini, as the case may be.

(*b*) " Adulterated ghi " means ghi mixed or diluted with any substance other than banaspatine or charbini of lower commercial value than pure ghi.

(*c*) " Banaspatine " means any article of food, whether mixed with ghi or not which resembles ghi but is derived from vegetable fat and contains no animal fat other than milk fat.

(*d*) " Charbini " means any article of food whether mixed with ghi or not which resembles ghi or banaspatine, but contains animal fat other than milk fat; and

(*e*) " Ghi " means ghi obtained entirely from milk fat.

2. (*i*) No person shall sell ghi, either wholesale or retail, or import ghi for sale, either wholesale or retail, except under a licence granted by the committee in this behalf.

(*ii*) No person shall sell, wholesale or retail, banaspatine or charbini in premises not licensed by the committee in this behalf.

(*iii*) No person shall sell sweetmeats, cakes or other food prepared with banaspatine or charbini in premises not licensed by the committee in this behalf.

3. No premises licensed for the sale of ghi shall be licensed also for the sale of banaspatine or charbini or of sweetmeats, cakes or other food prepared with banaspatine or charbini.

4. Subject to the provisions of by-law 2, licences for premises to be used for the sale of ghi shall be issued on payment of a fee of rupee one per annum or annas two per mensem, and licences for premises for the sale of banaspatine and charbini or for the sale of sweetmeats, cakes or other food prepared with banaspatine or charbini shall be issued on payment of a fee of Rs. 30 per annum, or Rs. 3 per month, if the licence is not taken for the whole year, by the Secretary of the committee when the owner or occupier of such premises makes an application in Form 'A' and shall be granted on the following conditions :—

(*a*) that the licensee shall not sell adulterated ghi, or adulterated banaspatine or charbini, or sweetmeats, cakes or other food prepared with adulterated ghi, banaspatine or charbini ;

(*b*) that the licensee shall not sell banaspatine or charbini or sweetmeats, cakes or other food prepared therewith, in premises which have been licensed for the sale of ghi, or *vice versa* ;

(*c*) that the licensee shall not sell any article under the name of ghi, or any equivalent term with or without the addition of any other word to such name unless such food is derived solely from milk fat ;

(*d*) that the licensee shall not sell any ghi or banaspatine or charbini, or use in the preparation of sweetmeats, cakes or other food any ghi or banaspatine or charbini obtained from a place from which the import of ghi or of banaspatine or charbini, as the case may be, has, under any general or special declaration notified to the licensee, been declared by the President to be dangerous to the public health ;

(*e*) that the licensee shall keep ghi, banaspatine or charbini exposed for sale in clean covered vessels ;

(*f*) that the licensee shall keep all sweetmeats, cakes and other food exposed for sale under such covers as will prevent the articles from being contaminated by flies or other insects ;

(*g*) that the licensee shall not keep any ghi, banaspatine or charbini intended for sale in any place used for cooking or sleeping purposes ;

(*h*) that the licensee shall display at the licensed premises a sign board containing a notice in English, Urdu, Hindi or Gurmukhi characters indicating whether the premises are licensed for the sale of ghi, or for the sale of banaspatine and charbini, or for the sale of sweetmeats, cakes or other food prepared with banaspatine or charbini ;

(*i*) that the licensee shall display on every package or other vessel of banaspatine or charbini, exposed for sale by retail in such manner as to be clearly visible to the purchaser, a label measuring at least 4"×4" (inches)

marked banaspatine or charbini, as the case may be, in red letters on a white ground in Urdu, Hindi, Gurmukhi or English ;

(j) that the licensee shall display on every utensil on or in which sweetmeats, cakes or other articles of food prepared with banaspatine or charbini are exposed for sale by retail, a label measuring at least 4" × 4" (inches) setting forth in red letters on a white ground that the sweetmeats, cakes or other articles have been prepared with banaspatine or charbini as the case may be ; and

(k) that the licensee shall at all reasonable times permit the Secretary or any member or officer of the committee authorised in this behalf to inspect the licensed premises without notice and take for examination samples of ghi or banaspatine or charbini sold by him.

5. Licences to import ghi for sale shall be issued free of charge by the Secretary to persons applying therefor and shall be granted subject to thefollowing conditions :—

(a) that the licensee shall not import ghi from any place from which the import of ghi has, under any general or special declarations notified to the licensee, been declared by the President to be dangerous to the public health ;

(b) that the licensee shall import ghi only in clean covered vessels ;

(c) that the licensee shall not import adulterated ghi into the Notified Area for sale.

6. Any person who commits a breach of any of these by-laws or any licensee who commits a breach of any condition of the licence granted to him under these by-laws, shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to Rs. 50 and if the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to Rs. 5 for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

Form A.

Application for a licence for the sale of __________

Name of Vendor __________

Father's name __________

Articles for which the licence is required __________

Situation of the shop __________

Street or lane __________

Boundaries :—

North __________

East __________

South __________

West __________

I have read the conditions on which the sale of __________ is allowed by the Notified Area Committee of Guruharsahai in the Notified Area limits and undertake to abide by them.

Applicant's signature __________

Address __________

Dated __________

The 17th July, 1940.

No. 2822-C.-40/29894.—The following amendment made by the Notified Area Committee of **Jahania**, in the Multan district to its by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 5303-C.-37/43392, dated the 21st December, 1937, as subsequently amended by Punjab Government notification No. 4453-C.-39/32087, dated the 7th October, 1939, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for general information and shall come into force within the Notified Area of **Jahania**, on the 2nd day of September, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

After clause (ii) of by-law 2 the following new clause shall be added, namely :—

"(iii) No animal shall be slaughtered at any place other than the slaughter-house except in case of necessity or for a religious purpose."

No. 2995-L. G.—Bds.-40/29996.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*f*) of subsection (1) of section 242 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to extend sections 140 and 205 of the said Act to the Notified Area of **Guruharsahai**, in the Ferozepore district, and to declare that the provisions of the said sections shall come into force from the date of publication of this notification.

Medical.

The 17th July, 1940.

No. 3326-M.-40/29896.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Sargodha**, in the Shahpur district, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 17 of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information and shall come into force within the limits of the Municipality of **Sargodha**, six weeks after the date of the publication of this notification :—

BY-LAWS.

1. No person whose name has not been registered in accordance with the provisions of section 14 of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932, shall practise as nurse, health visitor, midwife, nurse dai, trained dai, or dai, within the area subject to the authority of the Municipal Committee, Sargodha.

2. Any person practising in contravention of by-law 1 or any person committing or abetting the commitment of a breach of by-law 1 shall be liable on conviction by a magistrate of the 1st class, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 for the first offence or to a fine not exceeding Rs. 250 for a second or subsequent offence.

RAM CHANDRA,

Secretary to Government, Punjab,

Medical and Local Government Departments.

594 CS—1158—19-7-40—SGPP, Lahore.

Registered No. L. 864.

The Government Gazette, Punjab.

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No. 30. LAHORE, FRIDAY, JULY 26, 1940.

PART I—A.

Punjab Government Notifications and Orders.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Boards.

The 20th July, 1940.

No. 3009-L. G.-40/30290.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (6) of section 31 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, it is notified that the District Board of **Jullundur** has, with the sanction of the Governor of the Punjab, imposed the tax described below within the area subject to its authority. The tax shall come into force on the 28th October, 1940, from which date the tax notified with Punjab Government notification No. 35772, dated 4th December, 1928, as subsequently amended, shall be deemed to be cancelled :—

DESCRIPTION OF TAX.

1. A tax on the rates shown in column 3 of the annexed schedule, on persons carrying on the trade, or following the profession or calling shown in column 2 thereof, provided that no tax shall be leviable from any person whose annual income is less than Rs. 200 or who is wholly dependent on agriculture for his livelihood, or from widows, co-operative societies, *ex*-soldiers, Civil and Military pensioners teachers and sepidars (who work ancillary to agriculture and receive grain at each harvest as their wages instead of any cash payment).

2. If a person carries on more professions than one, then—

(*a*) if income from each profession, taken separately, is *not* less than Rs. 200 per annum, tax shall be levied on each profession ;

(*b*) if income from each such profession is *less* than Rs. 200 per annum, but the total income from such professions is *not* less than Rs. 200 per annum, tax shall be charged on the profession for which the rate is the highest :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Group number.	Trade, profession or calling.	Amount of tax payable per annum.
		Rs. A. P.
1	The trade, profession or calling of owner of mills or factories, brick or lime kilns, lawyer, commission agent of land or building ..	10 0 0
2	The trade, profession or calling of wholesale dealer of liquor, beer, petrol or crude oil, spirit or kerosene oil, *saraf*, leather merchant, banker or *shahukar*, owner of two or more lorries plying for hire ..	8 0 0
3	The trade, profession or calling of a contractor of road or building material or furniture, seller of motor accessories, medical practitioner, grain dealer, cloth merchant, owner of flour mill, timber merchant, owner of lime *bhatti* (small kiln)	6 0 0
4	The trade, profession or calling of dealer in peppers, cotton-seed or tobacco, retail dealer of liquor, opium, poppy, *bhang* or *charas*, cattle or horse dealer, cement, *bajri*, lime or *surkhi* dealer, vendor of *kashmiri* shawls, silk or carpet, iron merchant, *toka* machine or iron *belna* (sugarcane crusher) dealer, agricultural machine driver or electric implements dealer, machinery repairer or dealer or maker of implements of masons, carpenters, blacksmiths, soda water factory, confectioner, *halwai*, *ghee* seller, grocer, dealer in *gur-shakar* or *khali* and cotton seeds, fruit seller, maker or seller of metal utensils, broker or commission agent, dealer in foreign medicines, druggist, *hakim*, *vaid* or *attar*, river ferry contractor, dealer in *tar* or *ganda baroja*, button maker, dentist, clerk of a vakil, bookseller, stationer, butcher, *kabari*, private servant other than menial, skilled labourer, general merchant or *basati*, owner of two or more *tongas* or bamboo carts plying for hire, shoe-maker of English design, boot or shoe seller, hawker of cloths of every kind, oil or scent seller, soap maker, goldsmith, mason, carpenter, blacksmith, motor or machine driver and bones merchant ..	4 0 0
5	Sawyer, petition-writer, hawker of every kind other than cloth, milk seller, *khauncha* seller, baker, biscuit seller, *sharbat*, soda water, ice or *pan*, cigarettes seller, vegetable seller, deed-writer, draftsman, watch-maker, photographer, stamp or court-fee seller, tailor, *abra* dyer or seller, washer, painter, dyer, oil presser, tinner, bracelets maker, *naiyaria*, *sikligar*, nickle polisher, astrologer or future teller, maker of fire works, meat seller, plyer of *tonga* or bamboo cart, *bahli* or *rath*, *chhakra*, shoeing man, cycle repairer, coal or fuel merchant, hay or *bhussa* seller, owner of *gharat* with two or more mills, *choba* (well sinker), silk, *dari* or *lungi* manufacturer with *khadi* and seller, goat or sheep merchant, leather dyer, potter, barber, owner of *kharas*, chicken, *bater* or eggs seller, *rehri* plyer, *mochi* or *saraj*	2 0 0
6	The trade, profession or calling of *naichaband*, *dabgar*, thatch maker, bandsman, singer, *qawal*, *naqqal*, *madari*, *bazigar*, juggler, *rasdhari*, plyer on hire of camels, donkeys, ponies, mules, *bhabar* seller, *sirki*, *chatai*, *muhras*, mat baskets, chick maker or seller, fish-seller, boatman, brick maker, weigher or carrier, country shoe maker, *chumar*, teaser, book binder, *baddoos*, *chilm* maker or seller, *khaddi* weaver ..	1 0 0
7	Any other trade, profession or calling not specified above ..	1 0 0

No. 3000-L. G.-40/30296.—The following amendments made by the District Board of **Karnal** to the Provident Fund Rules, published with Punjab Government notification No. 38003, dated the 16th December, 1931, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the said Board on the 7th September, 1940 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. *Substitute* the following *for* clause (*e*) in rule 1 :—

" (*e*) " Servant " includes every employee of the Board who holds a permanent post substantively under the Board or is officiating in a permanent

or a etmporary post in the Board but holds a permanent post in a substantive capacity under any other local body which maintains a provident fund, but does not include a Government servant employed by the Board ."

2. *After* rule 3 the following note shall be inserted :—

" NOTE.—In the case of the Board's employee governed by the Civil Service Regulations or the Revised Leave Rules, 1936, the term " leave on average pay " occurring in sub-rule (2) means the privilege leave on full salary or the earned leave as the case may be."

3. In rule 4, *substitute* the following proviso *for* the first proviso :—

" Provided that if the subscriber, who is required or permitted to subscribe to the provident fund, resigns within five years of the commencement of his service, except on account of illness or any other cause which the Board may determine to be a sufficient cause, or has been dismissed from service of the Board, the Board may deduct from the sum standing to his credit in the provident fund, the whole or any part of the contributions made by it to his provident fund and the interest thereon. "

4. *Delete* the full stop at the end of condition I of the conditions prescribed under clause (*b*) of sub-rule (2) of rule 8 and *add* the words, " under the general account of the General Provident Fund Account ".

5. In rule 9 (1) *for* the words " may, up to limit of the amount shown at credit of his account in column 5-A of the Provident Fund Ledger" shall be substituted the words " may up to the amount contributed by the subscriber including interest accrued thereon."

6. In rule 9 (4) the words " clause (*a*) or clause (*b*) of " shall be deleted.

7. In rule 11 between the words " sum " and " before " *insert* the words " but not exceeding in any case the total amount of its contributions credited to the account of the subscriber and interest accrued thereon. "

8. *Substitute* the following new rule *for* the existing rule 12 :—

" 12. The Board shall maintain—

General accounts to be maintained by the Board.

(1) a Provident Fund Account in Form P. F. 4,

(2) a Provident Fund Investments Account in Form P. F. 5,

(3) a Provident Fund Investments Interest Account in Form P. F. 6 or if a Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund is maintained a Provident Fund Investment Interest Account in Form P. F. 6-A and a Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund Account in Form P. F. 6-B, and

(4) an account in Form P. F. 8, showing the amount available for payment of insurance premia of the Provident Fund subscribers."

9. The sub-columns for annas and pies in column 6 of form P. F. 1 shall be deleted.

10. *Insert the following new Forms after Form P. F. 6* :—

Rule 12.

Form P. F. 6-A.

Provident Fund Investments Interest Account ________________ ***District Board.***

Serial No. in Provident Fund Investment Account (P. F. 5).	INSTALMENT OF INTEREST DUE. (a) Date.	INSTALMENT OF INTEREST DUE. (b) Amount.	INSTALMENT OF INTEREST RECEIVED. (a) Date.	INSTALMENT OF INTEREST RECEIVED. (b) No. and date of chalan with which remitted to treasury for credit into the fund of the local body.	INSTALMENT OF INTEREST RECEIVED. (c) Amount.	DISPOSAL OF INTEREST RECEIVED. (a) At savings bank rate to be credited to the P. F. Account.	DISPOSAL OF INTEREST RECEIVED. (b) Difference between columns 3 (c) and 4 (a).	DISPOSAL OF INTEREST RECEIVED. (c) Half of column 4 (b) to be credited to the Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund subject to a maximum of 1% on the amount invested.	DISPOSAL OF INTEREST RECEIVED. (d) Difference, if any, between half of columns 4 (b) and 4 (c).	DISPOSAL OF INTEREST RECEIVED. (e) Half of column 4 (b) *plus* 4 (d) to be credited to Provident Fund Account.	No. and date of the voucher with which the amount in column 4 (e) is withdrawn from the District Fund for credit to the Provident Fund.	Date on which the amount is credited to the savings bank account.	No. and date of voucher with which the amount in column 4 (c) is withdrawn from the District Fund for credit to the P. F. Investment Depreciation Fund.	Date on which the amount is credited in the P. F. Investment Depreciation Fund.	REMARKS.
1	2		3			4					5(*a*)	5(*b*)	6(*a*)	6(*b*)	7
		Rs. A. P.			Rs. A. P.										

NOTE.—This form is to be used by the Boards which maintain Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund. Such Boards need not maintain Form P. F. 6.

Form P. F. 6-B. **Rule 12.**

Provident Fund Investments Depreciation Fund Account ——— District Board.

Date.	Balance at credit.	Amount credited to the Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund in the Post Office Savings Bank Imperial Bank. Folio No. of Register P. F. 6(a).	Amount.	Interest earned on the Investment Depreciation Fund money in the Post Office Savings Bank or Imperial Bank.	Payments. No. and date of the order of the Commissioner sanctioning withdrawal from the fund.	Amount.	Balance 4—5 (b).	Remarks.
1	2	3(a)	3(b)	4	5(a)	5(b)	6	7
			Rs. A. P.			Rs. A. P.		

11. *Insert* the following new form *after* Form P. F. 7 :—

Form P. F. 8. **Rule 12.**

Register showing the amount available for payment of insurance premia of Provident Fund subscriber.

P. F. ACCOUNT No ———

NAME ———

Date.	Provident Fund subscription available for insurance. (a) Amount of deposit made by the subscriber since the last withdrawal for payment of insurance premium was made.	(b) Interest earned since the date of last withdrawal on subscriber's own deposits.	Total of columns 2(a), 2(b) and 4.	Advance paid.	Balance after each transaction	Remarks*.
1	2			3	4	5
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	

*The fact that the Insurance Policy has been assigned to the Board as well as the number of policy should be noted in the remarks column of the register.

The 23rd July, 1940.

No. 3097-L. G.—Bds.-40/30688.—Whereas it appears to the Governor of the Punjab that with reference to notification No. 1684-L. G.—Bds.-40/20525, dated the 29th April, 1940, land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of **Amritsar**, for a public purpose, namely, for the construction of a vehicle stand and an approach road to Ram Tirath, it is hereby notified that the land described in the specification below is required for the said purpose.

2. This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, to all whom it may concern and, under section 7 of the said Act, the Collector of the Amritsar district is hereby authorised to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

3. A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the said Collector :—

SPECIFICATION OF LAND.

District.	*Tahsil.*	*Mauza.*	*Area in acres.*	*Boundaries.*
Amritsar ..	Ajnala ..	Kaler ..	3·73 .. (For Vehicle Stand.)	*North.*—Khasra Nos. 128 min, 134, 132, 243 min. and 143 min. *East.*—Khasra Nos. 143 min. and 144 min. *South.*—Khasra Nos. 144 min., 243 min., 129 min., 245 min. and 122 min. *West.*—Khasra Nos. 122 min. and 123 min.
			1·92 .. (For approach road.)	*North.*—Khasra Nos. 129 min. and 245 min. *East.*—Khasra Nos. 129 min., 245 min., 121 min. and 122 min. *South.*—Khasra No. 247 min. *West.*—Khasra Nos. 121 min. and 122 min.

No. 2667-L. G.-40/30690.—In the matter of the election petition of Daud Khan, against the return of Ibrahim Khan as a member of the District Board of **Karnal**, the Governor of the Punjab, in pursuance of the provisions of rules 73 and 75 of the District Board Election Rules, 1933, is pleased to declare that the respondent Ibrahim Khan was duly elected as a member of the District Board of **Karnal**, and to order that the petitioner Daud Khan shall pay to the respondent, Ibrahim Khan the sum of rupees one hundred as costs.

The 24th July, 1940.

No. 3057-L. G.—Bds.-40/30802.—The following amendment made by the District Board of **Lyallpur**, to the Provident Fund Rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 22773, dated the 31st August, 1933, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the said Board on the 7th September, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

The sub-columns for annas and pies in column 6 of Form P. F. 1 shall be deleted.

No. 3156-L. G.-40/30842.—The following draft of rules which the Governor of the Punjab proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by section 55 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, in supersession of the rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 4152-L. G.-37/43838, dated 23rd December, 1937, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 18th September, 1940, together with any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to it before that date :—

DRAFT RULES FOR THE SUBMISSION OF ANNUAL INDENTS FOR DISTRICT BOARD HOSPITALS AND DISPENSARIES.

1. Medical Officers in charge of district board hospitals and dispensaries will submit their annual indents (in duplicate) for drugs and instruments required for use in those institutions to the Civil Surgeons of their respective districts. Separate indents will be prepared for—

(*a*) Drugs to be obtained from Europe.

(*b*) Instruments to be obtained from Europe.

(*c*) Drugs and instruments to be obtained from the Medical Stores Depôt, Lahore Cantonment.

2. On receipt of the indents the Civil Surgeon will check them and score out drugs and articles which he considers to be excessive and costly instruments which can be replaced by cheaper ones without loss of efficiency. The indents so modified will be submitted to the Medical Stores Depôt, Lahore Cantonment, which has agreed to supply the requirements of local fund hospitals and dispensaries in the Punjab on the following conditions :—

(*i*) Supplies will be made on prepayment system.

(*ii*) During the duration of the war stores will be supplied after all military requirements have been fully met.

(*iii*) A local body shall give at least two years notice if it wishes to discontinue obtaining its requirements from the Depôt.

3. The dates on which indents are due to reach the Depôt are given in the following list. They should, however, reach the Civil Surgeons of the respective districts three weeks earlier to enable them to check them and pass them on to the Depôt by the due dates :—

Name of Revenue Division.	Name of the districts comprising the Division.	Date on which indent is due to the Depôt.
Ambala	Hissar, Rohtak, Gurgaon, Karnal. Ambala, Simla.	1st April.
Jullundur	Kangra, Hoshiarpur, Jullundur, Ludhiana, Ferozepore.	1st July.
Lahore	Lahore, Amritsar, Gurdaspur, Sialkot, Gujranwala, Sheikhupura.	1st September.
Rawalpindi	Gujrat, Shahpur, Jhelum, Rawalpindi, Attock, Mianwali.	1st August.
Multan	Montgomary, Jhang, Lyallpur, Multan, Muzaffargarh, Dera Ghazi Khan.	1st July.

4. Other articles required for these institutions, *viz.*, furniture, bedding and clothing will be separately indented for. On receipt of such indents the Civil Surgeon will obtain quotations from six firms on the approved list maintained by the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Punjab, or, if there are less than six firms on the list, then from all the firms on the list. The Civil Surgeon will compare the rates and forward the tenders to the district board concerned, recommending one tender for acceptance. If the tender recommended is not the lowest tender, the Civil Surgeon will give his reasons for recommending it. The district board will select the tender which it wishes to accept and will place the order with the firm accordingly.

No. 3085-L. G.-Bds.-40/30851.—The following amendments made by the District Board, **Ambala**, to its Provident Fund Rules, published with Punjab Government notification No. 5080, dated the 12th February,

1932, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Ambala**, on the 14th September, 1940 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. *After* rule 3 the following note shall be inserted :—

"NOTE.—In the case of the Board's employee governed by the Civil Service Regulations or the Revised Leave Rules, 1936, the term " leave on average pay " occurring in sub-rule (2) means the privilege leave on full salary or the earned leave as the case may be."

2. In rule 9 (1) *for* the words " may, up to limit of the amount shown at credit of his account in column 5-A of the Provident Fund Ledger, " shall be substituted the words " may up to the amount contributed by the subscriber including interest accrued thereon."

3. In rule 9 (4) the words " clause (*a*) or clause (*b*) of " shall be deleted.

4. The sub-columns for annas and pies in column 6 of form P. F. 1 shall be deleted.

Committees.

The 22nd July, 1940.

No. 2934-C.-40/30527.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Tarn Taran,** in the Amritsar district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Tarn Taran,** on the 9th day of September, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. Every owner of a building or land situated within the limits of the Municipality of Tarn Taran who does not reside in the Municipality shall appoint in writing a person residing within municipal limits to act as his agent for all the purposes of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, or any rules or by-laws made thereunder.

2. Such appointment shall be notified as soon as possible to the Secretary of the Committee by a notice which shall bear the signature of the agent in acknowledgment of his appointment, and no person shall be deemed to have been appointed as agent until such notice has been received by the Secretary. Every person whose appointment as agent has been so notified shall be deemed to be a duly appointed agent until the contrary is notified to the Committee by the principal or by the agent.

3. When an agent has been appointed in pursuance of these by-laws, any notice served upon him and any demand for payment of its dues made from him, by the Committee, shall be deemed to have been served upon his principal, and shall have the same effect as regards the principal as if the notice has been served upon, or the demand had been made from the principal.

4. A register shall be maintained in the office of the Municipal Committee in which the names and addresses of all agents appointed in pursuance of these by-laws together with date of such appointment shall be entered.

5. Any person who commits a breach of by-law 1 or 2 shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees and when the breach is a continuing one with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

No. 2929-C.-40/30533.—The following by-laws made by the Administrator of the **Kartarpur** Municipality, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 121 and 188 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Kartarpur**, in the Jullundur district on the 9th day of September, 1940, from which date Punjab Government notification No. 29605, dated the 26th November, 1921, shall be deemed to be cancelled :—

BY-LAWS.

1. Licences under section 121 (1) of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, for premises to be used for any of the purpose specified in the schedule below, shall be granted

by the Municipal Committee on the application of the owner or occupier of such premises and shall be issued by the Secretary of the Committee in form "A" appended to these by-laws on payment of the fee mentioned in the schedule below and on the conditions detailed in by-law 3 :—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	Purpose for which premises are licensed.	Licence fee. Per annum.	Licence fee. Per month or portion of a month.
		Rs.	Rs. A. P.
1	Factory worked by steam or electricity	10	1 0 0
2	Factory worked by oil engine	10	1 0 0
3	A yard or depôt for trade in timber	10	1 0 0
4	A yard or depôt for trade in wood, fuel, charcoal, coal, bamboos, straw, bhusa, hay, thatching grass, sirki, wan, munj, rope, kana, san, Khanjur-leaves, coconut fibres.	4	0 8 0
5	A yard or depôt for trade in unslaked lime	4	0 8 0
6	A soap house, oil boiling house, a house for melting tallow, boiling bones, offal or blood,	2	0 4 0
7	Premises for dressing raw hides or tannery	10	1 0 0
8	A lime kiln, brick kiln, charcoal kiln	2	0 4 0
9	A dyeing house or pottery	1	0 4 0
10	A yard, depôt or place for storage for sulpher matches ..	1	0 4 0
11	A yard, depôt or place of storage for non-dangerous petroleum exceeding 8 gallons but not exceeding 250 gallons.	4	0 8 0
12	A yard, depôt or place of storage for spirit exceeding two gallons but not exceeding 250 gallons.	5	0 8 0
13	A yard, depôt or place of storage for non-dangerous petrleum or spirit exceeding 250 gallons but not exceeding gallons.	8	1 0 0
14	A yard, depôt or place of storage for fire works ..	1	0 4 0
15	Premises used for other purposes specified in section 121 (1) but not specified above.	2	0 4 0

2. All applications for the renewal of licenses shall be made before the 15th day of March each year.

3. Every licence issued under by-law 1 shall be subject to the following conditions :—

(a) that the licensee shall at all reasonable times and without notice permit any member or officer of the Committee authorized in this behalf to inspect the licensed premises ;

(b) that the licensee shall always keep the license issued by the Secretary at the licensed premises and shall, on demand, produce it for inspection by any member or officer of the Committee, authorized under clause (a) of this by-law ;

(c) that the licensee shall make adequate arrangements to the satisfaction of the Municipal Committee for the extinction of any outbreak of fire;

(d) that the licensee shall, at all times, keep the licensed premises in a clean and sanitary condition and shall provide adequate ventilation, suitable drains, latrines, urinals and other sanitary conveniences for the use of the workmen employed therein;

(e) that the licensee shall not permit any work to be carried on at the licensed premises which gives rise to loud and offensive noises between eight o'clock at night and 6 o'clock in the morning unless he has been specially authorized in this behalf ;

(f) that in premises where oil engines are used, kerosene oil, petroleum and other inflammable oils and materials shall be kept in a separate rooms which shall not be contiguous to the engine room ;

(g) that the licensee of any engine house shall store in a suitable room or rooms, which shall be used for no other purpose and shall be rat proof, all grain or pulse received by him for milling and shall similarly store all flour produced by milling so long as it remains on the licensed premises ;

(h) that the licensee shall adopt the best practicable means, to the satisfaction of the Committee, for rendering innocuous and inoffensive all gases, affluvia or vapours discharged into the external air from the licensed premises ;

(i) that in premises from where smoke arises through the use of coal in the furnace or any place in the engine house the licensee shall use such apparatus that will, as far as practicable, consume the smoke ;

(j) that for a breach of any of these conditions the licenses may be suspended or revoked by an order of the Committee.

Form "A".

A LICENSE TO CARRY ON OFFENSIVE AND DANGEROUS TRADE IN THE MUNICIPALITY OF KARTARPUR.

[*N.B.*—This license is subject to the conditions specified in by-law 3 of the by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 2929-C.-40/30533, dated 22nd July, 1940]

Serial number of license.	Name, parentage, residence of the licensee.	A description of the premises licensed.	A specification of the trades mentioned in section 121 (1) of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, for which the license is issued.	Endorsement of annual renewals of license.

The 23rd July, 1940.

No. 2949-C.-40/30675.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 16 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab hereby directs that M. Mukhtar Ahmad shall be removed from membership of the Municipal Committee of **Bahadurgarh**, and shall be disqualified for election for a period of five years following the date of this notification.

No. 2701-C.-40/30678.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (10) of section 62 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that with the previous sanction of the Governor of the Punjab the Municipal Committee of **Karor** has, with effect from the 1st November, 1940, made the following amendments to its octroi schedule, published with Punjab Government notification No. 11958, dated the 6th May, 1925, as subsequently amended by Punjab Government notification Nos. 14991, and 760-C.-36/12935, dated the 2nd May, 1931 and the 18th April, 1936, respectively :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. Item "8 (14)-Eggs" of class I shall be deleted.
2. For existing item 1 of class III, the following shall be substituted :—

Serial No.	Articles.	Rate of octroi.
		Rs. A. P.
1	All kinds of oils except taramira	0 0 6 per rupee.

3. The existing note at the end of the schedule shall be numbered as (*i*) and the following shall be added as note (*ii*) :—

" (*ii*) No octroi shall be charged on articles of dowry imported within the octroi limits of the Municipality with a marriage party ".

No. 3069-L. G.—Bds.-40/30683.—Punjab Government notification No. 5229-L. G.—Bds.-39/35346, dated the 28th October, 1939, relating to the acquisition of land by the Municipal Committee, **Simla**, for constructing a public latrine at Ramnagar (Sarhan), is hereby cancelled.

The 24th July, 1940.

No. 3077-C.-40/30845.—The following draft of rules which the Governor of the Punjab proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, in supersession of the rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 3400-C.-36/43841, dated the 23rd December, 1937, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 18th September, 1940, together with any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to it before that date :—

DRAFT RULES FOR THE SUBMISSION OF ANNUAL INDENTS FOR MUNICIPAL HOSPITALS AND DISPENSARIES.

1. Medical Officers in charge of municipal hospitals and dispensaries will submit their annual indents (in duplicate) for drugs and instruments required for use in those institutions to the Civil Surgeons of their respective districts. Separate indents will be prepared for—

(*a*) Drugs to be obtained from Europe.

(*b*) Instruments to be obtained from Europe.

(*c*) Drugs and instruments to be obtained from the Medical Stores Depôt, Lahore Cantonment.

2. On receipt of the indents the Civil Surgeon will check them and score out drugs and articles which he considers to be excessive and costly instruments which can be replaced by cheaper ones without loss of efficiency. The idents so modified will be submitted to the Medical Stores Depôt, Lahore Cantonment, which has agreed to supply the requirements of local fund hospitals and dispensaries in the Punjab on the following conditions :—

(*i*) Supplies will be made on prepayment system.

(*ii*) During the duration of the war stores will be supplied after all military requirements have been fully met.

(*iii*) A local body shall give at least two years' notice if it wishes to discontinue obtaining its requirements from the Depôt.

3. The dates on which indents are due to reach the Depôt are given in the following list. They should, however, reach the Civil Surgeons of the respective districts three weeks earlier to enable them to check them and pass them on to the Depôt by the due dates :—

Name of Revenue Division.	Name of the districts comprising the division.	Date on which indent is due to the Depôt.
Ambala	Hissar, Rohtak, Gurgaon, Karnal, Ambala, Simla.	1st April.
Jullundur	Kangra, Hoshiarpur, Jullundur, Ludhiana, Ferozepore.	1st July.
Lahore	Lahore, Amritsar, Gurdaspur, Sialkot, Gujranwala, Sheikhupura.	1st September.
Rawalpindi	Gujrat, Shahpur, Jhelum, Rawalpindi, Attock, Mianwali.	1st August.
Multan	Montgomery, Jhang, Lyallpur, Multan, Muzaffargarh, Dera Ghazi Khan.	1st July.

4. Other articles required for these institutions, *viz.*, furniture, bedding and clothing will be separately indented for. On receipt of such indents the Civil Surgeon will obtain quotations from six firms on the approved list maintained by the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Punjab, or, if there are less than six firms on the list, then from all the firms on the list. The Civil Surgeon will compare the rates and forward the tenders to the municipal committee concerned, recommending one tender for acceptance. If the tender recommended is not the lowest tender, the Civil Surgeon will give his reasons for recommending it. The municipal committee will select the tender which it wishes to accept and will place the order with the firm accordingly.

No. 2516-C.-40/30848.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (6) of section 29 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that with the previous sanction of the Governor of the Punjab the Town Committee of **Kharian,** in the Gujrat district, has with effect from the 2nd September, 1940, imposed the following tax, namely :—

A tax called octroi (without refunds) calculated on the gross weight of consignments including packing, drums and other articles used in packing and a tax on animals per tale, payable by the persons importing in the limits of the town of Kharian by rail or road, articles mentioned in column 2 of the schedule herein below at the rates shown in column 3 thereof subject to the following provisions :—

The tax shall not be levied on :—

(1) articles imported as dowry of a bride ;

(2) agricultural machinery and implements ;

(3) *bona fide* personal and household belongings of persons coming to take up their residence in the town and *bana fide* personal luggage of travellers ;

(4) necessaries (not being articles of food or drink), equipment and clothing imported by officers in command of troops or air force units for the use of their men and followers and grain and green fodder imported for consumption by horses, mules or other animals maintained as part of their military equippage by any person in Military or air force service ; provided that such grain or fodder is certified by the Officer Commanding to be imported for *bona fide* public purposes ;

(5) articles imported for manufacturing purposes into a jail situated within the town limits, provided that the goods into which they are manufactured are used in the jail itself or supplied to other departments of Government ;

(6) all road-making material such as stone ballast, coal tar, bitumen, sand, shingle and bricks for soling coats imported by the Government of India or by any Provincial Government or by any local authority (including Cantonment Authority) or by contractors for use on the roads maintained by the Public Works Department of Government or any local authority (including a Cantonment Authority) if accompanied at the time of import by a certificate signed by a gazetted officer of the Government department concerned or by the President, Executive Officer, or Secretary of the Local Authority concerned that such articles are required by them for road-making only ;

(7) nitrate of soda, sulphate of ammonia, calcium cyanamide, sulphate of potash, muriate of potash, kainite, superphosphates, leunaphos, nitro-chalk, nicifos and basic slags ;

(8) arms, ammunitions, military stores and other articles of Police equipment including bicycles imported by the Police department into the town, provided that each consignment of such ammunition or Military stores or other

articles is certified by the Superintendent of Police of the district concerned to be the property of the Government in the Police department ;

(9) furniture imported by the District Board, Gujrat, for its institution situated within the town limits, if accompanied at the time of import by a certificate signed by the Secretary of the Board to this effect ;

(10) medicines of all kinds, furniture and surgical instruments of all kinds imported by the District Board, Gujrat, for its institutions situated within the limits of the town ; provided that they are accompanied at the time of import by a certificate signed by the Civil Surgeon to this effect ;

(11) gold or silver bullion and coin ;

(12) printed books ;

(13) stamps, stamp paper and petition paper ;

(14) head loads of cowdung fuel (uplas), grass, brushwood and fresh vegetables ;

(15) railway stores and materials required for use on a railway whether in constructing, maintaining or working the same and not removed outside the railway boundaries, but not including stores imported for purchase or consumption by railway employees or stores with which a railway co-operative store is stocked for sale to members ;

(16) goods on which octroi amounts to less than three pies ;

(17) forms and papers used by patwaris and field kanungos in connection with their official duties ;

(18) exhibits of the District Rural Community Council or of Agricultural or other Government departments imported for instructional purposes, if accompanied at the time of import by a certificate signed by the Chairman of the Council or by a gazetted officer of the department concerned that such exhibits are meant for the purpose of exhibition only ;

(19) used goods imported for repairs and re-exported to the original consignor within 3 months ;

(20) articles declared at the time of import to be for immediate export and exported in accordance with the rules made in this behalf ;

(21) sweetmeats, fruits and other edibles imported for personal use not exceeding 2 seers in quantity each ;

(22) articles belonging to the Town Committee of Kharian if accompanied by a certificate signed by the Secretary to the effect that the articles are the property of the Town Committee ;

(23) all sorts of quinine imported for medicinal purposes ;

(24) Kapas (unginned cotton) ;

(25) all young plants for transplantation on road sides imported in the town if accompanied by a certificate signed by a gazetted officer of the Public Works Department that such plants are required for transplantation on road sides only ;

(26) all hand woven mosquito nets valued complete at a price not exceeding Rs. 3 each and hand woven mosquito nets material imported into the town up to 25th September, 1940 ;

Explanation.—Mesh nets are not covered by the above exemption.

(27) green and dry fodder and bhusa imported into the town limits by head loads and on donkeys ;

(28) articles imported by the Police Department in connection with criminal cases accompanied by a certificate signed by a Police Officer not below the rank of a Sub-Inspector ;

(29) Cinema lorries of the North-Western Railway carrying the cinema equipment and consumable stores imported into the town for the purpose of giving free shows if accompanied by a certificate signed by a responsible Railway Official to the effect that these lorries belong to the North-Western Railway and are meant for their propaganda work only :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3		4
Serial No.	Articles.	RATE OF OCTROI (WITHOUT REFUNDS). By maundage.	By tale, etc.	REMARKS.
		RS. A. P.	RS. A P.	
	CLASS I.—ARTICLES OF FOOD AND DRINK.			
1	Wheat and wheat flour, other food grains not specified elsewhere in this schedule and their flour.	0 0 3	–	
2	*Maida* and *suji* (semolina) ..	0 1 0	..	
3	Husked rice, *chirva* and *phulian* ..	0 1 0	..	
4	Paddy, unhusked rice, pulses, *sill* and *darau*.	0 1 0	..	
5	Barley, gram, *suhri* and bran ..	0 0 3	..	
6	Refined sugar (*i.e.*, all white or crystalised and ground sugars and sugar-candy).	0 1 0	..	
7	Confectionary including cakes, biscuits and *phenian*.	0 8 0	..	
8	Unrefined sugar, *mijha* and *talauncha* not specified elsewhere in this schedule.	0 0 6	..	
9	Gur, *shakar* and *jagri*	0 0 6	..	
10	*Shira* and *rab* (molasses).. ..	0 0 6	..	
11	*Ghee*	0 5 0	..	
12	Vegetable *ghee*	1 0 0	..	
13	Fruits, fresh and dry, including kernels and sugarcane, vegetables, fresh and dried edible roots.	0 4 0	..	
14	Butter, cheese, curd, *khoa*, cream and lard.	0 4 0	–	
15	Condiments including *chutney*, jam, pickles asafœtida, betelnut, vinegar, *ampapar*, *varian*, *papar*, honey, coffee and saffron.	0 3 0	–	
16	Provisions of oilman stores, tea and saccharine.	0 4 0	..	
17	Meat	0 2 0	..	
18	Fish (fresh and dried)	0 5 0	..	
19	Bhusa, other fodders and *phak* ..	0 0 3	..	
20	Betel leaf	1 0 0	..	

1	2	3		4
Serial No.	Articles.	RATE OF OCTROI (WITHOUT REFUNDS). By maundage.	RATE OF OCTROI (WITHOUT REFUNDS). By tale, etc.	REMARKS.
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
21	Oil cakes and cotton seeds	0 0 3	..	
22	Eggs	0 8 0	..	
23	Chillies and *dhania* (dried)	0 1 6	..	
24	Essences for soda water ..	2 0 0	..	
25	Milk	0 1 0	..	
	CLASS II.—ANIMALS OF A CLASS FOR SLAUGHTER.			
1	Sheep, goat and other quadrupeds ..	..	0 2 0 per head.	
2	Country and other birds ..	..	0 0 1 per head.	
	CLASS III.—ARTICLES USED FOR FUEL, LIGHTING AND WASHING.			
1	(*a*) Vegetable oil not specified elsewhere in this schedule, *mahua*, oil-seeds, including lin seeds, not specified elsewhere in this schedule.	0 5 0	..	
	(*b*) *Toria, jawahan* and *sarson* ..	0 0 3	..	
2	Coal and wood for fuel ..	0 0 3	..	
3	Wax, grease, candles, calcium carbide matches, *rethas, reh, gachni*, patna salt, alum, sajji, soda, soda caustic, *tezab*, foreign and country made soaps, and other articles used for washing and lighting not specified elsewhere in this schedule.	0 4 0	..	
	CLASS IV.—ARTICLES USED IN BUILDING.			
1	(*a*) Timber, logs, *sleepers*, beams, planks, scantlings and articles made therefrom not specified elsewhere in this schedule, bamboos and articles made thereof, lime and limestone, cement, *kankar*, coal ash, and *hurmachi* clay and stone.	0 0 3	..	
	(*b*) Tiles and bricks	0 0 3	..	
	(*c*) Brick ballast, *surkhi* and *kankri* of *bhatta*.	0 0 3	..	
2	Paints, varnishes, turpentine, glue, chalk, coal tar, paintings and glaziers requisites.	0 4 0	..	
3	*Sar, kana, sirki* and articles made therefrom.	0 0 6	..	
4	*Broza* and *ral*	0 4 0	..	

Serial No.	Articles.	Rate of octroi without refunds. By maundage.	Rate of octroi without refunds. By tale, etc.	Remarks.
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
	CLASS V.—DRUGS, GUMS, SPICES AND PERFUMES.			
1	Medicines and drugs, except *charas*, *bhang*, *ganja* and quinine, gums, spices, all kinds of seeds except oil-seeds and linseed, all kinds of chemicals except chemical manures and distillates, perfumes and toilet requisites, such as tooth pastes, tooth powders, face powders, *dandasa*, *khizab* and scents.	1 0 0	..	
2	*Mehdi*, hair dyes not specified elsewhere in this schedule and perfumed oils.	0 4 0	..	
	CLASS VI—TOBACCO MANUFACTURED AND UNMANUFACTURED.			
1	Foreign and country tobacco, including cherrots, cigars, cigarettes, snuff and other smoking requisites including *biris*.	0 4 0		
	CLASS VII—PIECE-GOODS AND TEXTILE FABRICS.			
1	Cotton (ginned) and cotton yarn ..	0 6 0	..	
2	Wool and *pashmina* and yarn of wool, *pashmina* and *raffal*.	0 8 0	..	
3	Yarn of *chamak*, *tassar*, and *karandi* and other kinds of yarn not specified elsewhere in this schedule.	0 8 0	..	
4	Cloth and clothes, shawl and silk, apparel, piece-goods, curtains, including things made of cotton, twool, *raffal*, *pashmina*, *chamak*, *assar*, *karandi* and silk, not specified elsewhere in this schedule.	0 8 0	..	
5	Yarn, twist, hosiery, millinery, tinsel, gold and silver lace, haberdashery, *muqaish*, embroidered goods and articles made therefrom, fancy piece-goods and articles of clothing and dress, carpets, durries, *namdas*, *gabas*, rugs, blankets, tents, *niwar*, canvas, waterproofs, gunny clothes, oil clothes, tapes of all kinds and weaving *saz*, new gunny bags, leather country and foreign, and articles made therefrom not specified elsewhere in this schedule and *postin*.	0 8 0	..	
6	Boots of rubber and leather, sleepers, *chapplis* and fleet foot.	0 8 0	..	
7	Alsorts of used clothes ..	0 4 0	..	

Serial No.	Articles.	Rate of octroi without refunds. By maundage.	Rate of octroi without refunds. By tale, etc.	Remarks.
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
	CLASS VIII—METALS.			
1	Metals wrought and unwrought or articles made wholly and partly thereof not specified elsewhere in this schedule, including tin foil and cutlery.	0 2 0	..	
2	Girders, tee iron, angle iron, sheet and wire of iron, iron round of all kinds, ron flat and the articles made therefrom, zinc pipes of all kinds and things made thereof.	0 0 3	..	
3	Articles of iron (*deg*) ..	0 1 0	..	
4	Articles of brass (*deg*) ..	0 2 0	..	
5	Utensils of brass, copper and aluminium and all kinds of *kansi* and of mixed metals.	0 2 0	..	
	CLASS IX—MISCELLANEOUS.			
1	(*a*) Cabinet-ware, furniture including matting palm leaf, *patha* and articles made therefrom, hemp and *munj*, *sankukra*, and articles made thereof, baskets, ropes and articles made of wood not specified elsewhere in this schedule.	0 2 0		
	(*b*) *Sutri* of all kinds and *wan* ..	0 2 0		
2	Articles made of stone ..	0 0 6		
3	Enamels, and oil not otherwise specified in this schedule except Kerosene oil and petrol.	0 2 0		
4	Brushes, brooms, bristles and fibres for brushes.	0 0 3		
5	Carriages, carts and their accessories..	0 0 3		
6	(*a*) Motor Cars and lorries ..		20 0 0 Per vehicle.	
	(*b*) Motor Cycles with side Cars ..		12 8 0 Per combination.	
	(*c*) Motor cycles without side cars ..		10 0 0 Per cycle.	
	(*d*) Bicycles and accessories ..	0 4 0		
7	Walking sticks, driving, riding and other whips, fishing rods, lines and tackles.	0 2 0		
8	Instruments—computing dental, drawing, educational, electric, galvanic measuring, optical, Phonographic, photographic, scientific, surgical, surveying, biscopic apparatus and appliances, Typewriters, duplicators, gramophones, phonographic records, photographic and biscopic materials, pianos and other musical instruments, machinery worked by steam, oil or manual labour including accessories.	1 0 0		

Serial No.	Articles.	Rate of Octroi without refunds. By maundage	Rate of Octroi without refunds. By tale, etc.	Remarks.
	CLASS IX—MISCELLANEOUS—*concld.*			
		Rs. A. P.		
9	Glass and glassware, china and chinaware, foreign and country earthenware, enamelled-ware including crockery.	1 0 0	..	
10	Rubber and articles made thereof ..	1 0 0	..	
11	Ivory, horn, celluloid, marble and goods made therefrom.	1 0 0	..	
12	Umbrellas, parasols and sunshades ..	1 0 0	..	
13	Watches, clocks, timepieces and parts thereof.	2 0 0	..	
14	Toys, indoor and outdoor games and sporting gears, including corkwood dried and wet gut.	1 0 0	..	
15	Stationery, blank books and cardboards.	0 4 0	..	
16	Works of art, such as pictures, framed and unframed.	1 0 0	..	
17	Dyeing and tanning materials including dry and wet skin of *kikar* tree.	0 4 0	..	
18	Country and foreign made *churis* ..	0 4 0	..	
19	Saddlery, harness and parts thereof ..	0 8 0	..	
20	Canes and articles made thereof not specified elsewhere in this schedule.	0 4 0	..	
21	Sealing wax and articles of fireworks and dyeing colours and other articles used for dyeing not specified elsewhere in this schedule.	0 4 0	..	
22	Waste paper ..	0 4 0	..	

Every consignment of goods imported in a wooden packing case shall be assessed at one-fourth of its weight as a wooden packing case and three-fourths as the contents of the case, if the contents are to be assessed at a higher rate, provided that the gross weight of each single packing case is at least half a maund. A crate is not a packing case for the purpose of this note.

No. 2141-C.-40/30855.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 2141-C.-40/23542, dated the 22nd May, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following rules :—

RULES.

1. The Deputy Commissioner of Lahore shall, in consultation with the Municipal Committee of Kasur, cause to be prepared an accurate plan of the Municipality of Kasur drawn to a scale of not less than one inch to fifty feet, showing thereon all public streets and other immovable property vested in the Committee.

2. The Deputy Commissioner shall also cause to be prepared a *khasra* of the streets and other propert[illegible]

3. The Deputy Commissioner shall cause the plan and *khasra*, when ready, to be published in such manner as he deems fit, together with a notice intimating the date not less than two months from the date of the notice by which objections from any person with regard to entries on the plan and *khasra* may be presented to the Revising Authority appointed under rule 5 and the time and place at which the plan and *khasra* may be inspected.

4. The Deputy Commissioner shall arrange to allow any person to inspect the plan and *khasra* during the hours and at the place specified in the notice on any day which is not a public holiday.

5. The Deputy Commissioner shall appoint an Assistant Commissioner or Extra Assistant Commissioner on the district staff to be the Revising Authority for the purpose of hearing objections relating to the plan or *khasra*.

6. When the plan and *khasra* have been published under the provisions of rule 3 objections in respect of entries on the plan and *khasra* may be presented to the Revising Authority, appointed under rule 5, between the hours of ten o'clock in the morning and four o'clock of the afternoon of any day of the period specified in the notice issued under rule 3, which is not a public holiday.

7. The Revising Authority shall maintain a register of objections in form A in which he shall cause to be entered at the time of receipt particulars of every objection received.

8. Any person aggrieved by any order, which the Revising Authority may pass, may, within seven days from the date of such order, apply to the Deputy Commissioner for revision of the order ; and the Deputy Commissioner, after giving notice to the parties concerned and hearing any representation which they may wish to make, may confirm it or set it aside, and pass such other orders with respect to the objection which he may deem fit.

9. After the objections, if any, have been disposed of, the Deputy Commissioner shall cause the plan and *khasra* to be corrected, if necessary, in accordance with the orders passed on the objections, and shall then have the amended plan and *khasra*, or a fresh copy of it, published for general information.

10. The original plan and *khasra* shall remain in the custody of the Deputy Commissioner, and a copy thereof duly certified by the Deputy Commissioner to be correct, shall be furnished to the Municipal Committee of Kasur.

11. The Deputy Commissioner may employ such staff as is required for the preparation of the plan and *khasra* and the Municipal Committee of Kasur shall be liable for the cost of pay and other incidental expenses connected with the staff and the preparation of the documents mentioned above, and also for the cost of pay or any other expenditure connected with the appointment of the Revising Authority.

Form A.

(RULE 7.)

Register of objections.

Serial No.	Name, parentage and address of the objector.	Date of presentation of objection with the initials of the officer to whom the objection is presented.	Nature of the objection.	Date of decision.	Summary of decision.	Signature of Revising Authority.	Decision by Deputy Commissioner, if any.	Signature of official by whom effect was given to the decision of the Revising Authority or of the Deputy Commissioner and date.

Form B.

(RULE 2.)

MUNICIPAL COMMITTEE, KASUR.

Survey Register.

1	2	3			4								5		6	7
					MEASUREMENT IN FEET AND INCHES.								AREA IN SQUARE YARDS AND DECIMALS.			
					North.		East.		West.		South.					
Plan sheet.	*Khasra* No.	Name of *Mohalla* or Bazar.	Name of *Gali*.	Description of property.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Square yards.	Decimals.	Possessor's name with father's name, caste, occupation and present address.	REMARKS.

Small Towns.

The 23rd July, 1940.

No. 1383-L. G.—Bds.-40/30693.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 51 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendments of the Small Town Account Rules, 1923, published with Punjab Government notification No. 25432, dated the 3rd November, 1923, as subsequently amended :—

AMENDMENTS

1. In Part IV—Provident Fund, after sub-rule (2) in rule 11, the following new sub-rule shall be added as sub-rule (3) :—

"(3) When a subscriber—

(*a*) has proceeded on leave preparatory to retirement, or

(*b*) while on leave, has been permitted to retire or declared by competent authority to be unfit for further service,

the amount shown at the credit of his account in column 6 of the Provident Fund Ledger (Form P. F. I.) shall, upon application made by him in that behalf, become payable to him, subject to the provisions of rule 4.

Provided that the subscriber, if he returns to duty, shall, if required to do so by the committee, repay to the Provident Fund for credit to his account, the whole or part of any amount paid to him from the provident fund in pursuance of this sub-rule with interest thereon in cash or securities or partly in cash or partly in securities, by instalments or otherwise, by recovery from his salary or otherwise, as the committee may direct."

2. Existing sub-rules (3) and (4) shall be renumbered as (4) and (5) respectively.

3. In sub-rule (4) for the words and figures "sub-rule (1) or sub-rule (2)" the words and figures "sub-rules (1), (2) and (3)" shall be substituted.

No. 1413-L. G.—Bds.-40/30696.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 51 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendments to the Small Town

Account Rules, 1923, published with Punjab Government notification No. 25432, dated the 3rd November, 1923, as subsequently amended :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. In Part IV—Provident Fund, the following provisos shall be inserted after sub-rule (2) of rule 5 :—

"Provided that no interest shall be credited to the accounts of a Muslim subscriber, if he informs the committee in writing that he does not wish to receive the interest and that the Committee may utilise it on any subject of general public interest :

Provided further that if the subscriber subsequently asks for interest, it shall be credited to his account with effect from the first day of the year in which he asks for it."

2. *After* sub-clause (c) of rule 7 (1) the following new clause shall be added :—

"(d) under the proviso to sub-rule (2) of rule 5 for the purpose of utilising the interest on subject of general public interest."

3. At the end of sub-rule (3) of rule 9 the following proviso shall be inserted :—

"Provided that Muslim subscribers whose deposits in the fund carrry no interest shall not be required to pay any interest."

Notified Areas.

The 22nd July, 1940.

No. 2954-C.-40/30519.—The following by-laws made by the Notified Area Committee of **Jahania**, in the Multan district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 197 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Notified Area of **Jahania**, on the 9th day of September, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. In these by-laws the word 'meat' means the flesh of sheep or goats intended for human or animal consumption.

2. No person shall sell meat, except under a licence granted in this behalf by the Notified Area Committee.

3. No person shall sell meat, or prepare or expose meat for sale, in premises other than premises licensed by the Notified Area Committee in this behalf.

4. No premises shall be licensed for the sale or preparation or exposure for sale of meat—

(a) unless they have a floor made of bricks, stone, cement or other impervious material ;

(b) unless the walls are properly plastered and lime-washed ;

(c) unless they are provided with adequate light and ventilation to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health, or in the absence of such officer the Secretary of the Notified Area Committee ;

(d) unless they are provided with a drain and the whole floor is so sloped as to allow all liquid to flow off by the drain ;

(e) if there is any direct communication between the premises and any room used as a sleeping room ;

(f) if there is any latrine, cesspool, cow-shed, stable, or other place within one hundred feet of the premises which, in the opinion of the Medical Officer of Health, or in the absence of such officer, the Secretary, renders it undesirable that such premises should be used for the sale or preparation for sale of meat ; and

(g) unless they are situated in a suitable locality and provided with suitable arrangements for screening the meat from the view of the public.

5. Licences to sell meat may be issued by the Medical Officer of Health or, in the absence of such officer, by the Secretary of the Notified Area Committee to any person applying for them and shall be granted by the Notified Area Committee on payment of a fee at the rate of one rupee per annum, subject to the conditions specified in form 'A' appended to these by-laws.

6. Subject to the provisions of by-law 4, licences for premises to be used for the sale or preparation or exposure for sale of meat shall be issued by the Medical Officer of Health or, in the absence of such officer, the Secretary of the Notified Area Committee on the application of the owner or occupier of such premises and shall be granted by the Notified Area Committee in form 'A' appended to these by-laws on payment of a fee at the rate of one rupee per annum for each licence, subject to the conditions specified in form 'A'.

7. Every place licensed for the sale or preparation for sale of meat shall be fitted with a table or board of which the top shall be covered with a zinc sheet or a slab of marble, slate or stone for cutting up meat and also with metal scales and weights and shall at all reasonable times be open to inspection by any member of the Committee or the Secretary of the Committee.

8. Every place licensed for the sale or preparation or exposure for sale of meat and all implements, tables, receptacle, vessels or other things used therein shall at all times be kept in a clean and wholesome condition, and every such place shall at all times be provided with a sufficient supply of water for cleaning the same.

9. All meat kept or exposed for sale on or at any such place shall at all times be kept in a wire gauze receptacle as a protection against flies.

10. The licensee shall provide a receptacle for the collection of all sorts of refuse and shall not throw or allow to be thrown any waste anywhere, except in the said receptacles, which shall be cleared and washed twice daily.

11. The Notified Area Committee may at any time revoke or cancel any licence, granted under these by-laws for any breach of the by-laws and no compensation in respect of such revocation or cancellation shall be recoverable from the Notified Area Committee.

12. Any person who commits a breach or an abetment of a breach of any of these by-laws shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and, when the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

Form A.

Licence for premises for the sale or preparation or exposure for sale of meat issued under by-law 6 of the by-laws for licensing premises for the sale or preparation or exposure for sale of meat published with Punjab Government notification No. 2954-C.-40/30519, dated 22nd July, 1940.

The premises, of which a description is given in the attached schedule, situated in __________ __________ (name of street, or ward, etc.) are hereby licensed for the sale or preparation or exposure for sale of meat.

This license is granted to __________ owner/occupier of the said premises, subject to the following conditions :—

(*a*) that he shall keep the licensed premises structurally fit for the purpose for which the licence is granted ;

Explanation.—" Structural fitness " shall be deemed to include—

(*i*) the existence of a floor made of bricks, stone, cement or other impervious material ;

(*ii*) possession of walls, properly plastered and lime-washed ;

(*iii*) adequate provision of light and ventilation ; and

(*iv*) suitable drains ;

(*b*) that he shall not employ, or permit to be employed, in the sale or preparation or exposure for sale of meat any person suffering from any contagious or infectious disease or from loathsome sores, or who has recently been attending on any person so suffering, and that he shall not suffer any such person or any animal to remain upon the licensed premises ;

(*c*) that he shall at all times keep all vessels, receptacles, utensils and other things used in the sale or preparation or exposure for sale of meat in a state of thorough cleanliness, and shall protect from dust and flies all materials used in such sale or preparation or exposure for sale

and the articles prepared or exposed for sale to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health, or in the absence of such officer, the Secretary of the Notified Area Committee ;

(d) that he shall daily cause to be thoroughly washed and cleansed the floor and drain of the licensed premises, and every bench, counter, table, shelf or other place on which the articles prepared or exposed for sale and any material used in such sale or preparation or exposure for sale are kept :

(e) that he shall cause the walls of the licensed premises to be properly lime-washed at least twice a year or more often, if so required by the Medical Officer of Health, or in the absence of such officer, the Secretary of the Notified Area Committee ;

(f) that he shall not carry on, or permit to be carried on, any trade or occupation in the licensed premises other than the sale or preparation or exposure for sale of meat, and that he shall not use, or suffer to be used, any portion of the licensed premises as a living room or sleeping room ;

(g) that he shall not spit, or smoke or suffer any other person to spit or smoke within the licensed premises ;

(h) that he shall not keep, or suffer to be kept, in the licensed premises any bedding, soiled clothes or other things not required for the sale or preparation or exposure for sale of meat ;

(i) that he shall at all reasonable times permit any member or Secretary, or any other officer of the Notified Area Committee to inspect the licensed premises without notice ; and

(j) that he shall comply promptly with all notices issued by the Notified Area Committee or the Medical Officer of Health in respect of sanitation.

SCHEDULE.

(The actual room or rooms in which the sale or preparation for sale of meat is to be carried on should be described in cases where the whole of the building is not to be used for such sale or preparation for sale.)

No. 3025-C.-40/30523.—The following by-laws made by the Notified Area Committee of **Jahania**, in the Multan district, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 188 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Notified Area of **Jahania**, on the 9th day of September, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. All files relating to items in the agenda to be transacted in the next meeting of the Committee shall be made available for the inspection of the members of the Notified Area Committee as soon as the copy of the agenda is issued to them, and the Secretary shall provide necessary facilities for inspection of the files.

2. No member may inspect the papers relating to a matter in which he or either of his parents or any other descendant of either of his parent or the husband or wife as may be of any such descendant has a direct or indirect pecuniary interests subject to the following exceptions :—

(a) members of sub-committees and members charged with the performance of any special duty may inspect the papers without payment of fee connected with their duties at the Secretary's office during office hours ; and

(b) any other member may inspect documents and registers without payment of fee at the Secretary's office during office hours but he may, except in the case provided for in by-law 1, do so only with the permission in writing of the President or in his absence, of the Vice-President.

An application for permission to inspect under clause (b) shall be in writing and state the papers to be inspected and the reasons for inspecting them. The President, or Vice-President as may be, may refuse permission if the reasons given are in his opinion insufficient.

3. No member or official of the Committee except the Secretary, the President or a Vice-President shall remove any file from the Municipal Office. The inspections allowed by by-laws 1 and 2 shall be made at the Municipal Office.

4. No member of the public is authorized to inspect the municipal files except the minutes of the meetings of the Committee or of a sub-committee, but if any person is permitted to inspect records other than the proceedings of the meeting of the Committee or of a sub-committee, he shall pay two rupees for the first hour and eight annas for any subsequent hour or part thereof.

5. Any member of the public who wishes to inspect municipal records, other than the proceedings of the meeting of the Committee or sub-committee, under by-law 4, shall make an application in writing to the Secretary and, if he is permitted by the President or in his absence by the Vice-President or the Secretary of the Committee to examine them shall pay one rupee in advance. This sum shall in no case be returned, but if he inspects the records, it shall be deducted from the inspection fee referred to in by-law 4.

6. The inspection allowed by by-law 4 shall be made in the office of the Secretary of the Committee under his supervision or under the supervision of the officer appointed by him for the said purpose.

7. A member of the public may obtain copies of the resolutions of the Committee and the sub-committees on payment of the following fees :—

A :—

(a)	*English or Roman Urdu.*			*Vernacular.*		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
First 200 words or under ..	0	12	0	0	6	0
Every additional 100 words or fraction thereof.	0	6	0	0	3	0

These rates include the cost of paper which will be supplied by the Committee.

(b) For field maps, boundary maps and tabular works a special fee shall be fixed by the President of the Committee, but this fee should always be a multiple of 2 annas.

(c) Applications for "urgent" copies, that is copies to take precedence of other copying work, shall pay a uniform extra charge of one rupee or of such other amount as the Committee may direct.

NOTE.—For the purposes of the above rule the extra fee to be charged shall be fixed for each resolution of the Committee. In case of doubt whether a resolution is separate or not the decision of the President of the Committee shall be final.

(d) A search fee of 8 annas may be imposed under the orders of the President, in cases in which an unreasonable amount of trouble has been caused in finding the original resolution.

(e) An agency fee of 2 annas will be charged when copies are delivered personally after a period of 3 days has expired from the date on which copy was prepared.

B :—

In the case of copies supplied through the value payable post :—

(a) ordinary, special, urgent and search fees as above prescribed.

(b) *Agency fees.*—Two annas per application.

(c) *Court fees and stamp fees.*—The amount actually spent on applicant's behalf on the application and on copies supplied.

(d) *Postal charges.*—The amount actually spent on applicant's behalf on postal charges and value payable post commission.

8. Copies from the records of the Committee may be granted with the permission of the President, or in his absence, the Vice-President, on payment of fees at the rates prescribed in by-law 7, if the President or the Vice-President holds that the granting of such copies is not prejudicial to the interests of the Committee.

The 23rd July, 1940.

No. 2717-L. G.—Bds.-40/30653.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (d) and (e) of subsection (1) of section 242 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to appoint the Revenue Assistant of Sialkot to be a member and President of the Notified Area Committee of **Daska**, in the Sialkot district.

No. 2281-L. G.—Bds.-40/30657.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (a) of subsection (1) of section 242 of the Punjab Municipal

Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to impose in the notified area of **Chheharta**, in the Amritsar district, with effect from 1st January, 1941, the tax described below :—

DESCRIPTION OF THE TAX.

A tax at the rates shown in column 3 of the annexed schedule on every person carrying on the trade or following the profession or calling shown in column 2 thereof subject to the following conditions :—

(1) No tax shall be leviable from any person whose annual income is not more than two hundred and forty rupees.

(2) The tax shall be payable by the year and leviable in one instalment in advance on the first day of January, each year.

(3) Any person carrying on any trade, profession or calling in the notified area Chheharta for not less than three months prior to the 1st January of the year for which the tax is levied, shall be liable to the tax.

(4) Any person who carries on more than one trade or follows more than one profession or calling shall be liable to pay the tax at the highest rate leviable.

(5) The assessment of the tax will be made annually by the Committee and the assessment list will be published at least 30 days before the date of payment of the tax.

(6) Appeals from the orders of assessment shall lie to the Commissioner, Lahore Division.

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Group No.	Trade, Profession or Calling.	Amount of tax payable.
		Rs.
1	The Trade, Profession or Calling of the Owner of a Factory, Mill or Workshop, a Brick-kiln or a Lime-kiln and any other manufacturing or industrial concern.	12
2	The Trade, Profession on Calling or an Importer, Stockist or Wholesale dealer in Banaspati Ghee, Cotton-seed, Mung-phali, and Coconut Oils, Foreign or Country Medicines, Drugs and Chemicals, Electrical Appliances and Batteries, Safety Matches, Clocks, Watches and Time-pieces; Bicycles and Accessory parts thereof, Cutlery, Glass-wares or China-wares; Boots and Shoes; Soap; Sugar; Gunny bags and other commodities. Timber Merchant, Iron Merchant, Cloth Merchant and dealer in Petrol or Liquors and Spirits or Perfumery and Toilet Requisites.	8
3	The Trade, Profession or Calling of a Manager of a Factory, Mill or Workshop ..	5
4	The Trade, Profession or Calling of a Supervisor or Clerk of a Factory, Mill, or Workshop, an Artisan, Handicrafts-man, Designer, Weaver, Wool-teaser, Ginner, Presser, Moulder, Fitter, Mechanic, Fireman, Machineman, or a Skilled or Professional Labour, Milk-seller, Confectioner, Baker, Repairer of bicycles, Watch-maker, Tailor, Shoe-maker, Retail dealer, Betel seller., Vaid, Hakim, Attar, and any other trade, profession or calling not already specified.	2

No. 3053-L.G.—Bds.-40/30685.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 242 (I) (*f*) of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to extend section 55 of the said Act to the Notified Area of **Kot Rai Buta Mal** and **Azamabadi** in the Lahore district and to declare that the provisions of the said section shall come into force from the date of publication of this notification.

RAM CHANDRA,

Secretary to Government, Punjab,

Medical and Local Government Departments.

626 CS—1157—25-7-40—SGPP Lahore.

Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to impose in the notified area of Chicha[illegible], in the [illegible] district, with effect from 1st January, 1947, the tax described below:—

DESCRIPTION OF THE TAX

A tax at the rates shown in column 3 of the annexed schedule on every person carrying on the trade or following the profession or calling shown in column 2 thereof subject to the following conditions:—

(1) No tax shall be leviable from any person whose annual income is not more than two hundred and forty rupees.

(2) The tax shall be payable by the year and leviable in one instalment in advance on the first day of January, each year.

(3) Any person carrying on any trade, profession or calling in the notified area Chichawatni for not less than three months prior to the 1st January of the year for which the tax is levied, shall be liable to the tax.

(4) Any person who carries on more than one trade or follows more than one profession or calling shall be liable to pay the tax at the highest rate leviable.

(5) The assessment of the tax will be made annually by the Committee and the assessment list will be published at least 30 days before the date of payment of the tax.

(6) Appeals from the orders of assessment shall lie to the Commissioner, Lahore Division.

SCHEDULE.

3	2	1
Amount of tax payable.	Trade, Profession or Calling.	[illegible]
Rs. 12	The Trade, Profession or Calling of the Owner of a Factory, Milling Workshop, a Brick kiln or a Lime kiln and any other manufacturing or industrial concern.	1
6	The Trade, Profession or Calling of an Importer, Stockist or Wholesale dealer in Banaspati Ghee, Cotton-seed, Mustard, and Coconut Oils, Kerosene or Country Medicines, Drugs and Chemicals, Electrical Appliances and Batteries, Safety Matches, Clocks, Watches and Time-pieces, Bicycles and Accessory parts thereof, Cutlery, Glass-wares or Chinawares, Boots and Shoes, Sugar; Gunny bags and other commodities. Timber Merchants, Iron Merchants, Grain Merchants and dealer in Petrol or Liquors and Spirits or Perfumery and Toilet requisites.	2
6	The Trade, Profession or Calling of a Manager of a Factory, Mill or Workshop.	3
3	The Trade, Profession or Calling of a Supervisor or Clerk of a Factory, Mill, or Workshop, etc. Artisan, Hawker, [illegible], Workmen, Weaving, Pressers, [illegible], [illegible], [illegible], [illegible], [illegible], or Skilled or Professional Labour, Mill-wright, Confectioner, Baker, Repairer of Bicycles, Watch-maker, Tailor, Shoemaker, Retail dealer, [illegible], [illegible], Hawker, Attar, and any other trade, profession or calling not already specified.	4

No. 2353-L.G.—Edx.-40/3533.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 42 (1) (f) of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to extend section 50 of the said Act to the notified Area of Kot Rai Bata Mal and Azamabad in the Lahore district and to declare that the provisions of the said section shall come into force from the date of publication of this notification.

[illegible]

[illegible] to Government, Punjab,
Medical and Local Government Departments.

Registered No. L. 864.

The Government Gazette, Punjab.

Published by Authority.

No. 31. LAHORE, FRIDAY, AUGUST 2, 1940.

PART I—A.

Punjab Government Notifications and Orders.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Boards.

The 25th July, 1940.

No. 2582-L. G.-40/30931.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (6) of section 31 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, it is hereby notified that the District Board of **Attock** has, with the sanction of the Governor of the Punjab, imposed a tax of Rs. 5 per annum on the holder of any office under the Government of India, the Punjab Government, or a local authority, within the area subject to its authority, provided that no tax shall be leviable from any person whose annual income is Rs. 300 or less.

2. The tax shall come into force on the 4th November, 1940.

No. 2582-L. G.-40/30932.—The following draft of directions, which the Governor of the Punjab proposes to make, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 71, 72 and 73 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, in respect of the tax, the imposition of which by the District Board of **Attock,** has been notified with Punjab Government notification No. 2582-L. G.-40/30931, dated 25th July, 1940, is published for the information of persons interested. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 20th day of September, 1940, together with any

objections or suggestions which may be received by the Punjab Govbrnment in respect of it before that date :—

DRAFT DIRECTIONS.

1. Assessment shall be carried out from time to time, under the orders of the Board, by committees or any other persons appointed by the Board for such purpose.

2. Appeals from orders of assessment shall lie to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division.

The 30th July, 1940.

No. 2945-A. L. G.-40/31340.—The following amendment, made by the District Board of **Dera Ghazi Khan**, to the schedule of powers notified with Punjab Government notification No. 4871-L.G.-39/39572, dated the 24th November, 1939, is published for general information, and shall come into force on the 18th September, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

The words "subject to confirmation by the Chairman" occurring in column 4 against serial No. 45, shall be deleted.

The 31st July, 1940.

No. 3091-L. G.-40/31576.—The following draft of an amendment which the Governor of the Punjab proposes to make, in pursuance of the provisions of section 71 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, to the directions published with Punjab Government notification No. 1318-L. G.-37/28958, dated the 7th August, 1937, is published for the information of persons interested. Notice is also hereby given that the draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 18th September, 1940, together with any objections or suggestions which may be received by the Punjab Government in respect of it before that date :—

DRAFT AMENDMENT.

For direction No. 4, the following new direction shall be substituted, namely :—

"4. A remuneration, to be fixed by the Board, but not exceeding five per cent of the tax collected, shall be paid for its collection."

No. 2983-C.-40/31590.—The following regulations framed by the District Board of **Lahore**, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 56 and 57 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by sub-section (2) of section 56 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Lahore**, on the 16th day of September, 1940 :—

REGULATIONS.

1. In these regulations a "pond" means any pond, tank, *baoli* or reservior whose water is or may be used for drinking by human beings.

2. District Board may by resolution declare any pond situate within the area subject to its jurisdiction, to be a protected pond.

3. When a pond is declared to be a protected pond, the fact shall be notified to the public in the vicinity of the pond by beat of drum and a copy of the prohibition against its pollution as contained in these regulations together with the penalty there for shall be posted in the vernacular on a notice-board close to the pond.

4. The District Board may further by resolution determine the catchment area, if any, of a protected pond, which shall be demarcated on the spot by a railing or boundary pillars.

5. No person shall, in a protected pond or its catchment area,—

(*i*) throw filth, sweepings or any other unwholesome articles ;

(*ii*) wash or soak skins, leather, hemp or other dirty substance ;

(iii) place or bury the dead body of an animal;

(iv) carry on a skinning or tanning business or stock bones;

(v) ease himself or allow filthy water from his drain or property to flow;

(vi) make any new burial ground;

(vii) establish a kiln or make an excavation;

(viii) allow a flock of sheep or goats to stray;

(ix) collect manure in heaps or pits;

(x) wash himself or an animal, or wash clothes or water an animal, except at a distance of fifteen yards from the pond and so as not to allow the dirty water to flow into the pond.

6. No person shall, in a protected pond, spit or urinate or wash his hands after easing himself.

7. No water shall be used for filling a protected pond unless it is obtained from a source, and conveyed through a channel, approved by the Board.

8. The owner or the person in charge of a protected pond shall carry out such measures as the Board or the District Medical Officer of Health may prescribe for preventing the pollution of water in such pond.

9. When so required by the Board, the owner or the person in charge of a protected pond shall—

(a) build, of the type and the material specified, a drain or a cistern or shall make pucca floor to provide for dirty water to flow off and to prevent the flow of surface water or the water of any drain into the pond;

(b) provide the pond with a suitable covering to prevent pollution from natural causes such as the falling of leaves or fruit or trees or the excreta of birds;

(c) provide the pond with a parapet wall of the size and type specified;

(d) provide a metal receptacle for raising water for drinking purposes attached to a metal chain in such a manner that the upper end of the chain shall always be above the surface of the water;

(e) render the lining of the pond impervious to contamination from sub-soil water.

10. The owner or the person in charge of a protected pond shall, when so required by the Board, have it cleaned or repaired to the satisfaction of the Board.

11. The Chairman, Senior Vice-Chairman, Secretary or the District Medical Officer of Health or circle member or any person appointed in this behalf by the Board may, at all times, inspect any protected pond or its catchment area.

12. Any person who commits a breach of regulations 5 and 6 shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and if the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first day during which the breach continues.

Committees.

The 31st July, 1940.

No. 2806-C.-40/31598.—The following by-laws, made by the Municipal Committee of **Jhajjar**, in the Rohtak district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 197 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Jhajjar, on the 16th day of September, 1940 :—**

BY-LAWS.

1. No person shall sell or expose for sale milk, curd, butter including clarified butter or sweetmeats within the limits of the municipality or import into the municipality

milk, curd, butter or sweetmeats for sale except under a licence granted by the committee in this behalf, and no person shall manufacture, sell, prepare or expose for sale milk, curd, butter or sweetmeats except in premises licensed by the committee in this behalf.

2. No premises shall be licensed for the manufacture, sale or preparation for sale of articles of food or drink specified in by-law 1 :—

(a) unless the floor is made of stone, cement, or other non-absorbent impervious material ;

(b) unless the walls are properly plastered and lime washed ;

(c) unless they are provided with adequate light and ventilation to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health or whoever may be appointed the licensing officer by the committee ;

(d) unless they are provided with a drain and the whole floor is so sloped as to allow all liquid to flow off by the drain ;

(e) if there is any direct communication between the premises and any room used as a sleeping room ;

(f) if there is any latrine, cess-pool, cow-shed, stable or other place within 100 feet of the premises which in the opinion of the Medical Officer of Health or the Secretary of the Committee or any other officer authorised by the Committee in this behalf renders it undesirable that such premises should be used for the manufacture, sale, preparation or exposure for sale of food or drink specified in by-law 1 ;

(g) if ample provision is not made for exit of smoke or other offensive gasses emitted during the process of boiling milk ;

(h) if a proper place of a sanitary pattern approved by the Medical Officer of Health is not provided for washing hands and for the washing and cleaning of vessels, receptacles, utensils or other such things used ;

(i) unless necessary arrangement or provision for the collection in a proper receptacle and disposal of waste water is made.

3. Subject to the provisions of by-law 2, licences for premises for the manufacture, preparation, sale or exposure for sale of articles of food and drink specified in by-law 1 shall be issued by the Medical Officer of Health or the Secretary of the Committee or any officer authorised by the Committee in this behalf in form A appended to these by-laws on the application of the owner or occupier of such premises and shall be granted on payment of Rs. 4 per annum or annas eight for a month or portion of a month subject to the conditions specified in form A.

4. Licences to import articles of food and drink specified in by-law 1 shall be issued by the Medical Officer of Health or the Secretary of the Committee or whoever is appointed by the Committee in this behalf, to any person applying for them and shall be granted on payment of Rs. 3 per annum or annas six for a month or portion of a month subject to the following conditions :—

(i) that the licensee shall not import any milk, curd or butter including clarified butter obtained from any animal which he knows or has good reason to believe is suffering from any disease, or from any dairy or other place from which the procuring of them has, under any general or special declaration notified to the licensee, been declared dangerous to the public health by the Medical Officer of Health or in his absence the Civil Surgeon or the Sub-Assistant Surgeon, Jhajjar,

(ii) that the licensee shall import articles of food and drink specified in by-law 1 only in clean covered vessels,

(iii) that the licensee shall not import articles of food and drink specified in by-law 1, which has been adulterated.

5. Licences to sell articles of food and drink specified in by-law 1 shall be issued by the Medical Officer of Health or the Secretary of the Committee or any other officer authorised in this behalf to any person applying for them shall be granted on payment of Rs. 3 per annum or annas six for a month or portion of a month on the following conditions :—

(1) that the licensee shall not sell milk, curd or butter including clarified butter obtained from any animal which he knows or has good reason to believe to be suffering from any disease, or from any dairy or other place from

which the procuring of them has, under any general or special declaration notified to the licensee, been declared dangerous to the public health by the Medical Officer of Health or in his absence the Civil Surgeon or the Sub-Assistant Surgeon, Jhajjar ;

(2) that the licensee shall keep all the articles of food and drink specified in by-law 1 for sale in clean covered vessels ;

(3) that the licensee shall not keep any article of food and drink specified in by-law 1 for sale in any place or room used for cooking or sleeping ;

(4) that the licensee shall not dilute or adulterate or cause to be diluted or adulterated any article of food and drink specified in by-law 1 intended for sale.

6. No person suffering from any contagious or infectious disease or loathsome sores shall be employed in premises where articles of food and drink specified in by-law 1 are manufactured, sold or prepared for sale.

7. All the premises shall be open during business hours to inspection by the Medical Officer of Health, or the Secretary or Sanitary Inspector or any member of the committee specially authorised in this behalf.

8. Any licensee who commits a breach of any of the conditions of his licence shall be liable to have such licence suspended or revoked.

9. Any person who commits or abets the commission of any breach of these by-laws, and any licensee who commits or abets the commission of a breach of any of the conditions of his licence shall be liable, on conviction by a magistrate, to a fine which may extend to fifty rupees and in the case of a continuing breach, to a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

Form A.

LICENCE FOR PREMISES FOR THE MANUFACTURE, SALE, PREPARATION OR EXPOSURE FOR SALE OF MILK, CURD OR BUTTER INCLUDING CLARIFIED BUTTER OR SWEETMEATS ISSUED UNDER BY-LAW 3 OF THE BY-LAWS, FOR LICENSING PREMISES FOR SUCH MANUFACTURE, SALE OR PREPARATION OR EXPOSURE FOR SALE PUBLISHED WITH PUNJAB GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATION No. 2806-C.-40/31598, DATED THE 31ST JULY, 1940.

The premises of which a description is given in the attached schedule, situated in __________ (name of street, ward, etc.) are hereby licensed for the manufacture, sale or preparation for sale of milk, curd or butter including clarified butter or sweetmeats.

This licence is granted to ________ owner/occupier of the said premises subject to the following conditions :—

1. That he shall keep the licensed premises structurally fit for the purpose for which the licence is granted : —

Explanation.—" Structural fitness " shall be deemed to include :—

(a) the existence of floor made of stone, cement, or other non-absorbent impervious material ;

(b) possession of walls properly plastered and lime washed ;

(c) adequate provision of light and ventilation ; and

(d) suitable drains.

2. That he shall not employ or permit to be employed in the manufacture, sale, preparation or exposure for sale of any article of food and drink specified in by-law 1 any person suffering from any infectious or contagious disease or from loathsome sores or who has been recently attending on any person so suffering and that he shall not suffer any such person or any animal to enter or remain upon the licensed premises.

3. That he shall keep all vessels, receptacles, utensils or other things used in the manufacture, sale, preparation or exposure for sale of articles of food and drink specified in by-law 1 in a state of cleanliness and shall protect from dust and flies by making use of wire-gauze frames or clean white muslin, all materials used in such manufacture or preparation or exposure for sale and articles manufactured, prepared or exposed for sale to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health or any other person authorised in this behalf.

4. That he shall daily cause to be thoroughly washed and cleaned the floor and drain of the licensed premises and every bench, counter, table, shelf or other place on which the articles manufactured, prepared or exposed for sale, any material used in such manufacture, preparation or exposure for sale are kept.

5. That he shall cause the walls of the licensed premises to be properly limewashed at least twice a year or more often, if so required by the Medical Officer of Health.

6. That he shall not carry on or permit to be carried on any other trade or occupation in the licensed premises except the manufacture, preparation, sale or exposure for sale of articles of food and drink specified in by-law 1.

7. That he shall not spit or smoke or suffer any other person to spit or smoke within the licensed premises.

8. That he shall not keep or suffer to be kept in the licensed premises any bedding, soiled clothes, or other things not required for the manufacture, preparation, sale or exposure for sale of articles of food and drink specified in by-law 1.

9. That he shall not use or permit to be used in such manufacture or preparation for sale any water except water obtained from a source and conveyed to the licensed premises in a manner approved by the Medical Officer of Health.

10. That he shall permit any member or Medical Officer of Health, or Secretary or the Sanitary Inspector of the Committee at all reasonable times and without notice to inspect the licensed premises.

11. That there is no direct communication between the premises and any room used as a sleeping room.

12. That there is no latrine, cesspool, cow shed, stable or other place within one hundred feet of the premises, which in the opinion of the Medical Officer of Health render it undesirable that such premises should be used for the manufacture, preparation or exposure for sale of articles of food and drink specified in by-law 1.

13. That when required by the Medical Officer of Health, all water used on the premises shall be treated with such chemical substances of such strength as he may determine to ensure the purity of water and to avoid the spread of disease.

14. That he shall exhibit a notice board outside the shop showing that he holds a license from the committee.

SCHEDULE.

(The actual room or rooms in which the manufacture, sale or preparation or exposure for sale of the articles of food and drink specified in by-law 1, is to be carried on should be described in cases where the whole of the building is not to be used for such manufacture, sale or preparation or exposure for sale.)

No. 3056-L. G.—Bds.-40/31663.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (10) of section 62 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that with the previous sanction of the Governor of the Punjab, the Municipal Committee of **Khanewal,** in the Multan district, has imposed a tax at the rates shown in the schedule below, payable by persons presenting building applications to the Committee. The tax shall come into force with effect from 4th November, 1940 : Provided that the tax shall not be payable by persons presenting applications relating to the erection or re-erection of religious buildings or buildings owned by Government, Municipal Committee or the District Board :—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	Description of building application.	Amount of tax.
		Rs. A. P.
1	For erection of a pacca house	2 0 0
2	For additions and alterations in a pacca house	1 0 0
3	For erection of a *kacha* house	0 8 0

No. 3129-L. G.—Bds.-40/31666.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (10) of section 62 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that with the previous sanction of the Governor of the Punjab, the Administrator of the **Kartarpur** Municipality in the Jullundur district, has, with effect from the 4th November, 1910, made the following amendment to the schedule regarding the imposition of tax payable by persons presenting building applications to the Committee published with Punjab Government notification No. 6287-L. G.—Bds.-39/1415, dated the 10th January, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

After item No. 2, the following new items shall be added as items Nos. 3 and 4, and the existing item No. 3 shall be renumbered as item No. 5 :—

Description of building application.	*Amount of tax.*
	Rs.
1. For the erection or re-erection of each additional storey after the first storey ..	2
2. For making other additions or alterations to the existing buildings ..	1

Town Committees.

The 31st July, 1940.

No. 3027-L. G.—Bds.-40/31583.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (6) of section 29 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that with the previous sanction of the Governor of the Punjab, the Town Committee of **Shorkot** in the Jhang district has, with effect from the 2nd day of September, 1940, imposed a tax at the rate of one rupee per application per storey, payable by persons presenting applications to the Committee for sanction to the erection or re-erection of buildings, Provided that the tax shall not be payable by persons presenting applications relating to the erection or re-erection of religious or public buildings, or buildings owned by Government, the District Board or the Town Committee.

Note.—" Public buildings will mean such buildings which are not the property of any private person and are dedicated for public use ".

Notified Areas.

The 31st July, 1940.

No. 3059-C.-40/31594.—The following by-laws made by the Notified Area Committee of **Burewala** in the Multan district in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Notified Area of **Burewala, on the 16th** day of September, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. In these by-laws—

(*a*) " bull " includes a bull buffalo ;

(*b*) " Veterinary Assistant " means the Veterinary Assistant in charge of the Local Veterinary Hospital ;

(*c*) " Sub-Committee " means a Sub-Committee of the Notified Area Committee of Burewala appointed for the purpose of these by-laws.

2. No person shall let loose a bull within the Notified Area limits henceforth for covering purposes unless it has been registered under by-law 4, branded with the *trasul* mark, and the permission in writing of the Notified Area Committee has been obtained :—

Provided that the Committee shall not grant permission unless the bull has been examined and reported by the Veterinary Assistant as complying with the provisions of by-law 4.

3. Any bull straying within the Notified Area limits which has not been registered and for which permission has not been granted under by-law 2 shall be liable to seizure by any officer or servant of the committee and to confiscation.

4. (1) No bull shall be registered for covering purposes unless—

(*a*) it is more than two years and six months of age ;

(*b*) it has been passed by the Veterinary Assistant as being fit for covering purposes ; and

(*c*) the person letting loose the bull or wishing to have the bull registered has agreed in writing that if it is at any future time declared by the Sub-Committee to be unsuitable for covering purposes, the Sub-Committee shall have the power to order it to be castrated or to be detained in a Prinjrapool or Gowshala or such other place as may be determined by the Sub-Committee.

Explanation.—No fee shall be charged by the Veterinary Assistant for the inspection of bulls under clause (*b*).

(2) The description, including the marks of identification, age and ownership, of a bull presented for registration shall be entered in a register to be kept for

the purpose by the Veterinary Assistant together with a note showing the result of his inspection.

5. (1) Any person who commits a breach of by-law 2 shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with a fine which may extend to fifty rupees; and if the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

(2) Any bull confiscated under by-law 3 may be sold by the Sub-Committee by public auction or returned to the owner on payment of a composition fee to be assessed by the Sub-Committee and the feeding charges of the bull calculated at the rates in force for the local cattle pound.

Medical.

The 30th July, 1940.

No. 3522 M.-40/31382.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Ambala City**, district Ambala, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 17 of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information and shall come into force within the limits of the Municipality of **Ambala City**, six weeks after the date of the publication of this notification:—

BY-LAWS.

1. No person whose name has not been registered in accordance with the provisions of section 14 of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932, shall practise as nurse, health visitor, midwife, nurse dai, trained dai or dai within the area subject to the authority of the Municipal Committee, Ambala City.

2. Any person practising in contravention of by-law 1 or any person committing or abetting the commitment of a breach of by-law 1 shall be liable, on conviction by a magistrate of the first class, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 for the first offence or to a fine not exceeding Rs. 250 for a second or subsequent offence.

RAM CHANDRA,

Secretary to Government, Punjab,

Medical and Local Government Departments.

669 CS—1157—2-8-40—SGPP Lahore.

Registered No. L. 864.

The Government Gazette, Punjab.

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No. 32 LAHORE, FRIDAY, AUGUST 9, 1940.

PART I—A.

Punjab Government Notifications and Orders.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Boards.

The 3rd August, 1940.

No. 2633-L.G.-40/32081.—The following draft of an amendment which the Governor of the Punjab proposes to make, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 55 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, to the District Works Rules, 1926, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 25th September, 1940, together with any objection or suggestion which may be received by the Punjab Government from any person with respect to it, before that date :—

DRAFT AMENDMENT.

The following 'note' shall be added under the table given in rule 14, namely :—

"NOTE.—As it is necessary to collect preliminary data for the preparation of detailed plans and estimates, the fee for the latter will be double that given in the above table in cases where the district board has not already paid for the preparation of preliminary plans and estimates. A charge for the inspection of site will only be made when actually undertaken."

The 6th August, 1940.

No. 3235-L. G.-Bds..-40/32423.—The following amendments made by the District Board of **Hoshiarpur** to its Provident Fund Rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 8670, dated the 14th March, 1934, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed

by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board, **Hoshiarpur**, from the date of publication of this notification :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. Columns 6, 7, 8 and 9 of form P. F. 1 shall be renumbered as 5-A, 6, 7 and 8, respectively.

2. Sub columns for annas and pies in column 6 of form P. F. 1 shall be deleted.

The 7th August, 1940.

No. 3236-L. G.—Bds. 40/32603.—The following amendments made by the District Board of **Rohtak** of its Provident Fund Rules, published with Punjab Government notification No. 1185, dated 11th January, 1932, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Rohtak** on the 14th September, 1940 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. *Substitute* the following *for* clause (*e*) in rule 1 :—

"(*e*) "Servant" includes every employee of the Board who holds a permanent post substantively under the Board or is officiating in a permanent or a temporary post in the Board but holds a permanent post in a substantive capacity under any other local body which maintains a provident fund, but does not include a Government servant employed by the Board."

2. *After* rule 8 the following note shall be inserted :—

NOTE.—In the case of the Board's employee governed by the Civil Service Regulations or the Revised Leave Rules, 1936, the term "leave on average pay" occurring in sub-rule (2) means the privilege leave on full salary or the earned leave as the case may be.

3. In rule 4, *substitute* the following proviso *for* the first proviso :—

"Provided that if the subscriber, who is required or permitted to subscribe to the provident fund, resigns within five years of the commencement of his service, except on account of illness or any other cause which the Board may determine to be a sufficient cause, or has been dismissed from service of the Board, the Board may deduct from the sum standing to his credit in the provident fund, the whole or any part of the contributions made by it to his provident fund and the interest thereon."

4. In rule 9 (1) *for* the words "may, up to limit of the amount shown at credit of his account in column 5-A of the Provident Fund Ledger" shall be substituted the words "may up to the amount contributed by the subscriber including interest accrued thereon."

5. In rule 9 (4) the words "clause (*a*) or clause (*b*) of" shall be deleted.

6. In rule 11 between the words "sum" and "before" *insert* the words "but not exceeding in any case the total amount of its contributions credited to the account of the subscriber and interest accrued thereon."

7. *Substitute* the following new rule *for* the existing rule 12 :—

"12. The Board shall maintain—

General accounts to be maintained by the Board.

(1) a Provident Fund Account in Form P. F. 4,

(2) a Provident Fund Investments Account in Form P. F. 5,

(3) a Provident Fund Investments Interest Account in Form P. F. 6 or if a Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund is maintained a Provident Fund Investment Interest Account in Form P. F. 6-A and a Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund Account in Form P. F. 6-B, and

(4) an account in Form P. F. 8, showing the amount available for payment of insurance premia of the Provident Fund subscribers."

8. The sub-columns for annas and pies in column 6 of form P. F. 1 shall be deleted

9. *Insert* the following new Forms *after* Form P. F. 6:—

Form P. F. 6-A. **Rule 12.**

Provident Fund Investments Interest Account ______________ *District Board.*

Serial No. in Provident Fund Investment Account (P. F. 5).	INSTALMENT OF INTEREST DUE.		INSTALMENT OF INTEREST RECEIVED.			DISPOSAL OF INTEREST RECEIVED.					No. and date of the voucher with which the amount in column 4 (e) is withdrawn from the District Fund for credit to the Provident Fund.	Date on which the amount is credited to the savings bank account.	No. and date of voucher with which the amount in column 4 (c) is withdrawn from the District Fund for credit to the P. F. Investment Depreciation Fund.	Date on which the amount is credited in the P. F. Investment Depreciation Fund.	REMARKS.
	(a)	(b)	(a)	(b)	(c)	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)					
	Date.	Amount.	Date.	No. and date of chalan with which remitted to treasury for credit into the fund of the local body.	Amount.	At savings bank rate to be credited to the P. F. Account.	Difference between columns 3 (c) and 4 (a).	Half of column 4 (b) to be credited to the Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund subject to a maximum of 1% on the amount invested.	Difference, if any, between half of columns 4 (b) and 4 (c).	Half of column 4 (b) *plus* 4 (d) to be credited to Provident Fund Account.					
1	2		3			4					5(a)	5(b)	6(a)	6(b)	7
		Rs. A. P.			Rs. A. P.										

NOTE.—This form is to be used by the Boards which maintain Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund. Such Boards need not maintain Form P. F. 6.

Form P. F. 6-B. Rule 12.

Provident Fund Investments Depreciation Fund Account ______ *District Board.*

Date.	Balance at credit.	Amount credited to the Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund in the Post Office Savings Bank / Imperial Bank.		Interest earned on the Investment Depreciation Fund money in the Post Office Savings Bank or Imperial Bank.	Payments.		Balance 4—5 (b).	Remarks.
		Folio No. of Register P. F. 6(a).	Amount.		No. and date of the order of the Commissioner sanctioning withdrawal from the fund.	Amount.		
1	2	3(a)	3(b)	4	5(a)	5(b)	6	7
			Rs. A. P.			Rs. A. P.		

10. *Insert* the following new form *after* Form P. F. 7 :—

Form P. F. 8. Rule 12.

Register showing the amount available for payment of insurance premia of Provident Fund subscriber.

P. F. ACCOUNT No.________

NAME ________

Date.	Provident Fund subscription available for insurance.			Advance paid.	Balance after each transaction.	Remarks.*
	(a) Amount of deposit made by the subscriber since the last withdrawal for payment of insurance premium was made.	(b) Interest earned since the date of last withdrawal on subscriber's own deposits.	Total of columns 2(a), 2(b) and 4.			
1	2			3	4	5
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	

*The fact that the Insurance Policy has been assigned to the Board as well as the number of policy should be noted in the remarks column of the register.

Committees.

The 3rd August, 1940.

No. 2670-C.-40/32083.—The following draft of an amendment which the Governor of the Punjab proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, to the Municipal Works Rules, 1925, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 25th September, 1940, together with any objection or suggestion which may be received by the Punjab Government from any person with respect to it before that date :—

DRAFT AMENDMENT.

The following 'note' shall be added under the table given in rule 15, namely :—

"NOTE.—As it is necessary to collect preliminary data for the preparation of detailed plans and estimates, the fee for the latter will be double that given in the above table in cases where the committee has not already paid for the preparation of preliminary plans and estimates. A charge for the inspection of site will only be made when actually undertaken."

The 5th August, 1940.

No. 2930-C.-40/32217.—It is hereby notified under the provisions of subsection (10) of section 62 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, that with the previous sanction of the Governor of the Punjab the Municipal Committee of **Chiniot**, in the Jhang District has, with effect from the 11th November, 1940, made the following amendment to its octroi schedule, published with Punjab Government notification No. 1114-C-38/30806, dated the 12th September, 1938 :—

AMENDMENT.

In exemption No. (10) for the words "Civil Surgeon", the words "Deputy Superintendent, Civil Veterinary Department", shall be substituted.

No. 3115-C.-40/32220.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Nankana Sahib** in the Sheikhupura district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 182 and 188 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the said Act are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Nankana Sahib**, on the 23rd day of September, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. Every permit for picketing or tethering animals granted by the Committee under section 182 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, shall be in writing, signed by the Medical Officer of Health and shall specify—

(a) the nature of the animal to be picketed or tethered ;

(b) the limits within which the animal may be picketed or tethered ; and

(c) the period for which the permit is valid.

2. No such permit shall be granted unless—

(a) the animal is a milch cow or buffalo (including the young of either kind) and

(b) the place in which the animal is to be picketed or tethered if a street is not less than ten feet wideand is used solely for residential purposes.

3. No permit shall be granted except on the following conditions :—

(a) that a receptacle, approved as suitable by the Municipal Committee or some person appointed by the Committee in this behalf, is provided at the place where the animal is picketed or tethered for the collection of dung and refuse ;

(b) that the owner shall cause the area where the animal is picketed or tethered to be cleaned every morning and every evening and the dung and refuse thus collected to be placed in the receptacle prescribed in collection (a) above.

4. No permit shall be granted to any person who sells milk.

No. 3129-C.-40/32224.—The following by-laws made by the Administrator of the **Sialkot** Municipality, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Sialkot**, on 23rd day of September, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. In these by-laws unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context :—

(a) "Committee" shall mean the Municipal Committee of Sialkot.

(b) "Medical Officer of Health" shall have the same meaning as in section 3 (15) of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911.

(c) "Officer-in-charge of the fair" shall mean the officer appointed by the Committee to be in charge of the fair.

(d) "Sanitary Inspector" shall mean the Sanitary Inspector deputed by the Medical Officer of Health.

(e) "Sub-Assistant Health Officer" shall mean the Sub-Assistant Health Officer deputed by the Medical Officer of Health.

2. These by-laws shall apply to the following fairs—

(a) Moharram.

(b) Basant Panchmi.

(c) Bisakhi.

(d) Id-ul-Fitter.

(e) Id-ul-Zuha.

3. No person shall enter or leave the fair ground save by a route specified for the purpose by the officer-in-charge of the fair.

4. If the Committee has erected any barrier across a road no person shall without permission of an authorized official pass such barrier.

5. The officer-in-charge of the fair may prohibit the entrance into the fair ground of any person suffering from a loathsome, infectious or contagious disease or any person who has been in contact with any such person and may expel any person so suffering or having been in contact from the fair ground.

6. (1) Where the officer-in-charge of the fair has fixed a place or places for parking of vehicles, no person shall park any vehicle at any place in the fair ground other than the place or places so fixed.

(2) No person shall stable or keep animals at places other than those set apart for the purpose.

7. No person shall set up in the fair ground any theatre or cinema, merry-go-round or any other show for public amusement, save at places and on conditions to be fixed by the Committee.

8. No person shall set up any game of chance at any place in the fair ground.

9. The Medical Officer of Health may destroy or cause to be destroyed, or confine or cause to be confined for such period as he may direct any dog suffering, or reasonably suspected to be suffering from rabies or bitten by any dog, or any other animal suffering or suspected to be suffering from rabies.

10. No person knowing or having reasons to believe that any dog belonging to him in his charge is likely to annoy or intimidate any person or animal or has been bitten by an animal suffering, or reasonably suspected to be suffering from rabies shall neglect to restrain such dog from annoying, intimidating or biting other persons or animals. Any person who commits or abets the commitment of a breach of this by-law shall be punishable with fine which may extend to twenty rupees.

Accommodation.

11. No person attending the fair shall encamp anywhere on the fair ground except on places set apart by the Committee for the purpose.

12. No person shall use any building or site for the lodging of visitors on the fair ground except under a licence granted by the Medical Officer of Health. Every such licence shall be issued subject to the following conditions :—

(*i*) that such building or site complies with such conditions regarding ventilation, cleanliness, water supply, conservancy and drainage as the Medical Officer of Health may lay down ;

(*ii*) that such building or site shall accommodate not more than the number of persons of either sex stated in the licence ;

(*iii*) that the licence shall be liable to cancellation at any time by the Medical Officer of Health for a breach of any of these conditions.

13. The licensee of any such house shall supply to each person staying in it a cardboard ticket bearing the name of the visitor and the accommodation assigned to that individual.

14. All fires in thatched houses or *jhugis* shall be extinguished by 10 P.M.

15. Each licensee shall provide such number of buckets filled with water or sand as may be prescribed by the Medical Officer of Health for use in case of fire.

Water supply.

16. No person shall take water within the fair ground from any source other than that approved by the Medical Officer of Health who may close or direct the closure of any source of water supply public or private temporarily if the same be in his opinion polluted or otherwise unfit for use.

17. The Medical Officer of Health may at his discretion disinfect or treat any well, tank or other source of water supply.

18. No drinking booth shall be allowed on the fair ground except under a licence granted by the Medical Officer of Health.

19. No person shall sell, store, prepare or expose for sale any article of food or drink at any place in the fair ground except under a licence granted by the Medical Officer of Health and subject to the conditions specified on the licence form.

Food supply.

20. Every licence granted under by-law 19 shall be issued subject to the following conditions :—

(*i*) that any place used for the preparation, sale or exposure for sale or free supply of any article of food or drink shall be well lighted and ventilated and shall be kept clean at all times to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health ;

(*ii*) that water used in the preparation of articles of food or drink or for the washing of vessels used in such preparation shall be derived from a source approved by the Medical Officer of Health and be stored in clean and properly covered containers ;

(*iii*) that all vessels used in the preparation, storage or distribution of food or drink shall be kept clean ;

(*iv*) that only wholesome and unadulterated articles of food or drink shall be sold ;

(*v*) that all refuse (from whatever source) shall be deposited in suitable covered containers ;

(*vi*) that the Medical Officer of Health or any person not below the rank of a Sanitary Inspector or Sub-Assistant Health Officer authorised by him in this behalf may enter the licensed premises to inspect the same and any articles of food and drink ;

(*vii*) that the Medical Officer of Health or any officer not below the rank of a Sanitary Inspector or Sub-Assistant Health Officer specially authorised by him in this behalf may seize and destroy or otherwise dispose of any article of food or drink which in his opinion is unfit for human consumption ;

(*viii*) that no person who is suffering from any infectious, loathsome or contagious disease shall touch, or take part in the preparation or distribution of any article of food or drink ;

(*ix*) that a licensee or his agent or servant shall immediately inform the office of the Medical Officer of Health at the fair of any case of illness among the persons connected with the licensed premises ;

(*x*) that the licensed premises shall not be used for sleeping purposes ;

(*xi*) that nothing shall be stored in any licensed premises except the articles necessary for the preparation, storage and distribution of food and drink ;

(*xii*) that no dog or other animal shall be allowed in any licensed premises ;

(*xiii*) that all articles of food and drink shall be carefully protected from flies and dust ; and

(*xiv*) that the licensee shall comply with any other instructions issued by the Medical Officer of Health in this behalf.

21. The Medical Officer of Health may prohibit the import into the fair ground of any article of food or drink which he considers is likely to promote illness.

22. (1) No person shall manufacture aerated waters for sale in any premises on the fair ground except under a licence granted by the Medical Officer of Health.

(2) Every licence granted under this by-law shall be subject to the following conditions :—

(*i*) that the water used in the manufacture of aerated waters be derived from a source approved by the Medical Officer of Health and be carried in clean covered vessels and stored in a clean cistern with a tap ;

(*ii*) that empty bottles be first cleaned by scrubbing brush and clean water and then kept soaked in a solution of permanganate of potash for six hours. The permanganate solution shall be renewed as soon as it turns brown ; and

(*iii*) that all bottles shall bear a label or mark showing the name and address of the manufacturer.

NOTE.—The Medical Officer of Health will be the sole judge of whether a vessel or cistern is clean or not and in case of dispute in any matter pertaining to articles of food or drink as contained in these by-laws the decision of the Medical Officer of Health shall be final.

Washing and Bathing.

23. (*a*) No person shall wash any clothes or animals or bathe at any place on the fair ground other than that approved by the Medical Officer of Health and specified by the Committee and no person shall use such a place which is set apart for the use of the opposite sex or at times other than those specified by the Committee.

(*b*) No infected articles or clothes which have been used by or have come in contact with a person suffering from an infectious disease shall be washed at the public washing or bathing places unless they have been previously disinfected to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health.

Conservancy and Health.

24. No person shall ease himself at any place on the fair ground other than that set apart for the purpose.

25. No person shall deposit refuse at any place on the fair ground other than that specified for the purpose.

26. The Medical Officer of Health may—

(*i*) fix places for the deposit of refuse, rubbish or other waste matter of any kind and give directions regarding the time at which and manner in which such refuse, rubbish or waste matter may be kept on any land or building or removed along any road or pathway ;

(*ii*) direct the owner or occupier of any land or building not to cause, or knowingly or negligently allow, any waste water to collect on any land or place not set apart for the purpose ;

(*iii*) arrange for the removal of filth, rubbish, manure, or other waste matter from any latrine, urinal, cesspool, or other receptacle for such matter ;

(*iv*) establish medical inspection posts in connection with the examination of travellers by rail and road and may also arrange for adequate accommodation for the isolation of cases of infectious diseases ;

(*v*) refuse entry to the fair ground to any person suspected to be suffering from any contagious disease and who refuses to allow himself to be examined

at any such examination post, or gives a false answer to any question addressed to him by the medical officer or official in charge of such post and who disobeys any order of such officer or official in respect of his removal to a hospital or his detention in a place set apart for the purpose.

(*vi*) order the removal of any person suffering or suspected to be suffering from any infectious disease to a suitable hospital and order all persons who have been in contact with a case of infectious disease to be isolated for a specified period ;

(*vii*) order the cleaning and disinfection of any land, building, drain, latrine, urinal, cesspool or any bedding, or clothing or any other article which is in his opinion infected or likely to carry infection ;

(*viii*) prohibit the letting of a house or building or part of a house or building which has not been disinfected to his satisfaction ;

(*ix*) prohibit the entrance into the fair ground of persons coming from a town, village or locality which is infected with cholera, plague, smallpox or any other communicable disease unless such persons submit to appropriate preventive inoculation.

27. It shall be the duty of the owner or keeper of a lodging house, hostel or serai to inform the Medical Officer of Health immediately of any case of illness on his premises.

NOTE.—In these by-laws the term " infectious diseases ", " contagious diseases " or " communicable diseases " includes—

1. Cholera.
2. Smallpox.
3. Plague.
4. Measles.
5. Chickenpox.
6. Diphtheria.
7. Tuberculosis (includes tubercle of lungs).
8. Scarlet fever.
9. Typhus fever.
10. Enteric fever
11. Erysipelas.
12. Relapsing fever.
13. Influenza.
14. Puerperal fever.
15. Cerebrospinal fever (meningitis).
16. Dysentery.
17. Leprosy.
18. Mumps.
19. Whooping Cough.
20. Sprue.

28. Any licence issued under these by-laws may be cancelled by the Medical Officer of Health for a breach of any of the conditions of the licence. The decision of the Medical Officer of Health shall be final.

29. Any person who commits or abets the commitment of a breach of any of these by-laws except by-law 10 for which a penalty is prescribed separately shall, on conviction by a magistrate be punishable with a fine which may extend to rupees fifty and if the breach is a continuing breach with a further fine which may extend to rupees five for each day after the first during which the breach continues.

The 7th August, 1940.

No. 2821-C.-40/32601.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 121-A of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to extend the provisions of the said section to the Municipality of **Panipat**, in the Karnal district.

Small Towns.

The 7th August, 1940.

No. 3221-L. G.—Bds.-40/32550.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 51 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following rules :—

RULES.

1. The Deputy Commissioner of Hoshiarpur district shall, in consultation with the Town Committee of Mukerian, cause to be prepared an accurate plan of the Small Town of Mukerian, drawn to a scale not less than one inch to fifty feet showing thereon all public streets and other immovable property vested in the Committee.

2. The Deputy Commissioner shall also cause to be prepared a ***khasra*** of the streets and other properties specified in rule 1 in form 'A' appended to these rules.

3. The Deputy Commissioner shall cause the plan and *khasra*, when ready to be published in such manner as he deems fit, together with a notice intimating a date not less than two months from the date of the notice by which objections from any person with regard to entries on the plan and *khasra* may be presented to the Revising Authority appointed under rule 5 and the time and place at which the plan and *khasra* may be inspected.

4. The Deputy Commissioner shall arrange to allow any person to inspect the plan and *khasra* during the hours and at the place specified in the notice on any day which is not a public holiday.

5. The Deputy Commissioner shall appoint an Assistant or Extra Assistant Commissioner on the district staff to be the Revising Authority for the purpose of hearing objections relating to the plan and *khasra*.

6. When the plan and *khasra* have been published under the provisions of rule 3, objections in respect of entries on the plan and *khasra* may be presented to the Revising Authority, appointed under rule 5, between the hours of ten o'clock in the morning and four o'clock in the afternoon of any day not being a public holiday of the period specified in the notice issued under rule 3 *ibid*.

7. The Revising Authority shall maintain a register of objections in form B in which he shall cause to be entered at the time of receipt particulars of every objection received.

8. Any person aggrieved by any order, which the Revising Authority may pass, may, within seven days from the date of such order, apply to the Deputy Commissioner for revision of the order; and the Deputy Commissioner, after giving notice to the parties concerned and hearing any representation which they may wish to make, may confirm it or set it aside, and pass such other orders with respect to the objection which he may deem fit.

9. After the objections, if any, have been disposed of, the Deputy Commissioner shall cause the plan and *khasra* to be corrected, if necessary, in accordance with the orders passed on the objections, and shall then have the amended plan and *khasra*, or a fresh copy of it, published for general information.

10. The original plan and *khasra* shall remain in the custody of the Deputy Commissioner, and a copy thereof duly certified by the Deputy Commissioner to be correct, shall be furnished to the Town Committee of Mukerian.

11. The Deputy Commissioner may employ such staff as is required for the preparation of the plan and *khasra* and the Town Committee of Mukerian, shall be liable for the cost of pay and other incidental expenses connected with the staff and the preparation of the documents mentioned above, and also for the cost of pay or any other expenditure connected with the appointment of the Revising Authority.

Form A.

[RULE 2.]

TOWN COMMITTEE, MUKERIAN.

Survey Register.

1	2	3			4								5		6	7
					MEASUREMENT IN FEET AND INCHES.								AREA IN SQUARE YARDS AND DECIMALS.			
					North.		*East.*		*West.*		*South.*					
Plan sheet.	*Khasra* No.	Name of *Mohalla* or Bazar.	Name of *Gali*.	Description of property.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Square yards.	Decimals.	Possessor's name with father's name, caste, occupation and present address.	REMARKS.

Form B.

[RULE 7.]

Register of objections.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Serial No.	Name, parentage and address of the objector.	Date of presentation of objection with the initials of the officer to whom the objection is presented.	Nature of the objection.	Date of decision.	Summary of decision.	Signature of Revising Authority.	Decision by Deputy Commissioner, if any.	Signature of Official by whom effect was given to the decision of the Revising Authority or of the Deputy Commissioner and date.

Public Health.

The 5th August, 1940.

No. 3217-M.-40/32210.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 1 of the Punjab Pure Food Act, 1929, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to extend to the area subject to the authority of the District Board, **Rohtak**, with effect from the date of publication of this notification, the provisions of sections 3 to 22 of the said Act, in respect of all articles of food and drink.

No. 3217-M.-40/32213.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Pure Food Act, 1929, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to appoint the Chemist of the Public Health Department to be a Public Analyst for the area subject to the authority of the District Board, **Rohtak**, in respect of all articles of food and drink.

The 6th August, 1940.

No. 3655-M.-40/32428.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 1 of the Punjab Pure Food Act, 1929, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to extend to the Municipality of **Thanesar**, in the Karnal district with effect from the date of publication of this notification, the provisions of sections 3 to 22 of the said Act, in respect of all articles of food-and-drink.

No. 3655-M.-40/32431.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Pure Food Act, 1929, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to appoint the Chemist of the Public Health Department to be a Public Analyst for the Municipality of **Thanesar**, in the Karnal district, in respect of all articles of food and drink.

RAM CHANDRA,

Secretary to Government, Punjab,

Medical and Local Government Departments.

704 CS—1158—9-8-40—SGPP Lahore.

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PART I—A.

Punjab Government Notifications and Orders.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Committees.

The 10th August, 1940.

No. 2927-C.-40/33235.—The following bylaws made by the Municipal Committee of **Simla,** in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Simla,** on the 30th day of September, 1940, from which date Punjab Government notification No. 610, dated the 24th December, 1897, shall be deemed to be cancelled :—

BYLAWS.

1. For the purpose of these bylaws " stable " shall mean any place where horses, ponies or mules are kept ; and " cowhouse " shall mean any place where oxen (for hire) or milch cattle are kept.

2. No person shall use or permit to be used any premises or part of any premises as a stable or a cowhouse unless he has obtained a licence for such use from the Municipal Committee.

3. Licence for the use of any premises or part of any premises as a stable or cowhouse shall be issued on application, to the owner or occupier of such premises, by

the Medical Officer of Health on behalf of the Municipal Committee subject to the conditions detailed below :—

(a) The licensee shall not keep or permit to be kept in the licensed premises at any time any number of animals in excess of the number prescribed in his licence or of a description other than that specified in his licence.

(b) The licensee shall not permit any person to cook in the licensed premises or to use them for human habitation, provided that a certain number of attendants, to be specified in the licence, may be permitted to sleep on the licensed premises to prevent accidents among the animals.

(c) The licensee shall provide in some convenient place a receptacle or receptacles for dung, litter, etc. Such receptacle shall be of such form and of such material as the Medical Officer of Health may direct, and shall be of a capacity of not less than 1½ cubic feet for each animal kept on the premises.

(d) The licensee shall not kept on the licensed premises any litter or dung in such a situation or manner as to pollute or to be likely to pollute any drinking water.

Where litter is required for agricultural purposes a smooth impervious platform, preferably of cement concrete, or a pit of suitable size shall be built at least 100 feet away from the stable or cowhouse or from any human habitation, on which or in which the litter may be stacked preparatory to its being used as a manure.

(e) The licensee shall cause the licensed premises to be cleaned twice daily, before 9 A.M. and before 4 P.M. and to be washed down once every week. All litter, dung, rubbish, etc., must be removed to the receptacles provided in accordance with condition (c) above which should be cleaned twice daily or should be disposed of by burning, packing or burying, where the services of the municipal staff cannot be availed of.

(f) The licensee shall, if the premises to be used as a cowshed or stable are in an isolated place, and if so required by the Medical Officer of Health, provide an incinerator for the disposal of litter, rubbish, etc., of a type approved by the Medical Officer of Health.

(g) The licensee shall cause all the interior walls of the licensed premises to be limewashed at least twice yearly and more often if so required by the Medical Officer of Health.

(h) The licensee shall give every facility to any Officer appointed by the Committee in this behalf to inspect the licensed premises and the animals kept therein at any reasonable time.

(i) (1) The licensee shall inform the Medical Officer of Health, immediately it comes to his knowledge, of any outbreak of any infectious disease among the animals kept on the licensed premises and shall segregate the animals affected pending the orders of the Medical Officer of Health.

(2) In cases when the animals kept on the licensed premises are milch-cattle, the licensee shall cause such animals to be properly washed down at least once a week.

4. No licence for the use of premises as cowhouses or stables shall be issued unless such premises conform to the following conditions :—

(a) that the height of the premises is in no part less than 10 feet measured from the floor to the wall plates ;

(b) that the floor of the premises is at least 1 foot above the level of the open space or street on to which they open, is paved with some impervious material, at least 4½″ thick and is sloped away from the heads of the animals to be stabled with a gradient of not less than one in thirty ;

(c) that the premises are so situated as to admit of their being properly drained direct into a drain, cesspool or soakage pit set apart for the purpose ;

(d) that the premises are adequately lighted and ventilated.

(e) that there is no opening from the premises likely to permit of direct ventilation therefrom into any cooking place or places used for human habitation ; and

(f) that there is provided an adequately drained area equal to not less than one-seventh of the floor area of the premises, on which the cattle may be washed down or tethered during the day.

5. The Medical Officer of Health shall in every licence specify the description and prescribe the number of animals which may be kept in the licensed premises. The number prescribed shall be such that there shall be reserved for each animal a space of not less than 10 feet in length and 8 feet in breadth, such space being exclusive of any manger or any central or side drain.

6. Only one licence shall be granted in respect of any premises notwithstanding that such premises may be occupied by more than one animal.

7. Any building of smaller dimensions than those indicated in by-law 4 (a) and (b) above, and which is already licensed on the date on which these by-laws come into force, may continue to be used provided the committee are satisfied that the drainage and ventilation are adequate.

8. Any licensee who commits a breach of any of the conditions of his licence shall be liable to have such licence suspended or revoked.

9. Any person who commits a breach of bylaws 2 and 3 and any licensee who commits a breach of any of the conditions of his licence shall be liable on conviction by a Magistrate to a fine which may extend to fifty rupees and if the breach is a continuing breach, to a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

The 12th August, 1940.

No. 3053-Cts.-40/33372.—Whereas the Municipal Committee of **Pakpattan**, in the Montgomery District consist of 12 members of whom ten are elected and two appointed.

And whereas it is expedient in the public interest to increase the number of seats as a temporary measure.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (a), section 14 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to direct that the number of seats shall be increased by one with effect from the date of this notification and until the results of the next elections are notified.

And further, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 12 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, and in pursuance of the proviso attached to that section, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to direct that this one seat shall be filled by appointment and that the person so appointed shall remain in office until the results of the next elections are notified.

The 13th August, 1940.

No. 3217-C.-40/33597.—The following bylaws made by the Municipal Committee of **Jagraon**, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Jagraon**, in the Ludhiana district on 28th September, 1940 :—

BYLAWS.

1. No person shall import into the Municipality or export therefrom any goods or animals liable to terminal tax, except by the routes on which barriers for the collection of terminal tax have been established by the Committee.

2. Any person who commits or abets the commission of a breach of bylaw No. 1 shall, on conviction by a Magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and if the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

No. 3236-C.-40/35603.—With reference to the Punjab Government notification No. 2056-C.-40/25262, dated the 8th June, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendment to the rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 23039, dated the 27th September, 1923, for the Municipality of **Jalalpur Jattan**, in the Gujrat district :—

AMENDMENT.

For the existing schedule of boundaries of wards the following new schedule shall be substituted :—

SCHEDULE.

DESCRIPTION OF WARDS.

Ward No. I.

North.—From the point where the Julahi Gate Road meets the Circular Road, eastwards along the middle of the Circular Road to the point where it meets the Jalalpur Jattan-Karianwala Road, thence northwards along the middle of Jalalpur Jattan-Karianwala Road to the point where it meets the northern municipal boundary near the middle of eastern boundary of field No. 656 (of Jalalpur Jattan), thence eastwards in a straight line to the north-east corner of field No. 3888/265 (of Kulachaur),

East.—Thence south-eastwards in a straight line to the north-east corner of field No. 1221 (of Kulachaur),

South.—Thence westwards in a straight line to the point where the Circular Road meets the Bazari Gate Road, thence westwards along the middle of Bazari Gate Road to the point where it meets the Main Bazar, thence onwards along the middle of the Main Bazar to the point where it meets the Pahari Road,

West.—Thence northwards along the middle of the Pahari Road to the point where it meets the Post Office Street, thence westwards along the middle of the Post Office Street to the point where it meets the Babian Street, thence northwards and westwards along the middle of the Babian Street to the point where it meets the Dhakki Street, thence nothwards and westwards along the middle of Dhakki Street to the point where it meets the Julahi Gate and thence northwards along the middle of Julahi Gate Road to the point of start.

Ward No. II.

North.—From the point where the Sher Shahi Street meets the Arayan Street (Chauk Arayan) south-eastwards along the middle of Arayan Street to the point where it meets the Kasbian Street, thence eastwards and north-eastwards along the middle of Kasbian Street to the point where it meets the Handian Street, thence northwards along the middle of Handian Street to the point where it meets the Dhakki Street, thence eastwards and south-eastwards along the western boundary of ward No. I to the point where the Post Office Street meets the Pahari Road,

East.—Thence southwards along the middle of the Pahari Road to the point where it meets the Main Bazar,

South.—Thence westwards along the middle of the Main Bazar to the point where it meets the Chhimbian Street, thence north-westwards along the middle of the Chhimbian Street to the point where it meets the Sethian Street, thence north-westwards along the middle of the Sathian Street to the Chauk Shohotra where it meets the Mahantan Street, thence onwards along the middle of the Mahantan Street to the Chauk Sher Shahi where it meets the Sher Shahi Street, and

West.—Thence north-eastwards along the middle of the Sher Shahi Street to the point of start.

Ward No. III.

North.—From the north-east corner of field No. 497 (of Jalalpur Jattan) south-eastwards in a straight line to the middle of eastern boundary of field No. 527 (of Jalalpur-Jattan), thence northwards in a straight line to the north-west corner of field

No. 4893/530 to 532 (of Jalalpur Jattan), thence eastwards in a straight line to the north-east corner of field No. 4893/530 to 532 (of Jalalpur Jattan), thence southwards in a straight line to the north-east corner of field No. 536 (of Jalalpur-Jattan), thence south-eastwards in a straight line to the north-east corner of field No. 4141/540 (of Jalalpur Jattan), thence north-eastwards in a straight line to the north-west corner of field No. 580 (of Jalalpur-Jattan), thence eastwards in a straight line to the middle of eastern boundary of field No. 656 (of Jalalpur-Jattan) which adjoins the Jalalpur Jattan-Karianwala Road,

East.—Thence southwards along the Middle of the Jalalpur Jattan-Karianwala Road to the point where it meets the Circular Road, thence westwards along the middle of the Circular Road to the point where it meets the Julahi Gate Road, thence southwards along the middle of the Julahi Gate Road to the point where it meets the Handian Street, thence southwards along the middle of the Handian Street to the point where it meets the Kasbian Street, thence westwards along the middle of the Kasbian and Arayan Streets to Chauk Arayan, thence southwards along the middle of the Sher Shahi Street to the point where it meets the Diwanan Street, thence south-westwards along the middle of the Diwanan Street to the point where it meets the Main Bazar, thence onwards crossing the Main Bazar along the middle of the southern Ekka Stand Road to the point where it meets the Circular Road, thence southwards along the middle of the Circular Road to the point where it meets the Hafiz Hayat-Jalalpur Jattan Road,

South.—Thence westwards along the middle of the Hafiz Hayat-Jalalpur Jattan Road to the point where it meets the western municipal boundary, and

West.—Thence northwards along the western municipal boundary to the point of start.

Ward No. IV.

North.—From the point where the Vegetable Market Street meets the Main Bazar, eastwards along the middle of the Main Bazar to the point where it meets the Bazari Gate Road, thence onwards along the middle of the Bazari Gate Road to the point where it meets the Circular Road, thence eastwards in a straight line to the north-east corner of field No. 1221 (of Kulachaur),

East.—Thence south-westwards in a straight line to the south-west corner of field No. 3887 (of Jalalpur-Jattan),

South.—Thence south-westwards in a straight line to the point where the southern municipal boundary meets the Jalalpur Jattan-Islam Garh Road, thence north westwards along the middle of the Jalalpur Jattan-Islam Garh Road to the point where it meets the Circular Road on the Chamrangi Bridge,

West.—Thence north-eastwards along the middle of the Main Drain Street to the Chauk Sadhu Mohalla where it meets the Vegetable Market Street and thence north-westwards along the middle of the Vegetable Market Street to the point of start.

Ward No. V.

North.—From the point where the Old Thana Street meets the Main Bazar, eastwards along the middle of the Main Bazar to the point where it meets the Sathian Street, thence southwards in a straight line to the northern end of the Vijjan Street, thence southwards along the middle of the Vijjan Street to the point where it turns to the east thence eastwards along the middle of the Vijjan Street to the point where it turns to the north, thence northwards along the middle of the Vijjan Street to the point where it turns to the east, thence eastwards and northwards along the middle of the Vijjan Street to the point where it meets the Main Bazar, thence eastwards along the middle of the Main Bazar to the point where it meets the Vegetable Market Street,

East.—Thence south-eastwards and south-westwards along the middle of Vegetable Market Street and Main Drain Street, respectively, to the Chamrangi Bridge on the Circular Road,

South.—Thence westwards along the middle of the Circular Road to the point where it meets the Dara Chaudhrian Street,

West.—Thence north-westwards along the middle of the Dara Chaudhrian the Street to the point where it meets the Sarajan Street, thence onwards along the middle of the Sarajan Street to the point where it meets the Bari Mehl Street, thence westwards along the middle of the Bari Mehl Street to the point where it meets the Old Thana Street and thence northwards along the middle of the Old thana Street to the point of start.

Ward No. VI.

North.—From Chauk Sher Shahi south-eastwards along the middle of the Mahantan Street to Chauk Chohatra, thence onwards along the middle of the Sethian Street to the point where it meets the Chhimbian Street, thence onwards along the middle of Chhimbian Street, to the point where it meets the Main Bazar, thence eastwards along the Main Bazar to the point where it meets the Vijjan Street,

East.—Thence along the northern boundary of ward No. V to the point where the Main Bazar meets the Old Thana Street, thence southwards along the middle of the Old Thana Street to the point where it meets the Bhasinan Street.

South.—Thence south-westwards along the middle of the Bhasinan Street to the point where it meets the Khusrian Street, thence westwards and northwards along the middle of the Khusrian Street to the point where it meets the Mandi Street, thence westwards along the middle of the Mandi Street to the point where it turns to the north,

West.—Thence northwards along the middle of the Mandi Street to the point where it meets the Arorian Bazar, thence north-eastwards along the middle of the Arorian Bazar to the point where it meets the Chaddian Street, thence eastwards along the middle of the Chaddian Street to the point where it meets the Ali Gohar Street, thence northwards along the middle of the Ali Gohar Street to its northern end, thence onwards to the point where a straight line drawn through the middle of the Ali Gohar Street meets the Main Bazar, thence westwards along the middle of the Main Bazar to the point where it meets the Diwanan Street, thence north-eastwards along the middle of the Diwanan Street to the point where it meets the Sher Shahi Street and thence northwards along the middle of the Sher Shahi Street to the point of start.

Ward No. VII.

North.—From the point where the Mashkian Street meets the Gagrian Street eastwards along the middle of the Gagrian Street to the point where it meets the Mandi Street, thence southwards and eastwards along the middle of the Mandi Street to the point where it meets the Khusrian Street, thence southwards and eastwards along the middle of the Khusrian Street to the point where it meets the Bhasinan Street, thence north-eastwards along the middle of the Bhasinan Street to the point where it meets the Bari Mehl Street, thence eastwards along the middle of the Bari Mehl Street to the point where it meets the Sarajan Street,

East.—Thence south-eastwards along the western boundary of ward No. V to the Chamrangi Bridge on the Circular Road, thence south-eastwards along the middle of the Jalalpur Jattan-Islam Garh Road to the point where it meets the southern municipal boundary,

South.—Thence westwards along the southern municipal boundary to the point where it meets the Khiwa-Hayat Garh Road,

West.—Thence north-westwards in a straight line to the southern end of Choi Street, thence northwards along the middle of Choi Street to the point where it meets the Circular Road, thence onwards crossing the Circular Road along the middle of Dangar-Purian Street to the point where it meets the Mashkian Street, and thence onwards along the middle of the Mashkian Street to the point of start.

Ward No. VIII.

North.—From the point where the western municipal boundary meets the Hafiz Hayat-Jalalpur Jattan Road, eastwards along the middle of this Road to the point where it meets the Circular Road, thence northwards along the middle of the Circular Road to the point where it meets the Southern Ekka Stand Road, thence north-eastwards along the middle of the Southern Ekka Stand Road to the point where it meets the Main Bazar, thence eastwards along the middle of the Main Bazar to the point where a straight line drawn along the middle of the Ali Gohar Street meets the Main Bazar,

East.—Thence southwards and westwards along the western boundary of ward No. VI to the point where the Mandi Street meets the Gagrian Street, thence westwards along the middle of the Gagrian Street to the point where it meets the Mashkian Street, thence southwards along the western boundary of ward No. VII to the point where it meets the southern municipal boundary,

South.—Thence westwards along the southern municipal boundary to the north-west corner of field No. 1741 (of Jalalpur Jattan), and

West.—Thence northwards along the western municipal boundary to the point of start.

No. 3215-C.-40/35606.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 16 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab hereby directs that Pandit Baldev Mittar Bijli shall be removed from membership of the Municipal Committee of **Urmar Tanda**, in the Hoshiarpur district, and shall be disqualified for election for a period of five years following the date of this notification.

No. 2360-C.-40/35609.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare his intention of including within the Municipality of **Kartarpur**, in the Jullundur district, the area lying between the existing boundary as defined in Punjab Government notification No. 1855-C.-36/28420, dated the 23rd September, 1936, and the boundary now proposed as specified in the schedule hereto annexed.

2. Any person who objects to the proposed inclusion of the said area should submit his objection, in writing, to Punjab Government through the Deputy Commissioner, Jullundur, within six weeks from the date of publication of this notification :—

SCHEDULE.

DESCRIPTION OF BOUNDARIES.

North.—From the south-west corner of field No. 7663 and passing south-eastwards along the southern sides of fields Nos. 7663, 7660, 7659 and 7658 to the south corner of field No. 7658 ; thence southwards along the western sides of fields Nos. 7653 and 7651 to the south-west corner of field No. 7651 ; thence eastwards along the southern side of the same field and fields Nos. 7648, 7647 and 7640 to the north-west corner of field No. 7639 ; thence along the northern side of the same field to its north-east corner ; thence northwards to a point at a distance of 3 *karams* ; thence eastwards along the southern sides of fields Nos. 7601 and 7600 to the south-east corner of the lastnamed field ; thence northwards along the western side of the Mahmadpur way to the north-east corner of field No. 8867/8232 ; thence eastwards crossing the Mahmadpur way to the north-west corner of field No. 7536 ; thence southwards along the eastern side of the Mahmadpur way to the south-west corner of field No. 7550 ; thence eastwards along the southern sides of fields Nos. 7550 and 7547 to the south-east corner of field No. 7547 ; thence southwards crossing the Alampur way to the north-west corner of field No. 7066 ; thence south-westwards along the western side of field No. 7066 to the north-east corner of field No. 7050.

East.—Thence southwards along the eastern side of field No. 7050 and the western sides of fields Nos. 7051, 7047 and 7044 to the south-west corner of the lastnamed field ; thence eastwards along the northern sides of fields No. 6477 and 6478 to the north-east corner of the lastnamed field ; thence south-eastwards crossing the Kumharan way to the south-east corner of field No. 6478 ; thence south-westwards along the southern sides of fields Nos. 6478 and 6477 to the north-west corner of field No. 6476 ; thence southwards along the western side of the same field to a point at a distance of 53 *karams* and thence westwards to the north-east corner of field No. 6475 ; thence southwards along the eastern side of field No. 6475 and the western sides of fields Nos. 8204, 8202 and 6469 to the south-west corner of field No. 6469 ; thence eastwards along the southern side of field No. 6469 to its south-east corner ; thence southwards along the western side of field No. 6464 to its south-west corner ; thence eastwards along the southern side of field No. 6464 to its south-east corner ; thence southwards crossing the Alawalpur way to the north corner of field No. 5272 ; thence south-eastwards along the eastern side of the same field to the north corner of field No. 5274 ; thence along the northern side of this field to its east corner ; thence eastwards crossing the Alawalpur Road to the south-west corner of field No. 8114 ; thence south-westwards along the eastern side of the Alawalpur Road to the south-west corner of field No. 4029 ; thence south-eastwards to its south-east corner ; thence south-eastwards along the northern side of the *kacha* road leading to the Grand Trunk Road to the south corner of field No. 3936 ; thence south-westwards crossing the Grand Trunk Road to the north-east corner of field

No. 3849; thence westwards along the northern sides of fields Nos. 3849 and 3850 to the north-west corner of the lastnamed field; thence southwards along the western side of field No. 3850 to its south-west corner; thence eastwards along the northern side of field No. 3851 to its north-east corner; thence southwards along the eastern side of the same field and fields Nos. 3862, 3863, 3864, 7994/3865 and 7993/3865 to the south-east corner of the lastnamed field.

South.—Thence north-westwards along the northern side of the railway boundary to the boundary-pillar of the Encamping Ground at the south-west corner of field No. 2593; thence along the northern side of the railway boundary to a point at a distance of 196 *karams*; thence northwards crossing the Kapurthala Road to the south-west corner of field No. 2485; thence along the northern boundary of village Dittu Nangal to the south corner of field No. 2457; thence north-westwards crossing the *katcha* road to Kapurthala to the south corner of field No. 2455.

West.—Thence north-eastwards along the western side of *katcha* road to Kapurthala to the south corner of field No. 2446; thence along the western sides of fields Nos. 2446, 2445 and 2446 to the north-west corner of field No. 2446; thence crossing the Grand Trunk Road to the south-east corner of field No. 1560; thence northwards along the western side of the *katcha* pathway leading to the female latrines to the north-east corner of field No. 8644; thence westwards along the northern side of the same field to its north-west corner; thence northwards crossing the Dialpur way to the south-west corner of field No. 1429; thence along the western side of this field to its north-west corner; thence eastwards along the northern side of the same field to the south-west corner of field No. 1428; thence northwards along the western side of field No. 1428 to its north-west corner; thence westwards along the southern side of field No. 1425 to its south-west corner; thence northwards along the western side of the same field and crossing the Dhirpur way to the north-west corner of the same field; thence eastwards along the northern side of the aforesaid field to the south-east corner of field No. 826; thence northwards along the eastern sides of fields Nos. 826, 824, 822 and 821 to the north-east corner of the last named field; thence eastwards along the southern sides of fields Nos. 8606/819/820 to its south-east corner; thence northwards along the eastern sides of fields Nos. 8606/819/820,816, 814, 813 and 812 to the north-east corner of the last named field; thence crossing the Bholath way to the south corner of field No. 7664; thence along the southern side of the same field to the point of start.

No. 2187-C.-40/35614.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 2187-C.-40/25268, dated the 8th June, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following rules:—

RULES.

1. The Deputy Commissioner of Ludhiana shall, in consultation with the Municipal Committee of Jagraon, cause to be prepared an accurate plan of the Municipality of Jagraon drawn to a scale of not less than one inch to fifty feet, showing thereon all public streets and other immovable property vested in the Committee.

2. The Deputy Commissioner shall also cause to be prepared a *khasra* of the streets and other properties specified in rule 1 in form "B" appended to these rules.

3. The Deputy Commissioner shall cause the plan and *khasra*, when ready, to be published in such manner as he deems fit, together with a notice intimating the date not less than two months from the date of the notice by which objections from any person with regard to entries on the plan and *khasra* may be presented to the Revising Authority appointed under rule 5 and the time and place at which the plan and *khasra* may be inspected.

4. The Deputy Commissioner shall arrange to allow any person to inspect the plan and *khasra* during the hours and at the place specified in the notice on any day which is not a public holiday.

5. The Deputy Commissioner shall appoint an Assistant Commissioner or Extra Assistant Commissioner on the district staff to be the Revising Authority for the purpose of hearing objections relating to the plan or *khasra*.

6. When the plan and *khasra* have been published under the provisions of rule 3 objections in respect of entries on the plan and *khasra* may be presented to the Revising Authority, appointed under rule 5, between the hours of ten o'clock in the morning and four o'clock in the afternoon of any day of the period specified in the notice issued under rule 3, which is not a public holiday.

7. The Revising Authority shall maintain a register of objections in form A in which he shall cause to be entered at the time of receipt particulars of every objection received.

8. Any person aggrieved by any order, which the Revising Authority may pass, may, within seven days from the date of such order, apply to the Deputy Commissioner for revision of the order; and the Deputy Commissioner, after giving notice to the parties concerned and hearing any representation which they may wish to make, may confirm it or set it aside, and pass such other orders with respect to the objection which he may deem fit.

9. After the objections, if any, have been disposed of, the Deputy Commissioner shall cause the plan and *khasra* to be corrected, if necessary, in accordance with the orders passed on the objections, and shall then have the amended plan and *khasra*, or a fresh copy of it, published for general information.

10. The original plan and *khasra* shall remain in the custody of the Deputy Commissioner, and a copy thereof duly certified by the Deputy Commissioner to be correct, shall be furnished to the Municipal Committee of Jagraon.

11. The Deputy Commissioner may employ such staff as is required for the preparation of the plan and *khasra* and the Municipal Committee of Jagraon shall be liable for the cost of pay and other incidental expenses connected with the staff and the preparation of the documents mentioned above, and also for the cost of pay or any other expenditure connected with the appointment of the Revising Authority.

Form A.

(RULE 7.)

Register of objections.

Serial No.	Name, parentage and address of the objector.	Date of presentation of objection with the initials of the officer to whom the objection is presented.	Nature of the objection.	Date of decision.	Summary of decision.	Signature of Revising Authority.	Decision by Deputy Commissioner, if any.	Signature of official by whom effect was given to the decision of the Revising Authority or of the Deputy Commissioner, and date.

Form B.

(RULE 2.)

MUNICIPAL COMMITTEE, JAGRAON.

Survey Register.

1	2		3		4								5		6	7
					MEASUREMENT IN FEET AND INCHES.								AREA IN SQUARE YARDS AND DECIMALS.			
					North.		*East.*		*West.*		*South.*					
Plan sheet.	*Khasra* No.	Name of *Mohalla* or Bazar.	Name of *Gali.*	Description of property.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Square yards.	Decimals.	Possessor's name with father's name, caste, occupation and present address.	REMARKS.

No. 2143-C.-40/35617.—The following amendment made by the Municipal Committee, **Kasur,** in the Lahore district, to its by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 30407, dated the 25th November, 1927, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Kasur** on the 30th day of September, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

In by-law 5 for the words " President or the Secretary " the words " Executive Officer or the official appointed by him in this behalf " shall be substituted.

The 14th August, 1940.

No. 3358-L. G.-Bds.-40/33724.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (10) of section 62 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the Municipal Committee of **Raikot,** in the Ludhiana district, has, with effect from the 18th November, 1940, imposed a tax, at the rates shown in the schedule appended below, payable by persons presenting building applications to the Committee :

Provided that the tax shall not be payable by persons presenting applications relating to the erection or re-erection of religious buildings or buildings owned by Government or a District Board :—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	Description of building application.	Amount of tax.
		Rs. A. P.
1	For the construction of a *pucca* building of one storey	1 0 0
2	For the construction of a building of two storeys	2 0 0

Town Improvement.

The 13th August, 1940.

No. 2840-C.-40/33493.—The Governor of the Punjab is pleased to accord sanction to the following amendment made by the Lahore Improvement Trust under clause (*iv*) of section 74 of the Punjab Town Improvement Act, 1922, to the rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 443-C.-40/17265, dated the 9th April, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

For the fullstop at the end of clause (*h*) of rule 2 a semi-colon shall be substituted, and the following new clause shall be added, namely :—

"(*i*) to invest from time to time in Government Treasury Bills with the previous sanction of Government, any such moneys which are not required for immediate expenditure."

Notified Areas.

The 12th August, 1940.

No. 3293-C.-40/33375.—The following by-laws made by the Notified Area Committee of **Raewind Mandi** in the Lahore district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the Notified Area of **Raewind Mandi,** on the 30th day of September, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. No owner or person in charge of an aerated water or ice factory shall use or permit to be used in such factory any water except water obtained from a source and conveyed to such factory in a manner approved by the District Medical Officer of Health.

2. No owner or person in charge of an aerated water or ice factory shall employ or permit to be employed in such factory any person suffering from any contagious or infectious disease or from loathsome sores or who has recently been attending on any person so suffering, nor shall he permit any such person or any animal to enter or remain in such factory.

3. Every person in charge of an aerated water or ice factory shall keep such factory and all vessels, receptacles, utensils and other things in which the products of the factory or the materials used in making them are kept in a state of thorough cleanliness.

4. Every owner or person in charge of such a factory shall permit the District Medical Officer of Health and any member or other officer of the committee appointed in this behalf to inspect such factory at all reasonable times.

5. Any person who commits a breach of any of these by-laws shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to Rs. 50, and if the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may amount to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

The 13th August, 1940.

No. 3237-C.-40/33593.—The following by-laws made by the Notified Area Committee of **Raewind Mandi,** in the Lahore district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 197 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Notified Area of **Raewind Mandi** on the 30th day of September, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. In these by-laws—

(*a*) "Adulterated" when applied to banaspatine or charbini means mixed or diluted with any substance of lower commercial value than banaspatine or charbini, as the case may be ;

(b) "adulterated ghi" means ghi mixed or diluted with any substance other than banaspatine or charbini of lower commercial value than pure ghi;

(c) "banaspatine" means any article of food, whether mixed with ghi or not, which resembles ghi, but is derived from vegetable fat and contains no animal fat other than milk fat;

(d) "charbini" means any article of food, whether mixed with ghi or not, which resembles ghi or banaspatine, but contains animal fat other than milk fat; and

(e) "ghi" means ghi obtained entirely from milk fat.

2. (i) No person shall sell ghi, either wholesale or retail, or import ghi for sale, either wholesale or retail, except under a licence granted by the Notified Area Committee in this behalf.

(ii) No person shall sell, wholesale or retail, banaspatine or charbini in premises not licensed by the Notified Area Committee in this behalf.

(iii) No person shall sell sweetmeats, cakes or other food prepared with banaspatine or charbini in premises not licensed by the Notified Area Committee in this behalf.

3. No premises licensed for the sale of ghi shall be licensed also for the sale of banaspatine or charbini or of sweetmeats, cakes or other food prepared with banaspatine or charbini.

4. Subject to the provisions of by-law 2, licences for premises to be used for the sale of ghi or for the sale of banaspatine and charbini or for the sale of sweetmeats, cakes or other food prepared with banaspatine or charbini, shall be issued free of charge by the Secretary of the Notified Area Committee on the application of the owner or occupier of such premises in Form 'A' and shall be granted on the following conditions :—

(a) that the licensee shall not sell adulterated ghi, or adulterated banaspatine or charbini, or sweetmeats, cakes or other food prepared with adulterated ghi, banaspatine or charbini ;

(b) that the licensee shall not sell banaspatine or charbini or sweetmeats, cake or other food prepared therewith, in premises which have been licensed for the sale of ghi, or *vice versa* ;

(c) that the licensee shall not sell any article under the name of ghi, or any equivalent term with or without the addition of any other word to such name unless such food is derived solely from milk fat ;

(d) that the licensee shall not sell any ghi or banaspatine or charbini, or use in the preparation of sweetmeats, cakes or other food any ghi or banaspatine or charbini obtained from a place from which the import of ghi or of banaspatine or charbini, as the case may be, has, under any general or special declaration notified to the licensee, been declared by the Medical Officer of Health or the Committee to be dangerous to the public health ;

(e) that the licensee shall keep ghi, banaspatine or charbini exposed for sale in clean covered vessels ;

(f) that the licensee shall keep all sweetmeats, cakes and other food exposed for sale under such covers as will prevent the articles from being contaminated by flies or other insects ;

(g) that the licensee shall not keep any ghi, banaspatine or charbini intended for sale in any place used for cooking or sleeping purposes ;

(h) that the licensee shall display at the licensed premises a sign board containing a notice in English, Urdu, Hindi or Gurmukhi characters indicating whether the premises are licensed for the sale of ghi, or for the sale of banaspatine and charbini, or for the sale of sweetmeats, cakes or other food prepared with banaspatine or charbini ;

(i) that the licensee shall display on every package or other vessel of banaspatine or charbini, exposed for sale by retail in such manner as to be clearly visible to the purchaser, a label measuring at least 4″×4″ (inches) marked banaspatine or charbini, as the case may be, in red letters on a white ground in Urdu, Hindi, Gurmukhi or English ;

(j) that the licensee shall display on every utensil on or in which sweetmeats, cakes or other articles of food prepared with banaspatine or charbini are exposed for sale by retail, a label measuring at least 4" × 4" (inches) setting forth in red letters on a white ground that the sweetmeats, cakes or other articles have been prepared with banaspatine or charbini, as the case may be ; and

(k) that the licensee shall at all reasonable times permit the Secretary or any member or officer of the Notified Area Committee authorised in this behalf to inspect the licensed premises without notice and take for examination samples of ghi or of banaspatine or charbini sold by him.

5. Licences to import ghi for sale may be issued free of charge by the Secretary to persons applying therefor and shall be granted subject to the following conditions :—

(a) that the licensee shall not import ghi from any place from which the import of ghi has, under any general or special declarations notified to the licensee, been declared by the Medical Officer of Health to be dangerous to the public health ;

(b) that the licensee shall import ghi only in clean covered vessels ;

(c) that the licensee shall not import adulterated ghi into the Notified Area for sale.

6. Any person who commits a breach of any of these by-laws or any licensee who commits a breach of any condition of the licence granted to him under these by-laws, shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees and if the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues, and in addition any licensee who commits such a breach of any conditions of such a licence shall be liable to have his licence suspended or revoked.

Form A.

Application for a licence for the sale of ____________________

Name of vendor ____________________

Father's name ____________________

Articles for which licence is required ____________________

Situation of the shop ____________________

Street or lane ____________________

Boundaries :—

North ____________________

East ____________________

South ____________________

West ____________________

I have read the conditions on which the sale of __________ is allowed by the Notified Area Committee of Raewind Mandi in the Notified Area limits and undertake to abide by them.

Applicant's signature ____________________

Dated ____________________ Address ____________________

The 14th August, 1940.

No. 3340-C.-40/33720.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee **Kasur** in the Lahore district in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Kasur** on the 30th day of September, 1940 from which date Punjab Government Notification No. 27937, dated the 17th December, 1919 shall be deemed to be cancelled.

BY-LAWS.

1. The Municipal Committee shall establish one or more registration offices for the registration of births and deaths within the limits of the Kasur Municipality and may, by public notice, prescribe the office at which the reports of births and deaths occurring

in specified portions of the Municipality are to be made in accordance with these by-laws. The officer in charge of any such registration office shall be termed Municipal Registrar.

2. Every report of a birth required to be made under these by-laws shall contain the following particulars which shall be entered in a register to be kept for the purpose by the Municipal Registrar, that is to say—

(*a*) the date of the birth ;

(*b*) the sex of the child ;

(*c*) the name of the father and of the grandfather ;

(*d*) the residence of the father ;

(*e*) the occupation, caste and religion of the father ;

(*f*) the name of the person making the report and the date of his report ;

(*g*) the name of the child;

(*h*) the name of the *dai* or midwife, if any, who attended the mother at the time of the birth.

Provided that—

(*i*) in the case of an illegitimate child, the Municipal Registrar shall not enter in the register the name of any person as father of the child save at the joint request of the mother and of the person acknowledging himself to be the father. If an entry of the father's name has been made in accordance with such a joint request, the entry shall be countersigned by the person acknowledging himself to be the father. If no such joint request is made, the name, residence and caste of the mother shall be entered in place of the name, residence and caste of the father. In all such cases a note shall be made in the register to the effect that the child is illegitimate ; and

(*ii*) if the name of the child is not known when the report is made, the person reporting the birth, or, if he is dead, the father of the child, or, if the father is dead or the child illegitimate, the mother of the child, or, if both the father and the mother of the child are dead, the person in whose keeping the child is, shall, within three months of the birth, report the name of the child to the Municipal Registrar.

3. (1) Every report of the occurrence of a death required to be made under these by-laws shall contain the following particulars which shall be entered in a register to be kept for the purpose by the Municipal Registrar, that is to say—

(*a*) the date of the death ;

(*b*) the name of the deceased ;

(*c*) the name of the father, or, if the deceased was a married woman, of the husband of the deceased ;

(*d*) the sex of the deceased ;

(*e*) the age of the deceased ;

(*f*) the occupation, caste and religion of the deceased ;

(*g*) the residence of the deceased ;

(*h*) the cause of the death.

(*i*) the name of the person making the report, and the date of his report.

(2) In the case of the death of a European, the person reporting the death shall also, if possible, furnish the certificate of a medical practitioner of the cause of the death.

4. Any person reporting a birth or death may attest by his signature or thumb-impression the entry relating to such birth or death made in the register by the Municipal Registrar.

5. Every report of a birth or death required by these by-laws may be made verbally or in writing.

6. The officer in charge of a jail, lock-up, work-house, lunatic asylum, Government or Municipal hospital, college or school or any other Government or Municipal institution shall report to the Municipal Registrar the occurrence of any birth or death within the institution of which he is in charge, not later than four days from the date of such occurrence.

7. Every person in charge of a private hospital, orphanage *serai*, *dharamsala*, hotel, lodging house or other such institution shall report to the Municipal Registrar the occurrence of any birth or death within the institution of which he is in charge not later than four days from the date of such occurrence.

8. In the case of a birth or death not governed by by-law 6 or 7, a report of its occurrence shall be made within four days to the Municipal Registrar by the head of the household in which such birth or death has occurred or by any adult member or servant of such household.

9. In the case of a birth of which, for any reason, a report cannot be furnished by the head of a household or any adult member or servant of a household, the midwife or *dai* attending at such birth shall, within four days, report the occurrence of such birth to the Municipal Registrar.

10. Every customary or other sweeper shall report the occurrence of every birth and death which occurs within the premises in which he works within four days, of such occurrence to the Sanitary Jamadar of the ward in which such premises are situated, provided that no such report need be made by any sweeper working in any Government or Municipal institution in respect of births or deaths occurring in such institutions.

11. Every medical practitioner who has been in attendance during the last illness of any person dying within the Municipal limits shall report the death of such person within four days of the date of death to the Municipal Registrar, provided that if such person has died of any disease which is defined as an infectious disease, or has been notified as an infectious disease by the Provincial Government under section 3 (7) of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, such medical practitioner shall report such death immediately.

12. Every person finding a living new-born child exposed, and every person in whose charge such a child may be placed, shall, within eight days of the finding of such child, report the fact to the Municipal Registrar, and shall at the same time to the best of his ability, furnish the particulars specified in by-law 2.

13. If a dead body is found exposed, the officer in charge of the Police Station within whose jurisdiction such body is found shall, within eight days of the finding of such body, report the fact to the Municipal Registrar, and shall at the same time, to the best of his ability, furnish the particulars specified in by-law 3, together, if possible, with a certificate of the Assistant Surgeon Kasur as to the cause of death.

14. Every person reporting a birth or death under these by-laws shall, at the time of report, be given free of charge, a copy of the entry made by the Municipal Registrar in respect of each birth or death.

15. Any person may inspect a register of births or deaths on payment of a fee of one rupee, and shall be entitled to receive a certified copy of any entry in a birth or death register on payment of a fee of eight annas; provided that in cases where insufficient or incorrect information is supplied by an applicant, a further fee of four annas may be charged in respect of every year for which the registers have to be searched and a deposit sufficient to cover charges likely to be incurred under this proviso may be demanded before search is made. Any balance shall be refunded ; and if the entry in question cannot be found, the deposit shall be refunded in full less eight annas.

16. Any clerical error, which may at any time be discovered in any register of births or deaths, may be corrected, in red ink, by the President or the Executive Officer of the Committee or by the Municipal Registrar.

17. Any error of fact or substance in any register of births or deaths may be corrected, in red ink, by the President, or the Executive Officer of the Committee provided that—

(*a*) the Committee may, with the previous sanction of the Commissioner, of the division assign the duty of making such corrections to some other officer, and

(*b*) if any application is made for a correction in a birth or death register, the officer making such correction shall first satisfy himself that the correction to be made is a genuine one. Any corrections made shall be signed in full by the correcting officer.

18. No person shall wilfully destroy or injure, or cause to be destroyed or injured any register of births, or deaths, or shall wilfully insert, or cause to be inserted, in any such register or certified copy thereof, any false entry with regard to any birth or death, and no Municipal Registrar shall, without reasonable cause, refuse or omit to enter in a register of births or deaths any birth or death which has been duly reported to him.

19. Any person who commits a breach of by-laws 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, or 18 shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with a fine which may extend to fifty rupees.

RAM CHANDRA,

Secretary to Government, Punjab,
Medical and Local Government Departments.

Committees.

The 6th August, 1940.

No. 7134.—It is notified that in pursuance of the provisions of sub-section 1 of section 50 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, I hereby make an order surcharging the following members or *ex*-members of the Municipal Committee, **Ludhiana**, to the extent mentioned against their names, on account of the loss sustained by the said committee in connection with the terminal tax refund case of L. Ram Nath, which was rejected by the Committee in pursuance of its resolution No. 1574, dated the 29th March, 1938 :—

		Rs.	A.	P.
(1) Kh. Muhammad Eusoof	..	3	10	3
(2) Mian Nazir-ud-Din	..	3	10	3
(3) Ch. Tikka Kishen Singh	..	3	10	3
(4) Sufi G. M. Subhani	..	3	10	3
(5) Mian Roshan Din	..	3	10	3
(6) Seth Sant Dass	..	3	10	3
(7) Mian Muhammad Abdullah	..	3	10	3
(8) Ch. Mehar Din	..	3	10	3
(9) Haji Asghar Ali	..	3	10	3
(10) Khawaja Ahmed Shah	...	3	10	3
(11) Dr. E. M. Brown	..	3	10	3
(12) Dr. Sham Singh	..	3	10	3
(13) Lt. Aziz-ud-Din	..	3	10	3
(14) Q. Eusoof Ali	..	3	10	3
(15) Agha Zaigham Hussain	..	3	10	3

The Examiner, Local Fund Accounts, Punjab, had reported that the loss of Rs. 58-4-3 was a direct consequence of the neglect on the part of the member, named in the next paragraph, as well as of the members mentioned above, in the performance of their duties while members of the said Committee.

Master Kishen Singh, who ceased to be a member of the Committee more than a year before the date on which notices were issued, has become exempt from proceedings under section 50 of the Punjab Act, 1911.

H. A. MAJID,

Deputy Commissioner.

136 CS—1158—15-8-40—SGPP Lahore.

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PART I—A.

Punjab Government Notifications and Orders.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Boards.

The 20th August, 1940.

No. 3440-L. G.-40/34268.—The following amendments made by the District Board of **Attock** to its Provident Fund Rules, published with Punjab Government notification No. 6792, dated the 25th February, 1932, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Attock** on the 5th October, 1940 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. *Substitute* the following *for* clause (*e*) in rule 1 :—

" (*e*) ' Servant ' includes every employee of the Board who holds a permanent post substantively under the Board or is officiating in a permanent or a temporary post in the Board but holds a permanent post in a substantive capacity under any other local body which maintains a provident fund, but does not include a Government servant employed by the Board ".

2. *After* rule 8 the following note shall be inserted :—

NOTE.—In the case of a Board's employee governed by the Civil Service Regulations or the Revised Leave Rules, 1936, the term " leave on average pay " occurring in sub-rule (2) means the privilege leave on full salary or the earned leave as the case may be.

3. In rule 4, *substitute* the following proviso *for* the first proviso :—

" Provided that if the subscriber, who is required or permitted to subscribe to the provident fund, resigns within five years of the commencement of his service, except on account of illness or any other cause which the Board may determine to be a sufficient cause, or has been dismissed from service of the Board, the Board may deduct from the sum standing to his credit in the provident fund, the whole or any part of the contributions made by it to his provident fund and the interest thereon ".

4. In rule 9 (1) *for* the words " may, up to limit of the amount shown at credit of his account in column 5-A of the Provident Fund Ledger," shall be substituted the words " may up to the amount contributed by the subscriber including interest accrued thereon ".

5. In rule 9 (4) the words " clause (*a*) or clause (*b*) of " shall be deleted.

6. In rule 11 between the words " sum " and " before " *insert* the words " but not exceeding in any case the total amount of its contributions credited to the account of the subscriber and interest accrued thereon ".

7. *Substitute* the following new rule *for* the existing rule 12 :—

" 12. The Board shall maintain—

General accounts to be maintained by the Board.

(1) a Provident Fund Account in Form P. F. 4 ;

(2) a Provident Fund Investments Account in Form P. F. 5 ;

(3) a Provident Fund Investments Interest Account in Form P. F. 6 or if a Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund is maintained a Provident Fund Investment Interest Account in Form P. F. 6-A and a Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund Account in Form P. F. 6-B ; and

(4) an account in Form P. F. 8, showing the amount available for payment of insurance premia of the Provident Fund subscribers."

8. The subcolumns for annas and pies in column 6 of form P. F. 1 shall be deleted.

9. *Insert* the following new Forms *after* Form P. F. 6:—

Form P. F. 6-A. **Rule 12.**

Provident Fund Investments Interest Account ______________ *District Board.*

Serial No. in Provident Fund Investment Account (P. F. 5).	Instalment of interest due. (a) Date.	Instalment of interest due. (b) Amount.	Instalment of interest received. (a) Date.	Instalment of interest received. (b) No. and date of chalan with which remitted to treasury for credit into the fund of the local body.	Instalment of interest received. (c) Amount.	Disposal of interest received. (a) At savings bank rate to be credited to the P. F. Account.	Disposal of interest received. (b) Difference between columns 3 (c) and 4 (a).	Disposal of interest received. (c) Half of column 4 (b) to be credited to the Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund subject to a maximum of 1% on the amount invested.	Disposal of interest received. (d) Difference, if any, between half of columns 4 (b) and 4 (c).	Disposal of interest received. (e) Half of column 4 (b) *plus* 4 (d) to be credited to Provident Fund Account.	No. and date of the voucher with which the amount in column 4 (e) is withdrawn from the District Fund for credit to the Provident Fund.	Date on which the amount is credited to the savings bank account.	No. and date of voucher with which the amount in column 4 (c) is withdrawn from the District Fund for credit to the P. F. Investment Depreciation Fund.	Date on which the amount is credited in the P. F. Investment Depreciation Fund.	REMARKS.
1	2			3				4			5(a)	5(b)	6(a)	6(b)	7
		Rs. A. P.			Rs. A. P.										

NOTE.—This form is to be used by the Boards which maintain Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund, Such Boards need not maintain Form P. F. 6

Form P. F. 6-B. Rule 12.

Provident Fund Investments Depreciation Fund Account ________ *District Board.*

Date.	Balance at credit.	Amount credited to the Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund in the Post Office Savings Bank / Imperial Bank. Folio No. of Register P. F. 6(a).	Amount.	Interest earned on the Investment Depreciation Fund money in the Post Office Savings Bank or Imperial Bank.	Payments. No. and date of the order of the Commissioner sanctioning withdrawal from the fund.	Amount.	Balance 4—5 (b).	Remarks.
1	2	3(a)	3(b)	4	5(a)	5(b)	6	7
			Rs. A. P.			Rs. A. P.		

10. *Insert* the following new form *after* Form P. F. 7 :—

Form P. F. 8. Rule 12.

Register showing the amount available for payment of insurance premia of Provident Fund subscriber.

P. F. ACCOUNT No ____________

NAME ____________

Date.	Provident Fund subscription available for insurance. (a) Amount of deposit made by the subscriber since the last withdrawal for payment of insurance premium was made.	(b) Interest earned since the date of last withdrawal on subscriber's own deposits.	Total of columns 2(a), 2(b) and 4.	Advance paid.	Balance after each transaction.	Remarks.*
1		2		3	4	5
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	

*The fact that the Insurance Policy has been assigned to the Board as well as the number of policy should be noted in the remarks column of the register.

No. 3207-L. G.-40/34272.—The following amendments, made by the District Board of **Ambala** to its rules of business, published with Punjab Government notification No. 25980, dated the 14th July, 1932, as subsequently amended, are published for general information, and shall come into force with immediate effect :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. Serial No. 41 of the delegations in the appendix shall be deleted, and serial Nos. 42 – 59 shall be re-numbered as 41—58.

2. The following shall be added as delegation No. 59 :—

Serial No.	Nature of power delegated.	To whom delegated.	Extent.
59	To strike off unserviceable and unauctionable articles from the property registers of the Board Schools, and to destroy them in their presence.	Assistant District Inspectors of Schools.	Up to the value of rupees ten in each case.

No. 3429-L. G.-40/34279.—The following draft of amendments of the Municipal Account Code, 1930 (revised edition), which the Governor of the Punjab proposes to make, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 5th October, 1940, together with any objection

or suggestion which may be received by the Punjab Government, from any person, with respect to the draft, before that date :—

DRAFT AMENDMENT.

1. In rule XI·8 (4) the following words, shall be inserted between the words "Land officer" and "shall initial":—

"and the member or official in whose presence the cash-box was opened".

2. In rule XI·8 (4) the words "and he" occurring in line 9 shall be converted into "and the Lands officer."

No. 3430-L.G.-40/34285.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 1076-L.G.-40/14910, dated the 27th March, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 55 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendment to the District Board Account Code, 1926 :—

AMENDMENT.

1. After rule 69 (3) the following new sub-rule shall be inserted :—

"(4) The collections shall be accounted for by the Board in its monthly account (form No. 4) under head "Suspense" and credited to the provincial revenues under head XLVI—Miscellaneous, at the end of each month when the monthly account is closed, after deducting the amount paid, if any, to the owners of impounded cattle under section 17 of the Cattle Trespass Act, 1871."

2. After rule 74 (2) the following new sub-rule shall be inserted :—

(3) The collections from ferries shall be accounted for and credited to the provincial revenues in the manner prescribed under rule 69 (4)."

3. In form No. I (Budget form)—on the income side—the following amendments shall be made :—

(A) Under head "A—General" the following new heads shall be inserted after deleting head "*(iii)* Fines under section 57 of the Punjab District Boards Act" and converting existing head *(iv)* into head No. *(iii)* :—

"*(iv)* Grant-in-aid for pounds.

(v) Grant-in-aid for ferries."

(B) Under head "D—Income from other Acts" the following amendments shall be made :—

1. The figure "*(i)*" before "License fees" and head "*(ii)* Fines" shall be deleted.

2. The following heads shall also be deleted :—

"(2) Cattle Trespass Act.

(3) Northern India Ferries Act."

(C) The heads Nos. "(4)" and "(5)" shall be converted into Nos. "(2)" and "(3)".

(D) Under head "Suspense Accounts" the following new heads shall be inserted :—

(E) Cattle pounds :—

(i) income from pounds,

(ii) deduct refunds under section 17 of the Cattle Trespass Act, 1871.

Total E—Cattle pounds.

(F) Ferries."

4. In form No. 1—on the expenditure side—the following new heads shall be inserted under "9—Suspense Accounts" :—

"(E) Cattle pounds.

(F) Ferries."

5. In form No. 4 (monthly account form) printed at page 81 of the Code, the following amendments shall be made :—

Under head "A—General" the following new heads shall be inserted after deleting head "*(iii)* Fines under section 57 of the Punjab District Boards Act" and converting existing head *(iv)* into head No. *(iii)* :—

"*(iv)* Grant-in-aid for pounds.

(v) Grant-in-aid for ferries."

6. In form No. 5 (annual account form)—on the income side the following amendments shall be made :—

(A) Under head " A—General " the following new heads shall be inserted after deleting head " *(iii)* Fines under section 57 of the Punjab District Boards Act " and converting existing head *(iv)* into head No. *(iii)* :—

" *(iv)* Grant-in-aid for pounds.

(v) Grant-in-aid for ferries."

(B) Under head " D—Income from other Acts " the following amendments shall be made :—

(i) The figure " *(i)* " before " license fees " and head " *(ii)* Fines " shall be deleted.

(ii) The following heads shall also be deleted :—

" (2) Cattle Trespass Act.

(3) Northern India Ferries Act."

(C) Under head " Suspense Account " the following new heads shall be added :—

"(E) Cattle pounds—

(i) Income from pounds.

(ii) Deduct refunds under section 17 of the Cattle Trespass Act, 1871.

Total E – Cattle ponds.

(F) Ferries."

7. In form No. 5—on the expenditure side—the following new heads shall be inserted under head " 9-Suspense Accounts " :—

" (E) Cattle pounds.

(F) Ferries."

No. 3430-L. G.-40/34288.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 1076-L. G.-40/14913, dated the 27th March, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendments to the Municipal Account Code, 1930 (revised edition) :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. After sub-rule (2) of rule X·10 the following new sub-rule shall be inserted :—

" (3) The collections shall be accounted for by the Committee in its monthly account (form G. 4) under head " Suspense " and credited to the provincial revenues under head XLVI—Miscellaneous, at the end of each month when the monthly account is closed, after deducting the amount paid, if any, to the owners of impounded cattle under section 17 of the Cattle Trespass Act, 1871."

2. After converting rule XI·14 into sub-rule (I) the following new-sub-rule shall be added :—

" (2) The collections from ferries shall be accounted for and credited to the provincial revenues in the manner prescribed in rule X·10 (3). "

3. In form G. I.—on the income side—the following amendments shall be made :—

(a) Under head " A—General " the following new heads shall be inserted after deleting head " *(iv)* Miscellaneous fines " and converting existing heads nos. *(v)* and *(vi)* into *(iv)* and *(v)* ;—

" *(vi)* Grant-in-aid for pounds.

(vii) Grant-in-aid for ferries. '

(b) Under head " B—Tax and Licencing Department " the exisiting head " *(xvi)* —Fines for breach of provisions of the Act or bye-laws *re.* licensing " shall be deleted and the existing head no. *(xvii)* shall be converted into no. *(xvi.)*

(c) Under head " D—Public Safety and Convenience " the following amendments shall be made :—

(1) The head " *(i)* Police " shall be deleted.

(2) The figure " *(ii)* " before " Lighting " shall be deleted.

(3) The words " Total Detailed Head 1-D *(i)* and *(ii)* " shall be converted into " Total Detailed Head 1-D. "

(4) The head " (*iv*)—Pounds " shall be deleted.

(5) After converting exisiting head " (*v*) Miscellaneous " into " (*iv*) Miscellaneous " the following amendments shall be made under this head :—

(*i*) The figure " (*a*) " before head " Fees for detention of stray dogs " and the head " (*b*) Fines for offences concerning buildings and streets " shall be deleted.

(*ii*) The words " Total (*v*) Misc. " shall be converted into " Total (*iv*) Miscellaneous ".

(*d*) Under head " VI—Veterinary Department " the following head shall be deleted :—

" C—Fines under the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act " and

D—Misc. shall be converted into C—Misc.

(*e*) Under head " IX—Suspense Accounts " the following new heads shall be inserted :—

" (D) Cattle Pounds—

(*i*) Income from cattle pounds.

(*ii*) Deduct refunds under section 17 of the Cattle Trespass Act, 1871.

Total D—Cattle pounds.

(E) Ferries ".

4. In form G. I.—on the expenditure side—the following heads shall be added under head " 9—Suspense Accounts " :—

" (D) Cattle Pounds.

(E) Ferries."

5. In form G. 4 (monthly account form (printed at page 194 of the Code, the following amendments shall be made :—

Under head " A—General " the following new heads shall be inserted as nos. (*vi*) and (*vii*) after deleting head " (*iv*) Miscellaneous fines " and converting the existing heads (*v*) and (*vi*) into nos. (*iv*) and (*v*) :—

(*vi*) Grant-in-aid for pounds.

(*vii*) Grant-in-aid for ferries."

10. In form G. 5 (annual account form)—on the income side—the following amendments shall be made :—

(A) Under head—" A—General " the following new heads shall be inserted as nos. (*vi*) and (*vii*) after deleting head " (*iv*) Miscellaneous Fines " and converting the existing head nos. (*v*) and (*vi*) into (*iv*) and (*v*) :—

" (*vi*) Grant-in-aid for cattle pounds.

(*vii*) Grant-in-aid for ferries ".

(B) Under head " B—Tax and Licencing Department " the following head shall be deleted :—

" (*xvi*) Fines for breach of provisions of the Act or bye-laws *re.* licencing."

(C) Under head " D—Public Safety and Convenience " the following amendments shall be made :—

(*i*) The head " (*i*) Police " shall be deleted.

(*ii*) The figure ' (*ii*) " before " lighting " shall be substituted by (*i*).

(*iii*) sub-head—"(*iii*) Fire " shall be substituted by " (*ii*) Fire ".

(*iv*) The head " (*iv*) Pounds " shall be deleted.

(*v*) After converting existing head " (*v*) Miscellaneous " into " (*iii*) Miscellaneous " the following amendments shall be made under this head :—

(*a*) The figure " (*a*) " before head " Fees for the detention of stray dogs " and the head " (*b*) Fines for offences concerning buildings and streets " shall be deleted.

(*b*) The words " Total (*v*) Miscellaneous " shall be changed into " Total (*iii*) Miscellaneous."

(D) Under head " VI—Veterinary Department " the following head shall be deleted :—

" C—Fines under the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act. "

"D—Misc." shall be converted into "C—Misc."

(E) Under head "IX—Suspense Accounts" the following new heads shall be inserted ;—

(D) Cattle Pounds—

(*i*) Income from Cattle pounds.

(*ii*) Deduct refunds under section 17 of the Cattle Trespass Act, 1871.

Total—D—Cattle Pounds.

(E) Ferries."

11. In form G. 5—on the expenditure side—the following heads shall be inserted under head "9—Suspense Accounts" ;—

(D) Cattle Pounds.

(E) Ferries"

Committees.

The 20th August, 1940.

No. 3370-C.-40/34283.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Chunian**, in the Lahore district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 121 and 188 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Chunian** on the 6th day of October, 1940:—

BY-LAWS.

1. Licences under subsection (1) of section 121 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, for premises to be used for any of the purposes specified in the schedule below shall be issued by the Secretary of the Committee in Form A appended to these bylaws on the application of the owner or occupier of such premises and shall be granted on payment of such fees as may be prescribed from time to time with the approval of the Commissioner under section 121 (3) of the Act :—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	*Purpose for which premises are licensed.*
1.	Factory worked by Steam engine.
2.	Factory worked by Oil engine.
3.	A depot for trade in unslaked lime.
4.	A brick kiln.
5.	A lime kiln.

2. All applications for the renewal of licences shall be made before the 15th day of March every year provided that in the case of licences for factories worked by steam engines the application should be made before the end of October every year.

3. Every licence issued under bylaw 1 shall be subject to the following conditions :—

(*a*) that the licensee shall at all reasonable times and without notice permit any two members or President or any officer of the Committee authorized in this behalf to inspect the licensed premises ;

(*b*) that the licensee shall always keep the licence issued by the Secretary at the licensed premises, and shall, on demand, produce it for the inspection of any member, Secretary or officer of the Committee authorized under clause (*a*) of this bylaw ;

(*c*) that the licensee shall make adequate arrangements to the satisfaction of the President of the Committee for the extinction of any outbreak of fire ;

(*d*) that the licensee shall at all times keep the licensed premises in a clean and sanitary condition and shall provide adequate ventilation, suitable drains, latrines, urinals and other sanitary conveniences for the use of the workmen employed therein ;

(*e*) that the licensee shall not permit any work to be carried on at the licensed premises which gives rise to offensive noises between eight o'clock at night and six o'clock in the morning unless he has been specially authorized in this behalf ;

(*f*) that in the premises where oil engines are used, kerosine oil, petroleum and other inflammable materials shall be kept in a separate room which shall not be contiguous to the engine room ;

(g) that the licensee shall store in a suitable room or rooms which shall be used for no other purpose and shall be rat-proof, all grain or pulse received for milling by power supplied by oil engine, and all flour produced by milling, so long as it remains on his premises ;

(h) that the licensee shall adopt the best practicable means to the satisfaction of the Committee for rendering innocuous all gases, effluvia or vapours emitted by the engine during the process of working, and shall in every case cause such gases, effluvia or vapours to be discharged into the external air in such a manner and at such a height as to admit of the proper diffusion of these gases without producing any unwholesome or injurious effects in the neighbourhood or shall cause such gases to pass from the exhaust pipe (or other outlet of such gases) through fire or into a condensing apparatus and then through fire in such a manner as to consume effectually such gases so as to deprive the same of all noxious or injurious properties ;

(i) that in premises from where smoke arises through the use of coal in the furnace or any place in the engine house, the licensee shall use such apparatus that will, as far as practicable, consume the smoke arising from the engine or the furnace ;

Explanation.—For the purposes of this by-law, the decision of the Committee or some officer appointed by the Committee in this behalf as to whether the ventilation is adequate or the drains or the rooms are suitable or the means adopted for rendering gases, effluvia or vapours innocuous are the best practicable, shall be final.

4. For a breach of any of the conditions of his licence the licensee shall be liable to have his licence suspended or revoked by an order of the Committee.

Form A.

A LICENCE TO CARRY ON AN OFFENSIVE AND DANGEROUS TRADE IN THE MUNICIPALITY OF CHUNIAN.

N. B.—This licence is subject to the conditions specified in by-law 3 of the by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 3370-C-40/34283, dated the 20th August, 1940.

Serial No. of licence.	Name, parentage, caste and residence of the licensee.	A description of the premises licensed.	A specification of the trades mentioned in section 121 (1) of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, for which the licence is issued.	Endorsement of renewal of licence.
				Renewed on *Secretary, Municipal Committee, Chunian.*

The 21st August, 1940.

No. 3401-C.-40/34381.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Chak Jhumra**, in the Lyallpur district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 121 and 188 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Chak Jhumra** on the 6th day of October, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. Licences under subsection (1) of section 121 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, for premises to be used for any of the purposes mentioned in the said subsection shall be granted by the Municipal Committee on the application of the owner or occupier of the such premises and shall be issued by the Secretary of the Committee in Form 'A' appended to these by-laws on payment of such fees as the Committee may fix from time to time with the approval of the Commissioner and on the conditions detailed in by-law 3.

2. All applications for the renewal of licences shall be made before the 1st day of April each year.

3. Every licence issued under by-law 1 shall be subject to the following conditions :—

(a) that the licensee shall permit any member or officer of the Committee authorised in this behalf to inspect the licensed premises at all reasonable times and without notice ;

(b) that the licensee shall always keep the licence issued by the Secretary at the licensed premises, and shall, on demand, produce it for inspection by any member or officer of the Committee authorised under clause (a) of this by-law ;

(c) that the licensee shall make adequate arrangements to the satisfaction of the Committee for the extinction of any outbreak of fire ;

(*d*) that the licensee shall at all times keep the licensed premises in a clean and sanitary condition, and shall provide them with adequate ventilation, suitable drains, latrines, urinals and other sanitary conveniences for the use of the workmen employed therein ;

(*e*) that the licensee shall not permit any work to be carried on at the licensed premises which gives rise to offensive noises between 8 o'clock at night and 6 o'clock in the morning unless he has been specially authorised in this behalf ;

(*f*) that in premises where oil engines are used, kerosine oil, petroleum and other inflammable materials shall be kept in a separate room which shall not be contiguous to the engine-room ;

(*g*) that the licensee shall store in a suitable room or rooms, which shall be used for no other purpose and shall be rat proof, all grain or pulse received for milling by power supplied by the oil engine, and all flour produced by milling, so long as it remains on his premises ;

(*h*) that the licensee shall adopt the best practicable means to the satisfaction of the Committee for rendering innocuous all gases, effluvia or vapours emitted by the engine during the process of working, and shall in every case cause such gases, effluvia or vapours to be discharged into the external air in such a manner and at such a height as to admit of the proper diffusion of these gases without producing any unwholesome or injurious effects in the neighbourhood or shall cause such gases to pass from the exhaust pipe (or other outlet of such gases) through fire into a condensing apparatus and then through fire in such a manner as to consume effectually such gases so as to deprive the same of all noxious or injurious properties ;

(*i*) that in premises where smoke arises through the use of coal in the furnace or any other place in the engine house, the licensee shall use such apparatus that will, so far as practicable, consume the smoke arising from the engine or the furnace ;

Explanation.—For purposes of this by-law, the decision of the Committee or some officer appointed by the Committee in this behalf as to whether the ventilation is adequate or the drains or the rooms are suitable or the means adopted for rendering gases, effluvia or vapours innocuous, are the best practicable, shall be final.

4. Any licensee who commits a breach of the conditions of his licence shall be liable to have his licence suspended or revoked by an order of the Committee.

Form "A".

A LICENCE TO CARRY ON AN OFFENSIVE AND DANGEROUS TRADE IN THE MUNICIPALITY OF CHAK JHUMRA.

N. B.—The licence is subject to the conditions specified in by-law 3 of the by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 3401-C.-40/34381, dated the 21st August, 1940.

Serial No. of licence.	Name, parentage, caste and residence of the licensee.	A description of the premises licensed.	A specification of the trade mentioned in section 121 (1) of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, for which the licence is issued.	Endorsement of annual renewal of licence.
				Renewed on *Secretary, Municipal Committee of Chak Jhumra.*

No. 2060-C.-40/34398.—The following draft of an amendment, which the Governor of the Punjab proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, to the Municipal Account Code, 1930, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 25th October, 1940, together with any objection or suggestion which may be received by the Punjab Government from any person with respect to the draft before that date :—

DRAFT AMENDMENT.

In he fifth line of rule XIII·12 between the words "Engineer" and "provided" the following shall be inserted :—

"or where there is no Municipal Engineer by any person appointed by the Commissioner under rule 9 of the Municipal Works Rules."

No. 3368-C.-40/34402.—The followingamendments made by the Municipal Committee of **Dalhousie** in the Lahore district, of its byelaws published with Punjab Government notification No. 30953, dated the 26th September, 1932, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, are published for general information and shall come into force on the 7th day of October, 1940 :—

AMENDMENTS.

For existing byelaw 4, the following new by-law shall be *substituted*, namely :—

"4. (*i*) In granting or conveying sanction to the making of excavations, the removal of soil or the quarrying of stone or gravel the President or in his absence the Vice-President of the Committee may impose any condition and fix any time on behalf of the Committee within which the soil, stone or gravel shall be removed. He may also at the time of granting or conveying sanction or at any period subsequent thereto make any order which is conducive to public safety or is in the public interest :

Provided that all the orders passed by the President or in his absence by the Vice-President of the Committee under byelaw (*i*) above shall be subject to the approval of the Committee

(*ii*) The President or in his absence the Vice-President of the Committee may prescribe a printed form to be signed by applicants for the proper observance of the provisions of this byelaw."

No. 3391-C.-40/34417.—The following draft of an amendment to the Municipal Account Code, 1930, which the Governor of the Punjab proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 30th September, 1940, together with any objection or suggestion which may be received by Government from any person with respect to the draft before that date :—

DRAFT AMENDMENT.

The heading of the last column in forms O·15 and O·17 shall be changed from "Total" to "Total of octroi" and thereafter a new column headed "Grand total" shall be added to each of these forms.

Small Towns.

The 21st August, 1940.

No. 3094-L. G.—Bds.-40/34389.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 462-L. G.-40/9588, dated the 28th February, 1940, and in supersession of Punjab Government notification No. 29838, dated the 19th December, 1923, so far as it relates to the boundary of the Small Town of **Sillanwali**, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased, in pursuance of the provisions of subsections (1) and (5) of section 3 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, to fix the limits of the Small Town of **Sillanwali**, in the Shahpur district, as in the schedule hereto annexed :—

SCHEDULE.

North.—Commencing from the north-west corner of Khasra No. 68/43 and running in a straight line towards the east along the northern boundaries of squares Nos. 43, 42, 41, 40 and 39 of Chak No. 127-N. B. up to the north-east corner of Khasra No. 68/39,

East.—Thence running towards the south along the eastern boundaries of Khasra Nos. 68/39 and 68/48 up to the trijunction pillar of Chaks Nos. 126-N. B., 127-N. B., and Mandi Sillanwali ; thence towards the east along the northern boundaries of Khasra Nos. 61/54-A and 61/55-A, up to the north-east corner of the last named Khasra ; thence towards the south along the eastern boundaries of Khasra Nos. 61/55-A, 63/55-A, 63/55 and 61/55, killas 2, 9 and 12 of square No. 55 of Mandi Sillanwali, and Khasra Nos. 92/55 and 92/56 up to the south-east corner of the last named Khasra number.

South.—Thence running towards the west along the southern boundaries of Khasra Nos. 92/56 and 92/57 up to the south-west corner of the last named Khasra ; thence running towards the north in a straight line up to the trijunction pillar of Chaks Nos. 138-S. B., 127-N. B., and Mandi Sillanwali ; thence towards the south-west along the southern boundaries of Khasra Nos. 73/58, 73/57, 73/59, 73/60, 73/65, 73/64 and 73/66 up to the trijunction pillar of Chaks Nos. 138-S. B., 140 S. B. and 127-N. B. ; thence towards the west along the southern boundary of Khasra No. 73/67 up to the trijunction pillar of Chaks Nos. 140-S. B., 127-N. B. and 130-N. B.

West.—Thence towards the north running in a straight line along the western boundaries of Khasra Nos. 68/67, 68/63, 68/62, 68/54, 68/53, 68/44 and 68/43 up to the point of start.

Notified Areas.

The 21st August, 1940.

No. 3473-L. G.—Bds.-40/34360.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*f*) of subsection (*1*) of section 242 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to extend section 50 of the said Act to the Notified Area of **Bhuchu Mandi**, in the Ferozepore district and to declare that the provisions of the said section shall come into force from the date of publication of this notification.

Medical.

The 21st August, 1940.

No. 3806-M.-40/34384.—The following by-laws made by the Notified Area Committee, **Kaithal Mandi**, district Karnal, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 17 of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information and shall come into force within the limits of the Notified Area, **Kaithal Mandi**, six weeks after the date of the publication of this notification :—

BY-LAWS.

1. No person whose name has not been registered in accordance with the provisions of section 14 of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932, shall practise as nurse, health visitor, midwife, nurse dai, trained dai, or dai within the area subject to the authority of the Notified Area Committee, Kaithal Mandi.

2. Any person practising in contravention of by-law 1 or any person committing or abetting the commitment of a breach of by-law 1 shall be liable, on conviction by a magistrate of the 1st class, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 for the first offence or to a fine not exceeding Rs. 250 for a second or a subsequent offence.

RAM CHANDRA,

Secretary to Government, Punjab,

Medical and Local Government Departments.

Committees.

The 12th August, 1940.

No. 7414.—It is notified that in pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 50 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, I hereby make an order surcharging the following members of the Municipal Committee, Khanna, District Ludhiana, to the extent mentioned against their names, on account of the loss sustained by the said Committee in connection with the payment of a grant-in-aid to the Dr. Naurata Ram Reading Room at Khanna, in pursuance of its resolution No. 11, dated the 18th July, 1939 :—

			Rs.	A.	P.
1.	Pandit Shiv Ram	..	7	2	3
2.	Lala Milkhi Ram	..	7	2	3
3.	Lala Ramji Dass	..	7	2	3
4.	Lala Pyare Lal	..	7	2	3
5.	M. Abdul Ghafur	..	7	2	3
6.	Pandit Amar Nath	..	7	2	3
7.	Dr. Najam-ud-Din	..	7	2	3

The Examiner, Local Fund Accounts, Punjab, had reported that the loss of Rs. 50 was a direct consequence of the neglect on the part of the members mentioned above, in the performance of their duties, while members of the said Committee.

H. A. MAJID,

Deputy Commissioner, Ludhiana.

774 CS—1158—22-8-40—SGPP Lahore.

Registered No. L. 864.

The Government Gazette, Punjab.

Published by Authority.

No. 35. LAHORE, FRIDAY, AUGUST 30, 1940.

PART I—A.

Punjab Government Notifications and Orders.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Boards.

The 22nd August, 1940.

No. 2329-L. G.-40/34579.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 2329-L. G.-40/26010, dated the 15th June, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendment to the Municipal Account Code, 1930 (revised edition) :—

AMENDMENT.

1. In form P. F. I. between columns 5 and 6 the following new column shall be *inserted* :—

" 5-A.—Actual monthly balance in hand. "

2. In sub-rules (1) and (4) of rule XVI·9 *for* the word and figure " column 6 " the word, figure and letter " column 5-A " shall be *substituted*.

3. In sub-rules (1) and (2, of rule XVI·10 the word and figure " column 6 " shall be replaced by the word, figure and letter " column 5-A".

No. 2213-L. G.-40/34582.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 2213-L. G.-40/25590, dated the 11th June, 1940, and under the provisions of section 55 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following rules for the District Board, **Sialkot** :—

RULES.

1. Rules 43—56 of the District Board Account Code, 1926, shall not apply to the annual repairs of the District Board school buildings the estimated cost of repairs of which does not exceed Rs. 50 in each case.

2. A lump sum which shall be determined by the Engineering Department after inspection of the building concerned shall be specified from time to time by a resolution of the Board and provided for the annual repairs of each such building. It shall be paid as soon as possible after the first meeting of the Board in the month of October, as an advance to the Head Masters concerned to carry out the repairs under the supervision of the member Halqa along with a respectable person of the village concerned as proposed by the local member.

3. The persons entrusted with the work of repairs of the school buildings referred to in rule 1 above shall be responsible to get the work completed by the end of December each year.

4. Such person shall as soon as possible after January 1, submit to the Board's Office, together with a certificate that the work has been completed to his satisfaction, the actual payees' receipts for the money spent and return the unspent balance, if any.

5. The District Inspecting Staff shall put down remarks in the school log book whether the repairs have been done satisfactorily or not at the time of their visits to the school.

The 23rd August, 1940.

No. 3442-L. G.-40/34708.—The following amendment, made by the District Board of **Gujrat**, to its rules of business, published with Punjab Government notification No. 35142, dated the 7th November, 1932, is published for general information, and shall come into force with immediate effect :—

AMENDMENT.

For the word " Board ", at the end of rule 6·6, the word " Commissioner " shall be substituted.

The 26th August, 1940.

No. 3345-L. G.-40/34928.—In the matter of the election petition of Masta Jat, against the return of Ramji Lal as a member of the District Board of **Karnal**, the Governor of the Punjab, in pursuance of the provisions of rules 73 and 75 of the District Board Election Rules, 1933, is pleased to declare that the respondent Ramji Lal was duly elected as a member of the District Board of **Karnal** and to order that the petitioner, Masta Jat, shall pay to the respondent, Ramji Lal, the sum of rupees 51-8-0 as costs.

The 28th August, 1940.

No. 3179-L. G.-40/35215.—In the matter of the election petition of Chaudhri Har Chand against the return of Chaudhri Khiali, as a member of the District Board of **Hissar**, the Governor of the Punjab, in pursuance of the provisions of rules 73, 74 and 75 of the District Board Election Rules, 1933, is pleased (*i*) to declare the election of Chaudhri Khiali to be void ; (*ii*) to order that the said Chaudhri Khiali shall, for a period of five years, be incapable of being elected or nominated to membership or to any office whether honorary or paid of any District Board ; and (*iii*) to order that the respondent Chaudhri Khiali shall pay to the petitioner Chaudhri Har Chand the sum of rupees one hundred and forty-four. and annas eight only as costs.

No. 3179-L. G.-40/35216.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 14-A, of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to direct that the seat of Chaudhri Khiali as a member of the District Board of **Hissar**, shall forthwith be vacated in consequence of his election having been declared *void*.

No. 3428-C.-40/35218.—The following regulations made by the District Board, **Gujrat**, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 56 and 57 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by subsection (2) of section 56 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Gujrat**, on the 15th day of October, 1940 :—

REGULATIONS.

1. In these regulations—

(*a*) " cattle " includes elephants, camels, buffaloes, horses, mares, geldings, ponies, colts, bullocks, fillies, mules, asses, pigs, rams, ewes, sheep, lambs, goats and kids ;

(b) "important road" means the road specified in the schedule appended to these regulations ;

(c) "night time" means half an hour after sunset to half an hour before sunrise ;

(d) "vehicle" means a vehicle other than a motor vehicle.

2. No vehicle shall be driven along an important road at night unless it is equipped with lights in the following manner :—

(a) in the case of a bicycle or a tricycle, one light in front and a red reflector at the back ;

(b) in the case of country carts, one light so placed as to be visible both from the front and the back ;

(c) in the case of any other vehicle two lights visible both from the front and the back, and in case the front lights are not visible from behind, a third light at the back.

3. No cattle shall be driven along an important road at night unless the person driving them carries a light and, if the number of cattle exceeds ten, unless they are accompanied by persons bearing lights in front of and behind the cattle.

4. Any person driving a vehicle or cattle in contravention of these regulations, if not liable to punishment under any other regulations, shall, on conviction by a magistrate be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees.

SCHEDULE.

The Grand Trunk Road.

Committees.

The 22nd August, 1940.

No. 3528-L. G.—Bds.-40/34571.—Whereas it appears to the Governor of the Punjab that with reference to notification No. 2364-L. G.—Bds.-40/25104, dated the 7th June, 1940, land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Municipal Committee of **Jullundur**, for a public purpose, namely, for the construction of a terminal-tax post in Basti Sheikh, Jullundur district, it is hereby notified that the land described in the specification below is required for the said purpose.

2. This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, to all whom it may concern and, under section 7 of the said Act, the Collector of the Jullundur district is hereby authorised to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

3. A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the said Collector :—

SPECIFICATION OF LAND.

District.—Jullundur. | *Mauza.*—Basti Sheikh Darwesh.

Tahsil.—Jullundur. | *Area in acres.*—·0061.

Boundaries.—North.—Katcha road leading to Basti Danishmandan. *East and South.*—Cultivated land of Khan Sher Din Khan (Khasra No. 233). *West.*—Katcha passage (15 feet wide).

The 23rd August, 1940.

No. 3443-C.-40/34706.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Ferozepore**, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Ferozepore**, on the 14th day of October, 1940, from which date Punjab Government notification No. 27712, dated 24th November, 1923, shall be deemed to be cancelled :—

BYE-LAWS.

1. The Municipal Committee shall establish one or more registration offices for the registration of births and deaths within the limits of the Municipality, and may, by public notice, prescribe the office at which the reports of births and deaths occurring in specified portions of the Municipality are to be made in accordance with these by-laws. The officer in charge of any such registration office shall be termed Municipal Registrar.

2. Every report of a birth required to be made under these by-laws shall contain the following particulars which shall be entered in a register to be kept for the purpose by the Municipal Registrar, that is to say :—

(a) the date of the birth ;
(b) the sex of the child ;
(c) the name of the father and of the grandfather ;
(d) the residence of the father ;
(e) the occupation, caste and religion of the father ;
(f) the name of the person making the report and the date of his report ;
(g) the name of the child :

provided that—

(i) in the case of an illegitimate child, the Municipal Registrar shall not enter in the register the name of any person as father of the child save at the joint request of the mother and of the person acknowledging himself to be the father. If any entry of the father's name has been made in accordance with such a joint request, the entry shall be countersigned by the person acknowledging himself to be the father. If no such joint request is made, the name, residence and caste of the mother shall be entered in place of the name, residence and caste of the father. In all such cases a note shall be made in the register to the effect that the child is illegitimate ;

(ii) if the name of the child is not known when the report is made, the person reporting the birth or, if he is dead, the father of the child, or if the father is dead or the child illegitimate, the mother of the child or, if both the father and the mother of the child are dead, the person in whose keeping the child is, shall, within 3 months of the birth, report the name of the child to the Municipal Registrar.

3. The Municipal Registrar entering in the register prescribed in by-law 2 the particulars required by that by-law shall enquire from the person reporting the birth the name of the midwife (dai), if any, who attended the mother at the time of the birth, and if the name is given, shall enter it in the register.

4. (1) Every report of the occurrence of a death required to be made under these by-laws shall contain the following particulars which shall be entered in a register to be kept for the purpose by the Municipal Registrar, that is to say :—

(a) the date of the death ;
(b) the name of the deceased ;
(c) the name of the father, or if the deceased was a married woman, of the husband of the deceased ;
(d) the sex of the deceased ;
(e) the age of the deceased ;
(f) the occupation, caste and religion of the deceased ;
(g) the residence of the deceased ;
(h) the cause of the death ;
(i) the name of the person making the report and the date of his report.

(2) In the case of the death of a European, the person reporting the death shall also, if possible, furnish the certificate of a medical practitioner showing the cause of death.

(3) When a child under one year of age dies the registers of births and deaths should be cross-referenced, the serial number of the former being entered in the latter and *vice versa*.

5. Any person reporting a birth or death may attest by his signature or thumb-impression the entry relating to such birth or death made in the register by the Municipal Registrar.

6. Every report of a birth or death required by these by-laws may be made verbally or in writing.

7. The officer-in-charge of a jail, lock-up, workhouse, lunatic asylum, Government or Municipal hospital, college or school or any other Government or Municipal institution, shall report to the Municipal Registrar, the occurrence of any birth or death within the institution of which he is in charge not later than 4 days from the date of such occurrence.

8. Every person in charge of a private hospital, orphanage, *sarai*, *dharamsala*, hotel, lodging house or other such institution, shall report to the Municipal Registrar the occurrence of any birth or death within the institution of which he is in charge not later than 4 days from the date of such occurrence.

9. In the case of a birth or death not governed by by-law 7 or 8 a report of its occurrence shall be made within 4 days to the Municipal Registrar by the head of the

household in which such birth or death has occurred or by any adult member or servant of such household.

10. In the case of a birth of which, for any reason, a report cannot be furnished by the head of a household or any adult member or servant of a household, the mid-wife, or *dai* attending at such birth shall within 4 days, report the occurrence of such birth to the Municipal Registrar.

11. Every medical practitioner, who has been in attendance during the last illness of any person dying within the municipal limits shall report the death of such person within 4 days of the date of death to the Municipal Registrar, provided that if such person has died of any disease which is defined as an infectious desease, or has been notified as an infectious disease by the Provincial Government under clause (7) of section 3 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, such medical practitioner shall report such death immediately.

12. Every customary or other sweeper shall report the occurrence of every birth and death which occurs within the premises in which he works within 4 days of such occurrence to the Sanitary Inspector of the ward in which such premises are situated provided that no such report need be made by any sweeper working in any Government or municipal institution in respect of births or deaths occurring in such institutions.

13. Every person finding a living new-born child exposed, and every person in whose charge such child may be placed, shall, within 8 days of the finding of such child, report the fact to the Municipal Registrar, and shall, at the same time to the best of his ability, furnish the particulars specified in by-law 2.

14. If a dead body is found exposed, the officer-in-charge of the police station within whose jurisdiction such body is found shall, within 8 days of the finding of such body, report the fact to the Municipal Registrar, and shall, at the same time, to the best of his ability, furnish the particulars specified in by-law 4, together, if possible, with a certificate of the Civil Surgeon showing the cause of death.

15. Every person reporting a birth or death under these by-laws shall be given free of charge, a copy of the entry made by the Municipal Registrar in respect of such birth or death.

16. Any person may inspect a register of births or deaths on payment of a fee of one rupee, and shall be entitled to receive a certified copy of any entry in a birth o. death register on payment of a fee of one rupee, provided that in cases where insufficient or incorrect information is supplied by an applicant a further fee of 4 annas may be charged in respect of every year for which the register has to be searched, and a deposit sufficient to cover charges likely to be incurred under this proviso may be demanded before search is made. Any balance shall be refunded and if the entry in question cannot be found, the deposit shall be refunded in full less eight annas.

17. (1) Any clerical error which may at any time be discovered in any register of births or deaths may be corrected in red ink, by the President of the Municipal Committee, or by the Municipal Registrar.

(2) Any error of fact or substance in any register of births or deaths may be corrected in red ink by the President of the Municipal Committee :—

Provided that :—

(*a*) the Municipal Committee, may, with the previous sanction of the Commissioner, assign the duty of making such corrections to some other officer, and

(*b*) if any application is made for a correction in a birth or death register, the officer making such correction shall first satisfy himself that the correction to be made is a genuine one.

(3) Any corrections made shall be signed in full by the correcting officer.

18. No person shall wilfully destroy or injure or cause to be destroyed or injured any register of births or deaths or shall wilfully insert or cause to be inserted in any such register or certified copy thereof any false entry with regard to any birth or death, and no Municipal Registrar shall without reasonable cause, refuse or omit to enter in a register of births or deaths any birth or death which has been duly reported to him.

19. Any person who commits a breach of by-laws 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 or 18, shall, on c nviction by a magistrate, be punishable with a fine which may extend to fifty rupees.

The 26th August, 1940.

No. 3208-L. G. Bds. 40/34931.—In exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (5) of section 3 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, and

subsection (1) of section 4 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab proposes :—

(1) to cancel notification No. 29841, dated 19th December, 1923, relating to the constitution of the Small Town of **Bhalwal**, in the Shahpur district; and

(2) to declare the area at present included within the limits of the small town of **Bhalwal**, to be a Municipality of the second class.

2. Should any inhabitant of the said local area desire to object to the proposal, he may, within six weeks from the date of the publication of this notification, submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the said district to the Punjab Government.

The 28th August, 1940.

No. 3446-C.-40/35194.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to approve under subsection (1) of section 20 of the said Act, the re-election of Major Ashiq Husain, Qureshi, M.B.E., M.L.A., as President of the Municipal Committee of **Multan**.

No. 3527-C.-40/35222.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Ambala Cantonment Sadar Bazar** in the Ambala district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188, 197 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Ambala Cantonment Sadar Bazar**, on the 16th day of October, 1940, from which date Punjab Government notification No. 11969, dated the 27th March, 1935, shall be deemed to be cancelled :—

BY-LAWS.

1. For the purpose of these by-laws " bakery " means any building or portion of a building in which the baking for sale of bread, biscuits, cakes, pastry or other such food or any operation subsidiary or preparatory to such baking is carried on.

2. No place shall be used as a bakery—

(a) unless it has a floor made of stone, cement or other impervious materials ;

(b) unless it is provided with suitable drains and the whole floor is so sloped to allow all liquid to flow off by the drains provided ;

(c) unless the walls are properly plastered and lime-washed ;

(d) unless it is provided with adequate light and ventilation to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health ;

(e) unless all doors, windows and ventilation openings are covered with wire gauze ;

(f) if any privy, ash-pit or drain, except a drain to carry the liquid from the floor is situated within, or communicates with the bakery premises ;

(g) if it is in direct communication with any living or sleeping room ; and

(h) if there is any latrine, cess-pool, cow-shed, stable or other place in the vicinity of the place which, in the opinion of the Medical Officer of Health, renders its use as a bakery undesirable.

3. (a) No owner or person in charge of a bakery shall employ or permit to be employed in the bakery any person suffering from any contagious or infectious disease or from loathsome sores or who has recently been attending on any person so suffering nor shall he suffer any such person to enter or remain in the bakery.

(b) Every owner or person in charge of a bakery when residing with his family shall report in writing to the Medical Officer of Health, forthwith, the occurrence of any infectious diseases in his household or family or among his employees or their families and shall abide by all such directions as the said officer may see fit to issue.

(c) No animal shall be allowed to enter or remain in the bakery.

4. Every person in charge of a bakery shall—

(a) keep all vessels, receptacles, untensils and other things used for the purpose of the bakery in a state of thorough cleanliness and shall daily cause to be thoroughly washed and cleaned the floor and drains of the bakery and every bench, counter, table, shelf or other place in the bakery on which any product of the bakery or any material used in the manufacture of such product is kept ; and

(b) use wholesome materials to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health in the preparation of bread, biscuits, cakes, pastry or other such food and such bread, biscuits, cakes, pastry or food shall at all times be kept in clean fly-proof receptacles and when transported for sale shall be conveyed in clean containers covered with a clean cloth or enclosed in fly-proof receptacles.

5. No owner or person in charge of a bakery shall carry on or permit to be carried on in the bakery any other trade or occupation except baking or the operations preparatory or subsidiary thereto :

Provided that in the case of a hotel, restaurant or confectioner's shop a bakery may be used also for the preparation of any kind of food or drink, subject to the provisions of any other by-laws which may be in force regulating the manufacture or preparation for sale of any specified article of food or drink.

6. No person in charge of a bakery shall keep or suffer to be kept in the bakery, any bedding, soiled clothes or other things not required for the purpose of the bakery or for any other purpose for which under by-law 5 of the bakery may be used.

7. No person shall dwell, sleep, spit or smoke in a bakery.

8. No person in charge of a bakery shall use or permit to be used in the bakery any water except water obtained from the municipal water-supply laid in direct pipe connection to the bakery, unless special permission is given by the Medical Officer of Health for the use of other water.

9. Every owner or person in charge of a bakery shall cause all the inside walls of his bakery to be lime-washed at least twice a year and more often if so required by the Medical Officer of Health.

10. Every owner or person in charge of a bakery shall permit any member or any officer of the Committee authorised in this behalf, to inspect the bakery at all reasonable times.

11. Any person who commits a breach of by-laws 2 to 10 of these by-laws shall on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees and if the breach is a continuing breach with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

No. 3513-C.-40/35225.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Multan**, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Multan**, on the 15th day of October, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

DEFINITIONS.

For the purposes of these by-laws, the :—

1. (i) "*Name-board*" means a board or anything else used for the purpose of exhibiting the name of a firm or business or individual.

(ii) "*Notice-board*" means any board or anything else used for exhibiting any advertisement or bill.

(iii) "*Sky sign*" means any name-board or notice.board erected on a building and projecting above the top of the wall to which it is affixed.

(iv) "*Buildings*" means a building as defined in section 3 (2) of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911.

Part I.—Municipal Notice-Boards.

Municipal Notice-Boards.

2. No person shall post or cause to be posted, any bill, or advertisement, in any public place within Municipal limits, or on municipal land or on Government land controlled by the Committee except on notice-boards provided for the purpose by the Committee:

Provided that the Executive Officer may sanction the erection by a person of one or more notice-boards at places within the aforesaid limits for the purpose of the posting bills or advertisements as hereinafter provided.

3. (1) Any person desiring to have a bill, or advertisement displayed on municipal notice-boards shall furnish to the Executive Officer as many copies of such bill or advertisement as he may desire to have posted and the Executive Officer shall :—

(a) if he approves the bill, or advertisement, cause the same to be posted on the municipal notice-boards by a municipal employee provided that not more than one copy of each bill or advertisement shall be posted on any one notice-board ;

(b) if he does not approve the bill, or advertisement, direct that the same be returned to the applicant.

(2) The Deputy Commissioner may at any time, for reasons to be recorded in writing, direct the Executive Officer to remove a bill or advertisement affixed under his orders, if in the opinion of the Deputy Commissioner such bill or advertisement is indecent or offensive to good taste.

4. No bill or poster submitted under by-law 3 shall exceed three feet by two feet

5. On approval by the Executive Officer of a bill or advertisement under by-law 3 (1) (a) the applicant shall pay to the Committee a sum of two annas per square foot of bill, or advertisement per notice-board for an exposure of fifteen days; provided that Government and municipal notices shall be posted free of all cost, and that the Executive Officer may at his discretion allow the posting free of cost, of notices which are of a purely charitable nature or one to be posted in the public interests and not for private or commercial purpose.

6. All bills and advertisements posted on municipal notice-boards under by-law 3 (1) (a) shall be liable to removal under the orders of the Executive Officer after they have been on the notice-boards for a period of fifteen days.

7. No person shall tamper with or in any way alter or damage any bill or advertisement posted on a municipal board.

Part II.—Notice-boards and name-boards on municipal lands.

Private notice-boards and name-boards on municipal land.

8. Any person who wishes to erect a private notice-board or name-board in any public street or on municipal land or on Government land controlled by the Committee shall obtain the previous sanction of the Executive Officer to such erection and shall submit with his application for such sanction a plan showing the size, design and method of erection of the notice-board which he proposes to erect and the site on which he proposes to erect it.

9. On receipt of written sanction for the erection of such private notice-board or name-board and prior to its erection the owner shall pay to the Committee rent at the rate of one rupee per mensem for every 15 square feet or portion thereof of the area of the board.

10. The owner of a private notice-board erected under by-law 9 may post on such notice-board only such bills, or advertisements as are connected with his own business or calling:

Provided that the Executive Officer may at any time cause to be removed or obliterated, any such bill, or advertisement on a private notice-board as is, in his opinion, indecently worded or in any other way calculated to offend against good taste, and may cause the notice-board itself to be removed if in his opinion it is not being maintained in a satisfactory state of repair.

Part III.—Notice-boards and name-boards on privately owned property.

Name-boards and notice-boards on buildings.

11. Name-boards and notice-boards affixed to the face of buildings shall comply with the following conditions:—

(i) the total area of any one name-board shall not exceed one hundred square feet;

(ii) the area of any one notice-board shall not exceed twenty square feet:

Provided that where the contents of two or more name-boards or notice-boards are in sequence and not self-contained they shall be regarded as one unit for the purpose of measurement restriction;

(iii) no name-board, notice-board, bill or advertisement, except those indicating the name and trade, profession or calling of the occupier, shall be affixed to a building:

Provided that name-boards of persons, other than the occupiers of a building, necessary for directing the public to premises inside streets may be affixed to any building with the permission of the owner of such building;

(iv) no name-boards or notice-boards affixed to a building shall be allowed to project from the wall more than eighteen inches:

Provided that projecting illuminated night-signs of doctors and chemists not conforming with these by-laws may be sanctioned by the Executive Officer after his written approval of the design proposed and on payment of such rent as may be fixed by the Committee, with the concurrence of the Deputy Commissioner;

(*v*) name-boards or notice-boards or advertisement of any kind hanging on support across roads, streets or municipal land or Government land under the control of the Committee or posted or fixed to trees or street surfaces are prohibited ;

(*vi*) one name-board only shall be allowed for each business firm ;

Provided that where there is more than one public entrance to the premises of the firm concerned one additional name-board not larger than the size described at clause (*i*) of this by-law shall be allowed for each such entrance ; and

(*vii*) sky-signs of any description are prohibited :

Provided that this does not preclude the erection of flag staffs and flying of flags.

Notice-boards in private land.

12. Name-boards or notice-boards on private land which are fixed to supports in the ground or attached to compound walls, hedges, gates or gate posts are prohibited :

Provided that any person conducting his business on land which has a frontage on a street, but which contains no building on which a name-board visible from the street could be affixed, may erect on such land one name-board not exceeding six square feet in size :

Provided further that private name-boards on gate piers or at gate-entrances of private houses shall be permitted up to a maximum size of one square foot no one side to measure more than eighteen inches.

Notices on railings.

13. Where there are railings round verandahs or balconies on upper storeys one name-board or notice-board only may be affixed thereto for each separate business and no such name-board or notice-board shall exceed six square feet in area.

Cinema Posters.

14. Notwithstanding anything in these by-laws cinematograph proprietors duly licensed under the Cinematograph Act, 1918, may erect on their own land such notice-boards as may be approved by the authority competent to license cinematographs :

Provided that the Executive Officer can require a cinematograph proprietor to remove any notice or advertisement which is in his opinion indecent or offensive to good taste.

Notice to defaulter.

15. The Committee shall issue a notice to any person putting up a name-board, notice-board or sign-board, not conforming with these by-laws either to remove it or to make it conform with these by-laws within one month of the date on which the notice is personally served on the defaulter or a copy of it is posted on the name-board, notice-board, sign-board, sign-post or sky-sig nobjected to. If the direction contained in the notice is not complied with, the Executive Officer shall have the name-board, etc., removed and confiscated.

Penalties.

16. Any person who commits a breach or an abetment of a breach of any of these by-laws after a notice has been issued to him twice under the preceding by-law shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees and if the breach is a continuing one with a further fine which may amount to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

Medical.

The 27th August, 1940.

No. 3922-M.-40/35079.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Ludhiana** in the Ludhiana district, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 17 of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information and shall come into force within the limits of the Municipality of **Ludhiana**, six weeks after the date of the publication of this notification :—

BY-LAWS.

1. No person whose name has not been registered in accordance with the provisions of section 14 of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932, shall practise as nurse, health visitor, midwife, nurse dai, trained dai, or dai, within the area subject to the authority of the Municipal Committee, Ludhiana.

2. Any person practising in contravention of by-law 1 or any person committing or abetting the commitment of a breach of by law 1 shall be liable on conviction by a Magistrate of the first class, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 for the first offence or to a fine not exceeding Rs. 250 for a second or subsequent offence.

RAM CHANDRA,
Secretary to Government, Punjab,
Medical and Local Government Departments.

813 CS—1158—29 8-40—SGPP Lahore.

Registered No. L. 864

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PART I—A.

Punjab Government Notifications and Orders.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Boards.

The 29th August, 1940.

No. 3599-C.-40/35346.—The following regulations made by the District Board, **Rawalpindi**, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 56 and 57 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, and in pursuance of Punjab Government notifications Nos. 5691-C.-39/3652, and 5691-C.-39/3653, dated 24th January, 1940, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by sub section (2) of section 56 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Rawalpindi**, on the 15th day of October, 1940:—

REGULATIONS.

1. In these regulations—

(*a*) "cattle" includes elephants, camels, buffaloes, horses, mares, geldings ponies, colts, bullocks, fillies, mules, asses, pigs, rams, ewes, sheep, lambs, goats and kids;

(*b*) "important road" means the road specified in the schedule appended to these regulations;

(*c*) "night time" means half an hour after sunset to half an hour before sunrise;

(*d*) "vehicle" means a vehicle other than a motor vehicle.

2. No vehicle shall be driven along an important road at night unless it is equipped with lights in the following manner:—

(*a*) in the case of a bicycle or a tricycle, one light in front and a red reflector at the back;

(b) in the case of country carts, one light so placed as to be visible both from the front and the back ;

(c) in the case of any other vehicle two lights visible both from the front and the back, and in case the front lights are not visible from behind, a third light at the back.

3. No cattle shall be driven along an important road at night unless the person driving them carries a light and, if the number of cattle exceeds ten, unless they are accompanied by persons bearing lights in front of and behind the cattle.

4. Any person driving a vehicle or cattle in contravention of these regulations, if not liable to punishment under any other regulations, shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees.

SCHEDULE.

The Grand Trunk Road.

No. 3483-C.-40/35348.—The following regulations made by the District Board of **Hoshiarpur,** in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 56 and 57 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 56 (2) of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Hoshiarpur,** on the 15th day of October, 1940, from which date Punjab Government notification No. 19910, dated the 20th June, 1930, shall be deemed to be cancelled :—

REGULATIONS.

1. In these regulations unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context :—

(a) "Board" shall mean the District Board of Hoshiarpur.

(b) "Medical Officer of Health" shall mean the District Medical Officer of Health of the Hoshiarpur District.

(c) "Officer-in-charge of the fair" means the officer appointed by the Board to be in charge of the fair.

(d) "Sanitary Inspector" shall mean the Sanitary Inspector deputed by the Medical Officer of Health.

(e) "Sub-Assistant Health Officer" shall mean the Sub-Assistant Health Officer deputed by the Medical Officer of Health.

2. These regulations shall apply to the following fairs :—

1. Hola (Kiratpur and Anandpur).
2. Ashtami Chet and Sawan (Chinpurni).
3. Jhangi Baba Mahi Shah (Muradpur).
4. Shah Nur Jamal (Saleran).

3. No person shall enter or leave the fair ground save by a route specified for the purpose by the officer-in-charge of the fair.

4. If the Board has erected any barrier across a road no person shall without permission of an authorised official pass such barrier.

5. The officer-in-charge of the fair may prohibit the entrance into the fair ground of any person suffering from a loathsome, infectious or contagious disease or any person who has been in contact with any such person and may expel any person so suffering or having been in contact from the fair ground.

6. (1) Where the officer-in-charge of the fair has fixed a place or places for parking of vehicles, no person shall park any vehicle at any place in the fair ground other than the place or places so fixed.

(2) No person shall stable or keep animals at places other than those set apart for the purpose.

7. No person shall set up in the fair ground any theatre or cinema, merry-go-round or any other show for public amusement, save at places and on conditions to be fixed by the Board.

8. No person shall set up any game of chance at any place in the fair ground.

9. The Medical Officer of Health may—

(i) fix places at which, and lay down conditions under which, cremation or burial of dead bodies, human or animal, shall take place ;

(ii) destroy or cause to be destroyed, or confine, or cause to be confined for such period as he may direct any dog suffering, or reasonably suspected to be suffering from rabies or bitten by any dog, or any other animal suffering or suspected to be suffering from rabies.

10. No person knowing or having reasons to believe that any dog belonging to him or in his charge is likely to annoy or intimidate any person or animal or has been bitten by an animal suffering, or reasonably suspected to be suffering from rabies shall neglect to restrain such dog from annoying, intimidating or biting other persons or animals.

Accommodation.

11. No person attending the fair shall encamp anywhere on the fair ground except on places set apart by the Board for the purpose.

12. No person shall use any building or site for the lodging of visitors on the fair ground except under a licence granted by the Medical Officer of Health. Every such licence shall be issued on the following conditions :—

(*i*) that such building or site complies with such conditions regarding ventilation, cleanliness, water supply, conservancy and drainage as the Medical Officer of Health may lay down ;

(*ii*) that such building or site shall accommodate not more than the number of persons of either sex stated in the licence ;

(*iii*) that the licence shall be liable to cancellation at any time by the Medical Officer of Health for a breach of any of these conditions.

13. The licensee of any such house shall supply to each person staying in it a cardboard ticket bearing the name of the visitor and the accommodation assigned to that individual.

14. All fires in thatched houses or *jhugis* shall be extinguished by 10 p.m.

15. Each licensee shall provide such number of buckets filled with water or sand as may be prescribed by the Medical Officer of Health for use in case of fire.

Water Supply.

16. No person shall take water within the fair ground from any source other than that approved by the Medical Officer of Health who may close or direct the closure of any source of water supply, public or private, temporarily if the same be in his opinion polluted or otherwise unfit for use.

17. The Medical Officer of Health may at his discretion disinfect or treat any well, tank or other source of water supply.

18. No drinking booth shall be allowed on the fair ground except under a licence granted by the Medical Officer of Health.

Food Supply.

19. No person shall sell, store, prepare or expose for sale any article of food or drink at any place in the fair ground except under a licence granted by the Medical Officer of Health and subject to the conditions specified on the licence form:

Provided that no person shall sell meet, fish or eggs at any place on the fair ground in case of the Chintpurni fair only.

20. Every licence granted under regulation No. 19 shall be issued subject to the following conditions :—

(*i*) that any place used for the preparation, sale or exposure for sale or free supply of any article of food or drink shall be well lighted and ventilated and shall be kept clean at all times to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health ;

(*ii*) that water used in the preparation of articles of food or drink or for the washing of vessels used in such preparation shall be derived from a source approved by the Medical Officer of Health and be stored in clean and properly covered containers ;

(*iii*) that all vessels used in the preparation, storage or distribution of food or drink shall be kept clean ;

(*iv*) that only wholesome and unadulterated articles of food or drink shall be sold ;

(*v*) that all refuse (from whatever source) shall be deposited in suitable covered containers ;

(*vi*) that the Medical Officer of Health or any person not below the rank of a Sanitary Inspector or Sub-Assistant Health Officer authorised by him in this behalf may enter the licensed premises to inspect the same and any articles of food and drink ;

(*vii*) that the Medical Officer of Health or any officer not below the rank of a Sanitary Inspector or Sub-Assistant Health Officer specially authorised by him in this behalf may seize and destroy or otherwise dispose of any article of food or drink which in his opinion is unfit for human consumption ;

(*viii*) that no person who is suffering from any infectious, loathsome or contagious disease shall touch, or take part in the preparation or distribution of, any article of food or drink ;

(*ix*) that the licensee or his agent or servant shall immediately inform the office of the Medical Officer of Health at the fair of any case of illness among the persons connected with the licensed premises ;

(*x*) that the licensed premises shall not be used for sleeping purposes ;

(*xi*) that nothing shall be stored in any licensed premises except the articles necessary for the preparation, storage and distribution of food and drink;

(*xii*) that no dog or other animal shall be allowed in any licensed premises ;

(*xiii*) that all articles of food and drink shall be carefully protected from flies and dust ; and

(*xiv*) that the licensee shall comply with any other instructions issued by the Medical Officer of Health in this behalf.

21. The Medical Officer of Health may prohibit the import into the fair ground of any article of food or drink which he considers is likely to promote illness.

22. (1) No person shall manufacture aerated waters for sale in any premises on the fair ground except under a licence granted by the Medical Officer of Health.

(2) Every licence granted under this regulation shall be subject to the following conditions :—

(*i*) that the water used in the manufacture of aerated waters be derived from a source approved by the Medical Officer of Health and be carried in clean covered vessels and stored in a clean cistern with a tap ;

(*ii*) that empty bottles be first cleaned by scrubbing brush and clean water and then kept soaked in a solution of permanganate of potash for six hours. The permanganate solution shall be renewed as soon as it turns brown ; and

(*iii*) that all bottles shall bear a label or mark showing the name and address of the manufacturer.

NOTE.—The Medical Officer of Health will be the sole judge of whether a vessel or cistern is clean or not and in case of dispute in any matter pertaining to articles of food or drink as contained in these regulations, the decision of the Medical Officer of Health shall be final.

Washing and Bathing.

23. (*a*) No person shall wash any clothes or animals or bathe at any place on the fair ground other than that approved by the Medical Officer of Health and specified by the Board and no person shall use such a place which is set apart for the use of the opposite sex or at times other than those specified by the Board.

(*b*) No infected articles or clothes which have been used by or have come in contact with a person suffering from an infectious disease shall be washed at the public washing or bathing places unless they have been previously disinfected to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health.

Conservancy and Health.

24. No person shall ease himself at any place on the fair ground other than that set apart for the purpose.

25. No person shall deposit refuse at any place on the fair ground other than that specified for the purpose.

26. The Medical Officer of Health may—

(*i*) fix places for the deposit of refuse, rubbish or other waste matter of any kind and give directions regarding the time at which and manner in which such refuse, rubbish or waste matter may be kept on any land or building or removed along any road or pathway ;

(*ii*) direct the owner or occupier of any land or building not to cause, or knowingly or negligently allow, any waste water to collect on any land or place not set apart for the purpose ;

(*iii*) arrange for the removal of filth, rubbish, manure, or other waste matter from any latrine, urinal, cesspool or other receptacle for such matter ;

(*iv*) establish medical inspection posts in connection with the examination of travellers by rail and road and may also arrange for adequate accommodation for the isolation of cases of infectious diseases ;

(*v*) refuse entry to the fair ground to any person suspected to be suffering from any infectious disease and who refuses to allow himself to be examined at any such examination post, or gives a false answer to any question addressed to him by the Medical Officer or official in charge of such post and who disobeys any order of such officer or official in respect

of his removal to a hospital or his detention in a place set apart for the purpose ;

(*vi*) order the removal of any person suffering or suspected to be suffering from any infectious disease to a suitable hospital and order all persons who have been in contact with a case of infectious disease to be isolated for a specified period ;

(*vii*) order the cleaning and disinfection of any land, building, drain, latrines, urinal, cesspool or any bedding, clothing or any other article which is in his opinion infected or likely to carry infection ;

(*viii*) prohibit the letting of a house or building or part of a house or building which has not been disinfected to his satisfaction ;

(*ix*) prohibit the entrance into the fair ground of persons coming from a town, village or locality which is infected with cholera, plague, smallpox or any other communicable disease unless such persons submit to appropriate preventive inoculation.

27. It shall be the duty of the owner or keeper of a lodging house, hostel or serai to inform the Medical Officer of Health immediately of any case of illness on his premises.

Note.—In these regulations the term "infectious diseases", "contagious diseases" or "communicable diseases" includes —

1.	Cholera.	11.	Erysipelas.
2.	Smallpox.	12.	Relapsing fever.
3.	Plague.	13.	Influenza.
4.	Measles.	14.	Purperal fever.
5.	Chickenpox.	15.	Cerebrospinal fever (meningitis).
6.	Diphtheria.	16.	Dysentery.
7.	Tuberculosis (includes tubercle of lungs).	17.	Leprosy.
8.	Scarlet fever.	18.	Mumps.
9.	Typhus fever.	19.	Whooping cough.
10.	Enteric fever.	20.	Sprue.

28. Any licence issued under these regulations may be cancelled by the Medical Officer of Health for a breach of any of the conditions of the licence. The decision of the Medical Officer of Health shall be final.

29. Any person who commits or abets the commission of a breach of any of these regulations shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with a fine which may extend to rupees fifty and if the breach is a continuing breach with a further fine which may extend to rupees five for each day after the first, during which the breach continues.

The 30th August, 1940.

No. 3399-C.-40/35468.—The following amendments made by the District Board of **Gujranwala** to the regulations published with Punjab Government notification No. 1954-C-36/21207, dated 7th July, 1936, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by subsection (2) of section 56 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, are published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Gujranwala** on the 15th day of October, 1940 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. Existing conditions (*b*) and (*c*) of regulation 3 shall be renumbered (*d*) and (*e*) and the following new conditions shall be inserted as conditions (*b*) and (*c*) :—

"(*b*) make adequate arrangements to the satisfaction of the Board, for the extinction, of any outbreak of fire ;"

"(*c*) at all times keep the approved premises in a clean and sanitary condition, and provide them with adequate ventilation, suitable drains, latrines, urinals and other sanitary conveniences for the use of the workmen employed therein ;"

2. After condition (*e*) in regulation 3 the following new conditions shall be inserted :—

"(*f*) store kerosine oil, petroleum and other inflammable materials in approved premises in accordance with the rules for the time being in force under the Indian Petroleum Act, 1899 ;"

"(*g*) store in a suitable room or rooms which shall be used for no other purpose and which shall be rat proof, all grain or pulse received for milling by power supplied by the oil engine and all flour produced by milling, so long as it remains on his premises ;"

"(*h*) make such arrangement for the effective disposal of offensive waste products of the process of manufacture as may be approved by the Board ;"

"(*i*) adopt the best practicable means to the satisfaction of the Board, for rendering innocuous all gases, effluvia or vapours emitted by the oil engine during the

process of working and in every case cause such gases, effluvia or vapours to be discharged into the external air in such a manner and at such height as to admit of the proper diffusion of these gases without producing any unwholesome or injurious effects in the neighbourhood, or cause such gases to pass from the exhaust pipe (or other outlet of such gases) through fire or into a condensing apparatus and then through fire in such a manner as to consume effectually such gases so as to deprive them of all noxious or injurious properties ; " and

" (j) in approved premises where smoke arises through the use of the coal in the furnace or any other place in the engine house, use such apparatus that will, as far as practicable, consume the smoke arising from the oil engine or furnace.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this regulation the decision of the District Engineer on the question whether the ventilation is adequate or the drains or the rooms are suitable, or the means adopted for silencing the exhaust pipe and for rendering gases, effluvia or vapour innocuous are the best practicable, shall be final, unless modified or cancelled by the Chairman of the Board on appeal. The decision of the Chairman shall be final."

3. The following shall be added as regulation 4 and the existing regulations 4 and 5 shall be renumbered 5 and 7.

" 4. If any person has erected an oil engine before these regulations came into force, no person shall work such engine or cause it to be worked unless he complies with all the conditions laid down in regulation No. 3."

4. The following new regulation No. 6 shall be added.

" 6. The District Engineer may inspect an oil engine and make a report once a quarter that these regulations are followed by the owners of the engines."

No. 3503-C.-40/35472.—The following amendment made by the District Board of **Sialkot** to the regulations published with Punjab Government notification No. 6569, dated the 26th February, 1923, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by subsection (2) of section 56 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, is published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Sialkot** on the 15th day of October, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

" After regulation No. 1 the following new regulations shall be added, namely :—

1-A. No person shall establish or cause to be established a brick kiln :—

(a) within a radius of half a mile from the Sialkot Cantonment,

(b) within a distance of half a mile from a village or town abadi, and

(c) within a distance of fifty feet from the outer boundary of any public road in charge of the Board."

The 3rd September, 1940.

No. 3618-L.G. 40/35873.—In the matter of the election petition of Sheo Nath against the return of Munshi as a member of the District Board of **Karnal**, the Governor of the Punjab, in pursuance of the provisions of rules 73 and 75 of the District Board Election Rules, 1933, is pleased to declare that the respondent Munshi was duly elected as a member of the District Board of **Karnal** and to order that the parties to the election petition shall bear their own " costs ".

Committees

The 28th August, 1940.

No. 3297-C.-40/25220.—The following bylaws framed by the Administrator of the **Lahore** Municipality in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188, 189, 190 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the said Act are published for general information and shall come into force with in the Municipality of **Lahore** on the 15th day of October, 1940.

BY-LAWS.

GENERAL PROVISIONS.

Interpretation of terms.

1. In these by-laws, the following words and expressions shall have the meanings hereinafter assigned to them, unless such meanings are repugnant to or inconsistent with the context, that is to say—

Committee.

" Committee " shall mean the Municipal Committee, Lahore.

Secretary.

"Secretary" shall mean the officer acting for the time being as Secretary of the Committee and shall include an Assistant Secretary.

Engineer.

"Engineer" shall mean the Engineer to the Committee for the purpose of these bylaws and shall include any officer deputed by the Engineer to act for him.

Medical Officer of Health.

"Medical Officer of Health" shall mean the officer acting for the time being as Medical Officer of Health to the Committee and shall include any officer deputed by that Officer to act for him by general order or by special order for any particular purpose mentioned in these bylaws.

Person.

"Person" shall include any body of persons whether corporate or unincorporate.

Premises.

"Premises" shall include messuages, buildings, lands, easements and hereditaments of any tenure.

Water borne Sanitary installation.

"Water-borne sanitary installation" shall mean any urinal, latrine, water closet apparatus, slop sink or other similar fitting, the solid or liquid filth from which is intended to be discharged by a flush of water, and shall include all manholes, traps, gullies, soil pipes, waste pipes, ventilatting pipes and drains connecting the water-borne sanitary installation to a public sewer or to a septic tank or other treatment or disposal work into which such drains may lawfully empty.

"Water-borne sanitary installation" shall also includs any septic tank, absorption pit or other treatment or disposal work, if provided on the premises, or intended so to be, to deal with or dispose of the liquid or solid filth or waste liquids from the said water-borne sanitary installation.

If the waste liquids from any other fitting or apparatus such as lavatory basin, bath, or sink are discharged or intended to be discharged into the pipes or drains of any water-borne sanitary installation, such fitting or apparatus together with the pipes, connections, traps, gullies, drains and all other parts thereof shall be considered to be a part of such water-borne sanitary installation.

The term "water-borne sanitary installation" shall also include any and every addition to, partial construction, entire or partial reconstruction or alteration of a water-borne sanitary installation in any existing or new building or in any other premises as above defined.

Drainage installation.

"Drainage Installation" shall mean any drain, channel, gutter or pipes intended to collect, convey or dispose of rain water, storm water, seepage water or waste liquids (not being waste liquids discharged into a water-borne Sanitary installation). It shall also include all fittings and apparatus such as lavatory basins, baths or sinks, the waste liquids of which are discharged into any such drain, channel or pipes together with the pipes, connections, traps, gullies and all other parts thereof.

"Drain" unless otherwise particularised as a "*storm water drain*", "*rain water drain*", "*surface drain*", or "*subsoil water drain*", shall mean any conduit or pipe intended and used for the conveyance of the solid and liquid filth or waste liquids of any premises and made for the purpose of communicating therefrom with a septic tank, absorption pit, treatment works, or other place of disposal or with another drain, or with a sewer; such drain being the property, not of the Committee or of any other public authority responsible for the disposal of such solid and liquid filth or waste liquids, otherwise known as sewage but of the owner of the premises with which the drain communicates.

"Storm water drain" or "rain water drain."

"*Storm water drain*" or *rain water drain*" shall mean any channel or conduit, whether within private premises or public land, intended exclusively for the conveyance of rain water or storm water.

"Surface drain".

"*Surface drain*" shall mean any open channel, whether within private premises or public land, intended exclusively for the conveyance of water and waste liquids other than solid and liquid excremental filth.

"Subsoil water drain."

"*Subsoil water drain*" shall mean any conduit or pipe intended and used exclusively for the drainage of the subsoil under any building or premises.

"Sewer."

"*Sewer*" shall mean any conduit or pipe provided for the conveyance of the solid and liquid filth and waste liquids of a community, otherwise known as sewage; such conduit or pipe being the property of or vested in the Committee or other public authority responsible for the disposal of such sewage.

If the sewage of two or more premises is discharged into one common drain which is connected to any sewer, the common drain becomes a sewer.

Secretary or Engineer to act for Committee.

2. Where under these bylaws, any act is required or authorised to be done or permission given by the Committee, the same may be done or given on behalf of the Committee by the Secretary or Engineer or other authorised officer or servant and where under any such bylaw, notice is required to be given by the Committee, the same shall be sufficiently authenticated if signed by the Secretary or other officer or servant authorised by a resolution of the Committee.

Engineer and Medical Officer of Health to be sole judges.

3. The Engineer and the Medical Officer of Health shall be the judges of the adequacy of the means taken to comply with any of these bylaws. The Engineer shall be the sole judge of the suitability of the materials and the quality of the workmanship. He shall have power with the concurrence of the Medical Officer of Health to give in any case, permission in writing, allowing the use of materials other than those specified, if he considers them to be equally suitable and efficient.

Notices and deposit of plans and particulars.

No water-borne sanitary installation or drainage installation may be carried out without prior sanction of the Committee.

4. No person shall instal or carry out any water-borne sanitary installation or drainage installation or any works in connection therewith in any existing or new building or in any other premises without obtaining previous sanction under section 193 of the Act.

Notice of intention to construct or alter.

5. (1) Every person who intends or is required to instal or carry out any water-borne sanitary installation or drainage installation or any works in connection therewith in any existing or new building or on any other premises shall give notice in writing of such intention as prescribed in section 189 of the Act and the bylaws framed thereunder.

Deposit of plans.

(2) He shall deposit together with such notice, plans and sections in duplicate clearly and indelibly made on a durable material to a scale of not less than one inch to every eight feet (which shall be clearly marked on each drawing) and shall amongst other things show thereon every floor of every building in connection with which such water-borne sanitary installation or drainage installation is to be used and the position, form, levels and arrangements of the several parts of such building including the roof thereof and the size and position of every drain, manhole, gully, soil pipe, waste pipe, ventilation pipe and of any drain passing under such building, and the position of every bath, water-closet, slop sink, latrine, urinal, lavatory basin or other sink or trap in connection there with and the position, form and dimensions of every septic tank, absorption pit or other disposal or treatment works proposed to be installed in connection with the foregoing. He shall also show thereon the positions and sizes of all water tanks, or reservoirs intended to be used in connection with the building. He shall also show thereon the position of all windows and other openings into the building and the height and position of all chimneys belonging to the building within a distance of 20 feet from the open end of a soil pipe or ventilating pipe.

Deposit of detailed description in writing.

(3) He shall at the same time, deposit in duplicate with the Secretary a written statement giving the name of the Engineer or architect under whose supervision the proposed water-borne sanitary installation or drainage installation will be executed and of the contractor who will construct the work; also a detailed description in writing of the intended mode of construction, joining and fixing of the water-borne sanitary installation or drainage installation including the drains, manholes, gullies, pipes, baths, water-closet apparatus, sinks, urinals, lavatory basin apparatus, traps, septic tanks, absorption pits and treatment or disposal works, if any, proposed in connection therewith and of the arrangements and methods intended for treatment and disposal of the effluent; also of the source, storage, distribution and adequacy of the water supply for the building with particulars of quantity of water to be made available and the pressure thereof.

Deposit of Block Plan.

(4) He shall also at the same time, deposit in duplicate with the Secretary a block plan showing the premises upon which such building is built or is intended to be constructed, with the general arrangement of the water-borne sanitary installation or drainage installation including the external drains and sewers, latrines, septic tanks and other treatment and disposal arrangements, if any, proposed to be carried out in connection therewith, drawn to a scale of not less than one inch to every 40 feet (which shall be clearly indicated thereon), and he shall show thereon—

(a) the block plan of the whole of the buildings on the said premises with the percolation wells, tube-wells, yards, gardens or other open spaces belonging thereto; and if it is intended to treat or dispose of any sewage

effluent on the said premises by septic tank, absorption pit, subsoil irrigation or by any other treatment or disposal works, the block plan of so much of the properties adjacent thereto as may lie within 250 feet distance of any part of the boundaries of the said premises with its yards, gardens and other open spaces belonging thereto ;

(b) the streets, lanes and thoroughfares adjacent to the said premises with their designations ;

(c) the difference in level between the lowest floor of the said buildings and the adjoining street levels ;

(d) the levels of the yards, grounds and open spaces belonging to the said premises ;

(e) the alignments, sizes, depths and slopes of the proposed drains and, so far as can be ascertained, the alignments, sizes, depths and slopes of the existing drains, if any, and if such proposed or existing drains be in connection with the building, the arrangements for ventilation of the same, the existing pipes and drains and the proposed pipes and drains to be distinctly indicated by different colours ;

(f) the position of every existing or proposed manhole or access chamber, gully, junction, bend, intercepting trap or connection thereto ;

(g) the position of every existing or proposed septic tank, absorption pit, cesspool and other treatment or disposal works, if any, with the land occupied thereby ;

(h) the points of the compass.

Provided that it shall not be necessary to deposit a block plan in any case where the particulars required to be shown on the block plan are shown on the detailed plans hereinbefore required.

Approval or disapproval of plans, etc.

6. (1) The Committee, within 60 days after the deposit of the notice and plans and sections required, shall signify in writing to the person who gave such notice whether such plans and sections are approved.

Engineer and Medical Officer of Health to be consulted.

(2) Before such approval or disapproval is signified to the person who gave such notice, both the Engineer and the Medical Officer of Health shall have signified their approval or disapproval of the proposals in writing and such approval or disapproval shall have afterwards been passed by the Committee.

Committee may direct that alterations, etc., shall be made.

(3) The Committee may direct such person to make any alterations or improvements which appear to be necessary or desirable and the person shall thereupon alter the plans and sections accordingly.

One copy of plans to be returned, and to be kept at site of works.

(4) When the plans and sections have been approved, one copy thereof shall be returned to the person and one copy shall be retained by the Committee. One copy of the plans and sections approved by the Committee shall be kept at the site of the work at all times when the work is in progress and such plans and sections shall be available at all times for the inspection of any officer authorized by the Committee in that behalf.

Commencement of work

(5) The work may then be proceeded with, except such portions thereof as may be reserved by the Committee for final connection with any sewer or any storm water or surface drain vested in the Committee. Provided that if such work is not commenced within one year from the date of notice of the approval of such plans, such approval shall be deemed to be cancelled.

Unlawful commencement of work.

7. Every person, who without first obtaining the consent of the Committee in writing, commences any such work before the plans and sections have been approved, shall be liable to a penalty as specified in bylaw 62.

Notices regarding works and inspections.

Notice of covering up work.

8. Every person who carries out any water-borne sanitary installation or drainage installation or any works in connection therewith for any existing or new building or in any other premises shall, before proceeding to cover up any foundations, drains, absorption pits, subsoil irrigation pipes, septic tanks and other appliances connected with the installation, give the Engineer notice in writing that such foundations, drains, absorption pits, subsoil irrigation pipes, septic tanks and other appliances connected with the installation are ready for inspection and specify the date and hour on which he will proceed to cover up such foundations, drains, absorption pits, subsoil irrigation pipes, septic tanks, and other appliances and such notice shall be in a form of which printed copies, with the necessary blanks may be

obtained on payment of such fee as may from time to time be prescribed by the Committee on application at the Committee's office and he shall cause such notice to be delivered at the Committee's office at least four clear days before the date specified thereon.

Notice of completion.

9. Every person who carries out any water-borne sanitary installation or drainage installation or any work in connection therewith for any existing or new building or in any other premises shall give the Engineer notice in writing specifying the date and hour at which such work will be ready for final inspection and, if required, for connection with any existing sewer, or storm water or surface drain vested in the Committee, and such notice shall be in a form, of which printed copies with the necessary blanks may be obtained by payment of such fees as may from time to time be prescribed by the Committee on application at the Committee's office, and he shall cause such notice to be delivered at the Committee's office at least seven clear days before the date specified therein.

Connection with sewer and taking water-borne sanitary installation or drainage installation into use

10. No connection of any drain to any sewer or storm water or surface drain vested in the Committee shall be made nor shall any water-borne sanitary installation or drainage installation or any part thereof be taken into use, until and unless a certificate has been issued by the Engineer that the said water-borne sanitary installation or drainage installation as a whole, has been satisfactorily completed in compliance with all of the requirements of the Committee.

If in any case, it is considered necessary by the Engineer, such connection to a sewer or a storm water or surface drain vested in the Committee shall be made by duly authorised officers of the Committee and in such a case the application for the connection shall be accompanied by a copy of the said certificate and the deposit of such sum of money as the Engineer may demand to meet the cost of the connection before the connection is made.

Inspection.

11. Every person by or for whom any water-borne sanitary installation or drainage installation or any works in connection therewith is carried out for any existing or new building or in any other premises shall at all reasonable times afford any duly authorised officer of the Committee free access to such water-borne sanitary installation or drainage installation or work in connection therewith for the purpose of inspection. The Engineer shall see that the principles of the bylaws adopted by the Committee are carried out but no such supervision shall be deemed to relieve the owner of the building or his engineer, architect or plumber from the duty of taking due care in the execution of the work and providing good and sufficient materials and workmanship. The Medical Officer of Health shall point out to the Engineer any instance which comes to his notice, in which any work has been improperly constructed.

Minor alterations in case of emergency.

12. In any case in which a minor alteration to a water-borne sanitary installation or drainage installation must be carried out at once, every person who is about to carry out such alteration, shall in lieu of depositing the plans, sections and particulars referred to in the foregoing bylaws, forthwith send to the Engineer a notice in writing of any such proposed alteration. He shall also within fourteen days of the commencement of such alteration, make the deposits required by these bylaws.

Water supply.

Adequacy of water supply and of the pressure thereof.

13. Every person who shall propose to construct or instal a water-borne sanitary installation or carrying out any work in connection therewith for any existing or new building or in any other premises shall, before he shall commence the construction thereof, provide to the satisfaction and approval of the Engineer and the Medical Officer of Health a full, adequate, constant and reliable water supply for the said building or buildings or other premises at a rate of not less than twenty five gallons per head of maximum population occupying the said building or buildings per diem and at a hydraulic pressure equivalent to not less than the height of the main roof of the said buildings or buildings above ground level.

Maintenance of water-borne sanitary installation and drainage installation in state of repair and in working order.

Maintenance of sanitary installation and drainage installation.

14. (1) The owner or the occupier of any premises, shall maintain in a proper state of repair, maintenance and working order, and otherwise in a clean, sanitary condition at all times, the whole of the water-borne sanitary installation and drainage installation relating to the said premises.

(2) He shall arrange for all subsoil irrigation pipes, if any, on the said premises to be inspected periodically and shall cause them to be kept and maintained at all times clean and free in the bore from humus and all solid matter. He shall cause all the land over such subsoil irrigation pipes to be dug up or ploughed at intervals not exceeding six months, and to be cultivated continuously as a garden to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health.

Subsoil irrigation works.

(3) He shall maintain all absorption pits, if any, on the said premises at all times in a clean and efficient condition free from nuisance and in working order. He shall cause the filtering media of every such absorption pit to be removed, cleaned and replaced and all solid matter to be removed therefrom and disposed of to the approval and satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health whenever required for the efficient working of the absorption pit, and under any circumstances at least once in every year.

Absorption pits.

(4) He shall maintain and keep every septic tank if any, on the said premises at all times in a clean and efficient condition and free from nuisance. He shall cause the solid deposits to be removed from every such septic tank periodically or when required by the Medical Officer of Health or the Engineer, and under any circumstances at least once in every year, without interfering with the efficient working of the water-borne sanitary installation as a whole and shall dispose of the same without nuisance to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health.

Septic tanks.

15. All drains with the septic tanks and disposal and treatment works thereof, if any, from single premises, or from a number of premises, shall be maintained and kept in proper order by the owner or the occupier of such premises at all times. Provided that in the event of one or more of such premises being sold to a different owner, the drain from such combined premises, with the septic tank and disposal and treatment works thereof, if any, shall be repaired, maintained and kept in proper working order by the respective owners or occupiers of such premises.

Maintenance of drains.

16. The owner and the occupier of any permises shall give any duly authorised officer of the Committee every facility to inspect the same at all reasonable hours of the day. Such officer may be required on such occasions to produce reasonable evidence as to his authorization.

Inspection of premises.

17. Whenever the Medical Officer of Health finds on inspection that any water-borne sanitary installation or drainage installation is obstructed, action may be taken under Section 126 and Chapter XI of the Act.

Removal of obstructions.

Storm Water Drainage.

18. (1) Every person by or for whom any water-borne sanitary installation or drainage installation or work in connection therewith for a new or existing building or in any other premises is laid out, fixed or constructed or intended so to be, shall make proper provision for the drainage of every building and premises and shall deal with the rain and surface water separately from the sewage, except to such extent as he may be required by orders in writing from the Engineer to divert the first washings of rain water from courtyards and paved open spaces into the sewers.

Provision of storm water drains.

(2) He shall provide rain water drains and shall divert all rain and surface water (except, if required, by the Engineer, the first washings from courtyards and paved open spaces) into them and away from any opening or inlet communicating with any sewer or with any septic tank, absorption pit or other treatment and disposal works and he shall further provide and maintain such kerbs or other appliances as may be necessary to restrict all rain water (except, if required, the first washings aforesaid) to rain water drains, which shall discharge at a point approved by the Engineer.

(3) He shall provide all roofs of houses or other buildings with such efficient gutters of iron, zinc or other suitable material, and rain water pipes of iron, or zinc as may be necessary to collect the rain water and to discharge it into the drains and open channels constructed to receive such water, without causing dampness in any part of any wall or foundation of such building. He shall cause all such rain water pipes or gutters to be so constructed as not to receive the discharge of any solid or liquid matter from any water-closet, urinal, slop or other sink, bath, bathroom or lavatory basin.

Rain water pipes and gutters.

(4) He shall provide in connection with such building, sufficient pipes, channels and gullies for the purpose of conveying to the drain provided for that purpose, the

first washings from courtyards and paved open spaces if required to do so by the Engineer.

Inlets to be above flood level.

(5) He shall cause every inlet into any drain connected or proposed to be connected to any sewer or to any septic tank or other treatment or disposal works as the case may be, to be made at least one foot above the level of the highest known flood at the site of such inlet. To this end, he shall provide all gullies and other openings communicating with any sewer or any septic tank or other treatment or disposal works with masonry, concrete, brickwork or other suitable kerbs of such height as will effectually prevent all rain or surface water (except, if required, the first washings from courtyards and paved open spaces) obtaining access to any sewer or any septic tank or other treatment or disposal works.

Inlets to be trapped.

(6) He shall cause every drain or channel used for the purpose of conveying the first washings from courtyards and paved open spaces, to any sewer or drain connected to any sewer, and if in any case, it should be necessary to discharge the rain water from roofs into any sewer, he shall cause the pipe or channel used for conveying such first washings of rain water, or such rain water to any sewer or drain connected to any sewer, to discharge in the open air over the grating of a properly trapped gully above the level of the water in the trap thereof, and he shall cause the drain leading from such gully to such sewer to be constructed in the manner prescribed by the bylaws in that behalf for a drain used for conveying sewage.

Subsoil water drainage.

Subsoil water drains.

19. Every person who shall erect a new building shall cause the subsoil of the site of such building to be effectually drained by means of suitable earthenware field drain pipes, properly laid to a suitable outfall, wherever the dampness of site renders such a precaution necessary.

He shall not lay any pipe in such a manner or in such a position as to communicate with any sewer or with any drain constructed or adapted to be used for conveying sewage.

Level of lowest storey.

Level of lowest storey.

20. Every person who shall errect a new building shall construct the lowest storey of such building at such level as will allow of the construction of a drain sufficient for effectual drainage of such building, and of the provision of the requisite communication with any sewer into which such drain may lawfully empty, at a point in the upper half diameter of such sewer, or with any other means of drainage with which such drain may lawfully communicate.

General designs of water-borne sanitary installations.

Every water-borne sanitary installation to be connected to a Municipal sewer.

21. (1) Every person who shall carry out a water-borne sanitary installation or any work in connection therewith for any existing or new building or in any other premises shall cause the same to be connected by means of a drain or drains with a Municipal sewer suitable for receiving the full discharge from the said water-borne sanitary installation.

Where no Municipal sewer exists, the water-borne sanitary installation may be connected as a temporary measure to septic tanks if suitable arrangements can be made.

(2) Provided that in any case where no Municipal sewer exists in the vicinity of the said building and if suitable arrangements, which in every case shall be to the previous written approval of the Medical Officer of Health, can be made in accordance with the provisions of and pursuant to the bylaws in that behalf for the disposal of the solid and liquid filth without nuisance or danger to health on the premises of the said building, the drain may be connected as a temporary measure with suitable septic tanks to be provided on the said premises from which the sewage effluent may be disposed of by subsoil irrigation by means of open jointed pipes under land belonging to the said premises or into suitably lined absorption pits as provided for and pursuant to the bylaws in that behalf respectively. Provided that an absorption pit shall be allowed only in the cases of premises in an area in which no domestic water supply is taken from the subsoil water, that is, from the water above the first impermeable geological stratum.

(3) Provided, however, that if at any future period a Municipal sewer shall be constructed within four hundred feet of the nearest point of any premises in which a water-borne sanitary installation shall have been installed, the owner of such premises, within six calendar months of receiving notice from the Committee to that effect, at his own expense and charges, shall cause the said water-borne sanitary installation to be connected with the said Municipal sewer either by gravity, if a suitable fall can be arranged, or otherwise by the provision of a suitable pumping installation to be provided and constructed by the said owner to the approval of the Engineer. In such case the use of every septic tank, absorption pit, subsoil irrigation works and other works for

treatment or disposal of sewage effluent on the said premises shall cease and determine or ever, and the owner shall at his own expense and charges cause each and every such septic tank, absorption pit, subsoil irrigation works and other work for treatment or disposal of sewage on the said premises to be disconnected effectually from the said water borne sanitary installation, demolished and filled in completely.

Only experemental solid and liquid filths to be discharged into a septic tank.

22. (1) Every person who shall construct a water borne sanitary installation in connection with any existing or new building or premises or carry out any work in connection therewith which shall be connected with any septic tank shall cause only the solid and liquid experemental filth from waterclosets, urinals and slop sinks to be discharged into such septic tank.

No other liquid wastes shall be discharged into a septic tank.

(2) He shall in such case, cause the discharge of all other liquid wastes such as the liquid discharged from baths, lavatory basins, sinks (except slop sinks) and taps provided in connection with the said building or premises, to be discharged into surface drains and to be disposed of direct either by surface irrigation of garden plots or hedgerows, or by passing the same direct into absorption pits or cesspools on the said premises (to be separately provided for that specific purpose) or into the nearest Municipal surface drain, as shall be most suitable from a public health point of view in the opinion of the Medical Officer of Health; and he shall maintain and keep all such drains, absorption pits and cesspools in a clean, sanitary condition to the approval of the said Medical Officer of Health at all times.

Discharge from water borne sanitary installation not to be disposed of except in accordance with these by-laws.

(3) He shall not cause the discharge from any water borne sanitary installation, absorption pit or septic tank to be passed into any surface drain, storm water channel, storm water drain, irrigation water channel, cesspool or unlined absorption pit or over the surface of any land, or otherwise in any manner whatsoever not laid down in these by-laws.

Septic tanks.

Proximity of septic tank to buildings.

23. Every person who shall instal a septic tank in connection with a building or other premises, shall construct such septic tank at a distance of not less than thirty yards from a dwelling house on any public, religious or educational building, or any building in which any person may be or may be intended to be employed in any manufacture, trade, or business, or any place of recreation or any public thoroughfare.

Proximity of septic tank to water supply, etc.

24. Every person who shall instal a septic tank in connection with a building or other premises shall not construct such septic tank within the distance of two hundred feet from any percolation well, tubewell, or water course or stream used or likely to be used for human drinking or domestic purposes, or for manufacturing liquids for human consumption, or otherwise in such a position as to render any such water liable to pollution, or within 16 feet of any land irrigated with canal or well water.

Position of septic tank to allow removal of contents therefrom.

25. (1) Every person who shall instal a septic tank in connection with a building or other premises shall construct such septic tank in such a manner and in such a position as to afford ready means of access to such septic tank for the purpose of cleansing such septic tank and of removing the contents thereof, and in such a manner and in such a position as to admit of the contents of such septic tank being removed therefrom, and from the premises to which such septic tank may belong, without being carried through any dwelling house or public building or any building in which any person may be or may be intended to be employed in any manufacture, trade, or business.

Septic tank not to communicate with drains.

(2) He shall not in any case construct such septic tank so that it shall have by drain or otherwise, any outlet into or means of communication with any storm water channel, sewer or surface drain.

Design and construction of septic tank.

26. (1) Every person who shall instal a septic tank in connection with a building or other premises shall construct such septic tank of good brickwork in cement properly rendered inside with cement, and with a backing of at least nine inches of well puddled clay or of at least six inches of good cement concrete around and beneath such brickwork, or shall otherwise construct such septic tank of suitable material and so as to be impervious to liquids, to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

(2) He shall cause such septic tank to be arched or otherwise properly covered over, and to be provided with adequate means of ventilation.

(3) He shall cause such septic tank to be provided with adequate means of access for inspection and cleaning, each manhole being fitted with a suitable cast iron frame and air-tight cover.

(4) He shall cause the inlet pipe into such septic tank to be effectually trapped.

(5) " He shall cause every septic tank to be constructed so as to permit of cleaning operations being carried out thereunto without interference with the operations of the water borne sanitary installation as a whole. He shall cause every septic tank intended to serve a population of 24 or more persons, to be constructed in two separate compartments so that one compartment may, when required, be put out of use for cleaning purposes."

(6) He shall cause each septic tank compartment to have an effective treatment capacity in cubic feet below its full supply level of not less than the maximum number of residents of the building for which the septic tank is installed multiplied by 2½.

Absorption pits.

Proximity of absorption pit to buildings.

27. Every person who shall provide an absorption pit in connection with a building or other premises shall construct such absorption pit at a distance of thirty yards at the least from a dwelling house or any public, religious or educational building or any building in which any person may be or may be intended to be employed in any manufacture, trade or business or any place of recreation or any public thoroughfare.

Proximity of absorption pit to water-supply, etc.

28. Every person who shall provide an absorption pit in connection with any building or other premises shall not construct such absorption pit within a distance of two hundred and fifty feet from any percolation well, tube-well, or water course or stream used or likely to be used for human drinking or domestic purposes or for manufacturing liquids for human consumption or otherwise in such a position as to render any such water liable to pollution, or within 16 feet of any land irrigated with canal or well water.

Position of absorption pit to allow removal and cleansing of its contents.

29. (1) Every person who shall provide an absorption pit in connection with any building or other premises shall construct such absorption pit in such a manner and in such a position as to afford ready means of access to such absorption pit for the purpose of cleansing such absorption pit and of removing the contents thereof and in such a manner and in such a position as to admit of the contents of such absorption pit being removed therefrom and from the premises to which such absorption pit may belong, without being carried through any dwelling house or public building or any building in which any person may be or may be intended to be employed in any manufacture, trade or business.

Absorption pit not to communicate with drains.

(2) He shall not in any case construct such absorption pit so that it shall have by drain or otherwise any outlet into or means of communication with any sewer, storm water drain or surface drain.

Design and construction of absorption pit.

30. (1) Every person who shall provide an absorption pit in connection with any building or other premises shall construct such absorption pit of good brickwork in cement and provided with a suitable filtering medium of such thickness as shall be approved by the Medical Officer of Health or Engineer, carried on a reinforced concrete perforated grid or slab built across the pit at a suitable depth and shall provide suitable means for uniformly distributing the effluent over the surface of the filter.

(2) He shall cause such absorption pit to be constructed to such depth that its base shall be in porous sandy strata to the approval of the Medical Officer of Health and covered with a removeable roof and suitably ventilated.

(3) He shall cause such absorption pit to be provided with adequate means of access for removing the filtering medium and cleansing the same.

(4) He shall cause each absorption pit to be constructed in duplicate and of such capacity as shall be approved by the Medical Officer of Health or the Engineer so that one pit may be put out of use for cleansing purposes without interference with the continuous operation of the water borne sanitary installation as a whole.

(5) He shall cause the walls of such absorption pit to be brought up to at least nine inches above ground level or to such height above ground level greater than nine inches so as effectually to exclude the entry of storm water or irrigation water into the absorption pit.

Cesspool.

Proximity of cesspool to buildings.

31. Every person who shall provide a cesspool in connection with any building or other premises shall construct such cesspool at a distance of fifty feet at the least from a dwelling house or any public, religious or educational building, or any building in which any person ma

be or may be intended to be employed in any manufacture, trade, or business, or any place of recreation or any public thoroughfare.

Proximity of cesspool to water supply

32. Every person who shall provide a cesspool in connection with any building or other premises shall not construct such cesspool within the distance of one hundred feet from any percolation well, tube-well, or water course or stream used or likely to be used for human drinking or domestic purposes or for manufacturing liquids for human consumption or otherwise in such a position as to render any such water liable to pollution.

Position of cesspool to allow removal of contents therefrom.

33. (1) Every person who shall provide a cesspool in connection with any building or other premises shall construct such cesspool in such a manner and in such a position as to afford ready means of access to such cesspool for the purpose of cleansing such cesspool and of removing the contents thereof, in such a manner and in such a position as to admit of the contents of such cesspool being removed therefrom and from the premises to which such cesspool may belong without being carried through any dwelling house or public building or any building in which any person may be or may be intended to be employed in any manufacture, trade, or business.

Cesspool not to communicate with drains.

(2) He shall not in any case construct such cesspool so that it shall have, by drain or otherwise any outlet into or means of communication with any sewer, storm water drain or surface drain.

Design and construction of cesspool.

34. (1) Every person who shall provide a cesspool in connection with any building or other premises shall construct such cesspool of good brickwork in cement, properly rendered inside with cement, and with a backing of at least nine inches of well puddled clay or of at least six inches of good cement concrete around and beneath such brickwork, or shall otherwise construct such cesspool of suitable material and so as to be impervious to liquids to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

(2) He shall also cause such cesspool to be arched or otherwise properly covered over, and to be provided with adequate means of ventilation.

(3) He shall cause such cesspool to be provided with adequate means of access for cleansing, each manhole being fitted with a suitable cast iron frame and air-tight cover.

Certificate of Medical Officer of Health to be obtained.

35. No person shall constructor use any drainage installation or any part thereof in which it is intended to dispose of the liquid wastes therefrom into a cesspool, unless he shall have previously obtained from the Medical Officer of Health a certificate in writing under his hand that the situation, design and construction of the proposed cesspool as well as the arrangements for the effective and regular removal and disposal of the contents of the cesspool are satisfactory and approved of by the Medical Officer of Health, in all respects.

Disposal of sewage under land.

Land for subsoil irrigation.

36. Every person who shall construct in any premises, a subsoil irrigation work for disposal of the effluent from a septic tank under land shall provide within the aid premises a suitable area of open land, the situation, extent and subsoil of which shall have been previously approved in writing by the Medical Officer of Health as suitable for the purpose, to be used as a garden in the proportion of not less than one acre for every 2,000 gallons of effluent intended to be disposed of daily, on the basis of not less than 15 gallons per head per diem for the maximum number of occupants of the building or premises intended to be served by the septic tank.

Proximity of land for subsoil irrigation.

37. No part of any land to be used for subsoil irrigation shall be within a distance of 20 yards from the nearest point of any dwelling house, or any public, religious or educational building or any building in which any person may be or may be intended to be employed in any manufacture, trade or business or any place of recreation or any public thoroughfare. No part of any land to be used for subsoil irrgation be within 25 feet of any canal or well irrigated area.

Proximity of land for subsoil irrigation to water supply.

38. Any person who shall layout or provide a subsoil irrigation work for disposal of effluent from a septic tank under land shall not construct any part of such work on land lying within the distance of 250 feet from any percolation well, tube well, or water course or stream, used or likely to be used for human drinking or domestic purposes or for manufacturing liquids for human consumption or otherwise in such a position as to render any such water liable to pollution.

Design and construction of subsoil irrigation work.

39. (1) Every person who shall construct a subsoil irrigation work for disposal of the effluent from a septic tank under land shall cause the subsoil irrigation system thereof to be constructed of open jointed earthenware pipes not less than 3 inches

diameter and laid at suitable falls in paralled rows, under the whole area of the said land at intervals not exceeding six feet, and with a cover not exceeding 3 feet. He shall cause the pipes to be surrounded with a continuous envelope of clean broken brickbats passed through a mashed screen of one inch square mesh not less than six inches thick all round the pipes.

(2) He shall cause the junction points of the main feeders of the subsoil irrigation system to be provided with suitable manholes and fitted with suitable cast iron covers and frames.

Drainage of buildings by stoneware or iron pipes.

Material for drains.

40 (1) Every person who shall construct a water-borne sanitary installation in connection with a new or existing building or in any other premises or carry out any work in connection therewith shall, in the construction of every drain from such building or premises communicating with a sewer or with a septic tank or other treatment or disposal works, use good sound pipes formed of glazed stoneware or of cast iron, protected against corrosion by some suitable preparation and he shall cause every channel, manhole or appliance with which sewage is likely to come into contact, to have smooth and rounded surfaces and to be made of impervious material or to be rendered so with cement mortar.

Size of drains.

(2) He shall cause every such drain to be of adequate size and to have an internal diameter of not less than four inches, and not more than such size as may be necessary for the flow or as may be approved by the Engineer.

Drains to be laid on concrete.

(3) He shall also cause every such drain if of glazed stoneware, to be laid on a bed of good lime concrete not less than four and a half inches thick and projecting each side of the drain to and extent at least equal to the external diameter of the drain. If required by the Engineer the drain shall be laid on a layer of cement concrete of such thickness not exceeding six inches as shall be prescribed by the Engineer.

Gradients of drains.

(4) He shall also cause such drain to be laid with a suitable fall, approved by the Engineer. The standard gradients shall be 1 in 40 for 4 inches drains and 1 in 80 for 6 inch drains. The maximum and minimum gradients shall be 1 in 20 and 1 in 80 for 4 inch drain and 1 in 40 and 1 in 140 for six inch drains and these gradients shall not be increased or reduced without the approval of the Engineer in writing.

Drains to be straight.

(5) He shall cause every drain to be laid in straight lines and regular gradients with the fewest bends practicable and every change of gradient to be formed by properly curved pipes or channels.

Bends and junctions to be grouped together.

(6) He shall cause bends and junctions to be grouped together and wherever possible, provide them with means of access by building manholes round them.

Joints of drains.

(7) He shall cause all pipes to be provided with spigot and socket, flanged or collar joints to be of a pattern and quality approved by the Engineer. If he shall construct such drain of cast iron, jointed with socket joints, he shall cause such joints to be not less than $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches in depth to be made with molten lead properly caulked. A sufficient quantity of lead must be melted at a time to finish each joint at one running.

If such drain be jointed with flanged joints, he shall cause such joints to be securely bolted together with some suitable insertion. If he shall construct such drain of stoneware or material other than metal, he shall cause the drain to be jointed with socket joints properly put together and filled with a cement mortar consisting of one part of cement to one of sand. He shall cause all spigot and socket pipes to be laid with the spigot end of each pipe in the direction of flow of sewage and such pipes shall be laid by the spigot end of each pipe being placed in the socket of the last pipe laid. The joint shall be made by forcing a ring of tarred gasket well into the bottom of the socket to prevent the passage of the cement into the bore of the pipe and the remaining space shall be filled with cement mortar which shall also be brought outside and neatly finished off round the pipe at an angle of forty five degrees:

Provided always that it shall be sufficient if he shall connect the pipe in a manner considered by the Engineer to be equally suitable and efficient. He shall cause all pipes to be skilfully jointed and shall cause any projecting material or irregularity inside the drain to be carefully removed.

Drains to be water-tight.

(8) He shall cause every such drain to be water-tight and to be capable of resisting a pressure of at least two feet head of water, in the presence of an authorised officer and no pipe shall be covered up until it has passed the test to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

Excavations.

(9) He shall cause all excavations to be properly timbered where necessary for protection of the workmen and of adjoining property.

Beddings of drains and filling.

(10) He shall cause all drain to be well bedded and filled round with fine material free from large stones, watered and well rammed into place.

Concrete envelope.

(11) In every place where any drains shall have a cover of less than four feet or where the drain shall pass under a traffic road or street or may traverse wet, yielding or unsuitable ground or where water may make its appearance in the trench, or otherwise where required by the Engineer, the drain shall be enveloped with a layer of good lime concrete or good cement concrete of such thickness and specification as shall be decided by the Engineer.

Specification of cast iron pipes.

(12) If he shall construct any such drain of cast iron, the pipes and specials shall comply in all respects with the British Standard Specification No. 78-1917 for cast iron pipes and special castings for water, gas and sewage.

Specification of stoneware pipes.

(13) If he shall construct any such drain of stoneware, the pipes and specials shall comply in all respects with the British Standard Specification No. 65-1914 for salt glazedware pipes.

Drain under buildings.

(14) He shall not construct any drain to pass under any building except in any case where any other mode of construction may be impracticable. Where any such drain passes under a building, he shall cause such part thereof as passes under the building to be laid with cast iron pipes in a direct line for the whole distance beneath such building and to be completely embedded in and covered with good and solid cement concrete at least six inches thick all round. He shall, likewise, cause adequate means of access to such drain to be provided at each end of such portion thereof as is beneath such building.

Composition of lime concrete.

(15) He shall cause all lime concrete used in connection with any drain to be composed of hard bricks broken to pass through a ¾" dia. ring. well mixed with clean sharp sand and good white lime and surkhi mortar in the proportion of 2 parts of lime to 3 parts of surkhi; 10 parts by volume of broken bricks to be mixed with 4 parts by volume of the lime and surkhi mortar.

Composition of cement concrete.

(16) He shall cause all cement concrete used in connection with any drain to be composed of clean, quartzitic or hard sandstone, gravel or bajri screened to pass through a ¾" mesh screen, well mixed with clean, sharp sand and good Portland cement in the proportion of one part of cement, two parts of sand and six parts of gravel or bajri.

Inlets to drains to be trapped.

(17) He shall cause every inlet to every such drain, not being an inlet provided in pursuance of the by-law in that behalf as an opening for the ventilation of such drain, to be properly trapped by an efficient trap so constructed as to be capable of maintaining a sufficient water seal of at least two inches. He shall not construct or fix in or in connection with any such drain, any trap of the kind known as a bell trap, a dip trap or a D trap.

Protection of drain beneath wall.

(18) He shall in every case where any such drain is laid beneath a wall, cause such drain to be protected at the part beneath the wall, by means of an arch, flagstone or ironsupport, which shall not bear on the drain and shall be of sufficient size and strength to prevent any disturbance or other injury to such drain.

Traps and gullies.

41. Every person who shall construct a water borne sanitary installation or any part thereof in connection with any existing or new building or in any other premises shall cause all gullies, traps, gratings, covers and other appliances to be of a pattern, size and quality approved by the Engineer. He shall cause every stoneware gully to be placed on a bed of cement concrete (of the specification laid down in subsection (16) of the preceding by-law) at least four inches thick, and set so that the water level therein is at least one foot and the grating at least one inch below the surrounding pavement and he shall cause the pavement to be sloped towards the gully for a space equal to half of the grating. Every gully trap shall be covered with a suitable iron grating which shall, when so directed by the Engineer, be provided with a hinged cover of approved design.

Drains to be trapped from sewer, etc.

42. (1) Every person who shall construct a water borne sanitary installation or any part thereof for any existing or new building or in any other premises, shall provide in every main drain or other drain of such building or premises which may immediately cummunicate with any sewer or any septic tank or other disposal or treatment works, a suitable and efficient intercepting trap at a point as distant as may be practicable from such building and as

near as may be practicable to the point at which such drain may be connected with the sewer, septic tank or other disposal works.

Access to trap.

(2) He shall, except in cases where the means of access to be provided in compliance with the foregoing provisions of this by-law shall give adequate means of access to such trap, provide a separate manhole or other separate means of access to such trap for the purpose of cleansing it.

Access manholes to be water tight.

43. Every person who shall construct a water-borne sanitary installation or any part thereof for any existing or new building or in any other premises, shall cause every means of access to be provided in compliance with any of the foregoing provisions of these by-laws to be constructed so as to be watertight up to the level of the adjoining ground surface or roadway and to be fitted with a suitable cast iron manhole cover and frame, and if placed within a building, to be fitted with an airtight manhole cover and frame.

No right angled junctions to be allowed.

44. Any person who shall construct a water-borne sanitary installation or any part thereof for any existing or new building or in any other premises shall not construct the several drains of such buildings or premises communicating with a sewer or septic tank or other disposal or treatment work in such manner as to form in such drains any right angled junction, either vertical or horizontal. He shall cause every such branch drain or tributary drain to join another drain obliquely in the direction of flow of such drain and as near as practicable to the invert thereof.

Ventilation of drains.

Ventilation of drains.

45. Every person who shall construct a water-borne sanitary installation or any part thereof in any new or existing building or in any other premises shall for the purpose of securing efficient ventilation of the drains of such building or premises communicating with a sewer or septic tank or other treatment or disposal works, comply with the following requirements to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

Alternative arrangements.

(*i*) He shall provide at least two untrapped openings to the drains and in the provision of such openings he shall adopt such of the arrangements hereinafter specified as the circumstances of the case may render the more suitable and effectual—

(*a*) One opening being above and near the level of the surface of the ground adjoining such opening, shall communicate with the drains by means of a suitable pipe, shaft or chamber, and shall be situated as near as may be practicable to the trap which in pursuance of the by-laws in that behalf, shall be provided between the main drain or other drain of the building and the sewer or the septic tank or other disposal work as the case may be The point at which such opening communicates with the drain shall also in every case be situated on that side of the trap which is the nearer to the building. The second opening shall be obtained by carrying up from a point in the drains as far distant as may be practicable from the point at which the first mentioned opening shall be situated, a pipe or shaft, vertically to such a height and in such a position as to afford by means of the open end of such pipe or shaft a safe outlet for foul air.

(*b*) In every case where the foregoing arrangement of the openings to the drains may be impracticable or undesirable, there may be substituted the arrangement hereinafter prescribed :—

One opening shall be obtained by carrying up from a point as near as may be practicable to the trap, which in pursuance of the by-laws in that behalf, shall be provided between the main drain or other drain of the building and the sewer, or septic tank or other disposal works as the case may be, a pipe or shaft vertically to such a height and in such a position as to afford by means of the open end of such pipe a safe outlet for ful air. The point at which such opening communicates with the drain shall also in every case be situated on that side of the trap which is nearer to the building.

The second opening, being at a point in the drains as far distant as may be practicable from the point at which the last mentioned pipe or shaft shall be carried up, shall be above and near the level of the surface of the ground adjoining such opening and shall communicate with the drains by means of a suitable pipe or shaft.

(*c*) If in any case, neither of the two preceding arrangements are desirable, then both the first and the second openings may be obtained by carrying up from the points referred to in the previous subsection,

suitable vertical pipes or shafts to such heights and in such positions that when either acts as an inlet the other may be a safe outlet for foul air.

Height of ventilating shaft for outlet for foul air.

(*ii*) Except in any case where any other mode of construction may be impracticable the ventilating pipes or shafts shall be carried up to a height of at least three feet above the outer covering of the roof of the building and shall not terminate within six feet of a window or opening into such building or within fifteen feet of a window or opening into such building either on the same or at a higher level than the termination of the ventilating pipe, and shall in no case be carried to a less height than ten feet.

Position of inlet for fresh air.

(*iii*) Every inlet for fresh air into the drain shall be at least five feet from every door, window, ventilating grating or chimney of any building.

Gratings or covers to openings.

(*iv*) He shall cause every opening provided in accordance with any of the arrangements hereinbefore specified to be furnished with a suitable grating or other suitable cover for the purpose of preventing any obstruction in or injury to any pipe or drain by the introduction of any substance through any such opening. He shall in every case, cause such grating or cover to be so constructed and fitted as to secure the free passage of air through such grating or cover by means of a sufficient number of apertures, of which the aggregate extent shall be not less than the sectional area of the pipe or drain to which such grating or cover may be fitted.

No bends or angles in pipes.

(*v*) He shall not, except where unavoidable, cause any bend or angle to be made in any pipe or shaft used in connection with any of the arrangements hereinbefore specified.

Sizes of pipes.

(*vi*) He shall cause every pipe or shaft used in connection with any of the arrangements hereinbefore specified, to have a sectional area not less than that of the drain with which such pipe or shaft may communicate and not less in any case than the sectional area of a pipe or shaft having an internal diameter of four inches.

Construction, material and weight of pipes.

(*vii*) He shall cause every pipe or shaft used in connection with any of the arrangements hereinbefore specified to be constructed in the same manner and of the same materials and weight as if such pipe or shaft were a soil pipe.

Use of soil pipes as ventilation pipes.

(*viii*) Provided always that for the purpose of any of the arrangements hereinbefore specified, the soil pipe of any water closet, or the waste pipe of any slop sink constructed or adapted to be used for receiving any solid or liquid excremental filth, in every case where the situation, sectional area, height and mode of construction of such soil pipe or such waste pipe shall be in accordance with the requirements applicable to the pipe or shaft to be carried up from the drains, shall be deemed to provide the necessary opening for ventilation which would otherwise be obtained by means of such last mentioned pipe or shaft.

External water closet.

(*ix*) Provided always that where a water closet shall be constructed so as not to have any internal communication with any building and where the distance between the water closet and the disconnecting trap which in pursuance of the by-laws in that behalf has to be provided between the drain with which such water closet communicates and the sewer or other means of drainage into which such drains may lawfully empty, shall not be more than ten feet, or shall be more than ten feet, but not more than 30 feet, the following provisions shall have effect, that is to say :—

(*a*) where the distance shall not be more than 10 feet, the provisions of the by-law shall not apply to the case, and

(*b*) where the distance shall be more than ten feet but shall not be more than thirty feet, an opening shall be obtained by carrying up from a point in the drain with which the water closet communicates as far distant as may be practicable from the trap, which in pursuance to the by-law in that behalf shall have to be provided between such drain and the sewer or other means of drainage into which such drain may lawfully empty, a pipe or shaft vertically to such height and in such a manner as effectually to prevent any escape of foul air into any building in the vicinity thereof, and in no case to a less height than ten feet and such pipe or shaft shall be of a sectional area not less than that of the drain with which it may communicate and not less in any case than the sectional area of a pipe or shaft of a diameter of four inch es.

46. Every person who shall construct a water borne sanitary installation or any part thereof for any existing or new building or in any other premises, shall not construct any drain of such building or premises communicating with any sewer or septic tank or other disposal work in such manner that there shall be within such building or premises any inlet to such drain except such inlet as may be necessary from the apparatus of any water closet, slope sink or urinal.

No inlets to drains within buildings.

Waste pipe and stacks.

47. (1) Every person who shall construct a water borne sanitary installation or any part thereof in any existing or new building or in any other premises, shall cause every pipe in such building or premises for carrying off waste water from every lavatory or sink (not being a slope sink or urinal constructed or adapted to be used for receiving any solid or liquid excremental filth) to a sewer or septic tank or other disposal work, to be constructed of lead or iron and to be trapped immediately beneath such lavatory or sink by an efficient syphon trap which shall be constructed of lead, iron or brass, with adequate means for inspection and cleansing and which shall be ventilated into the external air whenever such ventilation may be necessary to preserve the seal of the trap:

Material of waste pipes.

Traps to waste pipes.

Provided that in cases where any such lavatory or sink discharges into a floor trap situated within a distance of eight feet of such lavatory or sink, such syphon trap may be omitted if approved by the Engineer.

(2) He shall not construct or fix on or in connection with such waste pipe, lavatory or sink, any traps of the kind known as a bell trap, a dip trap or a D trap.

Bell traps, dip traps and D traps prohibited.

(3) No shall cause overy pipe in such building for carrying off waste water to be taken through an external wall of such building, and to discharge in the open air over a properly trapped gully, or into such gully above the level of the water in the trap thereof or over a channel as the case may be.

Waste pipes to discharge in the open air.

(4) Where the waste pipe from two or more such baths, sinks or lavatory basins discharges into one common waste pipe otherwise than into a head open to the air, he shall cause each of the traps provided in accordance with the requirement of this bylaw to be ventilated into the open air by means of a pipe which shall have, in all parts, an internal diameter of not less than one inch and shall be connected with the highest part of the trap and on that side of the water seal which is the nearer to the outgo.

Waste pipe from two or more baths, sinks or lavatory basins.

(5) He shall cause the overflow pipe from every cistern to be taken through an external wall of such building and to discharge in the open air.

Overflow pipe.

(6) He shall cause all such waste pipes to be firmly attached to the walls. If the waste pipe is of cast iron or asbestos-cement, properly fixed holder batts or brackets of heavy pattern shall be used and each waste pipe shaft carried up from ground level shall be supported by a heavy cast iron duck foot bend carried on a cement concrete slab size not less than one foot square by six inches thick. Provided always that it shall be sufficient if he shall secure the pipes to the walls in a manner considered by the Engineer to be equally suitable and efficient.

Supports.

48. Every person who shall provide any floor trap for carrying waste from any bath, lavatory or sink (not being a slop sink or urinal constructed or adapted to be used for receiving any solid or liquid excremental filth) to a sewer or septic tank or other disposal work, shall cause such floor trap to be of cast iron or other suitable material and to be not less than two and-a-half inches diameter in any part thereof and to be ventilated into the external air whenever such ventilation may be necessary to preserve the seal of the trap, and he shall cause such floor trap to be covered by a suitable grating and the pipe leading from such floor trap to be taken through an external wall of such building by the shortest practicable route and to discharge in the open air over the grating of a properly trapped gully or over a channel as the case may be.

Floor traps.

If he shall directly connect such floor trap to a waste pipe he shall cause such waste pipe, if in the opinion of the Engineer it shall be necessary to be continued upwards without any diminution of its diamater and (except where unavoidable) without any bend or angle being formed in such waste pipe, to such a height and in such a position as to afford by means of the open end of such waste pipes, a safe outlet for foul air, and the position of and covering to the open and shall be such as to comply with the conditions set out in the bylaws relating to ventilation.

If he shall provide any floor trap for carrying off the waste water from any bath, lavatory, or sink (not being a slop sink or urinal constructed or adapted to be used for receiving any solid or liquid filth) he shall cause the floor surrounding such floor trap to be formed of hard, smooth, impervious material having a fall towards the floor trap.

Specification for waste pipes and specials.

49. (1) If lead pipes are used for waste pipes, they shall be of uniform thickness throughout, and shall weigh at least two and three quarter lbs, per lineal foot for one and-a-half inches internal diameter pipes and three and three-uarter lbs. per linead foot for two inches internal diameter pipes and all joints shall be proper wiped plumber's joints in visible positions so as to be easily accessible. If cast iron pipes and special castings are used for waste pipes they shall conform in all respects with the British Standard Specification No. 59-1912 for cast iron, spigot and socket, waste and ventilating pipes for other than soil purposes. If asbestos-cement pipes and specials are used for waste pipes, they shall conform in all respects with the British Standard Specification No. 582-1934 for asbestos-cement, spigot and socket, soil, waste and ventilating pipes and fittings.

Socket joints.

(2) If he shall construct such waste pipes of cast iron, with socket joints, he shall cause the joints to be made of molten lead properly caulked, and all waste pipes of cast iron with socket joints shall be laid with the spigot end of each pipe in the direction of flow. A sufficient quantity of lead shall be melted at a time to finish each joint at one running and the depth of lead after caulking shall not be less than 1¼ inches. If he shall construct such waste pipes of asbestos-cement with socket joints, he shall cause the joints to be made of lead wool properly caulked and every pipe shall be laid with the spigot and in the direction of flow. The depth of lead after caulking shall not be less than 1¼ inches.

Flanged joints.

(3) If he shall construct such waste pipes with flanged joints, he shall cause such joints to be securely bolted together with some suitable insertion. Provided always that it shall be sufficient if he shall connect the pipes in a manner considered by the Engineer to be equally suitable and efficient.

Supports.

(4) He shall cause all waste pipes to be strongly supported at the foot by a heavy duck foot bend of cast iron on a bed of concrete, and firmly attached to the walls. If the waste pipes are of cast iron or asbestos-cement, proper fixed holder batts or brackets shall be used : Provided always that it shall be sufficient if he shall secure the pipes to the walls in a manner considered by the Engineer to be equally suitable and efficient.

Soil pipes and stacks with their connections.

Soil pipes.

Situation and material.

50. (1) Any person who shall provide a soil pipe in connection with a water borne sanitary installation for any building or premises for the purpose of conveying to the sewer, septic tank or other treatment or disposal works any solid or liquid excremental filth, shall whenever practicable, cause such soil pipe to be situated outside the building and shall construct such soil pipe in drawn lead with proper plumber's wiped joints or of heavy cast iron, or asbestos-cement :

Provided that in any case where it shall be necessary to construct such soil pipe within the building, he shall construct it in drawn lead with proper wiped plumber's joints in visible positions and so as to be readily accessible, or of cast iron.

Specification, thickness and weight of soil pipes.

(2) He shall construct such soil pipes, if the pipe be of lead so that its thickness and weight in proportion to its internal diameter shall be :—

Internal diameter.	*Lead pipe—weight per 10 feet length, not less than* :—
4"	74 lbs.
5"	92 „
6"	110 „

He shall construct such soil pipes, if of iron, with pipes and special castings which shall conform in all respects with the BritishStandard Specification No. 58-1912 for cast iron, spigot and socket soil pipes.

He shall construct such soil pipes, if of asbestos-cement, with pipes and fittings which shall conform in all respects with the British Standard Specification No. 582-1934 for asbestos-cement, spigot and socket, soil, waste and ventilating pipes and fittings.

Joints.

(3) If he shall construct such soil pipe of cast iron with socket joints, he shall cause such joints to be made of molten lead, properly caulked and every soil pipe shall be laid with the spigot and of each pipe in the direction of flow of sewage. A sufficient quantity of lead shall be

melted at a time to finish each joint at one running and the depth of lead after caulking shall not be less than 1¼ inches.

If he shall construct such soil pipes of asbestos-cement with socket joints, he shall cause the joints to be made of lead wool, properly caulked and every pipe shall be laid with the spigot end in the direction of flow. The depth of lead after caulking shall not be less than 1¼ inches.

If he shall construct such soil pipes with flanged joints he shall cause such joints to be securely bolted together with some suitable insertion : Provided always that it shall be sufficient if he shall connect the pipes in a manner considered by the Engineer to be equally suitable and efficient.

No connection with rainwater and waste pipes. No traps.

(4) He shall construct such soil pipe, whether inside or outside the building, so that it shall not be connected with any rainwater pipe or with the waste of any bath or lavatory basin or of any sink other than that which is provided for the reception of urine or other excremental filth and he shall construct such soil pipe so that there shall not be any trap in such soil pipe or between such soil pipe and any drain with which it is connected.

Supports.

(5) He shall cause such soil pipe to be strongly supported at the foot by a heavy cast iron duck foot bend carried on a bed of cement concrete and firmly attached to the walls. If the soil pipe is of cast iron or asbestos-cement, properly fixed holder batts or brackets shall be used.

Diameter.

Outlet.

(6) He shall cause such soil pipe, whether inside or outside the building, to be circular and to have an internal diameter of not less than four inches and to be continued upwards without diminution of its diameter and (except where unavoidable) without any bend or angle being formed in such soil pipe, to such height and in such a position as to afford by means of the open end of such soil pipe a safe outlet for foul air.

Connection of lead soil pipe, etc with iron drain, etc.

51. Any person who shall connect a lead soil pipe, waste pipe, ventilating pipe, or trap with an iron pipe or drain communicating with a sewer, septic tank or other disposal works, shall insert between such lead soil pipe, waste pipe, ventilating pipe or trap and such iron pipe or drain, a flanged thimble of copper, brass or other suitable alloy and shall connect such lead soil pipe, waste pipe, ventilating pipe, or trap, with such thimble by means of a wiped or overcast metallic joint and shall connect such thimble with such iron pipe or drain by means of a joint made with molten lead properly caulked: provided always that it shall be sufficient if he connects the lead soil pipe, waste pipe, ventilating pipe, or trap with the iron pipe or drain in an equally suitable and efficient manner.

In the case of a connection of a lead soil pipe, or trap with a cement-asbestos pipe, the flanged thimble shall be similar to that specified for a connection to an iron pipe, but the joint shall be made with lead wool properly caulked, the depth of lead after caulking to be not less than 1¼ inches.

Connection of stoneware trap of closet, etc., with lead soil pipe.

52. Any person who shall connect a stoneware or semi-vitrified ware trap or pipe with a lead soil pipe, waste pipe or trap communicating with a sewer, septic tank or other disposal works, shall insert between such stoneware or semi-vitrified ware trap or pipe and such lead soil pipe or trap a socket of copper, brass or other suitable alloy, and shall insert such stoneware or semi-vitrified ware trap into such socket, making the joint with Portland cement and shall connect such socket with the lead soil pipe, waste pipe or trap by means of a wiped or overcast metallic joint ; provided always that it shall be sufficient if he shall connect the stoneware or semi-vitrified ware trap or pipe with the lead soil pipe, waste pipe or trap in an equally suitable and efficient manner to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

Connection of lead soil pipe, etc, with stoneware drain, etc.

53. Any person who shall connect a lead soil pipe, waste pipe, ventilating pipe or trap with a stoneware or semi-vitrified ware pipe or drain communicating with a sewer or septic tank or other disposal works shall insert between such lead soil pipe, waste pipe, ventilating pipe or trap and such stoneware or semi-vitrified ware pipe or drain, a flanged thimble of copper, brass or other suitable alloy and shall connect such lead soil pipe, waste pipe, ventilating pipe or trap with such thimble by means of a wiped, overcast metallic joint and shall insert the flanged end of such thimble into a socket of such stoneware or semi-vitrified ware, pipe or drain, making the joint with Portland cement ; provided always that it shall be sufficient if he shall connect the lead soil pipe, waste pipe, ventilating pipe or trap with the stoneware or semi-vitrified ware pipe or drain in an equally suitable and efficient manner to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

54. Any person who shall connect an iron or asbestos-cement soil pipe, waste pipe, ventilating pipe or trap with a stoneware or semi-vitrified ware-pipe or drain communicating with a sewer, septic tank or other disposal works, shall insert the spigot end of such iron or asbestos-cement soil pipe, waste pipe, ventilating pipe or trap into a socket of such stoneware or semi-vitrified ware pipe or drain, making the joint with Portland cement ; provided always that it shall be sufficient if he shall connect the iron or asbestos-cement soil pipe, waste pipe, ventilating pipe or trap with the stoneware or semi-vitrified ware pipe or drain in an equally suitable and efficient manner to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

Connection of iron or asbestos-cement soil pipe, etc., with stoneware drain, etc.

55. Any person who shall connect a stoneware or semi-vitrified ware trap or pipe with an iron or asbestos-cement soil pipe, waste pipe, trap or drain communicating with a sewar, septic tank or other disposal works shall insert such stoneware or semi-vitrified ware trap or pipe into a socket in such iron or asbestos-cement soil pipe, waste pipe, trap or drain, making the joint with Portland cement ; provided always that it shall be sufficient if he shall connect the stoneware or semi-vitrified ware trap or pipe with the iron or asbestos-cement soil pipe, waste pipe, trap or drain in an equally suitable and efficient manner to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

Connection of stoneware trap of closet, etc., with iron or asbestos-cement soil pipe, etc.

Ventilation and traps for water closets, slop sinks and urinals.

56. (1) Any person who shall construct any water closet the soil pipe of which shall communicate with any sewer, septic tank or other disposal or treatment works and shall be in connection with any other water closet, shall cause the trap of every such water closet to be ventilated into the open air at a point as high as the top of the soil pipe, or into the soil pipe at a point above the highest water closet connected with such soil pipe, and so that the ventilating pipe shall have in all parts an internal diameter of not less than two inches and shall be connected with the arm of the soil pipe or the trap at a point not less than three and not more than twelve inches from the highest part of the trap and on that side of the water seal which is nearest to the soil pipe. He shall cause the joint between the ventilating pipe and the arm of the soil pipe or the trap to be made in the direction of the flow.

Ventilation of trap of water closet and provision against anti-syphonage.

(2) He shall construct such ventilating pipe in drawn lea d or of heavy cast iron or asbestos-cement. Provided that in any case where it shall be necessary to construct such ventilating pipe within a building, he shall construct such ventilating pipe in drawn lead or cast iron. He shall construct such ventilating pipe, whether inside or outside a building, so that if the pipe be of lead, its weight shall not be less than 45 lbs. per 12 feet length, and if the pipe be of iron it shall comply with the British Standard Specification No. 58-1912, for cast iron, spigot and socket, soil pipes.

Materials.

If the pipe be of asbestos-cement it shall comply with the British Standard Specification No. 582-1934, for asbestos-cement, spigot and socket, soil, waste and ventilating pipes and fittings.

He shall in all cases, cause the joints in and the connections to such ventilating pipe to be made in the same manner as if such ventilating pipe were a soil pipe.

57. (1) Any person who shall construct in connection with any building or premises a slop sink or urinal constructed or adapted to be used for receiving any solid or liquid excremental filth for conveyance to any sewer or to any septic tank or other disposal works, shall construct or fix immediately beneath such slop sink or urinal an efficient syphon trap, so constructed as to be capable of maintaining a sufficient water seal between such slop sink or urinal and any drain, soil pipe or waste pipe in connection therewith. He shall not construct or fix in connection with such slop sink or urinal any trap of the kind known as a bell trap, a dip trap or a D trap.

Traps for slop sinks for filth and urinals.

(2) He shall, as regards the ventilation of the trap of such slop sink or urinal and the construction of the waste pipe of such slop sink or urinal, comply with all requirements of the preceding by-laws which are applicable to the ventilation of the trap of a water closet and the construction of a soil pipe, always provided that the internal diameter of the waste pipe of any such slop sink or urinal shall not be less than 3 inches, and where the internal diameter of such waste pipe is 3 inches, the weight of such pipe for every 10 feet of length shall, if such waste pipe be constructed of lead, be not less than 60 lbs. and if such waste pipe be constructed of cast iron, it shall conform in all respects with the British Standard Specification No. 58-1912, for cast iron, spigot and socket soil pipes.

Ventilation of traps and materials for waste pipes, etc.

If such waste pipe be constructed of asbestos-cement it shall conform in all respects with British Standard Specification No. 582-1934, for asbestos-cement, spigot and socket, soil, waste and ventilating pipes and fittings.

Flushing.

(3) He shall furnish every such slop sink or urinal with a cistern of adequate capacity, not less than $2\frac{1}{2}$ gallons and, unless sanctioned by the Engineer, not more than 3 gallons in the case of slop sinks, and not less than one gallon for each stall in the case of urinals, for the purposes of flushing. The method of fixing such cistern shall comply in all respects with the conditions set out in the by-laws in that behalf for the fixing of cisterns for water closets.

Position.

(4) He shall not construct any slop sink or urinal so that it is approached directly from any room used for the purpose of human habitation or used for the manufacture, preparation or storage of human food, or used as a factory, workshop, or workplace.

Installation of water closets, latrines, urinals, slop sinks and their accessories.

58. Every person by or for whom any water borne sanitary installation or any part thereof for any existing or new buildings or in any other premises is installed or constructed, shall comply with the following requirements, that is to say :—

Position.

(1) He shall cause every basin, urinal, slop sink or other receptacle constructed or adapted to be used for receiving any solid or liquid filth, to be contained within a water closet or latrine.

He shall construct such water closet or latrine in such position that one of its sides at least shall be an external wall which shall abut immediately upon a street or upon a yard or open space of not less than one hundred square feet of superficial area measured horizontally at a point below the level of the floor of such closet.

Not to be approached from living rooms.

(2) He shall not construct any such water closet so that it is approached directly from any room used for the manufacture, preparation, or storage of human food, or used as a factory, workshop or work place. If he shall construct any water closet or latrine other than a flush out he shall construct such water closet or latrine in such manner that it can be entered only from the open air.

Construction.

(3) He shall construct such water closet or latrine (which shall be at least four and a half feet by three feet internally), so that on any side on which it may abut on a room used for the manufacture, preparation or storage of human food, or used as a factory, workshop or work place, it shall be enclosed by a solid wall or partition of brick or masonry, extending the entire height from the floor to the ceiling.

He shall provide every such water closet or latrine that is approached from the external air with a floor of hard smooth impervious material, having a fall of half an inch to the foot for purposes of washing down. He shall cause the floor of all water closets or latrines on the ground floor to be raised at least 6 inches above the level of the ground outside. He shall provide such water closets or latrines with proper doors and fastenings.

Trough closets.

(4) If he shall construct any water closet of the kind known as a trough closet, he shall construct such water closet so that it cannot be entered otherwise than from the external air.

Slop water closets.

(5) If he shall construct any water closet of the kind known as a slop water closet, he shall construct such water closet so that it cannot be entered otherwise than from the external air.

Windows.

(6) He shall construct in one of the walls of such water closet, which shall abut on a street or upon a yard or open space, a window of such dimensions that an area of not less than two square feet which may be the whole or part of such window, shall open directly into the external air.

Ventilation.

(7) He shall, in addition to such window, cause such water closet to be provided with adequate means of constant ventilation by at least one air brick built in an external wall of such water closet, or by an air shaft or by some other effectual method or appliance. Such means of constant ventilation shall be of an area of not less than 36 square inches.

Flushing cistern.

(8) He shall furnish such water closet with a closed cistern of the water waste preventing type, of adequate capacity, not less than $2\frac{1}{2}$ gallons and, unless sanctioned by the Engineer not more than 3 gallons, for the purpose of flushing, which shall be separate and distinct from any cistern used for drinking purposes, and shall be so constructed, fitted and placed as to admit of the supply of water for use in such water closet so that there shall not be any direct

connection between any service pipe upon the premises and any part of the apparatus of such water closet other than such flushing cistern. Except with the approval of the Engineer, such cistern shall be so placed as to provide a head of at least 5 feet measured from the bottom of the cistern to the point of the flush pipe.

He shall provide every such cistern with a suitable ball cock, fixed on the supply pipe and, unless excused by the Engineer, with an overflow pipe, discharging into the open air in some conspicuous position, but not over the inlet into any drain.

Reserve tank.

(9) He shall provide every water closet or latrine with a closed reserve tank of not less than 60 gallons capacity for every seat. Every such tank must be made of galvanized or black iron of not less thickness than 14 Birmingham wire gauge, or other material approved by the Engineer.

Automatic flushing.

(10) He shall not, except with the written permission of the Engineer, construct or fix any self-acting or automatic flushing apparatus. In those cases where sanction is accorded, he shall submit for the approval of the Engineer, detailed specifications and drawings to show the size of the apparatus, the materials of which it is to be made, and the mode and frequency of its operation, and shall modify the apparatus in any manner that may be required by the Engineer.

Flush pipe.

(11) He shall construct or fix the pipe and union connecting such flushing cistern with the pan, basin, trough or other receptacle with which such water closet or latrine may be provided so that such pipe and union shall not in any part have an internal diameter of less than one inch and a quarter, and shall be fixed as vertically as possible.

Apparatus of water closet.

(12) He shall furnish such water closet with a suitable apparatus for the effectual application of water to any pan, basin, trough or other receptacle with which such apparatus may be connected and used, and for the effectual flushing and cleansing of such pan, basin, trough or other receptacle, and for the prompt and effectual removal therefrom, and from the trap connected therewith of any solid or liquid filth which may from time to time be deposited therein.

Water closet pan.

(13) He shall furnish such water closet with a pan, basin, trough or other receptacle of non-absorbant material, and of such shape, of such capacity, and of such mode of construction as to receive and contain a sufficient quantity of water, and to allow all filth, which may from time to time be deposited in such pan, basin, trough or other receptacle to fall free of the sides thereof and directly into the water received and contained in such pan, basin, or other receptacle.

He shall not construct or fix under such, pan, basin, or other receptacle any " container " or other similar fitting.

Syphon trap.

(14) He shall construct or fix immediately beneath or in connection with such pan, basin, trough, or other suitable receptacle, an efficient syphon trap, so constructed that it shall at all times maintain a sufficient water seal between such pan, basin, or other suitable receptacle, and any drain or soil pipe in connection therewith. He shall not construct or fix in or in connection with the water closet apparatus any D trap or any trap of such a kind as to be not self-cleansing.

No casing allowed.

(15) He shall not fix any casing of wood or other material round any receptacle, cistern, or other apparatus of any water closet.

Walls of latrines.

(16) The walls of every water closet or latrine up to a height of not less than 2 feet above the platform shall be constructed of thoroughly well burnt bricks, plastered with cement or of such other impervious material as the Engineer may direct.

Drainage of privies, ashpits, etc.

59. Every person, by or for whom drains are constructed shall comply with the following requirements that is to say :—

Floors of privies etc.

(1) He shall cause the floor of every privy, ashpit, or receptacle for filth or any refuse to be flanged or paved with hard tiles or other non-absorbant material, and he shall construct such floor so that it shall be, in every part thereof not less than 6 inches above the level of the surface of the ground adjoining such privy, ashpit or receptacle for filth, and so that such privy, ashpit or receptacle for filth shall have a fall towards the washout drain of not less than half an inch to the foot.

Drainage of privies, etc.

(2) He shall not allow any privy, ashpit or receptacle for filth or any refuse to be connected directly with any drains, but shall cause the washings from the floor of any such place to be carried

outside such place, and to discharge over the grating of a properly trapped gully provided with an approved type silt catcher.

(3) He shall not allow the drainage from any privy, ashpit or receptacle for filth or any refuse to be connected with any water borne sanitary installation discharging into a septic tank, or other treatment or disposal works on the premises.

Not to be connected to any septic tank, etc.

Open surface drains.

60. Every person by or for whom open surface drains or such other works are constructed, fixed or altered shall comply with the following requirements :—

(1) He shall cause all open surface drains or channels to be constructed either of fine cement concrete properly formed to the shape of the channel and plastered with cement mortar, or with half round glazed stoneware socketted channels for the inverts, laid on a bed of fine concrete extending in depth from the top of the channel to at least 3 inches below the underside thereof, and with at least 3 inches on both sides of the channel. Above the channel, the drains may be constructed of brick work in mortar plastered with at least 1/2 inch cement mortar.

Construction.

He shall construct no drain less than 3 inches deep and 3 inches wide and all drains must at all times be of such dimensions as to comply with all sanitary requirements and be laid to such gradients as shall effectually drain away all waste water which may, from time to time, be discharged into such open drains.

He shall, when necessary, provide kerbs to such drains or channels, at least 3 inches above the adjoining ground surface, or of such greater height as may be necessary.

Provided always that it shall be sufficient if he shall construct such drains or channels in a manner and with materials considered by the Engineer to be equally suitable and efficient.

(2) He shall provide to each outlet of every such drain an efficient trap and silt catcher of a design approved by the Engineer, such trap and silt catcher to be fixed in a manner and position approved by the Engineer.

Trap and silt catcher.

(3) He shall provide and fix at each outlet of every foul water drain an iron grating of a design approved by the Engineer.

Grating.

(4) No water closet or any apparatus by which liquid or solid excremental filth is to be removed by the water carriage system shall be allowed to be connected with any surface drain.

Water closet, etc. not to discharge into surface drains.

Penalties and enforcement of by-laws.

61. Every person who shall offend against any of the foregoing by-laws shall be liable for every such breach, to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees, and in the case of a continuing offence, to a further fine not exceeding five rupees for each day after the first during which the breach continues.

Penalties.

Notes.—(i) If any work is begun or done in contravention of the foregoing by-laws, the Committee may take action under section 195 and Chapter XI of the Act.

(ii) If any water borne sanitary installation or drainage installation or any water closet urinal or a group of water closet privies or urinals, erected before the commencement of operation of these by-laws, be certified by the Medical Officer of Health after making such enquiries, as he may think fit, to be in such a state or position as to constitute a danger to health, the Committee may issue a notice under section 126 of the Act.

The 29th August, 1940.

No. 1583-C-40/35352.—The following by-laws framed by the Administrator of the municipality of **Lahore**, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 112, 182, 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the municipality of **Lahore** on the 14th day of October, 1940, from which date the by-laws contained in part II of Punjab Government notification No. 3615, dated the 21st February, 1917, shall be deemed to be cancelled :—

BY-LAWS.

DEFINITIONS.

1. (1) In these by-laws, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context :—

(a) "animal" includes horses, cattle (including buffaloes), elephants, camels, asses, mules, sheep, goats, pigs and their young.

(b) " driving " includes leading, riding, or otherwise controlling any vehicle or animal,

(c) " traffic sign " includes all signals, warning sign posts, direction posts signs, traffic lights, traffic lines and other marks on the surface of a street and other devices erected by any person or authority authorised under the Motor Vehicles Act, 1939 and the rules made thereunder, or under any other law for the information, guidance and direction of drivers of vehicles or of other persons,

(d) " vehicle " includes motor vehicles, invalid carriages, road rollers, side cars, trailers, bicycles, tricycles, rickshaws (vehicles propelled by pedalling for the conveyance of passengers) and other cycles, rickshaws, wheel-barrows and other carts propelled by manual labour, carts drawn by horses or bullocks, tongas and other horsed conveyances, and all other forms of wheeled conveyance capable of being used on a public road ; but not toys for the use of children, or perambulators or similar baby carriages,

(2) Unless there is any thing repugnant in the subject or context or unless otherwise stated, the expression used in these by-laws shall have the meaning given to them in the Motor Vehicles Act, 1939, and in any rules made thereunder.

General.

Minimum age. 2. No person less than fourteen years of age shall drive a vehicle drawn by an ainmal or animals.

(*Note.*—Seprate regulations exist under the Motor Vehicles Act, 1938, for driving motor vehicles.)

Overloading. 3. No person shall drive or allow or cause to be driven along a public street any vehicle containing luggage or any other goods unless the luggage or goods are securely protected from the danger of falling and are fixed in such a way as not to project laterally beyond the extremities of the vehicle. Vehicles loaded with *kankar*, earth, stone metal, or other loose material must be provided with boards on all sides, and the load near the boards shall not be higher than six inches below the level of such boards.

Footpaths and tan rides. 4. No person in charge of a vehicle or any animal other than a horse shall take his vehicle or animal on to any footpaths or tan rides reserved for pedestrians or equestrians respectively, or on to any grass plot, and no person driving any animal shall take such animal on to a footpath reserved for pedestrians, or on to a grass plot, provided that this by-law shall not apply to persons acting under the directions of a police officer in uniform.

Breaking in animal. 5. No person shall break in or cause to be broken in any animal on any public street.

Horns and bells. 6. No rider or driver of any vehicle, othar than a motor vehicle or regimental drag, shall use a bulb, klaxon or post horn, or similar mechanical device, other than a bell. No driver of any vehicle, except a fire engine, shall use a bell with the sound of the type used on fire engines, or shall sound needlessly or continuously or to an extent beyond what is necessary to ensure safety, the horn, bell or other device for giving audible warning with which the vehicle is equipped, or shall cause or allow any other person to do so.

Parking. 7. No person in charge of any vehicle or animal shall keep that vehicle or animal in any public place contrary to the requirements of any traffic sign set up to prescribe places at which vehicles or animals may stand either indefinitely or for a specified period of time, or may not stand at all, or places at which public service vehicles may stop for a longer time than is necessary for the taking up and setting down of passengers.

Traffic signs. 8. No driver of any vehicle or animal shall drive that vehicle or animal contrary to any indication given by traffic lights or by a traffic sign set up at the entrance of a street prohibiting any description of traffic in that street, either absolutely or between certain hours or in any direction, or contrary to any direction given to him by any police officer for the time being engaged in the regulation of traffic in any street or public place.

Rules of the road. 9. Every driver shall drive a vehicle or animal in conformity with the following principles :—

(a) He shall drive the vehicle or animal as close to the left hand side of the road as may be expedient, and shall allow all traffic, which is proceeding in the opposite direction, to pass him on his right hand side.

(b) Except as provided in clause (c) below, he shall pass to the right of all traffic proceeding in the same direction as himself.

(c) He may pass to the left of a vehicle or animal, the driver of which, having indicated an intention to turn to the right, has drawn to the centre of the road.

(d) He shall, when turning to the left, drive, or ride the animal as close as may be expedient to the left hand side of the road from which he is making the turn and of the road which he is entering.

(e) He shall, when turning to the right, draw as near as may be to the centre of the road along which he is travelling, and cause the vehicle or animal to move in such a manner that—

(i) as far as may be practicable it passes beyond and so as to leave on his right hand a point formed by the inter section of the centre lines of the two intersecting roads, and

(ii) it arrives as near as may be at the left hand side of the road which he is entering.

Traffic lines.

10. (i) A vehicle leaving its own traffic-lane and entering another in the process of overtaking or for any other purpose, shall yield precedence to vehicles to which the second traffic-lane properly belongs; and in the event of an accident occurring the driver of the vehicle which has left its traffic-lane shall be deemed to be at fault unless the contrary is proved.

(ii) The following are the traffic-lanes appropriate to each class of vehicles :—

(a) On a road (not being a road reserved for traffic proceeding in one direction only marked as intended to carry four lines of traffic or clearly adapted to carry four lines of traffic).

For motor vehicles other than motor vehicles prohibited from travelling at a speed exceeding ten miles an hour—the inner lane on the left side of the road.

For all other vehicles, including bicycles and tricycles—the outer lane on the left side of the road.

(b) On a road (not being a road reserved for traffic proceeding in one direction only) marked as intended to carry three lines of traffic.

For all vehicles—the lane on the left side of the road.

(c) On other roads not being roads reserved for traffic proceeding in one direction only.

For all vehicles—the left half of the road.

(d) On roads reserved for traffic proceeding in one direction only.

No reserved lanes.

Filtering.

11. Filtering to the left (i. e., turning to the left out of one street into another at an intersection) is permitted except where this would involve entering a one-way traffic street in the direction contrary to the direction of the traffic, or generally where filtering is forbidden by a traffic sign.

Halting and giving names.

12. (i) The driver of a vehicle or animal shall cause the vehicle or animal to stop and remain stationary so long as may reasonably be necessary,—

(a) when required to do so by any police officer in uniform, or

(b) when required to do so by any person in charge of another animal, if such person apprehends that his animal is or will be alarmed by the vehicle or animal, or

(c) when the vehicle or animal is involved in the occurrence of an accident to a person, animal or vehicle, or of damage to any property, whether the driving or management of the vehicle or animal was or was not the cause of the accident or damage, and he shall give his name and address and the name and address of the owner of the vehicle or animal to any person affected by any such accident or damage who demands it.

NOTE.—In clauses (b) and (c) the expression "animal" in so far as it relates to an animal which it is apprehended, will be alarmed or to which an accident occurs means any horse, cattle, elephant, camel, ass, mule, sheep or goat or any dog which is kept as a domestic pet.

(ii) The driver of an animal or vehicle, who is alleged to have infringed the principles laid down in these bye-laws shall, on demand by any person having reasonable ground for requiring him to do so, give his name and address to that person.

Accidents.

13. When any person is injured as the result of an accident in which an animal or vehicle is involved, the person in charge of the animal or vehicle shall—

(a) take all reasonable steps to secure medical attention for the injured person, and if necessary, convey him to the nearest hospital, unless the injured person or his guardian in case he is a minor, desires otherwise,

(*b*) give on demand by a police officer any information required by him, or, if no police officer is present, report the circumstances of the occurrence at the nearest police station as soon as possible, and in any case within twenty-four hours of the occurrence.

Signals.

14. Every driver of a vehicle or animal shall, on the occasions specified below, make the following signals :—

(*a*) When about to turn to the right or to drive or move to the right hand side of the road in order to pass another vehicle or animal or for any other purpose, he shall extend his right arm in a horizontal position outside of and to the right of his vehicle or animal with the palm of the hand turned to the front.

(*b*) When about to turn to the left or to drive to the left hand side of the road, he shall extend his right arm and rotate it in an anti-clockwise direction.

(*c*) When about to slow down, he shall extend his right arm with the palm downward, outside of and to the right of his vehicle or animal and shall move the arm so extended up and down several times in such a manner that the signal can be seen by the driver of any vehicle which may be behind him.

(*d*) When about to stop, he shall raise his right forearm vertically outside of and to the right of his vehicle or animal, palm to the front, provided that during the hours prescribed for lighting the lights of motor vehicles, the signal for intention to stop may be given by an electrical stop light as prescribed under the Motor Vehicles Act.

(*e*) If he wishes to indicate to the driver of a vehicle or the rider of an animal behind him that he desires that driver or rider to overtake him, he shall extend his right arm and hand horizontally outside of and to the right of his vehicle or animal and shall swing the arm backwards and forwards in the semi-circular motion.

Provided that the signal of the intention to turn to the right or left or to stop may be given by a mechanical or an electric device of a nature prescribed under the Motor Vehicles Act, 1939 :

Provided further that failure to make the signals specified above shall not be deemed to be an offence under these bye-laws, unless an accident, danger or unnecessary inconvenience is caused by such failure.

Dangerous parking.

15. No person in charge of any vehicle or animal shall allow the vehicle or animal to remain at rest in any street in such a position, or in such a condition or in such circumstances as to cause or be likely to cause danger and inconvenience to other users of the street.

Overtaking.

16. No person driving or propelling a vehicle or riding or driving an animal shall pass a vehicle travelling in the same direction as himself :—

(*a*) if his passing is likely to hold up or to cause inconvenience or danger to other traffic proceeding in any direction, or

(*b*) where a corner or a hill or an obstruction of any kind renders the road ahead not clearly visible.

Preventing overtaking.

17. No person driving an animal or vehicle shall, when being overtaken or being passed by any other animal or vehicle, increase speed or do any thing in any way to prevent the other animal or vehicle from passing him.

Blind crossings and corners.

18. A person driving an animal or vehicle shall slow down when approaching a road intersection, a road junction or a road corner, and shall not enter any such intersection or junction until he has become aware that he may do so without endangering the safety of persons thereon.

Main roads.

19. A person driving an animal or vehicle shall on entering a road intersection, if the road entered is a main road designated as such, give way to the vehicles and animals proceeding along that road, and in any other case give way to all traffic approaching the intersection on his right hand.

Troops and road gangs.

20. No person in charge of any vehicle or animal shall, when passing or meeting a body of troops or police on the march or when passing workmen engaged on road repair, drive at a speed greater than fifteen miles an hour.

Dangerous Vehicles.

21. No person shall drive any vehicle or permit any vehicle belonging to him to be driven, unless so constructed and maintained as to prevent danger to the public and to any person riding in it.

CYCLES.

(By-laws 22 to 26 do not apply to motor cycles for which provision has been made under the Motor Vehicles Act and Rules thereunder.

Towing.

22. No person riding any animal or driving any vehicle or riding any cycle shall permit any cycle to be towed by his animal or vehicle, and no person riding any cycle shall permit himself to be towed.

Bells and lights.

23. All cycles shall be provided with a bell and brakes on both front and rear wheels, and in good working order and with a single white light in front, which shall be lighted at night during the hours prescribed for the lighting of vehicles. The light shall be affixed to the frame of the cycle and not carried in the hand. A red rear reflector shall be affixed at the back in such a way as to be visible to on-coming traffic. No person shall ride a cycle not thus equipped, on any street, except that a lamp need not be carried during the hours of daylight.

Trick riding.

24. No person shall ride a cycle in any public street unless sitting on the saddle, and no person other than the rider or riders of the cycle shall be carried on the same cycle. A rider for this purpose shall be deemed to be a person sitting on a properlyconstructed saddle.

Riding abreast.

25. No person shall ride any cycle in such a way that more than two cycles will be moving abreast along any public street.

Riding without hands on the handlebars.

26. No person shall ride a cycle with both hands off the handlebars.

BULLOCK CARTS.

Drivers.

27. No driver or other person in charge of a bullock cart shall leave a bullock cart unattended while moving along a public street or shall go to sleep while driving it.

Lights.

28. All bullockcarts moving by night during the hours prescribed for the lighting of motor vehicles along a street shall carry a lighted lamp which is visible from in front as well as from behind. No person shall drive or allow a bullock cart belonging to him to be driven unless it is so equipped.

TONGAS AND OTHER HORSED VEHICLES.

Galloping.

29. No person shall drive a vehicle drawn by a horse, mule or donkey along a public street at a gallop or canter.

Bells.

30. No person shall drive a vehicle drawn by a horse, mule or donkey unless it is provided with a bell in proper working order to be used when it is necessary to give audible warning of approach. The bell shall be of such a nature as not to sound continuously.

Lights.

31. All vehicles drawn by a horse, mule or donkey shall carry two lamps showing white lights to the front, one on each side of the vehicle and so placed as to reveal the full width of the vehicle; the right-hand or off lamp shall show a red light visible from the rear. No person shall drive such a vehicle at night unless it is so equipped and the lamps are lit between the hours prescribed for the lighting of motor vehicles.

RICKSHAWS AND TRICKSHAWS.

Lights.

32. All rickshaws and trickshaws shall be provided with a bell and with a lamp in front, which shall be lighted at night between the hours prescribed for the lighting of motor vehicles, and trickshaws shall be provided with adequate brakes. A red rear reflector shall be affixed to the back of each rickshaw or trickshaw in such a way as to be visible to on-coming traffic. No person shall propel a rickshaw or trickshaw not thus equipped on any street, except that a lamp need not be carried during the hours of daylight.

HANDCARTS.

Lights.

33. No person shall propel any handcart at night between the hours prescribed for the lighting of motor vehicles except with a lighted lamp attached to it which is visible both from in front and from behind.

TAN RIDES.

Use. 34. No person other than a psrson riding or leading a horse, donkey or mule shall use the tan rides.

Galloping. 35. No person shall ride a horse, donkey or mule at a gallop or at such a pace and in such a manner as to cause inconvenience to other persons using the tan rides.

ANIMALS.

Driving animals. 36. No person shall permit a herd or flock of animals exceeding five belonging to him to be driven along any street unless in the charge of a person at least 18 years of age. Every herd or flock exceeding five animals shall have one additional person in charge for every 20 or fraction of 20 animals after the first 20.

No person driving such a herd or flock shall fail to keep the animals under reasonable control, or to give reasonable facilities to allow other traffic to pass.

PEDESTRIANS.

Footpaths and crossing places. 37. (a) Where footpaths have been provided, pedestrians shall not walk on any other part of the public streets except for good reason. Where no footpaths have been provided; pedestrians shall keep close to the left-hand side of the street unless they wish to cross the street. If they wish to cross the street, they must look behind them, and, if no traffic is approaching they must give a signal by holding out their hand that they wish to cross the street. Disregard of these principles shall not be deemed to be an offence under those by-laws, unless an accident is caused to any person, animal, vehicle or other property, or unless damage or unreasonable inconvenience is caused to other traffic.

(b) Every driver of a vehicle approaching a place in a street, where pedestrian crossing places have been indicated by traffic lines, shall, unless he can see that there is no pedestrian thereon, proceed at such a speed as to able, if necessary, to stop before reaching such a crossing place, and shall allow free and uninterrupted passage to any pedestrian who is on the carriageway at such a crossing place. Every such pedestrian shall have precedence over all vehicular traffic at such a crossing place.

(c) Where traffic is for the time being controlled by a police constable or by a traffic light, the driver of every vehicle at or approaching a crossing at a road intersection shall allow free and uninterrupted passage to every pedestrian who has started to go over the crossing before the driver receives the signal that he may proceed over the crossing.

(d) No driver of any vehicle or rider of any animal shall infringe the above principles in such a manner as to cause danger or unreasonable inconvenience to any pedestrian.

(e) No pedestrian shall remain upon any such crossing longer than is necessary for the purpose of passing from one side of the road to the other with reasonable dispatch.

OCTROI BARRIERS.

Halting. 38. No driver or person in charge of a vehicle or animal shall refuse to stop that vehicle or animal at an octroi barrier if signalled to do so by an official or member of the octroi staff, in order to permit the examination of the animal or vehicle for the purpose of municipal taxation.

GAMES.

Games. 39. No person shall play any game in any street to the inconvenienee of the public or in such a way as to impede traffic.

PENALTIES.

Fines. 40. Any perzon who committs a breach of any of these bye-laws shall be punishable with fine which may extend to Rs. 50, except in the case of an offence under sections 112, 182 or 183 (2) of the Act, for which the fine may extend to Rs. 20 only.

The 30th August, 1940.

No. 3528-C.-40/35470.—The following amendment made by the Municipal Committee of **Gurdaspur**, to its by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 20846, dated 9th May, 1932, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Gurdaspur**, on the 15th day of October, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

For the existing preamble to by-law 4 the following shall be substituted ;—

" 4. Subject to the provisions of by-law 2, licences for premises to be used for

the sale of ghi shall be issued free of charge and those for the sale of banaspatine or charbini or for the sale of sweetmeats, cakes or other articles of food prepared with banaspatine or charbini, shall be issued on payment of a fee of Rs. 12 per annum or, if the licence is not taken for the whole year, at the rate of Re. 1-4-0 per mensem, by the Secretery of the Committee on the application of the owner or occupier of such premises in form A and shall be granted by the Committee on the following conditions. "

The 3rd September, 1940.

No. 3640-C.-40/35895.—In pursuance of—

(*i*) Rule 4 of the Rules for the examination and appointment of Municipal Accountants, 1939,

(*ii*) Rule 3 of the Rules for the examination and appointment of District Board Accountants, 1939, and

(*iii*) Rule 3 of the Rules for the examination and appointment of Small Town Accountants, 1939,

the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare that the next annual examination for the Municipal, District Board and Small Town Accountants will be held on the 9th (Monday), 10th (Tuesday), and 11th (Wednesday) of September, 1940, at the "Pipals" near the Punjab Civil Secretariat, Lahore.

The following date-sheet shall be observed :—

DATE SHEET.

Date.	*Time.*	*Paper.*
9th September, 1940	... 9 A. M. to 12 NOON ...	Paper I—" Group A".
	2 P. M. to 5 P. M. ...	Paper II—" Group A".
10th September, 1940	... 9 A. M. to 12 NOON ..	Paper I—" Group B ",
	2 P. M. to 5 P. M. ...	Paper II—" Group B ".
11th September, 1940	... 9 A. M. to 12 NOON ..	Theory paper of " Group C. "

Small Towns.

The 3rd September, 1940.

No. 3597-L.G.—Bds.-40/35870.—In rule 1 of the rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 2860-L.G.—Bds.-40/28905, dated the 9th July, 1940, *for* the word ' Multan ' *substitute* " Attock ".

Notified Areas.

The 30th August, 1940.

No. 3381-L. G.—Bds.-40/35376.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 238 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab hereby declares that the Notified Area Committee of **Daska**, having proved itself incompetent to perform the duties imposed on it by the said Act, shall be superseded with immediate effect, and that all powers and duties of the said Committee, shall, until it is reconstituted be exercised and performed by the Revenue Assistant, Sialkot.

Public Health.

The 30th August, 1940.

No. 3591-M.-40/35464.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Pure Food Act, 1929, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to appoint Mr. Dina Nath Nijhawan, B.Sc., Public Analyst of the Rawalpindi Municipality, to be a Public Analyst for the Small Town of **Hassanabdal**, in the Attock district, in respect of cows' milk, buffalœs' milk, mixed milk (cows' and buffalœs'), ghee, butter, khoa, ata, gur, cane sugar, tea, sarson oil, taramira oil, toria oil, til oil, sago, malt, vinegar and mustard oil.

RAM CHANDRA,
Secretary to Government, Punjab,
Medical and Local Government Departments.

844 CS—1156—5-9-40—SGPP Lahore.

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No. 37 LAHORE, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 13, 1940.

PART I—A.

Punjab Government Notifications and Orders.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Boards.

The 10th September, 1940.

No. 3769-L. G.-40/36680.—The following amendment made by the District Board of **Montgomery,** to its rules of business published with Punjab Government notification No. 22775, dated the 31st August, 1933, is published for general information, and shall come into force with immediate effect :—

AMENDMENT.

For the words " that an appeal shall lie to the District Board ", in clause (*c*) of the appendix, the words " that an appeal shall lie to the Commissioner " shall be substituted.

No. 3746-L. G.-40/36683.—The following amendments made by the District Board of **Sheikhupura,** to its Provident Fund Rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 23437, dated the 10th June, 1932, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Sheikhupura** on the 26th October, 1940 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. *After* rule 3 the following note shall be inserted :—

" NOTE.—In the case of the Board's employee governed by the Civil Service Regulations or the Revised Leave Rules, 1936, the term " leave on average pay " occurring in sub-rule (2) means the privilege leave on full salary or the earned leave as the case may be."

2. In rule 9 (1) *for* the words " may, up to limit of the amount shown at credit of his account in column 5-A of the Provident Fund Ledger," shall be substituted the words " may up to the amount contributed by the subscriber including interest accrued thereon."

3. In rule 9 (4) the words " clause (*a*) or clause (*b*) of " shall be deleted.

4. The sub-columns for annas and pies in column 6 of form P. F. 1 shall be deleted.

No. 3761-L. G.-40/36690. *Corrigendum.—For* the words " owner of two or more lorries plying for hire " occurring in column 2 against group number 2 of the schedule appended to Punjab Government notification No. 3009-L. G.-40/30290, dated the 20th July, 1940, the words " owner of one or more lorries plying for hire," shall be substituted.

Committees.

No. 3504-C.-40/36602.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (10) of section 62 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that with the previous sanction of the Governor of the Punjab the Municipal Committee of **Wazirabad** has, with effect from the 15th December, 1940, imposed the following tax in supersession of the tax, the imposition of which was notified with Punjab Government notification No. 20119, dated the 26th August, 1924, namely :—

A tax called Octroi (without refunds) calculated on the gross weight of consignments including packing drums and other articles used in packing, and a tax on animals per tale, at the rate shown in column 3 of the schedule appended below upon the articles or live animals mentioned in column 2 thereof imported into the octroi limits of the municipality as notified from time to time in the *Punjab Government Gazette*, but subject to the following provisions :—

1. When an article, not specifically mentioned in this schedule, falls under more than one item the octroi (without refund) shall be charged under the item carrying the highest rate. If the rates are the same for both or all the items, the importer will decide under which item the article is to be classed, e.g., mixture of silk and wool may be classed as either silk or wool.

2. The tax shall not be levied on the following articles :—

(1) patent vanesta boxes used for carrying Government treasure ;

(2) articles exported by rail from the municipality of Wazirabad and re-imported by rail owing to their having been refused by the consignees ;

(3) cinema machines and films and gramophones and gramophone records imported for educational purposes by the Punjab Advisory Board of Books or other official agency, if accompanied by a certificate duly signed by a gazetted officer of the department ;

(4) all forms of quinine intended for medicinal purposes ;

(5) *bona fide* personal and household belongings of persons coming to take up their residence within the municipal limits and *bona fide* personal luggage of travellers ;

(6) necessaries (not being articles of food and drink), equipment and clothing imported by officers in command of troops or air force units for the use of their men and followers and grain and green fodder imported for consumption by horses, mules, or other animals maintained as part of their military equipage by any person in military or air force service, provided that such grain or fodder is certified by the commanding officer to be imported for *bona fide* public purposes ;

(7) all road making material such as stone ballast, coal tar, asphalt, bitumen, sand, shingle and bricks for soling coats, imported by the Government of India or by any Provincial Government or by any local authority (including a

cantonment authority), or by contractors for use on the roads maintained by the Public Works Department of Government or any local authority (including a cantonment authority), if accompanied at the time of import by a certificate signed by a gazetted officer of the Government department concerned or by the President, Executive Officer or Secretary of the local authority concerned that such articles are required by them for road making only ;

(8) nitrate of soda, sulphate of ammonia, calcium cyanamide, sulphate of potash, muriate of potash, kainite, superphosphates, leunaphos, nitro-chalk nicifos, basic slag, gypsum and all other chemical manures, and bone meal and similar preparations for live-stock ;

(9) gold and silver bullion or coin ;

(10) printed books, newspapers and catalogues (excluding waste papers) ;

(11) stamps, stamp paper and petition paper ;

(12) head loads of cow dung fuel (uplas), grass and brushwood ;

(13) railway stores and materials required for use on a railway, whether in constructing, maintaining or working the same, and not removed outside the railway boundary, but not including stores imported for purchase or consumption by railway employees, or stores with which a railway co-operative stores is stocked for sale to members.

(14) goods imported by rail and re-booked and exported without delivery having been taken, or without being removed from railway premises ;

(15) goods on which the octroi amounts to less than three pies ;

(16) forms and papers used by patwaris or field kanungos in connection with their official duties ;

(17) goods belonging to the Wazirabad Municipality, so certified by the Secretary ;

(18) sweets, other edibles and bhaji for immediate personal use not exceeding two seers in weight per person accompanying them ;

(19) earth, chhichhara leaves, bones in a natural state and fresh vegetables other than those specified in the schedule ;

(20) *bona fide* commercial samples meant for free distribution and not meant for transfer or sale ;

(21) the following articles, if accompanied by a transit pass valid for the period mentioned against each of them :—

(*i*) *bona fide* belongings of travellers, including the implements and paraphernalia of their trade or profession, which are imported for their professional use and are not intended for sale .. ... 3 months.

(*ii*) articles imported for sale, show or any purpose in furtherance of an exhibition certified by a gazetted officer of the Government department concerned to be for the promotion of trade, industry or agriculture, provided that—

Octroi without refunds is paid on the articles sold or otherwise disposed of within the limits of the municipality.

The transit pass will be issued not more than one week prior to the commencement of the exhibition and will remain valid for one week after the last date of the exhibition.

(*iii*) Motor vehicles and their accessories required to be imported for inspection under the Indian Motor Vehicles Act and the rules thereunder .. .. 2 days.

(*iv*) used and empty C O² gas cylinders to be refilled .. .. 3 months.

(*v*) drums and barrels to be refilled with the oils specified in item No. 27 of the schedule or with excisable liquor including methylated spirit .. .. .. 1 month.

(*vi*) articles or animals imported in accordance with the orders of a court of law or by the police in connection with their official duties .. .. 1 month.

(22) the following articles if accompanied by a pass in form T. 10 valid for the period shown against each of them :—

(*i*) machinery, tools and plants sent out for the execution of work .. .. 3 months.

(*ii*) used furniture, pianos and similar musical instruments, tents, chholdaries, crockery, utensils and lamps taken out temporarily :—

(*a*) for parties, marriage, ceremonies and public functions .. .. .. 1 month.

(*b*) for hiring out to temporary residents or neighbouring area .. .. 8 months.

(23) mosquito nets and mosquito netting ;

(24) agricultural machinery and implements and their component and spare parts, including pipes and fittings used for boring wells ;

(25) all articles imported through the parcel post ;

(26) all live animals other than fish, game, poultry, sheep and goats, and bulls, bullocks, cows, buffaloes and calves for slaughter ;

(27) exhibits of the agricultural and other Government departments imported for instructional purpose if accompanied at the time of import by a certificate signed by a gazetted officer of the department concerned that such exhibits are meant for the purpose of exhibition only ;

(28) exhibits of the District Rural Community Council imported for instructional purposes accompanied at the time of import by a certificate signed by the Chairman of the Council that such exhibits are meant for the purpose of exhibition only ;

(29) articles imported for manufacturing purposes into a jail situated within the octroi limits ; provided that the goods into which they are manufactured are used in the jail itself or supplied to another departments of Government ;

(30) arms of any sort imported by Government ;

(31) all young plants for transplantation on road sides, if accompanied, at the time of import, by a certificate signed by a gazetted officer of the Public Works Department that such plants are required for transplantation on road sides only ;

(32) all ammunition, military stores and other articles of police equipment including bicycles imported by the Police department provided that each consignment of such ammunition, military stores or other articles is certified by the Superintendent of the Police of the district concerned to be the property of Government in the Police department ;

(33) cinema lorries of the North-Western Railway carrying the cinema equipment and consumable stores imported for the purpose of giving free shows, if accompanied at the time of import, by a certificate signed by a responsible railway official that these lorries belong to North-Western Railway and are meant for their propaganda work only ;

(34) films and other materials for propaganda imported by the Commissioner for Rural Reconstruction, Punjab, for the purpose of propaganda in rural areas provided a certificate duly signed by a gazetted officer of the department is produced ;

(35) fodder and milk.

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	Description of articles.	Rate per maund.
		Rs. A. P.
	CLASS I.—ARTICLES OF FOOD & DRINK FOR MEN AND ANIMALS.	
1	Bhusa	0 0 3
2	Cotton seeds & oil cake, *suri*, broken grain (*wand*) *phak* ..	0 0 6
3	Unhusked rice, paddy or *dhan*, *bran* (*chokhar*), grain & flour of all kinds.	0 0 3
4	*Maidha*, *suji*, husked rice, pulses not otherwise specified ..	0 1 0
5	Potatoes, garlic	0 1 0
6	Sweet potatoes, ginger, *singhara* & *arbi*	0 2 0
7	Melons (*kharbuza*), water-melons (*tarbuz*), *kanshi phal* (*halwa kaddu*), sugarcane, *kachalu* and dried onions.	0 1 0
8	Fresh fruits, including *sarda*, melons and *pethas*, and roses suitable for making *itr* and *gulkand*, motia flowers and other flowers.	0 4 0
9	Dried fruits, vegetables (not specified elsewhere in the schedule) and nuts including mush rooms (*khumb*, *dhingries* and *guchhies*).	0 8 0
10	Betel leaves	2 0 0
11	Sugarcane juice	0 2 0
12	Fruit juice not bottled or canned	0 8 0
13	Ghee	1 4 0
14	Vegetable ghee	2 0 0
15	Refined sugar, i. e., white or crystalized sugar, sugarcandy and sugar loaf (*misri*).	0 4 0
16	Sugar not otherwise specified including *gur*, *shakkar*, *minja*, *tala-uncha* & molasses.	0 2 0
17	Bacon, ham, fresh fish, meat, game, eggs & poultry, not bottled or canned.	0 8 0
18	Cocogem, butter, *khoa*, cream, tinned milk and cream, milk powder, tea, coffee, canned, bottled or otherwise packed, oilman's stores and groceries, and preparations of food & drink not scheduled otherwise.	1 4 0
19	Excisable liquor, excluding methylated spirit	0 8 0
20	Opium and charas	0 2 0
21	*Bhang*	0 1 0
22	Ice	0 0 3
23	Indian confectionary including *bari*, *pappar*, *sewayan* and *phulwari*	0 8 0
24	Vegetable, fruit, flower and tree seeds	0 4 0
	CLASS II—ANIMALS.	Per head.
25	Sheeps and goats	0 2 0
26	Bulls, bullocks, cows, buffaloes and calves for slaughter ..	0 8 0
	CLASS III.—ARTICLES USED FOR LIGHTING, FUEL OR WASHING.	Per maund.
27	Petrol and kerosine oil and mineral oil, diesel oil, crude oil and other fuel oils, lubricating oil and oils used as insecticides.	0 2 0
28	Mineral grease, excluding petroleum jelly	0 4 0
29	Vegetable non-essential oils	0 6 0
30	Oil seeds except cotton seeds	0 1 0
31	Steam coal, firewood, bark, leaves, and other tanstuffs for tanning, ashes and saw dust.	0 0 3

Serial No.	Description of articles.	Rate per maund.
		Rs. A. P.
32	Other coal, gaza wood, charcoal, soft coke	0 0 6
33	*Ritha, ki hta, sajji,* and soap stone	0 2 0
34	All kinds of soap (including monkey brand, sunlight soap and Vim and Lux), caustic soda, caustic potash, saltpetre, potash, alum, starch, Epsom salts, sodium bycarbonate, sodium carbonate and sulphate and other saline substances used in washing clothes, floors and utensils.	0 4 0
35	Commercial acids, anhydrous ammonia, naphthalene balls, dis infectants (including chlorine gas, bleaching powder, chloride of lime and maxoclor) photographic, chemicals, carbonate and bicarbonate of ammonia, calcium chloride, zinc chloride, maganesium chloride and solignum and other chemicals used for the preservation of wood, and weed killers.	0 4 0
36	Matches, candles and other articles intended for gas or oil lighting including lamps, lanterns, kitson and patromax lamps, gun powder, blasting powder, fire works, wax, tallow, fat and lard, boot polish.	1 4 0
37	Methylated spirit	0 2 0
38	Electric machinery, apparatus, appliances and material for lightning and cooling purposes, including electric motors, fans, cables (insulated or otherwise) earthen and porcelain insulators, and glass lamp bulbs, but excluding articles scheduled in item 75.	1 4 0
	CLASS IV.—ARTICLES USED IN THE CONSTRUCTION OF BUILDINGS.	
39	Wood unsawn, *gola, andar, deodar* and *partal* ..	0 0 3
40	Wood sawn, e.g., sawn sleepers, *kel, partal, chil* and *deodar* and condemned railway sleepers.	0 0 6
41	Bamboos, *lathi*, *tiles, sarkanda, sirki, munj* ..	0 1 6
42	Manufactured articles of wood not otherwise scheduled ..	0 8 0
43	*Humachi, geri,* white and red sand, ground stone for cement, fire bricks, fire clay, marble and plaster of Paris and articles made thereof, stone not otherwise included in this schedule, cement tiles, stoneware pipes, hume pipes, white lime, italit, asbestos sheets, glazed earthenwares and bathroom and sanitary fittings, whether made of stoneware porcelain, metal or glass.	0 2 0
44	Unglazed earthenware	0 1 0
45	*Kankar* lime, brick tiles (including *chaukas* other earthen building material, not specified elsewhere in the schedule, stone metal, *multani kharia mitti,* lime nodules (*kankar*) chalk, coke cinders (*kali keri.*)	0 0 3
46	Bricks and river sand, burnt earth (*lal keri*) brick dust (*surkhi*) ..	0 0 1
47	Glazed tiles for walls and floors	1 4 0
48	Paint, varnish, polish, glue, resin and turpentine	0 8 0
49	Window panes	0 10 0
50	Chicks for doors and windows	0 4 0
	CLASS V.—DRUGS, SPICES, GUMS AND PERFUMES.	
51	*Menhdi, wasma, harar, behra, amla* (dry) *ambaltas, imli, kain, harmal, saunf, dhania, ajwain, rai, haldi, anardana, tej pattar, brahmi, rattanjot, jawanh* flower and other spices and gums.	0 8 0
52	Perfumery, toilet requisites, hair dyes, hair oils, sponges (natural or made of rubber) not otherwise scheduled, medicines, drugs distillates and chemicals (excluding chemical manures and chemicals specified in items 35 and 36) perfumed oils and petroleum jelly (vaseline.)	1 4 0
	CLASS VI.—TOBACCO MANUFACTURED AND UNMANUFACTURED.	
53	Tobacco or pipes, cigarettes, cigars, *biris* and snuff ..	2 8 0
54	Tobacco in any shape suitable for smoking in a *huqqa* and tobacco dust.	0 4 0
55	Tobacco for eating purposes	0 15 0
	CLASS VII.—PIECE-GOODS AND OTHER TEXTILE FABRICS, AND OTHER MANUFACTURED ARTICLES OF CLOTHING AND DRESS.	
56	Raw cotton (*kapas*)	0 0 6
57	Raw wool and goat's hair	0 0 6

Serial No.	Description of articles.	Rate of per maund.
		Rs. A. P.
58	Ginned cotton ..	0 4 0
59	Cotton linen and woollen thread, twist and yarn except as otherwise scheduled.	0 12 0
60	Silk piece-goods ..	1 4 0
61	Woollen piece-goods ..	1 4 0
62	Cotton linen, and all other piece-goods (excluding mosquito nets and mosquito netting).	1 4 0
63	Furs and wearing apparels including boot laces, gloves, belts, hats, buttons, and clothes made of leather or fur (but excluding boots and shoes) carpets, blankets, drapery, hosiery, haberdashery, silk thread, mercerised cotton, *chamki* and *tuti*.	1 4 0
64	*Niwar*, canvas, tents, tarpauline, tracing cloth, bookbinding cloth, tonga and motor hood cloth, hair cloth, *ticken*, screens and nets for games and sporting purposes.	1 4 0
65	Condemned and unserviceable old cloths made of linen, cotton or wool, blankets, tarpauline, ground sheets, durries, canvas bags, boots, saddlery and similar condemned military equipment.	0 4 0
66	Gold and silver lace, wire and thread *gota, kinari, lamita, silma, sitara* (imitation or real).	1 4 0
67	Jute, hemp, *patha* and other fibres including articles made of *Patha wan, chitai* and *tillidab*.	0 2 0
68	*Dib* (made from palm leaves) ..	0 1 0
69	Gunny bags, Hessian cloth, *tats* and articles made of *munj* except *wan* and hemp and other fibres not specified elsewhere in this schedule.	0 6 0
70	Raw hides and skins ..	0 0 6
71	Dressed hides, tanned leather and leather scrap ..	0 12 0
72	Manufactured leather, saddlery, boots and shoes and other articles of leather (except as otherwise scheduled).	2 0 0
	CLASS VIII.—METALS AND ARTICLES MADE OF METALS.	
73	Wrought and unwrought iron, steel bars, sheets of iron, girders, angle, tee and round irons, rails and new articles made of pig iron, iron and steel pipes shafting and wire, and wire-ropes.	0 1 0
74	Machinery (except agricultural machinery) including machinery for the production of electrical energy, electric motors, alternators, switchboards, rotary, convertors, control gears, and other parts of electrical machinery used for motive power or in connection with any gear attached to industrial machinery, electrical casing (including *gutties*), capping and blocks.	0 4 0
75	Armoured suction hose-pipes, sheets of zinc, lead and tin, articles made of wrought and unwrought iron and steel (excluding agricultural implements) and articles made of zinc, lead and tin not otherwise scheduled (excluding toys) and iron nails and screws.	0 4 0
76	Brass and all other metals not otherwise scheduled, including wire, rods and pipes.	0 12 0
77	Articles made wholly or partly of brass and other matals, except as otherwise scheduled.	1 4 0
	CLASS IX.—MISCELLANEOUS.	
78	Dyes, including natural indigo, *hirakasis, majou, majith*, lace and sealing wax.	1 4 0
79	Raw rubber and rubber goods, articles used for sports and games, articles made of wood, such as furniture, looking glasses, brushes, wooden pegs, horns, celloloid (excluding films), bakelite, ivory and bone, and articles made, thereof, all toys made of metal or wood or other material, playing cards, umbrellas, walking sticks, *huqqas* and parts thereof and unarmoured rubber and canvas hose-pipes.	1 4 0
80	Photographic films for use in cinematographic exhibitions ..	1 4 0
81	Old and unserviceable rubber goods (including old tyres and tubes)..	0 4 0
82	Empty bottles such as spirit bottles, *kach* and jars, aerated-water bottles, empty medicinal, hair oil and scent bottles.	0 4 0
83	*Desi* glass bangles, crockery and glass ware and thermosflasks ..	1 4 0

Serial No.	Description of articles.	Rate per maund.
		Rs. A. P.
84	Bicycles, tricycles, bullock carts, trucks, wheel barrows, hand-carts, carriages, jinrickshaws, aeroplanes, perambulators, motor vehicles, and all sorts of coveyances and components and spare parts thereof, including rubber tyres and tubes.	0 8 0
85	Paste, mill boards and waste paper	0 2 0
86	Paper, including newsprint and articles made of paper, but excluding waste paper, printed books, newspapers and catalogues.	0 4 0
87	Stationery (printed and blank) not specified elsewhere in this schedule.	1 4 0
88	Cane for seating chairs, *khas*, ropes, belting asbestos packing cords of all kinds (except *wan*) and wooden packing cases.	0 2 0
89	Telephonic and telegraphic and wireless and amplifying and cinematographic and televisional apparatus and goods, watches, whatch glasses, chains and straps and parts, thereof, optical goods, spectacles and spectacle cases, electrical apparatus other than for lighting and cooling purposes, surveying apparatus, scientific appliances, cutlery, clocks and parts thereof, musical instruments, photographic instruments, films and materials, typewriters and other similar machines, dental, drawing, educational, mathematical and measuring instruments (taps and rules, etc.), sewing, knitting and embroidary machines, glass frames, gramophones and gramophone records, pianos, harmoniums, gold and silver jewellery, ornaments and articles made wholly or partly of gold and silver, precious stones, imitation jewellery, glass beads, mica and muqash and tobbacco pipes and cigarette-holders and lighters.	1 4 0
90	All other articles not otherwise exempted and not chargeable under any other head.	4 0 0

Notes.—(*i*) Under item 68 every consignment of goods imported in a wooden packing case shall be assessed at one-fourth of its weight as a wooden packing case and three-fourths as the contents of the case, if the contents are to be assessed at a higher rate, provided that the gross weight of the case is at least half a maund.

(*ii*) Importers of motor vehicles may have the option of paying octroi at the following rates for each vehicle, whether carted or un-carted, provided that no accessories are included other than those fixed on the vehicle or ordinarily included in the purchase price of the vehicle when new.

		Rate per vehicle.
		Rs. A. P.
(*a*)	Motor cycles without side car	3 0 0
(*b*)	Motor cycles with side car	5 0 0
(*c*)	Other motor vehicles	20 0 0

No. 3497-C.-40/36670.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (10) of section 62 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that with the previous sanction of the Governor of the Punjab, the Municipal Committee of **Muzaffargarh**, has, with effect from the 16th December, 1940, made the following amendments to its octroi schedule published with Punjab Government notification No. 8988, dated the 2nd April, 1919 :—

AMENDMENTS.

Serial No.	Articles.	By maundage.	Ad Valorem.	By tale.
1.	*For* existing item 8 (*k*) of class I the following shall be substituted :—			
"8 (*k*).	Bhusa and other kinds of fodder ..	0 0 6	..	.. "
2.	*After* item 3 of class III the following new item shall be added :—			
"3-A.	Coal and its dust ..	0 0 6	..	.. "
3.	*For* existing item 4 of class III the following shall be substituted :—			
"4.	All kinds of material used as fuel and not specified elsewhere in the schedule ..	0 0 6	..	.. "

4. *For* the existing items under Class VIII—Metals, the following shall be substituted :—

CLASS VII—METALS.

Serial No.	Articles.	Rates of octroi. By maundage.	Ad valorem.	By tale.
1.	All metals and articles made wholly or partly thereof, not mentioned elsewhere in the schedule	..	6 pies per rupee	..
2.	Machinery of all kinds	..	3 pies per rupee	..
3.	Motor lorries, cars, buses and trucks	..	Rs. 20 per vehicle.	..
	Motor cycles with side-cars	..	Rs. 12-8-0 per combination.	..
	Motor cycles without side-cars	..	Rs. 10 per motor cycle.	..

The 11th September, 1940.

No. 3546-L.G.-Bds.-40/36822.—In pursuaunce of the provisions of subsection (10) of section 62 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the Municipal Committee of **Rajanpur**, in the Dera Ghazi Khan district, has, with effect from the 14th December, 1940, imposed a tax at the rates shown in the schedule appended below, payable by persons presenting building applications to the committee : Provided that the tax shall not be payable by persons presenting applications relating to the erection or re-erection of religious buildings or buildings owned by Government, a District Board or a Municipal Committee :—

SCHEDULE :

Serial No.	Description of Buildings.	Amount of tax. Rs. A. P.
1	Kacha buildings except thatched houses	0 8 0
2	Partly Kacha and partly pucca buildings	1 0 0
3	Pucca buildings of one storey	1 8 0
4	Pucca buildings of two storeys	2 8 0
5	Pucca buildings of three storeys	3 8 0
6	Additions and alterations to kacha and kacha-pucca buildings	0 8 0
7	Additions and alterations to pucca buildings	1 0 0

Notified Areas.

The 10th September, 1940.

No. 3782-L. G.—Bds.-40/36687.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 242 (I) (*f*) of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to extend section 205 of the said Act to the Notified Area of **Renala Khurd** in the Montgomery district, and to declare that the provisions of the said section shall come into force from the date of publication of this notification.

Public Health.

The 10th September, 1940.

No. 4030-M.-40/36584.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 1 of the Punjab Fure Food Act, 1929, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to extend to the Municipality of **Kaithal**, in the Karnal district, with effect from the date of publication of this notification, the provisions of sections 3 to 22 of the said Act, in respect of all articles of food and drink.

No. 4044-M.-40/36587.— In exercise of the powers conferred by section 1 of the Punjab Pure Food Act, 1929, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to extend to the Municipality of **Kunjah** in the Gujrat district, with effect from the date of publication of this notification, the provisions of sections 3 to 22 of the said Act, in respect of all articles of food and drink.

No. 4044-M.-40/36590.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Pure Food Act, 1929, the Governor of the Punjab

is pleased to appoint the Chemist of the Public Health Department to be a Public Analyst for the Municipality of **Kunjah**, in the Gujrat district, in respect of all article of food and drink.

No. 4030-M.-40/36707.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Pure Food Act, 1929, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to appoint the Chemist of the Public Health Department to be a Public Analyst for the Municipality of **Kaithal**, in the Karnal district, in respect of all articles of food and drink.

The 11th September, 1940.

No. 4155-M.-40/36808.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 1 of the Punjab Pure Food Act, 1929, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to extend to the Municipality of **Jalalpur Jattan,** in the Gujrat district, with effect from the date of publication of this notification, the provisions of sections 3 to 22 of the said Act, in respect of all articles of food and drink.

No. 4155-M.-40/36811.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Pure Food Act, 1929, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to appoint the Chemist of the Public Health Department to be a Public Analyst for the Muncipality of **Jalalpur Jattan,** in the Gujrat district, in respect of all articles of food and drink.

No. 4149-M.-40/36815.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 1 of the Punjab Pure Food Act, 1929, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to extend to the Small Town of **Shorkot,** in the Jhang district, with effect from the date of publication of this notification the provisions of sections 3 to 22 of the said Act, in respect of all articles of food and drink.

No. 4149-M.-40/36818.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Pure Food Act, 1929, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to appoint the Chemist, Public Health Departmenit, Punjab, to be a Public Analyst for the Small Town of **Shorkot,** in the Jhang district, in respect of all articles of food and drink.

RAM CHANDRA,
Secretary to Government, Punjab,
Medical and Local Government Departments.

884 CS—1156—12-9-40—SGPP Lahore.

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PART I—A.

Punjab Government Notifications and Orders.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Boards.

The 13th September, 1940.

No. 2339-L. G.-40/37109.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 2339-L. G.-40/27649, dated the 28th June, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 55 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendments to the District Works Rules, 1926 :—

AMENDMENTS.

I. The following new rule shall be added after rule 5 :—

"5-A. Whenever the alignment of a new District Board road, drain, etc., passes close to or involves any alteration to, or diversions of, pre-existing railways, or interfers with any works or land appertaining to the same, the written consent of the authorities in charge of such railways to the proposed construction of the new road, drain, etc., shall be obtained before any work thereon is put in hand."

II. The following new sub-rule shall be added after sub-rule (2) of rule 12 :—

"(3). When the alignment of a new District Board road, drain, etc., passes close to or involves any alteration to, or diversions of, pre-existing railways, or interferes with any works or land appertaining to the same, the District Board shall, during the survey, ascertain the views of the authorities in charge of such railways and also enquire from them whether they contemplate undertaking any work which would affect the proposed road, drain, etc. If it is found that such a work is contemplated, the estimates and plans for the road, drain, etc., shall contain a provision for necessary additions ond alterations."

The 18h September, 1940.

No. 3908-L.G.—Bds.-40/37517.—Whereas it appears to the Governor of the Punjab that with reference to notification No. 1810-L. G.—Bds.-40/19629, dated the 24th April, 1940, land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of **Attock**, for a public purpose, namely, for the construction of a bund, tank and percolation wells at Khunda, it is hereby notified that the land described in the specification below is required for the said purpose.

2. This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, to all whom it may concern and, under section 7 of the said Act, the Collector of the Attock district is hereby authorised to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

3. A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the said Collector :—

SPECIFICATION OF LAND.

District.	Tahsil.	Mauza.	Area in acres.	Boundaries.
Attock.	Pindigheb.	Khunda.	0·7 Khasra Nos. 4135/1 and 4136/1.	*North.*—Public path (Khasra No. 4160). *East.*—Uncultivated land of Mst. Gulab Bano, widow of Oulya Khan, and of Mst. Gohar Bano, mother, and Mst. Sultan Sadiq Begum, daughter of Fateh Khan. *South.*—Khasra No. 4149/1. *West.*—Khasra No. 4149/2 and uncultivated land of Mst. Gulab Bano, widow of Oulya Khan.
			2·95 Khasra Nos. 4148, 4147 and 4149/1.	*North.*—Khasra Nos. 4136/1 and 4149/2. *East.*—Khasra Nos. 4909/4146,4910/4146 and uncultivated land of Mst. Gohar Bano, mother, and Sultan Sadiq Begum, daughter of Fateh Khan and Malik Khaki Jan, Malik Mohamman Iqbal Khan, son of K. B. Malik Itbar Khan and Mohammad Khan, son of Faja Khan, of Pirana. *South.*—Uncultivated land of Mst. Gohar Bano, mother, and Sultan Sadiq Begum, daughter of Fateh Khan, and Malik Khaki Jan. Malik Mohammad Iqbal, son of K. B. Malik Itbar Khan, and Mohammad Khau, son of Faja Khan, of Pirana and Khasra No. 4151/1. *West.*—Uncultivated land of Mst. Gohar Bano, mother, and Sultan Sadiq Begum, daughter of Fateh Khan, Malik Khaki Jan, and Mohammad Iqbal Khan, son of K. B. Malik Itbar Khan, and Mohammad Khan, son of Faja Khan, of Pirana.

Town Improvement.

The 18th September, 1940.

No. 3447-C.-40/37546.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 41 of the Punjab Town Improvement Act, 1922, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to sanction the scheme set forth in the subjoined schedule.

SCHEDULE.

Devolpment scheme under section 24 of the Punjab Town Improvement Act, 1922, for an area situated to the north-west of Multan Road opposite the Poonch House at a distance of approximately half a mile south-west of the Chauburji, tahsil and district Lahore.

1. Specifications of the land comprised in the scheme are noted below :—

A.—AREA.

Village in which situated.		*Area in acres.*
Mozang	..	11·338
Nawankot	..	4·210
Rajgarh	..	1·611
Total	..	17·159

B.—BOUNDARIES.

Khasra No.	*Mauza.*		*Name of owner.*
			North.
1697 1698	Mozang	...	Seraj Din, etc.

Khasra No.	*Mauza.*	*Name of owner.*
		East.
1685	Mozang	Government land (Municipal drain).
1702	"	Shamilat Deh.
1701	"	Thoroughfare.
1699	"	Seraj Din, etc.
1183	Nawankot	Lahore municipality.
		South.
673	Nawankot	Mohanlal, etc.
		West.
1728	Mozang	Seraj Din, etc.
1714	"	Rahmatali, son of Jewa Khan.
1713	"	Mehr Din and Rattanlal, etc.
1704, 1705, 1706	"	Mehr Din and Mehraj Din, sons of Dolu.
1707	"	Barkatali and Hakamali, etc.
1708	"	Hassan Din and Noor Din, sons of Isa.
957, 841	Rajgarh	Punjab National Bank, Ltd., etc.
942, 943	"	Radhekishan, etc., sons of Radhe Sham.
1267/932, 939, 931	"	Mohammad Rashid, etc.
1268/932, 934, 933	"	Shamirali, etc.
671	Nawankot	Mohanlal, etc.

2. The Lahore Improvement Trust is hereby authorised to acquire, either under the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, as modified by the Punjab Town Improvement Act, 1922, or by purchase or by lease or by exchange or otherwise, the whole or any part of the land or any interest in the land comprised in the area of this scheme as described in clause 1.

Committees.

The 13th September, 1940.

No. 3593-C.-40/37063.—Whereas at a meeting of the Municipal Committee of **Bhiwani**, in the Hissar district, held on the 23rd July, 1940, not less than five-eighths of the total number of members constituting the Committee for the time being voted in favour of the removal of Chaudhri Raghu Nath Singh, B.A., LL.B., from the post of Executive Officer.

Now, therefore, the Governor of the Punjab in pursuance of the provisions contained in subsection (7) of section 3 of the Punjab Municipal (Executive Officers) Act, 1931, hereby directs that Chaudhri Raghu Nath Singh, B.A., LL.B., shall be removed from the post of Executive Officer of the Municipality of **Bhiwani.**

No. 2483-A. C.-40/37115.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 2483-A. C.-40/27652, dated the 28th June, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendments to the Municipal Works Rules, 1925 :—

AMENDMENTS.

I. The following new rule shall be added after rule 5 :—

"5-A. Whenever the alignment of a new municipal road, drain, etc., passes close to or involves any alteration to, or diversions of, pre-existing railways, or interferes with any works or land appertaining to the same, the written consent of the authorities in charge of such railways to the proposed construction of the new road, drain, etc., shall be obtained before any work thereon is put in hand."

II. The following new sub-rule shall be added after sub-rule (2) of rule 13 :—

"(3) When the alignment of a new municipal road, drain, etc., passes close to or involves any alteration to, or diversions of, pre-existing railways, or interferes with any works or land appertaining to the same, the municipal committee shall, during the survey, ascertain the views of the authorities in charge of such railways and also enquire from them whether they contemplate undertaking any work which would affect the proposed road, drain, etc. If it is found that such a work is contemplated, the estimates and plans for the road, drain, etc., shall contain a provision for necessary additions and alterations."

No. 3533-L. G.—Bds.-40/37118.—In exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (1) of section 241 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare that within the local area of **Dhaban Singh Mandi**, in the Sheikhupura district, the boundaries of which are described in the annexed schedule, improved arrangements are required with respect to matters mentioned in section 52 of the said Act :—

SCHEDULE OF BOUNDARIES.

North.—From the north-west corner of square No. 96 eastward in a straight line along the northern boundary line of squares Nos. 96, 95, 94, 93 and 92 up to the north-east corner of square No. 92.

East.—Thence southwards in a straight line along the eastern boundary line of squares Nos. 92, 114, 143 and 158 up to the north-east corner of square No. 158.

South.—Thence westwards in a straight line along the southern boundary line of squares Nos. 158, 157, 156, 155 and 154 up to the south-west corner of square No. 154.

West.—Thence northwards in a straight line along the western boundary line of squares Nos. 154, 147, 110 and 96 up to the point of start.

No. 3533-L. G.—Bds.-40/37119.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*d*) of subsection (1) of section 242 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to appoint the following persons to be members of the Notified Area Committee of **Dhaban Singh Mandi**, in the Sheikhupura district :—

1. The Tahsildar of Sheikhupura.
2. Lala Chuni Lal, son of Lala Kanshi Ram.
3. Lala Mohan Lal, son of Lala Khera Mal.
4. Sardar Lal Singh, son of Sardar Kesar Singh.
5. Jamadar Mohan Singh, son of Jamadar Buta Singh, Mazhabi.
6. Chaudhri Hakim Ali, Sufedposh.

No. 3533-L. G.—Bds.-40/37120.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*e*) of subsection (1) of section 242 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to appoint the Tahsildar of Sheikhupura to be President of the Notified Area Committee of **Dhaban Singh Mandi**, in the Sheikhupura district.

No. 3533-L. G.—Bds.-40/37121.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*f*) of subsection (1) of section 242 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to extend the following sections of the said Act to the Notified Area of **Dhaban Singh Mandi**, in the Sheikhupura district, and to declare that the provisions of the said sections shall come into force from the date of this notification :—

SECTIONS.

13, 14 (*e*), 16, 18, 19, 24 to 31, 33, 35, 38, 39 to 48, 51, 52, 54, 56, 58, 61 (1) (*b*) to (*f*), 61 (2), 62 to 75, 79 to 81, 85 to 94, 106 to 110, 113 to 119, 121 to 131, 135 (1), 136, 141, 143, 146, 147 to 152, 154 to 157, 167, 169 to 170-F., 171 to 177, 180, 182, 187 to 197, 199 to 210, 212, 219 to 221, 222, 223, 224 to 229, 231 to 236, 239.

No. 3533-L. G.—Bds.-40/37122.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*a*) of subsection (1) of section 242 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to impose in the Notified Area of **Dhaban Singh Mandi,** in the Sheikhupura district, with effect from the 1st January, 1941, the tax hereafter described, namely :—

A house-tax payable by the owner in one instalment in advance on the 1st April each year on all buildings situated within the limits of

Dhaban Singh Mandi Notified Area at the rate of 6¼ per cent per annum on the annual value of all buildings :

Provided that—

(*a*) the tax shall not be levied on religious buildings, schools, hospitals and dispensaries ; and

(*b*) a rebate of 20 per cent of the tax shall be allowed if the tax is paid on or before the 1st of March each year.

No. 3657-C.-40/37125.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (10) of section 62 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that with the previous sanction of the Governor of the Punjab, the Municipal Committee of **Chiniot**, in the Jhang district has, with effect from the 21st December, 1940, made the following amendment to its octroi schedule, published with Punjab Government notification No. 1114-C.-38/30806, dated the 12th September, 1938, as subsequently amended :—

AMENDMENT.

Under class VII against item No. 1 in the column " Rate of octroi—*Ad valorem* ",
R. A. P. R. A. P.
" 0 0 3 " shall be *substituted* for " 0 0 4½ "

No. 3585-C.-40/37128.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 2070-C-40/28168, dated the 3rd July, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendment to the rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 22898, dated the 10th August, 1926, as amended by Punjab Government notification No. 32706, dated the 13th December, 1933, for the Municipality of **Jhelum** :—

AMENDMENT.

For the existing " Schedule " of boundaries, the following new " Schedule " shall be *substituted* :—

SCHEDULE.

DESCRIPTION OF BOUNDARIES.

Ward No. 1.

North.—From the northern corner of the municipal boundary pillar No. 2 south-eastwards to its north-east corner (pillar No. 4).

East.—Thence south-westwards along the right bank of the Jhelum river to its junction with the Kala Kassi near the Kashmir State Timber Depôt ;

South.—Thence north-westwards along the centre of the Kala Kassi to its junction with the Road to village Karimpur ;

West.—Thence westwards along the centre of the Karimpur Road to its junction with the municipal boundary near Dhok Nek Alam ; thence north-eastwards along the Municipal boundary to the point of start.

Ward No. 2.

North.—From the bridge on the Civil Lines Road across the Kalla Kassi south-eastwards along the centre of the Kala Kassi to its junction with the Jhelum river ;

East.—Thence south-westwards along the right bank of the Jhelum river to a point directly opposite to the centre of the River Road ;

South.—Thence westwards the centre of the River Road to its junction with Kucha Bhayan ; thence northwards along the centre of Kucha Bhayan to its junction with the Gali Kohlian ; thence westwards along the centre of Gali Kohlian to its junction with the Town Hall Road near the Raiskhana ;

West.—Thence northwards along the centre of the Town Hall Road to its junction with the Civil Lines Road ; thence northwards along the Civil Lines Road to the point of start.

Ward No. 3.

North.—From the junction of Civil Lines Road with the Town Hall Road to the junction of the latter road with Gali Kohlian ; thence along the southern boundary of ward No. 2 to a point where it meets the eastern boundary of the Municipality along the right bank of the Jhelum river ;

East.—Thence southwards along the right bank of the Jhelum river to a point opposite the Bazar Lilarian ;

South.—Thence westwards along the centre of Bazar Lilarian to its junction with the Battan Street; thence northwards along the centre of the Battan Street and in continuation along the centre of Bazar Zargaran to its junction with the Mohallah Mallahan street; thence allong the centre of the Mallahan street to its junction with the River Road near Masjid Mallahan, thence northwards along the eastern boundary of Masjid Mallahan to the *Shah Bhor* street, thence westwards along the the centre of the *Shah Bhor* street and in its continuation the *Maidan* to the latter's junction with the Town Hall Road; thence northwards along the centre of the Town Hall Road to its junction with the Committee street; thence westwards along the Committee street to its junction with the Civil Lines Road;

West.—Thence northwards along the centre of the Civil Lines Road to the point of start.

Ward No. 4.

North.—From the junction of the Bazar Kalan and Bazar Lilarian eastwards along the centre of Bazar Lilarian to its junction with the municipal boundary;

East.—Thence southwards along the right bank of the Jhelum river to a point opposite Bazar Sabzimandi;

South.—Thence along the centre of Bazar Sabzi Mandi to its junction with Bazar Kalan;

West.—Thence northwards along the centre of Bazar Kalan to the point of start.

Ward No. 5.

North.—From the junction of Bazar Kalan with Bazar Sabzimandi eastwards along the centre of Bazar Sabzimandi to its junction with the municipal boundary;

East.—Thence southwards along the municipal boundary (along the right bank of the Jhelum river) to the Railway River Bridge;

South.—Thence north-westwards along the centre of the Tahsil Road to its junction with Bazar Kalan;

West.—Thence north-eastwards along the centre of Bazar Kalan to the point of start.

Ward No. 6.

North.—From Encamping Ground Pillar No. 1 eastwards to its Pillar No. 2; thence southwards along the eastern boundary of the Railway Workshop to its junction with the Machine Mohalla Road, thence eastwards along the centre of the Machine Mohallah Road to its junction with the Tibba Road; thence south-eastwards along the centre of the Tibba Road to its junction with the Railway Road; thence north-eastwards along the centre of the Railway Road to its junction with the Tahsil Road;

East.—Thence southwards along the centre of the Tahsil Road to the Railway River Bridge; thence south-westwards along the municipal boundary to the Cantonment Boundary Pillar No. 86.

South.—Thence northwards along the municipal boundary to Cantonment Board Pillars Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4.

West.—Thence north-westwards along the municipal boundary to Cantonment Pillar No. 5; thence eastwards to the point of start.

Ward No. 7.

North.—From the junction of the Parao Road with the Old Grand Trunk Road south-eastwards along the centre of the Old Grand Trunk Road to its junction with the Railway Road;

East.—Thence south-westwards along the centre of the Railway Road to it junction with the Tibba Road;

South.—Thence north-westwards along the centre of the Tibba Road to its junction with the Machine Mohalla Road; thence westwards along the centre of the Machine Mohallah Road to the boundary of the Railway Workshop;

West.—Thence northwards along the eastern boundary of the Workshop to the Encamping Ground Pillar No. 2; thence north-westwards along the municipal boundary passing through Encamping Ground Pillars Nos. 3 and 4 and onwards to Encamping Ground Pillar No. 5, thence north-eastwards in a straight line to the point of start.

Ward No. 8.

North.—From the junction of the Kachery Road and the new Mohallah Road southwards along the centre of the New Mohallah Road to the bridge on the Naya

Mohallah Kassi; thence north-eastwards along the centre of the Naya Mohallah Kassi to its junction with the Kala Kassi;

East.—Thence southwards along the centre of the Civil Lines Road to its junction with the Library Road;

South.—Thence westwards along the centre of the Library Road to its junction with the Old Grand Trunk Road; thence north-westwards along the centre of the Old Grand Trunk Road to its junction with the Kacheri Road;

West.—Thence north-eastwards along the centre of the Kacheri Road to the point of start.

Ward No. 9.

North.—From the junction of the Civil Lines Road with the Committee Street, eastwards along the centre of the Committee Street to its junction with the Town Hall Road; thence southwards along the centre of the Town Hall Road to its junction with the *Maidan*, thence eastwards along the centre of the *Maidan* and the *Shah Bhor* street to its junction with the River Road;

East.—Thence southwards along the eastern boundary of Masjid Mallahan on the River Road to its junction with the Mohallah Mallahan street; thence westwards and south-westwards along the centre of the Mohallah Mallahan street to its junction with Bazar Zargaran; thence southwards along the centre of Bazar Zargaran and in continuation along the centre of Battan street to its junction with Bazar Lilarian;

South.—Thence westwards along the centre of Bazar Lilarian and in continuation along the centre of the Post Office street to its junction with the Town Hall Road;

West.—Thence northwards along the centre of the Town Hall Road to its junction with the School street; thence westwards along the centre of the School street to its junction with the Civil Lines Road; thence northwards along the centre of the Civil Lines Road to the point of start.

Ward No. 10.

North.—From the junction of the Civil Lines Road with the School street eastwards along the centre of the School street to its junction with the Town Hall Road; thence southwards along the centre of the Town Hall Road to its junction with the Post Office street; thence eastwards along the centre of the Post Office street to its junction with Bazar Kalan;

East.—Thence southwards along the centre of Bazar Kalan to its junction with the Tahsil Road;

South.—Thence northwards along the centre of the Tahsil Road and in continuation along the centre of the Old Grand Trunk Road to it junction with the Library Road;

West.—Thence eastwards along the centre of the Library Road to its junction with the Civil Lines Road; thence north-eastwards along the centre of the Civil Lines Road to the point of start.

Ward No. 11.

North.—From the junction of the Old Grand Trunk Road and the Parao Road eastwards along the centre of the Parao Road to its junction with the Kala Gujran Road;

East.—Thence south-eastwards along the centre of the Kala Gujran Road to its junction with the Kacheri Road;

South—Thence south-westwards along the centre of the Kacheri Road to its junction with the Old Grand Trunk Road;

West.—Thence north-westwards along the centre of the Old Grand Trunk Road to the point of start.

Ward No. 12.

North.—From the Municipal Boundary Pillar No. 1, north-eastwards along the Municipal boundary to its junction with the Karimpur Road; thence south-eastwards along the centre of the Karimpur Road to its junction with the Kala Kassi;

East.—Thence southwards along the centre of the Kala Kassi to its junction with the Naya Mohalla Kassi;

South.—Thence south-westwards along the centre of the Naya Mohalla Kassi to its junction with the New Mohalla Road; thence north-westwards along the centre of the New Mohalla Road and in continuation along the centre of the Kala Gujran Road to its junction with the Parao Road; thence westwards along the centre of the Parao Road to its junction with the Old Grand Trunk Road; thence north-westwards in a straight line to the Encamping Ground Pillar No. 5; thence south-westwards to the Encamping Ground Pillar No. 6;

West.—Thence northwards along the municipal boundary to the point of start.

The 14th September, 1940.

No. 3555-C.-40/37241.—The following amendment made by the Municipal Committee, **Hoshiarpur** to its by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 17405, dated the 20th June, 1921, as subsequently amended by Punjab Government notification No. 15316, dated the 22nd May, 1926, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Hoshiarpur** on the 4th day of November, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

In by-law 6 delete the words " at the rate " and add the words " or one rupee and four annas per mensem " after the word " annum ".

No. 3716-L. G.—Bds.-40/37248.—Whereas it appears to the Governor of the Punjab that with reference to notification No. 3402-L. G.—Bds.-39/24649, dated the 24th July, 1939, land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Municipal Committee of **Beri**, for a public purpose, namely, for the Donkey and Devi Fair, it is hereby notified that the land described in the specification below is required for the said purpose.

2. This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, to all whom it may concern and, under section 7 of the said Act, the Collector of the Rohtak district is hereby authorised to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

3. A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the said Collector :—

SPECIFICATION OF LAND.

District.	*Tahsil.*	*Mauza.*	*Area in acres.*	*Boundaries.*
			Plot No. I.	
Rohtak ..	Jhajjar ..	Beri Dupana ..	3·126	*North.*—Circular Road and Khasra Nos. 1823 and 2144/1824. *East.*—Khasra Nos. 1816, 1817, 2100/1819, 2099/1819, 2098/1819, 2097/1819 and 1818 (municipal building), and plots ب and ج of Khasra No. 2145/1824. *South.*—Khasra Nos. 1826 Part B and 1825 (Dharamsala). *West.*—Devi Road.
			Plot No. II.	
			·375	*North.*—Khasra No. 1896/1839 and Devi Road. *East.*—Devi Road. *South.*—Khasra Nos. 1831 and 1832. *West.*—Khasra Nos. 1837 and 1896/1839.

No. 3553-C.-40/37251.—The following amendment made by the Municipal Committee of **Ludhiana,** of its by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 3647-G.-37/38465, dated the 9th November, 1937, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Ludhiana** on 4th day of November, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

Add the following proviso at the end of by-law 2 :—

Provided those where no rent is charged from passengers shall be exempt from the payment of the licence fee.

No. 3566-C.-40/37253.—The following amendment made by the Municipal Committee of **Kaithal,** in the Karnal district, to its by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 1157-C.-38/12611, dated the 30th March, 1938, having been confirmed by the Governor of the

Punjab, as required by section 201 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Kaithal** on the 4th day of November, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

After by-law 2 (*ii*) the following shall be added as a new by-law :—

" 2 (*iii*). No animal shall be slaughtered at any place other than the slaughter-house except in case of necessity or for a religious purpose."

The 16th September, 1940.

No. 2513-C.-40/37345.—The following draft of an amendment which the Governor of the Punjab proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, to the rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 13981, dated the 16th July, 1918, as subsequently amended, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 4th November, 1940, together with any objection or suggestion, which may be received from any person with respect to it before that date :—

DRAFT AMENDMENT.

In Part 1—General the following new rule shall be added, namely :—

" 13. It shall be the duty of a municipal committee to terminate the appointment of every municipal servant, other than a ministerial servant, upon his reaching the age of 55 years. He may be re-employed after that age with the sanction of the authority, whose approval is necessary to the original appointment, on public grounds which must be recorded in writing ; but he must not be retained after the age of 60 years, except in very special circumstances."

No. 3713-C.-40/37366.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (2) of section 4 of the Punjab Town Improvement Act, 1922, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to appoint Mr. H. J. B. Taylor, I.C.S., to be the Chairman of the Lahore Improvement Trust with effect from the 1st August, 1940.

Small Towns.

The 13th September, 1940.

No. 2993-C.-40/37104.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (6) of section 29 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that with the previous sanction of the Governor of the Punjab the Town Committee of **Mailsi**, in the Multan district has, with effect from the 21st October, 1940, imposed the following tax :—

A tax called octroi (without refunds calculated on the gross weight of consignments including packing, drums and other articles used in packing, and a tax on animals by tail, at the rates shown in column 3 of the schedule appended below upon the articles or live animals mentioned in column 2 thereof imported into the limits of the Town Committee as notified from time to time in the *Government Gazette, Punjab*, but subject to the following provisions :—

1. If an article, not specifically mentioned in this schedule, falls under more than one item, the octroi (without refunds) shall be charged under the item carrying the highest rate. If the rates are the same for both or all the items, the importer will decide under which item the article is to be classed.

2. The tax shall not be levied on the following articles :—

(1) patent Vanesta boxes used for carrying Government treasury ;

(2) all ammunitions, military stores and other articles of police equipment including bicycles imported by the Police department, provided that each consignment of such ammunition, military stores or other articles is certified by the Superintendent of Police of the district concerned to be the property of Government in the Police department ;

(3) cinema machines and films and gramophones and gramophones records imported for educational purposes by the

Punjab Advisory Board of Books or other official agency, if accompanied by a certificate duly signed by a gazetted officer of the department;

(4) all forms of quinine intended for medicinal purposes;

(5) films and other material for propaganda imported by the Commissioner for Rural Reconstruction, Punjab, for the purpose of propaganda in rural areas, provided a certificate duly signed by a gazetted officer of the department is produced;

(6) *bona fide* personal and household belongings of persons coming to take up their residence within the town limits and *bona fide* personal luggage of travellers;

(7) necessaries (not being articles of food and drink, equipment and clothing imported by officers in command of troops or air-force units for the use of their men and followers, or grain and green fodder imported for consumption by horses, mules, or other animals maintained as part of their military equipage by any person in military or air-force service, provided that such grain or fodder is certified by the commanding officer to be imported for *bona fide* public purposes, and all Government stores imported for military purposes and certified in writing by competent authority to be so exempt;

(8) articles imported for manufacturing purposes into a jail situated within the town limits, provided that the goods into which they are manufactured are used in the jail itself or supplied to other departments of Government;

(9) all road-making materials such as stone-ballast, sand, shingle, bricks for soling costs, empty coal-tar or asphalt drums and wire screens for screening road metal and sand, imported by the Government of India or by any Provisional Government or by any Local Authority (including a Cantonment Authority), or by contractors for use on the roads maintained by the Public Works Department of Government or any Local Authority (including a Cantonment Authority), if accompanied at the time of import by a certificate signed by a gazetted officer of the Government department concerned or by the President, Executive Officer, or Secretary o the Local Authority concerned that such articles are required by them for road-making only, and all coal tar (including *Damar*), bitumen and asphalt, and road rollers, tar mixers and sprayers and other machinery used for the construction and maintenance of roads;

(10) nitrate of soda, sulphate of amonia, calcium cyanamide, sulphate of potash, muriate of potash kainite, super-phosphates, leunaphos, nitro chalk, nicifos and basicslag;

(11) gold and silver bullion or coin;

(12) printed books, newspapers, catalogues, wall-maps, globe-maps, itlases, examination answer books and official records still in official use (excluding waste-papers);

(13) stamps, stamped paper and petition paper;

(14) head loads of cow dung fuel (*Uplas*), of grass and of brush wood;

(15) railway stores and materials required for use on a railway, whether in constructing, maintaining or working the same, and not removed outside the railway boundary, but not including stores imported for purchase or consumption by railway employees, or stores with which a railway co-operative store is stocked for sale to members, provided

that whenever such stores and materials whether in their original forms or otherwise are removed from the railway boundaries and are no longer required for the use of the railway in constructing, maintaining or working the same they shall become liable to the payment of octroi ;

(16) goods imported by rail and rebooked and exported without delivery having been taken, or without being removed from railway premises ;

(17) goods on which the octroi amounts to less than three pies ;

(18) forms and papers used by patwaries or field-kanungos in connection with their official duties ;

(19) goods belonging to the town committee of Mailsi if accompanied by a certificate signed by the secretary that they are the property of the committee ;

(20) sweet-meats, fruits and other edible articles imported for personal use not exceeding 5 seers in quantity each ;

(21) all sorts of green grass, bhusa, *tanda* and other fodder for domestic cattle imported for personal use, not exceeding one loaded camel or *rehri* each ;

(22) fuel for personal use not exceeding one loaded camel or *rehri* ;

(23) *bona fide* commercial samples meant for free distribution and not meant for transfer or sale ;

(24) the following articles, if accompanied by a transit pass valid for the period mentioned against each of them :—

(*i*) used articles imported in order that they may be repaired and exported to the original consignor .. .. 15 days.

(*ii*) tools and plants imported for the erection of machinery or for the execution of engineering works .. .. .. 1 year.

(*iii*) articles or animals imported in accordance with the orders of a court of law in connection with its official duties .. .. 6 months.

(25) the following articles if accompanied by a pass in form 0·21 valid or the period shown against each of them :—

(*i*) machinery, tools and plants sent out for the execution of work .. .. 3 months.

(*ii*) used furniture, pianos and similar musical instruments, tents, *chhauldaris*, crockery, utensils and lamps taken out temporarily :—

(*a*) for parties, marriages, ceremonies and public functions .. .. .. 1 month.

(*b*) for hiring out to persons residing outside town limits .. .. .. 3 months.

(26) hand-spun and hand-wooven khadi and garah ;

(27) agricultural machinery and implements and their component and spare parts, including pipes and fitting used for boring wells ;

(28) unglazed earthenware (including unglazed earthenware toys) ;

(29) all articles imported through the parcel post ;

(30) all live animals other than fish, game, eggs, poultry, sheep and goats for slaugther ;

(31) exhibits of the agricultural and the other Government departments imported for instructional purposes, if accompanied at the time of import by a certificate signed by a gazetted officer of the department concerned that such exhibits are meant for the purposes of exhibition only;

(32) exhibits of the District Rural Community Council imported for instructional purposes accompanied at the time of import by a certificate signed by the chairman of the Council that such exhibits are meant for the purpose of exhibition only;

(33) all live plants, young-trees and seedlings imported for transplantation:

(34) articles or animals imported by the Police in connection with their official duties, if accompanied by a detailed certificate from the Station House Officer concerned, such certificate being liable in case of doubt to subsequent verification by a Gazetted Police Officer;

(35) goods declared at the time of import to be for immediate export and exported in accordance with the rules made in this behalf;

(36) articles of dowry if imported with a marriage party;

(37) medicines of all kinds, furniture and surgical instruments of all kinds imported by the Government for its institution situated within the limits of the town, provided that they are accompanied at the time of import by a certificate signed by the Civil Surgeon to this effect;

(38) furniture imported by the District Board, Multan, for its institutions situated within the town limits if accompanied at the time of import by a certificate signed by the Secretary of the Board to this effect;

(39) head-loads of unthrashed corn, being the wages of labourers or collected by beggars or by the poors by begging or gleaning;

(40) sheep and goats slaughtered on the day of Id for *qurbani*;

(41) fireworks brought with a marriage procession;

(42) clothes in use not intended for sale;

(43) utensils in use not brought in for sale.

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	Description of articles.	Rate per maund. Rs.	A.	P.
	CLASS I.—ARTICLES OF FOOD AND DRINK FOR MEN OR ANIMALS.			
1	Fodder (except in headloads) and *bhusa*	0	0	3
2	Cotton seeds and oil cake	0	0	6
3	Husked rice	0	2	0
4	Unhusked rice, paddy or *dhan* and bran (*chokhar*)	0	1	6
5	Wheat and wheat-flour (except *Suji* and *Maida*), barley, gram and their flour, *juar*, *bajra*, *makki* (maize) *swank*, crushed grain (*dalia-dana* and *wand*) and pulses.	0	0	6
6	*Suji* (granulated flour) and *maida* (fine flour) and other kinds of flour not specified elsewhere in this schedule.	0	1	6
7	Vegetables, edible roots, ginger green, potatoes, *lehsan*, onions, sugar-cane, *arvi*; fresh chillies, cucumbers (*khira* or *kakri*), melons (*kharbuza*), water-melons (*tarbuz*), *kanshi phal*, *kachalu* and *pethas*.	0	0	6
8	Fresh fruits, including *sarda* melons, *narial* and roses suitable for making *itr* and *gulkand*.	0	2	0

Serial No.	Description of articles.	Rate per maund.
	CLASS I—CONCLD.	Rs. A. P.
9	All other dried fruits, dried vegetables (not specified elsewhere in the schedule) and nuts, including mush rooms (*khumb*, *dhingries* and *guchhies*).	0 4 0
10	Betel leaves	1 4 0
11	Ghi, butter and honey	0 8 0
12	Refined sugar, *i.e.*, white or crystalized sugar, sugar candy and sugar loaf (*misri*) including *patashas* biscuits, and cakes.	0 8 0
13	Sugar not otherwise specified including *gur*, *shakar*, *mija*, red sugar and *molasses* (*shira* or *rab*).	0 1 0
14	Fresh meat of all kinds including eggs	1 0 0
15	Fresh fish, poultry and games	0 4 0
16	Milk, curd, cream and *khoa*	0 2 0
17	Tea and coffee	1 0 0
18	Confectionery	3 0 0
19	Pickles including *bari*, *pappar*, *sewayan* and *phulwari* ..	0 12 0
20	Seeds of vegetables, fruits, flowers, fodder and trees ..	0 4 0
	CLASS II.—ANIMALS OF A CLASS USUALLY SLAUGHTERED.	Per head.
21	Sheep and goats	0 2 0
	CLASS III.—ARTICLES USED FOR LIGHTING, FUEL OR WASHING.	Per maund.
22	Kerosene oil and mineral oil, diesel oil, crude oil and other fuel oils (except petroleum) and lubricating oils.	0 1 0
23	Vegetable non-essential oils	0 6 0
24	Oil seeds except cotton seeds	0 6 0
25	Charcoal and coke	0 0 3
26	Cowdung fuel (*uplas*) and brush wood, except in head loads, other fire wood and other fuel.	0 0 2
27	*Ritha* and *sajji*	0 1 0
28	Soaps of all kinds, caustic soda, caustic potash, refined salt-petre, potash, alum, apsom salts, sodium bicarbonate, sodium carbonate and sulphate and other saline substances used in washing clothes, floors and utensils.	0 4 0
29	Matches, candles and other articles intended for gas or oil lighting (including lamps, lanterns, Kitson and Petromax lamps), gun powder, blasting powder, fire works, wax, tallow, calcium, grease and carbide.	1 0 0
30	Electrical machinery, apparatus, appliances and material for lighting and cooling purposes, including electric motors, fans, cables (insulated or otherwise), earthen and porcelain insulators, batteries, cells, carbon anodes and cathodes, and glass lamp bulbs, but excluding articles scheduled in item No. 60.	1 0 0
	CLASS IV.—ARTICLES USED IN THE CONSTRUCTION OF BUILDINGS.	
31	Wood sawn and unsawn, and condemned railway sleepers ..	0 0 6
32	Bamboos, *lathis* and wooden pegs for driving into the ground ..	0 1 0
33	Manufactured articles of wood not otherwise scheduled, including chicks for doors and windows and ply-wood sheets.	0 4 0
34	Cement, *hurmachi* (red oxide powder), *geri* (pink oxide powder), ground stone for cement, marble and plaster of Paris and articles made thereof, stone not otherwise included in this schedule and articles made thereof, cement tiles, stoneware pipes, hume pipes, white lime, glazed earthenware and bathroom and sanitary fittings, whether made of stoneware, porcelain, metal or glass, *surkhi*, *kankar* and lime stone.	0 0 6
35	Chalk including *kheri mitti*, *gachni*, and *pili mitti* ..	0 1 0
36	Bricks	0 0 1
37	Glazed tiles for walls and floors	0 4 0
38	Paint, dry colours (such as dry white zinc, white lead oxide, titanium oxide and lithophone), varnish, polish, glue, rosin, turpentine and linseed oil.	0 6 0
39	Tarcoal	0 0 6
40	Glass panes for doors, windows and ventilators ..	0 4 0
41	Thatching grass, *sirki kana, munj, wan, hemp*) jute, mattings and ropes.	0 1 6

Serial No.	Description of articles.	Rate per maund.
		Rs. A. P.
	CLASS V.—DRUGS, SPICES, GUMS AND PERFUMES.	
42	Drugs and medicines (except quinine, *chars*, *bhang* and *ganja*), *wasma, harhar, behra, amla (dry) amaltas imli, kain, harmal, dhoop, aggarbatti, loban, saunf, dhanian, ajwain, rai, haldi, anardana, tej-pattar, brahmi, rattan-jot, jawanh* flower and other spices and gums and similar herbs, roots, flowers, leaves and seeds used for medicinal purposes or as incense and not otherwise scheduled.	0 4 0
43	Perfumery, toilet requisites, hair dyes. hair oils, chemicals (excluding chemical manures and chemicals specified in item No. 28) perfumed and essential oils and petroleum jelly (vaseline).	1 0 0
44	*Mehndi*	0 2 0
	CLASS VI.—TOBACCO MANUFACTURED AND UNMANUFACTURED.	
45	Cigarettes, cigars, *biris* and tobacco for manufacturing these or for smoking in pipes or for eating.	1 0 0
46	Tobacco in any other shape suitable for smoking in a *huqa* (excluding snuff).	0 2 0
47	Snuff of tobacco	0 8 0
	CLASS VII.—PIECE GOODS AND OTHER TEXTILE FABRICS AND OTHER MANUFACTURED ARTICLES OF CLOTHING AND DRESS.	
48	Raw cotton (*kapas*)	0 0 6
49	Raw wool and goats hair	0 0 6
50	Cotton, linen, silken and woollen thread, twist and yarn ..	0 1 0
51	Silk piece goods, woollen piece goods, cotton, linen and all other piece goods.	0 13 0
52	Furs and wearing apparel including boot laces, gloves, belts, hats (including skeleton, hats), buttons, and clothes made of leather or fur (but excluding boots and shoes), carpets, blankets, drapery, *durries*, rugs, *namdas*, hosiery and haberdashery.	0 8 0
53	Niwar, canvas, tents, tarpaulins, tracing cloth, book-binding cloth, tonga and motor hood cloth, haircloth, ticken, screens and nets for games and sporting purposes and convas boots.	0 8 0
54	Gold and silver lace, wire and thread, *gota, kinari, lamita, silma* and *sitara* (imitation or real) and other embriodered goods.	1 0 0
55	Gunny bags, hessian cloth and *tats*	0 8 0
56	Raw hides and skins	0 0 6
57	Cured hides and tanned leather	0 8 0
58	Manufactured leather, saddlery, boots and shoes and other articles of leather (except as otherwise scheduled), and skins of animals fit for use as mats or rugs (except raw hides and skins).	0 8 0
	CLASS VIII.—METALS AND ARTICLES MADE OF METALS.	
59	Wrought and unwrought iron, steel bars, sheets of iron, girders, angle, tee and round irons and rails.	0 2 0
60	Machinery (other than agricultural machinery), including machinery for the production of electrical energy, electric motors, alternators, switch boards, rotary convertors, control gears and other parts of electrical machinery used for motive power or in connection with any gear attached to industrial machinery and electrical casing (including *gutties* and metal pipes, cappings and blocks).	0 4 0
61	Armoured suction hose pipes, sheets of zinc, lead and tin, articles made of iron, steel, zinc, lead and tin not otherwise scheduled (such as iron furniture made entirely of iron and without upholstery, pots and pans galvanis d iron bath tubs and buckets), iron and steel pipes, shafting, wire, wire ropes, nails and screws and tonga channels.	0 4 0
62	Telephonic, telegraphic, wireless, amplifying, cinematographic appartus and goods, watches, watch-glasses, watch chains and straps, and parts thereof, optical goods, spectacles and spectacle cases, electrical apparatus other than for lighting and cooling purposes, surveying apparatus, scientific appliances cutlery, scissors, tools, locks and keys, clocks and parts thereof, musical instruments, photographic instruments, films and materials (other than chemicals), type-writers and other similar machines, surgical, dental,	0 8 0

Serial No.	Description of articles.	Rate per maund.
	CLASS VIII.—CONCLD.	Rs. A. P.
62—concld.	drawing, educational, mathematical and measuring instruments, and appliances, sewing, knitting and embroidery machines, glass picture frames, gramophones and gramophone records, pianos, harmoniums, precious stones and furniture partly made of iron.	
63	Brass and all other metals not otherwise scheduled, including wire, rods and pipes made of these metals and mixed metal dust.	0 8 0
64	Articles made wholly or partly of brass and other metals, except as otherwise scheduled.	0 8 0
	CLASS IX.—MISCELLANEOUS.	
65	Dyes (including natural indigo) *majith, hira kasis maju*, lac and sealing wax.	1 0 0
66	Raw rubber, rubber solution and rubber goods (including rubber tyres and tubes for vehicles), articles used for sports and games, looking glasses, brushes, ivory and bone and articles made thereof, all toys made of metals or wood or other material, umbrellas, walking sticks, *huqqas* and parts thereof and unarmoured rubber and canvas hose pipes.	0 8 0
67	Furniture and other decorating articles made of wood (except otherwise scheduled).	0 4 0
68	*Desi* glass bangles, crockery, enamel and glass ware (including empty bottles).	0 8 0
69	Bicycles, tricycles, carriages, perambulators, motor vehicles and all sorts of conveyances, and component and spare parts thereof excluding rubber tyres and tubes.	0 4 0
70	Paper, including news print, writing pads and cards and envelopes, drawing and blotting papers, photographic printing papers and carbon ferro paper (but excluding printed books, newspapers, and catalogues), and other stationery not specified elsewhere in this scheduled including waste papers.	0 4 0
71	Photographic films for use in cinematographic exhibitions ..	0 8 0

NOTE.—Every consignment of goods imported in a wooden packing case shall be assessed at 1/4th of its weight as a wooden packing case and three-fourths as the contents of the case, if the contents are to be assessed at a higher rate, provided that the gross weight of each single packing case is at least half-a-maund. A crate is not a packing case for the purpose of this note.

No. 2339-L. G.-Bds.-40/37112.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 51 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendment to the Small Town Work Rules, 1926, published with Punjab Government notification No. 11047, dated the 5th April, 1926, as subsequently amended :—

AMENDMENTS.

I. The following new rule shall be added after rule 4 :—

"4-A. Whenever the alignment of a new road, drain, etc., of the committee passes close to, or involves any alteration to, or diversions of, pre-existing railways, or interferes with any works or land appertaining to the same, the written consent of the authorities in charge of such railways to the proposed construction of the new road, drain, etc., shall be obtained before any work thereon is put in hand."

II. The following new sub-rule shall be added after rule 6 :—

"6-A. When the alignment of a new road, drain, etc., of the committee passes close to, or involves any alteration to, or diversions of, pre-existing railways, or interferes with any works or land appertaining to the same, the committee shall, during the survey, ascertain the views of the authorities in charge of such railways and also enquire from them whether they contemplate undertaking any work which would affect the proposed road, drain, etc. If it is found that such a work is contemplated, the estimates and plans for the road, drain, etc., shall contain a provision for necessary additions and alterations."

Trusts.

The 16th September, 1940.

No. 3713-C.-40/37361.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 4-A of the Punjab Town Improvement Act, 1922, the Governor of the Punjab

is pleased to re-appoint, with effect from the 23rd September, 1940, the following persons to be trustees of the Lahore Improvement Trust:—

(1) The Deputy Commissioner, Lahore.
(2) Khan Sahib Mian Amir-ud-Din, Sub-Registrar, Lahore.
(3) Chaudhri Sardar Ali, Honorary Magistrate, Lahore.

Notified Areas.

The 14th September, 1940.

No. 2916-C.-40/37243.—The following amendments made by the Notified Area Committee, **Kaithal Mandi**, in the Karnal district to its by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 24126, dated the 21st August, 1934, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Notified Area, **Kaithal Mandi**, on the 4th day of November, 1940 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. After the word 'sell' occuring in clauses (1), (2) and (3) of by-law 2 and clause (*a*) of by-law 4 the words 'manufacture, prepare or expose for sale' shall be added.

2. For the preamble of by-law 4, the following shall be substituted :—

"4. Subject to the provisions of by-law 2, licences for premises to be used for the sale of sweetmeats, cakes or other food prepared with ghi, shall be issued on payment of Rs. 2 per annum or annas four per mensem, and licences for premises to be used for the sale of banaspatine or charbini or for the sale of sweetmeats, cakes or other food prepared with banaspatine or charbini, shall be issued on payment of Rs. 50 per annum or Rs. 5 per mensem, by the Secretary of the Committee, on the application of the owner or occupier of such premises and shall be granted on the following conditions :—".

3. In clause (*c*) of by-law 4 between the words 'sell' and 'any' the words 'or expose for sale' shall be added.

4. In by-law 4 the following new clause shall be inserted as clause (k) and the existing clause (k) shall be renumbered as clause (l) :—

"(k) that the licensee shall not allow to be kept, in the premises licensed by the Committee, ghi, banaspatine or charbini, or sweetmeats, cakes or other food propared therewith, intended for his own use or for the use of his family or family servants."

The 18th September, 1940.

No. 3260-C.-40/37512.—The following by-laws made by the Notified Area Committee of **Burewala,** in the Multan district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188, 197 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the Notified Area of **Burewala,** on the 4th day of November, 1940, from which date Punjab Government notification No. 7994, dated 9th March, 1934, shall be deemed to be cancelled :—

BY-LAWS.

1. No person shall manufacture or prepare for sale aerated water or ice except in premises licensed by the Committee in this behalf.

2. No premises shall be licensed for the manufacture or preparation for sale of aerated water or ice —

(*a*) unless they have a floor made of stone, cement or other impervious material;

(*b*) unless the walls are properly plastered and lime-washed ;

(*c*) unless they are provided with adequate light and ventilation to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health of the Committee or the Medical Officer in charge of the local dispensary or such other officer as the Committee may appoint in this behalf ;

(*d*) unless they are provided with a drain and the whole floor is so sloped as to allow all liquid to flow off by the drain ;

(*e*) if there is any direct communication between the premises and any room used as a sleeping room ;

(f) if there is any latrine, cesspool, cowshed, stable or other place within one hundred feet of the premises which in the opinion of the Medical Officer of Health of the Committee or the Medical Officer in charge of the local dispensary or any other officer appointed by Committee in this behalf, renders it undesirable that such premises should be used for the manufacture or preparation for sale of ærated water or ice.

3. The owner or occupier or person in charge of the premises licensed under by-law 2 —

(a) shall not use or permit to be used in such manufactnre or preparation for sale any water except water obtained from a source and conveyed to the licensed premises in a manner approved by the Medical Officer of Health of the Committee or Medical Officer in charge of the local dispensary or any other officer appointed by the Committee in this behalf ;

(b) shall not employ or permit to be employed in the manufacture or preparation for sale of aerated water or ice, any person suffering from any contagious or infectious disease or from loathsome sores or who has recently been attending on any person so suffering and shall not suffer any such person or any animal to enter or remain upon the licensed premises ;

(c) shall keep such premises and all vessels, receptacles, utensils and other things used in the manufacture or preparation for sale of aerated water or ice in a state of thorough cleanliness and shall protect from dust and flies all material used in such manufacture or preparation for sale and the articles manufactured or prepared to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health of the Committee or Medical Officer in charge local dispensary or any other officer appointed by the Committee in this behalf ;

(d) shall daily cause to be thorougly washed and cleaned the floor and drain of the licensed premises and every bench, counter, table, shelf or other place on which the articles manufactured or prepared for sale and any material used in such manufacture, or preparation for sale are kept ;

(e) shall cause the walls of the licensed premises to be properly lime-washed at least twice a year and more often if so required by the Medical Officer of Health of the Committee or Medical Officer in charge of the local dispensary or any other officer appointed by the Committee in this behalf ;

(f) shall not carry or permit to be carried on any other trade or occupation in the licensed premises except the manufacture, or preparation for sale of aerated water or ice and shall not use or suffer to be used any portion of the licensed premises as a living room or sleeping room ;

(g) shall not spit or smoke or suffer any other person to spit or smoke within the licensed premises ;

(h) shall not permit any person to drink or use any wine or alcoholic spirits or any intoxicating drugs in the licensed premises ;

(i) shall not keep or suffer to be kept in the licensed premises any beddings soiled clothes or other things not required for the manufacture or preparation for sale of aerated water or ice ;

(j) shall permit the Medical Officer of Health, Secretary, any member or other officer authorized in this behalf at all reasonable times, and without notice to inspect the licensed premises and shall comply with all reasonable orders of the Medical Officer of Health of the Committee or Medical Officer in charge of the local dispensary or such other officer as the Committee may appoint in this behalf.

4. Subject to the provisions of by-law 2 licences for premises for the manufacture or preparation for sale of aerated water or ice shall be issued by the President in form A, appended to these by-laws on the application of the owner or occupier of such premises on the conditions specified in by-law 3 :

Provided that no such licence shall be issued until the premises and the plant to be used for manufacture, or preparation for sale of aerated water or ice have been inspected by the Medical Officer of Health of the Committee or Medical Officer incharge of the local dispensary or any other officer appointed by the Committee in this behalf and certified by him to be sufficient and fit for the purpose.

5. Fee at the following rates shall be levied for the issue of a licence under these bye-laws :—

(1) For the manufacture or preparation for sale of aerated water :—

(a) Rs. 6 per annum or

(b) Re. 1 per mensem.

(2) For the manufacture or preparation for sale of ice :—

(a) Rs. 12 per annum or

(b) Rs. 2 per mensem.

6. For a breach of any of the conditions of the licence referred to in by-laws 2 and 3 the Committee may, at any time, cancel or revoke the licence. No compensation shall be recoverable from the committee in respect of any such cancellation or revocation.

7. Any person who commits a breach of bye-laws 1 and 3 and any licensee who commits or abets the commission of a breach of any of the conditions of his licence shall be liable, on conviction by a magistrate to a fine which may extend to fifty rupees and when the breach is a continuing breach to a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which breach continues.

Form A.

License for premises for the manufacture or preparation for sale of Aerated water or Ice issued under bye-law 4 of the bye-laws for licensing premises for such manufacture or preparation for sale published with the Punjab Government notification No. 3260-C.-40/37512 dated 18th September, 1940.

Serial No. of License.	Name, parentage, caste and residence of the Licensee.	A description of the premises licensed.	A specification of the trades mentioned in section 197 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, for which the license is issued.	Endorsement or annual renewal of license.

PRESIDENT,

Notified Area Committee, Burewala.

(a) That he shall keep the licensed premises structurally fit for the purpose for which the license is granted,

(*Explanation*.—" Structural Fitness " shall be deemed to include,—

(i) The existence of a floor made of stone, cement or other impervious material.

(ii) Possession of walls properly plastered and lime-washed,

(iii) Adequate provision for light and vetilation).

(b) That he shall not use or permit to be used in such manufacture or preparation for sale any water except water obtained from a source and conveyed to the licensed premisses in a manner approved by the Medical Officer of Health of the Committee or Medical Officer incharge of the local dispensary or any other officer appointed by the Committee in this behalf,

(c) That he shall not employ or permit to be employed in the manufacture, or preparation for sale of aerated water or ice any person suffering from any contagious disease or from loathsome sores or who has recently been attending on any person so suffering and that he shall not suffer any such person or any animal to enter or remain upon the licensed premises.

(d) That he shall keep such premises and all vessels, receptacles, utensils and other things used in the manufacture or preparation for sale of aerated water or ice in a state of thorough cleanliness and shall protect from dust and flies all material used in such manufacture or preparation for sale and the articles manufactured or prepared to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health of the Committee or Medical Officer in charge of the local dispensary or any other officer appointed by the Committee in this behalf.

(e) That he shall daily cause to be thoroughly washed and cleaned the floor and drain of the licensed premises and every bench, counter, table, shelf or other places on which articles maunfacutred or prepared for sale any material used in such manufacture or preparation for sale are kept.

(f) That he shall cause the walls of the licensed premises to be properly lime-washed at least twice a year and more often if required by the Medical Officer of Health of the Committee or Medical Officer in charge of the local dispensary or any other officer appointed by the Committee in this behalf.

(g) That he shall not carry on or permit to be carried on any other trade or occupation in the licensed premises except the manufacture or preparation for sale of aerated water or ice and that he shall not use or suffer to be used any portion of the licensed premises as a living room or sleeping room.

(h) That he shall not spit or smoke or suffer any person to spit or smoke within the licensed premises.

(i) That he shall not permit any person to drink or use any wine or alcoholic spirits or any intoxicating drugs in the licensed premises.

(j) That he shall not keep or suffer to be kept in the licensed premises any bedding, soiled clothes, or other things not required for the manufacture or preparation for sale of aerated water or ice.

(k) That he shall permit the Medical Officer of Health, Secretary, any member or other officer authorised in this behalf at all reasonable times and without notice, to inspect the licensed premises and shall comply with all reasonable orders of the Medical Officer of Health of the Committee, or Medical Officer in charge of the local dispensary or such other officer as the Committee may appoint in this behalf.

RAM CHANDRA,

Secretary to Government, Punjab,

Medical and Local Government Departments.

910 CS—1167—19-9-40—SGPP Lahore.

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PART I—A.

Punjab Government Notifications and Orders.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Boards.

The 23rd September, 1940.

No. 3919-L. G.-40/38093.—The following amendments made by the District Board of **Ferozepore** of its Provident Fund Rules, published with Punjab Government notification No. 26124, dated the 17th October, 1933, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Ferozepore**, on the 9th November, 1940 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. *Substitute* the following *for* clause (*e*) in rule 1 :—

" (*e*) 'Servant' includes every employee of the Board who holds a permanent post substantively under the Board or is officiating in a permanent or a temporary post in the Board but holds a permanent post in a substantive capacity under any other local body which maintains a provident fund, but does not include a Government servant employed by the Board ".

2. *After* rule 3 the following note shall be inserted :—

" NOTE.—In the case of a Board's employee governed by the Civil Service Regulations or the Revised Leave Rules, 1936, the term " leave on average pay " occurring in sub-rule (2) means the privilege leave on full salary or the earned leave as the case may be. "

3. In rule 4, *substitute* the following proviso *for* the first proviso :—

" Provided that if the subscriber, who is required or permitted to subscribe to the provident fund, resigns within five years of the commencement

of his service, except on account of illness or any other cause which the Board may determine to be a sufficient cause, or has been dismissed from service of the Board, the Board may deduct from the sum standing to his credit in the provident fund, the whole or any part of the contributions made by it to his provident fund and the interest thereon. "

4. In rule 9 (1) *for* the words " may, up to limit of the amount shown at credit of his account in column 5-A of the Provident Fund Ledger," shall be substituted the words " may up to the amount contributed by the subscriber including interest accrued thereon ".

5. In rule 9 (4) the words " clause (*a*) or clause (*b*) of " shall be deleted.

6. In rule 11 between the words " sum " and " before " *insert* the words " but not exceeding in any case the total amount of its contributions credited to the account of the subscriber and interest accrued thereon ".

7. *Substitute* the following new rule *for* the existing rule 12 :—

" 12. The Board shall maintain—

General accounts to be maintained by the Board.

(1) a Provident Fund Account in Form P. F. 4 ;

(2) a Provident Fund Investments Account in Form P. F. 5 ;

(3) a Provident Fund Investments Interest Account in Form P. F. 6 or if a Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund is maintained a Provident Fund Investment Interest Account in Form P. F. 6-A and a Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund Account in Form P. F. 6-B ; and

(4) an account in Form P. F. 8, showing the amount available for payment of insurance premia of the Provident Fund subscribers."

8. The subcolumns for annas and pies in column 6 of form P. F. 1 shall be deleted.

9. *Insert the following new Forms after Form P. F. 6:—*

Form P. F. 6-A. Rule 12.

Provident Fund Investments Interest Account ________________ *District Board.*

Serial No. in Provident Fund Investment Account (P. F. 5).	Instalment of interest due.		Instalment of interest received.			Disposal of interest received.					No. and date of the voucher with which the amount in column 4 (e) is withdrawn from the District Fund for credit to the Provident Fund.	Date on which the amount is credited to the savings bank account.	No. and date of voucher with which the amount in column 4 (c) is withdrawn from the District Fund for credit to the P. F. Investment Depreciation Fund.	Date on which the amount is credited in the P. F. Investment Depreciation Fund.	Remarks.
	(a)	(b)	(a)	(b)	(c)	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)					
	Date.	Amount.	Date.	No. and date of chalan with which remitted to treasury for credit into the fund of the local body.	Amount.	At savings bank rate to be credited to the P. F. Account.	Difference between columns 3 (c) and 4 (a).	Half of column 4 (b) to be credited to the Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund subject to a maximum of 1% on the amount invested.	Difference, if any, between half of columns 4 (b) and 4 (c).	Half of column 4 (b) *plus* 4 (d) to be credited to Provident Fund Account.					
1	2		3			4					5(a)	5(b)	6(a)	6(b)	7
		Rs. A. P.			Rs. A. P.										

NOTE.—This form is to be used by the Boards which maintain Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund. Such Boards need not maintain Form P. F. 8.

Form P. F. 6-B. **Rule 12.**

Provident Fund Investments Depreciation Fund Account ____ ____*District Board.*

Date.	Balance at credit.	Amount credited to the Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund in the Post Office Savings Bank Imperial Bank. Folio No. of Register P. F. 6(a).	Amount credited to the Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund in the Post Office Savings Bank Imperial Bank. Amount.	Interest earned on the Investment Depreciation Fund money in the Post Office Savings Bank or Imperial Bank.	Payments. No. and date of the order of the Commissioner sanctioning withdrawal from the fund.	Payments. Amount.	Balance 4—5 (b).	Remarks.
1	2	3(a)	3(b)	4	5(a)	5(b)	6	7
			Rs. A. P.			Rs. A. P.		

10. *Insert* the following new form *after* Form P. F. 7 :—

Form P. F. 8. **Rule 12.**

Register showing the amount available for payment of insurance premia of Provident Fund subscriber.

P. F. ACCOUNT No.____________

NAME ____________

Date.	Provident Fund subscription available for insurance. (a) Amount of deposit made by the subscriber since the last withdrawal for payment of insurance premium was made.	(b) Interest earned since the date of last withdrawal on subscriber's own deposits.	Total of columns 2(a), 2(b) and 4.	Advance paid.	Balance after each transaction.	Remarks.*
1	2			3	4	5
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	

*The fact that the Insurance Policy has been assigned to the Board as well as the number of policy should be noted in the remarks column of the register.

No. 3658-C.-40/38100.—The following regulations made by the District Board of **Montgomery**, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 56 and 57 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 56 (2) of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Montgomery**, on the 11th day of November, 1940 :—

REGULATIONS.

1. In these regulations unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context :—

(a) " Board " shall mean the District Board of Montgomery.

(b) " Medical Officer of Health " shall mean the District Medical Officer of Health of the Montgomery District.

(c) " Officer-in-charge of the fair " means the officer appointed by the Board to be in charge of the fair.

(d) " Sanitary Inspector " shall mean the Sanitary Inspector deputed by the Medical Officer of Health.

(e) " Sub-Assistant Health Officer " shall mean the Sub-Assistant Health Officer deputed by the Medical Officer of Health.

2. These regulations shall apply to the following fairs :—

(a) Baba Farid Fair at Pakpattan ;

(b) Nanaksar Fair at Harappa ;

(c) Mohammad Paneh Fair at Kamir ;

(d) Pir Mohammad Ali Fair at Ghulam Qadir ;

(e) Malka Hans Fair at Malka Hans.

(f) Mela Jamat at Shergarh ;

(*g*) Cattle Fair and Horse Show Fair at Montgomery.

(*h*) Shaikh Fazal Fair at Sheikh Fazal ;

(*i*) Tibba Sahib Fair at Tibba Sahib.

3. No person shall enter or leave the fair ground save by a route specified for the purpose by the officer-in-charge of the fair.

4. If the Board has erected any barrier across a road no person shall without permission of an authorised official pass such barrier.

5. The officer-in-charge of the fair may prohibit the entrance into the fair ground of any person suffering from a loathsome, infectious or contagious disease or any person who has been in contact with any such person and may expel any person so suffering or having been in contact from the fair ground.

6. (1) Where the officer-in-charge of the fair has fixed a place or places for parking of vehicles, no person shall park any vehicle at any place in the fair ground other than the place or places so fixed.

(2) No person shall stable or keep animals at places other than those set apart for the purpose.

7. No person shall set up in the fair ground any theatre or cinema, merry-go-round or any other show for public amusement, save at places and on conditions to be fixed by the Board.

8. No person shall set up any game of chance at any place in the fair ground.

9. The Medical Officer of Health may—

(*i*) fix places at which, and lay down conditions under which, cremation or burial of dead bodies, human or animal, shall take place ;

(*ii*) destroy or cause to be destroyed, or confine, or cause to be confined for such period as he may direct any dog suffering, or reasonably suspected to be suffering from rabies or bitten by any dog, or any other animal suffering or suspected to be suffering from rabies.

10. No person knowing or having reasons to believe that any dog belonging to him or in his charge is likely to annoy or intimidate any person or animal or has been bitten by an animal suffering, or reasonably suspected to be suffering from rabies shall neglect to restrain such dog from annoying, intimidating or biting other persons or animals.

Accommodation.

11. No person attending the fair shall encamp anywhere on the fair ground except on places set apart by the Board for the purpose.

12. No person shall use any building or site for the lodging of visitors on the fair ground except under a licence granted by the Medical Officer of Health. Every such licence shall be issued on the following conditions :—

(*i* that such building or site complies with such conditions regarding ventilation, cleanliness, water supply, conservancy and drainage as the Medical Officer of Health may lay down ;

(*ii*) that such building or site shall accommodate not more than the number of persons of either sex stated in the licence ;

(*iii*) that the licence shall be liable to cancellation at any time by the Medical Officer of Health for a breach of any of these conditions.

13. The licensee of any such house shall supply to each person staying in it a cardboard ticket bearing the name of the visitor and the accommodation assigned to that individual.

14. All fires in thatched houses or *jhugis* shall be extinguished by 10 p.m.

15. Each licensee shall provide such number of buckets filled with water or sand as may be prescribed by the Medical Officer of Health for use in case of fire.

Water Supply.

16. No person shall take water within the fair ground from any source other than that approved by the Medical Officer of Health who may close or direct the closure or any source of water supply, public or private, temporarily if the same be in his opinion polluted or otherwise unfit for use.

17. The Medical Officer of Health may at his discretion disinfect or treat any well, tank or other source of water supply.

18. No drinking booth shall be allowed on the fair ground except under a licence granted by the Medical Officer of Health.

Food Supply.

19. No person shall sell, store, prepare or expose for sale any article of food or drink at any place in the fair ground except under a licence granted by the Medical Officer of Health and subject to the conditions specified on the licence form:

20. Every licence granted under regulation No. 19 shall be issued subject to the following conditions :—

(i) that any place used for the preparation, sale or exposure for sale or free supply of any article of food or drink shall be well lighted and ventilated and shall be kept clean at all times to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health ;

(ii) that water used in the preparation of articles of food or drink or for the washing of vessels used in such preparation shall be derived from a source approved by the Medical Officer of Health and be stored in clean and properly covered containers ;

(iii) that all vessels used in the preparation, storage or distribution of food or drink shall be kept clean ;

(iv) that only wholesome and unadulterated articles of food or drink shall be sold ;

(v) that all refuse (from whatever source) shall be deposited in suitable covered containers ;

(vi) that the Medical Officer of Health or any person not below the rank of a Sanitary Inspector or Sub-Assistant Health Officer authorised by him in this behalf may enter the licensed premises to inspect the same and any articles of food and drink ;

(vii) that the Medical Officer of Health or any officer not below the rank of a Sanitary Inspector or Sub-Assistant Health Officer specially authorised by him in this behalf may seize and destroy or otherwise dispose of any article of food or drink which in his opinion is unfit for human consumption ;

(viii) that no person who is suffering from any infectious, loathsome or contagious disease shall touch, or take part in the preparation or distribution of, any article of food or drink ;

(ix) that the licensee or his agent or servant shall immediately inform the office of the Medical Officer of Health at the fair of any case of illness among the persons connected with the licensed premises ;

(x) that the licensed premises shall not be used for sleeping purposes ;

(xi) that nothing shall be stored in any licensed premises except the articles necessary for the preparation, storage and distribution of food and drink;

(xii) that no dog or other animal shall be allowed in any licensed premises ;

(xiii) that all articles of food and drink shall be carefully protected from flies and dust ; and

(xiv) that the licensee shall comply with any other instructions issued by the Medical Officer of Health in this behalf.

21. The Medical Officer of Health may prohibit the import into the fair ground of any article of food or drink which he considers is likely to promote illness.

22. (1) No person shall manufacture aerated waters for sale in any premises on the fair ground except under a licence granted by the Medical Officer of Health.

(2) Every licence granted under this regulation shall be subject to the following conditions :—

(i) that the water used in the manufacture of aerated waters be derived from a source approved by the Medical Officer of Health and be carried in clean covered vessels and stored in a clean cistern with a tap ;

(ii) that empty bottles be first cleaned by scrubbing brush and clean water and then kept soaked in a solution of permanganate of potash for six hours. The permanganate solution shall be renewed as soon as it turns brown ; and

(iii) that all bottles shall bear a label or mark showing the name and address of the manufacturer.

NOTE.—The Medical Officer of Health will be the sole judge of whether a vessel or cistern is clean or not and in case of dispute in any matter pertaining to articles of food or drink as contained in these regulations the decision of the Medical Officer of Health shall be final.

Washing and Bathing.

23. (a) No person shall wash any clothes or animals or bathe at any place on the fair ground other than that approved by the Medical Officer of Health and specified by the Board and no person shall use such a place which is set apart for the use of the opposite sex or at times other than those specified by the Board.

(b) No infected articles or clothes which have been used by or have come in contact with a person suffering from an infectious disease shall be washed at the public

washing or bathing places unless they have been previously disinfected to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health.

Conservancy and Health.

24. No person shall ease himself at any place on the fair ground other than that set apart for the purpose.

25. No person shall deposit refuse at any place on the fair ground other than that specified for the purpose.

26. The Medical Officer of Health may—

(*i*) fix places for the deposit of refuse, rubbish or other waste matter of any kind and give directions regarding the time at which and manner in which such refuse, rubbish or waste matter may be kept on any land or building or removed along any road or pathway ;

(*ii*) direct the owner or occupier of any land or building not to cause, or knowingly or negligently allow, any waste water to collect on any land or place not set apart for the purpose ;

(*iii*) arrange for the removal of filth, rubbish, manure, or other waste matter from any latrine, urinal, cesspool or other receptacle for such matter ;

(*iv*) establish medical inspection posts in connection with the examination of travellers by rail and road and may also arrange for adequate accommodation for the isolation of cases of infectious diseases ;

(*v*) refuse entry to the fair ground to any person suspected to be suffering from any infectious disease and who refuses to allow himself to be examined at any such examination post, or gives a false answer to any question addressed to him by the Medical Officer or official in charge of such post and who disobeys any order of such officer or official in respect of his removal to a hospital or his detention in a place set apart for the purpose ;

(*vi*) order the removal of any person suffering or suspected to be suffering from any infectious disease to a suitable hospital and order all persons who have been in contact with a case of infectious disease to be isolated for a specified period ;

(*vii*) order the cleaning and disinfection of any land, building, drain, latrine, urinal, cesspool or any bedding, clothing or any other article which is in his opinion infected or likely to carry infection ;

(*viii*) prohibit the letting of a house or building or part of a house or building which has not been disinfected to his satisfaction ;

(*ix*) prohibit the entrance into the fair ground of persons coming from a town, village or locality which is infected with cholera, plague, smallpox or any other communicable disease unless such persons submit to appropriate preventive inoculation.

27. It shall be the duty of the owner or keeper of a lodging house, hostel or serai to inform the Medical Officer of Health immediately of any case of illness on his premises.

Note.—In these regulations the term "infectious diseases", "contagious diseases" or "communicable diseases" includes —

1.	Cholera.	11.	Erysipelas.
2.	Smallpox.	12.	Relapsing fever.
3.	Plague.	13.	Influenza.
4.	Measles.	14.	Purperal fever.
5.	Chickenpox.	15.	Cerebrospinal fever (meningitis).
6.	Diphtheria.	16.	Dysentery.
7.	Tuberculosis (includes tubercle of lungs).	17.	Leprosy.
8.	Scarlet fever.	18.	Mumps.
9.	Typhus fever.	19.	Whooping cough.
10.	Enteric fever.	20.	Sprue.

28. Any licence issued under these regulations may be cancelled by the Medical Officer of Health for a breach of any of the conditions of the licence. The decision of the Medical Officer of Health shall be final.

29. Any person who commits or abets the commission of breach of any of these regulations shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with a fine which may extend to rupees fifty and if the breach is a continuing breach with a further fine which may extend to rupees five for each day after the first, during which the breach continues.

No. 4001-L. G.-Bds.-40/38104.—The following amendments made by the District Board of **Hissar** to its Provident Fund Rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 8659, dated the 11th March, 1932, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by

section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Hissar** on the 9th November, 1940 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. The following provisos shall be inserted after sub-rule (2) of rule 5 :—

"Provided that no interest shall be credited to the accounts of a Muslim subscriber, if he informs the board in writing that he does not wish to receive the interest and that the board may utilise it on any subject of general public interest ;

Provided further that if the subscriber subsequently asks for interest, it shall be credited to his account with effect from the first day of the year in which he asks for it."

2. After sub-clause (*c*) of rule 7 (1) the following new clause shall be added :—

"(*d*) under the proviso to sub-rule (2) of rule 5 for the purpose of utilising the interest on subject of general public interest. "

3. At the end of sub-rule (3) of rule 9 the following proviso shall be inserted :—

"Provided that Muslim subscribers whose deposits in the fund carry no interest shall not be required to pay any interest ".

4. After sub-rule (2) in rule 10, the following new sub-rule shall be added as sub-rule (3) :—

" (3) When a subscriber—

(*a*) has proceeded on leave preparatory to retirement, or

(*b*) while on leave, has been permitted to retire or declared by a competent authority to be unfit for further service,

the amount shown at the credit of his account in column 6 of the Provident Fund Ledger (Form P. F. I.) shall, upon application made by him in that behalf, become payable to him, subject to the provisions of Rule 4 :

Provided that the subscriber, if he returns to duty, shall if required to do so by the board, repay to the Provident Fund for credit to his account, the whole or part of any amount paid to him from the provident fund in pursuance of this sub-rule with interest thereon in cash or securities or partly in cash or partly in securities, by instalments or otherwise, by recovery from his salary or otherwise, as the board may direct."

5. Existing sub-rules (3) and (4) of rule 10 shall be renumbered as (4) and (5), respectively.

6. In sub-rule (4) for the words and figures " sub-rule (1) or sub-rule (2) " the words and figures " sub-rules (1), (2) or (3) " shall be substituted.

No. 3901-L. G.—Bds.-40/38108.—The following amendment made by the District Board of **Multan** to its Provident Fund Rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 1183, dated the 11th January, 1932, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab is published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Multan**, on the 9th November, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

After rule 3 the following note shall be inserted :—

"NOTE.—In the case of the board's employee governed by the Civil Service Regulations or the Revised Leave Rules, 1936, the term " leave on average pay " occurring in sub-rule (3) means the privilege leave on full salary or the earned leave as the case may be. "

No. 3913-L.G.-40/38115.—In pursuance of the provisions of the Local Authorities Loans Rules for the Punjab, 1922, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to notify that the Municipal Committee of **Wazirabad** has submitted the following application, for a Government loan of rupees three thousand and eight hundred only, for the purchase of fire extinguishing appliances.

2. All objections to the proposed loan should be submitted on or before the 30th October, 1940, to the President, Municipal Committee,

Wazirabad, who will forward them to the Punjab Government for consideration :—

Application of Municipal Committee of Wazirabad for a Government loan of Rs. 3,800.

(1) The purpose for which the loan is required and an estimate of the cost of the entire work.	For the purchase of Fire Extinguishing appliances (cost Rs. 3,800).
(2) Whether the loan is productive or non-productive.	Non-productive.
(3) The amount which it is proposed to borrow ..	Rs. 3,800 (Rupees three thousand and eight hundred only).
(4) The fund on the security of which it is proposed to borrow.	The Municipal fund of Wazirabad.
(5) The law under which the said fund is levied, received or held.	The Punjab Municipal Act, 1911.
(6) The dates within which it is proposed that the money shall be borrowed.	In one instalment, during the year 1940-41.
(7) The rate of interest at which it is proposed to borrow.	Four and a quarter per cent per annum.
(8) The term of years for which the money is to be borrowed and the method by which it is to be repaid with the dates on which repayment is to be made.	Five years,—*vide* statement " A " attached.
(9) The financial position of the Local Authority, including—	
(*a*) a statement of all existing prior charges on its funds.	Statement " B " attached.
(*b*) a statement of income and expenditure for the last three financial years, and	Statement " C " attached.
(*c*) a statement of anticipated income and expenditure for the financial year or years in which the loan is to be raised.	Statement " D " attached.
(10) The orders of Government or the Commissioner, according administrative approval to the project in connection with which it is proposed to raise the loan ; and	Executive Officer's endorsement No. 274, dated 19th July, 1940. The administrative approval of Government is not necessary.
(11) Acceptance of the obligation to reimburse Government for any loss incurred if the loan or instalment is not taken up within the dates referred to in rule X·4 (6) or rule 8(2) of Local Authorities Loans Rules for the Punjab, 1932, as the case may be.	The Municipal Committee accepts the obligation,—*vide* its resolution No. 2, dated the 1st May, 1940.

STATEMENT " A ".

Statement showing the re-payment of a loan of Rs. 3,800 granted to the Municipal Committee of Wazirabad at 4¼ per cent.

Year.	Principal.	Interest.			Total.			Balance.	REMARKS
	Rs.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	
1941	760	161	8	0	921	8	0	3,040	
1942	760	129	3	2	889	3	2	2,280	
1943	760	96	14	5	856	14	5	1,520	
1944	760	64	9	7	824	9	7	760	
1945	760	32	4	9	792	4	9	..	

STATEMENT " B ".

Statement showing the liabilities of the Municipal Committee, Wazirabad.

Serial No.	Detail of liabilities.	To whom due.	Amount.
Nil	*Nil*	*Nil*	*Nil*

STATEMENT " C ".

Statement showing the income and expenditure of the Municipal Committee, Wazirabad, for the years 1937-38, 1938-39 and 1939-40.

Name of Head.	Income for 1937-38.	Income for 1938-39.	Income for 1939-40.	Expenditure for 1937-38.	Expenditure for 1938-39.	Expenditure for 1939-40.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1. General Department	51,682	50,764	53,397	19,035	20,265	19,582
2. Education ..	18,805	20,736	22,235	28,540	33,795	31,535
3. Medical ..	405	1,125	389	10,310	11,209	10,303
4. Public Health ..	419	491	612	12,849	12,510	11,035
5. Machinery ..	..	..	..	602	218	143
6. Municipal Works ..	..	..	..	1,455	1,286	1,485
7. Suspense Account ..	6,879	2,651	10,814	6,456	4,356	12,458
Total ..	78,190	75,767	87,447	79,247	83,639	86,541
Opening Balance ..	18,624	17,567	9,695	..	...	..
Closing Balance ..	..	..	..	17,567	9,695	10,601
GRAND TOTAL ..	96,814	93,334	97,142	96,814	93,334	97,142

STATEMENT " D ".

Statement showing anticipated income and expenditure of Municipal Committee, Wazirabad for the year 1940-41.

Name of Head.	Income.	Expenditure.
	Rs.	Rs.
General Department	58,065	24,243
Education	20,345	31,217
Medical	400	10,400
Public Health	630	11,401
Water Supply	..	150
Municipal Works	..	1,774
Suspense Account	..	200
Total ..	79,440	79,385
Opening Balance	10,601	..
Closing balance	..	10,656
GRAND TOTAL	90,041	90,041

No. 3211-L.G.-40/38120.—The following draft of amendments of the Municipal Account Code, 1930 (revised edition), which the Governor of the Punjab proposes to make, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 8th November, 1940, together with any objection or suggestion which may be received by the Punjab Government from any person, with respect to the draft before that date :—

DRAFT AMENDMENTS.

1. In rule XVI·I (*b*) the following words shall be added after the words "Saving Bank" :—

" or the amount of interest received from investments under rule XVI·8 (2)."

2. For rule XVI·8 the following shall be substituted :—

Investment of provident fund moneys.

" XVI·8. (1) With the previous sanction of the Commissioner a committee may from time to time withdraw any sum from the provident fund account with the Savings Bank and may invest or place such sum subject to the conditions and restrictions applicable to the investment or placement of a portion of the municipal fund under subsection (1) of section 55 of the Act.

(2) The interest obtained by the investment or placement of any sum under sub-rule (1) shall be deposited in the Savings Bank to the credit of the Municipal Provident Fund Account subject to the following conditions :—

Conditions.

1. The committee shall establish a Provident Fund Investments Depreciation Fund, hereinafter in these conditions referred to as " the fund " which shall be deposited in the Post Office Savings Bank or in the Imperial

Bank of India Savings Bank, under the General Account of the General Provident Fund Account.

2. There shall be credited to the fund immediately on accrual—

(a) all interest accruing on the amount of the fund from time to time; and

(b) one per cent. per annum of the sum invested under sub-rule (1), provided that the interest received from investments and available for distribution amongst the subscribers should not be less than the interest obtainable from the Post Office Savings Bank.

3. After deducting from the interest obtained by the committee on any sum invested under sub-rule (1) the amount referred to in condition 2(b) above, the remainder of the said interest shall be deposited in the Savings Bank to the credit of the Municipal Provident Fund.

4. At the end of each year immediately after the account of each subscriber has been credited with interest in accordance with the provisions of sub-rule (2) of rule XVI·5 the Secretary of the committee shall lay before the committee a statement showing :—

(a) the total amount of interest accrued to the Municipal Provident Fund Savings Bank Account during the year just closed either earned in the Savings Bank itself or credited thereto in accordance with the provisions of condition 3 above : and

(b) the total amount of interest credited to subscribers' accounts under the provisions of sub-rule (2) of rule XVI·5.

5. At the close of five years after the institution of the fund and at regular intervals of five years thereafter the committee shall furnish to the Commissioner for scrutiny a statement showing the total amount of Provident Fund investments held by the committee, and a statement showing the total amount at the credit of the fund.

6. If the Commissioner is satisfied at any quinquennial scrutiny that any of the investments held by the committee out of the Provident Fund have depreciated in value, he may direct that an amount not exceeding the amount of such depreciation shall be drawn by the committee from the fund and credited to the Provident Fund Savings Bank Account.

7. If the Commissioner is satisfied at any quinquennial scrutiny that the balance in the fund after the withdrawal, if any, of any sum in accordance with condition 6 is sufficient to cover any depreciation likely to occur during the next following period of five years in regard to any of the investments held by the committee as part of the provident fund, the Commissioner may direct that for the next five years the amounts to be deposited in the fund in accordance with clause (b) of condition 2 shall be reduced to such sum as he may prescribe, or shall be discontinued for such period not exceeding five years as he may direct.

8. If any reduction or discontinuance of the periodical payments into the fund has been ordered by the Commissioner under the provisions of condition 7, he may at any subsequent quinquennial scrutiny direct that the payments be restored to the original figure or to any proportion thereof as he may deem fit.

(3) (a) The cost of making any investments under the provision of sub-rule (1) shall be met out of the depreciation fund.

(b) When any such investment is realised and the net price obtains after payment of any brokerage and other incidental charges is less than the amount originally invested, the difference shall be made good from the depreciation fund; and if such net price is greater than the amount originally invested, the difference shall be credited to the fund."

3. For the existing form No. P. F. 6-A the following new form shall be substituted :—

" Form P. F. 6-A. **Rule XVI·12.**

Amount of interest on investments during the current financial year.	Amount of interest received on the sum deposited in the Post Office.	Total.	Amount creditable to the depreciation fund.	Balance to be distributed among subscribers at the close of March each year.	REMARKS.
1	2	3	4	5	6

Note.—The amount debitable to the Depreciation Fund under sub-rule 3 (a) and (b) of rule XVI·8 should be shown as minus entries in column 4 of this form and the particulars given in column 6."

The 24th September, 1940.

No. 3871-L.G.-40/38243.—The following draft of amendments of the District Board Account Code, 1926, which the Governor of the Punjab proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by section 55 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, and section 19 of the Punjab General Clauses Act, 1898, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 9th October, 1940, together with any objection or suggestion which may be received by the Punjab Government, from any person, with respect to the draft, before that date :—

DRAFT AMENDMENTS.

1. After rule 51, the following new rule shall be inserted :—

"51-A. Standard measurements of buildings may be maintained in order to facilitate the preparation of estimates for periodical repairs. When such standard books are maintained, they may also be used for the purpose of preparing contractor's bills for such repairs so that it may not be necessary to take detailed measurements on each occasion. Such books shall be kept in accordance with the following rules :—

RULES.

1. The measurement books used as standard books shall be numbered in an alphabetical series, so that the numbers may be readily distinguishable from those assigned to the ordinary measurement books wherein detailed measurements are recorded, whenever work is actually done.

2. The entries of measurements (and abstracts thereof) in the standard books shall be recorded legibly in ink by an Engineering Subordinate and certified as correct by the District Engineer.

3. The District Engineer shall maintain a register of these measurement books in form 31-A which shall be kept under lock and key in his personal custody. No book shall be entered in this Register nor shall a number be assigned to it unless and until it has been checked and approved by the District Engineer.

4. When a payment is based upon standard measurements, the District Engineer shall certify that the whole of the work (or work since previous running bill as the case may be) as per standard measurements has been done and that it has not been previously billed for in any shape.

5. The District Engineer shall exercise a check over the completion of standard measurement books from time to time by personally examining each book at least once a year. For this purpose these books will be received in the District Engineer's office by the 1st May each year They shall then be compared with the register of standard measurement books in order to ensure that all books have been submitted for inspection. They shall be subjected to such scrutiny as the District Engineer may direct. A comparison of those books with the accounts of expenditure and the record of connected measurements relating to estimates for additions, alterations or special repairs to buildings and works shall, however, form a special feature of the check to be applied. The District Engineer shall personally attest and certify the correctness of all additions and alterations in these standard measurement books.

Note.—A record of the results of the scrutiny shall be retained for audit purposes.

6. The Chairman shall periodically obtain an assurance from the District Engineer by the 15th of June each year that all the standard measurement books have been inspected by him (the District Engineer), that the entries made therein have not been tampered with, that all corrections due to additions and alterations in the buildings have been incorporated in the books within one month of the closing of the accounts of the estimates therefor and that these books are reliable and upto date records.

2. After form No. 31 the following new form shall be inserted :—

"Form No. 31-A. **Rule 51-A.**

Stock Book of Standard Measurement Books.

Serial No. Alphabetical.	Tehsils.	*Particular of work.*		District Engineer's initial in token of check.	Date.	REMARKS.
		Name of building.	Pages.			

No. 3931-L.G.-40/38246.—The following draft of amendments of the Municipal Account Code, 1930 (revised edition), which the Governor of the Punjab proposes to make, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 9th October, 1940, together with any objection or suggestion which may be received by the Punjab Government, from any person, with respect to the draft before that date :—

DRAFT AMENDMENTS.

1. *After* rule VIII·5, the following new rule shall be *added* :—

" VIII·5-A.—In Municipal Committees where water rate is levied according to the actual consumption of water, the readings of the meters provided in the consumers' premises shall be recorded in Form W.-2-A. "

2. *After* form W·2 the following new form shall be *inserted* :—

Form W·2-A. **Rule VIII·5-A.**

Water-Meter Record.

Name of consumer ____________

No. of house ____________. Street or road ____________.

Meter No. ____________. Type ____________. Size ____________

Date of meter reading.	Reading of meter in gallons.	Quantity to be charged.	Rate per 1,000 gallons.	Initials of meter reader.	Cost.	Page of ledger.	REMARKS.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8

The 26th September, 1940.

No. 3846-C.-40/38488.—The following regulations made by the District Board, **Shahpur,** in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 56 and 57 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by subsection (2) of section 56 of the said Act, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the area, subject to the authority of the District Board of **Shahpur,** on the 11th day of November, 1940 :—

REGULATIONS.

1. In these regulations—

(*a*) " cattle " includes elephants, camels, buffaloes, horses, mares, geldings, ponies, colts, bullocks, fillies, mules, asses, pigs, rams, ewes, sheep lambs, goats and kids ;

(*b*) " important road " means the roads specified in the schedule appended to these regulations ;

(*c*) " night time " means half an hour after sunset to half an hour before sunrise ;

(*d*) " vehicle " means a vehicle other than a mortor vehicle.

2. No vehicle shall be driven along an important road at night unless it is equipped with lights in the following manner :—

(*a*) in the case of a bicycle or a tricycle, one light in front and a red reflector at the back ;

(*b*) in the case of country carts, one light so placed as to be visible both from the front and the back ;

(*c*) in the case of any other vehicle two lights visible both from the front and the back, and in case the front lights are not visible from behind, a third light at the back.

3. No cattle shall be driven along an important road at night unless the person driving them carries a light ; and, if the number of cattle exceeds ten, unless they are accompanied by persons bearing lights in front of and behind the cattle.

4. Any person driving a vehicle or cattle in contravention of these regulations, if not liable to punishment under any other regulations, shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees.

SCHEDULE.

The Bhalwal-Bhera Road.

Committees.

The 23rd September, 1940.

No. 3635-C.-40/38089.—*Corrigendum.*—In amendment No. 1 published with Punjab Government notification No. 2037-C.-40/25626, dated the 12th June, 1940, against entry No. 8, under class IX delete –

Rs. A. P.
"0 0 6"

shown under column "By maundage" and insert the same under column "*Ad-valorem*".

No. 3712-C.-40/38091.—The following amendment made by the Municipal Committee of **Pind Dadan Khan**, in the Jhelum district, to its bye laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 9808, dated the 19th March, 1932, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Pind Dadan Khan**, on the 11th day of November, 1940:—

AMENDMENT.

After clause (2) of by-law 9 the following shall be *added* as new clause—

"(3) Places of worship already having connections for the supply of water shall be exempted from payment of water charges."

No. 3858-L. G.-Bds.-40/38112.—The following draft rules, which the Governor of the Punjab proposes to make, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, are published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 9th November, 1940, together with any objection or suggestion which may be received by the Punjab Government from any person with respect to the draft before that date :—

DRAFT RULES.

1. The Deputy Commissioner of Gujranwala district shall, in consultation with the Notified Area Committee of Kamoke Mandi, cause to be prepared an accurate plan of the Notified Area of Kamoki Mandi, drawn to a scale of not less than one inch to fifty feet showing thereon all public streets and other immovable property vested in the Committee.

2. The Deputy Commissioner shall also cause to be prepared a *khasra* of the streets and other properties specified in rule 1 in form 'A' appended to these rules.

3. The Deputy Commissioner shall cause the plan and *khasra,* when ready, to be published in such manner as he deems fit, together with a notice intimating a date not less than two months from the date of the notice by which objections from any person with regard to entries on the plan and *khasra* may be presented to the Revising Authority appointed under rule 5 and the time and place at which the plan and *khasra* may be inspected.

4. The Deputy Commissioner shall arrange to allow any person to inspect the plan and *khasra* during the hours and at the place specified in the notice on any day which is not a public holiday.

5. The Deputy Commissioner shall appoint an Assistant Commissioner or Extra Assistant Commissioner on the district staff to be the Revising Authority for the purpose of hearing objections relating to the plan or *khasra.*

6. When the plan and *khasra* have been published under the provisions of rule 3, objections in respect of entries on the plan and *khasra* may be presented to the Revising Authority, appointed under rule 5, between the hours of ten o'clock of the morning and four o'clock of the afternoon of any day of the period specified in the notice issued under rule 3 which is not a public holiday.

7. The Revising Authority shall maintain a register of objections in form B in which he shall cause to be entered at the time of receipt particulars of every objection received.

8. Any person aggrieved by any order, which the Revising Authority may pass, may, within seven days from the date of such order, apply to the Deputy Commissioner for revision of the order ; and the Deputy Commissioner, after giving notice to the parties concerned and hearing any representation which they may wish to make, may confirm it or set it aside, and pass such other orders with respect to the objection which he may deem fit.

9. After the objections, if any, have been disposed of, the Deputy Commissioner shall cause the plan and *khasra* to be corrected, if necessary, in accordance with the

orders passed on the objections, and shall then have the amended plan and *khasra*, or a fresh copy of it, published for general information.

10. The original plan and *khasra* shall remain in the custody of the Deputy Commissioner, and a copy thereof duly certified by the Deputy Commissioner to be correct, shall be furnished to the Notified Area Committee of Kamoki Mandi.

11. The Deputy Commissioner may employ such staff as is required for the preparation of the plan and *khasra* and the Notified Area Committee of Komoki Mandi, shall be liable for the cost of pay and other incidental expenses connected with the staff and the preparation of the documents mentioned above, and also for the cost of pay or any other expenditure connected with the appointment of the Revising Authority.

Form A.

[RULE 2.]

NOTIFIED AREA COMMITTEE, KAMOKI MANDI.

Survey Register.

1	2	3			4								5		6	7
					MEASUREMENT IN FEET AND INCHES.								AREA IN SQUARE YARDS AND DECIMALS.			
					North.		*East.*		*West.*		*South.*					
Plan sheet.	*Khasra* No.	Name of *Mohalla* or Bazar.	Name of *Gali*.	Description of property.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Square yards.	Decimals.	Possessor's name with father's name, caste, occupation and present address.	REMARKS.

Form B.

[RULE 7.]

Register of objections.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Serial No.	Name, parentage and address of the objector.	Date of presentation of objection with the initials of the officer to whom the objection is presented.	Nature of the objection.	Date of decision.	Summary of decision.	Signature of Revising Authority.	Decision by Deputy Commissioner, if any.	Signature of official by whom effect was given to the decision of the Revising Authority or of the Deputy Commissioner, and date.

No. 2689-C.-40/38118.—The following amendment made by the Municipal Committee of **Rawalpindi** to its by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 3248, dated the 4th February, 1933, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for general information and shall come into force on the 10th day of November, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

After by-law 2 the following shall be *added* as a new by-law :—

"2-A. No person shall ride a bicycle or a motor cycle on any street which is less than 15 feet in width."

The 24th September, 1940.

No. 3673-C.-40/38237.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 and section 6 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab hereby declares his intention of including within

the limits of the Municipality of **Rawalpindi**, or excluding there from, as the case may be, the areas lying between the existing boundary as defined in Punjab Government notification No. 2191-C.-39/40991, dated the 4th December, 1939, and the boundary now proposed as specified in the appended schedules

Any person who objects to the proposed inclusionor exclusion of the said areas should submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner, Rawalpindi, to the Punjab Government within six weeks from the date of publication of this notification:—

SCHEDULE I.

North.—From the trijunction pillar of villages Dhok Hayat, Dhok Najoo and Dinna Hardo eastwards to the point where it meets the boundary pillar of village Dinna Hardo; thence eastwards in a straight line up to its junction with the burji of the Rawalpindi Agricultural Farm in Field No. 1131/65/27 of village Tahlian;

East.—thence southwards in a straight line to the point where it meets the Chaklala Cantonment boundary pillar No. 8; thence southwards through boundary pillars Nos. 7, 6, 5, 4, 3 and 2 to the point where it meets boundary pillar No. 1 of the said Cantonment; thence south-westwards along the Chaklala Cantonment boundary from pillar No. 1 to the point where it meets boundary pillar No. 62; thence south-westwards up to Cantonment boundary pillar No. 61 and thence from Cantonment boundary pillar No. 61 up to the point where Cantonment boundary meets the Railway boundary;

South.—thence westwards along the Railway boundary to its junction with the River Leh; thence along the natural course of River Leh to the Railway boundary pillar No. 62; thence westwards along the Railway boundary pillars Nos. 61, 60-A, 60, 59 to the Railway boundary pillar No. 58;

West.—thence northwards through the Railway boundary pillars Nos. 58, 89, 51, 50, 49, 48 and 47 to Railway boundary pillar No. 46; thence eastwards along the straight line to the point where the natural nullah running from the bridge just inside the Railway premises situated between the Railway boundary pillars Nos. 46 and 47 enters the Leh River at a point 494 feet north of the bridge over the Leh River on the City and Peshawer road; thence northwards along the natural course of River Leh to the point of start.

SCHEDULE II.

North.—From the municipal boundary pillar No. 54 (which corresponds to cantonment boundary pillar No. 125) eastwards to municipal boundary pillar No. 53 (Corresponding to cantonment boundary pillar No. 124);

East.—thence southwards in a straight line to municipal boundary pillar No. 100 and thence through the municipal boundary pillars Nos. 99, 98, 97, 96, 95, 94, 93, 92, 91 90, 89, 88, 87, 86, 85, 84, 83, 82, 81, 80, 79, 78, 77 to municipal boundary pillar No. 76;

South.—thence along municipal boundary pillars Nos. 75, 74, 73, 72, 71. 70, 69 68 (corresponding to cantonment boundary pillar No. 139) to municipal boundary pillar No. 67 (which corresponds to cantonment boundary pillar No. 138);

West.—thence northwards along the cantonment boundary to the point of start.

The 25th September, 1940.

No. 3728-C.-40/38383.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 1696-C.-40/23847, dated the 24th May, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following rules for the municipality of **Kalabagh,** in the Mianwali district:—

RULES.

1. For the purpose of election of members of the Municipal Committee of Kalabagh, the municipality of Kalabagh shall be divided into eleven election wards, the boundaries of which are described in the schedule appended to these rules.

2. One representative shall be elected for each ward by the registered voters belonging to that ward.

3. Subject to the provisions of rule 7 of the Municipal Election Rules, 1930, no person shall be eligible for election as a member of the Municipal Committee of Kalabagh unless he—

(*a*) pays as proprietor or receives as an assignee of Government not less than ten rupees per annum on account of land revenue in respect of land situated in the Isakhel Tahsil; or

(*b*) is the owner of immovable property of a value of not less than one thousand rupees, half or more of which is situated within the municipal limits; or

(c) is in receipt of an income of not less than fifty rupees per mensem ; or

(d) is in receipt of not less than twenty-five rupees per mensem as pension from Government ; or

(e) has passed the Matriculation, School Leaving Certificate or any other equivalent or higher examination recognised by the Punjab University or any Oriental Title Examination of the Punjab University.

Explanation.—In the case of a father and son living together the payment of land revenue or receipt of land revenue as an assignee of Government or the possession of immovable property or a monthly income to the amount or value specified in clauses (a), (b) or (c) of this rule shall be held to qualify the father only, provided that if the father so desires, such payment, receipt or possession shall be held to qualify the son in lieu of the father.

4. Subject to the provisions of rule 6 of the Municipal Election Rules, 1930, no person shall be entitled to be registered as a voter in the Municipality of Kalabagh, unless he—

(a) possesses immovable property situated within the municipal limits of a value of not less than two hundred rupees ; or

(b) pays not less than one rupee per mensem as rent for a house or part of a house situated within the municipal limits ; or

(c) is in receipt of an income of not less than fifteen rupees per mensem ; or

(d) pays as proprietor or receives as an assignee of Government not less than five rupees per annum on account of land revenue in respect of land situated in the Isakhel tahsil ; or

(e) has passed the Matriculation, School Leaving Certificate or any other equivalent or higher examination recognised by the Punjab University or any Oriental Title Examination of the Punjab University.

5. For the purpose of calculating the period of ordinary residence within municipal limits, under rule 6 of the Municipal Election Rules, 1930, no account shall be taken of any period of temporary absence, such as time spent in the hills or on leave.

SCHEDULE.

DESCRIPTION OF BOUNDARIES.

Ward No. 1.

North.—From the north-east corner of railway bridge No. 6, eastwards along the northern municipal boundary to its junction with the central line of Chup Faqir Tomb road ;

East.—thence southwards along the central line of Chup Faqir Tomb Road to its junction with the central line of Kalabagh Station road ; thence south-eastwards along the central line of this road to its junction with the Central line of Kalabagh-Isakhel road ; thence southwards to the southern municipal boundary making an angle of 90 degrees with the central line of Kalabagh-Isakhel road ;

South.—thence westwards along the southern municipal boundary to its junction with the western municipal boundary ;

West.—thence northwards along the western municipal boundary to the point of start.

Ward No. 2.

North.—From a point fixed 220 feet northwards from the central line of Kalabagh Station Road on the junction of central line of Chup Faqir Tomb road with the Garhi footpath eastwards along the Garhi footpath to its junction with the central line of Chikranwali street ;

East.—thence southwards along the central line of Chikranwali street to its junction with the central line of Main bazar ; thence eastwards along the central line of Main bazar to its junction with the central line of Brahmakhara street ; thence southwards along the central line of Brahmakhara street to the southern municipal boundary ;

South.—thence westwards along the southern municipal boundary to its junction with the eastern boundary of Ward No. 1 ;

West.—thence northwards along the eastern boundary of Ward No. 1 to the point of start.

Ward No. 3.

North.—From the junction of the central line of Chikranwali street with the Garhi footpath, eastwards to its junction with the central line of Swanianwali street ;

East.—thence southwards along the central line of Swanianwali street to its junction with the central line of Main Bazar road ; thence eastwards along the central line of the Main Bazar road to its junction with the central line of Ashabanwali street ;

powers conferred by sections 197 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Bhakkar**, on the 11th day of November, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. In these by-laws the word 'meat' means the flesh of sheep or goats intended for human or animal consumption.

2. No person shall sell meat, except under a licence granted in this behalf by the Committee.

3. No person shall sell meat, or prepare or expose meat for sale, in premises other than premises licensed by the Committee in this behalf.

4. No premises shall be licensed for the sale or preparation or exposure for sale of meat—

(a) unless they have a floor made of bricks, stone, cement or other impervious material ;

(b) unless the walls are properly plastered and lime-washed ;

(c) unless they are provided with adequate light and ventilation to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health, or, in the absence of such officer the Secretary of the Committee ;

(d) unless they are provided with a drain and the whole floor is so sloped as to allow all liquid to flow off by the drain ;

(e) if there is any direct communication between the premises and any room used as a sleeping room ;

(f) if there is any latrine, cesspool, cow-shed, stable, or other place within one hundred feet of the premises which, in the opinion of the District Medical Officer of Health, or in the absence of such officer, the Secretary, renders it undesirable that such premises should be used for the sale or preparation for sale of meat ; and

(g) unless they are situated in a suitable locality and provided with suitable arrangements for screening the meat from the view of the public.

5. Licences to sell meat may be issued by the District Medical Officer of Health or, in the absence of such officer, the Secretary of the Committee to any person applying for them and shall be granted on payment of a fee of Rs. 2 per annum or annas four per mensem, subject to the conditions specified in form 'A' appended to these by-laws.

6. Subject to the provisions of by-law 4, licences for premises to be used for the sale or preparation or exposure for sale of meat shall be issued by the District Medical Officer of Health, or in the absence of such officer, the Secretary of the Committee, on the application of the owner or occupier of such premises and shall be granted by the Committee in form 'A' appended to these by-laws on payment of a fee of rupees two per annum for each licence, or annas four per mensem subject to the conditions specified in form 'A'.

7. Every place licensed for the sale or preparation for sale of meat shall be fitted with a table or board of which the top shall be covered with a zinc sheet or a slab of marble, slate or stone for cutting up meat and also with metal scales and weights and shall at all reasonable times be open to inspection by any member of the Committee, or the Secretary of the Committee.

8. Every place licensed for the sale or preparation or exposure for sale of meat and all implements, tables, receptacles, vessels or other things used therein shall at all times be kept in a clean and wholesome condition, and every such place shall at all times be provided with a sufficient supply of water for cleaning the same.

9. All meat kept or exposed for sale on or at any such place shall at all times be kept in a wire gauze receptacle as a protection against flies.

10. The licensee shall provide a receptacle for the collection of all sorts of refuse and shall not throw or allow to be thrown any waste anywhere, except in the said receptacle, which shall be cleaned and washed twice daily.

11. The Committee may at any time revoke or cancel any licence, granted under these by-laws for breach of these by-laws and no compensation in respect of such revocation or cancellation shall be recoverable from the Committee.

12. Any person who commits a breach or an abetment of a breach of any of these by-laws shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and, when the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine

which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

Form A.

Licence for premises for the sale or preparation or exposure for sale of meat issued under by-law 6 of the by-laws for licensing premises for the sale or preparation or exposure for sale of meat published with Punjab Government notification No. 3882-C.-40/38480, dated the 26th September, 1940.

The premises, of which a description is given in the attached schedule, situated in ______________ (name of street, or ward, etc.), are hereby licensed for the sale or preparation or exposure for sale of meat.

This licence is granted to ______________ owner/occupier of the said premises, subject to the following conditions:—

(a) that he shall keep the licensed premises structurally fit for the purpose for which the licence is granted;

Explanation.—" Structural fitness " shall be deemed to include—

(i) the existence of a floor made of bricks, stone, cement or other impervious material;

(ii) possession of walls, properly plastered and lime-washed;

(iii) adequate provision of light and ventilation; and

(iv) suitable drains;

(b) that he shall not employ, or permit to be employed, in the sale or preparation or exposure for sale of meat any person suffering from any contagious or infectious disease or from loathsome sores, or who has recently been attending on any person so suffering, and that he shall not suffer any such person or any animal to remain upon the licensed premises;

(c) that he shall at all times keep all vessels, receptacles, utensils and other things used in the sale or preparation or exposure for sale of meat in a state of thorough cleanliness, and shall protect from dust and flies all materials used in such sale or preparation or exposure for sale and the articles prepared or exposed for sale to the satisfaction of the District Medical Officer Health, or in the absence of such officer, the Secretary of the Committee;

(d) that he shall daily cause to be thoroughly washed and cleansed the floor and drain of the licensed premises, and every bench, counter, table, shelf or other place on which the articles prepared or exposed for sale and any material used in such sale or preparation or exposure for sale are kept;

(e) that he shall cause the walls of the licensed premises to be properly lime-washed at least twice a year or more often, if so required by the District Medical Officer of Health, or in the absence of such officer, the Secretary of the Committee;

(f) that he shall not carry on, or permit to be carried on, any trade or occupation in the licensed premises other than the sale or preparation or exposure for sale of meat, and that he shall not use, or suffer to be used, any portion of the licensed premises as a living room or sleeping room;

(g) that he shall not spit, or smoke or suffer any other person to spit or smoke within the licensed premises;

(h) that he shall not keep, or suffer to be kept, in the licensed premises any bedding, soiled clothes or other things not required for the sale or preparation or exposure for sale of meat;

(i) that he shall at all reasonable times permit any member or the Secretary, or any other officer of the Committee to inspect the licensed premises without notice; and

(j) that he shall comply promptly with all notices issued by the Municipal Committee or the District Medical Officer of Health in respect of sanitation.

SCHEDLE.

(The actual room or rooms, in which the sale or preparation for sale of meat is to be carried on, should be described in cases where the whole of the building is not to be used for such sale or preparation for sale.)

Small Towns.

The 23rd September, 1940.

No. 3902-L. G.—Bds.-40/38087.—Whereas it appears to the Governor of the Punjab that with reference to notification No. 2138-L. G.—Bds.-40/24860, dated the 5th June, 1940, land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Town Committee of **Una** for a public purpose, namely, for the construction of slaughter-houses, it is hereby notified that the land described in the specification below is required for the said purpose.

2. This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, to all whom it may concern, and under section 7 of the said Act, the Collector of the Hoshiarpur district, is hereby authorised to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

3. A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the said Collector :—

SPECIFICATION OF LAND.

District.	*Tahsil.*	*Mauza.*	*Area in acres.*	*Boundaries.*
			Plot No. 1.	
Hoshiarpur..	Una ..	Una ..	·0103..	*North.*—Field No. 689 (Public garden). *East and South.*—Remainder of Field No. 4017/688 owned by Rulia Ram, Amar Chand, sons of Banna, Gama, Daya Ram and Hako, sons of Tota, Labhu Ram, Bhagwan Das and Khushi Ram, sons of Punnu, of Una. *West.*—Land belonging to the Una Town Committee.
			Plot No 2.	
Hoshiarpur..	Una ..	Una ..	·0309..	*North.*—Remainder of Field No. 273 owned by Prabhu, son of Sundar, and Ram Asra, son of Chandu, caste Bahti, of Bharowal. *East.*—District Board road from Una to Santokhgarh. *South.*—Field No. 274 owned by Tabu, etc. *West.*—Remainder of Field No. 273 owned by Prabhu, son of Sundar, and Ram Asra, son of Chandu, caste Bahti, of Bharowal.

The 24th September, 1940.

No. 3809-L. G.—Bds-40/38240.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (6) of section 29 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that with the previous sanction of the Governor of the Punjab, the Town Committee of **Daira Din Panah**, in the Muzaffargarh district, has with effect from the 28th October, 1940, imposed a tax at the rates shown in the schedule below, payable by persons presenting applications to the Committee for sanction to the erection of buildings :

Provided that the tax shall not be payable by persons presenting applications relating to the erection or re-erection of religious buildings or buildings owned by Government or the District Board :—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	Nature of building.	Rate. Rs.	A.	P.	
1	New kacha buildings	0	8	0	per building.
2	New pacca or kacha-pacca buildings ..	1	0	0	
3	New two storied pacca buildings ..	1	8	0	
4	New three storied pacca buildings ..	2	8	0	

Notified Areas.

The 23rd September, 1940.

No. 3772-C.-40/38097.—The following by-laws made by the Notified Area Committee of **Pirmahal Mandi**, in the Lyallpur district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Notified Area of **Pirmahal Mandi**, on the 11th day of November, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. The owner or occupier of a shop in the grain market shall not use the platform in front of his shop except for exhibiting or exposing grain, cotton, wool, cotton seed, gur, shakkar, sugar, chillies, dates, tobacco, oil seeds, or ghee for sale :

Provided that the owner or occupier of such a shop may use the platform for exhibiting or exposing for sale any other article with the previous permission, in writing of the Committee.

An annual rent of Rs. 2 or a monthly rent of annas 4 shall be charged for each platform.

2. No goods which have been condemned by the Committee as unfit for human consumption shall be brought or kept by any person on the platform in front of the shops in the grain market.

3. An owner or occupier of a shop in the grain market using the platform in front of his shop shall always keep it in a thoroughly clean condition.

4. No person shall, without the permission of the Committee in writing, make any overhanging structure or projection over the platform in front of his shop in the grain market.

5. Any person who commits a breach of any of these by-laws shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with a fine which may extend to fifty rupees and in the case of a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

The 26th September, 1940.

No. 3873-C.-40/38484.—The following by-laws made by the Notified Area Committee of **Guruharsahai**, in the Ferozepore district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been cofirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information. They shall come into force within the Notified Area of **Guruharsahai** on the 11th day of November, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. In these by-laws—

(*a*) " bull " includes a bull buffalo ;

(*b*) " Committee " means the Notified Area Committee of Guruharsahai ;

(*c*) " Veterinary Assistant " means the Veterinary Assistant in charge of the Veterinary Hospital.

2. No person shall let loose a bull within the Notified Area limits henceforth for covering purposes unless the permission in writing of the Committee has been obtained and the bull has been registered and branded as hereinafter set forth.

3. All bulls straying within the Notified Area limits shall be liable to seizure and confiscation unless they have been registered at the Notified Area Committee's Office under the orders of the Committee and branded with a ' G. C. ' mark.

4. (1) No bull shall be registered under by-law 3 and the Committee shall not grant permission for a bull to be turned loose unless—

(*a*) it is more than two years and six months of age ;

(*b*) it has been passed by the Vererinary Assistant as being fit for covering purposes ; and

(*c*) the person letting loose the bull or wishing to have the bull registered has agreed in writing that if it is at any future time declared by the Committee to be unsuitable for covering purposes the Committee shall have the power to order it to be castrated or to be detained in a *Pinjrapool* or *Gowshala* or such other place as may be determined by the Committee.

Explanation.—No fee shall be charged by the Veterinary Assistant for the inspection of bulls under clause (*b*).

(2) The description including marks of identification, age and ownership of a bull presented for registration shall be entered in a register to be kept for the purpose by the Committee, together with a note showing the result of inspection by the Veterinary Assistant.

(5) Any person who commits a breach of by-law 2 shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees ; and if the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

Medical.

The 25th September, 1940.

No. 4186-M.-40/38378.—The following by-laws made by the Town Committee of **Tohana,** in the district of Hissar, in exercise of the powers

conferred by section 17 of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information and shall come into force within the limits of the Small Town of **Tohana**, six weeks after the date of the publication of this notification :—

BY-LAWS.

1. No person whose name has not been registered in accordance with the provisions of section 14 of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932, shall practise as nurse, health visitor, midwife, nurse dai, trained dai, or dai within the area subject to the authority of the Town Committee, Tohana.

2. Any person practising in contravention of by-law 1 or any person committing or abetting the commitment of a breach of by-law 1 shall be liable, on conviction by a magistrate of the first class, to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees for the first offence or to a fine not exceeding two hundred and fifty rupees for a second or a subsequent offence.

Public Health.

The 25th September, 1940.

No. 4112-M.-40/38410.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Pure Food Act, 1929, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to appoint Mr. Dina Nath Nijahwan, B.Sc., Public Analyst of the Rawalpindi Municipality, to be a Public Analyst for the Notified Area of **Khaur**, in the Attock district, in respect of cows' milk, buffaloes' milk, mixed milk (cows' and buffaloes'), ghee, butter, khoa, ata, gur, cane-sugar, tea, sarson oil, taramira oil, toria oil, til oil, sago and malt vinegar.

2. Punjab Government notification No. 2643-M.-40/27210, dated the 25th June, 1940, is hereby cancelled.

No. 4123-M.-40/38414.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Pure Food Act, 1929, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to appoint Mr. Dina Nath Nijhawan, B.Sc., Public Analyst of the Rawalpindi Municipality, to be a Public Analyst for the Municipality of **Campbellpur** in the Attock district, in respect of cows' milk, buffaloes' milk, mixed milk (cows' and buffaloes'), ghee, butter, khoa, ata, gur, cane sugar, tea, sarson oil, taramira oil, toria oil and til oil.

2. Punjab Government notification No. 880-M.-38/7360, dated the 28th February, 1938, is hereby cancelled.

RAM CHANDRA,
Secretary to Government, Punjab,
Medical and Local Government Departments.

Committees.

The 21st September, 1940.

No. 2.—It is notified that in pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 50 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, I hereby make an order surcharging Ch. Bharat Singh, Vice-President of the Municipal Committee, **Hodal**, district Gurgaon, with Rs. 37-8-0 on account of the loss sustained by the said Committee, in connection with the appointment of a clerk, Ram Khiloni. The Examiner, Local Fund Accounts, Punjab, Lahore, reported that the loss of Rs. 37-8-0 was a direct consequence of the neglect on the part of the Vice-President, named above, in the performance of his duties while a Vice-President of the said Committee.

P. K. KAUL,
Deputy Commissioner, Gurgaon.

910 CS—1156—27-9-40—SGPP Lahore.

Registered No. L. 864

The Government Gazette, Punjab.

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No. 40. LAHORE, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1940.

PART I—A.

Punjab Government Notifications and Orders.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Boards.

The 26th September, 1940.

No. 3991-L.G.-40/38585.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 14-A of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, the Governor of the Punjab hereby directs that the seat of Sardar Albel Singh, an elected member of the District Board of **Ludhiana**, shall be vacated with effect from the date of this notification, as in the opinion of Government his presence on the board adversely affects the public interests.

The 2nd October, 1940.

No. 3996-L. G.-40/39150.—The following amendment made by the District Board of **Gujrat,** to its rules of business, published with Punjab Government notification No. 35142, dated the 7th November, 1932, is published for general information and shall come into force with immediate effect :—

AMENDMENT.

For the words " Every sub-committee shall meet at least once a month ", occurring in rule 2·39, the following words shall be substituted :—

" Every sub-committee shall meet whenever, in the opinion of the Chairman, there are enough papers to be put before it and ".

No. 3918-C.-40/39239.—The following regulations made by the District Board, **Ludhiana,** in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 56 and 57 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by subsection (2) of

section 56 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Ludhiana**, on the 18th day of November, 1940 :—

REGULATIONS.

1. In these regulations—

(*a*) " cattle " includes elephants, camels, buffaloes, horses, mares, geldings ponies, colts, bullocks, fillies, mules, asses, pigs, rams, ewes, sheep, lambs, goats and kids ;

(*b*) " important road " means the roads specified in the schedule appended to these regulations ;

(*c*) " night time " means half an hour after sunset to half an hour before sun. rise ;

(*d*) " vehicle " means a vehicle other than a motor vehicle.

2. No vehicle shall be driven along an important road at night unless it is equipped with lights in the following manner :—

(*a*) in the case of a bicycle or a tricycle, one light in front and a red reflector at the back ;

(*b*) in the case of country carts, one light so placed as to be visible both from the front and the back ; provided that if more than two bullock carts are going in one and the same direction the lights may be provided only with the vehicles in the front and rear ;

(*c*) in the case of any other vehicle two lights visible from the front and the back, and in case the front lights are not visible from behind, a third light at the back.

3. No cattle shall be driven along an important road at night unless the person driving them carries a light and, if the number of cattle exceeds ten, unless they are accompanied by persons bearing lights in front of and behind the cattle.

4. Any person driving a vehicle or cattle in contravention of these regulations, if not liable to punishment under any other regulations, shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees.

SCHEDULE.

1. The Grand Trunk Road in Ludhiana district.
2. The Ludhiana-Ferozepore Road.
3. The Jagraon-Raikot Road.
4. The Khanna-Samrala-Machhiwara Road.
5. The Jagraon-Sidhwan Road.
6. The Dakha-Raikot Road.
7. The Ludhiana-Malerkotla Road.
8. The Malaudh Road (Jogi Marra-Malaud Road).
9. The Ahmadgarh-Chhappar Road.
10. The Ludhiana-Samrala Road.

Committees.

The 2nd October, 1940.

No. 3940-C.-40/39153.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Kunjah**, in the Gujrat district, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 188 and 199 of Punjab the Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Kunjah**, on the 18th day of November, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. In these by-laws—

(*a*) " bull " includes a bull buffalo ;

(*b*) " Executive Officer " means the Executive Officer of the Municipal Committee of Kunjah.

(*c*) " Veterinary Assistant " means the Veterinary Assistant in whose circle the Municipal Committee lies.

2. No person shall let loose a bull within municipal limits henceforth for covering purposes unless the permission in writing of the Executive Officer has been obtained and the bull has been registered and branded as hereinafter set forth.

3. All bulls straying within municipal limits shall be liable to seizure and confiscation unless they have been registered at the municipal office under the orders of the Executive Officer and branded with a *tirsul* mark.

4. (1) No bull shall be registered under by-law 3 and the Executive Officer shall not grant permission for a bull to be turned loose unless—

(*a*) it is more than two years and six months of age ;

(*b*) it has been passed by the Veterinary Assistant as being fit for covering purposes ; and

(*c*) the person letting loose the bull or wishing to have the bull registered has agreed in writing that if it is at any future time declared by the Executive Officer to be unsuitable for covering purposes the Executive Officer shall have the power to order it to be castrated or to be detained in a *pinjrapool* or *Gowshala* or such other place as may be determined by the committee.

Explanation.—No fee shall be charged by the Veterinary Assistant for the inspection of bulls under clause (*b*).

(2) The description including marks of identification, age and ownership of a bull presented for registration shall be entered in a register to be kept for the purpose by the Veterinary Assistant, together with a note showing the result of his inspection.

5. Any person who commits a breach of by-law 2 shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees ; and if the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

No. 3924-C.-40/39157.—The following amendment made by the Municipal Committee of **Patti**, in the Lahore district, to its by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 816-C.-38/9465, dated the 14th March, 1938, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Patti**, on the 18th day of November, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

After clause (*ii*) of by-law 2 the following new clause shall be added :—

(*iii*) No animal shall be slaughtered at any place other than the slaughter-house except in case of necessity or for a religious purpose.

No. 3880-C.-40/39159.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (10) of section 62 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that with the previous sanction of the Governor of the Punjab, the Municipal Committee of **Rawalpindi**, in the Rawalpindi district, has, with effect from the 10th January, 1941, made the following amendment to its octroi schedule, published with Punjab Government notification No. 20877, dated the 20th August, 1923, as subsequently amended :—

AMENDMENT.

The following new item shall be added under Class IX—Miscellaneous :—

Serial No.	*Articles.*	*Rate of octroi By maundage. per maund.*
		Rs. A. P.
18	Printed forms	0 10 0

No. 3727-C.-40/39185.—The following amendment made by the Municipal Committee of **Jhelum** to its by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 26694, dated the 18th September, 1928, as amended by Punjab Government notifications Nos. 25349, 9079, 37398, 21885, and 4063-C.-37/40967, dated the 28th August, 1930, 17th March, 1931, 28th November, 1932, 13th June, 1935, and 30th December, 1937, respectively, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Jhelum** on the 18th day of November, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

In by-law No. 1 add the words " by the Committee " after the word " granted".

No. 3679-C.-40/39187.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Jhajjar** in the Rohtak district, in exercise of thepowers conferred by sections 121 and 188 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Jhajjar** on the 18th day of November, 1940:—

BY-LAWS.

1. Licences under section 121 (1) of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, shall be issued by the Secretary of the Municipal Committee Jhajjar, in Form "A" appended to these bylaws for premises to be used for any of the purposes specified in the schedule below, on the application of the owner or occupier of such premises and shall be granted on payment of the fees mentioned in the schedule below and on the conditions detailed in bylaw 3 :—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	Purposes for which premises are licensed.	Yearly fee.
		Rs.
1	A house where a factory worked by steam engine is installed ...	20
2	A house where a flour mill, wood sawing machine, oil pressing machine, fodder cutting machine, ginning machine, metal plating machine or any other machine worked by oil engine is installed	8
3	A brick-kiln or brick field	20
4	A charcoal kiln or lime kiln	10
5	A pottery	2
6	A soap house, oil boiling house, dyeing house or tannery ..	10
7	Melting tallow, dressing raw hides, boiling bones, offal or blood ..	5
8	An electric power house ..	50
9	Any other manufactory, engine house, store house or place of business from which offensive or unwholesome smells, gases, noises or smoke arise.	5
10	A yard or depôt for trade in unslaked lime, wood, charcoal or coal..	6
11	A yard or depôt for trade in hay, straw, thatching grass, or other dangerously inflammable material, dry fodder of every kind.	5
12	A yard, depôt or place of storage for any explosive or for non-dangerous petroleum or any inflammable oil or spirit for quantities not exceeding 500 gallons.	10
13	A yard, depôt or place of storage or manufacture of fire works, wooden boxes and sulphur matches.	2
14	A yard, depôt or place of storage for san, wan, cotton, rope or bamboos.	2

NOTE :—Fees at full rates will be charged for the licenses issued during the period from the 1st day of April, to the 31st day of December and at half rates for those issued during the period from the 1st day of January, to the 31st day of March.

2. All applications for the renewal of licences shall be made before the 15th day of March in each year.

3. Every licence issued under bylaw 1 shall be subject to the following conditions :—

(a) that the licensee shall permit any member, Secretary, Sanitary Inspector or any other officer of the Committee authorized in this behalf to inspect the licensed premises at all reasonable times and without notice ;

(b) that the licensee shall always keep the licence issued by the Secretary at the licensed premises, and shall, on demand, produce it for the inspection of any member, Secretary, Sanitary Inspector or any other officer authorized by the Committee under clause (a) of this bylaw ;

(c) that the licensee shall make adequate arrangements to the satisfaction of the Committee for the extinction of any outbreak of fire ;

(d) that the licensee shall at all times keep the licensed premises in a clean and sanitary condition and shall provide them with adequate ventilation, suit-

able drains, latrines, urinals and other sanitary conveniences for the use of the workmen employed therein ;

(e) that the licensee shall not permit any work to be carried on at the licensed premises which gives rise to offensive noises between 8 p.m. to 6 a.m. unless he has been especially authorized in this behalf ; and that all oil engines shall be fitted with silencers so that they cannot be removed without effort, and the silencers shall be in position so long as an engine is working ;

(f) that in premises where oil engines are used, kerosine oil, petroleum and other inflammable materials shall be kept in a separate room which shall not be contiguous to the engine room ;

(g) that the licensee shall store in a suitable room or rooms which shall be used for no other purpose and shall be rat-proof, all grain or pulse received for milling by power supplied by the oil engine, and all flour produced by milling, so long as it remains on his premises ;

(h) that the licensee shall adopt the best practicable means to the satisfaction of the Secretary for rendering innocuous all gases, effluvia or vapours emitted by the engine or furnace during the process of working, and shall in every case cause such gases, effluvia or vapours to be discharged into the external air in such a manner and at such a height as to admit of the proper diffusion of those gases without producing any unwholesome or injurious effects in the neighbourhood or shall cause such gases to pass from the exhaust pipe (or other outlet of such gases) through fire or into a condensing apparatus and then through fire in such a manner as to consume effectually such gases so as to deprive the same of all noxious or injurious properties ;

(i) that in premises where smoke arises through the use of coal in the furnace or any other place in the engine house, the licensee shall use such apparatus that will, as far as practicable, consume the smoke arising from the engine or the furnace ;

(j) that for a breach of any of these conditions the licence may be suspended or revoked by an order of the Committee.

Explanation.—For purposes of this bylaw, the decision of the Committee or some officer appointed by the Committee in this behalf as to whether the ventilation is adequate or the drains or the rooms are suitable or the means adopted for rendering gases, effluvia or vapours innocuous are the best practicable, shall be final.

Form A.

A LICENCE TO CARRY ON AN OFFENSIVE AND DANGEROUS TRADE WITHIN THE MUNICIPALITY OF JHAJJAR.

N. B.—This licence is subject to the conditions specified in bylaw 3 of the bylaws published with Punjab Government notification No. 3679-C-40/39187, dated the 2nd October, 1940.

Serial No. of licence.	Name, parentage, caste and residence of the licensee.	A description of the premises licensed.	A specification of the trades mentioned in section 121 (1) of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, for which the licence is issued.	Endorsement of annual renewal of licence.
1	2	3	4	5
				Renewed on *Secretary, Municipal Committee, Jhajjar.*

No. 3921-C.-40/39220.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (10) of section 62 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that with the previous sanction of the Governor of the Punjab the Municipal Committee of **Nankana Sahib**, has, with effect from the 15th January, 1941, made the following amendments to its terminal tax schedule published with Punjab Government notification No. 21828, dated the 24th July, 1934 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. Under "Exports"—

(i) against items "14—oil cake" in column "Rate of tax per maund" "Rs. A. P. 0 0 8" shall be substituted for "Rs. A. P. 0 0 6" and

(ii) against item "15—Rapeseed" in column "Rate of tax per maund"

"Rs. A. P."		"Rs. A. P."
0 0 6	shall be substituted for	0 2 0

2. After exemption 1 (q) the following new exemption shall be added :—

(r) dowry when exported or imported with a marriage party ;

(s) Government goods when imported or exported provided that each consignment of such goods is certified by any gazetted officer of the Department concerned to be the property of Government ;

(t) goods of local mosques and temples provided that each consignment of such goods is certified by the Matwali of the mosque and the President of the temple committee concerned to be the property of the mosque or the temple.

No. 3852-C.-40/39223.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Shujabad**, in the Multan district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188, 189 and 190 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Shujabad**, on the 18th day of November, 1940, from which date Punjab Government notification No. 279, dated the 13th July, 1895, shall be deemed to be cancelled so far as it relates to the building by-laws of the Municipal Committee of **Shujabad** :—

BY-LAWS.

1. (1) Every person intending to erect or re-erect any building shall give notice of such intention in writing to the Secretary of the Committee in Form 'A' appended to these by-laws, and shall at the same time submit, duly signed by him—

(a) a site plan of the land on which it is intended to erect or re-erect the building ;

(b) a plan of the building which it is proposed to erect or re-erect ; and

(c) the specifications detailed in Form 'B' appended to these by-laws.

(2) Copies of Forms A and B may be obtained free of charge at the Municipal office.

(3) In the case of a structure proposed to be constructed on a site adjacent to a public street under the control or management of the Public Works Department of Government or of any local authority the applicant shall submit the plans and specifications referred to above in triplicate and one complete set of the plans shall, immediately, on presentation, be forwarded by the Committee to the Executive Engineer or to the local body concerned for information.

(4) In the case of a structure proposed to be constructed on land purchased from Government, an additional copy of the plan and specifications shall be submitted by the applicant and the Committee will forward immediately one complete set of plans to the Collector for information.

2. The site plans shall be drawn to a scale of not less than one-eighth of an inch to the foot, shall be submitted in duplicate on tracing cloth, and shall show—

(a) the direction of the north point ;

(b) the boundaries of the site ;

(c) the position of the site in relation to neighbouring streets and the level of the site in relation to the streets, if any, on which it abuts ;

(d) the position of the proposed building in relation to—

(i) the boundaries of the site, and

(ii) all buildings and premises within fifty feet of the boundaries of the site ;

(e) the names, if any, and width of all streets on which the site abuts ;

(f) the scale to which the plan is drawn.

3. The building plan shall be drawn to a scale of not less than one-eighth of an inch to the foot, shall be submitted in duplicate on tracing cloth, and shall show—

(a) the plan of the ground floor and of every additional floor ;

(b) the position and dimensions of all projections beyond the main walls of the building ;

(c) the position of all proposed drains, privies, latrines, urinals and cesspools ;

(d) the level and the width of the foundations, and the level of the lowest floor with reference to the level of the centre of the street on which the front of the proposed building is to abut ;

(e) the scale to which the plan is drawn.

4. No application for the erection or re-erection of a building shall be considered by the Committee until it is certified by the Muncipal Engineer, or the Secretary, if there is no Muncipal Engineer, that the plan submitted with the application is in accordance with the provisions of these by-laws.

5. The Committee may require any person who has submitted an application for permission to erect or re-erect any building, to submit, in addition to the plans and specifications required by by-law 1, elevations and sections of the proposed building, together with full specifications regarding the materials and methods of construction to be used for external walls, party walls, foundatious, roofs, ceilings, floors, staircases, fireplaces and chimneys.

6. No building shall be roofed with straw or other easily inflammable material.

7. No fireplace to be used as such shall be constructed unless the floor beneath it and around it for a width of three feet has been rendered fire-proof by being covered with earthenware tiles or concrete or some other fire-proof substance.

8. Every fireplace shall before use as such be provided with a chimney with an iron, brick or stone flue to afford free means of exit for smoke.

9. No flue shall be so constructed as to pass through or be within one foot of any wall or structure made of inflammable material except at its point of exit, at which it must be rendered safe by a casing of non-inflammable material at least one foot thick.

10. In no building shall any open sewer or drain pass through any room used or intended to be used as a living or sleeping room.

11. No drain shall be constructed within the thickness of any wall of any building.

12. All stack-pipes for the disposal of roof drainage shall be of cast iron.

13. Masonry latrines and privies which are not water-borne shall be so constructed that all solids fall directly into a movable receptacle of metal or pottery fitting close beneath the seat.

14. A drain shall be provided for every latrine, privy, urinal, bathroom and cooking place. Such drain shall be constructed of glazed tiles, or other impervious material and shall connect the floor of the latrine, privy, urinal, bathroom and cooking place with—

(a) a municipal masonry drain ; or

(b) a private cesspool.

15. The floor of every latrine, privy or urinal—

(a) shall be of masonry, or of tiles, or of cement, or any other stone ;

(b) shall be in every part at a height of not less than three inches above the level of the surface of the ground adjoining the latrine, privy or urinal ; and

(c) shall slope to the drain in such a way that liquid will flow off quickly.

16. In every urinal the walls to a height of three feet above the floor, and in every latrine and privy both the seat and the walls to a height of three feet above the floor, shall be of metal or masonry, provided that in the case of a water-closet of European type the seat may be of wood.

17. Every latrine, privy or urinal shall be provided with adequate ventilation which, in case of a latrine, privy, or urinal situated in or near a building, shall be effected by an opening not less than one foot square in area in one of the walls, as near the top of the wall as may be practicable, and communicating directly with the open air.

18. Every latrine or privy shall be so constructed that—

(a) there shall be adequate access thereto for the purpose of cleansing ;

(b) when the outer door thereof is open, the seats shall not be visible from the street or other public place.

19. (1) No person shall install water-flushed latrines in his house unless the house drains are connected with a municipal sewer or unless arrangements are made to purify the sewage in a properly constructed septic tank of a suitable size and to discharge the effluent into a municipal sewer or into a sullage drain certified by the Medical Officer of Health to be capable of carring off the effluent without danger to the health of the public. Such installations shall be constructed under the supervision of a Sanitary Engineer and shall be approved by the Medical Officer of Health before they are taken into use.

(2) No person shall dispose of the effluent from a septic tank by surface irrigation or by sub-soil drainage or into open unlined cesspools.

20. No privy other than a water-closet of European type shall be placed on any upper floor of a building unless movable receptacles are provided.

21. No person shall construct a private cesspool—

(a) except a cesspool of masonry with a cast-iron movable covering, and

(b) unless adequate access is provided thereto for the purpose of cleansing it.

22. No portion of any building in a street in which a line of frontage has been fixed by a resolution of the Committee shall be built to project beyond such line of frontage.

23. No dwelling house of not more than two storeys including the ground floor shall have an interior yard of superficial area of less than one hundred square feet, and no dwelling house of more than two storeys including the floor shall have an interior yard of a superficial area of less than one hundred and twenty-five square feet.

24. (1) Every interior yard shall be raised at least one foot above the level of the nearest street so as to admit of easy drainage into such street.

(2) Every interior yard shall be open to the sky throughout its entire area and shall be kept accessible for the purpose of cleansing and no structure except open fencing shall be erected within or above or so as to project over the yard.

25. No person shall construct any room to be used as a living or sleeping room with a superficial area of less than seventy square feet.

26. No person shall construct any room to be used as a living or sleeping room unless it is provided, for the purpose of light and ventilation, with one or more windows, doors or other apertures of a total area equal to not less than one-eighth of the floor area of such room, opening on to a space not less than six feet wide measured at right angles to the face of the wall in which such window, door or other aperture is placed and open the sky throughout such width and for the length of such window, door or other aperture or opening on to a verandah opening on to such space; and every such door or window shall be so constructed that the whole of it can be opened.

27. No person shall construct any building of more than five storeys, including the ground floor and no person shall construct any building of more than two such storeys unless the outer walls of such building are made of brick, stone or reinforced concrete.

28. (1) In the case of a building of one storey or of more than one storey the height of each storey shall be not less than ten feet.

(2) Any horizontal division of a building so constructed as to be capable of use as a living or sleeping room shall be considered to be a storey for the purpose of this bylaw and of bylaw 27 even though such division does not extend over the whole depth or width of such building.

(3) For the purpose of this by-law the height of storeys shall be reckoned as follows :—

(a) in the case of single-storeyed buildings and one storey, from the level of the surface of the floor at any point along the walls within the building to the level of the under side of the tie-beam, or if there is no tie-beam, to the meeting point of the outside walls ;

(b) in the case of any storey except the uppermost storey of buildings of more than one storey, from the level of the upper surface of the floor to the level of the upper side of the beams or joints on which the floor above rests or, if the floor above is ceiled, to the level of the underside of the ceiling.

29. No person shall construct any building so that any part of any storey of a building above the ground floor is more than fifty feet from some staircase leading to the ground or to the ground floor.

30. No person shall construct any staircase of a width of less than two and a half feet or with steps having a rise of more than nine inches or a breadth of less than nine inches measured from the vertical face of the rise and every such staircase shall be provided with sufficient light and ventilation.

31. All plans and specifications referred to in the preceding by-law shall be signed by the applicant or his agent.

Form A.

(Obverse to be filled in in the municipal office.)

Serial No. of application__________

Name of applicant__________

Site of building (name of street, quarter, etc.)__________

Abstract of application__________

Received by Secretary on (date)__________

(Initials of Secretary.)

Date by which the orders of the Committee shall be passed under section 193 (4)__________

(to be filled in in red ink).

Forwarded to Sanitary Inspector for report on (date)__________

(Initials of forwarding officer.)

Returned to Secretary on (date)__________

(Initials of forwarding officer.)

Submitted to__________ Sub-Committee on (date)__________

(Initials of Secretary.)

Submitted to the Committee on (date)__________

(Initials of Secretary.)

Abstract of order of the Committee__________

(Date)__________

(Initials of Secretary.)

Reverse.

(To be filled in by applicant.)

FROM

____

____

____

TO

The Secretary, Municipal Committee,
Shujabad.

I hereby give notice, under subsection (2) of section 189 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, that I intend to erect / re-erect a building as specified in Form B attached situated in (here insert, street, ward, etc.)__________

I attach—

(a) the plans in duplicate required by the Committee's by-laws.

(b) a specification of the proposed building.

Signature__________

Date__________

Form B.

(SPECIFICATION OF PROPOSED BUILDING.)

1. In the case of the erection / re-erection of an entire house, or considerable portion of a house—

(a) in the case of re-erection of a house, the house number, if any, of the house to be re-erected__________.

(b) the purpose for which it is intended to use the building__________

(c) the materials to be used in the construction of walls__________

(d) the number of storeys, of which the building will consist__________

(e) the position and dimensions of all doors, windows and ventilation openings__________

(f) the approximate number of inhabitants proposed to be accommodated__________

(g) the number of latrines to be provided ____________

(h) whether the site has been built upon before or not ; if so, the date when the previous building ceased to be fit for occupation ____________

2. In the case of minor alterations or additions—

(a) a description of addition or alteration proposed ____________

(b) the material to be used for such addition or alteration ____________

____
Signature.

No. 3851-C.-40/39249.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Abohar,** in the Ferozepore district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the municipality of **Abohar**, on the 18th day of November, 1940, from which date Punjab Government notification No. 2056, dated the 20th January, 1922, shall be deemed to be cancelled :—

BY-LAWS.

1. The Municipal Committee shall establish one or more registration offices for the registration of births and deaths within the limits of the Municipality, and may by public notice prescribe the office at which the reports of births and deaths occurring in specified portions of the Municipality are to be made in accordance with these by-laws. The officer in charge of any such registration office shall be termed Municipal Registrar.

2. Every report of a birth required to be made under these by-laws shall contain the following particulars which shall be entered in a register to be kept for the purpose by the Municipal Registrar, that is to say—

(a) the date of the birth ;

(b) the sex of the child ;

(c) tha name of the father and of the grandfather ;

(d) the residence of the father ;

(e) the occupation, caste and religion of the father ;

(f) the name of the person making the report and the date of his report ;

(g) the name of the child ;

provided that—

(i) in the case of an illegitimate child, the Municipal Registrar shall not enter in the register the name of any person as father of the child save at the joint request of the mother and of the person acknowledging himself to be the father. If any entry of the father's name has been made in accordance with such a joint request, the entry shall be countersigned by the person acknowledging himself to be the father. If no such joint request is made, the name, residence and caste of the mother shall be entered in place of the name, residence and caste of the father. In all such cases a note shall be made in the register to the effect that the child is illegitimate ;

(ii) if the name of the child is not known, when the report is made, the person reporting the birth or, if he is dead, the faher of the child, or, if the father is dead or the child illegitimate, the mother of the child or, if both the father and the mother of the child are dead, the person in whose keeping the child is, shall, within three months of the birth, report the name of the child to the Municipal Registrar.

2-A. The Municipal Registrar entering in the register prescribed in by-law 2 the particulars required by that by-law shall enquire from the person reporting the birth the name of the mid-wife (*dai*), if any, who attended the mother at the time of the birth, and if the name is given, shall enter it in the register.

3. (1) Every report of the occurrence of a death required to be made under these by-laws shall contain the following particulars, which shall be entered in a register to be kept for the purpose by the Municipal Registrar, that is to say—

(a) the date of the death ;

(b) the name of the deceased ;

(c) the name of the father, or if the deceased was a married woman, of the husband of the deceased ;

(d) the sex of the deceased ;

(e) the age of the deceased ;

(f) the occupation, caste and religion of the deceased ;

(g) the residence of the deceased ;

(h) the cause of the death ;

(i) the name of the person making the report and the date of his report.

(2) In case of the death of a European, the person reporting the death shall also, if possible, furnish a certificate of a medical practitioner of the cause of the death.

4. Any person reporting a birth or death may attest by his signature or thumb-impression the entry relating to such birth or death made in the register by the Municipal Registrar.

5. Every report of a birth or death required by these by-laws may be made verbally or in writing.

6. The officer in charge of a jail, lock-up, work-house, lunatic asylum, Government or municipal hospital, college or school or any other Government or municipal institution shall report to the Municipal Registrar the occurrence of any birth or death within the institution of which he is in charge not later than four days from the date of such occurrence.

7. Every person in charge of a private hospital, orphanage, *sarai*, *dharamsala*, hotel, lodging house or other such institution shall report to the Municipal Registrar the occurrence of any birth or death within the institution of which he is in charge not later than four days from the date of such occurrence.

8. In the case of a birth or death not governed by by-law 6 or 7 a report of its occurrence shall be made within four days to the Municipal Registrar by the head of the household in which such birth or death has occurred or by any adult member or servant of such household.

9. In the case of a birth of which, for any reason, a report cannot be furnished by the head of a household or any adult member or servant of household, the mid-wife or *dai* attending at such birth shall within four days report the occurrence of such birth to the Municipal Registrar.

10. Every medical practitioner who has been in attendance during the last illness of any person dying within municipal limits shall report the death of such person within four days of the date of death to the Municipal Registrar ; provided that if such person has died of any disease which is defined as an infectious disease, or has been notified as an infectious disease by the Punjab Government under section 3 (7) of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, such medical practitioner shall report such death immediately.

11. Every customary or other sweeper shall report the occurrence of every birth and death which occurs within the premises in which he works within four days of such occurrence to the Sanitary Inspector of the ward in which such premises are situated ; provided that no such report need be made by any sweeper working in any Government or municipal institution in respect of births or deaths occurring in such institutions.

12. Every person finding a living new-born child exposed and every person in whose charge such a child may be placed, shall within eight days of the finding of such child, report the fact to the Municipal Registrar, and shall at the same time to the best of his ability furnish the particulars specified in by-law 2.

13. If a dead body is found exposed, the officer in charge of the Police Station within whose jurisdiction such body is found shall, within eight days of the finding of such body, report the fact to the Municipal Registrar, and shall at the same time to the best of his ability furnish the particulars specified in by-law 3, together, if possible, with a certificate of the Civil Surgeon showing the cause of death.

14. Every person reporting a birth or death under these by-laws shall be given free of charge a copy of the entry made by the Municipal Registrar in respect of such birth or death.

15. Any person may inspect a register of births or deaths on payment of a fee of one rupee, and shall be entitled to receive a certified copy of any entry in a birth or death register on payment of a fee of eight annas, provided that in case where insufficient or incorrect information is supplied by an applicant, a further fee of four annas may be charged in respect of every year for which the registers have to be searched and a deposit sufficient to cover charges likely to be incurred under this proviso may be demanded before search is made. Any balance shall be refunded and if the entry in question cannot be found the deposit shall be refunded in full less eight annas.

16. No person shall wilfully destroy or injure or cause to be destroyed or injured any register of births or deaths or shall wilfully insert or cause to be inserted in any such register or certified copy thereof any false entry with regard to any birth or

death, and no Municipal Registrar shall, without reasonable cause, refuse or omit to enter in a register of births or deaths any birth or death which has been duly reported to him.

17. (1) Any clerical error which may at any time be discovered in any register of births or deaths may be corrected in red ink, by the President of the Municipal Committee or by the Municipal Registrar.

(2) Any error of fact or substance in any register of births or deaths may be corrected in red ink, by the President of the Municipal Committee :

Provided that—

(*a*) the Municipal Committee may, with the previous sanction of the Commissioner, assign the duty of making such corrections to some other officer, and

(*b*) if any application is made for a correction in a births or deaths register the officer making such correction shall first satisfy himself that the correction to be made is a genuine one.

(3) Any corrections made shall be signed in full by the correcting officer.

18. When a child under one year of age dies the registers of births and deaths should be cross-referenced, the serial number in the former being entered in the latter and *vice versa*.

19. Any person who commits a breach of by-laws 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 or 16, shall on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees.

No. 3879-C.-40/39253.—The following amendments made by the Municipal Committee of **Gujrat** to its bye-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 16413, dated the 22nd May, 1934, as amended by Punjab Government notification No. 5279-C.-39/41984, dated the 9th December, 1939, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Gujrat** on the 18th day of November, 1940 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. For the existing by-law 35, the following by-law shall be substituted, namely :—

"35. No new lane or kucha outside the Circular Road containing or likely to contain residential houses shall be less than 12 feet wide and within the Circular Road it shall not be less than 8 feet wide."

2. After by-law 35 the following new by-laws shall be inserted as by-laws 36 and 37, respectively, and the existing by-law 36 shall be renumbered as 38 :—

"36. No portion of any building in a street in which a line of frontage or set back has been fixed by a resolution of the committee shall be built to project beyond such line of frontage or set back."

"37. No portion of any building abutting on any street to which from time to time the committee may, by resolution, declare this by-law to apply shall be built within 20 feet of what was the centre of such street at the time of the passing of this by-law, and no portion of any building abutting on any other street shall be built within 10 feet of what was the centre of such street at the time of the passing of this by-law, provided that when the Municipal Committee has fixed a building line to regulate the frontage of buildings in any street, the Municipal Committee may permit a building to be constructed up to that line irrespective of the distance of any portion of it from the centre of the existing street."

No. 3582-C.-40/39255.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Kaithal**, in the Karnal district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information. They shall come into force within the Municipality of **Kaithal**, on the 18th day of November, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. In these by-laws the expression "Motor vehicles" include all vehicles, carriages or other conveyances propelled or which may be propelled on road by electrical or mechanical power, either entirely or partially.

2. No person in charge of a motor vehicle shall take his vehicle or any part of it on or over any foot path or tan ride reserved for pedestrians or equestrians, or over any grass plots along the sides of any road.

3. No person shall drive a motor vehicle on any of the roads specified in column 2 of the annexed schedule at a speed exceeding that shown against it in column 3 of the schedule.

Note.—A speed limit of 30 miles per hour is applicable to the other roads in the municipality.

4. The person in charge of a motor vehicle shall, if signalled to do so, stop it at the tax or toll barrier by which he enters or leaves the tax or toll limits for the purpose of allowing the officer or staff of the tax or toll department to realise the toll or tax or to examine the contents of the vehicle.

5. No person shall drive a motor vehicle on any of the roads specified below without obtaining the written permission of the President of the Committee :—

(*a*) Road from Aggarwal Panchayat Dharamsala passing through Bazar *Patwan* and *Tarla* up to the house of R. B. L. Ganga Ram late D. S. P., near *Dara Loharan*.

(*b*) Road from Aggarwal Panchayat Dharamsala passing through Bazar *Bazaza* and *Sarafa* up to *Lalpyao*.

6. Any person who commits a breach of any of the by-laws 2 to 5 shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees ; and if the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

SCHEDULE.

Roads to which special speed limits are applicable.

No.	Description of Roads.	Speed limit (miles per hour).
1	All streets and bazars within the walled town of Kaithal	10

Notified Areas.

The 2nd October, 1940.

No. 4072-L. G.-Bds. 40/39243.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*f*) of section (*1*) of section 242 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to extend section 179, of the said Act, to the notified Area of **Guruharshai**, in the Ferozepor district and to declare that the provisions of the said section shall come into force from the date of publication of this notification.

No. 3803-C.-40/39247.—The following by-laws made by the Notified Area Committee of **Khalra Mandi** in the Lahore district in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188, 197 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the said Act are published for general information and shall come into force within the Notified Area of **Khalra Mandi**, on the 18th day of November, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. No person shall within the Notified Area limits, sell, whole sale or by auction any fruit, vegetable or sugarcane in premises other than premises licensed for the purpose by the Notified Area Committee.

2. Any person wishing to obtain a licence for premises to be used for the sale, whole sale or by auction, of any fruit, vegetable or sugarcane, may apply to the Secretary of the committee and if the application is sanctioned by the Committtee, a licence shall be issued by the Secretary on payment of a licen ce fee of one hundred rupees per annum or at nine rupees per mensem if the licence is taken out for a period of less than one year.

3. A market maintained by the Committee shall be considered to have been licensed under these by-laws.

4. The Committee may refuse to grant a licence in respect of premises situated in any part of the Notified Area which the Committee on the report of the Medical Officer of Health considers unsuitable for the sale of fruit, vegetable or sugarcane.

5. Every license issued under by-law 2 shall be subject to the following conditions :—

(*a*) that the licensee shall keep the licensed premises in a clean and sanitary condition to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health and shall

not allow refuse to be placed anywhere except at a place fixed for the purpose,

(b) that the licensee shall not keep on the licensed premises any vegetable, fruit or sugarcane which is unfit for human consumption or which is so declared by the Secretary of the Committee or any officer authorised by the Committee in this behalf.

Note.—The attention of the licencee is directed to section 34 of the Police Act, 1861.

6. That the Secretary or any officer authorised by the Committee in this behalf may by an order in writing suspend any licence for a breach of any of the conditions thereof.

7. Any person who commits a breach of by-law 1 and every licensee who commits a breach of any of the conditions of his licence shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with a fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and if the breach is a continuing breach with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which such breach continues.

Medical.

The 2nd October, 1940.

No. 4317-M.-40/39201.—The following by-laws made by the Cantonment Board, **Jutogh,** in exercise of the powers conferred by section 17 of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information and shall come into force within the limits of the Cantonment of **Jutogh**, six weeks after the date of the publication of this notification :—

BY-LAWS.

1. No person whose name has not been registered in accordance with the provisions of section 14 of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932, shall practise as nurse, health visitor, midwife, nurse dai, trained dai, or dai within the area subject to the authority of the Cantonment Board, Jutogh.

2. Any person practising in contravention of by-law 1 or any pers on committing or abetting the commitment of a breach of by-law 1 shall be liable, on conviction by a magistrate of the first class, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 for the first offence or to a fine not exceeding Rs. 250 for a second or subsequent offence.

No. 4337-M.-40/39196.—The following by-laws made by the District Board of **Gurgaon**, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 17 of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab are published for general information and shall come into force within the limits of the District Board, **Gurgaon**, six weeks after the date of the publication of this notification :—

BY-LAWS.

1. These by-laws shall apply to such areas subject to the authority of the District Board, Gurgaon, as the Board may by a resolution from time to time determine.

2. The application of these by-laws to any area shall be made public by beat of drum and the posting of notices in conspicuous places within the area in question.

3. In the area to which these by-laws are applied no person shall practise as nurse, health visitor, midwife, nurse-dai, trained dai or dai unless registered as such under the provisions of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932.

4. Any person practising in contravention of by-law 3 or any person committing or abetting the commitment of a breach of by-law 3 shall be liable, on conviction by a magistrate of the first class, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 for the first offence and to a fine not exceeding Rs. 250 for a second or subsequent offence.

Public Health.

The 2nd October, 1940.

No. 4111-M.-40/39189.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 1 of the Punjab Pure Food Act, 1929, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to extend to the area subject to the authority of the District Board, **Gurgaon,** with effect from the date of publication of this notification, the provisions of sections 3 to 22 of the said Act, in respect of all articles of food and drink.

RAM CHANDRA,
Secretary to Government, Punjab,
Medical and Local Government Departments.

988 CS—1155—3-10-40—SGPP Lahore.

Registered No. L. 864

The Government Gazette, Punjab.

Published by Authority.

No. 41 LAHORE, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 11, 1940.

PART I—A.

Punjab Government Notifications and Orders.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Boards.

The 5th October, 1940.

No. 3091-L.G.-40/39530.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 3091-L.G.-40/31576, dated the 31st July, 1940, and in pursuance of the provisions of section 71 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendment to the directions published with Punjab Government notification No. 1318-L.G.-37-28958, dated the 7th August, 1937 :—

AMENDMENT.

For direction No. 4, the following new direction shall be substituted, namely :—

"4. A remuneration, to be fixed by the Board, but not exceeding five per cent of the tax collected, shall be paid for its collection."

No. 3957-L.G.-40/39544.—In accordance with the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 60 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to direct the publication of the following draft rule, which has been made under the provisions of clause (*d*) of sub section (1) of section 55 of the said Act, for the District Board of **Dera Ghazi Khan.** The rule will be taken into consideration on or after the 15th day of November, 1940, together with any objection or suggestion which may be received by Government from any person before that date :—

DRAFT RULE.

One member shall be elected for each of the 21 circles shown in the schedule hereto annexed by the electors of that circle.

SCHEDULE.

Statement showing the names of the electoral circles in the Dera Ghazi Khan district :—

Serial No.	Name of Tahsil.	Name of circle.	Name of Zail or revenue estates included in the circle.
1	Sanghar ..	Lakhani ..	Zails Lakhani, Vehoa, Zail Fateh Khan with the exception of villages Babi, Hamal, Rakh Fatteh Khan, Fatteh Khan and Nutkani.
2	Do. ..	Tibbi Qaisrani	Zail Tibbi Qaisrani with the exception of villages Thori, Bet Ladha, Kotla Ali Shah and Sheikh Gurda, Zail Kot Qaisrani with the exception of villages Barot Mandwani Rakh Barot Mandwani, Kachhella, Babhan, Bulani and Waal and part of Zail Fatteh Khan excluded from Circle No. 1.
3	Do. ..	Mangrotha ..	Zail Taunsa with the exception of village Taunsa. Zail Dauna, Zail Ghali. parts of Zails Tibbi Qaisrani and Kot Qaisrani excluded from Circle No. 2.
4	Do. ..	Taunsa ..	Taunsa, Part of Zail Sokar, villages Sokar, Mundrani, Binda and Bughlani.
5	Do. ..	Makwal ..	Zails Hairo, Makwal and Sanjarani, Pat of Zail Sokar, villages Buhar, Jhangar, Guna, Gadi Shumali, Jat Gadi and Chit Pani.
6	Dera Ghazi Khan.	Shadan Lund ..	Zails Shadan Lund, Pir Adil and Batil.
7	Do. ...	Dera Ghazi Khan.	Zails Yaru and Dera Ghazi Khan.
8	Do. ..	Drahman ..	Zails Drahman, Samin and Mahtam.
9	Do. ..	Jhok Uttra ..	Zails Jhok Uttra, Sheru and Mana.
10	Do. ..	Mamuri ..	Zails Mamuri and Kot Chhutta.
11	Do. ..	Choti	Zail Choti.
12	Jampur ..	Kotla Mughlan	Zails Kotla Mughlan, Khanwah and part of Zail Mohdpur, villages Silra, Kambar Shah. part of Zail Jampur, villages Nawan Beg Raj, Sahuwala, Bhanuwala, Tatarwala and Kotla Dha.
13	Do. ..	Jampur ..	Zail Jampur with the exception of villages included in Circle No. 12.
14	Do. ...	Mohdpur Diwan	Zail Mohdpur with the exception of villages included in Circle No 12 and Jail Hajipur.
15	Do. ..	Dajal ..	Zails Dajal, Ganehar, Tibbi Lundan, part of Zail Harrand, villages Thul Ali Mohd., Thul Jam, Basti Nawab, Kala Khosra, Beta and Thul Hairo.
16	Do. ...	Harrand ..	Zail Harrand with the exception of villages included in Circle No 15.
17	Rajanpur ..	Fazilpur ..	Zails Fazilpur and Mehrewala.
18	Do. ..	Shikarpur ..	Zails Rangpur, Shikarpur, Nurpur, part of Dhundi Estate above Patti Juma Arain.
19	Do. ...	Zails Kotla Nasir,	Rajanpur, Kot Rum and part of Dhundi Estate below Patti Juman Arain.
20	Do. ..	Mithankot ...	Zails Bhagsar, Asni, Kotla Said Khan, Machka, Murghai, Mithan kot, part of Rojhan villages, Kotla Hassan Shah, Giamal, Qadra Rakh Qadra, Kaheri, Kotla Hamal, Umar Kot, Prewar, Rakh Prewar, Badli and Ladh, Mad Mohd. Shah, Thul Nasir, Daharwali and Kachi Chohan.
21	Rajanpur ...	Rojhan ...	Zail Rojhan with the exception of villages included in Circle No. 20.

No. 2582 L.G.-40/39556.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 2582-L.G.-40/30932, dated the 25th July, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 71, 72 and 73 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following directions in respect of the tax, the imposition of which, by the District Board of **Attock**, was notified with Punjab Government notification No, 2582-L.G.-40/30931, dated the 25th July, 1940 :—

DIRECTIONS.

1. Assessment shall be carried out from time to time, under the orders of the Board, by committees or any other persons appointed by the Board for such purpose.

2. Appeals from orders of assessment shall lie to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division.

No. 3810 L.G.—Bds.-40/39563.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 1750-M.-39/1068-S., dated the 30th May, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 6 of the Indian Registration Act, 1908, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to confirm Sayed Nazar Hussain Shah, of Leiah in his appointment as Departmental Sub-Registrar for the Leiah sub-district of the Muzaffargarh district, for a period of five years, with effect from the 16th July, 1940.

The 7th October, 1940.

No. 4516-L.G.-40/39735.—In pursuance of the provisions of the Local Authorities Loans Rules for the Punjab, 1922, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to notify that the Administrator, Lahore Municipality, has sub-

mitted the following application for a Government loan of Rs. 5,50,000 (Rupees five lakhs and fifty thousand only) for the Lahore Drainage and Sewerage scheme.

2. All objections to the proposed loan should be submitted on or before the 11th November, 1940, to the Punjab Government for consideration :—

Application of the Lahore Municipality for a Government loan of Rs. 5,50,000.

(1) The purpose for which the loan is required and where the loan is required for any of the purposes specified in clauses (*i*), (*ii*), (*iii*) or (*iv*) of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Act, an estimate of the cost of the entire work or such part of it as it is proposed to carry out from loan funds ;	Drainage and Sewerage Scheme of Lahore.
(2) Whether the loan is productive or non-productive	Non-productive.
(3) The amount which it is proposed to borrow ..	Rs. 5,50,000 (Rs. five lakhs and fifty thousand only).
(4) The fund on the security of which it is proposed to borrow.	Municipal fund, Lahore.
(5) The law under which the said fund is levied, received or held.	The Punjab Municipal Act, 1911.
(6) The dates within which it is proposed that the money shall be borrowed ; and when it is proposed to raise a loan in instalments, the dates within which it is proposed that the first instalment shall be taken or raised and the years in which it is proposed that subsequent instalments shall be taken or raised ;	Lump sum by 25th November, 1940.
(7) The rate of interest at which it is proposed to borrow.	At 4½ per cent per anum.
(8) The term of years for which the money is to be borrowed and the method by which it is to be repaid with the dates on which repayment is to be made.	The loan will be repaid within three years, viz., Rs. 4 lakhs, on October 1, 1942, and Rs. 1·50 lakhs on October 1, 1943. The interest will be paid annually on 1st October, 1941, 1942 and 1943.
(9) The financial position of the Local Authority, including—	
(*a*) a statement of all existing prior charges on its fund.	There are no previous encumbrances on the Lahore Municipal fund.
(*b*) a statement of income and expenditure for the last three financial years, and	Attached—*vide* statement "A".
(*c*) a statement of anticipated income and expenditure for the financial year or years in which the loan is to be raised, showing provision for payment of interest and sinking fund charges, if any ;	Attached—*vide* statement "B".
(10) The orders of Government or the Commissioner, according administrative approval to the project in connection with which it is proposed to raise the loan ; and	Secretary to Government, Punjab, Medical & Local Government Departments, letter No. 5399-M.-38/3 4062, dated the 14th October, 1938, to Chief Engineer, Punjab, Public Works Department, forwarding resolution (B. & R.) No. 61, of 1937, of Sanitary Board, Punjab. The work is being carried out through Government agency, i.e. Public Works Department.
(11) Acceptance of the obligation to reimburse Government for any loss incurred if the loan or instalment is not taken up within the dates referred to in rule 4 (6) or rule 8(2) of Local Authorities Loans Rules for the Punjab, 1922, as the case may be.	The Municipality accepts the obligation to reimburse Government for any loss incurred if the loan is not taken by the time specified against No. (6) above.

STATEMENT A.

Statement showing income and expenditure for the last three financial years.

INCOME.					EXPENDITURE.				
Head of Account.	Particulars.	1937-38.	1938-39.	1939-40.	Head of Account.	Particulars.	1937-38.	1938-39.	1939-40.
		Rs	Rs.	Rs.			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
I	General Departments ..	19,02,268	20,74,763	20,64,766	1	General Departments ..	7,41,555	7,79.767	7,61,848
II	Education ..	1,34,769	1'45,467	1,50,622	2	Education ..	4,06,847	4,15,253	4,29,643
III	Medical ..	..	..	..	3	Medical ..	91,142	91,864	93,834
IV	Public Health ..	2,01.237	4,40,896	4,40,711	4	Public Health ..	6,39,586	10,17,093	18,58,909
V	Water-supply ..	3,80,463	3,91,049	386,315	5	Water-supply ..	2,80,564	2,70,280	3,65,456
VI	Veterinary Department ..	6,546	13,709	—	6	Veterinary Department ..	3,806	9,964	407
VII	Municipal Works ..	1,570	1,350	..	7	Municipal Works ..	3,82,220	2,16,896	3,27,7.9
IX	Suspense Account ..	2,235	1.721	9,223	8	Reserve for unforeseen charges ..	..	—	..
					9	Suspense Account ..	5,313	12,166	3,950
	Total ..	26,29,083	30,68,955	30,51,637		Total ..	25,51,033	28,13,283	38,41,826
	Deduct—Income from deposits and sale of investments.	—	1,06,500	35,000		Closing Balance ..	6,33,397	8,89,069	98,880
		26,29,088	29,62,455	30,16,637		Grand Total ..	31,84,430	37,02,352	39,40,706
	Opening Balance —	5,55,342	6,33,397	8,89,069		*Deduct*—Expenditure of advances and Deposits.	..	—	—
	GRAND TOTAL ..	31,84,430	35,95,852	39,05,706		TOTAL ..	31,84,430	37,02,352	39,40,706

STATEMENT " B ".

An abstract of the Budget Estimates of the Lahore Municipality, 1940-41.

INCOME.		EXPENDITURE.	
Head of charge.	Amount.	Head of charge.	Amount.
	Rs.		Rs.
I. General Departments ..	27,22,900	1. General Departments..	9,45,000
II. Education ..	1,46,150	2. Education ..	5,08,900
III. Medical ..	..	3. Medical ..	1,43,100
IV. Public Health ..	17,49,500	4. Public Health ..	26,80,480*
V. Water-supply ..	4,12,000	5. Water-supply ..	3,66,600
VI. Veterinary Department	..	6. Veterinary ..	2,000
VII. Municipal Works ..	1,350	7. Municipal Works ..	2,68,500
		8. Unforeseen charges ..	2,00,000
IX. Suspense Accounts ..	10,100	9. Suspense accounts ..	7,420
Total ..	50,42,000	Total ..	51,22,000
Deduct—loans and deposit and sale of investments.	13,00,000	*Deduct*—expenditure from loan advances and deposits, etc.	13,00,000
	37,42,000		38,22,000
Opening Balance ..	1,00,820	Closing balance ..	20,820
GRAND TOTAL ..	38,42,820	GRAND TOTAL ..	38,42,820

*This includes an estimated expenditure of Rs. 19,00,000 for the Lahore Drainage Scheme which will actually be nearly Rs 6,00,000 during 1940-41.

Committees.

The 5th October, 1940.

No. 3888-L.G.- Bds.-40/39576.—In exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (5) of section 3 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, and subsection (1) of section 4 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab proposes :—

(1) to cancel notification No. 29838, dated the 19th December, 1923, relating to the constitution of the Small Town of Sillanwali, in the Shahpur district, and

(2) to declare the area at present included within the limits of the Small Town of Sillanwali, to be a Municipality of the 2nd class.

2. Should any inhabitant of the said local area desire to object to the proposal, he may, within 6 weeks from the date of the publication of this notification, submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the said district to the Punjab Government.

No. 3004-L. S.-Bde.-40/39579.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 70 (1) (*c*) of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to confirm resolution No. 1, passed at a special meeting of the Municipal Committee of **Lyallpur,** held on the 21st May, 1940, exempting for the period from the 16th July, 1937, to the 31st March, 1938, the owners of vehicles from the wheel tax the imposition of which was notified with Punjab Government notification No. 450-L. G.-37/14561, dated the 10th April, 1937.

No. 3764-C.-40/39596.—The following draft of an amendment which the Governor of the Punjab proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, to the rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 38887, dated the 14th November, 1935, for the municipality of **Okara** in the Montgomery district, is published for the information of the persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft will be taken in consideration on or after the 25th day of November, 1940, together with any objection or suggestion which may be received by the Punjab Government from any person in respect of the draft before that date :—

DRAFT AMENDMENT.

For the existing schedule (showing boundaries of wards) the following schedule shall be substituted :—

SCHEDULE.

BOUNDARIES.

Ward No. I.

North—From the north-west corner of Block A, eastwards in a straight line to the north-west corner of Block D ;

East—Thence southwards in a straight line along the eastern edge of the Hospital Bazaar to the point where it enters the main chauk, thence eastwards, southwards, westwards and northwards along the northern, eastern, southern and western boundaries of the main chauk to the south-east edge of the Mandi Bazaar ;

South—Thence westwards in a straight line along the southern edge of the Mandi Bazaar to the north-west corner of Block B ;

West—Thence northwards in a straight line along the western edge of Block A to the point of start ;

Ward No. II.

North—From the north-west corner of Block B eastwards along the southern and eastern boundary of Ward No. I to the point where the eastern edge of the Rail Bazaar enters the main chauk ;

East—Thence southwards in a straight line along the eastern edge of the Rail Bazaar to the south-west corner of Block C ;

South—Thence westwards along the southern edge of Block B to its south-west corner ;

West—Thence northwards in a straight line to the point of start.

Ward No. III.

North—From the point where the northern edge of the Kutchery Bazaar meets the Main Chauk eastwards along the northern edge of the said Bazaar to the south-west corner of Block F ;

East—Thence southwards in a straight line along the western edge of Block E to its south-west corner ;

South—Thence westwards along the southern edge of Block C to its south-west corner ;

West—Thence northwards along the eastern boundary of Ward No. II to the point where it meets the Main Chauk, thence eastwards and northwards along the southern and eastern edge of the Main Chauk to the point of start.

Ward No. IV.

North—From the north-west corner of Block D eastwards in straight line along the southern edge of the Tahsil Road to a point at a distance of 240 feet west of the north-east corner of Block F ;

East—Thence southwards in a straight line where it meets the Kutchery Bazaar in its northern edge ;

South—Thence westwards along the northern edge of the Kutchery Bazaar and the northern boundary of Ward No. III to the starting point of the same Ward No. III ;

West—Thence northwards, westwards and again northwards along the eastern boundary of Ward No. I to the point of start.

Ward No. V.

North—From the south-west corner of Block F eastwards in a straight line along the northern edge of the Kutchery Bazaar to the south-east corner of the same Block ;

East—Thence southwards in a straight line to a point where it meets the Railway fencing ;

South—Thence westwards along the Railway fencing to a point at a distance of 890 feet ;

West—Thence northwards in a straight line to the point of start ;

Ward No. VI.

North—From Survey Pillar No. 14/565 eastwards along the municipal boundary line to survey pillar No. 12/584 ;

East—Thence southwards to a point on the eastern edge of the Gugera-Dipalpur Road at a distance of 36 karams from survey pillar No. 12/584, thence westwards across the Gugera-Dipalpur Road to the north-east corner of the Tahsil Area, thence south-westwards along the northern boundary of the Tahsil Area, lambardari allotment and the Garden Plot of S. Malah Singh to the north-east corner of the School Playground, thence southwards in a straight line to the south-east corner of Block F ;

South—Thence 240 feet westwards along the northern edge of the Kutchery Bazaar to the south-east corner of Ward No. IV, thence northwards in a straight line along the eastern boundary of Ward No. IV to its north-east corner, thence westwards in a straight line along the northern boundaries of Wards Nos. IV and I to the north-west corner of Block A, thence 260 feet southwards, thence 750 feet westwards where it meets the Akbar Road, thence 229 feet southwards, thence westwards along the northern edge of the

Montgomery Road to a point 18 karams south of survey pillar 13/566 where the said road meets the municipal boundary ;

West—thence northwards along the municipal boundary to the point of start.

Ward No. VII.

North—From the trijunction pillar of Okara, chak No. 2/4-L. and Chak No. 3/4-L. north-eastwards along the municipal boundary to the meeting point of the southern and western boundaries of Ward No. VI, thence along the southern boundary of Ward No. VI to the point where it touches the western boundary of Block A ;

East—thence southwards in a straight line along the western boundaries of Wards Nos. I and II to the point where it meets the Railway fencing at a distance of 52 karams from the south-west corner of Block B ;

South—thence south-westwards along the Railway fencing to the point where it meets the municipal boundary ;

West—thence northwards along the Municipal boundary to the point of start.

Ward No. VIII.

The rest of the area within municipal limits not included in any of the above wards.

The 7th October, 1940.

No. 3005-C.-40/39705.—The following amendment made by the Municipal Committee, **Mianwali**, of its by-laws published with the Punjab Government notification No. 24422½, dated 24th September, 1927, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for general information and shall come into force on the 25th day of November, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

In by-laws 1, 2, 3 and form A *after* the word 'sweetmeat' wherever it occurs, the word 'kulfi' shall be added.

The 8th October, 1940.

No. 3995-C.-40/39819.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Ludhiana**, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Ludhiana**, on the 25th day of November, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. These by-laws shall apply only to those tanks, ponds, wells and baolis from which water is or may be made available for the public.

2. The Committee may, by a public notice fixed near a tank, pond, well or baoli prohibit, either permanently or temporarily for a specified period, the lowering of private receptacles for drawing water from such tank, pond, well or baoli.

3. No person shall—

(a) throw any rubbish, filth or any other unwholesome or objectionable articles into a tank, pond, well or baoli ;

(b) wash or soak skins, leather or any other dirty substance in a tank, pond, well or baoli ;

(c) permit water from a drain to flow into a tank, pond, well or baoli.

4. No person shall in the open space within a radius of one hundred feet or such other distance as may be prescribed by the Committee of a tank, pond, well or baoli—

(a) place any rubbish or filth or any other unwholesome or objectionable articles ;

(b) ease himself or urinate ;

(c) (in the case of a tank, pond, well or baoli, the water of which is used for drinking purposes) wash any clothes or utensils or water any animals.

5. No water shall be used for filling a tank unless it is obtained from a source, and conveyed through a channel, approved by the Committee.

6. No person shall bathe on or within a distance of 9 feet of a well or a baoli, provided with a pucca well head and parapet, and in other cases within a distance of 20 feet of a well or baoli.

7. The owner or the person in charge of a well, tank, pond or baoli shall carry out such measures as the Committee or the Medical Officer of Health may prescribe for preventing the pollution of water in such well, tank, pond or baoli.

8. When so required by the Committee, the owner or the person in charge of a well, tank, pond or baoli—

(a) shall build, of the type and the material specified, a drain or a cistern or shall make a pucca floor to provide for dirty water to flow off and to prevent the flow of surface water or the water of any drain into the well ;

(b) shall provide the well with a suitable covering to prevent pollution from natural causes such as the falling in of leaves or fruit of trees or the excreta of birds ;

(c) shall provide the well with a parapet wall of the size and type to be specified ;

(d) shall provide a metal receptacle for raising water for drinking purposes attached to a metal chain in such a manner that the upper end of the chain shall always be above the surface of the water ;

(e) shall render the lining of the well impervious to contamination from sub-soil water.

9. The owner or the person in charge of a well, tank, pond or baoli shall, when so required by the Committee, have it cleaned or repaired to the satisfaction of the committee. In default, the Committee may have the work performed through its own agency and recover the expense from the person concerned.

10. The President Secretary or the Medical Officer of Health or any person appointed in this behalf by the Committee may, at all times, inspect any well, tank, pond or baoli, or its source of water supply.

11. Any person who commits a breach of any of these by-laws shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may exte nd to fifty rupees ; and if the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

Medical.

The 8th October, 1940.

No. 4526-M.-40/39814.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Narowal** district Sialkot, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 17 of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932, having beenconfirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information and shall come into force within the limits of the Municipality of **Narowal**, six weeks after the date of the publication of this notification :—

BY-LAWS.

1. No person whose name has not been registered in accordance with the provisions of section 14 of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932, shall practise as nurse, health visitor, midwife, nurse dai, trained dai, or dai within the area subject to the authority of the Municipal Committee, Narowal.

2. Any person practising in contravention of by-law 1 or any person committing or abetting the commitment of a breach of by-law 1 shall be liable, on conviction by a magistrate of the first class, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 for the first offence or to a fine not exceeding Rs. 250 for a second or a subsequent offence.

RAM CHANDRA,
Secretary to Government, Punjab,
Medical and Local Government Departments.

Committees.

The 4th October, 1940.

No. 3.—It is notified that in pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 50 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, I hereby make an order surcharging Ch. Bharat Singh, Vice-President of the Hodal Municipal Commttee, district Gurgaon, with Rs. 7-15-0 on account of the loss sustained by the said committee in connection with the appointment of a Pankha coolie after summer season. The Examiner, Local Fund Accounts, Punjab, Lahore, reported that the loss of Rs. 7-15-0 was a direct consequence of the neglect on the part of the Vice-President named above, in the performance of his duties while a Vice-President of the said Committee.

P. K. KAUL,
Deputy Commissioner, Gurgaon.

988 CS—1155—9-10-40—SGPP Lahore.

Registered No. L. 864.

The Government Gazette, Punjab.

Published by Authority.

No. 42. LAHORE, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 18, 1940.

PART I—A.

Punjab Government Notifications and Orders.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Boards.

The 15th October, 1940.

No. 4452-L. G.—Bds.-40/40526.—The following amendments made by the District Board of **Jhelum**, to its Provident Fund Rules, published with Punjab Government notification No. 12194, dated the 7th April, 1932, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Jhelum**, on the 10th December, 1940:—

AMENDMENTS.

1. The following provisos shall be inserted after sub-rule (2) of rule 5 :—

" Provided that no interest shall be credited to the accounts of a Muslim subscriber, if he informs the board in writing that he does not wish to receive the interest and that the board may utilise it on any subject of general public interest ;

Provided further that if the subscriber subsequently asks for interest, it shall be credited to his account with effect from the first day of the year in which he asks for it."

2. After sub-clause (*c*) of rule 7 (1) the following new clause shall be added :—

" (*d*) under the proviso to sub-rule (2) of rule 5 for the purpose of utilising the interest on subject of general public interest."

3. At the end of sub-rule (3) of rule 9 the following proviso shall be inserted :—

"Provided that Muslim subscribers whose deposits in the fund carry no interest shall not be required to pay any interest."

4. After sub-rule (2) in rule 10, the following new sub-rule shall be added as sub-rule (3) :—

"(3) When a subscriber—

(a) has proceeded on leave preparatory to retirement, or

(b) while on leave, has been permitted to re ire or declared by a competent authority to be unfit for further service,

the amount shown at the credit of his account in column 6 of the Provident Fund Ledger (Form P. F. I.) shall, upon application made by him in that behalf, become payable to him, subject to the provisions of Rule 4 ·

Provided that the subscriber, if he returns to duty, shall, if required to do so by the board, repay to the Provident Fund for credit to his account, the whole or part of any amount paid to him from the provident fund in pursuance of this sub-rule with interest thereon in cash or securities or partly in cash or partly in securities, by instalments or otherwise, by recovery from his salary or otherwise, as the board may direct."

5. Existing sub-rules (3) and (4) of rule 10 shall be renumbered as (4) and (5), respectively.

6. In sub-rule (4) for the words and figures "sub-rule (1) or sub-rule (2)" the words and figures "sub-rules (1), (2) or (3)" shall be substituted.

The 16th October, 1940.

No. 3994-C.-40/40729.—The following regulations made by the District Board of **Amritsar**, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 56 and 57 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by subsection (2) of section 56 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Amritsar** on the 2nd day of December, 1940 :—

REGULATIONS.

1. In these regulations—

(a) "cattle" includes elephants, camels, buffaloes, horses, mares, geldings, ponies, colts, bullocks, fillies, mules, asses, pigs, rams, ewes, sheep, lambs, goats and kids ;

(b) "important road" means the road specified in the schedule appended to these regulations ;

(c) "night time" means half an hour after sunset to half an hour before sunrise ;

(d) "vehicle" means a vehicle other than a motor vehicle.

2. No vehicle shall be driven along an important road at night unless it is equipped with lights in the following manner :—

(a) in the case of a bicycle or a tricycle, one light in front and a red reflector at the back ;

(b) in the case of country carts, one light so placed as to be visible both from the front and the back ;

(c) in the case of any other vehicle two lights visible both from the front and the back, and in case the front lights are not visible from behind, a third light at the back.

3. No cattle shall be driven along an important road at night unless the person driving them carries a light and, if the number of cattle exceeds ten, unless they are accompanied by persons bearing lights in front of and behind the cattle.

4. Any person driving a vehicle or cattle in contravention of these regulations, if not liable to punishment under any other regulations, shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees.

SCHEDULE.

1. The Grand Trunk Road.
2. The Amritsar-Pathankot Road.
3. The Amritsar-Dera Baba Nanak Road.
4. The Amritsar-Tarn Taran-Goindwal Road.

5. The Tarn Taran-Sirhali Road.
6. The Amritsar-Majitha Road.
7. The Attari to Chogawan Road (metalled portion 7 miles).
8. The Raya-Batala Road (metalled portion 2½ miles).
9. The Amritsar-Gujranwala Road, 1st 5 miles.
10. The Amritsar-Ferozepore Road, 1st 5 miles.
11. The Amritsar-Sri Hargobindpur Road, 1st 5 miles.

Committees.

The 14th October, 1940.

No. 3925-C.-40/40388.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 2358-C.-40/28019, dated the 2nd July, 1940, and in pursuance of the provisions of subsection (3) of section 5 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to include within the Municipality of **Sharakpur,** in the Sheikhupura district, the area lying between the existing boundary as defined in Punjab Government notification No. 1025-S., dated the 18th August, 1885, as amended by Punjab Government notifications Nos. 11093 and 21056, dated the 2nd May, 1917 and 10th August, 1933, respectively and the boundary specified in the schedule hereto annexed:—

SCHEDULE.

North.—From the north-west corner of field No. 1544, of village Ghazipur, eastwards along the northern boundaries of fields Nos. 1544, 1543/2, 1543/1, 1542, 1529, 1528/2, 1528/1, 1503, 1491 to the north-east corner of field No. 1491; thence north-eastwards in a straight line passing through fields Nos. 1478/1, 1478/2, 1480, 2807/1465, 1481, 2857/1074, 1462, 1075, 1079, 1460, 1459 and 2719/1082 to the north-east corner of the last-named field of village Ghazipur;

East.—Thence southwards in a straight line along the eastern boundary of field No. 2719/1082 crossing the Lahore-Lyallpur metalled road (field No. 1494), further along the eastern boundaries of fields Nos. 2707/1056/2, 2706/1056/1 and 1055 to the south-east corner of the last-named field; thence sout-hwestwards in a straight line passing through fields Nos. 1060/1, 1059, 1068, 1067, 1071, of village Ghazipur and fields Nos. 5631, 5630, 5629, 5624, 5628, 5627, 960, 959, 6698/958, 6697/944, 945, 946, 938 to the north-east corner of field No. 936, of village Sharakpur, thence southwards in a straight line along the eastern boundaries of fields Nos. 936, 930, 929, 928, 916 crossing kacha path (field No. 926), further southwards along the eastern boundaries of fields Nos. 917, 918, 1054, 1052, 1051, 1037, 1036, 1029/2, crossing village path (field No. 1017), further along the eastern boundaries of fields Nos. 1030, 1148, 1146, 1145, 1144, crossing kacha road (field No. 1022), further southwards along the western boundaries of field No. 1154 and eastern boundaries of fields Nos. 1155, 115 to the north-east corner of field No. 1188;

South.—Thence south-westwards along the northern boundary of Nala (field No. 1185) to the southern corner of field No. 1193, thence north-westwards along the northern boundary of kacha road to Bhaini (field No. 1197) to the north-west corner of field No. 1105, thence crossing the kacha road to the north-east corner of field No. 1199, thence southwards in a straight line along the eastern boundaries of fields Nos. 1199, 1200, 1203, 1205, 1206, crossing kacha path (field No. 1207) further in the same direction along the eastern boundaries of fields Nos. 1208, 1215, 1214, 1218, 1233, 1232, crossing kacha path (field No. 1322), further along the eastern boundary of field No. 1230 to its south-east corner, thence westwards in a straight line along the southern boundaries of fields Nos. 1230 and 1244 crossing kacha path (field No. 1361) to the south-east corner of field No. 1376, thence northwards along the eastern boundary of field No. 1376 to its north-east corner, thence south-westwards straight along the northern boundary of the field to a point on the left side of Khudpur Road, thence northwards to the south-east corner of field No. 1502, thence westwards in a straight line along the southern boundaries of fields Nos. 1502, 1504, 1484, 1481, 1480, 1479, 1528, crossing the kacha road (field No. 1516), further in the same direction along the southern boundaries of fields Nos. 1539, 1538, 1593, 1591, crossing Nurpur Road (field No. 1615), further in the same direction along the southern boundaries of fields Nos. 1621 and 1620 to the south-west corner of field No. 1620;

West.—Thence northwards along the western boundaries of fields Nos. 1620, 1622, (Dobranwala graveyard) crossing the Lahore-Lyallpur metalled road (fields Nos. 6950/6507, 6505, 6509, 6579), to the south-west corner of field No. 6908/6790, thence northwards in a straight line along the western boundaries of fields Nos. 6908/6790, 6909/6507, 1665, 1655, 1654, 1673, crossing kacha path (field No. 1674) further along the western boundary of field No. 1675, crossing kacha path (field No. 6910/6630 and western boundaries of fields Nos. 1677 and 1678 to the north-west corner of field No. 1678, thence north-eastwards

in a straight line passing through fields Nos. 1683, 1680, 1681/1, 1681/2, 567, 566, 564 and 563, crossing kacha path (field No. 6810/6439) and fields Nos. 594, 597, 596/2, 596/1, 595/1, 599, 604, 603, crossing kacha path (field No. 6585/6436) and fields Nos. 352, 342, 343 336, 335, 767, 766, 769, 770, crossing kacha path (fields Nos. 6850/6615) and fields Nos. 771, 772, 775, 293, 294/2, 295, 296, 286, 284, 281, 278, of village Sharakpur and fields Nos. 1566, 1565/2, 1564, 1563, 1570, 1571, crossing kacha path (field No. 1572) and passing through field No. 1591 further crossing kacha road to Sheikhupura (field No. 1557) to the point of start.

The 15th October, 1940.

No. 3753-C.-40/40523.—The following draft of an amendment which the Governor of the Punjab proposes to make, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, to the rules for the Municipal Committee of **Bhiwani**, published with Punjab Government notification No. 2060, dated the 23rd January, 1925, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 30th day of November, 1940, together with any objections or suggestions relating thereto which may be received by Government before that date :—

DRAFT AMENDMENT.

In clause (*a*) of rule 5 the word " male " shall be omitted.

The 16th October, 1940.

No. 3857-C.-40/40745.—Whereas at a meeting of the Municipal Committee of **Jandiala,** in the Amritsar district, held on the 29th July, 1940, not less than five-eighths of the total number of members constituting the committee for the time being voted in favour of the suspension of Lala Mukh Raj Jain from the post of Executive Officer ;

Now, therefore, the Governer of the Punjab, in pursuance of the provisions contained in subsection (7) of section 3 of the Punjab Municipal (Executive Officers) Act, 1931, hereby directs that Lala Mukh Raj Jain shall be suspended from the post of Executive Officer of the Municipality of **Jandiala.**

No. 4014-C.-40/40754.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Chunian,** in the Lahore district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Chunian,** on the 2nd day of December, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. In these by-laws—

(*i*) " Slaughter-house " means the slaughter-house owned and managed by the Municipal Committee.

(*ii*) " Superintendent " means the officer in charge of the slaughter-house.

2. (*i*) The slaughter-house will be open for the slaughter of animals during such hours as the Committee may, from time to time, direct.

(*ii*) No animal shall be slaughtered at any other time, provided that, in special circumstances and on the realization of three times the usual fee, the Superintendent may allow the slaughter of any animal at any other time. In all such cases the previous written permission of the Superintendent shall be obtained.

3. The Committee shall fix at a conspicuous place in the slaughter-house, a notice showing—

(*i*) the hours of the working of the slaughter-house ;

(*ii*) the fees payable ; and

(*iii*) any other directions that the Committee or the Superintendent may see fit to issue.

4. Every animal for slaughter shall, on being brought to the slaughter-house, be presented for inspection to the Superintendent who, before passing any animal for slaughter, shall satisfy himself that—

(*i*) it is more than six months old ;

(*ii*) its flesh will be fit for use as human food ;

(*iii*) it is not pregnant or with unweaned young ;

(*iv*) it is not diseased or in a dying condition :

provided that an animal which has met with an accident and is otherwise healthy may be passed for slaughter.

5. The Superintendent shall maintain a register in which he shall enter a brief description of each animal approved for slaughter, and the fees recovered therefor.

6. Fees for the slaughter of each animal shall be levied at the following rates :—

Animal.	*Fee per head.* Rs. A. P.
Goat	0 2 0
Sheep	0 2 0

7. (1) No person shall knowingly bring into any part of the slaughter-house—

(*i*) a diseased or unsound animal ;

(*ii*) an animal which is less than six months old ;

(*iii*) an animal which is pregnant or with unweaned young ;

(*iv*) any carcass ;

(*v*) any dog ; or

(*vi*) any animal not meant for slaughter or for the slaughter of which the slaughter-house is not provided.

(2) Any animal brought in contravention of this by-law shall be summarily removed under the direction of the Superintendent.

8. (1) Animals approved for slaughter by the Superintendent shall be branded/marked with a distinctive mark on ears, hooves or horns and admitted into the waiting-yard of the slaughter-house.

(2) All animals when approved shall be kept in the waiting-yard until the owners or persons in charge receive permission to bring them into the slaughter-yard.

(3) The owner of the animal shall remain responsible for its security while it is in the waiting yard.

(4) No animal shall be admitted into the waiting-yard unless the prescribed fee has been paid.

9. Animals rejected as unfit for slaughter shall be removed forthwith from the premises of the slaughter-house :

Provided that animals found to be affected by any infectious or contagious disease or which may reasonably be suspected of being so affected, shall, if the Superintendent so directs, be forthwith apprehended and removed to the Veterinary Hospital or such other place as the Committee may provide for the purpose.

10. Each animal shall be slaughtered immediately over the drain and no blood shall be allowed to flow upon the floor.

11. (*i*) Slaughtered animals shall be disembowelled as soon as possible after slaughter.

(*ii*) The contents of the stomachs and bowels shall not be washed into the drain or allowed to drop on the floor, but shall be emptied into buckets or receptacles provided for the purpose by the Municipal Committee.

12. No person shall rub or cause to be rubbed the inner sides of skins upon the ground within any portion of the slaughter-house or in the neighbourhood of the slaughter-house premises.

13. (*i*) All carcasses shall after skinning and cleaning be presented to the Superintendent for inspection.

(*ii*) Carcasses which have been passed by the Superintendent as fit for human consumption shall, if necessary, be branded or stamped so as to define their quality.

(*iii*) No person shall remove any carcass from the slaughter-house premises until it has been duly passed by the Superintendent.

(*iv*) The Superintendent shall cause any carcass or meat, which is, in his opinion, unfit for human consumption, to be buried or destroyed.

14. No person shall remove entrails and offals from the slaughter-house until they have been properly washed and cleaned.

15. No person shall blow or stuff any meat within the slaughter-house premises, and the Superintendent may cause to be buried or destroyed any meat found to be blown or stuffed.

16. Any carcass or meat ordered to be destroyed in accordance with the provisions of by-law 13 or 15 shall be so treated as to render its use for human food impossible.

17. No meat shall be sold on the premises of the slaughter-house.

18. No person shall remove or cause to be removed from the premises of the slaughter-house any carcass or meat except in a clean receptacle and covered in such manner as to be screened from public view and adequately protected against flies and dust.

19. The Superintendent shall, by general or special order, direct the disposition of all skins, heads, horns and feet of slaughtered animals and all carcasses or meat found left in the slaughter-house after the hour fixed for closing the slaughter-house.

20. (*i*) No person affected with leprosy, sores or any other skin disease or any contagious or infectious disease shall enter the slaughter-house premises.

(*ii*) No person, other than the municipal staff on duty and licensed butchers and their assistants or *bona fide* servants, shall enter the slaughter-house premises during the process of slaughtering or skinning and cutting up of carcass.

(*iii*) No person shall create any disturbance in the slaughter-house premises.

Any person transgressing the provisions of this by-law may be removed summarily under the direction of the Superintendent.

21. Any person who commits a breach of any of the by-laws 2, 4, 7 to 18 and 20 shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be liable to fine which may amount to fifty rupees.

No. 4054 L. G.—Bds.-40/40819.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (10) of section 62 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that with the previous sanction of the Governor of the Punjab the Municipal Committee of **Kaithal**, in the Karnal district, has with effect from 18th January, 1941, imposed a tax, payable by persons presenting building applications to the Committee, at the rates shown in the schedule below;

Provided that the tax shall not be payable by persons presenting application relating to the erection of religious buildings or buildings owned by Government or by the District Board.

Punjab Government notification No. 961, dated the 10th January, 1936, shall be deemed to be cancelled with effect from the 18th January, 1941 :—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	Description of building application.	Amount of tax.
		Rs.
1	For the erection or re-erection of a Katcha building ..	1
2	For the erection or re-erection of a Pacca or partly Pacca (ghilafi building)—	
	(*i*) of one storey	2
	(*ii*) of two storeys	4
	(*iii*) of three storeys	6
	(*iv*) of four or more storeys	10
3	For the erection or re-erection of each additional storey in the case of an existing building.	1
4	For the erection or re-erection of a hand pump ..	5

No. 3749-C.-40/40828.—The following draft of amendments which the Governor of the Punjab, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, proposes to make to the rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 4419, dated the 17th February, 1925, as corrected by Punjab Government Corrigendum No. 4658-C.-39/38595, dated the 18th November, 1939, for the **Dharmsala** municipality is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 30th day of November, 1940, together with any objections or sugges-

tions, which may be received from any person in respect to the draft on or before that date :—

DRAFT AMENDMENTS.

1. For existing rule 4, the following shall be substituted, namely :—

" 4. Subject to the provisions of rule 6 of the Municipal Ele toral Rules, 1930, no one shall be entitled to be registered as a voter in the Municipality of Dharamsala, unless he—

(*a*) has, for the twelve months preceding the first day of December in the year in which the register of voters is prepared or is revised, ordinarily resided or carried on business within the municipal limits ; and

(*b*) (*i*) possesses immovable property situated within the municipal limits of a value of not less than five hundred rupees ; or

(*ii*) pays rent of not less than two rupees per mensem for a house or a part of a house within municipal limits ; or

(*iii*) possesses immovable property situated within municipal limits of an annual rental value of not less than Rs. 96.

Explanation.—For the purpose of calculating the period of ordinary residence within municipal limits or of a particular ward, no account shall be taken of any period of temporary absence such as time spent in the hills or on leave.

2. The following new rules shall be added as rule 5, namely :—

" 5. Where two or more persons are co-sharers in immovable property either as owner or tenants, every such person shall be qualified as a voter, who would be so qualified if his share in such immovable property were held separately."

Explanation.—For the purpose of this rule, the share of any person who is less than twenty-one years of age shall be deemed to be the share of his father or, if his father is dead, of his eldest brother, provided that his father or eldest brother, as the case may be, is a co-sharer with him in the property.

3. Existing rule 5 shall be re-numbered as rule 6.

Town Committees.

The 15th October, 1940.

No. 3989-L. G.—Bds.-40/40530.—Whereas it appears to the Governor of the Punjab that with reference to notification No. 1994-L. G.—Bds.-40/22333, dated the 10th May, 1940, land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Town Committee of **Mailsi** for a public purpose, namely, for the construction of addas for lorries and tongas, it is hereby notified that the land described in the specification below is required for the said purpose.

2. This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, to all whom it may concern, and under section 7 of the said Act, the Collector of the Multan district is hereby authorised to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

3. A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the said Collector :—

SPECIFICATION OF LAND.

District.—Multan. *Mauza.*—Mailsi.
Tahsil.—Mailsi. *Area in acres.*—·456.

Boundaries.—*North.*—House belonging to Mitha Daya and others. *East.*—Circular Road. *South.*—Vacant land belonging to Tillo Mall and others. *West.*—Land belonging to Sidhoo Mal and others.

Notified Areas.

The 11th October, 1940.

No. 4317-L. G.—Bds.-40/39952.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 242 (I) (*f*) of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to extend section 55 of the said Act to the Notified Area of **Anandpur**, in the Hoshiarpur district and to declare that the provisions of the said section shall come into force from the date of publication of this notification.

The 16th October, 1940.

No. 3960-C.-40/40726.—The following by-laws made by the Notified Area Committee of **Jahanian**, in the Multan district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal

Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Notified Area of **Jahanian**, on the 2nd day of December, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. Every owner of a building or land situated within the limits of the Notified Area of Jahanian who does not reside in the Notified Area shall appoint in writing a person residing within Notified Area limits to act as his agent for all the purposes of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, or any rules or by-laws made thereunder.

2. Such appointment shall be notified as soon as possible to the Secretary of the Committee by a notice which shall bear the signature of the agent in acknowledgment of his appointment, and no person shall be deemed to have been appointed as agent until such notice has been received by the Secretary. Every person whose appointment as agent has been so notified shall be deemed to be a duly appointed agent until the contrary is notified to the Committee by the principal or by the agent.

3. When an agent has been appointed in pursuance of these by-laws, any notice served upon him and any demand for payment of its dues made from him, by the Committee, shall be deemed to have been served upon his principal, and shall have the same effect as regards the principal as if the notice had been served upon, or the demand had been made from the principal.

4. A register shall be maintained in the office of the Notified Area Committee in which the names and addresses of all agents appointed in pursuance of these by-laws together with date of such appointment shall be entered.

5. Any person who commits a breach of by-law 1 or 2 shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees and when the breach is a continuing one with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

Public Health.

The 2nd October, 1940.

No. 4111-M.-40/39192.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Pure Food Act, 1929, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to appoint the Chemist of the Public Health Department, to be a Public Analyst for the area subject to the authority of the District Board, **Gurgaon**, in respect of all articles of food and drink.

RAM CHANDRA,
Secretary to Government, Punjab,
Medical and Local Government Departments.

1040 CS—1156 -16.10.40—SGPP Lahore.

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PART I—A.

Punjab Government Notifications and Orders.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Boards.

The 19th October, 1940.

No. 3429-L-G.-40/41462—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 3429-L. G.-40/34279, dated the 20th August, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendments to the Municipal Account Code, 1930 (revised edition) :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. In rule XI·8 (4) the following words shall be inserted between the words "Lands Officer" and "shall initial" :—

" and the member or official in whose presence the cash-box was opened ".

2. In rule XI·8 (4) the words " and he " occuring in line 9 shall be converted into " and the Lands Officer ".

The 22nd October, 1940.

No. 4524-L. G.-40/41930.—The following amendments made by the District Board of **Jhang**, of the Provident Fund Rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 12344, dated the 8th April, 1932, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, is published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the said Board on the 9th December, 1940 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. The following provisos shall be inserted after sub-rule (2) of rule 5 :—

" Provided that no interest shall be credited to the accounts of a Muslim subscriber, if he informs the board in writing that he does not wish to

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receive the interest and that the board may utilise it on any subject of general public interest ;

Provided further that if the subscriber subsequently asks for interest, it shall be credited to his account with effect from the first day of the year in which he asks for it."

2. *After* sub-clause (*c*) of rule 7 (1) the following new clause shall be added :—

" (*d*) under the proviso to sub-rule (2) of rule 5 for the purpose of utilising the interest on subject of general public interest."

3. At the end of sub-rule (3) of rule 9 the following proviso shall be inserted :—

" Provided that Muslim subscribers whose deposits in the fund carry no interest shall not be required to pay any interest ".

No. 4313-L.G. 40/41934.—The following amendments, made by the District Board of **Sialkot**, to its Rules of Business published with Punjab Government notification No. 2017-L. G.-39/20270, dated the 6th June, 1939, are published for general information, and shall come into force with immediate effect :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. For the word " Board ", at the end of rule 6·6, the word " Commissioner " shall be substituted.

2. For the words " cancel or modify any order passed " in column 2, against item No. 5 of the Appendix, the words " cancel or modify any order other than an order of dismissal passed ", shall be substituted.

3. For the words " to cancel or modify any order passed " in column 2, against item No. 12 of the Appendix, the words " to cancel or modify any order other than an order of dismissal passed ", shall be substituted.

4. The words " subject to appeal to the Chairman in case of dismissal ", occurring in column 4 against item No. 18 of the Appendix, shall be deleted.

5. The words " provided that the employee so dismissed may appeal to the Chairman of the Board " occurring in column 4 against item No. 22 of the Appendix shall be deleted.

6. The words " provided that in the case of dismissal an appeal shall lie to the Chairman " occurring in column 4, against item No. 28 of the Appendix, shall be deleted.

7. The words " or dismissal " occurring in column 4 against item No. 32 of the Appendix shall be deleted.

8. The words " provided that the orders of dismissal shall be subject to appeal to the Chairman " occurring in column 4, against item No. 33 of the Appendix, shall be deleted.

9. The words " provided that the orders of dismissal shall be subject to appeal to the Chairman of the Board " occurring in column 4 against item No. 37 of the Appendix shall be deleted.

No. 4521-L. G.—Bds.-40/41937.—The following amendments made by the District Board of **Dera Ghazi Khan,** to its Provident Fund Rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 7489-L. S G.—Bds. dated the 14th March, 1933, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab are published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Dera Ghazi Khan** on **the 9th December, 1940 :—**

AMENDMENTS.

1. The following provisos shall be inserted after sub-rule (2) of rule 5 :—

" Provided that no interest shall be credited to the accounts of a Muslim subscriber, if he informs the board in writing that he does not wish to receive the interest and that the board may utilise it on any subject of general public interest ;

Provided further that if the subscriber subsequently asks for interest, it shall be credited to his account with effect from the first day of the year in which he asks for it. "

2. After sub-clause (c) of rule 7 (1) the following new clause shall be added :—

"(d) under the proviso to sub-rule (2) of rule 5 for the purpose of utilising the interest on subject of general public interest."

3. At the end of sub-rule (3) of rule 9 the following proviso shall be inserted :—

"Provided that Muslim subscribers whose deposits in the fund carry no interest shall not be required to pay any interest".

4. After sub-rule (2) in rule 10, the following new sub-rule shall be added as sub-rule (3) :—

"(3) When a subscriber —

(a) has proceeded on leave preparatory to retirement, or

(b) while on leave, has been permitted to retire or declared by a competent authority to be unfit for further service,

the amount shown at the credited of his account in column 6 of the Provident Fund Ledger (Form P. F. I.) shall, upon application made by him in that behalf, become payable to him, subject to the provisions of Rule 4 :

Provided that the subscriber, if he returns to duty, shall if required to do so by the board, repay to the provident fund for credit to his account, the whole or part of any amount paid to him from the provident fund in pursuance of this sub-rule with interest thereon in cash or securities or partly in cash or partly in securities, by instalments or otherwise, by recovery from his salary or otherwise, as the board may direct."

5. Existing sub-rules (3) and (4) of rule 10 shall be renumbered as (4) and (5) respectively.

6. In sub-rule (4) for the words and figures "sub-rule (1) or sub-rule (2)" the words and figures "sub-rules (1), (2) or (3)" shall be substituted.

No. 4355-L. G.—Bds.-40/41975.—Whereas it appears to the Governor of the Punjab that with reference to notification No. 2568-L. G.—Bds.-40/27628, dated the 28th June, 1940, land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of **Amritsar** for a public purpose, namely, for the extension of medical dispensary at Fatehabad, it is hereby notified that the land described in the specification below is required for the said purpose.

2. This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, to all whom it may concern and, under section 7 of the said Act, the Collector of the Amritsar district is hereby authorized to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

3. A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the said Collector :—

SPECIFICATION OF LAND.

District.—Amritsar. *Mauza.*—Fatehabad.

Tahsil.—Tarn Taran. *Area in acres.*—·45.

Boundaries.—North.—Tarn Taran-Goindwal Road. *East.*—Khasra Nos. 3622 min., 3621 min., 3620 min. and 3619 min. *South.*—Khasra No. 3625 min. *West.*—Medical Dispensary and Tarn Taran-Goindwal Road.

Committees.

The 17th October, 1940.

No. 3391-C.-40/41030.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 3391-C.-40/34417, dated the 21st August, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendment to the Municipal Account Code, 1930 :—

AMENDMENT.

The heading of the last column in forms O·15 and O·17 shall be changed from "Total" to "Total of octroi" and thereafter a new column headed "Grand total" shall be added to each of these forms.

The 19th October, 1940.

No. 4047-C.-40/41453.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee, **Sadar Bazar Ambala**, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been

confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Sadar Bazar Ambala** on 2nd day of December, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. In these by-laws unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context :—

(*a*) " Committee " shall mean the Municipal Committee of Sadar Bazar Ambala.

(*b*) " Medical Officer of Health " shall have the same meaning as in section 3 (15) of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911.

(*c*) " Officer-in-charge of the fair " shall mean the officer appointed by the Committee to be in charge of the fair.

(*d*) " Sanitary Inspector " shall mean the Sanitary Inspector deputed by the Medical Officer of Health.

(*e*) " Sub-Assistant Health Officer " shall mean the Sub-Assistant Health Officer deputed by the Medical Officer of Health.

2. These by-laws shall apply to the following fairs—

(*a*) Moharram.
(*b*) Dusshera.
(*c*) Gurian.
(*d*) Phool Dole.

3. No person shall enter or leave the fair ground save by a route specified for the purpose by the officer-in-charge of the fair.

4. If the Committee has erected any barrier across a road no person shall without permission of an authorized official pass such barrier.

5. The officer-in-charge of the fair may prohibit the entrance into the fair ground of any person suffering from a loathsome, infectious or contagious disease or any person who has been in contact with any such person and may expel any person so suffering or having been in contact from the fair ground.

6. (1) Where the officer-in-charge of the fair has fixed a place or places for parking of vehicles, no person shall park any vehicle at any place in the fair ground other than the place or places so fixed.

(2) No person shall stable or keep animals at places other than those set apart for the purpose.

7. No person shall set up in the fair ground any theatre or cinema, merry-go-round or any other show for public amusement, save at places and on conditions to be fixed by the Committee.

8. No person shall set up any game of chance at any place in the fair ground.

9. The Medical Officer of Health may destroy or cause to be destroyed, or confine or cause to be confined for such period as he may direct any dog suffering, or reasonably suspected to be suffering from rabies or bitten by any dog, or any other animal suffering or suspected to be suffering from rabies.

10. No person knowing or having reasons to believe that any dog belonging to him in his charge is likely to annoy or intimidate any person or animal or has been bitten by an animal suffering, or reasonably suspected to be suffering from rabies shall neglect to restrain such dog from annoying, intimidating or biting other persons or animals. Any person who commits or abets the commitment of a breach of this by-law shall be punishable with fine which may extend to twenty rupees.

Accommodation.

11. No person attending the fair shall encamp anywhere on the fair ground except on places set apart by the Committee for the purpose.

12. No person shall use any building or site for the lodging of visitors on the fair ground except under a licence granted by the Medical Officer of Health. Every such licence shall be issued subject to the following conditions :—

(*i*) that such building or site complies with such conditions regarding ventilation, cleanliness, water supply, conservancy and drainage as the Medical Officer of Health may lay down ;

(*ii*) that such building or site shall accommodate not more than the number of persons of either sex stated in the licence ;

(*iii*) that the licence shall be liable to cancellation at any time by the Medical Officer of Health for a breach of any of these conditions.

13. The licensee of any such house shall supply to each person staying in it a cardboard ticket bearing the name of the visitor and the accommodation assigned to that individual.

14. All fires in thatched houses or *jhugis* shall be extinguished by 10 P.M.

15. Each licensee shall provide such number of buckets filled with water or sand as may be prescribed by the Medical Officer of Health for use in case of fire.

Water supply.

16. No person shall take water within the fair ground from any source other than that approved by the Medical Officer of Health who may close or direct the closure of any source of water supply public or private temporarily if the same be in his opinion polluted or otherwise unfit for use.

17. The Medical Officer of Health may at his discretion disinfect or treat any well, tank or other source of water supply.

18. No drinking booth shall be allowed on the fair ground except under a licence granted by the Medical Officer of Health.

19. No person shall sell, store, prepare or expose for sale any article of food or drink at any place in the fair ground except under a licence granted by the Medical Officer of Health and subject to the conditions specified on the licence form.

Food supply.

20. Every licence granted under by-law 19 shall be issued subject to the following conditions :—

(*i*) that any place used for the preparation, sale or exposure for sale or free supply of any article of food or drink shall be well lighted and ventilated and shall be kept clean at all times to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health ;

(*ii*) that water used in the preparation of articles of food or drink or for the washing of vessels used in such preparation shall be derived from a source approved by the Medical Officer of Health and be stored in clean and properly covered containers

(*iii*) that all vessels used in the preparation, storage or distribution of food or drink shall be kept clean ;

(*iv*) that only wholesome and unadulterated articles of food or drink shall be sold ;

(*v*) that all refuse (from whatever source) shall be deposited in suitable covered containers ;

(*vi*) that the Medical Officer of Health or any person not below the rank of a Sanitary Inspector or Sub-Assistant Health Officer authorised by him in this behalf may enter the licensed premises to inspect the same and any articles of food and drink ;

(*vii*) that the Medical Officer of Health or any officer not below the rank of a Sanitary Inspector or Sub-Assistant Health Officer specially authorised by him in this behalf may seize and destroy or otherwise dispose of any article of food or drink which in his opinion is unfit for human consumption ;

(*viii*) that no person who is suffering from any infectious, loathsome or contagious disease shall touch, or take part in the preparation or distribution of any article of food or drink ;

(*ix*) that a licensee or his agent or servant shall immediately inform the office of the Medical Officer of Health at the fair of any case of illness among the persons connected with the licensed premises ;

(*x*) that the licensed premises shall not be used for sleeping purposes ;

(*xi*) that nothing shall be stored in any licensed premises except the articles necessary for the preparation, storage and distribution of food and drink ;

(*xii*) that no dog or other animal shall be allowed in any licensed premises ;

(*xiii*) that all articles of food and drink shall be carefully protected from flies and dust ; and

(*xiv*) that the licensee shall comply with any other instructions issued by the Medical Officer of Health in this behalf.

21. The Medical Officer of Health may prohibit the import into the fair ground of any article of food or drink which he considers is likely to promote illness.

22. (1) No person shall manufacture aerated waters for sale in any premises on the fair ground except under a licence granted by the Medical Officer of Health.

(2) Every licence granted under this by-law shall be subject to the following conditions :—

(*i*) that the water used in the manufacture of aerated waters be derived from a source approved by the Medical Officer of Health and be carried in clean covered vessels and stored in a clean cistern with a tap ;

(*ii*) that empty bottles be first cleaned by scrubbing brush and clean water and then kept soaked in a solution of permanganate of potash for six hours. The permanganate solution shall be renewed as soon as it turns brown ; and

(*iii*) that all bottles shall bear a label or mark showing the name and address of the manufacturer.

NOTE.—The Medical Officer of Health will be the sole judge of whether a vessel or cistern is clean or not and in case of dispute in any matter pertaining to articles of food or drink as contained in these by-laws, the decision of the Medical Officer of Health shall be final.

Washing and Bathing.

23. (*a*) No person shall wash any clothes or animals or bathe at any place on the fair ground other than that approved by the Medical Officer of Health and specified by the Committee and no person shall use such a place which is set apart for the use of the opposite sex or at times other than those specified by the Committee.

(*b*) No infected articles or clothes which have been used by or have come in contact with a person suffering from an infectious disease shall be washed at the public washing or bathing places unless they have been previously disinfected to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health.

Conservancy and Health.

24. No person shall ease himself at any place on the fair ground other than that set apart for the purpose.

25. No person shall deposit refuse at any place on the fair ground other than that specified for the purpose.

26. The Medical Officer of Health may—

(*i*) fix places for the deposit of refuse, rubbish or other waste matter of any kind and give directions regarding the time at which and manner in which such refuse, rubbish or waste matter may be kept on any land or building or removed along any road or pathway ;

(*ii*) direct the owner or occupier of any land or building not to cause, or knowingly or negligently allow, any waste water to collect on any land or place not set apart for the purpose ;

(*iii*) arrange for the removal of filth, rubbish, manure, or other waste matter from any latrine, urinal, cesspool, or other receptacle for such matter ;

(*iv*) establish medical inspection posts in connection with the examination of travellers by rail and road and may also arrange for adequate accommodation for the isolation of cases of infectious diseases ;

(*v*) refuse entry to the fair ground to any person suspected to be suffering from any contagious disease and who refuses to allow himself to be examined at any such examination post, or gives a false answer to any question addressed to him by the medical officer or official in charge of such post and who disobeys any order of such officer or official in respect of his removal to a hospital or his detention in a place set apart for the purpose.

(*vi*) order the removal of any person suffering or suspected to be suffering from any infectious disease to a suitable hospital and order all persons who have been in contact with a case of infectious disease to be isolated for a specified period ;

(*vii*) order the cleaning and disinfection of any land, building, drain, latrine, urinal, cesspool or any bedding, or clothing or any other article which is in his opinion infected or likely to carry infection ;

(*viii*) prohibit the letting of a house or building or part of a house or building which has not been disinfected to his satisfaction ;

(*ix*) prohibit the entrance into the fair ground of persons coming from a town, village or locality which is infected with cholera, plague, smallpox or any other communicable disease unless such persons submit to appropriate preventive inoculation.

27. It shall be the duty of the owner or keeper of a lodging house, hostel or serai to inform the Medical Officer of Health immediately of any case of illness on his premises.

NOTE.—In these by-laws the term "infectious diseases", "contagious diseases" or "communicable diseases" includes—

1. Cholera.
2. Smallpox.
3. Plague.
4. Measles.
5. Chickenpox.
6. Diphtheria.
7. Tuberculosis (includes tubercle of lungs).
8. Scarlet fever.
9. Typhus fever.
10. Enteric fever
11. Erysipelas.
12. Relapsing fever.
13. Influenza.
14. Purperal fever.
15. Cerebrospinal fever (meningitis).
16. Dysentery.
17. Leprosy.
18. Mumps.
19. Whooping Cough.
20. Sprue.

28. Any licence issued under these by-laws may be cancelled by the Medical Officer of Health for a breach of any of the conditions of the licence. The decision of the Medical Officer of Health shall be final.

29. Any person who commits or abets the commitment of a breach of any of these by-laws except by-law 10 for which a penalty is prescribed separately shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with a fine which may extend to rupees fifty and if the breach is a continuing breach with a further fine which may extend to rupees five for each day after the first during which the breach continues.

No. 4058-C.-40/41459.—*Corrigendum.*—In the schedule published with Punjab Government notification No. 3504-C.-40/36602, dated the 10th September, 1940, against serial No. 90 under the column headed "Rate per maund" *for* 4-0-0" *read* "1-4-0".

No. 3682-C.-40/41470.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Jhajjar**, in the Rohtak district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Jhajjar**, on the 9th day of December, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. Permission will not be granted by the Municipal Committee to the owner or occupier of a shop for the use of municipal land in front of his shop for the fixing of his *takhtposh* or board except on the following conditions :—

(*a*) that in cases in which a *takhtposh* or a board projects, or is to be placed over a drain the Medical Officer of Health, Secretary or any other officer authorized by the Committee in this behalf has, after visiting the spot, made specific recommendations ;

(*b*) that the permission granted by the Committee under this by-law shall extend only to the owner of the shop in front of which the land is, or to his *bona fide* tenant and shall not be transferable ;

(*c*) that no person shall fix a *takhtposh* or board unless they are of such dimensions as may be prescribed by the Committee from time to time ;

(*d*) that the holder of the permission shall keep the land in front of his shop in a thoroughly clean condition ;

(*e*) that rent at the following rates shall be payable in advance for the use of land for fixing a *takhtposh* or board or for placing on it building material or articles of merchandise :—

	Scale of fees.
(1) *Takhtposh* or board for placing of articles of merchandise or other material.	Two pice per square feet per mensem.
(2) Building material ..	One anna per square yard per mensem.

Provided that, if any *takhtposh* or board is removed from the municipal land before the expiry of the period in respect of which rent has been paid in advance, the amount of rent due in respect of the unexpired period may be refunded to the payer, provided further that previous notice of the intention of the payer to remove the *takhtposh* or board shall be given to the Committee, and no refund shall be made in respect of periods less than a month.

(*f*) that the Committee may at any time by notice resume the area under such *takhtposh* or board should it be deemed expedient to do so ;

Provided that when land is so resumed, the rent already paid by the person granted permission under by-law 1 shall be refunded to such person for the unexpired period of the permit granted ; provided further that period less than a month shall be ignored.

2. Applications for the grant of permission under section 173 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, shall be made to the Secretary, who shall obtain the orders of the Committee thereon ; and if the Committee grants permission in any case, the Secretary shall issue orders accordingly ; if permission is not granted, the Secretary shall communicate the orders of the applicants concerned.

3. If the Committee is satisfied that any person to whom written permission has been accorded under subsection (1) of section 173 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, has failed to comply with any of the conditions imposed under by-law 1, the Committee may cancel the permission so accorded and no claim by such person to a refund of any rent already paid in consideration for such permission shall be entertained.

4. Whoever commits a breach of the foregoing by-laws shall, in addition to such cancellation of permission to which he may have rendered himself liable under by-law 3, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and if the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

No. 4112-C.-40/41489.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Kaithal**, in the Karnal district in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188, 197 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Kaithal** on the 2nd day of December, 1940, from which date the by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 739, dated the 14th November, 1910, shall be deemed to have been cancelled :—

BY-LAWS.

1. In these by-laws the word " meat " means the flesh of cattle (including buffaloes), swine, sheep, goats, fish, game, or fowls intended for human or animal consumption) but shall not include cooked, salted or preserved meat.

2. No person shall sell, prepare meat or expose meat for sale except in premises licensed for the purpose by a licence issued by the Medical Officer of Health in this behalf in form " A " :

Provided that a person holding a licence may also be permitted to deliver meat at the residence of his customer.

Note.—(1) Markets maintained by the Municipality shall be considered to have been licensed under these by-laws.

(2) No person may be granted a licence to sell beef or prepare beef for sale unless he has obtained the previous permission of the District Magistrate.

3. For a licence issued under by-law 2 a fee of two rupees per annum or, if the licence is taken out for any period less than a year, a fee at the rate of eight annas for a month or portion thereof shall be paid. No licence shall be valid be yond the 31st day of March next following the date of issue.

4. Any person who commits a breach or an abetment of a breach of any of these by-laws shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees and when the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

5. Any licensee who commits a breach of any of the conditions of his licence shall be liable to have his licence suspended or revoked by the Medical Officer of Health.

Form A.

Licences for premises for the sale or preparation or exposure for sale of meat issued under by-law 2 of the by-laws published with Punjab Government Notification No. 4112-C.-40/41489, dated the 19th October, 1940.

The premises, of which a description is given below, are hereby licensed for the sale or preparation or exposure for sale of meat.

Description.

Situation ;

(Name of street or ward, etc.).

Boundaries :—

North ;

East ;

South ;

West ;

The licence is granted to ______________ son of ______________

owner
——— of the said premises subject to the following conditions ;—
occupier

Conditions.

1. The licensed premises shall be kept structurally fit for the purpose for which the licence is granted

Explanation.—Structural fitness shall be deemed to include —

(*a*) the existence of a floor made of bricks, stone, cement or other impervious material ;

(*b*) possession of walls, properly plastered and limewashed ;

(*c*) adequate provision of light and ventilation ;

(*d*) suitable drains and the floor so sloped as to allow all liquid to flow off by the drain.

2. (*a*) There shall be no such latrine, cess-pool, cow-shed, stable, or other place within one hundred feet of the premises which in the opinion of the Medical Officer of Health renders it undesirable that such premises shall be used for the sale or preparation for sale of meat.

(*b*) Suitable arrangements shall be made for screening the meat from the view of the public.

3. Every place licensed for the sale or preperation for sale of meat shall be fitted with a table of which the top shall be covered with a zinc sheet or slab of marble, slate or stone for cutting meat, and also with metal scales and weights shall at all reasonable times without notice, be open to inspection by the Medical Officer of Health or such Food Inspector or Sanitary Inspector of the Committee as may be deputed by the Committee for the purpose.

4. Every place licensed for the sale and preparation or exposure for sale of meat and all implements, cables receptacles, vessels or other things used therein shall at all times be kept in a clean and wholesome condition and protected from dust and every place shall at all times be provided with a sufficient supply of water for cleaning the same.

5. All meat shall at all times be kept in a wire-gauze receptacle as a protection against flies.

6. The licensee shall provide a receptacle for the collection of all sorts of refuse and shall not throw or allow to be thrown any waste anywhere, except in the said receptacle which shall be cleaned and washed twice daily.

7. The licensee shall not permit any meat to be wrapped in dirty or soiled paper, cloth or leaves or to be transported except in a clean fly-proof receptacle.

8. (*a*) No person suffering from any contagious or infectious disease or from loathsome sores or who has recently been attending on any person so suffering and no animal or bird suffering from any contagious or infectious disease or from loathsome sores, shall be permitted to enter into or remain in the premises licensed for the sale or preparation or exposure for sale of meat.

(*b*) If required by the Medical Officer of Health the licensee shall permit any person employed for the sale or preparation or exposure for sale of meat to be tested for the purpose of ascertaining whether he is a carrier of any infectious disease.

Note.—Such tests shall be made at municipal expense.

9. (*a*) The walls of the licensed premises shall be properly lime-washed at least twice a year and more often if so required by the Medical Officer of Health.

(*b*) No room or any portion of the licensed premises shall be used as a living room or sleeping room or for any other trade or occupation.

10. The licensee shall not spit or smoke or suffer any other person to spit or smoke within the licensed premises.

11. The licensee shall comply promptly with all notices issued by the Medical Officer of Health in respect of sanitation.

Signature of licensee.

Signature of Medical Officer of Health.

Dated Fee Paid ______________

The 21st October, 1940.

No. 4031-C.-40/41493.—*Corrigendum.*—In the second line of by-law 2 (*ii*) of the by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 2277-C.-40/24871, dated the 5th June, 1940, between the words "of" and "the" insert the word "double".

The 22nd October, 1940.

No. 4230-L. G.—Bds.-40/41777.—In pursuance of the provisions of clause (*c*) of subsection (2) of section 70 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to confirm resolution No. 4 passed at a special meeting of the Municipal Committee of **Murree** held on the 29th June, 1940, exempting from house and water taxes, the following buildings so long as they are used for the purpose they at present serve :—

(1) Rest-house, 438.

(2) Rest-house, 438/1.

2. Entries Nos. 5 and 6 existing in Punjab Government notification No. 268-L. S.-G.-36/25872, dated the 26th August, 1936, shall be deemed to be cancelled from the date of this notification.

No. 3592-C.-40/41922.—*Corrigendum.*—In Punjab Government notification No. 1741-C.-40/22965, dated the 17th May, 1940, for by-laws "22, 23 and 24" *read* the following :—

"22. No person shall construct any staircase of a width of less than 2 feet or with steps having a rise of more than 9 inches or a breadth of less than 10 inches measured from the verticle face of the rise.

23. Every building intended to be used as a dwelling shall be so constructed that the whole or at least one side of every room thereof shall either be an external wall or abut on the interior open space. The interior open space must have an area equal to not less than 1/10th of the aggregate floor area of all the rooms abutting thereon and shall not be in any direction less than 4 feet across, and the open space left under this by-law shall not be erected upon and shall be open to the sky.

24. Every room intended to be inhabited shall have a clear superficial area of not less than 56 square feet."

No. 3981-C.-40/41924.—The following amendment made by the Municipal Committee of **Gojra**, in the Lyallpur district, to its by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 3285-C.-37/33695, dated the 28th September, 1937, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Gojra** on the 2nd day of December, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

In by-law 5 the words " and the fees recovered thereof " shall be deleted.

No. 4072-C.-40/41972.—The following by-laws, made by the Municipal Committee of **Kalka**, in the Ambala district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Kalka**, on the 2nd day of December, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. No person shall keep for hire or cause to ply for hire within the limits of the Municipality any cart drawn or propelled by one or more men or animals except under a licence granted in this behalf by the Municipal Committee.

2. (*a*) A licence to keep for hire, or cause to ply for hire, any such cart shall be issued by the Secretary of the Committee on the application of the proprietor of any such cart on payment of the fees specified in by-law 3 and shall be granted by the Committee on the conditions detailed in by-law 4 :

Provided that the Secretary shall issue no licence in respect of any such cart unless and until the cart and the animal or animals, if any, which are to draw it have been inspected and approved by the Licensed Vehicles Sub-Committee.

(*b*) At the time of issue of licence the Secretary shall also give to the proprietor of the cart a number-plate to be affixed to the cart.

3. A fee of Rs. 4 per annum or annas six per mensem shall be paid for a licence issued for a cart drawn by two or more animals.

4. Every licence issued under by-law 2 shall be granted subject to the following conditions :—

(*a*) that the cart in respect of which a licence is granted shall be kept at all times in good repair and animal or animals employed to draw it shall be maintained in good condition and free from sores ;

(*b*) that the person in charge of the cart shall not, except for reasonable cause, refuse to let the cart for hire ;

(*c*) that the person in charge of the cart and his assistants, if any, shall help in loading and unloading the cart, if required by the hirer to do so ;

(*d*) that the person in charge of the cart shall not ply for hire when in a state of drunkenness and shall not sleep or make use of insulting, abusive or obcene language or gestures when plying for hire, and shall not stand or loiter with the cart upon any public street or place elsewhere than at any place which may be appointed by the Municipal Committee as a stand for licensed carts, and shall not refuse to give way to any carriage when reasonably required to do so ;

(e) that the person in charge of the cart shall conduct his cart on the extreme left of the road in a line with and in rear of any other cart or carts in front which is or are proceeding in the same direction and shall not in any way make attempt forcibly to pass any cart immediately in front of his cart ;

(f) that when loading or unloading a cart in a street, the person in charge of the cart shall keep it parellel with and immediately at the edge of the street ;

(g) that when plying by night the cart shall have attached to it a lantern in such a position as to be conspicuous from in front and from behind ;

(h) that the licensee shall not employ any person of less than 18 years of age to drive or be in charge of the cart ;

(i) that the cart shall not be loaded with a load in excess of the maximum load prescribed in bylaw 6 ;

(j) that for a breach of any of these conditions the licence may be suspended or cancelled by order in writing to be signed by the President and at least one other member of the Committee.

5. Every person in charge of a licensed cart shall, at all times when plying for hire, have with him the licence for the cart and shall, if required to do so, exhibit such licence to the hirer, and shall when called upon to do so, by any magistrate, member of the Committee, or officer of the Committee authorized in this behalf, stop his cart and exhibit the licence to such magistrate, member or officer, and state his name and residence and the name of the proprietor of the cart.

6. (a) The maximum load to be carried by a cart drawn by two or more animals plying for hire shall be thirty maunds.

(b) No person shall load or cause or permit to be loaded any cart with a load in excess of the maximum load prescribed for such cart in clause (a) of this by-law.

7. (a) In every case when a licensed cart is transferred to another person during the currency of the licence, the transfer shall be reported to the Secretary of the Committee and on payment of a fee of annas four the name of the transferee shall be substituted for the name of the original licensee in the licence.

(b) The original licensee shall, until such transfer is reported, and such name is substituted in the licence, be held liable, as proprietor of the cart, for compliance with these by-laws.

8. Any person who commits a breach of any of these by-laws and every licensee who commits a breach of the conditions of his licence shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and if the breach is a continuing breach with further fine, which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first breach during which such breach continues.

No. 3957-C.-40/41978.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Simla**, under sections 188, 198 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, in supersession of Part XXIV of the by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 104, dated the 15th February, 1897, as amended by the Punjab Government notifications Nos. 139 and 84, dated the 30th March, 1899 and the 31st January, 1906, respectively, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Simla**, on the 2nd day of December, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. For the purpose of these by-laws a job porter shall be deemed to be a person working by the job or for a period not exceeding 24 hours at a time.

2. Every job porter shall take out a licence from the committee and no person shall work or ply for hire as a job porter without having taken out such licence for which no charge will be made.

Provided that the provisions of this by-law shall not apply to any job porter who is hired outside the Municipality and performs a portion of the work imposed by such hiring within municipal limits, if the period of performance of work in the Municipality does not exceed twenty-four hours.

3. Such licences shall be issued by the Secretary or such other person as the committee appoints in this behalf.

4. The year during which the licence shall extend shall commence on the sixteenth day of March of each year, and every licence granted on any date within

that year shall, subject to the provisions hereinafter contained, remain in force until for the period specified thereon.

5. Every licence granted by the committee shall be in form "A" appended to these by-laws.

6. Every licence shall bear the date on which the same is granted and shall be revocable upon a second conviction for the breach of any of these by-laws.

7. The officer authorised to issue licences shall, at the time of issuing the licence to any job porter, deliver to him a metal badge, upon which shall be marked or engraved a number corresponding with the number of such licence. A charge of four annas will be made for this badge.

8. Every job porter to whom such badge is delivered shall at all times, while waiting for hire, or during the performance of his duties as such job porter, or while attending before any magistrate, carry such badge exposed to view.

9. (1) In the absence of any special contract to the contrary the following shall be the rates of hire (or as may be amended by the municipal committee from time to time) and no higher or lower rates shall be charged than those contained in the schedule hereunder :—

	Rate per cooli for conveyance of packages below 25 seers.	*Rate per maund for conveyance of packages of 25 seers and above.*
From Simla Centre (Town Hall) to places in No. 1 Ward comprising Summer Hill, Chaura Maidan and Kaithu.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
1. From the Town Hall to the undermentioned places—		
To Army Head Quarters Offices ..	0 1 6	0 2 0
„ Annandale	0 2 0	0 4 0
„ Boileauganj Bazar	0 4 0	0 5 6
„ Railway Goods Station ..	0 2 0	0 2 9
„ Chadwick	0 4 9	0 6 0
„ Chaura Maidan	0 2 6	0 3 9
„ Comely Bank	0 2 0	0 2 9
„ Dhar Village	0 4 0	0 4 9
„ Foreign Office	0 2 9	0 3 6
„ Grand Hotel	0 0 9	0 1 6
„ Hazelmere	0 4 0	0 5 6
„ Huges Dell	0 2 9	0 4 0
„ The Manor House	0 4 0	0 5 6
„ Merlin Park	0 2 9	0 3 6
„ Government High School ..	0 2 0	0 2 9
„ Civil Secretariat (Gorton Castle) ..	0 2 0	0 3 6
„ Prospect Hill (top)	0 4 9	0 5 6
„ Simla Railway Station ..	0 2 0	0 2 9
„ Summer Hill Railway Station ..	0 3 9	0 5 0
„ Tawi	0 4 9	0 6 0
„ Viceregal Lodge	0 3 6	0 4 9
„ Viceregal Lodge Gate	0 2 9	0 4 0
„ Waterfalls below Dhar	0 5 6	0 6 9
„ Viceroy's Band Bungalow	0 3 6	0 4 9
From Simla Centre (Town Hall) to places in No. II Ward comprising the main Bazar, etc.		
II. From the Town Hall to the undermentioned places—		
To Combermere Bridge	0 0 9	0 1 6
„ Edwards Gunj	0 0 9	0 1 6
„ Civil Veterinary Hospital	0 1 6	0 2 0
„ Katcheri	0 0 9	0 1 6
„ Market	0 0 9	0 1 6
„ Post Office	0 0 9	0 1 6
„ Ripon Hospital	0 1 6	0 2 0

	Rate per cooli for conveyance of packages below 25 seers.			Rate per maud for conveyance of packages of 25 seers and above.		
From Simla Centre (Town Hall) to places in No. III Ward comprising Elysium, Kaithu and Lakkar Bazar.						
III. From the Town Hall to the undermentioned places—	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
To Bank Buildings	0	1	6	0	2	0
„ Blessington	0	0	9	0	1	6
„ Chapslee	0	1	0	0	1	9
„ Dhoni Dhar Octroi Post	0	2	6	0	3	0
„ Elysium Hotel	0	1	0	0	1	9
„ Harvington	0	2	0	0	2	9
„ The Jail	0	1	9	0	2	6
„ Kaithu Bazar	0	1	9	0	2	6
„ Kelston	0	2	9	0	3	6
„ Longwood	0	1	6	0	2	6
„ Lakkar Bazar	0	0	9	0	1	6
„ The Mythe	0	1	9	0	2	6
„ Petersfield	0	3	0	0	4	0
„ Sanjauli	0	2	9	0	3	6
„ Shankli Village	0	1	6	0	2	0
„ Snow View	0	2	0	0	2	9
„ Snowdon	0	1	6	0	2	0
„ Stirling Castle	0	2	0	0	3	9
„ Walker Hospital	0	1	9	0	2	6
To places in No. IV Ward comprising Jakko, Chota Simla, Jesus and Mary Convent and Kasumpti.						
IV. From the Town Hall to the undermentioned places—						
To Barnes Court	0	2	0	0	2	0
„ B. C. School	0	2	9	0	4	0
„ Bohemia	0	2	9	0	3	6
„ Bonnie Moon	0	2	0	0	2	9
„ Central Hotel	0	1	6	0	2	0
„ Cemetery	0	2	0	0	2	9
„ Chota Simla Bazar	0	2	0	0	2	9
„ Convent of Jesus and Mary *via* Long View.	0	2	9	0	4	0
„ „ „ „ Sanjauli	0	3	9	0	4	6
„ „ „ „ Chota Simla	0	4	6	0	5	0
„ Corstorphan's Hotel	0	1	6	0	2	0
„ Earlsfield	0	3	9	0	4	6
„ Fakir's Temple, Jakko	0	3	6	0	4	0
„ Hawbuck Grange	0	2	0	0	2	6
„ Holly Lodge	0	2	0	0	3	9
„ Clarke's Hotel	0	1	6	0	2	0
„ Lowrie's Hotel	0	0	9	0	1	6
„ Milsington	0	1	9	0	2	6
„ Dyerton	0	2	0	0	2	6
„ Oakover	0	1	9	0	2	6
„ Kiar	0	2	9	0	4	0
„ Rothney Castle	0	2	0	0	2	9
„ Townsend	0	2	9	0	2	9
„ United Service Club	0	1	6	0	2	0
„ Violet Hill	0	2	9	0	3	6
„ Long View	0	2	0	0	3	6
From Simla Passenger Station to places in No. I Ward comprising Summer Hill, Chaura Maidan and Kaithu.						
I. From Simla Passenger Station—						
To Army Head Quarters Offices	0	2	9	0	2	9
„ Annandale	0	3	6	0	4	9

	Rate per cooli for conveya·ce of packages below 25 seers.	*Rate per maund for conveya·ce of packages of 25 seers and above.*
***From Simla Passenger Station to places in No. I Ward comprising Summer Hill, Chaura Maidan and Kaithu*—concld.**		
I. From Simla Passenger Station—	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
To Boileaugunj Bazar	0 3 6	0 4 9
" Railway Goods Station ..	0 0 9	0 1 6
" Chadwick ..	0 4 0	0 5 6
" Chaura Maidan ..	0 1 6	0 2 0
" Comely Bank ..	0 2 0	0 2 9
" Dhar Village ..	0 2 6	0 2 9
" Foreign Office ..	0 2 0	0 2 9
" Grand Hotel ..	0 2 6	0 3 0
" Hazelmere ..	0 3 6	0 4 9
" Hughes Dell ..	0 1 0	0 1 9
" The Manor House	0 3 9	0 5 0
" Merlin Park ..	0 2 0	0 2 9
" Government High School ..	0 2 0	0 2 9
" Civil Secretariat (Gorton Castle) ..	0 1 6	0 2 0
" Prospect Hill (top) ..	0 4 0	0 4 9
" Summer Hill Railway Station ..	0 3 6	0 4 9
" Tawi	0 4 0	0 5 6
" Viceregal Lodge ..	0 2 9	0 4 0
" Viceregal Lodge Gate	0 2 0	0 3 6
" Waterfalls below Dhar ..	0 3 6	0 4 0
" Viceroy's Band Bungalow ..	0 2 9	0 4 0
To places in No. II Ward comprising the Main Bazar, etc.		
II. From Simla Passenger Station—		
To Combermere Bridge ..	0 2 0	0 3 6
" Edwards Gunj ..	0 2 0	0 2 9
" Civil Veterinary Hospital ..	0 2 0	0 2 9
" Katcheri ..	0 1 6	0 2 0
" Market ..	0 2 0	0 2 6
" Post Office ..	0 2 0	0 2 9
" Ripon Hospital ..	0 1 6	0 2 6
" Town Hall ..	0 2 0	0 2 9
To places in No. III Ward comprising Elysium, Kaithu and Lakkar Bazar.		
III. From Simla Passenger Station—		
To Bank Buildings	0 1 6	0 2 0
" Blessington	0 2 0	0 2 9
" Chapslee	0 2 9	0 4 0
" Dhoni Dhar Octroi Post	0 2 6	0 3 0
" Elysium Hotel	0 2 9	0 4 0
" Harvington	0 3 6	0 4 9
" The Jail	0 1 9	0 2 6
" Kaithu Bazar	0 1 9	0 2 6
" Kelston	0 3 6	0 4 9
" Lakkar Bazar	0 2 6	0 4 0
" Longwood	0 3 6	0 4 0
" The Mythe	0 1 9	0 2 6
" Petersfield	0 4 0	0 5 6
" Sanjauli	0 4 6	0 6 0
" Shankli Village	0 3 0	0 4 0
" Snow View	0 2 0	0 3 6
" Snowdon	0 3 6	0 4 0
" Stirling Castle	0 3 6	0 4 9
" Walker Hospital	0 4 0	0 5 6
To places in No. IV Ward comprising Jakko, Chota Simla, Convent of Jesus and Mary and Kasumpti.		
IV.—From Simla Passenger Station—		
To Barnes Court	0 3 9	0 4 0
" B C. School	0 5 6	0 6 9
" Bohemia	0 4 9	0 6 0
" Bonnie Moon	0 3 6	0 4 9
" Cemetery	0 4 9	0 5 6

To places in No IV Ward comprising Jakko, Chota Simla, Convent of Jesus and Mary and Kasumpti—concld.	*Rate per cooli for conveyance of packages below 25 seers.* Rs. A. P.	*Rate per maund for conveyance o packages of 25 seers and above.* Rs. A. P.
IV.—From Simla Passenger Station—		
To Central Hotel	0 2 9	0 4 0
" Chota Simla Bazar	0 4 0	0 5 6
" Convent of Jesus & Mary *via* Long View	0 5 6	0 6 9
" " " " Sanjauli..	0 5 6	0 6 9
" " " " Chota Simla.	0 5 6	0 6 0
" Corstorphan's Hotel	2 9	0 4 0
" Earlsfield	0 4 9	0 5 6
" Fakir's Temple, Jakko	0 4 9	0 5 6
" Howbuck Grange	0 4 9	0 5 6
" Holly Lodge	0 2 9	0 4 0
" Clarke's Hotel	0 2 9	0 4 0
" Long View	0 3 9	0 4 9
" Lowrie's Hotel	0 2 0	0 2 9
" Milsington	0 3 6	0 4 6
" Dyerton	0 5 6	0 6 9
" Oakover	0 3 6	0 4 6
" Kiar	0 5 6	0 6 9
" Rothney Castle	0 2 9	0 4 0
" Townsend	0 2 9	0 4 6
" United Service Club	0 2 9	0 4 0
" Violet Hill	0 4 0	0 5 6
From Summer Hill Railway Station to places in No. I Ward comprising Summer Hill, Chaura Maidan and Kaithu.		
I. From Summer Hill Railway Station—		
To A. H. Qrs. Offices	0 3 9	0 5 0
" Annandale	0 4 9	0 6 0
" Boileaugunj Bazar	0 1 6	0 2 9
" Railway Goods Station	0 3 6	0 5 0
" Chadwick	0 1 6	0 2 0
" Chaura Maidan	0 2 9	0 4 0
" Comely Bank	0 3 6	0 4 9
" Dhar Village	0 4 0	0 5 6
" Foreign Office	0 3 0	0 4 6
" Grand Hotel	0 4 0	0 5 6
" Hazelmere	0 1 0	0 2 0
" Hughes Dell	0 4 0	0 5 6
" The Manor House	0 0 9	0 1 6
" Merlin Park	0 3 0	0 4 6
" Government High School ..	0 4 9	0 6 0
" Civil Secretariat (Gorton Castle) ..	0 3 6	0 4 6
" Prospect Hill (top)	0 2 0	0 3 6
" Simla Passenger Station	0 3 6	0 4 9
" Tawi	0 2 0	0 3 6
" Viceregal Lodge	0 2 0	0 3 6
" Viceregal Lodge Gate	0 1 6	0 2 9
" Waterfalls below Dhar	0 5 6	0 8 0
" Viceregal Band Bungalow ..	0 4 0	0 4 0
To places in No. II Ward comprising the Main Bazar, etc.		
II. From Summer Hill Railway Station—		
To Combermere Bridge	0 4 0	0 5 6
" Edwards Gunj	0 3 6	0 4 9
" Civil Veterinary Hospital	0 4 0	0 5 6
" Katcheri	0 2 9	0 3 6
" Market	0 3 9	0 5 0
" Post Office	0 3 6	0 4 9
" Ripon Hospital	0 3 6	0 4 9
" Town Hall	0 3 9	0 5 0

	Rate per cooli for conveyance of packages below 25 seers. Rs. A. P.	Rate per maund for conveyance of packages of 25 seers and above. Rs. A. P.
To places in No. III Ward comprising Elysium, Kaithu and Lakkar Bazar.		
III. From Summer Hill Railway Station—		
To Bank Buildings	0 3 6	0 4 0
,, Blessington	0 3 6	0 4 9
,, Chapslee	0 4 0	0 5 6
,, Dhoni Dhar Octroi Post	0 4 9	0 6 0
,, Elysium Hotel	0 4 0	0 5 6
,, Harvington	0 4 9	0 6 0
,, The Jail	0 4 6	0 5 0
,, Kaithu Bazar	0 4 0	0 4 9
,, Kelston	0 5 6	0 6 9
,, Longwood Hotel	0 4 6	0 5 9
,, Lakkar Bazar	0 3 9	0 5 0
,, The Mythe	0 4 0	0 4 9
,, Petersfield	0 5 9	0 7 3
,, Sanjauli	0 0 9	0 6 0
,, Sankli Village	0 4 6	0 5 9
,, Snowdon	0 4 0	0 5 6
,, Snow View	0 4 0	0 4 9
,, Stirling Castle	0 4 9	0 6 0
,, Walker Hospital	0 4 6	0 5 9
To places in No. IV Ward comprising Jakko, Chota Simla, Jesus and Mary Convent and Kasumpti.		
IV. From Summer Hill Railway Station—		
To Barnes Court	0 5 6	0 6 9
,, B. C. School	0 6 9	0 8 0
,, Bohemia	0 6 3	0 7 9
,, Bonnie Moon	0 4 9	0 6 0
,, Cemetery	0 5 6	0 6 9
,, Central Hotel	0 4 9	0 6 0
,, Chota Simla Bazar	0 5 6	0 6 9
,, Convent of Jesus & Mary *via* Long View	0 6 3	0 7 9
,, ,, ,, ,, ,, Sanjauli ..	0 6 3	0 7 9
,, ,, ,, ,, ,, Chota Simla	0 7 0	0 8 3
,, Corstorphan's Hotel	0 4 0	0 5 6
,, Earlsfield	0 6 3	0 7 9
,, Fakir's Temple (Jakko)	0 5 9	0 7 0
,, Hawbuck Grange	0 5 6	0 6 9
,, Holly Lodge	0 4 9	0 6 0
,, Clarke's Hotel	0 4 9	0 6 0
,, Long View	0 5 0	0 6 3
,, Lowrie's Hotel	0 3 6	0 4 9
,, Milsington	0 5 0	0 6 3
,, Dyerton	0 5 6	0 6 9
,, Oakover	0 5 0	0 6 3
,, Kiar	0 6 9	0 8 0
,, Rothney Castle	0 4 6	0 5 9
,, Townsend	0 4 9	0 6 0
,, United Service Club	0 4 9	0 6 0
,, Violet Hill	0 5 6	0 6 9

Explanation.—(1) These rates apply to packages not exceeding five maunds in weight. Conveyance for packages exceeding this weight should be arranged for by private contract. Packages weighing between 25 seers and one maund shall be considered as a whole maund.

(2) The rates from the Town Hall, Simla Passenger Station, and Summer Hill Railway Station, as the case may be, to places mentioned in the by-law shall also apply to places in the neighbourhood of the latter, but the rate for a man despatched from the starting place to a place in its neighbourhood should be arranged for by private contract.

9. (2) Job porters engaged by time shall be by special contract.

NOTE.—A table of the rates of hire, legibly written or printed in English, Hindi and Urdu, shall be affixed in some conspicuous place within the limits of the Municipality, and a copy of the same, or such portion thereof as may be deemed sufficient shall be given to every job porter at the time of registration.

10. No job porter shall carry at any time a load exceeding 20 seers in weight unless he has been certified as physically fit by the Licensing Authority and the fact of his physical fitness is recorded in his licence. The maximum load a job porter certified to be physically fit may carry at any time shall not exceed 1½ maunds in weight.

11. Every licensed job porter shall be entitled to receive payment for his hiring, in accordance with the rates specified in by-law 9:

Provided that nothing contained in these by-laws shall prevent any such job porter from being bound by any contract into which he may enter to receive payment at a rate lower than that fixed by such order.

12. No job porter shall, without reasonable excuse, refuse to accept hire at the rate fixed for such hiring;

or shall desert from his hiring before being discharged therefrom;

or demand more than the proper rate fixed for such hiring;

or be drunk or make use of insulting or abusive language during the period of, or while waiting for, such hiring;

or wrongfully prevent, or endeavour to prevent, any other porter from being hired;

or fail to produce his licence and table of rates, when required to do so.

13. No person shall work as a job porter without being duly registered and licensed, and no job porter, having a licence in force, shall transfer or lend the same or allow the same to be used by any other person.

14. Whenever the writing on any badge is obliterated or defaced, so as to make it not distinctly legible, the job porter holding the badge shall deliver such badge to the licensing officer or, when it is proved to the satisfaction of the aforesaid officer that a badge has been lost or mislaid by a job porter, the porter shall produce his licence to the licensing officer, and shall then be entitled to receive a new badge upon payment of an amount not exceeding four annas.

15. Upon the expiration, or otherwise sooner termination, of any licence granted to a job porter under these by-laws, such job porter shall deliver up such licence and the badge relating thereto (the cost of which shall be refunded) to the Secretary, and no such job porter after such expiration or termination, as aforesaid, shall wear his badge as hereinbefore provided, or shall wilfully neglect for one week to deliver the same to the said officer, and no job porter shall use or wear or detain any badge, which shall have ceased to be in force or other than such as shall have been delivered to him under the provisions of this Act.

16. Every job porter who shall be in possession of any lost or unclaimed property shall within twenty-four hours carry such property, if not sooner claimed by the owner thereof, to the nearest police station, and shall there deposit it with the sub-inspector or other police officer on duty.

17. Whenever any porter shall be summoned to appear before any magistrate to answer any charge preferred against him under these by-laws he shall carry with him his licence and produce the same, if required so to do and no porter shall on such requisition fail, without reasonable cause, to produce such licence.

18. Any person who commits a breach of by-laws, 2, 8, 10, 12 to 17 shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and if the breach is a continuing breach with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

Form A.

SIMLA MUNICIPALITY.

Book No.
No.

Dated the , 194 .

_______________ is authorised to work as a job porter (rickshaw coolie) within the Municipality from the ________ day of ________ 194 to the ________ day of ________ 194 .

Description of Licensee.

Name.	Father's name.	Caste.	Trade.	Address.	REMARKS.

Secretary. **Signature of Licensing Officer.**

No. 4046-C.-40/41980.—The following amendment made by the Municipal Committee of **Murree**, in the Rawalpindi district, to part 'A' of its Motor Vehicles by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 3565-C.-37/38158, dated 6th November, 1937, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Murree** on the 2nd day of December, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

In by-law 6 *for* the word "seven" *substitute* the word "fifteen".

The 23rd October, 1940.

No. 4086-C.-40/42102.—In exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (2) of section 1 of the Punjab Municipal (Executive Officer) Act, 1931, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to extend the provisions of the said Act to the municipality of **Hoshiarpur.**

No. 4026-C.-40/42131.—Clause (1) of rule II in Chapter II of the rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 2712, dated the 19th October, 1867, together with Schedule A referred to there in regarding sale of building sites at **Murree**, is hereby cancelled.

No. 4587-L.G.-Bds.-40/42167.—In exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (1) of section 71 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to exempt in part the undermentioned classes of property from the payment of the tax, the imposition of which was notified in Punjab Government notification No. 635-L.G.-Bds.-39/5085, dated the 8th February, 1939 :—

(1) All buildings and lands not situated within the area formerly comprised within the Lahore city walls or within the area the boundaries of which are described in the schedule below will be exempt from payment of one-fourth of the tax : Provided that during the calendar years 1939, 1940 and 1941 they shall be exempted from five-eighths of the tax.

(2) All lands and buildings situated within the area the boundaries of which are described in the schedule below will be exempt from one-half of the tax during the calendar years 1939, 1940 and 1941 :—

SCHEDULE.

North-east.—The North-Western Railway line and Railway Station buildings from the Chhota Ravi bridge to the Railway Station Entrance Road. Thence along Mayo Road to the Railway boundary of Garhi Shahu. Thence encircling and including Garhi Shahu but excluding the Railway land and back to Mayo Road. Thence along Mayo Road to the north-east corner of Mayo Gardens.

South.—Thence along the northern and western boundaries of Mayo Gardens, but excluding them, to Sundar Dass Road. Thence along Sundar Dass Road to the junction with Davies Road. Thence along Davies Road to The Mall. Thence along The Mall to the Victoria Gate of the Lawrence Gardens. Thence along the boundary of the Lawrence Gardens (but excluding them) to the junction of Queen's and Lawrence Roads. Thence along Queen's Road to the junction with Mozang Road, Thence along Mozang Road to the junction with Begum Road. Thence along Begum Road to the junction with Lytton Road. Thence along Lytton Road to the junction with Cust Road. Thence along Cust Road to the junction with Multan Road. Thence along Multan Road to the junction with Sandah Road and thence along Sandah Road to the junction with Nasir-ud-Din Road.

West.—Along Nasir-ud-Din Road from the junction with Sandah Road to Vedic Ashram Road and thence along Vedic Ashram Road to the junction with Gopal Mandir Road. Thence along Gopal Mandir Road to the junction with Hotu Singh Road. Thence along Hotu Singh Road to the junction with Vishnoo Gali and thence along Vishnoo Gali to Rishi Nagar Street and thence along Rishi Nagar Street to the junction with Outfall Road (including Rishi Nagar). Thence along Outfall Road to the junction with Zaildaran Road. Thence along Zaildaran Road to the junction with Ganjian Road and thence along Ganjian Road (excluding the village of Ganjian) to the Chhota Ravi (including its *khal*) and thence along the Chhota Ravi to the North-Western Railway line.

No. 4587-L. G.-Bds.-40/42168.—In exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (1) of section 71 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911 the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to exempt for the period 1s

July, 1939, to 31st December, 1939, all classes of property within the limits of the **Lahore Municipality** from payment of tax the imposition of which was notified in Punjab Government notification No. 635-L. G.-Bds.-39/5085, dated the 8th February, 1939.

No. 4587-L. G.-Bds.-40/42169.—In exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (1) of section 71 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to exempt, until further orders, the undermentioned property from the payment of the tax, the imposition of which was notified in Punjab Government notification No. 635-L. G.-Bds.-39/5085, dated the 8th February, 1939:—

All lands assessed to land revenue and used solely for agricultural purposes.

No. 4587-L. G.-Bds.-40/42170.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*b*) of subsection (2) of section 70 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to confirm the order passed by the Administrator, **Lahore Municipality**, on the 2nd October, 1940, exempting in part the undermentioned persons from the payment of the tax, the imposition of which was notified in Punjab Government notification No. 635-L. G.-Bds.-39/5085, dated the 8th February, 1939:—

All persons paying in full the nett amount demanded in any bill of demand, within fifteen days from the date of the issue of the bill shall be entitled to a rebate of twenty per cent of the gross amount demanded, as shown in the bill.

No. 3973-C.-40/42185.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Kasur**, in the Lahore district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Kasur**, on the 2nd day of December, 1940:—

BY-LAWS.

1. (*i*) "Slaughter-house" means the slaughter-house owned and managed by the Municipal Committee.

(*ii*) "Superintendent" means the officer in charge of the slaughter-house.

2. (*i*) The slaughter-house will be open for the slaughter of animals during such hours as the Committee may, from time to time, direct.

(*ii*) No animal shall be slaughtered at any other time, provided that, in special circumstances and on the realization of the usual fee, the Superintendent may allow the slaughter of any animal at any other time. In all such cases the previous written permission of the Superintendent shall be obtained.

3. The Committee shall fix at a conspicuous place in the slaughter-house, a notice showing—

(*i*) the hours of the working of the slaughter-house;

(*ii*) the fees payable; and

(*iii*) any other directions that the Committee or the Superintendent may see fit to issue.

4. Every animal for slaughter shall, on being brought to the slaughter-house, be presented for inspection to the Superintendent who, before passing any animal for slaughter, shall satisfy himself that—

(*i*) it is more than three months old;

(*ii*) its flesh will be fit for use as human food;

(*iii*) it is not pregnant or with unweaned young;

(*iv*) it is not diseased or in a dying condition:

(*v*) in the case of milch buffaloes or cows they are dry;

provided that an animal which has met with an accident and is otherwise healthy may be passed for slaughter.

5. The Superintendent shall maintain a register in which he shall enter a brief description of each animal approved for slaughter, and the fees recovered therefor.

6. Fees for the slaughter of each animal shall be levied at the following rates :—

Animal.	*Fee per head.* Rs. A. P.
Goat	0 1 6
Sheep	0 1 6
Other animals such as cow and buffalo, etc. ..	0 14 0

7. (1) No person shall knowingly bring into any part of the slaughter-house—

(*i*) a diseased or unsound animal ;

(*ii*) an animal which is less than three months old ;

(*iii*) an animal which is pregnant or with unweaned young ;

(*iv*) any buffalo or cow during the period of lactation,

(*v*) any carcass ;

(*vi*) any dog ; or

(*vii*) any animal not meant for slaughter or for the slaughter of which the slaughter-house is not provided.

(2) Any animal brought in contravention of this by-law shall be summarily removed under the direction of the Superintendent.

8. (1) Animals approved for slaughter by the Superintendent shall be branded with a distinctive mark on ears, hooves or horns and admitted into the waiting-yard of the slaughter-house.

(2) All animals when approved shall be kept in the waiting-yard until the owners or persons in charge receive permission to bring them into the slaughter-yard.

(3) The owner of the animal shall remain responsible for its security while it is in the waiting-yard.

(4) No animal shall be admitted into the waiting-yard unless the prescribed fee has been paid.

9. Animals rejected as unfit for slaughter shall be removed forthwith from the premises of the slaughter-house :

Provided that animals found to be affected by any infectious or contagious disease or which may reasonably be suspected of being so affected, shall, if the Superintendent so directs, be forthwith apprehended and removed to the Veterinary Hospital or such other place as the Committee may provide for the purpose.

10. Each animal shall be slaughtered immediately over the drain and no blood shall be allowed to flow upon the floor.

11. (*i*) Slaughtered animals shall be disembowelled as soon as possible after slaughter.

(*ii*) The contents of the stomachs and bowels shall not be washed into the drain or allowed to drop on the floor, but shall be emptied into buckets or receptacles provided for the purpose by the Municipal Committee.

12. No person shall rub or cause to be rubbed the inner sides of skins upon the ground within any portion of the slaughter-house or in the neighbourhood of the slaughter-house premises.

13. (*i*) All carcasses shall after skinning and cleaning be presented to the Superintendent for inspection.

(*ii*) Carcasses which have been passed by the Superintendent as fit for human consumption shall, if necessary, be branded or stamped so as to define their quality.

(*iii*) No person shall remove any carcass from the slaughter-house premises until it has been duly passed by the Superintendent.

(*iv*) The Superintendent shall cause any carcass or meat, which is, in his opinion, unfit for human consumption, to be buried or destroyed.

14. No person shall remove entrails and offals from the slaughter-house until they have been properly washed and cleaned.

15. No person shall blow or stuff any meat within the slaughter-house premises, and the Superintendent may cause to be buried or destroyed any meat found to be blown or stuffed.

16. Any carcass or meat ordered to be destroyed in accordance with the provisions of by-law 13 or 15 shall be so treated as to render its use for human food impossible.

17. No meat shall be sold on the premises of the slaughter-house.

18. No person shall remove or cause to be removed from the premises of the slaughter-house any carcass or meat except in a clean receptacle and covered in such a manner as to be screened from public view and adequately protected against flies and dust.

19. The Superintendent shall, by general or special order, direct the disposition of all skins, heads, horns and feet of slaughtered animals and all carcasses or meat found left in the slaughter-house after the hour fixed for closing the slaughter-house.

20. (*i*) No person affected with leprosy, sores or any other skin disease or any contagious or infectious disease shall enter the slaughter-house premises.

(*ii*) No person, other than the municipal staff on duty and licensed butchers and their assistants or *bona fide* servants, shall enter the slaughter-house premises during the process of slaughtering or skinning and cutting up of carcass.

(*iii*) No person shall create any disturbance in the slaughter-house premises.

Any person transgressing the provisions of this by-law may be removed summarily under the direction of the Superintendent.

21. Any person who commits a breach of any of the by-laws 2, 4, 7 to 18 and 20 shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be liable to fine which may amount to fifty rupees.

The 24th October, 1940.

No. 4243-C.-40/42387.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that Maulvi Siraj Din Pall, Pleader, has been appointed a member of the Municipal Committee of **Amritsar**, *vice* Sheikh Inayat Ullah, deceased.

Town Improvement.

The 19th October, 1940.

No. 2575-C.-40/41466.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 73 of the Punjab Town Improvement Act, 1922, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following rules applicable to the Lahore Town Improvement Trust.

RULES.

1. A person shall not be appointed by the Lahore Town Improvement Trust—

(*a*) *Chief Officer or Secretary*, unless he is an officer of the Indian Civil Service or the Punjab Civil Service of not less than five years' standing subsequent to his appointment substantively to the Indian or the Punjab Civil Service, as the case may be ;

(*b*) *a Land Acquisition Officer*, unless he is a member or a retired member of the Punjab Civil Service of not less than three years' standing in that service, or is a Tahsildar or a retired Tahsildar of not less than five years' standing as a Tahsildar ;

(*c*) *a Town Planner or Town Planning Engineer*, unless he—

(1) is a Member or an Associate Member of the Town Planning Institute by examination and possesses a Diploma in Town Planning of the University of London or the University of Liverpool or an equivalent diploma of another British University, and

(2) (*a*) possesses the qualifications prescribed by the Provincial Government for the recruitment of officers to the Provincial Engineering Service and in addition 10 years' professional standing from the date of acquisition of those qualifications ; or

(*b*) is a Fellow or Associate of the Royal Institute of British Architects with 5 years' practical experience in Town Planning Schemes ; or

(*c*) is a Member or Associate Member of the Institution of Civil Engineers, with 5 years' practical experience in Town Planning Schemes.

(*d*) *an Assistant Engineer*, unless he possesses the qualifications prescribed by the Provincial Government for the recruitment of officers of the Provincial Engineering Service and is of three years' standing from the date of the acquisition of those qualifications ;

(*e*) *a Senior Draftsman*, unless he possesses a diploma in Architecture from Sir Jamestjee Jeejebhoy School of Arts, Bombay, or has passed three years' draftsman's course from the Government School of Engineering at Rasul and after passing the course, has had practical experience of at least five years, or possesses an equivalent qualification ;

(*f*) *a Junior Draftsman*, unless he has passed the two years' course at the Government School of Engineering, Rasul, or possesses an equivalent qualification ;

(g) *an Overseer*, unless he has passed with honours or credit the Final Overseers examination of the Government School of Engineering at Rasul, or of any other similar institution recognised, from time to time, by the Improvement Trust.

2. No order of dismissal or removal for misconduct shall be passed on an officer or servant of the Trust (other than an order based on facts which had led to his conviction in a criminal court) unless he has been informed in writing of the grounds on which it is proposed to take action, and has been afforded an adequate opportunity of defending himself. The grounds on which it is proposed to take action shall be reduced to the form of a definite charge or charges, which shall be communicated to the person charged together with a statement of the allegations on which each charge is based and of any other circumstances which it is proposed to take into consideration in passing orders on the case. He shall be required, within a reasonable time, to put in a written statement of his defence and to state whether he desires to be heard in person. If he so desires or if the authority concerned so direct, an oral enquiry shall be held. At that inquiry oral evidence shall be heard as to such of the allegations as are not admitted, and the person charged shall be entitled to cross-examine the witnesses, to give evidence in person and to have such witnesses called, as he may wish, provided that the officer conducting the enquiry may, for special and sufficient reasons to be recorded in writing, refuse to call a witness. The proceedings shall contain a sufficient record of the evidence and a statement of the findings and the grounds thereof.

This rule shall not apply where the person concerned has absconded, or where it is for other reasons impractical to communicate with him. All or any of the provisions of the rule may, in exceptional cases, for special and sufficient reasons to be recorded in writing, be waived, where there is a difficulty in observing exactly the requirements of the rule and those requirements can be waived without injustice to the person charged.

3. No fine shall be imposed on any servant of the Trust drawing a salary of twenty-one rupees or more per mensem.

4. If it is sought to punish any officer or servant of the Trust in any other way, for example by withholding increments due on promotion in a time-scale or by reducing his wages, or to dispense with his services, a general or special order shall be recorded by the Trust or the Chairman giving the reasons for which it is proposed to take such action. The officer or servant concerned shall be entitled to make such objections as he may wish to make within a reasonable time to be stated by the Trust or the Chairman when giving notice and such objections, if any, shall be considered by the Trust, or the Chairman, as the case may be, but it shall not be necessary for the Trust to hold a detailed enquiry.

5. If the Trust or the Chairman dispense with the services of an officer or a servant of the Trust without following the procedure laid down in rule 2, the said officer or servant shall receive one month's notice before discharge or one month's wages in lieu thereof, unless there is a written contract to the contrary in which case the conditions prescribed in the written contract shall be observed.

6. The services of a person in the service of the Crown whose services have been lent to the Trust by the Provincial Government shall not be dispensed with nor shall any penalty be imposed upon him until the expiry of thirty days after intimation of the intention of the Trust has been sent to the Commissioner. In urgent cases such a person may, with the written permission of the Commissioner, be suspended before the period of thirty days has elapsed.

7. Rules regarding conduct and discipline applicable to persons in the service of the Crown in India shall apply to officers and servants of the Trust.

No. 3856-C.-40/41775.—In exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (1) of section 41 of the Punjab Town Improvement Act, 1922, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to sanction the scheme set forth in the sub-joined schedule :—

THE SCHEDULE.

Development Scheme under section 24 of the Punjab Town Improvement Act, 1922, for an area situated at a distance of approximately 2/3rds of a mile south of the junction of Poonch Road with Multan Road, Lahore, Tahsil and District Lahore.

1. Specifications of the land comprised in the scheme are noted below :—

A—Area.

Village in which situated ..	Mozang.
Total area	60·988 acres.

B—Boundaries.

Direction.	Khasra No.	Mauza.	Name of owner.
North	898	Mozang	Mst. Nawab Begum, etc. (path).
	897	”	Miran Bakhsh, etc.
	644	”	Shamilat Deh (path).
	474	”	Mahand and Allah Bakhsh. etc.
	475	”	Mehraj Din, son of Shahab Din.
	476	”	Mahand and Allah Bakhsh. etc.
	477	”	Maula Bakhsh.
	478	”	Buta, etc.
	457	”	Jiwa, etc.
	458	”	Buta, etc.
	456	”	Maula Bakhsh, son of Badar Din.
	455	”	Jiwa, etc.
	436 438	”	Fazal Ilahi, etc.
	6023	”	Maula Bakhsh, son of Ida.
	441 60-0	”	Fazal Ilahi, etc. (path).
	435		
	433	”	Fazal Ilahi, etc.
	6020	”	Fazal Ilahi, etc. (path).
	435 6013	”	Shamilat Deh (path).
	397 378	”	Mohd. Latif, son of Imam Din.
	6011	”	Shamilat Deh (path).
	377		
East	842	”	Karim Bakhsh, son of Mahi.
	846 851	”	Chanan Din, son of Mehr Din.
	850	”	Ladhu, etc.

Direction.	Khasra No.	Mauza.	Name of owner.
East—*concld.*	885	Mozang	Ladhu, etc. (path).
	897	”	Miran Bakhsh, etc.
South	334	”	Shadi, son of Karim Bakhsh.
	335	”	Ahmad Din, son of Nur Din.
	336	”	Channan Din, son of Nizam Din.
	337	”	Mehraj Din, son of Khair Din.
	338	”	Fateh Din, son of Nizam Din.
	6013	”	Shamilat Deh (path).
	397		
	407 408	”	Maula Bakhsh, etc.
	399	”	Ditto.
	405	”	Ditto.
	401	”	Ditto.
	403	”	Mehraj Din, etc.
	671	”	Mohd. Shafi, etc. (path).
	682	”	Maula Bakhsh, etc.
	683	”	Ditto.
	664	”	Shamilat Deh (path.)
	684	”	Government land.
	660	”	Siraj Din, etc.
	644	”	Shamilat Deh (path).
	839 837 841 840	”	Bashir Ahmad, etc.
West	6011	”	Shamilat Deh (path).
	377		
	359	”	Imam Din, etc.
	356	”	Mst. Ghulam Fatimah, w/o Mehr Din.
	355	”	Channan Din, etc.
	348	”	Umar Din, etc.

2. The Lahore Improvement Trust is hereby authorised to acquire, either under the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, as modified by the Punjab Town Improvement Act, 1922, or by purchase or by lease, or by exchange or otherwise, the whole or any part of the land or any interest in the land comprised in the area of this scheme as described in clause 1.

Notified Areas.

The 19th October, 1940.

No. 4022-C.-40/41455.—The following by-laws made by the Notified Area Committee of **Raiwind Mandi**, in the Lahore district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Notified Area of **Raiwind Mandi** on the 2nd day of December, 1940:—

BY-LAWS.

1. (*i*) " Slaughter-house " means the slaughter-house owned and managed by the Notified Area Committee, Raiwind Mandi.

(*ii*) " Superintendent " means the officer in charge of the slaughter-house.

2. (*i*) The slaughter-house will be open for the slaughter of animals during such hours as the Notified Area Committee may, from time to time, direct.

(*ii*) No animal shall be slaughtered at any other time, provided that, in special circumstances and on the realization of the usual fee, the Superintendent may allow the slaughter of any animal at any other time. In all such cases the previous written permission of the Superintendent shall be obtained.

3. The Notified Area Committee shall fix at a conspicuous place in the slaughter-house, a notice showing—

(*i*) the hours of the working of the slaughter-house ;

(*ii*) the fees payable ; and

(*iii*) any other directions that the Committee or the Superintendent may see fit to issue.

4. Every animal for slaughter shall, on being brought to the slaughter-house, be presented for inspection to the Superintendent who, before passing any animal for slaughter, shall satisfy himself that—

(*i*) it is more than three months old ;

(*ii*) its flesh will be fit for use as human food ;

(*iii*) it is not pregnant or with unweaned young ;

(*iv*) it is not diseased or in a dying condition :

provided that an animal which has met with an accident and is otherwise healthy may be passed for slaughter.

5. The Superintendent shall maintain a register in which he shall enter a brief description of each animal approved for slaughter, and the fees recovered therefor.

6. Fees for the slaughter of each animal shall be levied at the following rates :—

Animal.	*Fee per head.* Rs.	A.	P.
Goat	0	1	6
Sheep	0	1	6

7. (1) No person shall knowingly bring into any part of the slaughter-house—

(*i*) a diseased or unsound animal ;

(*ii*) an animal which is less than three months old ;

(*iii*) an animal which is pregnant or with unweaned young ;

(*iv*) any carcass ;

(*v*) any dog, or

(*vi*) any animal not meant for slaughter or for the slaughter of which the slaughter-house is not provided.

(2) Any animal brought in contravention of this by-law shall be summarily removed under the directions of the Superintendent.

8. (1) Animals approved for slaughter by the Superintendent shall be branded with a distinctive mark on ears, hooves or horns and admitted into the waiting-yard of the slaughter-house.

(2) All animals when approved shall be kept in the waiting-yard until the owners or persons in charge receive permission to bring them into the slaughter-yard.

(3) The owner of the animal shall remain responsible for its security while it is in the waiting-yard.

(4) No animal shall be admitted into the waiting-yard unless the prescribed fee has been paid.

9. Animals rejected as unfit for slaughter shall be removed forthwith from the premises of the slaughter-house :

Provided that animals found to be affected by any infectious or contagious disease or which may reasonably be suspected of being so affected, shall, if the Superintendent so directs, be forthwith apprehended and removed to the Veterinary Hospital or such other place as the Notified Area Committee may provide for the purpose.

10. Each animal shall be slaughtered immediately over the drain and no blood shall be allowed to flow upon the floor.

11. (*i*) Slaughtered animals shall be disembowelled as soon as possible after slaughter.

(*ii*) The contents of the stomachs and bowels shall not be washed into the drain or allowed to drop on the floor, but shall be emptied into buckets or receptacles provided for the purpose by the Notified Area Committee.

12. No person shall rub or cause to be rubbed the inner sides of skins upon the ground within any portion of the slaughter-house or in the neighbourhood of the slaughter-house premises.

13. (*i*) All carcasses shall, after skinning and cleaning, be presented to the Superintendent for inspection.

(*ii*) Carcasses which have been passed by the Superintendent as fit for human consumption shall, if necessary, be branded or stamped so as to define their quality.

(*iii*) No person shall remove any carcass from the slaughter-house premises until it has been duly passed by the Superintendent.

(*iv*) The Superintendent shall cause any carcass or meat, which is, in his opinion, unfit for human consumption, to be buried or destroyed.

14. No person shall remove entrails and offals from the slaughter-house until they have been properly washed and cleaned.

15. No person shall blow or stuff any meat within the slaughter-house premises and the Superintendent may cause to be buried or destroyed any meat found to be blown or stuffed.

16. Any carcass or meat ordered to be destroyed in accordance with the provisions of by-law 13 or 15 shall be so treated as to render its use for human food impossible.

17. No meat shall be sold on the premises of the slaughter-house.

18. No person shall remove or cause to be removed from the premises of the slaughter-house any carcass or meat except in a clean receptacle and covered in such manner as to be screened from public view and adequately protected against flies and dust.

19. The Superintendent shall, by general or special order, direct the disposition of all skins, heads, horns and feet of slaughtered animals and all carcasses or meat found left in the slaughter-house after the hour fixed for closing the slaughter-house.

20. (*i*) No person affected with leprosy, sores or any other skin disease or any contagious or infectious disease shall enter the slaughter-house premises.

(*ii*) No person, other than the Notified Area Committee staff on duty and licensed butchers and their assistants or *bona fide* servants, shall enter the slaughter-house premises during the process of slaughtering or skinning and cutting up of carcass.

(*iii*) No person shall create any disturbance in the slaughter-house premises.

Any person transgressing the provisions of this by-law may be removed summarily under the direction of the Superintendent.

21. Any person who commits a breach of any of the by-laws 2, 4, 7 to 18 and 20 shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be liable to fine which may amount to fifty rupees.

Public Health.

The 22nd October, 1940.

No. 4564-M.-40/41988.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 1 of the Punjab Pure Food Act, 1929, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to extend to the Municipality of **Narowal** in the Sialkot district, with effect from the date of publication of this notification, the provisions of sections 3 to 22 of the said Act, in respect of all articles of food and drink.

No. 4564-M.-40/41991.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Pure Food Act, 1929, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to appoint the Chemist of the Public Health Department to be a Public Analyst for the Municipality of **Narowal**, in the Sialkot district, in respect of all articles of food and drink.

RAM CHANDRA,

Secretary to Government, Punjab,
Medical and Local Government Departments.

1092 CS—1156 24-10-40—SGPP Lahore.

Registered No. L. 864.

The Government Gazette, Punjab.

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No. 44 LAHORE, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1940.

PART I—A.

Punjab Government Notifications and Orders.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Boards.

The 26th October, 1940.

No. 4419-L. G.-40/42740.—In the matter of the election petition of Sufi Abdul Hamid Khan against the election of Chaudhri Mohammed Yahya Khan as Junior Vice-Chairman of the District Board of **Karnal**, the Governor of the Punjab, in pursuance of the provisions of rules 73 and 75 of the District Board Election Rules, 1933, is pleased to declare that the respondent Chaudhri Mohammed Yahya Khan was duly elected as Junior Vice-Chairman of the District Board of **Karnal** and to order that the parties to the election petition shall bear their own costs.

The 28th October, 1940.

No. 4174-C.-40/42907.—The following regulations made by the District Board, **Hoshiarpur**, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 56 and 57 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by subsection (2) of section 56 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Hoshiarpur**, on the 16th day of December, 1940 :—

REGULATIONS.

1. In these regulations—

(a) " cattle " includes elephants, camels, buffaloes, horses, mares, geldings, ponies, colts, bullocks, fillies, mules, asses, pigs, rams, ewes, sheep, lambs, goats and kids ;

(b) " important road " means the road specified in the schedule appended to these regulations ;

(c) "night time" means half an hour after sunset to half an hour before sunrise;

(d) "vehicle" means a vehicle other than a motor vehicle.

2. No vehicle shall be driven along an important road at night unless it is equipped with lights in the following manner :—

(a) in the case of a bicycle or a tricycle, one light in front and a red reflector at the back;

(b) in the case of country carts, one light so placed as to be visible both from the front and the back;

(c) in the case of any other vehicle two lights visible both from the front and the back, and in case the front lights are not visible from behind, a third light at the back.

3. No cattle shall be driven along an important road at night unless the person driving them carries a light and, if the number of cattle exceed ten, unless they are accompanied by persons bearing lights in front of and behind the cattle.

4. Any person driving a vehicle or cattle in contravention of these regulations, if not liable to punishment under any other regulations, shall, on conviction by a magistrate be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees.

SCHEDULE.

1. Hoshiarpur-Bharwain Road.
2. Hoshiarpur-Una Road.
3. Hoshiarpur-Dasuya Road.
4. Hoshiarpur-Garhshankar Road.

The 29th October, 1940.

No. 4645-L. G.-40/43138.—The following amendment made by the District Board of **Ambala** to its rules of business, published with Punjab Government notification No. 25980, dated the 14th July, 1932, as subsequently amended, is published for general information, and shall come into force with immediate effect :—

AMENDMENT.

The following shall be added as delegation No. 60 at the end of the appendix :—

Serial No.	Nature of power delegated.	To whom delegated.	Extent.
60	To strike off, and if necessary, to destroy unserviceable articles of stock and property of the District Board rural dispensaries under his control.	District Medical Officer of Health, Ambala.	Up to the value of rupees one hundred in each case, and in consultation with the Chairman of the Board.

No. 3982-C.-40/43143.—The following regulations made by the District Board of **Hoshiarpur**, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 56 and 57 of the Punjab District Boards Act 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by subsection (2) of section 56 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the area, subject to the authority of the District Board of **Hoshiarpur**, on the 16th day of December, 1940 :—

REGULATIONS.

1. The District Board may authorise any person to destroy or cause to be destroyed, or confine, or cause to be confined, for such period as the Board may direct any dog suffering from rabies, or bitten by any rabid dog, or any other animal suffering or suspected to be suffering from rabies.

2. No person knowing or having reason to believe that any dog belonging to him or in his charge is likely to annoy or intimidate any person or animal or has been bitten by an animal suffering or reasonably suspected to be suffering from rabies shall neglect to restrain such dog from annoying, intimidating or biting other persons or animals.

3. Any person who commits a breach of regulation 2 shall on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and if the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day during which the breach is continued after the offender has been convicted of such breach.

No. 4176-C.-40/43146.—The following gulations made by the District Board, **Dera Ghazi Khan,** in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 56 and 57 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by subsection (2) of section 56 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Dera Ghazi Khan,** on the 16th day of December, 1940 :—

REGULATIONS.

1. In these regulations—

(*a*) " cattle " includes elephants, camels, buffaloes, horses, mares, geldings, ponies, colts, bullocks, fillies, mules, asses, pigs, rams, ewes, sheep, lambs, goats and kids ;

(*b*) " important road " means the Dera Ghazi Khan-Jampur Road ;

(*c*) " night time " means half an hour after sunset to half an hour before sunrise ;

(*d*) " vehicle " means a vehicle other than a motor vehicle.

2. No vehicle shall be driven along Dera Ghazi Khan-Jampur Road at night unless it is equipped with lights in the following manner :—

(*a*) in the case of a bicycle or a tricycle, one light in front and a red reflector at the back ;

(*b*) in the case of country carts, one light so placed as to be visible both from the front and the back ;

(*c*) in the case of any other vehicle two lights visible both from the front and the back, and in case the front lights are not visible from behind, a third light at the back.

3. No cattle shall be driven along Dera Ghazi Khan-Jampur Road at night unless the person driving them carries a light and, if the number of cattle exceeds ten, unless they are accompanied by persons bearing lights in front of and behind the cattle.

4. Any person driving a vehicle or cattle in contravention of these regulations, if not liable to punishment under any other regulations, shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extent to fifty rupees.

No. 4175-C.-40/43161.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (1) of subsection (2) of section 20 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, the Governor of the Punjab, is pleased to declare that the compulsory registration of births and deaths in the civil lines situated in the area subject to the authority of the District Board, **Hoshiarpur,** is a fit and proper matter to be taken under the control and administration of the District Board of **Hoshiarpur.**

No. 4175-C.-40/43162.—In accordance with the provisions of subsection (*i*) of section 56 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, the Governor of the Punjab, is pleased to empower the District Board of **Hoshiarpur** to frame regulations for the compulsory registration of births and deaths in the civil lines situated in the area subject to the authority of the District Board, **Hoshiarpur.**

No. 2633-L. G.-40/43227.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 2633-L. G.-40/32081, dated the 3rd August, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 55 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, the Governor of the Punjab, is pleased to make the following amendment to the District Works Rules, 1926 :—

AMENDMENT.

The following ' Note ' shall be added under the table given in rule 14, namely :—

"NOTE.—As it is necessary to collect preliminary data for the preparation of detailed plans and estimates, the fee for the latter will be double that given in the above table in cases where the district board has not already paid for the preparation of preliminary plans and estimates. A charge for the inspection of site will only be made when actually undertaken."

No. 2633-L.G.-40/43229.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 51 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendment to the Small Town

Work Rules, 1926, published with Punjab Government notification No. 11047, dated the 5th April, 1926, as subsequently amended :—

AMENDMENT.

The following 'Note' shall be added under the table given in rule 7, namely :—

"NOTE.—As it is necessary to collect preliminary data for the preparation of detailed plans and estimates, the fee for the latter will be double that given in the above table in cases where the committee has not already paid for the preparation of preliminary plans and estimates. A charge for the inspection of site will only be made when actually undertaken."

Committees.

The 28th October, 1940.

No. 3987-C.-40/42795.—The following draft of an amendment which the Governor of the Punjab proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, to the Municipal Account Code, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 10th December, 1940, together with any objection or suggestion which may be received by the Punjab Government from any person with respect to it before that date :—

DRAFT AMENDMENT.

For sub-rule (1) of rule V·61 the following shall be substituted :—

"(1) Notwithstanding anything contained in these rules, if any person wishes to export goods and subsequently reimport them without obtaining a refund on export and paying octroi on reimport, he shall apply at the head octroi office for a pass in form O·21".

No. 4248-C.-40/42799.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that Khawaja Abdul Rahman has been elected a member of the Municipal Committee, **Amritsar**, *vice* Sh. Hissam-ud-Din, B.A., removed.

No. 4171-C-40/42898.—The following by-laws made by the Notified Area Committee of **Arifwala** in the Montgomery district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Notified Area of **Arifwala** on the 16th day of December, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. In these by-laws "Vehicle" means any vehicle drawn by one or more horses or mules.

2. No person shall keep any vehicle for hire or suffer any vehicle of which he is the the owner to ply for hire within the limits of the notified area except under a licence granted in this behalf by the notified area committee.

3. (*a*) A licence for a vehicle to be kept or to ply for hire within the limits of the notified area shall be issued by the Secretary of the Notified Area Committee on the application of the proprietor of such vehicle and shall be granted on payment of the fees prescribed in by-law 5 subject to the conditions specified in by-law 8 ; provided that no such licence shall be issued until such vehicle has been complying with the following conditions .—

(1) that it is in good order and repair in all its parts ;
(2) that the harness is complete and serviceable ;
(3) that it is provided with two suitable lamps in good condition ;
(4) that the animal or the animals to be used to draw it is or are in good condition and fit for and thoroughly broken to the work required of it or them, free from vice, not under three years of age and not under thirteen hands, provided that the Committee may pass an animal of under thirteen hands if in their opinion it is strong and equal to the draught to be required of it.

(*b*) Licences issued under clause (*a*) of this by-law shall be numbered serially and the number of the licence and the class shall be painted in a conspicuous place in Urdu and English figures on either side of every licensed vehicle.

4. (1) For the purpose of licences, vehicles shall be divided into two classes :—

(*a*) First Class ... Tongas with rubber tyres and bamboo carts.
(*b*) Second Class ... Tumtums and ekkas.

(2) The decision of the Secretary regarding the class to which a vehicle belongs shall be final, but subject to the approval of the President.

5. The fees payable for vehicles licensed shall be as follows :—

Class of vehicles.	If the licence is taken for a year.	If the licence is taken for less than a year.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
(a) First Class ..	4 0 0 per annum.	0 6 0 per mensem.
(b) Second Class ..	3 0 0 ditto	0 5 0 Ditto.

6. The maximum fares to be charged for the hire of licensed vehicles shall be as follows :—

Period.	First Class.	Second Class.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
For first hour or portion of an hour ..	0 5 0	0 4 0
Every subsequent hour or portion of an hour.	0 4 0	0 3 0
Day of nine hours ..	2 0 0	1 8 0

7. (1) The maximum number of persons and the maximum weight of loads to be carried in each class of licensed vehicle shall be as follows :—

1	2	3
Description of vehicle.	Number of persons.	Weight of load.
First Class ..	Four persons excluding the driver	Eight and a half maunds.
Second Class ..	Four persons excluding the driver	Eight and a half maunds.

(2) For the purposes of this by-law two children under ten years of age shall be reckoned as one person.

(3) The combined weight of the persons and any luggage which may be carried at the same time shall not exceed the maximum weight specified in the third column of the table given in clause 1 of this by-law.

(4) For the purpose of this by-law every adult shall be considered to weigh one and a half maund and every child under ten years of age to weigh three quarters of a maund ; provided that no account shall be taken of children under three years of age.

8. Licences for vehicles to ply for hire shall be granted on the following conditions :—

(1) that the licensee shall keep the licensed vehicle clean and in good repairs and the harness and lamps complete and in serviceable condition ;

(2) that he shall not use or suffer to be used to draw the licensed vehicle any animal which has not been approved by the Secretary or any animal which is lame or has sores or is otherwise unfit for work ;

(3) that he shall not demand any fare in excess of the maximum fare prescribed in by-law 6 ;

(4) that he shall not carry or permit to be carried in or on the licensed vehicle any person or any load in excess of the number of persons or the weight of the load prescribed as the maximum in by-law 7 ;

(5) that he shall not permit the licensed vehicle to be driven by any person who has not been licensed as a driver of such licensed vehicle under by-law 10 ;

(6) that he shall give the licensed vehicle on hire together with the necessary animal or animals and driver to any person demanding it at any reasonable time except for good and sufficient reason the burden of proving which shall lie on him ;

(7) that he shall cause to be affixed to the licensed vehicle in a conspicuous place the licence granted in respect of such vehicle for the current year and a copy of the authorised table of fares printed in English and Urdu and shall keep the number and class of the licence granted in respect of such vehicle clearly painted on a conspicuous place on either side of such vehicle ;

(8) that he shall not carry or permit to be carried in the licensed vehicle any article which projects more than two feet from the side or more than five feet from the front or rear of such vehicle ;

(9) that he shall not carry or permit to be carried in the licensed vehicle any person whom he knows or has good reason to believe to be suffering from any infectious or contagious disease or the corpse of any person who has died of such disease, except with the permission in writing of the Civil Surgeon or the Medical Officer of Health in which case he shall cause the licensed vehicle to be disinfected to the satisfaction of such officer before the vehicle is used to carry any other person for hire or otherwise ;

(10) that he shall cause to be deposited at the nearest Police Station any property found left in the licensed vehicle ;

(11) that he shall cause the licensed vehicle, together with the animal or animals which draw it, to be produced for inspection whenever required to do so by the Secretary of the Committee.

9. No person shall drive a licensed vehicle for hire except under a licence to be granted in this behalf by the Committee, or being licensed to drive any specified class or classes of licensed vehicle shall drive any other class of such vehicle.

10. A licence to drive a licenced vehicle for hire shall be issued by the Secretary of the Notified Area Committee to any person not less than eighteen years of age applying for such licence on payment of the fees specified in by-law 11 and shall be granted subject to the conditions specified in by-law 12 ; provided that the Committee may refuse to issue a licence to any person who in its opinion is unfit to receive such a licence.

11. The fees payable for licensed vehicles driver's licence shall be as follows :—

Class of Vehicle.	If licence is taken for a year.	If licence is taken for less than a year.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
First class	1 0 0 per annum ...	0 1 6 per mensem.
Second class	1 0 0 ditto ...	0 1 6 ditto

12. A licence to drive a licensed vehicle shall be granted subject to the following conditions :—

(a) that the licensee shall always, when driving a licensed vehicle, carry with him his driver's licence, and shall on demand produce it for the inspection of any person hiring such vehicle or if any member of the Committee or of any Police officer or of any officer of the Committee authorised by the Committee in this behalf;

(b) that the licensee shall always, when driving a licensed vehicle, wear on his arm a metal badge which shall be furnished to him when the licence is issued to him ;

(c) that the licensee shall always, when driving a licensed vehicle, wear the prescribed khaki uniform and shall keep such uniform clean and tidy ;

(d) that the licensee shall drive with due care and caution and shall observe all rules of the road and all regulations for the control of traffic which may have been or may be issued by the Police or by the Notified Area Committee and in particular that he shall before stopping a licensed vehicle indicate his intention of stopping by raising his hands and before turning to the right or left shall indicate his intention of so turning by extending one arm to the right or left as the case may be ;

(e) that he shall keep any licensed vehicle of which he may be in charge, clean and tidy and shall not put his feet on any seat of such vehicle ;

(f) that he shall not cruelly beat, ill-treat, over-drive or in any other way misuse any animal in a licensed vehicle and shall not drive any animal which has not been approved by the Secretary or any animal which is lame or has sores or is otherwise unfit for work ;

(g) that he shall not demand any fare in excess of the fares prescribed in by-law 6 ;

(h) that he shall not carry any person or any load in a licensed vehicle in excess of the maximum number of persons or the maximum weight of the load prescribed in by-law 7 ;

(i) that he shall not drive a licensed vehicle while drunk or while suffering from any infectious or contagious disease and shall not while in charge of a licensed vehicle make use of insulting, abusive or obscene language or gestures ;

(*j*) that he shall not cause his licensed vehicle plying for hire to stop, when waiting for passengers, anywhere in a street, except a stand allotted for the purpose by the Committee ;

(*k*) that he shall not, while plying for hire, drive a licensed vehicle at an average speed of more than six miles an hour ;

(*l*) that he shall immediately deposit at the nearest Police Station any property he may find left in the licensed vehicle.

(*m*) that he shall not carry or permit to be carried on a licensed vehicle of which he is in charge any article which projects more than two feet from the side or more than five feet from the front or rear of such vehicle :

(*n*) that he shall not carry in a licensed vehicle any person whom he knows or has good reason to believe to be suffering from any infectious or contagious disease or the corpse of any person who has died of such disease unless the permission in writing of the Civil Surgeon or the Medical Officer of Health has been obtained for the use of such vehicle for such purpose, in which case he shall not subsequently carry any other passenger in such vehicle whether for hire or otherwise until such vehicle has been disinfected to the satisfaction of such officer ;

(*o*) that he shall not without reasonable cause, the burden of proving which shall lie upon him, refuse to give on hire or to drive a licensed vehicle of which he is in charge if any person demands it.

13. The Committee may suspend or revoke any licence granted under these by-laws if it has reason to believe that the licensee has committed a breach of any of the conditions on which his licence was granted.

14. Any person who commits a breach of by-laws 2, 6—9 and 12, and any licensee under these by-laws who commits a breach of the conditions of his licence, shall on conviction by a magistrate be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and, if the breach, is a continuing breach with a further fine which may amount to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

No. 4483-L.G.-40/42902.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (10) of section 62 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the Municipal Committee of **Murree** has, with the previous sanction of the Governor of the Punjab, made the following amendment of Punjab Government notification No. 937-L. S. G.-36/12931, dated the 18th April, 1936. This amendment shall come into force within the Municipality of **Murree** with effect from 1st February, 1941 :—

AMENDMENT.

The following proviso shall be added at the end of the rules :—

"Provided further that no remission shall be granted if a house is let at any time at the full rent as assessed by the Committee."

No. 4172-C.-40/42905.—The following amendment made by the Municipal Committee of **Rupar,** in the Ambala district, to its by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 4425-C.-39/32690, dated the 11th October, 1939, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for general information and shall come into force on the 16th day of December, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

1. After clause (*ii*) of by-law 2 the following new clause shall be added, namely :—

"(*iii*) No animal shall be slaughtered at any place other than the slaughter-house except in the case of necessity or for a religious purpose."

No. 4165-C.-40/42909. – The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Nakodar** in the Jullundur district, in the exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, or published for general information, and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Nakodar** on the 16th day of December, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. No owner or person in charge of an aerated water or ice factory shall use or permit to be used in such factory any water except water obtained from a source and conveyed to such factory in a manner approved by the Sanitary Inspector of the Committee or any other officer appointed by the Committee in this behalf.

2. No owner or person in charge of an aerated water or ice factory shall employ or permit to be employed in such factory any person suffering from any contagious or infectious disease or from loathsome sores or who has recently been attending on any person so suffering, nor shall he permit any such person or any animal to enter or remain in such factory.

3. Every person in charge of an aerated water or ice factory shall keep such factory and all vessels, receptacles, utensils and other things in which the products of the factory or the materials used in making them are kept in a state of thorough cleanliness.

4. Every owner or person in charge of such a factory shall permit the Sanitary Inspector and any member or other officer of the Committee appointed in this behalf to inspect such factory at all reasonable times.

5. Any person who commits a breach of any of these by-laws shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to Rs. 50, and if the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may amount to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

The 29th October, 1940.

No. 3579-C.-40/43141—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of Simla under sections 197 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the said Act are published for general information and shall come into force within the municipality of Simla on the 16th day of December, 1940, from which date the by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 369, dated the 1st August, 1899, shall be deemed to have been cancelled :—

BY-LAWS.

Definitions.

1. In these by-laws, unless a different intention appears from the subject or context :—

(a) the expression " vessels " shall include all utensils, receptacles, machinery apparatus and other appliances, their coverings and connections, used or intended to be used for the transport, storage or preparation of any articles intended for human consumption, derived from or made with milk;

(b) the expression " milk derivatives " shall include cream, butter, curd, whey, condensed milk (commonly called " khoa ") cheese, sweets and confectionery derived from or made with milk and intended for human consumption.

Exception.

2. Nothing in these by-laws shall be deemed to, or shall in any way apply to milk or to any milk derivatives obtained, prepared or manufactured and packed in securely closed containers in a factory.

Prohibitions.

3. (a) No person shall sell or import for sale within the municipality of Simla any milk or butter except under a licence granted by the Municipal Committee in this behalf.

(b) No person shall sell, manufacture or prepare for sale any milk, or milk derivatives except in premises licensed by the Municipality in this behalf.

Premises.

4. No premises shall be licensed for the sale manufacture or preparation for sale of milk and milk derivatives :—

(a) unless the floor is made of some impervious material ;

(b) unless the walls are properly plastered and regularly lime-washed at least once a quarter ;

(c) unless they are provided with adequate light and ventilation to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health ;

(d) unless they are provided with a drain and the whole floor is so sloped as to allow all liquid to flow off by the drain ;

(e) if there is any direct communication between the premises and any privy, urinal or room used as a sleeping room ;

(f) if there is any latrine, cesspool, cowshed, stable or other place within 100 feet of the premises which in the opinion of the Medical Officer of Health, renders it undesirable that such premises should be used for the purpose ;

(g) unless they are provided with an effective fire-place, or other heating arrangement which does not permit of access of smoke to the premises;

(h) unless the premises are provided with means for protecting milk, or milk derivatives from infection, contamination or pollution through flies or dust or any other means.

Licences for premises.

5. Subject to the provisions of by-law 4, licences for premises for the sale, manufacture or preparation for sale of milk, or milk derivatives shall be granted by the Committee on the application of the owner or occupier of such premises and shall be issued by the Medical Officer of Health in Form " A " appended to these by-laws subject to the conditions specified in such Form " A " as the conditions subject to which the licence is granted.

Licences for persons.

6. Licenses tto sell or import for sale milk or butter shall be granted by the Committee and shall be issued by the Medical Officer of Health in Form ' B ' subject to he following conditions :—

(i) that the licensee shall not sell or import for sale any milk or butter made from milk obtained from any animal which he knows or has good reason to believe to be suffering from any disease or from any dairy or other place from which the procuring of milk has, under any general or special declaration notified to the licensee, been declared dangerous to the public health by the Committee ;

(ii) that the licensee shall keep all milk and butter for sale in clean covered vessels of the pattern approved, passed and stamped by the Committee ;

(iii) that the licensee shall not keep any milk, or milk derivatives intended for human consumption, in any place or room used for cooking or sleeping ;

(iv) that the licensee shall not dilute or adulterate, or cause to be diluted or adulterated any of the milk and butter intended for sale ;

(v) that the licensee shall only make use of the milk of healthy buffaloes, cows and goats for any purpose permitted by the licence and, if any licence so directs, only the milk of such one or more of these animals as may be specified in the licence ;

(vi) that the licence granted under these by-laws, shall be produced by the licensee for inspection whenever so required by the Medical Officer of Health, by the Secretary or by any member of the Committee ;

(vii) that the licencee shall be responsible for reporting immediately to the Health Department the occurrence of any death or notifiable infectious disease, or prolonged fever, amongst the members of his own family living with him or amongst any of his employees or their families living with them ;

(viii) that the licensee submits himself and his employees concerned in the sale or prepration for sale of milk or butter or the manufacture of milk derivatives to inoculation against the enteric group of diseases at Municipal expense ;

7. Any licensee who committs a breach of any condition of his license shall be liable to have such license suspended or revoked.

8. *Penal Clause.*—Any person who commits a breach of by-laws 3 and 6 and any licensee who commits a breach of any conditions of a license granted to him under these by-laws shall, on conviction by a Magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to Rs. 50 and if the breach is a continuing breach with a further fine which may extend to Rs. 5 for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

Form " A."

License for premises for the sale or preparation for sale of milk and for the manufacture of articles derived from or made with milk issued under by-law 5 of the by-laws for licensing premises for such sale, preparation for sale or manufacture, published under Punjab Government notification No. ________ dated ________.

(i) The premises situated in ________ (name of street, ward, etc.,) are hereby licensed for the sale or preparation for sale of milk and for the manufacture of milk derivatives as defined in the by-laws.

(ii) This license is granted to ________ (name of owner or occupier) Owner / Occupier of the said premises subject to the conditions laid down in by-law 4 for the by-laws for licensing premises for such sale, preparation for sale of milk and manufacture of milk derivatives and to the following additional conditions, namely :—

(a) that the licensee shall not knowingly employ or permit to be employed in the sale, preparation for sale of milk or manufacture of milk derivatives any person suffering from any contagious

or infectious disease or from loathsome sores, or who has recently been attending on any persons so suffering, and that he shall not suffer any such person or animal to enter or remain upon the licensed premises ;

(b) that he shall keep all vessels, receptacles, utensils and other things used in the sale or preparation for sale of milk and butter in a state of cleanliness and shall protect from dust and flies all materials used in such sale or preparation for sale and the articles manufactured or prepared for sale to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health ;

(c) that he shall daily cause to be thoroughly washed and cleaned the floor and drain of the licensed premises and every bench, counter, table, shelf or other place on which the articles manufactured or prepared for sale and any material used in such sale or preparation for sale or kept ;

(d) that he shall not carry on or permit to be carried on any other trade or occupation in the licensed premises except the sale or preparation for sale of milk and butter and that he shall not use or suffer to be used any portion of the licensed premises as a living or sleeping room ;

(e) that he shall not spit or smoke, or allow any other person to spit or smoke, within the licensed premises ;

(f) that he shall not keep or suffer to be kept in the licensed premises any bedding, soiled clothes or other things not required for the purpose for which the premises are licensed ;

(g) that he shall not use or permit to be used in such sale or preparation for sale any water other than that obtained from the municipal water supply laid in direct pipe connection to the licensed premises unless special permission is given by the Medical Officer of Health for the use of other water ;

(h) that he shall produce the license for inspection at all times when required to do so by the Medical Officer of Health, the Secretary or any member of the Committee ;

(i) that he shall report immediately to the Health Department the occurrence of any death, prolonged fever, or notifiable infectious disease in his own family or amongst any of his employees or their families ;

(j) that he shall submit himself and any of the employees concerned in the sale or preparation for sale, of milk or butter, or the manufacture of milk derivatives, to inoculation against the enteric group of diseases, and to examination to ascertain whether he or they are carriers of the enteric group of diseases or of dysentery at Municipal expense, on application for a license and on the occasion of every renewal of such license ;

(k) that he shall at all times maintain himself and his clothing and that of his employees in a clean condition.

(l) that he shall permit any member or officer of the Committee authorised in this behalf at all reasonable times and without notice to inspect the licensed premises.

Form "B".

License for a person to sell or import for sale milk, or butter issued under by-law 6 of the by-laws for licensing persons for the sale or importation for sale of milk, or butter, published under Punjab Government notification No. ____________, dated ____________ 19 .

THIS license is granted to ____________, son of ____________ of ____________ subject to the conditions laid down in by law 6 of the by-laws for the licensing of persons to sell or import for sale milk, or milk derivatives.

No. 4063-L.G.-40/43150.—In pursuance of the provisions of the Local Authorities Loan Rules for the Punjab, 1922, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to notify that the Municipal Committee of **Amritsar** has submitted the following application for a Government loan of Rs. 2,50,000 (rupees two hundred and fifty thousand only) for the renewal and surface painting of its roads.

2. All objections to the proposed loan should be submitted on or before the 29th November, 1940, to the President, Municipal Committee, **Amritsar**, who will forward them to the Punjab Government for consideration :—

Application by the Municipal Committee of Amritsar for a loan of Rs. 2,50,000.

1. The purpose for which the loan is required is and where the loan is required for any of the purposes specified in clauses (*i*), (*ii*), (*iii*) or (*iv*) of sub-section 1 of section 3 of this Act an estimate of the cost of the entire work on such part of it as it is proposed to carry out from loan funds.	For the purpose of renewal and surface painting of roads.

2. Whether the loan is productive or non-productive.	Non-productive.
3. The amount which it is proposed to borrow	Two lakhs and fifty thousand only.
4. The fund on the security of which it is proposed to borrow.	The Municipal Fund Amritsar.
5. The law under which the said fund is levied, received or held.	The Punjab Municipal Act, 1911.
6. The dates within which it is proposed that the money shall be borrowed and when it is proposed to raise a loan in instalments, the dates within which it is proposed that the first instalment shall be taken or raised, and the year in which it is proposed that subsequent instalments shall be taken or raised.	In one instalment of rupees two lakhs and fifty thousand only. 16th December, 1940.
7. The rate of interest at which it is proposed to borrow.	At $4\frac{1}{2}$ per cent per annum.
8. The terms of years for which the money is to be borrowed, and the method by which it is to be repaid with the date on which payment is to be made. If it is proposed to repay the loan by means of sinking fund, the rate of interest at which the improvement of such sinking fund is to be calculated shall also be stated.	*Vide* statement A attached.
9. The financial position of the local authority, including :—	
(a) a statement of all existing prior charges on its funds,	*Vide* statement B attached.
(b) a statement of income and expenditure for the last three financial years.	*Vide* statement C attached.
(c) a statement of anticipated income and expenditure for the financial year or years in which the loan is to be raised, showing provision for payment of interest and sinking fund charges, if any.	*Vide* statement D attached.
10. The orders of competent authority according administrative approval and technical sanction to the project in connection with which it is proposed to raise the loan.	Administrative approval and technical sanction has been obtained,—*vide* Punjab Government letter No. 1806-C.-38/11229, dated 23rd March, 1939, and Chief Engineer, Punjab, Public Works Department, Memo. No. 133-R/38/2261/-W., dated 4th May, 1939.
11. Acceptance of the obligation to re-imburse Government for any loss incurred if the loan or instalment is not taken up, within the dates referred to in rule 4 (6) or rule 8 (2) as the case may be.	The Municipal Committee accept the obligation,—*vide* Resolution No. 940, dated 16th January, 1939.

STATEMENT A.

Statement showing the repayment of the loan of Rs. 2,50,000 (at 4½ per cent per annum).

	Principal.	Interest.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
December, 1941	12,500	11,250 0 0	23,750 0 0
" 1942	12,500	10,687 8 0	23,187 8 0
" 1943	12,500	10,125 0 0	22,625 0 0
" 1944	12,500	9,562 8 0	22,062 8 0
" 1945	12,500	9,000 0 0	21,500 0 0
" 1946	12,500	8,437 8 0	20,937 8 0
" 1947	12,500	7,875 0 0	20,375 0 0
" 1948	12,500	7,312 8 0	19,812 8 0
" 1949	12,500	6,750 0 0	19,250 0 0
" 1950	12,500	6,187 8 0	18,687 8 0
" 1951	12,500	5,625 0 0	18,125 0 0
" 1952	12,500	5,062 8 0	17,562 8 0
" 1953	12,500	4,500 0 0	17,000 0 0
" 1954	12,500	3,937 8 0	16,437 8 0
" 1955	12,500	3,375 0 0	15,875 0 0
" 1956	12,500	2,812 8 0	15,312 8 0
" 1957	12,500	2,250 0 0	14,750 0 0
" 1958	12,500	1,687 8 0	14,187 8 0
" 1959	12,500	1,125 0 0	13,625 0 0
" 1960	12,500	562 8 0	13,062 8 0

STATEMENT B.

Amritsar Municipality.

Detail of liabilities of the Municipal Committee to end of 31st March 1940

	Rs. A. P.
1. Loan of Rs. 2,00,000 for S. W. Drainage scheme sanctioned by Government,—*vide* Memo. No. 5471-L.-G., dated 11th February, 1922.	31,968 11 5
2. Loan of Rs. 5,75,000 for extension of Electricity sanctioned,—*vide* Punjab Government Letter No. 4011-L.-S.-G, dated 31st January, 1929.	3,56,313 5 1
3. Loan of Rs. 2,50,000 for the improvement of road sanctioned,—*vide* letter No. 932-L.G., 39-12036, dated 28th March, 1939.	2,41,406 9 1
4. Loan of Rs. 2,24,210 for paving of Kuchas sanctioned,—*vide* letter No. 932-L.G.-39-12036, dated 28th March, 1939.	2,16,680 10 3

STATEMENT C.

Statement showing Income and Expenditure for the last three financial years.

INCOME.

Head of Account.	Particulars.	1937-38.	1938-39.	1939-40.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
I	Opening balance	5,23,597	4,47,835	9,51,274
I	General Department	22,47,[illegible]17	25,60,506	[illegible]2,98,045
II	Education	1,[illegible]0,853	92,948	86,267
III	Medical	951	..	...
IV	Public Health	80,165	81,488	74,937
V	Water Supply	1 17,788	1,59,30[illegible]	1,54,728
VI	Veterinary Department	54,761	52,723	53,037
IX	Suspense Account	49,823	42,907	36,786
	Total ..	31,74,955	34 37,712	36,55,074
	Deduct—Income from deposits and sale of investments.	57,97	16,142	1,13,970
	Total ..	31,16,985	34,21,570	35,41,104

EXPENDITURE.

Head of Account.	Particulars.	1937-38.	1938-39.	1939-40.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1	General Department	13,83,735	13,45,625	13,41,791
2	Education	2,97,689	3,11,223	3,18,885
3	Medical	2,49,045	1,13,416	93,759
4	Public Health	4,31,962	4,43,918	4,65,954
5	Water Supply	1,46,444	45,749	2,02,542
6	Veterinary Department	12,464	10,071	10,990
7	Municipal Works	1,55,044	1,73,667	5,14,859
8	Reserve for unforeseen charges ...	...	...	...
9	Suspense Account	50,737	42,769	48,883
	Total ..	27,27,120	24,86,438	29,97,663
	Closing balance	4,47,835	9,51,274	6,57,411
	GRAND TOTAL ...	31,74,955	34,37,712	36,55,074
	Deduct—Expenditure of advances and deposits.	1,365	569	1,625
	Total ..	31,73,590	34,37,143	36,53,449

STATEMENT D.

Statement showing the anticipated income and expenditure of the Municial Funds for the year 1940-41.

Income			Expenditure.		
Head of Account.	Particulars.	Amount.	Head of Account.	Particulars.	Amount.
		Rs.			Rs.
I	General Departments ...	23,95,125	1	General Department ...	18,19,166
II	Education ...	90,000	2	Education ..	3,31,875
III	Medical	...	3	Medical ..	1,16,085
IV	Public Health ...	94,966	4	Public Health ..	4,83,191
			5	Water Supply ...	1,77,509
V	Water Supply ...	1,71,300	6	Veterinary Department ..	56,512
VI	Veterinary Department	53,400	7	Municipal Works ...	4,65,782
IX	Suspense Account ...	63,255	8	Reserve for unforeseen charges.	13,000
			9	Suspense Account ...	65,776
	Total ...	28,68,046		Total ...	35,28,896
	Opening balance ...	6,90,302			
	Grand Total ..	35,58,348		Closing balance ...	29,452
	Deduct—Income from loan sale of investments and deposits.	1,08,000		Grand Total ..	35,58,348
				Deduct—Expenditure from loan, advances and deposits.	2,51,900
	Total ...	34,50,348		Total ...	33,06,448

No. 3961-C.-40/43225.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 2670-C.-40/32083, dated the 3rd August, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendment to the Municipal Works Rules, 1925 :—

AMENDMENT.

The following "Note" shall be added under the table given in rule 15, namely :—

"NOTE.—As it is necessary to collect preliminary data for the preparation of detailed plans and estimates, the fee for the latter will be double that given in the above table in cases where the committee has not already paid for the preparation of preliminary plans and estimates. A charge for the inspection of site will only be made when actually undertaken."

No. 4182-C.-40/43231.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (5) of section 171 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to extend the provisions of the said section to the Municipality of **Bhiwani** in the Hissar district.

Small Towns.

The 28th October, 1940.

No. 4446-L. G.-40/42792.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 7 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the Governor of the Punjab hereby directs that S. Ahmad Shah, son of Abdullah Shah, shall be removed from membership of the Town Committee of **Makhad**, in the Attock district, as he is unfit to act as a member of the Committee.

Panchayats.

The 24th October, 1940.

No. 4785-L. G.-40/42353.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*b*) of subsection (2) of section 241 of the Government of India

6. Every license issued under by-law 3 shall be in such form as the Committee may, from time to time, prescribe, and shall be subject to the following conditions :—

(*a*) that the hand-cart in respect of which the licence is granted shall have the number-plate, which shall not be altered, defaced or obliterated, given under by-law 4, affixed to it at all times ;

(*b*) that the hand-cart shall be maintained in good repair to the satisfaction of the Committee ;

(*c*) that all articles of food and confectionery, carried in or on the hand-cart shall be kept covered in the manner prescribed from time to time by the Medical Officer of Health ;

(*d*) that the hand-cart shall be brought for inspection to the municipal office, or such other places set apart for the purpose whenever required by the Committee ;

(*e*) that the hand-cart shall not be used in or propelled along the new chauk and bazars leading from new chauk to post office and Okanwala road ;

(*f*) that the hand-cart shall not be used or propelled along the streets from half-an hour after sunset until half-an-hour before sunrise unless it carries a light in such a position as to be conspicuous from the front and behind ;

(*g*) that the licensee or the person in charge of the hand-cart shall obey all instructions and directions with regard thereto that may be issued by the Secretary of the Notified Area Committee or a Police Officer ;

(*h*) that every licensee or any person for the time being in charge of a licensed hand-cart shall produce for inspection the licence for the hand-cart whenever required to do so by any member of the Committee or any other officer of the Committee authorised in this behalf.

7. When a licensed hand-cart is transferred to a new proprietor during the currency of the licence, the name of the transferee shall within one week be reported in writing to the Notified Area Committee by the licensee and the name of the new proprietor shall be substituted in the licence in place of the original licensee.

8. The original licensee shall, until such transfer is reported and such name is substituted in the licence, be held liable as proprietor of the hand-cart for compliance with these by-laws.

9. Only a limited number of hand-carts shall be licensed each year and the grant of a licence shall be at the absolute discretion of the Committee.

10. The licence may be cancelled or suspended by order in writing by the Committee for a breach of any of the conditions of licence or any of these by-laws.

11. Any person who commits a breach of any of these by-laws shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with a fine which may extend to fifty rupees and if the breach is a continuing one, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first, during which such breach continues.

Medical.

The 29th October, 1940.

No. 4274-M.-40/43060.—*Corrigendum For* " No. 3779-M.-40/35780," occurring in the second paragraph of Punjab Government notification No. 4724-M. 40/39147, dated the 2nd October, 1940, *substitute* " No. 3778-M.-40/35780."

No. 4527-M.-40/43119.—The following by-laws made by the Notified Area Committee, **Jahania,** district Multan, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 17 of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act. 1932, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information and shall come into force within the limits of the Notified Area, **Jahania,** six weeks after the date of the publication of this notification :—

BY-LAWS.

1. No person whose name has not been registered in accordance with the provisions of section 14 of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932, shall practise as nurse, health visitor, midwife, nurse dai, trained dai, or dai within the area subject to the authority of the Notified Area Committee, Jahania.

2. Any person practising in contravention of by-law 1 or any person committing or abetting the commitment of a breach of by-law 1 shall be liable on conviction by a magistrate of the first class, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 for the first offence or to a fine not exceeding Rs. 250 for a second or a subsequent offence.

No. 4774-M.-40/43220.—The following by-laws made by the District Board of **Ambala**, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 17 of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab are published for general information and shall come into force within the limits of the District Board, **Ambala**, six weeks after the date of the publication of this notification :—

BY-LAWS.

1. These by-laws shall apply to such areas subject to the authority of the District Board, Ambala, as the Board may by a resolution from time to time determine.

2. The application of these by-laws to any area shall be made public by beat of drum and the posting of notices in conspicuous places within the area in question.

3. In the area to which these by-laws are applied no person shall practise as nurse, health visitor, midwife, nurse-dai, trained dai or dai unless registered as such under the provisions of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932.

4. Any person practising in contravention of by-law 3 or any person committing or abetting the commitment of a breach of by-law 3 shall be liable, on conviction by a magistrate of the first class, to a fine not exceeding Rs 50 for the first offence and to a fine not exceeding Rs. 250 for a second or subsequent offence.

Public Health.

The 29th October, 1940.

No. 4004-M-40/43124.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Pure Food Act, 1929, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to appoint Mr. Dina Nath Nijhawan, B.Sc., Public Analyst of the Rawalpindi Municipality, to be a Public Analyst for the **Rawalpindi Cantonment** in the Rawalpindi district, in respect of all articles of food and drink, *vice* S. Ram Singh Sobti, M.Sc.

2. Punjab Government notification No. 6570-M-38/10854, dated the 21st March, 19 39, as subsequently amended is hereby cancelled.

RAM CHANDRA,

Secretary to Government, Punjab,
Medical and Local Government Departments.

Committees.

The 25th October, 1940.

No. 1/D. C. K./L. F.—It is notified that in pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 50 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, I hereby make an order surcharging the following members of the Municipal Committee, Kaithal, with Rs. 138-4-0 payable by them in equal moiety, being the amount of loss sustained by the said Committee, which is reported by the Examiner, Local Fund Accounts, Punjab, to be a direct neglect of the said members (who voted for resolution No. 27, dated the 15th February, 1939), in the performance of their duties, while as members of the said Committee :—

(1) B. Jugal Kishore, Pleader, Kaithal.
(2) Sh. Ghulam Hussain. Pleader, Kaithal.
(3) M. Abdul Shakur Khan, Municipal Commissioner, Kaithal.
(4) L. Lachhoo Mal, Municipal Commissioner, Kaithal.
(5) R. B. Lala Ramji Dass, Municipal Commissioner, Kaithal.
(6) L. Jitu Mal, Municipal Commissioner, Kaithal.
(7) L. Willayati Ram, Municipal Commissioner. Kaithal.
(8) Sh. Mohammad Sharif, Municipal Commissioner, Kaithal.
(9) Sh. Hafizul Rehman, Municipal Commissinner, Kaithal.
(10) Sh. Mohd. Yaqub, Municipal Commissioner, Kaithal.
(11) Sh. Mohd. Ibrahim, Municipal Commissioner, Kaithal.
(12) Qazi Mohd. Sharif Hussain, Municipal Commissioner, Kaithal.

GHULAM MUSTAFA,

Deputy Commissioner, Karnal.

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PART I—A.

Punjab Government Notifications and Orders.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Boards.

The 4th November, 1940.

No. 4843-L. G.-Bds.-40/43960.—Whereas it appears to the Governor of the Punjab that land is likely to be required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of **Amritsar** for a public purpose, namely for Kathunangal Chawinda Devi Road, it is hereby notified that the land described in the specification below is likely to be acquired for the said purpose.

2. This notification is made, under the provisions of section 4 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, to all whom it may concern, and, in exercise of the powers conferred by the aforesaid section, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to authorize the officers for the time being engaged in the undertaking, with their servants and workmen, to enter upon and survey the land and do all other acts required or permitted by that section.

3. Any person interested in the land who has any objection to the acquisition may, within thirty days of the publication of this notification, file an objection in writing before the Collector of the Amritsar district :—

SPECIFICATION OF LAND.

District.—Amritsar. *Mauza.*—Kathunangal.
Tahsil.—Amritsar. *Area in acres.*—2·73.

Boundaries.—*North.*—Khasra Nos. 2123, 1965, 1964, 1963, 1959, 1958, 1950, 1949, 1948, 1800, 1799, 1798, 1796, 1795, 1794, 1793, 1773, 1772, 1771, 1748, 1747, 1742, 1736, 1735, 1732, 1729, 1725, 1724, 1717, 1706, 1705, 1704, 1702, 1701, abadi deh Kathunangal and Khasra No. 1457. *East.*—Khasra No. 2123 Min. *South.*—Boundary of village Man and Khasra Nos. 1691, 1692, 1693, 1700, 1699, 1677, 1675, 1670/1, 1670, 1669, 1659, 1657, 1656, 1655, 1654, 1650 and 1606. *West.*—Khasra No. 1605.

No. 4904-L. G.—Bds.-40/43962.—Whereas it appears to the Governor of the Punjab that with reference to notification No. 2361-L. G.—Bds.-40/25094, dated the 7th June, 1940, land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of **Attock**, for a public purpose, namely, for the improvement of Hassanabdal-Usman Khattar Road, it is hereby notified that the land described in the specification below is required for the said purpose.

2. This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, to all whom it may concern and, under section 7 of the said Act, the Collector of the Attock district is hereby authorised to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

3. A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the said Collector :—

SPECIFICATION OF LAND.

District.	*Tahsil.*	*Mauza.*	*Area in acres.*	*Boundaries.*
Attock ..	Attock ..	Hassanabdal..	3·80	*North.*—Khasra numbers 3283, 3282, 3279, 3278, 3277, 3276, 3275, 3271, 3261, 3260, 3259, 3253, 3258, 3257, 3256, 3249, 3248, 3247, 3244, 3243, 3232, 3231, 3407/3230, 3405/3228, 3227, 3408/3225, 3226; *East.*—New alignment on Hassanabdal-Usman Khattar Road, out of Khasra number 541, in village Budho; *South.*—Railway line Khasra No. 96; *West.*—Public Works Department metalled road to Abbottabad, Khasra No. 3185.
		Budho ..	0·23	*North.*—Khasra Nos. 541 and 52; *East.*—Existing District Board road to Usman Khattar Khasra No. 538. *South.*—Railway line Khasra No. 542; *West.*—New alignment on Hassanabdal-Usman Khattar Road, out of Khasra No. 3226 in village Budho.

No. 4893-L. G.-40/43975.—The following amendments made by the District Board of **Attock** to its Provident Fund Rules, published with Punjab Government notification No. 6792, dated the 25th February, 1932, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Attock**, on the 21st December, 1940 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. The following provisos shall be inserted after sub-rule (2) of rule 5 :—

"Provided that no interest shall be credited to the accounts of a Muslim subscriber, if he informs the board in writing that he does not wish to receive the interest and that the board may utilise it on any subject of general public interest ;

Provided further that if the subscriber subsequently asks for interest, it shall be credited to his account with effect from the first day of the year in which he asks for it."

2. *After* sub-clause (*c*) of rule 7 (1) the following new clause shall be added :—

"(*d*) under the proviso to sub-rule (2) of rule 5 for the purpose of utilising the interest on subject of general public interest."

3. At the end of sub-rule (3) of rule 9 the following proviso shall be inserted :—

"Provided that Muslim subscribers whose deposits in the fund carry no interest shall not be required to pay any interest."

No. 4737-Bds.-40/43983.—The following amendments made by the District Board of **Muzaffargarh** to the Provident Fund Rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 7179, dated the 9th March, 1933, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab are published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Muzaffargarh**, on the 21st December, 1940 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. The following provisos shall be inserted after sub-rule (2) of rule 5 :—

" Provided that no interest shall be credited to the accounts of a Muslim subscriber, if he informs the board in writing that he does not wish to receive the interest and that the board may utilise it on any subject of general public interest ;

Provided further that if the subscriber subsequently asks for interest, it shall be credited to his account with effect from the first day of the year in which he asks for it. "

2. After sub-clause (*c*) of rule 7 (1) the following new clause shall be added :—

" (*d*) under the proviso to sub-rule (2) of rule 5 for the purpose of utilising the interest on subject of general public interest. "

3. At the end of sub-rule (3) of rule 9 the following proviso shall be inserted :—

" Provided that Muslim subscribers whose deposits in the fund carry no interest shall not be required to pay any interest. "

4. After sub-rule (2) in rule 10, the following new sub-rule shall be added as sub-rule (3) :—

" (3) When a subscriber—

(*a*) has proceeded on leave preparatory to retirement, or

(*b*) while on leave, has been permitted to retire or declared by a competent authority to be unfit for further service,

the amount shown at the credit of his account in column 6 of the Provident Fund Ledger (Form P. F. I) shall, upon application made by him in that behalf, become payable to him, subject to the provisions of Rule 4 :

Provided that the subscriber, if he returns to duty, shall, if required to do so by the board, repay to the Provident Fund for credit to his account, the whole or part of any amount paid to him from the provident fund in pursuance of this sub-rule with interest thereon in cash or securities or partly in cash or partly in securities, by instalments or otherwise, by recovery from his salary or otherwise, as the board may direct. "

5. Existing sub-rules (3) and (4) of rule 10 shall be renumbered as (4) and (5), respectively.

6. In sub-rule (4) for the words and figures " sub-rule (1) or sub-rule (2) " the words and figures " sub-rules (1), (2) or (3) " shall be substituted.

The 5th November, 1940.

No. 4988-L.G.-Bds.-40/44214.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4969-L.G.-39/32636, dated the 11th October, 1939, and under the provisions ef section 55 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following rules for the District Board of **Muzaffargarh** :—

RULES.

1. Rules 43—56 of the District Board Account Code, 1926, shall not apply to the annual repairs of the District Board school buildings, the estimated cost of repairs of which does not exceed Rs. 100 in each case.

2. A lump sum which shall be determined by the Engineering Department after inspection of the building concerned shall be specified from time to time by a resolution of the Board and provided for the annual repairs of each such building. It shall be paid as soon as possible after the first meeting of the Board in the month of October as an advance to the head masters concerned to carry out the repairs under the supervision of the Member Halqa, along with a respectable person of the village concerned as proposed by the local member.

3. The persons entrusted with the work of repairs of the school buildings referred to in rule 1 above shall be responsible to get the work completed by the end of December each year.

4. Such person shall as soon as possible after January 1 submit to the Board's office, together with a certificate that the work has been completed to his satisfaction, the actual payees' receipts for the money spent and return the unspent balance if any.

5. The District Inspecting Staff shall put down remarks in the school log book whether the repairs have been done satisfactorily or not at the time of their visits to the schools.

No 4738-L.G.-40/44219.—The following draft of an amendment of the Municipal Account Code, 1930 (revised edition) which the Governor of the Punjab proposes to make, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 13th December, 1940, together with an objection or suggestion which may be received by the Punjab Government, from any person, with respect to the draft, before that date :—

DRAFT AMENDMENT.

For the existing form P. F, 8 the following new form shall be substituted :—

Date.	Amount lying to the credit of subscriber in column 5(a) of Register P.F.I,	Total of previous payments of premium.	Outstanding balance of advance made under Rule XVI-9.	Interest accrued since 1st April.	Loss of interest on advance due from subscriber.	Total of columns 2—6.	Half of amount shown in column 7 (subscription plus interest accrued thereon).	Total of columns 3, 4 and 6 (amount already out of account from subscriber plus interest accrued thereon).	Net amount available for payment as premium (column 8—column 9)	Amount paid as premium.	No. and date of payment voucher.	Progressive total of premium paid.	REMARKS.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14

The 6th November, 1940.

No. 4894-L. G.-40/44352.—The following amendments made by the District Board of **Mianwali,** to its Provident Fund Rules, published with Punjab Government notification No. 37406, dated the 11th December, 1931, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published, for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Mianwali,** on the 21st December, 1940 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. The following provisos shall be inserted after sub-rule (2) of rule 5 :—

" Provided that no interest shall be credited to the accounts of a Muslim subscriber, if he informs the board in writing that he does not wish to receive the interest and that the board may utilise it on any subject of general public interest ;

Provided further that if the subscriber subsequently asks for interest, it shall be credited to his account with effect from the first day of the year in which he asks for it."

2. After sub-clause (*c*) of rule 7 (1) the following new clause shall be added :—

" (*d*) under the proviso to sub-rule (2) of rule 5 for the purpose of utilising the interest on subject of general public interest."

3. At the end of sub-rule (3) of rule 9 the following proviso shall be inserted : —

" Provided that Muslim subscribers whose deposits in the fund carry no interest shall not be required to pay any interest ".

4. After sub-rule (2) in rule 10, the following new sub-rule shall be added as sub-rule (3) :—

" (3) When a subscriber—

(*a*) has proceeded on leave preparatory to retirement, or

(*b*) while on leave, has been permitted to retire or declared by a competent authority to be unfit for further service,

the amount shown at the credit of his account in column 6 of the Provident Fund Ledger (Form P. F. I.) shall, upon application made by him in that behalf, become payable to him subject to the provisions of Rule 4 ;

Provided that the subscriber, if he returns to duty, shall, if required to do so by the board, repay to the Provident Fund for credit to his account, the whole or part of any amount paid to him from the provident fund in pursuance of this rub-rule with interest thereon in cash or securities or partly in cash or partly in securities, by instalments or otherwise, by recovery from his salary or otherwise, as the board may direct."

5. Existing sub-rules (3) and (4) of rule 10 shall be renumbered as (4) and (5) respectively.

6. In sub-rule (4) for the words and figures " sub-rule (1) or sub-rule (2) " the words and figures " sub-rules (1), (2) or (3) " shall be substituted.

No. 4898-L. G.-40/44356.—The following amendments made by the District Board of **Gujrat** to its Provident Fund Rules, published with Punjab Government notification No. 24502, dated the 24th June, 1932, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Gujrat**, on the 21st December, 1940 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. The following provisos shall be inserted after sub-rule (2) of rule 5 :—

" Provided that no interest shall be credited to the accounts of a Muslim subscriber, if he informs the board in writing that he does not wish to receive the interest and that the board may utilise it on any subject of general public interest ;

Provided further that if the subscriber subsequently asks for interest, it shall be credited to his account with effect from the first day of the year in which he asks for it. "

2. After sub-clause (*c*) of rule 7 (1) the following new clause shall be added :—

" (*d*) under the proviso to sub-rule (2) of rule 5 for the purpose of utilising the interest on subject of general public interest. "

3. At the end of sub-rule (3) of rule 9 the following proviso shall be inserted :—

" Provided that Muslim subscribers whose deposits in the fund carry no interest shall not be required to pay any interest. "

4. After sub-rule (2) in rule 10, the following new sub-rule shall be added as sub-rule (3) :—

" (3) When a subscriber—

(*a*) has proceeded on leave preparatory to retirement, or

(*b*) while on leave, has been permitted to retire or declared by a competent authority to be unfit for further service,

the amount shown at the credit of his account in column 6 of the Provident Fund Ledger (Form P. F. I.) shall, upon application made by him in that behalf, become payable to him, subject to the provisions of Rule 4 :

Provided that the subscriber, if he returns to duty, shall if required to do so by the board, repay to the Provident Fund for credit to his account, the whole or part of any amount paid to him from the provident fund in pursuance of this sub-rule with interest thereon in cash or securities or partly in cash or partly in securities, by instalments or otherwise, by recovery from his salary or otherwise, as the board may direct. "

5. Existing sub-rules (3) and (4) of rule 10 shall be renumbered as (4) and (5) respectively.

6. In sub-rule (4) for the words and figures " sub-rule (1) or sub-rule (2) " the words and figures " sub-rules (1), (2) or (3) " shall be substituted.

No. 4748-L. G.-40/44360.—*Corrigendum.*—*For* the figure "28-12-0" occurring against the words "Exceeding Rs. 3,000 but not exceeding Rs. 5,000" under the heading "Amount of Tax" in Punjab Government notification No. 1535-L. G.-40/21447, dated the 4th May, 1940, the figures "26-4-0" shall be substituted.

Committees.

The 29th October, 1940.

No. 3737-C.-40/43148.—The following by-laws made by the Administrator of the Municipality of **Lahore,** in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188, 189, 190 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Lahore,** on the 16th day of December, 1940, from which date Punjab Government notification No. 18653, dated the 18th August, 1919, as subsequently amended, shall be deemed to have been cancelled.

BY-LAWS.

1. In these bylaws—

Definitions.

(*a*) A building is said to "abut" on to a road when the outer face of its front wall is on the road boundary.

Abut.

(*b*) "Barsati" means a small shed on the roof of a building used for shelter during the rains.

Barsatis.

(*c*) "Base" applied to a wall, means the underside of the course immediately above the plinth, if any, or in the case of a wall carried by a bressummer, immediately above such bressummer, or in the case of a building having no plinth, immediately above the footings.

Base.

(*d*) "Bressummer" means a wooden beam or a reinforced concrete or a stone slab or a metallic-girder which carries a wall.

Bressummer.

(*e*) "Brick" means an artificially made block of clay or of lime and sand prepared under pressure and burnt in a kiln or of sand and Portland cement or similar synthetic material not exceeding 12 inches in length 6 inches in breadth and 3½ inches in depth and capable of sustaining a pressure of not less than 450 lb. per square inch.

Brick.

(*f*) "Building of the warehouse class" means a warehouse, factory, manufactory, brewery, or distillery or other place in which operations are conducted by mechanical power.

Building of the warehouse class.

(*g*) "Domestic building" means a dwelling-house or an office building or other out-building, appurtenant to a dwelling-house, whether attached thereto or not, or a shop or any building not being a public building, or a building of the warehouse class.

Domestic Building.

(*h*) "Dwelling-house" means a building used or constructed or adapted to be used wholly or principally for human habitation.

Dwelling house.

(*i*) "External wall" means an outer wall of a building not being a party-wall even though adjoining a wall of another building.

External Wall.

(*j*) "Footing" means the projecting courses at the base of a wall to spread the weight over a larger area.

Footing.

(*k*) "Header" means bricks laid with the width of 4-3/8 inches on the face of the wall or parallel to the face of the wall.

Header.

(*l*) "Height of Building". The height of a building shall be calculated from the finished level of the centre of the adjacent portion of the nearest street.

Height of Building.

(m) " Inhabited room " means a room in which some person passes the night or which is used as a living room.

Inhabited room.

(n) " Mamti " means the small structure erected on the roof of a building at the head of the staircase to protect such staircase from the weather or to accommodate the machinery of lifts projecting above the general level of the roof.

Mamtis.

(o) " Masonry walled building " means a building, the external walls of which are constructed of bricks, stone or other similar material, without the aid of timber, iron or steel framing.

Masonry walled building.

(p) " Party wall means :—

Party wall.

(i) A wall forming part of building, and being used or constructed to be used in any part of the height or length of such wall for separation of adjoining buildings belonging to different owners or occupied or or constructed or adapted to be occupied by different persons ; or

(ii) A wall forming part of a building and standing, in any part of the length of such wall, to a greater extent than the projection of the footing on one side on grounds of different owners.

(q) " Plinth " means the portion of the external wall between the level of the street and the level of the floor first above the street.

Plinth.

(r) " Plinth level " means the level of the ground floor of a building.

Plinth level.

(s) " Public building ", except where otherwise defined, means a building used or constructed or adapted to be used, either ordinarily or occasionally, as a place of public worship, or as a hospital, college, school (not being merely a dwelling house so used), hotel, restaurant (not being merely a shop so used), theatre, public hall, public concert room, public lecture-room, public exhibition-room, or as a public place of assembly or entertainment for persons admitted thereto by tickets, or otherwise, or used or constructed or adapted to be used either ordinarily, or occasionally for any other public purpose.

Public Building.

(t) " Saiban " means a small open shed on the roof of a building in which to sleep during the hot weather.

Saibans.

(u) " Service latrine " means a latrine cleaned by sweepers.

Service latrine.

(v) " Story " means any horizontal division of a building, so constructed as to be capable of use as a living or sleeping apartment, although such horizontal division may not extend over the whole depth or width of the building.

Story.

(w) " Stretcher " means bricks laid with their length of 9 inches on the face of the wall or parallel to the face of the wall.

Stretcher.

(x) " Top-most story " means the uppermost story in a building, whether constructed wholly or partly in the roof or not, and whether used or constructed or adapted for human habitation or not.

Top most storey.

(y) " Water-borne latrine " means a latrine cleaned by a water carriage system.

Water-borne latrine.

(z) " Width ", applied to a new road or street, means the whole extent of space within boundaries of such road or street as laid down on the surveys of the city and measured at right angles to the course or direction or intended course or direction of such road or street.

Width.

2. (a) Every person intending to erect or re-erect any building shall give notice of such intention in writing to the Secretary of the Committee in form A appended to these by-laws, and

Building application.

shall at the same time submit :—

(1) a site plan of the land on which it is intended to erect or re-erect the building ;

(2) a plan of the building which it is proposed to erect or re-erect ; and

(3) the specifications detailed in form B appended to these by-laws.

(b) Copies of forms A and B may be obtained free of charge at the Municipal office.

(c) All applications, plans and specifications shall be signed by the person making the application.

(d) The applications, plans and specifications shall be filled in legibly, in English, except that if any person wishes to sign his name in other script than the Roman script he may do so, provided that a legible translation into the Roman script is also appended.

(e) The site plan must be drawn to a scale of not less than one-eighth of an inch to the foot, and must be submitted in triplicate. One copy at least shall be on tracing cloth or on linen mounted paper, but the other copies may be ferro-prints, if so desired. The site plan will show :—

(1) the direction of the North point ;
(2) the boundaries of the site ;
(3) the position of the site in relation to neighbouring streets and the level of the site in relation to the streets, if any, on which it abuts ;
(4) the position of the proposed building in relation to—
(i) the boundaries of the site ; and
(ii) all buildings and premises within 50 feet of the boundaries of the site ;
(5) the names, if any, and the width or widths of all streets on which the site abuts ;
(6) the existing condition of the site whether occupied by a building or not and if so what kind of a building, giving the purpose for which it is used and the number of stories ; the dimensions of tharras and other projections, if any, and the total height to the highest point from ground level i. e. from the centre of the adjacent portion of the nearest street) ;
(7) the open spaces to be left inside or about the building to be erected or re-erected ;
(8) the position, form and dimensions of all privies, urinals, drains, soak-pits, stables, cattle-sheds, cow-houses, wells and other appurtenances of the building.

(f) In the case of a structure proposed to be constructed on a site adjacent to a public street or other land under the control or management of the Public Works Department or any other Department of Government, or any Cantonment authority or any other Local Fund authority, the applicant shall submit one additional copy of the site plan for each such authority controlling or managing the land adjacent to the site. The additional copy or copies of the site plan may be either a ferro-print of a tracing cloth copy, as desired by the applicant. One site plan shall be forwarded by the committee immediately on presentation to the Executive Engineer, or other officer concerned, for information.

(g) The building plans must be drawn to a scale of not less than one-eighth of an inch to the foot, and must be submitted in duplicate. One copy shall be at least on tracing cloth or on linen mounted paper, but the second copy may be a ferro-print from the tracing, as desired by the applicant. The building plans must show :—

(1) the plan of the ground-floor and of every additional floor ;
(2) the position and dimensions of all projections beyond the main walls of the building ;
(3) the position of all proposed drains, privies, latrines, urinals and cess-pools ;
(4) the level and width of the foundations, and the level of the lowest floor with reference to the level of the centre of the street on which the front of the proposed building is to abut ;
(5) the level of the courtyard and open spaces in the building
(6) the elevation, giving full details and sections of the house and drainage and of the various parts of the privies, i. e. receptacles, seats, ventilators drain connections, cess-pools, sweeper's door, etc. ;

(7) the size of the doors, windows and ventilating openings for each room on each story.

(*h*) The position of fireplaces and chimneys, if any, shall be shown in every plan and elevation.

(*i*) Specifications showing the following particulars shall be given :—

(1) The materials and methods of construction to be used for external walls, party-walls foundations, roofs, staircases, bathrooms, fireplaces, chimneys and damp-proof courses.

(2) The purpose or purposes for which it is intended to use the building.

(3) The number of latrines, privies and urinals to be provided.

(4) The manner in which the drainage of the premises will be disposed of.

(5) The total area of the doorways and the windows or openings, which shall not be less than one-eighth of the area of the floor.

(6) The number of persons likely to occupy the building.

(*j*) All new works shall be indicated on the plans by different notations or by an indelible distinctive colour, and a key to the notations or colours used shall be given on the plans.

(*k*) In cases of large buildings, where questions of structural stability are specially important, in the opinion of the Municipal Engineer, he may require any person who has submitted an application to erect or re-erect any building to submit, in addition to the plans and specifications required in the above by-laws, elevations and sections of the proposed building together with full specifications as to the material and methods of construction to be used for external walls, party-walls, foundations, roofs, ceilings, floors, staircases, fireplaces, chimneys and other important details to be specified by him.

(*l*) No application is required for the following operations, provided that they do not infringe any of these by-laws :—

(1) Repairs in the form of the replacement of existing material, by a similar material if no demolition is involved and the building remains throughout the operation substantially the same as it was. Such repairs would include replacing damaged bricks in a wall, but not the pulling down of a damaged wall and its subsequent re-building.

(2) The erection of sun-shades not abutting on or overhanging any street or the property of any other person, provided that the erection of such sun-shades does not infringe any of the provisions of these by-laws.

(3) The opening of internal windows or doors.

(4) The replacement of internal doors or windows.

(5) The closing of internal doors or windows.

For the purpose of this by-law "internal" means not abutting on or overhanging any street or the property of any other persons.

Return of incomplete applications.

3. (*a*) No application for the erection or re-erection of a building shall be considered by the Committee unless it is certified by the Secretary, or by such other officer as may be appointed by the Committee for this purpose, that the plans and specifications submitted with the application are in accordance with the provisions of the by-laws. If they are not, the application, plans and specifications shall be returned for resubmission in the proper form.

(*b*) If the application is complete in all respects, it shall be dealt with in form C.

Resubmission of plans.

4. (*a*) If owing to some objection the plan has to be rejected, but the objection has subsequently been met to the satisfaction of the Committee, it will not be necessary for the applicant to submit new plans and specifications, provided that it can be made quite clear on the plans and specifications left with the Municipal Committee that the objection has been satisfactorily dealt with.

(*b*) Where a minor alteration is subsequently applied for, it shall not be necessary for complete plans and specifications to be submitted, provided that a reference can be made to the plans and specifications kept among the records of the Committee, and the alterations can be sufficiently explained by a reference to those plans.

Plinths.

5. (*a*) The top of the plinth of a building shall not be less than 1½ ft. above the level of the centre of the street or open space on which the front of the building abuts. If the ground floor is to be used for human residence or occupation, and at places where a Municipal drain or sewer has not been laid the top of the plinth of the building shall be 1½ ft. above the foundation level as fixed by the Municipal Engineer for each particular case.

(*b*) In the case of warehouses, garages and stables, the minimum height of the plinth at the entrance shall be six inches. There shall be a sufficient slope from the interior outwards to ensure proper drainage unless other adequate means of drainage have been provided.

(*c*) The courtyard of every building shall be not less than one foot above the level of the centre of the street on which the front of the building abuts.

Precautions against fire.

6. No external wall and no covering of a roof shall consist of wood (other than teak or fire-proofed wood), cloth, canvas, leaves, mats, grass or any other inflammable material, but this prohibition shall not extend to temporary erections for privacy or shelter so placed that they do not adjoin any street or any building to which fire could spread from them, and in the opinion of the Municipal Engineer are not unsightly, and are not likely to be used as shops or for gain in any other way.

Damp-proof courses.

7. All buildings must be provided with a damp-proof course at plinth level of a type approved by the Municipal Engineer.

Materials and methods of construction

8. The materials and methods of construction to be used for external and party walls, roofs, floors, staircases, lifts, fireplaces and chimneys shall be such as may be approved by the Municipal Engineer subject to the following requirements.

One storied buildings.

9. No building constructed of mud, *pise-de-terre* or unburnt bricks (whether with or without the addition of burnt bricks to take the weight of upper stories and the roof) shall be of more than one story. The immediately ensuing provisions about foundations and the thickness of walls shall not apply to such buildings, but the method of construction must be approved by the Municipal Engineer and the pressure on the earth below should not exceed 0·8 ton per square foot.

Foundations.

10. (*a*) The foundations of every building (except such one-storied buildings resting directly on the earth) shall be of such a width that the pressure on the earth does not exceed one ton per square foot. It shall rest on undisturbed earth, and shall not be less than two feet below the ground level. All walls shall rest on a concrete foundation and all brickwork below ground level shall be laid in lime or cement mortar.

(*b*) The projection on each side of a wall at the widest part of the footings shall be at least one-half of the thickness of the wall at its base. The full width of the footings shall be reduced to the width of the wall at its base by equal and regular offsets.

Walls.

11. (*a*) The measurement of the height and length of walls shall be calculated as follows :—

(1) The height of a wall shall be measured from the top of the plinth to the highest part of the wall, or in the case of a gable to half the height of the gable.

(2) Walls will be deemed to be divided into distinct lengths by return-walls. The length of a wall shall be measured from the centre of the return wall to the centre of another provided that the return-walls are external walls, party-walls or cross-walls of the thickness prescribed by the by-laws and are bonded.

(3) A wall shall not, for the purpose of this by-law be deemed a cross-wall unless it is carried up to the top of the topmost story, and unless in each story the aggregate extent of the vertical faces or elevations of the recesses and that of all the openings therein taken together shall not exceed one-half of the whole extent of the vertical face or elevation of the wall in such story.

(*b*) Every person who shall undertake construction work on a domestic masonry-walled building, shall construct external wall, every wall abutting on an interior open space, and every party-wall included in such work in accordance with the following clauses and in every case the thickness prescribed shall be the minimum thickness of which any such wall may be constructed and the several clauses shall apply to masonry walls built of bricks :—

(1) Where the wall does not exceed ten feet in height (whatever is its length), it shall be nine inches thick for its whole height.

(2) Where the wall exceeds ten feet and does not exceed fifteen feet in height (whatever is its length), it shall be 13½ inches thick for a height of 8 feet and 9 inches thick for the remaining height.

(3) Where the wall does not exceed 25 feet in height its thickness shall be as follows :—

(i) if the wall does not exceed thirty feet in length, it shall be thirteen and one-half inches thick for its whole height ;

(ii) if the wall exceeds thirty feet in length, it shall be eighteen inches thick below the topmost story ; if it comprises more than one story, or if it comprises a ground floor only, then eighteen inches thick for a height of fifteen feet above its base ; and in either case thirteen and one-half inches thick for the rest of its height.

(4) Where the wall exceeds twenty-five feet but does not exceed thirty-five feet in height its thickness shall be as follows :—

(i) If the wall does not exceed thirty feet in length, it shall be eighteen inches thick from the base for the height of one story, and thirteen and a half inches thick for the rest of its height.

(ii) If the wall exceeds thirty feet in length, it shall be eighteen inches thick from the base for the height of two stories, and thirteen and a half inches thick for the rest of its height

(5) Where the wall exceeds thirty-five feet but does not exceed forty-five feet in height its thickness shall be as follows :—

(i) If the wall does not exceed thirty feet in length, it shall be eighteen inches thick from the base for the height of two stories and thirteen and a half inches thick for the rest of its height.

(ii) If the wall exceeds thirty feet in length, it shall be twenty-two and a half inches thick from the base for the height of one story, then eighteen inches thick for the height of the next two stories, and thirteen and a half inches thick for the rest of its height.

(6) Where the wall exceeds forty-five feet but does not exceed fifty-five feet in height its thickness shall be as follows :—

(i) If the wall does not exceed thirty feet in length it shall be twenty-two and a half inches thick from the base for the height of one story, then eighteen inches thick for the height of the next two stories and then thirteen and a half inches thick for the rest of its height.

(ii) If the wall exceeds thirty feet in length, it shall be twenty-two and a half inches thick from the base for the height of two stories, then eighteen inches thick for the height of the next two stories and thirteen and a half inches thick for the rest of its height.

(7) Where the wall exceeds fifty five feet but does not exceed sixty feet in height, its thickness shall be as follows :—

(i) If the wall does not exceed thirty feet in length, it shall be twenty-two and a half inches thick from the base for the height of two stories, then eighteen inches thick for the height of the next two stories, and thirteen and a half inches thick for the rest of its height.

(ii) If the wall exceeds thirty feet in length, it shall be twenty-seven inches thick from the base for the height of one story, then twenty-two and a half inches thick for the height of next two stories, then eighteen inches thick for the height of the next two stories and thirteen and a half inches thick for the rest of its height.

(c) Every person who shall undertake construction work on a masonry-walled public building or on a masonry-walled building of the warehouse class shall construct every external wall and every party wall included in such work in accordance with the following clauses, and in every case the thickness prescribed shall be the minimum thickness of which any such wall may be constructed and the several clauses shall apply only to walls built of brick masonry :—

(1) Where the wall does not exceed twenty-five feet in height (whatever is its length), it shall be thirteen and a half inches thick at its base.

(2) Where the wall exceeds twenty-five feet, but does not exceed thirty feet in height, it shall be at its base of the following thickness : —

(i) If the wall does not exceed forty-five feet in length it shall be thirteen and a half inches thick at its base.

(ii) If the wall exceeds forty-five feet in length, it shall be eighteen inches thick at its base.

(3) Where the wall exceeds thirty feet, but does not exceed forty feet in height, it shall be at its base of the following thickness :—

(*i*) If the wall does not exceed thirty-five feet in length, it shall be thirteen and a half inches thick at its base.

(*ii*) If the wall exceeds thirty-five feet but does not exceed forty-five feet in length, it shall be eighteen inches thick at its base.

(*iii*) If the wall exceeds forty five feet in length, it shall be twenty-two and a half inches thick at its base.

(4) Where the wall exceeds forty feet, but does not exceed fifty feet in height, it shall be at its base of the following thickness :—

(*i*) If the wall does not exceed thirty feet in length, it shall be eighteen inches thick at its base.

(*ii*) If the wall exceeds thirty feet, but does not exceed forty-five feet in length, it shall be twenty-two and a half inches thick at its base.

(*iii*) If the wall exceeds forty-five feet in length, it shall be twenty-seven inches thick at its base.

(5) Where the wall exceeds fifty feet, but does not exceed sixty feet in height, it shall be at its base of the following thickness :—

(*i*) If the wall does not exceed forty-five feet in length, it shall be twenty-two and-a-half inches thick at its base.

(*ii*) If the wall exceeds forty-five feet in length, it shall be twenty-seven inches thick at its base.

(6) Where the wall exceeds sixty feet, but does not exceed seventy feet in height, it shall be at its base of the following thickness :—

(*i*) If the wall does not exceed forty-five feet in length, it shall be twenty two and-a-half inches thick at its base.

(*ii*) If the wall exceeds forty-five feet in length, it shall be twenty-seven inches thick at its base.

(7) In any wall over twenty-five feet in height the upper-most fifteen feet shall not be less than fourteen inches in thickness and the remainder of the wall below the upper-most fifteen feet shall not be less in thickness than the space contained between two straight lines drawn from each outer side of the wall at its base to each outer side of the wall fifteen feet below the top.

Nevertheless in walls not exceeding thirty feet in height the walls of the topmost storey may be nine inches thick, provided the height of that storey does not exceeds twelve feet.

Provided that notwithstanding anything contained in the foregoing clauses (1) to (7) inclusive :—

(*i*) Every external and party-wall of any storey which measured from the level of the floor of that storey to the level of the floor of the storey next above it, if any, exceeds twelve feet in height shall be not less than thirteen and-a-half inches in thickness : and

(*ii*) If any storey exceeds in height fourteen times the thickness hereinbefore prescribed for its wall, the thickness of each external and party-wall throughout that storey shall be increased to one-fourteenth part of the height of that storey, and the thickness of each external-wall and of each party-wall before that storey shall be proportionately increased.

(*d*) Every person who shall undertake construction work on a masonry-walled building shall construct, in accordance with the following clauses, every cross-wall (included in such work), which, in pursuance of the by-laws in that behalf may as a return-wall be deemed a means of determining the length of any external-wall or party-wall of such building ; and in every case the thickness prescribed shall be the minimum thickness of which any such cross-wall may be constructed ; and the several clauses shall apply to walls built of brick masonry :—

(1) The thickness of every such cross-wall shall be at least two-thirds of the thickness prescribed by the by-laws in that behalf for an external-wall or party-wall of the same height and length and belonging to the same class of buildings as that to which such cross-wall belongs, but shall in no case be less than nine inches.

(2) But if such cross-wall supports a super-incumbent external-wall the whole of such cross-wall shall be of the thickness prescribed by the by-law

in that behalf for an external-wall or a party-wall of the same height and length and belonging to the same class of building as that to which such cross-wall belongs.

(e) Every person who shall undertake construction work on a masonry-walled building and shall leave in any storey or storeys of such building an extent of opening in any external-wall included in such work which shall be greater than one-half of the whole extent of the vertical face, or elevation of the wall or walls of the storey or storeys in which the opening is left, shall construct the wall or walls of every such storey of such thickness that the maximum pressure per square foot shall not exceed the respective limits of weight per square foot of horizontal sectional area next hereinafter provided, namely :—

	Limit of Superincumbent weight per square foot of horizontal Sectional area.
	Tons.
If the wall is built of :—	
Burnt bricks in lime mortar ..	4
Burnt bricks in cement mortar ..	8

(f) Every person who shall undertake construction work on a building and shall construct any external-wall, partwall, or cross-wall included in such work of rubble masonry of approved quality or other material not being brick or ashlar shall comply with the following clause with respect to the thickness of such wall :—

The thickness of such wall shall be ⅓rd greater in the case of rubble masonry and ⅙th greater in case of coursed rubble masonry of approved quality than that prescribed by the by-law in that behalf for a wall built of brick masonry, but in other respects of the same description, height and length and belonging to the same class of building.

(g) In the case of ashlar and coursed masonry the stones shall overlap or break joint from one to one and one-half times the depth of the course, both along the face of the wall and also from the front to the back. In every case the ends of headers shal not form less than one-fourth of the whole area of the face of the masonry.

In the case of the common rubble masonry the wall shall be bonded both laterally and transversely one-fourth of the mass shall consist of headers, and the wall shall be brought up uniformly and levelled at regular intervals not exceeding two feet in height.

(h) Every person who shall undertake construction work on a masonry-walled building shall construct every external-wall, party-wall and cross-wall included in such work, of such thickness that the superincumbent weight on the base of such wall shall not exceed the respective limits of weight per square foot of horizontal sectional area next hereinafter provided, namely :—

Limit of Superincumbent weight per square foot of horizontal sectional area.

	Tons.
If the wall is built of Rubble masonry or other material not being brick or ashler.	3½
Burnt brick in lime ..	4
Burnt brick in cement ..	8

Every person who shall undertake construction work on a building shall, save as hereinafter provided construct every external-wall and party-wall and also every cross-wall, which in pursuance of the by-law in that behalf may, as a return wall be deemed a means of determining the length of any external-wall or party-wall of such building, of bricks or stones or other hard and incombustible materials properly bended and solidly put together with mortar well compounded of not less than one part of good fresh burnt lime and not more than two parts of clean sharp sand or other like and suitable material to be approved by the Municipal Engineer or with cement, or with cement mixed with sand or other suitable materials to be approved as aforesaid, provided always, that the person undertaking such work may construct the external-walls and cross-walls of iron or steel framing, of teak or fire proofed wood of reinforced concrete or of other materials to be approved of by the Municipal Engineer, who shall be guided by the Manual of Punjab P. W. D. Specifications at the time in force.

(i) No person may construct any building, the walls of which are built in brick and clay mortar to a height greater than 25 feet or of more than one storey and such walls must be pointed or plastered externally with cement or lime plaster and such portions constructed with lime or cement mortar as may be required by the Municipal Engineer : these portions shall include jambs and cills of doors and windows, chimney stocks, fire places, chimney flues, wall cupboards, wells, soak pits, septic tanks, foundations and any parts of walls specially liable to damage by water.

(j) Every person who shall undertake construction work on a masonry-walled building shall cause every wall included in such work which may be built at an angle, with another wall to be properly bonded therewith.

Underground rooms.

12. No underground room shall be constructed except on the roads or portions of roads shown in Appendix A and subject to the following restrictions, which shall apply to rooms used for sleeping in or for workshops or for the sale of goods or for the storage and warehousing of goods as detailed below and no underground room shall be used for the purpose of public entertainment including use as a restaurant or for dancing or singing :—

(*a*) An open area must be provided, across the full width of the front and back of the site, of the width shown in Appendix A provided that in the case of corner sites a space may be given on the two sides abutting on the two roads forming a corner.

In the case of rooms for the storage or warehousing of goods it will be sufficient if there is an open area on all the streets shown in Appendix A across the full width of one side only of he site of a minimum width of 5 ft.

(*b*) The level of the ground floor must be raised to a minimum of 3 ft. above the finished level of the centre of the crown of the adjoining road. If there is more than one adjoining road, then the height of 3 ft. is to be measured from the level of the crown of the higher or highest adjoining road.

In the case of rooms for the storage or warehousing of goods a height of 2½ ft. instead of 3 ft. will suffice.

(*c*) A minimum height of 10 ft. must be provided from the level of the floor to the underside of the ceiling.

(*d*) Every wall must be constructed with a proper damp proof course, and, if in contact with the soil, must be effectually secured against dampness from that soil with approved vertical and horizontal damp proof courses.

(*e*) Open areas must be paved with impervious material upon a concrete bed, all to the satisfaction of the Municipal Engineer.

(*f*) The open areas of the room must be completely unobstructed, provided that in those areas may be placed steps necessary for access to the room or rooms, and over and across such open areas there may be steps necessary for access to any building above the underground room, so long as the steps in each case are so placed as not to be over or across any external window.

(*g*) The open areas of the room and the soil immediately below the room must be effectually drained.

(*h*) Any drain passing under the room must be properly constructed of a gas-tight cast iron pipe or pipes.

(*i*) The room must be effectually secured against the rise of any effluvium or exhalation.

(*j*) The room must have either a fire-place with a proper chimney or a ventilating flue.

(*k*) The room must have one or more windows opening directly into the external air, with a total area clear of the easement frame equal to at least 1/10th of the floor area of the room, and so constructed that half at least of each window of the room can be opened and the opening in each case extends to the top of the window.

(*l*) The minimum area of each underground room must be at least 120 sq. ft.

APPENDIX A.

Name of road.	Width of open area across the full width of the front and back of the site.	Name of road.	Width of open area across the full width of the front and back of the site.
The Mall ..	8 feet.	Thornton Road ..	6 feet.
McLeod Road from the Mall to the Nicholson Road.	8 feet.	Lytton Road ..	6 feet.
Abbott Road ..	6 feet.	Nicholson Road ..	6 feet.
Beadon Road ..	6 feet.	Napier Road ..	5 feet.
Church Road ..	6 feet.	Anarkali Bazar ..	5 feet.
Cooper Road ..	6 feet.	Abut Musli Road ..	5 feet.
Egerton Road from the Council Chamber to the Cooper Road.	6 feet.	Caleb Road ..	5 feet.
Ferozepore Road from Lawrence Road to the Mall.	6 feet.	Dhani Ram Road ..	5 feet.
Montgomery Road from Abbott Road to McLeod Road.	6 feet.	Ewing Road ..	5 feet.
McLeod Road from Nicholson Road to Railway Road.	6 feet.	Fleming Road ..	5 feet.
Mozang Road from Temple Road to Edwards Road.	6 feet.	Ganpat Rai Road ..	5 feet.
Fane Road ..	6 feet.	Gowalmandi Road ..	5 feet.
Turner Road ..	6 feet.	Lake Road ..	5 feet.
Begum Road ..	6 feet.	Maclagan Road ..	5 feet.
Main Changer Mohalla Road ..	6 feet.	Mauja Bakhsh Road ..	5 feet.
Roberts Road ..	6 feet.	Mission Road ..	5 feet.
		Mobini Road ..	5 feet.
		Nabha Road ..	5 feet.
		Nisbet Road ..	5 feet.
		Poonch Road from its junction with the Multan Road to a point 200 feet in a southerly direction along the Poonch Road.	5 feet.

Chimneys and fire places.

13. (*a*) Every person who shall undertake construction work on a building shall, except in such case as is hereinafter provided, cause every chimney included in such work to be built on a solid foundation with footings similar to the footings of the wall against which such chimney is built and to be properly bonded into such wall.

Provided, nevertheless, that such person may cause any such chimney to be built on sufficient corbels of brick, stone, or other hard and incombustible materials, if the work so corbelled out does not project from the wall more than the thickness of the wall measured immediately below the corbel.

(*b*) Every person who shall undertake construction work on a building shall cause the inside of every flue included in such work to be properly rendered or pargetted as such flue is carried up unless the whole flue shall be lined with fire brick, or fire proof piping of fire clay at least one inch thick and unless the spardral angles shall be filled in solid with brick work or other incombustible materials.

Such person shall also cause the back or outside of such flue which shall be constructed so as to form part of the outer face of an external wall, to be properly rendered in every case where the brick work of which such back or outside may be constructed is less than nine inches thick.

(*c*) Every person who shall undertake construction work on a building shall cause every flue included in such work which may be intended for use in connection with any furnace or of copper steam boiler or close fire constructed for any purpose of trade, business or manufacture, or which may be intended for use in connection with any cooking range or cooking apparatus of such building when occupied as a hotel, tavern or eating house to be surrounded with fire bricks at least four and half inches thick for a distance of 10 feet at the least in height from the floor on such furnace of copper, steam boiler, close fire cooking range or cooking apparatus may be constructed or placed.

(*d*) Floors beneath and around every fire place for a width of 3 feet shall be rendered fire proof by being covered with earthen-ware tiles or with concrete plastered with cement or other fireproof material.

(*e*) A person who shall erect a new building shall not place any timber or woodwork :—

(1) In any wall or chimney breast of such building nearer than 12 inches to the inside of any flue or chimney opening.

(2) Under any chimney opening of such building within fifteen inches from the upper surface of the hearth thereof.

Such person shall not drive any wooden plug into any wall or chimney breast of such building nearer than six inches to the inside of any flue or chimney opening.

(*f*) Every person who shall erect a new building shall cause every chimney shaft or smoke flue of such building to be carried up in brick work or stone work all round at least 4½ inches thick.

(*g*) A person who shall erect a new building shall not fix in such building any pipe for the purpose of conveying smoke or other products of combustion unless such pipe be fixed at the distance of nine inches at least from any combustible substance.

(*h*) Every building or part of a building from which there is danger of storm water or dirty water falling on to any public road way or footpath shall be provided with a gutter and a down pipe made of metal of such design and capacity that water will neither spill out of them nor leak through them.

Rain pipes.

14. (*a*) No drain for the disposal of storm water shall be constructed within the thickness of any wall of any building unless the drain is so constructed as to be water proof.

(*b*) All stack pipes for the disposal of storm water shall be of cast iron or other suitable material, approved by the Municipal Engineer.

Loads.

15. (*a*) Every person who shall undertake construction work on a masonry walled public building or on a masonry-walled building of the ware house class shall construct every floor included in such work of a design to carry the full load hereinafter prescribed for the particular class of building to be constructed, that is to say :—

(*i*) In the case of a masonry-walled public building a load of not less than 1½ cwt. per square foot.

(*ii*) In the case of mosonry-walled building of the warehouse classs a load of not less than 2½ cwt. per square foot.

(*b*) Every person who shall undertake construction work on a dwelling house shall construct every floor included in such work so as to carry a load of not less than 120 lbs. per square foot.

Staircases and egress in case of fire.

16. (a) No part of the second or of any higher storey of any building shall be more than 100 feet from some staircase leading to the ground floor.

(b) In every building, no staircase shall be less than 3 feet in width and no step shall have a rise of more than 9 inches or a tread (measured from the vertical face of the rise) of less than 9 inches.

(c) (1) Every person who shall erect a building intended to be used as a dwelling house for more than two families or for carrying on any trade or business in which a number of people exceeding twenty may be employed, or as a place of public resort shall provide in such building at least one staircase extending from the ground floor level to the highest floor level and of a minimum width of three feet clear length of tread throughout, provided that where the staircase is to be used by more than 100 persons, an additional width of one inch shall be provided for every additional 15 persons until a maximum width of nine feet be obtained. Provided also that in lieu of a single staircase of the width in this sub-clause prescribed it shall be lawful to substitute two staircases, each being of a width equal to two-thirds of the width in this sub-clause prescribed for the single-staircase, but so that neither of such two substituted staircases, shall be less than three feet wide. One at least of such staircases in each such building shall be entirely constructed of stone, cement concrete, iron or other fire-resisting material or teak or fire proofed wood filled in with concrete.

(2) Where the staircase is less than 7 feet in width, one hand rail shall be provided. Where the staircase exceeds 7 feet in width, one additional hand rail shall be provided in the centre. The central hand rail may, however, be omitted where the staircase is made of considerable width for architectural effect only.

For the purposes of this by-law each 30 square feet of floor space in a living room in menials quarters, in a two-room tenement house or in a workshop shall be assumed to be occupied by one person.

(d) Every person who shall undertake construction work on a building shall construct every staircase included in such work in accordance with the following clauses :—

(1) Where the staircase is of stone and is the sole staircase in the building, each step shall at each end be built into a supporting wall or masonry column, and each step shall be cut from one stone and shall be at least 8 inches longer than the space between the wall of support at each end thereof and shall be built into such wall or support at least 4 inches at each end.

(2) Where the staircase is of reinforced concrete two iron rods each of 1/2 inch diameter or an equivalent section of metal, the full length of the step, and extending at least 4 inches into the wall or support at each end, shall be embedded in each step, one inch above the soffit of the step.

If the width of the step is more than 3 feet or if cantilever construction is proposed, the factor of safety shall be increased proportionally as may be required by the Municipal Engineer.

(3) Where the staircase is of iron, each step shall be calculated as a girder supported at both ends or as a cantilever, as the case may be, having a factor of safety of 4 when loaded with a weight of 100 lbs. per lineal foot upon each step.

(4) Where the staircase is of wood, the stringers shall be of not less than $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches, in thickness, and of such breadth as will allow for 1 inch above the front edge of the tread and one inch below the bottom edge of the riser. When the staircase is of wood filled in with concrete, the stringers shall be not less than $2\frac{1}{2}''$, thick.

(5) Where a wooden or wooden and concrete staircase exceeds $4'-0''$, clear tread in width, a timber bearer shall be provided, $6''\times2\frac{1}{2}''$, extending throughout each flight of stairs in one piece : where it exceeds, $8'-0''$, clear tread in width two similar bearers shall be provided.

(e) Where the staircase is in a dwelling house and is not otherwise ventilated it shall be ventilated at the top by means of a window or a ventilator or a sky-light in the roof.

(f) The walls supporting or enclosing any staircase in a public building shall be of masonry or other fireproof construction and not less than nine inches thick.

(g) The tread and risers of each flight of stairs in a public building shall be of uniform width.

(*h*) (1). No staircase, internal corridor or passage way in a public building shall be less than six feet wide. Provided that, where, not more than two hundred persons are to be accommodated in any public building, any staircase, internal corridor or passage way may be of any width not less than four feet six inches.

(2) Every staircase, internal corridor or passageway in public building, which communicates with any portion of the building intended for the accommodation of more than four hundred persons, shall be wider than six feet by six inches for every hundred persons over four hundred, subject to a maximum width of nine feet.

(3) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-rule (1) and sub-rule (2) instead of a single staircase, corridor or passage way of the width prescribed by sub-rule (2), there may be two staircases, corridors or passageways, each being of a width equal to at least two-thirds of the width so prescribed.

(*i*) If the width of any staircase in a public building is eight feet or more, the staircase shall be divided by a hand rail.

(*j*) If some of the persons accommodated in a public building are placed on a higher floor than others, a separate means of exit of the width prescribed by by-law 8 (*ff*) subsections 1, 2 or 3, as the case may be, and communicating directly with a public street or an open space, shall be provided for each floor :

Provided that this by-law shall not apply to an hotel or lodging house, or to any public building which is used as a home, refuge or shelter.

(*k*) All doors and barriers in a public building shall be made to open outwards, and no locks or bolts for closing the same from outside shall be affixed thereto.

(*l*) In every public building and in any other building of more than one hundred and twenty-five thousand feet in cubic extent, and which is constructed or adopted to be used as a dwelling house for separate families, the floors of the lobbies, corridors, passages, landings, and also the flight of stairs shall be of fire-resisting material and carried by supports of a fire-resisting material.

Latrines and Urinals.

17. (*a*) No service latrine and no urinal shall be built within 5 feet of any public street nor within 10 feet of well, tank or reservoir, which is used as a source of water supply.

(*b*) Every latrine or urinal shall be so constructed that when the outer door thereof is open, the seats shall not be visible from a street or other public place.

(*c*) Every service latrine and urinal shall be provided with a window just below roof level or other adequate means of ventilation, approved by the Municipal Engineer, such ventilator having a clear opening to the external air of at least two square feet.

(*d*) All service latrines shall be so constructed that all excreta fall directly into a removable receptacle of metal, glazed pottery or other non-absorbent material which shall fit closely below the seat and such receptacle shall be removable through a flap door in the outer wall of the latrine, which flap door when closed shall obscure the receptacle from view.

(*e*) The platform of every service latrine upon which the receptacles rest shall be of masonry plastered with cement with a slope of half-an-inch to the foot towards the back of the latrine.

(*f*) In every urinal, the walls to a height of three feet above the floor, and in every latrine both the seat and the walls to a height of three feet above the floor shall be of metal or masonry.

(*g*) The walls of every service latrine or urinal, if of masonry, shall be plastered with cement or covered with an impervious material to a height of at least three feet above the floor level.

(*h*) The floor and seat of every service latrine or urinal shall be of stoneware or of masonry or concrete plastered with cement or of impervious tiles pointed with cement, and shall be in every part at a height of at least 6 inches above the level of the surface of the ground adjoining the latrine or urinal and shall slope to the drain in such a way that liquids will flow off quickly.

(*i*) Every service latrine and urinal shall be provided with a drain and such drain shall be constructed of glazed pipes or other impervious material and shall connect the floor of the latrine or urinal with the city sewers, or if no sewer is close enough, with such arrangements for the disposal of the drainage as may be approved by the Medical Officer of Health.

(*j*) For the purpose of cleansing, access shall be provided to all service latrines and urinals from the public road and such access or passage shall in no case be of a width less than 2½ feet, and shall not pass through any room used for human habitation or as a shop.

(*k*) By-laws (*d*) to (*j*) above shall not apply to latrines of a European pattern fitted with bath room commodes.

(*l*) If a service latrine is to be built on the roof of a house it shall be built on a side of the house overlooking a street. The sullage water shall be drained through a caste iron pipe four inches in diameter. The joints of the pipe shall be caulked with lead. The pipe shall be connected with a surface drain in the street or with some such other arrangement for the disposal of the sullage water as may be approved by the Medical Officer of Health.

(*m*) In the case of all water-borne latrines the drainage by-laws shall apply, and no latrine other than a water-borne latrine shall be constructed in any area certified by the Medical Officer of Health to be provided with sewers.

(*n*) Every open compound either for a bungalow or for a factory shall be provided with separate latrines for men and women of a type to be approved by the Municipal Engineer at least one latrine being provided for every 20 men and one latrine for every 20 women living in the compound. These latrines shall be in addition to any latrines reserved for the use of the occupants of a bungalow, and the occupants of the bungalow shall not be taken into account in calculating the above numbers.

Wooden buildings.

18. If a building is constructed of wood other than teak, that wood shall be fire proofed, and shall be made of such material and with such methods of construction as the Municipal Engineer may approve, subject to the requirement that each chimney shall be constructed of such material and in such a manner as is laid down in by-law 13.

Structural stability.

19. Every person, who shall undertake construction work on a building, shall be responsible that all the building materials used are sound, of good quality and properly put together so as to ensure safety. Responsibility for the structural stability of a building rests with the owner. Any suspected breach of this by-law shall be brought directly to the notice of the Municipal Engineer, who shall decide whether this by-law has been infringed or not.

Ventilation about buildings and protection from fire.

20. The following requirements shall be observed with regard to ventilation and the space to be left about buildings to secure adequate ventilation, the free circulation of air and the prevention of fire :—

Front air plane.

(*a*) *Definitions*.—(1) The plane contained between the ground in front of the building and the straight lines drawn downwards and outwards from the line of intersection of the outer surface of any front wall of the building with the roof, perpendicular to that line, and at an angle of 63½° to the horizontal is for the purposes of these rules described as the "front air plane".

(*Note*.—A 63½° angle has a tangent of 2 : 1 so, if the ground is level, the air plane reaches the ground at a distance from the exterior wall equal to half the height of the wall above the level of that ground).

Rear air plane.

(2) The plane contained between the ground behind the building and the straight lines drawn downwards and outwards from the line of intersection of the outer surface of any rear wall of the building with the roof perpendicular to that line, and at an angle 63½° to the horizontal is for the purposes of these rules described as the "rear air plane".

In all cases it shall rest with the Municipal Engineer to decide which are the rear walls of the building.

Note.—In case of the front or rear wall of a building being curved or irregular the front and rear air plane shall be as determined by the Municipal Engineer.

Light plane.

(3) The plane lying between the line of intersection of the floor of any room in a building with the outer surface of an exterior wall of the building and the straight lines drawn upwards and outwards from that line perpendicular thereto and at the angle of 63½° to the horizontal is for the purposes of these rules described as the "light plane".

Note.—For the purposes of the above definition of a light plane the outer surface of any verandah abutting on an interior or side open space shall be considered to be the exterior wall of the building.

Permanently open air space.

(4) An air space is deemed to be permanently open if—

(*i*) it is encroached upon by no structure and

(*ii*) its freedom from encroachment in future by a structure of any kind is assured either by legislative enactment or by municipal by-laws or by the contract or by the fact that the ground below it is a street or is permanently and irrevocably appropriated as an open space :

Provided that in determining the open air space required in connection with construction work on a building any space occupied by an existing structure may be treated as if it were already a permanently open air space when this by-law is applied to the said existing structure or to any building to be erected on the site of the said existing structure.

(5) For the purposes of these by-laws the word "site" shall include not only the land actually covered by the building, but also the land at the front, rear, and site of such buildings required by these rules to be left open and the words "an inseparable parts of the site" shall mean that part of the site which is the property of the owner or the lessee of the land on which the building stands.

Site and inseparable part of a site.

(b) (1). Subject to by-law (c), (d) and (e) a building is deemed to be adequately provided on its front and rear sides with means of access for external air if the whole space vertically above all its front and rear air planes is a permanently open air space.

(2) Subject to by-laws (c), (d) and (e) a room is deemed to be adequately provided with access for external light for the purpose of human habitation, if the whole space vertically above at least one of its light planes is a permanently open air space.

(c) No gate, boundary wall or fence shall be erected within 10 feet from the centre line of any street, as determined by the Municipal Engineer, or, if the width of that street shall have been prescribed by the Provincial Government under section 192 of the Act, within half the width so prescribed, if the width is greater than 20 feet.

(d) No building other than a gate boundary wall or fence shall be erected within 15 feet from the centre line of any street as determined by the Municipal Engineer, or if the width of that street shall have been prescribed by Government under section 192 of the Act within half the width so prescribed and every building not fronting on street shall have a permanently open air space in front thereof not less than 5 feet wide forming an inseparable part of the site of such building.

(e) Every building shall have a permanently open air space in the rear not less than 15 feet in width and 150 square feet in area, such air space forming an inseparable part of the site.

(f) Every habitable room not receiving its light and air from either the front or rear of a building in accordance with the $63\frac{1}{2}°$ rule shall have the whole of one side thereof abutting on a permanently open interior air space of not less than ten feet in width.

(g) Every such interior open air space shall be of a minimum width in accordance with the following scale :—

Minimum width of interior open air space throughout		*Where height of building (above the plinth) adjoining the interior open air space does not exceed*
10 Feet	..	22 Feet.
12 "	..	33 "
14 "	..	44 "
16 "	..	55 "
18 "	..	60 "

(h) Every open space or courtyard whether exterior or interior shall be kept, free from any erection thereon and open to the sky, and no cornice roof or shade shall overhang or project over the said open space so as to reduce the width to less than the minimum provided by these by-laws.

(i) All water-closets and rooms used solely as bath rooms or lavatories must be provided with such means of constant ventilation as the Municipal Engineer shall deem adequate by a window or other aperature in one of the walls of such water-closet or lavatory opening directly into the external air or by an air shaft or by some other suitable method or appliance.

(j) The requirements as to projections from the face of buildings laid down in the projections and encroachment by-laws shall be observed.

(k) The minimum superficial area of every courtyard of a dwelling house upon which inhabited rooms abut shall be one fourth of the aggregate floor area of the rooms and verandahs on the ground floor abutting on the courtyard :

Provided that, in determining the said aggregate floor area—

(i) Only one half of the floor area of such rooms and verandahs as abut on another courtyard or an open space, or street not less than fifteen feet in width shall be taken into account.

(ii) Any room which is separated only by an open verandah from the courtyard shall, for the purpose of this rule, be deemed to abut on such courtyard.

(iii) The minimum width of every such courtyard in any direction shall be ten feet.

(iv) Every courtyard shall be open to the sky throughout its area and any portion of a courtyard covered by a cantilever verandah or other obstruction shall be omitted in calculating the area of the courtyard for the purpose of this by-law.

(l) Every interior yard must be open to the sky throughout its entire area except as prescribed above, and must be kept accessible for the purpose of cleansing, and no structure except wire mesh netting for protection against monkeys or birds shall be erected within or above or so as to project over the yard.

(m) In areas held by on order of the Provincial Government to be congested areas sanction may be given for the re-erection of exis ing buildings or of buildings which have been in existence at any time during the previous ten years, without the enforcement of the provisions of this by-law, about ventilation and the space to be left about the building to secure the free ventilation of air save that in such cases only the following clauses of by-law 20 shall apply.

Clause 20 (g) (subject to the requirement that the minimum width of the interior open space need not be more than 10 feet whatever the height of the building, except in cases where an interior open air space of a larger size previously existed, in which cases the interior open space shall not be less in size then be ore) and clauses 20 (h) to (l).

(n) Where a lower storey has already been built on a street less than 20 feet wide or such greater width as may have been prescribed under section 192, an upper storey may be erected above it, provided that no portion of the upper storey is less than the prescribed distance from the centre line of the street and that the provisions of all otherrelevant by-laws are observed.

Line of frontage.

21. No building shall be erected beyond a building line prescribed by the Provincial Government under section 192 of the Act.

Number and height of storeys.

22. (a) The height of the rooms of a building shall be calculated as follows :—

(1) In the case of single storeyed buildings and of the rooms in the topmost storey of buildings of more than one storey from the level of the upper surface of the floor of that storey at any point along the walls within the building to the level of the underside of the tie beam, or, if there be no tie beam, then to the meeting point of the outside walls and the roof.

(2) In the case of rooms in any storey except in the topmost storey of building of more than one storey, from the level of the upper surface of the floor of that storey to the level of the upper side of the beams or joists on which the floor above rests; or, if the floor above is ceiled, to the level of the underside of the ceiling.

(b) Every room intended to be inhabited in any building, except a room in the roof thereof, shall be in every part at least 10 feet in height from the floor to the ceiling, and in the lowest storey of a building of more than one storey at least 12 feet.

(c) Every such room in the roof of any building shall have an average height of not less than eight feet from the floor to the ceiling and a minimum height of not less than four feet, and must be at least 10 feet in height throughout not less than one half the floor area of such room.

(d) Except with the previous permission of the Provincial Government, which in granting such permission will impose such conditions as it may think proper, no minaret, tower, dome, chimney or other building shall be erected or raised to a height greater than sixty feet as measured from the finished level of the centre of the adjacent portion of the nearest street—

(1) In the case of a pitched roof, up to the tie beam or line of intersection of the slope of roof with the outer face of front wall whichever is less: the roof above the prescribed height shall rise at an angle of not higher than forty-five degrees.

(2) In the case of a flat roof, up to the upper surface of the roof: a parapet of not more than three feet in height may be constructed above the maximum height.

(e) The maximum height of any building abutting on to any street shall be regulated by the width of such street as follows. Where the width varies the mean width

of the street in front of the building shall be taken as the basis of calculation :—

(1) When the width of the street is less than 8 feet, the maximum height shall be 14 feet.

(2) When the width of the steeet is 8 feet or more but less than 15 feet, the maximum height shall be 25 feet.

(3) When the width of the street is 15 feet or more but less than 25 feet, the maximum height shall be 35 feet.

(4) When the width of the street is 25 feet or more but less than 35 feet, the maximum height shall be 45 feet.

(5) When the width of the street is 35 feet or more, the maximum height shall be one and-a-half times the width of the street.

Provided that—

(*i*) if the face of the building is set back from the street at any height not exceeding the height specified in subsections (1) to (5) above as the case may be, such building may be erected or raised to a height greater than that so specified, but not so that any portion of the building shall intersect any of a series of imaginary straight lines drawn from the line of set back in the direction of the portion set back, at an angle of forty-five degrees with the horizontal,

(*ii*) if a building is to be erected on a corner plot so as to abut on to more than one street, the height of such building shall be regulated by the wider of such streets so far as it will abut on to the narrower of such streets to a distance of 50 feet from the wider street,

(*iii*) if a building is to be erected on a street opposite to the point at which another street joins such street, the maximum height of such building may be increased by half the width of such other street,

(*iv*) with the approval of the Municipal Engineer chimneys, minarets, towers, and domes may be erected of a height exceeding the height hereinbefore prescribed with reference to the width of the streets, subject to maximum of 60 feet except in cases sanctioned under by-law 22 (*d*) by the Provincial Government,

(*v*) the height of 'barsati', 'saibans' and 'mamtis' (up to a maximum additional height of 10 feet) to be erected on the rear half of a building shall not be taken into account when calculating the maximum height of the building permissible.

23. In areas held by an order of the Provincial Government in force at the time to be congested areas sanction may be given for the re-erection of existing buildings or of buildings which have been in existence during the previous 10 years up to a maximum height not exceeding :0 feet from plinth level, including 'mamtis', 'saibans', 'barsatis', etc., provided that the total height of the building does not exceed its total sanctioned height before re-erection, according to the sanction last accorded, under any Municipal Act at the time being in force, subject to the same maximum of 60 feet.

Congested Areas.

24. All buildings intended to be used for godowns for the storage of food-grains in excess of 50 maunds shall be rat-proofed to the satisfaction of the Municipal Engineer.

Godowns to be rat-proofed.

25. (*a*) In the case of bungalows, i.e., detached buildings inside open compounds, and all other buildings inside open compounds the main building shall not occupy more than 25 per cent of the whole area, and the subsidiary buildings (servants' quarters, etc.), shall not occupy more than another 12½ per cent of the total area of the compound.

Proportion of whole site to be left open.

(*b*) In the case of buildings of an urban type, i.e., detached or semi-detached the buildings shall not occupy more than 75 per cent of the total area of the site, provided that this requirement shall not apply to areas held by an order of the Provincial Government in force at the time to be congested areas.

26. No room in a domestic building, which might be used as an inhabited room for hiring or sleeping shall have a floor area of less than 100 square feet.

Minimum area of rooms.

No such room wholly or partly in the roof of any building shall have a floor area of less than 120 square feet.

27. (*a*) Every room in a domestic building, which in the opinion of the Municipal Engineer might be used as an inhabited room, shall be provided for the purposes of light and ventilation with windows, doors, or other apertures which shall have a

Minimum area of windows, doors and ventilators.

total area not less than one-fourth of the floor area of the room and these shall open directly on to a space at least ten feet wide which is itself open to the sky, or on to a verandah opening on to such a space; and such windows, doors or other apertures shall only be reckoned if so constructed that the whole of them can be opened. In calculating the area of the windows or door openings, no deduction shall be made for window or door frames or for glazing bars, or for the bars of a grating; Provided that—

(i) if in any room there is at least one fire place with a chimney and also a window or windows the whole of which can be opened on to the external air, light and ventilation shall be deemed to be adequate if the total area of such window or windows is not less than one eighth of the floor area of the room,

(ii) a window or door shall be deemed to open directly on to or open space or verandah even if it is protected with wire gauze or wire mesh netting,

(iii) the area of a door or window shall be deemed to be the minimum size of the aperture containing it.

(b) All bathrooms, lavatories and water closets shall have in addition ventilation in or close to the ceiling opening direct on to the outer air.

(c) A verandah for the purpose of this by-law shall be deemed to be a roofed space partly open to the air having openings connected directly with the external air of at least 75 per cent of the floor area of the space.

Ventilation by fire-places in single roomed dwellings.

28. Every single room intended for the use of a single person or of a single family, such as servants quarters in a bungalow compound, or quarters for the menial staff in a factory or office compound, shall be provided with ventilation in addition to the door consisting of at least one fire-place with a chimney and at least one window which can be opened with its top not more then two feet from the ceiling and at least two feet long and at least eighteen inches wide.

Penalties.

29. Any breach, or any abetment of a breach, of any of the foregoing by-laws shall be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and when the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees, for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

Form A.

Form of application for permission to build under section 189 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911.

To

The Secretary,
Municipal Committee,
Lahore.

Sir,

I/we hereby give you notice that I/we intend to erect/re-erect a building of the following description :—

____

The following papers accompany this application including an additional site plan for any other Department of Government or Cantonment Authority or other Local Fund authority controlling or managing the land adjoining the site :—

Site plan Sheets (at least in triplicate).
Building plan Sheets (in duplicate).

Specifications sheets (in duplicate).

The construction of the building will be supervised by ____________

Signature of applicant.

Son of / Daughter of / Wife of / Widow of ________

Caste ________
Address ________
Date ________

Form B.

SPECIFICATIONS.

(a) The materials and methods of construction to be used for external walls, party walls, foundations, roofs, stair-cases, bath rooms, fire-places, chimneys and damp proof course.

(b) The purpose or purposes for which it is intended to use the building.

(c) The number of latrines, privies and urinals to be provided.

(d) The manner in which the drainage of the premises will be disposed of.

(e) The total area of the door-ways and the windows or opening, which shall not be less than 1/8th of the area of the floor.

(f) The number of persons likely to occupy the building.

(g) The number of storeys of which the building will consist.

(h) Whether the site has been built upon before or not, if so the date when the previous building ceased to be fit for occupation and the date when sanction was previously given for erection or re-erection of the building, and the house number, the name of the street and the name of the Division of the Municipality.

(i) In the case of minor alterations or additions—

(i) A description of the alteration or addition proposed.

(ii) The materials to be used for such alteration or addition.

(iii) The date of sanction of the previous application, the plans and specifications of which are relied upon for obviating the need to submit full plans and specifications of whole building.

Form C.

Serial No. of Financial year ______

Date of receipt of completed application ______

Last date for final orders of sanction or rejection ______

Applicant's name with parentage, etc., and full address ______

Situation of building ______

Particulars of building ______

Dated ______

SECRETARY,
Municipal Committee, Lahore,

Reports.	Building Inspector.	Building Surveyor.
1. Is this plan in accordance with the by-laws?		
2. Does the proposed building involve an encroachment on land belonging to any Department of Government or any Local Fund authority or a graveyard?		
3. Does this application conflict with any town planning or building scheme sanctioned under section 192 of the Act or under consideration?		
4. Has any thara or other projection, been applied for, and if so, what action should be taken according to the Projections and Encroachments by-laws?		
5. Have all building-lines prescribed by Government under section 192 of the Act been observed?		
	Signature and date.	Signature and date.

General recommendations with explanations of delay in making reports with signatures and date of forwarding to the official next named.

Patwari. (To attest the correctness of the details given in application as verified from Municipal records).	
Building Inspector.	
Building Surveyor.	

Medical Officer of Health.
(With regard to sanitary regulations).

Municipal Engineer.
(With regard to the security of the building and more especially giving findings with regard to matters within the discretion of the Municipal Engineer).

Secretary.

Final orders with signature and date.

Building Inspector's report with dates.

1. Date of the commencement of the building.	
2. Dates of subsequent inspection.	
3. Dates of detection of deviations with details.	
4. Details of public land occupied by building materials and period during which this land was so occupied.	
5. Details of water from the Municipal water supply used for building purposes.	
6. Date of completion of the building.	

Building Inspector.

Dated__________

Verified.

Building Surveyor.

Dated__________

I certify that rent and charges for the use of public land and of water from the Municipal Water Supply have been fully realised to the following amounts, and that the necessary entries have been made in the Assessment Register for the tax on buildings and lands so as to enable the assessment to be suitably revised.

Tax Inspector

Dated__________

Verified.

Tax Superintendent.

Dated__________

Finally consigned to Record Room and entered in the Registers of Building Applications both chronologically and by locality.

Record Keeper.

Dated__________

The 30th October, 1940.

No. 4256-C.-40/43371.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 71 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to exempt from the payment of octroi exhibits, looms and other machinery imported into the **Rawalpindi** Municipality, for the purpose of demonstration at the exhibition to be held at Rawalpindi, on the 10th November, 1940, and subsequent days and from the payment of terminal tax such exhibits, looms and other machinery where exported from municipalities levying terminal tax :

Provided that a certificate signed by a gazetted officer of the department of Industries of the Punjab Government is produced to the effect that the exhibits and goods are being imported or exported, as the case may be, in connection with the exhibition in question

Provided further that octroi or terminal tax due shall be paid to the municipal committee concerned on all such goods, which are sold at the exhibition.

2. The Governor of the Punjab is further pleased to exempt such exhibits and goods from the payment of octroi or terminal tax as the case may be, if re-imported within seven days of the termination of the exhibition into the municipalities, from which they were originally exported :

Provided that at the time of re-import, the exhibits and goods are accompanied by a certificate signed by a gazetted officer of the Department of Industries of the Punjab Government that such exhibits or goods were displayed at the exhibition.

The 4th November, 1940.

No. 4237-C.-40/43953.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Nakodar**, in the Jullundur district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 197 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Nakodar** on the 23rd day of December, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. In these by-laws—

(*a*) "Adulterated" when applied to banaspatine or charbini means mixed or diluted with any substance of lower commercial value than banaspatine or charbini, as the case may be ;

(*b*) "adulterated ghi" means ghi mixed or diluted with any substance other than banaspatine or charbini of lower commercial value than pure ghi;

(*c*) "banaspatine" means any article of food, whether mixed with ghi or not, which resembles ghi, but is derived from vegetable fat and contains no animal fat other than milk fat;

(*d*) "charbini" means any article of food, whether mixed with ghi or not, which resembles ghi or banaspatine, but contains animal fat other than milk fat; and

(*e*) "ghi" means ghi obtained entirely from milk fat.

2. (*i*) No person shall sell ghi, either wholesale or retail, or import ghi for sale, either wholesale or retail, except under a licence granted by the Committee in this behalf.

(*ii*) No person shall sell, wholesale or retail, banaspatine or charbini in premises not licensed by the Committee in this behalf.

(*iii*) No person shall sell sweetmeats, cakes or other food prepared with banaspatine or charbini in premises not licensed by the Committee in this behalf.

3. No premises licensed for the sale of ghi shall be licensed also for the sale of banaspatine or charbini or of sweetmeats, cakes or other food prepared with banaspatine or charbini.

4. Subject to the provisions of by-law 2, licences for premises to be used for he sale of ghi or for the sale of banaspatine and charbini or for the sale of sweetmeats, akes or other food prepared with banaspatine or charbini, shall be issued free of charge

by the Secretary on the application of the owner or occupier of such premises in Form 'A' and shall be granted on the following conditions :—

(a) that the licensee shall not sell adulterated ghi, or adulterated banaspatine or charbini, or sweetmeats, cakes or other food prepared with adulterated ghi, banaspatine or charbini ;

(b) that the licensee shall not sell banaspatine or charbini or sweetmeats, cakes or other food prepared therewith, in premises which have been licensed for the sale of ghi, or *vice versa* ;

(c) that the licensee shall not sell any article under the name of ghi, or any equivalent term with or without the addition of any other word to such name unless such food is derived solely from milk fat ;

(d) that the licensee shall not sell any ghi or banaspatine or charbini, or use in the preparation of sweetmeats, cakes or other food any ghi or banaspatine or charbini obtained from a place from which the import of ghi or of banaspatine or charbini, as the case may be, has, under any general or special declaration notified to the licensee, been declared by the Secretary of the Committee to be dangerous to the public health ;

(e) that the licensee shall keep ghi, banaspatine or charbini exposed for sale in clean covered vessels ;

(f) that the licensee shall keep all sweetmeats, cakes and other food exposed for sale under such covers as will prevent the articles from being contaminated by flies or other insects ;

(g) that the licensee shall not keep any ghi, banaspatine or charbini intended for sale in any place used for cooking or sleeping purposes ;

(h) that the licensee shall display at the licensed premises a sign board containing a notice in English, Urdu, Hindi or Gurmukhi characters indicating whether the premises are licensed for the sale of ghi, or for the sale of banaspatine and charbini, or for the sale of sweetmeats, cakes or other food prepared with banaspatine or charbini ;

(i) that the licensee shall display on every package or other vessel of banaspatine or charbini, exposed for sale by retail in such manner as to be clearly visible to the purchaser, a label measuring at least 4"×4" marked banaspatine or charbini, as the case may be, in red letters on a white ground in Urdu, Hindi, Gurmukhi or English ;

(j) that the licensee shall display on every utensil on or in which sweetmeats, cakes or other articles of food prepared with banaspatine or charbini are exposed for sale by retail, a label measuring at least 4"×4" setting forth in red letters on a white ground that the sweetmeats, cakes or other articles have been prepared with banaspatine or charbini, as the case may be ; and

(k) that the licensee shall at all reasonable times permit the Secretary or any member or officer of the Committee authorised in this behalf to inspect the licensed premises without notice and take for examination samples of ghi or of banaspatine or charbini sold by him.

5. Licences to import ghi for sale shall be issued free of charge by the Secretary or any member authorised by the committee in this behalf to persons applying therefor and shall be granted subject to the following conditions :—

(a) that the licensee shall not import ghi from any place from which the import of ghi has under any general or special declaration notified to the licensee, been declared by the Secretary of the Committee to be dangerous to the public health ;

(b) that the licensee shall import ghi only in clean covered vessels ;

(c) that the licensee shall not import adulterated ghi into the Municipality for sale.

6. Any licensee who commits a breach of the conditions of his licence shall be liable to have such licence suspended or revoked.

7. Any person who commits a breach of any of these by-laws, or any licensee who commits a breach of any condition of the licence granted to him under these by-laws, shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to rupees fifty and if the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to rupees five for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

Form A.

Application for a licence for the sale of ____________

Name of vendor ____________

Father's name ____________

Article for which the licence is required ____________

Situation of the shop ____________

Street or lane ____________

Boundaries :—

North ____________

East ____________

South ____________

West ____________

I have read the conditions on which the sale of ____________ is allowed by the Municipal Committee of Nakodar in the municipal limits and undertake to abide by them.

Applicant's signature ____________

Address ____________

Dated ____________.

No. 3827-C.-40/43967.—*Corrigendum.*- At the end of the preamble of Punjab Government notification No. 3236-C.-40/35603, dated the 13th August, 1940, publishing the revised wards of the **Jalalpur Jattan** Municipality in the Gujrat district, *add* the words " for the purposes of the next and the following general elections."

No. 1834-C.-40/43979.—The following by-law made by the Municipal Committee, **Rohtak**, in the Rohtak district in exercise of the powers conferred by section 188 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Rohtak** on the 10th of February, 1941, from which date Punjab Government notification No. 27080, dated the 8th of August, 1935, shall be deemed to be cancelled :—

BY-LAW.

The limits of the Municipal Committee of Rohtak for the purpose of collection of octroi (without refunds) shall be as follows :—

North.—Starting from the north-eastern corner of field no. 1416 in a horizontal line to the point where it meets Gohana Road, thence to the north-eastern corner of field no. 7840 ;

East.—thence southwards to the south-eastern corner of field no. 7842, thence eastwards along the northern boundary of the *kacha* road leading to Rahar Tank to the point where it meets the south-eastern corner of field no. 7970, thence crossing the road to the north-eastern corner of field no. 8032, thence along the eastern boundaries of fields nos. 8032, 8033, 8034 and 8039 to the point where the eastern boundary of field no. 8039 meets the Jail Road, thence crossing the road to the north-eastern corner of field no. 8085, thence along the eastern boundaries of fields nos. 8085, 8084 and 8083 to the south-eastern corner of the last-named field, thence along the southern boundary of field no. 8083 to the south eastern corner of field no. 8081, thence crossing the Delhi-Hissar road to the north-eastern corner of field no. 8111, thence along the eastern boundaries of fields nos. 8111, 8112 and 8115 to the south-eastern corner of the last named field, thence to the south-eastern corner of field no. 8109, thence along the eastern boundaries of fields nos. 3225 and 3224 to the south-eastern corner of the last-named field, thence touching the south-eastern corner of field no, 3223 along the eastern boundary of field no. 3238 to the north-eastern corner of field no. 3240, thence along the eastern boundary of the same field and along the western and southern boundaries of field no. 3204 to the south-eastern corner of the same field, thence southwards in a straight line to the south-eastern corner of field no. 3149, thence along the eastern boundary of Cotton Ginning Factory of Khurjewala to the south-western corner of field no. 3168, thence along the eastern boundaries of New Ghanipura

habitation and Saurdasar tank to the south-western corner of field no. 3136, thence eastwards to the south-eastern corner of field no. 3131 thence in a straight line to the south-eastern corner of field no 3076 ;

South.—thence westwards in a straight line to the south-western corner of field no. 2737, thence in a straight line to the north-eastern corner of field no. 2534 ;

West.—thence in a straight line northwards to the north-western corner of field no. 2570, thence north-westwards along the railway fencing to the north-western corner of field no. 2563, thence crossing the old Beri road and the railway line to the south-eastern corner of field no. 1948, thence along the western bank of the said road to the point of its junction with the Delhi-Hissar road, i.e., up to the north-western corner of field no. 1919, thence westwards along the southern bank of the last-named road to the north-eastern corner of field no. 1960, thence northwards crossing the said road to the north-eastern corner of field no. 1914, thence along the eastern boundaries of elds no. 1856, 1855, 1854 and 1853 to the north-eastern corner of field no. 1851, thence westwards to the south-eastern corner of field no. 1816, thence northwards along the western boundary of Goar School to the north-eastern corner of field no. 1738, thence eastwards in a straight line to the north-eastern corner of field no. 1701, thence northwards in a straight line to the north-eastern corner of field no. 1709, thence eastwards along the southern boundary of Goekaran road to the north-eastern corner of field no. 1718, thence northwards along the western boundary of Singhpura-Sundarpur road to the point of start.

No. 3315-C.-40/43987.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (10) of section 62 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that, with the previous sanction of the Governor of the Punjab, the Municipal Committee, **Rohtak**, in the Rohtak district, has with effect from the 10th February, 1941, imposed the following tax in supersession of the terminal tax, the imposition of which was notified with Punjab Government notification No. 18303, dated the 10th of May, 1935 :—

A tax called octroi (without refunds) calculated on the gross weight of consignments including packing, drums, and other articles used in packing, payable by persons importing into the octroi limits of the Municipality of Rohtak by rail or road, upon the articles mentioned in column 2 of the schedule appended below at the rates shown in column 3 thereof, but subject to the following provisions :—

1. The tax shall not be levied on the following articles :—

(1) *bona fide* personal and house-hold belongings of persons coming to take up their residence within the municipality and *bona fide* personal luggage of travellers ;

(2) necessaries (not being articles of food or drink), equipment and clothing imported by officers in command of troops or Air Force Units for the use of their men and followers, and grain and green fodder imported for consumption by horses, mules or other animals maintained as a part of their military equipage by any person in military or Air Force Service ; provided that such grain or fodder is certified by the Commanding Officer to be imported for *bona fide* public purposes ;

(3) articles imported for manufacturing purposes in to a jail situated within octroi limits ; provided that the goods, into which they are manufactured, are used in the jail itself or supplied to other departments of Government ;

(4) all road-making material, such as stone ballast, coaltar, bitumen, sand, shingle and bricks for soling coats imported by the Government of India or by any Local Government or by any local authority (including a cantonment authority) or by contractors for use on the roads maintained by the Public Works Department of Government or any local authority (including a cantonment authority), if accompanied at the time of import by a certificate

signed by a Gazetted Officer of the Government department concerned or by the President, Executive Officer or Secretary of the local authority concerned that such articles are required for road-making only ;

(5) nitrate of soda, sulphate of amonia, calcium cyanamide sulphate of potash, muriate of potash, kainit superphosphates, leunaphos, nitro-chalk, nicifos and basic slag ;

(6) arms of any sort imported by Government ;

(7) gold or silver bullion and coin ;

(8) printed books and newspapers ;

(9) stamps, stamp paper and petition paper ;

(10) green and dry fodder, cow-dung fuel (upla), grass and head loads of brush wood and *benasati bhurli*, drums, barrel, aerated water bottles whether full or empty ;

(11) railway stores and materials required for use on a railway whether in constructing, maintaining or working the same, and not removed outside the railway boundaries, but not including stores imported for purchase or consumption by railway employees or stores with which a railway co-operative store is stocked for sale to members ;

(12) goods imported by rail and re-booked and exported without delivery having been taken ;

(13) goods on which the octroi (without refunds) amounts to less than three pies ;

(14) forms and papers used by patwaris and field kanungos in connection with their official duty ;

(15) exhibits of the Agricultural and other Government departments imported for instructional purposes, if accompanied at the time of import by a certificate signed by a gazetted officer of the department concerned that such exhibits are meant for the purpose of exhibition only ;

(16) exhibits of the District Rural Community Council imported for instructional purposes, if accompanied at the time of import by a certificate signed by the Chairman of the council that such exhibits are meant for the purpose of exhibition only ;

(17) all ammunitions, military stores and other articles of police equipment including bicycles imported by the Police department ; provided that each consignment of such ammunition, military stores or other articles is certified by the Superintendent of Police of the district concerned to be the property of Government in the Police department ;

(18) agricultural machinery and implements and their component and spare parts, including pipes and fittings used for boring wells ;

(19) used goods imported in order that they may be repaired and re-exported to the original consignor within on month from the date of import ;

(20) goods declared at the time of import to be for immediate export and exported in accordance with the rules made in this behalf ;

(21) sweetmeats and other edibles for personal use not exceeding 2½ seers in weight ;

(22) goods belonging to the Rohtak Municipality, so certified by the Secretary ;

(23) all forms of quinine intended for medical purposes ;

(24) articles of dowry if imported with marriage-party and articles of *muklawa* and *Sindhara* ;

(25) articles imported in accordance with the order of a court of law or by the police in connection with their official duty ;

(26) *bona fide* belongings of travellers, including the implements and paraphernalia of their trade or profession, which are imported for their professional use, and are not intended for sale ;

(27) all young plants for transplantation on roadsides, if accompanied at the time of import, by a cetificate signed by a gazetted officer of the Public Works Department that such plants are required for transplantation on roadsides only ; and

(28 if the amount of the tax leviable involves a fraction of a pice amounting to 2 pies or more, a full pice shall be levied instead of such fraction. If the fraction is less than 2 pies it shall be disregarded.

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	Description of articles.	Rate per maund.
	CLASS I.	Rs. A. P.
	Articles of food and drink for men or animals.	
1	Oil cake and cotton seeds ..	0 0 3
2	Rice, paddy and *khil* (parched rice) ..	0 0 3
3	*Suji, rawa, maida* and flour of all kinds ..	0 0 6
4	All kinds of grain not specified elsewhere in this schedule and pulses.	0 0 3
5	All kinds of refined sugar white or crystalized sugar, sugar candy, *kachi khand, bura, misri* (sugar loaf), and *mejan-khand.*	0 1 0
6	*Talauncha, rab, shira, shakkar* and *gur* ..	0 0 6
7	*Ghee* and animal fat	0 8 0
8	Vegetable *ghee* and admixture of *ghee*	4 0 0
9	All kinds of dried fruit, i.e., almonds, pistachio, *charaunji,* walnut, walnut-kernel, *chilgoza, kajuphal, khasta* (apricot-kernel), *manaqqa* (currant), *alubakahra* (prune), apricot and figs.	0 9 0
10	Cocoanut, *kishmish* (raisin) and cocoanut-kernel (*gola*) ..	0 4 6
11	*Mungphali* (ground nut), *chhuhara* (dry-dates) and *khajur* (dates).	0 2 0
12	Grape, apple, pomegranate (*kabli* and *kandhari*), pear, *nakh,* banana (ripe or unripe) orange, pineapple, grafted mangoes, *lichi,* appricot, *malta, raspbery,* citron, *kechu, sarda,* and custard apples.	0 5 0
13	Country mango, ginger, mulberry, garlic, *jaman, kamrikh* cocoanut green, *falsa, gulgul, khetai, locat,* lemon of all kinds, fig, *alucha,* fresh *alubakhara,* guava, peaches, melon, *khirni, gondni,* and *arand-kherbuza.*	0 2 3
14	All vegetables and edible roots, fresh and dry, including potatoe, sweet potatoe, *arvi,* fresh, red and green chilly, sugar-cane, water melon, bean and pease of all kinds, *makki bhutta, singhara,* green (water nut) tomato, onion green and dry, *lehswa, kachari* of all kinds and plumps.	0 0 6
15	*Pan* (betel leaves) of all kinds	0 10 0
16	Foreign and country confectionery, biscuit, fish, butter, *khoa* cream, milk powder, tea, coffee, *gulkand,* jams, honey, cocogem, tinned fruits, tinned milk, oilman's stores, *khumbi, dhingries,* and *guchhies,* papar, *wari* and *mangori.*	0 8 0
17	Salt	0 0 6
18	Excisable liquor	0 4 0
19	*Bhung*	0 1 0
20	Opium and *charas*	0 2 0

Serial No.	Description of articles.	Rate per maund.
		Rs. A. P.
	CLASS II.	
	Nil.	
	CLASS III.	
	Articles used for lighting, fuel or washing.	
21	Petrol and kerosene oil and mineral oil, diesel oil, crude oil and other fuel oils, lubricating oil and oils used as insecticides, grease of all kinds and vegetable non-essential oils.	0 2 0
22	Oil-seeds except cotton seeds	0 0 6
23	Steam coal, fire wood, charcoal, soft-coke, bark for tanning and coal dust.	0 0 2
24	*Ritha, kishta, sajji,* and soap-stone, soap of all kinds, caustic soda, washing-soda, caustic potash, saltpetre, potash, alum, starch, epsom salt, sodium bicarbonate, sodium carbonate, sulphate, bleaching powder, naphtholene balls, nitric acid, sulphuric acid and hydrochloric acid.	0 3 0
25	Matches, candles, fire works, wax, calcium carbide, chlorine gas, chloride of lime, photographic chemicals, carbonate and bicarbonate of ammonia, calcium chloride, zinc chloride, magnesium chloride and anhydrous ammonia.	1 0 0
	CLASS IV.	
	Articles used in the construction of buildings.	
26	Timber manufactured and unmanufactured, bamboos, *ballies, lathis,* condemned railway sleepers, *bahi* and *seru* of all kinds and old packing cases.	0 0 4
27	Stone of all kinds, lime of all kinds, *sufedi* (lime used in white-washing), *tuli, sirki, sirkanda,* and thatching grass, *bajri,* and river sand, and other articles made of stone.	0 0 2
28	Bricks *lambri* (kiln bricks), *chauka, gutka, khaprels,* tiles, *patri,* drain bricks burnt and unburnt, and bricks *jalidar.*	0 4 0 per thousand.
29	Bricks *pazawri* (small bricks)	0 1 0 per thousand.
30	Paints, dry colour, varnishes, white lead, sand paper, glue, turpentine oil, coppersulphate, *naqshi* bricks (ornamental bricks) plaster of Paris, and porcelain.	0 10 0
31	*Kankar* of all kinds, coal ashes, cinder and brick dust (*surkhi*).	0 0 1
32	Cement of all kinds, coaltar dry or liquid, chalk, and articles made of cement and asbestos sheet.	0 0 9
33	*Khaia mitti* (white earth), *multani mitti, pili mitti, hirmji,* and *geru.*	0 0 3
	CLASS V.	
	Drugs, spices gums and perfumes.	
34	Medicines of all kinds, chemicals, asav of all kinds, *sharbat-i-faulad,* and other tonic syrup of all kinds and glycerine.	1 0 0
35	Scented hair oil, perfumery, phenyle, creasol, essences of fruits, cardamom (small), *katha,* hairdyes and toilet requisites.	0 8 0
36	*Araqs* (beverages) gums, betelnut, cardamom (large), clove, pipal, pepper, *zira* and cinnamon.	0 4 0
37	Pickles of all kinds	0 2 0
38	Dyes of all kinds including indigo, *ahirakasis, maju, majith,* lac and sealing wax.	1 0 0
39	Groceries not otherwise specified, *ral, beroza,* and drugs ...	0 2 6

Serial No.	Description of articles.	Rate per maund. Rs. A. P.
	CLASS VI. *Tobacco manufactured and unmanufactured.*	
40	Cigars and cigarettes of all kinds and *biris* ...	2 0 0
41	Tobacco of all kinds, snuff, *zarda* and tobacco dust ..	0 1 0
	CLASS VII. *Piece-goods and other taxtile fabrics and other manufactured articles of clothing and dress.*	
42	Cloth of all kinds including things made of cotton, wool, silk, tassar, *pashmina*, shawl, silken and embroidered *fita*, all kinds of velvet, *gota*, *kinari*, lace, *silma*, *sitara*, *bail*, *kalabatun*, (real and immitation) and embroidered goods excluding hand made and hand spun *khadar*, *kharbas*, *garha*, *chausi*, and articles made thereof.	1 4 0
43	Hand spun and hand made *khaddar*, *kharbas*, *garha*, *chausi*, and articles made thereof *niwar*, *khes*, carpet, *dotehhi* canvas, tents, tarpaulins, chair, tonga and motor hood cloth, nets for games and sporting purposes, rugs and persian carpet.	0 8 0
44	Furs, wearing apparel including boot laces, gloves, belts, hats, button, hosiery, haberdashery, miliinery, thread of silk wool, tassar and cotton, water proof cloth, cotton ropes and shoes made wholly or partly of rubber.	1 0 0
45	Jute, hemp, flax, *munj*, coir, *patha khajur*, and *patair*, and articles made thereof, chicks, rubber and canvas hose pipes.	0 2 0
46	Raw hides and skins, raw wool and goat's hair.	0 4 0
47	Dressed hides and skins.	0 8 0
48	Manufactured leather (chrome) saddlery harness boots and shoes and other articles of leather.	2 0 0
49	Raw cotton (*kapas*) and ginned cotton ..	0 0 6
	CLASS VIII. *Metals and articles made of metal.*	
50	Iron or steel bars (round, square and flat), hoops, rods, angles, tees, girders, rails and sheets of iron (white, black, plan and corrugated).	0 2 0
51	Wrought and unwrought iron and articles made thereof, tin boxes, and armoured suction hose pipes.	0 4 0
52	Iron, steel or tin scraps (if it is unfit for use for the purpose for for which it was originally made), broken articles of iron and articles made of zinc lead and tin.	0 1 0
53	Brass and all other metals not otherwise scheduled and articles made thereof.	0 12
54	Machinery (except agricultural machinery) and parts thereof ..	0 4 0
	CLASS IX. *Miscellaneous.*	
55	Furniture, i.e., table, chair, almirah, sofa, couch, beds, mounted pictures, wooden boxes, *singardan*, and looking glasses, electrical caping and casing, wooden boards and blocks including *gutties* and switch boards.	0 8 0
56	Wooden *pavas* of all kinds, wooden sleepers, old furniture, waste paper, mill boards, porcelain jar and glazed earthen jar, *khas* and articles made of *khas*.	0 2 0
57	Articles made of glass, lanterns and lamps of all kinds and their parts including wicks-china wares, enamelled-ware, stationery thermos flasks, *dundi* (beam of scale), *abnai*, *nari* (wooden parts of hubble-bubble), brushes, cigarette-holders and tobacco-pipes.	0 6 0

Serial No.	Description of articles.	Rate per maund.
	CLASS IX—concld. *Miscellaneous*—concld.	Rs. A. P.
58	Umbrellas, walking sticks, articles used for sports and games, all toys made of wood, bakelite, bone, celluloid and rubber.	1 0
59	Bicycles, tricycles, bullock-carts, trucks, hand carts, carriages, jin-rickshaws, perambulators, tongas and component and spare parts thereof including rubber tyre and tubes.	0 4 0
60	Electric bulbs, fans cables (insulated or otherwise), lamps black tapes, cleats, insulators of every description, telephonic, telegraphic, wireless, amplifying, cinematographic and television apparatus and goods, watches and parts thereof, watch glasses, chains, straps, optical goods, spectacles and spectacle cases, electrical apparatus surveying apparatus, scientific appliances clocks and parts thereof, musical instruments, photographic instruments, films and materials, type-writers, duplicators, dental, drawing, educational, mathematical and measuring instruments, rulers, sewing, knitting and embroidery machines, gramophone and gramophone records, pianos, harmoniums, articles made of ivory and time pieces.	2 0 0
61	Motor cars and lorries	20 0 0 per vehicle.
62	Motor-cycles with side car	12 8 0 per combination.
63	Motor cycles without side-cars	10 0 0 per cycle.
64	Parts of motor cars and lorries and motor cycles ..	0 8 0 per maund.

The 5th November, 1940.

No. 4267-C.-40/44202.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Montgomery,** in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Montgomery,** on the 23rd day of December, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. In these by-laws :—

(*a*) the word 'sweeper' means any sweeper whether male or female ; and

(*b*) the word 'house' means any place used as a human residence, whether permanently or temporarily.

2. No sweeper shall remove night-soil from any house within the Municipality, unless he has had his name registered in the Municipal Office.

3. Applications for registration shall be made in form A appended to these by-laws and obtainable, free of charge, from the Medical Officer of Health.

4. A registration card in form B appended to these by-laws shall be issued by the Medical Officer of Health free of charge, to every sweeper applying for registration and shall bear the registered number of the sweeper to whom it is issued.

5. Every sweeper so registered shall provide himself with a galvanised iron bucket of a type prescribed by the Medical Officer of Health. On his bucket he shall have painted in white figures two inches high and one-quarter of an inch thick his registered number.

6. All night-soil removed by a sweeper from any house shall be removed by him in the galvanised iron bucket, referred to in by-law 5 above, and carried to places fixed by the Committee for its collection and shall not be deposited at or transferred to, any other place.

7. No registered sweeper shall allow any other sweeper to work with the bucket bearing his register number.

8. Any person who commits a breach of by-laws 2, 5, 6 and 7 shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and if the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

Form A.

APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION AS SWEEPER.

(To be presented in person.)

Name____________________

son of ____________________

wife of____________________

daughter of ____________________

I hereby apply for registration under the by-laws for the registration of sweepers of the Montgomery Municipal Committee published with Punjab Government notification No. 4267-C.-40/44202, dated 5th November, 1940.

2. I undertake—

(a) not to transport night-soil, except in a covered receptacle approved by the Medical Officer of Health;

(b) not to fill the receptacle in a manner likely to cause the contents to spill or prevent the lid from fitting close; and

(c) to abide by conditions of the above-quoted by-laws

Signature or thumb-impression } ____________________

Form B.

SWEEPER'S REGISTRATION CARD.

Registered No. ____________________

Name____________________

Father's / Husband's name ____________________ } Not transferable.

Date of issue ____________________

____

Medical Officer of Health,
Municipal Committee, Montgomery.

No. 4235-C.-40/44204.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Fazilka**, in the Ferozepore district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Fazilka**, on the 16th day of December, 1940:—

BY-LAWS.

1. In these by-laws—

(a) "bull" includes a bull buffalo;

(b) "Veterinary Assistant" means the Veterinary Assistant employed by the Municipal Committee, Fazilka or the Veterinary Assistant in charge of the Veterinary Hospital.

2. No person shall let loose a bull within municipal limits henceforth for covering purposes unless the permission in writing of the Sub-Committee has been obtained and the bull has been registered and branded as hereinafter set forth.

3. All bulls straying within municipal limits shall be liable to seizure and confiscation unless they have been registered at the municipal office under the orders of the Sub-Committee and branded with a *tirsul* mark.

4. (1) No bull shall be registered under by-law 3 and the Sub-Committee shall not grant permission for a bull to be turned loose unless—

(a) it is more than two years and six months of age;

(b) it has been passed by the Veterinary Assistant as being fit for covering purposes; and

(c) the person letting loose the bull or wishing to have the bull registered has agreed in writing that if it is at any future time declared by the Sub-Committee to be unsuitable for covering purposes the Sub-Committee

shall have the power to order it to be castrated or to be detained in a Pinjrapool or Gowshala or such other place as may be determined by the Committee.

Explanation.—No fee shall be charged by the Veterinary Assistant for the inspection of bulls under clause (*b*).

(2) The description including marks of identification, age and ownership of a bull presented for registration shall be entered in a register to be kept for the purpose by the Veterinary Assistant, together with a note showing the result of his inspection.

5. Any person who commits a breach of by-law 2 shall, on conviction by magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and if the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

Town Improvement.

The 4th November, 1940.

No. 3835-C.-40/43951.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 41 of the Punjab Town Improvement Act, 1922, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to sanction the scheme set forth in the sub-joined schedule.

SCHEDULE.

Development Scheme under section 24 of the Punjab Town Improvement Act, 1922, for an area situated at a distance of approximately 3/4ths of a mile north of Misri Shah "abadi", Lahore, Tehsil and District Lahore :—

1. Specifications of the land comprised in the scheme are noted below :—

A.—AREA.

Village in which situated.		*Area in acres.*
Khui Miran	..	13·956
Bela Basti Ram	..	24·096
Baghanwala	..	36·207
	Total ..	74·259

B.—BOUNDARIES.

Direction.	*Khasra No.*	*Mauza.*	*Name of owner*
North	408 & 409	Baghanwala	Nur Ilahi, s/o Miran Bakhsh.
	441/42	"	Hassan Din etc.
	39	"	Ghulam Hussain, s/o Khair Din.
	37	"	Mohammad Shafi, etc.
	67 & 487/68	"	Ghulam Hussain, s/o Khair Din.
	491/68 & 496/69	"	Allah Din, etc.
	76, 77 & 78		Mst. Gauhar Bibi, etc.
	6	"	Channan Din, etc.
East	503, 506, 501, 500 & 507	Khui Miran	Haji Shamas Din, s/o Allah Bakhsh.
	511	"	Mohd. Yasin, etc.
	518	"	Haji, etc.
	520 & 521	"	Amir Din, s/o Allah Ditta.
	128, 129, 131, 130 & 126.	Baghanwala	Siraj Din, etc.
	462/95	"	Government (path).
	47, 48 & 442/44	"	Hassan Din, etc.
	443/44	"	Fajja, etc.
	43	"	Hassan Din, etc.
	408	"	Nur Ilahi, s/o Miran Bakhsh.

Direction.	Khasra No.	Mauza.	Name of owner.
South ..	2214, 2213, 2220, 2221, & 2223.	Bela Basti Ram	Nabi Bakhsh, s/o Umar Din.
	2210	.. "	.. Shamilat Deh (path).
	2232, 2231, 2234, & 2230.	"	.. Nabi Bakhsh, s/o Umar Din.
	51	.. Khui Mi an	.. Mst. Begum, etc.
	2,588 / 52	.. "	.. Abdul Rahman, s/o Mst. Fatimah.
	508	.. "	.. Haji Shams Din, s/o Allah Bakhsh.
West ..	6	.. Baghanwala	.. Channan Din, etc.
	83, 82 & 81	.. "	.. Mst. Gauhar Bibi, etc.
	462 / 95	.. "	.. Government (path).
	108	.. "	.. Karam Ilahi, etc.
	107	.. "	.. Qamar-ud Din, etc.
	2175	.. Bela Basti Ram	Siraj Din, etc.
	2214	.. "	.. Nabi Bakhsh, s/o Umar Din.

2. The Lahore Improvement Trust is hereby authorised to acquire, either under the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, as modified by the Punjab Town Improvement Act, 1922, or by purchase or by lease or by exchange or otherwise, the whole or any part of the land comprised in the area of this scheme as described in clause 1.

Notified Areas.

The 6th November, 1940.

No. 4127-C.-40/44382.—The following by-laws made by the Notified Area Committee of **Raewind Mandi** in the Lahore district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188, 189, 190 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Notified Area of **Raewind Mandi** on the 23rd day of December, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. (1) Every person intending to erect or re-erect any building shall give notice of such intention in writing to the Secretary of the Notified Area Committee in Form A appended to these by-laws, and shall at the same time submit—

(a) a site plan of the land on which it is intended to erect or re-erect the building;

(b) a plan of the building which it is proposed to erect or re-erect ; and

(c) the specifications detailed in Form B appended to these by-laws.

(2) Copies of forms A and B may be obtained on payment of one anna for each form at the Notified Area Office.

(3) In the case of an encroachment or structure proposed to be constructed on a site adjacent to a public street under the control or management of the Public Works Department of Government or of any local authority, the applicant shall submit the plans and specifications referred to above in triplicate and one complete set of the plans shall, immediately on presentation, be forwarded by the Committee to the Executive Engineer or to the other local body concerned, for information.

2. The site plan shall be drawn to a scale of not less than one-eighth of an inch to the foot, shall be submitted in duplicate, and shall show—

(a) the direction of the north point ;

(b) the boundaries of the site ;

(c) the position of the site in relation to the neighbouring streets and the level of the site in relation to the streets, if any on which it abuts ;

(d) the position of the proposed building in relation to —

(i) the boundaries of the site ; and

(ii) all buildings and premises within fifty feet of the boundaries of the site ;

(e) the names, if any, and width of all streets on which the site abuts.

(f) the scale to which the plan is drawn,

3. The building plan shall be drawn to a scale of not less than one-eighth of an inch to the foot, shall be submitted in duplicate, and shall show—

(a) the plan of the ground floor and of every additional floor

(b) the position and dimensions of all projections beyond the main walls of the building ;

(c) the position of all proposed drains, privies, latrines, urinals and cesspools ;

(d) the level and width of the foundations, and the level of the lowest floor with reference to the level of the centre of the street on which the front of the proposed building is to abut.

(e) the scale to which the plan is drawn ;

provided that if the person giving notice satisfies the committee that the proposed building will not cost more than five hundred rupees a rough sketch giving the particulars required in by-laws 2 and 3 shall be sufficient.

4. No application for the erection or re-erection of a building shall be considered by the committee until it is certified by the Engineer of the Notified Area or the Secretary if there is no Engineer of the Notified Area that the plan submitted with the application is in accordance with the provisions of these by-laws.

5. All plans and specifications referred to in the preceding by-laws shall be signed by the applicant or his agent.

6. The orders of the committee shall be communicated in writing to the applicant or his agent and shall also be endorsed on one set of the plans which may be delivered to the applicant or left at his usual place of business or abode with an adult male member or servant of his family, or, if it cannot be so delivered, it may be sent to him by registered post to the address stated on the application form.

7. The committee may require any person who has submitted an application to erect or re-erect any building to submit, in addition to the plans and specifications required by by-law 1, elevations and sections of the proposed building, together with full specifications as to the materials and methods of construction to be used for external walls, party-walls, foundations, roofs, ceilings, floors, staircases, fireplaces and chimneys.

8. No building shall be roofed with straw or other easily inflammable material.

9. No fireplace to be used as such shall be constructed unless the floor beneath it and around it for a width of three feet has been rendered fireproof by being covered with earthen-ware tiles or concrete or some other fireproof substance.

10. Every fireplace shall before use as such be provided with a chimney with an iron brick or stone-flue to afford free means of exit for smoke.

11. No flue shall be so constructed as to pass through or be within one foot of any wall or structure made of inflammable material, except at its point of exit, at which in must be rendered safe by a casing of non-inflammable material at least one foot thick.

12. In no building shall any open sewer or drain pass through any room used or intended to be used as a living or sleeping room.

13. No drain shall be constructed within the thickness of any wall of any building.

14. All stack pipes for the disposal of roof-drainage shall be of cast iron and no-projecting spouts shall be allowed.

15. No building shall be built upon newly filled earth till it has had ample time to settle and only then with the special permission of the committee in writing.

16. Masonry latrines and privies which are not water-borne shall be so constructed that all solids fall directly into a movable receptacle of metal or pottery fitting close beneath the seat.

17. No person shall instal water-flushed latrines in his house unless the house drains are connected with a Municipal sewer or unless arrangements are made to purify the sewage in a properly constructed septic tank of a suitable size and to discharge the effluent into a Municipal sewer or into a sullage drain certified by the Medical Officer of Health to be capable of carrying off the effluent without danger to the health of the public. Such installations shall be constructed under the supervision of a Sanitary Inspector and shall be approved by the Medical Officer of Health before they are taken into use.

18. A drain shall be provided for every latrine, privy, urinal, bathroom and cooking place. Such drain shall be constructed of glazed pipes, or other impervious material and shall connect the floor of the latrine, privy, urinal, bathroom or cooking place with —

(a) a municipal masonry drain, or

(b) a private cesspool constructed as hereinafter prescribed.

19. The floor of every latrine, privy andurinal :—

(a) shall be of masnory, or of tiles, or of cement ;

(b) shall be in every part at a height of not less than three inches above the level of the surface of the ground adjoining the latrine, privy or urinal; and

(c) shall slope to the drain in suc a way that liquid will flow off quickly.

20. In every urinal the walls to a height of three feet above the floor, and in every latrine and privy both the seat and the walls to a height of three feet above the floor, shall be of metal or masonry, provided that in the case of a water-closet of European type the seat may be of wood.

21. Every latrine, privy or urinal shall be provided with adequate ventilation which, in the case of a latrine, privy or urinal situated in or near a building, shall be effected by an opening not less than one foot square in area in one of the walls, as near the top of the walls, as may be praticable, and communicating directly with the open air.

22. Every latrine or privy shall be so constructed that—

(a) there shall be adequate access thereto for the purpose of cleansing;

(b) when the outer door there of is open, the seats shall not be visible from the street or other public place.

23. No privy other than a water-closet of European type shall be placed on any upper floor of a building unless movable receptacles are provided.

24. No person shall construct a private cesspool—

(a) unless there is no municipal drain within one hundred feet of the premises for which it is required;

(b) except within the boundaries of private land ;

(c) except a cesspool of masonry with a cast iron movable covering;

(d) unless adequate access is provided thereto for the purpose of cleansing it; and

(e) within one hundred feet of any inhabited building.

25. No dwelling-house of not more than two storeys including the ground-floor, shall have an interior yard of a superficial area of less than two hundred and twenty-five square feet, ahd no dwelling-house of more than two storeys, including the ground-floor shall have an interior yard of a superficial area of less than four hundred square feet.

26. (1) Every interior yard must be raised at least one foot above the level of the nearest street so as to admit of easy drainage into such street.

(2) Every interior yard shall be open to the sky throughout its entire area and shall be kept accessible for the purpose of cleansing, and no structure except open fencing for protection against monkeys shall be erected within or above or so as to project over the yard.

27. No structure shall be supported by wooden posts, masonry pillars, or any other structure placed on a public street.

28. No room intended for human habitation shall have a floor area of less than sixty-four square feet.

29. The ventilation of every room shall be through doors, windows and other apertures.

30. No person shall construct any building of more than five storeys including the ground floor and no person shall construct any building of more than two such storeys unless the outer walls of such building are made of brick, stone or re-inforced concrete.

31. (1) In the case of buildings of more than one storey, including the ground-floor the height of each storey shall be not less than—

twelve feet in the case of the ground-floor
eleven feet in the case of the first storey ;
ten feet in the case of the second storey;
ten feet in the case of the third storey ;
ten feet in the case of the fourth storey.

(2) Any horizontal division of a building so constructed as to be capable of use as a living or sleeping room shall be considered to be a storey for the purpose of this by-law and of by-law 28 even though such division does not extend over the whole depth or width of such building.

(3) For the purpose of this by-law this height of storeys shall be reckoned as follows :—

(a) in the case of single storeyed buildings and of the upper most storey of buildings of more than one storey, from the level of the upper surface

of the floor at any point along the walls within the building to the level of the under-side of the tie-beam, or if there be no tie-beam, to the meeting point of the outside walls and roofs ;

(*b*) in the case of any storey, except the uppermost storey of buildings of more than one storey, from the level of the upper surface of the floor to the level of the upper side of the beams or joists on which the floor above rests, or, if the floor above is ceiled to the level of the under side of the ceiling.

32. All beams, joists, floors, roofs and walls shall be of sufficient strength to ensure stability and in case of doubt the committee may call for further information on these points.

33. No person shall construct any building abutting on any street—

(*a*) of a greater height than twelve feet if such street is less than eight feet wide ;

(*b*) of greater height than twenty-three feet if such street is less than twenty feet, but not less than eight feet wide ;

(*c*) of a greater height than thirty-three feet if such street is less than thirty feet, but not less than twenty feet wide;

(*d*) of a greater height than one and-a-half times the width of the street on any other street ;

provided that—

(*a*) if a building is to abut on more than one streets the width of the wider street shall regulate the height of the building ;

(*b*) the committee may permit chimneys, minarets of mosques, towers of churches, temples and similar structures to be erected to a height in excess of the maximum height otherwise permissible under this by-law and

(*c*) the committee may permit the erection on the rear half of a building of covers for roof stair-cases, hot-weather sleeping rooms and sun shelters (*mamtis, barsatis, saibans*, etc.) to a height in excess of the maximum height otherwise permissible.

34. No person shall construct any staircase of a width of less than three feet or with steps having a rise of more than nine inches or a breadth of less then ten inches measured from the vertical face of the rise.

35. Any person who erects or re-erects a building without previous sanction of the committee, shall on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine, which may extend to fifty rupees, and when the breach is a continuing breach with a further fine which my extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

Form A.

From

____

________________,

____

____

To

The Secretary,

Notified Area Committee, Raewind Mandi.

I hereby give notice, under subsection (2) of section 189 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, that I intend to erect / re-erect a building as specified in Form 'B' attached, situated in (here insert street ward, etc.).

I attach —

(*a*) the plans in duplicate required by the Committee's by-laws ;

(*b*) a specification of the proposed building.

Signature ________________

Dated ________________

(Reverse to be filled in in the Committee's Office.)

Serial number of application__________

Name of applicant__________

Site of building (name of street, quarter, etc.)__________

Abstract of application__________

Received by Secretary on (date.)__________

(Initials of Secretary.)

Date by which the orders of the Committee must be passed [under section 193 (4)]__________

(to be filled in red ink.)

Forwarded to__________ for report on (date)__________

Date__________ (Initials of forwarding officer.)

Forwarded to the Notified Area Engineer for report on (date)__________

Date__________ (Initials of forwarding officer.)

Forwarded to the Medical Officer of Health for report on (date)__________

Date__________ (Initials of forwarding officer.)

Returned to Secretary on (date)__________

(Initials of forwarding officer.)

Submitted to the sub-committee on (date)__________

Date__________

(Initials of Secretary.)

Submitted to Committee on (date)__________

(Initials of Secretary.)

Abstract of orders of the Committee__________

Date__________ (Initials of Secretary.)

Form B.

(SPECIFICATION OF PROPOSED BUILDING.)

1. In the case of the erection / re-erection of an entire house or considerable portion of a house:—

(a) in case of re-erection of a house, the house number, if any, of the house to be re-erected__________

(b) the purpose for which it is intended to use the building__________

(c) the materials to be used in construction of the walls__________

(d) the number of storeys of which the building will consist__________

(e) the position and dimensions of all doors, windows and ventilation openings__________

(f) the number of latrines to be provided__________

(g) whether the site has been built upon before or not; if so, the date when the previous building ceased to be fit for occupation__________

2. In the case of minor alterations or additions:—

(a) a description of the alteration or addition proposed__________

(b) the material to be used for such alteration or addition__________

Date__________ Signature__________

No. 4268-C.-40/44386.—The following by-laws made by the Notified Area Committee of **Arifwala**, in the Montgomery district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 121 and 188 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Notified Area of **Arifwala** on the 23rd day of December, 1940, from which date by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 18986, dated the 18th June, 1928, as subsequently amended by notifications No. 23735, dated the 1 th July, 1931, and Nos, 143-C.-36/3723, and 143-C.-/36/3724, dated the 3rd February, 1936, shall be deemed to be cancelled :—

BY-LAWS.

1. Licences under subsection (1) of section 121 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, shall be issued by the Secretary of the Notified Area Committee in Form A appended to these by-laws on the application of the owner or occupier of the premises to be used for any of the purposes specified in the said subsection and shall be granted by the Committee on payment of a fee to be fixed by the Committee with the approval of the Commissioner from time to time for each licence and on the conditions detailed in by-law 3.

2. All applications for the renewal of licences shall be made before the fifteenth day of March each year.

3. Every licence issued under by-law 1 shall be subject to the following conditions :—

(*a*) that the licensee shall permit any member or officer of the Committee authorised in this behalf to inspect the licensed premises at all reasonable times and without notice ;

(*b*) that the licensee shall always keep the licence issued by the Secretary at the licensed premises, and shall, on demand, produce it for inspection by any member or officer of the Committee authorised under clause (*a*) of this by-law ;

(*c*) that the licensee shall make adequate arrangements to the satisfaction of the Committee for the extinction of any outbreak of fire ;

(*d*) that the licensee shall at all times keep the licensed premises in a clean and sanitary condition, and shall provide them with adequate ventilation, suitable drains, latrines, urinals and other sanitary conveniences for the use of the workmen employed therein ;

(*e*) that the licensee shall not permit any work to be carried on at the licensed premises which gives rise to loud and offensive noises between 8 o'clock at night and 6 o'clock in the morning unless he has been specially authorised in this behalf by the President of the Notified Area Committee or the Committee itself in writing ;

(*f*) that in premises where oil engines are used, kerosine oil, petroleum and other inflammable materials shall be kept in a separate room which shall not be contiguous to the engine-room ;

(*g*) that the licensee shall store in a suitable room or rooms, which shall be used for no other purpose and shall be rat proof, all grain or pulse received for milling by power supplied by the oil engine, and all flour produced by milling, so long as it remains on his premises ;

(*h*) that the licensee shall adopt the best practicable means to the satisfaction of the Committee for rendering innocuous all gases, effluvia or vapours emitted by the engine during the process of working, and shall in every case cause such gases, effluvia or vapours to be discharged into the external air in such a manner and at such a height as to admit of the proper diffusion of these gases without producing any unwholesome or injurious effects in the neighbourhood or shall cause such gases to pass from the exhaust pipe (or other outlet of such gases) through fire or into a condensing apparatus and then through fire in such a manner as to consume effectually such gases so as to deprive the same of all noxious or injurious properties ;

(*i*) that in premises where smoke arises through the use of coal in the furnace or any other place in the engine house, the licensee shall use such apparatus that will, so far as practicable, consume the smoke arising from the engine or the furnace ;

Explanation.—For purposes of this by-law, the decision of the Committee or some officer appointed by the Committee in this behalf as to whether the ventilation is adequate or the drains or the rooms are suitable or the means adopted for rendering gases, effluvia or vapours innocuous, are the best practicable, shall be final.

4. Any licensee who commits a breach of the conditions of his licence shall be liable to have his licence suspended or revoked by an order of the Notified Area Committee.

Form "A".

A LICENCE TO CARRY ON AN OFFENSIVE AND DANGEROUS TRADE IN THE NOTIFIED AREA OF ARIFWALA.

N. B.—The licence is subject to the conditions specified in by-law 3 of the by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 4268-C.-40/44386, dated the 6th November, 1940.

Serial No. of licence.	Name, parentage, caste and residence of the licensee.	A description of the premises licensed.	Specification of the trades mentioned in section 121 (1) of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, for which the licence is issued.	Endorsement of annual renewal of licence.
				Renewed on *Secretary, Notified Area Committee of Arifwala.*

RAM CHANDRA,

Secretary to Government, Punjab,
Medical and Local Government Departments.

1187 CS 1159—7-11-40—SGPP Lahore

Registered No. L. 864

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No. 46 LAHORE, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1940.

PART I—A.

Punjab Government Notifications and Orders.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Boards.

The 9th November, 1940.

No. 4887-L.G.—Bds.-40/45122.—Whereas it appears to the Governor of the Punjab that with reference to notification No. 1449-L. G.—Bds.-40/17382, dated the 13th April, 1940, land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the District Board of **Multan** for a public purpose, namely, to improve the compound of the Kahror dispensary, it is hereby notified that the land described in the specification below is required for the said purpose.

2. This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, to all whom it may concern and, under section 7 of the said Act, the Collector of the Multan district is hereby authorised to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

3. A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the said Collector :—

SPECIFICATION OF LAND.

District.—Multan.	*Mauzah.*—Bahawalgarh.
Tahsil.—Lodhran.	*Area in acres.*—·526.

Boundaries.—North.—Boundary of District Board Civil Hospital ; *East and West.*—Land belonging to L. Chetan Anand ; *South.*—Boundary of Kahror Municipal office.

The 12th November, 1940.

No. 4958 L.G.—Bds.-40/45480.—The following amendments made by the District Board of **Jullundur** to its Provident Fund Rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 1750-L.-.-G.-36/19795, dated the 20th June, 1936, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for

general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Jullundur** on the 28th December, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

1. The following provisos shall be inserted after sub-rule (2) of rule 5 :—

"Provided that no interest shall be credited to the accounts of a Muslim subscriber, if he informs the board in writing that he does not wish to receive the interest and that the board may utilise it on any subject of general public interest ;

Provided further that if the subscriber subsequently asks for interest, it shall be credited to his account with effect from the first day of the year in which he asks for it."

2. After sub-clause (*c*) of rule 7 (1) the following new clause shall be added :—

"(*d*) under the proviso to sub-rule (2) of rule 5 for the purpose of utilising the interest on subject of general public interest."

3. At the end of sub rule (3) of rule 9 the following proviso shall be inserted :—

"Provided that Muslim subscribers whose deposits in the fund carry no interest shall not be required to pay any interest."

4. After sub-rule (2) in rule 10, the following new sub-rule shall be added as sub rule (3)—

"(3) When a subscriber—

(*a*) has proceeded on leave preparatory to retirement, or

(*b*) while on leave, has been permitted to retire or declared by a competent, authority to be unfit for further service,

the amount shown at the credit of his account in column 6 of the Provident Fund Ledger (Form P.F.I.) shall, upon application made by him in that behalf, become payable to him, subject to the provisions of rule 4.

Provided that the subscriber, if he returns to duty, shall, if required to do so by the board, repay to the Provident Fund for credit to his account, the whole or part of any amount paid to him from the provident fund in pursuance of this sub-rule with interest thereon in cash or securities or partly in cash or partly in securities, by instalments or otherwise, by recovery from his salary or otherwise, as the board may direct."

5. Existing sub-rules (3) and (4) of rule 10 shall be renumbered as (4) and (5) respectively.

6. In sub-rule (4) for the words and figures "sub-rule (1) or sub-rule (2)" the words and figures "sub-rules (1), (2) or (3)" shall be substituted.

No.. 3211-L.G.-40/45494.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 3211-L. G.-40/38120, dated the 23rd September, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendments to the Municipal Account Code, 1930 (revised edition) ;—

AMENDMENTS.

1. In rule XVI·I (*b*) the following words shall be added after the words "Savings Bank" :—

"or the amount of interest received from the investments under rule XVI·8 (2)".

2. For rule XVI·8 the following shall be substituted :—

"XVI·8. (1) With the previous sanction of the Commissioner a committee may from time to time withdraw any sum from the provident fund account with the Savings Bank and may invest or place such sum subject to the conditions and restrictions applicable to the investment or placement of a portion of the municipal fund under subsection (1) of section 55 of the Act.

Investment of provident fund money.

(2) The interest obtained by the investment or placement of any sum under sub-rule (1) shall be deposited in the Savings Bank to the credit of the Municipal Provident Fund Account subject to the following conditions :—

Conditions.

1. The committee shall establish a Provident Fund Investments Depreciation Fund, hereinafter in these conditions referred to as "the fund" which shall be deposited in the Post Office Savings Bank or in the Imperial Bank of India Savings Bank, under the General Account of the General Provident Fund Account.

2. There shall be credited to the fund immediately on accrual—

(a) all interest accruing on the amount of the fund from time to time and

(b) one per cent per annum of the sum invested under sub-rule (1), provided that the interest received from investments and available for distribution amongst the subscribers should not be less than the interest obtainable from the Post Office Savings Bank.

3. After deducting from the interest obtained by the committee on any sum invested under sub-rule (1) the amount referred to in condition 2 (b) above, the remainder of the said interest shall be deposited in the Savings Bank to the credit of the Municipal Provident Fund.

4. At the end of each year immediately after the account of each subscriber has been credited with interest in accordance with the provisions of sub-rule (2) of rule XVI·5 the Secretary of the committee shall lay before the committee a statement showing—

(a) the total amount of interest accrued to the Municipal Provident Fund Savings Bank Account during the year just closed either earned in the Savings Bank itself or credited thereto in accordance with the provisions of condition 3 above ; and

(b) the total amount of interest credited to subscribers' accounts under the provisions of sub-rule (2) of rule XVI·5.

5. At the close of five years after the institution of the fund and at regular intervals of five years thereafter the committee shall furnish to the Commissioner for scrutiny a statement showing the total amount of Provident Fund investments held by the committee, and a statement showing the total amount at the credit of the fund.

6. If the Commissioner is satisfied at any quinquennial scrutiny that any of the investments held by the committee out of the Provident Fund have depreciated in value, he may direct that an amount not exceeding the amount of such depreciation shall be drawn by the committee from the fund and credited to the Provident Fund Savings Bank Account.

7. If the Commissioner is satisfied at any quinquennial scrutiny that the balance in the fund after the withdrawal, if any, of any sum in accordance with condition 6 is sufficient to cover any depreciation likely to occur during the next following period of five years in regard to any of the investments held by the committee as part of the provident fund, the Commissioner may direct that for the next five years the amounts to be deposited in the fund in accordance with clause (b) of condition 2 shall be reduced to such sum as he may prescribe, or shall be discontinued for such period not exceeding five years as he may direct.

8. If any reduction or discontinuance of the periodical payments into the fund has been ordered by the Commissioner under the provisions of condition 7, he may at any subsequent quinquennial scrutiny direct that the payments be restored to the original figure or to any proportion thereof as he may deem fit.

(3) (a) The cost of making any investments under the provisions of sub-rule (1) shall be met out of the depreciation fund.

(b) When any such investment is realised and the net price obtains after payment of any brokerage and other incidental charges is less than the amount originally invested the difference shall be made good from the depreciation fund ; and if such net price is greater than the amount originally invested, the difference shall be credited to the fund."

3. For the existing form No. P. F. 6-A the following new form shall be substituted :—

" Form P. F. 6-A. Rule XVI·12.

Amount of interest on investments during the current financial year.	Amount of interest received on the sum deposited in the Post Office.	Total	Amount creditable to the depreciation fund.	Balance to be distributed among subscribers at the close of March each year.	REMARKS.
1	2	3	4	5	6

Note.—The amount debitable to the depreciation fund under sub-rule 3 (a) and (b) of rule XVI·8 should be shown as minus entries in column 4 of this form and the particulars given in column 6."

No. 4947-L. G.-40/44501.—*Corrigendum.*—In rule XVII-2 (1) of the Municipal Account Code, 1930 (revised edition,) *for* the words "and Executive Officer" the words "an Executive Officer" shall be substituted.

No. 4924-L. G.—Bds.-40/45508.—The following amendments made by the District Board of **Hoshiarpur** to its Provident Fund Rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 8670, dated the 14th March, 1934, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board, **Hoshiarpur**, from the date of publication of this notification :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. The following provisos shall be inserted after sub-rule (2) of rule 5 :—

"Provided that no interest shall be credited to the accounts of a Muslim subscriber, if he informs the board in writing that he does not wish to receive the interest and that the board may utilise it on any subject of general public interest ;

Provided further that if the subscriber subsequently asks for interest, it shall be credited to his account with effect from the first day of the year in which he asks for it."

2. After sub-clause (*c*) of rule 7 (1) the following new clause shall be added :—

"(*d*) under the proviso to sub-rule (2) of rule 5 for the purpose of utilising the interest on subject of general public interest."

3. At the end of sub-rule (3) of rule 9 the following proviso shall be inserted :—

"Provided that Muslim subscribers whose deposits in the fund carry no interest shall not be required to pay any interest."

4. After sub-rule (2) in rule 10, the following new sub-rule shall be added as sub-rule (3) :—

"(3) When a subscriber —

(*a*) has proceeded on leave preparatory to retirement, or

(*b*) while on leave, has been permitted to retire or declared by a competent authority to be unfit for further service,

the amount shown at the credit of his account in column 6 of the Provident Fund Ledger (Form P. F. I.) shall, upon application made by him in that behalf, become payable to him, subject to the provisions of rule 4.

Provided that the subscriber, if he returns to duty, shall, if required to do so by the board, repay to the Provident Fund for credit to his account, the whole or part of any amount paid to him from the provident fund in pursuance of this sub-rule with interest thereon in cash or securities or partly in cash or partly in securities, by instalments or otherwise, by recovery from his salary or otherwise, as the board may direct."

5. Existing sub-rule (3) and (4) of rule 10 shall be renumbered as (4) and (5), respectively.

6. In sub-rule (4) for the words and figures "sub-rule (1) or sub-rule (2)" the words and figures "sub-rule (1), (2) or (3)" shall be substituted.

The 13th November, 1940.

No. 5121-L. G.-40/45743.—The following draft of an amendment of the District Board Account Code, 1926, which the Governor of the Punjab proposes to make, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 55 of the Punjab District Board Act, 1883, and section 19 of the Punjab General Clauses Act, 1898, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 2nd January, 1941, together with any objection or suggestion which may be received by the Punjab Government, from any person, with respect to the draft, before that date.

DRAFT AMENDMENT.

In rule XII-A. 4 (1) the words "and the other a Zamindar other than a Zaildar, Safedposh, Inamkhor or Lambardar" shall be substituted for the words "and the other a Zamindar (but not a Zaildar, Sufedposh, Inamkhor or Lambardar)."

Committees.

The 9th November, 1940.

No. 4327-C.-40/45114.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Gujrat**, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required

by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Gujrat**, on 30th day of December, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. (*a*) These by-laws shall be called the Gujrat Municipality Public Parks By-laws.

(*b*) These by-laws shall apply to all public parks belonging to or vesting in the Municipality of Gujrat.

2. Unless there is something repugnant in the subject or context—

" Public park " in these by-laws includes all lawns and gardens, including those reserved for women and children exclusively.

3. No person shall, except with the previous permission of the Executive Officer, use a public park for playing any game likely to interfere with the free movements of other persons resorting to the park or for flying kites or wrestling or for celebrating festivals.

4. No person shall enter or quit any public park otherwise than through a gate, wicket, passage or other opening specially provided for the purpose.

5. No person shall remove, deface or injure any notice board, plate, or any support or fastening or fitting thereof which is set up or maintained by the committee in or near any public park.

6. No person shall remove, injure or destroy any part of any wall. hedge or fence in or enclosing any public park or part of any building, structure or erection, or any monument, work of art, ornament or decoration or any appliance apparatus or articles used in or for the purpose of laying out, painting, improving or maintaining any public park or for the care, cultivation or protection of any tree, sapling, shrub, plants and the like in any public park.

7. No person shall, in a public park walk or run over or stand or sit or lie upon any flower bed or shrub or on any ground in course of preparation or cultivation as a flower bed or for the reception or growth of any shrub, etc.

8. No person shall damage any tree, plant, sapling, shrub or grass in any public park.

9. No person shall throw or discharge in any public park any stone or other missile to the damage or danger of any person.

10. No person except the municipal staff connected with a public park shall light any fire in any such park.

11. No person shall, in any public park, spread or deposit any linen or other fabric for the purpose of drying or bleaching.

12. No person shall, in any public park, put up posters or bills therein or on the railings or wall thereof, or throw any paper or any eatable or any receptacles containing any eatable or spit, or otherwise commit any act of nuisance.

13. No person shall take any horse, mule or cattle including buffaloes, sheep, goat, camel or pig through any public park or turn out to graze, or feed or suffer to stray any animal in such park or garden.

14. No person shall climb any tree, wall, fence, barrier, railing or post in or enclosing such park or garden.

15. No person shall bathe in any tank, pond or well or other ornamental water in such park or garden or wash clothes or any article, in or foul or pollute any such water.

16. No person shall drink or bring for consumption within such park or garden any intoxicating liquor.

17. Except with the written permission of the President or the Executive Officer no person shall erect any post, rail, fence, pole, tent, booth, stand or other such temporary structure in such park or garden.

18. No person shall beat or clean any carpet drugger, rug, mat or any other farric retaining dust or dirt in such park or garden.

19. The committee may, from time to time reserve any part of any public park for the use, whether permanently or temporarily, of women or children, and forbid the entry therein at all or at specified times, of any male person (including private servants and employees of the committee) above the age of 10 years.

20. Any person who commits a breach of any of the by-laws 3 to 18 shall, on conviction by a Magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees and if the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupee for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

No. 4061-C.-40/45120.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Phullarwan,** in the Shahpur district, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Phullarwan,** on the 30th day of December, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. No person shall within the limits of the Municipal Committee sell, expose for sale, wholesale or by auction, any fruits, vegetables, or sugarcane in premises not licensed by the Committee in this behalf.

2. Any person wishing to obtain a licence for premises for the sale, wholesale or by auction, of any fruits, vegetables, or sugarcane shall submit an application to the Committee and if the application is sanctioned by the Committee a licence shall be issued by the Secretary of the Committee on payment of the fees prescribed in by-law 3.

3. A licence referred to in by-law 2 shall be issued on the payment of the following fees—

(a) if the licence is granted for any period, less than a year, at the rate of three rupees for each month or portion of a month ;

(b) if the licence is granted for the whole year, at the commencement of the year thirty rupees.

4. Every licence issued under by-law 2 shall be subject to the following conditions :—

(a) that the licensee shall not keep on the licensed premises any vegetables, fruits, or sugarcane which is otherwise unfit for human consumption or is declared to be so by the President, Vice-President or Secretary of the Committee or the Medical Officer of Health ;

(b) that the licensee shall not allow any cart which brings vegetable, fruit or sugarcane to the place of sale to impede or obstruct traffic or to remain stationary at such place, except for the purpose of loading or unloading articles and then only for such time as is necessary for such purpose ;

(c) that the licensee shall not sublet any portion of the licensed premises without the permission of the Committee.

5. Any licensee who commits a breach of any of the conditions of his licence shall be liable to have such licence suspended or revoked.

6. Every occupier of the licensed premises shall keep the premises in a thoroughly clean condition and shall allow no refuse to remain in or about such premises, and shall from time to time as occasion arises, cause such refuse to be placed in a receptacle to be provided by the licensee for the purpose.

7. No person suffering from any contagious or infectious disease or from loathsome sores shall be suffered to enter the licensed premises.

8. Any person who commits a breach of any of these by-laws shall on conviction by a Magistrate be punishable with fine which may extend to Rs. 50 , and if the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to Rs. 5 for every day after the first during which such breach continues.

Form A.

Licence for premises for the sale of fruits, vegetables or sugarcane under By-law 2 of the by-laws for the licensing of premises for the sale of fruit, vegetables or sugarcane published with Punjab Government notification No. 4061-C.-40/45120, dated 9th November, 1940.

The premises, of which a description is given in the attached schedule, situated in ________ (name of street or ward, etc.) are hereby licensed for the sale of fruits, vegetables and sugarcane.

The licence is granted to ________, son of ________, caste ________ resident of ________ owner/occupier of the said premises, subject to the following conditions :—

(1) That he shall keep the licensed premises structurally fit for the purpose for which the licence is granted,

Explanation.—" Structural fitness " shall be deemed to include :—

(a) the existence of a floor made of stone, cement, tiles, bricks, or any other similar material ;

(b) possession of walls, properly plastered and limewashed if made of bricks, stone, cement or any other like material ;

(c) adequate provision of light and ventilation ;

(d) suitable drain ;

(e) other adequate provisions in accordance with the instructions of the health department issued from time to time to the licensee through the Secretary of the Committee ;

(2) that he shall not employ or permit to be employed in the licensed premises any person suffering from any contagious or infectious disease or from loathsome sores ;

(3) that he shall keep to the satisfaction of the inspecting officer all vessels and other things used in the sale of fruits, vegetables and sugarcane in a state of cleanliness and shall protect them from dust and flies.

(4) that he shall daily cause to be thoroughly washed and cleaned the floor and drains of the licensed premises and shall cause the walls of the licensed premises to be properly lime-washed at least twice a year ;

(5) that he shall not carry on, or permit to be carried on, any other trade or occupation in the licensed premises except the sale for which such premises are licensed ;

(6) that he shall not spit or suffer any other person to spit within the licensed premises ;

(7) that he shall permit the President, Vice-President, Secretary, Sanitary Inspector or any member of the Municipal staff authorised in this behalf at all reasonable times to inspect the licensed premises without notice.

(8) that he shall sell wholesale or by auction fruits, vegetables or sugarcane or such part of the licensed premises as is commodious enough for customers and shall not permit them to obstruct any road or street.

SCHEDULE.

(The actual room or rooms in which the sale of fruit, vegetables or sugarcane is to be carried on should be described in cases where the whole of a building is not used for such sale.)

The 12th November, 1940.

No. 4955-L.G.40/45477.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (10) of section 62 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that with the previous sanction of the Governor of the Punjab, the administrator of the municipality of **Kartarpur** in the Jullundur district, has, with effect from the 17th February, 1940, imposed a tax at the rate of Rs. 2 per annum or Re. 0-4-0 per mensem per cart on all hand-carts kept within the municipal limits.

No. 1310-C.-40/45499.—The following by-laws regarding municipal water-supply made by the Municipal Committee of the **Ambala Cantonment Sadar Bazar** in the Ambala District, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Ambala Cantonment Sadar Bazar,** on the 30th day of December, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. No person shall bathe or wash clothes or other articles or animals at a public stand-pipe or hydrant or tamper with or damage a public stand-pipe or hydrant or draw or attempt to draw water from a public stand-pipe or hydrant except by the proper method, or wilfully waste water or suffer water to run to waste from a public stand-pipe or hydrant.

2. (1) No person shall, without the written permission of the Committee, draw or use water from a public stand-pipe or hydrant or from a private water-supply for purposes other than a domestic purpose.

Explanation.—For the purpose of these by-laws water for a domestic purpose shall not be deemed to include water.

(*a*) for any trade, manufacture or business ; or

(*b*) for fountains, swimming-baths or for any ornamental or mechanical purpose ; or

(*c*) for gardens or for purpose of irrigation ; or

(*d*) for watering roads or paths or

(*e*) for building purposes.

(2) Any person wishing to draw water from a public stand-post for building purposes, shall first obtain the written permission of the Secretary of the Municipal Committee, and shall pay for the water so drawn at the rate of half per cent. on the value of the building as estimated by the Municipal Engineer. Water used for consolidation of roads shall be charged for at the rate of twelve annas per 1,000 gallons every 100 ft. of road consolidation being considered to have consumed 500 gallons of water.

(3) Water used for purposes other than domestic and for building and road consolidation shall be supplied through private connections and shall be charged for at the rate of six annas per 500 gallons provided that for the purposes of calculating the amount so payable any fraction of 500 gallons less than two hundred and fifty gallons shall be disregarded and any such fraction not less than two hundred and fifty gallons shall be reckoned as 500 gallons.

3. Subject to the provisions of by-law 19 no connection with the municipal mains for a private water-supply and no alteration or extension of any such existing connection shall be made except on the application of the owner of such premises or his recognized

agent, who shall be registered as the consumer, and shall be responsible for the observance of the by-laws, so far as the connection on his property is concerned.

4. Every application for a connection with the municipal mains for a private water-supply or for the alteration or extension of any such existing connection shall be addressed to the Secretary of the Committee and shall be made on a printed form in Form A, a copy of which may be obtained free of charge from the Municipal Office. On receipt of the application an estimate of the cost of the connection shall be prepared and forwarded to the applicant :

Provided that every application for a new water connection or alteration, i. e., shifting of the water connection from one place to another, shall be accompanied by a fee of Re. 1.

5. If on receipt of the estimate the applicant wishes to have the connection, alteration or extension carried out, he shall deposit at the office of the Secretary of the Committee the amount given in the estimate, and if the connection, alteration or extension is sanctioned by the Committee or the officer authorised by the Committee in this behalf, the work shall be executed only by municipal agency or, to such extent as the Committee may permit, by a plumber licensed by the Committee in accordance with the Water-Supply Regulations contained in the Appendix. The Municipal Committee shall also charge ten per cent on the actual cost of the work done per connection for special establishment entertained and wear and tear of tools, etc.

6. All connections for private water-supply shall be metered.

7. (1) The Committee shall standardise only one make of meter of the rotary inferential type, dry dial pattern, to be used throughout its whole distribution system and such a meter shall be supplied by the Municipal Committee at the cost of the consumer :

Provided that a horizontal type of meter shall be used only when, in the opinion of the Municipal Engineer, a vertical type of meter cannot be fitted.

(2) The meter shall be maintained by the Committee and no charge shall be made by the Committee for the cost of repair of a meter unless such repair has been necessitated by wilful abuse or negligence on the part of registered consumer:

Provided that when a meter supplied by a consumer becomes, in the opinion of the Committee, either unserviceable or irrepairable the consumer shall supply a new meter within the period prescribed by the Committee, and in case of non-compliance after the prescribed period the connection shall be cut off.

(3) No person shall tamper with a meter in any way provided that a member of the municipal staff may if authorised by the Committee in this behalf, have access to the meter.

8. No new connection for private water-supply shall be provided with a ferrule of more than ½″ in diameter provided that a connection for a supply of water for a purpose other than a domestic purpose may be provided with a ferrule not exceeding 3/4″ in diameter.

9. With reference to section 97 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the quantity of water to be supplied free of charge, in consideration of payment of the tax the imposition of which was notified in Part II of the First Schedule to the Punjab Government notification No. 6548-S., dated the 25th of September, 1934, has been limited as follows :—

"For every Re. 1-1-0 of the water-tax paid in a month a free supply of 2,000 gallons shall be given. Water used in excess of the free supply during a month shall be charged for at the rate of Re. 0-4-3 per 500 gallons, but for lesser consumption the balance of free allowance during the month shall lapse provided that for the purpose of calculating the amount so payable any fraction of 500 gallons less than 250 gallons shall be disregarded and any such fraction not less than 250 gallons, shall be reckoned as 500 gallons."

Provided that the Committee may with the approval of the Provincial Government, exempt from the payment of water charges, the water consumed to the limits as mentioned hereafter in any religious building or an institution of public utility on the condition that if the manager or the person in charge of such an institution allows water to be wasted or to be used for any purpose other than that for which such connection was granted, the Committee may cancel the grant of such free connection. The limits mentioned above shall be as follows :—

		Gallons per month.
(1) Schools	.. ..	30,000
(2) Hospitals and free Dispensaries	..	30,000
(3) Religious places	.. ..	20,000
(4) Dharamshalas	.. ..	20,000
(5) Public Pios ..	.. ..	20,000

Provided further that nothing over and above the water-tax paid shall be charged for the extra water consumed in metered private house connections in compounds containing 20 or more houses according to the Municipal House-Tax Register.

10. The registered consumer in respect of any metered connection may challenge the correctness of his meter on payment of a fee of four rupees; and if, on examination, the meter is found to record five per cent or more in excess the fee shall be returned.

11. If, in the course of any month a meter is found to be registering not less than five per cent in excess, the consumer shall be entitled to have the charge made to him for consumption of water reduced proportionately for the period from the first day of the month previous to the month in which the fee referred to in by-law 10 is deposited to the day on which the meter is set right.

12. If in any month the meter of any connection ceases to register or has been removed for repair or renewal, the Committee shall be entitled to charge for that month an amount equal to the average amount levied for the corresponding month of the previous year and the two months preceding such month, or if the connection was not in existence or the supply had been cut off during such period, an amount not less than the amount levied during the month previous to the month in which the meter ceased to register or was removed for repair or renewal.

13. The bill of demand for water-supply shall be presented to the consumer by the Secretary of the Committee each month and shall be paid within seven days from the date of presentation of the bill.

Explanation.—For the purpose of this by-law a bill shall be deemed to have been duly presented if it is presented in the manner prescribed for the service of a notice in section 215 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911.

14. No house or premises shall be supplied with water from the service connection of any other house or premises.

15. No portion of any water connection or of the pipe or the main leading to it shall be tampered with by any consumer in any way whatever, whether for the purpose of repair, alteration or any other purpose, except with the written permission of the committee:

Provided that every consumer shall maintain the taps, pipes and other fittings inside the premises in water-tight condition.

16. A connection may, at any time be cut off at the request of the registered consumer or by the order of the Committee for any of the following reasons:—

(*a*) in the interest of the waterworks;

(*b*) for the purposes of effecting repairs to any part of the water-supply system;

(*c*) if the bill for water-supply remains unpaid for a period of one month from the date of presentation of the bill to the consumer;

(*d*) in any case, where, in the opinion of the President, or the Secretary of the Committee or the Municipal Medical Officer of Health, the use of water causes the premises to become insanitary; or

(*e*) in any case where, in the opinion of the President, or the Secretary of the Committee, or the Municipal Medical Officer of Health, adequate drainage arrangements have not been made for the disposal of waste water.

Explanation.—The cutting off of a connection means merely the closing of the stop cock.

17. Any registered consumer who, wishes to close his connection shall give seven days' notice to the Secretary of the Committee and no charge shall be made for water after the expiry of the period of the notice.

Explanation.—The closing of a connection means the removal of the meter and the severance of the service pipe from the communication pipe.

18. Any application for restoring a connection, which has been closed, shall be dealt with as if it were an application for a new connection.

19. If any person, other than the owner of the premises to which a connection has been made or his duly authorized agent, wishes to re-open a connection, or to keep open a connection, which would otherwise be closed, he shall enter into an agreement with the Committee undertaking the responsibilities of the registered consumer, and shall remain responsible for the connection so long as it remains open; and, if the committee thinks fit, such person may be called upon to deposit a sum of thirty rupees as security for the cost of water to be supplied, and such amount shall be kept intact, and not set off against any money due from such consumer until the connection is closed.

20. Any person who commits a breach of by-laws 1, 2, 3, 7 or 15 shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees and, if the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

Form A.

(BY-LAW 4.)

AMBALA CANTONMENT SADAR BAZAR MUNICIPALITY.

No. Dated.

Application for a private connection for water-supply from the distribution mains of the Municipal Committee, Ambala Cantonment Sadar Bazar.

For houses or premises	No. ______ Name, if any ______	Street or road, kucha or bazar.

To

The Secretary,

Municipal Committee,

Ambala Cantonment Sader Bazar.

Sir,

I beg to request that a metered supply of water *for ______ purposes may be sanctioned for the premises specified above and that the Municipal Committee Sadar Bazar Ambala will arrange to carry out the work. The particulars of the fittings required are given below.

*Domestic or other than domestic.

2. I undertake to act in respect of the said supply in conformity with the by-laws and regulations made by the Committee and also with such amended by-laws and regulations as may be made by the Committee from t'me to time for the regulation of connections between private houses or other premises and the water-supply mains of the Committee.

3. I agree that the Committee shall, with or without notice, have power to close or sever at any time the private service pipe to my premises if it considers it advisable or necessary to do so for any reason whatsoever.

Yours faithfully,

(Signature of the owner, or his recognized agent, of the premises specified above.)

PARTICULARS OF PRIVATE CONNECTION.

Approximate length and diameter of service pipe ______

Number and diameter of taps ______ No. ______ Diameter.

Diameter of ferrule on distribution main ______

Diameter of stop tap ______.

Diameter of water meter ______

Position of meter and stop tap and how to be protected ______.

Signature ______

COST OF CONNECTION.

______ ferrule complete Rs. ______

______ ft. galvanized water tubing

______ inches in diameter laid complete Rs. ______

______ stop tap fixed complete Rs. ______

______ meter installation charges only, including box of cast iron or wrought iron Rs. ______

No. ______ bib taps fixed complete Rs. ______

No. ______ clamps to walls Rs. ______

No. ______ cutting through walls and repairing them Rs. ______,

Total Rs. ______

Dated 19 .

APPENDIX.

(BY-LAW 5).

WATER SUPPLY REGULATIONS.

1. All work connected with the making, alteration, extension or repair of private connections, shall be carried out by municipal agency or, to the extent which the committee may permit, by a licensed plumber, under the supervision of the municipal engineer or other officer appointed for that purpose and all materials required for such work shall be provided by the committee at the cost of the owner of a private house or his recognized agent.

2. The pipes and fittings of house service connection shall consist of the following sections:—

(a) the ferrule connecting the communication pipe with the supply pipe, such ferrule to be made of hard brass or gun metal ;

(b) the communication pipe from the ferrule to the stop cock and the service pipe or pipes from the stop cock to the taps, such service pipe or pipes to be of galvanised iron, solid drawn or lap-welded equal to standard water quality galvanised pipes of British manufacture and the thickness and approximate weight per lineal foot of each size of pipe shall not be less than those given in the following table —

Nominal bore of tubes.	Thickness S. W. G.	Inches.	Weight per ft. in lbs. Black.	Galvanised.	Nominal bore of tubes.	Thickness S. W. G.	Inches.	Weigh per ft. in lbs. Black.	Galvanised.
1/8″	13	·092	·306	·330	2″	7	·176	4.128	4·293
1/4″	13	·092	·428	·462	2½″	6	·192	5·779	6·010
3/8″	12	·104	·644	·695	3″	6	·192	6·834	7·107
1/2″	11	·116	·896	·968	3½′	6	·192	7·873	8·188
3/4″	10	·128	1·268	1·344	4″	6	·192	8·945	9·302
1″	9	·144	1·833	1·943	4½″	6	·192	10·006	10·406
1¼″	8	·60	2·598	2·728	5″	6	·192	11·091	11·534
1½″	7	·76	3·237	3·399	6″	6	·192	13·332	13·865

NOTE. 1.—Tube 1½ inches nominal bore and under may be buttwelded ; tubes over 1½″ nominal bore must be lapwelded or weldless.

2. Unless otherwise specified all tubes up to and including 6 inches nominal bore shall be the screwed type ; over 6 inches nominal bore, they shall be of the flanged type.

The pipes shall be tested to 400 lbs. per square inch hydraulic pressure by the manufacturers who shall certify the same in writing.

(c) a brass stop of the screw down pattern having the same water way as the pipe, such stop cock to be placed at or near the point of entrance of the service pipe to the premises to be supplied with water or if necessary within such premises for the purpose of shutting off the water and regulating the supply, and to be provided with a cover box of cast iron or wrought iron and furnished with a lock and key, such key to remain under the control of the Municipal Engineer or other officer appointed by the committee for that purpose ;

(d) the taps, which shall, wherever fitted, be of the screw down pattern with crutch handle; and

(e) the meter, which shall, if possible, be placed in the same cover box as that in which the stop cock is placed, and shall be fixed in a position where it is not liable to injury but can be easily inspected, provided that if the meter is placed in a separate box, the box shall be of cast iron or wrought iron and shall be placed as near to the stop cock as possible in a position where the meter can be conveniently examined, and the box shall be fitted with lock and key and, the key shall remain under the control of the Municipal Engineer, or other officer of the committee appointed for that purpose.

3. The number of taps to each ferrule connection and the dimensions of ferrule interior pipes and taps for water shall be of the following relative sized only:—

Diameter of ferrule.	DIAMETER OF PIPES INSIDE BUILDINGS. Lower floor.	Upper floor.	Size of taps or cocks.	Maximum number of taps for each ferrule connection.
1/2″	3/4″	3/4″	1/2″	4
1/2″	3/4″	1/2″	1/2″	3
1/2″	1/2″	1/2″	1/2″	2

4. All taps and fittings for service connection shall be capable of standing a test pressure of three hundred pounds per square inch of water without damage or leakage.

5. All service pipes shall, if possible, be laid not less than two feet below the surface of the ground.

6. All pipes and fittings laid above ground shall be securely fastened to wall or other immovable structure by means of strong wrought iron clamps.

7. No service pipe or fitting shall pass alongside any sullage drain, sewer, latrine, ashpit or soakage pit, and no service pipe shall enter a building through the same opening as gives exit to a sullage drain.

8. No tap shall be fixed at a distance of less than two feet above the surface of the ground.

9. No service pipe shall be connected directly with a boiler for generating steam and every cistern, tank, reservior or other vessel, which is supplied with water from a service pipe shall have the discharge end of the service pipe or the tap at a distance of not less than six inches above the highest water level of such cistern, tank, reservior or other vessel.

10. In the case of a connection for the supply of water for other than domestic purpose, the ferrule, when tapped into a municipal main of less than six inches in internal diameter, shall be half-an-inch in diameter and if tapped into a municipal main of six inches or more, but less than eight inches in diameter, shall be not more than three-fourths of an inch in diameter.

No. 4956-L. G.—Bds.-40/45504.—Whereas it appears to the Governor of the Punjab that with reference to notification No. 2255-L. G.—Bds.-40/26437, dated the 18th June, 1940, land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Municipal Committee of **Jullundur** for a public purpose, namely, for providing a passage to the land already purchased by the Committee for the construction of a Girls School in Niain Faqiran, Jullundur City, it is hereby notified that the land described in the specification below is required for the said purpose.

2. This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, to all whom it may concern and, under section 7 of the said Act, the Collector of the Jullundur district is hereby authorised to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

3. A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the said Collector :—

SPECIFICATION OF LAND.

District.—Jullundur.	*Mauza.*—Jullundur.
Tahsil.—Jullundur.	*Area in acres.*—·056.

Boundaries.—*North.*—Khasra Nos. 2438, 2439 and cultivated land of Rahmat Ullah and others, *East.*—A part of the proposed passage, *South.*—A part of the passage and, khasras Nos. 2440 and 2438, *West.*—Municipal land purchased for Girls' School (khasra No. 2455).

No. 4957-L. G.—Bds.-40/45506.—Whereas it appears to the Governor of the Punjab that with reference to notification No. 3005-L. G.—Bds.-40/29999, dated the 17th July, 1940, land is required to be taken by Government at the expense of the Municipal Committee of **Jullundur** for a public purpose, namely, for the construction of a terminal tax barrier in Basti Danishmandan on a kacha road leading to village Gakhal, it is hereby notified that the land described in the specification below is required for the said purpose.

2. This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, to all whom it may concern and, under section 7 of the said Act, the Collector of the Jullundur district is hereby authorised to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

3. A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the said Collector :—

SPECIFICATION OF LAND.

District.—Jullundur.	*Mauza.*—Jullundur.
Tahsil,—Jullundur.	*Area in acres.*—·0061.

Boundaries.—*North & East.*—Cultivated land of Subedar Ghulam Jilani Khan. *South.*—Katcha road leading to village Gakhal, *West.*—Passage to tomb of Marjali Shah.

The 12th November, 1940.

No. 4211-C.-40/45512.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Khushab** in the Shahpur district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Khushab** on the 30th day of December, 1940, from which by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 19099, dated the 28th May, 1939, shall be deemed to be cancelled :—

BY-LAWS.

1. (*i*) " Slaughter-house " means the slaughter-house owned and managed by the Municipal Committee.

(*ii*) " Superintendent " means the officer in charge of the slaughter-house.

2. (*i*) The slaughter-house will be open for the slaughter of animals from 4 a.m. to 11 a.m.

(*ii*) No animal shall be slaughtered at any other time, provided that, in special circumstances and on the realization of three times the usual fee, the Superintendent may

allow the slaughter of any animal at any other time. In all such cases the previous written permission of the Superintendent shall be obtained.

3. The Committee shall fix at a conspicuous place in the slaughter-house, a notice showing—

(i) the hours of the working of the slaughter-house ;

(ii) the fees payable ; and

(iii) any other directions that the Committee or the Superintendent may see fit to issue.

4. Every animal for slaughter shall, on being brought to the slaughter-house, be presented for inspection to the Superintendent who, before passing any animal for slaughter shall satisfy himself that—

(i) it is more than 10 months old in the case of cows and buffaloes and more than 6 months in case of other animals ;

(ii) its flesh will be fit for use as human food ;

(iii) it is not pregnant or with unweaned young ;

(iv) in case of milch buffaloes or cows they are dry ;

(v) it is not diseased or in a dying condition :

provided that an animal which has met with an accident and is otherwise healthy may be passed for slaughter.

5. The Superintendent shall maintain a register in which he shall enter a brief description of each animal approved for slaughter.

6. Fees for the slaughter of each animal shall be levied at the following rates :—

Animal.	*Fee per head.* Rs.	A.	P.
(a) Oxen, cows and buffaloes	0	8	0
(b) Goats	0	2	0
(c) Sheep	0	2	0

7. (1) No person shall knowingly bring into any part of the slaughter-house—

(i) a diseased or unsound animal ;

(ii) any buffalo or cow less than ten months old and any other animal less than 6 months old ;

(iii) an animal which is pregnant or with unweaned young ;

(iv) any buffalo or cow during the period of lactation;

(v) any carcass ;

(vi) any dog ; or

(vii) any animal not meant for slaughter or for the slaughter of which the slaughter-house is not provided.

(2) Any animal brought in contravention of this by-law shall be summarily removed under the direction of the Superintendent.

8. (1) Animals approved for slaughter by the Superintendent shall be branded/marked with a distinctive mark on ears, hooves or horns and admitted into the waiting-yard of the slaughter-house.

(2) All animals when approved shall be kept in the waiting-yard until the owners or persons in charge receive permission to bring them into the slaughter-yard.

(3) The owner of the animal shall remain responsible for its security while it is in the waiting-yard.

(4) No animal shall be admitted into the waiting-yard unless the prescribed fee has been paid.

9. Animals rejected as unfit for slaughter shall be removed forthwith from the premises of the slaughter-house :

Provided that animals found to be affected by any infectious or contagious disease or which may reasonably be suspected of being so affected, shall, if the Superintendent so directs, be forthwith apprehended and removed to the Veterinary Hospital or such other place as the Committee may provide for the purpose.

10. Each animal shall be slaughtered immediately over the drain and no blood shall be allowed to flow upon the floor.

11. (i) Slaughtered animals shall be disembowelled as soon as possible after slaughter.

(ii) The contents of the stomachs and bowels shall not be washed into the drain or allowed to drop on the floor, but shall be emptied into buckets or receptacles provided for the purpose by the Municipal Committee.

12. No person shall rub or cause to be rubbed the inner sides of skins upon the ground within any portion of the slaughter-house or in the neighbourhood of the slaughter-house premises.

13. (*i*) All carcasses shall, after skinning, and cleaning be presented to the Superintendent for inspection.

(*ii*) Carcasses which have been passed by the Superintendent as fit for human consumption shall, if necessary, be branded or stamped so as to define their quality.

(*iii*) No person shall remove any carcass from the slaughter-house premises until it has been duly passed by the Superintendent.

(*iv*) The Superintendent shall cause any carcass or meat, which is, or in his opinion, unfit for human consumption, to be buried or destroyed.

14. No person shall remove entrails and offals from the slaughter-house until they have been properly washed and cleaned.

15. No person shall blow or stuff any meat within the slaughter-house premises and the Superintendent may cause to be buried or destroyed any meat found to be blown or stuffed.

16. Any carcass or meat ordered to be destroyed in accordance with the provisions of by-law 13 or 15 shall be so treated as to render its use for human food impossible.

17. No meat shall be sold on the premises of the slaughter-house.

18. No person shall remove or cause to be removed from the premises of the slaughter-house any carcass or meat except in a clean receptacle and covered in such a manner as to be screened from public view and adequately protected against flies and dust.

19. The Superintendent shall, by general or special order, direct the disposition of all skins, heads, horns and feet of slaughtered animals and all carcasses or meat found left in the slaughter-house after the hour fixed for closing the slaughter-house.

20. (*i*) No person affected with leprosy, sores or any other skin disease or any contagious or infectious disease shall enter the slaughter-house premises.

(*ii*) No person, other than the municipal staff on duty and licensed butchers and their assistants or *bona fide* servants, shall enter the slaughter-house premises during the process of slaughtering or skinning and cutting up of carcass.

(*iii*) No person shall create any disturbance in the slaughter-house premises.

Any person transgressing the provisions of this by-law may be removed summarily under the direction of the Superintendent.

21. Any person who commits a breach of any of the by-laws 2, 4, 7 to 18 and 20 shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be liable to fine which may amount to fifty rupees.

No. 4247-C.-40/45514.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (5) of section 171 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to extend the provisions of the said section to the municipality of **Tarn Taran** in the Amritsar district.

The 13th November, 1940.

No. 4266-C.-40/45629.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Khanewal** in the Multan district in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information, and shall come into force on the 30th day of December, 1940, from which date by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 27743, dated the 14th December, 1925, shall be deemed to be cancelled :—

BY-LAWS.

1. In these by-laws—

(*a*) " cart " means any wheeled conveyance drawn by one or more animals or by one or more men.

(*b*) " hand-barrow " means a wheeled conveyance propelled by one or more men and used for hawking articles for sale.

2. No person shall keep or use any cart for hire or suffer any cart of which he is the owner to ply for hire within the limits of the municipality except under a licence granted in this behalf by the Committee.

3. No person shall propel a hand-barrow within the limits of the Municipality except under a licence granted in this behalf by the Committee.

4. (1) A licence for a cart to be kept or to ply for hire and for a hand-barrow to be used within the Municipality shall be issued by the Secretary of the Committee on the application of the proprietor of such cart or hand-barrow, and shall be granted on payment of the fees prescribed in by-law 6 in the case of carts and free of charge in the case of hand-barrow:

Provided that no such licence shall be issued until such cart or hand-barrow has been approved by the Vehicle Sub-Committee as complying with the following conditions :—

(*a*) in the case of a cart—

(*i*) that the cart is in good order and repair in all its parts ;

(*ii*) that the animal or animals, if any, to be used to draw it is or are in good condition and free from sores, and is or are not less than three years of age and is not a cow or a cow-buffalo.

(*b*) in the case of a hand-barrow,

that it is in good order and repair in all its parts.

(2) Licences issued under clause (1) of this by-law shall be numbered serially, and the number of the licence and the class shall be painted in a conspicuous place in Urdu and English figures on either side of every licensed cart and hand-barrow.

5. For the purpose of licences carts shall be divided into five classes, namely :—

(*a*) Hand-barrows or carts drawn by one or more men.
(*b*) Carts drawn by one animal and two or three men.
(*c*) Carts drawn by two animals and three or four men.
(*d*) Carts drawn by one bullock or buffalo only.
(*e*) Carts drawn by two bullocks or buffaloes.

6. The fees payable for cart licences shall be as follows :—

Carts, class (*a*), Rs. 9 per annum	or Re. 1 per mensem.
Carts, class (*b*), Rs. 18 ,, ,,	or Rs. 2 ,, ,,
Carts, class (*c*), Rs. 24 ,, ,,	or Rs. 2-4-0 ,, ,,
Carts, class (*d*), Rs. 9 ,, ,,	or Re. 1 ,, ,,
Carts, class (*e*), Rs. 12 ,, ,,	or Re. 1-4-0 ,, ,,

7. (1) The maximum weight of loads to be carried in each class of licensed cart plying for hire within the Municipality shall be as follows :—

Ordinary cart.	*Cart fitted with pneumatic tyres.*
Class (*a*), 10 maunds per man employed	15 maunds per man employed.
Class (*b*), 35 maunds	50 maunds.
Class (*c*), 60 maunds	80 maunds.
Class (*d*), 20 maunds	30 maunds.
Class (*e*), 30 maunds	45 maunds.

(2) No person shall load or cause or permit to be loaded any cart with a load in excess of the maximum load prescribed for such cart in clause (1) of this by-law.

8. Every licence issued under by-law 4 shall be subject to the following conditions :—

(*a*) That the cart, or hand-barrow in respect of which the licence is granted, shall be kept at all times in good repair, and the animal or animals employed to draw it, if any, shall be maintained in good condition and free from sores.

(*b*) That the person in charge of the cart and his assistants, if any, shall help in loading and unloading the cart if required by the hirer to do so.

(*c*) That the person in charge of the cart shall not ply for hire when in a state of drunkenness, and shall not sleep or make use of insulting, abusive or obscene language or gestures when plying for hire, and shall not stay or loiter with the cart upon any public street or place elsewhere than at any place which may be appointed by the Committee as a stand for licensed carts, and shall in cases not provided for in the following clause give way to faster traffic when reasonably required to do so.

(*d*) That the person in charge of the cart or hand-barrow shall conduct his cart or hand-barrow on the extreme left of the road in a line with and in the rear of any other vehicle in front which is or are proceeding in the same direction and shall not in any way make attempt forcibly to pass any vehicle immediately in front of his cart or hand-barrow.

(*e*) That when loading or unloading a cart or hand-barrow in a street the person in charge of the cart or hand-barrow shall keep it parallel with and immediately at the edge of the street.

(*f*) That when plying by night the cart or hand-barrow shall have attached to it a lantern in such a position as to be conspicuous from the front as well as from behind.

(*g*) That the licensee shall not employ any person of less than eighteen years of age to drive or to be in charge of the cart or hand-barrow when the same is plying on the roads or streets.

(h) That the cart shall not be loaded with a load in excess of the maximum load prescribed in by-law 7.

(i) That the licensee shall cause the licensed cart or hand-barrow together with the animal or animals, if any, which draw the cart to be produced for inspection whenever required to do so by the Secretary of the Committee.

9. The licence may be suspended or cancelled by order of the Committee for a breach of any of the conditions of the licence.

10. Any person who commits a breach of any of these by-laws shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with a fine which may extend to fifty rupees; and, if the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

No. 3959-C.-40/45631.—The following amendments made by the Municipal Committee of **Rajanpur,** in the Dera Ghazi Khan district to its by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 1929-C.-39/18918, dated the 25th May, 1939, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Rajanpur,** on the 30th day of December, 1940 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. After by-law 8 the following shall be added as a new by-law :—

'8-A. No person shall drive a motor vehicle on the road from the Northern Octroi Barrier to the Southern gate of the town including Bazar Kalan Road.'

2. In the schedule annexed to the by-laws item No. 1 shall be deleted and the remaining items be re-numbered 1, 2 and 3.

Town Improvement.

The 11th November, 1940.

No. 3920-C.-40/45302.—In exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (1) of section 41 of the Punjab Town Improvement Act, 1922, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to sanction the scheme set forth in the sub-joined schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

Development Scheme under section 24 of the Punjab Town Improvement Act, 1922, for an area situated to the west of the Punjab College of Engineering and Technology (lately known as the Maclagan Engineering College), Lahore, between the Grand Trunk Road and Ghore Shah Road, Tehsil and District Lahore.

1. Specifications of the land comprised in the scheme are noted below :—

A.—AREA.

Village in which situated.	*Area in acres.*
Kot Khwaja Saeed ..	69·62
Begumpura ..	30·79
Total ..	100·41

B.—BOUNDARIES.

Direction.	*Khasra No.*	*Mauza.*	*Name of owner.*
North ..	1512	.. Kot Khawaja Saeed.	Government (Ghore Shah Road).
	1314	.. Ditto	.. Ditto ditto.
East ..	4	.. Begumpura	.. Government land.
	5 & 6	.. Do.	.. Faqir Mohd., etc.
	7	.. Do.	.. Mohd. Din, s/o Imam Din.
	13	.. Do.	.. Government land.
	14	.. Do.	.. Government land (path).
	21	.. Do.	.. Khanqah Sayyid Mir Jan.
	27 & 24	.. Do.	.. Faqir Mohd., etc.
	125 & 126	.. Do.	.. Khanqah Sayyid Mir Jan.
	155	.. Do.	.. Government land (Canal Department).
	121	.. Do.	.. Faqir Mohd., etc.
	485/119	.. Do.	.. Faqir Mohd., etc.

Direction.	*Khasra No.*	*Mauza.*	*Name of owner.*
East—concld.	113	.. Begumpura ..	Khanqah Sayyid Mir Jan
	65 & 68	.. Do. ..	Government land.
	111	.. Do. ..	Ditto.
	110	.. Do. ..	Khanqah Sayyid Mir Jan.
	109	.. Do. ..	Government (Engineering College).
	395	.. Do. ..	Government (Irrigation Department).
	108	.. Do. ..	Government (Engineering College).
South ..	105	.. Begumpura ..	Grand Trunk Road.
	94	.. Do. ..	Government land.
	18	.. Achint Garh ..	Grand Trunk Road.
West ..	1602 & 1604	.. Kot Khawaja Saeed.	Shamilat Deh.
	1594	.. Ditto ..	*Malikan Mahazi (khal).*
	1610	.. Ditto ..	Government land.
	1627	.. Ditto ..	Gurdawara Guru Satlani.
	1376	.. Khui Miran ..	Gurdawara Guru Satlani.
	1342	.. Ditto ..	Government land.
	1339 & 1338	.. Ditto ..	Mr. Feroze A. Cooper, etc.
	1337	.. Ditto ..	Government land (*khal*).
	1336	.. Ditto ..	Mr. Feroze A. Cooper, etc.
	1335	.. Ditto ..	Government land (*khal*).
	1351	.. Kot Khawaja Saeed.	Government land.
	1352	.. Ditto ..	*Malikan Mahazi (khal).*
	1353	.. Ditto ..	Government land.
	1390	.. Ditto ..	Mohd. Ghias-ud-Din, etc.
	1388, 1382, 1383 & 1386.	Ditto ..	Hussain Bakhsh, etc.
	1438	Ditto ..	Mohd. Ghias-ud-Din, etc.
	1377, 1376 & 1318	Ditto ..	Hussain Bakhsh, etc.

2. The Lahore Improvement Trust is hereby authorised to acquire, either under the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, as modified by the Punjab Town Improvement Act, 1922, or by purchase or by lease, or by exchange or otherwise, the whole or any part of the land or any interest in the land comprised in the area of this scheme as described in clause 1.

Notified Areas.

The 9th November, 1940.

No. 4234-C.-40/45109.—The following amendment made by the Notified Area Committee of **Vihari**, in the Multan district to the by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 32593, dated the 13th November, 1928, as subsequently amended by Punjab Government notifications Nos. 31218 and 36132, dated the 28th October, 1930, and 16th November, 1932, respectively, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for general information and shall come into force within the Notified Area of **Vihari**, on the 30th day of December, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

For the existing by-law 32 the following by-law shall be substituted :—

" 32. In every residential site and combined shop and residential site there shall be constructed a fly and rat proof store for the storage of food stuffs for daily use and in every shop site there shall be constructed a godown for the storage of food grain in excess of fifty maunds and the following material and method of construction shall be used :—

(*a*) Sand and stone-filling under floor ;

(b) Three inches flat brick floor to be laid in cement mortar (1 : 8) and cement pointed ; one and-a-half inches conglomerate floor is preferable to a flat brick floor ;

(c) Damp-proof course on plinths ;

(d) The store should be carefully cement pointed inside and outside

(e) Windows and ventilators should be provided with wire gauze ;

(f) The lower corners and bottom edges of doors should be covered with sheet iron to prevent them from being eaten away by rats ".

No. 4299-C.-40/45111.—The following by-laws made by the Notified Area Committee of **Wasawewala**, in the Montgomery district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188, 189 and 190 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Notified Area of **Wasawewala**, on the 30th day of December, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. (1) Every person intending to erect or re-erect any building shall give notice of such intention in writing to the Secretary of the Committee in Form A appended to these by-laws, and shall at the same time submit—

(a) a site plan of the land on which it is intended to erect or re-erect the building ;

(b) a plan of the building which it is proposed to erect or re-erect ; and

(c) the specifications detailed in Form B appended to these by-laws.

(2) Copies of forms A and B may be obtained free of charge at the Notified Area Committee's Office.

(3) In the case of an encroachment or structure proposed to be constructed on a site adjacent to a public street under the control or management of the Public Works Department of Government or of any local authority, the applicant shall submit the plans and specifications referred to above in triplicate and one complete set of the plans shall, immediately on presentation, be forwarded by the Committee to the Executive Engineer or the other local body concerned, for information.

2. The site plan shall be drawn to a scale of not less than one-eighth of an inch to the foot, shall be submitted in duplicate on tracing cloth and shall show—

(a) the direction of the north point ;

(b) the boundaries of the site ;

(c) the position of the site in relation to the neighbouring streets and the level of the site in relation to the streets, if any, on which it abuts ;

(d) the position of the proposed building in relation to the boundaries of the site ;

(e) the names, if any, and width of all streets on which the site abuts.

3. The building plan shall be drawn to a scale of not less than one-eighth of an inch to the foot, shall be submitted in duplicate, and shall show—

(a) the plan of the ground floor and of every additional floor ;

(b) the position and dimensions of all projections beyond the main walls of the building ;

(c) the position of all proposed drains, privies, latrines, urinals and cesspools ;

(d) the level and width of the foundations, and the level of the lowest floor with reference to the level of the centre of the street on which the front of the proposed building is to abut;

4. The committee may require any person who has submitted an application to erect or re-erect any building to submit, in addition to the plans and specifications required by by-law 1, elevations and sections of the proposed building.

5. No application for the erection or re-erection of a building shall be considered by the committee until it is certified by the Notified Area works sub-committee, that the plan submitted with the application is in accordance with the provisions of these by-laws.

6. In no building shall any open sewer or drain pass through any room used or intended to be used as a living or sleeping room.

7. No drain shall be constructed within the thickness of any wall of any building.

8. A drain shall be provided for every latrine, privy, urinal, bathroom and cooking place. Such drain shall be constructed of cement pointed bricks, or other imperv-

ious material and shall connect the floor of the latrine, privy, urinal, bathroom or cooking place with —

(a) a Notified Area masonry drain, or

(b) a private cesspool constructed as hereinafter prescribed.

9. Every latrine or privy shall be so constructed that—

(a) there shall be adequate access thereto for the purpose of cleansing;

(b) when the outer door thereof is open, the seats shall not be visible from the street or other public place.

10. (1) No person shall instal water-flushed latrines in his house unless the house drains are connected with a Notified Area Committee's sewer or unless arrangements are made to purify the sewer in a properly constructed septic tank of a suitable size and to discharge the effluent into a Notified Area Committee's sewer or into a sullage drain certified by the Medical Officer of Health to be capable of carrying off the effluent without danger to the health of the public. Such installation shall be constructed under the supervision of a Sanitary Engineer and shall be approved by the Medical Officer of Health before they are taken into use.

(2) No person shall dispose of the effluent from a septic tank by surface irrigation or by sub-soil drainage or into open unlined cesspools.

11. No person shall construct a private cesspool—

(a) unless there is no Notified Area Committee's drain within one hundred feet of the premises for which it is required;

(b) except within the boundaries of private land;

(c) except a cesspool of masonry with a cast iron movable covering;

(d) unless adequate access is provided thereto for the purpose of cleansing it; and

(e) within one hundred feet of any inhabited building.

12. Every interior yard must be raised at least one foot above the level of the nearest street so as to admit of easy drainage into such street.

13. No person shall construct any building of more than five stories including the ground floor and no person shall construct any building of more than two such stories unless the outer walls of such building are made of brick, stone or re-inforced concrete.

14. No person shall construct any staircase of a width of less than three feet or with steps having a rise of more than nine inches or a breadth of less than ten inches measured from the vertical face of the rise.

Form A.

From ______________________

______________________,

____

____

To

The Secretary,

Notified Area Committee,

Wasawewala.

I hereby give notice, under subsection (2) of section 189 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, that I intend to erect/re-erect a building as specified in Form 'B' attached, situated in (here insert street, ward, etc.),

I attach —

(a) the plans in duplicate required by the Committee's by-laws;

(b) a specification of the proposed building.

Signature ______________________

Date ______________________

(Reverse to be filled in the notified Area's Office.)

Serial number of application ______________________

Name of applicant ______________________

Site of building (name of street, quarter, etc.)__________.

Abstract of application__________

(date)

Received by the Secretary on__________

____

(Initials of Secretary.)

Date by which orders of the Committee must be passed [under section 193 (4)]__________.

(to be filled in in red ink.)

Forwarded to__________for report on__________(date)

____

(Initials of forwarding officer.)

(Date.)

Forwarded to the Notified Area Committee's Engineer for report on__________

____

(Initials of forwarding officer.)

Forwarded to Medical Officer of Health for report on (date)__________

____

(Initials of forwarding officer.)

Returned to Secretary on__________

____

(Initials of forwarding officer.)

Submitted to__________sub-committee on__________(date)__________

____

(Initials of Secretary.)

(date.)

Submitted to the Committee on__________

____

(Initials of Secretary.)

Abstract of order of the Committee__________

____

(Initials of Secretary.)

Form B.

(SPECIFICATION OF PROPOSED BUILDING.)

1. In the case of the erection / re-erection of an entire house or considerable portion of a house :—

(a) in case of a re-erection of a house, the house number, if any, of the house to be re-erected__________

(b) the purpose for which it is intended to use the building__________

(c) the materials to be used in the construction of the walls__________

(d) the number of stories of which the building will consist__________

(e) the position and dimensions of all doors, windows and ventilation openings__________

(f) the number of latrines to be provided__________

(g) whether the site has been built upon before or not, if so, the date when the previous building ceased to be fit for occupation__________

2. In the case of minor alterations or additions :—

(a) a description of the alteration or addition proposed__________

(b) the material to be used for such alteration or addition__________

Signature__________

Medical.

The 9th November, 1940.

No. 5015-M.-40/45124.—The following by-laws made by the Notified Area Committee, **Raiwind Mandi**, district Lahore, in exercise of the powers conferred by section

17 of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information and shall come into force within the limits of the Notified Area, **Raiwind Mandi,** six weeks after the date of the publication of this notification :—

BY-LAWS.

1. No person whose name has not been registered in accordance with the provisions of section 14 of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932, shall practise as nurse, health visitor, midwife, nurse dai, trained dai, or dai within the area subject to the authority of the Noti ed Area Committee, Raiwind Mandi.

2. Any person practising in contravention of by-law 1 or any person committing or abetting the commitment of a breach of by-law 1 shall be liable, on conviction by a magistrate of the first class, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 for the first offence or to a fine not exceeding Rs. 250 for a second or a subsequent offence.

Public Health.

The 9th November, 1940.

No. 4766-M.-40/45105.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Pure Food Act, 1929, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to appoint Mr. Dina Nath Nijhawan, B.Sc., Public Analyst of the Rawalpindi Municipality to be a Public Analyst for the Town of **Gujarkhan,** in the Rawalpindi district, in respect of cows' milk, buffaloes' Milk, mixed milk (cows' and buffaloes') ; ghee ; butter ; khoa ; ata ; gur ; cane-sugar ; tea ; sarson oil ; taramira oil ; toria oil ; til oil ; sago ; malt vinegar ; mustard oil ; condensed milk full cream, sweetened ; condemned milk full cream, unsweetened, condensed milk skimmed, sweetened ; and condensed milk skimmed, unsweetened.

2. Punjab Government notification No. 3406-M.-37/34964, dated the 9th October, 1937, is hereby cancelled.

RAM CHANDRA,

Secretary to Government, Punjab,
Medical and Local Government Departments.

Registered No. L. 864

The Government Gazette, Punjab.

Published by Authority.

No. 47. LAHORE, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 22, 1940.

PART I—A.

Punjab Government Notifications and Orders.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Boards.

The 16th November, 1940.

No. 5228-L.G.-40/46249.—The following amendments made by the District Board of **Shahpur** to its Provident Fund Rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 22824, dated the 2nd June, 1932, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Shahpur** on the 4th January, 1941 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. The following provisos shall be inserted after sub-rule (2) of rule 5 :—

"Provided that no interest shall be credited to the accounts of a Muslim subscriber, if he informs the board in writing that he does not wish to receive the interest and that the board may utilise it on any subject of general public interest ;

Provided further that if the subscriber subsequently asks for interest, it shall be credited to his account with effect from the first day of the year in which he asks for it."

2. *After* sub-clause (c) of rule 7 (1) the following new clause shall be added :—

"(d) under the proviso to sub-rule (2) for rule 5 of the purpose of utilising the interest on any subject of general public interest."

3. At the end of sub-rule (3) of rule 9 the following proviso shall be inserted :—

"Provided that Muslim subscribers whose deposits in the fund carry no interest shall not be required to pay any interest".

No. 3931-L. G.-40/46258.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 3931-L. G.-40/38246, dated the 24th September, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendments to the Municipal Account Code, 1930 (revised edition) :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. *After* rule VIII·5, the following new rule shall be *added* :—

"VIII·5-A.—In Municipal Committees where water rate in levied according to the actual consumption of water, the readings of the meters provided in the consumers' premises shall be recorded in Form W·2-A."

2. *After* form W-2 the following new form shall be inserted :—

Form W·2-A. **Rule V·III·5-A.**

Water-Meter Record.

Name of consumer __________

Number of house __________.

Street or road __________.

Meter No. __________. Type __________. Size __________

Date of meter reading.	Reading of meter in gallons.	Quantity to be charged.	Rate per 1,000 gallons.	Initials of meter reader.	Cost.	Page of ledger.	REMARKS.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8

The 18th November, 1940.

No. 4715-L. G.-40/46349.—The following amendments made by the District Board of **Jhang**, of the Provident Fund Rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 12344, dated the 8th April, 1932, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the said Board on the 4th January, 1941 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. After sub-rule (2) in rule 10, the following new sub-rule shall be added as sub-rule (3) :—

"(3) when a subscriber —

(*a*) has proceeded on leave preparatory to retirement, or

(*b*) while on leave has been permitted to retire or declared by a competent authority to be unfit for further service,

the amount shown at the credit of his account in column 6 of the Provident Fund Ledger (Form P. F. I) shall, upon application made by him in that behalf, become payable to him, subject to the provisions of Rule 4 :

Provided that the subscriber, if he returns to duty, shall if required to do so by the Board, repay to the Provident Fund for credit to his account, the whole or part of any amount paid to him from the provident fund in pursuance of this sub-rule with interest thereon in cash or securities or partly in cash or partly in securitier, by instalments or otherwise, by recovery from his salary or otherwise, as the board may direct."

2. Existing sub-rules (3) and (4) of rule 10 shall be renumbered as (4) and (5), respectively.

3. In sub-rule (4) for the words and figures "sub-rule (1) or sub-rule (2)" the words and figures "sub-rules (1), (2) or (3)" shall be substituted.

No. 5282-L. G.-Bds.-40/46353.—The following amendments made by the District Board of **Lyallpur,** to the Provident Fund Rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 22773, dated the 31st August, 1933, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information

and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the said Board on the 4th January, 1941 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. The following provisos shall be inserted after sub-rule (2) of rule 5 :—

" Provided that no interest shall be credited to the accounts of a Muslim subscriber, if he informs the board in writing that he does not wish to receive the interest and that the board may utilise it on any subject of general public interest ;

Provided further that if the subscriber subsequently asks for interest, it shall be credited to his account with effect from the first day of the year in which he asks for it."

2. After sub-clause (*c*) of rule 7 (1) the following new clause shall be added :—

" (*d*) under the proviso to sub-rule (2) of rule 5 for the purpose of utilising the interest on any subject of general public interest."

3. At the end of sub-rule (3) of rule 9 the following proviso shall be inserted :—

" Provided that Muslim subscribers whose deposits in the fund carry no interest shall not be required to pay any interest ".

4. After sub-rule (2) in rule 10, the following new sub-rule shall be added as sub-rule (3) :—

" (3) When a subscriber—

(*a*) has proceeded on leave preparatory to retirement, or

(*b*) while on leave, has been permitted to retire or declared by a competent authority to be unfit for further service,

the amount shown at the credit of his account in column 6 of the Provident Fund Ledger (Form P. F. I.) shall, upon application made by him in that behalf, become payable to him, subject to the provisions of Rule 4 :

Provided that the subscriber, if he returns to duty, shall, if required to do so by the board, repay to the provident fund for credit to his account, the whole or part of any amount paid to him from the provident fund in pursuance of this sub-rule with interest thereon in cash or securities or partly in cash or partly in securities, by instalments or otherwise, by recovery from his salary or otherwise, as the board may direct."

5. Existing sub-rules (3) and (4) of rule 10 shall be renumbered as (4) and (5) respectively.

6. In sub-rule (4) for the words and figures " sub-rule (1) or sub-rule (2) " the words and figures " sub-rules (1), (2) or (3) " shall be substituted.

No. 4477-C.-40/46374.—The following regulations made by the District Board of **Hoshiarpur,** in pursuance of Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2052-C.-40/23128 and 2052-C.-40/23129, dated the 18th May, 1940, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by subsection (*2*) of section 56 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, are published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Hoshiarpur,** on the 6th day of January, 1941 :—

REGULATIONS.

1. No person shall, without the permission of the Board, work, erect or re-erect or cause to be worked, erected or re-erected an oil engine in any place within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of Hoshiarpur.

2. No person shall erect or re-erect any oil engine in any place that is not, approved by the Board.

3. Permission for the working, erection or re-erection of an oil engine shall be granted by the Board subject to the conditions that the person working, erecting or re-erecting an oil engine shall—

(*a*) permit any member or officer of the Board, authorised in this behalf, to inspect the premises at all reasonable times and without notice ;

(*b*) make adequate arrangements, to the satisfaction of the Board, for the extinction of any outbreak of fire ;

(*c*) at all times keep the approved premises in a clean and sanitary condition and provide them with adequate ventilation, suitable drains, latrines, urinals, and other sanitary conveniences for the use of the workmen employed therein ;

(*d*) not permit any work, which gives rise to offensive noises, to be carried on at the approved premises between eight o'clock at night and six o'clock

in the morning, without the special authority of the Board in this behalf;

(e) keep the exhaust pipe free and open and not permit anything to be fastened to the end of the exhaust pipe to produce any sound;

(f) store kerosene oil, petroleum and other inflammable materials in approved premises in accordance with the rules for the time being in force under the Indian Petroleum Act, 1899;

(g) store in a suitable room or rooms, which shall be used for no other purpose and which shall be rat-proof, all grain or pulse received for milling by power supplied by the oil engine and all flour produced by milling, so long as it remains on his premises;

(h) make such arrangements for the effective disposal of offensive waste products of the process of manufacture as may be approved by the Board;

(i) adopt the best practicable means, to the satisfaction of the Board, for rendering innocuous all gases, effluvia or vapours emitted by the oil engine during the process of working, and in every case cause such gases, effluvia or vapours to be discharged into the external air in such a manner and at such height as to admit of the proper diffusion of these gases without producing any unwholesome or injurious effects in the neighbourhood, or cause such gases to pass from the exhaust pipe (or other outlet of such gases) through fire or into a condensing apparatus and then through fire in such a manner as to consume effectually such gases so as to deprive them of all noxiou or injurious properties; and

(j) in approved premises where smoke arises through the use of the coal in the furnace or any other place in the engine house, use such apparatus as will, as far as practicable, consume the smoke arising from the oil engine or furnace.

Explanation—For the purposes of this regulation, the decision of the District Medical Officer of Health on all questions relating to clauses (c), (d), (g) and (h) and of the District Engineer on all questions relating to (b), (i) and (j), shall be final, unless modified or cancelled by the Chairman of the Board on appeal. In such cases of appeal, the decision of the Chairman shall be final.

4. For a breach of any of the conditions contained in regulation 3 the permission granted may be suspended or revoked by an order of the Board, and the oil engine in respect of which this permission is suspended or revoked shall not be worked any longer.

5. Any person who commits a breach of these regulations shall, on conviction by a Magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees (and in default to simple imprisonment for a term which may extend to eight days) and in the case of a continning breach with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day during which the breach is continued after the offender has been convicted of such breach.

6. The District Engineer may inspect an oil engine and make a report once a quarter that these regulations are followed by the owners of the engines.

7. The Chairman, Vice-Chairman, the Secretary, the District Engineer or the District Medical Officer of Health may lodge before a Magistrate a complaint of a breach of any of the provisions of these regulations.

8. The officers mentioned herein below are authorised to accept from any person concerning whom evidence exists which if unrebutted would prove that he has committed a breach of any of these regulations, a sum of money by way of compensation for the offence with regard to which such evidence exists :—

1. Secretary. 2. Chairman.

The 20th November, 1940.

No. 4549-C.-40/46808.—The following regulations made by the District Board of **Gujranwala,** in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 56 and 57 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 56 (2) of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Gujranwala,** on the 6th day of January, 1941, from which date Punjab Government notification No. 4689, dated the 14th February, 1927, as subsequently amended, shall be deemed to be cancelled :—

REGULATIONS.

1. In these regulations unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context :—

(a) "Board" shall mean the District Board of Gujranwala,

(b) " Medical Officer of Health " shall mean the District Medical Officer of Health of the Gujranwala District.

(c) " Officer-in-charge of the fair " means the officer appointed by the Board to be in charge of the fair.

(d) " Sanitary Inspector " shall mean the Sanitary Inspector deputed by the Medical Officer of Health.

(e) " Sub-Assistant Health Officer " shall mean the Sub-Assistant Health Officer deputed by the Medical Officer of Health.

2. These regulations shall apply to the following fairs :—

(a) Baisakhi cattle fair Eminabad ;

(b) Dewali cattle fair Gujranwala ;

(c) Bheri Shah Rahman fair ;

(d) Baddoke Gosain fair ;

(e) Dhaunkal fair.

3. No person shall enter or leave the fair ground save by a route specified for the purpose by the officer-in-charge of the fair.

4. If the Board has erected any barrier across a road no person shall without permission of an authorised official pass such barrier.

5. The officer-in-charge of the fair may prohibit the entrance into the fair ground of any person suffering from a loathsome, infectious or contagious disease or any person who has been in contact with any such person and may expel any person so suffering or having been in contact from the fair ground.

6. (1) Where the officer-in-charge of the fair has fixed a place or places for parking of vehicles, no person shall park any vehicle at any place in the fair ground other than the place or places so fixed.

(2) No person shall stable or keep animals at places other than those set apart for the purpose.

7. No person shall set up in the fair ground any theatre or cinema, merry-go-round or any other show for public amusement, save at places and on conditions to be fixed by the Board.

8. No person shall set up any game of chance at any place in the fair ground.

9. The Medical Officer of Health may—

(i) fix places at which, and lay down conditions under which, cremation or burial of dead bodies, human or animal, shall take place ;

(ii) destroy or cause to be destroyed, or confine, or cause to be confined for such period as he may direct any dog suffering, or reasonably suspected to be suffering from rabies or bitten by any dog, or any other animal suffering or suspected to be suffering from rabies.

10. No person knowing or having reasons to believe that any dog belonging to him or in his charge is likely to annoy or intimidate any person or animal or has been bitten by an animal suffering, or reasonably suspected to be suffering from rabie , shall neglect to restrain such dog from annoying, intimidating or biting other persons or animals.

Accommodation.

11. No person attending the fair shall encamp anywhere on the fair ground except on places set apart by the Board for the purpose.

12. No person shall use any building or site for the lodging of visitors on the fair ground except under a licence granted by the Medical Officer of Health. Every such licence shall be issued on the following conditions :—

(i) that such building or site complies with such conditions regarding ventilation, cleanliness, water supply, conservancy and drainage as the Medical Officer of Health may lay down ;

(ii) that such building or site shall accommodate not more than the number of persons of either sex stated in the licence ;

(iii) that the licence shall be liable to cancellation at any time by the Medical Officer of Health for a breach of any of these conditions.

13. The licensee of any such house shall supply to each person staying in it a cardboard ticket bearing the name of the visitor and the accommodation assigned to that individual.

14. All fires in thatched houses or *jhugis* shall be extinguished by 10 p.m.

15. Each licensee shall provide such number of buckets filled with water or sand as may be prescribed by the Medical Officer of Health for use in case of fire.

Water Supply.

16. No person shall take water within the fair ground from any source other than that approved by the Medical Officer of Health who may close or direct the closure or any source of water supply, public or private, temporarily if the same be in his opinion polluted or otherwise unfit for use.

17. The Medical Officer of Health may at his discretion disinfect or treat any well, tank or other source of water supply.

18. No drinking booth shall be allowed on the fair ground except under a licence granted by the Medical Officer of Health.

Food Supply.

19. No person shall sell, store, prepare or expose for sale any article of food or drink at any place in the fair ground except under a licence granted by the Medical Officer of Health and subject to the conditions specified on the licence form:

20. Every licence granted under regulation No. 19 shall be issued subject to the following conditions :—

(*i*) that any place used for the preparation, sale or exposure for sale or free supply of any article of food or drink shall be well lighted and ventilated and shall be kept clean at all times to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health ;

(*ii*) that water used in the preparation of articles of food or drink or for the washing of vessels used in such preparation shall be derived from a source approved by the Medical Officer of Health and be stored in clean and properly covered containers ;

(*iii*) that all vessels used in the preparation, storage or distribution of food or drink shall be kept clean ;

(*iv*) that only wholesome and unadulterated articles of food or drink shall be sold ;

(*v*) that all refuse (from whatever source) shall be deposited in suitable covered containers ;

(*vi*) that the Medical Officer of Health or any person not below the rank of a Sanitary Inspector or Sub-Assistant Health Officer authorised by him in this behalf may enter the licensed premises to inspect the same and any articles of food and drink ;

(*vii*) that the Medical Officer of Health or any officer not below the rank of a Sanitary Inspector or Sub-Assistant Health Officer specially authorised by him in this behalf may seize and destroy or otherwise dispose of any article of food or drink which in his opinion is unfit for human consumption ;

(*viii*) that no person who is suffering from any infectious, loathsome or contagious disease shall touch, or take part in the preparation or distribution of, any article of food or drink ;

(*ix*) that the licensee or his agent or servant shall immediately inform the office of the Medical Officer of Health at the fair of any case of illness among the persons connected with the licensed premises ;

(*x*) that the licensed premises shall not be used for sleeping purposes ;

(*xi*) that nothing shall be stored in any licensed premises except the articles necessary for the preparation, storage and distribution of food and drink;

(*xii*) that no dog or other animal shall be allowed in any licensed premises ;

(*xiii*) that all articles of food and drink shall be carefully protected from flies and dust ; and

(*xiv*) that the licensee shall comply with any other instructions issued by the Medical Officer of Health in this behalf.

21. The Medical Officer of Health may prohibit the import into the fair ground of any article of food or drink which he considers is likely to promote illness.

22. (1) No person shall manufacture aerated waters for sale in any premises on the fair ground except under a licence granted by the Medical Officer of Health.

(2) Every licence granted under this regulation shall be subject to the following conditions :—

(*i*) that the water used in the manufacture of aerated waters be derived from a source approved by the Medical Officer of Health and be carried in clean covered vessels and stored in a clean cistern with a tap ;

(*ii*) that empty bottles be first cleaned by scrubbing brush and clean water and then kept soaked in a solution of permanganate of potash for six hours. The permanganate solution shall be renewed as soon as it turns brown ; and

(*iii*) that all bottles shall bear a label or mark showing the name and address of the manufacturer.

NOTE.—The Medical Officer of Health will be the sole judge of whether a vessel or cistern is clean or not, and in case of dispute in any matter pertaining to articles of food or drink as contained in these regulations the decision of the Medical Officer of Health shall be final.

Washing and Bathing.

23. (*a*) No person shall wash any clothes or animals or bathe at any place on the fair-ground other than that approved by the Medical Officer of Health and specified by the Board and no person shall use such a place which is set apart for the use of the opposite sex or at times other than those specified by the Board.

(*b*) No infected articles or clothes which have been used by or have come in contact with a person suffering from an infectious disease shall be washed at the public washing or bathing places unless they have been previously disinfected to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health.

Conservancy and Health.

24. No person shall ease himself at any place on the fair-ground other than that set apart for the purpose.

25. No person shall deposit refuse at any place on the fair-ground other than that specified for the purpose.

26. The Medical Officer of Health may—

(*i*) fix places for the deposit of refuse, rubbish or other waste matter of any kind and give directions regarding the time at which and manner in which such refuse, rubbish or waste matter may be kept on any land or building or removed along any road or pathway ;

(*ii*) direct the owner or occupier of any land or building not to cause, or knowingly or negligently allow, any waste water to collect on any land or place not set apart for the purpose ;

(*iii*) arrange for the removal of filth, rubbish, manure, or other waste matter from any latrine, urinal, cesspool or other receptacle for such matter ;

(*iv*) establish medical inspection posts in connection with the examination of travellers by rail and road and may also arrange for adequate accommodation for the isolation of cases of infectious diseases ;

(*v*) refuse entry to the fair-ground to any person suspected to be suffering from any infectious disease and who refuses to allow himself to be examined at any such examination post, or gives a false answer to any question addressed to him by the Medical Officer or official in charge of such post and who disobeys any order of such officer or official in respect of his removal to a hospital or his detention in a place set apart for the purpose ;

(*vi*) order the removal of any person suffering or suspected to be suffering from any infectious disease to a suitable hospital and order all persons who have been in contact with a case of infectious disease to be isolated for a specified period ;

(*vii*) order the cleaning and disinfection of any land, building, drain, latrine, urinal, cesspool or any bedding, clothing or any other article which is in his opinion, infected or likely to carry infection ;

(*viii*) prohibit the letting of a house or building or part of a house or building which has not been disinfected to his satisfaction ;

(*ix*) prohibit the entrance into the fair-ground of persons coming from a town, village or locality which is infected with cholera, plague, smallpox or any other communicable disease unless such persons submit to appropriate preventive inoculation.

27. It shall be the duty of the owner or keeper of a lodging-house, hostel or serai to inform the Medical Officer of Health immediately of any case of illness on his premises.

Note.—In these regulations the term "infectious diseases", "contagious diseases" or "communicable diseases" includes —

1. Cholera.	11. Erysipelas.
2. Smallpox.	12. Relapsing fever.
3. Plague.	13. Influenza.
4. Measles.	14. Purperal fever.
5. Chickenpox.	15. Cerebrospinal fever (meningitis).
6. Diphtheria.	16. Dysentery.
7. Tuberculosis (includes tubercle of lungs).	17. Leprosy.
8. Scarlet fever.	18. Mumps.
9. Typhus fever.	19. Whooping cough.
10. Enteric fever.	20. Sprue.

28. Any licence issued under these regulations may be cancelled by the Medical Officer of Health for a breach of any of the conditions of the licence. The decision of the Medical Officer of Health shall be final.

29. Any person who commits or abets the commission of breach of any of these regulations shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with a fine which may extend to rupees fifty and if the breach is a continuing breach with a further fine which may extend to rupees five for each day after the first, during which the breach continues.

No. 4552-C. 40/46816.—The following regulations made by the District Board of **Gurdaspur,** in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 56 and 57 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 56 (2) of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Gurdaspur,** on the 6th day of January, 1941, from which date Punjab Government notification No. 40505, dated the 13th December, 1929, shall be deemed to be cancelled :—

REGULATIONS.

1. In these regulations unless there is anything repugnant in the subject of context :—

(a) " Board " shall mean the District Board of Gurdaspur.

(b) " Medical Officer of Health " shall mean the District Medical Officer of Health of the Gurdaspur district.

(c) " Officer-in-charge of the fair " means the officer appointed by the Board to be in charge of the fair.

(d) " Sanitary Inspector " shall mean the Sanitary Inspector deputed by the Medical Officer of Health.

(e) " Sub-Assistant Health Officer " shall mean the Sub-Assistant Health Officer deputed by the Medical Officer of Health.

2. These r gulations shall apply to the following fairs—

1. Horse-and-cattle fair, Shahgarib.
2. Horse-and-cattle fair, Gurdaspur.
3. Horse-and-cattle fair, Batala.
4. Religiousfairs at K stiwal and Achal.

3. No person shall enter or leave the fair-ground save by a route specified for the purpose by the officer-in-charge of the fair.

4. If the Board has erected any barrier across a road no person shall without permission of an authorized official pass such barrier.

5. The officer-in-charge of the fair may prohibit the entrance into the fair-ground of any person suffering from a loathsome, infectious or contagious disease or any person who has been in contact with any such person and may expel any person so suffering or having been in contact from the fair-ground.

6. (1) Where the officer-in-charge of the fair has fixed a place or places for parking of vehicles, no person shall park any vehicle at any place in the fair-ground other than the place or places so fixed.

(2) No person shall stable or keep animals at places other than those set apart for the purpose.

7. No person shall set up in the fair ground any theatre or cinema, merry-go-round or any other show for public amusement, save at places and on conditions to be fixed by the Board.

8. No person shall set up any game-of-chance at any place in the fair-ground.

9. The Medical Officer of Health may—

(i) fix places at which, and lay down conditions under which, cremation or burial of dead bodies, human or animal, shall take place ;

(ii) destroy or cause to be destroyed, or confine or cause to be confined for such period as he may direct any dog suffering, or reasonably suspected to be suffering, from rabies or bitten by any dog, or any other animal suffering or suspected to be suffering from rabies.

10. No person knowing or having reasons to believe that any dog belonging to him or in his charge is likely to annoy or intimidate any person or animal or has been bitten by an animal suffering, or reasonably suspected to be suffering, from rabies, shall neglect to restrain such dog from annoying, intimidating or biting other persons or animals.

Accommodation.

11. No person attending the fair shall encamp anywhere on the fair-ground except on places set apart by the Board for the purpose.

12. No person shall use any building or site for the lodging of visitors on the fair-ground except under a licence granted by the Medical Officer of Health. Every such licence shall be issued on the following conditions :—

(*i*) that such building or site complies with such conditions regarding ventilation, cleanliness, water-supply, conservancy and drainage as the Medical Officer of Health may lay down ;

(*ii*) that such building or site shall accommodate not more than the number of persons of either sex stated in the licence ;

(*iii*) that the licence shall be liable to cancellation at any time by the Medical Officer of Health for a breach of any of these conditions.

13. The licensee of any such house shall supply to each person staying in it a cardboard ticket bearing the name of the visitor and the accommodation assigned to that individual.

14. All fires in thatched houses or *jhugis* shall be extinguished by 10 p.m.

15. Each licensee shall provide such number of buckets filled with water or sand as may be prescribed by the Medical Officer of Health for use in case of fire.

Water-supply.

16. No person shall take water within the fair-ground from any source other than that approved by the Medical Officer of Health, who may close or direct the closure of any source of water-supply, public or private, temporarily, if the same be in his opinion polluted or otherwise unfit for use.

17. The Medical Officer of Health may at his discretion disinfect or treat any well, tank or other source of water-supply.

18. No drinking booth shall be allowed on the fair-ground except under a licence granted by the Medical Officer of Health.

Food supply.

19. No person shall sell, store, prepare or expose for sale any article of food or drink at any place in the fair-ground except under a licence granted by the Medical Officer of Health and subject to the conditions specified on the licence form.

20. Every licence granted under regulation No. 19 shall be issued subject to the following conditions :—

(*i*) that any place used for the preparation, sale or exposure for sale or free supply of any article of food or drink shall be well lighted and ventilated and shall be kept clean at all times to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health ;

(*ii*) that water used in the preparation of articles of food or drink or for the washing of vessels used in such preparation shall be derived from a source approved by the Medical Officer of Health and be stored in clean and properly covered containers ;

(*iii*) that all vessels used in the preparation, storage or distribution of food or drink shall be kept clean ;

(*iv*) that only wholesome and unadulterated articles of food or drink shall be sold ;

(*v*) that all refuse (from whatever source) shall be deposited in suitable covered containers ;

(*vi*) that the Medical Officer of Health or any person not below the rank of a Sanitary Inspector or Sub-Assistant Health Officer authorised by him in this behalf may enter the licensed premises to inspect the same and any articles of food and drink ;

(*vii*) that the Medical Officer of Health or any officer not below the rank of a Sanitary Inspector or Sub-Assistant Health Officer specially authorised by him in this behalf may seize and destroy or otherwise dispose of any article of food or drink which in his opinion is unfit for human consumption ;

(*viii*) that no person who is suffering from any infectious, loathsome or contagious disease shall touch, or take part in the preparation or distribution of, any article of food or drink ;

(*ix*) that the licensee or his agent or servant shall immediately inform the office of the Medical Officer of Health at the fair of any case of illness among the persons connected with the licensed premises ;

(*x*) that the licensed premises shall not be used for sleeping purposes ;

(*xi*) that nothing shall be stored in any licensed premises except the articles necessary for the preparation, storage and distribution of food and drink ;

(*xii*) that no dog or other animal shall be allowed in any licensed premises ;

(*xiii*) that all articles of food and drink shall be carefully protected from flies and dust ; and

(*xiv*) that the licensee shall comply with any other instructions issued by the Medical Officer of Health in this behalf.

21. The Medical Officer of Health may prohibit the import into the fair ground of any article of food or drink which he considers is likely to promote illness.

22. (1) No person shall manufacture aerated waters for sale in any premises on the fair-ground except under a licence granted by the Medical Officer of Health.

(2) Every licence granted under this regulation shall be subject to the following conditions :—

(*i*) that the water used in the manufacture of aerated waters be derived from a source approved by the Medical Officer of Health and be carried in clean covered-vessels and stored in a clean cistern with a tap ;

(*ii*) that empty bottles be first cleaned by scrubbing brush and clean water and then kept soaked in a solution of permanganate of potash for six hours. The permanganate solution shall be renewed as soon as it turns brown ; and

(*iii*) that all bottles shall bear a label or mark showing the name and address of the manufacturer.

NOTE.—The Medical Officer of Health will be the sole judge of whether a vessel or cistern is clean or not and in case of dispute in any matter pertaining to articles of food or drink as contained in these regulation the decision of the Medical Officer of Health shall be final.

Washing and Bathing.

23. (*a*) No person shall wash any clothes or animals or bathe at any place on the fair-ground other than that approved by the Medical Officer of Health and specified by the Board and no person shall use such a place which is set apart for the use of the opposite sex or at times other than those specified by the Board.

(*b*) No infected articles or clothes which have been used by, or have come in contact with, a person suffering from an infectious disease shall be washed at the public washing or bathing places unless they have been previously disinfected to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health.

Conservancy and Health.

24. No person shall ease himself at any place on the fair-ground other than that set apart for the purpose.

25. No person shall deposit refuse at any place on the fair-ground other than that specified for the purpose.

26. The Medical Officer of Health may—

(*i*) fix places for the deposit of refuse, rubbish or other waste matter of any kind and give directions regarding the time at which and manner in which such refuse, rubbish or waste matter may be kept on any land or building or removed along any road or pathway ;

(*ii*) direct the owner or occupier of any land or building not to cause, or knowingly or negligently allow, any waste water to collect on any land or place not set apart for the purpose ;

(*iii*) arrange for the removal of filth, rubbish, manure, or other waste matter from any latrine, urinal, cesspool, or other receptacle for such matter ;

(*iv*) establish medical inspection posts in connection with the examination of travellers by rail and road and may also arrange for adequate accommodation for the isolation of cases of infectious diseases ;

(*v*) refuse entry to the fair-ground to any person suspected to be suffering from any infectious disease and who refuses to allow himself to be examined at any such examination post, or gives a false answer to any question addressed to him by the Medical Officer or official in charge of such post and who disobeys any order of such officer or official in respect of his removal to a hospital or his detention in a place set apart for the purpose ;

(*vi*) order the removal of any person suffering or suspected to be suffering from any infectious disease to a suitable hospital and order all persons who have been in contact with a case of infectious disease to be isolated for a specified period ;

(*vii*) order the cleaning and disinfection of any land, building, drain, latrines urinal, cesspool any bedding, or clothing or any other article which, is in his opinion infected or likely to carry infection;

(*viii*) prohibit the letting of a house or building or part of a house or building which has not been disinfected to his satisfaction;

(*ix*) prohibit the entrance into the fair ground of persons coming from a town, village or locality which is infected with cholera, plague, smallpox or any other communicable disease, unless such persons submit to appropriate preventive inoculation.

27. It shall be the duty of the owner or keeper of a lodging house, hostel or serai to inform the Medical Officer of Health immediately of any case of illness on his premises.

NOTE.—In these regulations the term " infectious diseases ", " contagious diseases " or " communicable diseases " includes—

1. Cholera.
2. Smallpox.
3. Plague.
4. Measles.
5. Chickenpox.
6. Diphtheria.
7. Tuberculosis (includes tubercle of lungs).
8. Scarlet fever.
9. Typhus fever.
10. Enteric fever
11. Erysipelas.
12. Relapsing fever.
13. Influenza.
14. Puerperal fever.
15. Cerebrospinal fever (meningitis).
16. Dysentery.
17. Leprosy.
18. Mumps.
19. Whooping Cough.
20. Sprue.

28. Any licence issued under these regulations may be cancelled by the Medical Officer of Health for a breach of any of the conditions of the licence. The decision of the Medical Officer of Health shall be final.

29. Any person who commits or abets the commission of a breach of any of these regulations shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with a fine which may extend to rupees fifty ; and if the breach is a continuing breach with a further fine which may extend to rupees five for each day after the first during which the breach continues.

Committees.

The 16th November, 1940.

No. 2513-C.-40/46125.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 2513-C.-40/37345, dated the 16th September, 1940, and, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendment to the rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 13981, dated the 16th July, 1918, as subsequently amended :—

AMENDMENT.

In Part I—General the following new rule shall be added, namely :—

" 13. It shall be the duty of a municipal committee to terminate the appointment of every municipal servant, other than a ministerial servant, upon his reaching the age of 55 years. He may be re-employed after that age with the sanction of the authority whose approval is necessary to the original appointment, on public grounds, which must be recorded in writing ; but he must not be retained after the age of 60 years, except in very special circumstances."

No. 4479-C.-40/46253.—The following by-laws framed by the Administrator, Sialkot Municipality, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Sialkot** on the 6th day of January, 1941, from which date the by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 35683, dated the 4th December, 1928, shall be deemed to be cancelled :—

BY-LAWS.

1. Every person who keeps an hotel, serai or lodging-house shall register it at the Municipal Office.

2. Every such person shall, if so required by written notice from the Medical Officer of Health, make such alterations to his hotel, serai or lodging-house as will ensure that—

(*a*) the minimum height of every room intended to accommodate lodgers shall be not less than 10 feet;

(*b*) the minimum superficial floor-area of every such room shall be not less than 144 square feet;

(*c*) ventilation opening directly into external air shall be provided for every such room by means of windows, gratings or other openings exclusive of doors, having a combined area equal to not less than one-tenth of the floor area of the room;

Provided that nothing in this by-law shall be considered in any way to waive the requirements of any by laws for the regulation of buildings in general which may from time to time be in force in the municipality.

3. Every person who keeps an hotel, serai or lodging-house shall provide it with a sufficient and good supply of drinking water from a municipal main ; and if there is a well or storage tank or other storage provision in his hotel, serai or lodging-house or in the precincts thereof shall protect such well or storage tank or other storage provision against pollution in such manners as the Medical Officer of Health may direct, and every year in October or more often, if so required by the Medical Officer of Health, shall cause such well or storage tank or other storage provision to be cleaned to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health.

4. (*a*) Every such person shall keep his hotel, serai or lodging-house clean and in good repair and shall employ such staff for conservancy as the Medical Officer of Health may direct, and shall unless otherwise permitted by the Medical Officer of Health at least twice a year, and more often if so required by the Medical Officer of Health, cause every room in his hotel, serai or lodging-house to be white-washed and generally shall comply with every reasonable order of the Medical Officer of Health for the purpose of promoting the sanitation and cleanliness of his hotel, serai or lodging-house.

(*b*) Every such hotel, serai or lodging-house shall be provided with bathrooms, bathing places, latrines and urinal of the pattern approved by the Medical Officer of Health and with such accommodation as he may consider sufficient. Separate provision shall be made in this respect for both the sexes (where necessary) as well as for the lodgers, the staff and servants of the institution.

5. (*a*) All kitchens and dining rooms shall be made of impervious non-absorbent, material and of such pattern as directed by the Medical Officer of Health with suitable provision for accommodation, drainage, ventilation, exit of smoke and protection from birds, flies, rats and vermin.

(*b*) Separate places or rooms made of impervious non-absorbent material will be provided for washing and cleaning all utensils, cutlery, crockery and other articles used for purposes of food and drink. Such places or rooms shall be fitted with sufficient supply of wholesome water and efficient drainage to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health.

6. (*a*) Wholesome and unadulterated articles of food and drink shall be used and provision shall be made to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health to prevent articles of food and drink kept on the permises from getting contaminated, decomposed or being otherwise rendered unfit for human consumption from any source whatsoever.

(*b*) All receptacles, utensils, vessels or other things employed for storing, cooking or serving articles of food and drink shall be made of suitable material to prevent deterioration or poisoning of such articles of food and drink either by chemical action or otherwise, and all reasonable directions given by the Medical Officer of Health in this respect as well as to protect such utensils, vessels and other things from flies, rats and vermin, shall be carried out to his satisfaction.

7. (*a*) The Medical Officer of Health may fix the number of persons who may occupy any room in an hotel, serai or lodging-house, and no person who keeps such hotel, serai or lodging-house shall suffer more than the number of persons so fixed to occupy such room.

(The minimum requirement of space for each person shall be 400 cubic feet, any height above 10' not being taken into consideration.)

(*b*) If the number of persons who may occupy any room has been fixed under clause (*a*) of this by-law, such number shall be painted over the door of such room, and failure on the part of any keeper of an hotel, serai or lodging-house to cause such number to be so painted shall constitute a breach of this by-law.

8. (*a*) Every person who keeps an hotel, serai or lodging-house shall, as soon as it comes to his notice, immediately report to the Medical Officer of Health the occurrence in his hotel, serai or lodging-house of any disease defined or notified by the Provincial Government as an infectious disease under clause (7) of section 3 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, and shall take measures to keep any person suffering from such disease isolated from all other lodgers.

(*b*) No person who keeps an hotel, serai or lodging-house shall suffer such hotel, serai or lodging-house or any part of it to be occupied if he knows or has good reason to believe that it has been occupied by a person suffering from any such disease, until such hotel, serai or lodging-house or part of it and every article therein likely to contain infection have been disinfected to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health.

9. Every person who keeps an hotel, serai or lodging-house shall, if so required by the Medical Officer of Health, keep a register in the form prescribed by the Committee

in which he shall record immediately on the arrival or departure of any person who lodges in his hotel, serai or lodging-house the following particulars :—

(i) on arrival—

(a) the name, father's name or, in case of a married woman, husband's name of every such person;

(b) the caste and occupation of such person;

(c) the date of arrival of such person;

(d) the place from which such person arrived.

(ii) on departure—

(a) the date of departure of such person;

(b) the place to which such person proceeded on departure.

10. Any person who commits a breach of any of these by-laws shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to Rs. 50, and if the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may amount to Rs. 5 for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

The 18th November, 1940.

No. 2060-C.-40/46357.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 2060-C.-40/34398, dated the 21st August, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendment to the Municipal Account Code, 1930 :—

AMENDMENT.

In the fifth line of rule XIII·12 between the words "Engineer" and "provided" the following shall be inserted :—

"or where there is no Municipal Engineer by any person appointed by the Commissioner under rule 9 of the Municipal Works Rules."

No. 4408-C.-40/46364.—The following amendment made by Municipal Committee, **Montgomery,** of the by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 31299, dated the 25th September, 1935, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Montgomery** on the 6th day of January, 1941 :—

AMENDMENT.

In form A *for* the words "date by which orders of the committee shall be communicated to the applicant____________ (to be filled in red ink)", the words "date by which orders of the committee must be passed [under section 193 (4)]____________ (to be filled in red ink)" shall be substituted.

No. 4297-C.-40/46366.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Mian Channu,** in the Multan district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Mian Channu** on the 6th day of January, 1941 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. The person in charge of a motor vehicle, tonga, tum-tum, or cart shall, if signalled to do so, stop it at the terminal-tax barrier by which he enters or leaves the terminal-tax limits for the purpose of allowing the officer or staff of the terminal-tax department to realise the terminal-tax or to inspect the motor vehicle, tonga, tum-tum or cart in order to ascertain whether any goods on which terminal-tax is leviable are being carried thereon.

2. Any person who commits a breach of by-law 1 shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with a fine which may extend to fifty rupees.

No. 4300-C.-40/46372.—The following amendment made by the Municipal Committee of **Mian Channu,** in the Multan district, to its by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 1635-C.-36/17956, dated the 29th May, 1936, as subsequently amended by Punjab Government notification No. 3105-C.-39/25924, dated the 7th August, 1939, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Mian Channu** on the 6th day of January, 1941 :—

AMENDMENT.

For the existing by-law 5 the following shall be substituted :—

"5. The fees payable for carts licences shall be as follows :—

	Per annum Rs. A. P.	or per mensem. Rs. A. P.
Class (a) ..	3 0 0	0 6 0
Class (b) ..	4 0 0	0 7 0
Class (c) ..	2 0 0	0 4 0
Class (d) ..	3 0 0	0 6 0

The 19th November, 1940.

No. 3938-C.-40/46642.—The following amendments made by the Municipal Committee of **Gujrat** to its by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 4819-C.-36/40429, dated the 24th December, 1936, as subsequently amended with Punjab Government notification No. 5278-C.-39/43514, dated the 19th December, 1939, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Gujrat**, on the 6th day of January, 1940 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. For the existing by-law 3 the following by-law shall be substituted :—

'3. No person shall drive a motor vehicle on any road within the limits of the municipality at a speed exceeding 15 miles per hour except on the Grand Trunk Road where the maximum speed limit shall be 30 miles per hour.'

2. The note appearing under existing by-law 3 shall be deleted.

3. In the existing by-law 5 for the words 'allotted for the purpose by the Committee with the approval of the Registering Authority as defined in rule 3 (19) of the Punjab Motor Vehicles Rules, 1931' the words 'or bus stop allotted for the purpose by the District Magistrate under the Punjab Motor Vehicles Rules, 1940' shall be substituted.

The 20th November, 1940.

No. 4556-C-40/46825.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Muzaffargarh**, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Muzaffargarh**, on the 6th day of January, 1941, from which date by-laws on the subject published with Punjab Government notification No. 19235, dated the 4th November, 1918, shall be deemed to be cancelled :—

BY-LAWS.

1. Every owner of a building or land situated within the limits of the municipality of Muzaffargarh who does not reside in the municipality shall appoint in writing a person residing within municipal limits to act as his agent for all the purposes of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, or any rules or by-laws made thereunder.

2. Such appointment shall be notified as soon as possible to the Secretary of the Committee by a notice which shall bear the signature of the agent in acknowledgment of his apppointment, and no person shall be deemed to have been appointed as agent until such notice has been received by the Secretary. Every person whose appointment as agent has been so notified shall be deemed to be a duly appointed agent until the contrary is notified to the Committee by the principal or by the agent.

3. When an agent has been appointed in pursuance of these by-laws, any notice served upon him and any demand for payment of its dues made from him, by the Committee, shall be deemed to have been served upon his principal, and shall have the same effect as regards the principal as if the notice had been served upon, or the demand had been made from the principal.

4. A register shall be maintained in the office of the Municipal Committee in which the names and addresses of all agents appointed in pursuance of these by-laws together with date of such appointment shall be entered.

5. Any person who commits a breach of by-law 1 or 2 shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees and when the breach is a continuing one with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

No. 4669-C.-40/46794.—The gentlemen named in the statement below are declared to have passed the examination of Accountants for Municipal Committees/District Boards/Small Towns in the Punjab, held at Lahore in September, 1940, in the Groups and by the standards (in the case of Municipal Committees only) noted against their names :—

Serial No.	Name.	Designation.	Group A.	Group B.	Group C.
	EXAMINATION OF ACCOUNTANTS FOR MUNICIPAL COMMITTEES.				
1	Lala Rameeh Chandra.	Accountant, Municipal Committee, Multan.	Passes with Diploma B.	Passes with Diploma A in Papers I and II.	Passes with Diploma B.

Serial No.	Name.	Designation.	Group A.	Group B.	Group C.
		EXAMINATION OF ACCOUNTANTS FOR MUNICIPAL COMMITTEES—*contd.*			
2	S. Rattan Singh Dhingra.	Accountant, Municipal Committee, Khushab (Shahpur).	Passes with Diploma B.	..	..
3	Lala Prem Nath, Bhalla.	Student, Local Self-Government Institute, Punjab, Lahore.	Ditto	Passes with Diploma A in Paper / B in Paper II. / I.	Passes with Diploma B.
4	D. Ram Nath, Nayar.	Clerk, Municipal Committee, Amritsar.	..	Passes with Diploma B in Papers I and II.	..
5	Malik Amar Nath, Datta.	Secretary, Notified Area Commitee, Railway Bazar, Gujrat.	Passes with Diploma B.	..	..
6	Malik Fateh Khan	Clerk in the Office of the District Medical Officer of Health, Mianwali.	Passes with Diploma A.	..	..
7	M. Sardar Ali ..	Clerk, Notified Area Committee, Civil Lines, Gujrat.	..	Passes with Diploma A in Paper / B in Paper II / I.	..
8	Lala Hans Raj, Khanna.	Clerk, Municipal Committee, Amritsar.	Passes with Diploma A.	..	Passes with Diploma A.
9	S. Jagdish Singh, Marwah.	Octroi Moharrir, Municipal Committee, Rawalpindi.	..	Passes with Diploma A in Papers I and II.	Passes with Diploma B.
10	Lala Gulzari Lal, Jain.	Clerk in the Office of the District Medical Officer of Health, Rawalpindi.	..	Ditto	—
11	S. Mahboob Singh	Head Clerk, Notified Area Committee, Pir Mahal (Lyallpur District).	..	Ditto	..
12	M. Nur Ilahi ..	Accountant, Municipal Committee, Campbellpur.	Passes with Diploma B.	Passes with Diploma A in Paper / B in Paper II / I.	Passes with Diploma B.
13	S. Iqbal Singh ..	Clerk, Municipal Committee, Lyallpur.	Passes with Diploma A.	..	..
14	Bhai Chuni Lal ..	Ditto	Ditto	Passes with Diploma A in Paper / B in Paper I / II.	..
15	Mr. Ved Parkash ..	Clerk, Municipal Committee, Montgomery.	Ditto	..	..
16	Ch. Abdul Ghani ..	Clerk, Municipal Committee, Lahore.	..	Passes with Diploma B in Papers I and II.	..
17	S. Teja Singh ..	Superintendent, Terminal Tax, Municipal Committee, Nankana Sahib, (Sheikhupura District).	..	Passes with Diploma B in Paper I.	..
18	S. Puran Singh ..	Record Keeper, Municipal Committee, Nankana Sahib, (Sheikhupura District.)	..	Passes with Diploma A in Paper I.	..

Serial No.	Name.	Designation.	Group A.	Group B.	Group C.
	EXAMINATION OF ACCOUNTANTS FOR MUNICIPAL COMMITTEES—concluded.				
19	Lala Jai Dial Shir ..	Student, Local Self-Government Institute Punjab, Lahore.	..	Passes with Diplana Paper I.	..
20	Sh. Abdul Majid ..	Accountant, Municipal Committee, Lyallpur.	Passes with Diploma A.	..	Passes with Diploma B.
21	Sh. Karim Bakhsh	Clerk, Municipal Committee, Lahore.	..	Passes with Diploma A in Paper II / B in Paper I	..
	EXAMINATION OF ACCOUNTANTS FOR DISTRICT BOARDS.				
22	Mr. K. M. Aslam	Pleader, Chichawatni, Montgomery District.	..	Passes in Paper II	..
23	M. Fateh Khan ..	Clerk in the office of the District Medical Officer of Health, Mianwali.	..	Ditto	..
24	Lala Krishan Chandar Taneja.	Clerk in the office of the District Medical Officer of Health, Dera Ghazi Khan.	Passes	..	Ditto	..
25	Lala Jamni Das Grover.	Clerk, District Board, Dera Ghazi Khan.	Passes	..	..	Passes.
26	M. Mohd. Ismail Saleem.	Clerk in the office of the District Inspector of Schools, Amritsar.	..	Passes in Paper II	..
	EXAMINATION OF ACCOUNTANTS FOR SMALL TOWNS.				
27	Lala Kansi Lal Bhatia.	Terminal Tax Clerk, Small Town Committee, Sangla (District Sheikhupura).	Passes	..	Passes in Paper II	Passes.

Notified Areas.

The 16th November, 1940.

No. 4480-C.-40/46128.—The following by-laws made by the Notified Area Committee, **Kamoke Mandi** in the Gujranwala district in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the Notified Area of **Kamoke Mandi**, on the 6th day of January, 1941 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. In these by-laws :—

(*a*) " sweeper " means any sweeper whether male or female ;

(*b*) " house " means any place used as a human residence, whether permanently or temporarily.

2. No sweeper shall remove night-soil from any house within the Notified Area, unless he has had his name registered in the Notified Area Committee's Office.

3. Applications for registration shall be made in form ' A ' appended to these by-laws and obtainable, free of charge, from the Secretary.

4. A registration card in form B appended to these by-laws shall be issued by the Medical Officer of Health or in his absence by the Secretary free of charge, to every sweeper applying for registration and shall bear the registered number of the sweeper to whom it is issued.

5. Every sweeper so registered shall provide himself with a galvanised iron bucket of a type prescribed by the Medical Officer of Health. On this bucket he shall have painted in white figures two inches high and aquarter of an inch thick his registered number.

6. All night-soil removed by a sweeper from any house shall be removed by him within the time specified by the Committee from time to time in the galvanised iron bucket, referred to in by-law 5 above, and carried to any of the places fixed by the Committee for its collection and shall not be deposited at, or transferred to, any other place.

7. No registered sweeper shall allow any other sweeper to work with the bucket bearing his register number.

8. Any person who commits a breach of by-laws 2, 5, 6 and 7 shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and if the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

Form A.

APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION AS SWEEPER.

(To be presented in person.)

Name________________________

wife of________________________

son/daughter of________________________

I HEREBY apply for registration under the by-laws for the registration of sweepers of the Kamoke Mandi Notified Area Committee published with Punjab Government notification No. 4480-C.-40/46128, dated the 16th November, 1940.

2. I undertake—

(a) not to transport night-soil, except in a covered receptacle approved by the Medical Officer of Health;

(b) not to fill the receptacle in a manner likely to cause the contents to spill or prevent the lid from fitting close; and

(c) to abide by the conditions of the above-quoted by-laws.

Signature)
or
thumb-impression)

Form B.

SWEEPER'S REGISTRATION CARD.

Registered No.____________

Name________________________

Father's / Husband's name________________________

Date of issue________________________

Not transferable.

____

Medical Officer of Health,
Notified Area Committee, Kamoke Mandi.

No. 4827-L. G.—Bds.-40/46255.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (a) of subsection (1) of section 242 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to impose within the Notified Area of **Daska**, in the Sialkot district, with effect from the 1st April, 1941, the tax hereafter described, namely :—

A tax payable by the owner in one instalment in advance on the 1st April each year, on all buildings and lands situated within the limits of the Notified Area of **Daska** at the rate of 6¼ per cent per annum on the annual value of all buildings and lands :

Provided that—

(a) the tax shall not be levied on religious buildings, schools, hospitals and dispensaries ;

(b) the tax shall not be levied in respect of any land used solely for agricultural purposes ; and

(c) a rebate of 20 per cent of the tax will be allowed if the tax is paid on or before the 1st of June, each year.

The 18th November, 1940.

No. 4328-C.-40/46361.—The following by-laws made by the Notified Area Committee of **Chichawatni**, in the Montgomery district in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for

general information and shall come into force within the Notified Area of **Chichawatni**, on the 6th day of January, 1941 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. The owner or occupier of a shop in the grain market shall not use the platform in front of his shop except for exhibiting or exposing grains, rice, cotton, cotton seed, gur, shakkar, sugar, chillies, dates, tobacco, seeds of all kind, turmeric, groundnut, ghee, banaspatine ghee, wool, salt for sale :

Provided that the owner or occupier of such a shop may use the platform for exhibiting or exposing for sale any other article with the previous permission, in writing, of the Committee.

An annual rent of Rs. 12 or monthly rent of rupee one shall be charged for each platform.

2. No goods which have been condemned by the Committee as unfit for human consumption shall be brought or kept by any person on the platform in front of the shops in the grain market.

3. An owner or occupier of a shop in the grain market using the platform in front of his shop shall always keep it in a thoroughly clean condition.

4. No person shall, without the permission of the Committee in writing, make any overhanging structure or projection over the platform in front of his shop in the grain market.

5. Any person who commits a breach of any of these by-laws shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with a fine which may extend to twenty rupees and in the case of a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

Medical.

The 16th November, 1940.

No. 5035-M.-40/46244.—The following by-laws made by the Cantonment Board, **Rawalpindi**, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 17 of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information and shall come into force within the limits of the Cantonment of **Rawalpindi**, six weeks after the date of the publication of this notification :—

BY-LAWS.

1. No person whose name has not been registered in accordance with the provisions of section 14 of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932, shall practise as nurse, health visitor, midwife, nurse dai, trained dai or dai within the area subject to the authority of the Cantonment Board, Rawalpindi.

2. Any person practising in contravention of by-law 1 or any person committing or abetting the commitment of a breach of by-law 1 shall be liable, on conviction by a magistrate of the 1st class, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 for the first offence or to a fine not exceeding **Rs.** 250 for a second or subsequent offence.

RAM CHANDRA,
Secretary to Government, Punjab,
Medical and Local Government Departments.

1286 CS—1159—21-11-40—SGPP Lahore.

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PART I—A.

Punjab Government Notifications and Orders.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Boards.

The 23rd November, 1940.

No. 2798-C.-40/47344.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*p*) of subsection (2) of section 20 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare that the control of slaughter-houses within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Lahore,** is a fit and proper matter to be taken under the control and administration of that District Board.

No. 2798-C.-40/47345.—In accordance with the provisions of subsection (1) of section 56 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to empower the District Board of **Lahore,** to frame regulations for the control of slaughter-houses in the area subject to the authority of that Board.

The 26th November, 1940.

No. 4675-C.-40/47814.—The following amendment made by the District Board of **Lahore,** to its regulations published with Punjab Government notification No. 1263-C.-36/17646 dated the 25th May, 1936, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by subsection (2) of section 56 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, is published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Lahore,** on the 13th day of January, 1941 :—

AMENDMENT.

After regulation 4 the following new regulation shall be added, namely :—

" 4-A. Every horse passed as fit for use with a vehicle shall be branded on the hoof and all harness shall also be marked. No horse and harness shall be used with a vehicle until it has been marked as above. The marks must at all times be legible and distinct and should, they at any time

become indistinct or illegible, the horse and the harness must be brought to the District Board or Tahsil office to have fresh brand put on ".

The 27th November, 1940.

No. 5412-L.G.-40/47948.—*Corrigendum.*—In the third line of rule 12 (5) of the rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 4847-L. G.-40/43273, dated the 29th October, 1940, between the words " District " and " Officer " *substitute* the word " Panchayat " *for* the word " Magistrate ".

The 28th November, 1940.

No. 3957-L.G. 40/48120.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 3957-L.G.-40/39544, dated the 5th October, 1940, and under the provisions of clause (*d*) of subsection (1) of section 55 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following rule for the District Board of **Dera Ghazi Khan.**

2. This rule shall come into force with effect from the results of the next general elections of the District Board of **Dera Ghazi Khan,** when Punjab Government notification No. 17702, dated the 20th June, 1923, will be considered as cancelled :—

RULE.

One member shall be elected for each of the 21 circles shown in the schedule hereto annexed by the electors of that circle :—

SCHEDULE.

Statement showing the names of the electoral circles in the Dera Ghazi Khan district.

Serial No.	Name of Tahsil.	Name of circle.	Name of Zail or revenue estates included in the circle.
1	Sanghar ..	Lakhani ..	Zails, Lakhani, Vehoa, Zail Fateh Khan with the exception of villages Babi, Hamal, Rakh Fateh Khan, Fateh Khan and Nutkani.
2	Do. ..	Tibbi Qaisrani	Zail Tibbi Qaisrani with the exception of villages Thori, Bet Ladhi, Kotla Ali Shah and Sheikh Gurda Zail Kot Qaisrani with the exception of villages Barot Mandwani, Rakh Barot Mandwani, Kachhela, Babhan, Bulani and Wani and part of Zail Fatteh Khan excluded from Circle No. 1.
3	Do ..	Mangrotha ..	Zail Taunsa with the exception of village Taunsa. Zail Dauna, Zail Ghali, parts of Zails Tibbi Qaisrani and Kot Qaisrani excluded from Circle No. 2.
4	Do. ..	Taunsa ..	Taunsa, part of Zail Sokar, villages Sokar, Mundrani, Binda and Bughlani.
5	Do. ..	Makwal	Zails Hairo, Makwal and Sunjarani, part of Zail Sokar, villages Buhar, Jhangar, Guna, Gadi Shumali, Jat Gadi and Chit Pani.
6	Dera Ghazi Khan.	Shadan Lund	Zails Shadan Lund, Pir Adil and Batil.
7	Do.	Dera Ghazi Khan.	Zails Yaru and Dera Ghazi Khan.
8	Do.	Drahman ..	Zails Drahman, Samin and Mahtam.
9	Do.	Jhok Uttra ..	Zails Jhok Uttra, Sheru and Mana.
10	Do.	Mamuri ..	Zails Mamuri and Kot Chhutta.
11	Do.	Choti ..	Zail Choti.
12	Jampur ..	Kotla Mughlan	Zails Kotla Mughlan, Khanwah and part of Zail Mohdpur, villages Silra, Kambar Shah, part of Zail Jampur, villages Nawan Beg Raj, Sahuwala, Bhanuwala, Tatarwala and Kotla Dha.
13	Do. ..	Jampur ..	Zail Jampur with the exception of villages included in Circle No. 12.
14	Do. ..	Mohdpur Diwan.	Zail Mohdpur with the exception of villages included in Circle No. 12 and Zail Hajipur.
15	Do. ..	Dajal ..	Zails Dajal, Ganehar, Tibbi Lundan, part of Zail Harrand, villages Thul Ali Mohd., Thul Jam, Basti Nawab, Kala Khosra, Beta and Thul Hairo.
16	Do. ..	Harrand ..	Zail Harrand with the exception of villages included in Circle No. 15.
17	Rajanpur ..	Fazilpur ..	Zails Fazilpur and Mehrewala.
18	Do. ..	Shikarpur ..	Zails Rangpur, Shikarpur, Nurpur, part of Dhundi Estate above Patti Juma Arain.
19	Do. ..	Zails Kotla Nasir.	Rajanpur, Kot Rum and part of Dhundi Estate below Patt Juman, Arain.
20	Do. ..	Mithankot ..	Zails Bhagsar, Asni, Kotla Said Khan, Machka, Murghai, Mithankot, part of Rojhan villages, Kotla Hassan Shah, Giamal, Qadra, Rakh Qadra, Kaheri, Kotla Hamal, Umar Kot. Prewar, Rakh Prewar, Badli and Ladh, Mad Mohd. Shah, Thul Nasir, Daharwali and Kacha Chohan.
21	Do. ..	Rojhan ..	Zail Rojhan with the exception of villages included in Circle No. 20.

Committees.

The 23rd November, 1940.

No. 4491-C.-40/47340.—*Corrigendum.*—In Punjab Government notification No 422-C.-40/5887, dated the 6th February, 1940, publishing the octroi schedule of the **Lahore** Municipality, *add* the following at the end of exemption 2 (9) :—

" and all other arms and ammunitions".

No. 4387-C.-40/47348.—The following by-law made by the Municipal Committee of **Karor**, in the Muzaffargarh district, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 188 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force within the municipality of **Karor**, on the 1st January, 1941 :—

BY-LAW.

The limits for the purpose of collecting octroi on articles imported into the Municipality shall be the limits of the municipality as notified from time to time.

No. 2932-C.-40/47445.—The following by-law made by the Municipal Committee of **Rawalpindi**, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 188 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Rawalpindi,** on the 10th January, 1941, from which date the by-law published with Punjab Government notification No. 3, dated the 2nd January, 1889, shall be deemed to have been cancelled :—

BY-LAW.

The limits for the collection of octroi in the Rawalpindi Municipality and Cantonment, shall be the municipal and the cantonment boundaries excluding the areas mentioned below :—

(*A*) From pillar No. O. B.-1, on the right bank of Kassi No. 1, near Hindu Cremation Ground for the residents of Sadar Bazar towards the south to pillar No. O. B.-2, thence towards east to pillar No. O. B.-3, thence towards east-north to pillar No. O. B.-4, thence towards east to pillar No. O. B.-5 (Cantonment boundary pillar No. 62, on the crossing of two roads Chaklala road and Cremation Ground road), thence straight northwards to pillar No. O. B.-6, thence north-eastwards up to pillar No. O. B.-7, thence north-westwards to pillar No. O. B.-8 (Cantonment boundary pillar No. 4), thence westwards (along the kacha road towards the Leper Asylum) up to pillar No. O. B.-9 (on the old boundary line of the Municipality), thence towards south-eastwards up to pillar No. O. B.-10, on the left bank of Kassi No. 2, thence south-westerly direction along the Kasai up to O. B. pillar No. 1 ; and

(*B*) From O. B. pillar No. 1-A (Cantonment boundary pillar No. 61), thence towards east up to pillar No. O. B.-2-A (Land A pillar No. 44), thence towards north pillar No. O. B.-3-A (Land A pillar No. 45), thence towards north-west pillar No. O. B.-4-A, thence towards west-south up to pillar No. O. B.-5-A, thence towards south-east up to pillar No. O. B.-6-A, thence towards south up to pillar No. O. B.-7-A, thence north-west to pillar No. O. B.-8-A, thence towards south to pillar No. O. B.-1-A (the area known as M. E. S. Brick field).

No. 5273-L. G.-40/47448.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub section (10) of section 62 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the Municipal Committee of **Chiniot** in the Jhang district has imposed a tax which shall come into force with effect from the 24th February, 1941, at the rates shown in the schedule appended below, payable by persons presenting building applications to the Committee. Provided that the tax shall not be payable by persons presenting applications relating to the erection or re erection of religious buildings or buildings owned by Government, Municipal Committee or the District Board :—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	Description of building application.	Rate of tax. Rs. A. P.
1	Additions or alterations to the existing buildings	0 8 0
2	Erection or re-erection of *kacha* buildings	1 0 0
3	Erection or re-erection of partly *kacha* and partly *pacca* buildings	2 0 0
4	Erection or re-erection of *pacca* buildings	3 0 0

Note.—A building erected on old foundations will also be considered to be a new building.

No. 4462-C.-40/47455.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 2360-C.-40/35609, dated the 13th August, 1940, and in pursuance of the provisions of subsection (3) of section 5 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to include within the Municipality of **Kartarpur**, in the Jullundur district, the areas lying between the existing boundary as defined in Punjab Government notification No. 1855-C.-36/28420, dated the 23rd September, 1936, and the boundary, now proposed as specified in the schedule heretoannexed :—

SCHEDULE.

DESCRIPTION OF BOUNDARIES.

North.—From the south-west corner of field No. 7663 and passing south-eastwards along the southern sides of fields Nos. 7663, 7660, 7659 and 7658 to the south corner of field No. 7658 ; thence southwards along the western sides of fields Nos. 7653 and 7651 to the south-west corner of field No. 7651 ; thence eastwards along the southern side of the same field and fields Nos. 7648, 7647 and 7640 to the north-west corner of field No. 7639 ; thence along the northern side of the same field to its north-east corner ; thence northwards to a point at a distance of 3 *karams* ; thence eastwards along the southern sides of fields Nos. 7601 and 7600 to the south-east corner of the lastnamed field ; thence northwards along the western side of the Mahmadpur way to the north-east corner of field No. 8867/8232 ; thence eastwards crossing the Mahmadpur way to the north-west corner of field No. 7536 ; thence southwards along the eastern side of the Mahmadpur way to the south-west corner of field No. 7550 ; thence eastwards along the southern sides of fields Nos. 7550 and 7547 to the south-east corner of field No. 7547 ; thence southwards crossing the Alampur way to the north-west corner of field No. 7066; thence south-westwards along the western side of field No. 7066 to the north-east corner of field No. 7050.

East.—Thence southwards along the eastern side of field No. 7050 and the western sides of fields Nos. 7051, 7047 and 7044 to the south-west corner of the lastnamed field ; thence eastwards along the northern sides of fields Nos. 6477 and 6478 to the north-east corner of the lastnamed field ; thence south-eastwards crossing the Kumharan way to the south-east corner of field No. 6478 ; thence south-westwards along the southern sides of fields Nos. 6478 and 6477 to the north-west corner of field No. 6176 ; thence southwards along the western side of the same field to a point at a distance of 53 *karams* and thence westwards to the north-east corner of field No. 6475 ; thence southwards along the eastern side of field No. 6475 and the western sides of fields Nos. 8204, 8202 and 6469 to the south-west corner of field No. 6469 ; thence eastwards along the southern side of field No. 6469 to its south-east corner ; thence southwards along the western side of field No. 6464 to its south-west corner ; thence eastwards along the southern side of field No. 6464 to its south-east corner ; thence southwards crossing the Alawalpur way to the north corner of field No. 5272 ; thence south-eastwards along the eastern side of the same field to the north corner of field No. 5274 ; thence along the northern side of this field to its east corner ; thence eastwards crossing the Alawalpur Road to the south-west corner of field No. 8114 ; thence south-westwards along the eastern side of the Alawalpur Road to the south-west corner of field No. 4029 ; thence south-eastwards to its south-east corner ; thence south-eastwards along the northern side of the *kacha* road leading to the Grand Trunk Road to the south corner of field No. 3936 ; thence south-westwards crossing the Grand Trunk Road to the north-east corner of field No. 3849 ; thence westwards along the northern sides of fields Nos. 3849 and 3850 to the north-west corner of the lastnamed field ; thence southwards along the western side of field No. 3850 to its south-west corner ; thence eastwards along the northern side of field No. 3851 to its north-east corner ; thence southwards along the eastern side of the same field and fields Nos. 3862, 3863, 3864, 7994/3865 and 7993/3865 to the south-east corner of the lastnamed field.

South.—Thence north-westwards along the northern side of the railway boundary to the boundary-pillar of the Encamping Ground at the south-west corner of field No. 2593 ; thence along the northern side of the railway boundary to a point at a distance of 196 *karams* ; thence northwards crossing the Kapurthala Road to the south-west corner of field No. 2485 ; thence along the northern boundary of village Ditta Nangal to the south corner of field No. 2457 ; thence north-westwards crossing the *katcha* road to Kapurthala to the south corner of field No. 2455.

West.—Thence north-eastwards along the western side of *katcha* road to Kapurthala to the south corner of field No. 2446 ; thence along the western sides of fields Nos. 2446, 2445 and 2446 to the north-west corner of field No. 2446 ; thence crossing the Grand Trunk Road to the south-east corner of field No. 1560 ; thence northwards along the western side of the *katcha* pathway leading to the female latrines to the north-east corner of field No. 8644; thence westwards along the northern side of the same field to its north-west corner ; thence northwards crossing the Dialpur way to the south-west corner of field No. 1429 ; thence along the western side of this field to its north-west

corner; thence eastwards along the northern side of the same field to the south-west corner of field No. 1428; thence northwards along the western side of field No. 1428 to its north-west corner; thence westwards along the southern side of field No. 1425 to its south-west corner; thence northwards along the western side of the same field and crossing the Dhirpur way to the north-west corner of the same field; thence eastwards along the northern side of the aforesaid field to the south-east corner of field No. 826; thence northwards along the eastern sides of fields Nos. 826, 824, 822 and 821 to the north-east corner of the lastnamed field; thence eastwards along the southern sides of fields Nos. 8606/819/820 to its south-east corner; thence northwards along the eastern sides of fields Nos. 8606/819/820, 816, 814, 813 and 812 to the north-east corner of the lastnamed field; thence crossing the Bholath way to the south corner of field No. 7664; thence along the southern side of the same field to the point of start.

The 26th November, 1940.

No. 4310-C.-40/47805.—The following draft amendment, which the Governor of the Punjab proposes to make, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, to the rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 19358, dated the 13th August, 1924, is published for the information of persons likely to be effected thereby. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 31st December, 1940, together with any objections or suggestions relating thereto which may be received by Government before that date :—

DRAFT AMENDMENT.

In clause (*a*) of rule 5, the word " male " shall be omitted.

No. 3957-C -40/47816.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Simla** under sections 188, 198 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, in supersession of the by-laws on the subject published with Punjab Government notification No. 104, dated the 11th February, 1897, as amended by Punjab Government notification Nos. 189 and 1681, dated the 30th March, 1899 and the 17th January, 1921, respectively, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the said Act are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Simla** on the 13th day of January, 1941 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. Every person who lets out on hire horses or ponies for riding purposes for any period of time within the limits of the Simla Municipality, shall, as hereinafter provided, register the same and take out a licence for each animal. Such horses or ponies shall be hereinafter respectively referred to as job horses or ponies.

2. Such licences shall be granted by the Committee and will be issued in the form appended to these by-laws by the Secretary or in his absence by the Tax Superintendent of the Municipal Committee. The Tax Superintendent shall keep a register of job horses and ponies.

3. No job horse or pony shall be licensed if it is under the age of three years or if it is not in every respect sound, healthy and in good working condition, and if it has not been approved together with its saddlery, bridle and other gear by the President or such other officer appointed by the Committee in this behalf and unless the owner thereof has paid a licence fee of four rupees for every such horse or pony provided that if the period during which the licence is to remain in force does not exceed six months, a fee of only two rupees shall be levied.

Explanation.—For the purpose of licences the official year shall be reckoned from the sixteenth of March to the fifteenth day of March in the following year.

It shall be lawful for such approving officer or official, if he deems fit, to require any owner of any horse or pony, brought to be registered and licensed as a job horse or pony, to satisfy him regarding freedom from vice, or the soundness of such animal, and the said approving officer or official may further, if he deems it necessary, require the said owner to produce a veterinary certificate of soundness and age, from the officer-in-charge of the Civil Veterinary Hospital, Simla.

4. No proprietor of any horse or pony, kept for hire within the Municipal limits or his servant shall ill-treat or ill-use or allow any person to ill-treat or ill-use such animal.

5. It shall be lawful for any person, named in by-law 3 above and the officer-in-charge of the Civil Veterinary Hospital, Simla, to enter any premises in which a job horse or a job pony is kept or stabled in order to inspect the saddlery and other things used in connection with the said animal, and generally to carry out any of the provisions of these by-laws. No owner or occupier of such premises shall refuse to permit such inspection or obstruct the inspecting officer in making such inspection, or refuse him permission to enter the premises.

6. The saddlery belonging to or used in connection with every job horse ar job pony shall always be maintained in good order and in thoroughly serviceable condition.

7. Every licence issued under these by-laws shall continue in force during the period for which it is granted, but it shall be liable to revocation within that time, by order of the Committee, if the proprietor of the animal with respect to which the licence has been issued has been guilty of a breach of any of these by-laws or of the conditions upon which the licence has been granted and if the latter are not fully observed and maintained, or if the job horse or job pony, by reason of vice, sickness, overwork, physical defect, unsoundness, or for any other similar reason has, in the opinion of the Committee, been rendered or has become unfit to be used as a job horse or pony.

8. Applications for the renewal of a licence shall be made in February each year and a fresh licence shall be granted in the same manner as is provided in by-laws 2 and 3 on the payment of the same fee as for the orginal licence.

9. Every syce in charge of a job horse or job pony shall bear on his arm a brass badge (for which he will pay to the Municipal Committee four annas which sum shall be refunded to him on his returning the badge on the expiry or otherwise sooner termination of the licence to which it relates) containing the number of the licence, of the job horse or job pony, and shall also carry and produce for the inspection of any person, requiring the same, a list of fares prescribed under these by-laws, and also a card showing the number of the licence and the description of the animal to which it refers. Every proprietor or agent carrying on business for the proprietor of a job horse or a job pony shall, on demand, produce his licence for such animal and also, if required, the list of sanctioned rates for the inspection of any member of the Municipal Committee, Police Officer, or Magistrate, or of any hirer or intending hirer of such job horse or job pony.

10. No proprietor of a licensed job horse or job pony shall, without reasonable and sufficient cause, the burden of proving which shall be upon him, rufuse such animal for hire.

11. Ponies of 13½ hands or under, licensed under these by-laws, may only be used for riding by children and, shall not be let out on hire for the use of any adult.

12. Every job horse that is licensed shall be brought to the Civil Veterinary Hospital to have its fore-hoofs branded with the letter " M. C. " and the licence number, within three days of the licence having been issued.

13. The rates to be charged for the hire of a licensed job horse or job pony shall be as follows :—

	Rs.	A.	P.
(1) For a period not exceeding two hours ..	1	0	0
(2) For a period exceeding two hours but not exceeding four hours.	1	8	0
(3) For a period exceeding four hours but not exceeding six hours.	2	8	0
(4) For a period exceeding six hours but not exceeding eight hours.	3	0	0
(5) For a period exceeding eight hours but not exceeding 12 hours.	4	0	0

14. Any person, who comits a breach of by-laws 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 and 13 shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees and, if the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

LICENCE FORM.

1. Simla Municipality.
2. Number of licence.
3. Date of issue of licence.
4. Date of expiry of licence.
5. Name of proprietor of animal.
6. Residence of proprietor of animal.
7. Description of horse or pony.
8. Remarks.

CONDITIONS OF LICENCE ON THE BACK OF THE LICENCE FORM.

1. Every hack licenced for hire should have the hoof branded as high up as possible with a mark to be approved by the Simla Municipality and with the serial number of horse licensed.

2. Every holder of a licence should undertake to :—

(a) produce his horse at the end of three months from the date of each inspection ;

(b) employ only the approved farrier appointed at the Civil Veterinary Hospital, whose charges will be reduced to Re. 1 for ordinary shoeing for all hacks, which are the property of licence holders ;

(c) admit his horse as an in-patient or bring to the Veterinary Hospital for treatment as an out patient on the advice of the Veterinary Officer-in-charge whose service will be given free during the unexpired period of a licence.

3. Licence holders will be served with one reminder on failure to produce their horses for inspection on the correct date.

4. Failure to comply with the conditions laid down in the licence will result in cancellation or suspension of the licence.

No. 4019-C./40-47837.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub section (1) of section 5 and section 6 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab, hereby declares his intention of including within the municipality of **Bhiwani,** in the Hissar district, or excluding therefrom, as the case may be, the areas lying between the existing boundary as defined in Punjab Government notification No. 137, dated the 17th February, 1886, in so far as it relates to **Bhiwani** municipality, and the boundary now proposed as specified in the appended schedule.

2. Any inhabitant who objects to the proposed inclusion or exclusion of the said areas, should submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner Hissar to the Punjab Government within six weeks from the date of publication of this notification :—

SCHEDULE.

(DESCRIPTION OF BOUNDARIES.)

North.—From the north-west corner of field No. 623 south-east wards along the northern boundaries of fields Nos. 623, 624, 625, 630, 632 and 633 to the north-east corner of the last named field ; thence southward along the eastern boundaries of fields Nos. 633, 634, 635, 669, 665, 664, 2549/663, and 2547/662 to the south-east corner of the last named field ; thence south-eastward along the eastern boundary of field No. 2546/661 to its south-east corner ; thence eastwards along the northern bank of the Railway Distributary, Western Jumna Canal, *i. e.,* the northern boundary of field No. 2481/876 right up to the south-west corner of field No. 381/2 ; thence along the southern boundary of field No. 381/2, to the south-west corner of field No. 966 ; thence along its southern boundary to its south-east corner ; thence eastwards and southwards along the Circular Road towards Tigrana Gate, *i. e.,* along the northern boundary of field No. 965/8 to the north-west corner of field No. 1659.

East.—Thence southwards along the eastern boundary of field No. 965/8, *i.e.,* along the outer edge of the Circular Road to the south-west corner field of No. 1745 ; thence southwards and westwards along the eastern boundary field of No. 1795 which is the Circular Road, to the north-west corner of field No. 1928.

South.—Thence westwards and north-westwards along the southern boundary of field No. 1795, which is the Circular Road to the south-east corner of field No. 1678.

West.—Thence northwards along the western boundary of field No. 1795, which is the Circular Road to the north-east corner of field No. 1632 ; thence north-westwards along the left outer edge of the road leading to the Railway Goods Shed *i.e.,* along the southern boundary of field No. 1551 to the south-east corner of field No 1544 ; thence westward along the southern boundary of field No. 1544 crossing the Railway line to the north-west corner of field No. 744 ; thence northwards along the western boundary of field No. 1540/2 to the south-west corner of field No. 1548 ; thence westwards along the southern boundary of field No. 236 to its south-west corner : thence northwards along its western boundary to the north-east corner of field No. 232 ; thence westwards along the northern boundaries of fields Nos. 232, 231, and 230 to the north-wastern corner of the lastnamed field ; thence southwards to the north-east corner of field No. 228 ; thence westwards along the northern boundaries of fields Nos. 228 and 227 to the north-west corner of the lastnamed field ; thence northwards along the eastern boundary of field No. 210 to its north-east corner ; thence westwards along its northern boundary to its north-west corner ; thence southwards along its western boundary to the north-east corner of field No. 205 ; thence westwards along the northern boundary of field No. 205 to its north-west corner ; thence northwards along the western boundary of field No. 2544/203 to its north-west corner ; thence westwards along the southern boundary of field No. 202 to its south-west corner ; thence northwards along its western boundary to its north-west corner ; thence eastwards along its northern boundary and further on in a straight line after crossing the Bapora Road to the south-west corner of field No. 842 ; thence northwards along the western boundaries of fields Nos. 842, 843, 831/1 and 830 to the north-west corner of the last named field ; thence north-eastwards after crossing in a straight line the Railway line to the south-west corner of field No. 626 ; thence northwards along the western boundaries of fields Nos. 626, 624, and 623 to the points of start.

The 27th November, 1940.

No. 4497-C.-40/47913.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (10) of section 52 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that with the previous sanction of the Governor of the Punjab the Municipal Committee, **Gujrat,** in the Gujrat district has, with effect from the 1st March, 1941, imposed the rates of octroi shown in

the schedule appended below, in supersession of the rates published with Punjab Government notification No. 19192, dated the 26th June, 1934 :—

Provided that :—

1. refunds of octroi shall be paid at the old rates until the expiry of six months from the date on which this schedule comes into force ;
2. no refund of octroi shall be made for a period of six months from the date on which this schedule comes into force in respect of newly taxed articles unless proof of payment of octroi is furnished ; and
3. the following articles shall be exempted from payment of octroi :—

(1) articles imported as dowry with the *doli* and articles imported as *ch* ;

(2) animal. slaughtered for the performance of religious ceremonies ;

(3) agricultu l machinery and implements ;

(4) sweet-mea s, fruits and other edible articles imported for personal use not exceeding 2 seers in quantity each ;

(5) *bona fide* per nal and house-hold belongings of persons coming to take up their sidence in the Municipality and *bona fide* personal luggage of travellers ;

(6) necessaries (not being articles of food or drink), equipment and clothing imported by officers in command of troops or air force units for the use of their men and followers, and grain and green fodder imported for consumption by horses, mules or other animals maintained as part of their military equipage by any person in military or Air Force Service ; provided that such grain or fodder is certified by the Commanding Officer to be imported for *bona fide* public purposes ;

(7) articles imported for manufacturing purpose into a jail situated within octroi limits ; provided that the goods into which they are manufactured are used in the jail itself or supplied to other departments of Government ;

(8) all road making material such as stone ballast, coal tar, bitumen, shingle and bricks for soling coats imported by the Government of India or by any Provincial Government or by any local authority (including a Cantonment Authority) or by contractors for use on the roads maintained by the Public Works Department of Government or any local authority (including a Cantonment Authority) if accompanied at the time of import by a certificate signed by a gazetted officer of the Government department concerned or by the President, Executive Officer or Secretary of the local authority concerned, that such articles are required by them for road making only ;

(9) nitrate of soda, sulphate of ammonia, calcium, cyanamide, sulphate of potash, muriate of potash, kainit, superphosphates, leunaphos, nicifos, nitro chalk and basic slag ;

(10) all ammunitions, military stores and other articles of Police equipment including bicycles imported by the Police Department into the town, provided that each consignment of such ammunition or military stores or other articles is certified by the Superintendent of Police of the district concerned to be the property of the Government in the Police Department ;

(11) arms of any sort imported by Government ;

(12) gold or silver bullion and coin ;

(13) printed books ;

(14) stamps, stamp paper and petition paper ;

(15) head-loads of cow dung fuel (*upla*), grass, brushwood and fresh vegetables of all kinds ;

(16) railway stores and materials required for use on a railway whether in constructing, maintaining, or working the same and not removed outside the railway boundaries, but not including stores imported for purchase or consumption by railway employees or stores with which a railway co-operative store is stocked for sale to members ;

(17) ornaments found on the person of an importer or the ornaments imported by any importer for his *bona fide* private domestic use ;

(18) goods on which the octroi tax amounts to less than three pies ;

(19) forms and papers used by Patwaris and Field Qanungos in connection with their official duties ;

(20) exhibits of the District Rural Community Council or of Agricultural or other Government Departments imported for instructional purposes, if accompanied at the time of import by a certificate signed by the Chairman of the Council or by a Gazetted Officer of the department concerned that such exhibits are meant for the purpose of exhibition only ;

(21) articles declared at the time of import to be for immediate export and exported in accordance with the rules made in this behalf ;

(22) all sorts of quinine imported for medicinal purposes ;

(23) all young plants for transplantation on road sides, imported in the town, if accompanied by a certificate signed by a Gazetted Officer of the Public Works Department that such plants are required for transplantation on road sides only ;

(24) all handwoven mosquito nets valued complete at a price not exceeding Rs. 3 each and hand woven mosquito nets material imported into the town up to 25th September, 1940.

NOTE.—Mesh nets are not covered by the above exemption.

(25) articles imported by the Police Department in connection with criminal cases if accompanied by a certificate signed by a Police Officer not below the rank of a Sub-Inspector ;

(26) cinema lorries of the North-Western Railway carrying the cinema equipment and consumable stores imported into the town for the purpose of giving free shows accompanied by a certificate signed by a responsible railway official to the effect that these lorries belong to the North-Western Railway and are meant for their propaganda work only.

NOTE :—If the amount of the tax involves a fraction in excess of 1½ pies 3 pies shall be charged instead of such a fraction. If the fraction amounts to 1½ pies or less it will be disregarded.

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	Articles.	RATE OF OCTROI. By maundage.	Ad valorem.	By tale.
1	2	3	4	5
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
	CLASS I.—ARTICLES OF FOOD AND DRINK.			
1	Wheat and wheat flour except *suji* and *maida*, other food grains not specified elsewhere in this schedule and their flours including ears.	0 0 7	..	..
2	*Maida* and *suji* (samolina)	0 1 0	..	..
3	Husked rice, *chirwa* and *phullian* not sugar coated ..	0 1 6	..	..
4	Paddy, unhusked rice, pulses including *sill* and *darau* ..	0 1 0	..	..
5	Barley, gram, *suhri* and bran	0 0 7	..	..
6	Refined sugar, i.e., all white or crystalized and ground sugar and sugarcandy.	0 8 0	..	..
7	Confectionery including cakes, biscuits and *phainian* ..	..	0 0 6	..
8	Unrefined sugar, *mijah* and *talauncha*, not specified elsewhere in this schedule.	0 5 0	..	..
9	*Gur*, *shakar* and jaggery	0 4 0	..	..
10	*Shira* and *rab* (molausses)	0 2 0	..	..
11	Fruit juice not bottled or canned	0 8 0	..	..
12	Ghee	1 8 0	..	..
13	Vegetable ghee and cocogem	2 4 0	..	..
14	All vegetables fresh and dried including sugarcane, chillies, edible roots and kernels.	..	0 0 6	..
15	All fruits, fresh and dried	..	0 0 7	..
16	Butter, cheese, curd, *khoa*, cream, ice and lard ..	..	0 0 6	..

Serial No.	Articles.	RATE OF OCTROI.		
		By maundage.	*Ad valorem.*	By tale.
1	2	3	4	5
	CLASS I.—ARTICLES OF FOODS AND DRINK—CONCLD.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
17	Milk ...	0 2 0	..	..
18	Excisable liquors excluding methylated spirit ..	0 8 0	..	...
19	Condiments including *chutney*, jam, pickles, asafoetida, betel nut, vinegar, *ampapar*, *warrian*, *papar*, honey, coffee and saffron.	..	0 0 6	..
20	Eggs ...	..	..	0 0 3 per dozen.
21	Opium and *charas* ..	0 2 0	—	..
22	*Bhang* ..	0 1 0	..	..
23	Provisions and oilman stores, tea and saccharine		0 0 6	..
24	Meat ..	0 5 0	..	—
25	Fish (fresh and dried) ..	0 6 0	..	..
26	Bhoosa, other fodders and *phak*	0 0 3	..	..
27	Betal leaf ..	..	0 0 6	..
28	Oil cakes and cotton seeds	0 1 0	..	..
29	Vegetable, fruit, flower and tree seeds	0 4 0	..	..
30	Aerated water ..	..	0 0 4½	
31	Gases all kinds	...	0 0 6	—
	CLASS II.—ANIMALS FOR SLAUGHTER.			
1	Horned cattle ..	..	...	0 8 0 per head.
2	Sheep, goats excluding kaghani goats and other quadrupeds	..	..	0 2 0 per head.
3	Kaghani goats ...	..	—	0 3 0 per head.
4	Country and other birds ..	..	—	0 3 0 per dozen.
5	Poultry and game birds ..	..		0 3 0 per dozen.
	CLASS III.—ARTICLES USED FOR FUEL, LIGHTING AND WASHING.			
1	Vegetable oil not specified elsewhere in this schedule, *mahua*, oil seeds including linseeds not specified elsewhere in this schedule and oil for machines including lubricating oil and crude oil.	...	0 0 6	—
2	Petroleum and kerosene oil ..	0 2 0		..
3	Charcoal ...	0 1 0	—	
4	Wood for fuel	0 0 4½	—	..
5	Methylated spirit	0 2 0	—	..
6	Wax greese, candles, calcium carbide, matches, *reh*, *gachni*, Patna salt, alum, soda, soda caustic, *tezab* and other articles used for washing and lighting not specified elsewhere in this schedule.	...	0 0 6	..
7	Articles of fire works	...	0 0 6	..
8	*Sajji*, *retha* and *Kishta*	..	0 0 4½	..
9	Toilet soaps and boot-polish	..	0 0 6	...
10	Washing soaps	..	0 0 4½	..
	CLASS IV.—ARTICLES USED IN BUILDINGS.			
1	Timber, logs, sleepers, beams, planks and scantlings, except *shisham* wood, teak wood and ply wood.	..	0 0 9 per cubic foot.	...
2	Articles made from timber not specified elsewhere in this schedule, bamboos and articles made threfrom, tiles, bricks, brick ballast, *surkhi*, *Kankri* of *bhatta*, lime and lime stone, cement, *Kankar*, coalash *hurmuchi*, fire clay and stone.	...	0 0 7	..

Serial No.	Articles.	Rate of octroi. By maundage.	Ad valorem.	By tale.
1	2	3	4	5
	CLASS IV.—ARTICLES USED IN BUILDINGS—concld.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
3	Kacha bricks	..	0 1 0 per thousand.	..
4	Plaster of Paris and marble, sanitary fittings, glazed titles and asbesto.	...	0 0 9	..
5	Paints, varnishes, turpentine, glue, chalk, coal tar, paintings and glaziers requisites.	...	0 0 6	..
6	*Sar, Kana, sirki* and articles made therefrom	..	0 0 6	..
7	Manufactured articles of wood including chicks	..	0 0 6	..
	CLASS V.—DRUGS, GUMS, SPICES AND PERFUMES.			
1	All kinds of medicines, drugs and chemicals (except quinine) distillates, spices, *mehdi* and *wasma*.	..	0 0 9	..
2	Gums	..	0 0 6	..
3	Perfumes, toilet requisites such as tooth powder, face powder, *dandasa* and *Khizab*.	..	0 0 9	..
4	Phenyle including its tablets	..	0 0 4½	..
	CLASS VI.—TOBACCO.			
1	Tobacco for pipes, cigarettes, cigars, *biri* and snuff	..	0 0 6	..
2	Tobacco in any shape suitable for smoking in a *huqqa* and tobacco dust.	0 4 0	..	..
3	Tobacco for eating purposes	0 15 0	..	..
	CLASS VII.—PIECE GOODS AND TAXTILE FABRICS.			
1	Cotton and cotton yarn	..	0 0 4½	..
2	*Desi Khadar* not machine made, and hand twisted yarn ..	..	0 0 3	..
3	Wool and *pashmina* and yarn of wool, *pashmina* and raffal ..	..	0 0 4½	..
4	Kapas (cotton unginned)	0 0 9	..	..
5	Yarn chamak, *tassar* and *karandi* and other kinds of yarn not specified elsewhare in this schedule.	..	0 0 4½	.
6	Cloth and clothes, shawl and silk, apparel piece goods, curtains including things made of cotton, wool, *raffal, pashmina, chamak, tasar, karandi* and silk not specified elsewhere in this schedule.	..	0 0 4½	..
7	Raw hides and skins	..	0 0 3	..
8	Dressed hides and tanned leather and articles made therefrom and *postins*.	..	0 0 6	..
9	Yarn twist except hand twisted yarn, hosiery, millinery, tinsel, gold and silver lace, haberdashery, *Maquaish*, embroidered goods and articles made therefrom, fancy piece goods, carpets, *durries, namdas, gabas*, rugs, blankets, tents, *newar*, canvas, water proof, gunny cloth, taps of all kinds and weaving *saz*.	..	0 0 4½	..
	CLASS VIII.—METALS.			
1	Metals wrought and unwrought and articles made wholly or partly thereof not specified elsewhere in this schedule including tin foil and cutlery and hardware.	..	0 0 6	..
2	Girders and nails	..	0 0 6	..
	CLASS IX.—MISCELLANEOUS.			
1	Cabinet ware, furniture, including matting, palm leaf, *patha* and articles made therefrom, hemp and *sutri*, *wan*, *munj*. *sankukra* and articles made therefrom, baskets, ropes and articles made of wood not specified elsewhere in this schedule.	..	0 0 6	..
2	New gunny bags	..	0 0 3	..
3	Shisham wood, teak wood and ply wood	..	0 0 4½	..

Serial No.	Articles.	Rate of octroi. By maundage.	Ad valorem.	By tale.
1	2	3	4	5
	CLASS IX.—MISCELLANEOUS—contd.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P
4	Articles made of stone including hume pipes, stone ware pipes.	..	0 0 6	..
5	Minerals, enamels and oil not otherwise specified in this schedule.	..	0 0 6	..
6	Brushes and brooms, bristles and fibres of brushes ..	..	0 0 6	..
7	Carriages, carts, bicycles, tricycles, perambulators, rickshaws and all other conveyances not specified elsewhere in the schedule and fans except electric fans.	..	0 0 6	..
8	(a) Motor cars, lorries, including trucks without bodies ..	..	20 0 0 per vehicle.	..
	(b) Motor cycles, combination with side cars	..	12 8 0 per combination.	..
	(c) Motor cycles without side cars	..	10 0 0 per cycle.	..
9	Walking sticks, driving, riding and other whips, fishing rods, lines and tickles.	..	0 0 6	..
10	Instruments computing, dental, drawing, educational, electric, galvanic, measuring, optical, phonographic, photographic, scientific, surgical, surveying and bioscopic appliances, typewriters, duplicators, gramophones, phonographic records phonographic and bioscopic materials, pianos and other musical instruments, machinery worked by steam, oil or manual labour including accessories.	..	0 0 6	..
11	Electrical machinery, fans, cable, bulbs and other electric goods	..	0 0 6	..
12	Glass and glassware, China and China ware, foreign and country earthen-ware including crockery.	..	0 0 6	..
13	Empty bottles such as spirit bottles and jars	..	0 0 6	..
14	Glass bangles	..	0 0 6	..
15	Glass beads and imitations	..	0 0 6	..
16	Thermos bottles	..	0 0 6	..
17	Rubber and articles made therefrom	..	0 0 6	..
18	Ivory, horn, celluloid, marble soap-stone and goods made therefrom.	..	0 0 6	..
19	Umbrellas; parasols and sunshades	..	0 0 6	..
20	Watches, clocks, time-pieces and parts thereof	..	0 0 6	..
21	Toys, indoor and outdoor games and sporting wear, including cork wood, dried and wet gut.	..	0 0 6	..
22	Stationery, blank books and card boards	..	0 0 6	..
23	Papers of all kinds including news print, articles made of papers	..	0 0 6	..
24	Printed forms	0 6 0	..	..
25	Registers, *kapian*, ledgers, tracing cloth, binding cloth, press goods and articles of printing.	..	0 0 6	..
26	Waste papers	0 3 0	..	..
27	Works of art such as pictures, framed and unframed ..	..	0 0 6	..
28	Lithographic and printing materials	..	0 0 6	..
29	Rubber stamps	..	0 0 6	..
30	Dyeing and tanning materials including colour of all kinds and indigo.	..	0 0 6	..
31	Saddlery, harness and parts thereof	..	0 0 6	..
32	Leather articles not including saddlery	..	0 0 6	..
33	Cane	..	0 0 4½	..

Serial No.	Articles.	Rates of Octroi. By maundage.	Rates of Octroi. Advalorem.	Rates of Octroi. By tale.
1	2	3	4	5
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
	CLASS IX—MISCELLANEOUS—CONCLD.			
34	Things made of cane	..	0 0 9	..
35	Sealing wax and dyeing colours and other articles used for dyeing not specified elsewhere in this schedule.	..	0 0 6	..
36	Chinese and Japanese and foreign fancy goods	..	0 0 6	..
37	All other articles not otherwise exempted and not chargeable under any head.	..	0 0 9	..
38	Touring circus, touring cinema, theatrical company and all goods of touring shows.	0 0 1	..	..
39	Green plants of all kinds	..	0 0 6	..
40	Ornaments and articles made of silver, gold and gold and silver, jewelery, precious stones.	..	0 0 1	..
41	Essence and colour used in eatables	..	0 0 6	..
42	Hair cloth, *ticken*	..	0 0 4½	..
43	Screws, net for games and other sporting outfit	..	0 0 6	..
44	Knitting and embroidery machines and other machines not provided elsewhere in this schedule.	..	0 0 6	..
45	Tobacco pipes, cigarette holders and lighters	..	0 0 9	..
46	Arms and ammunition other than that imported by Government or the Police Department.	..	0 0 3	..
47	Distilled water	..	0 0 6	..

Small Towns.

The 26th November, 1940.

No. 5454-L. G.—Bds.-40/47811.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 51 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to makes the following rules :—

RULES.

1. The Deputy Commissioner of Ludhiana district shall, in consultation with the Town Committee of Samrala, cause to be prepared an accurate plan of the Small Town of Samrala, drawn to a scale not less than one inch to fifty feet, showing thereon all public streets and other immovable property vested in the Committee.

2. The Deputy Commissioner shall also cause to be prepared a *khasra* of the streets and other properties specified in rule 1 in Form "A" appended to these rules.

3. The Deputy Commissioner shall cause the plan and *khasra*, when ready, to be published in such manner as he deems fit, together with a notice intimating a date not less than two months from the date of the notice by which objections from any person with regard to entries on the plan and *khasra* may be presented to the Revising Authority appointed under rule 5 and the time and place at which the plan and *khasra* may be inspected.

4. The Deputy Commissioner shall arrange to allow any person to inspect the plan and *khasra* during the hours and at the place specified in the notice on any day which is not a public holiday.

5. The Deputy Commissioner shall appoint an Assistant Commissioner or Extra Assistant Commissioner on the district staff to be the Revising Authority for the purpose of hearing objections relating to the plan or *khasra*.

6. When the plan and *khasra* have been published under the provisions of rule 3, objections in respect of entries on the plan and *khasra* may be presented to the Revising Authority, appointed under rule 5, between the hours of ten o'clock in the morning and four o'clock in the afternoon of any day not being a public holiday of the period specified in the notice issued under rule 3 *ibid.*

7. The Revising Authority shall maintain a register of objections in Form B in which he shall cause to be entered at the time of receipt particulars of every objection received.

8. Any person aggrieved by any order, which the Revising Authority may pass, may, within seven days from the date of such order, apply to the Deputy Commissioner for revision of the order; and the Deputy Commissioner, after giving notice to the parties concerned and hearing any representation which they may wish to make, may confirm it or set it aside, and pass such other orders with respect to the objection which he may deem fit.

9. After the objections, if any, have been disposed of, the Deputy Commissioner shall cause the plan and *khasra* to be corrected, if necessary, in accordance with the orders passed on the objections, and shall then have the amended plan and *khasra*, or a fresh copy of it, published for general information.

10. The original plan and *khasra* shall remain in the custody of the Deputy Commissioner, and a copy thereof duly certified by the Deputy Commissioner to be correct, shall be furnished to the Town Committee of Samrala.

11. The Deputy Commissioner may employ such staff as is required for the preparation of the plan and *khasra* and the Town Committee of Samrala shall be liable for the cost of pay and other incidental expenses connected with the staff and the preparation of the documents mentioned above, and also for the cost of pay or any other expenditure connected with the appointment of the Revising Authority.

Form A.

[RULE 2.]

TOWN COMMITTEE, SAMRALA.

Survey Register.

1	2	3			4								5		6	7
					MEASUREMENT IN FEET AND INCHES.								AREA IN SQUARE YARDS AND DECIMALS.			
					North.		East.		West.		South.					
Plan of set.	*Khasra* No.	Name of *Mohalla* or *Bazar*	Name of *Gali*.	Description of property.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Square yards.	Decimals.	Possessor's name with father's name, caste, occupation and present address.	REMARKS.

Form B.

[RULE 7.]

Register of objections.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Serial No.	Name, parentage and address of the objector.	Date of presentation of objection with the initials of the officer to whom the objection is presented.	Nature of the objection.	Date of decision.	Summary of decision.	Signature of Revising Authority.	Decision by Deputy Commissioner, if any.	Signature of official by whom effect was given to the decision of the Revising Authority or of the Deputy Commissioner, and date.

Panchayats.

The 23rd November, 1940.

No. 4960-L.G.-40/47451.—Notifications Nos. 46/8/8 and 46/8/9, dated the 11th January, 1940, issued by the Commissioner, Lahore Division, are hereby cancelled.

Notified Areas.

The 23rd November, 1940.

No. 4388-C.-40/47354.—The following by-laws made by the Notified Area Committee of **Raewind Mandi,** in the Lahore district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 197 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Notified Area of **Raewind Mandi** on the 13th day of January, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. No person shall sell wholesale or by auction any fruit, vegetables or sugarcane within the Notified Area limits in premises other than the premises licensed by the Notified Area Committee in this behalf.

2. Any person wishing to obtain a licence for premises to be used for the sale, wholesale or by auction, of any fruit, vegetables or sugarcane may apply to the Secretary of the Committee, and, if the application is sanctioned by the Committee, a licence shall be issued by the Secretary of the Committee on payment of the fees prescribed in by-law 3.

3. A licence referred to in by-law 2 shall be issued on the payment of the following fees :—

(*a*) For fruit .. .. Rs. 10 per annum or Re. 1 per mensem or a portion of a month ;

(*b*) For vegetable or sugarcane .. Rs 5 per annum or annas eight per mensem or a portion of a month ;

4. A market maintained by the Committee shall be considered to have been licensed under these by-laws.

5. Every licence issued under by-law 2 shall be subject to the following conditions :—

(*a*) that the licensee shall not allow any cart which brings vegetables, fruit or sugarcane to the place of sale to impede or obstruct traffic or to remain stationary at such place except for the purpose of loading or unloading articles and then only for such time as is necessary for such purpose ;

(*b*) that the licensee shall keep the licensed premises clean and shall not allow refuse to be placed anywhere except at a place fixed for the purpose ;

(*c*) that the licensee shall not keep on the licensed premises any vegetables, fruit or sugarcane that is unfit for human consumption or is declared to be so by the President, the Medical Officer of Health or Secretary of the Committee.

6. The Committee may by an order in writing suspend any licence for a breach of any of the conditions thereof.

7. Any person who commits a breach of any of these by-laws and every licensee who commits a breach of any of the conditions of his licence shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees and if the breach is a continuing breach with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which such breach continues.

No. 5359-L. G.-Bds.-40/47351.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*f*) of subsection (1) of section 242 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to extend section 195-A of the said Act to the Notified Area of **Arifwala,** in the Montgomery district and to declare that the provisions of the said section shall come into force from the date of publication of this notification.

The 25th November, 1940.

No. 3858-L. G.-Bds.-40/47534.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 3858-L. G.—Bds.-40/38112, dated the 23rd September, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following rules :—

RULES.

1. The Deputy Commissioner of Gujranwala district shall, in consultation with the Notified Area Committee of Kamoki Mandi, cause to be prepared an accurate plan of the Notified Area of Kamoki Mandi, drawn to a scale of not less than one inch to fifty feet showing thereon all public streets and other immovable property vested in the Committee.

2. The Deputy Commissioner shall also cause to be prepared a *khasra* of the streets and other properties specified in rule 1 in form 'A' appended to these rules.

3. The Deputy Commissioner shall cause the plan and *khasra*, when ready, to be published in such manner as he deems fit, together with a notice intimating the date not less than two months from the date of the notice by which objections from any person with regard to entries on the plan and *khasra* may be presented to the Revising Authority appointed under rule 5 and the time and place at which the plan and *khasra* may be inspected.

4. The Deputy Commissioner shall arrange to allow any person to inspect the plan and *khasra* during the hours and at the place specified in the notice on any day which is not a public holiday.

5. The Deputy Commissioner shall appoint an Assistant Commissioner or Extra Assistant Commissioner on the district staff to be the Revising Authority for the purpose of hearing objections relating to the plan or *khasra*.

6. When the plan and *khasra* have been published under the provisions of rule 3, objections in respect of entries on the plan and *khasra* may be presented to the Revising Authority, appointed under rule 5, between the hours of ten o'clock of the morning and four o'clock of the afternoon of any day of the period specified in the notice issued under rule 3, which is not a public holiday.

7. The Revising Authority shall maintain a register of objections in form B in which he shall cause to be entered at the time of receipt particulars of every objection received.

8. Any person aggrieved by any order, which the Revising Authority may pass, may, within seven days from the date of such order, apply to the Deputy Commissioner for revision of the order; and the Deputy Commissioner, after giving notice to the parties concerned and hearing any representation which they may wish to make, may confirm it or set it aside, and pass such other orders with respect to the objection which he may deem fit.

9. After the objections, if any, have been disposed of, the Deputy Commissioner shall cause the plan and *khasra* to be corrected, if necessary, in accordance with the orders passed on the objections, and shall then have the amended plan and *khasra*, or a fresh copy of it, published for general information.

10. The original plan and *khasra* shall remain in the custody of the Deputy Commissioner, and a copy thereof duly certified by the Deputy Commissioner to be correct, shall be furnished to the Notified Area Committee of Kamoki Mandi.

11. The Deputy Commissioner may employ such staff as is required for the preparation of the plan and *khasra* and the Notified Area Committee of Kamoki Mandi, shall be liable for the cost of pay and other incidental expenses connected with the staff and the preparation of the documents mentioned above, and also for the cost of pay or any other expenditure connected with the appointment of the Revising Authority.

Form A.

(RULE 2.)

NOTIFIED AREA COMMITTEE, KAMOKI MANDI.

Survey Register.

1	2	3			4								5		6	7
					MEASUREMENT IN FEET AND INCHES.								AREA IN SQUARE YARDS AND DECIMALS.			
					North.		*East.*		*West.*		*South.*					
Plan sheet.	*Khasra* No.	Name of *Mohalla* or Bazar.	Name of *Gali*.	Description of property.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Square yards.	Decimals.	Possessor's name with father's name, caste, occupation and present address.	REMARKS.

Form B.

(RULE 7.)

Register of objections.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Serial No.	Name, parentage and address of the objector.	Date of presentation of objection with the initials of the officer to whom the objection is presented.	Nature of the objection.	Date of decision.	Summary of decision.	Signature of Revising Authority.	Decision by Deputy Commissioner, if any.	Signature of official by whom effect was given to the decision of the Revising Authority or of the Deputy Commissioner, and date.

The 26th November, 1940.

No. 3696-C.-40/47831.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 244 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to cancel with effect from the 1st March, 1941, Punjab Government notifications Nos. 15865 to 15868, dated the 23rd April, 1935, constituting the notified area of **Railway Bazar, Gujrat,** in the Gujrat district, and extending certain sections of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, to this notified area.

No. 3696-C.-40/47832.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 244 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to cancel with effect from the 1st March, 1941, Punjab Government notifications Nos. 14229 to 14232, dated the 30th April, 1934, constituting the Notified Area of **Civil Lines, Gujrat,** in the Gujrat district, and extending certain sections of the Municipal Act, to this Notified Area.

No. 3696-C-40/47833—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 2116-C.-40/27395, dated the 26th June, 1940, and in pursuance of the provisions of subsection (3) of section 5 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to include within the municipality of **Gujrat,** with effect from the 1st March, 1941, the area lying between the existing boundary as defined in Punjab Government notification No. 4421-C.-38/41850, dated the 14th December, 1938, and the boundary specified in the appended schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

North.—From the north-west corner of field No. 392 (of Sio Mundowal) eastwards in a straight line to the south-west corner of field No. 60 (of Chak Mehmada); thence eastwards in a straight line to the north-east corner of field No. 377 (of Chak Mehmada) ;

East.—Thence southwards in a straight line to the south-west corner of field No. 601 (of Sio Mundowal) ; thence eastwards in a straight line to the south-east corner of field No. 636 (of Sio Mundowal) ; thence southwards in a straight line to the south-west corner of field No. 360 (of Shahpur) ; thence southwards in a straight line to the south-east corner of field No. 580 (of Shahpur) ; thence south-eastwards in a straight line to the south-east corner of field No. 749 (of Nurpur) ; thence southwards in a straight line to the north-east corner of field No. 178 (of Nurpur) ; thence south-eastwards in a straight line to the south-east corner of field No. 607 (of Fatehpur) ; thence south-westwards in a straight line to the north-west corner of field No. 398 (of Fatehpur) ; thence south-westwards in a straight line to the south-east corner of field No. 1205 (of Fatehpur) ;

South.—Thence north-westwards in a straight line to a point on the southern limit of the Grand Trunk Road removed 500 feet to the south-east of the outer end of the Railway Bazar Road where it meets the Grand Trunk Road ; thence south-westwards in a straight line to a point on the northern limit of the Railway Yard removed 500 feet to the south-east of the outer end of the Railway Bazar Road where it meets the Railway Yard ;

West.—Thence north-westwards along the northern boundary of Railway Yard to a point on the said boundary removed 500 feet to the north-west of the outer end of the Kunjah-Gujrat Road where it meets the Railway Yard ; thence north-eastwards in a straight line to a point on the southern limit of the Grand Trunk Road removed 500 feet

to the north-west of the outer end of the Kunjah-Gujrat Road where it meets the Grand Trunk Road ; thence north-westwards in a straight line to the north-west corner of fields Nos. 782 and 783/202 (of Jattu Akkal) ; thence north-eastwards in a straight line to the south-west corner of field No. 929/709 (of Jattu Akkal) ; thence north-eastwards in a straight line to the north-west corner of field No. 295 (of Rangpur) ; thence north-westwards in a straight line to the north-west corner of field No. 21 (of Rangpur) which adjoins the Civil Station Road ; thence north-eastwards along the centre of the Civil Station Road to the point where it meets the Chak Budhewala Road ; thence north-westwards along the centre of the Chak Budhewala Road to the point where it meets the south-east corner of field No. 223 (of Shahpur) ; thence north-eastwards in a straight line to the point of start.

No. 5391-L.G.—Bds.-40/47840.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*f*) of subsection (1) of section 242 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to extend sections 31, 33, 35, 43, 45, 170, 193-A, 197 and 221 of the said Act, to the Notified Area of **Fatehabad**, in the Hissar district, and to declare that the provisions of the said sections shall come into force from the date of publication of this notification.

Medical.

The 23rd November, 1940.

No. 5361-M.-40/47357.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Sonepat**, district Rohtak, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 17 of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information and shall come into force within the limits of the Municipality of **Sonepat**, six weeks after the date of the publication of this notification :—

BY-LAWS.

1. No person whose name has not been registered in accordance with the provisions of section 14 of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932, shall practice as nurse, health visitor, midwife, nurse dai, trained dai, or dai within the area subject to the authority of the Municipal Committee, Sonepat.

2. Any person practising in contravention of by-law 1 or any person committing or abetting the commitment of a breach of by-law 1 shall be liable, on conviction by a magistrate of the first class, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 for the first offence or to a fine not exceeding Rs. 250 for a second or subsequent offence.

RAM CHANDRA,

Secretary to Government, Punjab,
Medical and Local Government Departments.

1337 CS—1159—29-11-40—SGPP Lahore.

Registered No. L. 864

The Government Gazette, Punjab.

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No. 49. LAHORE, FRIDAY, DECEMBER 6, 1940.

PART I—A.

Punjab Government Notifications and Orders.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Boards.

The 30th November, 1940.

No. 4897-L. G.-40/48555.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 7 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the Governor of the Punjab hereby directs that M. Ali Ahmad Shah shall be removed from membership of the Town Committee of **Shahpur City** in the Shahpur district, as he has been found unfit to act as a member.

The 2nd December, 1940.

No. 4613-L. G.-40/48827.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 14-A of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, the Governor of the Punjab hereby directs that the seat of S. Balwant Singh Dukhia, an elected member of the District Board of **Hoshiarpur**, shall be vacated with effect from the date of this notification, as in the opinion of Government his presence on the Board adversely affects the public interests.

No 5041-L. G-40/48833.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 2558-L. G.-38/20638, dated the 8th June, 1938, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 49 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare that the Town Committee of **Lalamusa**, in the Gujrat district, shall be reconstituted with effect from the date of publication in the Gazette of the results of the next general elections.

No. 5041-L. G.-40/48834.—In exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (1) of section 4 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to fix, and hereby fixes, the number of members of the Town Committee of **Lalamusa**, in the Gujrat district, to be reconstituted under Punjab Government notification No. 5041-L. G.-40/48833, dated 2nd December, 1940, at eight of whom six shall be elected and two appointed.

No. 5373-L. G.-40/48842.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*e*) of subsection (1) of section 242 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the

Punjab is pleased to appoint the Tahsildar of Shahdara to be President of the Notified Area Committee of **Muridke Mandi**, in the Sheikhupura district.

The 4th December, 1940.

No. 5439-L. G.-40/49211.—In exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (2) of section 15 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to appoint Khan Sahib Chaudhri Ghulam Muhammed Man Zaildar, Machherala, to be a member of the District Board of **Sheikhupura**, *vice* Sayed Afzal Ali Hasnie, M.L.A., deceased.

Committees.

The 29th November, 1940.

No. 4822-C.-40/48310.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to approve, under subsection (1) of section 20 of the said Act, the election of Sheikh Ahmed Sadique, as President of the Municipal Committee of **Amritsar**, *vice* Sardar Harnam Singh Ramgharia, resigned.

The 2nd December, 1940.

No. 5054-L. G.-40/48830.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (10) of section 62 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that with the previous sanction of the Governor of the Punjab, the Municipal Committee of **Murree** has, with effect from the 5th March, 1941, made the following amendment to the description of the tax, the imposition of which was notified with Punjab Government notification No. 686-L.G.-39/11790, dated 27th March, 1939:—

AMENDMENT.

For clause (1) of paragraph 2, the following clause shall be substituted, namely:—

(1) Motor cars and other motor vehicles, including lorries—

(*a*) carrying not more than 4 persons including the driver	Re. 1
(*b*) carrying 5 to 12 persons	Annas four per person.
(*c*) carrying 13 persons or more	Rs. 4

N. B.—Children under 12 years of age shall be assessed at half rates for the purposes of levying toll.

Explanation.—For the purposes of calculating the number of persons carried by a vehicle no account shall be taken of persons exempt from the payment of toll under section 3 of the India Tolls (Army) Act, 1901, or of persons exempt from payment of toll payable at the 17th Mile Toll Bar.

No. 4855-C.-40/48837.—The following amendment made by the Municipal Committee, **Karnal,** to its by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 25968, dated the 14th July, 1932, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Karnal** on the 23rd day of January, 1941:—

AMENDMENT.

In the third line of by-law 4 for the words 'free of charge' the words 'on payment of Rs. 2 per annum or annas four per mensem' shall be substituted.

The 4th December, 1940.

No. 4812-C.-40/49190.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee, **Rajanpur,** in the Dera Ghazi Khan district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188, 197 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Rajanpur,** on the 23rd day of January, 1941:—

BY-LAWS.

1. No person shall sell or expose for sale, wholesale, retail or by auction any fruit, vegetable or sugarcane in any place or premises within the municipal limits not licensed by the Municipal Committee in this behalf.

2. Any person wishing to obtain a licence for any place or premises for sale or exposure for sale, wholesale, retail or by auction of any fruit, vegetable or sugarcane shall apply in writing to the Secretary of the Committee, and if the application is sanctioned by the Committee, a licence shall be issued to him by the Secretary free of charge.

3. Every licence issued under by-law 2 shall be subject to the following conditions:—

(a) that the licensee shall keep the licensed permises clean to the satisfaction of the Secretary or the President, and shall place all refuse in a receptacle to be provided for the purpose;

(b) that the licensee shall not keep on the licensed premises for sale or expose for sale or sell any fruit vegetable, or sugarcane that is unfit for human consumption or is declared to be so by the Secretary or any other person authorized by the committee in this behalf;

(c) that the licensee shall not employ or permit to be employed any person suffering from any contagious or infectious disease or from loathsome sores;

(d) that the licensee shall not allow any cart or animal which brings fruit, vegetable or sugarcane to the licensed premises to be kept standing there longer than is necessary for the purpose of loading or unloading or so as to impede or obstruct traffic;

(e) that the licensee shall not carry on or permit to be carried on, any other trade or occupation, in the licensed premises except the one for which the licence is granted;

(f) that the licensee shall adequately protect fruit, vegetable or sugarcane from dust and flies;

(g) that the licensee shall daily cause to be thoroughly cleaned the floor and drains of the licensed premises;

(h) that the Committee may by an order in writing suspend or withdraw any licence for a breach of any of the conditions thereof.

4. Any person who commits a breach of these by-laws and every licensee who commits a breach of the conditions of his licence shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees and if the breach is a continuing breach with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which such breach continues.

No. 4859-C.-40/49197.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee, of **Nakodar** in the Jullundur district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Nakodar** on the 23rd day of January, 1941 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. In these by-laws—

(a) "sweeper" means any sweeper whether male or female;

(b) "house" means any place used as a human residence, whether permanently or temporarily.

2. No sweeper shall remove night-soil from any house within the Municipality, unless he has had his name registered in the municipal office.

3. Applications for registration shall be made in form 'A' appended to these by-laws and obtainable, free of charge, from the Sanitary Inspector.

4. A registration card in form B appended to these by-laws shall be issued by the Sanitary Inspector, free of charge, to every sweeper applying for registration and shall bear the registered number of the sweeper to whom it is issued.

5. Every sweeper so registered shall provide himself with a galvanised iron bucket of a type prescribed by the Sanitary Inspector. On this bucket he shall have painted in white figures two inches high and one-quarter of an inch thick his registered number.

6. All night-soil removed by a sweeper from any house shall be removed by him in the galvanised iron bucket, referred to in by-law 5 above, and carried to a place fixed by the Committee for its collection and shall not be deposited at, or transferred to, any other place.

7. No registered sweeper shall allow any other sweeper to work with the bucket bearing his register number.

8. Any person who commits a breach of by-laws 2, 5, 6 and 7 shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and if the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

Form A.

APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION AS SWEEPER.

(To be presented in person.)

Name ____________________

son of ____________________

wife of ____________________

daughter of ____________________

I HEREBY apply for registration under the by-laws for the registration of sweepers of the Nakodar, Municipal Committee published with Punjab Government notification No. 4859-C.-40/49197, dated the 4th December, 1940.

2. I undertake—

(a) not to transport night-soil, except in a covered receptacle approved by the Sanitary Inspector;

(b) not to fill the receptacle in a manner likely to cause the contents to spill or prevent the lid from fitting close; and

(c) to abide by the conditions of the above-quoted by-laws.

Signature or thumb-impression } ____________________

Form B.

SWEEPER'S REGISTRATION CARD.

Registered No. ____________________

Name ____________________

Father's / Husband's name ____________________

Date of issue ____________________

NOT TRANSFERABLE.

Sanitary Inspector,
Municipal Committee, Nakodar.

No. 4525-C.-40/49209.—The following by-law made by the Municipal Committee of **Urmur Tanda** in the Hoshiarpur district, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 188 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Urmur Tanda** on the 20th January, 1941, from which date the Punjab Government notification No. 5230-C.-39/3042, dated the 19th January, 1940, shall be deemed to be cancelled :—

BY-LAW.

The limits for the purpose of collecting octroi on articles imported into the Municipality shall be the limits of the Municipality as notified from time to time.

No. 4729-C.-40/49260.—The following amendment made by the Municipal Committee, **Karnal** to its by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 6803, dated the 11th March, 1919, as subsequently amended by notification No. 18807, dated the 15th June, 1926, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Karnal** on the 23rd day of January, 1941 :—

AMENDMENT.

In by-law 8 after the expression 'sub-committee' the following words shall be added :—

"On payment of a fee of Rs. 2 per annum or annas four per mensem."

No. 4349-C-40/49263.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Bhakkar** in the Mianwali district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Bhakkar**, on the 23rd day of January, 1941, from which date by-laws on the subject concerning this Municipality published with Punjab Government notification No. 282, dated 5th November, 1890, shall be deemed to be cancelled :—

BY-LAWS.

1. The Municipal Committee shall establish one or more registration offices for the registration of births and deaths within the limits of the Municipality, and may, by public notice prescribe the office at which the reports of births and deaths occurring in specified portions of the Municipality are to be made in accordance with these

by-laws. The officer in charge of any such registration office shall be termed Municipal Registrar.

2. Every report of a birth required to be made under these by-laws shall contain the following particulars which shall be entered in a register to be kept for the purpose by the Municipal Registrar, that is to say—

(a) the date of the birth ;

(b) the sex of the child ;

(c) the name of the father and of the grandfather ;

(d) the residence of the father ;

(e) the occupation, caste and religion of the father ;

(f) the name of the person making the report and the date of his report ;

(g) the name of the child :

Provided that—

(i) in the case of an illegitimate child, the Municipal Registrar shall not enter in the register the name of any person as father of the child save at the joint request of the mother and of the person acknowledging himself to be the father. If any entry of the father's name has been made in accordance with such a joint request, the entry shall be countersigned by the person acknowledging himself to be the father. If no such joint request is made, the name, residence and caste of the mother shall be entered in place of the name, residence and caste of the father. In all such cases a note shall be made in the register to the effect that the child is illegitimate ;

(ii) if the name of the child is not known when the report is made, the person reporting the birth or, if he is dead, the father of the child, or, if the father is dead or the child illegitimate, the mother of the child or, if both the father and the mother of the child are dead, the person in whose keeping the child is, shall, within three months of the birth, report the name of the child to the Municipal Registrar.

3. The Municipal Registrar entering in the register prescribed in by-law 2 the particulars required by that by-law shall enquire from the person reporting the birth the name of the mid-wife (*dai*), if any, who attended the mother at the time of the birth, and if the name is given, shall enter it in the register.

4. (1) Every report of the occurrence of a death required to be made under these by-laws shall contain the following particulars, which shall be entered in a register to be kept for the purpose by the Municipal Registrar, that is to say—

(a) the date of the death ;

(b) the name of the deceased ;

(c) the name of the father, or if the deceased was a married woman, of the husband of the deceased ;

(d) the sex of the deceased ;

(e) the age of the deceased ;

(f) the occupation, caste and religion of the deceased ;

(g) the residence of the deceased ;

(h) the cause of the death ;

(i) the name of the person making the report and the date of his report.

(2) In the case of the death of a European, the person reporting the death shall also, if possible, furnish the certificate of a medical practitioner showing the cause of death.

(3) When a child under one year of age dies the registers of births and deaths should be cross-referenced, the serial number of the former being entered in the latter and *vice versa*.

5. Any person reporting a birth or death may attest by his signature or thumb-impression the entry relating to such birth or death made in the register by the Municipal Registrar.

6. Every report of a birth or death required by these by-laws may be made verbally or in writing.

7. The officer in charge of a jail, lock-up, work-house, lunatic asylum, Government or municipal hospital, college or school or any other Government or municipal institution shall report to the Municipal Registrar the occurrence of any birth or death within the institution of which he is in charge not later than four days from the date of such occurrence.

8. Every person in charge of a private hospital, orphanage, *sarai*, *dharamsala*, hotel, lodging house or other such institution shall report to the Municipal Registrar the occurrence of any birth or death within the institution of which he is in charge not later than four days from the date of such occurrence.

9. In the case of a birth or death not governed by by-law 7 or 8 a report of its occurrence shall be made within four days to the Municipal Registrar by the head of the household in which such birth or death has occurred or by any adult member or servant of such household.

10. In the case of a birth of which, for any reason, a report cannot be furnished by the head of a household or any adult member or servant of a household, the mid-wife or *dai* attending at such birth shall within four days report the occurrence of such birth to the Municipal Registrar.

11. Every medical practitioner who has been in attendance during the last illness of any person dying within the municipal limits shall report the death of such person within four days of the date of death to the Municipal Registrar; provided that if such person has died of any disease which is defined as an infectious disease, or has been notified as an infectious disease by the Provincial Government under clause 7 of section 3 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, such medical practitioner shall report such death immediately.

12. Every customary or other sweeper shall report the occurrence of every birth and death which occurs within the premises in which he works within four days of such occurrence to the Sanitary Inspector of the ward in which such premises are situated; provided that no such report need be made by any sweeper working in any Government or municipal institution in respect of births or deaths occurring in such institutions.

13. Every person finding a living new-born child exposed and every person in whose charge such child may be placed, shall within eight days of the finding of such child, report the fact to the Municipal Registrar, and shall at the same time to the best of his ability furnish the particulars specified in by-law 2.

14. If a dead body is found exposed, the officer in charge of the Police Station within whose jurisdiction such body is found shall, within eight days of the finding of such body, report the fact to the Municipal Registrar, and shall at the same time to the best of his ability furnish the particulars specified in by-law 4, together, if possible, with a certificate of the Civil Surgeon showing the cause of death.

15. Every person reporting a birth or death under these by-laws shall be given free of charge a copy of the entry made by the Municipal Registrar in respect of such birth or death.

16. Any person may inspect a register of births or deaths on payment of a fee of one rupee, and shall be entitled to receive a certified copy of any entry in a birth or death register on payment of a fee of eight annas, provided that in cases where insufficient or incorrect information is supplied by an applicant, a further fee of four annas may be charged in respect of every year for which the register, has to be searched and a deposit sufficient to cover charges likely to be incurred under this proviso may be demanded before search is made. Any balance shall be refunded and if the entry in question can not be found the deposit shall be refunded in full less eight annas.

17. (1) Any clerical error which may at any time be discovered in any register of births or deaths may be corrected in red ink, by the President of the Municipal Committee or by the Municipal Registrar.

(2) Any error of fact or substance in any register of births or deaths may be corrected in red ink, by the President of the Municipal Committee:

Provided that—

(a) the Municipal Committee may, with the previous sanction of the Commissioner, assign the duty of making such corrections to some other officer, and

(b) if any application is made for a correction in a births or deaths register the officer making such correction shall first satisfy himself that the correction to be made is a genuine one.

(3) Any corrections made shall be signed in full by the correcting officer.

18. No person shall wilfully destroy or injure or cause to be destroyed or injured any register of births or deaths or shall wilfully insert or cause to be inserted in any such register or certified copy thereof any false entry with regard to any birth or death, and no Municipal Registrar shall, without reasonable cause, refuse or omit to enter in a register of births or deaths any birth or death which has been duly reported to him.

19. Any person who commits a breach of by-laws 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 or 18, shall on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees.

Panchayats.

The 4th December, 1940.

No. 4959-L. G.-40/49201.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to order that the boundaries of the area declared by notification No. 14, dated 28th January, 1937 to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Kot Adhian in the Shahdara tahsil of the Sheikhupura district shall be altered so as to include therein the revenue estate of B settlement at Kot Adhian.

No. 4978-L. G.-40/49205.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to order that the boundaries of the area declared by notification No. 141, dated 2nd July, 1938, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Jhangar Hakimwala (Sharin Jhangar), in the Nankana Sahib tahsil of the Sheikhupura district shall be altered so as to include therein the revenue estate of **Kandar Kot**.

Notified Areas.

The 2nd December, 1940.

No. 4350-C-40/48839.—In exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (1) of section 242 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to impose in the Notified Area of **RenalaKhurd**, in the Montgomery district with effect from the 10th January, 1941, the tax described below :—

A tax called Octroi (without refunds) calculated on the gross weight of consignments including packing, drums and other articles used in packing, and a tax on animals per head, at the rates shown in column 3 of the schedule appended below upon the articles or live animals mentioned in column 2 thereof imported into the limits of the Notified Area as notified from time to time in the *Punjab Government Gazette*, but subject to the following provisions :—

1. When an article, not specifically mentioned in this schedule falls under more than one item the octroi (without refund) shall be charged under the item, carrying the highest rate. If the rates are the same for both or all the items the importer will decide under which item the article is to be classed, e.g., a mixture of silk and wool may be classed as either silk or wool.

2. The tax shall not be levied on the following articles :—

(1) stores imported by the Central Supply Depôt of the Indian Red Cross Society or local branch ;

(2) motia and other flowers, except roses suitable for making itr and gu kand ;

(3) articles exported by rail from the Notified Area of Renala Khurd and re-imported by rail owing to their having been refused by the consignees ;

(4) all materials required for the construction of transmission lines and connected works for the Electricity Branch of Public Works Department, Punjab ; provided that a certificate duly signed by a gazetted officer of the department is produced ;

(5) all ammunition and military stores and other articles of police equipment including bicycles imported by the Police Department provided that each consignment of such ammunition or military stores and other articles is certified by Superintendent of Police of the district concerned to be the property of the Government in the Police Department, and all other arms and ammunitions ;

(6) all forms of quinine intended for medicinal purpose ;

(7) film and other material for propaganda imported by the Commissioner for Rural Reconstruction, Punjab, for the purpose of propaganda in rural areas ; provided a certificate duly signed by a gazetted officer of the department is furnished ;

(8) *bona fide* personal and household belongings of persons coming to take up their residence within the Notified Area limits and *bona fide* personal luggage of travellers ;

(9) all road-making material such as stone ballast, coaltar (including damar) bitumen, sand, asphalt, shingle and bricks for soling coats, imported by the Government of India or by any Provincial Government or by any local authority (including a Cantonment authority) or by contractor for use on the roads maintained by the

Public Works Department of Government or any local authority (including a Cantonment authority), if accompanied at the time of import by a certificate signed by a gazetted officer of the Government department concerned or by the President, Executive Officer or Secretary of the local authority concerned that such articles are required by them for road-making only,

(10) nitrate of soda, sulphate of ammonia, calcium cyanamide, sulphate of potash, muriate of potash, kainite, superphosphates, leunophos, nitro-chalk, nicifos, basic slag, gypsum and all other chemical manures, and bonemeal ;

(11) gold or silver bullion and coin ;

(12) printed books, newspapers and catalogues (including waste paper) ;

(13) stamps, stamp paper and petition paper ;

(14) cow dung fuel (*uplas*), and headloads of grass and brushwood ;

(15) railway stores and materials required for use on a railway whether in constructing, maintaining or working the same, and not removed outside the railway boundaries, but not including stores imported for purchase or consumption by railway employees, or stores with which a railway co-operative store is stocked for sale to members ;

(16) goods imported by rail and rebooked and exported without delivery having been taken, or without being removed from railway premises ;

(17) goods on which the octroi amounts to less than three pies ;

(18) forms and papers used by patwaris or Field Kanungos in connection with their official duties ;

(19) goods belonging to the Notified Area Committee so certified by the Secretary ;

(20) sweets, other edibles and *bhaji* for immediate personal use not exceeding two seers in weight per person accompanying them, and ærated-water bottles whether full or empty ;

(21) earth, ærated waters, chhichhra leaves, bones in a natural state and fresh vegetables other than those specified in the schedule ;

(22) *bona fide* commercial samples meant for free distribution and not meant for sale ;

(23) cinema lorries of the North-Western Railway carrying cinema equipment and consumable stores into the notified area for the purpose of giving free shows provided that a certificate signed by a responsible railway official to the effect that these lorries belong to the North-Western Railway and are meant for their propaganda work only is produced ;

(24) the following articles, if accompanied by a transit pass valid for the period mentioned against each of them :—

(*i*) *bona fide* belongings of travellers including the implements and paraphernalia of their trade or profession, which are imported for their professional use and are not intended for sale ..	3 months.
(*ii*) articles imported for sale, show or any purpose in furtherance of an exhibition certified by a gazetted officer of the Government department concerned to be for the promotion of trade, industry or agriculture, provided that octroi without refunds is paid on the articles sold or otherwise disposed of within the limits of the notified area.	The transit pass will be issued not more than one week prior to the commencement of the exhibition and will remain valid for one week after the last date of the exhibition.
(*iii*) motor vehicles and their accessories required to be imported for inspection under the Indian Motor Vehicles Act and Rules thereunder ..	2 days.
(*iv*) articles or animals imported in accordance with the orders of a court of law or by the police in connection with their official duty	1 month.

(25) milk ;

(26) mosquito nets and mosquito nettings ;

(27) agricultural machinery and implements and their components and spare parts, including pipes and fittings used for boring wells ;

(28) unglazed earthen-wares ;

(29) scrap and pig iron, and old and unserviceable articles made of iron, steel or tin for scrapping ; (*Note.*—No article shall be considered to be "scrap" unless it is unfit for purpose for which it was originally made.)

(30) all articles imported through the parcel post ;

(31) all live animals other than fish, game, poultry, sheep and goats, intended for slaughter ;

(32) Post and Telegraph material imported by the Telegraph Stores Depôt for the Government of India and certified not to be used within the notified area limits ;

(33) exhibits of the agricultural and other Government departments imported for instructional purpose, if accompanied at the time of import by a certificate signed by a gazetted officer of the department concerned that such exhibits are meant for the purpose of exhibition only ;

(34) exhibits of the District Rural Community Council imported for instructional purposes, if accompanied at the time of import by a certificate signed by the Chairman of the Council that such exhibits are meant for the purpose of exhibition only ;

(35) all young plants for transplantation on roadsides, if accompanied, at the time of import by a certificate signed by a gazetted officer of the Public Works Department that such plants are required for transplantation on roadsides only.

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	Description of articles.	Rate per maund.
		Rs. A. P.
	CLASS I.	
	ARTICLES OF FOOD OR DRINK FOR MEN AND ANIMALS.	
1	Wheat and wheat flour	0 0 1½
2	Rice of all kinds and articles made thereof	0 0 5
3	Barley and barley flour	0 0 1
4	Gram and other food grains not specified elsewhere and parched grain	0 0 1
5	Refined sugar, including all white or crystalised sugars refined by scientific methods and *Bura* of all kinds	0 1 0
6	Sugarcane	0 1 0
7	*Shakar* of all kinds	0 0 9
8	*Gur* of all kinds	0 0 9
9	*Ghee*	0 2 0
10	Fruit fresh	0 2 0
11	Fruit dried	0 2 0
12	Vegetable and their seeds	0 2 0
13	Potatoes and edible roots	0 1 6
14	Ice	0 0 6
	CLASS II.	
	ANIMALS OF A CLASS USUALLY SLAUGHTERED.	
	Nil.	
	CLASS III.	
	ARTICLES USED FOR LIGHTING, FUEL OR WASHING.	
15	Charcoal of every kind	0 0 3
16	Coal	0 0 3

Serial No.	Description of articles.	Rate per maund.
	CLASS IV.	Rs. A. P.
	ARTICLES USED IN THE CONSTRUCTION OF BUILDINGS.	
17	Timber, logs, planks and articles made therefrom ..	0 0 6
18	Bricks and tiles (burnt)	0 0 1
19	Building stones, lime, lime stones, Kankar and lime of kankar ..	0 0 3
	CLASS V.	
	DRUGS, SPICES, GUMS AND PERFUMERY.	
20	Drugs of all kinds (except *bhang*, *charas* and *ganja*)	0 4 0
	CLASS VI.	
	TOBACCOS MANUFACTURED AND UNMANUFACTURED.	
	Nil.	
	CLASS VII.	
	PIECE-GOODS AND OTHER TEXTILE FABRICS AND MANUFACTURED ARTICLES OF CLOTHING AND DRESS.	
21	Cloth and clothes of all kinds including things made of cotton, wool, pushmina, and silk, shawls, curtains, caps, articles of milinery and haberdashery, and fancy piece-goods.	0 6 0
22	*Kapas* (cotton with seeds)	0 0 6
	CLASS VIII.	
	METALS AND ARTICLES MADE OF METAL.	
23	Metal and articles made wholly and partly thereof not specified elsewhere in this schedule.	0 2 0
24	All articles made from metal used in buildings, *i.e.*, girders, gauze, screw, hinges, iron pegs, handles, locks, iron baskets, *urle*, *chitkanis*, *lattos* and pipes of all kinds.	0 1 6
	CLASS IX.	
	MISCELLANEOUS.	
25	*Toria*	0 0 3
		Rate per vehicle.
26	Motor cars, motor lorries less than one ton	5 0 0 each.
27	Motor lorries more than one ton ..	7 8 0 each.
28	Motor cycles	1 0 0 each.
29	Bicycles and tricycles and prembulators ..	0 2 0 each.
		Rate per maund.
30	Machinery of all kinds and parts thereof not liable to custom duty ..	0 2 0

RAM CHANDRA,
Secretary to Government, Punjab,
Medical and Local Government Departments.

Committees.

The 20th November, 1940.

No. 8176-M./94-52.—It is notified that in pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 50 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, I, hereby, make an order surcharging the following members of the Municipal Committee of Sirsa, with a sum of Rupees one hundred and eighty-three, payable by them in equal moiety, being the amount of loss sustained by the said Committee, which is reported by the Examiner, Local Fund Accounts Punjab, to be a direct consequence of their misconduct in the performance of their duties while members of the said Committee, as they voted for resolution No. 31, dated the 9th February, 1938 :—

1. L. Hanuman Dass.
2. L. Ram Parkash.
3. M. Allah Din.
4. B. Murli Dhar.
5. L. Din Dial.
6. Khan Aziz-ud-Din Khan.

AHSAN-UD-DIN,
Deputy Commissioner, Hissar.

1337 CS—1159—6-12-40—SGPP Lahore.

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No. 50 LAHORE, FRIDAY, DECEMBER 13, 1940.

PART I—A.

Punjab Government Notifications and Orders.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Boards.

The 5th December, 1940.

No. 5453-L. G.-40/49434.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (10) of section 62 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the Municipal Committee of **Hoshiarpur** has made the following amendment to Punjab Government notification No. 15812, dated the 22nd May, 1926, regarding the imposition of tax on all hand-carts kept within municipal limits for the purpose of hawking articles for sale. The amendment shall come into force with effect from the 7th March, 1941 :—

AMENDMENT.

In line 5 of the said notification after the words "per annum" the words " or one rupee and four annas per month " shall be inserted.

The 7th December, 1940.

No. 5865 L. G.—Bds.-40/50031.—The following amendments made by the District Board of **Multan** to its Provident Fund Rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 1183, dated the 11th January, 1932, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab are published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Multan,** on the 25th January, 1941 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. The following provisos shall be inserted after sub-rule (2) of rule 5 :—

" Provided that no interest shall be credited to the accounts of a Muslim subscriber, if he informs the board in writing that he does not wish to receive the interest and that the board may utilize it on any subject of general public interest ;

Provided further that if the subscriber subsequently asks for interest, it shall be credited to his account with effect from the first day of the year in which he asks for it."

2. After sub-clause (c) of rule 7 (1) the following new clause shall be added :—

" (d) under the proviso to sub-rule (2) of rule 5 for the purpose of utilising the interest on subject of general public interest."

3. At the end of sub-rule (3) of rule 9 the following proviso shall be inserted :—

" Provided that Muslim subscribers whose deposits in the fund carry no interest shall not be required to pay any interest."

4. After sub-rule (2) in rule 10, the following new sub-rule shall be added as rule (3) :—

"(3) When a subscriber—

(a) has proceeded on leave preparatory to retirement, or

(b) while on leave, has been permitted to retire or declared by a competent authority to be unfit for futher service,

the amount shown at the credit of his account in column 6 of the Provident Fund Ledger (Form P. F. I.) shall, upon application made by him in that behalf, become payable to to him, subject to the provisions of Rule 4 :

Provided that the subscriber, if he returns to duty, shall if required to do so by the board, repay to the Provident Fund for credit to his account, the whole or part of any amount paid to him from the Provident Fund in pursuance of this sub-rule with interest thereon in cash or securities or partly in cash or partly in securities, by instalments or otherwise, by recovery from his salary or otherwise, as the board may direct."

5. Existing sub-rules (3) and (4) of rule 10 shall be renumbered as (4) and (5) respectively.

6. In sub-rule (4) for the words and figures " sub-rule (1) or sub-rule (2) " the words and figures " sub-rules (1), (2) or (3)" shall be substituted.

The 11th December, 1940.

No. 5535-L. G.-40/50610.—*For* the words and figures " 1st day of January, 1940 " occurring in the preamble of Punjab Government notification No. 4072-L. G.-39/29222, dated the 12th September, 1939, *read* " 1st day of April, 1940 ".

No. 4999-C.-40/50612.—The following regulations made by the District Board of **Montgomery** in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 56 and 57 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by subsection (2) of section 56 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Montgomery** on the 27th day of January, 1941 :—

REGULATIONS.

1. In these regulations—

(a) " cattle " includes elephants, camels, buffaloes, horses, mares, geldings, ponies, colts, bullocks, fillies, mules, asses, pigs, rams, ewes, sheep lambs, goats and kids ;

(b) " important road " means the roads specified in the schedule appended to, these regulations ;

(c) " night time " means half an hour after sunset to half an hour before sunrise ;

(d) " vehicle " means a vehicle other than a motor vehicle.

2. No vehicle shall be driven along an important road at night unless it is equipped with lights in the following manner :—

(a) in the case of a bicycle or a tricycle, one light in front and a red reflector at the back ;

(b) in the case of country carts, one light so placed as to be visible both from the front and the back ;

(c) in the case of any other vehicle, two lights visible both from the front and the back, and in case the front lights are not visible from behind, a third light at the back.

3. No cattle shall be driven along an important road at night unless the person driving them carries a light and, if the number of cattle exceeds ten, unless they are accompanied by persons bearing lights in front of and behind the cattle.

4. Any person driving a vehicle, or cattle in contravention of these regulations, if not liable to punishment under any other regulations shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees.

SCHEDULE.

1. The Lahore-Lora Lai Road
2. The Renala-Shergarh-Hujra-Attari Road.
3. The Renala, Bama-Bala-Chuchak Road.
4. The Renala-Mohd-Ghauns.
5. The Renala-Satghara Road.
6. The Okara-Satghara-Jandraka Road.
7. The Okara-Gugera-Fatehpur-Tandlianwala Road.
8. The Okara-Akbar Road.
9. The Okara-Dipalpur-Basirpur Road.
10. The Dipalpure-Bunga-Hayat Road.
11. The Sulemanki-Haveli-Bunga-Hayat-Pakpattan Road, Arifwala-Burewala Road.
12. The Montgemery Pakpattan Road.
13. The Montgomery Arifwala-Qabula-Tibbi Road.
14. The Fitna-Jamlera Road.
15. The Mana-Jemlera Road.
16. The Sheikhfazal-Burewala Road.
17. The Montgomery-Katorwala 50/5-L. Road.
18 The Montgomery-Mirdad Harappa Road.
19. The Montgomery-Kaureshah-Nurshah Akbar Gugera Road.
20. The Harappa to Harappa Railway Station. Road.
21. The Harappa Railway Station Naiwala Road
22. The Chichawatni-Sheikhfazal Road.
23. The Chichawatni Railway Station to Chichawatni Village Road.
24. The Chichawatni-Okanwala Road.
25. The Montgomery-Mirshank Road.

No. 5534-L. G.-40/50637.—Whereas it appears to the Governor of the Punjab that with reference to notification No. 2086-L. G.-40/22793, dated the 16th May, 1940, land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, namely, for carrying out conservational repairs to the mosque and tomb of Tahar Khan Nahar at Sitpur, district Muzaffargarh, it is hereby notified that the land described in the specification below is required for the said purpose.

2. This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, to all whom it may concern and, under section 7 of the said Act, the Collector of the Muzaffargarh district is hereby authorised to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

3. A plan of the land may be inspected in the office of the said Collector :—

SPECIFICATION OF LAND.

District.	*Tahsil.*	*Mauza.*	*Area in acres.*	*Boundaries.*
Muzaffargarh ..	Alipur ..	Sitpur ..	(1) 0·01875	*North.*—Vacant land belonging to Karim Dad. *South.*—Thoroughfare. *East.*—Tomb of Tahar Khan Nahar. *West.*—House of Karim Dad.
			(2) 0·025	*North.*—Thoroughfare. *East.*—Mosque of Tahar Kh n. *South and west.*—Sarai belonging to Kanwal Nain.

No. 5964-L.G.-Bds.-40/50657.—The following amendments made by the District Board, **Ambala,** to its Provident Fund Rules, published with Punjab Government notification No. 5080, dated the 12th February, 1932, as subsequently amended, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Ambala,** on the 25th January, 1941 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. The following provisos shall be inserted after sub-rule (2) of rule 5 :—

"Provided that no interest shall be credited to the accounts of a Muslim subscriber if he informs the board in writing that he does not wish to receive the interest and that the board may utilise it on any subject of general public interest :

Provided further that if the subscriber subsequently asks for interest, it shall be credited to his account with effect from the first day of the year in which he asks for it."

2. After sub-clause (c) of rule 7 (1) the following new clause shall be added :—

"(d) under the proviso to sub-rule (2) of rule 5 for the purpose of utilising the interest on any subject of general public interest."

3. At the end of sub-rule (3) of rule 9 the following proviso shall be inserted :—

"Provided that Muslim subscribers whose deposits in the fund carry no interest shall not be required to pay any interest."

4. After sub-rule (2) in rule 10, the following new sub-rule shall be added as sub-rule (3) :—

"(3) When a subscriber—

(a) has proceeded on leave preparatory to retirement, or

(b) while on leave, has been permitted to retire or declared by a competent authority to be unfit for further service ;

the amount shown at the credit of his account in column 6 of the Provident Fund Ledger (Form P. F. I.) shall, upon application made by him in that behalf, become payable to him, subject to the provisions of Rule 4:

Provided that the subscriber, if he returns to duty, shall, if required to do so by the board, repay to the provident fund for credit to his account, the whole or part of any amount paid to him from the provident fund in pursuance of this sub-rule with interest thereon in cash or securities or partly in cash or partly in securities, by instalments or otherwise, by recovery from his salary or otherwise, as the board may direct".

5. Existing sub-rules (3) and (4) of rule 10 shall be renumbered as (4) and (5) respectively

6. In sub-rule (4) for the words and figures "sub rule (1) or sub-rule (2)" the words and figures 'sub rules (1), (2) or (3)" shall be substituted

No. 5924-L.G./40-50506.—In pursuance of the provisions of the Local Authorities Loan Rules for the Punjab, 1922, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to notify that the Municipal Committee of **Pathankot** has submitted the following application for a Government loan of Rs. 14,500 (Rupees forteen thousand and five hundred only) for the consolidation and coal-tarring of its roads.

2. All objections to the proposed loan should be submitted on or before the 22nd January, 1941, to the President of the Municipal Committee of **Pathankot**, who will forward them to the Punjab Government for consideration :—

Application of the Municipal Committee of Pathankot for a Government Loan of Rs. 14,500 (fourteen thousand and five hundred only).

1. The purpose for which the loan is required and an estimate of the cost of entire work.	1. The loan is required for consolidation and coal-tarring of the roads of Pathankot Municipality. The total estimated cost is Rs. 14,241.
2. Whether the loan is productive or non-productive.	2. Non-productive.
3. The amount which it is proposed to borrow.	3. Rs. 14,500 (Fourteen thousand and five hundred only).
4. The fund on the security of which it is proposed to borrow.	4. The Municipal Fund.
5. The law under which the said fund is levied, received or held.	5. The Punjab Municipal Act, 1911.
6. The date within which it is proposed to borrow.	6. In one instalment as soon as possible.
7. The rate of interest at which it is proposed to borrow.	7. $4\frac{1}{2}$ per cent per annum.
8. The term of years for which the money is to be borrowed and the method by which it is to be repaid with the dates on which payment is to be made, etc.	8. Ten years. The first instalment being paid one year after the date on which the loan is taken and thereafter on the same date every year, *vide* statement 'A', appended.
9. The financial position of the Municipal Committee of Pathankot including :—	
(a) a statement of all existing prior charges on its funds.	(a) *Vide* statement 'B' attached.
(b) a statement of income and expenditure for the last three financial years.	(b) *Vide* statement 'C' attached.
(c) a statement of anticipated income and expenditure for the financial year in which the loan is to be raised, showing provisions for payment of interest.	(c) *Vide* statement 'D' attached.

10. The orders of the proper authority according administrative approval and technical sanction to the project, in connection with which it is proposed to raise loan.	10. Technical sanction of the Executive Engineer, Public Works Department, II Lahore Provincial Divisi n, has been obtained. *Vide* letter No. 2393/M dated 23rd June, 1938. Administrative approval has been obtained.
11. Acceptance of the obligation to reimburse Government for any loss if the loan of instalment is not taken within the dates referred to in rule 4 (6) or rule 8 (2) of the Local Authorities Loans Rules, 1922, as the case may be.	The Municipal Committee accepts the obligation.

Statement 'A'.

INSTALMENTS.

Showing details of instalments towards repayment of loan.

Years.				Principal.	Interest.	Total.	Balance.
				Rs.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs.
1941-42	..	..	..	1,450	652 8 0	2,102 8 0	13,050
1942-43	..	..	..	1,450	587 4 0	2,037 4 0	11,600
1943-44	..	..	..	1,450	522 0 0	1,972 0 0	10,150
1944-45	..	..	..	1,450	456 12 0	1,906 12 0	8,700
1945-46	..	..	..	1,450	391 8 0	1,841 8 0	7,250
1946-47	..	..	..	1,450	326 4 0	1,776 4 0	5,800
1947-48	..	..	..	1,450	261 0 0	1,711 0 0	4,350
1948-49	..	..	..	1,450	195 12 0	1,645 12 0	2,900
1949-50	...	...	..	1,450	130 8 0	1,580 8 0	1,450
1950-51	...	..	...	1,450	65 4 0	1,515 4 0	..

Statement 'B'.

Showing existing prior charges on the funds of the Municipal Committee of Pathankot.

District.	Name of Local Body.	Amount of loan and the No. and date of Government letter sanctioning it.	Rate of interest.	Annual instalments in which the loan is payable.	Amount re-paid (principal and interest).	Balance of loan due from the Committee.
				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Gurdaspur.	Pathankot.	Rupees 12,000 sanctioned with Punjab Government letter No. 1475-L. S. G., dated 17th January, 1933.	Rupees six per cent.	15	9,968	8,272

Statement 'C'.

Showing the income and expenditure of the Municipal Committee, Pathankot for the year 1937-38, 1938-39 and 1939-40.

INCOME.					EXPENDITURE.			
Particulars.		1937-38.	1938-39.	1939-40.	Particulars.	1937-38.	1938-39.	1939-40.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Opening balance	..	6,774	6,686	11,620	Expenditure ..	77,195	61,341	65,606
Taxes	..	50,451	38,180	42,715				
Other receipts	..	26,656	28,095	31,862	Closing Balance..	6,686	11,620	20,591
Total	..	83,881	72,961	86,197	Total ..	83,881	72,961	86,197

Statement 'D'.

Showing the estimated income and expenditure for the year 1940-41.

	Rs.
Opening balance	20,591
Income	74,225
Total ..	94,816
Expenditure	77,166
Closing Balance	17,650
Total	94,816

Committees.

The 6th December, 1940.

No. 4613-C.-40/49552.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*l*) of subsection (2) of section 20 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to direct that the registration of births and deaths shall be under the control and administration of a district board within the area subject to its authority.

No. 4613-C.-40/49553.—In exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (1) of section 56 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to empower district boards in the Punjab to frame regulations for the registration of births and deaths in the several areas subject to their authority.

No. 4789-C.-40/49584.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 2678-C.-40/38237, dated the 24th September, 1940, and in pursuance of the provisions of subsection (3) of section 5 and subsection (2) of section 7 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to include within or exclude from the Municipality of **Rawalpindi**, as the case may be, the areas lying between the existing boundary as defined in Punjab Government notification No. 2191-C-39/40991, dated the 4th December, 1939, and the boundary as specified in the appended schedules :—

SCHEDULE I.

North.—From the trijunction pillar of villages Dhok Hayat, Dhok Najoo and Dinna Hardo eastwards to the point where it meets the boundary pillar of village Dinna Hardo; thence eastwards in a straight line up to its junction with the burji of the Rawalpindi Agricultural Farm in Field No. 1131/65/27 of village Tahlian ;

East.—thence southwards in a straight line to the point where it meets the Chaklala Cantonment boundary pillar No. 8; thence southwards through boundary pillars Nos. 7, 6, 5, 4, 3 and 2 to the point where it meets boundary pillar No. 1 of the said Cantonment; thence south-westwards along the Chaklala Cantonment boundary from pillar No. 1 to the point where it meets boundary pillar No. 62; thence south-westwards up to Cantonment boundary pillar No. 61 and thence from Cantonment boundary pillar No. 61 up to the point were Cantonment boundary meets the Railway boundary ;

South.—thence westwards along the Railway boundary to its junction with the River Leh ; thence along the natural course of River L h to the Railway boundary pillar No. 62 ; thence westwards along the Railway boundary pillars Nos. 61, 60-A, 60, 59 to the Railway boundary pillar No. 58 ;

West.—thence northwards through the Railway boundary pillars Nos. 58, 89, 51, 50, 49, 48 and 47 to Railway boundary pillar No. 46 ; thence eastwards along the straight line to the point where the natural nullah running from the bridge just inside the Railway premises situated between the Railway boundary pillars Nos. 46 and 47 enters the Leh River at a point 494 feet north of the bridge over the Leh River on the City and Peshawar road ; thence northwards along the natural course of River Leh to the point of start.

SCHEDULE II.

North.—From the municipal boundary pillar No. 54 (which corresponds to Cantonment boundary pillar No. 125) eastwards to Municipal boundary pillar No. 53 (corresponding to Cantonment boundary pillar No. 124) ;

East.—thence southwards in a straight line to Municipal boundary pillar No. 100 and thence through the Municipal boundary pillars Nos. 99, 98, 97, 96, 95, 94, 93, 92, 91, 90, 89, 88, 87, 86, 85, 84, 83, 82, 81, 80, 79, 78, 77 to Municipal boundary pillar No. 76 ;

South.—thence along Municipal boundary pillars Nos. 75, 74, 73, 72, 71, 70, 69, 68 (corresponding to Cantonment boundary pillar No. 139) to Municipal boundary pill No. 67 (which corresponds to Cantonment boundary pillar No. 138) ;

West.—thence northwards along the Cantonment boundary to the point of start.

The 7th December, 1940.

No. 4854-C. 40/50029.—The following amendment made by the Municipal Committee, **Karnal**, to its by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 6801, dated the 11th March, 1919, as subsequently amended by notification No. 23865, dated the 20th August, 1926, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab as required by section 201 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Karnal**, on the 27th day of January, 1941 :—

AMENDMENT.

In by-law 3 between the words "sanitation sub committee" and "by the Civil Surgeon" the words "on payment of a fee of Rs. 2 per annum or annas four per mensem" shall be added.

No. 4877-C.-40/50035.—The following by-laws framed by the Municipal Committee, **Okara** in the Montgomery district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Okara** on the 27th day of January, 1941 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. Every person who keeps an hotel, serai or lodging-house shall register it at the Municipal Office.

2. Every such person shall, if so required by written notice from the Medical Officer of Health, make such alterations to his hotel, serai or lodging-house as will ensure that—

(*a*) the minimum height of every room intended to accommodate lodgers shall be not less than 10 feet ;

(*b*) the minimum superficial floor-area of every such room shall be not less than 144 square feet ;

(*c*) ventilation opening directly into external air shall be provided for every such room by means of windows, gratings or other openings exclusive of doors, having a combined area equal to not less than one-tenth of the floor area of the room :

Provided that nothing in this by-law shall be considered in any way to waive the requirements of any by-laws for the regulation of buildings in general which may from time to time be in force in the municipality.

3. Every person who keeps an hotel, serai or lodging-house shall provide it with a sufficient and good supply of drinking water from a municipal main ; and if there is a well or storage tank or other storage provision in his hotel, serai or lodging house or in the precincts thereof shall protect such well or storage tank or other storage provision against pollution in such manners as the Medical Officer of Health may direct, and every year in October, or more often, if so required by the Medical Officer of Health, shall cause such well or storage tank or other storage provision to be cleaned to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health.

4. (*a*) Every such person shall keep his hotel, serai or lodging-house clean and in good repair and shall employ such staff for conservancy as the Medical Officer of Health may direct, and shall unless otherwise permitted by the Medical Officer of Health at least twice a year, and more often if so required by the Medical Officer of Health, cause every room in his hotel, serai or lodging-house to be white-washed ; and generally shall comply with every reasonable order of the Medical Officer of Health for the purpose of promoting the sanitation and cleanliness of his hotel, serai or lodging-house.

(*b*) Every such hotel, serai or lodging-house shall be provided with bathrooms, bathing places, latrines and urinal of the pattern approved by the Medical Officer of Health and with such accommodation as he may consider sufficient. Separate provision shall be made in this respect for both the sexes (where necessary) as well as for the lodgers, the staff and servants of the institution.

5. (*a*) All kitchens and dining rooms shall be made of impervious non-absorbent material and of such patern as directed by the Medical Officer of Health with suitable provision for accommodation, drainage, ventilation, exit of smoke and protection from birds, flies, rats and vermin.

(*b*) Separate places or rooms made of impervious non-absorbent material will be provided for washing and cleaning all utensils, cutlery, crockery and other articles used for purposes of food and drink. Such places or rooms shall be fitted with sufficient supply of wholesome water and efficient drainage to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health.

6. (a) Wholesome and unadulterated articles of food and drink shall be used and provision shall be made to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health to prevent articles of food and drink kept on the premises from getting contaminated, decomposed or being otherwise rendered unfit for human consumption from any source whatsoever.

(b) All receptacles, utensils, vessels or other things employed for storing, cooking or serving articles of food and drink shall be made of suitable material to prevent deterioration or poisoning of such articles of food and drink either by chemical action or otherwise, and all reasonable directions given by the Medical Officer of Health in this respect as well as to protect such utensils, vessels and other things from flies, rats and vermin, shall be carried out to his satisfaction.

7. (a) The Medical Officer of Health may fix the number of persons who may occupy any room in an hotel, serai or lodging-house, and no person who keeps such hotel, serai or lodging-house shall suffer more than the number of persons so fixed to occupy such room.

(The minimum requirement of space for each person shall be 400 cubic feet, any height above 10' not being taken into consideration.)

(b) If the number of persons who may occupy any room has been fixed under clause (a) of this by law, such number shall be painted over the door of such room, and failure on the part of any keeper of an hotel, serai or lodging-house to cause such number to be so painted shall constitute a breach of this by-law.

8. (a) Every person who keeps an hotel, serai or lodging-house shall, as soon as it comes to his notice, immediately report to the Medical Officer of Health the occurrence in his hotel, serai or lodging-house of any disease defined or notified by the Provincial Government as an infectious disease under clause (7) of section 3 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, and shall take measures to keep any person suffering from such disease isolated from all other lodgers.

(b) No person who keeps an hotel, serai or lodging-house, shall suffer such hotel, serai or lodging-house or any part of it to be occupied if he knows or has good reason to believe that it has been occupied by a person suffering from any such disease, until such hotel, serai or lodging-house or part of it and every article therein likely to contain infection have been disinfected to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health.

9. Every person who keeps an hotel, serai or lodging-house shall, if so required by the Medical Officer of Health, keep a register in the form prescribed by the Committee, in which he shall record immediately on the arrival or departure of any person who lodges in his hotel, serai or lodging-house the following particulars :—

(i) On arrival—

(a) the name, father's name or, in case of a married woman, husband's name of every such person ;

(b) the caste and occupation of such person ;

(c) the date of arrival of such person ;

(d) the place from which such person arrived.

(ii) On departure—

(a) the date of departure of such person ;

(b) the place to which such person proceeded on departure.

10. Any person who commits a breach of any of these by-laws shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to Rs. 50, and if the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may amount to Rs. 5 for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

The 11th December, 1940.

No. 4950-C.-40/50520.—The following by-laws made by the Notified Area Committee of **Raewind Mandi**, in the Lahore district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 197 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are hereby published for general information and shall come into force within the Notified Area of **Raewind Mandi** on the 27th day of January, 1941 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. No person shall manufacture, sell or prepare or expose for sale milk, butter including clarified butter, curd, sweetmeats, dry sweetmeats which are not prepared with ghee or oil (such as makhana, khandwala chhola, patashas, misri, chapati, salan, dal, sharbat, dabal roti, biscuit, cake, puri, kachori, pakoras) and meat in premises other than those licensed by the committee in this behalf.

2. No premises shall be licensed for the manufacture, sale or preparation or exposure for sale of the articles of food and drink mentioned in by-law 1—

(a) unless they have a floor made of stone, brick with cement pointing or other impervious material ;

(b) unless the walls are properly plastered and lime-washed ;

(c) unless they are provided with adequate light and ventilation to the satisfaction of the District Medical Officer of Health, Lahore (hereinafter referred to as the Medical Officer of Health) or, any other officer appointed by the committee in this behalf ;

(d) unless they are provided with a drain and the whole floor is so sloped as to allow all liquid to flow off by the drain ;

(e) if there is any direct communication between the premises and any room used as a sleeping room ;

(f) if there is any latrine, cesspool, cow-shed, stable, or other place within one hundred feet of the premises which, in the opinion of the Medical Officer of Health, or any other officer appointed by the committee in this behalf renders it undesirable that such premises should be used for the manufacture, sale or preparation or exposure for sale of the articles specified in by-law 1 ; and

(g) unless they have a proper outlet for smoke if fire is lit therein.

3. Subject to the provisions of by-law 2, licences for premises for the manufacture, sale or preparation or exposure for sale of the articles specified in by-law 1 shall be issued by the Secretary of the Notified Area Committee or any other officer appointed by the committee in this behalf in Form " A " appended to these by-laws on the application of the owner or occupier of such premises on payment of a fee of one rupee per annum or annas four per mensem and shall be granted by the committee subject to the conditions specified in Form " A ".

4. Any person who commits or abets the commission of a breach of any of these by-laws and any licensee who commits or abets the commission of a breach of any of the conditions of his licence, shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with a fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and, when the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

Form A.

Licence for premises for the manufacture, sale or preparation or exposure for sale of milk, butter, including clerific butter, curd, sweetmeats and meat issued under by-law 3 of the by-laws for licensing premises for such manufacture, sale or preparation or exposure for sale published with Punjab Government notification No. 4950-C.-40/50520, dated the 11th December, 1940.

The premises of which a description is given in the attached schedule situated in ________ ________ (name of street, ward, etc.) are hereby licensed for the manufacture, sale or preparation or exposure for the sale of the articles specified in bye-law 1 :—

This licence is granted to the owner / occupier on the said premises, subject to the following conditions :—

(a) that he shall keep the licensed premises structurally fit for the purpose for which the licence is granted ;

Explanation.—" Structural fitness " shall be deemed to include—

(i) the existence of a floor made of stone, brick, cement or other impervious material ;

(ii) possession of walls, properly plastered and lime-washed ;

(iii) adequate provision of light and ventilation ;

(iv) suitable drains ;

(v) non-existence of any direct communication between the premises and any room used as a sleeping room ;

(vi) non-existence of any latrine, cesspool, cow-shed, stable or other insanitary place within one hundred feet of the premises :

(vii) proper outlet for smoke ;

(b) that he shall not employ, or permit to be employed, in the manufacture, sale or preparation or exposure for sale of the articles specified in by-law 1 any person suffering from any contagious or infectious disease or from loathsome sores, or who has recently been attending on any person so suffering, and that he shall not suffer any person or any animal to enter or remain upon the licensed premises ;

(c) that he shall keep all vessels, receptacles, utensils and other things used in the manufacture, sale or preparation or exposure for sale of the articles specified in by-law 1 in a state of cleanliness, and shall protect from dust and flies all materials used in such manufacture, sale or preparation or exposure for sale and the articles manufactured, prepared or exposed for sale to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health, or any other officer appointed by the committee in this behalf ;

(d) that he shall daily cause to be thoroughly washed and cleansed the floor and drain of the licensed premises, and every bench, counter, table, shelf or other place on which the articles manufactured, prepared or exposed for sale and any material used in such manufacture, sale or preparation or exposure for sale are kept ;

(e) that he shall cause the walls of the licensed premises to be properly lime-washed at least twice a year and more often, if so required by the Medical Officer of Health, or by any other officer appointed by the committee in this behalf ;

(f) that he shall not carry on, or permit to be carried on, in the licensed premises any trade or occupation other than the manufacture, sale, or preparation or exposure for sale of the articles specified in by-law 1 and that he shall not use, or suffer to be used, any portion of the licensed premises as a living room or sleeping room ;

(g) that he shall comply with the orders issued by the Medical Officer of Health in connection with the sanitary condition of the licensed premises ;

(h) that he shall not use for keeping any liquid or wet articles, any soiled papers or paper written upon with black or coloured ink, nor shall he tender any of the articles mentioned in by-law 1 on such paper to the vendee ;

(i) that he shall exhibit the licence at a proper place in the licensed premises ;

(j) that he shall not spit, or smoke or suffer any other person to spit or smoke within the licensed premises ;

(k) that he shall not keep or suffer to be kept, in the licensed premises, any bedding, soiled clothes, or any other thing not required for the manufacture, sale or preparation or exposure for sale of the articles specified in by-law 1 ;

(l) that he shall not use or permit to be used, in such manufacture, sale or preparation or exposure for sale any water, except water obtained from a source and conveyed to the licensed premises in a manner approved by the Medical Officer of Health or any other officer appointed by the committee in this belalf ; and

(m) that he shall at all reasonable times permit any member or officer of the committee authorised in this behalf to inspect the licensed premises without notice.

SCHEDULE.

(The actual room or rooms, in which the manufacture, sale or preparation or exposure for sale of the specified articles of food and drink is to be carried on, should be described in cases where the whole of the building is not to be used for such manufacture, sale, or preparation or exposure for sale.)

No. 4488-C-40/50582.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (10) of section 62 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that with the previous sanction of the Governor of the Punjab the Administator of the **Kartarpur** Municipality has, with effect from the 15th March, 1941, imposed the following tax in supersession of the tax, the imposition of which was notified in Punjab Government notification No. 469, dated the 24th June, 1913, as subsequently amended by Punjab Government notification No. 32034, dated the 7th December, 1927, namely :—

A tax called octroi (without refunds) calculated on the gross weight of consignments including packing drums and other articles used in packing at the rates shown in column 3 of the schedule herein below upon the articles mentioned in column 2 thereof imported by rail or road into the octroi limits of the Municipality as notified from time to time in the *Punjab Government Gazette*, but subject to the following provisions ;—

1. When an article, not specifically mentioned in this schedule, falls under more than one item the octroi (without refunds) shall be charged under the item carrying the highest rate. If the rates are the same for both or all the items, the importer will decide under which item the article is to be classed, e.g., a mixture of silk and wool may be classed as either silk or wool.

2. The tax shall not be levied on—

(1) *bona fide* personal and household belongings of persons coming to take up their residence in the municipal limits and the *bona fide* personal luggage of travellers ;

(2) railway stores and materials required for use on railway whether in constructing, maintaining or working the same and not removed outside the railway boundaries, but not including stores imported for purchase or consumption by railway employees or stores with which railway co-operative store is stocked for sale to members ;

(3) goods imported by rail and rebooked and exported without delivery having been taken ;

(4) goods declared at the time of import to be for immediate export and exported in accordance with the rules made in this behalf ;

(5) agricultural implements imported or exported for experimental and demonstrative purposes ;

(6) gold and silver bullion and coin ;

(7) printed books, newspapers and catalogues (excluding waste papers) ;

(8) stamps, stamp papers and petition papers ;

(9) artificial fertilizers, i.e., nitrate of soda, sulphate of amonia, calcium cyanamide, sulphate of potash muriate of potash, kainite, superphosphates, leunaphos, nitro chalk, nicifos, and basic slag ;

(10) all road making materials such as stone ballast, coaltar (including drums) bitumen, asphalt, sand shingle, and bricks for soling coats, imported by the Government of India or by any Provincial Government or by any local authority (including a cantonment authority) or by contractors for use on the roads maintained by the Public Works Department of Government or any local authority including a cantonment authority) if accompanied at the time of import by a certificate signed by a gazetted officer of the Government department concerned or by the President, Executive Officer, or Secretary of the local authority concerned that such articles are required by them for road making only ;

(11) head loads of cow dung (*opla*), brush wood, grass and *fodder* ;

(12) arms of any sort imported by Government ;

(13) articles of dowry imported along with the marriage party or articles imported in connection with a mourning ceremony ;

(14) necessaries (not being articles of food or drink) equipment and clothing imported by officers-in command of troops or air force units for the use of their men and followers and grain and green fodder imported for consumption by horses, mules, or other animals maintained as part of their military equipage by any person in military or air-force service ;

Provided that such grain or fodder is certified by the Commanding Officer to be imported for *bona fide* public purposes ;

(15) all ammunitions, military stores and other articles of police equipment including bicycles imported by the Police department provided that each consignment of such ammunition or military stores or other articles is certified by the Superintendent of Police of the district concerned to be the property of the Government in the Police department ;

(16) goods on which the octroi (without refunds) amounts to less than three pies ;

(17) exhibits of the Agricultural and other Government departments imported for instructional purposes if accompanied at the time of import by a certificate signed by a gazetted officer of the department concerned that such exhibits are meant for the purpose of exhibition only ;

(18) forms and papers used by patwaris and field kanungoes in connection with their official duties ;

(19) all sorts of quinine imported into the Municipality for medicinal purposes ;

(20) films and other material for propaganda imported by the Commissioner for Rural Reconstruction, Punjab, for the purposes of propaganda in rural areas, provided a certificate duly signed by a gazetted officer of the department is produced ;

(21) goods belonging to the Kartarpur Municipality so certified by the Secretary ;

(22) *bona fide* commercial samples meant for free distribution and not meant for transfer or sale ;

(23) articles imported in accordance with the orders of a Court of Law or by the Police in connection with the official duty ;

(24) the following articles if accompanied by a pass in Form 0-10 valid for the period shown against each of them ;—

(*i*) machinery tools and plants sent out for the execution of work .. .. 15 days.

(*ii*) used furniture, musical instrument, tents, *chholdaris*, crockery utensils and lamps taken out temporarily for parties, marriages, ceremonies, and public functions .. .. 15 days.

(25) all articles imported through parcel post ;

(26) exhibits of the District Rural Community Council imported for instructional purposes if accompanied at the time of import by a certificate signed by the Chairman of the Council that such exhibits are meant for the purpose of exhibition only ;

(27) opium, *bhang*, *charas* aerated waters ;

(28) old lorries, cars, bicycles, motor cycles and cycles ;

(29) all young plants for transplantation on roadsides when imported into the Municipality if accompanied by a certificate signed by a gazetted officer of the Public Works Department that such plants are required for transplantation on roadsides only ;

(30) the cinema lorries of the North-Western Railway carrying the cinema equipment and consumable stores for the purposes of giving free shows subject to the production of a certificate signed by a responsible railway official to the effect that these lorries belong to the North-Western Railway and are meant for their propaganda work only ;

(31) stores belonging to the Indian Red Cross Society when imported into the Municipality provided that at the time of import such stores are accompanied by a certificate signed by the Secretary, Red Cross Society, or the Officer-in-charge or Superintendent of a Red Cross Depot to the effect that the stores belong to the Indian Red Cross Society :—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	Description of articles.	Rate.
		Rs. A. P.
	CLASS I—ARTICLES OF FOOD OR DRINK FOR MEN OR ANIMALS.	Per maund.
1	All grains and their flours (not specified elsewhere in this schedule) pulses and unhusked rice.	0 0 6
2	Wheat and its flour not specified elsewhere in the schedule ..	0 0 6
3	Rice and articles made thereof, *drau, sill* and *chirwa* ...	0 2 0
4	*Maida, suji, rawa* and *nishasta*	0 2 0
5	Vegetables of all kinds including water nuts (*sangharas*), sweet potatoes (*shakarkandi*), green ginger, green chilly, green turmeric and potatoes.	0 1 6
6	Fodder ..	0 0 2
7	*Bhusa, chokar, pholor* and *phak*	0 0 3
8	Cotton seeds and oil cakes ..	0 0 9
9	Fruits (fresh), namely, grapes, pomegranates, apples, pears, bananas, *alichis, sardas*, strawberries, *khirni sharifa, khobani* (apricot), *zardalu*, dates, *locats, turanj, phalsa*, and *rasbhari*	0 6 0
10	*Mongphalli* (groundnuts) ..	0 2 0
11	Fruits (dried) and nuts of all kinds except betel nuts ...	1 0 0
12	Fruits not specified elsewhere in the schedule, such as *chakotra, anwla* (green *anwla*), *galgal*, lemon, melon (*kharbuza*), *phut, khatties, ber, shahtut* (*badana*), *jaman*, guavas (*umrud*), *sangtaras*, mangoes, *arus*, and *aluchas*.	0 2 0
13	Betel leaves and betel nuts ..	0 8 0
14	Ghi, butter, *Khoa* and cream ...	0 12 0
15	Solidified vegetable oil (Banaspatin ghi) ..	1 0 0
16	Sugarcane of all kinds and its pieces ..	0 1 0
17	Sugar (refined) of all kinds and articles made thereof not specified elsewhere in the schedule.	0 6 0
18	Oilman's stores of all kinds, groceries, preserved and conserved preparations of food and drink including dried fish, tea, coffee, coco	1 4 0
19	All kinds of sweetmeats of refined and unrefined sugar ..	0 8 0
20	Fish not specified elsewhere in the schedule and eggs ..	0 8 0
		Per dozen.
21	Ducks, fowls, water fowls, and other games ..	0 3 0
22	Partridges, quails, starlings and other small birds ..	0 1 0
		Per maund.
23	*Guchhian* and *khumban* ..	0 4 0
24	Dried *dhania* and chillies ..	0 4 0
25	Whisky, beer and liquor of all kinds ..	0 8 0
26	Colour in the form of essences for colouring ærated waters ..	2 0 0
27	Ice ..	0 1 0
28	Milk ..	0 2 0
29	Poppy and poppy seeds ..	0 2 0
30	Sugar (unrefined) *gur, shakar*, jaggery ..	0 2 0
31	*Shira* and sugarcane juice ..	0 0 6
32	*Bari, papper, phulwari* ..	0 6 0

Serial No.	Description of articles.	Rate.		
		Rs.	A.	P.
	CLASS II.—ANIMALS OF A CLASS USUALLY SLAUGHTERED.	Per tail.		
1	Sheep, goats, lambs, kids ..	0	1	6
	CLASS III.—ARTICLES USED FOR LIGHTING, FUEL, OR WASHING.	Per maund.		
1	Kerosene oil, and other mineral oils including crude and lubricating oil not specified elsewhere in the schedule ..	0	2	0
2	Petrol ..	0	2	0
3	Turpentine oil, linseed, coconut and poppy seeds oils ..	0	5	0
4	Vegetable oils of all kinds except hair oils and solidified vegetable oil ..	0	3	0
5	Oil seeds not specified elsewhere in the schedule ..	0	1	3
6	Coal, coke and its dust ..	0	0	3
7	Charcoal ..	0	0	6
8	Firewood ..	0	0	3
9	Soap (Toilet) ..	1	4	0
10	Soap (others) ..	0	4	0
11	Soda (washing), *retha*, *kishta*, and soap stone for washing clothes and *mitti Cawnpuri*	0	2	0
12	Soda caustic ..	0	5	0
13	Matches, candles, tallows, and other articles intended for gass and all lighting not specified elsewhere in the schedule ..	0	10	0
14	Lamps not specified elsewhere in the schedule, lanterns, excluding chimneys and their spare parts ..	1	0	0
15	Gass lamps and their spare parts ..	2	0	0
16	Electric lamps ..	3	8	0
	CLASS IV.—ARTICLES USED IN THE CONSTRUCTION OF BUILDINGS.			
1	Timber of all kinds and articles made thereof not otherwise scheduled ..	0	0	6
2	Bamboos ballies ..	0	1	0
3	Marble (*sangmarmar*) and articles made thereof ..	0	6	0
4	Cement and articles made thereof ..	0	1	6
5	Lime of all kinds (slaked and unslaked) including kankar lime ..	0	0	6
		Per thousand.		
6	Burnt bricks and tiles not specified elsewhere in the schedule ..	0	5	0
7	Unburnt bricks ..	0	1	0
8	*Naqshi* bricks ..	0	12	0
9	Glazed tiles for walls and floors ..	1	0	0
		per maund.		
10	*Surkhi*, *rori*, ballast, red stone, ground stone, stone metal, *multani kharia mitti*, sand, cinder, *keri*, *kankr*, *bajari*, and slate stone	0	0	3
11	Coaltar (Dry and liquid), *hurmachi*, *geru*, firebricks and fireclay ..	0	2	0
12	Varnish, paints and glue ..	0	10	0
13	Sufaida liquid ..	0	8	0
14	*Broza* and *ral* (Resin) ..	0	8	0
	CLASS V.—DRUGS, SPICES, GUMS, AND PERFUMERY.			
1	Spices, *mahndi*, *wasma* ..	0	8	0
2	*Unani* and *vaidic* medicines not otherwise scheduled ..	1	0	0
	All other medicines and drugs of all kinds not specified elsewhere in the schedule ..	2	0	0
4	Methylated spirits ..	0	8	0
5	Gold and silver leaves, suffron, *kasturi*, pearls and *mushakambar* ..	25	0	0
6	*Abresham*, camphor, *tabashir*, *kutha*, *salajit*, *saleb misri*, *moosli*, cardamom, *sandaldust*, poisonous drugs, essences of drugs ..	2	0	0
7	*Harar*, *bahera*, *anwlas* (Amla dried), *amaltas*, *rarah*, *bakhra*, *imili*, *gulkesu* and *gulkand* ..	0	1	6
8	*Banafsha* and *beedana* ..	1	0	0
9	Oils not specified elsewhere in the schedule ..	1	0	0
10	Lavenders and *khazabs* ..	2	0	0

Serial No.	Description of articles.	Rate.
		Rs. A. P. Per maund.
	CLASS VI.—TOBACCO MANUFACTURED AND UNMANUFACTURED.	
1	Tobacco for pipes and cigars and snuffs ..	1 4 0
2	Cigars, cigarettes and biris ..	1 4 0
3	Tobacco in any shape suitable for smoking in *huqqa* and tobacco dust ..	0 2 6
4	Chewing-tobacco ..	1 4 0
	CLASS VII.—PIECE-GOODS AND OTHER TEXTILE FABRICS AND MANUFACTURED ARTICLES OF CLOTHING AND DRESS.	
1	Ginned cotton and raw wool ..	0 1 0
2	Hand spun yarn, hand woven *khaddar* and hand woven mosquito nets ..	0 8 0
3	Cotton, silk and woollen piece-goods, thread, cotton twist and yarn, fancy wool, *pasham*, and Dhariwal wool ..	2 0 0
4	*Nawar* (cotton listing) ..	1 0 0
5	Durries (*shatranjis*) ..	1 0 0
6	Carpets and flour rugs ..	2 0 0
7	Blankets (*kambals*) ..	0 8 0
8	Tents, tarpauline, *saibans*, *kanatas* ..	0 8 0
9	Tats of all kinds ..	0 2 0
10	Old clothes of all kinds meant for sale ..	0 8 0
11	Leather of all kinds except chrome leather ..	0 4 0
12	Boots and shoes of leather and rubber, slippers and *chaplis* ..	1 8 0
13	Leather goods not specified elsewhere in the schedule ..	1 0 0
14	Chrome leather ..	1 0 0
15	Raw cotton ..	0 0 9
16	Gold and silver lace, wire and thread, *gota*, *kinari*, *laurita*, *silma*, *sitara* (imitation or real) ..	2 0 0
17	Hides and skins including skins of goats and sheep ..	0 1 0
	CLASS VIII.—METALS AND ARTICLES OF METALS.	
1	Scrap and pig iron ..	0 2 0
2	Steel bars, flats, angles, tee, rails, girders and old tin ..	0 2 0
3	Articles made of wrought and unwrought iron, articles made of steel except those mentioned otherwise in the schedule ..	0 4 0
4	Watches, clocks, time-pieces and their spare parts ..	2 8 0
5	Machinery of all kinds, plants, and their spare parts ..	0 4 0
6	Other metals not specified elsewhere in the schedule, and articles made thereof	1 4 0
7	Tin sheets ..	0 4 0
8	Galvanized iron sheets ..	0 4 0
	CLASS IX.—MISCELLANEOUS.	
1	Dyes other than hair dyes ..	2 0 0
2	*Hira kasis*, *majith*, *indigo* ..	0 12 0
3	Dry *kikar* bark ..	0 0 6
4	Pictures and stage curtains ..	1 0 0
5	Articles of sports and games ..	1 0 0
6	Furniture of all kinds whether old or new ..	0 12 0
7	Furniture frames of all kinds ..	0 6 0
		Per vehicle.
8	Motor cars and lorries (new) ..	20 0 0
		Per combination.
9	Motor cycles with side cars (new) ..	12 8 0
		Per cycle.
10	Motor cycles without side cars (new) ..	10 0 0

Serial No.	Description of articles.	Rate.
		Rs. A. P. Per maund.
	CLASS IX.—MISCELLANEOUS—*concld.*	
11	Spare parts of motor cars, lorries, and motor cycles ..	1 0 0
12	Bicycles and their spare parts ..	1 0 0
13	Rubber and articles made thereof except those mentioned in the schedule elsewhere	1 4 0
14	Apparatus of photography, musical instruments, *cinematographic films*, type-writer machines ..	2 0 0
15	Sewing machines and their spare parts ..	2 0 0
16	Paste boards, mill boards and waste papers ..	0 1 0
17	Crockery and glass-ware except bangles ..	1 0 0
18	Country and foreign made bangles ..	0 8 0
19	Ivory and articles made thereof, imitation stone and optical goods	2 0 0
20	Empty bottles and jars of all kinds	0 6 0
21	Perambulators and tricycles ..	0 8 0
22	Arms of all kinds (used goods are exempted) ..	2 0 0
23	Fireworks ..	0 6 0
24	Glass sheets ..	0 6 0
25	Wooden boxes (empty) ..	0 4 0
26	Ban (material made of *munj, bagar, kahi, patha,* and similar other fibres employed in stringing beds and other furniture of similar nature) ..	0 2 6
27	*Necha, abnai, nari, dandi, kharawan* ..	0 1 0
28	Electric fans and other electric goods of all kinds except electric lamps ..	2 0 0
29	Cane ..	0 12 0
30	*Khas*, hemp, ropes, belting, asbestos, packing and chords of all kinds except *wan* ..	0 3 0
31	Baskets made of bamboos, mulberry twigs and brushwood ..	0 1 0
32	Bones including hoofs, horns, skins and scrape ..	0 0 6
33	Stationery ..	1 4 0
34	Haberdashery including umbrellas ..	1 4 0
35	Boot polish ..	0 12 0
36	Empty bags ..	0 3 0
37	All other articles not otherwise exempted and not chargeable under any other head ..	2 0 0

NOTE.—Every consignment of goods imported in a wooden packing case shall be assessed at one-fourth of its weight as a wooden packing case and three-fourths as the contents of the case, if the contents are to be assessed at a higher rate, provided that the gross weight of the case is at least half a maund. A crate shall not be deemed to be a packing case for the purpose of this note.

Panchayats.

The 7th December, 1940.

No. 3911-L.G.-40/49734.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Chak No. 23-S.B., situated in the Sargodha tahsil of the Shahpur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Chak No. 23-S.B.

No. 3911-L.G.-40/49735.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 3911-L.G.-40/49734, dated 7th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Chak No. 23-S.B. a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 3911-L.G.-40/49739.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estates of Sajoka and Arar, situated in the Shahpur tahsil of the Shahpur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Sajoka.

No. 3911-L.G.-40/49740.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 3911-L.G.-40/49739, dated 7th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Sajoka a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 3911-L. G.-40/49744.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estates of Rawal and Kotli Awan, situated in the Shahpur tahsil of the Shahpur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Rawal.

No. 3911-L.G.-40/49745.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 3911-L.G.-40/49744, dated 7th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Rawal a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 3911-L.G.-40/49749.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Chak No. 24-S.B., situated in the Sargodha tahsil of the Shahpur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Chak No. 24-S.B.

No. 3911-L.G.-40/49750.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 3911-L.G.-40/49749, dated 7th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Chak No. 24-S.B. a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 3911-L.G.-40/49754.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Chak No. 155-N.B., situated in the Sargodha tahsil of the Shahpur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Chak No. 155-N.B.

No. 3911-L.G.-40/49755.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 3911-L.G.-40/49754, dated 7th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Chak No. 155-N. B. a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 3911-L.G.-40/49759.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Chak No. 157-N.B., situated in the Sargodha tahsil of the Shahpur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Chak No. 157-N.B.

No. 3911-L.G.-40/49760—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 3911-L.G.-40/49759, dated 7th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Chak No. 157-N.B. a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 3911-L. G.-40/49764.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Chak No. 156-N. B., situated in the Sargodha tahsil of the Shahpur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Chak No. 156-N. B.

No. 3911-L. G.-40/49765.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 3911-L. G.-40/49764, dated 7th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Chak No. 156-N. B., a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 3911-L. G.-40/49769.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Chak No. 154-N. B., situated in the Sargodha tahsil of the Shahpur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Chak No. 154-N. B.

No. 3911-L. G.-40/49770.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 3911-L. G.-40/49769, dated 7th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Chak No. 154-N. B. a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 3911-L. G.-40/49774.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Chak No. 153-N. B., situated in the Sargodha tahsil of the Shahpur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Chak No. 153-N.B.

No. 3911-L. G.-40/49775.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 3911-L. G.-40/49774, dated 7th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the punchayat area of Chak No. 153-N. B. a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 3911-L. G.-40/49779.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the

revenue estate of Chak No. 152-N. B., situated in the Sargodha tahsil of the Shahpur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Chak No. 152-N. B.

No. 3911-L.G.-40/49780.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 3911-L. G.-40/49779, dated 7th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Chak No. 152-N. B. a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 3911-L.G.-40/49784.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Khurshid, situated in the Shahpur tahsil of the Shahpur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Khurshid.

No. 3911-L.G.-40/49785.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 3911-L. G.-40 49784, dated 7th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Khurshid a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 3911-L.G.-40/49789.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Walla situated in the Shahpur tahsil of the Shahpur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Walla.

No. 3911-L. G.-40/49790.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 3911-L. G.-40/49789, dated 7th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Walla a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 3911-L. G.-40/49794.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Baran, situated in the Shahpur tahsil of the Shahpur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Baran.

No. 3911-L. G.-40/49795.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 3911-L. G.-40/49794, dated 7th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Baran a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 3911-L. G.-40/49799.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estates of Sabral and Adhal, situated in the Khushab tahsil of the Shahpur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Sabral.

No. 3911-L. G.-40/49800.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 3911-L. G.-40/49799, dated 7th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Sabral a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 3911-L. G.-40/49804.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Kot Kamboh, situated in the Shahpur tahsil of the Shahpur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Kot Kamboh.

No. 3911-L. G.-40/49805.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 3911-L. G. 40/49804, dated 7th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Kot Kamboh a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 3911-L. G.-40/49809.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Chak No. 80-S. B., situated in the Sargodha tahsil of the Shahpur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Chak No. 80-S. B.

No. 3911-L. G.-40/49810.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 3911-L. G.-40/49809, dated 7th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Chak No. 80-S. B. a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 3911-L. G-40/49814.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Saidowana, situated in the Sargodha tahsil of the Shahpur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Saidowana

No. 3911-L. G.-40/49815.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 3911-L. G.-40/49814, dated 7th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Saidowana a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 3911-L. G.-40/49819.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Hajka, situated in the Bhalwal tahsil of the Shahpur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Hajka.

No. 3911-L. G.-40/49820.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 3911-L. G.-40/49819, dated 7th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Hajka a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 3911-L. G.-40/49824.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Alipur, situated in the Bhalwal tahsil of the Shahpur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Alipur.

No. 3911-L. G.-40/49825.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 3911-L.G.-40/49824, dated 7th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Alipur a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 3911-L. G.-40/49829.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Karpalka, situated in the Khushab tahsil of the Shahpur district to be a panchayat area to the known by the name of Karpalka.

No. 3911-L. G.-40/49830.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 3911-L.G.-40/49829, dated 7th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Karpalka a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 3911-L. G.-40/49834.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Bunga Jhamat, situated in the Shahpur tahsil of the Shahpur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Bunga Jhamat.

No. 3911-L. G.-40/49835.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 3911-L.G.-40/49834, dated 7th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Bunga Jhamat a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 3911-L. G.-40/49843.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Joya, situated in the Khushab tahsil of the Shahpur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Joya.

No. 3911-L. G.-40/49844.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 3911-L.G.-40/49843, dated 7th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Joya a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 3911-L. G.-40/49848.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Tarkhanwala, situated in the Shahpur tahsil of the Shahpur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Tarkhanwala.

No. 3911-L. G.-40/49849.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 3911-L.G.-40/49848, dated 7th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Tarkhanwala a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 3911-L. G.-40/49853.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Jalalpur, situated in the Khushab tahsil of the Shahpur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Jalalpur.

No. 3911-L.G.-40/49854.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 3911-L.G.-40/49853, dated 7th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Jalalpur a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 3911-L. G.-40/49858.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Chak No. 34- S. B., situated in the Sargodha tahsil of the Shahpur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Chak No. 34-S. B.

No. 3911-L. G.-40/49859.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 3911-L. G.-40/49858, dated 7th December, 1940, and in exercise of the Powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Chak No. 34-S. B. a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 3911-L. G.-40/49863.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Chak No. 27-S. B., situated in the Sargodha tahsil of the Shahpur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Chak No. 27-S. B.

No. 3911-L. G.-40/49864.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 3911-L. G.-40/49863, dated 7th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Chak No. 27-S. B, a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 3911-L.G.-40/49868.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Chak No. 25-S. B., situated in the Sargodha tahsil of the Shahpur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Chak No. 25-S. B.

No. 3911-L. G.-40/49869.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 3911-L. G.-40/49868, dated 7th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Chak No. 25-S. B. a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 3911-L. G.-40/49873.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Chak No. 26-S. B. situated in the Sargodha tahsil of the Shahpur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Chak No. 26-S. B.

No. 3911-L. G.-40/49874.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 3911-L. G.-40/49873, dated 7th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Gavernor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Chak No. 26-S. B. a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 3911-L.G.-40/49878.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Chak No. 38-S. B., situated in the Sargodha tahsil of the Shahpur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Chak No. 38-S. B.

No. 3911-L.G.-40/49879.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 3911-L. G. 40/49878, dated 7th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Chak No. 38-S. B. a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 3911-L. G.-40/49883.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estates of Naushehra and Thatta Muhd Panah, situated in the Shahpur tahsil of the Shahpur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Naushehra.

No. 3911-L. G.-40/49884.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 3911-L. G.-40/49883, dated 7th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governer of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Naushehra a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 3911-L.G.-40/49888.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Mohammad Shah, situated in the Khushab tahsil of the Shahpur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Mohammad Shah.

No. 3911-L. G.-40/49889.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 3911 L. G.-40/49888, dated 7th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers con-

ferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Mohammad Shah a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 3911-L. G.-40/49893.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Chak No. 98-S. B., situated in the Sargodha tahsil of the Shahpur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Chak No. 98-S.B.

No. 3911-L.G.-40/49894.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No 3911-L. G.-40/49893, dated 7th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Chak No. 98-S.B, a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 3911-L. G.40/49898.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenae estate of Chak No- 95-S.B. situated in the Sargodha tahsil of the Shahpur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Chak No. 95-S.B.

No. 3911-L. G.-40/49899.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 3911-L. G.-40/49898, dated 7th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Chak No, 95-S, B. a panchayat consisting of 3 panches

No. 3911-L. G -40/49903.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act. 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Chak No. 97-S.B. situated in the Sargodha tahsil of the Shahpur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Chak No. 97-S. B.

No. 3911-L. G.-40/49904.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 3911-L. G.-40/49903, dated 7th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Chak No 97-S. B, a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 3911-L. G. 40/49908 — In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased declare the revenue estate of Chak No. 93-S.B., situated in the Sargodha tahsil of the Shahpur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Chak No. 93-S. B.

No. 3911-L. G.-40/49909.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 3911-L. G. 40/49908. dated 7th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Chak No. 93-S.-B. a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 3911-L. G.-40/49913.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Chak No 92-S.B., situated in the Sargodha tahsil of the Shahpur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Chak No. 92-S.B.

No. 3911 L. G. 40/49914.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 3911 L, G.-40/49913, dated 7th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Chak No. 92-S. B. a panchayat consisting of 3 panches

No. 3911-L. G.-40/49918.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Chak No. 28-S. B., situated in the Sargodha tahsil of the Shahpur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Chak No. 28-S. B.

No. 3911-L. G.-40/49919.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 3911-L. G.-40/49918, dated 7th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Chak No. 28-S. B., a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 3911-L. G.-40/49923.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Chak No. 90-S. B., situated in the Sargodha tahsil of the Shahpur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Chak No. 90-S. B.

No. 3911-L. G.-40/49924.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 3911-L. G.-40/49923, dated 7th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Chak No. 90-S. B., a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 3911-L. G.-40/49928.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Thatti Ghanera, situated in the Khushab tahsil of the Shahpur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Thatti Ghanera.

No. 3911-L. G.-40/49929.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 3911-L. G. 40/49928, dated 7th December. 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panahayat area of Thatti Ghanera a panchayat consisting of 8 panches.

No. 3911-L. G.-40/49933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Chak No. 81-S. B., situated in the Sargodha tahsil of the Shahpur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Chak No. 81-S. B.

No. 3911-L. G.-40/49934.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 3911-L. G.-40/49933, dated 7th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Chak No. 81-S. B. a panchayat consisting of 8 panches.

No. 3911-L. G.-40/49938.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Chak No. 87-N. B., situated in the Sargodha tahsil of the Shahpur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Chak No. 87-N. B.

No. 3911-L. G.-40/49939.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 3911-L. G.-40/49938, dated 7th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Chak No. 87-N. B. a panchayat consisting of 8 panches.

No. 3911-L. G.-40/49943.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Mangowali, situated in the Shahpur tahsil of the Shhpur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Mangowali.

No. 3911-L. G.-40/49944.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 3911-L. G.-40/49943, dated 7th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Mangowali a panchayat consisting of 8 panches.

No. 3911-L. G.-40/49948.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Gunjial, situated in the Khushab tahsil of the Shahpur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Gunjial.

No. 3911-L. G.-40/49949.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 3911 L. G.-40/49948, dated 7th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Gunjial, a panchayat consisting of 6 panches.

No. 3911-L. G.-40/49953.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of chak No. 88-N. B., situated in the Shahpur tahsil of the Shahpur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of chak No. 88-N. B.

No. 3911-L. G.-40/49954.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 3911-L. G.-40/49953, dated 7th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in panchayat area of chak No. 88-N. B. a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 3911-L. G.-40/49958.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Kotli, situated in the Khushab tehsil of the Shahpur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Kotli.

No. 3911-L. G.-40/49959.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 3911-L. G.-40/49958, dated 7th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Kotli a panchayat consisting of three panches.

The 11th December, 1940.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50669.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Ferozepur, situated in the Nawashahr tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Ferozepur.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50670.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5450-L. G.-40/50669, dated 11th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Ferozepur a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50673.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Khan Khana, situated in the Nawashahr tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Khan Khana.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50674.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5450-L. G.-40/50673, dated 11th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Khan Khana a panchayat consisting of 5 panches.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50677.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Bharo Mazara, situated in the Nawashahr tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Bharo Mazara.

No. 5450 L. G.-40/50678.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5450 L. G.-40/50677, dated 11th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Bharo Mazara a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50681.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Mirpur Jattan, situated in the Nawashahr tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Mirpur Jattan.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50682.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5450-L. G.-40/50681, dated 11th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Mirpur Jattan a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 5450-L.G.-40/50685.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Babar Mazara, situated in the Nawashahr tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Babar Mazara.

No. 5450-L.-G.-40/50686.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5450-L. G.-40/50685, dated 11th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Babar Mazara a panchayat consisting af 3 panches.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50689.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Chak Mander, situated in the Nawashahr tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Chak Mander.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50690.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5450-L. G.-40/50689, dated 11th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Chak Mander a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50693.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Langroya, situated in the Nawashahr tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Langroya.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50694.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5450-L. G.-40/50693, dated 11th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Langroya a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 5450-L.G.-40/50697.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Kot Ranjha, situated in the Nawashahr tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Kot Ranjha.

No. 5450-L.G.-40/50698.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5450-L. G.-40/50697, dated 11th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Kot Ranjha a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 5450-L.G.-40/50701.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Bhaura, situated in the Nawashahr tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Bhaura.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50702.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5450-L. G.-40/50701, dated 11th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Bhaura, a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50705.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Jabbowal, situated in the Nawashahr tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Jabbowal.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50706.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5450-L. G.-40/50705, dated 11th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Jabbowal a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50850.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Barnala Kalan, situated in the Nawashahr tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Barnala Kalan.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50851.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5450-L. G.-40/50850, dated 11th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the Panchayat area of Barnala Kalan a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50854.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Garopar, situated in the Nawashahr tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Gorapar.

No. 5450-L. G. 40/50855.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5450-L. G.-40/50854, dated 11th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Garopar a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50858.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Babarwal, situated in the Nawashahr tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Babarwal.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50859.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5450-L. G.-40/50858, dated 11th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Babarwal a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50862.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Palli Unchi, situated in the Nawanshahr tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Palli Unchi.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50863.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5450-L. G.-40/50862, dated 11th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Palli Unchi a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50866.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Hiun situated in the Nawashahr tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Hiun.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50867.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No 5450-L. G.-40/50866, dated 11th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Hiun a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50870.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Dharam Kot situated in the Nawashahr tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Dharam Kot.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50871.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No 5450-L. G.-40/50870, dated 11th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Dharam Kot a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50874.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Soeta situated in the Nawashahr tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Soeta.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50875.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No 5450-L. G. 40/50874, dated 11th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Soeta a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50878.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Garhi Ajit Singh situated in the Nawashahr tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Garhi Ajit Singh.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50879.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5450-L. G.-40/50878, dated 11th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Garhi Ajit Singh a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50882.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Palian Kalan situated in the Nawashahr tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Palian Kalan.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50883.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5450-L. G.-40/50882, dated 11th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Palian Kalan a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50886.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Chakdana situated in the Nawashahr tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Chakdana.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50887.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5450-L. G.-40/50886, dated 11th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers confered by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Chakdana a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50889.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Lalpur situated in the Nawashahr tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Lalpur.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50890.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5450-L. G.-40/50889, dated 11th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers

conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Lalpur a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 5450-L.G.-40/50893.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Mahl Khurd situated in the Nawashahr tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Mahl Khurd.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50894.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5450-L. G.-40/50893, dated 11th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Mahl Khurd a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50897.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Orapar situated in the Nawashahr tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Orapar.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50898.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5450-L. G.-40/50897, dated 11th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Orapar a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50901.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Mallupota situated in the Nawashahr tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Mallupota.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/150902.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5450-L. G.-40/50901, dated 11th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Mallupota a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/150905.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Bering situated in the Jullundur tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Bering.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50906.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5450-L. G.-40/50905, dated 11th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Bering a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50909.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estates of Bharta Kalan, Talwandi Shibbu, Gopalpur, Lalewal, Garhi Bharti, Barnalakhurd and Ibrahimpur situated in the Nawashahr tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Bharta Kalan.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50910.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5450-L. G. 40/50909, dated 11th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Bharta Kalan a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 5450-L. G.- 40/50913.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Maqsoodpur situated in the Nawashahr tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Maqsoodpur.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50914.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5450 L. G.-40/50913, dated 11th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Maqsoodpur a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50917.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to

declare the revenue estate of Sansarpur situated in the Jullundur tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Sansarpur.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50918.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5450-L. G.-40/50917, dated 11th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of he Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Sansarpur a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50921.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Sangal Sohal situated in the Jullundur tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Sangal Sohal.

No. 5450-L. G-40/50922.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5450-L. G.-40/50921, dated 11th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Sangal Sohal a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50925.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Mahl Gilla situated in the Nawashahr tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Mahl Gilla.

No. 5450-L. G-40/50926.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5450-L. G.-40/50925, dated 11th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Mahl Gilla a panchayat consisting of 5 panches.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50929.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Ramewal situated in the Philaur tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Ramewal.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50930.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5450-L. G.-40/50929, dated 11th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Ramewal a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50933.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Laroya situated in the Nawashahr tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Laroya.

No. 5450-L. G.4-0/50934.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5450-L. G.-40/50933, dated 11th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Laroya a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50937.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estates of Majhoor, Muzaffarpur, Rakasan and Janian situated in the Nawashahr tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Majhoor.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50938.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5450-L. G.-40/50937, dated 11th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Majhoor a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50941.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Hussain Chak situated in the Nawashahr tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Hussain Chak.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50942.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5450-L. G.-40/50941, dated 11th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers

conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Hussain Chak a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 5450-L.G.-40/50945.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Jasso Muzara, situated in the Nawashahr tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Jasso Muzara.

No. 5450-L.G.-40/50946.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5450-L.G.-40/50945, dated 11th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Jasso Muzara a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 5450-L.G.-40/50949.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Ghataron, situated in the Nawashahr tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Ghataron.

No. 5450-L.G.-40/50950.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5450-L.G.-40/50949, dated 11th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Ghataron a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50953.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Talwandi Fatu, situated in the Nawashahr tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Talwandi Fatu.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50954.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5450-L. G.-40/50953, dated 11th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Talwandi Fatu a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50957.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Malla Bedian situated in the Nawashahr tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Malla Bedian.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50958.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5450-L. G.-40/50957, dated 11th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Malla Bedian a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50961.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Attari situated in the Nawashahr tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Attari.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50962.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5450-L. G.-40/50961, dated 11th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of he Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Attari a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50965.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Jadla situated in the Nawashahr tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Jadla.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50966.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5450-L. G.-40/50965, dated 11th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Jadla a panchayat consisting of 5 panches.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50969.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Nagra situated in the Jullundur tahsil of the Julundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Nagra.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50970.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5450 L. G.-40/50969, dated 11th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Nagra a panchayat consisting of three panches.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50973.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Feroze situated in the Jullundur tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Feroze.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50974.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5450-L. G.-40/50973, dated 11th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Feroze a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50977.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Muzaffarpur situated in the Jullundur tahsil of the Jullund r district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Muzaffarpur.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50978.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5450-L. G.-40/50977, dated 11th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Muzaffarpur a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50981.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab, is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Kala Bahian situated in the Jullundur tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Kala Bahian.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50982.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5450-L. G.-40/50981, dated 11th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Kala Bahian a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50985.—In exercise of the powers conferered by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Kangniwala, situated in the Jullundur tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Kangniwala.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50986.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5450-L. G. 40/50985, dated 11th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Kangniwala a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50989.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Jandu Singha, situated in the Nawashahr tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Jandu Singha.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50990.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5450-L. G.-40/50989, dated 11th December, 1940 and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Jandu Singha a panchayat consisting of 5 panches.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50993.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Salempur Masandan, situated in the Jullundur tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Salempur Masandan.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50994.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5450-L. G.-40/50993, dated 11th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Salempur Masandan a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50997.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to

declare the revenue estate of Chandpur, situated in the Jullundur tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Chandpur.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/50998.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5450-L. G. 40/50997, dated 11th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Chandpur, a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/51001.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Biaspind, situated in the Jullundur tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Biaspind.

No 5450-L. G.-40/51002.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5450-L. G.-40/51001, dated 11th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab, is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Biaspind a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/51005.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Kotla situated in the Jullundur tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Kotla.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/51006.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5450-L. G.-40/51005, dated 11th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Kotla a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/51009.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Lamba Pind situated in the Jullundur tahsil of the Jullundur district to be panchayat area to be known by the name of Lamba Pind.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/51010.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5450-L. G.-40/51009, dated 11th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Lamba Pind a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/51013.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Dhadha situated in the Jullundur tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Dhadha.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/51014.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5450-L. G.-40/51013, dated 11th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Dhadha a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/51017.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Paragpur situated in the Jullundur tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Paragpur.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/51018.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5450-L. G.-40/51017, dated 11th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Paragpur a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/51021.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Puranpur situated in the Jullundur tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Puranpur.

No. 5450-L. G.-40/51022.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5450-L. G.-40/51021, dated 11th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Puranpur a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

Notified Areas.

The 7th December, 1940.

No. 4906-C.-40/50037.—The following by-laws made by the Notified Area Committee of **Wasawewala**, in the Montgomery district, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 188 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Notified Area of **Wasawewala**, on the 27th day of January, 1941 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. All files relating to items in the agenda to be transacted in the next meeting of the Committee shall be made available for the inspection of the members of the Notified Area Committee as soon as the copy of the agenda is issued to them and the Secretary shall provide necessary facilities for inspection of the files.

2. Any member of the Committee may inspect any municipal file without payment of any fee but he is not authorised to inspect a file or files concerning a case in which he is personally interested.

3. No member or official of the Committee except the President shall remove files from the Notified Area Committee's office. The inspection allowed by by-laws 1 and 2 shall be made at the Notified Area Committee's office.

4. No member of the public is authorised to inspect the municipal files except the minutes of the meetings of the Committee's or of a Sub-Committee ; but if any person is permitted to inspect records other than the proceedings of the meetings of the Committee or of a Sub-Committee, he shall pay Re. 1 for the first hour and annas eight for any subsequent hour or part thereof.

5. Any member of the public who wishes to inspect the municipal records other than the proceedings of the meeting of the Committee or of Sub-Committee under by-law 4 shall make an application in writing to the Secretary; and if he is permitted by the President or the Vice-President or the Secretary ; of the Committee to examine them shall pay Re. 1 in advance. This sum shall in no case be returned, but if he inspects the records it shall be deducted from the inspection fee referred to in by-law 4.

6. The inspection allowed by by-law 4 shall be made in the office of the Secretary of the Committee under his supervision or under the supervision of the officer appointed by him for the said purpose.

7 (A). A member of the public may obtain copies of the resolutions of the Committee and the Sub-Committees or any other record, except those mentioned in by-law 9 with the permission of the President or Vice-President on payment of the following fees :—

	(a) *English or Roman Urdu or mixed.*	*Vernacular.*
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
First two hundred words or under	0 12 0	0 6 0
Every additional hundred words or fraction thereof.	0 6 0	0 3 0

These rates include the cost of paper which will be supplied by the Committee.

(b) For field maps, boundary maps and tabular works (plans and registers) a special fee shall be fixed by the President or Vice-President or Secretary of the Committee but this fee should always be a multiple of Re. 0-2-0.

(c) Application for urgent copies, i.e., copies to take precedence of other copying work shall pay a uniform extra charge of one rupee or of such other amount as the President or the Vice-President may direct.

Note.—For the purpose of the above rule the extra fee to be charged shall be fixed for each copy of the record. In case of doubt whether a resolution is separate or not the decision of the President or the Vice-President shall be final.

(d) A search fee of 8 annas per year may be charged in cases in which an unreasonable amount of trouble has been caused in finding the original record.

(e) Any person may inspect the register of Birth and Death on payment of fee of one rupee and shall be entitled to receive a certified copy of an entry in a Birth or Death Register on payment of a fee of 8 annas, provided that in case where insufficient or incorrect information is supplied by an applicant a further fee of 4 annas may be charged in respect of every calendar year for which the registers have to be searched.

(f) Ordinary copies will be supplied within a week.

(B) All the above applications for copies shall be made in writing on thick and white paper giving particulars of the copies required with the fees mentioned in the by-laws credited to Notified Area Fund in advance.

8. Copies from the records of the Committee may be granted with the permission of the President or the Vice-President on payment of fees at the rates prescribed in by-law 7 above if the President holds that the granting of such copies is not prejudicial to the interests of the Committee.

9. No copy shall be granted in the following cases :—

(1) Government Circulars.

(2) Letters from Government Officers addressed to the Committee.

(3) Intermediatory reports of the Municipal Commissioners, Officials and other intermediatory statements.

(4) Remarks or opinions made by the Revenue or other officers of the district on Notified Area cases.

Medical.

The 7th December, 1940.

No. 5823-M.-40/50026.—*Corrigendum.*—For the words " condemned milk " occurring in line 7 of Punjab Government notification No. 4766-M.-40/45105, dated the 9th November, 1940, the words " condensed milk " shall be substituted.

Public Health.

The 6th December, 1940.

No. 5437-M.-40/49555.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 1 of the Punjab Pure Food Act, 1929, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to extend to the Municipality of **Bhakkar,** in the Mianwali district, with effect from the date of publication of this notification, the provisions of sections 3 to 22 of the said **Act**, in respect of all articles of food and drink.

No. 5437-M.-40/49558.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Pure Food Act, 1929, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to appoint the Chemist of the Public Health Department to be a Public Analyst for the Municipality of **Bhakkar,** in the Mianwali district, in respect of all articles of food and drink.

RAM CHANDRA,
Secretary to Government, Punjab,
Medical and Local Government Departments.

426 CS—1159—13.12.40—SGPP Lahore.

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PART I—A.

Punjab Government Notifications and Orders.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Boards.

The 16th December, 1940.

No. 4615-L.-G.-40/51457.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*e*) of sub-section (1) of section 242 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following directions in respect of the term of office of presidents of Notified Area Committees :—

(1) If a president is appointed by virtue of his office, the person for the time being holding the office shall be president until the Provincial Government shall otherwise direct.

(2) The term of office of a president appointed by name shall be three years or the residue of his term of office as member, whichever is less.

2. Punjab Government notification No. 28216, dated the 7th November, 1927, is hereby cancelled.

No. 5983-L.G.-40/51464.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 3871-L.G.-40/38243, dated the 24th September, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 55 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, and section 19 of the Punjab General Clauses Act, 1898. The Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendments to the District Board Account Code, 1926 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. After rule 51, the following new rule shall be inserted :—

"51-A. Standard measurements of buildings may be maintained in order to facilitate the preparation of estimates for periodical repairs. When such standard books are maintained, they may also be used for the purpose of preparing contractor's bills for such

repairs so that it may not be necessary to take detailed measurements on each occasion. Such books shall be kept in accordance with the following rules :—

RULES.

1. The measurement books used as standard books shall be numbered in an alphabetical series, so that the numbers may be readily distinguishable from those assigned to the ordinary measurement books wherein detailed measurements are recorded, whenever work is actually done.

2. The entries of measurements (and abstracts thereof) in the standard books shall be recorded legibly in ink by an Engineering Subordinate and certified as correct by the District Engineer.

3. The District Engineer shall maintain a register of these measurement books in form 31-A which shall be kept under lock and key in his personal custody. No book shall be entered in this register nor shall a number be assigned to it unless and until it has been checked and approved by the District Engineer.

4. When a payment is based upon standard measurements, the District Engineer shall certify that the whole of the work (or work since previous running bill as the case may be) as per standard measurements has been done and that it has not been previously billed for in any shape.

5. The District Engineer shall exercise a check over the completion of standard measurement books from time to time by personally examining each book at least once a year. For this purpose these books will be received in the District Engineer's office by the 1st May each year. They shall then be compared with the register of standard measurement books in order to ensure that all books have been submitted for inspection. They shall be subjected to such scrutiny as the District Engineer may direct. A comparison of those books with the accounts of expenditure and the record of connected measurements relating to estimates for additions, alterations or special repairs to buildings and works shall, however, form a special feature of the check to be applied. The District Engineer shall personally attest and certify the correctness of all additions and alterations in these standard measurement books.

NOTE.—A record of the results of the scrutiny shall be retained for audit purposes.

6. The Chairman shall periodically obtain an assurance from the District Engineer by the 15th of June each year that all the standard measurement books have been inspected by him (the District Engineer), that the entries made therein have not been tampered with, that all corrections due to additions and alterations in the buildings have been incorporated in the books within one month of the closing of the accounts of the estimates therefor and that these books are reliable and up-to-date records.

2. After form No. 31 the following new form shall be inserted :—

" Form No. 31-A. **Rule 51-A.**

Stock Book of Standard Measurement Books.

Serial No. Alphabetical.	Tahsils.	Particular of work,		District Engineer's initial in token of check	Date.	REMARKS.
		Name of building.	Pages			

No. 5781-L.G.-40/51467.—The following draft of an amendment of the Municipal Account Code, 1930 (revised edition) which the Governor of the Punjab proposes to make, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 3rd February, 1941, together with any objection or suggestion which may be received by the Punjab Government, from any person, with respect to the draft, before that date :—

DRAFT AMENDMENT.

In rule XII·4 (1-A) the following words shall be inserted between the words " or Vice-President " and the words " and one member of the Committee " :—

" or the Executive Officer where such an officer has been appointed ".

The 17th December, 1940.

No. 5778-L.G.-40/51763.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (5) of section 31 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, the Governor of the Punjab is

pleased to make the following amendments to the tax, the imposition of which, by the District Board of **Montgomery**, was notified in Punjab Government notification No. 6839-L.G.-38/36448, dated the 2nd November, 1938. These amendments shall have effect from the 1st April, 1941 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. The words "revenue estates", and "Gugera" occurring in the preamble of the notification shall be substituted by the words "abadi deh" and "Chak 32-G.D., also known as Gugera Saddr."

2. The word "Haveli" occurring in the preamble shall be deleted.

3. The words "or the number of ploughs" occurring in paragraph 2 of the "Description of tax" shall be deleted.

4. The words "during that year" occurring at the end of the third proviso to paragraph 2 of the "Description of tax" shall be deleted.

No. 5778-L.G.-40/51766.—In pursuance of the provisions of sections 71 and 73 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendments to the "Directions" notified with Punjab Government notification No. 6839-L.G.-38/42593, dated the 20th December, 1938. These amendments shall come into force with effect from the 1st April, 1941 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. The word "haisiyat" occurring in direction No. 1 shall be deleted.

2. The words "who shall be paid a remuneration of five per cent for its collection" shall be added at the end of direction No. 3.

The 18th December, 1940.

No. 5049-C.-40/52177.—The following regulations made by the District Board of **Dera Ghazi Khan**, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 56 and 57 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by subsection 2 of section 56 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of **Dera Ghazi Khan**, on the 29th day of January, 1941 :—

REGULATIONS.

PART I.—GENERAL.

1. In these regulations, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context—

(1) "Board" means the District Board of Dera Ghazi Khan.

(2) "Committee" means a Committee appointed under the provisions of regulation 3.

(3) "Estate" has the meaning assigned to it by section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887.

(4) "Specified estate" means an estate to which these regulations, or any of them, have been applied.

2. The Board may apply these regulations, or any of them, to any estate in the district not being a panchayat area notified under section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, in the following manner :—

(a) by resolution declare the intention of the Board to apply these regulations to the said estate ;

(b) publish the resolution in the said estate inviting objections to the proposal within one month of the date of such publication ;

(c) after the expiration of the period during which objections may be filed under clause (b) consider such objections as are received and order the application of all or any of these regulations to the said estate.

3. (1) A Committee consisting of not less than three and not more than five members shall be appointed by the Board from amongst the inhabitants of the said estate to carry out the purposes of these regulations :—

Provided as follows :—

(a) the personnel of the Committee shall be subject to the approval of the Deputy Commissioner, and the Board shall adopt any suggestion the Deputy Commissioner may make in this respect ;

(b) Where the Deputy Commissioner is himself a member of the Board, the approval of the Commissioner of the Division shall be necessary, and the Board shall adopt any suggestions the Commissioner may make in this respect.

(2) (a) A member of a Committee shall hold office for a term of two years.

(b) The Board may, and if required by the Commissioner shall, remove any member who has been guilty of any disgraceful conduct or of misconduct in the discharge of his duties.

(c) When a vacancy occurs in the case of a member by his death, resignation duly accepted, or removal, the Board may, subject to the approval of the Deputy Commissioner or the Commissioner, as the case may be, appoint to the vacancy such person as it may think fit.

(d) Every such person shall remain a member for the residue of the term of office of the member in whose stead he was appointed.

(e) An outgoing member shall be eligible for re-appointment.

(3) In all matters covered by Parts I to VII of these regulations the Committee shall be the agent of the Board, and subordinate to the Board, and shall comply with all orders of the Board, issued or purporting to be issued under these regulations.

4. If a Committee neglects or refuses to perform any duty, imposed on it by these regulations, the Board may perform or cause to be performed such duty; and anything done by the Board in exercise of the powers conferred by these regulations shall be deemed to have been done by the Committee.

5. Any party aggrieved by an order of the Committee may, within fourteen days of the order, appeal to the Board; and any Committee aggrieved by an order of the Board, may within one month of the order, appeal to the Deputy Commissioner or, if the Deputy Commissioner is a member of the Board, to the Commissioner, Multan Division. The order passed in appeal by the Board, Deputy Commissioner, or Commissioner, as the case may be, shall be final.

PART II—CONSERVANCY SCAVENGING AND DRAINAGE.

6. In any specified estate no person, being the owner or occupier of any building, shall keep or knowingly allow to be kept, for more than twenty-four hours, otherwise than in some proper receptacle, any dirt, rubbish, dung, bones, ashes, night-soil, filth or offensive matter in or upon such building and the premises attached thereto or suffer any such receptacle to be in a filthy state.

7. In any specified revenue estate no person shall throw or deposit, or permit his servants or members of his household to throw or deposit, refuse, rubbish or offensive matter of any kind in any place outside his premises except in such places as have been approved by the Committee for the collection of such refuse, rubbish or offensive matter.

Explanation.—(1) Under these regulations the head of the household is responsible for the acts of his family, children and servants, and of all persons residing temporarily or permanently in the compound of any such person shall be considered to be his dependants for the purposes of this Act.

(2) Easing one's self amounts to depositing offensive matter.

8. In a specified estate no person shall collect night-soil, manure or sweepings anywhere within the *abadi* in the case of old villages, and anywhere inside the circular road in the case of new colony chaks; nor shall any person collect night-soil, manure or sweepings except in pits dug in such places and in such manner as the Committee may approve and all night-soil so collected shall be properly and sufficiently covered with fresh earth.

9. Should the occupier of any building or land suffer the same to be in a filthy state, the Committee may, by notice in writing, require him, within a reasonable period to be specified in the notice, to cleanse the same or otherwise put it in a proper state and thereafter to keep it in a clean and proper state. If the occupier fails to carry out the order, the Committee may have the work carried out through its own agency and recover the expenses incurred in so doing from the person concerned.

10. The Committee's approval shall be required for all places selected for the deposit of night-soil, refuse, rubbish or offensive matter of all kinds and for the disposal of the dead bodies of animals.

11. The Committee shall, if the person or persons collecting night-soil, refuse, rubbish, manure or sweepings or carrying on such occupations have no site suitable for the purpose, make an application to the Board for the acquisition of land at a distance of two hundred yards from the village abadi; and the Board shall forthwith proceed to acquire land for the purpose. If a site considered by the Board to be suitable and sufficient for the purpose is so acquired, the persons collecting such night-soil, refuse, rubbish, manure or sweepings or carrying on such occupations shall for the future collect such night-soil, refuse, rubbish, manure or sweepings and pursue such occupations only on those sites which shall be allotted to them and be demarcated by the Committee; and if such site is not acquired, they may continue to collect night-soil, refuse, manure or sweepings or carrying on their occupation in the village.

12. Regulations 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11 shall not apply to any place more than 200 yards from any house or habitation.

13. The Committee may by notice in writing of not less than a week require the owner or occupier of any building or land in any specified estate—

(a) to provide, remove, repair, alter or close any drain, privy, latrine, urinal, cesspool or other receptacle for filth or refuse;

(b) to have any privy, latrine or urinal shut out by a sufficient roof, walls or fence from the view of the public;

(c) to cleanse, repair, cover, fill up or drain off any private well, tank, reservoir, pool, depression or excavation which may appear to the committee to be injurious to health or offensive to the neighbourhood;

(d) to provide clean and keep in good condition cess pits and pipes for receiving and carrying off water and sullage from his building or land; and

(e) to provide for discharging the same so as not to inconvenience persons passing along a street or thoroughfare.

PART III.

Control of tanneries, hide-dressing and stocking of bones.

14. No place within a specified revenue estate shall be used for the purpose of stocking bones, dressing-hides or as a tannery without the permission in writing of the Board obtained through the Committee. The owner of any such place in use at the time these regulations are applied to an estate shall obtain such permission within two months of such application.

15. The permission referred to in regulation 14 may be withheld if the Board considers that the business which it is intended to establish or maintain would be the cause of annoyance or offence to or danger to the health of, persons residing in or frequenting the immediate neighbourhood.

PART IV.

Excavations.

16. No person shall make any excavation within 200 yards of any house or of any source of drinking water in a specified estate without the previous permission in writing of the Board obtained by an application through the Committee which shall set out in detail the site, length, width and depth of the excavation it is intended to make, and the purpose for making it:

Provided that no such permission shall be necessary in the case of excavations made as foundations of buildings if the same are filled up with masonry within a period of one month from the date of excavation.

PART V.

17. With the approval of the Board, the Committee may set apart or provide suitable places for the purpose of bathing, washing of animals or clothes, and doing other acts likely to pollute water, and may, by public notice, prohibit bathing or washing of animals or clothes or the doing of any such act in any public place not so set apart.

PART VI.

Cleansing and protection of springs, tanks, ponds and the like.

18. The Committee may, by public notice fixed near a spring, tank, pond, well, baoli, or the like, prohibit either permanently or temporarily for a specified period the use of private receptacles for drawing water from such spring, tank, pond, well, baoli, or the like, and the Board shall provide the necessary lifting

apparatus to be used thereon; and the Committee may cause such spring, tank, pond, well, baoli or the like, to be disinfected.]

19. No person shall—

(a) throw any rubbish, filth or any other unwholesome or objectionable articles into a tank, pond, well, or baoli;

(b) wash or soak skins, leather or any other dirty substance in a tank, pond, well or baoli;

(c) permit water from a drain to flow into a tank, pond, well or baoli.

20. No person shall within a radius of one hundred feet (or such greater distance as may be prescribed by the Committee) of a spring, tank, pond, well, baoli, or tube-well the water of which is used for drinking purposes—

(a) place any rubbish, filth, or offensive matter;

(b) ease himself or urinate;

(c) wash animals, clothes or utensils or water any animals.

21. No water shall be used for filling a tank or pond unless it is obtained from a source, and conveyed through a channel, approved by the Committee.

22. No person shall bathe at or within a distance of twenty feet of a well or baoli or spring.

23. The owner in charge of a well, tank, pond or baoli shall carry out such measures as the Committee may prescribe for preventing the pollution of water in such well, tank, pond or baoli.

24. When so required by the Committee, the owner or the person responsible for the maintenance or repair of a well, spring or baoli shall—

(a) build, of the type and of the material specified, a drain, cistern or flooring to prevent the flow of surface water, or the water of any drain into the well, spring or baoli;

(b) provide the well, spring or baoli with a suitable covering to prevent pollution from natural causes such as the falling in of leaves or fruit of trees or the excreta of birds;

(c) provide the well, spring or baoli with a parapet wall of the height and type specified;

(d) provide the well, spring or baoli with the necessary lifting apparatus (for drawing water) of such a design that it does not necessitate the handling by any individual of any bucket or utensil introduced into the well, spring or baoli for the drawing of water; and

(e) render the lining of the well impervious to contamination.

25. The owner or the person responsible for the maintenance or repairs of a spring, well, tank, pond, baoli or the like shall, when so required by the Committee, have it cleansed or repaired to the satisfaction of the Committee. In the event of such person failing for a period of two weeks after such requisition to execute the work, the Committee may have the work performed through its own agency and recover the expense incurred in so doing from the person concerned.

PART VII.

Provision and supervision of burial and burning places.

26. After the application of these regulations to any estate, no burial or burning ground shall be made or formed within one mile of any house in the said estate without the permission in writing of the Board obtained by application through the Committee.

27. The Board may, by public notice, order any burial or burning ground which is certified by the District Medical Officer of Health to be dangerous to the health of persons living in the neighbourhood, to be closed and shall, in such case, if no suitable place for burning or burial exists within reasonable distance, forthwith proceed to acquire land for the purpose:

Provided that in regard to any private burial or burning ground so certified by the District Medical Officer of Health, instead of ordering its closure, the Board may impose such conditions as may be considered sufficient to obviate the danger referred to, and the person responsible for the maintenance and repairs shall comply with all such conditions.

28. Any person who commits a breach of any of the regulations 6 to 10, 13, 14 and 16 to 27 or is guilty of a disobedience of any notice issued under these regulations, shall be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and in the case

of a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day during which the breach or disobedience is continued after the offender has been convicted of such breach or disobedience.

Committees.

The 16th December, 1940.

No. 5045-C.-40/51576.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Nakodar**, in the Jullundur district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 188, 197 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Nakodar**, on the 3rd February, 1941 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. No person shall within the Municipality sell wholesale or by auction any fruit, vegetable or sugarcane in premises other than premises licensed for the purpose by the Committee.

2. Any person wishing to obtain a licence for premises to be used for the sale, wholesale, or by auction of any fruit, vegetables or sugarcane may apply to the Secretary of the Committee and if the application is sanctioned by the Committee a licence shall be issued by the Secretary of the Committee on payment of a licence fee at the rate of Rs. 25 per annum or Rs. 3 for a month or a part of it, if a licence is taken out for a period of less than one year.

3. Every licence issued under by-law 2 shall be subject to the following conditions—

(a) that the licensee shall keep the licensed premises in a clean and sanitary condition to the satisfaction of the Sanitary Inspector and shall not allow refuse to be placed anywhere except at a place fixed for the purpose ;

(b) that the licensee shall not keep on the licensed premises any vegetable, fruit or sugarcane which is unfit for human consumption or is declared to be so by the Sanitary Inspector of the Committee or by any officer authorised by the Committee in this behalf.

4. The Committee may by an order in writing, suspend any licence for a breach of any of the conditions thereof.

5. Any person who commits a breach of by-law 1 and every licensee who commits a breach of the conditions of his licence shall, on conviction by a Magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees and if the breach is a continuing breach with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which such breach continues.

The 17th December, 1940.

No. 5591-L. G.-40/51691.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (10) of section 62 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the Municipal Committee of **Rawalpindi,** has with the previous sanction of the Governor of the Punjab made the following amendment to the tax, the imposition of which was notified with Punjab Government notification No. 24507, dated the 7th October, 1922, as subsequently amended. The amendment shall come into force within the Municipality of **Rawalpindi,** with effect from the 20th March, 1941 :—

AMENDMENT.

The following proviso shall be added after the first proviso, namely :—

"Provided also that carts using pneumatic rubber tyres will be granted a reduction of 50 per cent."

The 18th December, 1940.

No. 5080-C.-40/52114.—The following draft rules, which the Governor of the Punjab proposes to make, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 240 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, are published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby. The draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 29th day of January, 1941, together with any objection or suggestion which may be received by the Punjab Government from any person with respect to the draft before that date :—

RULES.

1. The Deputy Commissioner of Ludhiana shall, in consultation with the Municipal Committee of Raikot, cause to be prepared an accurate plan of the Municipality of Raikot, drawn to a scale of not less than one inch to fifty feet, showing thereon all public streets and other immovable property vested in the Committee.

2. The Deputy Commissioner shall also cause to be prepared a *khasra* of the streets and other properties specified in rule 1 in Form "B" appended to these rules.

3. The Deputy Commissioner shall cause the plan and *khasra*, when ready, to be published in such manner as he deems fit, together with a notice intimating the date not less than two months from the date of the notice by which objections from any person with regard to entries on the plan and *khasra* may be presented to the Revising Authority appointed under rule 5 and the time and place at which the plan and *khasra* may be inspected.

4. The Deputy Commissioner shall arrange to allow any person to inspect the plan and *khasra* during the hours and at the place specified in the notice on any day which is not a public holiday.

5. The Deputy Commissioner shall appoint an Assistant Commissioner or Extra Assistant Commissioner on the district staff to be the Revising Authority for the purpose of hearing objections relating to the plan or *khasra*.

6. When the plan and *khasra* have been published under the provisions of rule 3, objections in respect of entries on the plan and *khasra* may be presented to the Revising Authority, appointed under rule 5, between the hours of ten o'clock in the morning and four o'clock in the afternoon of any day the period specified in the notice issued under rule 3, which is not a public holiday.

7. The Revising Authority shall maintain a register of objections in Form A in which he shall cause to be entered at the time of receipt particulars of every objection received.

8. Any person aggrieved by any order, which the Revising Authority may pass, may, within seven days from the date of such order, apply to the Deputy Commissioner for revision of the order; and the Deputy Commissioner, after giving notice to the parties concerned and hearing any representation which they may wish to make, may confirm it or set it aside, and pass such other orders with respect to the objection which he may deem fit.

9. After the objections, if any, have been disposed of, the Deputy Commissioner shall cause the plan and *khasra* to be corrected, if necessary, in accordance with the orders passed on the objections, and shall then have the amended plan and *khasra*, or a fresh copy of it, published for general information.

10. The original plan and *khasra* shall remain in the custody of the Deputy Commissioner, and a copy thereof duly certified by the Deputy Commissioner to be correct, shall be furnished to the Municipal Committee of Raikot.

11. The Deputy Commissioner may employ such staff as is required for the preparation of the plan and *khasra* and the Municipal Committee of Raikot shall be liable for the cost of pay and other incidental expenses connected with the staff and the preparation of the documents mentioned above, and also for the cost of pay or any other expenditure connected with the appointment of the Revising Authority.

Form A.

[RULE 7.]

Register of objections.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Serial No.	Name, parentage and address of the objector.	Date of presentation of objection with the initials of the officer to whom the objection is presented.	Nature of the objection.	Date of decision.	Summary of decision.	Signature of Revising Authority.	Decision by Deputy Commissioner, if any.	Signature of official by whom effect was given to the decision of the Revising Authority or of the Deputy Commissioner, and date.

Form B.

[RULE 2.]

MUNICIPAL COMMITTEE, RAIKOT.

Survey Register.

1	2	3			4								5		6	7
					MEASUREMENT IN FEET AND INCHES.								AREA IN SQUARE YARDS AND DECIMALS.			
					North.		*East.*		*West.*		*South.*					
Plan sheet.	*Khasra* No.	Name of *Mohalla* or *Bazar*	Name of *Gali*.	Description of property.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Feet.	Inches.	Square yards.	Decimals.	Possessor's name with father's name, caste, occupation and present address.	REMARKS.

The 18th December, 1940.

No. 5065-C.-40/52117.—The following amendment made by the Municipal Committee of **Jagraon**, in the Ludhiana district, to its by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 436-C.-37/8276, dated the 27th February, 1937, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is published for General information, and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Jagraon**, on the 29th day of January, 1941 :—

AMENDMENT.

In form " A " for the words " Date by which the order of the Committee must be communicated to the applicant ______________ *(to be filled in red ink)*" *substitute* the words " Date by which orders of the committee must be passed [under section 193 (4)] ______________ *(to be filled in red ink)* ".

Panchayats.

The 18th December, 1940.

No. 5260-L. G.-40/51930.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Shafipur, situated in the Jullundur tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Shafipur.

No. 5260-L. G.-40/51931.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5260-L. G.-40/51930, dated 18th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Shafipur, a panchayat consistingof 3 panches.

No. 5260-L.G.-40/51934.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab, is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Mand, situated in the Jullundur tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Mand.

No. 5260-L. G.-40/51935.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5260-L. G.-40/51934, dated 18th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Mand a panchayat, consisting of 3 panches.

No. 5260-L.G.-40/51938.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Gill, situated in the Jullundur tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Gill.

No. 5260-L.G.-40/51939.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5260-L. G.-40,51938, dated 18th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Gill, a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 5260-L. G.-40/51942.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Fateh Jalal, situated in the Jullundur tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Fateh Jalal.

No. 5260-L. G.-40/51943.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5260-L. G.-40/51942, dated 18th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Fateh Jalal, a panchaya' consisting of 3 panches.

No. 5260-L. G.-40/51946.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Khehra, situated in the Jullundur tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Khehra.

No. 5260-L.G.-40/51947.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No 5260-L. G.-40/51946, dated 18th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Khehra a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 5260-L. G.-40/51950.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Lidran, situated in the Jullundur tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Lidran.

No. 5260-L. G.-40/51951.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5260-L. G.-40/51950, dated 18th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Lidran a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 5260-L. G.-40/51954.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Dingerian situated in the Jullundur tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Dingerian.

No. 5260-L. G.-40/51955.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5260-L. G.-40/51954, dated 18th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Dingerian, a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 5260-L.G.-40/51958.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Dhelehta, situated in the Phillaur tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Dhelehta.

No. 5260-L. G.-40/51959.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5260-L. G.-40/51958, dated 18th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Dhelehta, a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 5260-L.G.-40/51962.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Kariana, situated in the Phillaur tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Kariana.

No. 5260-L.G.-40/51963.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5260-L.G.-40/51962, dated 18th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Kariana, a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 5260-L.G.-40/51966.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Massani situated in the Phillaur tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Massani.

No. 5260-L.G.-40/51967.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5260-L.G.-40/51966, dated 18th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Massani, a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 5260-L.G.-40/51970.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare

the revenue estate of Baqapur, situated in the Philaur tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Baqapur.

No. 5260-L.G.-40/51971.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5260-L.G.-40/51970, dated 18th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Baqapur, a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 5260-L.G.-40/51974.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Aqalpur, situated in the Phillaur tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Aqalpur.

No. 5260-L.G.-40/51975—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5260-L.G.-40/51974, dated 18th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Aqalpur, a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 5260-L. G.-40/51978.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Lassara situated in the Phillaur tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Lassara.

No. 5260-L.G.-40/51979.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5260-L.G.-40/51978, dated 18th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Lassara, a panchayat consisting of 5 panches.

No. 5260-L.G.-40/51982.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Kot Badal Khan, situated in the Phillaur tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Kot Badal Khan.

No. 5260-L.G.-40/51983.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5260-L.G.-40/51982, dated 18th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Kot Badal Khan, a panchayat consisting of 5 panches.

No. 5260-L. G.-40/51987.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estates of Katpalon, Ashaur, Fatehgarh and Lakha, situated in the Phillaur tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Katpalon.

No. 5260-L. G.-40/51988.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5260-L. G.-40/51987, dated 18th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Katpalon, a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 5260-L.G.-40/51991.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Sarhal Mundi situated in the Philaur tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Sarhal Mundi.

No. 5260-L.G.-40/51992.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5260-L. G. 40/51991, dated 18th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Sarhal Mundi, a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 5260-L. G.-40/51995.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Sahlon, situated in the Nawashahr tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Sahlon.

No. 5260-L. G.-40/51996.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5260-L. G.-40/51995, dated 18th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Sahlon, a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 5260-L. G.-40/51999.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Musapur, situated in the Nawashahr tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Musapur.

No. 5260-L. G.-40/52000.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5260-L.G.-40/51999, dated 18th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Musapur, a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 5260-L. G.-40/52003.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Dhanduha, situated in the Nawashahr tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a panchayat area to the known by the name of Dhanduha.

No. 5260-L. G.-40/52004.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5260-L.G.-40/52003, dated 18th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Dhanduha, a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 5260-L. G.40/52007.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Lodhipur, situated in the Nawashahr tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Lodhipur.

No. 5260-L. G.-40/52008.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5260-L. G.-40/52007, dated 18th December, 1940, and in exercise of the power conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of th Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Lodhipur, a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 5260-L. G.-40/52011. —In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Langeri, situated in the Nawashahr tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Langeri.

No. 5260-L. G.-40/52012.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5260-L.G.-40/52011, dated 18th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Langeri, a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 5260-L. G.-40/52015.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Shikohpur situated in the Nawashahr tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Shikohpur.

No. 5260-L. G.-40/52016.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5260-L.G.-40/52015, dated 18th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Shikohpur, a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 5260-L. G.-40/52019.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Kat, situated in the Nawashahr tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Kat.

No. 5260-L. G.-40/52020.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5260-L.G.-40/52019, dated 18th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Kat, a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 5260-L. G.-40/52023.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Lakhpur, situated in the Nawashahr tahsil of the Jullunnur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Lakhpur.

No. 5260-L.G.-40/52024.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5260-L.G.-40/52023, dated 18th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Lakhpur, a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 5260-L. G.-40/52027.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Jagatpur, situated in the Nawashahr tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Jagatpur.

No. 5260-L. G.-40/52028.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5260-L. G.-40/52027, dated 18th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab

is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Jagatpur, a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 5260-L. G.-40/52031.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Mukandpur, situated in the Nawashahr tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Mukandpur.

No. 5260-L. G.-40/52032.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5260-L. G.-40/52031, dated 18th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Mukandpur, a panchayat consisting of 5 panches.

No. 5260-L. G.-40/52035.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Chak Bilgan, situated in the Nawashahr tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Chak Bilgan.

No. 5260-L.G.-40/52036.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5260-L. G.-40/52035, dated 18th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Chak Bilgan, a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 5260-L. G.-40/52039.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Bahram, situated in the Nawashahr tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Bahram.

No. 5260-L. G.-40/52040.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5260-L. G.-40/52039, dated 18th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Bahram, a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 5260-L. G.-40/52043.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Bahmanian, situated in the Nakodar tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Bahmanian.

No. 5260-L. G.-40/52044.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5260-L. G.-40/52043, dated 18th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Bahmanian, a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 4260-L. G.-40/52046.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Kotli Gazran, situated in the Nakodar tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Kotli Gazran.

No. 5260-L. G.-40/52047.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5260-L. G.-40/52046, dated 18th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Kotli Gazran, a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 5260-L.G.-40/52050.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Khanpur Rajputan, situated in the Nakodar tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Khanpur Rajputan.

No. 5260-L. G.-40/52051.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5260-L. G.-40/52050, dated 18th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Khanpur Rajputan, a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 5260-L. G.-40/52054.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Baghela, situated in the Nakodar tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Baghela.

No. 5260-L. G.-40/52055.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5260-L. G.-40/52054, dated 18th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Baghela, a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 5260-L. G.-40/52058.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Lasuri, situated in the Nakodar tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Lasuri.

No. 5260-L.G.-40/52059.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5260-L. G.-40/52058, dated 18th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Lasuri a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 5260-L.G.-40/52062.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Khurrampur, situated in the Nakodar tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Khurrampur.

No. 5260-L.G.-40/52063.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5260-L. G.-40/52062, dated 18th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Khurrampur a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 5260-L. G.-40/52066.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Saidpur Jhiri, situated in the Nakodar tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Saidpur Jhiri.

No. 5260-L. G.-40/52067.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5260-L. G.-40/52066, dated 18th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Saidpur Jhiri a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 5260-L. G.-40/52070.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Salaich, situated in the Nakodar tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Salaich.

No. 5260-L. G.-40/52071.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No 5260-L. G.-40/52070, dated 18th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Salaich, a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 5260-L. G.-40/52074.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Molewal Araian, situated in the Nakodar tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Molewal Araian.

No. 5260-L. G.-40/52075.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5260-L. G.-40/52074, dated 18th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Molewal Araian, a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 5260-L. G.-40/52078.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Maberu, situated in the Nakodar tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Maberu.

No. 5260-L. G.-40/52079.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5260-L. G.-40/52078, dated 18th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Maberu, a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 5260-L. G.-40/52082.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Mahunwal, situated in the Nakodar tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Mahunwal.

No. 5260-L. G.-40/52083.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5260-L. G.-40/52082, dated 18th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Mahunwal, a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 5260-L. G.-40/52086.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Shahpur, situated in the Nakodar tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Shahpur.

No. 5260-L. G.-40/52087.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5260-L. G.-40/52086, dated 18th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Shahpur, a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 5260-L. G.-40/52090.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Punian, situated in the Nakodar tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Punian.

No. 5260-L. G.-40/52091.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5260-L. G.-40/52090, dated 18th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Punian, a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 5260-L. G.-40/52094.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Badshahpur, situated in the Nakodar tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Badshahpur.

No. 5260-L. G.-40/52095.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5260-L. G.-40/52094, dated 18th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Badshahpur, a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 5353-L. G.-40/52098.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estates of Bilaspur and Binola situated in the Gurgaon tahsil of the Gurgaon district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Bilaspur.

No. 5353-L. G.-40/52099.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5353-L. G.-40/52098, dated 18th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Bilaspur, a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 5355-L. G.-40/52102.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Singhanwala situated in the Ambala tahsil of the Ambala district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Singhanwala.

No. 5355-L. G.-40/52103.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5355-L. G.-40/52102, dated 18th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Singhanwala a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 5352-L. G.-40/52106.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Shahpur situated in the Ambala tahsil of the Ambala district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Shahpur.

No. 5352-L. G.-40/52107.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5352-L. G.-40/52106, dated 18th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Shahpur a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 5361-L. G.-40/52110.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Panniwali Mota situated in the Sirsa tahsil of the Hissar district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Panniwali Mota .

No. 5361-L. G.-40/52111.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5361-L. G.-40/52110, dated 18th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Panniwali Mota a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

The 19th December, 1940.

No. 5048-L.G.-40/52242.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Kheri Sampla situated in the Rohtak tahsil of the Rohtak district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Kheri Sampla.

No. 5048-L.G.-40/52243.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5048-L. G.-40/52242, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Kheri Sampla a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 5049-L.G.-40/52246.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Bhaiswan Khurd situated in the Gohana tahsil of the Rohtak district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Bhaiswan Khurd.

No. 5049-L.G.-40/52247.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5049-L.G.-40/52246, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Bhaiswan Khurd a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 5050-L.G.-40/52250.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Pahrawar situated in the Rohtak tahsil of the Rohtak district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Pahrawar.

No. 5050-L.G.-40/52251.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5050-L.G.-40/52250, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Pahrawar a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 4396-L.G.-40/52254.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Surakhpur-Tappa Haveli situated in the Jhajjar tahsil of the Rohtak district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Surakhpur-Tappa Haveli.

No. 4396-L.G.-40/52255.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4396-L.G.-40/52254, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Surakhpur-Tappa Haveli a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 4599-L.G.-40/52258.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Barwasni situated in the Sonepat tahsil of the Rohtak district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Barwasni.

No. 4599-L.G.-40/52259.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4599-L.G.-40/52258, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Barwasni a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 4598-L.G.-40/52262.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Mahmudpur situated in the Gohana tahsil of the Rohtak district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Mahmudpur.

No. 4598-L.G.-40/52263.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4598-L.G.-40/52262, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Mahmudpur a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 4597-L.G.-40/52266.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Moi situated in the Gohana tahsil of the Rohtak district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Moi.

No. 4597-L.G.-40/52267.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4597-L.G.-40/52266, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Moi a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 4596-L.G.-40/52270.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased

to declare the revenue estate of Kheri Damkan situated in the Gohana tahsil of the Rohtak district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Kheri Damkan.

No. 4596-L.G.-40/52271.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4596-L.G.-40/52270, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Kheri Damkan a panchayat consisting of 5 panches.

No. 4595-L.G.-40/52274.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Baliana situated in the Rohtak tahsil of the Rohtak district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Baliana.

No. 4595-L.G.-40/52275.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4595-L.G.-40/52274, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Baliana a panchayat consisting of 5 panches.

No. 4594-L.G.-40/52278.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Ahulana Madina, situated in the Gohana tahsil of the Rohtak district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Ahulana Madina.

No. 4594-L.G.-40/52279.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4594-L.G.-40/52278, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Ahulana Madina a panchayat consisting of 5 panches.

No. 4593-L.G.-40/52282.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Pakasma situated in the Rohtak tahsil of the Rohtak district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Pakasma.

No. 4593-L.G.-40/52283.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4593-L.G.-40/52282, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Pakasma a panchayat consisting of 5 panches.

No. 4592-L.G.-40/52286.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Atail, situated in the Rohtak tahsil of the Rohtak district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Atail.

No. 4592-L.G.-40/52287.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4592-L.G.-40/52286, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Atail a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 4091-L.G.-40/52290.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Sampla, situated in the Rohtak tahsil of the Rohtak district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Sampla.

No. 4591-L.G.-40/52291. With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4591-L.G.-40/52290, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Sampla a panchayat consisting of 5 panches.

No. 4590-L.G.-40/52294.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Samar-Gopalpur, situated in the Rohtak tahsil of the Rohtak district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Samar Gopalpur.

No. 4590-L.G.-40/52295.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4590-L.G.-40/52294, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor ofthe Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Samar Gopalpur a panchayat consisting of 5 panches.

No. 4600-L. G.-40/52298.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Chirana situated in the Gohana tahsil of the Rohtak district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Chirana.

No. 4600-L.G.-40/52299.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4600-L. G.-40/52298, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Chirana a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 4337-L. G.-40-/52302.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Jaundhi situated in the Jhajjar tahsil of the Rohtak district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Jaundhi.

No. 4337-L. G.-40/52303.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4337-L. G.-40/52302, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to etablish in the panchayat area of Jaundhi a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 4338-L. G.-40/52306.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Bahmnaula situated in the Jhajjar tahsil of the Rohtak district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Bahmnaula.

No. 4338-L. G-40/52307.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4338-L. G.-40/52306, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Bahmnaula a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 4339-L. G.-40/52310.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Kasrainti situated in the Rohtak tahsil of the Rohtak district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Kasrainti.

No. 4339-L. G.-40/52311.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4339-L. G.-40/52310, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Kasrainti a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 4340-L. G.-40/52314.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Kasendha situated in the Gohana tahsil of the Rohtak district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Kasendha.

No. 4340-L. G.-40/52315.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4340-L. G.-40/52314, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Kasendha a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 4341-L. G.-40/52318.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue state of Bhainsru Kalan situated in the Rohtak tahsil of the Rohtak district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Bhainsru Kalan.

No. 4341-L. G.-40/52319.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4341-L. G.-40/52318, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Bhainsru Kalan a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 4342-L. G.-40/52322.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Khairpur situated in the Jhajjar tahsil of the Rohtak district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name or Khairpur.

No. 4342-L. G.-40/52323.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4342 L. G. 40/52322, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Punchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Khairpur a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 4343-L. G.-40/52326.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Khanpur Khurd situated in the Gohana tahsil of the Rohtak district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Khanpur Khurd.

No. 4343-L. G.-40/52327.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4343-L. G.-40/52326, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Khanpur Khurd a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 4344-L. G.-40/52330.—In exercise of of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Lowa Khurd situated in the Jhajjar tahsil of the Rohtak district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Lowa Khurd.

No. 4344-L. G.-40/52331.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4344-L. G.-40/52330, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Lowa Khurd a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 4344-L .G.-40/52334.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Singhpura situated in the Rohtak tahsil of the Rohtak district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Singhpura.

No. 4349-L.[G.-40/52335.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4349-L. G.-40/52334, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Singhpura a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 4345-L. G.-40/52338.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Dehkaura situated in the Jhajjar tahsil of the Rohtak district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Dehkaura.

No. 4345-L. G.-40/52339.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4345-L. G.-4 /52338, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Dehkaura a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 4307-L. G.-40/52342.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue of estate of Lisan situated in the Rewari tahsil of the Gurgaon district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Lisan.

No. 4307-L. G.-40/52343.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4307-L. G.-40/52342, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Lisan a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 4308-L. G.-40/52346.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Dharuhera situated in the Rewari tahsil of the Gurgaon district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Dharuhera.

No. 4308-L. G.-40/52347.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4308-L. G.-40/52346, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Dharuhera a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 4305-L. G.-40/52350.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Balawas Ahir situated in the Rewari tahsil of the Gurgaon district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Balawas Ahir.

No. 4305-L. G.-40/52351.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4305-L. G.-40/52350, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of

the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Balawas Ahir a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 4306-L. G.-40/52354.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Booroli situated in the Rewari tahsil of the Gurgaon district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Booroli.

No. 4306-L. G.-40/52355.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4306-L. G.-40/52354, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Booroli a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 4304-L. G.-40/52358.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Kanwali situated in the Rewari tahsil of the Gurgaon district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Kanwali.

No. 4304-L. G.-40/52359.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4304-L. G.-40/52358, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Kanwali a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 4297-L. G.-40/52362.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Gonchhi situated in the Ballabgarh tahsil of the Gurgaon district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Gonchhi.

No. 4297-L. G.-40/52363.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4297-L. G.-40/52362, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Gonchhi a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 4296-L. G.-40/52366.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Dhawana situated in the Rewari tahsil of the Gurgaon district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Dhawana.

No. 4296-L. G.-40/52367.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4296-L.G.-40/52366, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Dhawana a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 4298-L. G.-40/52370.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Lohana situated in the Rewari tahsil of the Gurgaon district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Lohana.

No. 4298-L. G.-40/52371.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4298-L. G.-40/52370, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Lohana a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 4348-L.G.-40/52374.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Nangal Mundi situated in the Rewari tahsil of the Gurgaon district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Nangal Mundi.

No. 4348-L.G.-40/52375.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4348-L. G.-40/52374, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Nangal Mundi a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 4295-L. G.-40/52378.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Siha situated in the Rewari tahsil of the Gurgaon district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Siha.

No. 4295-L. G.-40/52379.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4295-L. G.-40/52378, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor

of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Siha a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 4333-L. G.-40/52382.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Masit situated in the Rewari tahsil of the Gurgaon district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Masit.

No. 4333-L. G.-40/52383.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4333-L. G.-40/52382, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Masit a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 4293-L.G.-40/52386.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Gokalgarh situated in the Rewari tahsil of the Gurgaon district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Gokalgarh.

No. 4293-L. G.-40/52387.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4293-L. G.-40/52386, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Gokalgarh a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 4303-L. G.-40/52390.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Hansaka situated in the Rewari tahsil of the Gurgaon district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Hansaka.

No. 4303-L. G.-40/52391.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4303-L. G.-40/52390, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Hansaka a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 4302-L. G.-40/52394.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Janauli situated in the Palwal tahsil of the Gurgaon district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Janauli.

No. 4302-L.G.-40/52395.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4302-L. G.-40/52394, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Janauli a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 4292-L.-G.-40/52398.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Pilkhani situated in the Ambala tahsil of the Ambala district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Pilkhani.

No. 4292-L. G.-40/52399.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4292-L. G.-40/52398, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Pilkhani a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 4880-L. G.-40/52402.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Mangar situated in the Ambala tahsil of the Ambala district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Mangar.

No. 4880-L. G.-40/52403.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4880-L. G.-40/52402, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Mangar a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

Notified Areas.

The 16th December, 1940.

No. 5946-L. G. -Bds.-40/51454.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*f*) of subsection (1) of section 242 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor

of the Punjab is pleased to extend sections 113 and 121 of the said Act, to the Notified Area of **Civil Station Ambala City,** and to declare that the provisions of the said sections shall come into force from the date of publication of this notification.

RAM CHANDRA,
Secretary to Government, Punjab,
Medical and Local Government Departments.

1472 CS—1159—20-12-40—SGPP Lahore.

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No. 52. LAHORE, FRIDAY, DECEMBER 27, 1940.

PART I—A.

Punjab Government Notifications and Orders.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Boards.

The 23rd December, 1940.

No. 6127-L.G.-40/53373.—*Corrigendum.*—In Punjab Government notification No. 4955-L. G.-4/454077, dated the 12th November, 1940, *for* " 17th February, 1940 ", *substitute* " 17th February, 1941 ".

No. 5925-L. G.-40/53403.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 15 of the Northern India Ferries Act, 1878, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendment in the rates of tolls on all minor ferries in the Dera Ghazi Khan district except Mithankot, controlled by the District Board, and published with Punjab Government notification No. 22399, dated the 11th October, 1924.

2. The amendment shall come into effect with effect from the 1st April, 1941 :—

AMENDMENT.

In column 3 of the schedule against entry No. 14, " 0-1-0 " shall be substituted *for* " 0-0-6 ".

No. 5861-L. G.-40/53413.—The following amendments, made by the District Board of **Sialkot,** to its Rules of Business, published with Punjab Government notification No. 2017-L. G.-39/20270, dated the 6th June, 1939, as subsequently amended, are published for general information, and shall come into force with effect from the 1st January, 1941 :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. The words " under the control of the Medical Department, and to grant leave to them " shall be added after the word " dispensaries " occurring in column 2 against item No. 23 of the Appendix.

a meeting within a fortnight from the date on which the applicotion for convening a meeting is received.

2·2. (1) When a meeting of the Board is to be convened notice thereof shall be sent to every member by post or otherwise so as to reach him at least ten clear days before the date of meeting ; provided that for convening emergent meetings, forty-eight hours' notice shall be given.

(2) Every such notice shall state the time, date and place fixed for the meeting and shall be signed by the Chairman or the Vice-Chairman or the Secretary, and shall be accompanied by a list of business, hereinafter called " the agenda ", to be transacted at the meeting.

(3) If it is necessary to adjourn a meeting, the Chairman of the meeting shall give notice of the place, time and date to which the meeting is adjourned and notice thereof shall, as soon as may be, be sent to every member of the Board not present at the meeting adjourned ; provided that it shall be lawful for the Chairman, or in his absence the Vice-Chairman, in an emergency to alter with due notice the place, time and date so fixed.

2·3. (1) The agenda shall include every matter that any member may desire to put before a meeting ; provided that a copy of the motion thereon signed by such member and by a seconder, has been delivered to the Secretary of the Board at the Board's office at least fifteen clear days before the meeting : provided further that the Chairman may for reasons to be recorded in writing refuse to permit any matter to be placed on the agenda if he considers that the matter is one with which the Board is not concerned or is otherwise not suitable for discussion at a meeting of the Board : provided further that no motion shall be placed on the agenda which raises a question substantially identical with one on which the Board has given a decision within the preceding three months, except in compliance with an order of the Punjab Government or of the Commissioner or Deputy Commissioner or with the permission in writing of the Chairman.

(2) Members shall be entitled to ask questions relating to matters within the cognisance of the Board at any ordinary meeting. Any member desiring to ask a question shall give fifteen clear days' notice thereof to the Secretary before the date of the next ordinary meeting and a list of the questions admitted shall form an appendix to the agenda. No question shall be couched in improper or intemperate language. Questions received from more than one member shall be entered in the agenda in the order in which they are received.

(3) Any member aggrieved by the refusal of the Chairman to allow any matter to be placed on the agenda may appeal to the Deputy Commissioner, if he is not a member of the Board, or to the Commissioner of the division whose decision shall be final.

(4) The files of all cases on the agenda of a meeting shall be made available for inspection in the Secretary's office after the despatch of notices convening a meeting.

2·4. No business shall be transacted at any meeting of the Board unless at least one-fifth of the total number of members are present ; provided that such number shall in no case be less than eight. If at any meeting there is not a quorum the Chairman shall adjourn the meeting in accordance with the provisions of clause (3) of rule 2·2 to a subsequent date.

2·5. All business of the Board at meetings shall be transacted and proceedings recorded in the English or Urdu language and all notices shall be issued in both these languages.

2·6. The Chairman, or in his absence a Vice-Chairman, shall preside at every meeting of the Board ; provided that when two Vice-Chairmen are present the senior Vice-Chairman shall preside, and that when for any reason neither the Chairman nor a Vice-Chairman is present at a meeting the members present shall elect any one of their number to be Chairman of the meeting.

2·7. The proceedings of every meeting shall commence with a motion by the Chairman that the minutes of the previous meeting be confirmed and such minutes shall ordinarily be taken as read ; but any member who was present at the previous meeting may object to the confirmation of the minutes by moving an amendment thereto on the ground that any matter is not correctly recorded or expressed.

2·8. The questions included in the appendix to the agenda shall then be asked and answered by the heads of departments concerned, or, if a head of a department is not a member or is absent, by the Secretary. The items on the agenda shall then be dealt with in the order in which they appear in the notice ; provided that the Chairman may vary such order, and may either at his own motion or at the request of a member, with the consent of the majority of the members present bring before the meeting any matter not included in the agenda, except any proposal for the reversal of any decision of the Board or for the appointment, punishment or dismissal of any servant of the Board.

2·9. The Chairman shall decide all points of order or procedure and his decision shall be final. Whenever he rises to speak, any member speaking shall resume his seat.

2·10. If more than one member rise to speak at the same time, the Chairman shall name the member who is to speak.

2·11. Members when speaking shall stand and address the Chairman, and except on a point of order or personal explanation, the member speaking shall not be interrupted by any member other than the Chairman.

2·12. No written speeches shall be delivered.

2·13. So far as is possible and consistent with the matter under discussion no member shall make any personal or objectionable remarks against any other member. For the purposes of this rule the ruling of the Chairman shall be final.

2·14. A member desiring to raise a point of order or make a personal explanation shall rise and address the Chairman; and, the member speaking shall then give way, and remain seated until the Chairman has decided the point raised; provided that the Chairman may permit any other member, including the member called to order to speak on the said point of order.

2·15. If the meeting refuses to obey the ruling of the Chairman on any matter he may adjourn it at once; and when he has declared the meeting adjourned on this or any ground, the subsequent proceedings of the meeting or any residue thereof shall be void and shall not appear in the minutes. In all such cases, the Chairman shall record in his own handwriting, in the minute book the reasons for the adjournment unless he is prevented by sufficient cause from so doing.

2·16. The Chairman, after calling the attention of the meeting to the conduct of a member who persists in stating or in arguing upon a matter which is in the opinion of the Chairman irrelevant, or in repeating his own arguments or the arguments used by other members, may direct him to discontinue his speech.

2·17. The Chairman may direct any member whose conduct is, in his opinion disorderly, to withdraw immediately from the meeting, and any member so ordered to withdraw shall do so forthwith and shall unless recalled by the Chairman absent himself during the remainder of the meeting. The Chairman may cause to be summarily removed any member who disobeys an order to withdraw made under this rule.

2·18. If any member wishes to move a motion in respect of any item on the agenda, he shall read out his motion, and if any other member seconds the motion the motion shall be deemed to be before the Board, and the mover of the motion shall then, if he so desires, speak in support thereof, and shall be followed by the seconder of the motion if such seconder wishes to speak at this stage, and if no member seconds a motion which has been moved, such motion shall be deemed to have been rejected by the Board.

2·19. A member may speak only once to each motion, provided that the mover or seconder of a substantive motion may reply at the conclusion of the debate, provided further that the Chairman of the meeting may at any time permit a member who has already spoken to make a brief explanation.

2·20. After a substantive motion has been proposed and seconded and the mover and seconder have, if they so desire, spoken in support thereof, any member may move an amendment and the provisions of rules 2·18 and 2·19 shall apply to such an amendment as if it were a substantive motion.

2·21. Any number of amendments may be before a meeting at the same time, but they shall be put to the vote in the reverse order to that in which they were moved, and when all the amendments have been disposed of, the substantive motion as originally moved or as amended, as the case may be, shall be put to the vote.

2·22. Notwithstanding anything contained in rule 2·19 a member who has already spoken to a substantive motion may speak on an amendment thereto; provided that in so speaking he shall confine himself strictly to the fresh matter introduced by the amendment.

2·23. No motion or amendment shall be withdrawn, except with the consent of the Chairman.

2·24. When a motion or amendment is to be voted on the Chairman shall read the motion or amendment and shall request those in favour of the motion to signify their assent, and those not in favour of the motion to signify their dissent, and shall thereafter declare whether the motion has been carried or lost, and such declaration shall be sufficient warrant for making an entry to that effect in the minutes; provided that if, as soon as such a declaration has been made, a poll is demanded by any member present, a poll shall be taken by show of hands and the result of such poll as declared by the Chairman shall be deemed to be the resolution of the Board.

2·25. Any officer of Government or other person not being a member of the Board may, with the consent of the Chariman, address the meeting with reference to any item on the agenda.

2·26. The Chairman of any meeting may, with the consent of the majority of the members present, adjourn the meeting at any stage if for any reason he considers this course to be desirable.

2·27. All meetings of the Board shall be open to reporters of the press and at the discretion of the Chairman to the public ; provided that the Chairman may at any time require any reporter or member of the public to withdraw if he considers that such withdrawal is desirable in the public interest ; and no reporter or member of the public present at a meeting shall make any noise or in any way express approval or disapproval of the proceedings of the Board or of any member thereof, and, if any person makes any such noise or in any other way interrupts the business of the meeting, the Chairman may cause him to be summarily removed from the building in which the meeting is being held.

2·28. Any member of a sub-committee or any member charged with the performance of any special duty may inspect the papers relating to the business of such sub-committee or to such special duty at the Secretary's office during office hours, and any other member may at the Secretary's office during office hours inspect the papers relating to the agenda of any meeting of which notice has been given and, with the permission in writing of the Chairman or in his absence of a Vice Chairman, any other documents, register or record in respect of which he has submitted in writing an application for permission to inspect.

2·29. There shall be the following sub-committees of the Board, namely :—

(a) The Finance sub-committee ;

(b) The District Works sub-committee ;

(c) The Education sub-committee ;

(d) The Medical and Public Health sub-committee ;

(e) The Vehicle sub-committee ;

(f) The Agriculture sub-committee.

2·30. The Finance sub-committee shall consist of the Chairman of the Board, who shall be ex-officio Chairman of the sub-committee, and 7 members elected by the Board, and the Secretary of the Board shall be ex-officio Secretary of this sub-committee.

2·31. The District Works sub-committee shall consist of 7 members elected by the Board and the District Engineer shall be ex-officio Secretary of this sub-committee; provided that if the District Inspector of Schools is a member of the Board, he shall be an ex-officio member of this sub-committee.

2·32. The Education sub-committee shall consist of 7 members elected by the Board and the District Inspector of Schools shall be the ex-officio Secretary of this sub-committee.

2·33. The Medical and Public Health sub-committee shall consist of the Civil Surgeon who shall be ex-officio Chairman of the sub-committee and 7 members elected by the Board, and the District Medical Officer of Health shall be ex-officio Secretary of this sub-committee.

2·34. The Vehicle sub-committee shall consist of 7 members elected by the Board, and a clerk shall be appointed by the Secretary of the Board to act as Secretary of this sub-committee.

2·35. The Agriculture sub committee shall consist of 7 members elected by the Board and a clerk to be appointed by the Secretary of the Board, shall act as Secretary of this sub-committee.

2·35-A. The District Inspector of Schools shall be ex-officio member of all sub-committees.

2·36. Members of sub-committees shall be elected at a general meeting of the Board as soon as may be after a new board has been constituted, and shall hold office for one year from the date of their election. In the second and third years of the Board's existence the election of members of sub-committees shall be held at such a date as to allow the new members to take their seats as members of the sub-committees as soon as the term of office of their predecessors has expired. An outgoing member of a sub-committee shall be eligible for re-election.

2·37. When a vacancy occurs in any sub-committee for any reason whatever, the Board shall fill up the vacancy in the manner provided in rule 2·36 and the term of office of a member of a sub-committee appointed in a casual vacancy shall be the remainder of the term of the member whom he replaces.

2·38. Subject to the provisions of rules 2·30 to 2·35 the members of a sub-committee shall elect one of themselves to be Chairman of the sub-committee, and the Chairman so elected shall preside at all meetings of the sub-committee ; provided that if he is not able to be present at a meeting the members present shall elect one of themselves to preside at the meeting :

Provided further that if the Chairman of the Board is present at a meeting of a sub-committee he shall preside.

2·39. Every sub-committee shall meet at least once a month, and notice of every meeting shall be sent to each member by the Secretary of the sub-committee under orders of the Chairman of the sub-committee with a copy of the agenda to be discussed at the meeting by post or otherwise so as to reach him seven clear days before the date of the meeting.

2·40. No business shall be transacted at any meeting of the sub-committee unless at least one-half of the members of the sub-committee are present.

2·41 The procedure of every sub-committee shall, so far as may be, be conducted in accordance with the rules regulating the procedure of the Board.

2·42. Nothing in these rules shall be deemed to authorize any sub-committee to exercise any power or perform any function, the exercise or performance of which has been delegated by the Board to any officer or has been vested in any officer by any rule made under the Act or to requfre that any matter in respect of which any such power or function has been so delegated shall be submitted to a sub-committee.

2·43. Subject to the provisions of rule 2·42 the Finance sub-committee shall be responsible for the preparation of the annual budget of the Board, and to it shall be submitted all matters relating to the imposition, assessment and collection of taxes (other than taxes on vehicles or animals), the sale or lease of the Board's immovable property or immovable property of Government managed by the Board, the raising of loans, establishment other than establishment of District Works, Education Medical and Public Health, Agriculture and Veterinary Departments and accounts other than special departments accounts.

2·44. To the District Works sub-committee shall be submitted all matters relating to District Works and services under the charge of the District Engineer and the establishment of the District Work Departments, and the establishment entertained in connection with other services under the charge of the District Engineer.

2·45. To the Education sub-committee shall be submitted all matters relating to schools, reading rooms, libraries and the establishment connected therewith.

2·46. To the Medical and the Public Health sub-committee shall be submitted all matters relating to hospitals, dispensaries, registration of vital statistics, conservancy epidemic diseases, control of food supplies, markets, fairs, slaughter houses, cow houses, stables and generally all matters relating to public health and services under the charge of the District Medical Officer of Health, and establishment entertained in connection with such matters.

2·47. To the Vehicle sub-committee shall be submitted all matters relating to the licensing or taxation of vehicles or animals.

2·48. To the Agriculture sub-committee shall be submitted all matters relating to Agriculture, Veterinary, Stock Breeding and fairs, and the establishment connected therewith.

2·49. Special sub-committees may be appointed from time to time as necessary.

2·50. A sub-committee shall make a recommendation to the Board on all matters referred to it.

2·51. (1) A copy of the proceedings of every meeting of a sub-committee signed by the Chairman of the sub-committee shall be forwarded by the Secretary of the sub-committee to the Secretary of the Board for inclusion in the agenda of the next meeting of the Board.

(2) When the proceedings of a sub-committee are being considered by the Board, no discussion shall be permitted of any item in respect of which the sub-committee has called for a further report or otherwise postponed making a recommendation, and any such item shall be recorded merely as "read", provided that any member may call in question any order of a sub-committee on the ground that it was *ultra vires* of sub-committee, and if the Board considers that such order was *ultra vires*, it may confirm, modify or cancel such order ; provided further that, if any member considers that the sub-committee is unduly delaying the decision of any matter in respect of which it has made no recommendation, he may move a motion requiring the sub-committee to submit its recommendation within a stated period, and if such motion is carried and the sub-committee fails to make a recommendation within the period fixed, the Board may itself proceed to pass orders in respect of such matter.

2·52. Notwithstanding anything contained in these rules, the Chairman of the Board may, in cases of emergency, direct that any matter shall be submitted direct to the Board, if there is no time for it to be submitted to the sub-committee to which it ought ordinarily to be submitted under the provisions of these rules.

PART III.

(UNDER CLAUSE (c) OF SECTION 26 OF THE ACT.)

3·1. The Secretary, or in his absence the person who is for the time being performing the duties of the Secretary, shall have the custudy of the common seal; provided that when the Secretary is absent or his office is vacant, the Chairman, or in his absence the Vice-Chairman (or if there are two Vice-Chairmen, the Senior Vice-Chairman) may transfer the common seal to his own custody.

3·2. The common seal shall be affixed to the following documents :—

(a) All deeds of sale or purchase relating to movable or immovable property executed by or on behalf of the Board;

(b) all written contracts entered into by the Board;

(c) the record of the proceedings of the Board;

(d) all cheques for payment issued under the authority of the Board;

(e) all notices issued under subsection (2) of section 31 of the Act;

(f) all applications for the recovery of arrears of rates or taxes under section 70 of the Act;

(g) all other documents on which the Board or the Chairman may direct that the seal shall be affixed.

PART IV.

(UNDER CLUASE (ee) OF SECTION 26 OF THE ACT.)

4·1. The powers specified in column 2 of the schedule (in appendix) shall be exercised by the officers mentioned against each in column 3 to the extent referred to in column 4 thereof.

4·2. Powers delegated under rule 4·1 of this part may at any time be revoked by the Board with the previous sanction of Government.

PART V.

(UNDER CLAUSE (f) OF SECTION 26).

5·1. Receipts for money received under the Act shall be granted—

(a) by Treasury and sub-treasury officers, in the form of the second part of the chalan in form 6 or 6-A, prescribed by rule 22 of the Code in respect of money credited into the treasury or sub-treasury by direct payment;

(b) by the Secretary, sub-oversears, tahsil moharrirs and arboriculture inspector in the form of the foil of the chalan in form 8 prescribed by rule 23 of the Code in respect of money received elsewhere than at the Board office or at a tahsil;

(c) by the Secretary, or the official for the time being performing the duties of Secretary, in form 7 prescribed by rule 24 of the Code in respect of money received at the office of the Board;

(d) by tahsil muharirs, in form 7 prescribed by rule 25 of the Code in respect of money paid to them at the tahsil for credit to the district fund;

(e) by officials in charge of schools, hospitals and veterinary dispensaries, in form 7 prescribed by rule 26 of the Code in respect of money paid to them for credit to the district fund:

(f) by cattle pound muharrirs, in form 44 or form 45 prescribed by rules 61 and 65 of the Code in respect of money received for the release or sale of impounded animals;

(g) by such other persons as the Board may by resolution direct to furnish receipts in respect of particular payments.

PART VI.

(UNDER CLAUSE (g) OF SECTION 26 OF THE ACT.)

6·1. All officers and servants of the Board shall be required to perform—

(a) such duties as are or may be imposed upon them by law or rules having the force of law; and

(b) such other duties as have been or may hereafter be imposed upon them by established practice or the orders of a competent authority. In the event of doubt, the Board may determine to which of its officers and servants any particular duty shall be assigned.

6·2. Subject to the provisions of the Act and the rules made thereunder, no person shall be permanently appointed to a substantive post in the service of the Board—

(a) as secretary, unless he is a graduate of a recognised University and is familiar with office routine or is otherwise fully qualified ;

(b) as district engineer, unless he possesses the qualifications, prescribed by Government for this post ;

(c) as a sub-overseer unless he possesses—

(i) the ovesseer's certificate of the Government School of Engineering, Rasul, or of the Thomason Civil Engineering College, Roorkee ; or

(ii) the A class diploma or the B class Certificate of the Maclagan Engineering College, Moghalpura ; or

(iii) a qualification of some other recognised engineering college or similar institution accepted by the Punjab Government by general or special order as sufficient for the post of sub-overseer ;

(d) as a clerk, or a moharrir (other than a cattle pound muharrir) unless he has passed the matriculation examination of the Punjab University or other equivalent examination ; or a vaccinator unless he has passed Anglo-Vernacular middle school examination ;

(e) as a medical officer, unless he is a medical practitioner registered under the Punjab Medical Registration Act, 1916 ;

(f) as a teacher, unless he is qualified in accordance with the departmental rules for the time being in force.

6·3. Subject to the provision of the Act and the rules made thereunder all appointments shall be made by the Board or by such person to whom the power to appoint has been delegated under section 19-A of the Act.

6·4. The Board or any person to whom power has been delegated in this behalf under section 19-A of the Act, may grant leave to any of its officers or servants, and in all matters relating to such leave, the rules for the time being in force for Government servants shall, so far as may be, be deemed to be applicable.

6·5. The Board or any person to whom power has been delegated in this behalf under section 19 A of the Act may suspend any of its officers or servants ; provided that if an order of suspension is passed otherwise than as a substantive punishment, it shall be followed by a departmental enquiry immediately.

6·6. Subject to the provisions of part V of the District Board Rules, 1926 the Board or any person to whom power has been delegated under section 19-A of the Act, may remove any officer or servant of the Board.

PART VII.

(UNDER CLAUSE (h) OF SECTION 26 OF THE ACT.

7·1. The term of office of an elected Vice-Chairman shall be one year or the remainder of his term of office as a member of the Board, whichever is less.

PART VIII.

(UNDER CLAUSE (1) OF SECTION 26 OF THE ACT.)

8·1. In all matters relating to the conditions of service of its employees the Board shall so far as may be follow the rules from time to time in force for servants of the Punjab Government.

Exception.—Untrained female teachers in the employ of the Board, when undergoing a course of training to qualify themselves as trained teachers, shall be exemp from the application of the rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 877u-E., dated the 9th June, 19-7.

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	Nature of powers delegated.	To whom delegated.	Extent.
1	To appoint, suspend or otherwise punish district board employees.	Chairman, District Board.	In case of employees in receipt of a salary not exceeding Rs. 100 per mensem.
2	To grant extension to district board employees after attaining the age of 55 years.	Ditto	To the extent allowed by the Fundemental Rules and on public grounds so be recorded in writing.
3	To sanction or withhold annual increments of district board employees.	Ditto	In case of employees in receipt of a salary not exceeding Rs. 100 per mensem.

Serial No.	Nature of powers delegated.	To whom delegated.	Extent.
4	To grant leave, and to make consequential arrangements to carry on the work.	Chairman, District Board.	Full powers in the case of district board employees in receipt of a salary not exceeding Rs. 100 per mensem. In other cases up to one month.
5	To transfer teachers, compounders, daroghas mcharrirs and sub-overseers in the employ of the district board.	Ditto	Full powers.
6	To pass bills for recurring expenditure ..	Ditto	Full powers.
7	To sanction non-recurring expenditure ..	Ditto	Up to Rs. 1,000.
8	To sanction sale of trees, vegetables, fruits grass, leases of serais, ferry tolls, shops and lands.	Ditto	Up to Rs. 1,000.
9	To sanction the lease of Harrike ferry ..	Ditto	Up to any amount.
10	To sanction the sale of obsolete ferry stores and material.	Ditto	Full powers.
11	To write off articles not worth selling as broken crockery and old chicks.	Ditto	Up to Rs. 100.
12	To write off irrecoverable demands ..	Ditto	Up to Rs. 50.
13	To sanction the execution of petty works as contemplated by clause (a) of sub-rule (i of rule 43 of the District Board Account Code, 1926.	Ditto	Up to Rs. 100.
14	To accept tenders for the supply of stationery and printing.	Ditto	Up to Rs. 500.
15	To accept tenders for the supply of furniture	Ditto	Up to Rs. 500.
15 (a)	To institute or defend suits on behalf of the Board.	Ditto	Full powers.
16	To grant sanction to carry water across the road (provided applicant agrees to construct culverts according to approved designs.)	Ditto	Full powers.
16 (a)	To pass orders on the application for payment of provident fund moneys of district board employees when they retire or leave Board's service and to sign withdrawal application.	Ditto	Full powers.
17	Vice-Chairmanship of all standing sub-committees.	Vice-Chairman, District Board.	To be ex-officio Vice-Chairman.
18	To pass all bills of recurring expenditure ..	Ditto	Full powers.
19	To sanction non-recurring expenditure ..	Ditto	Up to Rs. 200.
20	To sanction the sale of trees, vegetables, fruits, grass, lease of serais, ferry tolls, shops and lands.	Ditto	Up to Rs. 200.
21	The sanction sales of obsolete stores and materials.	Ditto	Full powers.
22	To write off articles not worth selling such as broken crockery old chicks, munj mats and unserviceable furniture.	Ditto	Full powers.
23	To write off irrecoverable demands ..	Ditto	Up to Rs. 10.
24	To sanction the execution of petty works as contemplated by clause (a) of sub-rule 1 of rule 43 of the District Board Account Code, 1926.	Ditto	Up to Rs. 200.
25	To accept tenders for the supply of stationery and printing.	Ditto	Up to Rs. 200.
26	To accept tenders for the supply of furniture	Ditto	Up to Rs. 200.
27	To grant sanction to carry water across the road provided applicant agrees to construct culverts according to approved design.	Ditto	Full powers.
28	To sanction non-recurring expenditure ...	Secretary, District Board.	Up to Rs. 40.
29	To grant casual leave and to make officiating arrangements.	Ditto	According to rules.

Serial No.	Nature of power delegated.	To whom delegated	Extent.
30	To sanction sale of trees, fruits, roadside grass, plants and unserviceable stores.	Secretary, District Board	Up to Rs. 50.
31	To write off articles not worth selling such as broken crockery, munj mats, old chicks and unserviceable furniture.	Ditto	Up to Rs. 100.
32	To call for tenders for the supply of stationery and printing.	Ditto ..	Full powers.
33	To accept tenders for the supply of stationery and printing.	Ditto ..	Up to Rs. 200.
34	To call for tenders for the supply of furniture	Ditto ..	Full powers.
35	To accept tenders for the supply of furniture	Ditto ..	Up to Rs. 200.
36	To order sale of trees fallen and dry ..	Ditto	Full powers.
37	Membership of all sub-committees ..	District Inspector of Schools.	To be ex-officio member.
38	To appoint, suspend or otherwise punish the members of the inferior staff connected with schools and office.	Ditto ..	Full powers.
39	To grant casual leave	Ditto ..	According to rules.
40	To grant leave on average pay and to make arrangements to carry on work.	Ditto ..	Up to one month.
41	To sanction non-recurring expenditure ..	Ditto ..	Up to Rs. 30.
42	To sanction the sale of unserviceable articles	Ditto ..	Up to Rs. 20.
43	To strike off unserviceable articles ..	Ditto ..	Full powers.
44	To appoint and dispense with the service of temporary teachers.	Ditto ..	In case of teachers in receipt of a salary of Rs. 25 per mensem.
45	To call for tenders for the supply of stationery, printing books and furniture for education department.	Ditto ..	Full powers.
46	To grant casual leave to school teachers ..	Assistant District Inspector of Schools.	Up to 10 days.
47	Membership of all sub-committees ..	Civil Surgeon ..	To be ex-officio member.
48	To appoint, suspend or otherwise punish members of the inferior staff connected with dispensaries.	Ditto ..	Full powers.
49	To grant casual leave	Ditto ..	According to rules.
50	To grant leave on average pay and make arrangements to carry on work.	Ditto ..	Up to one month.
51	To sanction non-recurring expenditure ..	Ditto ..	Up to Rs. 100.
52	To sanction the sale of unserviceable articles.	Ditto ..	Up to Rs. 20.
53	To dismiss dispensers	Ditto ..	Full powers.
54	To sanction non-recurring expenditure ..	District Medical Officer of Health.	Up to Rs. 25.
55	To appoint, suspend and dismiss vaccination and sanitation staff.	Ditto ..	Subject to the approval of the Chairman of Board.
56	To transfer dispensers and to grant them leave on average pay.	Civil Surgeon ..	No limit.
57	To exempt medical officers in charge of a rural dispensary from passing a departmental examination.	Ditto ..	Full powers.
58	Questions relating to appointment, promotion, leave, suspension, punishment, dismissal and transfer of teachers in boys Anglo-Vernacular Secondary schools and Anglo Vernacular teachers in boys' vernacular middle schools.	Inspector of Schools, Jullundur Division.	Subject to the approval of the Chairman.
59	(i) Power to grant casual leave to establishment of the girls' schools.	Assistant Inspectress of Schools, Ferozepore.	Full powers subject to the rules in force.
	(ii) Power to sanction non-recurring expenditure.	Ditto ..	Up to Rs. 10 at a time.

Serial No.	Nature of power delegated.	To whom delegated.	Extent.
	(*iii*) Power to propose sale of or strike off unserviceable articles in girls' schools.	Assistant Inspectress of Schools, Ferozepore.	Without limit.
	(*iv*) Power to appoint, promote, grant leave to, dismiss and transfer mistresses in girls' schools.	Ditto ..	Full powers subject to the approval of the Chairman.
60	To grant casual leave to district board employees working under him.	District Medical Officer of Health.	According to rules.
61	To call for and open tenders for the supply of drugs, medicines, packing articles and printing.	Ditto ..	Full powers.

Committees.

The 23rd December 1940.

No. 5042-C.-40/53409.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of **Nakodar**, in the Jullundur district, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 197 and 199 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the said Act, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the municipality of **Nakodar** on the 10th day of February, 1941 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. In these by-laws the word " meat " means the flesh of sheep or goats intended for human or animal consumption.

2. No person shall sell meat, except under a licence granted in this behalf by the Committee.

3. No person shall sell meat, or prepare or expose meat for sale, in premises other than premises licensed by the Committee in this behalf.

4. No premises shall be licensed for the sale or preparation or exposure for sale of meat—

(*a*) unless they have a floor made of bricks, stone, cement or other impervious material ;

(*b*) unless the walls are properly plastered and lime-washed ;

(*c*) unless they are provided with adequate light and ventilation to the satisfaction of the Sanitary Inspector, or in the absence of such officer, the Secretary of the Committee ;

(*d*) unless they are provided with a drain and the whole floor is so sloped as to allow all liquid to flow off by the drain ;

(*e*) if there is any direct communication between the premises and any room used as a sleeping room ;

(*f*) if there is any latrine, cess-pool, cow-shed, stable or other place within one hundred feet of the premises which, in the opinion of the Sanitary Inspector, or in the absence of such officer, the Secretary, renders it undesirable that such premises should be used for the sale or preparation for sale of meat ; and

(*g*) unless they are situated in a suitable locality and provided with suitable arrangements for screening the meat from the view of the public.

5. Licences to sell meat may be issued by the Sanitary Inspector or in the absence of such officer, the Secretary of the Committee, to any person applying for them and shall be granted on payment of a fee of rupees two per annum, or annas four per mensem subject to the conditions specified in form ' A ' appended to these by-laws.

6. Subject to the provisions of by-law 4, licences for premises to be used for the sale or preparation or exposure for sale of meat shall be issued by the Sanitary Inspector, or in the absence of such officer, the Secretary of the Committee, on the application of the owner or occupier of such premises and shall be granted by the Committee in form ' A ' appended to these by-laws, on payment of a fee of rupees two per annum for each licence or annas four per mensem, subject to the conditions specified in form ' A '.

7. Every place licensed for the sale or preparation for sale of meat shall be fitted with a table or board of which the top shall be covered with a zinc sheet or a slab of marble, slate or stone for cutting up meat and also with metal scales and weights and shall at all reasonable times be open to inspection by any member of the Committee, or the Secretary of the Committee.

8. Every place licensed for the sale or preparation or exposure for sale of meat and all implements, tables, receptacles, vessels or other things used therein shall at all

times be kept in a clean and wholesome condition, and every such place shall at all times be provided with sufficient supply of water for cleaning the same.

9. All meat, kept or exposed for sale on or at any such place shall at all times be kept in a wire-gauze receptacle as a protection against flies.

10. The licensee shall provide a receptacle for the collection of all sorts of refuse and shall not throw or allow to be thrown any waste anywhere, except in the said receptacle, which shall be cleaned and washed twice daily.

11. The Committee may at any time revoke or cancel any licence granted under these by-laws for breach of these by-laws and no compensation in respect of such revocation or cancellation shall be recoverable from the Committee.

12. Any person who commits a breach or an abetment of a breach of any of these by-laws shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees and when the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

Form A.

Licence for premises for the sale of preparation or exposure for sale of meat issued under by-law 6 of the by-laws for licensing premises for the sale or preparation or exposure for sale of meat published with Punjab Government notification No. 5042-C.-40/53409, dated 23rd December, 1940.

The premises of which a description is given in the attached schedule, situated in ______ (name of street, or ward, etc.,) are hereby licensed for the sale or preparation or exposure for sale of meat.

This licence is granted to ____________________ owner/occupier of the said premises, subject to the following conditions:—

(a) that he shall keep the licensed premises structurally fit for the purpose for which the license is granted;

Explanation.—" Structural fitness " shall be deemed to include—

(i) the existence of a floor made of bricks, stone, cement, or other impervious material,

(ii) possession of walls, properly plastered and lime-washed,

(iii) adequate provision of light and ventilation; and

(iv) suitable drains.

(b) that he shall not employ, or permit to be employed, in the sale or preparation or exposure for sale of meat any person suffering from any contagious or infectious disease or from loathsome sores or who has recently been attending on any person so suffering and that he shall not suffer any such person or any animal to remain upon the licensed premises;

(c) that he shall at all times keep all vessels, receptacles, utensils and other things used in the sale or preparation or exposure for sale of meat in a state of thorough cleanliness, and shall protect from dust and flies all materials used in such sale or preparation or exposure for sale and the articles prepared or exposed for sale to the satisfaction of the Sanitary Inspector, or in the absence of such officer, the Secretary of the Committee;

(d) that he shall daily cause to be thoroughly washed and cleansed the floor and drain of the licenced premises and every bench, counter, table, shelf or other place on which the articles prepared or exposed for sale and any material used in such sale or preparation or exposure for sale are kept;

(e) that he shall cause the walls of the licensed premises to be properly lime-washed at least twice a year or more often, if so required by the Sanitary Inspector, or in the absence of such officer, the Secretary of the Committee;

(f) that he shall not carry on, or permit to be carried on, any trade or occupation in the licensed premises other than the sale or preparation or exposure for sale of meat, and that he shall not use, or suffer to be used, any portion of the licensed premises as a living room or a sleeping room;

(g) that he not spit, or smoke or suffer any other person to spit or smoke, within the licensed premises;

(h) that he shall not keep, or suffer to be kept, in the licensed premises any bedding, soiled clothes or other things not required for the sale or preparation or exposure for sale of meat;

(i) that he shall at all reasonable times permit any member or the Secretary or any other officer of the Committee to inspect the licensed premises without notice; and

(j) that he shall comply promptly with all notices issued by the Municipal Committee or the Sanitary Inspector in respect of sanitation.

SCHEDULE.

(The actual room or rooms, in which the sale or preparation for sale of meat is to be carried on, should be described in cases where the whole of the building is not to be used for such sale or preparation for sale.)

The 24th December, 1940.

No. 5115-C.-40/53787.—The following amendment made by the Municipal Committee of **Gurdaspur,** to its by-laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 28323, dated the 8th November, 1927, as subsequently amended by Punjab Government notifications Nos. 36865, dated the 7th December, 1931 and 1040-C.-36/1428, dated the 22nd April, 1936, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, as required by section 201 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, is

published for general information, and shall come into force within the Municipality of **Gurdaspur** on the 9th day of February 1941 :—

AMENDMENT.

After by-law No. 3 the following new by-law shall be added :—

"3—A. No animal shall be slaughtered at any other time, provided that, in special circumstances and on the realization of double the usual fee, the Superintendent may allow the slaughter of an animal at any other time. In all such cases the previous written permission of the Superintendent shall be obtained.'

Small Towns.

The 23rd December, 1940.

No. 6106-L. G.—Bds.-40/53506.—Punjab Government notification No. 3939-L.G.-Bds.-38/22995, dated the 1st July, 1938, relating to the acquisition of land at the expense of the Town Committee of **Akalgarh** for the construction of a fruit and vegetable market, is hereby cancelled.

No. 5468-L. G.-40/53595.—In exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (5) of section 3 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the Governor of the Punjab proposes to modify the limits of the Small Town of Chuharkana Mandi, in the Sheikhupura district, notified with Punjab Government notification No. 8217-L. G.-Bds.-38/4793, dated the 6th February, 1939. The modified boundaries shall be as shown in the schedule appended below.

2. Should any inhabitant of the said town desire to object to this proposal, he may, within three months from the date of publication of this notification, submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the said district to the Provincial Government :—

SCHEDULE.

North.—From the north-west corner of khasra no. 1131/1055 eastwards in a straight line along the southern boundary of Lahore-Sargodha road up to north-east corner of khasra no. 9455/8380.

East.—Thence south-westwards in a straight line along the western boundary of khal khasra nos. 9456/8381 and 148 up to the point where it meets the railway premises ; thence crossing the railway premises khasra no. 2508/213 in a straight line up to the north-eastern corner of khasra no. 2168 ; thence eastwards in a straight line crossing the khal up to the north-eastern corner of khasra no. 2169 ; thence southwards along the eastern boundary of khasra no. 2169 up to the south-east corner of khasra no. 2169 ; thence westwards along the southern boundary of khasra no. 2169 up to the south-west corner of khasra no. 2169 ; thence south-westwards along the eastern boundary of khal (khasra no. 2167) up to the point where it meets the eastern boundary of khasra no. 2166 at a distance of 132 feet from the south-east corner of khasra no. 2166 ; thence southwards in straight line along the eastern boundaries of khasra nos. 2166, 2164, 216 , 2150, 2151, 1667, 1670, 1671, 1674 and 1675 up to the south-east corner of khasra no. 1675.

South.—Thence westwards in a straight line along the southern boundaries of khasras nos. 1675, 1676, 1677, 1705, 1706, 1708, 1709 and 1710 up to the south-west corner of khasra no. 1710 ; thence southwards along the western boundary of khasra no. 1711 up to a point at a distance of 166 feet ; thence north-westwards along the Government land up to the south-west corner of khasra no. 1942.

West.—Thence northwards in a straight line passing through khasra nos. 1943, 1944, 1945 and 2010 up to a point in khasra no. 2010 at a distance of 160 feet to the west of the north-east corner of khasra no. 2010 ; thence westwards along the southern boundary of khasras nos. 2011 and 2008 up to the southwest corner of khasra no. 2008 ; thence northwards along the western boundaries of khasra no. 2008 and 2017 up to a point at a distance of 422 feet from the south-west corner of khasra no. 2008 ; thence eastwards along the northern boundary of a kacha road (khasra no. 2133) up to a point at a distance of 252 feet ; thence northwards in a straight line passing through khasras nos. 2017, 2015, 2031, 2038, 2037, 2052 and 2061 up to the north-west corner of khasra no. 2061 ; thence continuing northwards along the western boundary of khasra no. 2060 ; up to a distance of 55 feet ; thence north-westwards along the southern boundary of khasra no. 2062 up to the south-east corner of khasra no. 2070 ; thence westwards along the southern boundary of khasra no. 2070 up to the south-west corner of khasra no. 2070 ; thence northwards along the western boundaries of khasras nos. 2070 and 2069 up to the north-west corner of khasra no. 2060 ; thence westwards in a straight line along the southern line of railway premises (khasra no. 2508/213 and 8440) up to a point where it meets the eastern line of Gugera Branch ; thence northwards in a straight line along the eastern line of Gugera Branch up to the point of start.

No. 5837 L. G.,-40/53370.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 51 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendments of the Small Town Accounts Rules, 1923, published with Punjab Government notification No. 25132, dated the 3rd November, 1923, as subsequently amended :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. In rule 1 (*a*) of Part IV the following words shall be added after the words Savings Bank " :—

" or the amount of interest received from investments under rule 8 (2) " ;

2. For rule 8 the following shall be substituted :—

Investment of provident fund moneys.

" 8 (1) With the previous sanction of the Commissioner a Committee may from time to time withdraw any sum from the provident fund account with the Savings Bank and may invest or place such sum subject to the conditions and restrictions applicable to the investment or placement of a portion of the town fund under section 18 of the Act.

(2) The interest obtained by the investment or placement of any sum under sub-rule (1) shall be deposited in the Savings Bank to the credit of the Committee Provident Fund Account subject to the following conditions :—

Conditions.

1. The Committee shall establish a Provident Fund Investments Depreciation Fund, hereinafter in these conditions referred to as " the fund " which shall be deposited in the Post Office Savings Bank or in the Imperial Bank of India Savings Bank under the General Account of the General Provident Fund Account.

2. There shall be credited to the fund immediately on accrual —

(*a*) all interest accruing on the amount of the fund from time to time, and

(*b*) one per cent per annum of the sum invested under sub-rule (1), provided that the interest received from investments and available for distribution amongst the subscribers should not be less than the interest obtainable from the Post Office Savings Bank.

3. After deducting from the interest obtained by the committee on any sum invested under sub-rule (1) the amount referred to in condition (2) (*b*) above, the remainder of the said interest shall be deposited in the Savings Bank to the credit of the Committee Provident Fund.

4. At the end of the each year immediately after the account of each subscriber has been credited with interest in accordance with the provisions of sub-rule (2) (*a*) of rule 5 the secretary of the committee shall lay before the committee a statement showing—

(*a*) the total amount of interest accrued to the Committee Provident Fund Savings Bank Account during the year just closed either earned in the Savings Bank itself or credited thereto in accordance with the provisions of condition 3 above ; and

(*b*) the total amount of interest credited to subscribers accounts under the provisions of sub-rule (2) (*a*) of rule 5.

5. At the close of five years after the institution of the fund and at regular intervals of five years thereafter the committee shall furnish to the Commissioner for scrutiny a statement showing the total amount of Provident Fund investments held by the committee, and a statement showing the total amount at the credit of the fund.

6. If the Commissioner is satisfied at any quinquennial scrutiny that any of the investments held by the committee out of the Provident Fund have depreciated in value, he may direct that an amount not exceeding the amount of such depreciation shall be drawn by the committee from the fund and credited to the Provident Fund Savings Bank Account.

7. If the Commissioner is satisfied at any quinquennial scrutiny that the balance in the fund after the withdrawal, if any, of any sum in accordance with condition 6 is sufficient to cover any depreciation likley to occur during the next following period of five years in regard to any of the investments held by the committee as part of the provident fund, the Commissioner may direct that for the next five years the

amounts to be deposited in the fund in accordance with the clause (b) of condition 2 shall be reduced to such sum as he may prescribe, or shall be discontinued for such period not exceeding five years as he may direct.

8. If any reduction or discontinuance of the periodical payments into the fund has been ordered by the Commissioner under the provisions of condition 7 he may at any subsequent quinquennial scrutiny direct that the payments be restored to the original figure or to any proportion thereof as he may deem fit.

(3) (a) The cost of making any investments under the provisions of sub-rule (1) shall be met out of the depreciation fund.

(b) When any such investment is realised and the net price obtains after payment of any brokerage and other incidental charges is less than the amount originally invested, the difference shall be made good from the depreciation fund ; and it such net price is greater than the amount originally invested, the difference shall be credited to the fund."

3. For the existing form No. P. F. 6-A the following new form shall be substituted :—

" Form P. F. 6-A. **Rule 13.**

Amount of interest on investments during the current financial year.	Amount of interest received on the sum deposited in the Post Office.	Total	Amount creditable to the depreciation fund.	Balance to be distributed among subscribers at the close of March each year.	REMARKS.
1	2	3	4	5	6

Note.—The amount debitable to the depreciation fund under sub-rule 3 (a) and (b) of rule 8 should be shown as minus entries in column 4 of this form and the particular given in column 6."

The 24th December, 1940.

No. 5874-L. G.-40/53858.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 51 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following amendment to the Small Town Accounts Rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 25432, dated the 3rd November, 1923, as subsequently amended :—

AMENDMENT.

The heading of the last column in forms O·15 and O·17 shall be changed from " Total " to " Total of octroi " and thereafter a new column headed " Grand total " shall be added to each of these forms.

Town Improvement.

The 23rd December, 1940.

No. 2478-C.-40/53359.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 8 of the Provident Fund Act, 1925, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to direct that the provisions of the said Act shall apply to any provident fund established for the benefit of its employees by any town improvement trust in the Punjab created under the Punjab Town Improvement Act, 1922.

No. 2478-C.-40/53363.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 73 of the Punjab Town Improvement Act, 1922, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to make the following rules applicable to the Lahore Improvement Trust :—

The Lahore Improvement Trust Provident Fund Rules.

Short title.

1. (a) These rules may be called the Lahore Improvement Trust (Provident Fund) Rules, 1940.

(b) They shall come into force from the 1st January, 1941.

Definitions.

2. In these rules, unless there is anything repugnant, in the subject or the context—

(a) " Trust " means the Lahore Improvement Trust ;

(b) " Chairman " means the Chairman of the Trust ;

(c) " Family " means—

(i) in the case of a male subscriber, the wife or wives and children of the subscriber, and the widow or widows and children of a deceased son of the subscriber. Provided that if a subscriber

proves that his wife has been judicially separated from him, or has ceased, under the customary law of the community to which she belongs, to be entitled to maintenance, she shall henceforth be deemed to be no longer a member of the subscriber's family in matters to which these rules relate, unless the subscriber subsequently indicates by express notification in writing to the Chairman that she shall continue to be so regarded ;

(*ii*) in the case of a female subscriber, the husband and children of the subscriber, and the widow or widows and children of a deceased son of a subscriber.

Provided that if a subscriber by notification in writing to the Chairman expresses her desire to exclude her husband from her family, the husband shall henceforth be deemed to be no longer a member of the subscriber's family in matters to which these rules relate, unless the subscriber subsequently cancels formally in writing her notification excluding him ;

Note I.—" Children " means legitimate children ;

Note II.—An adopted child shall be considered to be a child when the Chairman, or if any doubt arises in the mind of the Chairman, the Trust is satisfied that, under the personal law of the subscriber, adoption is legally recognised as conferring the status of a natural child, but in this case only ;

Note III.—In a case in which a person has given his child in adoption to another person and if, under the personal law of the adopter, adoption is legally recognised as conferring the status of a natural child, such a child should, for the purposes of the Provident Fund Rules, be considered as excluded from the family of the natural father.

(*d*) " Provident Fund " means the Lahore Improvement Trust Provident Fund ;

(*e*) " Interest " means interest accrued on the balance at credit of a subscriber to the Provident Fund calculated as if such balance were a deposit in the Post Office Savings Bank ;

(*f*) " Salary " means monthly salary and includes special pay as defined in the Fundamental Rules, but does not include travelling allowance, conveyance allowance or compensatory allowance ;

(*g*) " Savings Bank " means the Post Office Savings Bank.

(*h*) " Servant " includes every employee of the Trust who holds a permanent post substantively under the Trust but does not include a Government servant on foreign service with the Trust ;

(*i*) " Subscriber " means a servant who is required or permitted to subscribe to the Provident Fund ;

(*j*) " Service " means service of the subscriber from the date of joining the service of the Trust ;

(*k*) " Commissioner " means the Commissioner of the Lahore Division.

Servants who shall or may contribute to the Provident Fund.

3. Every servant in receipt of a monthly salary of Rs. 20 or more shall be required to subscribe to the provident fund at the rate of 6¼ per cent of his salary, provided that the Trust, for special reasons to be recorded in a resolution, may permit any servant in receipt of a monthly salary of less than Rs. 20 to subscribe to the provident fund.

Recovery of subscriptions.

4. (1) Every subscription to the provident fund shall be recovered by means of a deduction of the amount of such subscription from each salary bill of the subscriber, provided that, in calculating the deduction to be made, fractions of a rupee of salary shall be disregarded.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in rule 3 or in sub-rule (1) of this rule no servant shall be required or permitted to subscribe to the provident fund while he is absent on leave except during earned leave.

Trust's contributions to the Provident Fund.

5. The Trust shall contribute to the provident fund of each subscriber an amount equal to the amount of his subscription :—

Provided that if the subscriber, who is required or permitted to subscribe to the provident fund resigns within five years of the commencement of his

service, except on account of illness or any other cause which the Trust may determine to be a sufficient cause, or has been dismissed from service of the Trust, the Trust may deduct from the sum standing to his credit in the provident fund, the whole or any part of the contribution made by it to his provident fund and the interest thereon;

Provided further that with the sanction of Government the Trust may contribute to the provident fund of each subscriber an amount equal to less than the amount of his subscription.

Ledger accounts of subscribers.

6. (1) The Trust shall maintain a Provident Fund Ledger in Form L. I. T./P. F. 1, of which separate portions shall be assigned to each subscriber, and there shall be entered therein each month the amount of each subscription, the amount of the Trust's contribution and the monthly balance on which interest is to be calculated.

(2) The amount of interest accrued on the balance at the credit of a subscriber shall be calculated at the end of the year, or when the account is closed, to the nearest pie on the lowest balance, excluding fractions of a rupee, at the credit of the subscriber between the close of the fourth day and the last day of each month.

(3) The Trust shall maintain a Provident Fund Liabilities Account in Form L. I. T./P. F. 8, which shall be posted up on every day on which amounts are credited or debited to the accounts (Form L. I. T./P. F-1) of the subscribers.

(4) At the end of each year the Trust shall furnish each subscriber with a statement in Form L. I. T./P. F-2, showing the balance at credit of his account at the beginning of the year, the amounts added thereto by way of subscriptions and contributions and the interest accrued during the year and the balance at credit of his account at the end of the year.

Payment of subscriptions and contributions to be made monthly to the Post Office savings Bank.

7. (1) The Trust shall open an account, to be called "The Lahore Improvement Trust Provident Fund Account", with the Savings Bank, and, as soon as may be at the beginning of each month and, if possible, before the fourth day of each month, shall pay into such account the amount of all subscriptions recovered under the provisions of rule 4 and of the contributions payable under the provisions of rule 5. The Chairman shall operate the account.

(2) Before a cheque is drawn for payment of subscriptions and contributions as required by sub-rule (1) a bill shall be prepared in Form L. I. T./P. F-3 and submitted with the relevant salary and establishment bills for signature to the Chairman or other authorised officer, provided that the Trust may make payment of the subscriptions and contributions on a single bill and by means of a single cheque in respect of all subscribers or on separate bills and by means of separate cheques in respect of subscribers of different departments.

(3) All cheques drawn under the provisions of sub-rule (2) shall be drawn in favour of the Postmaster.

General rule as to withdrawals.

8. (1) No sum shall be withdrawn from the provident fund account with the Savings Bank except—

(a) under the provisions of sub-rule (1) of rule 9 for the purpose of investment or placement; or

(b) under the provisions of sub-rule (1) of rule 10 for the purpose of making an advance to a subscriber; or

(c) under the provisions of rule 11 when a subscriber's account is to be closed for payment to the subscriber or his heirs.

(2) Whenever a sum is withdrawn from the provident fund account with the Savings Bank, such sum shall forthwith be credited to the Trust fund under the head, XIII—Suspense Accounts—Deposits. The payment shall be made therefrom for the purpose for which the sum was withdrawn by means of a separate cheque on a contingent bill and such payment shall be debited to the head, XVIII—Suspense Accounts—Refunds, provided that if any portion of a sum withdrawn is to remain credited to the Trust fund under the provisions of any rule, such portion of such sum shall be credited by book transfer under the head, XII—Unclassified—a corresponding debit being shown under the head, XVIII—Suspense Accounts—Refunds.

Investment of provident fund moneys.

9. (1) With the previous sanction of the Commissioner the Trust may from time to time withdraw any sum from the provident fund account with the Savings Bank and may invest or place such sum subject to the conditions and restrictions, if any, applicable to the investment or placement of a portion of the Trust fund under sub-section (3), of section 69 of the Punjab Town Improvement Act, 1922.

(2) The interest obtained by the investment or placement of any sum under sub-rule (1) shall be deposited in the Savings Bank to the credit of the Trust Provident Fund Account subject to the following conditions :—

Conditions.

1. The Trust shall establish a Provident Fund Investments Depreciation Fund, hereinafter in these conditions referred to as " the fund " which shall be deposited in the Post Office Savings Bank, under the General Account of the General Provident Fund Account.

2. There shall be credited to the fund immediately on accrual—

(a) all interest accruing on the amount of the fund from time to time ; and

(b) one per cent per annum of the sum invested under sub-rule (1), provided that the interest received from investments and available for distribution amongst the subscribers should not be less than the interest obtainable from the Post Office Savings Bank.

3. After deducting from the interest obtained by the Trust on any sum invested under sub-rule (1) the amount referred to in condition 2 (b) above, the remainder of the said interest shall be deposited in the Savings Bank to the credit of the Trust Provident Fund.

4. At the end of each year immediately after the account of each subscriber has been credited with interest in accordance with the provisions of sub-rule (2) of rule 6, the Secretary of the Trust shall lay before the Trust a statement showing—

(a) the total amount of interest accrued to the Trust Provident Fund Savings Bank Account during the year just closed either earned in the Savings Bank itself or credited thereto in accordance with the provisions of condition 3 above ; and

(b) the total amount of interest credited to subscribers' accounts under the provisions of sub-rules (2) and (3) of rule 6.

5. At the close of five years after the institution of the fund and at regular intervals of five years thereafter the Trust shall furnish to the Commissioner for scrutiny a statement showing the total amount of Provident Fund investments held by the Trust, and a statement showing the total amount at the credit of the fund.

6. If the Commissioner is satisfied at any quinquennial scrutiny that any of the investments held by the committee out of the Provident Fund have depreciated in value, he may direct that an amount not exceeding the amount of such depreciation shall be drawn by the Trust from the fund and credited to the Provident Fund Savings Bank Account.

7. If the Commissioner is satisfied at any quinquennial scrutiny that the balance in the fund after the withdrawal, if any, of any sum in accordance with condition 6 is sufficient to cover any depreciation likely to occur during the next following period of five years in regard to any of the investments held by the Trust as part of the provident fund, the Commissioner may direct that for the next five years the amounts to be deposited in the fund in accordance with clause (b) of condition 2 shall be reduced to such sum as he may prescribe, or shall be discontinued for such period not exceeding five years as he may direct.

8. If any reduction or discontinuance of the periodical payments into the fund has been ordered by the Commissioner under the provisions of condition 7, he may at any subsequent quinquennial scrutiny direct that the payments be restored to the original figure or to any proportion thereof as he may deem fit.

(3) (a) The cost of making any investments under the provisions of sub-rule (1) shall be met out of the depreciation fund.

(b) When any such investment is realized and the net price obtained after payment of any brokerage and other incidental charges is less than the amount originally invested, the difference shall be made good from the depreciation fund ; and if such net price is greater than the amount originally invested, the difference shall be credited to the fund.

Advances.

10. (1) With the sanction of the Commissioner any subscriber may, up to the amount contributed by the subscriber, including interest accrued thereon, be granted an advance from

his provident fund of an amount not exceeding three times the amount of his salary, for either of the following purposes and for no other purpose :—

(a) to pay expenses incurred in connection with the illness of the subscriber or a member of his family ; or

() to pay expenses in connection with marriages, funeral or other ceremonies, which by the religion of the subscriber it is incumbent upon him to perform and in connection with which it is obligatory that expenditure should be incurred ;

Provided that no such advance shall be sanctioned unless the pecuniary circumstances of the subscriber are such that the indulgence is, in the opinion of the Commissioner, absolutely necessary.

(2) The amount of an advance shall be repayable in not more than twenty-four equal instalments as may be fixed by the Commissioner when sanctioning the advance, and such instalments shall be recovered as if they were subscriptions in the manner provided in rule 4.

(3) The amount of an advance shall be recorded in column 5 of the Provident Fund Ledger (Form L.I.T./P.F. 1) and a note shall be made in column 9 as to the number of instalments by which the advance is recoverable. Each month the amount of the advance repaid shall be recorded in red ink in column 2 of the ledger and in column 8 shall be entered the amount of the balance of the advance outstanding. The amount of interest lost on the monthly outstanding balances shall be recovered from the subscriber in the month following the month in which the last instalment of the advance is recovered, and at the end of the year shall be added to the interest calculated on the monthly balances shown in column 7.

(4) If, under the provisions of the first proviso to rule 5, the whole or any portion of the Trust's contributions is to be withheld when a subscriber's account is closed, and if, when such account is closed, any portion of an advance made to such subscriber is still outstanding, the amount of the advance outstanding *plus* the amount of interest lost, calculated on the monthly outstanding balances of the advance shall be added to the amount shown at credit of the account in column 7 for the purpose of calculating the Trust's share of the total at credit of the account.

11. (1) Each subscriber shall, as soon after he joins the provident fund as possible, be called upon by the Secretary to furnish a declaration in form L. I. T.-7, in favour of one or more members of his family in such proportions as he may like, showing what he wishes to be done with the provident fund money at his credit in the event of his death.

(2) A subscriber who has no family, may nominate any other person or persons, instead, provided that such a nomination shall be deemed to have been duly made in accordance with these rules only for as long as the subscriber has no family.

(3) If a subscriber at any time acquires a family or remarries, any declaration already made under sub-rule (1) or (2) above, as the case may be, shall forthwith become null and void, and unless a revised declaration is received by the Trust the amount of his accumulations shall be dealt with under clause (a) or (b) of sub-rule (1) of rule 18 as the case may be.

(4) A nomination may be cancelled by a subscriber and replaced by any nomination which is permitted to be made under this rule.

12. Payments towards a policy of insurance may, at the option of subscribers, be substituted for, or deducted from, subscriptions to the Provident Fund, subject to the following conditions : —

(i) Only the amount of subscription with interest thereon, standing at the credit of a subscriber in the Provident Fund, may be withdrawn to meet the payment of premia.

(ii) If the total amount of any subscription or payment substituted under this rule is less than the amount of subscription payable to the fund under rule 3, the difference shall be paid by the subscriber as subscription to the fund.

(iii) The policy to be financed from the provident fund shall be the one effected by the subscriber himself on his own life except a "Pure Endowment" policy, which involves no element of risk on life. The policy shall be such as is legally assignable to the Chairman.

NOTES.—1. A guarantee policy, which ensures the payment of the sum assured in the event of the policy-holder being retired by the Medical Board, shall be accepted for the purposes of thi srule.

A contingent annuity, which, in the event of his death, ensures a certain income to the insurant's wife or children or both, shall also be accepted for the purposes of this rule.

2. If a policy of insurance is effected by a subscriber on his own life for the benefit of a sole beneficiary specifically named therein, a formal assignment by both the insured and the sole beneficiary shall be permissible. An assignment of a policy effected by a subscriber on his own life for the benefit of more than one beneficiary, whether existent or not at the date of the policy, shall not, in view of the attendant legal difficulties, be permissible under this rule.

(*iv*) The Chairman shall not make any payments on behalf of the subscribers to Insurance Companies nor shall he take steps to keep the policy alive. If a subscriber certifies every month at the time of preparation of the pay bill that the monthly premium payable by him to the Insurance Company is not less than the amount of his provident fund subscription under rule 3, the Chairman shall accept the same. He can, however, demand and scrutinize, at at any time, the premium receipts or certified copies thereof showing that such payments have actually been made to the Insurance Company. In the event of the insurant's not furnishing the same, the Chairman shall make the necessary deductions from the subscriber's pay for deposit in his provident fund. Should the subscriber prefer to do so, he may apply for an advance from the provident fund for payment of his quarterly, half-yearly or yearly premia.

(*v*) Any sums already at the credit of the subscriber in the fund may be withdrawn for the payment of premia or for the purchase of a single payment of life policy, or, at the discretion of the Chairman, for the payment of a single premium, but the utilization of sums already at credit shall not relieve the subscriber from continuing to make the usual deduction from his current salary within the limits prescribed in rule 3 of these rules whether the amount is to be paid into the fund or towards an insurance policy except when the subscriber is on leave other than earned leave.

NOTE.—The amount which may be withdrawn under this clause for payment of a single premium is the amount required to pay a single premium, which on receipt by the Insurance Company at once becomes the property of the Company. A subscriber shall not withdraw an amount from the fund for deposit with the Insurance Company for adjustments towards payments of future premia on his policy. Withdrawals are permissible to finance single payment endowment policies and not merely whole-life policies and there should be no objection to the acceptance of a policy on the joint lives of a subscriber and his wife.

(*vi*) A policy shall not be rejected, if—

(1) there is a difference between the amount payable at maturity and death if it occurs earlier ; or

(2) the assured is unable to say what amount precisely will be payable at maturity ; or

(3) the insurant has not been required to be medically examined by the Company ; or

(4) the amount withdrawn is to meet the premium due for one or more policies, provided they are otherwise acceptable.

(*vii*) (*a*) if a policy assigned to the Chairman matures before the subscriber quits the service, the Chairman shall, save as provided in sub-rule (*ix*) (*c*) proceed as follows :—

If the amount assured together with the amount of any accrued bonuses is greater than the whole of the amount withheld or withdrawn from the fund in respect of the policy with interest thereon, the Chairman shall re-assign the policy to the subscriber and make it over to him, and he (the subscriber) shall pay to the fund the whole of any amount withheld or withdrawn with interest accrued thereon.

If the amount assured together with the amount of any accrued bonuses is less than the whole of the amount withheld or withdrawn, with interest, the Chairman shall realize the amount assured together with any accrued bonuses and shall place the amount so realized to the credit of the subscriber in the fund.

(*b*) The bonuses which accrue on any policy may be allowed to accumulate with the policy until it matures ; but, if it is incumbent on the policy-holder to withdraw them as they fall due, the amount shall be credited to the subscriber's account in the fund.

(*viii*) A policy, the payment or payments for any premia on which, shall, under this rule, be substituted for subscriptions to the fund or withdrawn from the sum at the credit of a subscriber for the same purpose, and which has not already been assigned to the Chairman and delivered to him under this rule, shall within three months of such payment or withdrawal be so assigned and delivered as security for the payment contingently of the sum which, in the event of lapse of the policy or any assignment, charge or encumbrance thereof or thereon, becomes payable by the subscriber to the fund. No payment so made by a subscriber shall be considered as in substitution for any subscription by him to the fund unless and until the life policy shall have been so assigned. In default of such assignment within three months after such payment or withdrawal, as the case may be, the amount so paid or withdrawn shall forthwith be paid or repaid by the subscriber concerned to the Chairman or shall in default be deducted from such subscriber's pay.

(*ix*) (*a*) The assignment of a policy under this rule shall be endorsed on the policy and shall be in the following form :—

"I, A. B. of________________ hereby assign unto the Chairman of the Lahore Improvement Trust the within policy of assurance as security for payment of all sums which under rule 3 of the rules for the management of the Lahore Improvement Trust Provident Fund I may hereafter become liable to pay to the Trust's Provident Fund";

or in the case of policies of insurance effected by the subscriber for the benefit of a sole beneficiary as follows :—

"We, A. B. (the subscribers) of the Lahore Improvement Trust Provident Fund________________ and C. D. (the sole beneficiary of the policy) of________________ in consideration of the Chairman of the Lahore Improvement Trust agreeing at our request to accept payments towards the within policy of assurance in substitution for the subscriptions payable by me, the said A. B. to the Trust's Provident Fund (or, as the case may be, to accept the withdrawal of the sum of rupees________________ from the sum to the credit of the said A. B. in the provident fund for payment of the premium of the within policy of assurance), hereby jointly and severally assign unto the said Chairman the within policy of assurance as security for payments of all sums which the said A. B. may hereafter become liable to pay to that fund ".

(*b*) Save as provided in clause *ix* (*c*), the policy shall be re-assigned to the subscriber and handed back to him on quitting his service or on his refunding with the full interest thereon any advances taken from the provident fund for the purpose of paying premia thereon, and, in the event of his death before quitting the service, a re-assignment shall be executed in favour of and the policy be handed to the legal representative of his estate as determined by a civil court having competence to pass orders in this respect. Notice of a re-assignment shall be sent to the insurance company by the Chairman.

(*c*) If notice has been received by the Chairman of any assignment or attachment of, or encumbrance on, the policy, he shall not execute a re-assignment of the policy in favour of the subscriber or, in the event of his death, of the legal representative of his estate as determined by a civil court having competence to pass orders in this respect, until he shall have obtained the orders of the Commissioner.

(*x*) The following procedure shall be observed in regard to the assignment and re-assignment of life policies :—

(*a*) When the assigned policy is delivered to the Chairman under clause (*viii*) it shall be accompanied by a certificate from the subscriber to the effect that no prior assignment of the policy exists. The Chairman shall satisfy himself independently that this is the case by direct reference to the insurance company.

(*b*) Notice of the assignment of policy shall be given by the subscriber to the insurance company and acknowledgment of the notice of the insurance company shall be sent by the subscriber to the Chairman within three months of the date of assignment.

13. (1) When a subscriber dies the amount shown to the credit of his account in column 6 of the Provident Fund Ledger (Form L. I. T./P. F.-1) plus interest accrued to date shall be withdrawn from the Savings Bank, and payment of such amount shall be made :—

Withdrawal on closing of account.

(*a*) *When the subscriber leaves a family.*—(*i*) If a nomination made by the subscriber in accordance with the provisions of rule 11 in favour of a member or members of his family subsists, the amount standing to his credit in the fund or the part thereof to which the nomination relates shall become payable to his nominee or nominees in the proportion specified in the nomination.

(*ii*) If no such nomination subsists or such nomination relates only to a part of the amount standing to the credit of the subscriber, the whole amount or the part not covered by the nomination, shall, notwithstanding any nomination purporting to be in favour of any person other than a member of the subscriber's family, become payable as to one moiety to the husband or the widow (or in equal shares to the widows) as the case may be, and as to the other moiety in equal shares to the children of the subscriber :

Provided that if one or more of his sons have died leaving behind their widows or sons or both, the respective shares of each such deceased son shall be payable in equal shares amongst their sons or widows or both ;

Provided further that if the subscriber has left only a husband or widow or widows, as the case may be, the amount shall become payable to such husband or widow or in equal shares to such widows, as the case may be, or if the subscriber has left only children, the whole of the amount shall become payable to such children in equal shares subject to proviso (*i*) above, or failing both children and widow or widows or husband, as the case may be, in equal shares among other members of the family ;

Provided further that no share shall be payable to—

(1) married daughters whose husbands are alive ; and

(2) married daughters of a deceased son whose husbands are alive ;

if there s any other member of the family in existence.

(*b*) *When the subscriber leaves no family.*—(*i*) If a nomination made by him in accordance with the provisions of rule 11 in favour of any person or persons subsists, the amount so standing to his credit in the fund or the part thereof to which the nomination relates shall become payable to his nominee or nominees in the proportion specified in the nomination.

(*ii*) Or if no nomination made by him in accordance with the provisions of rule 11 subsists, or if such nomination relates only to a part of the amount standing to his credit in the fund, the whole amount or the part thereof to which the nomination does not relate, shall be payable to his legal heirs.

Explanation.—(1) For the purposes of this sub-rule a subscriber's posthumous child shall be considered to be a member of his family at the time of his death, and, if born alive, shall be treated in the same way as surviving child born before the subscriber's death.

(2) The case of a posthumous child already born when the case is taken up by the disbursing officer will present no difficulty. For the rest if the possibility of the birth of a posthumous child is brought to the notice of the disbursing officer, the amount which will be due to the child in the event of its being born alive, should be retained, and the balance distributed in the normal way under the sub-rule referred to above. If the child is born alive, payment of the amount retained should be made as in the case of a minor child ; but if no child is born or the child is still-born, the amount retained should be distributed among the family in accordance with the sub-rule cited above.

(2) Subject to the provisions of rule 5, when a subscriber ceases to be a servant of the Trust, the amount shown to the credit of his account in column 6 of the Provident Fund Ledger (From L. I. T.-1) plus interest accrued to date shall be withdrawn and shall be paid to him ;

Provided that—

(*a*) if he is transferred otherwise than temporarily to the service of another local body which maintains a provident fund, or when having been transferred temporarily from the service of another local body he reverts to such service the amount withdrawn shall be paid to such other local body for credit to his provident fund account with such local body ; and

(b) If he is transferred temporarily to the service of another local body, the amount shown to the credit of his account in column 6 of the Provident Fund Ledger (Form L. I. T.-1) shall not be withdrawn, but shall remain to the credit of his account.

(3) When a subscriber—

(a) has proceeded on leave preparatory to retirement, or

(b) while on leave, has been permitted to retire or declared by competent authority to be unfit for further service,

the amount shown at the credit of the account in column 6 of the Provident Fund Ledger (Form L. I. T. P. F.-I.) shall, upon application made by him in that behalf, become payable to him, subject to the provisions of Rule 5 :

Provided that the subscriber, if he returns to duty, shall, if required to do so by the Trust, repay to the Provident Fund for credit to his account, the whole or part of any amount paid to him from the Provident Fund in pursuance of this sub-rule with interest thereon in cash or securities or partly in cash or partly in securities, by instalments or otherwise, by recovery from his salary or otherwise, as the Trust may direct.

(4) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-rules (1) (2) or (3), no amount shall be withdrawn for payment to a subscriber or his heirs under the provisions of those sub-rules unless such payment can be made immediately ; provided that if such payment cannot be made within one year if the amount at credit of the subscriber's Provident Fund account is ten rupees or less, or within three years if such amount is more than ten rupees, the Trust shall withdraw such amount and credit it to the Trust Fund under the head XII—Unclassified, and no payment shall thereafter be made to the subscriber or his heirs except under the orders of the Commissioner.

(5) When an account is closed under the provisions of this rule, a line shall be drawn in red ink across the page below the last entry in the Provident Fund Ledger Account (Form L. I. T./P. F.-1) and the number and date of the *chalan* with which the amount at credit of the account is remitted to the treasury shall be recorded below the line together with the number, date and amount of the bill or bills on which payments of the amount are subsequently made, and if the amount is withdrawn under the provisions of sub-rule (4) the word " Dead Account " shall be added.

Amounts to be withheld when account is closed.

14. Not withstanding anything contained in rule 13, if any sum is due from a subscriber to the Trust at the time when his account is closed, the Trust may deduct the amount of such sum, but not exceeding in any case the total amount of its contributions credited to the account of the subscriber and interest accrued thereon before making payment under rule 13 of the amount at the credit of his Provident Fund Account.

General accounts to be maintained by the Trust.

15. The Trust shall maintain—

(1) a Prov. ent Fund Account Form L. I. T./P. F.-4,

(2) a Provident Fund Investments Account in in Form L. I. T./P. F.-5,

(3) a Provident Fund Investments Interest Account in Form L. I. T./P. F.-6 or, if a Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund is maintained, a Provident Fund Investment Interest Account in Form L. I. T./P. F. 6-A. and a Provident Fund Investment Depreciation Fund Account in Form L. I. T./P. F. 6-B., and

(4) an account in Form L. I. T./P. F.-9 showing the amount available for payment of insurance premia of the Provident subscribers.

(Form L. I. T. P. F.-1.) Rule 6 (1).

The Lahore Improvement Trust Provident Fund Ledger.

NUMBER OF ______ ACCOUNT.	NAME OF ______ SUBSCRIBER.					FOLIO NUMBER OF ESTABLISHMENT CHECK REGISTER ______		
19 — 19 —	Deposits.	Contributions.	Total.	Withdrawals.	Actual monthly balance in hand.	Monthly balance on which interest is calculated.	Monthly balance of withdrawals on which loss of interest is calculated.	REMARKS.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	
Opening balance								
April ...								
May ...								
June ...								
July ...								
August ...								
September ...								
October ...								
November ...								
December ...								
January ...								
February ...								
March ...								
Total ...								
Interest for 19 — 19								
Balance on 31st March, 19								

(Form L. I. T. P.F.-2) Rule 6 (4).

THE LAHORE IMPROVEMENT TRUST SUBSCRIBERS' ANNUAL ACCOUNT.

Name of Subscriber ______

Detail.	Amount. Rs. A. P.
Blance at credit of account on	
Subscriptions and contributions received	
Interest accrued	
Less interest on balances of advance	
Total ...	
Less amount of advance outstanding	
Balance at credit of account on	

Any representation with regard to the correctness of this account, which the subscriber may wish to make should be made in writing within one month from the date noted below to the Secretary of the Trust.

Date ______

______
Secretary, The Lahore Improvement Trust.

Initials of Accountant ______

(Form L. I. T. P. F.-3) Rule 7 (2).

THE LAHORE IMPROVEMENT TRUST PROVIDENT FUND BILL.

No. ______ year ______ month ______

Detailed Head of Account.	Number and date of salary or Establishment bill.	Amount of subscription.	Amount of contribution.	Total.
Total ..				

Date Signature of Secretary or Head of Department ______

Pay Rs. ______

Examined and entered.

______
Accountant.

Date

______
Signature of officer authorized to order payment.

(Form L. I. T. P. F 4.) **Rule 15 (1).**

The Lahore Improvement Trust Provident Fund Account.

Date.	Remitted to Savings Bank.		Interest credited by Savings Bank.	Withdrawal from Savings Bank.		Balance after each transaction.	Disposal of sums withdrawn.						
							Investments.		*Payment to subscriber by way of advance.*		*Payment to subscriber or his heirs on closure of account.*		
	Bill No.	Amount.		No. of chalan crediting amount withdrawn to Trust Fund.	Amount.		Bill No.	Amount.	Bill No.	Amount.	Bill No.	Amount.	Refunded to Trust Fund.

(Form L. I. T. P. F. 5) **Rule 15 (2).**

The Lahore Improvement Trust Provident Fund Investments Account.

Serial No.	Date.	Bill No.	Purchase of Investments.								Sale of Investments.						
					Cost.			*Interest.*		*Net price realized.*				*Disposal of proceeds.*		
			Description of investment.	Nominal value.	Actual price debitable to provident fund.	Brokerage and other charges debitable to Trust Fund.	Total cost.	Rate.	Amount.	Number of chalan with which remitted to treasury.	Amount.	Brokerage and other charges on account of sale.	Gross price realized.	Number of bill for repayment to Provident Fund Account in Savings Bank.	Amount repaid.*	Difference debited (—) or credited (×) to Trust Fund.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
									Rs.		Rs.					

*The amount to be shown in this column should be the same amount as is shown in column 6.

(Form L. I. T. P. F.-6.) Rule 15 (3).

The Lahore Improvement Trust, Provident Fund Investments Interest Account.

Serial number in Provident Fund Investments Accounts (L. I. T.-5).	Instalments of interest due.		19 .						19 .					
			Instalments of interest received.			Disposal of proceeds.			Instalments of interest received.			Disposal of proceeds.		
						Paid into Provident Fund.						Paid into Provident Fund.		
	Date.	Amount.	Date.	Number and date of chalan with which remitted to treasury.	Amount.	Number and date of Bill.	Amount.	Paid into Trust Fund.	Date.	Number and date of chalan, with which remitted to treasury.	Amount.	Number and date of Bill.	Amount.	Paid into Trust Fund.
		Rs.			Rs.		Rs.				Rs.		Rs.	

19 .						19 .					
Instalments of interest received.			Disposal of proceeds.			Instalments of interest received.			Disposal of proceeds.		
			Paid into Provident Fund.						Paid into Provident Fund.		
Date.	Number and date of chalan with which remitted to treasury.	Amount.	Number and date of Bill.	Amount.	Paid into Trust Fund.	Date.	Number and date of chalan with which remitted to treasury.	Amount.	Number and date of Bill.	Amount.	Paid into Trust Fund.
		Rs.		Rs.				Rs.			

(Form L.I. T. P. F. 6-A.) Rule 15(3).

The Lahore Improvement Trust.

Provident Fund Investments Interest Account.

Amount of interest on investments during the current financial year.	Amount of interest received on the sum deposited in the Post Office.	Total.	Amount creditable to the depreciation fund.	Balance to be distributed among subscribers at the close of March each year.	REMARKS.
1	2	3	4	5	6

Note.—The amount debitable to the depreciation fund under sub-rule 3 (a) and (b) of rule 9 should be shown as minus entries in column 4 of this form and the particulars given in column 6.

(Form L.I.T. P. F. 6-B.) Rule 15(3).

The Lahore Improvement Trust.

Provident Fund Investments Depreciation Fund Account.

Date.	Balance at credit.	AMOUNT CREDITED TO THE PROVIDENT FUND INVESTMENT DEPRECIATION FUND IN THE POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK / IMPERIAL BANK.		Interest earned on the Investment Depreciation Fund money in the Post Office Savings Bank or Imperial Bank.	PAYMENTS.		Balance 4—5 (b).	REMARKS
		Folio No. of Register L. I. T. P. F. 6 (A).	Amount.		No. and date of the order of the Commissioner sanctioning withdrawal from the fund.	Amount.		
1	2	3 (a)	3 (b)	4	5 (a)	5 (b)	6	7
			Rs. A. P.			Rs. A. P.		

Rule 11 (1).

(Form L. I. T. P. F. 7.)

The Lahore Improvement Trust Provident Fund.

FORM OF DECLARATION.

*FORM SUBSCRIBER.

I hereby declare that in the event of my death the amount at my credit in the Provident Fund shall be distributed among the persons mentioned below in the manner shown against their means.

The amount due to nominee who is a minor at the time of my death should be paid to the person whose name appears in column 5 :—

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Name and address of the nominee or nominees.	Relationship with the subscriber.	Whether major or minor, if minor, state his age.	Amount or share of deposit.	Name and address of the person to whom payment is to be made on behalf of the minor.	Sex and parentage of person mentioned in column 5.	REMARKS.

ere state unmarried, married or widower.

Two witnesses to signature of subscriber :—

Witness No. I.

Signature ________

Occupation ________

Address ________

Witness No. II.

Signature ________

Occupation ________

Address ________

Signature of subscriber ________

Occupation of subscriber ________

Address of subscriber ________

Station ________

Date ________

NOTE.—A subscriber having a family as defined in rule 2 is not permitted in his Form of Declaration to leave the amount of his accumulations in the fund or any part of it to any one outside his family.

(Form L. I. T. P. F. 8.) Rule 6 (3).

The Lahore Improvement Trust Provident Fund Liabilities Account for the year 19 .

			April.				May.				June				July.				August.				September.			
No. of depositor.	Name and designation.	Opening balance.	Date of credit.	Deductions from salary.	Trust's contribution.	Total.	Date of credit.	Deductions from salary.	Trust's contribution.	Total.	Date of credit.	Deductions from salary.	Trust's contribution.	Total.	Date of credit.	Deductions from salary.	Trust's contribution.	Total.	Date of credit.	Deductions from salary.	Trust's contribution.	Total.	Date of credit.	Deductions from salary.	Trust's contribution.	Total.

October.				November.				December.				January.				February.				March.						
Date of credit.	Deductions from salary.	Trust's contribution.	Total.	Date of credit.	Deductions from salary.	Trust's contribution.	Total.	Date of credit.	Deductions from salary.	Trust's contribution.	Total.	Date of credit.	Deductions from salary.	Trust's contribution.	Total.	Date of credit.	Deductions from salary.	Trust's contribution.	Total.	Date of credit.	Deductions from salary	Trust's contribution.	Total.	Interest added for the year.	Total carried forward to next year's account.	Remarks.

Withdrawals, if any, are to be noted in red ink after the total for the month in which it occurs, the net balance being shown from the next month onward.

(Form L.I.T. P. F. 9.) Rule 15(4)

The Lahore Improvement Trust.

Register showing the amount available for payment of insurance premia of Provident Fund subscriber.

P. F. ACCOUNT No. ____________________

NAME ____________________

Date.	Provident Fund subscription available for insurance. (a) Amount of deposit made by the subscriber since the last withdrawal for payment of insurance premium was made.	(b) Interest earned since the date of last withdrawal on subscriber's own deposits.	Total of columns 2 (a), 2 (b) and 4.	Advance paid.	Balance after each transaction.	Remarks.*
1	2			3	4	5
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	

*The fact that the insurance policy has been assigned to the Trust as well as the number of policy should be noted in the remarks column of the register.

Improvement Trust.

The 24th December, 1940.

No. 3770-C.-40/53887.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 74 of the Punjab Town Improvement Act, 1922, the Lahore Improvement Trust has made with the previous sanction of the Governor of the Punjab, the following rules which are published for general information :—

THE LAHORE IMPROVEMENT TRUST INSPECTION OF RECORDS RULES.

1. (*i*) These rules may be called "The Lahore Improvement Trust (Inspection of Records) Rules, 1940.

(*ii*) In these rules, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

"*Trust*" means the Lahore Improvement Trust;

"*Record*" means and includes any portion of a record of the Trust and any rules' document, map, plan or other paper attached to it ;

"*Chairman*" means the Chairman of the Trust ;

"*Trustee*" means a Trustee of the Trust ;

"*Officer-in Charge*" "*Head Clerk*", and "*Record-keeper*" mean, respectively, the Officer-in-Charge, Head Clerk and Record-keeper of the department where the record intended to be inspected is deposited at the time ;

"*Secretary*" means the Secretary of the Trust ;

"*Accountant*" means the Accountant of the Trust ; and

"*Act*" means the Punjab Town Improvement Act, 1922.

A.—Inspection by Trustees.

2. Any Trustee may inspect any file without payment of any fee. He is, however, not authorised to inspect a file concerning a case in which he is interested himself. For inspecting such a file he will be treated as a member of the general pulbic and the rules in part B of these rules shall apply.

3. All files relating to items included in the agenda to be transacted at the next meeting of the Trust shall be made available by the Officers-in-Charge for the inspection of the Trustees as soon as a copy of the agenda is issued to them and the Officers-in Charge shall provide necessary facilities for inspection, which will be conducted at the Trust office. No Trustee, except the Chairman, shall remove any file from the Trust Office.

B.—Inspection by members of the Public.

4 (*i*) The only records of the Trust, which the general public has a right to inspect, are as follows :—

(*a*) documents mentioned in sections 36 (3) and 75 of the Act ;

(*b*) schemes under the Act sanctioned by the Provincial Government ;

(*c*) rules under sections 73 and 74 of the Act ; and

(*d*) any other records which the Trust may include in this sub-rule from time to time.

(*ii*) Only the persons concerned or their authorised agents will be entitled to inspect the resolutions of the Trust dealing with the property of individuals and firms.

(*iii*) In respect of records not mentioned in sub-rules (*i*) and (*ii*) above, the Officers-in-Charge shall exercise their discretion in allowing members of the public to inspect them, provided that the inspection shall be refused if it is prejudicial to the interests of the Trust.

5. Any member of the public, intending to inspect a record, shall make an application in form L.I.T.I./1, which can be had at a price of six pies from the Trust Office to the Officer-in-Charge and shall pay with the application one rupee, being the fee charged for search, and both the amounts so realised shall be acknowledged in the form prescribed in the Punjab Town Improvement Trust Rules, 1939. The application will be entered in the inspection register by the Record-keeper and the serial number of the register shall be endorsed on the application.

Note.—The forms shall be machine-numbered and a sale account thereof shall be kept in Form No. 24 of the Punjab Town Improvement Trust Rules, 1939. In the remarks column of Form No. 24 a reference to the entry of the Cash Book for the value of the forms sold shall be given.

6. A separate application shall be made and a separate fee paid for each record, the inspection of which is desired, unless the records are so closely connected that, in the opinion of the Officer-in-Charge, they may be regarded as one, in which case one application and one fee shall suffice.

7. The application will be scrutinized by the Head Clerk, who will make a report whether the inspection can, under the rules, be permitted. The report of the Head Clerk will be placed before the Officer-in-Charge, who will pass orders thereon. If the Officer-in-Charge refuses to allow the inspection, the fee of one rupee received from the applicant shall be returned to him. If the inspection is permitted, it shall be made at such time, in such place and in the presence of such official as the Officer-in-Charge may direct.

8. If a record is not inspected on the day fixed by the Officer-in-Charge, the sum of one rupee received with the application shall be forfeited and a fresh application for inspection must be submitted if it is desired to inspect the record.

9. When any person inspecting a record desires to continue inspection thereof on the following day, he shall give notice of his intention of doing so to the Trust employee in whose presence inspection is made, and in such cases no further application need be made in writing, provided that the inspection is continued from day to day.

10. The fee for the inspection shall be one rupee per record per day. The fee of one rupee charged under rule 5 will be in addition to the fee payable under this rule, and shall likewise be acknowledged in the form prescribed in the Punjab Town Improvement Trust Rules, 1939.

11. The fee required for the inspection shall be paid in advance.

12. Copying of any part of a record during inspection and the use of pen and ink are strictly prohibited. Pencil and paper may be used for the purpose of taking notes, but no mark shall be made on any record or paper inspected. Infringement or attempted infringement of this rule shall deprive the person infringing of the right of inspection and the fees already received shall be forfeited.

13. Not more than one person shall be allowed to inspect a record on one application, but a legal practitioner can have the assistance of his clerk while he is inspecting a record. Inspection by petition writers and legal practitioners clerks is forbidden.

14. A register of Inspections in the form L. I. T.-1/2 shall be maintained in each department by the Record-Keeper thereof and the fees realised shall be credited into the Trust fund on the day succeeding that on which they were received.

15. The applications shall be preserved for three years or until the audit, whichever be later; after which they may be destroyed under the orders of the Secretary.

16. The Accountan shall inspect these registers every month to see that all the sums received have been credited into the Trust fund.

17. The Officers-in-Charge shall inspect the registers once a quarter.

18. The order of the Officers-in-Charge, refusing the inspection of records, shall be appealable to the Chairman within thirty days of the date of the order.

(Form L.I.T.-1/1). **(Rule 5.)**

APPLICATION FOR INSPECTION OF RECORDS.

To

The Officer-in-Charge,

____________ Department,

Office of the Lahore Improvement Trust, Lahore.

SIR,

I beg to request that I may kindly be permitted to inspect the following record.

I beg to remain,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

____

Signature of applicant ____________

Date Address ____________

PARTICULARS OF THE RECORD.

To be filled in the department.

Application No.

Report of the Head Clerk.

Form L-I-T.-I./2.) (Rule 14.)

Register of Inspection.

Serial No.	Name of address of applicant.	Record required for Inspection.	Date of inspection.	Time taken.	Fee realized.	Date of realization.	Initials of the official in whose presence the inspection was done.	Initials of the Officer-in-Charge.	Amount credited.	Date of credit.	Initials of Cashier.	REMARKS.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13

Panchayats.

The 19th December, 1940.

No. 4949-L.G.-40/52433.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Indna Kalaske, situated in the Phillaur tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Indna Kalaske.

No. 4949-L.G.-40/52434.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4949-L. G.-40/52433, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Indna Kalaske a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 4949-L.G.-40/52437.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Haripur, situated in the Phillaur tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Haripur.

No. 4949-L.G.-40/52438.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4949-L. G.-40/52437, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the Panchayat area of Haripur a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 4949-L.G.-40/52441.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Saugha Jagir, situated in the Phillaur tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Saugha Jagir.

No. 4949-L.G.-40/52442.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4949-L. G.-40/52441, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Saugha Jagir a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 4949-L.G.-40/52445.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Jnjja Kalan, situated in the Phillaur tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Jajja Kalan.

No. 4949-L.G.-40/52446.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No 4949-L. G.-40/52445, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Jajja Kalan, a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 4949-L.G.-40 52449.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Phalpota, situated in the Phillaur tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Phalpota.

No. 4949-L.G.-40/52450.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4949-L. G.-40/52449, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Phailpota a panchayat consisting of 3 panches

No. 4949-L.G.-40/52453.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Kangniwala situated in the Phillaur tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Kangniwala.

No. 4949-L.G.-40/52454.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4949-L. G.-40/52453, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Kangniwala a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 4949-L.G.-40/52457.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Bopa Rai situated in the Phillaur tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Bopa Rai.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52458.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4949-L. G.-40/52457, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Bopa Rai a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52461.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Bath, situated in the Phillaur tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Bath.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52462.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4949-L. G.-40/52461, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Bath a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52465.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Kherah situated in the Phillaur tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Kherah.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52466.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4949-L. G.-40/52465, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Kherah a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52469.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Sultanpur, situated in the Phillaur tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Sultanpur.

No. 4949-L. G. 40/52470.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4949-L. G.-40/52469, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Sultanpur a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52473.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Pharwala situated in the Phillaur tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Pharwala.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52474.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No 4949-L. G. 40/52473, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Pharwala a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52477.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Johl, situated in the Phillaur tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Johl.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52478.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4949-L. G.-40/52477, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor

of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Johl a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52481.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Mianwal, situated in the Phillaur tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Mianwal.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52482.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4949-L. G.-40/52481, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Mianwal a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52485.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Pandori, Musharqati situated in the Phillaur tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Pandori Musharqati.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52486.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4949 L. G.-40/52 85, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Pandori, Musharqati a panchayat consisting of 8 panches.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52489.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Shahpur, situated in the Phillaur tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Shahpur.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52490—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4949-L. G.-40/52489, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Shahpur a panchayat consisting of 8 panches.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52493.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Paddi Khalsa, situated in the Phillaur tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Paddi Khalsa.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52494.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4949-L. G.-40/52493, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Paddi Khalsa a panchayat consisting of 8 panches.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52497.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Rurka Khurd, situated in the Phillaur tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Rurka Khurd.

No. 4949-L. G. 40/52498.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4949 L. G.-40/52497, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Rurka Khurd a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52501.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Lidhar Kalan, situated in the Phillaur tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Lidhar Kalan.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52502.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4949-L. G.-40/52501, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Lidhar Kalan a panchayat consisting of 8 panches.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52505.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Khela, situated in the Phillaur tahsil of the Jullundur disrict, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Khela.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52506.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4949-L. G.-40/52505, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Khela a panchayat consisting of 8 panches.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52509.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Nathewal situated in the Phillaur tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Nathewal.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52510.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4949-L. G.-40/52509, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in panchayat area of Nathewal a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52513.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Bhagsinghpur, situated in the Phillaur tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Bhagsinghpur.

No. 4949-L. G.-40 52514.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4949-L. G.-40/52513, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Bhagsinghpur a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52517.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Dalla, situated in the Phillaur tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Dalla.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52518.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4949-L. G.-40/52517, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Dalla a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52521.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Bhallowal situated in the Phillaur tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Bhallowal.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52522.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4949 L. G.-40/52521, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Bhallowal a panchayat consisting of 3 panches

No. 4949-L. G-40/52525.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Ranwan, situated in the Phillaur tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Ranwan.

No. 4949 L. G. 40/52526.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4949-L. G. 40/52525, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Ranwan a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 4949-L.G.-40/52529.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Raipur Sagnewal, situated in the Phillaur tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Raipur Sagnewal.

No. 4949-L G.-40/52530.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4949-L. G.-40/52529, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Raipur Sagnewal a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 4949-L.G.-40/52533.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Muzara, situated in the Phillaur tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Muzara.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52534.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4949 L. G.-40/52533, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Muzara, a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52537.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare

the revenue estate of Chalang, situated in the Phillaur tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Chalang.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52538.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4949-L. G.-40/52537, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Chalang, a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52541.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Pasla, situated in the Phillaur tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Pasla.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52542.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4949-L. G.-40/52541, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Pasla, a panchayat consisting of 5 panches.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52545.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Chhokran, situated in the Phillaur tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Chhokran.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52546.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4949-L. G. 40/52545, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Chhokran, a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52549.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Hardo Sheikh, situated in the Phillaur tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Hardo Sheikh.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52550.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4949-L. G.-40/52549, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Hardo Sheikh a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52553.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Bhatian, situated in the Phillaur tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Bhatian.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52554.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4949-L. G.-40/52553, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Bhatian, a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52557.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Lidhar Khurd, situated in the Phillaur tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Lidhar Khurd.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52558.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4949-L. G.-40/52557, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Lidhar Khurd, a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52561.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Mau, situated in the Phillaur tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Mau.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52562.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4949-L. G.-40/52561, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Mau, a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52565.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estates of Pindal Himmat and Pindal Boota, situated in the Phillaur tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Pindal Himmat.

No. 4949-L. G-40/52566.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4949-L. G.-40/52565, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Pindal Himmat a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52569.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estates of Thamanwal, Burj Kela and Khokhewal situated in the Phillaur tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Thamanwal.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52570.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4949 L. G.-40/52569, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Thamanwal a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52573.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Thabalke situated in the Nakodar tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Thabalke.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52574.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4949-L. G.-40/52573, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Thabalke a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52577.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Bajuha Kalan situated in the Nakodar tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Bajuha Kalan.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52578.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4949-L. G.-40/52577, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Bajuha Kalan a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 4949-L.G.-40/52581.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Nurpur, situated in the Nakodar tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Nurpur.

No. 4949-L.G.-40/52582.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4949-L.G.-40/52581, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Nurpur a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 4949-L.G.-40/52585.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Sharaqpur, situated in the Nakodar tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Sharaqpur.

No. 4949-L.G.-40/52586.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4949-L.G.-40/52585, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Sharaqpur a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52589.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Tahli, situated in the Nakodar tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Tahli.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52590.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4949-L. G.-40/52589, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Tahli a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52593.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is

pleased to declare the revenue estate of Mahem, situated in the Nakodar tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Mahem.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52594.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4949-L. G.-40/52593, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Mahem a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52597—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Sindhar situated in the Nakodar tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Sindhar.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52598.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4949 L.-G.-40/52597, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Sindhar a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52601.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Rasulpur Kalan situated in the Nakodar tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Rasulpur Kalan.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52602.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4949-L. G.-40/52601, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Rasulpur Kalan a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52605.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Akbarpur Khurd situated in the Nakodar tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Akbarpur Khurd.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52606.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4949-L. G.-40/52605, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Akbarpur Khurd a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52609.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Namazipur situated in the Nakodar tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Namazipur.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52610.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4949-L. G.-40/52609, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Namazipur a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52613.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Dhaliwal situated in the Nakodar tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Dhaliwal.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52614.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4949-L. G.-40/52613, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Dhaliwal a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52617.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Akbarpur Kalan situated in the Nakodar tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Akbarpur Kalan.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52618.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4949-L. G.-40/52617, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the

powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Akbarpur Kalan a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 4949-L.G.-40/52621.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Raibwal situated in the Nakodar tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Raibwal.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52622.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4949-L. G.-40/52621, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Raibwal a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52625.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Tut situated in the Nakodar tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Tut.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52626.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4949-L. G.-40/52625, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Tut a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52629.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Chanian situated in the Nakodar tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Chanian.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52630.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4949-L. G.-40/52629, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Chanian a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52633.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Pasarian situated in the Nakodar tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Pasarian.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52634.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4949-L. G.-40/52633, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Pasarian a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52637.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Uggi situated in the Nakodar tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Uggi.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52638.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4949-L. G.-40/52637, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Uggi a panchayat consisting of 6 panches.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52641.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Rupowal situated in the Phillaur tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Rupowal.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52642.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4949-L. G.-40/52641, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Rupowal a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52645.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Jahangir situated in the Nakodar tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Jahangir.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52646.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4949-L. G.-40/52645, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Jahangir a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52649.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Bath situated in the Nakodar tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Bath.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52650.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4949-L. G.-40/52649, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Bath a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52653.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Pindori Khas situated in the Nakodar tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Pindori Khas.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52654.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4949-L. G.-40/52653, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Pindori Khas a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52657.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Gura situated in the Nakodar tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Gura.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52658.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4949-L. G.-40/52657, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Gura a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52661.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Sohal Jagir situated in the Nakodar tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Sohal Jagir.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52662.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4949-L. G.-40/52661, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Sohal Jagir a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52665.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Raunt, situated in the Nakodar tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Raunt.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52666.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4949-L. G.-40/52665, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Raunt a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52669.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate af Bajuha Khurd situated in the Nakodar tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Bajuha Khurd.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52670.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4949-L. G.-40/52669, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Bajuha Khurd a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52673.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Dharmiwal situated in the Nakodar tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Dharmiwal.

No. 4949-L. G.-40/52674.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4949-L. G.-40/52673, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Dharmiwal a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 4991-L. G.-40/52677.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 199, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Jaura situated in the Dasuya tahsil of the Hoshiarpur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Jaura.

No. 4991-L. G.-40/52678.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4991-L. G.-40/52677, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Jaura a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 4991-L. G.-40/52681.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Basi Nau situated in the Hoshiarpur tahsil of the Hoshiarpur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Basi Nau.

No. 4991-L. G.-40/52682.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4991-L. G.-40/52681, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Basi Nau a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 4991-L. G.-40/52685.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estates of Lehli Khurd and Rajni Devi situated in the Hoshiarpur tahsil of the Hoshiarpur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Lehli Khurd.

No. 4991-L. G.-40/52686.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4991-L. G.-40/52685, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Lehli Khurd a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 4991-L. G.40/52689.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Laksian situated in the Garhshankar tahsil of the Hoshiarpur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Laksian.

No. 4991-L. G.-40/52690.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4991-L. G.-40/52689, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Laksian a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 4991-L. G.-40/52693.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Jatpur situated in the Garhshankar tahsil of the Hoshiarpur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Jatpur.

No. 4991-L. G.-40/52694.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4991-L. G.-40/52693, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Jatpur a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 4991-L. G.-40/52697.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Dharampur, situated in the Una tahsil of Hoshiarpur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Dharampur.

No. 4991-L. G.-40/52698.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4991-L. G.-40/52697, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Dharampur a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 4991-L. G.-40/52701.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Daroli situated in the Una tahsil of the Hoshiarpur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Daroli.

No. 4991-L. G.-40/52702.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4991 L. G.-40/52701, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Daroli a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 4991-L. G.-40/52705.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Jandbari situated in the Una tahsil of the Hoshiarpur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Jandbari.

No. 4991-L. G.-40/52706.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4991-L. G.-40/52705, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers

conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Jandbari a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 4991-L. G.-40/52709.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Kothera Jaswalan situated in the Una tahsil of the Hoshiarpur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Kothera Jaswalan.

No. 4991-L. G.-40/52710.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4991-L. G.-40/52709, dated 19th December. 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Kothera Jaswalan a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 4991-L. G.-40/52713.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estates of Mindhwan, Badhal, Dhanera Lakher and Mandhli Khurd, situated in the Una tahsil of the Hoshiarpur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Mindhwan.

No. 4991-L. G.-40/52714.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4991-L.-G.-40/52713, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Mindhwan a panchayat consisting of 8 panches.

No. 4991-L. G.-40/52717.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estates of Mahyan, Khanpur Dasgraon and Bhaluh, situated in the Una tahsil of the Hoshiarpur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Mahyan.

No. 4991-L. G.-40/52718.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4991-L. G.-4 /52717, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Mahyan a panchayat consisting of 8 panches.

No. 4991-L. G.-40/52721.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estates of Nangal Nikku and Hambewal situated in the Una tahsil of the Hoshiarpur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Nangal Nikku.

No. 4991-L. G.-40/52722.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4991-L. G.-40/52721, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Nangal Nikku a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 4991-L. G.-40/52725.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Pandoga situated in the Una tahsil of the Hoshiarpur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Pandoga.

No. 4991-L. G.-40/52726.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4991 L. G.-40/52725, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Pandoga a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 4991-L. G.-40/52729.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Singha *alias* Surkala situated in the Una tahsil of the Hoshiarpur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Singha *alias* Surkala.

No. 4991-L G.-40/52730.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 4991-L G.-40/52729, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Singha *alias* Surkala a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 5021-L G.-40/52733.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Chak Ladian situated in the Hoshiarpur tahsil of the Hoshiarpur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Chak Ladian.

No. 5021-L. G.-40/52734.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5021-L. G.-40/52733, dated the 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers

conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Chak Ladian a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 5021-L. G.-40/52737.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Dholbaha situated in the Hoshiarpur tahsil of the Hoshiarpur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Dholbaha.

No. 5021-L. G.-40/52738.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5021-L. G.-40/52737, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Dholbaha a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 5021-L. G.-40/52741.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Badla situated in the Dasuya tahsil of the Hoshiarpur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Badla.

No. 5021-L. G.-40/52742.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5021-L, G.-40/52741, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Badla a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 5021-L. G.-40/52745.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Jhaj situated in the Una tahsil of the Hoshiarpur district to be a Panchayat area to be known by the name of Jhaj.

No. 5021-L. G.-40/52746.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5021-L, G.-40/52745, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Jhaj a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

No. 5021-L. G.-40/52749.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Gagret situated in the Una tahsil of the Hoshiarpur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Gagret.

No. 5021-L. G.-40/52750.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5021-L. G.-40/52749, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Gagret a panchayat consisting of 4 panches.

No. 5021-L. G.-40/52753.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governer of the Punjab is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Sainsowal situated in the Una tahsil of the Hoshiarpur district to be a panchayat area to be known by the name of Sainsowal.

No. 5021-L. G.-40/52754.—With reference to Punjab Government notification No. 5021-L. G.-40/52753, dated 19th December, 1940, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to establish in the panchayat area of Sainsowal a panchayat consisting of 3 panches.

Notified Areas.

The 23rd December, 1940.

No. 6129-L. G.—Bds.-40/53366.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*f*) of subsection (*1*) of section 242 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to extend sections 55, 116, 151 and 195-A of the said Act to the Notified Area of **Pirmahal Mandi** in the Lyallpur district and to declare that the provisions of the said sections shall come into force from the date of this notification.

No. 5892-L. G.-40/53420.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*a*) of subsection (*i*) of section 242 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the Notified Area Committee, **Jahania,** in the Multan district, has, with the previous sanction of the Governor of the Punjab with effect from the 28th January, 1941, imposed a tax at the rates shown in the schedule below, payable by persons presenting building applications to the Committee :—

Provided that the tax shall not be payable by persons presenting applications relating to the erection or re-erection of religious buildings or buildings owned by Government or a District Board.

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	Description of building application.	Amount of tax.
		Rs. A. P.
1	For the erection or re-erection of a building of one storey.	2 0 0
2	For the erection or re-erection of a building of more than one storey.	3 0 0

Medical.

The 23rd December, 1940.

No. 5910-M.-40/53398.—The following by-laws made by the Town Committee of **Jakhal Mandi**, in the district of Hissar, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 17 of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932, having been confirmed by the Governor of the Punjab, are published for general information and shall come into force within the limits of the Small Town of **Jakhal Mandi**, six weeks after the date of the publication of this notification :—

BY-LAWS.

1. No person whose name has not been registered in accordance with the provisions of section 14 of the Punjab Nurses Registration Act, 1932, shall practise as nurse, health visitor, midwife, nurse dai, trained dai or dai within the area subject to the authority of the Town Committee, Jakhal Mandi.

2. Any person practising in contravention of by-law 1 or any person committing or abetting the commitment of a breach of by-law 1 shall be liable, on conviction by a magistrate of the first class, to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees for the first offence or to a fine not exceeding two hundred and fifty rupees for a second or a subsequent offence.

Public Health.

The 23rd December, 1940.

No. 6223-M.-40/53499.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 1 of the Punjab Pure Food Act, 1929, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to extend to the Notified Area of **Raewind Mandi**, in the Lahore district, with effect from the date of publication of this notification, the provisions of sections 3 to 22 of the said Act, in respect of all articles of food and drink.

No. 6223-M.-40/53502.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Punjab Pure Food Act, 1929, the Governor of the Punjab is pleased to appoint the Chemist of the Public Health Department to be a Public Analyst for the Notified Area of **Raewind Mandi**, in the Lahore district, in respect of all articles of food and drink.

RAM CHANDRA,

Secretary to Government, Punjab,

Medical and Local Government Departments.

1499 CS—1160—26-12-40—SGPP Lahore.

Registered No. L. 864.

The Government Gazette, Punjab.

Published by Authority.

No. 1. LAHORE, FRIDAY, JANUARY, 5, 1940

PART I—B.

Notifications by Commissioners.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Small Towns.

The 23rd December, 1939.

No. A./IV/62/2/246.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following general order made by the Town Committee of Pindi Bhattian, in the Gujranwala district, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*p*) of section 35 of the said Act, and sanctioned by the Commissioner of the Lahore Division, as required by sub-section (1) of section 36 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force from the date of this notification;—

GENERAL ORDER.

(1) No person shall within the limits of the Small Town, sell wholesale or by auction any fruit or vegetable or sugarcane in premises other than premises licensed for the purpose by the Town Committee.

(2) The fees to be charged under clause (*b*) of sub-section (1) of Section 41 of the Punjab Small Towns Act for the use of this market shall be those fixed by the Committee from time to time with the approval of the Commissioner.

ALAN MITCHELL,

Commissioner, Lahore Division.

2022 CS—1129—4-1-40—SGPP Lahore.

Registered No. L. 384.



The Government Gazette, Punjab.

Published by Authority.

No. 1.] LAHORE, FRIDAY, JANUARY 5, 1940

PART I—B.

Notifications by Commissioners.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Small Towns.

The 23rd December, 1939.

No. A/IV/52/2/245.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following general order made by the Town Committee of Pindi Bhattian, in the Gujranwala district, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (n) of section 35 of the said Act and sanctioned by the Commissioner of the Lahore Division, as required by sub-section (1) of section 36 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force from the date of this notification:—

GENERAL ORDER.

(1) No person shall within the limits of the Small Town, sell wholesale or by auction any fruit or vegetable or sugarcane in premises other than premises licensed for the purpose by the Town Committee.

(2) The fees to be charged under clause (n) of sub-section (1) of Section 35 of the Punjab Small Towns Act for the use of the market shall be those fixed by the Committee from time to time with the approval of the Commissioner.

ALAN MITCHELL,

Commissioner, Lahore Division.

Registered No. L. 861.

The Government Gazette, Punjab.

Published by Authority.

No. 2. LAHORE, FRIDAY, JANUARY, 12, 1940.

PART I—B.

Notifications by Commissioners.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Boards.

The 5th January, 1940.

No. 4.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 11 of the District Boards Act, 1883, it is hereby notified that S. Ajmer Singh, son of Ran Singh, Jat Sikh, of village Balana, Tahsil Ambala, has been elected as a member for constituency No. 3, Shahpur of the District Board, Ambala, in the vacancy caused by the removal of Sardar Pala Singh.

Committees.

The 5th January, 1940.

No. 1.—*Corrigendum.*—In notification No. 72, dated the 5th of October, 1939, by the Commissioner, Ambala Division, *substitute* "Captain" for "Honorary Lieutenant" before the name of Ch. Bhoop Singh Chhikara, B.A., LL.B.

No. 2.—In accordance with the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the following persons have been elected members of the Municipal Committee of Thanesar in the Karnal District :—

Ward No. 1	..	Non-Muslim ..	L. Inder Sain.
		Muslim ..	Munshi Inam Ullah (Re-elected).

Ward No. 2 ..	Non-Muslim	.. L. Meli Ram (Re-elected).
	Muslim	.. Sh. Abdul Haq (Re-elected).
Ward No. 3 ..	Non-Muslim	.. Pandit Ganesh Datt (Re-elected).
Ward No. 4 ..	Non-Muslim	.. L. Ram Parshad.

No. 3.—In accordance with the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the following persons have been appointed by office under section 12 of the said Act as members of the Municipal Committee, Thanesar, in the Karnal District :—

1. The Tahsildar, Thanesar.
2. The Sub-Assistant Surgeon, Thanesar.

Panchayats.

The 5th January, 1940.

No. 5.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Pilkhani in the Ambala tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Pilkhani for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 6.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Pilkhani declared by notification No. 5, dated the 5th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala District, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification.

J. W. HEARN,

Commissioner, Ambala Division.

Boards.

The 4th January, 1940.

No. 119-L.-F. B.—In accordance with the provisions of sub section (1) of section 15 of the Punjab District Boards, Act, 1883, it is hereby notified that S. Gurbakhsh Singh of village Randhawa has been elected a member of the Hoshiarpur District Board for the Kaithan constituency, *vice* S. Kirpal Singh, deceased.

Committees.

The 4th January, 1940.

No. 167/L. F. B.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that Pandit Churanji Lal, B.A., B.T., LL.B., Pleader, Jagraon, has been nominated as member of the Municipal Committee of Jagraon in the Ludhiana district, *vice* Chaudhri Ganeshi Lal, resigned.

The 8th January, 1940.

No. 9-L. F. B.—The following amendments made, with the previous sanction of the Governor of the Punjab, by the Municipal Committee, Fazilka, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 19 of the

Punjab Primary Education Act, 1919, of its by-laws published with Commissioner, Jullundur Division's notification No. 605, dated the 29th January, 1939, are published for general information and shall come into force six weeks from the date of publication of this notification :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. *Substitute* the following new clause for the existing clause (1) of by-law 4 :—

"The Committee shall consist of seven members as follows :—

(a) Assistant District Inspector of Schools, Fazilka.

(b) Two Muslims .. } Elected by the Municipal Committee, Fazilka, at a general meeting, from among the residents of the Municipality".
(c) Four Hindus including Sikhs }

2. In clause (1) of by-law 7 the words "or in his absence, the Secretary" shall be added after the word "President" and the following shall be added as a new sentence after that :—

"The first meeting of the Committee shall be convened by the President of the Municipal Committee".

3. For by-law 15 the following by-law shall be substituted, namely :—

"The School Attendance Officer, Compulsory Education Clerk or the Secretary of the Committee or of the Municipal Committee shall file and conduct all prosecutions under sections 13/14 of the Punjab Primary Education Act, 1919, provided that no prosecution for an offence under section 13 or 14 of the said Act shall be lodged except in pursuance of a resolution of the Committee".

Panchayats.

The 5th January, 1940.

No. 174-L.F.B.—With reference to Commissioner, Jullundur Division's notification No. 36-A./L.F.B., dated the 19th July, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by sub section (3) of section (5) and sections 16 (b), 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated the 1st February, 1933, and 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate of Parasrampur in the Jullundur tahsil of the Jullundur district which was declared by him in his notification No. 36-L.F.B., dated the 12th July, 1939, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said panchayat shall consist of three panches, shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 (b) and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

No. 175-L.F.B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Chhajewal in the Jagraon tahsil of the Ludhiana district to be a village to be known by the name of Chhajewal for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 176-L.F.B.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, by virtue of the powers delegated to him in Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Chhajewal declared by notification No. 175-L.F.B., dated 5th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing

through the Deputy Commissioner of Ludhiana district to the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

The 8th January, 1940.

No. 7-L.F.B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Bhadu in the Nakodar tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a village to be known by the name of Bhadu for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 8-L.F.B.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, by virtue of the powers delegated to him in Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Bahdu, declared by notification No. 7-L.F.B., dated 8th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Jullundur district to the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

General (Gurdwaras).

The 4th January, 1940.

No. 168-L.F.B.—It is hereby notifie in accordance with the provisions of sub section (3) of section 88 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, that the persons named in column 3 of the schedule below have been duly nominated by the Shiromani Gurdwara Parbandhak Committee, Amritsar, under the provisions of section 87 of the Act, as the 5th members of the committees for the gurdwaras specified in column 2 of the schedule, and that the committees have been duly constituted :—

SCHEDULE.

No. and date of the notification declaring the Gurdawara under sections 9/17 of the Act.	Name of Gurdwara.	Name and addresses of the members nominated.	Constituency for the election of the Committee of Management.
1	2	3	4
206-G., dated the 17th August, 1931.	Damdama Sahib Padshahi Chhati.	S. Hakikat Singh, Overseer, Patti Karam Parkash, village and Post office Qila Raipur, district Ludhiana.	Zails of Shankar, Ghungrana and Raipur, tahsil and district Ludhiana.
27-G., dated the 29th May, 1936.	Dera Guru Granth Sahib.		
252-G., dated the 13th December, 1935.	Khalsa Jubilee Dharamsala.	S. Harnam Singh, son of Fateh Singh, Sub-Divisional Officer, Ferozepore City.	Municipal Area of Ferozepore.

171-L.-F.B.—It is hereby notified in accordance with the provisions of subsection (3) of section 83 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, that the person named in column 3 of the schedule below has been duly nominated by the Shiromani Gurdwara Parbandhak Committee, Amritsar, under the provisions of section 87 of the Act, as the 5th member of the committee

for the gurdwara specified in column 2 of the schedule, and that the Committee has been dully constituted :—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No. as entered in schedule I of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, as subsequently amended.	Name of Gurdwara.	Name and address of the member nominated.	Constituency in schedule I of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, as subsequently amended.
1	2	3	4
156 ..	Gurdwara Alamgir (Manji Sahib).	S. Bachint Singh, son of S. Dharam Singh, village Alamgir, post office Dehlon. district Ludhiana.	Zail of Dhandari and village Alamgir in the Zail of Dhandra, Tahsil Ludhiana.

E. SHEEPSHANKS,
Commissioner, Jullundur Division.

Committees.

The 8th January, 1940.

No. 5.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 15 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, read with Punjab Government notification No. 4, dated the 3rd January, 1912, the Commissioner of the Lahore Division is pleased to accept the resignation of Lala Banwari Lala, of his membership of the Municipal Committee of Jandiala, in the Amritsar district.

Small Towns.

The 4th January, 1940.

No. A./IV/61-B./3.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following general order made by the Town Committee of Padhana in the Lahore district in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*m*) of section 35 of the said Act and sanctioned by the Commissioner of the Lahore Division as required by subsection (1) of section 36 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force six weeks from the date of publication of this notification :—

GENERAL ORDER.

1. No person shall eract or re-erect or begin to erect or re-erect any building within the limits of the Small Town of Padhana without the previous sanction of the town committee.

2. Everyperson who intends to erect or re-erect any building within the said limits, shall give notice in writing to the President of the Town Committee of such intention and such notice shall be accompanied by a plan in duplicate on tracing cloth showing :—

(*a*) in the case of a new building, the site or in the case of a building to be re-erected, the position of the existing building ;

(*b*) the general nature of the foundations and structure, including, when the building consists of more storeys than one, the height of each storey and the number of such storeys ;

(*c*) the means of light, ventilation and drainage ;

(*d*) the name of the street or streets, if any, upon which the building abuts.

3. The town committee shall sanction or refuse to sanction the erection or re-erection of any building in respect of which a notice has been given in accordance with clause 2 of this general order, within two months from the date of receipt of such notice by the President.

If no orders are communicated to the person giving the notice within the said period of two months it shall be presumed that the sanction applied for has been recorded.

4. Any person committing the breach of this general order will render himself liable to the penalties specified in section 38 of the Small Towns Act, 1921.

Panchayats.

The 3rd January, 1940.

No. 46/15/6/1.—With reference to notification No. 125, dated the 20th July, 1939, issued by the Commissioner of the Lahore Division and in

exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated the 1st February, 1933, and the 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner of the Lahore Division is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate of But situated in the Amritsar district and included in the area declared by notification No. 124, dated the 20th July, 1939, to be the village of But for the purposes of the said Act ; to fix the member of panches at three ; and to declare that the said panchayat shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 of the Act, and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

No. 46/15/VI./2.—With reference to notification No. 46/15/(IV)/64, dated the 7th March, 1938, issued by the Commissioner of the Lahore Division, and in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated the 1st February, 1933, and the 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner of the Lahore Division is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate of Khojkipur, situated in the Amritsar District, and included in the area declared by notification No. 46/15 (IV)/63, dated the 7th March, 1938, to be the village of Khojkipur for the purposes of the said Act ; to fix the number of panches at three ; and to declare that the said panchayat shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 of the Act, and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

General (Gurdwaras).

The 5th January, 1940.

No. 4.—In accordance with the provisions of section 87 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, it is hereby notified that the following persons have been nominated by the Shiromani Gurdwara Parbandhak Committee to be the fifth members of the Committees of Management for the Gurdwaras specified in the schedule below. The Committees of these Gurdwaras are, therefore, duly constituted under section 88 (3) of the said Act :—

SCHEDULE.

Name of Gurdwara.	Serial No. as entered in schedule I of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925.	No. and date of notification declaring the Gurdwara as a Sikh Gurdwara.	Names and addresses of the persons nominated.	Constituency for the election of the Committee of Management.
1	2	3	4	5
Dukh Niwaran..	49	..	Sardar Atma Singh, Jamedar, village and Post Office, Khara, District Amritsar.	Revenue estates of Thathi and Khara.
Santpuri Kalan..	..	9-G., dated the 3rd March, 1937.	Sardar Balwant Singh, Patti Bhuse, village and Post Office Sarai Amanat Khan.	Revenue estate of Gandiwind.
Gurdwara Chhevin Padshahi.	..	223-G., dated the 24th August, 1931.	Sardar Sawan Singh, son of Sardar Mehtab Singh, village and Post Office Butala, District Amritsar.	Revenue estate of Butala.

ALAN MITCHELL,

Commissioner, Lahore Division.

Panchayats.

The 23rd December, 1939.

No. O.-XIV-S.-10/472.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the revenue estates specified in column 3 of the schedule below and situated in the Shahpur tahsil of the Shahpur district are hereby declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act by the name given in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	2	3
1	Walla ..	Walla.

No. O.-XIV-S.-10/472-A.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Walla, declared by notification No. O.-XIV-S.-10/472, dated 23rd December, 1939, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Shahpur district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-S.-8/473.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the revenue estate specified in column 3 of the schedule below and situated in the Shahpur tahsil of the Shahpur district is hereby declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act by the name given in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village	Name of estate within the meaning of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Kot Kamboh ..	Kot Kamboh.

No. O.-XIV-S.-8/473-A.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Kot Kamboh, declared by notification No. O.-XIV-S.-8/473, dated 23rd December, 1939, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Shahpur district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-S.-11/474.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the revenue estates specified in column 3 of the schedule below and situated in the Khushab tahsil of the Shahpur district are hereby declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act by the name given in column 2:—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	Name of village	Names of estates within the meaning of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	2	3
1	Sabral ..	1. Sabral. 2. Adlial.

No. O.-XIV.-S.-11/474 A.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Sabral, declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-S.-11/474, dated 23rd December, 1939, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Shahpur district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

The 8th January, 1940.

No. O.-XIV-G.-133/1.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate of Khosar Village in the Phalia tahsil of the Gujrat district is declared to be village to be known by the name of Khosar for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-G.-133/2.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Khosar declared by notification No. O.-XIV-G.-133/1, dated 8th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his viliage may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Gujrat to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-G.-134/3.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified

for general information, that the revenue estate of Daffar Village in the Phalia tahsil of the Gujrat district is declared to be village to be known by the name of Daffar for the purpose of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-G.-134/4.—In pursuance of the provisions of the sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Daffar declared by notification No. O.-XIV-G.-134/3, dated 8th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Gujrat to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-G.-135/5.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate of Chak Mano village in the Phalia tahsil of the Gujrat district, is declared to be a village to be known by the name of Chak Mano for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-G.-135/6.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Chak Mano declared by notification No. O.-XIV-G.-135/5, dated 8th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Gujrat, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-G.-136/7.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate of Ratti Pindi village in the Phalia tahsil of the Gujrat district is declared to be a village to be known by the name of Ratti Pindi for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-G.-136/8.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act. 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Ratti Pindi declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-G.-136/7, dated 8th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Gujrat, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-G.-137/9.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estates specified in column No. 3 of the attached schedule and situated in the Kharian tahsil of the

Gujrat district are declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column No. 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	Name of village.	Names of estates within the meaning of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat Village is comprised.
1	2	3
1	Hirapur ..	1. Hirapur. 2. Gaju.

No. O.-XIV-G.-137/10.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Hirapur declared by notification No. O.-XIV-G.-137/9, dated 8th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Gujrat, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-G.-138/11.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estates specified in column No. 3 of th attached schedule and situated in the Phalia tahsil of the Gujrat district are declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column No. 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	Name of village.	Names of estates within the meaning of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	2	3
1	Thatta Alia ..	1. Thatta Alia. 2. Thatta Nika. 3. Chhani Mahram.

No. O.-XIV-G.-138/12.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Thatta Alia declared by notification No. O.-XIV-G.-138/11,

dated 8th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Gujrat, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-G.-139/13.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estates specified in column No. 3 of the attached schedule and situated in the Gujrat tahsil of the Gujrat district are declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column No. 2. :—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	Name of village.	Names of estates within the meaning of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised
1	2	3
1	Deona ..	1. Deona.
		2. Juliani.

No. O.-XIV-G.-139/14.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Deona declared by notification No. O.-XIV-G.-139/13, dated 8th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Gujrat to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-G.-140/15.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate of Kot Pejo village in the Phalia tahsil of the Gujrat district, is declared to be village to be known by the name of Kot Pejo for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-G.-140/16.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Kot Pejo declared by notification No. O.-XIV-G.-140/15, dated 8th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Gujrat to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-G.-141/17.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate of Agroya village in the Phalia tahsil of the Gujrat district is declared to be a village to be known by the name of Agroya for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-G.-141/18.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that is is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Agroya declared by notification No. O.-XIV-G.-141/17, dated 8th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Gujrat to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-G.-142/19.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate of Garh village in the Phalia tahsil of the Gujrat district, is declared to be a village to be known by the name of Garh for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-G.-142/20.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Garh, declared by notification No. O.-XIV-G.-142/19, dated 8th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Gujrat to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-G.-144/21.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information, that the revenue estates specified in column No 3 of the attached schedule and situated in the Gujrat tahsil of the Gujrat district are declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column No. 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Names of estates within the meaning of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Murarian ..	1. Murarian. 2. Tibbi Gorian.

No. O.-XIV.-G.-144/22.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933 it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Murarian declared by notification No. O. XIV-G.-144/21, dated 8th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Gujrat, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O. XIV-J.-65/23.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate of Badlot, in the Jhelum tahsil of the Jhelum district is declared to be a village to be known by the name of Badlot for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-J.-65/24.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Badlot declared by notification No. O.-XIV-J.-65/23, dated 8th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act

2. Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Jhelum district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O. XIV-R.-124/25.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate specified in the column No. 3 of the attached schedule and situated in the Murree tahsil of the Rawalpindi district is declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column No. 2:—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Masot	Masot.

No. O.-XIV-R.-124/26.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Masot, declared by notification No. O.-XIV-R.-124/25, dated 8th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rawalpindi district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-R.-125/27.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate specified in column No. 3 of the attached schedule and situated in the Kahuta tahsil of the Rawalpindi District is declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column No. 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Nala Musalmanan	Nala Musalmanan.

No. O.-XIV-R.-125/28.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government Notification No 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Nala Musalmanan declared by notification No. O.-XIV-R.-125/27, dated 8th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rawalpindi District, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the the village.

No. O.-XIV-R.-126/29.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government Notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate specified in column No. 3 of the attached schedule and situated in the Murree tahsil of the Rawalpindi District is declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column No. 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Pithli ..	Pithli.

No. O.-XIV.-R.-126/30.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government Notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Pithli declared by notification No. O.-XIV-R.-126/29, dated 8th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rawalpindi District, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-A.-38/31.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate of Jallo village in Attock tahsil of the Attock district is declared to be a village to be known by the name of Jallo for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-A.-38/32.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Jallo declared by notification No. O.-XIVA.-38/31, dated 8th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Attock, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-A.-39/33.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate of Katcha village, in Attock tehsil of the Attock district is declared to be a village to be known by the name of Katcha for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-A.-39/34.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Katcha declared by notification No. O.-XIV-A.-39/33, dated 8th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Attock district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-A.-40/35.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate of Bai village in Attock tahsil of the Attock district is declared to be a village to be known by the name of Bai for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-A.-40/36.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Bai declared by notification No. O.-XIV-A.-40/35, dated 8th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Attock to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

General (Gurdwaras).

The 8th January, 1940.

No. O.-XIII-9-B./37.—In continuation of notification No. O.-XIII-9-B./299, dated the 21st January, 1939, it is hereby notified in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (3) of section 88 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, that the person named in column 3 of the Schedule below has been duly nominated by the Shiromani Gurdwara Parbandhak Committee, Amritsar, under the provisions of section 87 of the Act, as the fifth member of the Committee for the Gurdwara specified in column 2 of the Schedule and that the Committee has been duly constituted :—

SCHEDULE.

No. and date of notification declaring the Gurdwara to be a Sikh Gurdwara under section 9/17 of the Act.	Name of Gurdwara.	Name and address of the nominated member.
1	2	3
223-G., dated the 24th August, 1931..	Dharamsala Sardar Bahadur Sardar Bhagat Singh, Wazir-i-Azam, Bhera.	Sardar Bodh Singh, son of Sardar Aya Singh, Banker, Bhera.

No. O.-XIII-9-I./38.—In continuation of notification No. O.-XIII-9-E./294, dated the 5th January, 1939, it is hereby notified in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (3) of section 88 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, that the person named in column 3 of the Schedule below has been duly nominated by the Shiromani Gurdwara Parbandhak Committee, Amritsar, under the provisions of section 87 of the Act, as the fifth member of the Committee for the Gurdwara specified in column 2 of the Schedule and that the Committee has been duly constituted ;—

SCHEDULE.

No. and date of notification declaring the Gurdwara to be a Sikh Gurdwara under section 9/17 of the Act.	Name of Gurdwara.	Name and address of the nominated member.
1	2	3
106-G., dated the 13th August, 1934.	Dharamsala Bhai Charan Das ...	Sardar Ujjal Singh, son of Sardar Santokh Singh, Shopkeeper, of village Mitha Tiwana.

P. MARSDEN,

Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division.

Small Towns.

The 3rd January, 1940.

No. 3.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following amendment made by the Town Committee of Tulamba, in the Multan district of its general order published with notification No. 71, dated the 9th July, 1936, by the Commissioner, Multan Division, having been sanctioned by the Commissioner, Multan Division, as required by sub-section (1) of section 36 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force within the town of Tulamba from the date of publication of this notification.

AMENDMENT.

For the figure " 15 " in the second line of paragraph 3 of the general order the figure " 30 " shall be *substituted*.

Panchayats.

The 1st January, 1940.

No. 1.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, I declare the revenue estates specified in column 3 of the schedule below and situated in the Multan tahsil of the Multan district, to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act by the name given in column 1 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Names of estates within the meaning of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Sadar Pur ..	1. Sadar Pur.
		2. Bibi Pur.

No. 2.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that I, by virtue of the powers delegated to Commissioners of Divisions in Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, propose to establish a panchayat in the village of Sadarpur declared by my notification No. 1, dated the 1st January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Multan district, to the Commissioner, Multan Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the villages.

C. V. SALUSBURY,

Commissioner, Multan Division.

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PART I—B.

Notifications by Commissioners.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Committees.

The 11th January, 1940.

No. 25.—In accordance with the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, III of 1911, it is hereby notified that the following persons have been elected members of the Municipal Committee, Karnal, in the Karnal district :—

No. of ward.	*Names of members elected.*
	MUSLIMS.
1	Chaudhri Nazir Ahmad, Pleader.
2	Nawabzada Niamat Ali Khan (Re-elected).
3	Chaudhri Habib Ullah.
4	Rukn-ud-Daula Shamsher Jang Nawab Mohammad Sajjad Ali Khan.
5	Ch. Ghulam Rashid Khan, Pleader (Re-elected).
	NON-MUSLIMS.
1	Chaudhri Sumair Chand, Mochi (Re-elected).
2	Lala Hukam Chand Gupta.
3	Lala Bhagat Ram.
4	Lala Sita Ram Goel (Re-elected).
5	Lala Bhagwat Sarup, Pleader.
6	Chaudhari Umrao Singh (Re-elected).
7	Lala Ganpat Rai, Pleader.

No. 26.—In accordance with the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the following persons have been appointed, under section 12 of the said Act, as members of the Municipal Committee of Karnal in the Karnal district:—

1. The Civil Surgeon, Karnal.
2. Nawabzada Ahsan Ullah Khan.
3. K. S. Malik Abdul Hamid, Advocate.
4. Lala Chaman Lal, Banker.

The 13th January, 1940.

No. 27.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that R. B. Lala Ganga Ram has been elected under section 20 (1) of the said Act as President of the Municipal Committee of Ambala City in the Ambala district.

No. 28.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the following persons have been elected members of the Municipal Committee, Firozpur-Jhirka, in the Gurgaon district:—

No. of ward.		*Name of candidate.*
Muslims (2)	..	Sheikh Abdullah.
(3)	..	Sheikh Mohammad Shafi.

Town Committees.

The 15th January, 1940.

No. 29.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following general order made by the Town Committee of Babyal, in the Ambala District, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*h*) of section 35 of the said Act, and having been sanctioned by the Commissioner, Ambala division, as required by subsection (1) of section 36 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force from the date of this notification:—

GENERAL ORDER.

(1) Should any building, well, wall or structure or anything affixed thereto, or any bank or tree be deemed by the Committee to be in a ruinous state, or in any way dangerous, it may, by notice, require the owner thereof forthwith either to remove the same or to cause such repairs to be made to the building, well, wall, structure or bank, as the Committee may consider necessary for the public safety and should it appear to be necessary in order to prevent imminent danger, the Committee shall forthwith take such steps as may be necessary at the expense of the owner to avert the danger.

(2) The Committee may, by notice, require the owner or part owner, or person claiming to be the owner, or part owner, of any building or land which, by reason of abandonment or disputed ownership or other cause, has remained untenanted and become a resort of idle and disorderly persons or otherwise a nuisance, to secure or enclose the same within a reasonable time fixed in the notice.

Panchayats.

The 9th January, 1940.

No. 8.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Singhpura, in the Rohtak tahsil of the Rohtak district, to be a village to be known by the name of Singhpura for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 9.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st

of February, 1933, purposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Singhpura, declared by notification No. 8, dated the 9th January 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rohtak district, to the Commissioner, Ambala division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification.

No. 10.—With reference to notification No. 41, dated the 30th June, 1939, by the Commissioner of the Ambala division, and in exercise of the powers under sub section (2) of section 7 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1939, is hereby cancelled

No. 11.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Sulchani, in the Hansi tahsil of the Hissar district, to be a village to be known by the name of Sulchani for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 12.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Sulchani, declared by notification No. 11, dated the 9th of January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any in habitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Hissar district to the Commissioner, Ambala division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification.

No. 13.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala division, hereby declares the revenue estates of Kheri Jalib and Kheri Lochap, in the Hansi tahsil of the Hissar district, to be a village to be known by the name of Kheri Jalib for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 14.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Kheri Jalib, declared by notification No. 13, dated the 9th of January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Hissar district to the Commissioner, Ambala division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification.

No. 15.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Barsola, in the Hansi tahsil of the Hissar district, to be a village to be known by the name of Barsola for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 16.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Barsola, declared by notification No. 15, dated the 9th of January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Hissar district to the Commissioner, Ambala division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification.

No. 17.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Kangan Kheri, in the Hansi tahsil of the Hissar district, to be a village to be known by the name of Kangan Kheri for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 18.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Kangan Kheri, declared by notification No. 17, dated the 9th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Hissar district to the Commissioner, Ambala division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification.

No. 19.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Madha, in the Hansi tahsil of the Hissar district, to be a village to be known by the name of Madha for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 20.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Madha, declared by notification No. 19, dated the 9th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Hissar district to the Commissioner, Ambala division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification.

No. 21.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Rajpura, in the Hansi tahsil of the Hissar district, to be a village to be known by the name of Rajpura for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 22.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala division, in exercise of the powers delegated to

him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Rajpura, declared by notification No. 21, dated the 9th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Hissar district to the Commissioner, Ambala division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification.

No. 23.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Bhani Amirpur, in the Hansi tahsil of the Hissar district, to be a village to be known by the name of Bhani Amirpur for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 24.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Bhani Amirpur, declared by notification No. 23, dated the 9th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Hissar district to the Commissioner, Ambala division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification.

J. W. HEARN,

Commissioner, Ambala Division.

Committees.

The 13th January, 1940.

No 48-L. F. B.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that Lala Mukand Lal has been elected under sub-section (1) of section 20 of the said Act, President of the Municipal Committee of Fazilka, in the Ferozepore district.

Panchayats.

The 9th January, 1940.

No. 10-L.F.B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the Commissioner, Jullundur division, is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Rauli in the Nakodar tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a village to be known by the name of Rauli for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 11-L.F.B.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Jullundur division, by virtue of the powers delegated to him in the Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Rauli declared by notification No. 10-L.F.B., dated 9th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Jullundur district to the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. 12-L.F.B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the Commissioner, Jullundur division, is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Gehlan in the Nakodar tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a village to be known by the name of Gehlan for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 13-L.F.B.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Jullundur division, by virtue of powers delegated to him in Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Gehlan declared by notification No. 12-L.F.B., dated 9th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Jullundur district to the Commissioner, Jullundur division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. 14-L.F.B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the Commissioner, Jullundur division, is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Hussainabad in the Nakodar tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a village to be known by the name of Hussainabad for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 15-L.F.B.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Jullundur division, by virtue of the powers delegated to him in Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Hussainabad declared by notification No. 14-L.F.B., dated 9th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Jullundur district to the Commissioner, Jullundur division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. 16-L.F.B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the Commissioner, Jullundur division, is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Thala in the Phillaur tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a village to be known by the name of Thala for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 17-L.F.B.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, by virtue of the powers delegated to him in Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Thala declared by notification No. 16-L.F.B., dated 9th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Jullundur district to the Commissioner, Jullundur division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. 18-L.F.B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the Commissioner, Jullundur Division is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Angi Kiri in the Nakodar tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a Village to be known by the name of Angi Kiri for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 19-L.F.B.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, by virtue of the powers delegated to him in the Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February 1933, pourposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Angi Kiri declared by notification No. 18-L.F.B., dated 9th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Jullundur district, to the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. 20-L. F. B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Sand in the Nakodar tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a village to be known by the name of Sand for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 21-L. F. B.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, by virtue of the powers delegated to him in the Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Sand declared by notification No. 20-L. F. B., dated 9th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Jullundur district, to the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. 22-L. F. B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Aujla in the Phillaur tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a village to be known by the name of Aujla for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 23-L. F. B.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, by virtue of the powers delegated to him in the Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Aujla declared by notification No. 22-L. F. B., dated 9th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Jullundur district, to the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. 24-L. F. B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Moron in the Phillaur tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a village to be known by the name of Moron for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 25-L. F. B.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, by virtue of the powers delegated to him in the Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Moron declared by notification No. 24-L. F. B., dated 9th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Jullundur district, to the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. 25-A./L. F. B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the Commissioner, Jullundur Division is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Samailpur in the Nakodar tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a village to be known by the name of Samailpur for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 26-L. F. B.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, by virtue of the powers delegated to him in the Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Samailpur declared by notification No. 25-A./L. F. B., dated 9th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Jullundur district to the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. 27-L. F. B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Nagar in the Phillaur tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a village to be known by the name of Nagar for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 28-L. F. B.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, by virtue of the powers delegated to him in the Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Nagar declared by notification No. 27-L. F. B., dated 9th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Jullundur district, to the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. 29-L. F. B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 193?, the Commissioner, Jullundur Division is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Parjian Kalan in the Nakodar tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a village to be known by the name of Parjian Kalan for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 30-L. F. B.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, by virtue of the powers delegated to him in the Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Parjian Kalan declared by notification No 29-L. F. B., dated 9th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Jullundur district, to the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

The 10th January, 1940.

No. 31-L.F.B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Latala in the Ludhiana tahsil of the Ludhiana district to be a village to be known by the name of Latala for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 32-L.F.B.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, by virtue of the powers delegated to him in the Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Latala declared by notification No. 31-L.F.B., dated 10th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Ludhiana district. to the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. 33-L.F.B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Kalahar in the Ludhiana tahsil of the Ludhiana district to be a village to be known by the name of Kalahar, for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 34-L.F.B.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, by virtue of the powers delegated to him in the Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Kalahar declared by notification No. 33-L.F.B., dated the 10th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Ludhiana district, to the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. 35-L.F. B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Aiyali Kalan in the Ludhiana tahsil of the Ludhiana district to be a village to be known by the name of Aiyali Kalan for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 36-L.F.B.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, by virtue of the powers delegated to him in the Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Aiyali Kalan declared by notification No. 35-L.F.B., dated the 10th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Ludhiana district, to the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. 37-L.F.B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Akhara in the Jagraon tahsil of the Ludhiana district to be a village to be known by the name of Akhara for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 38-L.F.B.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, by virtue of the powers delegated to him in the Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Akhara declared by notification No. 37-L.F.B., dated the 10th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Ludhiana district, to the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

The 11th January, 1940.

No. 39-L.F.B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Bhamipura in the Jagraon tahsil of the Ludhiana district to be a village to be known by the name of Bhamipura for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 40-L.F.B.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, by virtue of the powers delegated to him in the Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Bhamipura declared by notification No. 39-L. F. B., dated the 11th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing

through the Deputy Commissioner of Ludhiana district, to the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. 41-L. F. B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Jamalpur Awanan in the Ludhiana tahsil of the Ludhiana district to be a village to be known by the name of Jamalpur Awanan for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 42-L. F. B.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Jullundur Division by virtue of the powers delegated to him in the Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Jamalpur Awanan declared by notification No. 41-L. F. B., dated the 11th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Ludhiana district, to the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. 43-L. F. B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Rajewal in the Samrala tahsil of the Ludhiana district to be a village to be known by the name of Rajewal for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 44-L. F. B.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, by virtue of the powers delegated to him in the Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Rajewal declared by notification No. 43-L. F. B., dated the 11th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Ludhiana district, to the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

General (Gurdwaras).

The 11th January, 1940.

No. 45-L. F. B.—It is hereby notified in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (3) of section 88 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, that the person named in column 3 of the schedule below has been duly nominated by the Shiromani Gurdwara Parbandhak Committee, Amritsar, under the provisions of section 87 of the Act, as the 5th member of the committee for the gurdwara specified in column 2 of the schedule, and

that the committee has been duly constituted :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3	4
No. and date of the notification declaring the Gurdwara under section 9/17 of the Act.	Name of Gurdwara.	Name and address of the member nominated.	Constituency for the election of management.
9-G., dated the 17th January, 1936.	Gardwara Sri Guru Granth Sahib.	S. Jagjodh Singh, son of S. Anokh Singh, village and Post Office Buttar, District Ferozepore.	Revenue estate of Buttar, Tahsil Moga, District Ferozepore.

E. SHEEPSHANKS,

Commissioner, Jullundur Division.

Small Towns.

The 13th January, 1940.

No. A.-IV-60/10.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following addition made by the Town Committee of Akalgarh, in the Gujranwala district, to its general order regarding regulation of dangerous trades or callings published with the Commissioner's notification No. 46, dated the 15th March, 1937, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (g) of section 35 of the said Act, and sanctioned by the Commissioner of the Lahore Division, as required by sub-section (1) of section 36 of the said Act, is published for general information, and shall come into force from the date of this notification :—

ADDENDUM.

After paragraph 5 the following shall be added as new paragraph 6 :—

"In premises where oil engines are used the exhaust pipe shall be kept free and open and nothing shall be permitted to be fastened to the end of the exhaust pipe that may produce any sound ".

Panchayats.

The 10th January, 1940.

No. 46/9-III/6.—With reference to notification No. 192, dated the 3rd September, 1938, issued by the Commissioner of the Lahore Division, and in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated the 1st February, 1933, and the 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner of the Lahore Division is pleased to establish a panchayat in each of the villages mentioned in column 2 of the following schedule, which are situated in the Sheikhupura district and included in the area declared by notification No. 191, dated the 3rd September, 1938, to be villages for the purposes of the said Act; to fix the number of panches at the figure given against each panchayat in column 4 of the said schedule; and to declare that the said panchayats shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 of the Act, and that they shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26,

respectively, of the said Act :—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of Tahsil.	Number of panches.
1	2	3	4
1	Chak No. 537-G. B. ..	Sheikhupura	4
2	Chak No. 20-G. B. ..	Do.	3

No. 46-9/III/7.—With reference to notification No. 195, dated the 3rd September, 1938, issued by the Commissioner of the Lahore Division, and in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated the 1st February, 1933, and the 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner of the Lahore Division is pleased to establish a panchayat for that portion of the revenue estate of Jandiala Kalsan situated in the Sheikhupura district which is included in the area declared by notification No. 193, dated the 3rd September, 1938, to be the village of Nain for the purposes of the said Act; to fix the number of panches at three; and to declare that the said panchayat shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 of the Act, and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

The 11th January, 1940.

No. 46/8/8.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the Commissioner of the Lahore Division is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Gohawa in the Lahore tahsil of the Lahore district to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act by the name of Gohawa.

No. 46/8/9.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner of the Lahore Division proposes to establish a panchayat in the village declared by notification No. 46/8/8, dated the 11th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Lahore district, to the Commissioner of the Lahore Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

The 13th January, 1940.

No. 46-15-VII-10/11.—The Commissioner's notification No. 46/15/215, dated the 26th October, 1938, is hereby cancelled.

ALAN MITCHELL,

Commissioner, Lahore Division.

Panchayats.

The 10th January, 1940.

No. O.-XIV-S.-13/39.— In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the revenue estate specified in column 3 of the schedule below and situated in the Shahpur tahsil of the Shahpur district is hereby declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act by the name given in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1		3
Serial No.	Name of vlage	Name of estate within the meaning of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Khurshaid ..	Khurshaid.

No. O.-XIV.-S.-13/40.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1911, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Khurshaid, declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-S.-13/39, dated 10th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Shahpur district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV.-S.-14/41.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Ace, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the revenue estate specified in column 3 of the schedule below and situated in the Shahpur tahsil of the Shahpur district, is hereby declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act by the name given in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Baran ..	Baran.

No. O.-XIV.-S-14/42.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Goverement notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Baran, declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-S.-14/41, dated 10th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Shahpur district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-S.-15/43.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the revenue estate specified in column 3 of the schedule below and situated in the Sargodha tahsil of the Shahpur district, is hereby declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act by the name given in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Chak No. 25-S. B. ..	Chak No. 25-S. B.

No. O.-XIV-S.-15/44.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Chak No. 25-S.B., declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-S.-15/43, dated 10th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Shahpur district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-S.-16/45.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the revenue estate specified in column 3 of the schedule below and situated in the Sargodha tahsil of the Shahpur district, is hereby declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act by the name given in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat Village is comprised.
1	Chak No. 34-S. B.	Chak No. 34-S. B.

No. O.-XIV.-S.-16/46.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Chak No. 34-S.B., declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-S.-16/45, dated 10th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Shahpur district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-S.-17/47.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the revenue estate specified in column 3 of the schedule below and situated in the Sargodha tahsil of the Shahpur district, is hereby declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act by the name given in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Saidowana ..	Saidowana.

No. O.-XIV-S.-17/48.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Saidowana, declared by notification No. O-XIV-S.-17/47, dated 10th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Shahpur district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the viilage.

No. O.-XIV-S.-18/49.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dased the 1st February, 1933, the revenue estate specified in column 3 of the schedule below and situated in the Sargodha tahsil of the Shahpur district, is hereby declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act by the name given in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Chak No. 80-S. B. ..	Chak No. 80-S. B.

No. O.-XIV-S.-O-18/50.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Chak No. 80-S. B., declared by notification No. O-XIV-S.-18/49, dated 10th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Shahpur district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

The 15th January, 1940.

No. O.-XIV.-J.-67/51.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate of Saroba in the Pind Dadan Khan tahsil of the Jhelum district, is declared to be a village to be known by the name of Saroba for purposes of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV.-J.-67/52.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Saroba declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-J.-67/51, dated 15th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Jhelum district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-J.-68/53.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate of Farid Kasar in the Chakwal tahsil of the Jhelum district is declared to be a village to be known by the name of Farid Kasar for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-J.-68/54.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Farid Kasar declared by notification No. O.-XIV-J.-68/53, dated 15th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Jhelum district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-J.-66/55.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate of Bole Hajial in the Chakwal tahsil of the Jhelum district, is declared to be a village to be known by the name of Bole Hajial for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-J.-66/56.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Bole Hajial declared by notification No. O.-XIV-J.-66/55, dated 15th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Jhelum district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-J.-69/57.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate of Jaberpur in the Chakwal tahsil of the Jhelum district, is declared to be a village to be known by the name of Jaberpur for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-J.-69/58.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Jaberpur declared by notification No. O.-XIV-J.-69/57, dated the 15th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Jhelum district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

P. MARSDEN,

Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division.

Committees.

The 11th January, 1940.

No. 4.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the following person has been elected, under section 17 of the said Act, a member of the Municipal Committee of Montgomery:—

Ward.		*Name.*
Non-Muslim Ward A.	..	Lala Kishan Chand, *vice* Lala Radha Kishan, deceased.

The 12th January, 1940.

No. 7.—In accordance with the direction of the Punjab Government under sub-section (3) of section 31 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the following amendment made by the Municipal Committee of Khanewal, in the Multan district, to its business by-laws published with notification No. 437, dated the 14th January, 1928, by the Commissioner, Multan Division, as subsequently amended by his notifications No. 712, dated the 20th June, 1931, No. 48, dated 27th June, 1933, and No. 124, dated 14th October, 1935, is published for general information and shall come into force from the date of the publication of this notification:—

AMENDMENT.

For existing by-law 60 *substitute* the following new by-law:—

"60—Officers and servants shall be eligible for leave under the Fundamental Rules, provided that those employed on or after the 1st January, 1931, shall be eligible for

leave under the Punjab Revised Leave Rules, 1936. Such leave up to a period of two months may be granted by the President who will make temporary arrangements. Casual leave may be granted by the Secretary but the President will grant such leave to the Secretary and in the case of sweepers the Medical Officer of Health will grant leave and make temporary arrangements. All appointments and promotions shall ordinarily be regulated with due regard to seniority and qualifications".

Panchayats.

The 12th January, 1940.

No. 5.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, I declare the revenue estate of Chak No. 76/5-L., in the Montgomery tehsil of the Montgomery district to be a village to be known by the name of Chak 76/5-L., for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 6.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that I, by virtue of the powers delegated to Commissioners of Divisions in Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, propose to establish a panchayat in the village of Chak No. 76/5-L., declared by my notification No. 5, dated the 12th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner, Montgomery, to the Commissioner, Multan Division, within 3 months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

The 13th January, 1940.

No. 8.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, I declare the revenue estate of Thatha Sialan in the Muzaffargarh tahsil of the Muzaffargarh district to be a village to be known by the name of Thatha Sialan for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 9.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that I, by virtue of the powers delegated to Commissioners of Divisions in Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, propose to establish a panchayat in the village of Thatha Sialan in the Muzaffargarh tahsil of the Muzaffargrah district, declared by my notificasion No. 8, dated the 13th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the said village may submit his objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Muzaffargrah district, to the Commissioner, Multan Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

C. V. SALUSBURY,
Commissioner, Multan Division.

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leave under the Punjab Revised Leave Rules, 1936. Such leave up to a period of two months may be granted by the President who will make temporary arrangements. Casual leave may be granted by the Secretary but the President will grant such leave to the Secretary and in the case of sweepers the Medical Officer of Health will grant leave and make temporary arrangements. All appointments and promotions shall ordinarily be regulated with due regard to seniority and qualifications".

Panchayats.

The 12th January, 1940.

No. 5.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2014, dated the 1st February, 1933, I declare the revenue estate of Chak No. 76/5-L., in the Montgomery tahsil of the Montgomery district to be a village to be known by the name of Chak 76/5-L., for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 6.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that I, by virtue of the powers delegated to Commissioners of Divisions in Punjab Government notification No. 2014, dated the 1st February, 1933, propose to establish a panchayat in the village of Chak No. 76/5-L., declared by my notification No. 5, dated the 12th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner, Montgomery, to the Commissioner, Multan Division, within 3 months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

The 13th January, 1940.

No. 8.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2014, dated 1st February, 1933, I declare the revenue estate of Thatha Sialan in the Muzaffargarh tahsil of the Muzaffargarh district to be a village to be known by the name of Thatha Sialan for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 9.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that I, by virtue of the powers delegated to Commissioners of Divisions in Punjab Government notification No. 2014, dated the 1st February, 1933, propose to establish a panchayat in the village of Thatha Sialan in the Muzaffargarh tahsil of the Muzaffargarh district, declared by my notification No. 8, dated the 13th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitants of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the said village may submit his objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Muzaffargarh district, to the Commissioner, Multan Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

C. V. SALUSBURY,

Commissioner, Multan Division.

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No. 4. LAHORE, FRIDAY, JANUARY, 26, 1940.

PART I—B.

Notifications by Commissioners.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Committees.

The 17th January, 1940.

No. 30.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of Simla, in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (1) *(gg)* of section 31 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, are published for general information as required by sub-section (3) of section 31 of the said Act. They shall come into force within the Municipality of Simla from the date of this notification :—

BY-LAWS.

1. All files relating to items in the agenda to be transacted at the next meeting of the Committee shall be made available for the inspection of the members of the Municipal Committee as soon as a copy of the agenda is issued to them, and the Secretary shall provide facilities for the inspection of these files.

2. Every member of the Committee shall be entitled to inspect any municipal file, but he is not authorized to inspect any file concerning a case in which he is personally interested, except in the Secretary's office.

3. No member or official of the Committee, except the Secretary, Heads of Departments, the President or a Vice-President, shall remove any file from the municipal office. If, however, a member wants a file at his house, he shall first obtain the written permision of the President :

Provided that when a member is personally interested in a case, the file relating to that case may only be seen by such member in the Secretary's office.

4. No member of the public is authorized to inspect municipal files, except those containing minutes of the meetings of the Committee or of a Sub-Committee. If, however, any person is permitted to inspect records other than the proceedings of the meeting of the Committee or of a Sub-Committee, he shall pay two rupees for the first hour and eight annas for any subsequent hour or part thereof.

5. Any member of the public who wishes to inspect municipal records other than the proceedings of the meetings of the Committee or a Sub-Committee under by-law 4 shall make an application in writing to the Secretary, and, if he obtains the permission of the President, or, in his absence, of the Vice-President or the Secretary, he shall pay one rupee in advance. This sum shall in no case be returned, but, if and when he inspects the records, it shall be deducted from the inspection fee referred to in by-law 4.

6. Inspections of municipal records under by-law 4 shall be made in the office of the Secretary of the Committee and under his supervision or that of an officer appointed by him in this behalf.

No. 31.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the following gentlemen have been elected as members of the Municipal Committee, Hissar, *vice* L. Aggar Chand, L. Kunj Lal and Ch. Nand Ram, resigned :—

1. L. Shiv Narain, son of L. Ude Ram, Mahajan, Pleader of Hissar.
2. L. Balmukand, son of L. Jagan Nath, Vaish Aggarwal, Hissar.
3. Ch. Lachhu, son of Ch. Bega, Mali, Hissar.

Town Committees.

The 17th January, 1940.

No. 35.—In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 30-A of the electoral rules relating to Small Town Committees published with Punjab Government notification No. 3742-A, dated the 5th of February, 1924, the Commissioner, Ambala division, is pleased to cancel his notification No. 80, dated the 3rd of November, 1930, in regard to the Town Committees of Jakhal and Kalanwali in the Hissar district.

Small Towns.

The 18th January, 1940.

No. 36.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following general order made by the Town Committee of Radaur in the Karnal district in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*p*) of section 35 and clause (*d*) of section 41 of the said Act and sanctioned by the Commissioner of the Ambala division as required by section 36 (1) of the said Act, is published for general information, and shall come into force from the date of this notification :—

GENERAL ORDER.

1. No person shall sell banaspatine at any place within the limits of the Small Town of Radaur except in premises licensed by the Town Committee in this behalf.

2. Licences for premises for the sale of banaspatine shall be issued by the Secretary of the Town Committee in form "A" appended to this general order to persons applying for them, subject to the conditions laid down in that form.

3. Licences issued under paragraph 2 shall be granted on a payment of a fee of Rs. 5 per annum.

4. Licences issued in accordance with paragraph 2 shall be current for not more than 12 months, and shall, in any case, terminate on the 31st of March, immediately succeeding the date of issue.

5. On the breach of any of the conditions of the licence by the licensee or his agent, the Town Committee may, forthwith, cancel the licence and the licensee shall be entitled to no compensation on account of such cancellation.

Form A.

TOWN COMMITTEE, RADAUR.

LICENCE FOR PREMISES FOR THE SALE OF BANASPATINE ISSUED UNDER PARAGRAPH 2 OF THE GENERAL ORDER PUBLISHED WITH NOTIFICATION No.________, DATED THE __________ 19 , BY THE COMMISSIONER, AMBALA DIVISION.

The premises of which a description is given in the attached schedule situated in (name of street, ward, etc.) are hereby licensed for the sale of banaspatine.

The licence is granted to the owner/occupier of the said premises on the following conditions :—

1. That the licensee shall be transferable under the order of the Town Committee, but not otherwise.

2. That he shall not sell natural ghee in the said premises.

3. That he shall put a sign board in front of the licensed premises with the following words printed thereon in bold type in English ,Urdu, Hindi and Gurmukhi scripts ;—

" Only banaspatine is sold here".

4. That licensed premises shall be kept open for the inspection of the official authorized by the Committee, from time to time, for this purpose.

Panchayats.

The 17th January, 1940.

No. 32.—With reference to notification No. 136, dated the 26th of September, 1938, by the Commissioner, Ambala division, and in exercise of the powers conferred by sub section 3 of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914, and 6986, dated the 1st of February, 1933 and the 28th of February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for each of the revenue estates situated in the Karnal tahsil of the Karnal district and included in the areas declared by notification No. 135, dated the 26th of September, 1938, to be villages for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the number of panches in the said panchayats shall be as detailed below and that each of these panchayats shall perform all the duties enumerated in section 16 and shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act :—

Serial No.	Name of Panchayat.	Number of Panches.	Serial No.	Name of Panchayat.	Number of Panches.
1	Tikhana	3	16	Gularpur	3
2	Sagga	4	17	Pewant	4
3	Koorak	3	18	Padha	4
4	Nilu Kheri	3	19	Sarsi	3
5	Pakhana	3	20	Majura	3
6	Sonkhra	4	21	Koer	3
7	Naraina	3	22	Baras	4
8	Parwala	3	23	Agondh	4
9	Pundrak	3	24	Ghogripur	4
10	Tikri	3	25	Dadupur Roran	3
11	Kelas	4	26	Majra Roran	3
12	Kachhwa	6	27	Aminpur	3
13	Dachaur	7	28	Sambhli Jagir	5
14	Chor Karsa	4	29	Kheri Naru	5
15	Katla Heri	4	30	Gunana	3

No. 33.—With referrence to notification No. 18, dated the 28th of June, 1938, by the Commissioner, Ambala division, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated the 1st of February, 1933, and 28th of February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Ambala division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate of Kaimla in the Karnal tahsil of the Karnal district, declared by notification No. 17, dated the 28th of March, 1939, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said panchayat shall consist of five panches who shall perform all the duties mentioned in sub section (*b*) of section 16 and shall exercise criminal and judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

No. 34.—The cancellation of notification No. 153, dated the 2nd of October, 1937, by the Commissioner, Ambala division, is proposed.

2. Any inhabitant of the village objecting to the proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Gurgaon district, to the Commissioner, Ambala division, within three months from the date of this notification.

The 19th January, 1940.

No. 37.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Bal-Sanda, in the Rupar tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Bal-Sanda for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 38.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Bal Sanda, declared by notification No. 37, dated the 19th of January, 1940, to be a vilage for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner, of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 39.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Sumbhalki, in the Kharar tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Sumbhalki for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 40.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Sumbhalki, declared by notification No. 39, dated the 19th of January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district to the Commissioner, Ambala division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 41.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala division, hereby, declares the revenue estate of Tandval, in the Ambala tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Tandval for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 42.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Tandval, declared by notification No. 41, dated the 19th of January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 43.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Anandpur Jalbehra, in the Ambala tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Anandpur Jalbehra for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 44.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Anandpur Jalbehra declared by notification No. 43, dated the 19th of January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification.

No. 45.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Singhanwala, in the Ambala tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Singhanwala for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 46.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Singhanwala declared by notification No. 45, dated the 19th of January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 47.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st

February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Hema Mazara, in the Ambala tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Hema Mazara for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 48.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Hema Mazara, declared by notification No. 47, dated the 19th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Ambala district to the Commissioner, Ambala division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 49.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Tepla, in the Ambala tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Tepla for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 50.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Tepla, declared by notification No. 49, dated the 19th of January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district to the Commissioner, Ambala division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 51.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Lalpur, in the Naraingarh tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Lalpur for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 52.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Lalpur, declared by notification No. 51, dated the 19th of January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district to the Commissioner, Ambala division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 53.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Samlheri, in the Ambala tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Samlheri for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 54.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Samlheri, declared by notification No. 53, dated the 19th of January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district to the Commissioner, Ambala division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 55.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Harra, in the Ambala tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Harra for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 56.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Harra, declared by notification No. 55, dated the 19th of January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district to the Commissioner, Ambala division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 57.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Ladwa, in the Hissar tahsil of the Hissar district, to be a village to be known by the name of Ladwa for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 58.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Ladwa, declared by notification No. 57, dated the 19th of January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Hissar district to the Commissioner, Ambala division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 59.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Ratera, in the Hansi tahsil of the Hissar District, to be a village to be known by the name of Ratera for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 60.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of

February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Ratera, declared by notification No. 59, dated the 19th of January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Hissar District, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 61.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Jawahra, in the Gohana tahsil of the Rohtak district, to be a village to be known by the name of Jawahra for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 62.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Jawahra, declared by notification No. 61, dated the 19th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rohtak district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

J. W. HEARN,

Commissioner, Ambala Division.

Small Towns.

The 22nd January, 1940.

No. A./IV/162/14.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following general order made by the Town Committee of Ramdas, in the Amritsar district, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*p*) of section 35 of the said Act, and sanctioned by the Commissioner of the Lahore Division, as required by sub-section (1) of section 36 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force from the date of publication of this notification :—

GENERAL ORDER.

1. No person shall manufacture or prepare for sale any milk, curd, butter, sweetmeats, meat, bread, syrup and aerated waters, except in premises licensed by the Town Committee in this behalf.

2. No premises shall be licensed for the manufacture or preparation for sale of milk, curd, butter, sweetmeats, meat, bread, syrup and aerated waters :—

(*a*) unless they have a floor made of burnt brick, cement or other impervious materials ;

(*b*) unless the walls are properly plastered and lime-washed ;

(*c*) unless they are provided with adequate light and ventilation to the satisfaction of the President of the town committee or the Secretary or Medical Officer of Health appointed for this purpose ;

(*d*) unless they are provided with a drain and the whole floor is sloped as to allow all liquid to flow off by the drain ;

(*e*) if there is any direct communication between the premises and any room used as a sleeping room ;

(*f*) if there is any latrine, cesspool, cowshed, stable or other place within fifty feet of the premises which in the opinion of the President renders it

undesirable that such premises should be used for the manufacture or preparation for sale of milk, curd, butter, sweetmeats, meat, bread, syrup and aerated waters.

3. No person shall sell any milk, curd, butter, sweetmeats, meat, bread, syrup and aerated waters except in premises licensed by the town committee in this behalf, except a person to whom a hawker's licence has been issued.

4. No premises shall be licensed for the sale of milk, curd, butter, sweetmeats, meat, bread, syrup and aerated waters :—

(a) unless they have a floor made of burnt brick, cement or other impervious materials ;

(b) unless the walls are properly plastered and lime-washed ;

(c) unless they are provided with adequate light and ventilation to the satisfaction of the President of the town committee, or the Secretary or the Medical Officer of Health, appointed for the purpose ;

(d) unless they are provided with a drain and the whole floor is so sloped as to allow all liquid to flow off by the drain.

5. Subject to the provisions of paragraphs 2 and 4 licences for premises for the manufacture or preparation for sale and sale of milk, curd, butter, sweetmeats, meat, bread, syrups and aerated waters shall be issued by the President, or Secretary in Form S. T. P. appended to this order on the application of the owner or occupier of such premises, and shall be granted subject to the conditions in form S. T. P. as the conditione subject to which the licence is granted.

6. Licences issued in accordance with paragraph 3 shall be current for not more than 12 months and shall in any case terminate on the 31st March, immediately succeeding the date of issue.

7. On the breach of any of the conditions of the licence by the licensee or his agent, the town committee may forthwith cancel the licence and the licensee shall be entitled to no compensation on account of such cancellation.

Form S. T. P.

TOWN COMMITTEE, RAMDAS.

Licences for premises for the *manufacture or preparation* / *sale* *of* ________ *issued under paragraph 3* ______ *for licensing premises.*

The premises of which a description is given in the attached schedule situated in (name of street, ward, etc.), are hereby licensed for the manufacture, or preparation for sale / sale of ________

This licence is granted to owner/occupier of the said premises, subject to the following conditions:—

(1) that he shall not employ or permit to be employed in the manufacture, or preparation for sale / sale of—any person suffering from any contagious or infectious disease or from loathsome sores or who has recently been attending on any person so suffering, and that he shall not suffer any such person or any animal to enter or remain upon the licensed premises ;

(2) that he shall daily cause to be thoroughly washed and cleansed the floor and drain of the licensed premises, and every bench, counter, table, shelf or other place on which the articles manufactured or prepared for sale / sold and any material used in such manufacture or preparation for sale / sale are kept ;

(3) that he shall cause the walls of the licenced premises to be properly lime-washed at least twice a yea and more often, if so required by the President of the Committee ;

(4) that he shall not spit or smoke or suffer any other person to spit or smoke within the licensed premises ;

(5) that he shall not keep or suffer to be kept in the licensed premises any bedding, soiled clothes, or other things not required for the manufacture or preparation for sale / sale of ________

(6) that he shall permit the President, Secretary, Medical Officer of Health of the town committee or Veterinary Assistant of Ramdas authorized in this behalf at all reasonable times and without notice to inspect the licensed premises and shall exhibit a notice outside his premises that he holds a licence from the towncommittee ;

(7) that he shall keep all vessels, receptacles, utensils and other things used for the purpose in a state of thorough cleanliness, and that he shall daily cause to be thoroughly washed and cleansed the floors, drains and every bench, counter, shelf or other materials used in the process of the manufacture ;

(7-A) that he shall not use soiled waste paper as wrappings in selling the sweetmeats and other food-stuffs ;

(8) that he shall pay to the town committee the fee that may from time to time be imposed under section 41 of the Punjab Small Towns Act ;

(For articles other than vegetables)

(9) that he shall take such measures as may be required by the President to protect articles of food from flies by means of wire-gauze cages ;

(For meat only)

(10) that the wooden boards for cutting meat be covered with a zinc sheet, and must not project beyond the regular line of the bazar ;

(11) that no meat be exposed for sale which has been blown out, artificially stuffed, nor the flesh of any animal which has died from any disease or other natural cause, nor any meat which is decayed or is in a rotten condition ;

(12) that no waste meat, trimmings, bones, refuse or offensive matter be thrown into the public street or bazar ;

(13) that meat intended for sale in order to be protected from flies be kept in wire-gauze cages, or screened with clean cloth and that meat so kept shall not be displayed for sale in a manner that would take it beyond the regular line of the bazar ;

(13-A) that he shall not disfigure the stamp affixed on the carcass by the Veterinary Assistant Surgeon, Ramdas, or any other person authorized in this behalf, in token of having declared it fit for human consumption and that in case the stamp is found disfigured at the time of inspection such meat exposed for sale shall be seized and destroyed by the order of the President, Secretary or Medical Officer of Health of the town committee or Veterinary Assistanet authorized in this behalf ;

(For milk and curd only)

(14) that no milk or curd be exposed for sale that is mixed with water ;

(15) that milk and curd exposed for sale, in order to be protected from flies, be kept screened with wire-gauze cover ;

(For aerated waters and other articels of food-and-drink)

(16) that he shall not use in the preparation for sale of any article any water except such as is obtained from a source and conveyed to the premises in a manner approved by the President, Secretary, or Medical Officer of Health of the town committee authorized by the committee in tha behalf ;

Copy of a Resolution No. (5) (b) passed by the Town Committee of Ramdas at its meeting held on 11th October, 1939.

" READ—

General order made under clause (p) of section 35 for bringing the sale and trade of articles of food-and-drink into better control.

RESOLVED—

That the general order made under clause (p) of section 35 be proclaimed in the town under section 36 (1). If any one has any objections to this general order, he submit his written objections to the committee within a month.

BHAGAT RAM,
PRESIDENT,
Town Committee, Ramdas."

The 24th January, 1940.

No. A/IV/63-B/15.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following amendments made by the Town Committee of Sangla, in the Sheikhupura district, to the general order published with the Commissioner's notification No. 25, dated 19th June, 1926, having been sanctioned by the Commissioner of the Lahore Division as required by sub-section (1) of section 36 of the said Act are published for general information and shall come into force from the date of this notification :—

AMENDMENTS

1. In the second line of paragraph 1 the words ' more than one man or by one or more animals ' shall be substituted for the words ' one or more men or animals'.

2. Clause (a) of paragraph 4 shall be omitted and the clauses (b) and (c) shall be renumbered as (a) and (b), respectively.

Panchayats.

The 22nd January, 1940.

No. 46/15/11/12.—With reference to notification No. 46/15/11/155, dated the 23rd August, 1939, issued by the Commissioner of the Lahore Division, and in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated the 1st February, 1933, and the 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner of the Lahore Division is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate of Janian situated in the Amritsar district and included in the area declared by notification No. 46/15/11/154, dated the 23rd August, 1939, to be the village of Janian for the purposes of the said Act, to fix the number of panches at three; and to declare that the said panchayat shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 of the Act, and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26 respectively, of the said Act.

No. 46/15/14/13.—With reference to notification No. 46/15/14/159, dated the 30th August, 1939, issued by the Commissioner of the Lahore Division, and in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated the 1st February, 1933, and the 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner of the Lahore Division is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate of Pandori Sidhwan situated in the Amritsar district and included in the area declared by notification No. 46/15/14/158, dated the 30th August 1939, to be the village of Pandori Sidhwan for the purposes of the said Act; to fix the number of panches at four; and to declare that the said panchayat shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 of the Act, and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively of the said Act.

ALAN MITCHELL,

Commissioner, Lahore Division

Panchayats.

The 17th January, 1940.

No. 10.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 914, dated 1st February, 1933, I declare the revenue estates specified in column 2 of the schedule below and situated in the Shorkot tahsil of the Jhang district to be villages to be known for the purposes of the said Act by the names given in column 1:—

SCHEDULE.

1	2
Name of villages.	Names of estates within the meaning of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1. Dab Kalan ..	(1) Dab Kalan.
2. Ranjit Kot ..	(2) Ranjit Kot.
3. Dhalna Kamlana	(3) Dhalna Kamlana.

No. 11.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that I, by virtue of the powers delegated to Commissioners of Divisions in Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, propose to establish panchayats in the villages of Dab Kalan, Ranjit Kot and Dhalna Kamlana, declared by my notification No. 10, dated the 17th January, 1940, to be villages for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said villages objecting to the proposal to establish panchayats in the villages may submit his objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Jhang District, to the Commissioner, Multan Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the villages.

The 18th January, 1940.

No. 12.—With reference to my predecessor's notification No. 82, dated the 15th August, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of Divisions in Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated the 1st February, 1933, and 28th February, 1935, respectively, I establish a panchayat for the village of Muradpur Janubi, in the Alipur tahsil of the Muzaffargarh district, which was declared by my predecessor's notification No. 81, dated the 15th August, 1939, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act, and declare that the said panchayat shall consist of 5 panches, shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

No. 13.—With reference to my predecessor's notification No. 28, dated the 5th April, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of Divisions in Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated the 1st February, 1933, and the 28th February, 1935, respectively, I establish a panchayat for the village of 148-G. B., situated in the Toba Tek Singh tahsil of the Lyallpur district, which was declared by my predecessor's notification No. 27, dated the 5th April, 1939, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act, and declare that the said panchayat shall consist of 3 panches, shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

The 22nd January, 1940.

No. 14.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, I declare the revenue estate of Chaddhar in the Multan tahsil of the Multan district to be a village to be known by the name of Chaddhar for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 15.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that I, by virtue of the powers delegated to Commissioners of Divisions in Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, propose to establish a panchayat in the village of Chaddhar declared by my notification No. 14, dated the 22nd January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Multan district, to the Commissioner, Multan Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. 17.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, I declare the revenue estates specified in column 2 of the schedule below and situated in the Dera Ghazi Khan, Jampur and Sanghar tahsils of the Dera Ghazi Khan district to be villages to be known for the purposes of the said Act by the names given in column 1:—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	Name of village.	Names of estates within the meaning of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.	Name of Tahsil.
1	Pir Adil ..	Pir Adil, Tibi Isran, Rawan, Kot Daud, Bari Dalel.	Dera Ghazi Khan.
2	Wah Lishari .	Wah Lishari, Khosa, Wah Saidan, Wah Alkani, Chak Laki.	Jampur.
3	Lundi Saidan	Lundi Saidan, Raqba Lundi Saidan, Gulabi, Bhuli, Barkhotu, Shalubah, Illahi Wah.	Do.
4	Thul Ali Mohammad.	Thul Ali Mohammad, Thul Hairu, Thul Janan, Beta, Kala Kosra.	Do.
5	Miranpur ..	Miranpur, Alipur, Jhok Makwal, Kalohtpur ..	Do.
6	..	Bindi, Bachrah, Nari Shah, Utra ..	Sanghar.

No. 18.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that I, by virtue of the powers delegated to Commissioners of Divisions in Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, propose to establish panchayats in the villages of Pir Adil, Wah Lishari, Lundi Saidan, Thul Ali Mohammad, Miranpur and Bindi declared by my notification No. 17, dated the 22nd January, 1940, to be villages for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said villages objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the villages may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Dera Ghazi Khan district, to the Commissioner, Multan division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

Notified Areas.

The 22nd January, 1940.

No. 16.—In accordance with the directions of the Punjab Government under sub-section (3) of section 31 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the following amendments made by the Notified Area Committee of Jahanian, in the Multan district, of its by-laws published with the Commissioner, Multan Division's notification Nos. 609, dated the 26th May, 1930, as subsequently amended by his notifications Nos. 93 and 37, dated the 19th July, 1935, and the 6th March, 1937, respectively, having been approved, as required by section 31 (2) of the said Act, by the Commissioner of the Multan Division in exercise of the powers delegated to him under section 32 of the said Act, by Punjab Government notification No. 5555, dated the 17th February, 1934, are

published for general information and shall come into force fromthe date of the publication of this notification :—

AMENDMENTS.

"1. In by-law 37 the words " or Vice-President " shall be added after the word " President " wherever it occurs.

2. After by-law 37 the following new clauses shall be added, namely :—

(a) The President or the Vice-President shall have the power to make necessary arrangements in case of leave granted by him under this by-law.

(b) The President shall have the power to sanction an estimate the amount of which does not exceed the sum of Rs. 200".

C. V. SALUSBURY,

Commissioner, Multan Division,

2146 CS—1132—26-1-40—SGPP Lahore.

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PART I—B.

Notifications by Commissioners

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Panchayats.

The 27th January, 1940.

No. 63.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estates specified in column 3 of the schedule below, and situated in the Ambala tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name given in column 2 for the purposes of the said Act :—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	Name of village.	Names of estates within the meaning of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887.
1	2	3
1	Nagal ..	Nagal. Hassanpur.

No. 64.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 429, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a Panchayat in the village of Nagal, declared by notification No. 63, dated the 27th of January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

J. W. HEARN,

Commissioner, Ambala Division.

Panchayats.

The 25th January, 1940.

No. 49-L.F.B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the Commissioner, Jullundur division, is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Reru in the Jullundur tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a village to be known by the name of Reru for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 50-L.F.B.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, by virtue of the powers delegated to him in the Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Reru, declared by notification No. 49-L.F.B., dated the 25th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Jullundur district, to the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. 51-L.F.B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the Commissioner, Jullundur division, is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Mundh in the Nakodar tehsil of the Jullundur district, to be a village to be known by the name of Mundh for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 52-L.F.B.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified, that the Commissioner, Jullundur division, by virtue of the powers delegated to him in the Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Mundh declared by notification No. 51-L.F.B., dated the 25th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Jullundur district, to the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. 53-L.F.B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914

dated the 1st February, 1933, the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Allowal in the Nakodar tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a village to be known by the name of Allowal for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 54-L.F.B.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, by virtue of the powers delegated to him in the Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Allowal declared by notification No. 53-L.F.B., dated the 25th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Jullundur district, to the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. 55-L.F.B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Dherian in the Nakodar tahsil of the Julludur district, to be a village to be known by the name of Dherian for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 56-L.F.B.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, by virtue of the powers delegated to him in the Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Dherian, declared by notification No. 55-L.F.B., dated the 25th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Jullundur district, to the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

General (Gurdwaras).

The 26th January, 1940.

No. 57-L.F.B.—It is hereby notified in accordance with the provisions of sub section (3) of section 88 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, that the person named in column 3 of the schedule below has been duly nominated by the Shiromani Gurdwara Parbandhak Committee, Amritsar, under the provisions of section 87 of the Act, as the 5th member of the committee for the gurdwara specified in column 2 of the schedule and that the committee has been duly constituted :—

SCHEDULE.

No. and date of the notification declaring the Gurdawara ..der sections 9/17 of the Act.	Name of Gurdwara.	Name and address of the member nominated.	Constituency for election of Committee of Management.
1	2	3	4
200-G., dated the 10th August, 1931.	Gurdwara Guru Granth Sahib.	S. Lal Singh, son of S. Dunna Singh, village Bijlipur, post office Ladhran, District Ludhiana.	Revenue estate of Samrala, Tahsil Samrala, District Ludhiana.

E. SHEEPSHANKS,
Commissioner, Jullundur Division.

Committees.

The 25th January, 1940.

No. A.-II/17/16.—In accordance with the provisions of section 15 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, read with Punjab Government notification No. 4, dated the 3rd January, 1912, the Commissioner of the Lahore Division, is pleased to accept the resignation of M. Ghulam Sarwar Khan, Extra Assistant Commissioner, Kasur, of his membership of the Municipal Committee of Khem Karan, in the Lahore District.

No. A.-II/17/17.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, of the Lahore Division has appointed Lala Mathra Das Ahooja, Extra Assistant Commissioner, Kasur, to be a member of the Municipal Committee of Khem Karan, in the Lahore district *vice* M. Ghulam Sarwar Khan, Extra Assistant Commissioner, Kasur, who has resigned.

Small Towns.

The 25th January, 1940.

No. A.-IV-61/18.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following amendment made by the Town Committee of Chuharkana Mandi, in the Sheikhupura District, to the general order published with the Commissioner's notification No. 317, dated the 29th August, 1934, having been sanctioned by the Commissioner of the Lahore Division, as required by sub-section (1) of section 36 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force from the date of publication of this notification :—

AMENDMENT.

The following new paragraph shall be added after paragraph 15, namely :—

15-A. All parnallahs, which are made for letting out water from upper storeys shall be covered with tin or any other metal sheet or shall be in the form of pipes. Where parnallahs are made by cutting into the wall, they shall be covered with tin or any other metal sheet applied flatly and where the parnallahs lie along the surface of the wall, they shall be covered with tin or any other metal sheet in semi-circular shape. In all cases such covering shall extend from top to bottom of the parnallah so as to prevent the fall of the roof drainage on any person passing along the street.

The 30th January, 1940.

No. A.-IV/68/20.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following general order made by the Town Committee of Kot Rai Buta Mal-*cum*-Azamabad, in the Lahore District, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (1) of section 35 of the said Act, and sanctioned by the Commissioner of the Lahore Division, as required by sub-section (1) of section 36 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force from the date of this notification :—

GENERAL ORDER.

1. This general order applies only to the slaughter-house owned and managed by the town committee.

1-A. No person shall slaughter any animal of which the meat is intended for sale except at a place set apart by the committee for this purpose.

2. Animals for slaughter shall be brought to the slaughter-house between the hours of 3 and 11 A.M. or such hours as the Sub-Assistant Surgeon in charge of the slaughter-house, may from time to time direct, and shall, on arrival, be presented for inspection to the Sub-Assistant Surgeon.

3. The Sub-Assistant Surgeon may either approve of animals presented as fit for slaughter or may reject them as unfit.

4. Animals approved fit for slaughter shall be branded with a distinctive mark on ears, hooves or horns, and shall be at once admitted to the waiting yard of the slaughter-house premises, and persons presenting animals that are subsequently rejected shall remove them from the neighbourhood of the said premises.

5. All animals when approved, shall be kept in the waiting yard until the owners or persons in charge receive permission to bring them into the slaughter yard.

6. (1) Receptacles shall be provided on the slaughtering platform for the receipt of the contents of stomachs and bowels of slaughtered animals, and when slaughtered animals are disembowelled, which shall be as soon as possible after slaughter, the butchers shall cause such contents to be emptied into the receptacles so provided.

(2) Filled receptacles shall be removed and replaced by fresh empty receptacles as disembowelling proceeds, this being done by establishment provided for the purpose, and no disembowelling shall be permitted unless there are receptacles ready for the receipt of the contents of stomachs and bowels.

7. No person shall rub or cause to be rubbed the inner sides of skins upon the ground within any portion of the slaughter yard or in the neighbourhood of the slaughter-house premises.

8. No person shall knowingly bring into any part of the slaughter-house premises any diseased or unsound cattle or other animals or any dying animals and no person shall bring any carcass inside the slaughter-house premises; provided that animals which may have met with an accident in no way affecting their fitness for human food, may, with the approval of the Sub-Assistant Surgeon be brought and slaughtered within the slaughter-house premises.

9. No animal which is pregnant or which is less than 6 months old shall be slaughtered in the premises fixed by the town committee for the slaughter of animals.

10. All carcasses shall be inspected by the Sub-Assistant Surgeon, and no carcass shall be removed from the slaughter-house premises until it has been passed as fit for human consumption, and, if necessary, branded or stamped so as to define its quality. The Sub-Assistant Surgeon shall cause all carcasses or meat, which in his opinion may be unfit for human consumption, to be buried or destroyed.

11. No person shall remove any carcass or portion of a carcass from the slaughter-house after the hour fixed for closing the slaughter-house, and any carcass or portion of a carcass remaining within the slaughter-house premises after such hours shall be disposed off in such manner as the Sub-Assistant Surgeon may direct. Skins, horns and feet of animals must be removed before the hour appointad for closing the slaughter-house.

12. No person shall remove, or cause to be removed, any carcass or meat except in such a way that it is screened from public view.

13. No person shall blow or stuff any meat within the slaughter-house premises, and the Sub-Assistant Surgeon may cause to be buried or destroyed any meat found to be blown or stuffed.

14. All carcasses or meat ordered to be destroyed in accordance with the provisions of clauses 10 and 13, shall be so dealt with as to render it impossible to use such carcasses or meat for human food.

15. No person shall create any disturbance in the slaughter-house premises. Any person transgressing this clause shall be removed summarily under the direction of the Sub-Assistant Surgeon.

16. No person affected with leprosy, sores or any other skin disease, or any contagious or infectious disease, shall enter the slaughter-house premises.

17. No person shall bring into the slaughter-house premises any dog or other animal not intended for slaughter or for the slaughter of which the slaughter-house is not provided.

18. The fees to be charged under sub-section (1) of section 41 of the Punjab Small Towns Act for the use of the slaughter-house shall be those fixed by the committee from time to time with the previous approval of the Commissioner.

Note.—Only sheep and goats shall be slaughtered.

Panchayats.

The 25th January, 1940.

No. 46/9/III/19.—*Corrigendum.*—Against serial No. 3 in column 2 of the schedule published with the Commissioner's notification No. 46/9/III/243, dated the 15th December, 1939 *read* "Kot Fazil" *for* Kot Fuzil".

The 30th January, 1940.

No. 46/8/VII/21.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the Commissioner of the Lahore Division is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Karbath in the Lahore tahsil of the Lahore district to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act by the name of Karbath.

No. 46/8/VII/22.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner of the Lahore Division proposes to establish a panchayat in the village declared by notification No. 46/8/VII/21, dated the 30th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Lahore district to the Commissioner of the Lahore Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

ALAN MITCHELL,

Commissioner, Lahore Division.

Small Towns.

The 24th January, 1940.

No. A.-XIV.-16-E./72.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following general order made by the Town Committee of Gujarkhan in the Rawalpindi district, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*g*) of section 35 of the said Act, and sanctioned by the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, as required by sub-section (1) of section 36 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force from the date of this notification—

GENERAL ORDER.

1. No person shall dye leather or wash hides within the limits of the Small Town except in premises licensed by the Town Committee in this behalf.

2. No premises shall be licensed for dyeing leather or washing hides unless—

(*a*) they have a floor made of burnt bricks, cement or other impervious materials;

(*b*) they are provided with adequate arrangements for the removal of dirty water; and

(*c*) they are approved by the President, Vice-President or Secretary of the Town Committee.

3. Subject to the provisions of paragraph 2, licences for premises for dyeing leather or washing hides shall be issued by the Secretary of the Town Committee in form S. T.G. appended to this order on the application of the owner or occupier of such premises, and shall be granted subject to the conditions specified in form S. T. G. as the conditions subject to which the licence is granted.

4. Licences issued in accordance with paragraph 3 shall be current for not more than 12 months, and shall, in any case, terminate on the 31st March immediately succeeding the date of issue.

5. On a breach of any of the conditions of the licence by the licensee or his agent, the Town Committee may, forthwith, cancel the licence, and the licensee shall be entitled to no compensation on account of such cancellation.

Form S. T. G.

TOWN COMMITTEE, GUJARKHAN.

LICENCE FOR PREMISES FOR DYEING LEATHER OR WASHING HIDES ISSUED UNDER PARAGRAPH 3 FOR LICENSING PREMISES.

THE premises of which a description is given in the attached schedule, situated in (name of street, ward, etc.), are hereby licensed for dyeing leather or washing hides.

This licence is granted to $\frac{\text{owner}}{\text{occupier}}$ of the said premises subject to the following conditions :—

1. That he shall daily cause to be thoroughly washed, and cleansed the floor and drain of the licensed premises.

2. That no refuse or offensive matter be thrown into the public street.

3. That he shall permit the President, Secretary or any other officer authorised in this behalf at all reasonable times and without notice to inspect the licensed premises.

4. That he shall duly pay to the Town Committee the fee that may from time to time be imposed under section 41 of the Punjab Small Towns Act.

Panchayats.

The 24th January, 1940.

No. O.XIV.-J.-70/59.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate of Mohrakorchasham in the Chakwal tehsil of the Jhelum district is declared to be a village to be known by the name of Mohrakorchasham for the purposes of the said Act

No. O.XIV.-J.-70/60.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Morakorchasham declared by notification No. O.XIV.-J.-70/59, dated 24th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Jhelum district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.XIV.-J.-74/61.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate of Khewal in the Chakwal tehsil of the Jhelum district is declared to be a village to be known by the name of Khewal for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O.XIV.-J.-74/62.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the

village of Khewal declared by notification No. O.XIV.J.-74/61, dated 24th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Jhelum district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.XIV-J.-72/63.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that Dhok Ber a part of the revenue estate of Chak Naurang in the Chakwal tehsil of the Jhelum district, is declared to be a village to be known by the name of Dhokber for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O.XIV-J-72/64.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Dhokber declared by notification No. O.XIV-J.-72/63, dated 24th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commisssioner of Jhelum district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.XIV-J.-73/65.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate of Haphe in the Chakwal tehsil of the Jhelum district is declared to be a village to be known by the name of Haphe for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O.XIV-J.-73/66.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act. 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Haphe declared by notification No. O.XIV-J.-73/65, dated 24th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Jhelum district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.XIV-J.-71/67.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate of Jand in the Chakwal tehsil of the Jhelum district is declared to be a village to be known by the name of Jand for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O.XIV-J.-71/68.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Jand declared by notification No. O.XIV-J.-71/67, dated 24th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection

in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Jhelum district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.XIV-R.-124/69.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4-A of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate specified in column 4 of the attached schedule and situated in the Murree tehsil of the Rawalpindi district is hereby excluded and revenue estate specified in column 5 of the attached schedule is included in the panchayat village, named in column 2, constituted by Punjab Government notification No. 22681, dated 28th July, 1930 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3	4	5
Serial No.	Name of village.	Names of estates within the meaning of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the panchayat village is comprised.	Name of estate to be excluded from the panchayat village in column 2.	Name of estate now to be included within the panchayat village in column 2.
1.	Ghora Galli ..	1. Ghoragalli, 2. Sambli Tajjal.	Sambli Tajjal ..	Namb Rumal.

No. O.XIV-R.-124/70.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate specified in column 3 of the attached schedule and situated in Murree tehsil of the Rawalpindi district is declared to be a village to be known by the name given in column 2 for the purposes of the said Act :—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of sub-section (3) of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat is comprised.
1	2	3
1	Sambli Tajjal ..	Sambli Tajjal.

No. O.XIV-R.-124/71.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Sambli Tajjal declared by notification No. O.XIV-R.-124/69, dated 24th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection

in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rawalpindi district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

P. MARSDEN,

Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division.

Panchayats.

The 24th January, 1940.

No. 19.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, I declare the revenue estates of Chak Nos. 185-G.B. and 186-G.B., in the Toba Tek Singh tehsil of the Lyallpur district, to be a village to be known by the name of Jhok Mahram for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 20.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that I, by virtue of the powers delegated to Commissioners of Divisions in Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, propose to establish a panchayat in the village of Jhok Mahram, declared by my notification No. 19, dated the 24th January, 1940, to be village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Lyallpur district, to the Commissioner, Multan Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. 21.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4-A of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, I include the revenue estate of Makwal Haidar in the Alipur tehsil of the Muzaffargarh district in the area declared in Commissioner, Multan Division's notification No. 8, dated the 25th January, 1935, to be a village to be known by the name of Yakiwali for the purposes of the said Act and appoint 1 panch for the revenue estate of Makwal Haidar newly added to the panchayat established at Yakiwali with Commissioner, Multan Division's notification No. 73, dated the 25th June, 1935.

The 25th January, 1940.

No. 22.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4-A of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, include the revenue estate of Kandi Bilochan in the Muzaffargarh tahsil of the Muzaffargarh district in the area declared in the Commissioner Multan Division's notification No. 30, dated the 23rd February, 1937, to be a village to be known by the name of Jhandewali for the purposes of the said Act and appoint 1 panch for the revenue estate of Kandi Bilochan newly added to the panchayat established at Jhandewali with Commissioner Multan Division's notification No. 141, dated the 21st September, 1937.

Notified Areas.

The 25th January, 1940.

No. 23.—I hereby accept the resignation tendered by Captain Leonard Mitchell of the Mildura Fruit Farm from membership of the Notified Area Committee of Renala Khurd in the Montgomery district.

C. V. SALUSBURY,

Commissioner, Multan Division.

2191 CS—1132—1-2-40—SGPP Lahore

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PART I—B.

Notifications by Commissioners

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Committees.

The 3rd February, 1940.

No. 65.—Notification No. 53, dated the 8th of August, 1939, by the Commissioner, Ambala division, is hereby cancelled.

J. W. HEARN,

Commissioner, Ambala Division.

Boards.

The 6th February, 1940.

82-L. F. B.—In accordance with the provisions of section 15 (1) of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, it is hereby informed that M. Mohammad Nawaz Khan, son of M. Kamal Din Khan, Rajput Bhatti, of Sadar Wala, post office Muktsar, has been elected a member of the District Board, Ferozepore, for the constituency of Mohanke Hathar, *vice* Guru Harbans Singh, deceased.

Panchayats.

The 30th January, 1940.

No. 60-L. F. C.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st

February, 1933, the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Uppal Jagir in the Phillaur tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a village to be known by the name of Uppal Jagir for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 61-L.F. C.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner Jullundur division, by virtue of the powers delegated to him in the Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayatin the village of Uppal Jagir, declared by notification No. 60-L.F. C., dated the 30th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Jullundur district, to the Commissioner, Jullundur division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. 62-L. F. C.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the Commissioner, Jullundur division, is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Uppal Khalsa in the Phillaur tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a village to be known by the name of Uppal Khalsa, for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 63-L. F. C.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Jullundur division, by virtue of the powers delegated to him in the Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Uppal Khalsa, declared by notification No. 62-L. F. C., dated the 30th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Jullundur district, to the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. 64-L. F. C.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the Commissioner, Jullundur division, is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Haveli, in the Nakodar tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a village to be known by the name of Haveli for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 65-L. F.C.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Jullundur division, by virtue of the powers delegated to him in the Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Haveli, declared by notification No. 64-F. L. C., dated the 30th of January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Jullundur district, to the Commissioner, Jullundur division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. 66-L. F. B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the Commissioner, Jullundur division, is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Chak Khurd in the Nakodar tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a village to be known by the name of Chak Khurd, for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 67-L. F. B.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Jullundur division, by virtue of the powers delegated to him in the Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Chak Khurd, declared by notification No. 66-L. F. B., dated the 30th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Jullundur district, to the Commissioner, Jullundur division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. 68-L. F. B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the Commissioner, Jullundur division, is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Windhal, in the Nakodar tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a village to be known by the name of Windhal for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 69-L. F. B.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Jullundur division, by virtue of the powers delegated to him in the Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Windhal declared by notification No. 68-L. F. B., dated the 30th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Jullundur district, to the Commissioner, Jullundur division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. 70-L. F. B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the Commissioner, Jullundur division, is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Saleh Nagar, in the Nakodar tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a village to be known by the name of Saleh Nagar, for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 71-L. F.B.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Jullundur division, by virtue of the powers delegated to him in the Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Saleh Nagar declared by notification No. 70-L. F. B., dated the 30th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit

his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Jullundur district, to the Commissioner, Jullundur division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

The 2nd February, 1940.

No. 72-L. F. B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the Commissioner, Jullundur division, is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Rupewali, in the Nakodar tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a village to be known by the name of Rupewali for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 73-L. F. B.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Jullundur division, by virtue of the powers delegated to him in the Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Rupewali, declared by notification No. 72-L. F. B., dated 2nd February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Jullundur district, to the Commissioner, Jullundur division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. 74-L. F. B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the Commissioner, Jullundur division, is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Gaddan Dob in the Fazilka tahsil of the Ferozepore district, to be a village to be known by the name of Gaddan Dob for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 75-L. F. B.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Jullundur division, by virtue of the powers delegated to him in the Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Gaddan Dob declared by notification No. 74-L. F. B., dated 2nd February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Ferozepore district, to the Commissioner, Jullundur division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. 76-L. F. B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the Commissioner, Jullundur division, is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Aspal in the Fazilka tahsil of the Ferozepore district, to be a village to be known by the name of Aspal for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 77-L. F. B.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Jullundur division, by virtue of the powers delegated to him in the Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Aspal declared by notification No. 76-L. F. B., dated 2nd February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Ferozepore district, to the Commissioner, Jullundur division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. 78-L. F. B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the Commissioner, Jullundur division, is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Bodiwala Kharak Singh in the Fazilka tahsil of Ferozepore district, to be a village to be known by the name of Bodiwala Kharak Singh for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 79-L. F. B.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Jullundur division, by virtue of the powers delegated to him in the Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Bodiwala Kharak Singh declared by notification No. 78-L. F. B., dated 2nd February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Ferozepore district to the Commissioner, Jullundur division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. 80-L. F. B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the Commissioner, Jullundur division, is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Aqalpur in the Nakodar tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a village to be known by the name of Aqalpur for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 81-L. F. B.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Jullundur division, by virtue of the powers delegated to him in the Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Aqalpur declared by notification No. 80-L. F. B., dated 2nd February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Jullundur district, to the Commissioner, Jullundur division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

The 6th February, 1940.

83-L. F. B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the Commissioner, Jullundur division, is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Gandhran in the Nakodar tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a village to be known by the name of Gandhran for the purposes of the said Act.

84-L. F. B.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Jullundur division, by virtue of the powers delegated to him in the Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Gandhran declared by notification No. 83-L. F. B., dated 6th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Jullundur district, to the

Commissioner, Jullundur division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

E. SHEEPSHANKS,
Commissioner, Jullundur division.

General (Gurdwaras).

The 31st January, 1940.

No. 23.—In accordance with the provisions of section 87 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, it is hereby notified that the following person has been nominated by the Shiromani Gurdwara Parbandhak Committee to be the fifth member of the Committee of Management for the Gurdwara specified in the schedule below. The committee of this Gurdwara is, therefore, duly constituted under section 88 (3) of the said Act :—

SCHEDULE.

Name of Gurdwara.	Serial No. as entered in schedule I of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925.	Name and address of the person nominated.	Constituency for the election of the Committee of Management.
Gurdwara Baba Bir Singh ..	23	Sardar Mohindar Singh, son of Sardar Ishar Singh, village Daswal, Post Office Waltoba, District Lahore.	Revenue estates of Rattoki, Gujjal, Assal, Uttar and Valtoha.

ALAN MITCHELL,
Commissioner, Lahore Division.

Committees.

The 3rd February, 1940.

No. 62.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the following person has been elected, under section 17 of the said Act, a member of the Municipal Committee of Khangarh, in the Muzaffargarh district :—

Ward No.	*Class I.*
I	.. Chaudhri Asa Nand, son of Chaudhri Girdhari Lal Gut, Zamindar of Khangarh, *vice* Chaudhri Girdhari Lal, deceased.

Small Towns.

The 3rd February, 1940.

No. 61.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following amendments made by the Town Committee of Kahror, in the Multan district of its genenal order published with notification No. 103, dated the 30th August, 1934, by the Commissioner, Multan division, having been sanctioned by the Commissioner, Multan division, as required by subsection (1) of section 36 of the said Act is published for general information and shall come into force from the date of publication of this notification :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. In paragraph 2 (*a*) for the words " form S. T. Q. " the words " form 18 " shall be substituted.

2. At the end of the general order the form S. T. Q. shall be deleted.

Panchayats.

The 30th January, 1940.

No. 24.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, I declare the revenue estate of Chak No. 239-G. B. Gullar in the Jaranwala tahsil of the Lyallpur district, to be a village to be known by the name of Gullar for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 25.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that I, by virtue of the powers delegated to Commissioners of divisions in Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, propose to establish a panchayat in the village of Gullar declared by my notification No. 24, dated the 30th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Lyallpur district, to the Commissioner, Multan division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. 26.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, I declare the revenue estate of Chak No. 144-G. B. Jhok Shadu in the Jaranwala tahsil of the Lyallpur district, to be a village to be known by the name of Jhok Shadu for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 27.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that I, by virtue of the powers delegated to Commissioners of divisions in Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, propose to establish a panchayat in the village of Jhok Shadu, declared by my notification No. 26, dated the 30th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Lyallpur district, to the Commissioner, Multan division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. 28.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, I declare the revenue estate of Chak No. 105-R. B. Ghabianwala in the Jaranwala tahsil of the Lyallpur district, to be a village to be known by the name of Ghabianwala, for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 29.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that I, by virtue of the powers delegated to Commissioners of divisions in Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, propose to establish a panchayat in the village of Ghabianwala declared by my notification No. 28, dated the 30th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Lyallpur district, to the Commissioner, Multan division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. 30.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, I declare the revenue estate of Chak No. 234-G. B. Patiala in the Jaranwala tahsil of the Lyallpur district, to be a village to be known by the name of Patiala, for the purposes of the said Act.

No 31.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that I, by virtue of the powers delegated to Commissioners of divisions in Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, propose to establish a panchayat in the village of Patiala declared by my notification No. 30, dated the 30th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Lyallpur district, to the Commissioner, Multan division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. 32.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, I declare the revenue estate of Chak No. 238-G. B. Pathanwala in the Jaranwala tahsil of the Lyallpur district, to be a village to be known by the name of Pathanwala, for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 33.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that I, by virtue of the powers delegated to Commissioners of divisions in Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, propose to establish a panchayat in the village of Pathanwala declared by my notification No. 32, dated the 30th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Lyallpur district, to the Commissioner, Multan division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. 34.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, I declare the revenue estate of Chak No. 61-G.B. Mohranwala in the Jaranwala tahsil of the Lyallpur district, to be a village to be known by the name of Mohranwala, for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 35.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that I, by virtue of the powers delegated to Commissioners of divisions in Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, propose to establish a panchayat in the village of Mohranwala declared by my notification No. 34, dated the 30th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Lyallpur district, to the Commissioner, Multan division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. 36.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, I declare the revenue estate of Chak No. 570-G.B. Kundian, in the Jaranwala tahsil of the Lyallpur district, to be a village to be known by the name of Kundian, for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 37.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that I, by virtue of the powers delegated to Commissioners of divisions in Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, propose to establish a panchayat in the village of Kundian, declared by my notification No. 36, dated the 30th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Lyallpur district, to the Commissioner, Multan division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. 38.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, I declare the revenue estate of Chak No. 237-G.B., in the Jaranwala tahsil of the Lyallpur district, to be a village to be known by the name of 237-G.B., for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 39.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that I, by virtue of the powers delegated to Commissioners of divisions in Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, propose to establish a panchayat in the village of 237-G.B., declared by my notification No. 38, dated the 30th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Lyallpur district, to the Commissioner, Multan division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. 40.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, I declare the revenue estate of Chak No. 120-G.B., Hoshiarpur in the Jaranwala tahsil of the Lyallpur district, to be a village to be known by the name of Hoshiarpur, for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 41.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that I, by virtue of the powers delegated to Commissioners of divisions in Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, propose to establish a panchayat in the village of Hoshiarpur, declared by my notification No. 40, dated the 30th January, 1940, to be a village for the proposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Lyallpur district, to the Commissioner, Multan division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. 42.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, I declare the revenue estate of Chak No. 204-R.B., in the Lyallpur tehsil of the Lyallpur district, to be a village to be known by the name of 204-R.B., for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 43—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that I, by virtue of the powers delegated to Commissioners of divisions in Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, propose to establish a panchayat in the village of 204-R.B., declared by my notification No. 42, dated the 30th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Lyallpur district, to the Commissioner, Multan division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. 44.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February,

1933, I declare the revenue estate of Chak No. 370-J. B., in the Toba Tek Singh tahsil of the Lyallpur district, to be a village to be known by the name of Chak No. 370-J. B., for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 45.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that I, by virtue of the powers delegated to Commissioners of divisions in Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, propose to establish a panchayat in the village of Chak No. 370-J. B., declared by my notification No. 44, dated 30th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Lyallpur district, to the Commissioner, Multan division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. 46.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, I declare the revenue estate of Chak No. 279-R. B., Khurd, in the Lyallpur tahsil of the Lyallpur district, to be a village to be known by the name of 279-R. B., Khurd, for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 47.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that I, by virtue of the powers delegated to Commissioners of divisions in Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, propose to establish a panchayat in the village of 279-R. B., Khurd, declared by my notification No. 46, dated the 30th January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Lyallpur district, to the Commissioner, Multan division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

The 31st January, 1940.

No. 48.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, I declare the revenue estate of Chak No. 456-G. B., Jhok Hassu, in the Jaranwala tahsil of the Lyallpur district, to be a village to be known by the name of Jhok Hassu, for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 49.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that I, by virtue of the powers delegated to Commissioners of divisions, in Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, propose to establish a panchayat in the village of Jhok Hassu, declared by my notification No. 48, dated the 31st January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Lyallpur district, to the Commissioner, Multan division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. 50.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st

February, 1933, I declare the revenue estate of Chak No. 58-G. B., Kotli, in the Jaranwala tahsil of the Lyallpur district, to be a village to be known by the name of Kotli for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 51.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that I, by virtue of the powers delegated to Commissioners of divisions in Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, propose to establish a panchayat in the village of Kotli, declared by my notification No. 50, dated the 31st January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Lyallpur district, to the Commissioner, Multan division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. 52.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1 21, delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, I declare the revenue estate of Chak No. 97-G. B., Kang Miraz, in the Jaranwala tahsil of the Lyallpur district, to be a village to be known by the name of Kang Miraz, for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 53.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that I, by virtue of the powers delegated to Commissioners of divisions in Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, propose to establish a panchayat in the village of Kang Miraz, declared by my notification No. 52, dated the 31st January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Lyallpur district, to the Commissioner, Multan division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. 54.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, I declare the revenue estates of Chak No. 455-G. B., Jhok Jumla, in the Samundri tahsil of the Lyallpur district, to be a village to be known by the name of Jhok Jumla, for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 55.—In pursuauce of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that I, by virtue of the powers delegated to Commissioners of divisions in Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, propose to establish a panchayat in the village of Jhok Jumla, declared by my notification No. 54, dated the 31st January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to estblish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Lyallpur district, to the Commissioner, Multan division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. 56.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, I declare the revenue estate of Chak No. 24-J. B., in the Lyallpur tahsil of the Lyallpur district, to be a village to be known by the name of Chak No. 24-J. B., for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 57.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that I, by virtue of the powers delegated to Commissioners of divisions in Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, propose to establish a panchayat in the village of Chak No. 24-J. B., declared by my notification No. 56, dated the 31st January, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Lyallpur district, to the Commissioner, Multan division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

The 2nd February, 1940.

No. 58.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioner of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, I declare the revenue estate of Salarwahin Nau, in the Kabirwala tahsil of the Multan district, to be a village to be known by the name of Salarwahin Nau, for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 59.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that I, by virtue of the powers delegated to the Commissioners of division, in Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, propose to establish a panchayat in the village of Salarwahin Nau, declared by my notification No. 58, dated the 2nd February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Multan district, to the Commissioner, Multan division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

The 3rd February, 1940.

No. 60.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 4-A of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that I, by virtue of the powers delegated to me in Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, propose to include within the panchayat village named in column 2 of the attached Schedule and constituted by Government notification No. 22684, dated the 28th July, 1930, the revenue estates specified in column 4 thereof and situated in the Shujabad tahsil of the Multan district.

2. Any inhabitant of the village concerned objecting to the proposal may submit his objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Multan district, to me, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the said revenue estates :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Name of panchayat village.	Name of revenue estate within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the panchayat is comprised.	Name of the estate now to be included within the panchayat village named in column 2.
1	Khanpur Qazianwala	Khanpur Qazianwala ..	Sherpore, Fateh Bela and Dairapore.

The 6th February, 1940.

No. 63.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, I declare the revenue estate of Chak No. 323-J. B., in the Toba Tek Singh tahsil of the Lyallpur district, to be a village to be known by the name of Trandi, for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 64.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that I, by virtue of the powers delegated to Commissioners of divisions in Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, propose to establish a panchayat in the village of Trandi, declared by my notification No. 63, dated the 6th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Lyallpur district, to the Commissioner, Multan division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

C. V. SALUSBURY,

Commissioner, Multan Division.

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PART I—B.

Notifications by Commissioners

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Panchayats.

The 6th February, 1940.

No. 66.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estates specified in column 3 of the schedule below, and situated in the Ambala tahsil of the Ambala District, to be a village to be known by the name given in column 2 for the purposes of the said Act :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Names of estates within the meaning of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887.
1	Kardhan ..	Kardhan.
		Nagal.
		Khojhipore.

No. 67.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Kardhan, declared by notification No. 66, dated the 6th of February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala District to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 68.—It is proposed to cancel notifications Nos. 21306 and 1453, dated the 12th of August, 1927, and the 13th of January, 1928, repectively, in so far as they relate to the Panchayat of Kainnaur in the Rupar tahsil of the Ambala District.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal any submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of he Ambala District to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 69.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estates specified in column 3 of the schedule below, and situated in the Ambala tahsil of the Ambala District, to be a village to be known by the name given in column 2 for the purposes of the said Act :—

SCHEDULE.

	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Names of estates within the meaning of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887.
1	Mullana ..	Mullana. Patti Bagherru. Patti Chanarthal.

No. 70.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a Panchayat in the village of Mullana declared by notification No. 69, dated the 6th of February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commmissioner of the Ambala District to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 71.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners

of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estates of Sonti and Mahlan, in the Ambala tahsil of the Ambala District, to be included in the village of Sonta, which was declared by Punjab Government notification No. 28781-L. S. G./Panchayats, dated the 22nd of September, 1931, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 72.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to include the revenue estates of Sonti and Mahlan in the Ambala tahsil of the Ambala District, in the Panchayat Village Sonta, which was declared by Punjab Government notification No. 28781-L. S. G./Panchayats, dated the 22nd of September, 1931, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala District to the Commissioner of the Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

J. W. HEARN,

Commissioner, Ambala Division.

Panchayats.

The 7th February, 1940.

No. 85-L. F. B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Bassian in the Jagraon tahsil of the Ludhiana district to be a village to be known by the name of Bassian for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 86-L.F.B.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, by virtue of the powers delegated to him in the Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Bassian, declared by notification No. 85-L.F.B., dated the 7th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Ludhiana district, to the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. 87-L.F.B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Manki in the Samrala tahsil of the Ludhiana district, to be a village to be known by the name of Manki for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 88-L.F.B.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified, that the Commissioner, Jullundur division, by virtue of the powers delegated to him in the Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Manki

declared by notification No. 87-L.F.B., dated the 7th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Ludhiana district, to the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

The 8th February, 1940.

No. 89-L.F.B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Billi Chaharmi in the Nakodar tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a village to be known by the name of Billi Chaharmi for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 90-L F.B.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, by virtue of the powers delegated to him in the Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Billi Chaharmi, declared by notification No. 89-L.F.B., dated the 8th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Jullundur district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification in the village.

No. 91-L.F.B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Kangna in the Nakodar tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a village to be known by the name of Kangna for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 92-L.F.B.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, by virtue of the powers delegated to him in the Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Kangna declared by notification No. 91-L.F.B., dated the 8th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Jullundur district, to the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. 93-L. F. B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Haripur in the Nakodar tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a village to be known by the name of Haripur for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 94-L. F. B.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, by virtue of the powers delegated to him in the Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the

1st February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Haripur declared by notification No. 93-L. F. B., dated the 8th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Jullundur district, to the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. 95-L. F. B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of Divisions, by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Raipur Arayan in the Nakodar tahsil of the Jullundur district, to be a village to be known by the name of Raipur Arayan for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 96-L. F. B.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner Jullundur Division, by virtue of the powers delegated to him in the Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Raipur Arayan declared by notification No. 95-L. F. B., dated the 8th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Jullundur district, to the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. 97-L. F. B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of Divisions, by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Gohir in the Nakodar tahsil of the Jullundur district to be a village to be known by the name of Gohir for the purposes of the said Act :—

No. 98-L. F. B.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, by virtue of the powers delegated to him in the Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Gohir declared by notification No. 97-L. F. B., dated the 8th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Jullundur district, to the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

The 12th February, 1940.

No. 99-L.F.B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the Commissioner Jullundur Division, is pleased to declare the revenue estates of the Hoshiarpur district specified in column 3 of the schedule below and situated in the tahsil named in column 4

to be villages known for the purposes of the said Act, by the respective names given in column 2 :—

1	2	3	4
Serial No.	Name of village.	Names of estates within the meaning of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the panchayat village is comprised.	Tahsil.
1	Jaura ..	Jaura ..	Dasuya.
2	Basi Nau ..	Basi Nau ..	Hoshiarpur.
3	Lehli Khurd ..	Lehli Khurd, Rajni Devi ..	Hoshiarpur.
4	Laksian ..	Laksian ..	Garhshankar.
5	Jetpur ..	Jetpur ..	Garhshankar.
6	Dharampur ..	Dharampur ..	Una.
7	Daroli ..	Daroli ..	Una.
8	Jandbari ..	Jandbari ..	Una.
9	Kothera Jaswalan ..	Kothera Jaswalan ..	Una.
10	Mindhwan ..	Mindhwan, Badhal, Dhanera, Lak her, Mandhli Khurd ..	Una.
11	Mahayan ..	Mahayan, Khanpur, Dasgraon, Bhaluh ..	Una.
12	Nangal Nikku ..	Nangal Nikku, Hambewal ..	Una.
13	Pandohga ..	Pandohga ..	Una.
14	Singha *alias* Surkala ..	Singha *alias* Surkala ..	Una.

No. 100-L.F.B.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Jullundur division, by virtue of the powers delegated to him in the Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in each of the villages declared by notification No. 99-L.F.B., dated the 12th February, 1940, to be villages for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of any of the said villages objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Hoshiarpur district to the Commissioner, Jullundur division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village concernad.

E. SHEEPSHANKS,

Commissioner, Jullundur Division.

Panchayats.

The 7th February, 1940.

No. 46/15/VII/9/24.—Notification No. 22, dated the 18th February, 1939, promulgated by the Commissioner of the Lahore division is hereby cancelled.

No. 46/15/12/25.—With reference to notification No. 46/15/12/151, dated the 23rd August, 1939, issued by the Commissioner of the Lahore division, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated the 1st February, 1933, and the 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner of the Lahore division is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate of Muqam, situated in the Amritsar district and included in the area declared by notification No. 46/15/12/150, dated the 23rd August, 1939, to be the village of Muqam for the purposes of the said Act, to fix the number of panches at three; and to declare that the said panchayat shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 of the Act, and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

No. 46/15/21/26.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the Commissioner of the Lahore division is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Khakh in the Tarn Taran tahsil of the Amritsar district, to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act by the name of Khakh.

No. 46/15/21/27.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner of the Lahore division proposes to establish a panchayat in the village declared by notification No. 46/15//21/26, dated the 7th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Amritsar district, to the Commissioner of the Lahore division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. 46/15/13/28.—With reference to notification No. 46/15/13/153, dated the 23rd August, 1939, issued by the Commissioner of the Lahore division, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated the 1st February, 1933, and the 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner of the Lahore division is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate of Bhoeywali, situated in the Amritsar district and included in the area declared by notification No. 46/15/13/152, dated the 23rd August, 1939, to be the village of Bhoeywali for the purposes of the said Act; to fix the number of panches at three; and to declare that the said panchayat shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 of the Act, and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

No. 46/8/11/29.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the Commissioner of the Lahore division is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Shahid, in the Kasur tahsil of the Lahore district, to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act by the name of Shahid.

No. 46/8/11/30.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner of the Lahore division, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village declared by notification No. 46/8/11/29,

dated the 7th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Lahore district, to the Commissioner of the Lahore division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

The 9th February, 1940.

No. 46/9/25/31.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the Commissioner of the Lahore division is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Pindori in the Shahdara tahsil of the Sheikhupura district to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act by the name of Pindori.

No. 46/9/25/32.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner of the Lahore division proposes to establish a panchayat in the village declared by notification No. 49/9/25/31, dated the 9th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Sheikhupura district to the Commissioner of the Lahore division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

ALAN MITCHELL,

Commissioner, Lahore division.

Committees.

The 12th February, 1940.

No. A./II/58/120.—In accordance with the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the following persons have been elected, under section 12 of the said Act, members of the Municipal Committee of Chakwal, in the Jhelum district, in accordance with the rules made in that behalf by the Punjab Government :—

Ward No.		*Name of member elected.*
1	..	Ch. Gul Gulistan.
2	..	Ch. Mehr Khan.
3	..	R. Mohd. Sarfraz Khan.
4	..	Kh. Abdul Rashid.
5	..	Ch. Feroz Khan.
6	..	S. Mehr Singh.
7	..	L. Nand Kishore.
8	..	Bhagat Jiwan Singh.
9	..	S. Autar Singh.

No. A./II/58/121.—In accordance with the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the following persons have been appointed, under section 12 of the said Act, members of the Municipal Committtee of Chakwal, in the Jhelum district :—

1. Sub-Divisional Officer, Chakwal.
2. Assistant Surgeon, Chakwal.
3. Khawaja Mahamud, Pleader, Chakwal.

Small Towns.

The 9th February, 1940.

No. A/XIV/16/E./73.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (2) of section 36, of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following general order, made by the Town Committee of Gujarkhan in the Rawalpindi district, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*v*) of section 35 of the said Act, and sanctioned by the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, as required by subsection (1) of section 36 of the said Act, is published for general information, and shall come into force from the date of this notification :—

GENERAL ORDER.

1. No person shall sell, or store for sale, bhusa, hay, straw, thatching grass, fuel, wood for building purposes, coal, charcoal, sarkanda, or sarkanda matting, or other dangerously inflammable materials, within the limits of the Small Town, except in yards, or depôts, for which a licence has been granted by the committee in this behalf

2. Licences for yards, or depôts, for the sale, or storage for sale, of the materials mentioned in paragraph 1 of this order shall be issued by the President or the Secretary in form S. T. V. appended to this order on the application of the owner, or occupier of such premises and shall be granted on payment of the fees that may from time to time be imposed by the committee, under clause (*h*), of subsection (1) of section 41 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, subject to the conditions specified in form S. T. V. as the conditions subject to which the licence is granted.

3. Licences issued in accordance with paragraph 2 shall be current for not more than 12 months, and shall, in any case, terminate on the 31st March, immediately succeeding the date of issue.

4. On the breach of any of the conditions of the licence by the licencee, or his agent, the Town Committee may forthwith cancel the licence, and the licensee shall be entitled to no compensation on account of such cancellation.

TOWN COMMITTEE.

Form S. T. V.

LICENCE FOR A YARD, OR DEPÔT, FOR THE SALE OF BHUSA, HAY, STRAW, THATCHING, WOOD FOR BUILDING PURPOSES, COAL, CHARCOAL, SARKANDA.

The yard (or depôt), of which a description is given on the reverse, situated in (name of street, ward, etc.), is hereby licensed for the sale, or storage for sale, of

This licence is granted to owner/occupier of the said yard (or depôt) subject to the following conditions :—

1. That he shall not burn, or allow to burn, any article in the yard (or depôt), or keep any other inflammable articles, except those entered in the licence.

2. That he shall not smoke, or suffer any person to smoke, within the licensed yard (or depôt).

3. That he shall permit any member or officer of the committee authorised in this behalf at all reasonable times, and without notice, to inspect the licensed yard (or depôt).

4. That he shall not keep the following articles in excess of the quantity given below—

(*i*)	Bhusa, hay, straw, thatching	200 maunds.
(*ii*)	Wood for building purposes	1,000 timbers (*gellan*).
(*iii*)	Coal, charcoal, sarkanda	500 maunds.

5. That he shall keep at all times such number of buckets of water, or earth, as may, in the opinion of the President, be requisite to extinguish fire in the event of an outbreak.

No. A./XIV/26/74.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following general order made by the Town Committee of Shadiwal in the Gujrat District, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*p*) of section 35 of the said Act, and sanctioned by the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, as required by subsection (1) of section 36 of the said Act, is published for

general information, and shall come into force from 1st April, 1940, from which date notification No. A.-IV-26/41, dated the 23rd July, 1932, shall be considered as cancelled.

It is also notified that, with my approval, the said Town Committee, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (d) of subsection (1) of section 41 of the said Act, has fixed the fee prescribed in clause 2 of this general order :—

GENERAL ORDER.

1. No person shall, within the limits of the Small Town of Shadiwal sell or expose for sale, wholesale or by auction, any fruit, vegetables or sugarcane except in premises licensed by the Town Committee in this behalf.

2. Any person wishing to obtain a license for any place or premises for the sale or exposure for sale, wholesale or by auction, of any fruit, vegetable or sugarcane, shall apply in writing to the President of the Town Committee, and, if the application is sanctioned by the Committee, a licence shall be issued to him by the Secretary on payment of a fee of Rs. 25 per annum.

3. Every licence issued under general order 2 shall be subject to the following conditions :—

(a) that the licencee shall not allow any cart or animal which brings vegetables, fruit or sugarcane, to the place of sale, to be kept standing there for a period longer than is necessary for the purpose of loading or unloading, or so as to impede or obstruct traffic ;

(b) that the licencee shall keep the licensed premises in a clean and sanitary condition and shall not allow refuse to be placed anywhere except in a receptacle to be provided by him for the purpose ;

(c) that the licencee shall not keep on the licensed premises for sale, or expose for sale, or sell, any vegetable, fruit or sugarcane, that is unfit for human consumption or is declared to be so unfit by the Town Committee's Health Officer or by any member or other officer authorised by the Committee in this behalf ;

(d) that any officer referred to in clause (c) above shall have power to destroy any rotten fruits or vegetables or sugarcane which has been declared to be unfit for human consumption or which may be likely to cause spread of any epidemic disease ;

(e) that the licensee shall not employ or permit to be employed on the premises any person suffering from any contagious or infectious disease or from loathsome sores ;

(f) that the licensee shall keep all vends and other things used in connection with the sale of fruit, vegetables or sugarcane in a state of cleanliness ; and

(g) that the licencee shall not sublet any portion of the licensed premises without the permission of the Committee.

4. On a breach of any of the conditions of the licence by the licensee or his agent, the Town Committee may forthwith cancel the licence, and the licensee shall be entitled to no compensation on account of such cancellation.

No. A./XIV/22/75.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following general order made by the Town Committee of Malakwal in the Gujrat district, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (p) of section 35 of the said Act, and sanctioned by the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division as required by subsection (1) of section 36 of the said Act is published for general information and shall come in to force from the date of publication of this notification.

The Commissioner, Rawalpindi division's notification No. 82-A.-I-214, dated 17th May, 1936, is hereby cancelled :—

GENERAL ORDER.

1. No person shall, within the small town limits, sell wholesale, or retail, or by auction, any fruit, or vegetable, in premises, other than those licensed for the purpose by the committee in this behalf.

2. Any person wishing to obtain a licence for premises for the sale, wholesale or retail, or by auction, of any fruit or vegetable, may apply to the President of the committee, and if the application is sanctioned by the committee, a licence shall be issued by the President, or, in his absence, by the Vice-President, on payment of a licence fee of Rs. 18 for whole sale or for auction sale.

(a) The licence fee for the retail dealers shall be as follows :—

(1) Rs. 3 per annum from the person dealing in vegetable.

(2) Rs. 6 per annum from the person dealing in vegetable and fruit.

3. Licences for whole sale, or for auction sale, shall not be issued for a period of less than a year and shall in any case terminate on 31st March following the date of issue and for retail sale for not less than a quarter of the financial year.

4. Every license issued under paragraph 2 shall be subject to the following conditions:—

(a) That the licensee shall not allow any cart which brings vegetable, or fruit, to the place of sale, to impede or obstruct traffic, or to remain stationary at such place, except for the purpose of loading or unloading articles, and then only for such time as is necessary for the purpose.

(b) That the licensee shall keep the licensed premises in a clean and sanitary condition, and shall not allow refuse to be placed any where, except at a place fixed for the purpose.

(c) That the licensee shall not keep on the licensed premises any vegetable, or fruit, that is unfit for human consumption, or is declared to be so, by the Secretary of the committee, or by any other officer, authorised by the committee in this behalf.

(d) That the licensee shall not sublet any portion of the licensed premises without the permission of the committee.

(e) That the committee may, by an order in writing, suspend any licence for a breach of any of the conditions thereof, and the licensee shall be entitled to no compensation.

Panchayats.

The 9th February, 1940.

No. O. XIV-J.-23.—With reference to notification No. O. XIV-J. 23/62, dated 28th March, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated the 1st February, 1933, and 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate situated in the Jhelum district and included in the area declared by notification No. O. XIV-J. 23/61, dated 28th March, 1939, to be the village of Sultanpur, for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said panchayat shall consist of five panches, that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

No. O. XIV-J.-25/77.—With reference to notification No. O.-XIV-J.-25/66, dated 28th March, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated the 1st February, 1933, and 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate situated in the Jhelum district and included in the area declared by notification No. O. XIV-J.-25/65, dated 28th March, 1939, to be the village of Sohan, for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said panchayat shall consist of three panches, that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

No. O.XIV-J.-75/78.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 ofPunjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate of Mohra Sheikhan in the Chakwal tahsil of the Jhelum district is declared to be a village to be known by the name of Mohra Sheikhan for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O. XIV-J-75/79.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Mohra Sheikhan declared by notification No. O. XIV-J.-75/78, dated the 9th April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Jhelum district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O. XIV-J.-76/80.—In exercise af the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate of Chakkharak in the Chakwal tahsil of the Jhelum district is declared to be a village to be known by the name of Chakkharak for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O. XIV-J.-76/81.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Chakkharak declared by notification No. O. XIV-J.-76/80, dated 9th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Jhelum district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O. XIV-J.-77/82.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate of Jhanot in the Jhelum tahsil of the Jhelum district is declared to be a village to be known by the name of Jhanot for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O. XIV-J.-77/83.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Jhanot declared by notification No. O. XIV-J.-77/82, dated 9th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Jhelum district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O XIV-J.-78/84.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate of Bajwala Dattan

in the Jhelum tahsil of the Jhelum district is declared to be a village to be known by the name of Bajwala Dattan for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O. XIV-J.-78/85.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Bajwala Dattan declared by notification No. O. XIV-J.-78/84, dated 9th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Jhelum district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O. XIV-J.-79/86.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate of Pindori in the Jhelum tahsil of the Jhelum district is declared to be a village to be known by the name of Pindori for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O. XIV-J.-79/87.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Pindori declared by notification No. O. XIV-J.-79/86, dated 9th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Jhelum district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.XIV.-J.-80/88.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate of Tatrot in the Jhelum tahsil of the Jhelum district is declared to be a village to be known by the name of Tatrot for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O.XIV.-J.-80/89.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Tatrot declared by notification No. O. XIV-J.-80/88, dated 9th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Jhelum district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O. XIV-A.-15/90.—With reference to notification No. O. XIV-A.-15/191, dated 25th September, 1937, and in exercise of the powers conferred by sub section (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated 1st February, 1933 and 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate situated in the Attock district and included in the area declared by notification No. O.-XIV-A.-15/190, dated 25th September 1937 to be the village of Dheri

Kot for the purposes of the said Act and to declare that the said panchayat shall consist of 5 panches, that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

No. O. XIV-A.-20/91.—With reference to notification No. O. XIV.-A.-20/112, dated the 30th March, 1938, and in exercise of the powers conferred by sub section (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated the 1st February, 1933, and 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estates situated in the Attock district and included in the area declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-A./20-111 dated 30th March, 1938, to be the village of Jalalia for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said panchayat shall consist of seven panches, that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV.-G -145/92.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estates specified in column No. 3 of the attached schedule and situated in the Gujrat tahsil of the Gujrat district are declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act by the name given in column No. 2.

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Names of estate within the meaning of sub section (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the panchayat village is comprised.
1	Chauranwali ..	1. Chauranwali.
		2. Shadiwal Khurd.
		3. Dhillu Sharki.
		4. Chak Lala.
		5. Kang Budha.
		6. Kang Mehtpur.

No. O.-XIV.-G.-145/93.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Chauranwali declared by notification No. O.XIV-G.-145/92, dated the February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Gujrat to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O. XIV-G.-146/94.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate of Bega village in the Gujrat tahsil of Gujrat district is declared to be a village to be known by the name of Bega for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-G.-146/95.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Bega declared by notification No. O. XIV-G.-146/94, dated 9th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Gujrat, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O. XIV-G.-147/96.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate of Utam village in the Kharian tahsil of Gujrat district, is declared to be a village to be known by the name of Utam for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O. XIV-G.-147/97.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Utam declared by notification No. O. XIV-G.-147/96, dated 9th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act

2. Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Gujrat, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O. XIV-G.-148/98.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate of Machhiana village in the Gujrat tahsil of Gujrat district is declared to be a village to be known by the name of Machhiana for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O. XIV G.-148/99.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Machhiana declared by notification No. O. XIV-G.-148/98, dated 9th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Gujrat, to the Commissioner, Ralwalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O. XIV-G.-149/100.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estates specified in column No. 3 of the attached schedule and situated in the Gujrat tahsil of the

Gujrat district are declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column No. 2:—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	Name of village.	Names of estates within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	2	3
1	haitanian ..	1. Shaitanian. 2. Sahanwal Kalan.

No. O. XIV-G.-149/101.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Shaitanian declared by notification No. O. XIV-G.-149/100, dated 9th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Gujrat, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O. XIV-G.-150/102.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Governmont notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate of Machhiwal village in the Gujrat tahsil of the Gujrat district, is declared to be a village to be known by the name of Machhiwal for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O. XIV.-G-150/103.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Machhiwal, declared by notification No. O. XIV-G.-150/102, dated 9th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Gujrat, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification, in the village.

No. O. XIV-G.-152/104.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate of Bhajowal village in the Phalia tahsil of the Gujrat district, is declared to be a village to be known by the name of Bhajowal for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O. XIV-G.-152/105.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Bhajowal declared by notification No. O. XIV-G.-152/104, dated 9th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection,

in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Gujrat, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification, in the village.

No. O. XIV-G.-152/107.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate of Ladian village in the Kharian tahsil of the Gujrat district. is declared to be a village to be known by the name of Ladian for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O. XIV-G.-152/108.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Ladian declared by notification No. O. XIV-G.-152/107, dated 9th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Gujrat, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification, in the village.

No. O. XIV-G.-153/108.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate of Chakora village in the Kharian tahsil of the Gujrat district, is declared to be a village to be known by the name of Chakora for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O. XIV-G.-153/109.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Chakora declared by notification No. O. XIV-G.-153/108, dated 9th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Gujrat, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification, in the village.

No. O. XIV-S.-19/110.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the revenue estate specified in column 3 of the schedule below and situated in tahsil Sargodha, district Shahpur is hereby declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act by the name given in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat Village is comprised.
1	2	3
1	Chak No. 27-S. B. ..	Chak No. 27-S. B.

No. O.XIV-S.-19/111.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Govrnment notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Chak 27-S. B. declared by notification No. O.XIV-S.-19/110, dated 9th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Shahpur district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.XIV-S.-20/112.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914 dated the 1st February, 1933, the revenue estate specified in column 3 of the schedule below and situated in the Sargodha tahsil of the Shahpur district, is hereby declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act by the name given in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised
1	Chak No. 28-S. B.	Chak No. 28-S. B.

No. O.XIV-S.-20/113.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914 dated the 1st of February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Chak No. 28-S. B., declared by notification No O.XIV.-S.-20/112, dated 9th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Shahpur district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.XIV-S.-21/114.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the revenue estate, specified in column 3 of the schedule below, and situated in tahsil Sargodha, district Shahpur, is hereby declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act by the name given in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village	Name of estate within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Chak No. 109-S. B. ..	Chak No. 109-S. B.

No. O.XIV-S.-21/115.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Chak 10?-S. B., declared by notification No. O.XIV-S.-21/115, dated 9th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Shahpur district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.XIV-S.-22/116.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the revenue estate, specified in column 3 of the schedule below, and situated in Khushab tahsil of the Shahpur district, is hereby declared to be a village, to be known for the purposes of the said Act by the name given in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Muhammad Shah ..	Muhammad Shah.

No. O XIV-S.-22/117.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Muhammad Shah, declared by notification No. O.XIV-S.-22/116, dated 9th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Shahpur district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.XIV-S.-23/118.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the revenue estate specified in column 3 of the schedule below and situated in the Sargodha tahsil of the Shahpur district, is hereby declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act by the name given in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	2	3
1	Chak No. 26-S. B. ..	Chak No. 26-S. B.

No. O.XIV.-S.-23/119.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Chak No. 26-S. B., declared by notification No. O.XIV.-S.-23/118, dated 9th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Shahpur district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

P. MARSDEN,

Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division.

Committees.

The 8th February, 1940.

No. 66.—In accordance with the directions of the Provincial Government under sub-section (3) of section 31 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the following by-laws which have been made by the Municipal Committee of Khangarh, in the Muzaffargarh district, under sub-section (1) of section 31 and approved as required by sub-section (2) of section 31 of the said Act by the Commissioner of the Multan Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him under section 32 of the said Act by Punjab Government notification No. 5555, dated the 17th February, 1934, are hereby published for general information. They shall come into force within the said Municipality from the date of this notification in supersession of the by-laws published with the Commissioner's notification No. 73, dated the 10th July, 1922 :—

BY-LAWS.

I.—Time and place of meeting.

1. (*a*) Every meeting of the Committee, whether ordinary or special, shall be held in the Municipal Hall or under reasonable circumstances at a place, date and hour to be fixed for it by the President or in his absence by the Vice-President : provided that when there is neither a President nor a Vice-President in existence, the Secretary may convene a meeting at any time or place for the election of the President, but not for the transaction of any other business.

(*b*) An ordinary meeting of the Committee shall be held at least once a month.

II.—Manner in which notice shall be given.

2. (*a*) The notice of every meeting under by-law 1 shall state the place, date and hour fixed for it and shall be signed by the President, Vice-President, or the Secretary.

(*b*) The notice of every meeting shall be accompanied by a list duly attested by the Secretary, setting forth the business to be transacted at the meeting hereinafter called "Agenda".

(*c*) The agenda shall include every matter that any member may desire to put to the meeting, provided that a copy of the motion thereon signed by such member and by a seconder is delivered to the Secretary at the Municipal Office at least seven clear days before the date of the meeting.

(*d*) The notice and the agenda shall be despatched by the Secretary not less than three days before the time fixed for an ordinary meeting and twenty-four hours before the time fixed for a special meeting and shall be served on each member of the Committee.

3. Notice of an adjourned meeting shall be given by the Chairman on the spot and the same shall, as soon thereafter as possible, be sent to all members of the Committee who are absent : provided that it shall be lawful for the President or in his absence for the Vice-President or the Secretary to alter, with due notice, in an emergency, the place, date or hour of such meeting.

4. All cases on the agenda of a meeting shall be made available in the Secretary's Office during office hours for the inspection of the members, immediately after the despatch of the agenda.

III.—QUORUM.

5. No business shall be transacted at an ordinary meeting of the Committee unless at least one-third of the total number of members are present and shall not be less than three.

6. In the absence of a quorum the Chairman shall forthwith suspend the proceedings and adjourn the meeting whether ordinary or special.

IV.—CONDUCT OF PROCEEDINGS AND ADJOURNMENT OF MEETINGS.

7. Every meeting shall commence with a motion by the Chairman that the minutes of the previous meeting be confirmed. Such minutes shall ordinarily be taken as read, but if for any reason they have not been previously circulated to the members they shall be read before they are taken into consideration. Any member who was present at the previous meeting may object to the confirmation of the minutes by moving an amendment on the ground that any matter is not correctly recorded or expressed.

8. The Chairman shall decide all points of order or procedure and his decision shall be final. Whenever he rises, any member speaking shall resume his seat. The Chairman after finishing his say shall allow any member to finish his speech.

9. The items on the agenda shall be dealt with in their order : provided that the Chairman, with the consent of the majority of members present, may vary such order and may bring before the meeting any matter not included in the agenda.

10. (a) If more than one member rise to speak at the same time, the Chairman shall name the member who is to speak.

(b) Members when speaking shall stand and address the Chairman and, except on a point of order or personal explanation, the member speaking shall not be interrupted by any member other than the Chairman.

(c) No written speeches shall be delivered.

11. So far as is possible and consistent with the matter under discussion no member shall direct personal or objectionable remarks at any other member. For the purpose of this by-law the ruling of the Chairman shall be final.

12. A member desiring to raise a point of order or personal explanation shall rise and address the Chairman. The member speaking shall then give way, and remain seated until the Chairman has decided the point raised: provided that the Chairman may permit any other member including the member called to order to speak on the said point.

13. (a) If the meeting refuses to obey the ruling of the Chairman on any matter he may adjourn it at once ; and once he declares the meeting adjourned on this or any ground, the subsequent proceedings of the meeting or any residue thereof shall be void and shall not appear in the minutes.

(b) The Chairman, with the consent of the majority of the members present may adjourn the meeting at any stage.

14. The Chairman may, after calling the attention of the meeting to the conduct of a member who persists in irrelevance or in tedious repetition of his own arguments or of the arguments used by other members, direct him to discontinue his speech.

15. The Chairman may name an unruly member for report to Government for consideration under section 161 (1) (e) of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911.

16. The Chairman may direct any member, whose conduct is in his opinion grossly disorderly, to withdraw immediately from the meeting and any member so ordered to withdraw shall do so forthwith and shall, unless recalled by the Chairman, absent himself during the remainder of the meeting. The Chairman may cause to be summarily removed any member who disobeys an order to withdraw under this by-law.

17. Every motion or resolution shall be read, and if seconded, shall be deemed to be before the meeting for discussion. The mover shall speak first in support of the motion, then the seconder may speak, or if he desires, he may reserve his speech to a later period of the debate.

18. A member may speak only once to each motion but the mover or a seconder of a substantive motion or resolution may reply at the conclusion of the debate thereon, provided that the Chairman, at his discretion, may at any time allow a member who has already spoken to make a brief explanation.

19. (*a*) After a motion has been proposed and seconded, any member may propose an amendment thereto. An amendment that is not seconded falls through.

(*b*) Any number of amendments may be before the meeting at the same time, but they shall be put to the vote in the reverse order to that in which they were moved, but amendments to an amendment shall always be taken immediately before the original amendment. After all the amendments have been disposed of the resolution as amended shall be put to the vote.

20. (*a*) A member who has already spoken on a substantive motion before the meeting is not thereby debarred from speaking on an amendment to the motion provided that in doing so he confines himself strictly to the fresh matter introduced by the amendment.

(*b*) No motion or amendment shall be withdrawn except with the consent of the meeting.

21. Every motion, resolution or amendment voted on shall be put to the meeting both for and against.

Proviso.—Nothing in this and the following by-laws shall affect the provisions of the rules for the election of the President and Vice-President published by the Punjab Government from time to time.

22. Unless a poll is demanded by any member present at the meeting a declaration made at the meeting by the Chairman that a motion, resolution or amendment has been carried or lost shall be sufficient warrant for making an entry to that effect in the minutes. If a poll is demanded by any member present, it shall be taken by show of hands and the result of such poll as declared by the Chairman shall be deemed to be the resolution of the Committee.

23. No decision of the Committee shall be re-opened before the lapse of six months after it has been recorded except in compliance with an order of the Punjab Government or of the Commissioner or the Deputy Commissioner or with the permission of the President or on a requisition signed by two-thirds of the members actually serving on the Committee.

24. Any officer of Government or other person, not being a member of the Committee, may, with the consent of the majority of the members and of the Chairman, address the meeting.

25. All meetings of the Committee shall be open to the reporters of the Press and, with the consent of the Chairman, to the public, provided that the reporters or the public or both shall withdraw if at any time so required by the Chairman.

26. Except as provided in by-law No. 24, no noise, expression of approval or disapproval on the part of the public or reporters present shall be permitted.

27. The Chairman may cause to be summarily removed from the building in which a meeting is being held, any person not being a member of the Committee who interrupts the business of the meeting or makes any noise or any expression of approval or disapproval or conducts himself in an unseemly manner.

28. (*i*) No member may inspect the papers relating to a matter in which he or either of his parents or any other decendant of either of his parents or the husband or wife as may be of any such descendant has a direct or indirect pecuniary interest, subject to the exception that :—

(*a*) members of Sub-Committees and members charged with the performance of any special duty may inspect the papers connected with their duties at the Secretary's office during office hours; and

(*b*) any other member may inspect documents and registers at the Secretary's office during office hours, but he may, except in the case provided for by by-law 4, do so only with the permission in writing of the President, or in his absence, of the Vice-President. An application for permission to inspect under clause (*b*) shall be in writing and state the papers to be inspected and the reasons for inspecting them. The President or Vice-President, as the case may be, may refuse permission if the reasons given are, in his opinion, insufficient. In the case of refusal, if the applicant desires, his application with remarks of refusal shall be laid before the coming meeting.

(*ii*) No municipal record shall be sent out of the office for inspection of any member except when it is to be submitted to him for opinion report or execution of any work by the orders of the Committee or at the request of the President or the Vice-President.

Proviso.—Nothing in this by-law shall be deemed to deprive any person of the right to inspect documents under any law other than the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911.

V.—THE CUSTODY OF THE COMMON SEAL AND ITS USE.

29. The common seal shall remain in the custody of the Secretary, and in the absence of the Secretary, in that of the President or Vice-President and shall be affixed on the following documents —

(*a*) All deeds of sale and purchase and plans whether relating to moveable or immoveable property executed by or on behalf of the Committee.

(*b*) All written contracts and deeds entered into and leases given by the Committee.

(*c*) All copies of the Committee's orders granted on behalf of the Committee.

(*d*) All notices and permits issued by the Committee, the President, the Vice-President or the Secretary, under the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, or rules thereunder.

(*e*) All copies of municipal records supplied to applicants.

(*f*) All notices of meetings issued under by-law 2 of these by-laws.

(*g*) All bills and receipts for the recovery of taxes, rents and other dues and cheques.

(*h*) Any other document or class of documents on which the Committee or the President may direct that the common seal shall be fixed.

VI.—SUB-COMMITTEES.

30. The following Sub-Committees shall be appointed by the Committee :—

(1) Finance Sub-Committee.

(2) Sanitation and Lighting Sub-Committee.

(3) Municipal Works Sub-Committee.

31. Each Sub-Committee shall consist of at least three members of the Committee.

32. The members of the Sub-Committee shall be appointed by the Committee by ballot and shall hold office for one year.

33. A member may be removed from the Sub-Committee by the order of the Committee.

34. The President or the Vice-President, if present at a meeting of a Sub-Committee, shall take the chair, otherwise each Sub-Committee shall at each meeting appoint one of its members to be the Chairman.

35. Each Sub-Committee shall at each meeting fix the place, date and time of its next meeting and a notice thereof shall be sent by the Secretary to all the members of the Sub-Committee.

36. The Secretary of the Municipal Committee shall be the Secretary of every Sub-Committee.

37 (*a*) The quoram for a meeting of a Sub-Committee shall not be less than one half of the members of a Sub-Committee.

(*b*) Every Sub-Committee shall hold its meeting at least once a month.

(*c*) If any Sub-Committee fails to hold a meeting for the period of a month the papers that should have come before it may be put directly before the Committee.

38. Every Sub-Committee will be guided in the conduct of business by the rules of procedure regulating the procedure of the Committee, provided that if on any matter a Sub-Committee is equally divided the matter shall be referred to the Committee.

39 Papers connected with any matter placed under the control of a Sub-Committee shall be open to the inspection of all the members of the Committee at the Secretary's office during the office hours to be fixed by the Committee.

40. The Committee or the President or in his absence the Vice-President of the Committee may appoint a special Sub-Committee to investigate and report on any matter and such Sub-Committee shall be dissolved as soon as the matter has been disposed of by the Committee. Rules applicable to other Sub-Committee shall be applicable to such Sub-Committee.

41. Every Sub-Committee shall, subject to any special or general order of the Committee or the President, exercise a general supervision in respect of all matters placed under its control and shall report on all questions connected therewith either on its own motion or on reference made to it by the Committee or the President or Vice-President or the Secretary.

42. The Finance Sub-Committee shall enquire into and report on all questions affecting the receipt and expenditure the imposition, remission and refund of taxation and all other matters affecting the finances of the Committee. Budgets and assessment lists shall be prepared by the Finance Sub-Committee and shall then be laid before a special meeting of the Committee.

43. The Sanitation and Lighting Sub-Committee shall enquire into and report on all matters connected with the hospital, registration of vital statistics, conservancy, epidemic diseases, control of food supplies, markets, slaughter-houses and generally on all matters relating to public health and services dealt with within that department. It shall also deal with matters concerning lighting arrangements.

44. (*a*) The Municipal Works Sub-Committee shall enquire into and report on all matters relating to municipal works and services under the charge of an Overseer and all applications for permission to erect or re-erect buildings, all cases of erection or re-erection of buildings without sanction or in contravention of sanction, all applications for permission to lay out or make streets, all cases of laying out or making of streets without sanction or in contravention of sanction, and all cases connected with encroachments on or over streets, sewers, drains, or watercourses.

(*b*) All estimates for works or repairs will be laid before this Sub-Committee for consideration and when approved by the Sub-Committee shall be laid before the Committee for sanction. When an estimate has been sanctioned, tenders will be invited and opened in the presence of the President of the Committee and contracts shall be given by the President or in his absence by the Vice-President.

45. (*a*) All estimates amounting to Rs. 50 or less will be sanctioned and contracts given by the President or in his absence by the Vice-President without reference to the Committee.

(*b*) All estimates amounting to more than Rs. 50 shall be sanctioned by the Committee except in urgent and special cases when this power will be exercised by the President.

46. All works executed on daily labour under the direct orders of the President, Vice-President or the Committee, shall ordinarily be supervised by the Works Sub-Committee except when otherwise provided for.

47. The President of the Municipal Committee on a written request may allow any person temporarily to occupy a street on the fixed rates of the fee for the depositing of building material under section 170 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911.

48. (*a*) A copy of the proceedings of every meeting of a Sub-Committee, signed by the Chairman of the Sub-Committee, shall be forwarded by the Secretary of the Sub-Committee to the Secretary of the Committee for inclusion in the agenda of the next meeting of the Committee.

(*b*) When the proceedings of a Sub-Committee are being considered by the Committee, no discussion shall be permitted of any item in respect of which the Sub-Committee has passed orders in exercise of powers delegated to it by the Committee, or of any item in respect of which a Sub-Committee has called for a further report or otherwise postponed passing an order or making a recommendation and any such item shall be recorded merely as read, provided that any member may call in question any order of a Sub-Committee on the ground that it was *ultra vires* of the Sub-Committee and if the Committee, considers that such order was *ultra vires* it may confirm, modify or cancel such order :

Provided further that if any member considers that the Sub-Committee is unduly delaying the decision of any matter in respect of which it has passed no order or made no recommendation he may move a motion requiring the Sub-Committee to pass orders or submit its recommendations within a stated period, and if such a motion is carried and the Sub-Committee fails to pass an order or make a recommendation within the period fixed, the Committee may itself proceed to pass orders in respect of such matter.

49. The following officials shall be responsible for granting receipts on behalf of the Committee under their signature :—

For Octroi.... Superintendent and Moharrirs.

For Tehbazari, rents of lands and shops........Rent Collector.

In all other cases......The Secretary.

VII.—POWERS OF THE PRESIDENT.

50. The President is the chief executive officer of the Committee. All reports of Sub-Committee or of the members shall be addressed to him for disposal.

51. The President is authorised to disburse :—

(a) The fixed salaries of all sanctioned establishment of the Committee.

(b) All sanctioned grant-in-aid, scholarships and ordinary contingent charges.

(c) All sanctioned payments due from the Committee.

(d) All bills of the contractors for public works, when they have been checked, passed and recommended by the Sub-Committee concerned for sanction.

52. The President may order an expenditure of any sum not exceeding Rs. 50 in any one case at a time, provided that the Committee is informed of such expenditure at its next meeting.

53. The President may order the sale of dead and live stock or any other movable property of the Committee and sanction the sale if the sale proceeds of the property do not exceed Rs. 50.

54. (a) The President or in his absence the Vice-President of the Committee may grant one month's leave to any officer or servant of the Committee without reference to the Committee. Any leave of more than one month sanctioned by him shall require the confirmation of the Committee.

(b) The President or in his absence the Vice-President of the Committee shall have the power to make necessary arrangements in case of leave granted under by-law 54 (a).

55. The President or in his absence the Vice-President may suspend any servant of the Committee drawing more than Rs. 20 per mensem for misconduct and neglect of duty, but he shall make a report of his having done so to the Committee at its ensuing meeting where a decision shall be arrived at whether the officer be reinstated or dismissed. For dismissal the procedure laid down in Punjab Government notification No. 4421, dated the 17th February, 1925, as amended from time to time, shall be followed.

56. The President may sanction all appointments carrying a pay of Rs. 20 or less per mensem without reference to the Committee and may dismiss any servant so appointed for misconduct or neglect of duty or for any other fault subject to an appeal to the Committee.

57. The President shall exercise general control over all the municipal establishments and shall receive all reports concerning them. He is authorised to levy a fine of Rs. 5 or less on any servant of the Committee drawing Rs. 20 or less per mensem for misconduct and neglect of duty or for any other fault.

58. The President shall exercise general control on behalf of the Committee under sections 39 (for the appointment of servants on a maximum pay of Rs. 20 per mensem), 77, 113, 114, 115, 122, 124, 126, 131, 169 (c), 170, 173, 206, 207, 220 and 229 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, and in case of necessity shall take such steps as he may deem fit, but subject to the approval of the Committee.

59. In case of emergency, when the President is absent from the Municipality, the Vice-President shall exercise all powers of the President as described in by-laws 51 to 58 inclusive.

60. All drafts of letters to be issued will be approved by the President.

VIII.—DUTIES AND POWERS OF THE SECRETARY.

61. The Secretary shall be the executive officer of the Committee and shall discharge his duties subject to the control of the Committee and of the President.

62. The Secretary shall be responsible for the following :—

(i) Punctual submission of accounts, returns and budgets and of the whole of the office work ;

(*ii*) That the pay bills are properly drawn and checked under his control.

(*iii*) To promptly submit within three days a copy of the minutes of the meeting of the Committee to the Deputy Commissioner and shall maintain the minutes of the proceedings of all meetings and sign them before laying them before the Chairman for signatures and orders.

(*iv*) To disburse all money which is due from the Committee.

(*v*) That no municipal money is drawn and expended without sanction.

63. He shall, unless his presence is dispensed with by the President or Chairman, attend every meeting of the Committee and every Sub-Committee. Unless he is a member of the Committee or of the Sub-Committee, he shall not address the meeting but with the Chairman's permission he may explain any matter to the meeting.

64. The Secretary shall make rounds in the town to see to sanitation, check the work of moharrirs at the barriers, and see all repairs and works done to municipal property and check and supervise the collection of tehbazari and building material fees.

65. The whole of the municipal establishment shall be under the direct control of the Secretary subject to the orders of the Committee and the President.

66. He shall receive all tenders called for or made to the Committee and shall open them in the presence of the President or of the Vice-President.

67. He shall sign notices, processes, sanctions, and permits issued on behalf of the Committee.

68. The Secretary may incur any contingent expenditure not exceeding Rs. 5 in any one case at a time subject to budget provision and shall report to the next meeting of the Committee.

69. Every cheque shall be signed by the Secretary in addition to the President or Vice-President and a member.

70. The Secretary, subject to the control of the President, shall have power to sanction under section 39 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, appointments carrying a pay of Rs. 10 per mensem or less and to fine such menials up to one rupee for misconduct and neglect of duty.

71. The Secretary under the control of the President may grant casual leave for four days to any servant of the Committee drawing a pay of Rs. 15 per mensem or less. All other leave shall be sanctioned by the President and the Committee subject to the provision of by-law 54 (*a*).

IX.—APPOINTMENTS, DUTIES, SUSPENSIONS AND REMOVAL OF SERVANTS.

72. All applications for leave should be attested by the superior officer of the applicant.

73. All transfers of municipal employees whose pay is more than Rs. 20 per mensem shall be made by the President.

74. Leave for any period shall be granted in accordance with the rules prescribed in the Civil Service Regulation and the Fundamental Rules and in case of future entrants to municipal service the leave shall be granted in accordance with the Punjab Revised Leave Rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 2066-F.-35/18843, dated the 10th June, 1936, as subsequently amended. All such applications for such leave must be submitted in writing through the Secretary for the orders of the President, Vice-President or the Committee as the case may be.

X.—THE TERM FOR WHICH A VICE-PRESIDENT SHALL HOLD OFFICE.

75. A Vice-President shall hold office for one year except when he fills a vacancy caused by death, resignation or removal in which case he shall hold office only for the unexpired term of office of his predecessor.

XI.—GENERAL MISCELLANEOUS RULES.

76. An appeal against an executive order passed by the President, Vice-President, or the Secretary can be made to the Committee ; provided—

(*i*) it is filed within 30 days of the date of the order.

77. The rule in force for the supply of copies of judicial and revenue records hall apply generally to the supply of co pies of all municipai records and the Secretary hall attest such copies as true copies.

78. Office of the Municipal Committee shall remain closed on holidays declared by the Government for the office of the Deputy Commissioner and also for the local festivals which the President may permit.

The 8th February, 1940.

No. 75.—In the matter of election petition preferred on the 23rd June, 1939, by Muhammad Ali and others electors of ward No. 4-Muslim, against the election of Chaudhri Shams-ud-Din as a member of the Municipal Committee of Jhang-*cum*-Maghiana.

Having received a report of the Commission appointed to hold an enquiry into the allegations made in the election petition described above, I hereby dismiss the petition and declare that Chaudhri ShamsudDin has been duly elected as a member of the said Municipal Committee. Parties should bear their own costs.

This order is notified in pursuance of the provisions of section 255 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911.

Panchayats.

The 7th February, 1940.

No. 65.—*Corrigendum.*—In line six of notification No. 250, dated the 21st December, 1939, of the Commissioner, Multan division *for* "Khanewal" *read* "Kabirwala".

The 8th February, 1940.

No. 67.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, I declare the revenue estates specified in column 2 of the schedule below and situated in the Dera Ghazi Khan tahsil of the Dera Ghazi Khan district to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act by the name given in column 1 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2
Name of village.	Names of estates within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
Chak Bakhar ..	Chak Bakhar, Dodara, Chahil Chahan, Thatha, Chahan Mutafarriq.

No. 68.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that I, by virtue of the powers delegated to Commissioners of divisions in Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, propose to establish a Panchayat in the village Chak Bakhar declared by my notification No. 67, dated the 8th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objections in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Dera Ghazi Khan district,

to the Commissioner of the Multan Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. 69.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, I declare the revenue estate of Shadan Lund in the Dera Ghazi Khan tahsil of the Dera Ghazi Khan district, to be a village to be known by the name of Shadan Lund for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 70.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that I, by virtue of the powers delegated to Commissioners of Divisions in Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, propose to establish a panchayat in the village of Shadan Lund declared by my notification No. 69, dated the 8th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objections in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Dera Ghazi Khan district, to the Commissioner of the Multan Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. 71.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, I declare the revenue estates specified in column 2 of the schedule below and situated in the Khanewal tahsil of the Multan district to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act by the name given in column 1 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2
Name of village.	Names of estates within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
Chak 39/10-R. ..	Chak No. 38/10-R. Chak No. 39/10-R. Chak No. 40/10-R.

No. 72.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that I, by virtue of the powers delegated to Commissioners of Divisions in Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, propose to establish a panchayat in the village of Chak 39/10-R., declared by my notification No. 71, dated the 8th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Multan district, to the Commissioner, Multan Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. 73.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, I declare the revenue estates specified in column 2 of the

schedule below and situated in the Mailsi tahsil of the Multan district, to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act by the name given in column 1 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2
Name of village.	Names of estates within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
Kot Muzaffar ..	(1) Kot Muzaffar. (2) Hardo Gamb.

No. 74.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that I, by virtue of the powers delegated to Commissioners of Divisions in Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, propose to establish a panchayat in the village of Kot Muzaffar declared by my notification No. 73, dated the 8th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Multan district, to the Commissioner, Multan Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

C. V. SALUSBURY,

Commissioner, Multan Division.

2285 CS—1126—15.2.40—SGPP Lahore.

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The Government Gazette, Punjab.

Published by Authority.

No. 8. LAHORE FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 23, 1940.

PART I—B.

Notifications by Commissioners.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Committees.

The 12th February, 1940.

No. 73.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the following persons have been elected members of the Municipal Committee, Beri, in the Rohtak district :—

Serial No. of constituency.	*Name.*
1	L. Atma Ram.
2	L. Ratan Lal.
3	Ch. Sardar Singh.
4	Ch. Sis Ram.
5	Ch. Umrao Singh.
6	L. Phul Chand.

No. 74.—In accordance with the provisions of section 24, Act III of 1911 (the Punjab Municipal Act), it is hereby notified that the following persons are appointed, under section 12 of the said Act, members of the Municipal Committee, Beri, in the Rohtak district :—

1. The Tahsildar, Jhajjar (*ex-officio*).
2. M. Nur Mohammad, son of Haji Khuda Bakhsh.

J. W. HEARN,

Commissioner, Ambala Division.

Panchayats.

The 14th February, 1940.

No. 101-L.F.B.—With reference to Commissioner, Jullundur Division's notification No 1732-A/D.C., dated 24th March, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated the 1st February, 1933, and 28th February, 1935, the Commissioner, Jullundur Division is pleased to establish a panchayat in each of the villages mentioned in column 2 of the schedule of his notification No. 1732-D.C., dated the 24th March, 1939, declared to be villages for the purposes of the said Act, and declare that the said panchayats shall consist of the number of panches specified against each panchayat in column 3 of the schedule below, shall perform all duties in column 3 of the schedule below, shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the Act :—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	Name of village.	No. of panches	Serial No.	Name of village.	No. of panches.
1	Sidhpur Ghar ..	3	29	Langwan Brahmanan	
2	Kandor	3	30	Dhamrole ..	6
3	Guryal	3	31	Dhatwan.. ..	4
4	Nana	3	32	Lathiani	3
5	Karwia-Khurd ..	4	33	Mahal	4
6	Tiamal	4	34	Baloh	4
7	Samnoli	3	35	Dhundla.. ..	3
8	Badhal	3	36	Rangar-Khas ..	4
9	Chalali	3	37	Tika Lambari ..	3
10	Samralian ..	6	38	Tika Chaunki ..	3
11	Bari	3	39	Tika Majhog Samluhi	3
12	Khundian ..	3	40	Basi	3
13	Dhameta Khas ..	4	41	Chabutra ..	4
14	Bar Kalan ..	3	42	Darla	3
15	Tatahan-Kalan ..	3	43	Patlandar ..	4
16	Chanaur ..	4	44	Jangal ..	5
17	Ther	4	45	Uhal	4
18	Dhaliara.. ..	7	46	Tika Sa ahal ..	4
19	Sothal	4	47	Darogan Patti-Kot ..	4
20	Garli	7	48	Chauru	4
21	Jarot	4	49	Jalari	6
22	Nagrota	5	50	Chehreri ..	4
23	Katnor	3	51	Bhanala	4
24	Kandi	3	52	Shahpur	4
25	Poth	3	53	Amwari	3
26	Karer	4	54	Pathyar	5
27	Bani ..	5	55	Masal	4
28	Gahli	5	56	Hatwas . ..	4

Serial No.	Name of village.	No. of panches.	Serial No.	Name of village.	No. of panches.
57	Takipur	3	71	Shamirpur ..	4
58	Jalari ..	4	72	Abdullahpur ..	3
59	Rajyana	4	73	Nandehr ..	3
60	Chari	5	74	Sarotari	3
61	Pargor	4	75	Suhni	3
62	Salol	3	76	Luhna	3
63	Gahlian	4	77	Dagera-Baoh h w a r i Tamloh.	3
64	Lanj	4	78	Naura ..	3
65	Rajol	5	79	Gaggal	4
66	Badhiara ..	4	80	Jauna Gharana ..	4
67	Tiyarah	4	81	Rajhun	5
68	Doghiari.. ..	3	82	Dhira	4
69	Zamana-Abad ..	4			
70	Sahorah ..	3			

No. 102-L. F. B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the Commissioner, Jullundur division, is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Jareohan in the Ludhiana tahsil of the Ludhiana district to be a village to be known by the name of Jareohan for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 103-L. F. B.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Jullundur division, by virtue of the powers delegated to him in the Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Jareohan declared by notification No. 102-L. F. B., dated 14th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Ludhiana district, to the Commissioner, Jullundur division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. 104-L. F. B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the Commissioner, Jullundur division, is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Khosa in the Jagraon tahsil of the Ludhiana district, to be a village to be known by the name of Khosa for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 105-L. F. B.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Jullundur division, by virtue of the powers delegated to him in the Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Khosa, declared by notification No. 104-L. F. B., dated 14th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Ludhiana district, to the Commissioner, Jullundur division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

The 16th February, 1940.

No. 106-L. F. B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the Commissioner, Jullundur division, is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Sehala in the Samrala tahsil of the Ludhiana district to be a village to be known by the name of Sehala for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 107-L. F. B.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Jullundur division, by virtue of the powers delegated to him in the Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Sehala, declared by notification No. 106-L. F. B., dated 16th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Ludhiana district, to the Commissioner, Jullundur division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

E. SHEEPSHANKS,

Commissioner, Jullundur Division.

Committees.

The 21st February, 1940.

No. 35.—The following amendment made by the Municipal Committee of Wazirabad, in exercise of the powers conferred on it by sub-section (1) of section 31 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, to the by-laws published with notification No. 219, dated the 19th November, 1937, as subsequently amended, issued by the Commissioner of the Lahore division, which has been approved by the Commissioner under sub-section (2) of section 31 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of Wazirabad in the Gujranwala district from the date of publication of this notification :—

AMENDMENT.

After by-law 48 the following new by-law shall be added :—

48-A. Notwithstanding anything contained in these by-laws, in cases of emergency, the President, or in his absence the Vice-President, may direct that any matter may be submitted direct to the Committee, if there is no time for it to be submitted first to the sub-committee to which it ought ordinarily to be submitted under the provisions of these by-laws or if the sub-committee concerned has failed to meet or to consider the matter for want of quorum or otherwise.

Small Towns.

The 16th February, 1940.

No. A./IV/80/1/33.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (3) of section 4 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that Lala Nand Lal, son of Lala Tirath Ram, has been elected a member of the Town Committee of Chuharkana Mandi, in the Sheikhupura district, from ward No. 3.

The 20th February, 1940.

No. A./IV/217-B./1/34.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following general order made by the Town Committee of Khangah Dogran, in the Sheikhupura district, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (j)

of section 35 of the said Act, and sanctioned by the Commissioner of the Lahore division as required by subsection (1) of section 36 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force from the date of publication of this notification :—

GENERAL ORDER.

1. (*a*) Whenever the committee is satisfied that any building or land in the town is in a filthy condition, the committee may, by a notice in writing, require the owner or the occupier of the building or land to remove the filth within the period specified in the notice.

(*b*) If the filth is not removed by the owner or occupier of the building or land within the period specified in the notice, the committee may itself have the filth removed.

2. (*a*) Whenever the committee is satisfied that any building in the town is not fit for human habitation the committee may, by a notice in writing, require the owner or the occupier of the building to render it fit for human habitation in such manner and within such period as may be specified in the notice.

(*b*) If the building is not rendered fit for human habitation by the owner or occupier in the manner and within the period specified in the notice, the committee may close the building to human habitation until such time as the building is so rendered fit for human habitation.

Panchayats.

The 14th February, 1940.

No. 46/9/4/32.—Notifications Nos. 70 and 71, dated the 28th April, 1939, issued by the Commissioner of the Lahore division are hereby cancelled.

ALAN MITCHELL,

Commissioner, Lahore Division.

Committees.

The 15th February, 1940.

No. A. I.-16/122.—The following amendment made by the Municipal Committee of Hazro of its business by-law published with notification No. 5-A.-1-44, dated the 17th January, 1933, under subsection (1) of section 31 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been approved by the Commissioner of the Rawalpindi division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him under section 32 of the said Act, by the Punjab Government notification No. 4, dated 3rd January, 1912, is published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of Hazro, in the Attock district, on the 1st March, 1940 :—

AMENDMENT.

The figure "20/-" shall be substituted for "15/-" occurring in rule 60 (*a*) and 62 of the business by-laws.

Panchayats.

The 16th February, 1940.

No. O.-XIV-G. 62/123.—Notifications Nos. O.-XIV-G.-62/230, and O.-XIV-G.-62/231, dated the 14th September, 1938, regarding the panchayat village of Bhau Ghasitpur in the Kharian tahsil of Gujrat district are hereby cancelled.

No. O-XIV-G.-155/124.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate of Thatha Paur village in the Gujrat tahsil of the Gujrat district, is declared to be village to be known by the name of Thatha Paur for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-G.-155/125.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Thathapaur, declared by notification No. O.-XIV-G.-155/124, dated 16th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Gujrat, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-G.-156/126.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate of Nikowani village in the Gujrat tahsil of the Gujrat district, is declared to be a village to be known by the name of Nikowani for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-G.-156/127—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village Nikowani declared by notification No. O.-XIV-G.-156/126, dated 16th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Gujrat, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-G.-157/128.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate of Majra village in the Gujrat tahsil of the Gujrat district is declared to be a village to be known by the name of Majra for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV.-G.-157/129.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act. 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Majra declared by notification No. O.-XIV-G.-157/128, dated 16th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Gujrat, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-S.-24/130.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the revenue estate specified in column 3 of the schedule below and situated in the Khushab tahsil of the Shahpur district is hereby declared to be a village

to be known for the purposes of the said Act by the name given in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is concerned.
1	2	3
1	Thatti Ghanera ..	Thatti Ghanera.

No. O.-XIV-S.-24/131.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Thatti Ghanera declared by notification No. O.-XIV-S.-24/130, dated 16th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Shahpur district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-R.-127/132.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate specified in column No. 3 of the attached schedule and situated in Gujarkhan tahsil of the Rawalpindi district, is declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column No. 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Dehra Potha ..	Dehra Potha.

No. O.-XIV-R.-127/133.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Dehra Potha declared by notification No. O.-XIV-R.-127/132, dated 16th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rawalpindi district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-R.-128/134.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate specified in column No. 3 of the attached schedule and situated in the Gujarkhan tahsil of the Rawalpindi district, is declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column No. 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village in comprised.
1	Kurnali ..	Kurnali.

No. O.-XIV-R.-128/135.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Kurnali, declared by notification No. O.-XIV-R.-128/134, dated 16th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rawalpindi district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-R.-129/136.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate specified in column No. 3 of the attached schedule and situated in Gujarkhan tahsil of the Rawalpindi district, is declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column No. 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Chak Begwal ..	Chak Begwal.

No. O.-XIV-R.-129/137.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Chak Begwal, declared by notification No. O.-XIV-R.-129/136, dated 16th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rawalpindi district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-R.-130/138.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estates specified in column No. 3 of the attached schedule and situated in Gujarkhan tahsil of the Rawalpindi district, are declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column No. 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Names of estates within the meaning of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Hardochir ..	1. Hardochir, 2. Pind Bala.

No. O.-XIV-R.-130/139.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Hardochir, declared by notification No. O.-XIV-R.-130/138, dated 16th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rawalpindi district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-R.-131/140.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate specified in column No. 3 of the attached schedule and situated in Gujarkhan tahsil of the Rawalpindi district is declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column No. 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Sogadat ..	Sog adat.

No. O.-XIV-R.-131/141.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in

the village of Sogadat declared by notification No. O.-XIV-R.-131/140, dated the 16th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rawalpindi district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-R.-132/142.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estates specified in column No. 3 of the attached schedule and situated in Murree tahsil of the Rawalpindi district are declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column No. 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Names of estates within the meaning of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Birgiran ..	1. Birgiran, 2. Hukra-Ker.

No. O.-XIV-R.-132/143.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Birgiran declared by notification No. O.-XIV-R.-132/142, dated 16th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rawalpindi district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O-XIV-R.-133/144.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate specified in column No. 3 of the attached schedule and situated in Gujarkhan tahsil of the Rawalpindi district is declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column No. 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
	Kanial ..	Kanial.

No. O.-XIV-R.-133/145.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Kanial declared by notification No. O.-XIV-R.-133/144, dated 16th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rawalpindi district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-R.-134/145.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estates specified in column No. 3 of the attached schedule and situated in Gujarkhan tahsil of the Rawalpindi district are declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column No. 2:—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Names of estates within the meaning of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Pind Bala ..	1. Pind Bala, 2. Paimal.

No. O.-XIV-R.-134/146.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Pind Bala declared by notification No. O.-XIV-R.-134/145, dated 16th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rawalpindi district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-R.-135/148.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate specified in column No. 3 of the attached schedule and situated in Gujarkhan tahsil of the Rawalpindi district is declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column No. 2:—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Sahang ..	Sahang.

No. O.-XIV-R.-135/149.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Sahang declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-R.-135/148, dated 16th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rawalpindi district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-R.-136/150.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estates specified in column No. 3 of the attached schedule and situated in Gujarkhan tahsil of the Rawalpindi district are declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column No. 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Names of estates within the meaning of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Karsal ..	1. Karsal, 2. Kabail.

No. O.-XIV-R.-136/151.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Karsal declared by notification No. O.-XIV-R.-136/150, dated 16th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rawalpindi district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within the three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-R.-137/152.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estates specified in column No. 3 of the attached schedule and situated in Gujarkhan tahsil of the Rawalpindi district are declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column No. 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Names of estates within the meaning of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Jhangi Taju ..	1. Jhangi Taju, 2. Jhangi Hamid, 3. Parhal, 4. Khalsa.

No. O.-XIV-R.-137/153.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Jhangi Taju declared by notification No. O.-XIV-R.-137/152, dated 16th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rawalpindi district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within the three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No O.-XIV-R.-138/154.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estates specified in column No. 3 of the attached schedule and situated in Gujarkhan tahsil of the Rawalpindi district are declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column No. 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Names of estates within the meaning of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Hasang ..	1. Hasang, 2. Kuthal.

No. O.-XIV-R.-138/155.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Hasang declared by notification No. O.-XIV-R.-138/154, dated 16th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rawalpindi district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV.-R.-139/156.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate specified in column No. 3 of the attached schedule and situated in Gujar khan tahsil of the Rawalpindi district is declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column No. 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of sub-section 1 of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the panchayat village is comprised.
1	Kharali ..	Kharali.

No. O.-XIV.-R.-139/157.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Kharali declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-R.-139/156, dated 16th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rawalpindi district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV.-R.-140/158.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estates specified in column No. 3 of the attached schedule and situated in Gujarkhan tahsil of the Rawalpindi district are declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column No. 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	Name of village.	Names of estates within the meaning of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the panchayat village is comprised.
1	2	3
1	Pari Ferozal	Pari Ferozal, Parhal, Dhoda Barh, Rakh Taragarh, Rakh Gakhran.

No. O.-XIV.-R.-140/159.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Pari Ferozal declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-R.-140/158, dated 16th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rawalpindi district to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV.-R.-141/160.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estates specified in column No. 3 of the attached schedule and situated in Gujarkhan tahsil of the Rawalpindi district are declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column No. 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	Name of village.	Names of estates within the meaning of sub-section 1 of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the panchayat village is comprised.
1	2	3
1	Mohra Nure ..	(1) Mohra Nure, (2) Bardiana.

No. O.-XIV.-R.-141/161.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Mohra Nure declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-R.-141/160, dated 16th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rawalpindi district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

P. MARSDEN,

Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division.

Small Towns.

The 14th February, 1940.

No. 76.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following general order made by the Town Committee of Kabirwala, in the Multan district, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*p*) of section 35 of the said Act, and sanctioned by the Commissioner of the Multan division, as required by subsection (1) of section 36 of the said Act is published for general information and shall come into force from the date of this notification :—

GENERAL ORDER.

1. No person shall manufacture or prepare for sale any butter, meat, milk, khoya, rabri, sweetmeats, tea sold as a beverage, bread or aerated waters except in premises licensed by the town committee in this behalf.

2. No premises shall be licensed for the manufacture or preparation for sale of butter, meat, milk, khoya, rabri, sweetmeats, tea sold as a beverage, bread or aerated waters :—

(*a*) unless they have a floor made of burnt brick, cement or other impervious materials ;

(*b*) unless the walls are properly plastered and lime-washed ;

(*c*) unless they are provided with adequate light and ventilation to the satisfaction of the President of the town committee or of the Secretary or of the Medical Officer of Health appointed for this purpose ;

(*d*) unless they are provided with a drain and the whole floor is s sloped as to allow all liquid to flow off by the drain ;

(*e*) if there is any direct communication between the premises and any room used as a sleeping room ;

(*f*) if there is any latrine, cesspool, cowshed, stable, or other place within 20 feet of the premises which, in the opinion of the President, renders it undesirable that such premises should be used for the manufacture or preparation for sale of meat, milk, butter, khoya, rabri, tea, bread, aerated waters or sweetmeats ; and

(*g*) unless they are protected from flies by means of wire-gauze.

3. No person other than a person to whom a hawker's licence has been issued shall sell any vegetables, fruit, sugarcane, meat, milk, butter, khoya, rabri, tea sold as beverage, aerated waters or sweetmeats except in premises licensed by the town committee in this behalf.

4. No premises shall be licensed for the sale of meat, milk, butter or sweetmeats—

(*a*) unless they have a floor made of burnt brick, cement or other impervious materials ;

(b) unless the walls are properly plastered and lime-washed ;

(c) unless they are provided with adequate light and ventilation to the satisfaction of the President of the town committee or of the Secretary or of the Medical Officer of Health appointed for this purpose ;

(d) unless they are provided with a drain and the whole floor is so sloped as to allow all liquid to flow off by the drain ;

(e) if there is any direct communication between the premises and any room used for sleeping room ;

(f) if there is any latrine, cesspool, cowshed, stable or other place within 20 feet of the premises, which in the opinion of the President, renders it undesirable that such premises should be used for the sale of meat, milk, butter, or sweetmeats ; and

(g) unless they are protected from flies by means of wire gauze.

5. No premises shall be licensed for the sale of vegetables, fruit, sugarcane, khoya, rabri, tea sold as a beverage, bread or aerated waters—

(a) unless they have a floor made of burnt brick, cement or other impervious materials ;

(b) unless they are provided with adequate light and ventilation to the satisfaction of the President of the town committee or of the Secretary or of the Medical Officer of Health appointed for this purpose; and

(c) unless they are provided with a drain and the whole floor is so sloped as to allow all liquid to flow off by the drain.

6. Subject to the provisions of paragraph 2, 4 and 5 licences for premises for the manufacture or preparation for sale or for the sale of milk, meat, khoya, rabri, sweetmeats, fruit, sugarcane, vegetables, tea sold as beverage, bread or aerated waters, shall be issued by the President or Secretary in form S. T. P. appended to this order on the application of the owner or occupier of such premises, and shall be granted subject to the conditions specified in form S. T. P. as the conditions subject to which the licence is granted.

7. Licences issued in accordance with paragraph 3, shall be current for not more than 12 months, and shall, in any case, terminate on the 31st March, immediately succeeding the date of issue.

8. On the breach of any of the conditions of the licence by the licensee or his agent, the town committee may, forthwith cancel the licence, and the licensee shall be entitled to no compensation on account of such cancellation.

Form S. T. P.

TOWN COMMITTEE, KABIRWALA.

LICENCE FOR PREMISES FOR THE MANUFACTURE OR PREPARATION FOR SALE OF / SALE ISSUED UNDER PARAGRAPH 3 FOR LICENSING PREMISES.

The premises of which a description is given in the attached schedule situated in (name of street, ward, etc.) are hereby licensed for the *manufacture or preparation for sale / sale* *of* ————.

This licence is granted to the owner / occupier of the said premises subject to the following conditions :—

1. That he shall not employ or permit to be employed in the manufacture or preparation for sale / sale of ———— any person suffering from any contagious or infectious disease or from loathsome sores or who has recently been attending on any person so suffering and that he shall not suffer any such person or any animal to enter or remain upon the licensed premises.

2. That he shall daily cause to be thoroughly washed and cleansed the floor and drain of the licensed premises, and every bench, counter, table, shelf, or other place on which articles manufactured or prepared for sale / exposed for sale ———— and any material used in such manufacture or preparation for sale are kept.

3. That he shall cause the walls of the licensed premises to be properly lime-washed at least twice a year, and more often if so required by the President of the Committee.

4. That he shall not spit or smoke or suffer any other person to spit or smoke within the licensed premises.

5. That he shall not keep or suffer to be kept in the licensed premises any bedding, soiled clothes or other things not required for the manufacture or preparation for sale / sale of ————

6. That he shall permit the President, Secretary or Medical Officer of Health of the town committee authorised in this behalf at all reasonable times and without notice to inspect the licensed premises.

7. That he shall keep all vessels, receptacles, utensils and other things used in the process of manufacture or preparation for sale or for the exposure of articles for sale in a state of thorough cleanliness, and that he shall daily cause to be thoroughly washed and cleansed the floors, drains and every bench, counter, table, shelf or other article and all materials used in the process of manufacture.

8. That he shall duly pay to the town committee the fee that may from time to time be imposed under section 41 of the Punjab Small Towns Act.

(For articles other than vegitables.)

9. That he shall take such measures as may be required by the President to protect articles of food from flies by means of wire-gauze.

(For meat only.)

10. That he shall keep all wooden boards on which meat is cut covered with zinc sheets.

11. That he shall not expose for sale or permit to be exposed for sale any meat which has been blown out or artificially stuffed or the flesh of any animal which has died from any disease or other natural cause, or any meat which is decayed or in a rotten condition.

12. That he shall not throw or permit to be thrown into the public street any waste meat, trimmings bones refuse or offensive matter.

(For milk only.)

13. That he shall not expose for sale or permit to be exposed for sale any milk that is mixed with water.

(For aerated waters and bread only.)

14. That he shall not use in the preparation for sale of any article any water except such as is obtained from a source and conveyed to the premises in a manner approved by the President, Secretary or Medical Officer of Health of the town committee authorised in that behalf.

Panchayats.

The 16th February, 1940.

No. 77.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, I declare the revenue estate of Chak No. 19-E.B., in the Pakpattan tahsil of the Montgomery district, to be a village to be known by the name of Chak No. 19/E. B., for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 78.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that I, by virtue of the powers delegated to Commissioners of Divisions in Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, propose to establish a panchayat in the village of Chak No. 19/E. B., declared by my notification No. 77, dated the 16th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objections in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Montgomery district, to the Commissioner, Multan division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. 79.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, I declare the revenue estate of Chak No. 13/S.P., in the Pakpattan tahsil of the Montgomery district, to be a village to be known by the name of Chak No.13/S. P. for the purposes of the said Act.

No 80.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that I, by virtue of the powers delegated to Commissioners of divisions in Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, propose to establish a panchayat in the village of Chak No. 13/S. P., declared by my notification No. 79, dated the 16th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objections in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Montgomery district, to the Commissioner of the Multan division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. 81.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, I declare the revenue estate of Buch Khusro in the Multan tahsil of the Multan district, to be a village to be known by the name of Buch Khusro for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 82.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that I, by virtue of the powers delegated to Commissioners of divisions in Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, propose to establish a panchayat in the village of Buch Khusro declared by my notification No. 81, dated the 16th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objections in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Multan district, to the Commissioner of the Multan division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

The 17th February, 1940.

No. 83.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, I declare the revenue estate of Chak No. 60/5-L., in the Montgomery tahsil of the Montgomery district, to be a village to be known by the name of Chak No. 60/5-L., for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 84.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that I, by virtue of the powers delegated to Commissioners of divisions in Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, propose to establish a panchayat in the village of Chak No. 60/5-L. declared by my notification No. 83, dated the 17th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objections in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Montgomery district, to the Commissioner of the Multan division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. 85.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of divisions, in Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, I declare the revenue estate of Shaman, in the Mailsi tahsil of the Multan district, to be a village to be known by the name of Shaman, for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 86.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that I, by virtue of the powers delegated to Commissioners of divisions in Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, propose to establish a panchayat in the village of Shaman, declared by my notification No. 85, dated the 17th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Multan district, to the Commissioner, Multan Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

C. V. SALUSBURY,
Commissioner, Multan Division.

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PART I—B.

Notifications by Commissioners

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Boards.

The 26th February, 1940.

No. 77.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection 1 of section 15 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, it is hereby notified that Ch. Pat Ram, son of Ch. Jeo, Jat, of Niana has been elected as a member of the Hissar District Board in the vacancy caused by the death of R. S. Ch. Lajpat Rai.

Small Towns.

The 22nd February, 1940.

No. 76.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following general order made by the Town Committee of Farrukhnagar in the Gurgaon district in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*p*) of section 35 and clause (*d*) of section 41 of the said Act and sanctioned by the Commissioner of the Ambala Division as required by section 36 (1) of the said Act, is published for general information, and shall come into force from the date of this notification :—

GENERAL ORDER.

1. No person shall sell banaspatine at any place within the limits of the Small Town of Farrukhnagar except in premises licensed by the Town Committee in this behalf.

2. Licences for premises for the sale of banaspatine shall be issued by the Secretary of the Town Committee in form "A" appended to this general order, to persons applying for them, subject to the conditions laid down in that form.

3. Licences issued under paragraph 2 shall be granted on the payment of a fee of Rs. 9 per annum.

4. Licences issued in accordance with paragraph 2 shall be current for not more than 12 months, and shall, in any case, terminate on the 31st of March, immediately succeeding the date of issue.

5. On the breach of any of the conditions of the licence by the licensee or his agent, the Town Committee may, forthwith, cancel the licence and the licensee shall be entitled to no compensation on account of such cancellation.

Form A.

TOWN COMMITTEE, FARRUKHNAGAR,

Licence for premises for the sale of banaspatine issued under paragraph 2 of the general rder published with notification No. 76, dated the 22nd of February, 1940, by the Commissioner of the Ambala Division.

The premises of which a description is given in the attached schedule situated in (name of street, ward, etc.) are hereby licensed for the sale of banaspatine. The licence is granted to the owner/occupier of the said premises on the following conditions :—

(1) That the licence shall be transferable under the orders of the Town Committee, but not otherwise.

(2) That he shall not sell natural ghee in the said premises.

(3) That he shall put a sign board in front of the licensed premises with the following words printed thereon in bold type in English, Urdu and Hindi scripts :—

"Only banaspatine is sold here".

(4) That licensed premises shall be kept open for the inspection of the official authorised by the Committee, from time to time, for this purpose.

Panchayats.

The 15th February, 1940.

No. 75.—*Corrigendum.—Insert* the words "1933, notification No. 11, dated the 8th of February," between the comma and the figure "1939" in the last but one line of notification No. 10, dated the 9th of January, 1940, by the Commissioner, Ambala Division.

J. W. HEARN,

Commissioner, Ambala Division.

Panchayats.

The 27th February, 1940.

No. 109-L. F. B.—With reference to Commissioner, Jullundur Division's notification No. 6928-D. C., dated the 23rd November, 1938, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 4-A of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate specified in column 4 of the attached schedule and situated in the Phillaur tahsil of Jullundur District, is hereby excluded from the Panchayat village named in column 2, constituted by the Punjab Government notification No. 19316, dated the 20th

July, 1923 :—

SCHEDULE.

1 Serial No.	2 Name of village.	3 Names of estates within the meaning of sub section (1) of section 8 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the panchayat village is comprised.	4 Names of estates to be excluded from the panchayat village in column 2.
	Chuheki ..	Chima Khurd, Chima Kalan, Sidhu Mutsadi, Jafal Singha and Chuheki.	Chima Khurd, Chima Kalan, Sidhu Mutsadi, Jafal Singha.

In consequence of this exclusion the Panchayat of village Chuheki shall consist of four panches.

E. SHEEPSHANKS,

Commissioner, Jullundur Division.

Committees.

The 24th February, 1940.

No. 43.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that Pandit Dwarka Nath, Pleader, has been elected a member of the Municipal Committee of Jandiala in the Amritsar district, *vice* Lala Banwari Lal, resigned.

Panchayats.

The 21st February, 1940.

No. 46/9/11/36.—With reference to notification No. 132, dated the 28th July, 1939, issued by the Commissioner of the Lahore division, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated the 1st February, 1933, and the 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner of the Lahore division is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate of Ajnianwala, situated in the Sheikhupura district and included in the area declared by notification No. 131, dated the 28th July, 1939, to be the village of Ajnianwala for the purposes of the said Act, to fix the number of panches at five ; and to declare that the said panchayat shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 of the Act, and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

No. 46/9/14/37.—With reference to notification No. 140, dated the 11th August, 1939, issued by the Commissioner of the Lahore division, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated the 1st February, 1933, and the 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner of the Lahore division is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estates of Hoeke, Miana Thatha and Fateh Kalas

situated in the Sheikhupura District and included in the area declared by notification No. 139, dated the 11th August, 1939, to be the village of Hoeke for the purposes of the said Act, to fix the number of panches at four ; and to declare that the said panchayat shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 of the Act, and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

No. 46/9/15/38.—With reference to notification No. 142, dated the 11th August, 1939, issued by the Commissioner of the Lahore division, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated the 1st February, 1933, and the 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner of the Lahore division is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate of Nurpur Arayan, situated in the Sheikhupura district and included in the area declared by notification No. 141, dated the 11th August, 1939, to be the village of Nurpur Arayan for the purposes of the said Act ; to fix the number of panches at three ; and to declare that the said panchayat shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 of the Act, and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

No. 46/9/10/39.—*Corrigendum*—At the end of the Commissioner's notification No. 46/15/100, dated the 16th June, 1939, *read* " Walipur Bura" *for* " Chak No. 175-Rakh Branch. "

No. 46/9/10/40.—With reference to notification No. 46/9/101, dated the 16th June, 1939, issued by the Commissioner of the Lahore division, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated the 1st February, 1933, and the 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner of the Lahore division is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate of Chak No. 175-Rakh Branch Walipur Bura, situated in the Sheikhupura District and included in the area declared by notification No. 46/15/100, dated the 16th June, 1939, as subsequently amended by notification No. 46/9/10/39, dated the 21st February, 1940, to be the village of Walipur Bura for the purposes of the said Act ; to fix the number of panches at four ; and to declare that the said panchayat shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 of the Act, and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

The 23rd February, 1940.

No. 46/9/26/41.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the Commissioner of the Lahore division is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Bhuchh in the Shahdara tahsil of the Sheikhupura district, to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act by the name of Bhuchh.

No. 46/9/26/42.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner of the Lahore division proposes to establish a panchayat in the village declared by notification No. 46/9/26/41, dated the 23rd February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Sheikhupura district, to the Commissioner of the Lahore division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

The 27th February, 1940.

No. 46/8/VII/8/44.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the Commissioner of the Lahore division is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Gajju Matta in the Lahore tahsil of the Lahore district to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act by the name of Gajju Matta.

No. 46/8/VII/8/45.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner of the Lahore division proposes to establish a panchayat in the village declared by notification No. 46/8/VII/8/44, dated the 27th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Lahore district, to the Commissioner, of the Lahore division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

Ferries.

The 28th February, 1940.

No. H./II/17/46.—In exercise of the powers conferred on him by section 12 of the Northern India Ferries Act of 1878, as subsequently amended, the following amendments have been made by the Commissioner of the Lahore division to the regulations published with notification No. 121, dated the 7th July, 1937, and shall come into force within the area subject to the authority of the District Board of Gujranwala, from the date of publication of this notification :—

AMENDMENTS.

For the figure " 3 " appearing in column 4 of the statement given in rule 13 against Khanki ferry *read* " 5 ".

For the figure " 1 " against Khanki in rule 18 *read* " 3 ".

ALAN MITCHELL,
Commissioner, Lahore Division.

Panchayats.

The 20th February, 1940.

No. O. XIV-R.-142/162.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estates specified in column No. 3 of the attached schedule and situated in the Gujar Khan tahsil of the Rawalpindi district are declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column No. 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Names of estates within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Sanjot ..	(1) Sanjot and (2) Natheh Kalial.

No. O.-XIV-R.-142/163.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Sanjot, declared by notification No. O. XIV-R.-142/162, dated 20th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rawalpindi district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-R.-143/164.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estates specified in column No. 3 of the attached schedule and situated in Gujar Khan tahsil of the Rawalpindi district, are declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column No. 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Names of estates within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Satal Miana ..	(1) Satal Miana, (2) Saba Sher Khan.

No.-O. XIV-R.-143/165.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Satal Miana, declared by notification No. O. XIV-R.-143/164, dated 20th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rawalpindi district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-R.-144/166.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estates, specified in column No. 3 of the attached schedule and situated in the Gujar Khan tahsil of the Rawalpindi district are declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column No. 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Names of estates within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Farash ..	1. Farash. 2. Hujjo.

No. O.-XIV-R.-144/167.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Farash, declared by notification No. O.-XIV-R.-144/166, dated 20th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rawalpindi district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-R.-145/168.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate specified in column No. 3 of the attached schedule and situated in the Gujar Khan tahsil of the Rawalpindi district is declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column No. 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of sub section (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the panchayat village is comprised.
1	Devi ..	Devi.

No. O.-XIV-R.-145/169.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Devi, declared by notification No. O.-XIV-R.-145/168, dated 20th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rawalpindi district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-R.-146/170—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate specified in column No. 3 of the attached schedule and situated in the Gujar Khan tahsil of the Rawalpindi district is declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column No. 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the panchayat village is comprised.
1	Chak Naban ..	Chak Naban.

No. O.-XIV-R.-146/171.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Chak Naban, declared by notification No. O.-XIV-R.-146/170, dated 20th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rawalpindi district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV.-R.-147/172.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate specified in column No. 3 of the attached schedule and situated in the Gujar Khan tahsil of the Rawalpindi district is declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act by the name given in column No. 2.

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the panchayat village is comprised.
1	Lode ..	Lode.

No. O.-XIV.-R-147/173.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Lode declared by notification No. O.-XIV-R.-147/172, dated 20th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rawalpindi district to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-R.-148/174.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estates specified in column No. 3 of the attached schedule and situated in Gujar Khan tahsil of the Rawalpindi district, are declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column No. 2:—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Names of estates within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Chak Bahadur ..	1. Chak Bahadur. 2. Madari.

No. O.-XIV-R.-148/175.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Chak Bahadur, declared by notification No. O.-XIV-R.-148/174, dated the 20th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rawalpindi district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV.-R.-149/176.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information, that the revenue estate specified in column No. 3 of the attached schedule and situated in the Gujar Khan tahsil of the Rawalpindi district is declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column No. 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the panchayat village is comprised.
1	2	3
1	Kak ..	Kak.

No. O.-XIV.-R.-149/177.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Kak, declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-R.-149/176, dated 20th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rawalpindi district, to the Commissioner Rawalpindi division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV.-R.-150/178.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate specified in column No. 3 of the attached schedule and situated in the Gujar Khan tahsil of the Rawalpindi district is declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column No. 2 :—

SCHEDULE,

Serial No.	Nameof vi llage.	Name of estate within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	2	3
1	Rajoa ..	Rajoa.

No. O.-XIV.-R.-150/179.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified, that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Rajoa, declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-R.-150/178, dated 20th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rawalpindi district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV.-R-151/180.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information, that the revenue estates specified in column No. 3 of the attached schedule and situated in the Gujar Khan tahsil of the Rawalpindi district, are declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column No. 2 —

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	Name of village.	Names of estates within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	2	3
1	Kunt ..	(1) Kunt, (2) Kalriala, (3) Thatta Khurd.

No. O.-XIV.-R.-151/181.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Kunt declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-R.-151/180, dated 20th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act

Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rawalpindi district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-R.-152/182.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estates specified in column No. 3 of the attached schedule and situated in the Gujar Khan tahsil of the Rawalpindi district are declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column No. 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	Name of village.	Names of estates within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	2	3
1	Mughal ..	(1) Mughal, (2) Bajar, (3) Dhok Kaku, (4) Dhok Kalial, (5) Dhok Panah.

No. O.-XIV-R.-152/183.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Mughal declared by notification No. O. XIV-R.-152/182, dated 20th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rawalpindi district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification, in the village.

No. O.-XIV-R.-153/184.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estates specified in column No. 3 of the attached schedule and situated in the Gujar Khan tahsil of the Rawalpindi district are declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act by the name given in column No. 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	Name of villag	Names of estates witnin the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	2	3
1	Machhia ..	(1) Machhia, (2) Isar, (3) Chaki.

No. O.-XIV-R.-153/185.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Machhia declared by notification No. O.-XIV-R.-153/184, dated 20th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rawalpindi district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-R.-154/186.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 21st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estates specified in column No. 3 of the attached schedule and situated in the Gujar Khan tahsil of the Rawalpindi district, are declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act by the name given in column No. 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Names of estates within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Dhung ..	1. Dhung. 2. Tarati.

No. O.-XIV-R.-154/187.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Dhung declared by notification No. O.-XIV-R.-154/186, dated 20th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rawalpindi district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-R.-155/188.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estates specified in column No. 3 of the attached schedule and situated in the Gujar Khan tahsil of the Rawalpindi district, are declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column No. 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Names of estates within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Dhow ..	1. Dhow. 2. Rayyan. 3. Chechi Noor.

No. O.-XIV-R.-155/189.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Dhow declared by notification No. O.-XIV-R.-155/189, dated 20th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rawalpindi district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-R.-156/190.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate specified in column No. 3 of the attached schedule and situated in the Gujar Khan tahsil of the Rawalpindi district, is declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column No. 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Choungal ..	1. Choungal.

No. O.-XIV-R.-156/191.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Choungal declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-R.-156/190, dated 20th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rawalpindi district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-R.-157/192.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estates specified in column No. 3 of the attached schedule and situated in the Gujar Khan tahsil of the Rawalpindi district are declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act by the name given in column No. 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Names of estates within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Kasran ..	1. Kasran. 2. Kalas. 3. Nuko. 4. Khisa.

No. O.-XIV-R.-157/193.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Kasran declared by notification No. O. XIV-R.-157/192, dated 20th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rawalpindi district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-R.-158/194.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estates specified in column No. 3 of the attached schedule and situated in Gujar Khan tahsil of Rawalpindi district are declared to be a village to be known for the

purposes of the said Act by the name given in column No. 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Names of estates within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Jatal ..	1. Jatal. 2. Jaga. 3. Jamal. 4. Mohra Shera. 5. Bura Tuta.

No. O.-XIV-R.-158/195.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Jatal declared by notification No. O. XIV-R.-158/194, dated 20th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rawalpindi district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-R.-159/196.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estates specified in column No. 3 of the attached schedule and situated in the Gujar Khan tahsil of the Ralwalpindi district, are declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act by the name given in column No. 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Names of estates within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat Village is comprised.
1	Thikrian ..	1. Thikrian. 2. Madwal. 3. Chaichi Zulfo 4. Chohan. 5. Kala Gujran. 6. Natheh Gulbaz.

No. O.-XIV-R.-159/197.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read

with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Thikrian declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-R.-159/196, dated 20th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rawal pindi district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-R.-160/198.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estates specified in column No. 3 of the attached schedule and situated in the Gujar Khan tahsil of the Rawalpindi district, are declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act by the name given in column No. 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Names of estates within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Muradi Janjil ..	1. Muradi Janjil. 2. Saradre. 3. Khamb. 4. Munghar. 5. Bhangali Khinger.

No. O.-XIV-R.-160/199.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Muradi Janjil declared by notification No. O.-XIV-R.-160/198, dated 20th February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rawalpindi district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

P. MARSDEN,

Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division.

Panchayats.

The 22nd February, 1940.

No. 87.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, I declare the revenue estates specified in column 3 of the schedule below and situated in the Kabirwala tahsil of the Multan district,

to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act by the name given in column 2:—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estates within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	2	3
1	M kot ..	Ihsanpur. Kotli Sultan Dab. Man Kot.

No. 88.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that I, by virtue of the powers delegated to Commissioners of Divisions in Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, propose to establish a panchayat in the village of Mankot, declared by my notification No. 87, dated the 22nd February, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Multan district, to the Commissioner, Multan division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. 89.—With reference to my predecessor's notification No. 100, dated the 21st September, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of Divisions, in Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated the 1st February, 1933, and 28th February, 1935, respectively, I establish a panchayat for the village of Mana Ahmadani, situated in the Dera Ghazi Khan tahsil of the Dera Ghazi Khan district which was declared by my predecessor's notification No. 99, dated the 21st September, 1939, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act, and declare that the said panchayat, shall consist of six panches, shall perform all the duties mentioned section 16 and shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

No. 90.—With reference to my predecessor's notification No. 100, dated the 21st September, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Vil l age Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of Divisions, in Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated the 1st February, 1933, and 28th February, 1935, respectively, I establish a panchayat for the village of Basti Malana situated in the Dera Ghazi Khan tahsil of the Dera Ghazi Khan district which was declared by my predecessor's notification No. 99, dated the 21st September, 1939, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act and declare that the said panchayat shall consist of 5 panches, shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

C. V. SALUSBURY,

Commissioner, Multan Division.

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PART I—B.

Notifications by Commissioners.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Boards.

The 5th March, 1940.

No. 7.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 11 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, it is hereby notified that the following persons have been elected as members of the District Board of Karnal :—

Serial No.	Name of Circle.	Name of elected members.
		KARNAL TAHSIL.
1	Gharaunda ..	Ch. Malde Singh of Rainpura.
2	Amin ..	S. Sewa Singh of Fatehpur.
3	Munk ..	Ch. Sheo Chand of Bala.
4	Baragaon ..	Ch. Sarjit Singh of Uncha Samana.
5	Nissang ..	Ch. Malkhan of Baras.
6	Karnal ..	Ch. Randhir Singh, Pleader, Karnal.
7	Ramba ..	Ch. Madho Singh of Padhana.
8	Jundla ..	Ch. Mohammad Yahya Khan of Jundla.
9	Indri ..	Ch. Dewa Singh of Baqipur.

Serial No.	Name of Circle.	Name of elected members.
		PANIPAT TAHSIL.
10	Kabri ..	Ch. Ghulam Hussain of Urlana Kalan.
11	Patti Kalyana ..	Ch. Shoran of Bapauli.
12	Kurana ..	Ch. Singh Ram of Kurana (Re-elected).
13	Bhalsi Waiser ..	Ch. Munshi of Qawi (Re-elected).
14	Panipat ..	Ch. Lajja Ram of Ugra Kheri.
15	Naultha ..	Ch. Jit Ram of Bandh.
16	Jaurasi Kalan ..	Ch. Molar Singh of Jaurasi Kalan.
		KAITHAL TAHSIL.
17	Arnauli ..	S. Hakim Singh of Kamheri (Re-elected).
18	Kaithal ..	Ch. Ram Kala of Geong (Re-elected).
19	Pundri ..	L. Mukand Lal of Fatehpur.
20	Guhla ..	S. Kazim Hussain of Guhla (Re-elected).
21	Rajaund ..	Ch. Sadhu Singh of Rajaund (Re-elected).
22	Siwan ..	Ch. Ibrahim Khan of Siwan.
23	Keorak ..	Ch. Narsingh Dass of Keorak (Re-elected).
24	Gumthala Garhu ..	Ch. Atma Ram of Dhand.
25	Chhattar ..	Ch. Saudagar of Kachrana Khurd.
26	Assandh ..	Ch. Ramji Lal of Jaisinghpur.
27	Pai ..	Ch. Data Ram of Jakhauli.
		THANESAR TAHSIL.
28	Jhansa ..	Ch. Abdul Hamid Khan of Thaska Miranji (Re-elected).
29	Rawa ..	S. Jasmer Singh of Naraingarh (Re-elected).
30	Kalsana ..	Ch. Niaz Mohammad Khan of Hinga Kheri.
31	Bakali ..	Ch. Kishan Chand of Badarpur.
32	Thanesar ..	Ch. Ramji Lal of Mathana (Re-elected).
33	Shahabad ..	Ch. Abdul Rahman of Nalwi.
34	Gumthala Rao ..	Ch. Tajammul Hussain Khan of Gumthala Rao.
35	Ghalaur ..	Ch. Atma Ram of Bir Kalwa.

Committees.

The 28th February, 1940.

No. 78.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that Lala Chaman Lal, Banker, has, under subsection (1) of section 20 of the said Act, been elected President of the Municipal Committee, Karnal, in the Karnal district.

The 29th February, 1940.

No. 79.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the following persons have been elected members of the Municipal Committee of Rohtak in the Rohtak District :—

Ward No.	*Name.*
	NON-MUSLIMS.
1.	Ch. Chandgi Ram.
2.	Dr. Shiv Shankar Bhatnagar.
3.	Ch. Ram Charan.

Ward No.	*Name.*
	NON-MUSLIMS—*concld.*
4.	L. Sadhu Ram.
5.	L. Shiv Dayal.
6.	Pt. Ramphul Singh.
7.	L. Sultan Singh.
8.	L. Anand Sarup.
	MUSLIMS.
1.	Mohd. Suleman Khan.
2.	B. Manzur Ahmad.
3.	Sheikh Maseet Ullah.
4.	Hakim Masrur Uddin.
5.	Ch. Jan Mohd. Khan.
6.	Haji Ashiq Ali.
7.	Haji Ghulam Nabi.

No. 80.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the following persons have been appointed members of the Municipal Committee, Rohtak, in the Rohtak District :—

1. The Civil Surgeon, Rohtak.
2. Jamadar Zafar Yab Khan.
3. Sheikh Aziz-ud-Din, son of Sheikh Saaduddin.
4. Honorary Captain Ch. Bhoop Singh Chhikara, B.A., LL.B.
5. Mahasha Bhup Singh, son of Mai Dhan.

The 4th March, 1940.

No. 81.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the Tahsildar, Firozpur-Jhirka, has, under subsection 1 of section 20 of the said Act, been elected President of the Municipal Committee of Firozpur-Jhirka in the Gurgaon District.

General (Gurdwaras).

The 26th February, 1940.

No. 1-G.—In continuation of notification No. 15-G., dated the 23rd December, 1938, it is hereby notified in accordance with the provisions of subsection 3 of section 88 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, that the person named in the schedule below has been duly nominated by the Shiromani Gurdwara Parbandhak Committee, Amritsar, under the provisions of section 87 of the Act, as the fifth member of the Committee for the Gurdwara specified in the schedule, and that the Committee has been duly constituted :—

SCHEDULE.

Name of Gurdwara.	Name of the nominated member.
Gurdwara Guru Granth Sahib at Jagdhauli, tahsil Jagadhri, district Ambala.	S. Nanoo Singh, Jagirdar, son of S. Sawan Singh, village Malakpur, Post Office Mustafabad, district Ambala.

J. W. HEARN,
Commissioner, Ambala Division.

Notified Areas.

The 28th February, 1940.

No. 110/L. F. B.—The following amendment made by the Notified Area Committee, Jalalabad, to the by-laws published with Commissioner, Jullundur Division's notification No. 5313-D. C., dated the 4th September, 1939, having been approved by the Commissioner, Jullundur

Division, as required by subsection (2) of section 31 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, in exercise of the powers delegated to him under section 32 of the said Act by the Punjab Government notification No. 5555, dated the 17th February, 1934, is publised for general information. It shall come into force within the Notified Area of Jalalabad in the Ferozepore district six weeks from the date of publication of this notification :—

AMENDMENT.

In by-law 57 for the words "Vice-President or Secretary" the words "Vice-President, Secretary or Medical Officer of Health of the town" shall be substituted.

General (Gurdwaras).

The 1st March, 1940.

No. 111-L.F.B.—It is hereby notified that the candidates named in column 3 of the schedule below have been elected by the constituency mentioned in coulmn 4 of the schedule to be members of the committee to be constituted under the provisions of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, for the Gurdwara specified in column 2 of the schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3	4
No. and date of the notification declaring the Gurdwara to be a Sikh Gurdwara under sections 9/17 of the Act.	Name of Gurdwara.	Name and addresses of the candidates elected.	Constituency of election of committee of management.
110-G., dated 1st May, 1930.	Dharmsala Guru Granth Sahib.	1. Lakha Si gh, son of Narain, Jat of Beaspind, Post Office Beaspind. 2. Bhagwan Dass, son of Bela Ram, Jat of Beaspind. 3. Lachhman Singh, son of Sochet Singh, Jat of Beaspind. 4. Ishar Singh, son of Kahan Singh, Jat of Beaspind.	Revenue estate of Beaspind.

No. 112-L. F. B.—It is hereby notified that the candidate named in column 3 of the schedule below has been elected by the constituency mentioned in column 4 of the schedule to be member of the committee to be constituted under the provisions of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, for the Gurdwara specified in column 2 of the schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

No. and date of the notification declaring the Gurdwara to be a Sikh Gurdwara under sections 9/17 of the Act.	Name of Gurdwara.	Name and address of the candidate elected.	Constituency for election of committee of Management.
1	2	3	4
201-G., dated the 15th November, 1935.	Dharmsala Baharli Pohlo Daswali.	S. Raghbir Sing son of S. Bhagwan Singh, Jat of village Chitti post office Chit , tahsil Jullundur.	Revenue estate of Chitti.
26-G., dated the 16th September, 1937.	Dharmsala.		

No. 113-L. F. B.—It is hereby notified that the candidate named in column 3 of the schedule below has been nominated by the Shiromani Gurdwara Parbandhak Committee, Amritsar, under section 96 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act to be a member of the committee constituted under the provisions of the Act, for the Gurdwara specified in column 2 of the schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

No. and date of the notification declaring the Gurdwara to be a Sikh Gurdwara under sections 9/17 of the Act.	Name of Gurdwara.	Name and address of the the member nominated.	Constituency for election of committee of management.
1	2	3	4
31-G., dated the 19th June, 1936.	Gurdwara Shahidan at Ladhewal.	S. Narinjan Singh, son of S. Dasaundha Singh, village Holowal, post office Rampur, district Hoshiarpur, *vice* S. Raghnandan Singh, deceased.	Zails of Mahalpur and Mughowal.

No. 115-L. F. B.—It is hereby notified in accordance with the provisions of sub section 3 of section 88 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, that the person named in column 3 of the schedule below has been duly nominated by the Shiromani Gurdwara Parbandhak Committee, Amritsar, under the provisions of section 87 of the Act, as the 5th member of the committee for the gurdwara specified in column 2 of the schedule and that the committee has been duly constituted :—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No. as entered in schedule No. I of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act 1925, as subsequently amended.	Name of Gurdwara.	Name and address of the member nominated.	Constituency in schedule I of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, as subsequently amended.
1	2	3	4
153 ..	Gurdwara Guru Hargobind.	S. Shiv Singh, son of S. Nagina Singh, watchmaker, Banga, district Jullundur.	Revenue estate of Durgapur, tahsil Nawanshahr, district Jullundur.

E. SHEEPSHANKS,

Commissioner, Jullundur Division.

Committees.

The 29th February, 1940.

No 47.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 15 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, read with Punjab Government notification No. 4, dated the 3rd January, 1912, the Commissioner of the Lahore Division is pleased to accept the resignation of Lala Mehar Chand Kapur, of his membership of the Municipal Committee of Hafizabad in the Gujranwala district.

The 2nd March, 1940.

No. 49.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that Lala Mathra Das Ahooja, Extra Assistant Commissioner, Kasur, has been elected President of the Municipal Committee of Khem Karan in the Lahore District and that the said election has been approved by the Commissioner of the Lahore Division under the provisions of subsection (1) of section 20 of the said Act.

General (Gurdwaras).

The 29th February, 1940.

No. 48.—In accordance with the provisions of section 87 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, it is hereby notified that the following person has been nominated by the Shiromani Gurdwara Parbandhak Committee to be the fifth member of the Committee of Management for the Gurdwara specified in the schedule below. The Committee of this Gurdwara is, therefore, duly constituted under section 88 (3) of the said Act:—

SCHEDULE.

Name of Gurdwara.	Serial No. as entered in schedule I of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925.	Name and address of the person nominated.	Constituency for the election of the Committee of Management.
Maihl Jandiala ..	67	Sardar Pritam Singh, son of Sardar Kesar Singh, village Ghukewala, Post Office Sehnsara, district Amritsar.	Revenue estate of Kandowali, Sakhto Nangal, Pathan Nangal and Chetanpura.

ALAN MITCHELL,

Commissioner, Lahore Division.

Committees.

The 24th February, 1940.

No. 91.—In the matter of the election petition presented on the 2nd May, 1939, by M. Mohammad Ishaq, against the election of Sh. Mohammad Ismail as a member of the Municipal Committee of Chiniot in ward No. 8.

Having received the report of the Commission appointed to hold an enquiry into the allegations made in the election petition described above, I hereby dismiss the petition and declare that Sh. Mohammad Ismail has been duly elected as a member of the said Municipal Committee. Parties shall bear their own costs.

This order is notified in pursuance of the provisions of section 255 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911.

Small Towns.

The 2nd March, 1940.

No. 92.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following amendment made by the Town Committee of Shorkot in the Jhang District to the general order under clause (*x*) and (*y*) of section 35 of the said Act which was sanctioned by the Commissioner, Multan Division, under subsection (1) of section 36 of the said Act, and published with his notification No. 22, dated 13th February, 1937, is published for general information and shall come into force from the date of publication of this notification :—

AMENDMENT.

In paragraph No. 2 (8) between the words " Cakes or other food prepared with " and Banaspatine or Charbini " *add* the words " Ghee or with ".

In paragraph No. 3 between the words " for the sale of Ghee " and " shall be licensed " *add* the words " or for the sale of sweetmeats, cakes or other food prepared with Ghee ".

In paragraph No. 4 between the words " Cakes or other food prepared with " and " Banaspatine or Charbini " *add* the words " Ghee or with ".

In paragraph No. 4 (*b*) between the words " For the sale of Ghee " and " or *vice versa*" and the words " or sweetmeats, cakes or other food prepared there-with ".

In paragraph No. 4 (*h*) for the word " the " between the words " with prepared" and " Banaspatine or Charbini " in the last line *substitute* the words " Ghee or with ".

Notified Areas.

The 4th March, 1940.

No. 93.—In accordance with the directions of the Provincial Government under subsection (3) of section 31 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the following by-laws which have been made by the Notified Area Committee of Renala Khurd, in the Montgomery district, under subsection (1) of section 31 of the said Act, and approved, as required by subsection (2) of section 31 of the said Act, by the Commissioner of the Multan Division in exercise of the powers delegated to him under section 32 of the said Act, by Punjab Government notification No. 5555, dated the 17th February, 1934, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Notified Area of Renala Khurd from the date of this notification:—

BY-LAWS.

I.—Time and place of meeting.

1. General meetings of the Notified Area Committee shall be held on the last Friday of each month at 4 p.m. and special meetings on the last Friday of each month at 4 p.m. in the Committee's office.

Provided that when there is neither a President nor a Vice-President in existence, the Secretary may convene a meeting at any time or place for the election of the President, but not for the transaction of any other business.

II.—Manner in which notice shall be given.

2. (*a*) The notice of every meeting under by-law 1 shall state the place, date and hour fixed for it and shall be signed by the President, Vice-President or Secretary.

(*b*) The notice shall be accompanied by a duly attested list of the business to be transacted at the meeting hereinafter called "agenda".

(*c*) The agenda shall include every matter that any member may desire to put to the meeting; provided that a copy of the motion thereon signed by such member and by a seconder is delivered to the secretary at he notified area office at least seven clear days before the date of the meeting.

(*d*) The notice and agenda shall be despatched so that at least one clear day for a meeting that is deemed to be urgent and three clear days for any other meeting shall intervene between the date of despatch and the date of the meeting.

3. Notice of an adjourned meeting shall be given by the Chairman on the spot and the same shall, as soon thereafter as possible, be sent to all members of the committee who are absent; provided that it shall be lawful for the president or, in his absence, the Vice-President to alter with due notice, on an emergency, the place, date or hour of such meeting.

4. All cases on the agenda of a meeting shall be made available in the secretary's office, for the inspection of members immediately after the despatch of the agenda.

III.—Quorum.

5. No business shall be transacted at any ordinary meeting of the committee unless at least three members are present.

6. In the absence of a quorum the chairman shall forthwith suspend the proceedings and adjourn the meeting.

IV.—Conduct of proceedings and the adjournment of meetings.

7. Every meeting shall commence with a motion by the chairman that the minutes of the previous meeting be confirmed. Such minutes shall ordinarily be taken as read, but if for any reason they have not been previously circulated to the members they shall be read before they are taken into consideration. Any member, who was present at the previous meeting may object to the confirmation of the minutes by moving an amendment on the ground that any matter is not correctly recorded or expressed.

8. The chairman shall decide all points of order or procedure and his decision shall be final. Whenever he rises, any member speaking shall resume his seat.

9. The items on the agenda shall be dealt with in their order provided that the chairman, with the consent of the majority of the members present, may vary such order or bring before the meeting any matter not included in the agenda.

10. If more than one member rise to speak at the same time, the chairman shall name the member who is to speak.

11. Members when speaking shall stand and address the chairman and except on a point of order, or personal explanation, the member speaking shall not be interrupted by any member other than the chairman.

12. No written speeches shall be delivered.

13. So far as is possible and consistent with the matter under discussion no member shall direct personal or objectionable remarks at any other member. For the purpose of this by-law the ruling of the chairman shall be final.

14. A member desiring to raise a point of order or personal explanation shall rise and address the chairman. The member speaking shall then give way, and remain seated until the chairman has decided the point raised; provided that the chairman may permit any other member including the member called to order to speak on the said point.

15. If the meeting refuses to obey the ruling of the chairman on any matter he may adjourn it at once; and once he declares the meeting adjourned on this or any ground the subsequent proceedings of the meeting or any residue thereof shall be void and shall not not appear in the minute.

16. The chairman may, after calling the attention of the meeting to the conduct of a member, who persists in irrelevance or in tedious repetition of his own arguments or of the arguments raised by other members, direct him to discontinue his speech.

17. The chairman may direct any member whose conduct is in his opinion grossly disorderly, to withdraw immediately from the meeting and any member so ordered to withdraw shall do so forthwith and shall unless recalled by the chairman absent himself during the remainder of the meeting. The chairman may cause to be summarily removed any member who disobeys an order to withdraw under this by-law.

18. Every motion or resolution shall be read, and if seconded, shall be deemed to be before the meeting for discussion. The mover shall speak first in support of the motion: then the seconder may speak, or if he desires, he may reserve his speach to a later period of the debate.

19. A member may speack only once to each motion, but the mover or the seconder of a substantive motion or resolution may reply at the conclusion of the debate thereon; provided that the chairman at his discretion may at any time allow a member, who has already spoken, to make a brief explanation.

20. After a motion has been proposed and seconded, any member may propose an amendment thereto. An amendment that is not seconded falls through.

21. Any number of amendments may be before the meeting at the same time but they shall be put to the vote in the reverse order to that in which they were moved. After all the amendments have been disposed of the resolution as amended shall be put to the vote.

22. A member who has already spoken on a substantive motion before the meeting is not thereby debarred from speaking on an amendment to the motion; provided that in so doing he confines himself strictly to the fresh matter introduced by the amendment.

23. No motion or amendment shall be withdrawn except with the consent of the meeting.

24. Every motion, resolution or amendment voted on shall be put to the meeting both for and against.

25. Unless a poll is demanded by any member present at the meeting a declaration made at the meeting by the chairman that a motion, resolution or amendment has been carried or lost shall be sufficient warrant for making an entry to that effect in the minutes. If a poll is demanded by any member present it shall be taken by show of hands and the result of such poll as declared by the chairman shall be deemed to be the resolution of the committee.

26. No decision of a committee shall be re-opened before the lapse of six months after it has been recorded, except in compliance with an order of the Provincial Government or of the Commissioner or with the permission in writing of the president.

27. Any officer of Government or other person, not being a member of the committee may, with the consent of the majority of the members and of the chairman, address the meeting.

28. All meetings of the committee shall be open to the reporters of the press and at the discretion of the chairman to the public ; provided that the reporters or the public or both shall withdraw, if at any time so required by the chairman.

29. Except as provided in by-law 27 no noise or expression of approval or disapproval on the part of the public or reporters present shall be permitted.

30. The chairman may cause any person other than a member of the committee who interrupts the business of the meeting to be summarily removed from the building in which the meeting is held.

31. No member may inspect the papers relating to a matter in which he or either of his parents or any other descendant of either or his parents or the husband or wife as may be of any such descendant has a direct or indirect pecuniary interest, subject to these exceptions :—

(a) members of sub-committees and members charged with the performance of any special duty may inspect the papers connected with their duties at the secretary's office during office hours.

) any other member may inspect documents and registers at the secretary's office during office hours, but he may, except in the case provided for by by-law No. 4, do so only with the permission in writing of the president or in his absence, of the vice-president.

(c) an application for permission to inspect under clause (b) shall be in writing and state the papers to be inspected and the reasons for inspecting them. The president or vice-president as may be, may refuse permission if the reasons given are in his opinion insufficient.

Proviso.—Nothing in this by-law shall be deemed to deprive any person of a right to inspect a document under any law other than the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911.

V.—The custody of the common seal and its use.

32. The common seal of the committee shall remain in the custody of the secretary and shall be used on contract deeds, conveyances, leases, licences, receipts and cheques signed by the secretary, and all notices issued under the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, and the by-laws thereunder. In the absence of the secretary, the president or vice-president shall have the custody of the seal.

VI.—Sub-committees.

33. There shall be the following sub-committees, namely :—

(a) the finance sub-committee.

(b) the notified area works and building sub-committee.

(c) the education, medical and public health sub-committee.

(d) the octroi sub-committee.

34. The finance sub-committee shall consist of three members nominated by the president, who shall also nominate its chairman.

The secretary of the committee shall be the *ex-officio* secretary of this sub-committee.

35. The notified area works and buildings sub-committee shall consist of three members nominated by the president, who shall also nominate its chairman.

The secretary of the committee shall be the *ex-officio* secretary of this sub-committee.

36. The education, the medical and public health sub-committee shall consist of three members nominated by the president, who shall also nominate its chairman.

The secretary of the committee shall be the *ex-officio* secretary of this sub-committee.

37. The octroi sub-committee shall consist of three members nominated by the president, who shall also nominate its chairman.

The secretary of the committee shall be the *ex-officio* secretary of this sub-committee.

38. Members of sub-committee shall be nominated by the president as soon as may be after a new committee has been constituted and shall hold office for one year from the date of their nomination. In the second and third years of the committee's

existance the nomination of members of sub-committees shall be made at sucha date as to allow the new members to take their seats as members of the sub-committees as soon as the term of office of their predecessors has expired, and out-going members of a sub-committee shall be eligible for re-nomination.

39. Every sub-committee shall meet at least once a month and notice of every meeting shall be sent by the secretary of the sub-committee to the members of the sub-committee under the orders of the chairman together with a copy of the agenda to be discussed at the meeting.

40. No busin ss shall be transacted at any meeting of a sub-committee unless a least two-thirds of the members of the sub-committee are present.

41. The procedure of every sub-committee shall, so far as may be, be conducted in accordance with the by-laws regulating the procedure of the committee.

42. Nothing in these by-laws shall be deemed to authorize any sub-committee to exercise any power or perform any function the exercise or performance of which has been delegated by the committee to any officer or has been vested in any officer by any rule made under the Act as to require that any matter in respect of which any such power or function has been so delegated shall be submitted to a sub-committee.

43. Subject to the provisions of by-law 42 the finance sub-committee shall be responsible for the preparation of the annual budget of the committee, and to it shall be submitted all matters relating to the imposition, assessment and collection of taxes, the sale or lease of notified area immovable property or immovable property of Government managed by the committee, the raising of loans, the sanctioning of estimates of public works, establishment other than establishment of the Notified Area works, education, medical, public health or octroi departments, and accounts other than special departmental accounts.

44. To the Notified Area works and building sub-committee shall be submitted all matters relating to Notified Area works and buildings and services under the charge of the overseer and the establishment of the Notified Area works and building department, all applications for permission to erect or re-erect buildings, all cases of erection or re-erection of buildings without sanction to or in contravention of sanction, all applications for permission to lay out or make streets, all cases of the laying out or making of streets without sanction or in contravention of sanction, and all cases connected with encroachments on or over streets, sewers, drains or water-courses.

45. To the education and medical and public health sub-committee shall be submitted all matters relating to schools, reading rooms, libraries, hospitals, dispensaries, registration of vital statistics, conservancy, epidemic diseases, control of food supplies, markets slaughter-houses, lodging-houses, cow-houses, stables, and generally all matters relating to public health and the establishment entertained in connection with such matters.

46. To the octroi sub-committee shall be submitted all matters relating to the assessment and collection of octroi, the revision of the octroi schedule and establishment entertained for the assessment or collection of octroi except establishment in respect of which powers have been delegated to an officer provided that nothing in this by-law shall be deemed to authorize the sub-committee to perform any function which under the provisions of any rule made under the Act, any other person is authorized or required to perform.

47. If any matter is submitted to a sub-committee in respect of which the committee has delegated its powers to the sub-committees, the sub-committees shall pass orders in respect of such matter, and its orders shall not be subject to revision by the committee; in all other cases in which the orders of the committee are required, the sub-committee shall make a recommendation to the committee.

48. (1) A copy of the proceedings of every meeting of the sub-committee signed by the chairman of the sub-committee shall be forwarded by the secretary, of the sub-committee to the secretary of the committee for inclusion in the agenda of the next meeting of the committee.

(2) When the proceedings of a sub-committee are being considered by the committee no discussion shall be permitted of any item in respect of which the sub-committee has passed orders in exercise of a power delegated to it by the committee or of any item in respect of which the sub-committee has called for a further report or otherwise postponed passing an order or making a recommendation, and any such item shall be recorded merely as 'Read' provided that any member may call in question any order of a sub-committee, on the ground that it was *ultra vires* of the sub-committee and if the committee considers that such order was '*ultra vires*' it may confirm, modify or cancel such order :

Provided further that if any member considers that the sub-committee is unduly delaying the decision of any matter in respect of which it has passed no order or made no recommendation he may move a motion requiring the sub-committee to pass orders or submit its recommendation within a stated period and if such a motion is carried and the sub-committee fails to pass an order or make a recommendation within the period fixed, the committee may itself proceed to pass orders in respect of such matter.

49. Notwithstanding anything in these by-laws in cases of emergency, the president may direct that any matter may be submitted direct to the committee, if there is no time for it to be submitted first to the sub-committee, to which it ought ordinarily to be submitted under the provisions of these by-laws.

VII.—Powers of President.

50. The president shall be the Chief Executive authority of the committee. All reports by the sub-committee or by members shall be addressed to him for disposal.

51. The president is authorized to disburse :—

(*a*) the fixed salaries of all sanctioned establishment of the committee ;

(*b*) all sanctioned grants-in-aid, scholarships, and ordinary contingent charges ;

(*c*) all sanctioned payments due from the committee ; and

(*d*) all bills of contractors for public works when they have been checked, passed and recommended by one of the members of the committee.

52. The president may order the expenditure of any sum not exceeding Rs. 200 in any one case at a time, provided that the committee is informed of such expenditure at its next meeting.

53. The president may order the sale of dead and live stock and the movable property of the committee and sanction any sale the proceeds of which are Rs. 50 and less subject to confirmation by the committee.

54. The president may grant leave to any officer or servant of the committee provided that any leave of more than one month sanctioned by him shall require the confirmation of the committee.

55. The president shall make all necessary officiating arrangements in cases of leave granted under by-law 54.

56. The president may suspend any servant of the committee for misconduct or neglect of duty but he shall bring the fact of having done so to the notice of the committee at the next meeting at which it shall be decided whether the servant shall be reinstated or dismissed. For dismissal the procedure laid down in Punjab Government notification No. 4421, dated 17th February, 1925, as amended from time to time shall be followed.

57. The president may sanction all appointments carrying a pay of Rs. 20 or less per mensem without reference to the committee and may dismiss any servant so appointed for misconduct or neglect of duty or any other default, subject to an appeal to the committee.

58. The president shall exercise general control over all the notified area establishment and shall receive all reports, etc., concerning them. He is authorized to impose a fine of Rs. 5 or less on any servant of the committee drawing Rs. 20 per mensem or less for misconduct or neglect of duty or for any other fault.

59. The president shall exercise a general control on behalf of the committee under sections 39, 113, 114, 115, 117, 119, 122, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 140, 142, 166, 169 (*c*), 172 (2), 173, 195-A, 212 and 220 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, and in case of necessity shall take such steps as he may deem fit. The president can take necessary action under these sections in anticipation of the committee's sanction but action taken by him must be reported to the committee at the next meeting for approval.

60. The president is authorised to auction the lease of sites of agricultural land subject to confirmation by the committee.

61. In any case of emergency when the president is absent from the notified area the vice-president may exercise all or any of the powers of the president as conferred by by-laws 50 to 60 above, both inclusive.

VIII.—Duties and powers of the secretary.

62. The secretary shall be responsible for the punctual submission of accounts, returns, the budget and for the whole work of the office. He shall be responsible that no notified area money is drawn and expended without sanction.

63. The secretary shall be responsible that pay bills are properly drawn up and checked.

64. The secretary shall disburse all money which is due from the committee.

65. The secretary shall be the Executive Officer of the committee, and shall discharge his duties subject to the control of the committee and the president.

66. He shall, unless his presence is dispensed with by the president or chairman, attend every meeting of the committee and of every sub-committee. Unless he is a member of the committee or sub-committee he shall not address the meeting, but with the chairman's permission he may explain any matter at a meeting.

67. He shall maintain the minutes of the proceedings of all meetings and sign them before laying them before the chairman for signature ; and he shall be responsible for the prompt submission within three days of a copy of every resolution passed at a meeting of the committee to the Deputy Commissioner.

68. The secretary shall make rounds in the town to see sanitation, check the work of the Moharrirs collecting tahbazari and octroi and see all repairs and work done to or on Notified Area property, and check and supervise the collection of tehbazari and octroi and building material fees.

69. The whole of the Notified Area establishment shall be under the direct control of the secretary subject to the orders of the committee and the president. He shall have the power to grant 7 days' casual leave to any employee of the committee.

70. He shall sign notices, processes, sanctions and permits issued on behalf of the committee.

71. The secretary may incur any contingent expenditure not exceeding Rs. 10 in any one case at a time subject to the budget provision and shall make a report to the committee at its next meeting.

72. The secretary is authorized under section 228 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, to make complaints genarally in regard to all offences against the Act and the rules or by-laws thereunder to any court of law.

73. (*a*) The secretary shall exercise general control on behalf of the committee under sections 109 (1), 110, 142 143. 145 (*b*) and (*c*), 173, 176, 191, 195-A, 203, 204, 206 208, 210, 211 and 212 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, and in the case of necessity he shall take suitable steps for the better performance of any work.

(*b*) The secretary is empowered to spend a sum of rupees twenty in emergent cases provided that the committee is informed of such expenditure at its next meeting.

IX—Duties of the Sanitary Inspector.

74. The sanitary inspector shall be a servant of the Notified Area Committee and shall work under the direct control and supervision of the secretary.

75. He shall visit daily the whole of the area under his charge and see that it is kept clean. He shall maintain a diary and enter in it any defects found in sanitation, the steps he has taken to remedy them and his suggestions to prevent their recurrence. He shall also note what has been done to carry out orders issued to him to abate any nuisance, and whether any still persists. He shall submit his diary of each day to the secretary on the forenoon of the next day.

76. He shall inspect and take care of all sanitary conveniences, including latrines, filth receptacles and carts, drains, flushing appliances, sullage tanks, sewage farms, filth depôts, incinerators, and shall inspect and report on all streets, dairies milk shops, cow-sheds, markets, meat shops, all shops dealing in eatables, bakeries, aerated water factories, slaughter-houses, wells, dwelling houses, and dhobi ghats.

77. He shall supervise the removal and disposal of all rubbish and excreta, and attend to any other duties of a sanitary nature that may be required of him, by the Notified Area Committee or any officer deputed to control and supervise his work.

78. He shall note from time to time on the condition of all sanitary appliances placed in his charge, and submit a report, whenever necessary, for their renewal, repairs, retarring and painting.

79. He shall inspect houses in the course of erection and report whether the building by-laws in force are being complied with and whether the sanctioned plan is being followed, in respect of sanitary requirements, such as latrine, accommodation, drainage and vantilation.

80. He shall report if any unauthorized encroachment are being made on any public land or on any thoroughfare, and bring to notice any damage done to the Notified Area property.

81. He shall arrange for the proper registration of births and deaths, and report any omissions which come to his notice. He shall also report any suspected case of deaths from infectious disease or any undue mortality amongst rats or other animals.

82. He shall carry out the disinfection of wells, houses or drains, and any other measure considered necessary by the secretary and in connection with the occurrence of a case of an infectious disease or of a threatened outbreak of such disease.

83. He shall supervise the work of the menial conservancy staff placed under his charge. He shall keep a muster roll of the staff subordinate to him, and shall mark as absent for the day any member of staff who actually absents himself from duty or who grossly neglects his duty.

84. He shall in the case of an outbreak of fire, proceed at once to the spot and requisition all his resources and do his best in fighting the outbreak.

X.—Powers of the Headmaster.

85. Power to incur contingent expenditure not exceeding Rs. 5 in a month subject to budget provision and shall submit a report to the committee at its next ensuing meeting.

XI.—Power of the Headmistress.

86. Power to incur contingent expenditure not exceeding Rs. 5 in a month subject to the budget provision and report to the committee at its next meeting.

XII.—The appointment, duties, suspension and removal of servants and officers.

87. All applications for leave shall be attested by the superior officer of the applicant.

88. All transfers of Notified Area employees within the Notified Area, whose pay is more than Rs. 25 shall be made by the President.

89. Leave for any period shall be granted in accordance with the rules prescribed in the Fundamental Rules or the Punjab Revised Leave Rules, 1936, as the case may be, and all such applications for leave shall be submitted in writing to the secretary for the orders of the president, vice-president or the committee as the case may be.

NOTE.—The Fundamental Rules shall apply only to those officials who were employed before 1st January, 1931, and the Punjab Revised Leave Rules, 1936, to those who were employed on or after that date.

90. The president or the vice-president or the secretary may grant urgent leave or leave on medical certificate to any servant and may arrange for any appointment thus rendered necessary, in the establishment of the committee, but when the leave granted is to a servant holding a post which carries a pay of Rs. 20 per mensem or more any order passed under this by-law shall be reported for confirmation to the next meeting of the committee.

XIII.—Appeal from executive orders.

91. An appeal against an executive order passed by the president, the vice-president or the secretary shall lie to the committee.

92. No appeal shall be entertained unless it is filed within 30 days of the date of the order against which it is preferred or the date of its legal service on the appellant and unless it is accompanied by a certified copy of such order.

93 In computing the period for limitation prescribed for an appeal in by-law 92 above, the time requisite for obtaining a copy of order shall be excluded.

94. The office of the Notified Area Committee shall remain closed on holidays declared by the Government for the office of the Deputy Commissioner and also for local festivals with the permission of the president.

C. V. SALUSBURY,

Commissioner, Multan Division.

2416 CS—1120—8-3-40—SGPP Lahore.

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PART I—B.

Notifications by Commissioners.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Boards.

The 6th March, 1940.

No. 82.—In accordance with the provisions of section 11 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, it is hereby notified that the following person has been elected a member of the District Board of Gurgaon, *vice* Ch. Mohar Singh, removed,—*vide* Punjab Government notification No. 5737-L. G.-39/39183, dated the 22nd of November, 1939 :—

Tahsil.	*Name of Circle.*	*Name and residence of member.*
Gurgaon ..	Farrukhnagar ..	Ch. Ganpat Singh, son of Hem Raj, Ahir of village Nangli Godha, tahsil Rewari.

Committees.

The 6th March, 1940.

No. 83.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee, Karnal, in the Karnal District, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 31 (1) of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been approved as required by subsection (2) of section 31 of the said Act, by the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to Commissioners of Divisions under section 32 of the said Act by Punjab Government notification No. 5555, dated the 17th of February, 1934, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the Karnal Municipality from the date of this notification in supersession

of notification No. 26, dated the 28th of August, 1908, by the Commissioner, Delhi Division, as subsequently amended by his notification No. 57, dated the 28th of July, 1933 :—

BY-LAWS.

I.—Time and place of meeting.

1. General and special meetings of the Committee shall be held at least once a month on such date, time and place as the President may from time to time direct; provided that the President or in his absence the Vice-President or, when there is neither a President nor a Vice-President, the Secretary may convene a meeting at any time or place for the election of the President but not for the transaction of any other business; provided that a notice of not less than 48 hours shall be given for the purpose of electing office bearers and that the election of office bearers shall not, even with the consent of all members, be held without such notice having been given.

II.—Manner in which notice shall be given.

2. (*a*) The notice of every meeting under by-law 1 shall state the place, date and hour fixed for it and shall be signed by the President, Vice-President or the Secretary.

(*b*) The notice shall be accompanied by a duly attested list of the business to be transacted at the meeting hereinafter called "agenda".

(*c*) The agenda shall include every matter which any member may desire to put to the meeting: provided that a copy of the motion thereon signed by such member and by a seconder is delivered to the Secretary at the Municipal Office at least seven clear days before the date of the meeting.

(*d*) The notice and the agenda shall except in the case of the meeting proposed for the election of office bearers be despatched so that, at least, one clear day for a meeting which is deemed to be urgent and two clear days for any other meeting, shall intervene between the date of despatch and the date of the meeting.

3. Notice of an adjourned meeting shall be given by the Chairman on the spot and the same shall, as soon thereafter as possible, be sent to all the members of the Committee who are absent, provided that it shall be lawful for the President or, in his absence, the Vice-President to alter, with due notice, on the occasion of an emergency, the place-date or hour of such meeting.

4. All cases on the agenda of a meeting shall be made available in the Secretary's office (between office hours) for the inspection of members immediately after the despatch of the agenda.

III.—Quorum.

5. No business shall be transacted at an ordinary meeting of the Committee unless at least one-third of the total number of members are present.

6. In the absence of a quorum, the Chairman shall, forthwith, suspend the proceedings and adjourn the meeting.

VI.—Conduct of proceedings and the adjournment of meetings.

7. Every meeting shall commence with a motion by the Chairman that the minutes of the previous meeting be confirmed. Such minutes shall ordinarily be taken as read but if, for any reason, they have not been previously circulated to the members, they shall be read before they are taken into consideration. Any member, who was present at the previous meeting, may object to the confirmation of the minutes by moving an amendment on the ground that any matter is not correctly recorded or expressed.

8. The Chairman shall decide all points of order or procedure and his decision shall be final. Whenever he rises, any member speaking shall resume his seat.

9. The items on the agenda shall be dealt with in their order, provided that the Chairman, with the consent of the majority of the members present, may vary such order or bring before the meeting any matter not included in the agenda.

10. If more than one member rise to speak at the same time, the Chairman shall name the member who is to speak first.

11. Members when speaking shall stand and address the Chairman and, except on a point of order, or personal explanation, the member speaking shall not be interrupted by any member other than the Chairman.

12. No written speeches shall be delivered.

13. So far as is possible and consistent with the matter under discussion, no member shall direct personal or objectionable remarks at any other member. For the purposes of this by-law the ruling of the Chairman shall be final.

14. A member desiring to raise a point of order or personal explanation shall rise and address the Chairman. The member speaking shall then give way and remain seated until the Chairman has decided the point raised ; provided that the Chairman may permit any other member including the member called to order, to speak on the said point.

15. If the meeting refuses to obey the ruling of the Chairman on any matter, he may adjourn it at once and after he declares the meeting adjourned, on this or any other ground, the subsequent proceedings of the meeting or any residue thereof, shall be void, and shall not appear in the minutes.

16. The Chairman may after calling the attention of the meeting to the conduct of a member, who persists in irrelevance or in tedious repetition of his own arguments or of the arguments used by the other members, direct him to discontinue his speech.

17. The Chairman may name an unruly member for report to Government for consideration under section 16 (1) (*e*) of the Punjab Municipal Act.

18. The Chairman may direct any member, whose conduct is, in his opinion, grossly disorderly, to withdraw immediately from the meeting, and any member so ordered to withdraw shall do so forthwith and shall, unless re-called by the Chairman, absent himself during the remainder of the meeting. The Chairman may cause to be summarily removed any member who disobeys an order to withdraw under this by-law.

19. Every motion or resolution shall be read, and if seconded, shall be deemed to be before the meeting for discussion. The mover shall speak first in support of his motion, then the seconder may speak, or if he desires, he may reserve his speech to a later period of the debate.

20. A member may speak only once to each motion, but the mover or a seconder of a subtanstive motion or resolution may reply at the conclusion of the debate thereon, provided that the Chairman, at his discretion, may, at any time, allow a member, who has already spoken, to make a brief explanation.

21. After a motion has been proposed and seconded, any member may propose an amendment thereto. An amendment which is not seconded falls through.

22. Any number of amendments may be before the meeting at the same time, but they shall be put to vote in the reverse order to that in which they were moved, after all the amendments have been disposed of, the resolution, as amended, shall be put to vote.

23. A member, who has already spoken on a substantive motion before the meeting, is not thereby debarred from speaking on an amendment to the motion : provided that in so doing, he confines himself strictly to the fresh matter introduced by the amendment.

24. No motion or amendment shall be withdrawn except with the consent of the meeting.

25. Every motion, resolution or amendment voted on, shall be put to the meeting both for and against.

Proviso :—Nothing in this and the following by-laws shall affect the provisions of the rules for the election of President and Vice-President published with Punjab Government notificationNo. 18030, dated the 28th May, 1930.

26. Unless a poll is demanded by any member present at the meeting, a declaration made at the meeting by the Chairman that a motion, resolution or amendment has been carried or lost, shall be sufficient warrant for making an entry to that effect in the minutes. If a poll is demanded by any member present, it shall be taken by show of hands and the result of such poll, as declared by the Chairman, shall be deemed to be the resolution of the Committee.

27. No decision of a Committee shall be re-opened before the lapse of six months after it has been recorded, except in compliance with an order of the Provincial Government or, of the Commissioner or Deputy Commissioner or, with the permission, in writing of the President.

28. Any officer of Government or other person, not being a member of the Committee, may, with the consent of the majority of the members and of the Chairman, address the meeting.

29. All meetings of the Committee shall be open to the reporters of the press and at the discretion of the Chairman, to the public : provided that the reporters or the public or both shall withdraw, if, at any time, so required by the Chairman.

30. Except as provided in by-law 28 no noise, expression of approval or disapproval on the part of the public or reporters present, shall be permitted.

31. The Chairman may cause any person, other than a member of the Committee who interrupts the business of the meeting, to be summarily removed from the building in which the meeting is held.

32. (*a*) No member may inspect the papers relating to a matter in which he or either of his parents or any other descendant of either of his parents or the husband or wife, as may be, of any such descendant, has a direct or indirect pecuniary interest, subject to this exception that members of the sub-committees and members charged with the performance of any special duty, may inspect the papers connected with their duties at the Secretary's office during office hours ;

(*b*) any other member may inspect documents and registers at the Secretary's office during office hours but he may, except in the case provided for in by-law 4, do so, only with the permission in writing of the President or, in his absence, of the Vice-President ; and

(*c*) an application for permission to inspect under clause (*b*) shall be in writing and state the papers to be inspected and reasons for inspecting them. The President or Vice-President, as the case may be, may refuse permission if the reasons given are, in his opinion, insufficient.

Proviso :—Nothing in this by-law shall be deemed to deprive any person of a right to inspect a document under any law other than the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911.

V.—The custody of the common seal and the purpose for which it shall be used.

33. The common seal shall remain in the custody of the Secretary and shall be affixed to—

(*a*) all deeds of sale or purchase, executed by or on behalf of the Committee relating to moveable or immoveable property ;

(*b*) all contracts, deeds entered into and leases given by or on behalf of the Committee ;

(*c*) all notices, orders, sanctions and permits issued by the Committee, the President, Vice-President, or the Secretary ;

(*d*) all copies of municipal records supplied to applicants ;

(*e*) all notices of meetings issued under by-law 2 of these by-laws ;

(*f*) all bills for recovery of taxes, fees and other dues of the Committee ; and

(*g*) any other document or class of the documents on which the Committee or the President may direct that the common seal shall be affixed.

VI.—Sub-committee.

34. There shall be the following sub-committees, namely :—

(*a*) the Finance and Terminal Tax Sub-Committee ;

(*b*) the Municipal Works and Buildings Sub-Committee ;

(*c*) the Education Sub-Committee ;

(*d*) the Medical and Public Health Sub-Committee ;

(*e*) the Vehicles Sub-Committee ; and

(*f*) the Lighting Sub-Committee.

35. The Finance and Terminal-Tax Sub-Committee shall consist of five members elected by the Committee and the Vice-President or Senior Vice-President of the Committee, if there are two Vice-Presidents, who shall be the *ex-officio* Chairman of the Sub-Committee. The Secretary of the Committee shall be the *ex-officio* Secretary of this Sub-Committee.

36. The Municipal Works and Buildings Sub-Committee shall consist of 5 members elected by the Committee. The Sub-Overseer shall be its *ex-officio* Secretary.

37. The Education Sub-Committee shall consist of 5 members elected by the Committee and the Head Moharrir of the Committee shall be its *ex-officio* Secretary.

38. The Medical and Public Health Sub-Committee shall consist of 5 members elected by the Committee including the Civil Surgeon, who shall be its *ex-officio* Chairman. The Sanitary Inspector shall be its *ex-officio* Secretary.

39. The Vehicles Sub-Committee shall consist of 4 members elected by the Committee. The Vehicles Inspector shall be its *ex-officio* Secretary.

40. The Lighting Sub-Committee shall consist of 5 members elected by the Committee. The Assistant Moharrir shall be its *ex-officio* Secretary.

41. Members of the Sub-Committees shall be elected at a general meeting of the Committee as soon as possible after a new Committee has been constituted and shall hold office for one year from the date of their election. In the second and third years of the Committee's existence, the election of members of Sub-Committees shall be held at such a date as would allow the new members to take their seats as members of the Sub-Committee immediately after the term of office of their predecessors has expired. An outgoing member of a sub-committee shall be eligible for re-election.

42. Subject to the provisions of by-laws 35 and 38 the members of a Sub-Committee shall elect one of themselves to be the Chairman of the Sub-Committee and the Chairman so elected shall preside at all meetings of the Sub-Committee, provided that, if he is not able to be present at a meeting, the members present shall elect one of themselves to preside at that meeting.

43. Every Sub-Committee shall meet, at least, once a month and notice of every meeting shall be sent to each member by the Secretary of the Sub-Committee under the orders of the Chairman, together with a copy of the agenda to be discussed at the meeting.

44. No business shall be transacted at any meeting of a Sub-Committee unless at least two-thirds of the members of the Sub-Committee are present.

45. The procedure of every Sub-Committee shall, so far as may be, conducted in accordance with the by-laws regulating the procedure of the Committee.

46. Nothing in these by-laws shall be deemed to authorize any Sub-Committee to exercise any power or to perform any function, the exercise or performance of which has been delegated by the Committee to any officer or has been vested in any officer by any rule made under the Act, as to require that any matter, in respect of which any such power or function has been s delegated, shall be submitted to a Sub-Committee.

47. Subject to the provisions of by-law 46, the Finance and Terminal Tax Sub-Committee shall be responsible for the preparation of the annual budget of the Committee, and, to it shall be submitted all matters relating to the imposition, assessment, revision, remission, refund and collection of taxes, the sale or lease of the municipal immovable property or immoveable property of the Government managed by the Committee, the raising of loans, terminal tax establishment and other terminal tax works and all matters affecting the finances of the Committee.

48. To the Municipal Works and Buildings Sub-Committee shall be submitted all matters relating to the Municipal Works and the services under the charge of the establishment of the Municipal Public Works Department and all estimates of the Committee for works and repairs and all applications for permission to erect or re-erect buildings, all cases of erection and re-erection of buildings, without sanction or in contravention of sanction, all applications for permission to lay out or make streets, all cases of laying out or making of streets without sanction or in contravention of sanction and all cases connected with encroachments on or over streets, sewers, drains or water-courses.

49. To the Education Sub-Committee shall be submitted all matters relating to schools, reading rooms, libraries and the establishment connected therewith.

50. To the Medical and Public Health Sub-Committee shall be submitted all matters relating to hospitals, dispensaries, registration of vital statistics, conservancy, epidemic diseases, control of food supplies, markets, slaughter-houses, lodging houses, cow houses, stables and generally all matters relating to the public health and the services under the charge of the Medical Officer of Health and establishment entertained in connection with such matters.

51. To the Vehicles Sub-Committee shall be submitted all matters relating to the licensing of vehicles.

52. To the Lighting Sub-Committee shall be submitted all matters relating to lighting and establishment connected therewith.

53. If any matter is submitted to a Sub-Committee in respect of which the Committee has delegated its powers to the Sub-Committee, the Sub-Committee shall pass orders in respect of such matter and its orders shall not be subject to revision by the Committee. In all other cases in which the orders of the Committee are required, the Sub-Committee shall make a recommendation to the Committee.

54. (a) A copy of the proceedings of every meeting of a Sub-Committee, signed by the Chairman of the Sub-Committee, shall be forwarded by the Secretary of the Sub-Committee, to the Secretary of the Committee for inclusion in the agenda of the next meeting of the Committee.

(b) When the proceedings of a Sub-Committee are baing considered by the Committee, no discussion shall be permitted of any item in respect of which the Sub-Committee has passed orders in exercise of the power delegated to it by the Committee, or of any item in respect of which the Sub-Committee has called for a further report or otherwise postponed passing an order or making a recommendation, and any such item shall be recorded merely as "read"; provided that any member may call in question any order of a Sub-Committee on the ground that it was *ultra vires* of the Sub-Committee and, if the Committee considers that such order was *ultra vires*, it may confirm, modify or cancel such order, provided further that if any member considers that the Sub-Committee is unduly delaying the decision of any matter in respect of which it has passed no order or made no recommendation, he may move a motion requiring the Sub-Committee to pass orders or submit its recommendations, within a stated period and if such a motion is carried and the Sub-Committee fails to pass an order or make a recommendation within the period fixed, the Committee may itself proceed to pass orders in respect of such matter.

55. Notwithstanding anything contained in these by-laws, in cases of emergency, the President may direct that any matter may be submitted direct to the Committee if there is no time for it to be submitted first to the Sub-Committee to which it ought, ordinarily, to be submitted under the provisions of these by-laws.

56. All Sub-Committees are empowered to spend, at a time, an amount up to Rs. 10 but not exceeding Rs. 25 within a month within the budget limits, but all such expenditure shall be reported to the next meeting of the Committee.

57. The Committee or the President may appoint a Special Sub-Committee consisting of 3 or more members for any special purpose and such Sub-Committee shall be dissolved as soon as the matter has been disposed of by the Committee or the President. Rules applicable to other Sub-Committees shall be applicable to Special Sub-Committees.

58. No member of the Committee shall be elected a member of more than two Sub-Committees at a time.

VII—*Powers of the President.*

59. The President or in his absence the Vice-President is the chief executive officer of the Committee. All reports of the Sub-Committees or of the members shall be addressed to him.

60. The President is authorized to sanction—

(a) the fixed salaries of all sanctioned establishment of the Committee and all sanctioned grants-in-aid and scholarships,

(b) all sanctioned payments due from the Committee, and

(c) all bills of the contractors for public works when they have been checked, passed and recommended by the Chairman of the Public Works and Buildings Sub-Committee for sanction.

61. The President may order, within the budget limit, the expenditure of any sum not exceeding Rs. 25 in any case at a time and also not exceeding Rs. 100 in one month, provided that the Committee is informed of such expenditure at its next meeting.

62. The President may order the sale of dead and livestock and the moveable property of the Committee and sanction the sale-proceeds therefrom up to Rs. 50 subject to the confirmation by the Committee.

63 (a). The President shall have power to grant leave, for any period, to those whose appointment and dismissal rest with him. In other cases the orders of the Committee will be obtained.

(b) The President may grant casual leave to the Secretary and other establishment in accordance with the Civil Service Regulations.

64. The President shall have the powers to make necessary arrangements in case of leave granted under by-law 63.

65. The President may sanction all appointments carrying a pay of Rs. 15 or less per month without reference to the Committee, and may suspend, degrade, reduce the salary or dismiss any servant so appointed subject to an appeal to the Committee. The appointment, suspension, degradation or dismissal of servants drawing more than Rs. 15 per month shall rest with the Committee. For the dismissal the procedure laid down in Local Self-Government notification No. 4421, dated the 17th February, 1925, as amended from time to time shall have to be followed.

66. The President shall exercise a general control over all the muncipal establishment and shall receive all reports, etc., concerning them. He is authorized to levy a fine of Rs. 5 or less on any servant of the Committee drawing Rs. 15 or less for misconduct or neglect of duty and for any other fault provided that when the fine exceeds Rs. 2 an appeal shall lie to the Committee. The fining of servants drawing more than Rs. 15 per month shall rest with the Committee.

67. The President shall exercise a general control on behalf of the Municipal Committee under Section 39 (for the appointment and suspension, etc., of servants drawing Rs. 15 per month or less) 77, 113, 114, 115, 122, 124, 126, 131, 169 (*c*), 170, 173, 206, 207, 220 and 229 of the Punjab Municipal Act of 1911 and, in cases of necessity, shall take such steps as he may deem fit.

68. In any case of emergency, when the President is absent from the Municipality, the Vice-President may exercise all the powers of the President as described in by-law 59 to 67 both inclusive.

VIII.—Duties and powers of the Secretary.

69. The Secretary shall be the executive officer of the Committee. He shall discharge his duties subject to the control of the Committee, Sub-Committees and the immediate orders of the President.

70. The Secretary shall, unless his presence is dispensed with by the Chairman, attend every meeting of the Committee, record the minutes of the proceedings and sign the proceedings books before they are sent to the Chairman for signature. He shall not address the meeting but, with the permission of the Chairman, he may explain any matter to the meeting.

71. The whole of the municipal establishment shall be under the direct control of the Secretary subject to the orders of the Committee and the President. He shall have power to grant one day's casual leave to any employee of the Committee.

72. The Secretary shall be responsible for the conduct of the official correspondence with all departments under the control of the President or Vice-President.

73. The Secretary shall be responsible that the resolutions of the Committee are duly carried out. He shall sign notices, processes, sanctions and permits issued on behalf of the Committee.

74. The Secretary shall be responsible that no municipal money is expended without sanction.

75 (*a*). The Secretary shall disburse all money, which is due from the Committee, to the person concerned and shall be responsible that pay bills are properly drawn and checked under his control.

(*b*) All receipts for cash received on behalf of the Committee shall be granted by the Secretary except in case of cash received at the terminal tax barrier and slaughter house fees when receipts shall be given by the moharrirs.

76. The Secretary shall be responsible for the entire work of the office and for the punctual submission of Accounts and Returns.

77. The Secretary may incur any contingent expenditure not exceeding Rs. 5 in any case at a time upto Rs. 30 in each month subject to the budget provision, but he shall always report such expenditure to the next meeting of the Committee.

78. The Secretary shall exercise a general control on behalf of the Committee under sections 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 210, 211 and 112 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911 and in cases of necessity he shall take suitable steps for the execution of the work.

79. In case of evasion of terminal tax duty, the Secretary, subject to the control of the Finance and Terminal Tax Sub-Committee, is authorized to accept

a sum of money under section 77/229 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, by way of compensation, but he shall bring the fact of having done so to the notice of the Sub-Committee at the next meeting.

80. The Secretary shall have the power under section 228 of the Punjab Municipal Act of 1911, to appear on behalf of the Committee in any court of Law and to prosecute on its behalf an offender against the said Act, and the rules and the by-laws made thereunder, unless otherwise provided.

IX.—Appointments, leave, transfers and duties of municipal employees.

81. Every servant of the Committee shall be entitled to leave in accordance with the provisions of the Civil Service Regulations.

82. The limit of casual leave shall not exceed 20 days in a year.

83. All applications for leave shall be delivered at the municipal office from where they shall after necessary remarks, be submitted to the officer authorized to sanction the leave.

84. Every employee shall be responsible to report to the municipal office the date of his departure and return from leave through his immediate officer.

85. No employee shall proceed on leave unless his leave has been duly sanctioned and in case of urgent necessity permission of the President should first be obtained.

86. All transfers of the municipal employees within the Municipality, whose pay is less than Rs. 15 per month, shall be made by the President and those of others by the Committee.

87. The duties of all municipal servants shall be regulated according to such orders, as may, from time to time, be issued by the Committee, the President or the Secretary.

88. All appointments, whether new or officiating, shall be made from the approved candidates, due consideration being paid to the seniority and qualifications of candidates.

X.—Term for which the Vice-President shall hold office.

89. There will be two Vice-Presidents, one Senior and the other Junior.

90. A Vice-President shall hold office for one year except when he fills a vacancy caused by the death, resignation or removal, in which case, he shall hold office only for the unexpired period of his predecessor; but the outgoing Vice-President shall continue in office until his successor is elected.

Appeals.

91. Subject to any restrictions imposed by any by-law an appeal may be preferred to the Committee only from the executive order passed by the Sub-Committees, President, Vice-President, a member or any officer of the Committee.

92. No appeal shall be considered unless it is filed within 30 days of the date of the order against which it is preferred, or the date of its legal service on the appellant and unless it is accompanied by a certified copy of such order.

93 (*a*). In computing the period of limitation prescribed for an appeal in by-law 92 the time required for obtaining a copy of the order shall be excluded.

(*b*). No appeal shall lie if the application for revision has been presented to the officer who passed that order.

XI.—Miscellaneous.

94. Copies of resolutions and other documents will be granted on recovery of fees prescribed by the Municipal Committee and the Secretary shall attest such copies as true copies, but no copies shall be granted of the reports of members and officers of the Committee, letters of other departments and any other document, the grant of copies of which is prohibited by the Committee or the President of the Committee.

95. No municipal record shall be sent to any member's house except when it is to be submitted for opinion, report; or execution of any work by the order of the Committee, President or Vice-President or the Secretary.

96. All cheques shall be signed by the President, or Vice-President and one member of the Committee.

97. Office of the Municipal Committee shall remain closed on holidays declared by the Government for the Office of the Deputy Commissioner, Karnal, and also for local festivals with the permission of the President.

98. No member of the Committee shall employ any servant of the Committee for his private work.

Notified Areas.

The 9th March, 1940.

No. 84.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 31 (3) of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the following by-laws, framed by the Notified Area Committee, Buria, in the Ambala District, having been approved as required by section 31 (2) of the said Act, by the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him under section 32 of the said Act by Punjab Government notification No. 5555, dated 17th of February, 1934, are published for general information. They shall come into force from the date of this notification :—

BY-LAWS.

Time and place of meeting.

1. (*a*) Every meeting of the Notified Area Committee, whether general or special, shall be held on such date and at such hour and place as may be fixed for it by the President, or, in his absence, by the Vice-President :

Provided that when there is neither a President nor a Vice-President, the Secretary may convene a meeting at any time or place for the election of the President, but not for the transaction of any other business.

(*b*) An ordinary meeting of the Committee shall be held at least once a month :

Provided that a notice of not less thnn 48 hours shall be given for the purpose of electing office-bearers and that the election of office-bearers shall not, even with the consent of all members, be held without such notice having been given.

Manner in which notice shall be given.

2. (*a*) The notice of every meeting under by-law 1 shall state the place, date, and hour fixed for it and shall be signed by the President, the Vice-President or the Secretary.

(*b*) The notice of every meeting shall be accompanied by a list duly attested by the Secretary, setting forth the business to be transacted at the meeting hereinafter called " agenda ".

(*c*) The agenda shall include every matter which any member may desire to put to the meeting, provided that a copy of the motion thereon signed by such member and a seconder is delivered to the Secretary at the office of the Notified Area Committee, at least seven clear days before the date of the meeting.

(*d*) The notice and the agenda shall be despatched by the Secretary not less than three days before the time fixed for an ordinary meeting, and twenty-four hours before the time fixed for an urgent or a special meeting and shall be served on each member of the Committee.

3. Notice of an adjourned meeting shall be given by the Chairman on the spot, and it shall, as soon thereafter as possible, be sent to all members of the Notified Area Committee, who are absent :

Provided that it shall be lawful for the President or, in his absence, the Vice-President or the Secretary to alter, with due notice on the occasion of an emergency, the place, date or hour of such meeting.

4. All cases on the agenda of a meeting shall be made available in the Secretary's office (between office hours) for the inspection of the members immediately after the despatch of the agenda.

Quorum.

5. No business shall be transacted at any ordinary meeting of the Notified Area Committee unless at least half of the total number of members are present.

6. In the absence of a quorum the Chairman shall forthwith suspend the proceedings and adjourn the meeting, whether ordinary or special.

Conduct of proceedings and the adjournment of meetings.

7. Every meeting shall commence with a motion by the Chairman that the minutes of the previous meeting be confirmed. Such minutes shall ordinarily be taken as read, but if for any reason, they have not been previously circulated to the members they shall be read before they are taken into consideration. Any member, who was

present at the previous meeting, may object to the confirmation of the minutes by moving an amendment on the ground that any matter is not correctly recorded or expressed.

8. The Chairman shall decide all points of order or procedure and his decision shall be final. Whenever he rises, any member speaking shall resume his seat. The Chairman, after finishing his remarks, shall allow the member to finish his speech.

9. The items on the agenda shall be dealt with in their orders, provided that the Chairman, with the consent of the majority of the members present, may vary such order and may bring before the meeting any matter not included in the agenda.

10. (*a*) If more than one member rise to speak at the same time, the Chairman shall name the member who is to speak first.

(*b*) Members when speaking shall stand and address the Chairman and, except on a point of order or personal explanation, the member speaking shall not be interrupted by any member other than the Chairman.

(*c*) No written speeches shall be delivered.

11. So far as is possible and consistent with the matter under discussion, no member shall direct personal or objectionable remarks at any other member. For the purpose of this by-law the ruling of the Chairman shall be final.

12. A member desiring to raise a point of order or personal explanation, shall rise, and address the Chairman. The member speaking shall then give way and remain seated until the Chairman has decided the point raised ; provided that the Chairman may permit any other member, including the member called to order, to speak on the said point.

13. (*a*) If the meeting refuses to obey the ruling of the Chairman on any matter, he may adjourn it at once; and after he declares the meeting adjourned on this or any ground, the subsequent proceedings of the meeting or any residue thereof shall be void and shall not appear in the minutes.

(*b*) The Chairman, with the consent of the majority of members may adjourn the meeting at any stage.

14. The Chairman may, after calling the attention of the meeting to the conduct of a member, who persists in irrelevance or in tedious repetition of his own arguments or of the arguments used by other members, direct him to discontinue his speech.

15. The Chairman may direct any member, whose conduct is, in his opinion, grossly disorderly, to withdraw immediately from the meeting ; and, any member so ordered to withdraw, shall do so forthwith, and shall, unless recalled by the Chairman, absent himself during the remainder of the meeting. The Chairman may cause to be summarily removed any member who disobeys an order to withdraw under this by-law.

16. The Chairman may name an unruly member for report to Government for consideration under section 16 (1) (*e*) of the Act.

17. Every motion or resolution shall be read and, if seconded, shall be deemed to be before the meeting for discussion. The mover shall speak first in support of his motion then the seconder may speak or, if he desires, he may reserve his speech to a later period of the debate.

18. A member may speak only once to each motion, but the mover or seconder of a substantive motion or resolution may reply at the conclusion of the debate thereon; provided that the Chairman, at his discretion, may, at any time, allow a member, who has already spoken, to make a brief explanation.

19. (*a*) After a motion has been proposed and seconded, any member may propose an amendment thereto. An amendment which is not seconded falls through.

(*b*) Any number of amendments may be before the meeting at the same time but they shall be put to vote in the reverse order to that in which they were moved but amendments to an amendment shall always be taken immediately before the original amendment. After all the amendments have been disposed of, the resolution, as amended, shall be put to the vote.

20. (*a*) A member, who has already spoken on a substantive motion before the meeting, is not thereby debarred from speaking on an amendment to the motion ; provided that in so doing he confines himself strictly to the fresh matter introduced by the amendment.

(*b*) No motion or amendment shall be withdrawn except with the consent of the meeting.

21. Every motion, resolution or amendment, voted on, shall be put to the meeting both for and against.

Proviso :—Nothing in this and the following by-laws shall affect the provisions of the rules for the election of the President and Vice-President, in force for the time being.

22. Unless a poll is demanded by any member present at the meeting a declaration made at the meeting by the Chairman that a motion, resolution or amendment has been carried or lost, shall be a sufficient warrant for making an entry to that effect in the minutes. If a poll is demanded by any member present, it shall be taken by a show of hands and the result of such poll, as declared by the Chairman, shall be deemed to be the resolution of the Committee.

23. No decision of the committee shall be re-opened before the lapse of six months after it has been recorded, except in compliance with an order of the Punjab Government or of the Commissioner or the Deputy Commissioner, or, with the permission of the President in writing, or, on a requisition signed by two-thirds of members actually serving on the Committee.

24. Any officer of Government or other person, not being a member of the Committee, may, with the consent of the Chairman, address the meeting.

25. All meetings of the Committee shall be open to the reporters of the press and, with the consent of the Chairman, to the public ; provided that the reporters or the public or both shall withdraw if, at any time if so required by the Chairman.

26. Except as provided in by-law No. 24, no noise, expression of approval or disapproval, on the part of the public or reporters present shall be permitted.

27. The Chairman may cause to be summarily removed from the building in which a meeting is being held, any person not being a member of the Committee, who interrupts the business of the meeting or makes any noise or any expression of approval or disapproval or conduct himself in an unseemly manner.

28. (*a*) No member may inspect the papers relating to a matter in which he or either of his parents or any other member of his family has a direct or indirect pecuniary interest.

(*b*) Members of the sub-committees and members charged with the performance of any special duty may inspect the papers connected with their duties at the Secretary's office during office hours.

(*c*) Any other member may inspect documents and registers at the Secretary's office during office hours but he may, except in the case provided for in by-law No. 4, do so only with the permission in writing of the President or, in his absence, of the Vice-President.

(*d*) An application for permission to inspect under clause (*c*) shall be in writing and state the papers to be inspected and reasons for inspecting them. The President or Vice-President, as may be, may refuse permission if the reasons given are, in his opinion, insufficient. In the case of refusal, if the applicant so desires, his application, with remarks of refusal, shall be laid before the next meeting of the Committee.

Priviso :—Nothing in this by-law shall be deemed to deprive any person of a right to inspect a document under any law other than the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911.

The custody of the common seal and its use.

29. The common seal shall remain in the custody of the Secretary of the Committee and, in the absence of the Secretary, in that of the President, and shall be affixed to the following documents :—

(1) all deeds of sale or purchase and plans whether relating to movable or immovable property executed by or on behalf of the Committee ;

(2) all written contracts and deeds entered into and leases given by the Committee ;

(3) all copies of the Committee's orders granted on behalf of the Committee ;

(4) all notices and permits issued by the Committee, the President, the Vice-President or the Secretary, under the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, or rules thereunder ;

(5) all copies of the Committee's records supplied to the applicants ;

(6 all notices of meetings issued under by-law 2 of these by-laws ;

(7) all bills and receipts for the recovery of taxes, rents and other dues and cheques; and

(8) any other documents or class of documents on which the Committee or the President may direct that the common seal shall be affixed.

General rules (powers of the President).

30. The President is the Chief Executive Officer of the Notified Area Committee. All reports of the Sub-Committees or of the members shall be addressed to him for disposal.

31. The President is authorised to sanction payment of :—

(a) the fixed salaries of all sanctioned establishment of the Committee;

(b) all sanctioned grants-in-aid, scholarships, and ordinary contingent charges;

(c) all sanctioned payments due from the Committee; and

(d) all bills of the contractors for public works when they have been checked passed and recommended by the Secretary for sanction.

32. The President may order the expenditure of any sum not exceeding Rs. 25 in any case at a time; provided that the Committee is informed of such expenditure at its next meeting.

33. The President may order the sale of dead and live stock and the moveable property of the Committee and sanction the sale-proceeds therefrom up to Rs. 50 subject to confirmation by the Committee.

34. The President may grant one month's leave to any officer or servant of the Committee without reference to the Committee. Any leave exceeding one month sanctioned by him shall require the approval of the Committee.

35. The President shall have the power to make necessary arrangements in case of leave granted by him under by-law 34 above.

36. The President may suspend any servant of the Committee for misconduct or neglect of duty but he shall bring the fact of his having done so to the notice of the Committee at the next meeting where a decision shall be arrived at as to whether the officer be reinstated or dismissed. For dismissal the procedure laid down in Punjab Government notification No. 13509, dated the 29th of April, 1927, as amended from time to time, shall have to be followed.

37. The President may sanction all appointments carrying a pay of Rs. 15 per mensem or less without reference to the Committee and may dismiss any servant so appointed for misconduct or neglect of duty, or any other fault subject to an appeal to the Committee.

38. The President shall exercise general control over all the Notified Area Committee's establishment and shall receive all reports, etc., concerning them. He is authorized to impose a fine of Rs. 5 or less on any servant of the Committee for misconduct or neglect of duty or for any other fault.

39. The President shall exefcise a general control on behalf of the Notified Area Committee under section 39 (for the appointment of servants whose pay does not exceed Rs. 15 per mensem), 109 (1), 110, 117, 118 and 122, of the Punjab Municipal Act of 1911, and, in cases of necessity shall take such steps as he may deem fit. The President can take necessary action with regard to such servants and under these sections in anticipation of the Notified Area Committee's sanction, but action taken by him must be reported to the Committee at the next meeting for approval.

40. In any case of an emergency when the President is absent from the Notified Area, the Vice-President may exercise all the powers of the President as described in by-laws 30 to 35, both inclusive.

Duties and powers of the Secretary [section 31 (1) (g)].

41. The Secretary shall be responsible for the punctual submission of accounts, returns, budget and of the whole of the office work. He shall be responsible that no Notified Area Committee's money is drawn and expended without sanction.

42. The Secretary shall be responsible to see that pay bills are properly drawn and checked under his control.

43. (a) The Secretary shall disburse all money which is due from the Committee.

(b) All receipts for cash received on behalf of the Committee shall be granted by the Secretary.

44. The Secretary shall be the executive officer of the Committee and shall discharge his duties subject to the control of the Committee and the President.

45. He shall, unless the President or the Chairman dispenses with his presence, attend every meeting of the Committee. Unless he is a member of the Committee he shall not address the meeting but, with the Chairman's permission, he may explain any matter to the meeting.

46. He shall maintain the minutes of the proceedings of all meetings and sign them before laying them before the Chairman for signature. He shall be responsible for the prompt submission, within three days, of a copy of the minutes to the Deputy Commissioner.

47. The Secretary shall make rounds in the Notified Area, to see sanitation and to check repairs. He shall also see all original works and repairs done to the Committee's properties and shall also supervise lighting arrangements.

48. The whole of the Committee's establishment shall be under the direct control of the Secretary subject to the orders of the Committee and the President. He shall have the power to grant three days casual leave to any employee of the Committee.

49. He shall receive all tenders called for or made to the Committee and shall open them in the presence of the President or, in his absence in the presence of the Vice-President.

50. He shall sign notices, processes, sanctions and permits issued on behalf of the Committee.

51. The Secretary may incur any contingent expenditure not exceeding to Rs. 2 in any one case at a time subject to the budget provision, but he shall report such expenditure to the next meeting of the Committee.

52. The Secretary shall have the power under section 228 of the Punjab Municipal Act, of 1911, to appear on behalf of the Committee in any court of law or before any Government officer and to prosecute on its behalf any offender against the said Act, and the rules and the by-laws made thereunder, unless otherwise provided.

The appointment, duties, suspension and removal of its servants and officers.

53. All applications for leave shall be attested by the superior officer of the applicant.

54. All transfers of the Committee's employees within the Notified Area, whose pay is not more than Rs. 15 per mensem shall be made by the President.

55. Leave for any period shall be granted in accordance with the rules prescribed in the Fundamental Rules and all such applications for such leave must be submitted in writing through the Secretary for the orders of the President, the Vice-President or, the Committee as the case may be.

The terms for which a Vice-President shall hold office.

56. A Vice-President shall hold office for one year except when he fills a vacancy caused by death, resignation or removal in which case, he shall hold office only for the unexpired period of his predecessor.

Appeal from executive orders.

57. An appeal against an executive order passed by the President, the Vice-President or the Secretary can be made to the Committee.

58. No appeal shall be heard unless it is filed within 30 days of the date of the order against which it is preferred or the date of its legal service on the appellant, and unless it is accompanied by a certified copy of such order.

59. In computing the period of limitation prescribed for an appeal in by-law 58 above, the time requisite for obtaining a copy of the order shall be excluded.

60. A copy of any resolution passed by the Committee or of any entry in a register of births and deaths maintained by the Committee or, with the approval of the President, or under his control by the Vice-President, or of any executive order passed by any other officer or servant of the Committee, shall be supplied to any person who applies for such copy to the Secretary and pays a fee for such copy on the scale prescribed by Government for the copies of judicial and revenue records, but the President or the Vice-President may refuse to supply a copy of any of the documents mentioned above if in his opinion, it is not in the interest of the Committee to supply it.

61. The rules in force for the supply of copies of judicial and revenue records shall apply generally to the supply of copies of the Committee's records. The Secretary shall attest such copies as true copies.

62. A member may subject to the conditions contained in by-law 28, inspect the Notified Area records in the Secretary's office during office hours and no record of the Committee shall be sent to any member's house except when it is to be submitted to him for opinion, report or execution of any work by the orders of the Committee, the President or the Vice-President.

63. (*a*) The Committee's documents of records may be inspected by the public with the permission of the President, the Vice-President or the Secretary on previous payment of rupee one for the first hour and annas eight for each of the subsequent hours.

(*b*) When urgent inspection is demanded, one rupee shall be paid in addition to the inspection fee prescribed in (*a*) above.

64. Every cheque shall be signed by the Secretary in addition to the President or in his absence by the Vice-President and a member.

65. The office of the Notified Area Committee, Buria, shall remain closed on holidays declared by the Punjab Government for the office of the Deputy Commissioner and also for local festivals with the permission of the President.

J. W. HEARN,

Commissioner, Ambala Division.

Boards.

The 8th March, 1940.

No. 119-L.F.B.—*Corrigendum.*—In Commissioner's notification No. C.-J.-3618-A., dated the 20th July, 1936, against serial No. 3 Narwana, Anwari Zails, *for* " Rai Sahib Lala Moti Lal Kaistha, Bar.-at-Law Dharamsala, re-elected " *substitute* " Rai Sahib Lala Moti Lal Kaistha, Bar.-at-Law, Nagrota Bagwan, re-elected ".

Panchayats.

The 6th March, 1940.

No. 117-L. F. B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Daulat Pura Niwan in the Moga tahsil of the Ferozepore district to be a village to be known by the name of Daulat Pura Niwan for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 117-A.-L. F. B.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, by virtue of the powers delegated to him in the Punjab Government notificationl No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Daulat Pura Niwan declared by notification No. 117-L. F. B., dated 6th March, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Ferozepore district to the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. 118-L.F.B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Dohak in the Muktsar tahsil of the Ferozepore district to be a village to be known by the name of Dohak for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 118-A.-L. F. B.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, by virtue of the powers delegated to him in the Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Dohak declared by notification No. 118-L. F. B., dated 6th March, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Ferozepore district, to the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village..

The 8th March, 1940.

No. 120-L.F.B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the Commissioner, Jullundur division, is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Jamiatpura, Dheru and Ratta Khera in the Ferozepore tahsil of the Ferozepore district to be a village to be known by the name of Jamiatpura, Dheru for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 120-A-L.F.B.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Jullundur division, by virtue of the powers delegated to him in the Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Jamiatpura Dheru declared by notification No. 120-L.F.B., dated 8th March, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Ferozepore district, to the Commissioner, Jullundur division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. 121-L.F.B.—In exercise of powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the Commissioner, Jullundur division, is pleased to declare the revenue estate of Sultan Khan Wala Kada Bura, Kulghari, in the Ferozepore tahsil of the Ferozepore district to be a village to be known by the name of Sultan Khan Wala for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 121-A. L.F.B.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Jullundur division, by virtue of the powers delegated to him in the Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Sultan Khan Wala declared by notification No. 121-L.F.B., dated 8th March, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal to establish a panchayat in the village may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Ferozepore district, to the Commissioner, Jullundur division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

General (Gurdwaras).

The 1st/4th March, 1940.

No. 114-L.F.B.—It is hereby notified that the candidate named in column 3 of the schedule below has been nominated by the Shiromani Gurdwara Parbandhak Committee, Amritsar, under section 96 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, to be a member of the committee constituted under the provisions of the Act, for the Gurdwara specified in column 2 of the schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No. as entered in schedule I of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, as subsequently amended.	Name of Gurdwara.	Name and address of the member nominated.	Constituency in schedule I of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, as subsequently amended.
1	2	3	4
175 ..	Gurdwara Gurusar Madhoke.	Sant Prem Singh, son of S. Suba Singh, village and Post Office Badhni Kalan, District Ferozepore, *vice* S. Kartar Singh, resigned.	Revenue estate of Madhoke.

The 4th March, 1940.

No. 116-L.F.B.—It is hereby notified in accordance with the provisions of subsection (3) of section 88 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, that the persons named in column 3 of the schedule below have been duly nominated by the Shiromani Gurdwara Parbandhak Committee, Amritsar, under the provisions of section 87 of the Act, as the 5th member of the committees for gurdwaras specified in column 2 of the schedule and that the committees have been duly constituted :—

SCHEDULE.

No. and date of the notification declaring the Gurdwara under section 9/17 of the Act.	Name of Gurdwaras.	Names and addresses of the members nominated.	Constituency for election of committees of management.
1	2	3	4
200-G., dated the 10th August, 1931.	Panchaiti Dharamsala.	S. Narain Singh, son of S. Sobha Singh, village Phallewal, District Ludhiana.	Revenue estate of Kalak, Thasil Ludhiana.
15-G., dated the 12th March, 1937.	Dharamsala ..	S. Bhag Singh, son of Bhai Beru, village Baich, Tahsil Dasuya.	Revenue estate of Baich, Tahsil Dasuya, District Hoshiarpur.
1285-G., dated the 14th April, 1931.	Dharamsala Babi Bagha Singh.	S. Waryam Singh, son of S. Chanda Singh, village Pindori Nijran, Post Office Adampur, District Jullundur.	Revenue estate of Pindori Nijran, Tahsil and District Jullundur.

The 8th March, 1940.

No. 123-L. F. B.—It is hereby notified that the candidates named in column 3 of the schedule below have been elected by the constituency mentioned in column 4 of the schedule to be members of the committee constituted under the provisions of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, for

Gurdwaras specified in column 2 of the schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

No. and date of the notification declaring the Gurdwara to be a Sikh Gurdwara under section 9/17 of the Act.	Name of Gurdwara.	Names and addresses of candidates elected.	Constituency for election of committee of management.
1	2	3	4
33-G., dated the 21st August, 1936.	Baba Sang Sahib ..	1. Sardar Shiv Singh, son of Sardar Chanda Singh, Jat Sikh, V. and B. O. Dhesian Sang. 2. Beant Singh, son of Budh Singh, Jat Sikh, V. and B. O. Rurka Kalan. 3. Kesar Singh, son of Gujar Singh, Jat Sikh, V. and B. O. Dhesian Sang. 4. Lal Singh, son of Harnam Singh, Ramgarhia Sikh, V. and B. O. Dhesian Sang.	Zails of Dhesian, Rurka and Sargondhi in tahsil Phillaur.

The 9th March, 1940.

No. 122-L. F. B.—It is hereby notified that the candidates named in column 3 of the schedule below have been elected by the constituency mentioned in column 4 of the schedule to be members of the committee to be constituted under the provisions of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, for the Gurdwara specified in column 2 of the schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No. as entered in schedule 1 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, as subsequently amended.	Name of Gurdwara.	Names and addresses of the candidates elected.	Constituency in schedule 1 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, as subsequently amended.
1	2	3	4
151 .. 152 ..	Charan Kanwal .. Gurplah.	1. Dr. Bhagat Singh, son of Maluk Singh, Jat, Medical Practitioner, Banga. 2. Surjan Singh, son of Ram Singh, Jat, of Banga. 3. Amar Singh, son of Dasondha Singh, Jat, of Banga. 4. Bawa Singh, son of Nihal Singh, Jat, of village Jindwal, Police Station Banga.	Revenue estates of Banga, Jindwal, Sotran and Thandian.

E. SHEEPSHANKS,

Commissioner, Jullundur Division.

Boards.

The 12th March, 1940.

No. C/II/1/50.—In accordance with the provisions of subsection (1) of section 15 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, it is hereby notified that Sardar Nand Singh of Luliani has been elected a member of the District Board of Lahore for the Luliani Circle of the Kasur Tahsil in the Lahore Dictrict, *vice* Sardar Wasakha Singh, deceased.

ALAN MITCHELL,

Commissioner, Lahore Division.

Panchayats.

The 5th March, 1940.

No. O.-XIV-R.-82/200.—With reference to notification No. O.-XIV-R.-82/28, dated the 8th February, 1938, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated 1st February, 1933 and 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate situated in the Rawalpindi district and included in the area declared by notification No. O.-XIV-R.-82/27, dated the 4th March, 1938, to be a village of Kahli Khingar for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said panchayat shall consist of 3 panches; that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-R.-100/201.—With reference to notification No. O.-XIV-R.-100/64, dated the 8th February, 1938, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated the 1st February, 1933 and 28th February, 1936, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estates situated in the Rawalpindi district and included in the area declared by notification No. O.-XIV-R.-100/63, dated the 8th February, 1938, to be a village of Bahair Kalial for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said panchayat shall consist of 4 panches; that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26 respectively, of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-R.-100/202.—With reference to notification No. O.-XIV-R.-103/71, dated the 8th February, 1938, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated 1st February, 1933 and 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estates situated in the Rawalpindi district and included in the area declared by notification No. O.-XIV-R.-103/70, dated the 8th February, 1938, to be a village of Miana Mohra, for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said panchayat shall consist of 5 panches; that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-R.-107/203.—With reference to notification No. O.-XIV-R.-107/78, dated the 8th February, 1938, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914, and 6986, dated 1st February, 1933, and 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estates situated in the Rawalpindi district and included in the area declared by notification No. O.-XIV-R. 107/77, dated the 8th February, 1938, to be a village of Arazi Chuhr Mal for the purposes of the said Act and to declare that the said panchayat shall consist of 4 panches; that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-G.-70/204.—With reference to notification No. O.-XIV-G.-70/182, dated the 3rd October, 1939, and in exercise of powers

conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated the 1st February, 1933, and 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate situated in the Gujrat district and included in the area declared by notification No. O.-XIV-G.-70/181, dated 3rd October, 1939, to be a village of Sohawa Bulani for the purposes of the said Act and to declare that the said panchayat shall consist of 4 panches; that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-G.-72/205.—With reference to notification No. O.-XIV-G.-72/186, dated the 3rd October, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated 1st February, 1933 and 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate situated in Gujrat district and included in the area declared by notification No. O.-XIV-G.-72/185, dated 3rd October, 1939, to be the village of Sohawa Diluana for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said panchayat shall consist of 4 panches; that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-G.-73/206.—With reference to notification No. O.-XIV-G.-73/188, dated the 3rd October, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated 1st February, 1933 and 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate situated in Gujrat district and included in the area declared by notification No. O.-XIV-G.-73/187, dated 3rd October, 1939, to be the village of Sohawa Jamlani for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said panchayat shall consist of 4 panches; that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-G.-75/207.—With reference to notification No. O.-XIV-G.-75/192, dated the 3rd October, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated 1st February, 1933 and 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate situated in the Gujrat district and included in the area declared by notification No. O.-XIV-G.-75/191, dated 3rd October, 1939, to be a village of Madhre for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said panchayat shall consist of 4 panches; that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicail powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-G.-76/208.—With reference to notification No. O.-XIV-G.-76/194, dated the 3rd October, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications No. 2914 and 6986, dated 1st February, 1933 and 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate situated in the Gujrat district and included in the area declared by notification No. O.-XIV-G.-76/193, dated 3rd October, 1939, to be a village of Rattowal for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said panchayat

shall consist of 4 panches; that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-G.-80/209.—With reference to notification No. O.-XIV-G.-80/202, dated the 3rd October, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated 1st February, 1933, and 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate, situated in Gujrat district and included in the area declared by notification No. O.-XIV G.-80/201, dated 3rd October, 1939, to be the village of Tibbi Dariani for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said panchayat shall consist of 3 panches; that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-S.-25/210.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the revenue estate specified in column 3 of the schedule below, and situated in the Shahpur tahsil of the Shahpur district is hereby declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column No. 2:—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the panchayat village is comprised.
1	Chak No. 88-N. B. ..	Chak No. 88-N. B.

No. O.-XIV-S.-25/211.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Chak No. 88-N. B., declared by notification No O.-XIV.-S-25/210, dated 5th March, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Shahpur district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV.-S.-26/212.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 29.4, dated the 1st February, 1933, the revenue estate specified in column 3 of the schedule below, and situated in the Sargodha tahsil of the Shahpur district, is hereby declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given

in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Chak No. 42-S. B. ..	Chak No. 42-S. B.

No. O.-XIV-S.-26/213.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, it is hereby notified, that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Chak No. 42-S. B., declared by notification No. O.-XIV-S.-26/212, dated 5th March, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Shahpur district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-S.-27/214.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the revenue estate specified in column 3 of the schedule below, and situated in the Sargodha tahsil of the Shahpur district, is hereby declared to be a village, to be known for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Chak No. 52-S. B. ..	Chak No. 52-S. B.

No. O.-XIV-S.-27/215.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Chak No. 52-S. B., declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-S.-27/214, dated 5th March, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Shahpur district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-S.-28/216.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933,

the revenue estate specified in column 3 of the schedule below, and situated in the Sargodha tahsil of the Shahpur district, is hereby declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Chak No. 53- S. B. .	Chak No. 53-S. B.

No. O.-XIV-S.-28/217.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Chak No. 53-S. B., declared by notification No. O.-XIV-S.-28/216, dated 5th March, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Shahpur district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV.-S.-29/218. –In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the revenue estate specified in column 3 of the schedule below, and situated in the Sargodha tahsil of the Shahpur district is hereby declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Chak No. 54-S.B.	1. Chak No. 54-S.B.

No. O.-XIV.S.-29/219.—In pursuance of the provisions of the sub-section (1, of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Chak No. 54-S.B., declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-S.-29/218, dated 5th March, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a Panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Shahpur district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-S.-30/220.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab

Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the revenue estate specified in column 3 of the schedule below, and situated in the Sargodha tahsil of the Shahpur district, is hereby declared to be a village, to be known for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column 2;—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the panchayat village is comprised.
1	Chak No. 38-S.B. ..	Chak No. 38-S.B.

No. O.-XIV.-S.-30/221.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, it is hereby notified, that it is proposed to establish a Panchayat in the village of Chak No. 38-S.B., declared by notification No. O.-XIV-S.-30/220, dated 5th March, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Shahpur district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV.-S.-31/222.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the revenue estates specified in column 3 of the schedule below, and situated in the Shahpur tahsil of the Shahpur district, are hereby declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Names of estates within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Naushehra ..	1. Naushehra. 2. Thatta Muhd Panah.

No. O.-XIV.-S.-31/223.—In pursuance of the provisions of the sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, it is herby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Naushehra, declared by notification No. O.-XIV-S.-31/222, dated 5th March, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Shahpur district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

P. MARSDEN,

Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division,

Committees.

The 6th March, 1940.

No. 94.—In accordance with the provisions of section 15 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that in exercise of the powers delegated to Commissioners of divisions, under section 32 of the said Act, by Punjab Government notification No. 4, dated the 3rd January, 1912, the Commissioner of the Multan division, hereby accepts the resignation of Qazi Qasim Ali, Pleader, from membership of the Municipal Committee of Rajanpur, in the Dera Ghazi Khan district.

Notified Areas.

The 11th March, 1940.

No. 95.—In accordance with the provisions of clause (*d*) of sub-section (1) of section 242 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, and under the powers delegated to the Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 4, dated the 3rd January, 1912, it is hereby notified, that Sardar Nasib Singh, son of Sardar Narinder Singh, Arhti of Chichawatni, is appointed as a member of the Notified Area Committee of Chichawatni, in the Montgomery district.

C. V. SALUSBURY,

Commissioner, Multan Division.

2550 CS—1,120—15.3.40—SGPP Lahore.

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PART I—B.

Notifications by Commissioners.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Boards.

The 12th March, 1940.

No. 124-L. F. B.—In accordance with the provisions of section 15 (1) of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, it is hereby notified that the following persons have been elected members of the District Board, Kangra, *vice* Chaudhri Surjan Singh, deceased, and Mian Punjab Singh, resigned :—

Tahsil.	*No. and Name of circle.*	*Name and residence of the elected members.*
Dehra	17 Guler Jagir Zail.	Chaudhri Panchhi of Mangwal, Dakhli Bachohlar.
Nurpur	9 Fatehpur Khairian Zails.	Mian Punjab Singh, Zaildar, Fatehpur, (re-elected).

The 14th March, 1940.

No. 128-L. F. C.—In accordance with the provisions of subsection (1) of section 15 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, it is hereby notified that S. Mastan Singh of village Nighi has been elected a member of the Hoshiarpur District Board, for the Balachaur constituency, ***vice*** Sardar Bahadur Honorary Captain Narain Singh, deceased.

Committees.

The 13th March, 1940.

No. 125-L. F. B.—In accordance with the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, III of 1911, it is hereby notified that the following persons have been elected members of the Municipal Committee of Moga, in the Ferozepore district :—

Ward No.	*Class I—Hindus and others.*
1.	Lala Raja Ram.
2.	Lala Banwari Lal.
3.	Lala Lekh Raj.
4.	Lala Chandoo Lal, re-elected.
5.	Lala Lal Chand.
6.	Lala Milkh Raj.
	Class II—Sikhs.
1.	Sardar Kartar Singh.
2.	Sardar Basant Singh, re-elected.
3.	Sardar Rattan Singh, re-elected.
4.	Dr. Gursewak Singh, M.B.B.S,
	Class III—Muslims.
1.	Sheikh Abdur Rahim, re-elected.
2.	Sheikh Mohd. Abdul Alim.
3.	Sheikh Inayat Ullah, re-elected.

No. 126-L. F. B.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the following persons have been appointed members of the Municipal Committee of Moga in the Ferozepore district :—

1. Mr. S. K. Roy.
2. Captain Hira Singh Brar.
3. S. Mohammad Latif Ansari.

Panchayats.

The 14th March, 1940.

No. 129-L. F. C.—With reference to Commissioner, Jullundur division's notification No. 59-L. F. B., dated the 13th October, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated the 1st February, 1933, and 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Jullundur division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate of Budala in the Jullundur tahsil of the Jullundur district, which was declared by him in his notification No. 58-L. F. B., dated the 13th October, 1939, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said panchayat shall consist of three panches, shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 (*b*) and shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

General (Gurdwaras).

The 14th March, 1940.

No. 127-L. F. C.—It is hereby notified in accordance with the provisions of subsection (3) of section 88 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, that the persons named in column 3 of the schedule below have been duly nominated by the Shiromani Gurdwara Parbandhak Committee, Amritsar, under the provisions of section 87 of the Act, as the 5th members of the committees for the gurdwaras specified in column 2 of the schedule and that the committees have been duly consti-

tuted :—

SCHEDULE.

No. and date of the notification declaring the Gurdwara under sections 9/17 of the Act.	Name of Gurdwara.	Names and addresses of the the members nominated.	Constituency for election of committee of management.
1	2	3	4
75-G., dated the 17th May, 1935.	Dharamsala Guru Granth Sahib.	Giani Babu Singh, son of S. Hakam Singh, Village Masit Palkot, Post Office Garhdiwala, District Hoshiarpur.	Revenue estate of Masit Palkot, Tahsil Dasuya, District Hoshiarpur.
116-G., dated the 30th August, 1935.	Dharamsala Premgarh	S. Partap Singh, B.A., son of S. Mul Singh, Guru Nanak Nagar, Hoshiarpur.	Revenue estate of Premgarh, Tahsil and District Hoshiarpur.

E. SHEEPSHANKS,

Commissioner Jullundur, Division.

Committees.

The 19th March, 1940.

No. A/II/18/II/51.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the following persons have been elected members of the Municipal Committee of Pasrur, in the Sialkot District :—

Serial No.	*Name.*	*Ward No.*
1	M. Habib Ullah	1
2	Chaudhri Mohammad Iqbal	2
3	Chaudhri Mohammad Ibrahim	3
4	Haji Mohammad Yusaf	4
5.	M. Mohammad Shafi	5
6	Captain Sardar Kartar Singh	6

No. A/II/18/II/52.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the following persons have been appointed members of the Municipal Committee of Pasrur, in the Sialkot District ;—

(1) Sheikh Mohammad Nawaz Khan, retired District Inspector of Schools.

(2) Lala Rallia Ram, B.A., LL.B., Pleader, President, Bar Association, Pasrur.

ALAN MITCHELL,

Commissioner, Lahore Division.

Committees.

The 13th March, 1940.

No. A.-II-4/224.—In accordance with the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the following person is appointed under section 12 of the said Act, as a member of the municipal committee of Pindigheb in the Attock district :—

Sardar Aulia Khan.

No. A.-II-58/225.—In accordance with the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the Sub-Divisional Officer, Chakwal, has been elected under subsection (1) of section 20 of the said Act, President of the Municipal Committee, Chakwal, in the Jhelum district.

General (Gurdwaras).

The 13th March, 1940.

No. O.-XIII.-21/226.—In continuation of notification No. O.-XIII-16 170, dated the 9th September, 1939, it it is hereby notified in accordance with the provisions of subsection (3) of section 88 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925 that the person named in column 3 of the schedule below has been duly nominated by the Shiromani Gurdwara Parbandhak Committee, Amritsar, under the provisions of section 87 of the Act, as the fifth member of the Committee for the Gurdwara specified in column 2 of the schedule and that the Committee has been duly constituted :—

SCHEDULE.

No. and date of notification declaring the Gurdwara to be a Sikh Gurdwara under section 9/17 of the Act.	Name of Gurdwara.	Name and address of the nominated member.
1	2	3
216-G., dated 22nd November, 1935.	Gurdwara Bhai Bhag Singh, Kuri, Tahsil and District Rawalpindi.	S. Harbir Singh, son of S. Jagat Singh, Kuri, Tahsil Rawalpindi.

P. MARSDEN,

Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division.

Boards.

The 15th March, 1940.

No. 14097-L.F.—In accordance with the provisions of section 11 of the District Boards Act, 1883, it is hereby notified that the following persons have been elected members of the District Board of Montgomery District :—

Tahsil.	Serial No.	Name of circle.	Name of person elected.
Montgomery ...	1	Pind Rasul ...	Malik Jahangir Khan.
	2	Makoani ...	Malik Bahawal Khan.
	3	Sherwala ...	Sardar Nur Muhammad.
	4	hichawatni ...	Mehr Haitam.
	5	Dad Fatiana ..	Mehr Nur Muhammad.
	6	Ballewala ...	Baba Harbans Singh Bedi.
	7	Khunda ...	Chowdry Abdul Karim.
	8	Mirshank ..	Mian Ahmad Khan.
	9	Nur Shah ...	Pir Abdullah Shah.
Okara ...	10	Renala Khurd ...	Captain Sardar Amar Singh.
	11	Mari Din Salah ..	Sayyid Hasan Ali Shah.
	12	Kaman ...	Mian Said.
	13	Mirak ...	Mian Umra.
	14	Gugera ..	Mian Nur Muhammad.
	15	Akbar ...	Mian Wali Muhammad.
	16	Shahbore ...	Mehr Naurang.
Dipalpur ...	17	Dipalpur ...	Chaudri Harkishen Lal.
	18	Haveli —	Sardar Lajindar Singh.
	19	Bujra ...	Lala Daulat Ram.
	20	Dograi ...	Chaudri Ghulam Mohy-ud-din.
	21	Kueke Bahawal ...	Chaudhri Ahmad Yar Khan.
Pakpattan ...	22	Jamlera ...	Honorary Captain Sherbaz Khan.
	23	Tibbi Lal Beg ...	Sardar Sher Singh.
	24	Makara ...	Sheikh Abdul Ghani.
	25	Kumbariwala ...	Mian Khuda Yar Khan.
	26	Pakpattan ...	Lala Bashesbar Nath.
	27	Kaliana ...	Sardar Bahadur Sir Datar Singh.

Small Towns.

The 16th March, 1940.

No. 96.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following general order made by the Town Committee of Vehoa, in the Dera Ghazi Khan district, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*p*) of section 35 of the said Act, and sanctioned by the Commissioner of the Multan Division, as required by subsection (1) of section 36 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force from the date of this notification :—

GENERAL ORDER.

1. No person shall sell vegetable ghee or articles made thereof within the town limits except in premises licensed by the town committee in this behalf.

2. Vegetable ghee shall not be sold mixed with ordinary ghee.

3. Licences for premises for the sale of vegetable ghee or articles made thereof shall be issued by the President of the Committee in form " A " appended to this General Order to persons applying for them subject to the conditions laid down in that form.

4. Such fee as may be imposed by the Committee from time to time under section 41 (1) (*d*) of the Punjab Small Towns Act, with the approval of the Commissioner, shall be charged for each licence.

5. Licences issued shall be current for not more than twelve months and shall in any case terminate on the 31st of March, immediately succeeding the date of issue.

Form A.

TOWN COMMITTEE, VEHOA.

Licences for premises for the sale of vegetable ghee or articles made thereof issued under clause 3 of the General Order published with notification No. 96, dated the 16th March, 1940, issued by the Commissioner of the Multan Division.

The premises of which a description is given in the attached schedule situated in (name of street, ward etc.), are hereby licensed for the sale of vegetable ghee or articles made thereof.

The licence is granted to the owner/occupier of the said premises on the following conditions :—

(1) That he shall not sell natural ghee or articles made thereof in the licensed premises.

(2) That he shall put a sign board in a conspicuous position in front of the licensed premises with the following words printed thereon in bold type in English, Urdu and Hindi script :—

(3) "ONLY VEGETABLE GHEE OR ARTICLES MADE THEREOF ARE SOLD, HERE ".

(3) That the licensed premises shall be open to inspection by the member or members of the town committee specially appointed for the purpose.

C. V. SALUSBURY,

Commissioner, Multan Division.

2612 CS—1,120—20-3-40—SGPP Lahore.

Registered No. L. 864.

The Government Gazette, Punjab.

Published by Authority.

No. 13. LAHORE, FRIDAY, MARCH 29, 1940.

PART I—B.

Notifications by Commissioners.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Committees.

The 20th March, 1940.

No. 85.—In accordance with the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the Tahsildar, Thanesar, has been re-elected under section 20 of the said Act, as President of the Municipal Committee, Thanesar, in the Karnal district.

General (Gurdwaras).

The 15th March, 1940.

No. 2-G.—In continuation of notification No. 7-G., dated the 31st March, 1939, by the Commissioner, Ambala Division, it is hereby notified for general information that the person named in the schedule below has been declared elected as a member of the Committee of Management of the Gurdwara specified in the schedule, *vice* S. Ram Singh, deceased :—

SCHEDULE.

Name of the Gurdwara.	Name and address of the elected member.
Gurdwara Jagadhri, No. 228 of schedule 1 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act situated at Jagadhri, district Ambala.	Tek Singh, son of Mani Singh, Khatrih, Sikh of Jagadhri.

J. W. HEARN,
Commissioner, Ambala Division.

Committees.

The 21st March, 1940.

No. 131-L. F. B.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the following person has been elected as a member of the Municipal Committee of Jullundur in the Jullundur district :—

No. and name of ward.	*Name of person elected.*
1. Kot Kishan Chand. ..	Lala Davindar Lal, son of Lala Harkishan Lal, Pleader, Jullundur City, *vice* Lala Naubat Rai, deceased.

Panchayats.

The 21st March, 1940.

No. 132-L. F. B.—Commissioner, Jullundur Division's notifications Nos. 136-L. F. B. and 137-L. F. B., dated the 30th November, 1939, relating to the establishment of a panchayat at village Daroli Kalan in the Jullundur tahsil are hereby cancelled.

General (Gurdwaras).

The 20th March, 1940.

No. 130-L. F. B.—It is hereby notified in accordance with the provisions of subsection (3) of section 88 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, that the person named in column 3 of the schedule below has been duly nominated by the Shiromani Gurdwara Parbandhak Committee, Amritsar, under the provisions of section 87 of the Act, as the 5th member of the committee for the gurdwara specified in column 2 of the schedule and that the Committee has been duly constituted :—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No. as entered in schedule I of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act 1925, as subsequently amended.	Name of Gurdwara.	Name and address of the candidate elected	Constituency in schedule I of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, as subsequently amended.
1	2	3	4
158 ..	Charan Kanwal ...	S. Bachan Singh, son of S. Ram Singh, village Seh, Post Office Sarwar Pura, District Ludhiana.	Tahsil of Samrala, District Ludhiana.
162 ..	Jhar Sahib.		

E. SHEEPSHANKS,

Commissioner, Jullundur Division.

Small Towns.

The 22nd March, 1940.

No. A.-XIV-32/227.—In pursuance of subsection (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following amendment made by the Town Committee of Lalamusa, in the Gujrat District, to the General Order published with notification No. 116-A.-XIV-61, dated 9th October, 1934, of the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, as amended by his notification No. A.-XIV-32-140, dated the 7th July, 1939, having been sanctioned by the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, as required by subsection (1) of

section 36 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force from the date of publication of the notification :—

AMENDMENT.

After clause 18 the following clause should be added as No. 19 :—

19. No animal shall be slaughtered at any place other than the slaughter house, provided by the Town Committee, Lalamusa, except, with the permission of the Committee in the case of necessity, or for a religious purpose.

P. MARSDEN,

Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division.

Small Towns.

The 22nd March, 1940.

No. 97.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following general order made by the Town Committee of Lalian in the Jhang district in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*n*) of section 35 of the said Act, and sanctioned by the Commissioner, Multan division, as required by subsection (1) of section 36 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force from the date of the publication of this notification :—

GENERAL ORDER.

1. The town committee may, by special order require the owner of any building or land to provide, move, or remove any drain, privy, latrine, urinal, cesspool or other receptacle for filth or refuse, or, provide any additional drains, privies, latrines, urinals, cesspools, or other receptacles as aforesaid which should in its opinion be provided for the building or land, in such manner and of such pattern as the committee may direct. Moreover, the town committee may, by special order, require the owner or occupier of any building or land to have any privy, latrine or urinal provided for the same shut of by a sufficient roof and wall or fence from the view of persons passing by or dwelling in the neighbourhood or to remove or alter, as the committee may direct, any door or trap door of a privy, latrine or urinal opening into any street or drain.

2. The town committee, may, by special order, require the owner or occupier of any building or land to repair, alter or put in good order any drain, privy, latrine, urinal, cesspool, or receptacle for any filth or refuse or to close any drain, privy, latrine, urinal or cesspool belonging thereto.

3. The town committee may, by special order, require any person who may construct any new drain, privy, latrine, urinal, cesspool or receptacle for filth or refuse without its permission in writing or contrary to its directions, or who may construct, rebuild or open any drain, privy, latrine, urinal, cesspool or receptacle for filth or refuse which it has ordered to be demolished or stopped or not to be made, to demolish the drain, privy, latrine, urinal, cesspool or receptacle, or to make such alteration therein as it may think fit.

C. V. SALUSBURY,

Commissioner, Multan Division.

2667 CS—1,121—28-3-40—SGPP Lahore.

Registered No. L. 881.

The Government Gazette, Punjab.

Published by Authority.

No. 14. LAHORE, FRIDAY, APRIL 5, 1940.

PART I—B.

Notifications by Commissioners.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Committees.

The 28th March, 1940.

No. 87.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the Tahsildar, Jhajjar, has, under subsection (1) of section 20 of the said Act, been re-elected President of the Municipal Committee, Beri, in the Rohtak District.

J. W. HEARN,

Commissioner, Ambala Division.

Committees.

The 29th March, 1940.

No. 135-L. F. B.—The following amendment made by the Municipal Committee, Jagraon, to the by-laws published with Commissioner, Jullundur division's notification No. 4741- D. C., dated the 25th August, 1936, having been approved by the Commissioner, Jullundur division, as required by subsection (2) of section 31 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, in exercise of the powers delegated to him under section 32 of the said Act by the Punjab Government notification No. 5555, dated the 17th February, 1934, is published for general information. It shall come into force

within the Municipality of Jagraon in the Ludhiana district with effect from the date of publication of this notification :—

AMENDMENT.

By-laws 88 and 89 shall be deleted and by-laws 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101 and 102 shall be renumbered as by-laws 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99 and 100 respectively.

E. SHEEPSHANKS,

Commissioner, Jullundur Division.

Boards.

The 2nd April, 1940.

No. C./II/4/III/53.—In accordance with the provisions of subsection (1) of section 15 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, it is hereby notified that S. Rajindar, son of Mangal Singh, Jat, of Galotian Khurd, tahsil Daska, has been elected a member of the District B ard of Sialkot from the Goindke-Bhola Musa Circle, *vice* Chaudhri Mohammad Amin, deceased.

ALAN MITCHELL,

Commissioner, Lahore Division.

Small Towns.

The 28th March, 1940.

No. A-XIV-68/228.—In acccordance with the provisions of section 4 (3) of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the following person has been elected, as a member of the Town Committee of Makhad in the Attock district in accordance with tne rules made in that behalf by the Punjab Government :—

Mohd. Yakub, son of Shahwali Khan of Makhad.

Panchayats.

The 28th March, 1940.

No. O.-XIV-S.-41/229.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the revenue estate, specified in column 3 of the schedule below and situated in the Khushab Tahsil of the Shahpur district is hereby declared to be a village, to be known, for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Kotli ..	Kotli.

No. O.-XIV-S.-41/230.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to ettablish a Panchayat in the village of Kotli, declared by notification No. O.-XIV-S.-41/229, dated 28th March, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said v illage, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a Panchayat in the village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the S hahpur district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O·XIV-S.-42/231.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the revenue estate specified in column 3 of the schedule below and situated in the Khushab tahsil of the Shahpur district is hereby declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the panchayat village is comprised.
1	Sodhi Jaiwali ..	Sodhi Jaiwali.

No. O·XIV-S.-42/232.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a Panchayat in the village of Sodhi Jaiwali declared by notification No. O·XIV-S.-42/231, dated 28th March, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal to establish a Panchayat in his village, may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Shahpur district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

P. MARSDEN,

Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division.

2705 CS - 1,116 - 4-4-40—SGPP Lahore.

Registered No. L. 864

The Government Gazette, Punjab.

Published by Authority.

No. 15. LAHORE, FRIDAY, APRIL 12, 1940.

PART I—B.

Notifications by Commissioners.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Committees.

The 5th April, 1940.

No. 115.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of Jagadhri, in the Ambala District, under section 31 (1) of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been approved by the Commissioner of Ambala Division, as required by section 31 (-) of the said Act, in exercise of the powers delegated to Commissioners of the Divisions under section 32 of the said Act by Punjab Government notification no. 5555, dated the 17th February, 1934, are published for general information. They shall come into force within the Jagadhri Municipality from the date of this notification, from which date the by-laws, published with notifications no. 70, dated the 25th of August, 1927, and no. 70, dated the 27th of September, 1928, as subsequently amended by notification no. 72, dated the 13th October, 1931, by the Commissioner, Ambala Division, shall be deemed to be cancelled :—

BY-LAWS.

1. (*a*) Every meeting of the Committee, whether general or special, shall be held on such date and at such hour and place as may be fixed for it by the President, or, in his absence by the Vice-President :

Provided that when there is neither a President nor a Vice-President, the Secretary may convene a meeting at any time or place for the election of the President, but not for the transaction of any other business.

(b) An ordinary meeting of the Committee shall be held at least four times a month :

Provided that a notice of not less than 48 hours shall be given for the purpose of electing office-bearers and that the election of office-bearers shall not, even with the consent of all members, be held without such notice having been given.

2. (a) The notice of every meeting under by-law 1, shall state the place, date and hour fixed for it and shall be signed by the President, Vice-President or the Secretary.

(b) The notice shall be accompanied by a duly attested list of the business to be transacted at the meeting hereinafter called " agenda " and a copy thereof shall be supplied to each member.

(c) The agenda shall include every matter that any member may desire to put to the meeting; Provided that a copy of the motion thereon signed by such members and by a seconder is delivered to the Secretary at the Municipal Office at least seven clear days before the date of the meeting and is allowed by the President as well. The President will state his reasons in case he disallows it.

(d) The notice and the agenda shall be despatched so that, at least, one clear day for a special meeting and three clear days for an ordinary meeting shall intervene between the date of despatch and the date of the meeting, but for any matter which is deemed as urgent an emergent meeting may be called at all reasonable times after the issue of a formal notice by the President, or, in his absence, by the Vice-President.

3. Notice of an adjourned meeting shall be given by the Chairman on the spot and the same shall, as soon thereafter as possible, be sent to all members of the Committee who are absent :

Provided that it shall be lawful for the President, or, in his absence, the Vice-President, to alter, with due notice on an emergency, the place, date, or hour of a meeting.

4. All cases on the agenda of a meeting shall be made available in the Secretary's office for the inspection of members immediately after the despatch of the agenda.

5. No business shall be transacted at an ordinary meeting unless, at least, one-third of the total number of the members are present.

6. In the absence of a quorum, the Chairman shall forthwith suspend the proceedings and adjourn the meeting.

7. (a) All proceedings of each and every meeting shall be recorded in a book hereinafter called " the minute book " which shall be signed by the Chairman and other members present at the close of the meeting.

(b) Every meeting shall commence with a motion by the Chairman that the minutes of the previous meeting be confirmed. Such minutes shall ordinarily be taken as read, but, if for any reason they have not been previously circulated to the members, they shall be read before they are taken into consideration. Any member who was present at the previous meeting, may object to the confirmation of the minutes by moving an amendment on the ground that any matter is not correctly recorded or expressed. Any correction, that the majority of the members present at the time when the matter in question was before the house, consider necessary, shall then be made in the minutes and thereafter the minutes shall be confirmed.

8. The Chairman shall decide all points of order or procedure and his decision shall be final. Whenever he rises, any member speaking, shall resume his seat.

9. The items on the agenda shall be dealt with in their order :

Provided that the Chairman, with the consent of the majority of the members present, may vary such order and may also allow to be brought before the meeting any matter not included in the agenda.

10. If more than one member rises to speak at the same time, the Chairman shall name the member who is to speak first.

11. Members, when speaking, shall stand and address the Chairman and, except on a point of order or personal explanation, the member speaking shall not be interrupted by any member other than the Chairman.

12. No written speeches shall be delivered.

13. So far as is possible and consistent with the matter under discussion, no member shall direct personal or objectionable remarks at any other member. For the purpose of this by-law the ruling of the Chairman shall be final.

14. A member desiring to raise a point of order or personal explanation shall rise and address the Chairman. The member speaking shall then give way, and remain seated until the Chairman has decided the point raised :

Provided that the Chairman may permit any other member, including the member called to order, to speak on the said point.

15. If the meeting refuses to obey the ruling of the Chairman on any matter, he may adjourn it at once; and after he declares the meeting adjourned on this or any other ground, the subsequent proceedings of the meeting, or any residue thereof, shall be void and shall not appear in the minutes.

16. The Chairman may, after calling the attention of the meeting to the conduct of a member who persists in irrelevance or in tedious repetition of his own arguments or of the arguments used by the other members, direct him to discontinue his speech.

17. The Chairman may name an unruly member for report to Government for consideration under section 16 (1) (*e*) of the Act.

18. The Chairman may, with the consent of the meeting, direct any member, whose conduct is in his opinion, grossly disorderly, to withdraw immediately from the meeting, and any member so ordered to withdraw, shall do so forthwith, and shall, unless recalled by the Chairman, absent himself during the remainder of the meeting. The Chairman may cause to be summarily removed any member who disobeys an order to withdraw under this by-law.

19. Every motion or resolution shall be read by the Secretary and the motion, if seconded, shall be deemed to be before the meeting for discussion. The mover shall speak in support of the motion, then the seconder may speak, or, if he desires, he may reserve his speech to a later period of the debate.

20. A member may speak only once to each motion, but the mover or a seconder of a substantive motion or resolution may reply at the conclusion of the debate thereon :

Provided that the Chairman, at his discretion, may, at any time, allow a member who has already spoken, to make a brief explanation.

21. After a motion has been proposed and seconded, any member may propose an amendment thereto. An amendment that is not seconded falls through.

22. Any number of amendments may be before the meeting at the same time but they shall be put to the vote in the reverse order to that in which they were moved. After all the amendments have been disposed of, the resolution as amended, shall be put to the vote.

23. A member who has already spoken on a substantive motion before the meeting is not thereby debarred from speaking on an amendment to the motion:

Provided that in so doing he confines himself strictly to the fresh matter introduced by the amendment.

24. No motion or amendment shall be withdrawn except with the consent of the meeting.

25. Every motion, resolution or amendment voted on shall be put to the meeting both for and against.

Proviso : Nothing in this and the following by-laws shall affect the provisions of the rules made by Government for the election of President and Vice-President.

26. Unless a poll is demanded by any member present at the meeting a declaration made at the meeting by the Chairman that a motion, resolution or amendment has been carried or lost, shall be sufficient warrant for making an entry to that effect in the minutes. If a poll is demanded by any member present, it shall be taken by show of hands and the result of such poll, as declared by the Chairman, shall be deemed to be the resolution of the Committee.

27. No decision of a Committee shall be re-opened :—

(*a*) except after the lapse of six months from the date of the decision ; or

(*b*) unless it is included in the agenda on the written requisition signed by at least one-half of the total number of members actually serving at the time ; or

(*c*) without the written permission of the President, or in his absence, of the Vice-President ; or

(d) except in compliance with an order of the Provincial Government or the Commissioner.

Proviso :—Where notices under the Act have been issued by virtue of a resolution of the Committee, objections to those notices shall be considered :

Provided that not more than a single objection to the same notice by the same person or persons shall be considered by the Committee otherwise than in accordance with this by-law.

28. Any officer of Government or other person, not being a member of the Committee, may, with the consent of the majority of the members or of the Chairman, address the meeting :

Provided that in case of difference of opinion between the Chairman and the majority of the members, the decision of the house shall prevail.

29. All meetings of the Committee shall be open to the reporters of the press and the public :

Provided that the reporters or the public, or both shall withdraw, if, at any time, so required by the Chairman.

30. Except as provided in by-law 28, no noise or expression of approval or disapproval on the part of the public or reporters present shall be permitted.

31. The Chairman may cause any person, other than a member of the Committee who interrupts the business of the meeting, to be summarily removed from the building in which the meeting is held.

32. (1) No member may inspect the papers relating to a matter in which he or either of his parents or any other descendant of either of his parents or the husband or wife, as may be, of any such descendant has a direct or indirect pecuniary interest, subject to this exception :—

(a) Members of Sub-Committees and members charged with the performance of any special duty may inspect the papers connected with their duties at the Secretary's office during office hours ; and

(b) any other member may inspect documents and registers at the Secretary's office during office hours but he may, except in the case provided for by by-law No. 4, do so only with the written permission of the President or, in his absence, of the Vice-President.

(2) An application for permission to inspect under clause (b) shall be in writing and state the papers to be inspected and the reasons for inspecting them. The President or the Vice-President, as may be, may refuse permission if the reasons given are, in his opinion, insufficient. In case of refusal, the application with reasons of refusal shall be put up in the next meeting if required by the applicant.

Proviso:—Nothing in this by-law shall be deemed to deprive any person of a right to inspect a document under any law other than the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911.

33. The common seal of the Committee shall remain in the custody of the Secretary and shall be used on contracts, deeds, conveyances, leases, licences, receipts and cheques signed by the Secretary, all notices issued under the Municipal Act and by laws thereunder, and anyother documents or class of documents on which the Committee or the President may direct that the common seal may be affixed.

34. There shall be the following Sub-Committees, namely :—

(a) Finance and Education Sub-Committee ;

(b) Public Works Sub-Committee ; and

(c) The Sanitation, Lighting and Public Health Sub-Committee.

35. The Finance and Education Sub-Committee shall consist of the President of the Committee who shall be the *ex-officio* Chairman of the Sub-Committee, and two members elected by the Committee, and the Secretary of the Committee shall be the *ex-officio* Secretary of the Sub Committee.

36. The Public Works Sub-Committee shall consist of the Vice-President who shall be the *exofficio* Chairman of the Sub-Committee and two members elected by the Committee and the Municipal Sub-Overseer shall be the *ex-officio* Secretary of the Sub-Committee.

37. The Sanitation, Lighting and Public Health Sub Committee shall consist of the Assistant Surgeon, who shall be the *exofficio* Chairman of the Sub-Committee (provided he is a member of the Committee) and two members elected by the Committee, otherwise the Sub-Committee shall consist of any three members elected by the Committee and

it shall elect one of its three members as its Chairman; and the Sanitary Inspector of the Committee shall be the *ex-officio* Secretary of the Sub-Committee.

38. (*a*) Members of the Sub-Committees shall be elected at a general meeting of the Committee as soon as may be after a new Committee has been constituted and shall hold office for one year from the date of their election: in the second and third year of the Committee's existence, the election of members of the Sub-Committees shall be held at such a date as to allow the new members to take their seats as members of the Sub-Committees as soon as the term of office of their predecessors has expired. An outgoing member of a Sub-Committee shall be eligible for re-election. Election shall be by ballot.

(*b*) A member may be removed from a Sub-Committee by an order of the Committee.

39. The Chairman of a Sub-Committee shall preside at all meetings of the Sub-Committee:

Provided that, if he is not able to be present at a meeting, the members present shall elect one of themselves to preside at that meeting.

40. Every Sub-Committee shall meet, at least, once a fortnight, and notice of every meeting shall be sent to each member by the Secretary of the Sub-Committee under the orders of the Chairman, or, in his absence, by the President, or in the latter's absence, by the Vice-President of the Committee, together with a copy of the agenda to be discussed at the meeting.

41. No business shall be transacted at any meeting of a Sub-Committee unless at least two members of the Sub-Committee are present.

42. The business of every Sub-Committee shall, as far as may be, conducted in accordance with the by-laws regulating the procedure of the Committee.

43. (1) Nothing in these by-laws shall be deemed to authorise any Sub-Committee to exercise any power or to perform any function, the exercise or performance of which has been delegated by the Committee to any officer or has been vested in any officer by any rule made under the Act, and to require, that any matter in respect of which any such power or function has been so delegated, shall be submitted to a Sub-Committee.

(2) (*a*) The establishment and the staff relating to each Sub-Committee, shall be directly under the control of the Sub-Committee, and the Sub-Committee shall have the same powers regarding the punishment of its subordinates as are vested in the President by by-law 50 of these by-laws.

(*b*) Each Sub-Committee shall have powers to make any proposal relating to the works of their respective departments which they may deem fit, and the Sub-Committee will be fully authorised to depute any of its members to make an enquiry on any matter relating to its administration and working.

44. (1) The Finance and Education Sub-Committee shall deal with the :—

(*a*) imposition of octroi and other taxes; tolls, the management of nazul and municipal income; the control over the realisation and expenditure of municipal money, the maintenance of accounts and all other matters relating to finances;

(*b*) issue of licences and the recovery of their fees;

(*c*) question of law affecting the Committee;

(*d*) control and improvement of education and all matters relating to schools, reading rooms, libraries and the establishment connected therewith.

(2) The Finance and Education Sub-Committee shall.—

(*a*) be responsible for the submission of the municipal budget to the Committee on or before the 15th of January each year for final approval under rule II·6 of the Municipal Account Code, 1930, to ensure its punctual despatch to the Commissioner through the Deputy Commissioner and shall take all steps necessary for this purpose;

(*b*) be furnished with information of the evasion or attempt at evasion of municipal taxation, and; further, will make an enquiry and report its conclusions to the Committee.

(3) The Finance and Education Sub-Committee shall also exercise powers under section 77 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911.

45. (1) The Public Works Sub-Committee shall deal with :—

(a) all matters relating to municipal works and services under the charge of the Municipal Sub-Overseer, and the establishment of the Municipal Works Department, and the establishment entertained in connection with other services under the charge of the Municipal Sub-Overseer, and

(b) all applications for permission to erect or to re-erect buildings, all cases of erection or re-erection of buildings without sanction or in contravention of sanction, and all cases connected with encroachments on or over streets, sewers, drains or water-courses.

(2) The Public Works Sub-Committee shall—

(a) be responsible for the supervision of public works connected with buildings roads and drains, the preparation and checking of estimates, and the promotion of arboriculture and the maintenance of public gardens and parks ;

(b) advise the Committee whether any work to be undertaken should be entrusted to a contractor or carried out by the Committee by its own agency ;

(c) invite tenders and recommend a contractor for work to be entrusted to him ;

(d) arrange for the execution and supervision of the work to be done by the Committee's own agency or a contract or ; and

(e) report to the Committee with regard to the completion of works and advise the Committee on all notices received under section 189 (2) of the Act for the erection or re-erection of buildings.

46. (1) The Sanitation, Lighting and Public Health Sub-Committee shall deal with :—

(a) all matters relating to hospitals, dispensaries, registration of vital statistics, conservancy, epidemic diseases, control of food supplies, markets slaughter-houses, lodging-houses, cow-houses, stables, and generally all matters relating to public health and services under the charge of the Assistant Surgeon and the establishment entertained in connection with such matters ;

(b) all matters relating to Tehbazari, and the Licensing and taxation of vehicles or animals and dangerous and noxious trades ; and

(c) all matters relating to lighting and the establishment connected therewith.

(2) The Sanitation, Lighting, and Public Health Sub-Committee shall be responsible for :—

(a) the cleanliness, safety, watering and lighting of streets, the sanitation of private properties, the disposal of night soil and sweepings and other matters connected with conservancy ;

(b) the maintenance of hospitals and dispensaries, vaccination, vital statistics, the control of burning and burial grounds and other matters affecting the public health ; and

(c) the control of the sale of articles for human consumption and the maintenance of slaughter-houses and markets.

(3) (a) The Sanitation, Lighting and Public Health Sub Committee shall exercise powers under sections 115, 117, 118, 128, 129 and 130 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911.

(b) The members of the Sanitation, Lighting and Public Health Sub-Committee shall be visitors of the Municipal hospital.

47. (1) All papers relating to matters within the cognizance of a Sub-Committee shall be submitted to it by the Secretary of the Committee under the orders of the President, or, in his absence, of the Vice-President, within 3 days from the date of the receipt of the papers.

(2) If any matter is submitted to a Sub-Committee in respect of which the Committee has delegated its power to a Sub-Committee, it shall pass orders in respect of such matter, and its orders shall not be subject to revision by the Committee except in matters

which the President considers sufficiently important so as to prevent injustice ; in all other cases in which the orders of the Committee are required, the Sub-Committee shall make a recommendation to the Committee.

48. (1) A copy of the proceedings of every meeting of a Sub-Committee shall be forwarded by the Secretary of the Sub-Committee duly signed by him to the Secretary of the Committee for inclusion in the agenda of the next meeting of the Committee.

(2) When the proceedings of a Sub-Committee are being considered by the Committee, no discussion shall be permitted of any item in respect of which the Sub-Committee has passed orders in exercise of the powers delegated to it by the Committee or of any item in respect of which the Sub-Committee has called for a further report or otherwise postponed passing an order or making a recommendation, and any such item shall be recorded merely as " read " :

Provided that any member may call in question any order of a Sub-Committee on the grounds that it was *ultra vires* of the Sub-Committee and, if the Committee considers that such order was *ultra vires*, it may confirm, modify or cancel such order :

Provided further that, if any member considers that a Sub-Committee is unduly delaying the decision of any matter in respect of which it has passed no orders or made no recommendation, he may move a motion requiring the Sub-Committee to pass orders or to submit its recommendations within a stated period, and, if such a motion is carried and the Sub-Committee fails to pass an order or to make a recommendation within the period fixed, the Committee may itself proceed to pass orders in respect of that matter.

49. Notwithstanding any thing in these by-laws, in case of emergency, the President or, in his absence, the Vice-President, may direct that any matter may be submitted direct to the Committee, if there is no time for it to be submitted first to the Sub-Committee to which it ought, ordinarily, to be submitted under the provision of these by-laws.

50. The power of appointing, promoting, removing or suspending any servant of the Committee drawing less than Rs. 20 per mensem shall vest in the President, or, in his absence, the Vice-President, with the consent of the Sub-Committee concerned :

Provided that in urgent cases such consent shall not be necessary. In the case of any officer or servant drawing Rs. 20 or more, the power shall vest in the general Committee :

Provided that the President may, for sufficient reasons, suspend any servant, reporting his action at the next general meeting of the Committee.

51. (1) The President, or in his absence, the Vice-President, is authorised to accord sanction and order payment with regard to :—

(*a*) the sales of all kinds not exceeding Rs. 25 in value ;

(*b*) contingent expenditure not exceeding Rs. 50 in any one case from any allotment for contingencies available in the sanctioned budget : Provided that he shall inform the Committee of such expenditure at its ensuing meeting ;

(*c*) the fixed salary of all authorised establishment ;

(*d*) all sanctioned grant-in-aid and scholarship, or, stipends ; and

(*e*) all claims for works or repairs or other expenditure sanctioned by the Committee after the bills therefor have been presented to and passed by the person supervising the work.

Proviso.—In case of (*c*) the Secretary may disburse the fixed salaries of the establishment in the Municipal Hall. This is to be done by the 10th of every month.

(2) The President and, in his absence, the Vice-President, shall be the chief executive authority of the Committee, and shall be responsible for the administration of the Municipality in all its departments.

52. (1) The Secretary shall be the executive officer of the Committee and shall discharge his duties subject to the direct control of the President or, in his absence, the Vice-President.

(2) The duties and functions of the Secretary shall be as follows :—

(*a*) He shall, unless his presence be dispensed with by the President or the Chairman, attend every meeting of the Committee. Unless he is a member of the Committee, he shall not address the meeting but, with the Chairman's permission, he may explain any matter to the Committee.

(b) He shall maintain the minutes of the proceedings of all meetings of the Committee and sign them before laying them for signatures as required by by-law 7 (a) of these by-laws.

(c) He shall maintain a register of notices of motions delivered to him by members and shall lay it before each meeting of the Committee.

(d) He shall, under the control of the President and, in his absence, the Vice-President, conduct the whole of the office work of the Committee except such as falls to the share of the Municipal Medical Officer of Health and shall regulate the duties of the Municipal establishment according to the instructions of the Committee from time to time.

(e) He shall be responsible to see that all Municipal dues are received and credited into the Municipal accounts, that all moneys received for credit to the Municipal accounts are deposited daily according to law and that all accounts and returns are kept up to date and promptly submitted as prescribed.

(f) He shall be responsible to see that no Municipal money is expended without proper sanction, and that no payment is made except to a person entitled to receive it on a bill properly drawn, checked, passed and receipted and shall sign all cheques in token of their correctness before putting them up for the signatures of the competent authority.

(g) He shall be responsible to see that all his subordinates perform their duties properly, that all registers and returns are kept up and submitted as prescribed, and that all orders of the competent authority are duly carried out.

(h) He shall comply with or carry out all the resolutions passed by the Committee and all orders of the President and the Vice-President promptly or get them complied with or carried out by his subordinates without delay.

(i) He shall have power under section 228 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, as subsequently amended, to appear on behalf of the Committee in any court of law and to prosecute on its behalf, any offender against the said Act and the rules and by-laws made thereunder unless otherwise provided.

(j) He shall make himself thoroughly conversant with the Punjab Municipal Act and other Acts connected therewith and the by-laws and all the orders of Government relating to the Municipality.

(3) All correspondence in municipal matters, except that addressed to the President by name, shall be received directly by the Secretary, who shall himself dispose of all matters of ordinary routine, submit, for report or disposal to the Sub-Committees, matters alling within their cognizance in accordance with by-law 47 (1) of these by-laws, and take the orders of the President, or, in his absence, the Vice-President on all other matters. He shall circulate among the members of the Committee all orders or communications received from the Government for information.

53. The Secretary is empowered to incur expenditure not exceeding Rs. 10 for any emergent work or purpose within the budget limits: Provided that such expenditure shall not exceed Rs. 30 in any one month and the account thereof shall be placed before the next meeting of the Committee for information.

54. The duties and functions of the Municipal Medical Officer of Health shall be as follows:—

(a) He shall exercise on behalf of the Committee the powers delegated to him under section 33 (b) of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, subject to the orders of the Committee, or the President or, in his absence, the Vice-President.

(b) He shall attend to the sanitary condition of all buildings and lands, burning and burial places, markets and slaughter-houses, streets and drains, sewage conditions, watering of roads and streets, offensive and dangerous trades, articles of food and drink, drugs and epidemic diseases and shall generally carry out such duties as may be connected with sanitation and public health of the town which the Committee may, from time to time, impose upon him.

(c) He shall be in charge of the arrangements for the registration of births and deaths.

(d) He shall act as *ex-officio* Superintendent of Vaccination.

(e) He shall personally disburse the pay of all the subordinates under him.

55. (1) The duties of the Sanitary Inspector shall be as follows :—

(a) He shall visit daily the whole of the area placed under his charge by the Municipal Committee and enter in his diary any cases of insanitation he may find, the steps he has taken to deal with them, and his suggestions to prevent their recurrence. He shall also note what has been done to carry out orders issued to him to abate any nuisance and whether any still persists.

(b) His duties shall extend to the inspection and care of all sanitary conveniences, including latrines, filth receptacles and carts, drain flushing appliances, sullage tanks, sewage farms; cesspools, filth depots, slaughter-house, markets and dhobi ghats and to the supervision of the remova and disposal of all rubbish and excreta ; and to any other duties connected with sanitation that he may be required to perform by the Committee or the Municipal Medical Officer of Health deputed to control and supervise his work.

(c) He shall note from time to time on the condition of all sanitary appliances placed in his charge, and submit reports, whenever necessary, for their renewal, repair, retarring or re-painting.

(d) He shall inspect houses in the course of erection and report whether the building bylaws in force are being complied with and the sanctioned plan being followed, with regard to sanitary requirements, such as latrines, accommodation, drainage and ventilation.

(e) He shall report if any unauthorised encroachments are being made on public land or on any thoroughfare.

(f) He shall arrange for the proper registration of births and deaths as far as this duty is entrusted to the Sanitary Departments and report any suspected cases of or deaths from infectious diseases, mortality amongst rats or other animals.

(g) He shall carry out the disinfection of wells, houses and drains and any other measures considered necessary by the Municipal Medical Officer of Health, or, in his absence, by the President, or in the latter's absence, by the Vice-President, in connection with the occurrence of any case of an infectious disease or of a threatened outbreak of such disease.

(2) (a) The Sanitary Inspector is autorised to select a candidate for any vacant post on the conservancy staff upto a monthly salary of Rs. 15 and under the order of the Municipal Medical Officer of Health, may appoint him on probation for three months subject to the approval of the President, or in his absence, of the Vice-Peesident.

(b) A candidate can only be confirmed or dismissed by the Committee or the Sub-Committee or an officer to whom the Committee may have delegated power in this respect.

(c) The Sanitary Inspector is authorised to grant leave not exceeding four days at a time to any member of the Menial conservancy staff working under his control.

(d) The Sanitary Inspector is authorised to transfer any of his subordinates subject to the approval of the Municipal Medical Officer of Health or, in his absence, of the President from one place to another within his area as the exigencies of efficient working may require.

(e) The Sanitary Inspector shall keep a daily muster roll of the staff subordinate to him and shall mark as absent for the day any member who actually absents himself from duty, or who grossly neglects his duty, the fact of which shall immediately be reported to the Municipal Medical Officer of Health, or, in his absence, to the President, or in the latter's absence, to the Vice-President.

56. Officers and servants shall be eligible for leave under the Fundamental Rules and such leave not exceeding one month may be sanctioned by the President if

recommended by the head of the office concerned. Casual leave shall be granted by the President or the Secretary or, in the absence of the President, by the Vice-President, but the President or, in his absence, the Vice-President will sanction such leave to the Secretary. All the appointments and promotions shall ordinarily be regulated with due regard to seniority and qualifications.

57. The term for which a Vice-President shall hold office shall be one year.

58. (1) Subject to any restrictions imposed by any by-laws for the time being in force, an appeal shall lie to the Committee, from any order passed by a Sub-Committee, the President, or Vice-President, a member or any officer or any servant of the Committee.

(2) No appeal shall be heard unless it is filed within 30 days of the date of the order against which it is preferred or the date of its legal service on the person aggrieved.

59. There shall be a right of appeal to the Deputy Commissioner for an executive order of the Committee other than those passed in appeal under by-law 58 of these by-laws;

Provided that it is presented within 30 days of the date of the order or the date of its legal service on the person preferring the appeal.

60. Fines may be inflicted :—

(*a*) by the Committee absolutely ;

(*b*) by the President on any servant drawing not more than Rs. 50 per mensem upto an amount equal to two weeks' pay at a time ;

(*c*) by the Vice-President on any servant drawing not more than Rs. 20 per mensem upto two weeks' pay at a time ;

(*d*) by any Sub-Committee on any servant under its control drawing not more than Rs. 20 per mensem upto two weeks' pay at a time ;

(*e*) by the Municipal Medical Officer of Health on any servant under his control drawing not more than Rs. 20 per mensem upto Re. 1 at a time ; and

(*f*) by the Secretary on any servant drawing less than Rs. 15 per mensem upto Re. 1.

61. The rules in force for the supply of copies of judicial and revenue records shall apply generally to the supply of the copies of Municipal records, and the Secretary shall attest such copies as true copies

62. (*a*) Municipal documents or records may be inspected by the public in the presence of the official incharge of the documents or records, with the permission of the President, Vice-President or the Secretary on previous payment of Re. 1 for the day during office hours.

(*b*) When urgent inspection is demanded, annas eight shall be paid in addition to the inspection fee prescribed in (*a*) above.

63. The Assistant Surgeon is authorised to incur expenditure on contingencies, diet and the local purchase of medicines on his own initiative, sums not exceeding Rs. 20 at a time or in a month.

64. The office of the Committee shall remain closed for the days for which the Deputy Commissioner's office remains closed ; in addition to these holidays the office may be closed for local festivals by a resolution of the Committee and for any special reason with the permission of the President, and, in his absence, of the Vice-President.

65. A copy of all the bylaws of the Committee together with a copy of the Punjab Municipal Act (bare Act) shall be supplied to every member of the Committee *gratis* which shall be returned by him when he ceases to be a member.

No. 116.— In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner of the Ambala Division is pleased to approve, under subsection (1) of section 20 of the said Act, the election of Chaudhri Jan Mohammad Khan as President of the Municipal Committee, Rohtak, in the Rohtak district.

Small Towns.

The 4th April, 1940.

No. 94.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following general orders, made by the Town Committee of Mehm in the Rohtak district, in exercise of the power conferred by clause (p) of section 35 and clause (b) of subsection (1) of section 41 of the said Act, and sanctioned by the Commissioner, Ambala Division, as required by subsection (1) of section 36 and subsection (2) of section 41 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force from the date of this notification :—

GENERAL ORDER.

No person shall sell either whole sale or by auction any fresh fruits or vegetables within the town area of Mehm at any place but the vegetable market of the Committee for the use of which he must pay brokerage or *arhat* at the rate of $\frac{\text{one anna}}{\text{six pies}}$ per rupee in case of $\frac{\text{vegetable}}{\text{fresh fruit}}$ (on the sale price) to the contractor of the vegetable market appointed by the Town Committee.

Panchayats.

The 2nd April, 1940.

No. 88.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification no. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the Commissioner Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estates of the villages named in column No. 3 of the schedule given below and situated in Karnal tahsil of the Karnal district, to be village to be known by the names given in column No. 2 of the schedule, for the purposes of the said Act :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Names of villages.	Names of estates within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the panchayat villages are comprised.
1	Baldhi ..	Baldhi.
2	Alipur Khalsa ..	Alipur Khalsa.
3	Dingar Mazra ..	Dingar Mazra.
4	Sandir	Sandir.
5	Samana Bhao ..	Samana Bhao.
6	Barsalu	Barsalu.
7	Bairsal	Bairsal.
8	Amin	Amin.

No. 89.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification no. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in each of the villages declared by notification no. 88, dated the 2nd of April, 1940, to be villages for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said villages objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Karnal district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification.

No. 90.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification no. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estates of the villages named in column No. 3 of the schedule given below and situated in Kaithal tahsil of the Karnal district, to be villages to be known by the names given in column No. 2 of the schedule for the purposes of the said Act.

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Names of villages.	Names of estates within the meaning of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the panchayat villages are comprised.
1	Pabnawa	Pabnawa
2	Thana	Thana.
3	Bandrana	Bandrana.
4	Jadola	Jadola.
5	Baraut	Baraut.
6	Kasan	Kasan.
7	Guliana	Guliana.
8	Thua	Thua.
9	Chhatar	Chhatar.
10	Alewa	Alewa.
11	Taragarh	Taragarh.
12	Sarsa	Sarsa.

No. 91.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification no. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in each of the villages declared by notification no. 90, dated the 2nd of April, 1940, to be villages for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said villages objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Karnal district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification.

The 4th April, 1940.

No. 92.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification no. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Chaudhriwas in the Hissar tahsil of the Hissar district, to be a village to be known by the name of Chaudhriwas for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 93.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification no. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Chaudhriwas, declared by notification no. 92, dated the 4 h of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Hissar district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 95.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification no. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Raiwali, in the Naraingarh tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Raiwali for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 96.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Raiwali declared by notification no. 95, dated the 4th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 97.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchapat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification no. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Sondah in the Ambala tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Sondah for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 98.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 19 1, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification no. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Sondah declared by notification no. 97, dated the 4th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissi ner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 99.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions, by Punjab Government notification no. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of $\frac{\text{Shah pur}}{\text{Mian Nandu Wali}}$ in the Naraingarh tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Shahpur for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 100.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification no. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Shahpur, declared by notification no. 99, dated the 4th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner Ambala Division within three month from the date of the pu lication of this notification.

No. 101.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification no. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby

declares the revenue estate of Kakar Mazra, in the Naraingarh tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Kakar Mazra for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 102.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification no. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Kakar Mazra, declared by notification no. 101, dated the 4th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 103.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification no. 2914, dated 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Pansara, in the Jagadhri tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Pansara, for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 104.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification no. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Pansara, declared by notification no. 103, dated the 4th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 105.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification no. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of $\frac{\text{Ghazipur}}{\text{Khera Ghani}}$, in the Naraingarh tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Ghazipur, for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 106.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification no. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Ghazipur, declared by notification no. 105, dated the 4th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 107.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification no. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of $\frac{\text{Bichpari}}{\text{Baheron}}$, in the Naraingarh tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Bichpari, for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 108.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Bichpari, declared by notification No. 107, dated the 4th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 109.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Fatehgarh / Jaspur / Tasroula, in the Naraingarh tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Fatehgarh, for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 110.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Fatehgarh, declared by notification No. 109, dated the 4th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala District, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 111.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Banoundi / Tandwal / Baharampur, in the Naraingarh tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Banoundi, for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 112.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Banoundi, declared by notification No. 111, dated the 4th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala District, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 113.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estates of Rathiwas, Dhanokri and Bhudka in the Gurgaon tahsil of the Gurgaon District, to be a village to be known by the name of Rathiwas for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 114.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Kathiwas, declared by notification No. 113, dated the 4th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Gurgaon district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

J. W. HEARN,

Commissioner, Ambala Division.

Committees.

The 5th April, 1940.

No. 136-L. F. B.—In pursuance of the provision of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the following persons have been elected members of the Municipal Committee of Muktsar, in the Ferozepore district:—

Ward No.	*Names of persons elected.*
	Class I (Hindus, Sikhs and others.)
1	L. Sant Ram.
2	L. Bura Ram.
3	L. Mota Ram.
4	L. Sundar Das.
5	S. Dalip Singh.
6	S. Balwant Singh (re-elected).
7	S. Jang Singh (re-elected).
8	S. Amar Singh (re-elected)-
9	Pt. Budh Ram.
	Class II (Muslims).
1	M. Nawab Khan (re-elected).
2	M. Syed Mohammad.
3	M. Aziz-ud-Din.

No. 137-L. F. B.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the following persons have been appointed as members of the Municipal Committee of Muktsar in the Ferozepore district:—

1. Lala Daulat Ram | 2. Maulvi Wali Mohammad.

E. SHEEPSHANKS,

Commissioner, Jullundur Division.

General (Gurdwaras).

The 2nd April, 1940.

No. 54.—It is hereby notified that in accordance with the provisions of section 96 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, Sardar Baghel Singh, son of Sardar Jawala Singh, village and Post Office Valtoha, district Lahore, has been nominated by the Shiromani Gurdwara Parbandhak Committee, Amritsar, to be a member of the Committee of Management for Gurdwara Baba Bir Singh, in the Lahore district, shown at serial No. 23 of Schedule 1 of the said Act, in the vacancy caused by the death of Sardar Sundar Singh and the failure of the constituency to elect a member at the ensuing bye-election.

ALAN MITCHELL,

Commissioner, Lahore Division.

Boards.

The 6th April, 1940.

No. C.-II-9 E./409.—In accordance with the provisions of section 15 (1) of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, it is hereby notified that the following person has been elected as a member to the District Board of Attock :—

Name of Tahsil.	Name of election circle.	Name of elected candidate.
Attock	Shamsabad, No. 7 ..	Sher Bahadur, son of Khawas Khan, caste Awan, of Jalalia, Tahsil and district Attock, *vice* M. Mohammad Ahsan Khan, deceased.

Small Towns.

The 3rd April, 1940.

No. A.-XIV-77/233.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following general order made by the Town Committee of Makhad, in Attock district, in exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (*m*) and (*n*) of section 35 of the said Act, and sanctioned by the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, as required by subsection (1) of section 36 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force from the date of this notification :—

GENERAL ORDER.

PART A.—PROVISIONS RELATING TO THE NOTICE REQUIRED OF AN INTENDED STRUCTURE.

1. Every person intending to erect or re-erect any building shall apply for sanction for such erection or re-erection, in writing, to the Secretary of the Committee, in form S. T. M. A., appended to this order, and shall at the same time submit—

(*a*) a site plan of the land on which it is intended to erect or re-erect, the building;

(*b*) a plan of the building which it is intended to erect or re-erect ;

(*c*) the specifications detailed in form S. T. M. B., appended to this order.

Copies of forms S. T. M. A. and S. T. M. B. may be obtained free of charge at the office of the Town Committee.

2. The site plan must be drawn to a scale of not less than one-eighth of an inch to the foot, must be submitted in duplicate, each copy being signed by the applicant and must show—

(*a*) the direction of the north point ;

(*b*) the boundaries of the site ;

(*c*) the position of the site in relation to neighbouring streets and the level of the site in relation to the streets, if any, on which it abuts, and the names of such streets ;

(*d*) the position of the proposed building in relation to (*i*) the boundaries of the site, and (*ii*) all buildings and premises within fifty feet of the boundaries of the site ; and the names of the owners of such buildings and premises;

(*e*) the names, if any, and width of all streets on which the site abuts ;

(*f*) the scale to which the plan is drawn.

3. The building plan must be drawn to a scale of not less than one-eighth of an inch to the foot, must be submitted in duplicate, each copy being signed by the applicant and must show –

(a) the plan of the ground floor and of every additional floor ;

(b) the position and dimensions of all projections beyond the main walls of the building ;

(c) the position of all proposed drains, privies, latrines, urinals and cess pools ;

(d) the level and width of the foundations and the level of the lowest floor with reference to the level of the street on which the front of the proposed building is to abut ;

(e) in distinctive colours the material of which the proposed works are to be constructed, a key to the colours being given on the plan ;

(f) the scale to which the plan is drawn.

Provided that in the case of an encroachment or structure, proposed to be constructed on a site, adjacent to a public street, under the control or management of the Public Works Department of Government, or of another local authority, the applicant shall submit the plans and specifications referred to above, in triplicate, and one complete set of the plans shall be forwarded by the Committee, immediately on presentation, to the Executive Engineer or to the other local body concerned for information.

(2) Provided that no application for the erection or re-erection of a building, shall be considered by the Committee, until it is certified by the Overseer of the Town Committee, or the Secretary, if there is no overseer, that the plan submitted with the application is in accordance with the provisions of paragraphs Nos. 2 and 3.

(3) Provided further that the Committee shall not sanction the erection or re-erection of any immovable encroachment, as provided for in this general order, until it is certified by the Overseer of the Town Committee, or the Secretary, if there is no Overseer, that the plan and specifications submitted under this general order, are in accordance with the provisions of paragraphs Nos. 2 and 3.

(4) Provided further that in the case of a building proposed to be erected or re-erected on land purchased from Government, the applicant shall submit the plans in triplicate and one set of the plans shall be forwarded by the Committee on presentation, to the Collector of the district, and if his reply is not received within 20 days, his approval will be assumed.

PART B.—PROVISIONS AGAINST ENCROACHMENTS.

Frontage.

4. No portion of any building in a street, in which a line of frontage has been fixed by a resolution of the Committeee, shall be built to project beyond such line of frontage :

Provided that this paragraph shall not be held to apply to a building existing on the date of the publication of this general order or re-erected on the site thereof.

5. No portion of any building abutting on any street to which from time to time the Committee may, by resolution, declare this clause to apply, shall be built within 20 feet of what was the centre of such street at the time of passing of this order, and no portion of any building abutting on any other street, shall be built within 10 feet of what was the centre of such street at the time of passing of this order, provided that when the Town Committee has fixed a line to regulate the frontage of buildings in any street, the Town Committee may permit a building to be constructed up to that line irrespective of the distance of any portion of it from the centre of the existing street.

Projections at ground level.

6. (1) No person shall construct any projection beyond the outer wall of a building, abutting on a street, unless it complies with the following conditions :—

(a) that the projection is supported entirely by the building to which it is attached ;

(b) that the projection does not extend more than two feet from the face of the building to which it is attached :

(c) that the projection does not extend beyond the roadside edge of any drain below the projection ;

(d) that the vertical distance from the under side of the projection and the road surface at the outer edge of the drain is not less than one foot;

(e) that the clear space between any portion of the projection and the centre line of the street is not less than six feet in streets which have been or may be classed by the Committee as residential streets or eight feet in other streets.

(2) Where access is not required for wheeled vehicles and the height of the floor of the houses is less than one foot above the road at the roadside edge of the drain, any steps required shall be constructed within the building and no projection shall be constructed.

Steps.

7. If the ground level of a house is more than one foot above the level of the road at the roadside edge of the drain, access can be arranged by means of steps supported on cantilevers, provided that they comply with the provisions of clause (1) of paragraph 6, but in such case—

(a) the steps shall not extend laterally beyond the edges of the door way;

(b) the steps shall be of wood, stone or cement concrete not less than two inches thick;

(c) notwithstanding anything contained in sub-clause (a) of clause (1) of paragraph 6, brackets may be placed under the steps to support them, provided that, if more than one bracket is placed under any one step, the distance from the centre of any one such bracket to the centre of the next bracket shall be not less than one and-a-half feet, provided further that no such bracket shall extend more than six inches below the under-side of the step and shall not project beyond it.

Projections at Upper floor level.

8. (1) No balcony or similar overhanging structure of any kind shall be constructed so as to project over a street to a distance which will render the clear space between any portion of such balcony or structure and the centre line of the street, less than six feet in the case of streets which have been or may be classed by the committee as residential streets, or eight feet in the case of other streets.

(2) The overall projection of a balcony or like structure from the face of the buildings, shall not exceed two feet in the case of streets less than 20 feet wide and three feet in the case of other streets.

General Scheme.

9. No persons shall construct any building or portion of a building, in contravention of any general scheme sanctioned by the Commissioner, restricting the erection or re-erection of buildings or any class of buildings.

10. No person shall construct any building or portion of a building in any way projecting over or encroaching on land which is the property of Government or of the Town Committee, except so far as is permitted in paragraphs 6, 7 and 8 of this order.

PART C.—SANITARY REQUIREMENTS.

Sanitary provisions.

11. No person shall construct any open sewer or drain so as to pass through any room used or intended to be used as a living or sleeping room.

12. No person shall construct any drain within the thickness of any wall of a building.

13. No person shall construct any spout or gargoyle (parnallah for the disposal of roof drainage so as to project over any public street.

14. Masonry latrines and privies which are not water borne, shall be so constructed that all solids shall fall directly into movable receptacles of metal or pottery fitting close beneath the seat.

15. A drain shall be provided for every latrine, privy, urinal, bathroom and cooking place. Such drain shall be constructed of burnt bricks and cement or other impervious material and shall connect the floor of the latrine, privy, urinal, bathroom, or cooking place with—

(a) a masonry drain of the committee, or

(b) a private cesspool constructed as hereinafter prescribed in paragraph 18.

16. The floor of every latrine, privy or urinal—

(a) shall be of masonry or of tiles or of cement.

(b) shall be in every part at the height of not less than three inches above the level of the surface of the ground adjoining the latrine, privy or urinal; and

(c) shall slope to the drain in such a way that liquid will flow off quickly.

17. No person shall construct a latrine, privy or urinal that is not provided with adequate ventilation, which in the case of a latrine, privy or urinal situated in or near a building, shall be effected by an opening, not less than one foot square in area, in one of the walls, as near the top of the wall as may be practicable and communicating directly with the open air.

18. No person shall construct a private cesspool—

(a) unless there is no drain of the committee within 100 feet of the premises for which it is required ;

(b) except within the boundaries of private land ;

(c) except a cesspool of masonry with a cast iron or wooden movable covering ;

(d) unless adequate access is provided thereto, for the purpose of cleansing it ; and

(e) within 100 feet of any inhabited building.

19. No dwelling house of not more than two storeys, including the ground floor, shall have an interior yard of a superficial area of less than 225 square feet, and no dwelling house of more than two storeys including the ground floor, shall have an interior yard of a superficial area of less than 400 square feet.

20. (1) No person shall construct an interior yard, which is not raised at least one foot above the level of the nearest street, so as to admit of easy drainage into such street.

(2) No person shall construct an interior yard, which is not open to the sky throughout its entire area and kept accessible for the purpose of cleansing, and no person shall erect any structure except open fencing for protection against monkeys within or above or so as to project over the yard.

21. No person shall construct any room to be used as a living or sleeping room with a superficial floor area of less than 144 square feet.

PART D.—PROVISIONS RELATING TO THE GRANT AND EFFECT OF SANCTION.

22. When an application is received for sanction for the erection or re-erection of any building under paragraph 1 of this order—

(a) if the building would, if constructed, be in conformity with the provisions of thi order, the Town Committee shall sanction the application and send intimation of the sanction to the applicant, together with one copy of the plan and the original application in Form S. T. M. A., both being signed by the President ;

(b) if the building would, if constructed, contravene paragraphs 9 and 10 of this order, the Town Committee shall refuse to sanction the application and intimation of thei refusal shall be sent to the applicant ;

(c) if the building would, if constructed, contravene any other paragraph of this order, the Town Committee shall return the application and the plans submitted therewith, for such correction as may be necessary in order that the proposed building may confirm with the provisions of this order, and when such correction has been made, the applicant may submit a fresh application under the provisions of part A of this order.

23. If the Town Committee fails, before the sixtieth day from the date of the receipt of an application submitted under the provisions of paragraph 1 of this order, either to return the application for correction under the provisions of clause (c) of paragraph 22 of this order or to pass order sanctioning or refusing to sanction the application under the provisions of clause (a) or clause (b) of that paragraph, the applicant may proceed with the erection or re-erection of the building to which the application relates ;

Provided that nothing contained in this section shall be deemed to authorise the erection or re-erection of any building in contravention of any of the provisions of Part B or C of this order, or of any general scheme sanctioned by the Commissioner, restricting the erection or re-erection of buildings, or any class of buildings, or encroaching on or projecting over land, which is the property of Government or the Town Committee, except as permitted in paragraphs 6, 7 and 8 of this order.

24. Every sanction for the erection or re-erection of any building, which shall be given or be deemed to have been given by the Committee, shall remain in force for one year only from the date of such sanction and should the erection or re-erection of the building not have been commenced within the said period of one year, the sanction shall be deemed to have lapsed, but such lapse shall not bar any subsequent application for fresh sanction under the foregoing provisions of this order.

25. Should a building be begun or erected after the publication of this genera order—

(a) without sanction as required by this order ; or

(b) without notice as required by clause 1 of this order ; or

(c) when sanction has been refused ; or
(d) in contravention of the terms of any sanction granted ; or
(e) when the sanction has lapsed ; or
(f) in contravention of any clause of this general order ;

it shall be considered that the owner thereof has committed a breach of the general order and he shall be liable to punishment under section 38 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921.

26. No compensation shall be claimable by any person for any damage which he may sustain, in consequence of the Committee's refusal to sanction the erection of any building.

Form S. T. M. A

(All entries on this side to be filled in by the applicant.)

From ____________

____

To

The Secretary,
Town Committee, Makhad.

I hereby apply as required by the general order of the committee for sanction to erect/re-erect a building with—

(i) an immovable/movable encroachment ____________ wide,
(ii) an immovable/movable overhanging structure ____________ wide as specified in form B, situated in ____________.

I attach the plans and the specifications of the proposed building in duplicate.

Signature ____________

Dated ____________

Form S. T. M. B.

(All entries on this side to be filled in the committee's office.)

Serial number of application ____________

Name of applicant ____________

Site of building (name of street, quarter, etc.) ____________

Abstract of application ____________

Received by Secretary ____________

Signature of Secretary.

Date by which the orders of the committee must be communicated to the applicant ____________

Forwarded to the Small Town Overseer for report on ____________

Signature of Secretary.

Returned to Secretary on ____________

Signature of Small Town Overseer.

Submitted to the Building Sub-Committee ____________

Signature of Secretary.

Submitted to the committee on ____________

Abstract of orders of the committee ____________

Signature of Secretary.

The 6th April, 1940.

No A.-XIV.-14/410.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub section (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following general order made by the Town Committee of Makhad in the Attock district, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (p of section 35 of the said Act, and sanctioned by the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, as required by subsection (1) of section 36 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force from the date of this notification :—

GENERAL ORDER.

1. No person shall manufacture or prepare for sale any milk, curd, sweetmeats, bread, meat or aerated water, except in premises licensed by the Town Committee in this behalf.

2. No premises shall be licensed for the manufacture or preparation for sale of milk, curd, sweetmeats, bread, meat or ærated water:—

(a) unless they have a floor made of burnt bricks; cement or other impervious material;

(b) unless the walls are properly plastered and lime-washed;

(c) unless they are provided with adequate light and ventilation to the satisfaction of the President of the Town Committee; or the Secretary or the District Medical Officer of Health appointed for this purpose;

(d) unless they are provided with a drain and the whole floor is sloped as to allow all liquids to flow off by the drain.

(e) if there is any direct communication between the premises, and any room used as a sleeping room;

(f) if there is any latrine, cesspool, cowshed, stable or other place within fifty feet of the premises, which in the opinion of the President, renders it undesirable that such premises should be used for the manufacture or preparation for sale of milk, curd, sweetmeats, bread, meat or ærated water.

3. No person shall sell any milk, curd, sweetmeats, bread, meat or ærated water, except in premises licensed by the Town Committee in this behalf, except a person to whom a hawker's licence has been issued.

4. No premises shall be licensed for the sale of milk, curd, sweetmeats, bread, meat or ærated water, unless arrangements are made to protect the above mentioned articles from flies by means of wire gauze or cloth.

Subject to the provisions of paragraphs 2, 4 and 5 licences for premises, for the manufacture or preparation for sale of milk, curd, sweetmeats, bread, meat or ærated water, shall be issued by the President or Secretary in form S. T. P., appended to this order, on the application of the owner or occupier of such premises, and shall be granted subject to the conditions specified in form S. T. P. as the conditions subject to which the licence is granted.

6. Licences issued in accordance with paragraph 5 shall be current for not more than 12 months, and shall, in any case, terminate on the 31st March, immediately succeeding the date of issue.

7. On the breach of any of the conditions of the licence by the licensee or his agent, the Town Committee may, forthwith, cancel the licence and the licensee shall be entitled to no compensation on account of such cancellation.

Form S. T P.

TOWN COMMITTEE, MAKHAD.

LICENCE FOR PREMISES FOR THE MANUFACTURE OR PREPARATION FOR SALE OF ——ISSUED UNDER PARAGRAPH 3 FOR LICENSING PREMISES.

The premises of which a description is given in the attached schedule, situated in (name of street ward, etc.) ______________________ are hereby licensed for the manufacture or preparation for sale of ______________________.

This licence is granted to owner/occupier of the said premises subject to the following conditions:—

1. That he shall not employ or permit to be employed in the manufacture or preparation for sale of ______________________ any person suffering from any contagious or infectious disease or from loathsome sores or who has recently been attending on any person so suffering and that he shall not suffer any such person or any animal to enter or remain upon the licensed premises.

2. That he shall daily cause to be thoroughly washed, and cleansed the floor and drain of the licensed premises, and every bench, counter table, shelf, or other place on which the articles manufactured or prepared for sale and any material used in such manufacture or preparation for sale are kept.

3. That he shall cause the walls of the licensed premises to be properly lime-washed at least twice a year, and more often if so required by the President of the Committee.

4. That he shall not spit or smoke or suffer any other person to spit or smoke within the license premises.

5. That he shall not keep or suffer to be kept in the licensed premises any bedding, soiled clothes or otherthings not required for the manufacture or preparation for sale of ______________________.

6. That he shall permit the President, Secretary or District Medical Officer of Health, authorized in his behalf, at all reasonable times and without notice, to inspect the licensed premises.

7. That he shall keep all vessels, receptacles, utensils and other things used for the purpose in a state of thorough cleanliness, and that he shall daily cause to be thoroughly washed, and cleansed the floors, drains and every bench, counter, table, shelf or other materials used in the process of manufacture.

8. That he shall duly pay to the Town Committee the fee that may from time to time be imposed under section 4 of the Punjab Small Towns Act.

(FOR ARTICLES OTHER THAN VEGETABLES.)

9. That he shall take such measures as may be required by the President to protect articles of food from flies by means of wire gauze.

(FOR MEAT ONLY.)

10. That the wooden boards for cutting meat be covered with a zinc sheet.

11. That no meat be exposed for sale which has been blown out or artificially stuffed; nor the flesh of any animal which have died from any disease or other natural cause, nor any meat which is decayed or in a rotten condition.

12. That no waste meat, trimmings, bones, refuse or other offensive matter be thrown into the public street.

(FOR MILK ONLY)

13. That no milk be exposed for sale that is mixed with water.

(FOR ÆRATED WATER AND BREAD ONLY.)

14. That he shall not use any water obtained from a source and conveyed to the premises in a manner not approved by the President, Secretary or District Medical Officer of Health, authorized in this behalf.

SCHEDULE.

(The actual room or rooms in which the sale or preparation for sale of meat is to be carried on should be described in cases where the whole of a building is not to be used for such sale or preparation for sale.)

Panchayats.

The 3rd April, 1940.

No. O.-XIV-G.-71/184.—With reference to notification No. O.-XIV.-G.-71/184, dated the 3rd October, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated 1st February, 1933, and 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate situated in the Gujrat district and included in the area declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-G.-71/183, dated 3rd October, 1939, to be the village of Kakowal for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said Panchayat shall consist of 3 panches; that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-G.-46/234.—Notifications Nos. O.-XIV.-G.-46/233, dated the 3rd November, 1937 and O.-XIV.-G.-46/20, dated the 8th April, 1938, regarding the village panchayat of Jandanwala in the Kharian tahsil of the Gujrat district are hereby cancelled.

No. O.-XIV-G.-77/237.—With reference to notification No. O.-XIV-G.-76/196, dated the 3rd October, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated 1st February, 1933, and 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate situated in the Gujrat district and included in the area declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-G.-76/195, dated 3rd October, 1939, to be the village of Dulowal for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said Panchayat, shall consist of 3 panches, that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16, and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-G.-78/238.—Notifications Nos. O.-XIV.-G.-78/197 and O.-XIV-G.-78/198, dated the 3rd October, 1939, regarding the panchayat village of Mangat in the Phalia tahsil of the Gujrat district are hereby cancelled.

No. O.-XIV-G.-58/238.—With reference to notification No. O.-XIV-G.-58/213, dated the 26th August, 1938, and in exercise of powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated 1st February, 1933 and 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate situated in the Gujrat district and included in the area declared by notification No. O.-XIV-G. 58/212, dated 26th August, 1938, to be the village of Kasba Kariali for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said Panchayat shall consist of 4 panches, that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26 respectively of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-G.-79/239.—With reference to notification No O.-XIV-G-79/200, dated the 3rd October, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921 read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated 1st February, 1933 and 28th February, 1935. respectively, the Commissioner Rawalpindi Division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate situated in the Gujrat district and included in the area declared by notification No. O.-XIV-G.-79/199, dated 3rd October, 1939, to be the village of Jhulana for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said Panchayat shall consist of 5 panches; that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-G.-84/240.—With reference to notification No. O.-XIV-G.-84/323, dated the 16th November, 1939, and in exercise of powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated 1st February, 1933 and 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate, situated in the Gujrat district and included in the area declared by notification No. O.-XIV-G.-84/322, dated 16th November, 1939, to be the village of Ajjowal for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said Panchayat shall consist of 4 panches; that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26 respectively of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-G.-85/241.—With reference to notification No. O.-XIV-G.-85/325, dated the 16th November, 1939, and in exercise of powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated 1st February, 1933, and 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate, situated in the Gujrat district and included in the area declared by notification No. O.-XIV-G.-85/324, dated 16th November, 1939, to be the village of Bukan for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said Panchayat shall consist of 4 panches; that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26 respectively of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-G.-158/242.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information, that the revenue estate of Jagal Village

in the Kharian tahsil of the Gujrat district, is declared to be village, to be known by the name of Jagal for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-G.-158/243.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified, that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Jagal, declared by notification No. O.-XIV-G.-158/242, dated 3rd April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Gujrat, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O. XIV-G.-159/244.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate of Gohri Village in the Phalia tahsil of the Gujrat district, is declared to be village to be known by the name of Gohri for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-G.-159/245.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Gohri, declared by notification No. O.-XIV-G.-159/244, dated 3rd April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Gujrat to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-G.-160/246.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate of Chak No. 26 village in the Phalia tahsil of the Gujrat district, is declared to be village to be known by the name of Chak No. 26 for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-G.-160/247.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Chak No. 26, declared by notification No. O.-XIV-G.-160/246, dated 3rd April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner, of Gujrat, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-G.-161/248.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate of Jhiwaranwali village in the Gujrat tahsil of the Gujrat district is declared to be a village to be known by the name of Jhiwaranwali for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-G.-161/249.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Jhiwaranwali, declared by notification No. O.-XIV-G.-161/248, dated 3rd April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Gujrat district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-G.-162/250.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate of Kalas village in the Kharian tahsil of the Gujrat district is declared to be a village to be known by the name of Kalas for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-G.-162/251.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Kalas declared by notification No. O.-XIV-G.-162/250, dated 3rd April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Gujrat district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV.-G.-163/252.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate of Attowala village in the Kharian tahsil of the Gujrat district, is declared to be a village, to be known by the name of Attowala, for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV.-G.-163/253.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified, that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Attowala declared by notification No. O.-XIV. G.-163-252, dated 3rd April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Gujrat district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification, in the village.

No. O.-XIV.-G.-164/254.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate of Sahibwal village in the Phalia tahsil of the Gujrat dis rict, is declared to be a village, to be known by the name of Sahibwal, for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV.-G.-164/255.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read

with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified, that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Sahibwal declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-G.-164/254, dated 3rd April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Gujrat district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification, in the village.

No. O.-XIV.-G.-165/256.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate of Hariawala village in the Gujrat tahsil of the Gujrat district is declared to be a village, to be known by the name of Hariawala for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV.-G.-165/257.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Hariawala declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-G.-165/256, dated 3rd April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commmissioner of Gujrat district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification, in the village.

No. O.-XIV.-G.-166/258.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information, that the revenue estate of Chak Pindi village in the Gujrat tahsil of the Gujrat district is declared to be a village, to be known by the name of Chak Pindi, for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV.-G.-166/259.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Chak Pindi declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-G.-166/258, dated 3rd April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Gujrat district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification, in the village.

No. O.-XIV.-G.-167/260.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate of Narowali village in the Gujrat tahsil of the Gujrat district is declared to be a village, to be known by the name of Narowali for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV.-G.-167/261.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat

in the village of Narowali declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-G.-167/260, dated 3rd April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Gujrat district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification, in the village.

No O.-XIV-G.-168/262.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate of Sidh village in the Kharian tahsil of the Gujrat district, is declared to be a village, to be known by the name of Sidh for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-G.-168/263.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified, that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Sidh, declared by notification No. O.-XIV-G.-168/262, dated 3rd April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Gujrat district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification, in the village.

No. O.-XIV-G.-169/264.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information, that the revenue estate of Sedhri village in the Gujrat tahsil of the Gujrat district is declared to be a village, to be known by the name of Sedhri for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-G.-169/265.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Sedhri declared by notification No. O.-XIV-G.-169/264, dated 3rd April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Gujrat district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification, in the village.

No. O.-XIV-G.-170/266.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information, that the revenue estate of Kolian Habib village, in the Kharian tahsil of the Gujrat district, is declared to be a village, to be known by the name of Kolian Habib for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-G.-170/267.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified, that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Kolian Habib, declared by notification No. O.-XIV-G.-170/266, dated 3rd April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Gujrat district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-G.-171/268.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate of Nunanwali village, in the Kharian tahsil of the Gujrat district, is declared to be a village, to known by the name of Nunanwali, for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-G.-171/269.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified, that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Nunanwali declared by notification No. O.-XIV-G.-171/268, dated 3rd April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Gujrat district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification, in the village.

No. O.-XIV.-G.-172/270.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate of Pahara village in the Kharian tahsil of the Gujrat district is declared to be a village, to be known by the name of Pahara for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-G.-172/271.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified, that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Pahara declared by notification No. O.-XIV-G.-172/270, dated 3rd April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Gujrat district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification, in the village.

No. O.-XIV-G.-173/272.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information, that the revenue estate of Lorai village, in the Gujrat tahsil of the Gujrat district, is declared to be a village, to be known by the name of Lorai for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV.G.-173 273.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified, that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Lorai declared by notification No. O.-XIV-G.-173/272, dated 3rd April, 1940, to be village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Gujrat district to the

Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification, in the village.

No. O.-XIV-G.-174/274.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate of Kharana village in the Kharian tahsil of the Gujrat district, is declared to be a village, to be known by the name of Kharana for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-G.-174/275.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Kharana declared by notification No. O.-XIV-G.-174/274, dated 3rd April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Gujrat, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification, in the village.

No. O.-XIV-G.-175/276.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate of Maghowal village in the Gujrat tahsil of the Gujrat district, is declared to be village, to be known by the name of Maghowal for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-G.-175/277.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Maghowal declared by notification No. O.-XIV-G.-175/276, dated 3rd April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Gujrat, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification, in the village.

No. O.-XIV-G.-176/278.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate of Sarai Dhing village in the Gujrat tahsil of the Gujrat district is declared to be village, to be known by the name of Sarai Dhing, for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-G.-176/279.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Sarai Dhing declared by notification No. O.-XIV-G.-176/278, dated 3rd April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Gujrat, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification, in the village.

No. O.-XIV-S.-32/280.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the revenue estate specified in column 3 of the schedule below, and situated in the Sargodha tahsil of the Shahpur district, is hereby declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the panchayat village is comprised.
1	Chak No. 84-N. B. ..	Chak No 84-N. B.

No. O.-XIV-S.-32/281.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Chak No. 84-N. B., declared by notification No. O.-XIV-S.-32/280, dated 3rd April, 1940, to be a village, for the purposes of said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Shahpur district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-S.-33/282.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the revenue estate specified in column 3 of the schedule below and situated in the Shahpur tahsil of the Shahpur district, is hereby declared to be a village, to be known, for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Khichi Ara ..	Khichi Ara.

No. O.-XIV-S.-33/283.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat, in the village of Khichi Ara, declared by notification No. O.-XIV-S.-33/282, dated 3rd April, 1940, to be a village, for the purposes of said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Shahpur district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-S.-34/284.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the revenue estate specified in column 3 of the schedule below and situated in the Khushab tahsil of the Shahpur district, is hereby declared to be a village, to be known, for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in colum 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the panchayat village is comprised.
1	Noorowana ..	Noorowana.

No. O.-XIV-S.-34/285.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Noorowana, declared by notification No. O.-XIV-S.-34/284, dated 3rd April, 1940, to be a village, for the purposes of said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Shahpur district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification, in the village.

No. O.-XIV.-S.-35/286.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the revenue estate specified in column 3 of the schedule below and situated in the Khushab tahsil of the Shahpur district, is hereby declared to be a village, to be known, for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	2	3
1	Jhunga Slo ..	Jhunga Slo.

No. O.-XIV.-S.-35/287.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notication No. 2914, dated the 1st of

February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Jhunga Slo, declared by notification No. O.-XIV-S.-35/286, dated 3rd April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Shahpur district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV.-S.-36/288.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the revenue estates specified in column 3 of the schedule below and situated in the Khushab tahsil of the Shahpur district, are hereby declared to be a village, to be known, for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column 2 —

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Names of estates within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Har-do-Ghagh	1. Ghagh Kalan 2. Ghagh Khurd.

No. O.-XIV.-S.-36/289.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Har-do-Ghagh, declared by notification No. O. XIV.-S.-36/288, dated 3rd April, 1940, to be a village, for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Shahpur district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O. XIV.-S.-37/290.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the revenue estate specified in column 3 of the schedule below and situated in the Khushab tahsil of the Shahpur district, is hereby declared to be a village, to be known, for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Rajar ..	Rajar.

No. O.-XIV-S.-37/291.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Rajar, declared by notification No. O.-XIV-S.-37/290, dated 3rd April, 1940, to be a village, for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Shahpur district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV.-S.-38/292.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the revenue estate specified in column 3 of the schedule below, and situated in the Khushab tahsil of the Shahpur district, is hereby declared to be a village to be known, for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Kaura ..	Kaura.

No. O.-XIV.-S.-38/293.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Kaura, declared by notification No. O.XIV.-S.-38/292, dated 3rd April, 1940, to be a village, for the purposes of said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Shahpur district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV.-S.-39/294.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the revenue estate specified in column 3 of the schedule below and situated in the Shahpur tahsil of the Shahpur district, is hereby declared to be a village, to be known for the purposes of the said Act by the name given in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Rabana ..	Rabana.

No. O. XIV.-S.-39/295.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Rabana, declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-S.-39/294, dated 3rd April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Shahpur district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-S.-40/296.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the revenue estate specified in column 3 of the schedule below and situated in the Khushab tahsil of the Shahpur district, is hereby declared to be a village, to be known, for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the panchayat village is comprised.
1	Ugali ..	Ugali.

No. O.-XIV-S.-40/297.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Ugali, declared by notification No. O.-XIV-S.-40/296, dated 3rd April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Shahpur district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-A.-14/298.—The Punjab Government notifications Nos. O.-XIV-A.-14/188 and O.-XIV-A.-14/158, dated the 25th September, 1937, and the 4th June, 1938, respectively, are hereby cancelled.

No. O.-XIV-A.-23/299.—It is proposed to cancel Punjab Government notifications Nos. O.-XIV-A.-23/214 and O.-XIV-A.-23/177, dated 26th August, 1938, and 21st September, 1939, respectively, so far as they relate to village Maqam in the Fateh Jang tahsil of the Attock district.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Attok district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within 3 months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-J.-81/300.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate of Athar in the Pind Dadan Khan tahsil of the Jhelum district is declared to be a village to be known by the name of Athar for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-J.-81/301.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Athar, declared by notification No. O.-XIV-J.-81/300, dated 3rd April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Jhelum district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-J.-82/302.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate of Dhab Khushhal in the Chakwal tahsil of the Jhelum district is declared to be a village to be known by the name of Dhab Khushhal for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-J.-82-/303.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Dhab Khushhal declared by notification No. O.-XIV-J.-82/302, dated 3rd April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Jhelum district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-J.-83/304.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the revenue estates specified in column 3 of the attached schedule and situated in the Chakwal tahsil of the Jhelum district are hereby declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act by the name given in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

Seris. No.	Name of village.	Names of estates within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	2	3
1	Chak Maluk ..	(1) Chak Maluk, (2) Tajbal.

No. O.-XIV-J.-83/305.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Chak Maluk, declared by notification No. O.-XIV-J.-83/304, dated 3rd April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a Panchayat in his village may submit his objection,

in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Jhelum district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-J.-84/306.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, datne the 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate of Budhial in Chakwal tahsil of the Jhelum district is declared to be a village to be known by the name of Budhial for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-J.-84/307.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchyat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Budhial, declared by notification No. O.-XIV-J.-84/306, dated the 3rd April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Jhelum district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-J.-85/308.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate of Nurwal in Chakwal tahsil of the Jhelum district is declared to be a village to be known by the name of Nurwal for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-J.-85/309.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Nurwal, declared by notification No. O.-XIV-J.-85/308, dated the 3rd April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Jhelum district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-J.-86/310.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate of Padhri in Jhelum tahsil of the Jhelum district, is declared to be a village to be known by the name of Padhri for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-J.-86/311.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Padhri, declared by notification No. O.-XIV-J.-86/310, dated the 3rd April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Jhelum district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-J.-91/310.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is notified

or general information that the revenue estate of Dhudhi Phuphra in Pind Dad Khan tahsil of the Jhelum district is declared to be a village to be known by the name of Dhudhi Phuphra for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-J.-91/311.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Dhudhi Phuphra, declared by notification No. O.-XIV-J.-91/310, dated the 3rd April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Jhelum district to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-J.-87/312.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjaq Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate of Dhab Loharan in Chakwal tahsil of the Jhelum district is declared to be a village to be known by the name of Dhab Loharan for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-J.-87/313.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Dhab Loharan, declared by notification No. O.-XIV-J.-87/312, dated the 3rd April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Jhelum District, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-J.-88/314.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921 read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it it notified for general information that the revenue estate of Durukna in the Pind Dadan Khan tahsil of the Jhelum district is declared to be a village to be known by the name of Durukna for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-J.-88/315.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified, that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Durukna, declared by notification No. O.-XIV-J.-88/314, dated the 3rd April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Jhelum district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-J.-89/316.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate of Chawali in the Pind Dadan Khan tahsil of the Jhelum district is declared to be a village to be known by the name of Chawali for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-J.-89/317.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified, that it is proposed to establish a Panchayat in the village of Chawali declared by notification No. O.-XVI-J.-89/316, dated the 3rd April, 1940, to be a village for the puposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Jhelum district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-J.-90/318.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate of Sardhi in the Pind Dadan Khan tahsil of the Jhelum district is declared to be a village to be known by the name of Sardhi for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-J.-90/319.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified, that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Sardhi declared by notification No. O.-XIV-J.-90/318, dated 3rd April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Jhelum district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-J.-92/322.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate of Hastal in Chakwal tahsil of the Jhelum district is declared to be a village, to be known by the name of Hastal, for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-J.-92/323.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Hastal declared by notification No. O.-XIV-J.-92/322, dated the 3rd April, 1940, to be a village, for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Jhelum district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-J.-93/324.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate of Chakorah in Chakwal tahsil of the Jhelum district, is declared to be a village, to be known by the name of Chakorah, for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-J.-93/325.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Chakorah, declared by notification No. O.-XIV-J.-93/324, dated 3rd April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Jhelum district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-J.-95/326.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate of Pinwal in the Chakwal tahsil of the Jhelum district is declared to be a village, to be known by the name of Pinwal, for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-J.-95/327.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Pinwal declared by notification No. O.-XIV-J-95/326, dated the 3rd April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a Panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Jhelum district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-M.21/328.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information, that the revenue estate specified in column 3 of the attached schedule and situated in the Mianwali tahsil of the Mianwali district, is declared to be a village, to be known, for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Shadia	Shadia.

No. O.-XIV-M./21/329.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st Febraury, 1933, it is hereby notified, that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Shadia declared by notification No. O.-XIV-M.-21/328, dated 3rd April, 1940, to be village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Mianwali district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-M.-22/330.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information, that the revenue estate specified in column 3 of the attached schedule, and situated in the Isakhel tahsil of the Mianwali

district, is declared to be a village, to be known, for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Mandakhel ..	Mandakhel.

No. O.-XIV-M.-22/331.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933e it is hereby notified, that it is proposed to establish a panchyat in the village of Mandakhel, declared by notification No. O.-XIV-M.-22/330, dated 3rd April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the, proposal, to establish a Panchayat in his village, may sumbit his objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Mianwali district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-M.-23/332.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information, that the revenue estate, specified in column 3 of the attached schedule, and situated in the Isakhel tahsil of the Mianwali district, is declared to be a village, to be known, for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Khaglanwala ..	Khaglanwala.

No. O.-XIV.-M.-23/333.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified, that it is proposed to establish a panchayat, in the village of Khaglanwala, declared by notification No. O.-XIV.M., 23/332, dated 3rd April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Mianwali district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV.-M.-24/334.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punj b Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information, that the revenue estate, specified in column 3 of the attached schedule, and situated in the Isakhel tahsil of the Mianwali District, is declared to be a village, to be known, for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column 2:—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village in comprised.
1	Kammarmushani	Kammarmushani.

No. O.-XIV.-M.-23/335.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat, in the village of Kammarmushani, declared by notification No. O.-XIV-M.-23/334, dated 3rd April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Mianwali district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV.-M.-24/336.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information, that the revenue estate, specified in column 3 of the attached schedule, and situated in the Isakhel tahsil of the Mianwali district, is declared to be a village, to be known, for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column 2:

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Sarwar Khel ..	Sarwar Khel.

No. O.-XIV.-M.-24/337.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified, that it is proposed to establish a panchayat

in the village of Sarwar Khel, declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-M.-24/336, dated 3rd April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Mianwali district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV.-M.-26/338.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information, that the revenue estate, specified in column 3 of the attached schedule, and situated in the Isakhel tahsil of the Mianwali District, is declared to be a village, to be known for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Tarag ..	Tarag.

No. O.-XIV.-M.-26/339.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified, that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Tarag, declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-M.-26/338, dated 3rd April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Mianwali district to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV.-M.-27/340.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information, that the revenue estate, specified in column 3 of the attached schedule, and situated in the Isakhel tahsil of the Mianwali district, is declared to be a village, to be known for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column 2:—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of subsectoin (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	2	3
1	Khudozai ..	Khudozai.

No. O.-XIV.-M.-27/341.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified, that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Khudozai, declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-M.-27/340, dated 3rd April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Mianwali district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV.-M.-28/342.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab village Panchayat, Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information, that the revenue estate specified in column 3 of the attached schedule, and situated in the Mianwali tahsil of the Mianwali district, is declared to be a village, to be known for the purposes of said Act, by the name given in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of sub-section 1 of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the panchayat village is comprised.
1	2	3
1	Dhok Nurshah ..	Dhok Nurshah.

No. O.-XIV.-M.-28/343.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified, that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Dhok Nurshah, declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-M.-28/342, dated 3rd April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Mianwali district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi divison, within three months from date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV. M.-29/344.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information, that the revenue estate, specified in column 3 of the attached schedule, and situated in the Mianwali tahsil of the Mianwali district, is declared to be a village, to be known for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Names of estates within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Doaba ..	Doaba.

No. O.-XIV.-M.-29/345.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified, that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Doaba, declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-M.-29/344, dated 3rd April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Mianwali district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV.-M.-30/346.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information, that the revenue estate specified in column 3 of the attached schedule and situated in the Mianwali tahsil of the Mianwali district, is declared to be a village, to be known for the purposes of the said Act by the name given in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Chorwala ..	Chorwala.

No. O.-XVI.-M.-30/347.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified, that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Chorwala, declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-M.-30/346, dated 3rd April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Mianwali district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV.-M.-31/348.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information, that the revenue estate specified in column 3 of the attached schedule, and situated in the Mianwali tahsil of the Mianwali district, is declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act by the name given in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Dhok Ghazan ..	Dhok Ghazan.

No. O.-XIV.-M.-31/349.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Dhok Ghazan, declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-M.-31/348, dated 3rd April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Mianwali district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O. XIV.-M.-32/350.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information, that the revenue estate, specified in column 3 of the attached schedule, and situated in the Mianwali tahsil of the Mianwali district, is declared to be a village, to be known for the purposes of the said Act by the name given in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1		3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Harnauli ..	Harnauli.

No. O.-XVI.-M.-32/351.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified, that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Harnauli, declared by notification No. O.-XVI.-M.-32/350, dated 3rd April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Mianwali district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV.-M.-33/352.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2814, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information, that the revenue estate specified in column 3 of the attached schedule, and situated in the Mianwali tahsil of the Mianwali district, is declared to be a village, to be known for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the panchayat village is comprised.
1	Jal	Jal.

No. O.-XIV.-M.-33/353.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified, that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Jal, declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-M.-33/352, dated 3rd April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Mianwali district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV.-M.-34/354.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information, that the revenue estate specified in column 3 of the attached schedule, and situated in the Mianwali tahsil of the Mianwali district, is declared to be a village, to be known for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
	Dhiba Karsial ..	Dhiba Karsial.

No. O.-XIV.-M.-34/355.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified, that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Dhiba Karsial, declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-M.-34/354, dated 3rd April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner, of Mianwali district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-M.-35/356.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information, that the revenue estate specified in column 3 of the attached schedule, and situated in the Mianwali tahsil of the Mianwali district, is declared to be a village, to be known for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Dab ..	Dab.

No. O.-XIV-M.-35/357.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified, that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Dab, declared by notification No. O-XIV-M.-35/356, dated the 3rd April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Mianwali district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-M.-36/358.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information, that the revenue estate specified in column 3 of the attached schedule, and situated in the Mianwali tahsil of the Mianwali district, is declared to be a village, to be known for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Thathi ..	Thathi.

No. O.-XIV-M.-36/359.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified, that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Thathi, declared by notification No. O-XIV-M.-36/358, dated 3rd April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Mianwali district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-M.-37/360.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information, that the revenue estate specified in column 3 of the attached schedule, and situated in the Bhakkar tahsil of the Mianwali district, is declared to be a village, to be known for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Khola ..	Khola.

No. O.-XIV-M.-37/361.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified, that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Khola, declared by notification No. O XIV-M.-37/360, dated the 3rd April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Mianwali district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-M.-38/362.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information, that the revenue estate specified in column 3 of the attached schedule, and situated in the Bhakkar tahsil of the Mianwali district, is declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Shah Alam ..	Shah Alam.

No. O.-XIV-M.-38/363.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 29 4, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified, that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Shah Alam, declared by notification No. O-XIV-M.-38/362, dated the 3rd April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Mianwali district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-M.-39/364.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information, that the revenue estate specified in column 3 of the attached schedule, and situated in the Bhakkar tahsil of the Mianwali district, is declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Haiderabad ..	Haiderabad.

No. O.-XIV-M.-39/365.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 193 , it is hereby notified, that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Haiderabad, declared by notification No O-XIV-M.-39/364, dated the 3rd April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Mianwali district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-M.-40/366.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information, that the revenue estate specified in column 3 of the attached schedule, and situated in the Bhakkar tahsil of the Mianwali district, is declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Kallurkot Magharbi ..	Kallurkot Magharbi.

No. O.-XIV-M.-40/367.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified, that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Kallurkot Magharbi, declared by notification No. O XIV-M.-40/366, dated the 3rd April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Mianwali district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from date of publication of this notification in the village.

The 4th April, 1940.

No. O.-XIV-M.-41/368.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2 14, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information, that the revenue estate specified in column 3 of the attached schedule and situated in the Mianwali tahsil of the Mianwali district, is declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act by the name given in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Chakrala ..	Chakrala.

No. O.-XIV-M.41/369.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Chakrala, declared by notification No. O.-XIV-M.-41/368, dated 4th April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Mianwali district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-M.-42/370.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information, that the revenue estate specified in column 3 of the attached schedule, and situated in the Isakhel tahsil of the Mianwali district, is declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Kallur ..	Kallur.

No. O.-XIV-M.-42/371.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified, that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Kallur, declared by notification No. O.-XIV-M.-42/370, dated 4th April, 1940 to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of Mianwali district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-M.-43/372.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information, that the revenue estate specified in column 3 of the attached schedule, and situated in the Bhakkar tahsil of the Mianwali district, is declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Mullanwali ..	Mullanwali.

No. O.-XIV-M.-43/373.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Mullanwali, declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-M.-43/372, dated 4th April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Mianwali district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-M.-44/374.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information, that the revenue estate, specified in column 3 of the attached schedule, and situated in the Bhakkar tahsil of the Mianwali district, is declared to be a village, to be known for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Majuka ..	Majuka.

No. O.-XIV-M.-44/375.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Majuka, declared by notification No. O.-XIV-M.-44/374, dated 4th April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Mianwali district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-M.-45/376.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information, that the revenue estate, specified in column 3 of the attached schedule, and situated in the Bhakkar tahsil of the Mianwali district, is declared to be a village, to be known for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of Village.	Name of estate within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 188., of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Umarwali ..	Umarwali.

No. O. XIV-M.-45/377.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified, that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Umarwali, declared by notification No. O-XIV.-M.-45/376, dated 4th April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Mianwali district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV.-M.-46/378.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information, that the revenue estate specified in column 3 of the attached schedule, and situated in the Bhakkar tahsil of the Mianwali district, is declared to be a village, to be known for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of Village.	Name of estate within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Behal ..	Behal.

No. O.-XIV-M.-46/379—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified, that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Pehal, declared by notification No. O.-XIV-M.-46/378, dated 4th April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Mianwali district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV.-M. 47/380.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information, that the revenue estate, specified in column 3 of the attached schedule, and situated in the Bhakkar tahsil of the Mianwali district, is declared to be a village, to be known for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No..	Name of village.	Name of estate, within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Darya Khan ..	Darya Khan.

No. O.-XIV.-M.-47/381.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified, that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Darya Khan, declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-M.-47/380, dated 4th April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Mianwali district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV.-M.-48/382.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information, that the revenue estate specified in column 3 of the attached schedule, and situated in the Bhakkar tahsil of the Mianwali district, is declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Lak Kalan ..	Lak Kalan.

No. O.-XIV. M.-48/383.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Lak Kalan, declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-M.-48/382, dated 4th April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Mianwali district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV.-M 49/384.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate specified in column 3 of the attached schedule and situated in the Bhakkar tahsil of the Mianwali district is declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Dajal ..	Dajal.

No. O.-XIV-M.-49/385.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 193 , it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Dajal, declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-M.-49/384, dated 4th April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Mianwali district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV.-M.-50,386.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate specified in column 3 of the attached schedule and situated in the Bhakkar tahsil of the Mianwali district is declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Kanjan Jadid ..	Kanjan Jadid.

No. O.-XIV-M. 50/387.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Kanjan Jadid, declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-M.-50/386, dated 4th April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Mianwali district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-G.-82/388.—With reference to notification No. O.-XIV. G./82/319, dated the 16th November, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 19 1, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated 1st February, 1933, and 28th February, 19.5, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estates situated in Gujrat district, and included in the area declared by notification No. O.-XIV-G.-82/318, dated 16th November, 1939, to be the village of Wariat for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said Panchayat shall consist of 4 panches ; that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-G.-83/389.—With reference to notification No. O.-XIV.-G.-83/321, dated the 16th November, 1939, and in exercise of the powers

conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated 1st February, 1933, and 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, is pleased to establish a panchayat, for the revenue estates situated in Gujrat district and included in the area declared by notification No. O.- IV.-G.-83/320, dated 16th November, 1939, to be the village of Chhani Gehna for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said panchayat shall consist of 3 panches ; that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV G.-86/390.—With reference to notification No. O.-XIV. G.-86/327, dated the 16th November, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5, and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated 1st February, 1933, and 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estates situated in Gujrat District and included in the area declared by notification No. O.-XIV-G.-86/326, dated 16th November, 1939, to be the village of Makiwal for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said panchayat shall consist of 4 panches ; that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV.-G.-82/391.—with reference to notification No. O.-XIV.-G.-92/339, dated the 16th November, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated 1st February, 1933, and 28th February, 1935, respectively,the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, is pleased to establish a panchayat, for the revenue estate, situated in Gujrat District, and included in the area declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-G.-92/338, dated 16th November, 1939, to be the village of Saida for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said Panchayat shall consist of 4 panches; that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in sectionn 16 and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV.-G.-93/392.—With reference to notification No. O.-XIV.-G.-93/311, dated the 16th November, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated 1st February, 1933, and 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, is pleased to establish a panchayat, for the revenue estate, situated in Gujrat District. and included in the area declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-G.-93/340, dated 16th November, 1939, to be the village of Bahowal for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said Panchayat shall consist of 3 panches ; that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV.-J.-94/393.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate of Chak Bazid in the Chakwal tahsil of the Jhelum district, is declared to be a village, to be known by the name of Chak Bazid for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV.-J.-94/394.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is hereby natified that it is proposed to establish a Panchayat in the village of Chak Bazid declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-J. 94/393, dated 4th April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a Panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Jhelum district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV.-A.-26/395.—With reference to notification No. O.-XIV.-A.-26/289, dated 16th November, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated 1st February, 1933, and 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate situated in the Attock district and included in the area declared by notification No. O. XIV.-A.-26/288, dated 16th November, 1939, to be the village of Nathial for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said panchayat shall consist of 3 panches ; that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV.-A.-29/396.—With reference to notification No. O.-XIV.-A.-29/295, dated 16th November, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated 1st February, 1933, and 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate, situated in the Attock district and included in the area declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-A.-29/294, dated 16th November, 1939, to be the village of Pindi Sarhal, for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said panchayat shall consist of 4 panches ; that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26. respectively, of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV.-A.-32/397.—With reference to notification No. O.-XIV.-A.-32/301, dated 16th November, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated 1st February, 1933, and 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate, situated in the Attock district and included in the area declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-A.-32/3 0, dated 16th November, 1939, to be the village of Abwal for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said Panchayat shall consist of 3 panches ; that it shall perfrom all the duties mentioned in section 16 and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act

No. O.-XIV.-A.-33/398.—With reference to notification No. O.-XIV.-A.-33/280, dated 8th November, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated 1st February, 1933, and 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate, situated in the Attock district and included in the area declared by notificaton

No. O.-XIV.-A.-33/279, dated 8th November, 1939, to be the village of Jalwal for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said panchayat shall consist of 3 panches; that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26 respectively, of the said Act.

The 5th April, 1940.

No. O.-XIV-G.-177/399.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estates, specified in column No. 3 of the attached schedule, and situated in the Gujrat tahsil of the Gujrat district, are declared to be a village, to be known for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column No. 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	Name of Village.	Names of estates within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat Village is comprised.
1	2	3
1	Kotli Kohala ..	1. Kotli Kohala. 2. Jhamat Abad. 3. Jhamat Nauabad.

No. O. XIV-G.-177/406.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Kotli Kohala declared by notification No. O.-XIV-G.-177/399, dated 5th April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Gujrat, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV.-G.-178/401.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information, that the revenue estates specified in column No. 3 of the attached schedule, and situated in the Gujrat tahsil of the Gujrat district, are declared to be a village, to be known, for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column No. 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	Name of village.	Names of estates within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat Village is comprised.
1	2	3
1	Ali	1. Ali. 2. Braham.

No. O.-XIV-G.-178/402.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Ali, declared by notification No. O.-XIV-G. 178/401, dated 5th April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Gujrat, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-A.-35/403.—With reference to notification No. O.-XIV-A.-35/284, dated the 8th November, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated 1st February, 1933, and 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate situated in the Attock district and included in the area declared by notification No. O.-XIV-A.-35/283, dated 8th November, 1939, to be the village of Damal, for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said panchayat shall consist of 3 panches ; that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-A.-36/404.—With reference to notification No. O.-XIV-A.-36/286, dated 8th November, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated 1st February, 1933, and 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate situated in the Attock district, and included in the area declared by notification No. O.-XIV-A.-36/285, dated 8th November, 1939, to be the village of Jangla for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said panchayat shall consist of 3 panches ; that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-A.-28/305.—With reference to notification No. O.-XIV.-A.-28/293, dated 16th November, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated 1st February, 1933, and 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate situated in the Attock district, and included in the area declared by notification No. O.-XIV-28/292, dated 16th November, 1939, to be the village of Dandi Jaswal, for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said panchayat shall consist of 3 panches ; that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

The 6th April, 1940.

No. O.-XIV-A.-34/406.—With reference to notification No. O.-XIV-A.-34/282, dated 8th November, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated 1st February, 1933, and 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, is

pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate situated in the Attock district, and included in the area declared by notification No. O.-XIV-A.-34/281, dated 8th November, 1939, to be the village of Kot Maliaran for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said panchayat shall consist of 3 panches ; that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-A.-27/407.—With reference to notification No. O.-XIV-A.-27/291, dated 16th November, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated 1st February, 1933, and 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate situated in the Attock district, and included in the area declared by notification No. O.-XIV-A.-27/290, dated 16th November, 1939, to be the village of Kamalpur for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said panchayat shall consist of 4 panches ; that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

No O.-XIV-A.-31/408.—With reference to notification No. O.-XIV-A.-31/299, dated 16th November, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection ( ) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated 1st February, 1933, and 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate situated in the Attock district and included in the area declared by notification No. O.-XIV-A.-31/298, dated 16th November, 1939, to be the village of Mari for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said panchayat shall consist of 4 panches ; that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively of the said Act.

P. MARSDEN,

Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division.

Committees.

The 29th March, 1940.

No. 98.—In accordance with the directions of the Provincial Government, under subsection (3) of section 31 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the following by-laws which have been made by the Municipal Committee of Leiah, in the Muzaffargarh district, under subsection (1) of section 31 and approved as required by subsection (2) of section 31 of the said Act, by the Commissioner of the Multan division in exercise of the powers delegated to him under section 32 of the said Act, by Punjab Government notification No. 5555, dated the 17th February, 1934, are published for general information. They shall come into force within the Municipality from the date of the publication of this notification in supersession of the by-laws published with the Commissioner's notification No. 5, dated the 30th May, 1892 :—

BY-LAWS.

I—TIME AND PLACE OF MEETING.

1. (a) Every meeting of the Committee, whether ordinary or special, shall be held in the municipal hall or under reasonable circumstances at a place, date and hour

to be fixed for it by the President or in his absence by the Vice-President ; provided that when there is neither a President nor a Vice-President in existence, the Secretary may convene a meeting at any time or place for the election of the President, but not for the transaction of any other business.

(*b*) Ordinary meeting of the committee shall be held at least once a month.

II—MANNER IN WHICH NOTICE SHALL BE GIVEN.

2. (*a*) The notice of every meeting under by-law 1 shall state the place, date and hour fixed for it and shall be signed by the President, Vice-President, or Secretary.

(*b*) The notice of every meeting shall be accompanied by a list duly attested by the Secretary, setting forth the business to be transacted at the meeting hereinafter called " Agenda ".

(*c*) The agenda shall include every matter that any member may desire to put to the meeting, provided that a copy of the motion thereon signed by such member and by a seconder is delivered to the Secretary at the municipal office at least seven clear days before the date of the meeting.

(*d*) The notice and the agenda shall be despatched by the Secretary not less than three days before the time fixed for the ordinary meeting and twenty-four hours before the time fixed for a special meeting and shall be served on each member of the committee.

3. Notice of an adjourned meeting shall be given by the Chairman on the spot and the same shall, as soon thereafter as possible, be sent to all members of the Committee who are absent, provided that it shall be lawful for the President or in his absence, the Vice-President or Secretary to alter with due notice, in an emergency, the place, date or hour of such meeting.

4. All cases on the agenda of a meeting shall be made available in the Secretary's office, between office hours for the inspection of the members immediately after the despatch of the agenda.

III—QUORUM.

5. No business shall be transacted at an ordinary meeting of the Committee unless at least one-third of the total numbers of the members are present but shall not be less than three.

6. In the absence of a quorum the Chairman shall forthwith suspend the proceedings and adjourn the meeting, whether ordinary or special.

IV—CONDUCT OF PROCEEDINGS AND ADJOURNMENT OF MEETINGS.

7. Every meeting shall commence with a motion by the Chairman that minutes of the previous meeting be confirmed. Such minutes shall ordinarily be taken as read out, if for any reason, they have not been previously circulated to the members they shall be read before they are taken into consideration. Any member who was present at the previous meeting may object to the confirmation of the minutes by moving an amendment on the ground that any matter is not correctly recorded or expressed.

8. The Chairman shall decide all points of order or procedure and his decision shall be final. Whenever he rises, any member speaking shall resume his seat. The Chairman after finishing his say shall allow the member to finish his speech.

9. The items on the agenda shall be dealt with in their order provided that the Chairman, with the consent of the majority of the members present, may vary such order and may bring before the meeting any matter not included in the agenda.

10. (*a*) If more than one member rise to speak at the same time the Chairman shall name the member who is to speak.

(*b*) Members when speaking shall stand and address the Chairman and except on a point of order or personal explanation the member speaking shall not be interrupted by any member other than the Chairman.

(*c*) No written speeches shall be delivered.

11. So far as is possible and consistent with the matter under discussion no member shall direct personal or objectionable remarks at any other member. For the purpose of this by-law the ruling of the Chairman shall be final.

12. A member desiring to raise a point of order or personal explanation shall rise, and address the Chairman. The member speaking shall then give way, and remain seated until the Chairman has decided the point raised ; provided that the Chairman

may permit any other member including the member called to order to speak on the said point.

13. (*a*) If the meeting refuses to obey the ruling of the Chairman on any matter he may adjourn it atonce and once he declares the meeting adjourned on this or any ground the subsequent proceedings of the meeting or any residue thereof shall be void and shall not appear in the minutes.

(*b*) The Chairman, with the consent of the majority may, adjourn the meeting at any stage.

14. The Chairman may, after calling the attention of the meeting to the conduct of a member who persists in irrelevance or in tedious repetition of his own arguments or of the arguments used by other members, direct him to discontinue his speech.

15. The Chairman may name any unruly member for report to Government for consideration under section 16 (1) (*e*) of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911.

16. Every motion or resolution shall be read and if seconded shall be deemed to be before the meeting for discussion. The mover shall speak first in support of this motion then the seconder may speak or if he desires he may reserve his speech to a later period of the debate.

17. A member may speak only once to each motion but the mover or seconder of a substantive motion or resolution may reply at the conclusion of the debate thereon; provided that the Chairman, at his discretion, may at any time allow a member who has already spoken to make a brief explanation.

18. (*a*) After a motion has been proposed and seconded, any member may propose an amendment thereto. An amendment that is not seconded falls through.

(*b*) Any number of amendments may be before the meeting at the same time, but they shall be put to vote in the reverse order to that in which they were moved, but amendments to an amendment shall always be taken immediately before the original amendment. After all the amendments have been disposed of the resolution as amended shall be put to the vote.

19. (*a*) A member who has already spoken on a substantive motion before the meeting is not thereby debarred from speaking on an amendment to the motion, provided that in so doing he confines himself strictly to the fresh matter introduced by the amendment.

(*b*) No motion or amendment shall be withdrawn except with the consent of the meeting.

20. Every motion, resolution or amendment voted on shall be put to the meeting both for and against.

Proviso.—Nothing in this and the following by-laws shall affect the provisions of the rules for the election of the President and Vice-President published by Punjab Government from time to time.

21. Unless a poll is demanded by any member present at the meeting a declaration made at the meeting by the Chairman that a motion, resolution or amendment has been carried or lost shall be sufficient warrant for making any entry to that effect in the minutes. If a poll is demanded by any member present, it shall be taken by show of hands and the result of such poll as declared by the Chairman shall be deemed to be the resolution of the Committee.

22. No decision of a Committee shall be reopened before the lapse of three months after it has been recorded except in compliance with an order of the Punjab Government or of the Commissioner or the Deputy Commissioner or with the permission of the President or on a requisition signed by two-third of the members actually serving on the Committee.

23. Any officer of the Government or other person, not being member of the Committee, may, with the consent of the majority of the members and of the Chairman, address the meeting.

24. All meetings of the Committee shall be open to the reporters of the press and with the consent of the Chairman to the public, provided that the reporters or the public or both shall withdraw if at any time so required by the Chairman.

25. Except as provided in by-law No. 23 no noise, expression of approval or disapprova on the part of the public or reporters present shall be permitted.

26. The Chairman may cause to be summarily removed from the building in which a meeting is being held, any person not being a member of the Committee who interrupts the business of the meeting or makes any noise or any expression of approval or disapproval or conducts himself in an unseemly manner.

27. No member may inspect the papers relating to a matter in which he or either of his parents or any other descendant of either of his parents or the husband or wife as may be of any such descendant has a direct or indirect pecuniary interest subject to this exception :—

(a) Members of Sub-Committee and members charged with the performance of any special duty, may inspect the papers connected with their duties at the Secretary's office during office hours, and

(b) any other member may inspect documents and registers at the Secretary's office during office hours, but he may, except in the case provided for by-law No. 4 do so only with the permission in writing of the President, or in his absence of the Vice-President,

(c) an application for permission to inspect under clause (b) shall be in writing and state the papers to be inspected and reasons for inspecting them. The President or Vice-President, as may be, may refuse permission if the reasons give are in his opinion insufficient. In the case of refusal if the applicant desires his application with remarks of refusal shall be laid before the coming meeting.

Proviso.—Nothing in this by-law shall be deemed to deprive any person of right to inspect document under any law other than the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911.

THE CUSTODY OF THE COMMON SEAL AND ITS USE .

28. The common seal shall remain in the custody of the Secretary, and in the absence of the Secretary in that of the President, or Vice-President, and shall be affixed on the following documents :—

(1) All deeds of sale or purchase and plans whether relating to movable or immovable property executed by or on behalf of the Committee.

(2) All written contracts and deeds entered into and leases given by the Committee.

(3) All copies of the Committee's orders granted on behalf of the Committee.

(4) All notices and permits issued by the Committee, the President, the Vice-President, or the Secretary, under the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, or rules thereunder.

(5) All copies of municipal records supplied to the applicants.

(6) All notices of meetings issued under by-law 2 of these by-laws.

(7) All bills and receipts for the recovery of taxes, rents and other dues and cheques.

(8) Any other documents or class of documents on which the Committee or the President may direct that the common seal shall be affixed.

VI.—SUB-COMMITTEES.

29. (a) The following sub-committees shall be appointed by the Committee :—

(1) Finance Sub-Committee.

(2) Sanitation and Lighting Sub-Committee.

(3) Municipal Works Sub-Committee.

(4) Education Sub-Committee.

30. Each Sub-Committee shall consist of at least three members of the Committee.

31. The members of the Sub-Committee shall be appointed by the Committee and shall hold office for one year.

32. Any member may be removed from the Sub-Committee by the order of the Committee.

33. The President or Vice-President, if present, at a meeting of a Sub-Committee shall take the chair, otherwise each Sub-Committee shall at each meeting appoint one of its member to be Chairman.

34. Each Sub-Committee shall at each meeting fix the place, date and time of its next meeting and notice thereof shall be sent by the Secretary to all members of the Sub-Committee.

35. An emergent meeting of a Sub-Committee shall be convened on the written requisition of at least two members of the Sub-Committee at a time not less than 24 hours after the time when such requisition is delivered to the Secretary in his office.

36. The Secretary of the Municipal Committee shall be the Secretary of every Sub-Committee.

37. (a) The quorum for a meeting of a Sub-Committee shall not be less than one half of the members of the Sub-Committee.

(b) Every Sub-Committee shall hold its meeting at least once a month.

(c) If any Sub-Committee fails to hold a meeting for the period of a month the papers that should have come before it may be put directly before the Committee.

38. Every Sub-Committee will be guided in the conduct of business by the rule of the procedure laid for the meeting of the Committee, provided that if on any matter a Sub-Committee is equally divided, the matter shall be referred to the Committee.

39. Every Sub-Committee shall subject to any special or general order of the Committee or the President, exercise a general supervision in respect of all matters placed under its control, and shall report on all questions connected therewith either on its own motion or on reference made to it by the Committee or President, or Vice-President or the Secretary of the Committee.

40. Papers connected with any matter placed under the control of the Sub-Committee shall be open to inspection of all the members of the Committee at the Secretary's office during the office hours to be fixed by the Committee.

41. (a) The Committee or the President may appoint a special Sub-Committee to investigate and report on any matter and any such Sub-Committee shall be dissolved as soon as that matter has been disposed of by the Committee or the President.

(b) Such special Sub-Committee shall consist of more than three members and the Secretary shall act as the Secretary of such Sub-Committee.

FINANCE SUB-COMMITTEE.

42. The Finance Sub-Committee shall enquire into, and report on, all questions affecting the receipts and expenditure, the imposition, remission and the refund of Octroi tax and other taxation, and all other matters affecting the finances of the Committee.

43. The Finance Sub-Committee shall also be in charge of the Municipal trees by the side of the roads.

44. The Secretary shall be responsible for the preparation and submission of the budget in consultation with President of the Committee. The budget shall be submitted to the Finance Sub-Committee for opinion and then laid before the special meeting for sanction.

45. All complaints of evasions or attempts at evasion of all taxes and fees shall be reported by officer concerned to the Secretary of the Committee who shall cause immediate inquiry to be made and communicate the result of the inquiry to the President, Vic -President or Finance Sub-Committee as may be necessary and thereafter action would be taken by the Secretary under sections 78, 229 or 228 of the Act as the case may be.

46. All estimates of the Committee for works or repairs will be laid before the Finance Sub-Committee for consideration. When this has been approved by the Finance Sub-Committee it shall be laid before the Committee for sanction. When the estimate

has been sanctioned the tenders will be invited and opened in the presence of the President or in his absence in the presence of the Vice-President and the contract given by the President or the Vice-President as the case may be.

47. All estimates amounting to Rs. 50 or less will be sanctioned and contract given by the President or in his absence by the Vice-President, without reference to the Committee.

48. All estimates amounting to more than Rs. 50 shall be sanctioned by the Committee except in urgent and special cases when this power will be exercised by the President.

49. All works being executed on daily labour under the direct order of the President, Vice-President or the Committee shall, ordinarily, be supervised by the ward members of the Committee except when otherwise provided for, and he shall take necessary steps for its efficient execution as he may deem necessary.

50. The Secretary of the Municipal Committee on a written request may allow any person temporarily to occupy a street on the fixed rates of fee for the depositing of building materials for a limited period (not more than one month in any case) under section 173 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911. All sanctions of more than one month will be granted by the President of the Committee.

SANITATION AND LIGHTING SUB-COMMITTEE.

51. The above-named Sub-Committee shall inquire into and report on all matters relating to sanitation and lighting respectively.

MUNICIPAL WORKS SUB-COMMITTEE.

52. The above-named Sub-Committee will inquire into and report on all matters relating to public works, municipal and Nazul property, roads, buildings in charge of the Committee and building applications.

EDUCATION SUB-COMMITTEE.

53. The above-named Sub-Committee will inquire into and report on all matters relating to schools, reading rooms, libraries, and the establishment connected therewith.

54. The following officials shall be responsible for granting receipts on behalf of the Committee under their signatures :—

For Octroi tax.	*Octroi Tax Muharrir.*
For Tehhbazari fees and Slaughter House fees.	Octroi Superintendent or any other man appointed by the Committee.
In all other cases ..	The Secretary.

POWER OF THE PRESIDENT.

55. The President is the chief executive officer of the Municipal Committee. All reports of sub-committees or of the members shall be addressed to him for disposal.

56. The President is authorised to disburse—

(*a*) The fixed salaries of all sanctioned establishment of the Committee.

(*b*) All sanctioned grants-in-aid, scholarship and ordinary contingent charges.

(*c*) All sanctioned payments due from the Committee.

(*d*) All bills of the contractors for public works, when they have been checked, passed and recommended by the Finance Sub-Committee for sanction.

57. The President may order an expenditure of any sum not exceeding Rs. 50 in any case at a time, provided that the Committee is informed of such expenditure at its next meeting.

58. The President may order the sale of dead and live stock and the movable property of the Committee and sanction the sale-proceeds therefrom up to Rs. 50 subject to confirmation by the Committee.

59. The President may grant one month's leave to any officer or servant of the Committee without reference to the Committee. Any leave of more than one month sanctioned by him shall require the sanction of the Committee.

60. The President shall have the powers to make necessary arrangements in case of leave granted under by-law 59 above.

61. The President may suspend any servant of the Committee whose salary is below Rs 50 per mensem for misconduct or neglect of duty, but he shall bring the fact of having done so to the notice of the Committee at the ensuing meeting where a decision shall be arrived at as to whether the officer be reinstated or dismissed. For dismissal procedure laid down in Punjab Government notification No. 4421, dated the 17th February, 1925, as amended from time to time, shall be followed.

62. The President may sanction all appointments carrying a pay of Rs. 20 or less per mensem without reference to the Committee and may dismiss any servant so appointed for misconduct or neglect of duty or any other fault subject to an appeal to the Committee.

63. The President shall exercise general control over all the Municipal establishment and shall receive all reports, etc., concerning them. He is authorised to levy a fine of Rs. 2 or less on any servant of the Committee drawing pay of Rs. 30 or less per mensem for misconduct or neglect of duty or for any other fault.

64. The President shall exercise a general control on behalf of the Municipal Committee under section 39 (for the appointments of servants on maximum pay of Rs. 20 per mensem) 77, 113, 114, 115, 122, 124, 126, 131, 169 (c), 170, 170A (1) and (2), 172 (2), 173, 206 207, 220 and 229 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, and in case of necessity shall take such steps as he may deem fit. The President can take necessary action with regard to such servants under these sections in anticipation of the Municipal Committee's sanction, but action taken by him must be reported to the Committee at the next meeting for approval.

65. In any case of emergency when the President is absent from the Municipality the Vice-President may exercise all powers of the President as described in by-laws 55 to 64 above both inclusive.

DUTIES AND POWERS OF SECRETARY SECTION 31 (*1*) (*g*).

66. The Secretary shall be responsible for the punctual submission of the account, returns and budget and of the whole of the office work. He shall be responsible that no municipal money is drawn and expended without sanction.

67. The Secretary shall be responsible that the pay bills are properly drawn and checked under his control.

68. The Secretary shall disburse all money which is due from the Committee.

69. The Secretary shall be the executive officer of the Committee and shall discharge his duties subject to the control of the Committee and the President.

70. He shall, unless his presence is dispensed with by the President or Chairman attend every meeting of the Committee and of every Sub-Committee. Unless he is a member of the Committee or of a Sub-Committee he shall not address the meeting, but with the Chairman's permission he may explain any matter to the meeting.

71. He shall maintain the minutes of the proceedings of all meetings and sign them before laying them before the Chairman for signature and he shall be responsible for the prompt submission within three days of a copy of the minutes to the Deputy Commissioner.

72. The Secretary shall make rounds in the town to see sanitation, check the Muharrirs on the barriers and see all repairs and works done to the Municipal property and check and supervise the collection of tehbazari and building material fee.

73. The whole of the Municipal establishment shall be under the direct control of the Secretary subject to the order of the Committee and the President. He shall have the powers to grant 4 days' leave to any employee of the Committee.

74. He shall receive all tenders called for, or made to the Committee, and shall open them in the presence of the President or in his absence of the Vice-President.

75. He shall sign notices, processes, sanctions and permits issued on behalf of the Committee.

76. The Secretary may incur any contingent expenditure not exceeding Rs. 5 in any case at a time subject to the budget provision, and to report to the next meeting of the Committee.

77. The Secretary shall have the power under section 228 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, to appear on behalf of the Committee in any court of law and to prosecute on its behalf any offender against the said Act and rules and by-laws made thereunder unless otherwise provided.

78. The Secretary shall exercise a general control on behalf of the Committee under sections 75, 77, 113, 114, 115, 118, 119, 124, 131, 170, 173, 203, 204, 206, 207 and 208 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, and in case of necessity he shall take suitable steps for the better execution of the work.

The appointments, duties, suspension and removal of its servants and officer.

79. All applications for leave shall be attested by the superior officer of the applicant.

80. All transfers of Municipal employees within the Municipality whose pay is more than Rs. 20 shall be made by the President.

81. Leave for any period shall be granted in accordance with the rules prescribed in the Civil Service Regulations and the Fundamental Rules and in case of future entrants to Municipal Service the leave shall be granted in accordance with the Punjab Revised Leave Rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 2036-F.-35/18843, dated the 10th June, 1936, as subsequently amended. All such applications for such leave must be submitted in writing through the Secretary for the orders of the President, Vice-President or the Committee, as the case may be.

The terms for which a Vice-President shall hold office.

82. A Vice-President shall hold office for one year except when he fills a vacancy caused by death, resignation or removal in which case he shall hold office only for the unexpired period of his predecessor.

Appeal from executive order.

83. An appeal against an executive order passed by the President, Vice-President or Secretary can be made to the Committee.

84. No appeal shall be heard unless it is filed within 30 days of the date of the order against which it is referred or the date of its legal service on the applicant and unless it is accompanied by a certified copy of such order.

85. In computing the period of limitation prescribed for an appeal in by-law 84 above the time requisite for obtaining a copy of the order shall be excluded.

86. A copy of any resolution passed by the Committee or of any entry in a register of births and deaths maintained by the Committee or with the approval of the President or under his control by the Vice-President or of any executive order passed by any officer or servant of the Committee shall be supplied to any person who applies for such copy to the Secretary and pays a fee for such copy on the scale prescribed by the Government for the copies of the judicial and revenue records.

87. The rule in force for the supply of the copies of the judicial and revenue records shall apply generally to the supply of the copies of the Municipal records, and the Secretary shall attest such copies as true copies.

88. A member may inspect the Municipal records in the Secretary office during office hours, and no Municipal Record shall be sent to any member's house except when it is to be submitted to him for opinion, report or execution of any work by the orders of the Committee, President or Vice-President or the Secretary.

89. (*a*) Municipal documents or records may be inspected by the public with the permission of the President, Vice-President or the Secretary on previous payment of Re. 1 for first hour and annas eight for each of the subsequent hours.

(*b*) When urgent inspection is demanded, rupee one shall be paid in addition to the inspection fee prescribed in (*a*) above.

90. Every cheque shall be signed by the Secretary in addition to the President or in his absence by the Vice-President and a member.

91. Office of the Municipal Committee shall remain closed on holidays declared by the Government for the office of the Deputy Commissioner and also for local festivals with the permission of the President.

Small Towns.

The 2nd April, 1940.

No. 99.—The following rules made by the Town Committee of Dunyapur in exercise of the powers conferred by section 19 of the Vaccination Act, 1880, having been confirmed by the Commissioner, Multan Division, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the Small Town of Dunyapur in the Multan district, after six weeks from the date of publication of this notification :—

RULES.

Appointment of vaccine station.

1. The Committee shall maintain a vaccine station at such place within the area under its jurisdiction as the District Medical Officer of Health, Multan district, may, in consultation with the Committee, approve ; and shall similarly fix the day and hours at which such station shall be open and shall cause to be affixed on the outside of such place, in a conspicuous position a signboard on which shall be printed, in letters easily legible, both in English and Vernacular characters, the following inscription :—

" Dunyapur Small Town Vaccine Station. "

" Open every day from__________ to__________ ".

Appointment of Public Vaccinator.

2. For the due performance of vaccination, the Town Committee shall appoint such number of public vaccinators as the Director of Public Health may from time to time determine, and every such vaccinator shall ordinarily wear on his left breast a distinguishing badge with the words " Public Vaccinator, Dunyapur Small Town ", inscribed on it.

Qualification of public vaccinator.

3 No person shall be appointed a public vaccinator unless he—

(a) has passed the Anglo-Vernacular Middle School Examination or in the case of an Inspector of Vaccination and Sanitation to be employed by a municipal committee, has passed the Matriculation Examination of an Indian University, holds one or other of the undermentioned certificates and has received a course of instruction in vaccination at the Punjab Vaccine Institute, unless he has already received such instruction while undergoing training as a Sanitary Inspector :—

(i) The Punjab Sanitary Inspectors Certificate,

(ii) The Bombay Sanitary Surveyors Certificate,

(iii) The Madras Sanitary Inspectors Certificate,

(iv) Certificate from the Royal Sanitary Institute, London,

(v) Certificate from the Sanitary Inspectors Association, London,

(vi) The Burma Public Health Certificate, and

(b) is certified by a medical practitioner, registered under the Punjab Medical Registration Act, 1916, to be physically and mentally fit for the duties he will have to perform ; and produces a certificate that he has been successfully vaccinated or re-vaccinated not earlier than twelve months prior to the date of his appointment, or is insusceptible to successful vaccination, or has had smallpox and shows obvious scars thereof.

Time of attendance of public vaccinators and their residence.

4. During the vaccination season the public vaccinator shall be bound to attend the vaccine station every day at the hours fixed, and he shall ordinarily reside in the small town.

Note for vaccinators.—Although the Vaccination Act, 1880, does not render liable to punishment the omission to have children under the age of six months vaccinated, yet it is very desirable that childern should be vaccinated at an earlier age and as a rule, all healthy unprotected children over one month old presented for vaccination should be vaccinated by the Public Vaccinator.

Nature of lymph to be ordinarily used.

5. The lymph to be used in the performance of vaccination shall be the lymph obtained from the Punjab Vaccine Institute.

Facilities for procuring vaccination of children at private houses, and the fee payable to a public vaccinator for an operation.

6. Persons desirious of procuring the vaccination of their children at their own houses shall intimate the fact to the Public Vaccinator, who, out of the hours of his public duties, shall arrange with the applicant to vaccinate the child, and a fee of eight annas per child shall be payable to a public vaccinator who so vaccinates a child.

Fee chargeable by private vaccinators and the authority to which they are subject.

7. Persons licensed by the Punjab Government to act as private vaccinators shall in no case demand a higher fee than eight annas for a single operation, and shall perform their duties under the orders and subject to the general control of the District Medical Officer of Health.

Re-vaccination.

8. If the result of the first vaccination is a failure, the child shall be re-vaccinated and if this second operation is also a failure, a third attempt shall be made, and if this also proves unsuccessful, no further attempt shall be made.

Grant and form of certificate of successful vaccination, unfitness for or insusceptibility of vaccination.

9. Whenever it is ascertained that a child is unfit for vaccination or is insusceptible of successful vaccination, a certificate in form I attached to these rules shall be granted in the former case to the parent or guardian of such child by the Vaccinator, and in the latter case in form II by the District Medical Officer of Health or Vaccination Officer duly appointed for the purpose, and in like manner, whenever it is ascertained that child has been successfully vaccinated, a certificate shall be granted by the vaccinator to the parent or guardian of such child in form III attached to these rules.

10. The following registers shall be maintained by the Town Committee :—

Registers to be kept by the Town Committee.

(a) a register to be known as register " A " showing the names of children born in the small town on and after the date of the application of the Vaccination Act, 1880, to such area ;

(b) a register to be known as register " B " showing the names of unprotected children born in the small town previous to the date of the application of the Vaccination Act, 1880, and who were at that date under the age of fourteen years, if boys, and of eight years, if girls ;

(c) a register to be known as register " C " showing the names of unprotected boys and girls under the age of fourteen and eight years, respectively, who are brought within the small town at any time after the application of the Vaccination Act, 1880, and who have resided there for a month or more ;

(d) a register to be known as register " D " showing the result of each vaccination or its postponement and the delivery of certificates, if any.

Rules for the preparation of registers.

11. The preparation of register ' A ' shall be effected from the register of births maintained in the Town Committee's office, that of registers ' B ' and ' C ' from information to be collected under the orders of the District Medical Officer of Health ; and that of register " D " from reports submitted by the vaccinator, as hereinafter prescribed.

12. Every public and private vaccinator employed within the small town shall keep up the following registers—

Registers to be kept by the vaccinator.

(a) Register " E " showing—

(i) name, sex, age, parentage, caste and residence of each child vaccinated ;

(ii) date of operation ;

(iii) date of inspection after vaccination ;

(iv) result whether successful or unsuccessful ;

(v) date of second operation, if first unsuccessful ;

(vi) date of inspection after re-vaccination ;

(vii) result whether successful or unsuccessful ;

(viii) date of third operation, if first and second unsuccessful ;

(b) Register " F " showing—

(i) name, sex, age, parentage, caste and residence of each child produced but found unfit for vaccination ;

(ii) date of certificate of postponement granted under section 9 of the Vaccination Act, 1880 ;

(iii) date on which the child was represented for vaccination, and the result of inspection ;

(iv) date of renewal of postponement certificate, if any ;

(v) Remarks.

Explanation.—If ; on the child being re-presented for vaccination, it is found to be in a fit state for the operation, the fact shall be recorded in column 3 of register F and an entry of the fact of vaccination, when performed should be made in register E, a reference to such entry being made in the column of remarks of register F, opposite the corresponding entry in the latter register.

Preparation of vaccination report and return.

13. Every public and private vaccinator shall prepare a monthly report during the vaccination season on the general result of the vaccine operations during that period and shall submit the same, through the District Medical Officer of Health, to the Secretary of the Committee accompanied by a return showing—

(a) number of boys vaccinated during the month ;

(b) number of girls vaccinated during the month ;

(c) results—

(i) number successful ;

(ii) number unsuccessful ;

(iii) number insusceptible.

Form I.

DUNYAPUR SMALL TOWN.

VACCINATION STATION.

Certificate of unfitness for vaccination.

I ______________ a public/licensed vaccinator, do hereby certify that in my opinion ______________ the son/daughter of ______________, resident of ______________, is in a state unfit for vaccination, and that such unfitness will continue during the whole / for a period of ______ day of the current vaccination season.

NOTE.—In case the unfitness for vaccination is to continue during the whole vaccination season the certificate shall be countersigned either by Superintendent of Vaccination or by a qualified Medical Practitioner.

Dated ______________ (Sd.) ______________

Vaccinator.

Form II.

DUNYAPUR SMALL TOWN.

VACCINATION STATION.

Certificate of insusceptibility of successful Vaccination.

I ______________ do hereby certify that ______________ the son/daughter of ______________ resident of ______________, has been three times unsuccessfully vaccinated, and that in my opinion he/she is unsusceptible of successful vaccination.

(Sd.) ______________.

Dated ______________. District Medical Officer of Health (or Vaccination Officer).

Form III.

DUNYAPUR TOWN COMMITTEE.

VACCINATION STATION.

I ______________ a public/licensed vaccinator, do hereby certify that ______________ the son/daughter of ______________, resident ______________, was vaccinated by me on the ______________ day of ______________ in the year ______________, and that after due inspection I am satisfied that the vaccination has been successful.

(Sd.)

Dated ______________. Vaccinator.

The 4th April, 1940.

No. 101.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following General Order made by the Town Committee of Lalian in the Jhang district in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*v*) of section 35 of the said Act, and sanctioned by the Commissioner, Multan Division, as required by subsection (1) of section 36 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force from the date of this notification:—

GENERAL ORDER.

1. No person shall sell or store for sale bhusa, hay, straw, thatching grass, fuel wood for building purposes, coal, charcoal, sarkanda or sarkanda matting or other dangerously inflammable material within the limits of the Small Town except in yards or depôts for which a licence has been granted by the Committee in this behalf.

2. Licences for yards or depôts for the sale or storage for sale of the materials mentioned in paragraph 1 of this order shall be issued by President or Secretary in the form S.T.V. appended to this order on the application of the owner or occupier of such premises and shall be granted on payment of the fees that may from time to time be imposed by the Committee under clause (*h*) of subsection (1) of section 41 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, subject to the conditions specified in form S.T.V. as the conditions subject to which the licence is granted.

3. Licences issued in accordance with paragraph 2 shall be current for not more than 12 months and shall in any case terminate on the 31st March immediately succeeding the date of issue.

4. On a breach of any of the conditions of the licence by the licensee or his agent the Town Committee may forthwith cancel the licence and the licensee shall be entitled to no compensation on account of such cancellation.

TOWN COMMITTEE OF LALIAN.

Form S.T.V.

LICENCE FOR YARDS OR DEPÔTS FOR THE SALE OF ______________________ . THE YARD OR DEPÔT OF WHICH A DESCRIPTION IS GIVEN ON THE REVERSE SITUATED IN (NAME OF STREET, WARD, ETC.), IS HEREBY LICENSED FOR THE SALE OR STORAGE FOR SALE OF ______________________ .

The licence is granted to ______________________ owner/occupier

of the said yard (or depôt) subject to the following conditions :—

(1) That he shall not burn or allow to burn any article in the yard (or depôt) or keep any other inflammable articles except those entered in the licence.

(2) That he shall not smoke or suffer any person to smoke within the licensed yard (or depôt).

(3) That he shall permit any member or officer of the Committee authorised in this behalf at all reasonable time, and without notice to inspect the licensed yard (or depôt).

(4) That he shall not keep the following articles in excess of the quantity given below :—

	Maunds.
(1) Bhoosa, hay, straw, munj, sarkanda, mattings and thatching grass ..	100
(2) Fuel	200
(3) Building wood	500
(4) Charcoal and coal	200

(5) That he shall keep at all times such number of buckets of water or earth as may in the opinion of the President be requisite to extinguish fire in the event of an outbreak.

General (Gurdwaras).

The 4th April, 1940.

No. 100.—In continuation of my predecessor's Notification No. 12, dated the 4th February, 1939, it is hereby notified in accordance with the provisions of subsection (3) of section 88 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, that the person named in column 3 of the Schedule below has been duly nominated by the Shiromani Gurdwara Parbandhak Committee, Amritsar, under the provisions of section 87 of the Act, as the fifth member of the Committee of management for the Gurdwara

specified in column 2 of the Schedule, and that the Committee has been duly constituted:—

SCHEDULE.

Authority declaring the Gurdwara to be a Sikh Gurdwara.	Name of Gurdwara.	Name and address of the nominated member.
1	2	3
No. 298-106-G., dated the 21st March, 1928.	Bhai Khan Chand Wala ..	S. Kirpal Singh, son of S. Bishan Singh, Maghiana, District Jhang.

C. V. SALUSBURY,

Commissioner, Multan Division.

d5 CS—1,119—12-4-40—SGPP Lahore.

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Published by Authority.

No. 16. LAHORE, FRIDAY, APRIL 19, 1940.

PART I—B.

Notifications by Commissioners.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Committees.

The 6th April, 1940.

No. 137.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that Lala Hanuman Das, son of Lala Chatar Bhuj, Mahajan, of Bhiwani, has been elected a member of the Municipal Committee, Bhiwani, in the Hissar district, *vice* Lala Gokal Chand resigned.

The 10th April, 1940.

No. 233.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of Rupar, under clause (*gg*) of subsection (1) of section 31 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, are published for general information as required by section 31 (3) of the said Act. They shall come into force within the Municipality of Rupar, in the Ambala district from the date of this notification :—

BYLAWS.

1. All files relating to items in the agenda to be transacted in the next meeting of the Committee, shall be made available for the inspection of the members of the Municipal Committee as soon as a copy of the agenda is issued to them, and the Secretary shall provide facilities for the inspection of the files.

2. Every member of the Committee shall be entitled to inspect any municipal file without payment of any fee, but he is not authorised to inspect any file concerning a case in which he is personally interested.

3. No member or official of the Committee except the Executive Officer, the Secretary, the President or a Vice-President, shall remove any file from the municipal office. The inspections allowed by bylaws 1 and 2 shall be made at the municipal office.

4. No member of the public is authorised to inspect the municipal files, except those containing the minutes of meetings of the Committee or of a Sub-Committee. If, however, any person is permitted to inspect records other than the proceedings of the meeting of the Committee or of a Sub-Committee, he shall pay two rupees for the first hour and eight annas for any subsequent hour or a part thereof.

5. Any member of the public, who wished to inspect municipal records other than the proceedings of the meetings of the Committee or a Sub-Committee under bylaw 4, shall make an application in writing to the Executive Officer, or the Secretary, and, if he is so permitted by the Executive Officer or, in his absence, the President or a Vice-President of the Committee, he shall have to pay one rupee in advance. This sum shall in no case be returned, but, if and when he inspects the records, it shall be deducted from the inspection fee referred to in bylaw 4.

6. Inspections of municipal records under bylaw 4 shall be made in the office of the Secretary of the Committee under his supervision or that of an official appointed by him in this behalf.

7. A member of the public may obtain copies of the resolutions of the Committee, the Sub-Committee and of the municipal records on payment of the following fees :—

	English or Roman Urdu.	*Vernacular.*
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
A. (*a*) First 200 words or under ..	0 12 0	0 6 0
Every additional 100 words or fraction thereof ..	0 6 0	0 3 0

These rates include the cost of paper which will be supplied by the Committee.

(*b*) For field maps, boundary maps and tabular works, a special fee shall be fixed by the Executive Officer or in his absence by the Secretary of the Committee, but this fee should always be a multiple of two annas.

(*c*) Applicants for "urgent" copies, that is, copy to take precedence over other copying work, shall pay a uniform extra charge of one rupee or of such other amount as the Committee may direct.

NOTE.—For the purposes of the above rule the extra fee to be charged shall be fixed by each resolution of the Committee. In case of a doubt whether a resolution is separate or not, the decision of the Executive Officer or, in his absence, the President of the Committee shall be final.

(*d*) A search fee of eight annas may be imposed under the orders of the Executive Officer or, in his absence, the Secretary in cases, in which an unreasonable amount of trouble has been caused in finding the original records.

(*e*) An additional agency fee of two annas will be charged when copies are delivered personally after a period of three days has expired from the date on which the copy was prepared.

B. In the case of copies supplied through the value payable post :—

(*a*) ordinary, special, urgent and search fees as above prescribed ;

(*b*) agency fees : two annas per application ;

(*c*) court-fees and stamp fees : the amount actually spent on applicant's behalf on the application and on copy supplied ;

(*d*) postal charges : the amount actually spent on applicant's behalf on postal charges and value payable post commission.

8. Copies from the records of the Committee may be granted with the permission of the Executive Officer, or the President or, in his absence, the Vice-President on payment of fees at the rates prescribed in bylaw 7, if the Executive Officer, the President or the Vice-President holds that the granting of such copies is not prejudicial to the interests of the Committee.

Panchayats.

The 5th April, 1940.

No. 117.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Dataur in the Rohtak tahsil of the Rohtak district, to be a village to be known by the name of Dataur, for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 118.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Dataur, declared by notification No. 117, dated the 5th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal, may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rohtak district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 119.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions, by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Garhi Sampla in the Rohtak tahsil of the Rohtak district, to be a village to be known by the name of Garhi Sampla for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 120.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Garhi Sampla, declared by notification No. 119, dated the 5th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rohtak district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 121.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions, by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Riwara in the Gohana tahsil of the Rohtak district, to be a village to be known by the name of Riwara for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 122.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Riwara, declared by notification No. 121, dated the 5th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rohtak district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 123.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Nizampur Khurd, in the Sonepat tahsil, of the Rohtak district, to be a village to be known by the name of Nizampur Khurd, for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 124.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Nizampur Khurd, declared by notification No. 123, dated the 5th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rohtak district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 125.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions, by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Minimpur Kakrola, in the Jhajjar tahsil of the Rohtak district, to be a village to be known by the name of Minimpur Kakrola, for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 126.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Minimpur Kakrola, declared by notification No. 125, dated the 5th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rohtak district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 127.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions, by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Chhinauli, in the Rohtak tahsil of the Rohtak district, to be a village to be known by the name of Chhinauli, for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 128.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Chhinauli, declared by notification No. 127, dated the 5th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rohtak district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 129.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of

February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Bayanpur, in the Sonepat tahsil of the Rohtak district, to be a village to be known by the name of Bayanpur, for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 130.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Bayanpur, declared by notification No. 129, dated the 5th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rohtak district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 131.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions, by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Aurangpur, in the Jhajjar tahsil of the Rohtak district, to be a village to be known by the name of Aurangpur, for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 132.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Aurangpur, declared by notification No. 131, dated the 5th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rohtak district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 133.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions, by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Kheri Ashra in the Jhajjar tahsil of the Rohtak district, to be a village to be known by the name of Kheri Ashra, for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 134.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Kheri Ashra, declared by notification No. 133, dated the 5th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rohtak district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

The 6th April, 1940.

No. 135.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Burail in the Kharar tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Burail for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 136.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village Burail declared by notification No. 135, dated the 6th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 138.—With reference to notification No. 69, dated the 27th of September, 1939, by the Commissioner, Ambala Division and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16 (*b*), 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated the 1st of February, 1933, and the 28th of February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate situated in the Rohtak tahsil of the Rohtak district and included in the area declared by notification No. 68, dated the 27th of September, 1939, to be the village of Bahuakbarpur, for the purposes of the said Act and declare that the said panchayat shall consist of 7 panches, shall perform all the duties enumerated in section 16 and shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26 respectively, of the said Act.

No. 139.—With reference to notification No. 76, dated the 11th of October, 1939, by the Commissioner, Ambala Division and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16 (*b*), 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated the 1st of February, 1933, and the 28th of February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate situated in the Rohtak tahsil of the Rohtak district and included in the area declared by notification No. 75, dated the 11th of October, 1939, to be the village of Dobh, for the purposes of the said Act and declare that the said panchayat shall consist of 4 panches, shall perform all the duties enumerated in section 16 and shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

No. 140.—With reference to notification No. 78, dated the 11th of October, 1939, by the Commissioner, Ambala Division and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16 (*b*), 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated the 1st of February, 1933, and the 28th of February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate situated in the Rohtak tahsil of the Rohtak district and included in the area declared by notification No. 77, dated the 11th of October, 1939, to be the village of Gaddi Kheri, for the purposes of the said Act and declare that the said panchayat shall consist of 4 panches, shall perform all the duties enumerated in section 16 and shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26 respectively, of the said Act.

No. 141.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Gadhera in the Kharar tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Gadhera for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 142.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village Gadhera declared by notification No. 141, dated the 6th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 143.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Nagala in the Kharar tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Nagala for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 144.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village Nagala, declared by notification No. 143, dated the 6th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 145.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Balchhapar in the Jagadhri tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Balchhapar for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 146.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village Balchhapar declared by notification No. 145, dated the 6th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 147.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Bilaspur, in the Jogadhri tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Bilaspur, for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 148.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated

to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village Bilaspur declared b notification No. 147, dated the 6th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 149.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Kotla Tewar in the Naraingarh tahsil of the Ambala district to be a village to be known by the name of Kotla for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 150.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection(1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village Kotla, declared by notification No. 149, dated the 6th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 151.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Batora, Chhoti Kohri, Nagouli in the Naraingarh tahsil of the Ambala district to be a village to be known by the name of Batora for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 152.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village Batora declared by notification No. 151, dated the 6th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 153.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Kali Bar in the Kharar tahsil of the Ambala district to be a village to be known by the name of Kali Bar for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 154.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village Kali Bar

declared by notification No. 153, dated the 6th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 155.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Mohmadpur in the Naraingarh tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Mohmadpur for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 156.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner. Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village Mohmadpur declared by notification No. 155, dated the 6th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 157.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Kot in the Naringarh tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Kot for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 158.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Kot declared by notification No. 157, dated the 6th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 159.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Korali in the Naraingarh tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Korali for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 160.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village Korali declared by notification No. 159, dated the 6th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of

the Ambala district to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 161.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Mahlanwali in the Jagadhri tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Mahlanwali for the purposes of the said Act.

No 162.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village Mahlanwali declared by notification No. 161, dated the 6th April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 163.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Balopur, Mirpur, Barouli, in the Naraingarh tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Balopur for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 164.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division. in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Balopur, declared by notification No. 163, dated the 6th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

The 9th April, 1940.

No. 165.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Piruwala in the Jagadhri tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Piruwala for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 166.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division. in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village Piruwala declared by notification No. 165, dated the 9th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 167.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Haibatpur in the Jagadhri tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Haibatpur for the purposes of the said Act.

No 168.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village Haibatpur declared by notification No. 167, dated the 9th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No 169.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Masimbal Hinduan in the Jagadhri tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Masimbal Hinduan for the purposes of the said Act.

No 170.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village Masimbal Hinduan, declared by notification No. 169, dated the 9th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 171.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Kotar Khan in the Jagadhri tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Kotar Khan for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 172.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village Kotar Khan declared by notification No. 171, dated the 9th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 173.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner Ambala Division, hereby declares the

revenue estate of Begampur in the Jagadhri tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Begampur for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 174.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village Begampur declared by notification No. 173, dated the 9th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 175.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners, of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Bahadurpur in the Jagadhri tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Bahadurpur for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 176.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village Bahadurpur, declared by notification No. 175, dated the 9th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 177.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Masimbal Muslmanan in the Jagadhri tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Masimbal Muslmanan for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 178.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village Masimbal Muslmanan declared by notification No. 177, dated the 9th of April, 1940, to be a village for purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 179.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions, by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of (1) Sukhrahon, (2) Khoaspura in the Ambala tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Sukhrahon for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 180.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village Sukhrahon, declared by notification No. 179, dated the 9th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 181.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Dukheri in the Ambala tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Dukheri for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 182.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village Dukheri, declared by notification No. 181, dated the 9th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Divison, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 183.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Sudhail in the Jagadhri tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Sudhail for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 184.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village Sudhail, declared by notification No. 183, dated the 9th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 185.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Rainyanwala in the Naraingarh tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Rainyanwala for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 186.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village Rainyanwala

declared by notification No. 185, dated the 9th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 187.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Ram Kheri in the Jagadhri tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Ram Kheri for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 188.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 the Panjab Village Punchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village Ram Kheri, declared by notification No. 187, dated the 9th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 189.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Kheri in the Kharar tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Kheri for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 190.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village Kheri, declared by notification No. 189, dated the 9th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 191.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Barwala in the Kharar tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Barwala for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 192.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village Barwala, declared by notification No. 191, dated the 9th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of

the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 193.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Haibatpur in the Kharar tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Haibatpur for the purposes of of the said Act.

No. 194.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village Haibatpur, declared by notification No. 193, dated the 9th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 195.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Kamalpur Tapu in the Jagadhri tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Kamalpur Tapu for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 196.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village Kamalpur Tapu, declared by notification No. 195, dated the 9th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 197.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Kandalan in the Kharar tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Kandalan for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 198.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village Kandalan, declared by notification No. 197, dated the 9th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 199.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of

Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Naharpur in the Jagadhri tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Naharpur for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 200.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village Naharpur, declared by notification No. 199, dated the 9th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 201.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Islam Nagar in the Naraingarh tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Islam Nagar for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 202.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village Islam Nagar, declared by notification No. 201, dated the 9th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 203.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Beli in the Rupar tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Beli for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 204.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village Beli, declared by notification No. 203, dated the 9th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 205.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Deodhar and Balla Mazra, in the Jagadhri tahsil of the

Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Deodhar for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 206.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village Deodhar, declared by notification No. 205, dated the 9th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 207.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Jhakian Kalan in the Rupar tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Jhakian Kalan for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 208.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village Jhakian Kalan, declared by notification No. 207, dated the 9th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 209.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Bhano Kheri in the Ambala tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Bhano Kheri for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 210.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Bhano Kheri, declared by notification No. 209, dated the 9th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 211.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Kailon in the Kharar tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Kailon for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 212.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that

the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village Kailon, declared by notification No. 211, dated the 9th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 213.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Panjola in the Rupar tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Panjola for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 214.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village Panjola, declared by notification No. 213, dated the 9th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 215.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estates of Baragaon, Pinjouri, and Ramgarh (Taprian), in the Naraingarh tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Baragaon for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 216.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a Panchayat in the village of Baragaon, declared by notification No. 215, dated the 9th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 217.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Harnoul in the Jagadhri tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Harnoul, for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 218.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a Panchayat in the village Harnoul, declared by notification No. 217, dated the 9th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 219.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Sateh Majra in the Kharar tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Sateh Majra for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 220.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a Panchayat in the village Sateh Majra, declared by notification No. 219, dated the 9th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 221.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estates of Bal and Haler in the Rupar tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Bal for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 222.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a Panchayat in the village Bal declared by notification No. 221, dated the 9th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village, objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 223.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Pabni Kalan in the Jagadhri tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Pabni Kalan for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 224.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a Panchayat in the village Pabni Kalan, declared by notification No. 223, dated the 9th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village, objecting to this proposal, may submit an objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the

Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 225.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Jeoli, in the Naraingarh tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Jeoli for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 226.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a Panchayat in the village of Jeoli, declared by notification No. 225, dated the 9th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village, objecting to this proposal may submit an objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 227.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Baqarpur, in the Kharar tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Baqarpur for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 228.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Baqarpur, declared by notification No. 227, dated the 9th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 229.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Mahra in the Gohana tahsil of the Rohtak district, to be a village to be known by the name of Mahra for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 230.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Mahra, declared by notification No. 229, dated the 9th of April, 1940, to be a village, for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village, objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of

the Rohtak district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 231.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estates of the villages named in column 3 of the schedule given below and situated in Kaithal tahsil of the Karnal district to be villages to be known by the names given in column 2 of the schedule, for the purposes of the said Act :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Geong ..	Geong.
2	Titram ..	Titram.
3	Deoban ..	Deoban.
4	Peoda ..	Peoda.
5	Manas ..	Manas.
6	Kathwar ..	Kathwar.
7	Sertha ..	Sertha.
8	Chandana ..	Chandana.
9	Salwan ..	Salwan.
10	Harsola ..	Harsola.

No. 232.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in each of the villages declared by notification No. 231, dated the 9th of April, 1940, to be villages for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said villages, objecting to this proposal, may submit an objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Karnal district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification.

J. W. HEARN,

Commissioner, Ambala Division.

General (Gurdwaras).

The 10th April, 1940.

No. 138-L.F.B.—It is hereby notified in accordance with the provision of subsection (3) of section 88 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, that th person named in column 3 of the schedule below has been duly nominate by the Shiromani Gurdwara Parbandhak Committee, Amritsar, under th provisions of section 87 of the Act. as the 5th member of the commit for the gurdwara specified in column 2 of the schedule, and that th

committee has been duly constituted :-

SCHEDULE.

No. and date of the notification declaring the Gurdwara under sections 9/17 of the Act.	Name of Gurdwara.	Name and address of the member nominated.	Constituency for the election of the committee of management.
1	2	3	4
11-G., dated the 28th February, 1936.	Guru Granth Sahib ..	S. Ganga Singh, son of S. Kunda Singh, village and Post Office Bilaspur, District Ferozepore.	Revenue Estate of Balaspur, Tahsi Moga, District Ferozepore.

E. SHEEPSHANKS,

Commissioner, Jullundur Division.

General (Gurdwaras).

The 13th April, 1940.

No. 55.— In accordance with the provisions of section 87 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, it is hereby notified that the following person has been nominated by the Shiromani Gurdwara Parbandhak Committee to be the fifth member of the Committee of Management for the Gurdwara specified in the schedule below. The committee of this Gurdwara is, therefore, duly constituted under section 88 (3) of the said Act :—

SCHEDULE.

Name of Gurdwara.	No. and date of notification declaring the Gurdwara as a Sikh Gurdwara.	Name and address of the person nominated.	Constituency for the election of the Committee of Management.
1	2	3	4
Panchaiti Gurdwara ..	106-G., dated the 13th August, 1934.	Sardar Tarlok Singh, son of Sardar Kehar Singh, of village Bhakna Khurd, District Amritsar.	Revenue estate of Bhakna Khurd.

ALAN MITCHELL,

Commissioner, Lahore Division.

Boards.

The 12th April, 1940.

No. C.II-6(1)/427.—In accordance with the provisions of section 15 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, it is hereby notified that the following person has been elected as a member of the District Board of Rawalpindi :—

Name of Circle.	*Name of Member.*
Kahuta	Mohammad Nazir Khan, son of Abdul Karim Khan, Zaildar, Kahuta, *vice* Abdur Rahman *alias* Mohd. Sharif, deceased.

Small Towns.

The 15th April, 1940.

No. A.-XIV-68/429.—In exercise of the powers vested in the Commissioner by rule 30-A published in the Punjab Government notification No. 3742-A, dated 5th February, 1924, it is hereby notified that in respect of bye-election of the Town Committee, Makhad, in the Attock district, the dates in rules 6 and 11 of the Punjab Government notification No. 29388, dated 13th December, 1933, are amended as follows :—

I. In rule 6, *for* the words " between 10th day of April and 10th day of May. " *read* " 10th day of May and 10th day of June ".

II. In rule 11 (*i*) *for* the words " the 15th day of February" *read* " 13th April " and *for* the words " last day of February " *read* " 26th day of April ".

III. In rule 11 (*iii*) *for* the words " the 5th day of March " *read* " 3rd day of May " and *for* the words " 12th day of March" *read* " 10th day of May ".

Panchayats.

The 10th April, 1940.

No. O.-XIV.-G.-97/411.—With reference to notification No. O.-XIV.-G.-97/264, dated the 7th November, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated 1st February, 1933, and 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate situated in Gujrat district and included in the area declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-G.-97/263, dated 7th November, 1939, to be the village of Shumari for the purposes of the said Act and to declare that the said panchayat shall consist of 4 panches, that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16, and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV.-G.-98/412.—With reference to notification No. O.-XIV.-G.-98/266, dated the 7th November, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated 1st February, 1933, and 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate situated in Gujrat district and included in the area declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-G.-98/265, dated 7th November, 1939, to be the village of Wara Alam Shah for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare the said panchayat shall consist of 3 panches, that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 6, respectively, of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-M.-52/413.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate specified in column 3 of the attached schedule and situated in the Mianwali tahsil of the Mianwali district, is declared to be a village, to be known, for the purposes of the

said Act, by the name given in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
2	Abba Khel ..	Abba Khel.

No. O.-XIV.-M.-52/414.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with the Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Abba Khel, declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-M.-52/413, dated 10th April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Mianwali district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-M.-53/415.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estates specified in column 3 of the attached schedule and situated in the Isa Khel tahsil of the Mianwali district, are declared to be a village, to be known, for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Names of estates within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the panchayat village is comprised.
1	Sultan Khel ..	1. Sultan Khel Sharqi 2. Sultan Khel Gharbi.

No. O.-XIV.-M-53/416.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with the Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Sultan Khel, declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-M.-53/415, dated 10th April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Mianwali district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV.-M-54/417.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified

for general information that the revenue estate specified in column 3 of the attached schedule and situated in the Isa Khel tahsil of the Mianwali district is declared to be a village, to be known, for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the panchayat village is comprised.
4	Khanun Wala ..	Khanun Wala.

No. O.-XIV.-M.-54/418.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with the Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Khanunwala declared by notification No. O.-XIV.M.-54/417, dated 10th April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Mianwali district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV.-M.-55/419.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate specified in column 3 of the attached schedule and situated in the Mianwali tahsil of the Mianwali district, is declared to be a village, to be known, for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	Alluwali ..	Alluwali.

No. O.-XIV.-M.-55/420.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with the Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Alluwali declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-M.-55/419, dated 10th April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Mianwali district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV.-M.-56/421.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab

Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate specified in column 3 of the attached schedule and situated in the Isa Khel tahsil of the Mianwali district is declared to be a village, to be known, for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
6	Kot Chandna ..	Kot Chandna.

No. O.-XIV.-M.-56/422.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Pânchayat Act, 1921, read with the Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Kot Chandna, declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-M.-56/421, dated 10th April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Mianwali district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV.-M.-57/423.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate specified in column 3 of the attached schedule and situated in the Mianwali tahsilof the Mianwali district, is declared to be a village, to be known, for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	2	3
7	Mari ..	Mari.

No. O.-XIV.-M.-57/424.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with the Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Mari, declared by notification No. O.-XIV.M.-57/423, dated 10th April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Mianwali district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV.-M.-58/425.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate specified in column 3 of the attached schedule and situated in the Isa Khel tahsil of the Mianwali district, is declared to be a village, to be known, for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the panchayat village is comprised.
5	Jalalpur ..	Jalalpur

No. O.-XIV.-M.-58/426.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with the Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Jalalpur, declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-M.-58/425, dated 10th April, 1940 to be a village, for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit hisobjection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Mianwali district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from date of publication of this notification in the village.

The 15th April, 1940.

No. O.-XIV-S.-2/428—With reference to notification No. O.-XIV-S.-2/175, dated 21st September, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated 1st February, 1933 and 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate situated in the Shahpur district and included in the area declared by notification No. O.-XIV-S.-2/174, dated 21st September, 1939, to be the village of Mangowali for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said panchayat shall consist of three panches ; that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

P. MARSDEN,

Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division.

Committees.

The 10th April, 1940.

No. 102.—In accordance with the provisions of section 15 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that in exercise of the powers delegated to Commissioners of Divisions under section 32 of the said Act by Punjab Government notification No. 4, dated the 3rd January, 1912, the Commissioner, Multan Division, hereby accepts the resignation of Sheikh Ghulam Muhammad from membership of the Municipal Committee of Khangarh in the Muzaffargarh district.

Small Towns.

The 11th April, 1940.

No. 103.—In accordance with the provisions of subsection (3) of section 4 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the following person has been appointed under section 8 of the Act, a member of the Town Committee of Daira Din Panah, in the Muzaffargarh district, *vice* Mukhdum Imam Bakhsh, son of K. B. Mukhdum Ghulam Qasim, resigned :—

M. Saleh Mohammad Khan, lambardar, son of Allah Bakhsh Khan, caste Makwal, of Daira Din Panah.

O. V. SALUSBURY,

Commissioner, Multan Division.

99 CS —1120—18-4-40—SGPP Lahore.

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No. 17. LAHORE, FRIDAY, APRIL 26, 1940.

PART I—B.

Notifications by Commissioners.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Small Towns.

The 18th April, 1940.

No. 234.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following General Order made by the Town Committee of Babyal, in the Ambala district, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*p*) of section 35 and clause (*d*) of section 41 of the said Act and sanctioned by the Commissioner of the Ambala Division, as required by section 36 (1) of the said Act, is published for general information, and shall come into force from the date of this notification :—

GENERAL ORDER.

(1) No person shall sell banaspatine at any place within the limits of the Small Town of Babyal except in premises licensed by the Town Committee in this behalf.

(2) Licences for premises for the sale of banaspatine shall be issued by the Secretary of the Town Committee in form "A" appended to this General Order, to persons applying for them, subject to the conditions laid down in that form.

(3) Licences issued under paragraph 2 shall be granted on a payment of a fee of Rs. 20 per annum.

(4) Licences issued in accordance with paragraph 2 shall be current for not more than 12 months, and shall, in any case, terminate on the 31st March, immediately succeeding the date of issue.

(5) On the breach of any of the conditions of the licence by the licensee or his agent, the Town Committee may, forthwith, cancel the licence and the licensee shall be entitled to no compensation on account of such cancellation.

Form "A".

TOWN COMMITTEE, BABYAL.

LICENCE FOR PREMISES FOR THE SALE OF PANASPATINE ISSUED UNDER PARAGRAPH 2 OF THE GENERAL ORDER PUBLISHED WITH NOTIFICATION NO. 234, DATED THE 18TH OF APRIL, 1940, BY THE COMMISSIONER, AMBALA DIVISION.

The premises of which a description is given in the attached schedule situated in (name of street, ward, etc.) are hereby licensed for the sale of banaspatine. The licence is granted to the owner/occupier of the said premises on the following conditions :-

(1) That the licence shall be transferable under the order of the Town Committee, but not otherwise.

(2) That he shall not sell natural ghee in the said premises.

(3) That he shall put a signboard in front of the licensed premises with the following words printed thereon in bold type in English, Urdu and Hindi scripts :—

" Only banaspatine is sold here ."

(4) That licensed premises shall be kept open for the inspection of the official authorised by the Committee, from time to time, for this purpose.

J. W. HEARN,

Commissioner, Ambala Division.

Committees.

The 20th April, 1940.

No. 140/L.F.B.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that Lala Chandoo Lal has been elected, under section 20 (1) of the said Act, President of the Municipal Committee of Moga in the Ferozepore district.

The 22nd April, 1940.

No. 141/L.F.B.—The following amendment made by the Administrator of the Kartarpur Municipality, to the by-laws published with Commissioner, Jullundur Division's notification no. 5624, dated the 9th September, 1920, having been approved by the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, as required by subsection (2) of section 31 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, in exercise of the powers delegated to him under section 32 of the said Act by the Punjab Government notification No. 5555, dated the 17th February, 1934, is published for general information. It shall come into force within the Municipality of Kartarpur in the Jullundur district six weeks from the date of publication of this notification:—

AMENDMENT.

Insert the following new by-law after the by-law 88 :—

" 88-A. The Sub-Assistant Surgeon of the Municipal Dispensary may spend on contingencies of his own initiative, subject to the confirmation of the Committee, sums not exceeding rupees five on a single item up to an aggregate of rupees twenty in each month."

General (Gurdwaras).

The 18th April, 1940.

No. 139-L. F. B.—It is hereby notified in accordance with the provisions of subsection (3) of section 88 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, that the person named in column 3 of the schedule below has been duly nominated by the Shiromani Gurdwara Parbandhak Committee, Amritsar, under the provisions of section 87 of the Act as the fifth member of the committee for the Gurdwara specified in column 2 of the

schedule and that the committee has been duly constituted :—

SCHEDULE.

No. and date of the notification declaring the Gurdwara under sections 9/17 of the Act.	Name of Gurdwara.	Name and address of the member nominated.	Constituency for the election of the committee of management.
1	2	3	4
106-G., dated the 13th August, 1934.	Dharamsala Adamwal.	S. Dhera Singh, village Adamwal, District Hoshiarpur.	Police Station area of Sadar and Municipal area of Hoshiarpur.

The 22nd April, 1940.

No. 142/L.F.B.—It is hereby notified in accordance with the provisions of subsection (3) of section 88 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, that the persons named in column 3 of the schedule below have been duly nominated by the Shiromani Gurdwara Parbandhak Committee, Amritsar, under the provisions of section 87 of the Act, as the 5th member of the committee for the gurdwaras specified in column 2 of the schedule and that the committees have been duly constituted :—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No. as entered in schedule I of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, as subsequently amended.	Name of Gurdwara.	Name and address of the member nominated.	Constituency in schedule I of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, as subsequently amended.
1	2	3	4
163 ..	Siri Guru Hargobind Sahib.	S. Anokh Singh, son of S. Waryam Singh, village & P.O. Sidhwan Kalan, District Ludhiana.	Revenue estate of Sidhwan Kalan and Sidhwan Khurd, Tahsil Jagraon, District Ludhiana.
167	Guru Sar Kanoke..	S. Narinjan Singh, son of S. Pola Singh, village & P. O. Rumi, District Ludhiana.	Zail of Kanoke, Tahsil Jagraon, District Ludhiana.

No. 143/L.F.B.—It is hereby notified in accordance with the provisions of subsection (3) of section 8 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, that the persons named in column 3 of the schedule below have been duly nominated by the Shiromani Gurdwara Parbandhak Committee, Amritsar, under the provisions of section 87 of the Act, as the 5th members of the Committees for the gurdwaras specified in column 2 of the schedule, and that the Committees have been duly constituted :—

SCHEDULE.

No. and date of the notification declaring the Gurdwaras under section 9/17 of the Act.	Name of Gurdwaras.	Names and addresses of the member nominated.	Constituency for the election of the committees of management.
1	2	3	4
21-G., dated the 20th June, 1933.	Karir Sahib Chhevin Padshahi.	S. Khem Singh, son of S. Sahib Singh, village Littar, P. O. Halwara, District Ludhiana.	Zails of Audlu and Pakhowal, Tahsil Ludhiana.
110-G., dated the 1st May, 1930 and Ditto.	Guru Garanth Sahib Santpora. Bhai Gurdit Singhwala.	S. Gurdit Singh Baba, son of S. Sujan Singh, village and P. O. Dakha, District Ludhiana.	Revenue estate of Dakha, District Ludhiana.
204-G., dated the 17th August, 1931.	Dharamsala at Sidhwan Khurd.	S. Sher Singh, son of S. Kahla Singh, village and P. O. Sidhwan Khurd, District Ludhiana.	Revenue estate of Sidhwan Khurd, Tahsil Jagraon, District Ludhiana.

E. SHEEPSHANKS,

Commissioner, Jullundur Division.

Committees.

The 19th April, 1940.

No. 104.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the following person has been elected under section 17 of the said Act, a member of the Municipal Committee of Chiniot in the Jhang district, in Ward No. 4, *vice* Malik Raghunath Rai, deceased :—

Lala Ladha Ram, son of Lala Tulsi Dass Kapur, of Chiniot.

The 22nd April, 1940.

No. 106.—In accordance with the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the following persons have been elected members of the Municipal Committee of Lyallpur :—

Name of Wards.		*Name of members.*
I	..	Mr. Lal Din.
II	..	Lala Kesar Mal.
III	..	Sardar Sant Singh, M.L.A.
IV	..	Sardar Balwant Singh.
V	..	Mian Nur Ullah, M.L.A.
VI	..	Sheikh Mian Muhammad.
VII	..	Sheikh Muhammad Rafiq.
VIII	..	Mir Abdul Qayum, Pleader.
IX	..	Pir Nasir-ud-Din Shah, M.L.A.
XI	..	Sheikh Muhammad Saeed.
XII	..	Doctor Muhammad Nawaz.
XIII	..	Lala Ganesh Dutt.
XIV	..	Malik Hakumat Rai.
XV	..	Lala Ram Parshad Gupta.
XVI	..	Lala Sundar Das.
XVII	..	Doctor Nand Lal.
XVIII	..	Rai Bahadur Lala Shankar Das, Advocate.
XIX	..	Lala Trilok Nath.
XX	..	Sardar Sampuran Singh, M.L.A.
XXI	..	Seth Jiwan Lal Virmani.

No. 107.—In accordance with the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the following persons have been appointed under section 12 of the said Act, members of the Municipal Committee of Lyallpur :—

1. Khan Sahib Ali Muhammad.
2. Diwan Daulat Ram Sehgal.
3. Lala Har Bhaj, son of Indar Ram.
4. Khawaja Ghulam Hussain.
5. Doctor Sham Lal Singh, retired Sub-Assistant Surgeon.

No. 108.—In accordance with the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the following persons have been elected members of the Municipal Committee of Gojra

in the Lyallpur district :—

Name of members.	*Name of wards.*
1. Khalifa Muhammad Isa, Lambardar of Gojra.	.. Muslim Ward No. I.
2. Hakim Abdul Majid, son of M. Mahbub Alam of Gojra.	.. Muslim Ward No. II.
3. Shaikh Fazal Karim of Gojra	.. Muslim Ward No. III.
4. Lala Nand Lal, Treasurer, Imperial Bank of India, Ltd., Gojra and Honorary Magistrate, Gojra.	.. Non-Muslim Ward No. I.
5. Lala Gurbakhsh Rai, son of Lala Kishan Chand, Shopkeeper, Gojra.	.. Non-Muslim Ward No. II.
6. Lala Wazir Chand, B.A., LL.B., Pleader, Gojra.	.. Non-Muslim Ward No. III.
7. Lala Kanahya Lal, son of Lala Mengha Ram, Shopkeeper of Gojra.	.. Non-Muslim Ward No. IV.
8. Lala Raushan Lal, son of Lala Jagan Nath, Shopkeeper of Gojra.	.. Non-Muslim Ward No. V.
9. Dr. Parduman Singh of Gojra.	.. Sikh Ward.

No. 109.—In accordance with the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the following persons have been appointed, under section 12 of the said Act, members of the Municipal Committee of Gojra, in the Lyallpur district :—

1. Chaudhri Fazal Ahmad.
2. Mr. Allah Ditta, Proprietor, Parkash Boot Factory, Gojra, and
3. Lala Ram Lal, son of Lala Kirpa Ram, Iron Merchant, Gojra.

General (Gurdwaras).

The 19th April, 1940.

No. 105.—With reference to my predecessor's notification No. 139, dated the 20th September, 1937, it is hereby notified that the person named in column 3 of the schedule below has been nominated by the Shiromani Gurdwara Parbandhak Committee, Amritsar, under the provisions of section 96 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, as a member of the Committee for the Gurdwara specified in column 2 of the Schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

Authority declaring the Gurdwara to be a Gurdwara under section 9/17 of the Act.	Name of Gurdwara.	Name and address of the member nominated.
1	2	3
Vide serial No. 241, schedule I to the Sikh Gurdwaras Act.	Dharamsala Bhai Dyal Ji.	Sardar Ranjit Singh, contractor, village Khoje, post office Shahpur, Tahsil Shujabad, District Multan.

C. V. SALUSBURY,
Commissioner, Multan Division.

148 CS-1121-26-4-40-SGPP Lahore.

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No. 18. LAHORE, FRIDAY, MAY 3, 1940.

PART I—B.

Notifications by Commissioners.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Panchayats.

The 24th April, 1940.

No. 235.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Ismaila 11/Biswa, in the Rohtak tahsil of the Rohtak district, to be a village to be known by the name of Ismaila 11/Biswa for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 236.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Ismaila 11/Biswa, declared by notification No. 235, dated the 24th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rohtak district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 237.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of

Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Nathupur in the Sonepat tahsil of the Rohtak district, to be a village to be known by the name of Nathupur for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 238.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Nathupur declared by notification No. 237, dated the 24th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rohtak district to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 239.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Maina in the Rohtak tahsil of the Rohtak district, to be a village to be known by the name of Maina for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 240.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Maina, declared by notification No. 239, dated the 24th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rohtak district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 241.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Ahulana in the Gohana tahsil of the Rohtak district, to be a village to be known by the name of Ahulana for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 242.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Ahulana, declared by notification No. 241, dated the 24th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rohtak district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 243.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Sundana, in the Rohtak tahsil of the Rohtak district, to be a village to be known by the name of Sundana for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 244.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Sundana, declared by notification No. 243, dated the 24th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rohtak district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 245.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Khanpur Kalan in the Gohana tahsil of the Rohtak district, to be a village to be known by the name of Khanpur Kalan for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 246.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Khanpur Kalan, declared by notification No. 245, dated the 24th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rohtak district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 247.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Jahangirpur in the Jhajjar tahsil of the Rohtak district, to be a village to be known by the name of Jahangirpur for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 248.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Jahangirpur declared by notification No. 247, dated the 24th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rohtak district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 249.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Nasirpur and Bhawapur in the Sonepat tahsil of the Rohtak district to be the villages to be known by the names of Nasirpur and Bhawapur for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 250.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated

the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a joint panchayat in the villages of Nasirpur and Bhawapur, declared by notification No. 249, dated the 24th of April, 1940, to be the villages for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said villages, objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rohtak district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 251.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Jharauthi in the Sonepat tahsil of the Rohtak district, to be a village to be known by the name of Jharauthi for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 252.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Jharauthi, declared by notification No. 251, dated the 24th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rohtak district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 253.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Karor in the Rohtak tahsil of the Rohtak district to be a village to be known by the name of Karor, for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 254.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Karor, declared by notification No. 253, dated the 24th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village, objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rohtak district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from date of publication of this notification.

No. 255.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Ismaila 9/Biswa in the Rohtak tahsil of the Rohtak district, to be a village to be known by the name of Ismaila 9/Biswa for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 256.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Ismaila 9/Biswa, declared by notification No. 255, dated the 24th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rohtak district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 257.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Nait in the Gohana tahsil of the Rohtak district, to be a village to be known by the name of Nait for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 258.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Nait, declared by notification No. 257, dated the 24th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rohtak district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 259.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Bhali Anandpur in the Rohtak tahsil of the Rohtak district, to be a village to be known by the name of Bhali Anandpur for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 260.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Bhali Anandpur, declared by notification No. 259, dated the 24th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rohtak district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 261.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Khungai in the Jhajjar tahsil of the Rohtak district, to be a village to be known by the name of Khungai for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 262.—In pursuance of the provisions of the subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village Khungai declared by notification No. 261, dated the 24th April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rohtak district to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 263.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Yaqub Pur in the Jhajjar tahsil of the Rohtak district, to be a village to be known by the name of Yaqub Pur for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 264.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Yaqub Pur, declared by notification No. 263, dated the 24th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rohtak district to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 265.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Bazidpur Saboli in the Sonepat tahsil of the Rohtak district, to be a village to be known by the name of Bazidpur Saboli for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 266.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Bazidpur Saboli, declared by notification No. 265, dated the 24th April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rohtak district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 267.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Badah Malik in the Sonepat tahsil of the Rohtak district, to be a village to be known by the name of Badah Malik for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 268.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Badah Malik, declared by notification No. 267, dated the 24th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rohtak district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 269.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares

the revenue estate of Matan in the Jhajjar tahsil of the Rohtak district, to be a village to be known by the name of Matan for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 270.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Matan, declared by notification No. 269, dated the 24th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rohtak district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 271.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Gurnaothi in the Rohtak tahsil of the Rohtak district, to be a village to be known by the name of Gurnaothi for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 272.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Gurnaothi, declared by notification No. 271, dated the 24th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rohtak district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 273.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Ghilor Kalan in the Gohana tahsil of the Rohtak district, to be a village to be known by the name of Ghilor Kalan for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 274.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Ghilor Kalan, declared by notification No. 273, dated the 24th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rohtak district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 275.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Nanaud in the Rohtak tahsil of the Rohtak district, to be a village to be known by the name of Nanaud for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 276.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Nanaud, declared by notification No. 275, dated the 24th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rohtak district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 277.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Pitampura in the Sonepat tahsil of the Rohtak district, to be a village to be known by the name of Pitampura for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 278.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Pitampura, declared by notification No. 277, dated the 24th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rohtak district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 279.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Jauli in the Gohana tahsil of the Rohtak district, to be a village to be known by the name of Jauli for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 280.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Jauli, declared by notification No. 279, dated the 24th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rohtak district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 281.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Raipur Khurd in the Kharar tahsil of the Ambala District, to be a village to be known by the name of Raipur Khurd, for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 282.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers

delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Raipur Khurd, declared by notification No. 281, dated the 24th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 283.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Jhiwarheri in the Kharar tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Jhiwarheri for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 284.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Jhiwarheri, declared by notification No. 283, dated the 24th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 285.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Dhoolkot, in the Ambala tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Dhoolkot for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 286.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Dhoolkot, declared by notification No. 285, dated the 24th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an o jection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 287.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Panjokhara, in the Ambala tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Panjokhara for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 288.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Panjokhara declared by notification No. 287, dated the 24th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act,

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 289.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Hangouli, in the Naraingarh tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Hangouli for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 290.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Hangouli, declared by notification No. 289, dated the 24th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 291.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Baktuha in the Naraingarh tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Baktuha for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 292.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Baktuha, declared by notification No. 291, dated the 24th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 293.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Dingderi / Lohgarh / Manakpur, in the Ambala tahsil of the Ambala District, to be a village to be known by the name of Dingderi, for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 294.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a pnchayat in the village of Dingderi, declared by notification No. 293, dated the 24th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissione,

of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 295.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions, by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estates of Bilaspur and Binola in the Gurgaon tahsil of the Gurgaon district to be a village to be known by the name of Bilaspur for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 296.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Bilaspur, declared by notification No. 295, dated the 24th of April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit any objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Gurgaon district to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

The 25th April, 1940.

No. 297.—*Corrigendum.*—The figure '5' shall be substituted for the figure '3' in the last column against Serial No. 4 of the schedule appended to notification No. 102, dated the 8th of December, 1939, issued by the Commissioner, Ambala Division.

J. W. HEARN,

Commissioner, Ambala Division.

Committees.

The 29th April, 1940.

No. 56.—The following amendment made by the Municipal Committee of Hafizabad, in exercise of the powers conferred on it by subsection (1) of section 31 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, to the by-laws published with notification No. 85, dated the 17th August, 1935, issued by the Commissioner of the Lahore Division, is published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of Hafizabad, in the Gujranwala District, from the date of publication of this notification :—

AMENDMENT.

In the second line of by-law 1 *for* the words "at 9 A.M." *substitute* the words "at the time fixed by the President, or in his absence by the Vice-President".

ALAN MITCHELL,

Commissioner, Lahore Division.

Committees.

The 27th April, 1940.

No. A.-I.-14-E/445.—The following amendment made by the Municipal Committee of Murree, in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (1) of section 31 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, of the Bye-Laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 25040, dated the 3rd September, 1934, as subsequently amended by Punjab Government notification No. 4561-C.-39/43797, dated the 20th December, 1939, is published for general information and shall come into force

within the Municipality of Murree in the Rawalpindi district on the 1st day of June, 1940.

AMENDMENT.

After By-law 77 a new by-law shall be inserted, namely :—

"78. All orders passed in accordance with the powers delegated to the President, Vice-Presidents, or any Officer or Servant of the Committee, under section 33 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, shall be subject to the right of appeal to, or revision by the Municipal Committee, within one month, from the date of such order."

Small Towns.

The 24th April, 1940.

No. A.-IV.-52-E./430.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following General Order made by the Town Committee of Mandi Bahauddin, in the Gujrat District, in exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (*q*) and (*o*) of section 35 and clauses (*a*) and (*c*) of subsection (1) of section 41 of the said Act, and sanctioned by the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, as required by subsection (1) of section 36 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force from the date of this notification, from which date Punjab Government notification No. 3364-C.-37/33221, dated 2-nd September, 1937, shall be deemed to be cancelled:—

GENERAL ORDER.

1. In this General Order the word "vehicle" means any vehicle drawn by one or more horses or mules.

2. No person shall keep any vehicle for hire or suffer any vehicle of which he is the owner, to ply for hire, within the limits of the Sma l Town, except under a licence granted in this behalf, by the Town committee.

3. (1) A licence for a vehicle to be kept or to ply for hire, within the limits of the Small Town shall be issued by the Secretary of the committee, on the application of the properitor of such vehicle, and shall be granted on payment of the fees prescribed in paragraph 5 subject to the conditions specified in paragraph 8 ; provided that no such licence shall be issued until such vehicle has been approved by the sub-committee appointed by the Town committee for this purpose as complying with the following conditions :—

(*a*) that it is in good order and repair in all its parts ;

(*b*) that the harness is complete and serviceable ;

(*c*) that it is provided with suitable lamps in good condition ;

(*d*) that the animal or animals to be used to draw it is or are in good condition, and fit for and thoroughly broken to the work required of it or them, free from vice, not under three years of age and not under thirteen hands, provided that the committee may pass an animal of under thirteen hands if, in their opinion, it is strong and equal to the draught to be required of it.

(2) Licences issued under part (1) of this paragraph shall be numbered serially and the number of the licences and the class to which the vehicle belongs shall be painted in a conspicuous place in Urdu and in English figures on either side of every licensed vehicle.

4. (1) For the purposes of licences, vehicles shall be divided in to four classes—

(*a*) four wheeled carriages drawn by two horses to be known as "first class" ;

(*b*) tongas of all kinds to be known as "second class" ;

(*c*) bamboo carts to be known as the "third class" ;

(*d*) ekkas to be known as "fourth class".

(2) The decision of the committee regarding the class to which a vehicle belongs shall be final.

5. The fees payable for vehicles licences shall be as follows : —

(a)	First class	Six rupees per annum.
(b)	Second class	One rupee per annum.
(c)	Third class	One rupee per annum.
(d)	Fourth class	One rupee per annum.

6. The maximum fares to be charged for the hire of licensed vehicles shall be as follows : —

Period.	*First class.*			*Second class.*			*Third class.*			*Fourth class.*		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
First hour or portion of an hour.	1	8	0	0	6	0	0	4	0	0	3	0
Every subsequent hour or portion of an hour.	0	12	0	0	4	0	0	3	0	0	2	0
Day of nine hours ..	6	0	0	2	0	0	1	8	0	1	0	0

7. (1) The maximum number of persons and the maximum weights of loads to be carried in each class of licensed vehicles shall be as follows : —

Description of vehicles.	*Number of persons.*	*Weight of load.*
First class ..	Seven persons including the driver.	Fifteen maunds.
Second class ..	Five persons including the driver.	Eight and-a-half maunds
Third class ..	Five persons including the driver.	Eight and-a-half maunds.
ourth class ..	Four persons including the driver.	Seven maunds.

For the purpose of this paragraph two children each less than ten years of age, shall be reckoned as one person.

(2) The combined weight of the persons and any luggage which may be carried at the same time shall not exceed the maximum weight specified in the third column of the table given in part (1) of this paragraph. For the purpose of this paragraph every adult shall be considered to weigh one and-a-half maunds and every child under ten years of age to weigh three quarters of a maund, provided that no account shall be taken of children under three years of age.

8. Licences for vehicles to ply for hire shall be granted on the following conditions :—

(a) that the licensee shall keep the licensed vehicle clean and in good repair and the harness and lamps complete and in serviceable condition ;

(b) that he shall not use or suffer to be used, to draw the licensed vehicle, any animal which has not been approved by the committee or any animal which is lame or has sores or is otherwise unfit for work ;

(c) that he shall not demand any fare in excess of the maximum fare prescribed in paragraph 6 ;

(d) that he shall not carry or permit to be carried in or on the licensed vehicle any person or any load in excess of the number of persons or the weight of the load prescribed as the maximum in paragraph 7 ;

(e) that he shall not permit the licensed vehicle to be driven by any person who has not been licensed as a driver of such licensed vehicle under paragraph 10 ;

(f) that he shall give the licensed vehicle on hire together with the necessary animal or animals and driver to any person demanding it at any reasonable time except for good and sufficient reason, the burden of proving which shall lie on him ;

(g) that he shall cause to be affixed to the licensed vehicle in a conspicuous place the licence granted in respect of such vehicle for the current year and a copy of the authorized table of fares printed in English and Urdu, and shall keep the number and class of the licence granted in respect of

the such vehicle clearly painted on a conspicuous place on either side of such vehicle ;

(h) that he shall not carry or permit to be carried in the licensed vehicle. any person whom he knows, or has good reason to believe, to be suffering from any infectious or contagious disease or the corpse of any person who has died of such disease, except with the permission, in writing, of the Sub-Assistant Surgeon in charge of the medical dispensary at Mandi Bahauddin, in which case he shall cause the licensed vehicle to be disinfected to the satisfaction of the Sub-Assistant Surgeon before the vehicle is used to carry any other person for hire or otherwise ;

(i) that he shall not carry or permit to be carried in the licensed vehicle any article which projects more than two feet from the side or more than five feet from the front or rear of such vehicle ;

(j) that he shall immediately cause to be returned to the owner, if known, or deposited at the nearest Police Station any property which he may find left in the licensed vehicle ;

(k) that he shall cause the licensed vehicle, together with the animal or animals which draw it, to be produced for inspection whenever required to do so by the Secretary of the committee.

9. No person shall drive a licensed vehicle for hire except under a licence to be granted in this behalf by the Town committee, or being licensed to drive any specified class or classes of licensed vehicle shall drive any other class of such vehicle.

10. A licence to drive a licensed vehicle for hire shall be issued by the Secretary of the committee to any person, not less than eighteen years of age, applying for such licence. on payment of the fees specified in paragraph 11, and shall be granted subject to the conditions specified in paragraph 12, provided that the Secretary of the committee may refuse to issue a licence to any person who in his opinion is unfit to receive such a licence.

11. The fees payable for a licensed vehicle's driver's licence shall be as follows :—

(a) for first class vehicles two rupees per annum.

(b) For second class vehicles one rupee per annum.

(c) for third class vehicles one rupee per annum.

(d) for fourth class vehicles one rupee per annum.

12. A licence to drive a licensed vehicle shall be granted subject to the following conditions :—

(a) that the licensee shall always, when driving a licensed vehicle, carry with him his driver's licence, and shall on demand produce it for the inspection of any person hiring such vehicle, or of any Police Officer or any officer of the committee authorised in this behalf ;

(b) that the licensee shall always when driving a licensed vehicle, wear on his arm, a metal badge which shall be furnished to him when the licence is issued to him ;

(c) that the licensee shall always when driving a licensed vehicle, wear the prescribed uniform and shall keep such uniform clean and tidy ;

NOTE.—The prescribed uniform is as follows :—

Turban	Red.
Shirt or coat	Khaki.
Trousers	Khaki.

(d) that the licensee shall drive with due care and precaution and shall observe all rules of the road and all regulations for the control of the traffic which may have been or may be issued by the Police or by the committee ;

(e) that he shall keep any licensed vehicle, of which he may be in charge, clean and tidy, and shall not put his feet on any seat of such vehicle ;

(f) that he shall not cruelly beat, ill-treat, over drive or in any other way misuse any animal in a licensed vehicle and shall not drive any animal which has

not been approved by the committee or any animal which is lame or has sores or is otherwise unfit for work ;

(*g*) that he shall not demand any fare in excess of the fares prescribed in paragraph 6 ;

(*h*) that he shall not carry any person or any load in a licensed vehicle in excess of the maximum number of persons or the maximum weight of load prescribed in paragraph 7 ;

(*i*) that he shall not drive a licensed vehicle while drunk or while suffering from any infectious or contagious disease, and shall not, while in charge of a licensed vehicle, make use of insulting, abusive or obscene language or gestures ;

(*j*) that he shall not loiter with his licensed vehicle in any public street ;

(*k*) that he shall not while plying for hire drive a licensed vehicle at an average speed of less than six miles an hour ;

(*l*) that he shall immediately cause to be returned to the owner, if known, or deposit at the nearest Police Station, any property he may find left in a licensed vehicle ;

(*m*) that he shall not carry or permit to be carried on a licensed vehicle of which he is in charge any article which projects more than two feet from the side or more than 5 feet from the front or rear of such vehicle ;

(*n*) that he shall not carry in a licensed vehicle any person whom he knows or has good reason to believe to be suffering from any infectious or contagious disease or the corpse of any person who has died of such disease unless the permission in writing of the Sub-Assistant Surgeon in charge of the dispensary at Mandi Bahauddin has been obtained for the use of such vehicle for such purpose, in which case he shall not subsequently carry any other passenger in such vehicle, whether for hire or otherwise, until such vehicle has been disinfected to the satisfaction of the Sub-Assistant Surgeon ;

(*o*) that he shall not, without reasonable cause, the burden of proving which shall lie upon him, refuse to give on hire or to drive a licensed vehicle of which he is in charge, if any person demands it ;

(*p*) that he shall stop the licensed vehicle at the Terminal Tax barrier or octroi barrier by which he enters or leaves, for the purpose of allowing the officer or staff of Terminal Tax or Octroi Department to realise the tax or to examine the contents of the vehicle.

13. The President of the committee may suspend or revoke any licence granted under this general order if he has reasons to believe that the licensee has committed a breach of any of the conditions on which his licence was granted, and any member of the committee may for similar reason request the President to suspend or revoke any such licence.

14. Every person in charge of a licensed vehicle shall pay a sum of anna one to the Town Committee for each out-going trip for the use of the stand allotted by the committee for this purpose.

No. A.-IV-52-E./431.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following general order made by the Town Committee of Mandi Bahauddin, in the Gujrat district, in exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (*q*) and (*o*) of section 35 of the said Act, and sanctioned by the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, as required by subsection (1) of section 36 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force from the date of this notification :—

GENERAL ORDER.

1. No person shall keep for hire or cause to ply for hire, within the limits of the Small Town any cart drawn or propelled by one or more men or animals, except under a licence granted in this behalf by the Town Committee.

2. (*a*) A licence to keep for hire, or cause to ply for hire, any such cart, shall be issued by the Secretary of the Town Committee on the application of the proprietor

of any such cart, on payment of the fees specified in paragraph 3 and shall be granted by the committee on the conditions detailed in paragraph 4 :

Provided that the Secretary shall issue no licence in respect of any such cart, unless and until the cart and the animal or animals, if any, which are to draw it have been inspected and approved by the Sub-Committee appointed by the Town Committee for this purpose.

(b) At the time of issue of a licence the Secretary shall also give to the proprietor of the cart a number plate to be affixed to the cart.

3. The following fees shall be paid for licences issued in respect of various classes of carts under paragraph 2 :—

	If the licence is taken for a year. Per annum. Rs. A. P.	*If the licence is taken for a period less than a year.* Per mensem. Rs. A. P.
(a) For a cart drawn by one or more than one man.	1 8 0	0 3 0
(b) For a cart drawn by one animal.	3 0 0	0 6 0
(c) For a cart drawn by one animal and one or more than one man.	3 8 0	0 7 0
(d) For a cart drawn by two animals or more.	4 8 0	0 10 0

4. Every licence issued under paragraph 2 shall be granted subject to the following conditions :—

(a) that the cart in respect of which the licence is granted shall be kept at all times in good repair and the animal or animals employed to draw it shall be maintained in good condition and free from sores ;

(b) that the person in charge of the cart shall not, except for reasonable cause, refuse to let the cart for hire ;

(c) that the person in charge of the cart and his assistants, if any, shall help in loading and unloading the cart, if required by the hirer to do so ;

(d) that the person in charge of the cart shall not ply for hire when in a state of drunkenness and shall not sleep or make use of insulting, abusive or obscene language or gestures when plying for hire, and shall not stand or loiter with the cart upon any public street or place elsewhere than at any place which may be appointed by the committee as a stand for licensed carts, and shall not refuse to give way to any carriage when reasonably required to do so ;

(e) that the person in charge of the cart shall conduct his cart on the extreme left of the road in a line with and in rear of any other cart or carts in front, which is or are, proceeding in the same direction and shall not in any way make attempt forcibly to pass any cart immediately in front of his cart ;

(f) that when loading or unloading a cart in a street the person in charge of the cart shall keep it parallel with and immediately at the edge of the street ;

(g) that when plying by night the cart shall have attached to it a lantern in such a position as to be conspicuous from in front and from behind ;

(h) that the licensee shall not employ any person of less than fourteen years of age to drive or be in charge of the cart ;

(i) that the cart shall not be loaded with a load in excess of the maximum load prescribed in paragraph 7.

5. For a breach of any of the conditions of the licence, the Town Committee may suspend or cancel a licence.

6. Every person in charge of a licensed cart shall at all times when plying for hire, have with him the licence for the cart and shall, if required to do so, exhibit such licence to the hirer, and shall, when called upon to do so, by any magistrate, member of the committee or officer of the committee authorised in this behalf, stop his cart and exhibit the licence to such magistrate, member or officer, and state his name and residence and the name of the proprietor of the cart.

7. (1) The maximum load to be carried by any cart plying for hire within the Small Town shall be as follows :—

	Maunds.
(*a*) For a cart drawn by 4 animals	45
(*b*) For a cart drawn by 3 animals	35
(*c*) For a cart drawn by 2 animals	30
(*d*) For a cart drawn by one animal	15
(*e*) For a cart drawn by one animal and two or more men	25
(*f*) For a cart drawn by one or more than one man ..	5

(2) No person shall load or cause or permit to be loaded any cart with a load in excess of the maximum load prescribed for such cart in clause 1 of this paragraph.

Panchayats.

The 24th April, 1940.

No. O.-XIV.-S.-48/432.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the revenue estate specified in column 3 of the schedule below and situated in the Khushab tahsil of the Shahpur district, is hereby declared to be a village, to be known, for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	2	3
1	Mangoor	Mangoor.

No. O.-XIV.-S.-48/433.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with the Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Mangoor declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-S.-48/432, dated 24th April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Shahpur district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O. XIV.-S.-3/434.—With reference to notification No. O. XIV-S.-3/276, dated the 8th November, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5, and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated the 1st February, 1933, and 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate situated in the Shahpur district and included in the area declared by notification

No. O.-XIV.-S.-3/275, dated the 8th November, 1939, to be the village of Chak No. 87-S. B. for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said panchayat shall consist of three panches, that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

No. O·XIV-S.-43/435.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the revenue estate specified in column 3 of the schedule below and situated in the Shahpur tahsil of the Shahpur district, is hereby declared to be a village, to be known for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column 2:—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	2	3
1	Hirrai	Hirrai.

No. O·-XIV-S.-43/436.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Hirrai, declared by notification No. O·-XIV-S.-43/435, dated 24th April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Shahpur district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O·-XIV-S.-44/437.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the revenue estate specified in column 3 of the schedule below and situated in the Shahpur tahsil of the Shahpur district, is hereby declared to be a village, to be known, for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column 2:—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887 of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1		3
1	Kakewala ..	Kakewala.

No. O-XIV-S.-44/438.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Kakewala, declared by notification No. O-XIV-S.-44/437, dated 24th April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Shahpur district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV.-S.-44/439.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the revenue estate specified in column 3 of the schedule below and situated in the Bhalwal tahsil of the Shahpur district is hereby declared to be a village, to be known, for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	2	3
1	Zainpur ..	Zainpur.

No. O.-XIV.-S.-45/440.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a Panchayat in the village of Zainpur, declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-S.-44/439, dated 24th April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Shahpur district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV.-S.-46/441.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the revenue estate, specified in column 3 of the schedule below and situated in the Sargodha tahsil of the Shahpur district, is hereby declared to be a village, to be known, for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the panchayat village is comprised.
1	2	3
1	Chak No. 35-S. B. ..	Chak No. 35-S. B.

No. O.-XIV.-S.-46/442.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Chak No. 35-S. B., declared by notification No. O.-XIV-S.-46/441, dated 24th April, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Shahpur district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV.-A.-30/443.—With reference to notification No. O.-XIV.-A.-30/297, dated 16th November, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated the 1st February, 1933, and 28th January, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate situated in the Attock district and included in the area declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-A.-30/296, dated the 16th November, 1939, to be the village of Rangli for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said panchayat shall consist of three panches; that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

The 27th April, 1940.

No. O.XIV-S.-4/446.—With reference to notification No. O.-XIV.-S.-4/278, dated the 8th November, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated the 1st February, 1933, and 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, is pleased to establish a Panchayat for the revenue estate situated in the Shahpur district and included in the area declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-S.-4/277, dated the 8th November, 1939, to be the village of Chak No. 81-S. B. for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said panchayat shall consist of 3 panches; that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and that it shall exercise Criminal and Civil Judicial Powers in accordance with the provisionss of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

Notified Areas.

The 27th April, 1940.

No. A.-IV-60/444.—In accordance with the provisions of section 242 (1) (*d*) of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, and the powers delegated to Commissioners by the Punjab Government notification No. 4, dated 3rd January, 1912, it is hereby notified that the following persons are appointed members of the committee of the Notified Area of Khaur in the Attock district :—

(1) The Sub-Divisional Officer, Pindigheb.

(2) The Agent of the Attock Oil Company.

(3) The Field Engineer of the Attock Oil Company, Limited, Khaur.

(4) Malik Ghulam Mohammad Khan, *Zaildar*, of Khaur.

(5) Lala Ram Labhya of Khaur.

P. MARSDEN,

Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division.

Small Towns.

The 25th April, 1940.

No. 110.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following general order made by the Town Committee of Dunyapur in the Multan district, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*m*) of section 35 of the said Act and sanctioned by the Commissioner, Multan Division, as required by subsection (1) of section 36 of the said Act, is published for general information, and shall come into force from the date of publication of this notification :—

GENERAL ORDER.

1. No person shall erect or re-erect or begin to erect or re-erect any building within the limits of the Small Town of Dunyapur, without the previous sanction of the Town Committee.

2. Every person who intends to erect or re-erect any building, within the said limits, shall give notice in writing to the President of the Town Committee of such intention and such notice shall be accompanied by a plan in duplicate on tracing cloth showing ;—

(*a*) in the case of a new building the site or in the case of a building to be re-erected, the position of the existing building ;

(*b*) the general nature of the foundations and structure, including, when the building consists of more storeys than one, the height of each storey and the number of such storeys ;

(*c*) the means of light, ventilation and drainage ;

(*d*) the name of the street or streets, if any upon which the building abuts.

3. The Town Committee shall sanction or refuse to sanction the erection or re-erection of any building in respect of which a notice has been given in accordance with clause 2 of this general order, within two months from the date of receipt of such notice by the President.

If no orders are communicated to the person giving the notice, within the said period of two months, it shall be presumed that the sanction applied for has been accorded.

4. Any person committing a breach of this general order will render himself liable to the penalties specified in section 38 of the Small Towns Act, 1921.

C. V. SALUSBURY,

Commissioner, Multan Division.

148 CS—1126—2-5-40—SGPP Lahore.

Small Towns

The 29th April, 1914.

No. 112.—In exercise of the provisions of [illegible] section 2 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following general order [illegible] the Small Town of Daryapur [illegible] powers conferred by clause (e) of section 23 of the said Act, [illegible] by the Commissioner, Multan Division, as required [illegible] section 30 of the said Act, [illegible] general [illegible] into force from the date of publication of this notification:—

GENERAL ORDER.

1. No person shall erect or re-erect or begin to erect or re-erect any building within the limits of the Small Town of Daryapur, without the previous sanction of the Town Committee.

2. Every person who intends to erect or re-erect any building within the said limits shall give notice in writing to the President of the Town Committee of his intention, and such notice shall be accompanied by a plan of the building showing [illegible]:—

(a) the site of a new building, [illegible] in the case of a building to be re-erected, the position of the original building;

(b) the general nature of the foundation and superstructure of the building, with the [illegible] height of each storey and the number of such storeys;

(c) the means of light, ventilation and drainage;

(d) the name of the street or streets, if any, upon which the building abuts.

3. The Town Committee shall sanction or refuse to sanction the erection or re-erection of any building in respect of which a notice has been given in accordance with clause 2 of this general order, within two months from the date of delivery of such notice to the President.

If no orders are communicated to the person giving the notice within the said period of two months, it shall be presumed that [illegible] has been granted.

4. Any person violating a [illegible] of this general order will be liable [illegible] under [illegible] of the Small Towns Act, 1921.

C. V. [illegible],

Commissioner, Multan Division.

Registered No. L. 861

The Government Gazette, Punjab.

Published by Authority.

No. 19. LAHORE, FRIDAY, MAY 10, 1940.

PART I—B.

Notifications by Commissioners.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Boards.

The 2nd May, 1940.

No. 375.—*Corrigendum.*—In my notification No. 7, dated the 5th March, 1940, the words " Ch. Dewa Singh of Baqipur " shall be substituted by the words " Ch. Sewa Singh of Baqipur " against serial No. 9.

Panchayats.

The 2nd May, 1940.

No. 298.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Neoli, in the Hissar tahsil of the Hissar district, to be a village to be known by the name of Neoli for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 299.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Neoli declared by notification No. 298, dated the 2nd of May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Hissar district, to the Commissioner, Ambala division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 300.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Nahla, in the Fatehabad tahsil of the Hissar district, to be a village to be known by the name of Nahla for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 301.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Nahla declared by notification No. 300, dated the 2nd of May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Hissar district, to the Commissioner, Ambala division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 302.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Sham Sukh, in the Hissar tahsil of the Hissar district, to be a village to be known by the name of Sham Sukh for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 303.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Sham Sukh, declared by notification No. 302, dated the 2nd of May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Hissar district, to the Commissioner, Ambala division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 304.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Dhanur, in the Sirsa tahsil of the Hissar district, to be a village to be known by the name of Dhanur for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 305.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Dhanur, declared by notification No. 304, dated the 2nd May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Hissar district, to the Commissioner, Ambala division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 306.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1913, the Commissioner, Ambala division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Panjuwana, in the Sirsa tahsil of the Hissar district, to be a village to be known by the name of Panjuwana for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 307.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Panjuwana, declared by notification No, 306, dated the 2nd May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Hissar district, to the Commissioner, Ambala division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 308.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Panhari, in the Sirsa tahsil of the Hissar district, to be a village to be known by the name of Panhari for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 309.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Panhari, declared by notification No. 308, dated the 2nd May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Hissar district, to the Commissioner, Ambala division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 310.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Neza Dalla Kalan, in the Sirsa tahsil of the Hissar district, to be a village to be known by the name of Neza Dalla Kalan for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 311.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Neza Dalla Kalan declared by notification No. 310, dated the 2nd May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Hissar district, to the Commissioner, Ambala division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 312.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Biruwala Gudha, in the Sirsa tahsil of the Hissar district, to be a village to be known by the name of Biruwala Gudha for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 313.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Biruwala Gudha declared by notification No. 312, dated the 2nd of May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Hissar district, to the Commissioner, Ambala division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 314.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala division, hereby declares the revenue estates of Jodhpuria and Pir-Khera, in the Sirsa tahsil of the Hissar district, to be a village to be known by the name of Jodhpuria for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 315.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Jodhpuria declared by notification No. 314, dated the 2nd of May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner, of the Hissar district, to the Commissioner, Ambala division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 316.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Saha, in the Ambala tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Saha for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 317.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commisioner, Ambala division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Saha, declared by notification No. 316, dated the 2nd of May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 318.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala division, hereby declares the revenue estates of Holi and Ganganpur, in the Ambala tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Holi for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 319.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of

February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Holi, declared by notification No. 318, dated the 2nd of May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 320.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala division, hereby declares the revenue estates of $\frac{\text{Mahmudpur}}{\text{Malahpur}}$, in the Ambala tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Mahmudpur for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 321.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Mahmudpur, declared by notification No. 320, dated the 2nd of May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 322.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Naohni, in the Ambala tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Naohni for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 323.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Naohni declared by notification No. 322, dated the 2nd of May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 324.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Sabapur, in the Ambala tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Sabapur for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 325.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Sabapur, declared by notification No. 324, dated the 2nd of May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 326.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Chilla, in the Kharar tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Chilla for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 327.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a Panchayat in the village of Chilla, declared by notification No. 326, dated the 2nd of May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 328.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Atari/Tajpur, in the Rupar tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Atari for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 329.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a Panchayat in the village of Atari, declared by notification No. 328, dated the 2nd of May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 330.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Kesri, in the Ambala tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Kesri for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 331.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a Panchayat in the village of Kesri, declared by notification No. 330, dated the 2nd of May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 332.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Kazampur/Kambwala/Bharoli, in the Naraingarh tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Kazampur for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 333.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Kazampur, declared by notification No. 332, dated the 2nd of May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 334.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Barheri, in the Naraingarh tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Barheri for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 335.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Barheri declared by notification No. 334, dated the 2nd of May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 336.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Makowal, in the Rupar tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Makowal for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 337.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Makowal, declared by notification No. 336, dated the 2nd of May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 338.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares

the revenue estate of Sherpur, in the Ambala tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Sherpur, for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 339.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Sherpur, declared by notification No. 339, dated the 2nd of May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 340.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Dhanola, in the Rupar tahsil of the Ambala District, to be a village to be known by the name of Dhanola for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 341.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Dhanola, declared by notification No. 340, dated the 2nd of May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 342.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Rampur/Dhanoura/Dadhali, in the Naraingarh tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Dhanoura for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 343.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Dhanoura, declared by notification No. 342, dated the 2nd of May, 1940 to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 344.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Badholi, in the Naraingarh tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Badholi for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 345.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933. proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Badholi, declared by notification No. 344, dated the 2nd of May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 346.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Balana, in the Ambala tahsil of the Ambala district. to be a village to be known by the name of Balana for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 347—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Balana, declared by the notification No. 346, dated the 2nd of May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any in habitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 348.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estates of Ravalan and Ladana, in the Ambala tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Ladana for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 349.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Ladana, declared by notification No. 348, dated the 2nd of May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 350.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Kherwali Palwala, in the Naraingarh tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Kherwali Palwala for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 351.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers

delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Kherwali Palwala, declared by notification No. 350, dated the 2nd of May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 352.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Khan Ahmadpur in the Ambala tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Khan Ahmadpur for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 353.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Khan Ahmadpur, declared by notification No. 352, dated the 2nd of May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 354.—In exercise of powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Dhakola, in the Ambala tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Dhakola for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 355.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Dhakola, declared by notification No. 354, dated the 2nd of May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 356.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Mandhaur, in the Ambala tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Mandhaur for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 357.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Mandhaur, declared by notification No. 356, dated the 2nd of May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 358.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Dhanana/Gobindpur in the Naraingarh tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Dhanana for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 359.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Dhanana, declared by notification No. 358, dated the 2nd of May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 360.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Katlour, in the Rupar tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Katlour for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 361.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Katlour, declared by notification No. 360, dated the 2nd of May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 362.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Ratewali, in the Naraingarh tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Ratewali for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 363.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Ratewali, declared by notification No. 362, dated the 2nd of May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 364.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat, Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Dhin, in the Ambala tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Dhin for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 365.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Dhin declared by notification No. 364, dated the 2nd of May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 366.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Garnala, in the Ambala tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Garnala for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 367.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, is exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Garnala declared by notification No. 366, dated the 2nd of May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 368.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Bhaiswan Khurd in the Gohana Tehsil of the Rohtak district, to be a village to be known by the name of Bhaiswan Khurd for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 369.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Bhaiswan Khurd, declared by notification No. 368, dated the 2nd of May, 1940, to be a village for purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rohtak district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 370.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby

declares the revenue estate of Pahrawar in the Rohtak tehsil of the Rohtak district, to be a village to be known by the name of Pahrawar for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 371.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the villlage of Pahrawar, declared by notification No. 370, dated the 2nd of May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rohtak district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 372.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Kheri Sampla, in the Rohtak tehsil of the Rohtak district, to be a village to be known by the name of Kheri Sampla for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 373.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Kheri Sampla declared by notification No. 372, dated the 2nd of May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rohtak district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 374.—With reference to the notification No. 87, dated the 3rd November, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate given in column 2 of the following schedule, situated in tahsil Ambala, in the Ambala district and declared by notification No. 86, dated the 3rd November, 1939, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act, to fix the number of panches at the figure given in column 4 of the said schedule and to declare that the said panchayat shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 of the Act and that it shall exercise Criminal and Civil Judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	Name of revenue estate.	Name of Tahsil.	Number of panches.
1	2	3	4
1	Baroula ..	Ambala ..	Four.

J. W. HEARN,
Commissioner, Ambala Division.

Committees.

The 3rd May, 1940.

No. 145-L. F. B.—*Corrigendum.*—In notification No. 136-L. F. B., dated the 5th April, 1940, issued by the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, *read* " L. Matu Ram " *for* " L. Mota Ram ".

General (Gurdwaras).

The 3rd May, 1940.

No. 144-L. F. B.—*Corrigendum.*—In column 3 of the schedule appended to Commissioner, Jullundur Division's notification No. 143-L. F. B., dated the 22nd April, 1940, for the words "S. Sujan Singh" *read* " S. Khazan Singh. "

E. SHEEPSHANKS,

Commissioner, Jullundur Division.

Committees.

The 1st May, 1940.

No. 57.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that Haji Muhammad Yusaf has been elected President of the Municipal Committee of Pasrur in the Sialkot district, and that the said election has been approved by the Commissioner of the Lahore Division under the provisions of subsection (1) of section 20 of the said Act.

ALAN MITCHELL,

Commissioner, Lahore Division.

General (Gurdwaras).

The 4th May, 1940.

No. O·XIII-17/447.—In continuation of notification No. O·XIII-17/287, dated the 16th November, 1939, it is hereby notified in accordance with the provisions of subsection (3) of section 88 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, that the person named in column 3 of the schedule below has been duly nominated by the Shiromani Gurdwara Parbandhak Committee, Amritsar, under the provisions of section 87 of the Act, as the fifth member of the Committee for the Gurdwara specified in column 2 of the schedule and that the Committee has been duly constituted.

SCHEDULE.

No. and date of notification declaring the Gurdwara to be a Sikh Gurdwara under section 9/17 of the Act.	Name of Gurdwara.	Name and address of the nominated member.
1	2	3
82-G., dated the 16th February, 1934.	Midh Ranjha ..	Bhai Sant Ram, son of Bhai Mahla Ram, village and post office Midh Ranjah, tahsil Bhalwal, district Shahpur.

P. MARSDEN,

Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division.

Notified Areas.

The 2nd May, 1940.

No. 111.—In accordance with the provisions of clause (*d*) of sub-section (1) of section 242 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, and under the powers delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 4, dated the 3rd January, 1912, it is hereby notified that the following person is appointed a member of the Notified Area Committee of Arifwala in the Montgomery district :—

The Extra Assistant Colonization Officer, Nili Bar Colony, Pakpattan, *vice* the Assistant Colonization Officer, Nili Bar Colony.

No. 112.—In accordance with the provisions of clause (*d*) of sub-section (1) of section 242 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, and under the powers delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 4, dated the 3rd January, 1912, it is hereby notified that the following person is appointed a member of the Notified Area Committee of Burewala in the Multan district :—

The Extra Assistant Colonization Officer, Nili Bar Colony, Pakpattan, *vice* the Assistant Colonization Officer, Nili Bar Colony.

No. 113.—In accordance with the provisions of clause (*d*) of sub-section (1) of section 242 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, and under the powers delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 4, dated the 3rd January, 1912, it is hereby notified that the following person is appointed a member of the Notified Area Committee of Lodhran in the Multan district :—

The Extra Assistant Colonization Officer, Nili Bar Colony, Pakpattan, *vice* the Assistant Colonization Officer, Nili Bar Colony.

No. 114.—In accordance with the provisions of clause (*d*) of sub-section (1) of section 242 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, and under the powers delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 4, dated the 3rd January, 1912, it is hereby notified that the following person is appointed a member of the Notified Area Committee of Dunyapur in the Multan district :—

The Extra Assistant Colonization Officer, Nili Bar Colony, Pakpattan, *vice* the Assistant Colonization Officer, Nili Bar Colony.

No. 115.—In accordance with the provisions of clause (*d*) of sub-section (1) of section 242 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, and under the powers delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 4, dated the 3rd January, 1912, it is hereby notified that the following person is appointed a member of the Notified Area Committee of Vehari in the Multan district :—

The Extra Assistant Colonization Officer, Nili Bar Colony, Pakpattan, *vice* the Assistant Colonization Officer, Nili Bar Colony.

C. V. SALUSBURY,

Commissioner, Multan Division.

234 CS – 1126 – 9-5-40 – SGPP Lahore.

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No. 20. LAHORE, FRIDAY, MAY 17, 1940.

PART I—B.

Notifications by Commissioners.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Boards.

The 8th May, 1940.

No. 391.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 15 (1) of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, it is hereby notified that Ch. Harnam, son of Ch. Mat Ram, Jat, of Sarsaud, has been elected as a member of the Hissar District Board in the vacancy caused by the removal of Chaudhri Sheo Chand.

Panchayats.

The 6th May, 1940.

No. 376.—With reference to the notification No. 85, dated the 3rd November, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by sub section (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate given in column 2 of the following schedule, situated in tahsil Ambala, in the Ambala district and declared by notification No. 84, dated the 3rd November, 1939, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act, to fix the number of panches at the figure given in column 4 of the said schedule; and to declare that the said panchayat shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 of the Act, and that it shall exercise Criminal and Civil

Judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act :—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	Name of revenue estate.	Name of tahsil.	Number of Panches.
1	Khuda Kalan ..	Ambala ..	Four.
2	Tar Mastpur ..	Ambala ..	Four.

No. 377.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Panj Koha/Shadipur, in the Rupar tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Panj Koha for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 378.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Panj Koha, declared by notification No. 377, dated the 6th of May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 379.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Doom Chheri, in the Rupar tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Doom Chheri for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 380.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Doom Chheri declared by notification No. 379, dated the 6th of May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 381.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Arnouli, in the Rupar tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Arnouli for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 382.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated

to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Arnouli, declared by notification No. 381, dated the 6th of May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 383.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Todarpur/Bhattian, in the Rupar tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Todarpur for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 384.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Todarpur, declared by notification No 383, dated the 6th of May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 385.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Papri Kambala/Chacho Majra in the Kharar tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Kambala for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 386.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Kambala, declared by notification No. 385, dated the 6th of May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 387.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Tobah, in the Ambala tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Tobah for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 388.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Tobah, declared by notification No. 387, dated the 6th of May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 389.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Kelanayan, in the Sirsa tahsil of the Hissar district, to be a village to be known by the name of Kelanyan, for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 390.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Kelanyan declared by notification No. 389, dated the 6th of May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Hissar district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

J. W. HEARN,

Commissioner, Ambala Division.

Small Towns.

The 11th May, 1940.

No. 2755-D. C.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (2) of section 36 of Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following amendment made by the Town Committee, Kangra, in the Kangra district, to the general order published with Commissioner, Jullundur Division's notification No. 8342, dated the 22nd October, 1931, as subsequently amended by notification No. 1876-D. C., dated the 8th April, 1936, and No. 5712-D. C., dated the 5th October, 1937, having been sanctioned by the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, as required by subsection (1) of section 36 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force from the date of publication of this notification :—

AMENDMENT.

The following new clause shall be added after clause 1 :—

"1-A. No person shall slaughter any animal (goat or sheep) of which the meat is intended for sale except in the slaughter-house managed by the Committee."

General (Gurdwaras).

The 11th May, 1940.

No. 146-L. F. B.—It is hereby notified in accordance with the provisions of subsection (3) of section 88 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, that the persons named in column 3 of the schedule below have been duly nominated by the Shiromani Gurdwara Parbandhak Committee, Amritsar, under the provisions of section 87 of the Act, as the fifth members of the committees for Gurdwaras specified in column 2 of the

schedule, and that the committees have been duly constituted :—

SCHEDULE.

No. and date of the notification declaring the Gurdwara under sections 9/17 of the Act.	Name of Gurdwara.	Names and addresses of the members nominated.	Constituency for election of the committee of management.
1	2	3	4
151 and 152 ..	Charan Kanwal Gurplah.	S. Phuman Singh "Ajit", son of S. Ganesha Singh, village and Post Office Kaler, District Jullundur.	Revenue estates of Banga, Jindwal, Sotran and Thandian.
16-G., dated the 22nd November 1935.	Gurdwara Jalwera	S. Harnam Singh, son of S. Buta Singh, village Jalwera, Post Office Sarhala Kalan, District Hoshiarpur.	Revenue estate of Jalwera. Tahsil Garhshankar, District Hoshiarpur.

E. SHEEPSHANKS,

Commissioner, Jullundur Division.

Small Towns.

The 7th May, 1940.

No. A.-IV-52-E./465—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following General Order, made by the Town Committee of Mandi Bahauddin in the Gujrat District, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*ii*) of section 35 of the said Act, and sanctioned by the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, as required by subsection (1) of section 36 of the said Act, is published for general information, and shall come into force from the date of the publication of this notification :—

GENERAL ORDER.

1. (1) No person shall, without the written permission of the Town Committee, build or erect any immovable encroachment upon the ground level of any street or over or on any platform belonging to the Town Committee and bordering upon any street or over or on any drain, sewer or channel, or build or make any immovable overhanging structure, projecting into a street, or over any such platform, at a point above the ground level; and every person intending to erect or re-erect any immovable encroachment, shall give notice of such intention, in writing, to the Secretary of the committee, in form A, appended, and shall at the same time submit, in duplicate, on tracing cloth—

(*a*) a site plan showing the boundaries of the building concerned, the precise situation of the building concerned in relation to the streets adjoining the buildings to the adjoining building or land, and the width of the adjoining streets for a distance of not less than 100 feet on either side of the building concerned ;

(*b*) detailed dimensioned drawings of the proposed structures showing the section of the street, the floor-level of the building, and the drains, if any ;

(*c*) a specification describing the proposed structure in detail :

Provided that the committee shall not sanction the erection or re-erection of any immovable encroachment, as provided for in this general order, until it is certified by the Town Committee Engineers or the Secretary, if there is no Town Committee's Engineer, that the plans and specification submitted under this general order are in accordance with the provisions of the general order :

Provided further that in case of an encroachment or structure proposed to be constructed on a site adjacent to a public street under the control or management of the Public Works Department of Government or of any Local Authority the applicant shall submit the plans and specifications, referred to above, in triplicate, and one complete set of the plans shall, immediately on presentation, be forwarded by the Committee to the Executive Engineer or to the local body concerned for information.

(2) (*a*) The site plan shall be drawn to a scale of not less than one eighth of an inch to the foot. The scale used shall be marked on the plan and the position of the north point shall also be indicated.

(*b*) The detailed drawings shall be drawn to a scale of not less than one-fourth of an inch to the foot. The scale used shall be marked on the plan.

(*c*) All plans shall be signed by the applicant and shall show all details necessary to enable the committee or its officers to judge the suitability of the proposals. The names of the owners of adjoining buildings or lands together with the lane (kucha) and house numbers if any, shall be given. All proposed work shall be indicated by distinctive colours to show the meterials proposed to be used and a key to the colours used shall be displayed on the plans.

(3) In the case of a proposed projection at ground floor level—

(*a*) subject to the provisions of clause (*f*) of this paragraph the projection shall be supported entirely by the building to which it is attached and shall not extend more than two feet from the face of such building;

(*b*) no projection shall extend beyond the roadside edge of any drain below the projection;

(*c*) the vertical distance from the underside of the projection and the road surface at the outer edge of such drain shall not be less than one foot;

(*d*) no projection shall be permitted unless the clear space between any portion thereof and the centre line of the street will, when it is constructed, be not less than six feet in streets which have been classed by the Committee as residential street or eight feet in other streets;

(*e*) where access is not required for wheeled vehicle and the height of the ground floor of the building is less than one foot above the road at the roadside edge of the drain any steps required shall be constructed within the building, and no projection shall be permitted;

(*f*) if the ground level of a house is more than one foot above the level of the road at the roadside edge of the drain access can be arranged by means of steps supported by cantilevers, provided they comply with the provisions of clauses (*a*), (*b*), (*c*) and (*d*) of this paragraph, but in such case—

(*i*) the steps shall not extend laterally beyond the outer edges of the doorway;

(*ii*) the steps shall be of wood, stone, or cement concrete not less than two inches thick; and

(*iii*) notwithstanding any thing contained in clause (*a*) of this paragraph, brackets may be placed under the steps to support them, provided that if more than one bracket is placed under any one step the distance from the centre of any one such bracket to the centre of the next bracket shall be not less than one and a half feet; provided further that no such bracket shall extend more than six inches below the underside of the step and shall not project beyond it.

(4) (1) Where access from a street to private property is required for wheeled vehicles, or where the width of the waterway of the drain exceeds one foot, a drain crossing may be permitted provided it is constructed so as not to interfere with the waterway of the drain and the length of such crossing shall not exceed four feet and unless the Committee specially sanction it to be constructed otherwise, shall be constructed so as to be removable and shall consist of cast-iron reticulated gratings and the height from the bed of the drain to the underside of the crossing shall be at least nine inches or the full height of the drain whichever is greater.

(2) If the courtyard level is above the road leael any ramp required for the use of vehicles shall be constructed with in the private property and shall not extend on to the street.

(5) (1) No balcony or similar overhanging structure of any kind shall be constructed so as to project over a street to a distance which will render the clear space between any portion of such balcony or structure and the centre line of the street less than ten feet in the case of streets which have been classed by the committee as residential streets or fifteen feet in the case of other streets.

(2) The overall projection of a balcony or like structure from the face of the building shall not in any case exceed three feet.

(6) When written permission to build or erect or make any such encroachment or structure is granted by the Town Committee; the conditions on which such permission is granted, including the payment of such fee, as may from time to time be fixed under clause (*e*) of subsection (1) of section 41 of he Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, shall be stated in such written permission.

(7) If any person builds, erects or makes any such encroachment or structure without the written permission of the Town Committee, or in contravention of any of the conditions on which such permission was granted, no compensation shall be payable to such person in respect of the removal or alteration of such encroachment or structure if such removal or alteration is required by a special order issued to such person by the Town Committee.

(8) If any person fails to comply with a special order issued to him by the Town Committee requiring the removal or alteration of any such encroachment or structure within twenty days of the date of such order, the Town Committee may, after giving six hours notice to such person, cause such encroachment or structure to be removed or altered and may recover the cost of such removal or alteration from such person.

EXPLANATION.—For the purposes of this paragraph the "expression immovable encroachment" includes a chhappar.

2. (1) No person shall without the written permission of the Town Committee—

(*a*) place in front of any building any movable encroachment upon the ground level of any street or over or on any platform belonging to the Town Committee and bordering upon any street or over or on any drain, sewer or channel or any movable overhanging structure projecting in to a street or over any such platform at a point above the ground level.

(*b*) take up or alter the pavement or other materials or the fences or posts of any street or platform ; or

(*c*) deposit building materials, goods for sale, or other articles of merchandise on any street or platform ; or

(*d*) make any hole or excavation on, in or under any street or platform or remove materials from beneath any street or platform, so as to cause risk of subsidence.

(2) When written permission to do any of the acts the doing of which is prohibited under sub-paragraph (1) without such permission, is granted by the Town Committee, the conditions on which such permission is granted including the payment of such fees as may from time to time be fixed under clause (*e*) of subsection (1) of section 41 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, shall be stated in such written permission.

(3) If any person does any act, the doing of which is prohibited under sub-paragraph (1) without the written permission of the Town Committee, without such permission, or in contravention of the conditions on which such permission was granted, the Town Committee or the President or the Secretary of the Town Committee, Sanitary Inspector or Sub Overseer or any other officer appointed by the committee may —

(*i*) summarily remove or cause to be removed any such movable encroachment or overhanging structure and any such materials, goods or articles of merchandise ;

(*ii*) take order summarily to restore the street or platform to the condition it was in before any such alteration, excavation or damage.

Form A.

(All entries on this side to be filled in by the applicant.)

From ______________________

____

____

To

The Secretary,

Town Committee, Mandi Baha-ud Din.

I hereby give notice in writing as required by general order of the Committee, that I intend to $\frac{\text{erect}}{\text{re-erect}}$

(*i*) an $\frac{\text{immovable}}{\text{movable}}$ encroachment;

(ii) an immovable / movable overhanging structure as specified below, situated in ______ ______ I attach the plans in duplicate required by the committees' general order.

Signature ______

Dated ______

Specification :—

______

Form A.

(All entries to be filled in in to Municipal office on this side.)

Serial No. of application ______

Name of applicant ______

Site of building (name of street, quarter, etc.) ______

Abstract of application ______

______

Received by the Secretary on ______

______

(Signature of Secretary.)

Date by which orders of the committee must be communicated to the applicant ______ ______.

Forwarded to ______ for report on ______

______

(Signature of Secretary.)

Returned to the Secretary, on ______

(Signature) ______

Submitted to ______

(Signature of Secretary.)

Abstract of order of the Committee ______

______

______

(Signature of Secretary.)

The 13th May, 1940.

No. A.-XIV-38-E./475.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following General Order made by the Town Committee of Bhalwal, in the Shahpur District, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (u) of section 35 of the said Act, and sanctioned by the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, as required by subsection (1) of section 36 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force from the date of this notification :—

GENERAL ORDER.

1. No person shall store kerosine oil, or spirit at any place within the limits of the Small Town except in premises licensed by the Town Committee in this behalf, provided

that nothing contained in this order shall apply to the persons or premises licensed under the Indian Petroleum Act, 1899.

2. Licences for premises for the storage of the materials mentioned in paragraph (1) of this order shall be issued by the President or Secretary in the form S. T. U. appended to this order on the application of the owner or occupier of such premises and shall be granted on payment of the fees that may from time to time be imposed by the committee under clause (g) of subsection (1) of section 41 of the Punjab Small Town Act, 1921, subject to the conditions specified in form S. T. U. as the conditions subject to which the licence is granted.

3. Licences issued in accordance with paragraph 2 shall be current for not more than 12 months and shall in any case terminate on the 31st March immediately succeeding the date of issue.

4. On a breach of any of the conditions of the licence by the licensee or his agent the Town Committee may forthwith cancel the licence and the licensee shall be entitled to no compensation on account of such cancellation.

Form S. T. U.

TOWN COMMITTEE, BHALWAL.

Licence for the premises for the storage of kerosine oil and spirit. The premises of which a description is given on the reverse situated in (name of street, ward, etc.), are hereby licensed for the storage of Kerosine Oil, Spirit.

This licence is granted to ______________________

owner
——— of the said premises subject to the following conditions:—
occupier

The licence shall not be transferable except under the oredrs of the Committee.

1. That he shall not burn any article in or near the said premises or keep any other inflammable article or allow any naked lights of fire except those entered in the licence.

2. That he shall not smoke or suffer any person to smoke within the licensed premises.

3. That he shall permit any member or officer of the Committee authorised in this behalf at all reasonable times and without notice to inspect the licensed premises.

4. That he shall not keep the following articles in excess of the quantity given below:

(1) Non-dangerous petroleum up to 500 gallons.

5. That he shall keep the kerosine oil, or spirit in closed drums or tins and shall open only one tin of the same quality at one time.

6. That he shall keep a supply of sand or dry earth for the purpose of extinguishing fire in the event of an out-break.

7. That the licensee shall pay to the Committee the licence fee at the rate of:—

		Rs. a. p.
(1)	Non-dangerous petroleum up to 4 gallons ...	*Nil*
(2)	Non-dangerous petroleum, 5 to 16 gallons ...	1 0 0
(3)	Non-dangerous petroleum, 16 to 100 gallons ...	4 0 0
(4)	Non-dangerous petroleum, 100 to 250 gallons ...	6 0 0
(5)	Non-dangerous petroleum, 250 to 500 gallons ...	8 0 0

Panchayats.

The 6th May, 1940.

No. O.-XIV.-S.-49/448.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the revenue estate specified in column 3 of the schedule below and situated in the Bhalwal tahsil of the Shahpur district is hereby declared to be a

village to be known, for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	2	3
1	Laliani ..	Laliani.

No. O.-XIV.-S.-49/449.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Laliani, declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-S.-49/448, dated 6th May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Shahpur district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV.-S.-50/450.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the revenue estate, specified in column 3 of the schedule below and situated in the Bhalwal tahsil of the Shahpur district, is hereby declared to be a village, to be known, for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	2	3
1	Bhabhra	Bhabhra.

No. O.-XIV.-S.-50/451.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Bhabhra, declared by notification No. O.-XIV-S.-50/450, dated 6th May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Shahpur district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O. XIV-M.-4/452.—With reference to notification No. O.-XIV.-M.-4/223, dated 1st November, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated 1st February, 1933, and 28th

February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, is pleased to establish a Panchayat for the revenue estate situated in the Mianwali district and included in the area declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-M.-4/222, dated 1st November, 1939, to be the village of Hussainwala for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said panchayat shall consist of 3 panches; that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV.-M.-5/453.—With reference to notification No. O.-XIV.-M. 5/225, dated 1st November, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated the 1st February, 1933, and 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate situated in the Mianwali district and included in the area declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-M.-5/224, dated 1st November, 1939, to be the village of Nurullahwala for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said panchayat shall consist of 3 panches; that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV.-M.-6/454.—With reference to notification No. O.-XIV.-M.-6/227, dated 1st November, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated 1st February, 1933, and 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate situated in the Mianwali district and included in the area declared by notification No O.-XIV.-M.-6/226, dated 1st November, 1939, to be the village of Rokhri for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said panchayat shall consist of 6 panches; that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV.-M.-7/455.—With reference to notification No. O.-XIV.-M.-7/229, dated 1st November, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated 1st February, 1933, and 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate situated in the Mianwali district and included in the area declared by notification No. O. XIV.-M.-7/228, dated 1st November, 1939, to be the village of Maibal for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said panchayat shall consist of 5 panches; that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV.-M.-7/456.—With reference to notification No. O.-XIV-M.-8/231, dated 1st November, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated the 1st February, 1933, and 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate situated in the Mianwali district and included in the area declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-M.-8/230, dated 1st November, 1939, to be the village of Kalwal for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said

panchayat shall consist of 4 panches; that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV.-M.-7/457.—With reference to notification No. XIV.-M.-9/233, dated 1st November, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated the 1st February, 1933, and 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate situated in the Mianwali district and included in the area declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-M.-9/232, dated 1st November, 1939, to be the village of Zalia, for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said panchayat shall consist of 4 panches; that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV.-M.-10/458.—With reference to notification No. O.-XIV.-M.-10/235, dated 1st November, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated 1st February, 1933, and 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate situated in the Mianwali district and included in the area declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-M.-10/234, dated 1st November, 1939, to be the village of Silwan for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said panchayat shall consist of 5 panches; that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV.-M.-13/459.—With reference to notification No. O.-XIV.-M.-13/240, dated 1st November, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated the 1st February, 1933, and 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate situated in the Mianwali district and included in the area declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-M.-13/241, dated 1st November, 1939, to be the village of Phathi for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said panchayat shall consist of 3 panches; that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV.-M.-14/460.—With reference to notification No. O.-XIV.-M.-14/243, dated 1st November, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated 1st February, 1933, and 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate situated in the Mianwali district and included in the area declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-M.-14/242, dated 1st November, 1939, to be the village of Sultan Wala Sharqi for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said panchayat shall consist of 4 panches; that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV.-M.-15/461.—With reference to notification No. O.-XIV.-M.-15/245, dated 1st November, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated 1st February, 1933, and 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate situated in the Mianwali district and included in the area declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-M.-15/244, dated 1st November, 1939, to be the village of Shahbaz Khel, for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said panchayat shall consist of 5 panches; that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV.-M.-17/462.—With reference to notification No. O.-XIV.-M.-17/249, dated 1st November, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated 1st February, 1933, and 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate situated in the Mianwali district and included in the area declared by notification No. O.-XIV. M.-17/248, dated 1st November, 1939, to be the village of Guja for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said panchayat shall consist of 3 panches; that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV.-M.-18/463.—With reference to notification No. O.-XIV.-M.-18/251, dated 1st November, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated 1st February, 1933, and 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate situated in the Mianwali district and included in the area declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-M.-18/250, dated 1st November, 1939, to be the village of Sial for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said panchayat shall consist of 5 panches; that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV.-M.-20/464.—With reference to notification No. O.-XIV.-M.-20/255, dated 1st November, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated 1st February, 1933, and 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate situated in the Mianwali district and included in the area declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-M.-20/254, dated 1st November, 1939, to be the village of Kundian for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said panchayat shall consist of 7 panches; that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

The 7th May, 1940.

No. O.-XIV.-S.-5/466.—With reference to notification No. O.-XIV.-S.-5/378, dated the 27th November, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government

notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated the 1st February, 1933, and 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate, situated in the Shahpur district, and included in the area declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-S.-5/377, dated the 27th November, 1939, to be the village of Gunjial for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said panchayat shall consist of 6 panches ; that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

No. O. XIV.-S. 47/467.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the revenue estate specified in column 3 of the schedule below, and situated in the Khushab tahsil of the Shahpur district, is hereby declared to be a village, to be known, for the purposes of the said Act, by the name given in column 2—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of estate within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the panchayat village is comprised.
1	2	3
1	Sandral ..	Sandral.

No. O. XIV.-S.-47/468.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a panchayat in the village of Sandral, declared by notification No. O. XIV.-S.-47/467, dated 7th May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Shahpur district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

The 13th May, 1940.

No. O.-XIV-R.-112/469.—With reference to notification No. O. XIV-R.-22/388, dated the 6th December, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated 1st February, 1933, and 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estates situated in the Rawalpindi district and included in the area declared by notification No. O.-XIV-R.-122/387, dated the 6th December, 1939, to be the village of Data Bhat for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said panchayat shall consist of 4 panches ; that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV.-R-121/470.—With reference to notification No. O.-XIV-R.-121/386, dated the 6th December, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the

Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated 1st February, 1933, and 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate situated in the Rawalpindi district and included in the area declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-R.-121/385, dated the 6th December, 1939, to be the village of Nata Gujarmal for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said panchayat shall consist of 3 panches; that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV.-R.-123/471.—With reference to notification No. O.-XIV-R.-123/390, dated the 7th December, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated 1st February, 1933, and 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate situated in the Rawalpindi district and included in the area declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-R.-123/389, dated the 7th December, 1939, to be the village of Nambal for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said panchayat shall consist of 4 panches; that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV.-R.-118/472.—With reference to notification No. O.XIV-R.-118/380, dated the 6th December 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications No. 2914 and 6986, dated 1st February, 1933, and 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate situated in the Rawalpindi district and included in the area declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-R.-118/379, dated the 6th December, 1939, to be the village of Ranjali for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said panchayat shall consist of 3 panches; that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-R.-119/473.—With reference to notification No. O.-XIV.-R.-119/382, dated the 6th December, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22, and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated 1st February, 1933, and 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estates situated in the Rawalpindi district and included in the area declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-R.-119/381, dated the 6th December, 1939, to be the village of Manghat for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said panchayat shall consist of 4 panches; that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-R-117/474.—With reference to notification No. O.XIV.-R.-117/258, dated the 6th November, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated 1st February, 1933, and 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate situated in the Rawalpindi district and included in the area declared by notification

No. O.-XIV.-R.-117/257, dated the 6th November, 1939, to be the village of Waghal for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said panchayat shall consist of 4 panches; that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively of the said Act.

P. MARSDEN,

Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division.

Committees.

The 8th May, 1940.

No. 116.—In accordance with the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that Lala Wazir Chand Kapur, a member of the Municipal Committee of Gojra, has been elected under sub section (1) of section 20 of the said Act, President of the Municipal Committee of Gojra in the Lyallpur District.

C. V. SALUSBURY,

Commissioner, Multan Division.

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PART I—B.

Notifications by Commissioners.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Committees.

The 15th May, 1940.

No. 420.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the following persons have been appointed members of the Municipal Committee of Jagadhri in the Ambala district:—

1. Ch. Chambel Singh, son of Ch. Ghasita Singh, Rajput, of village Kalawar, tahsil Jagadhri.
2. Sh. Mohammad Saddiq, son of Sheikh Mohammad Masit Ullah Khan, of Jagadhri.

No. 421.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the following persons have been elected members of the Municipal Committee, Jagadhri, in the Ambala district:—

Ward No.		*Names of persons elected.*
1. Muslim	..	Sheikh Fazal Mohammad.
2. Muslim	..	Mian Nazir Ahmed.
1. Non-Muslim	..	Lala Brijraj Saran.
2. Non-Muslim	..	Lala Krishen Chand (re-elected).
3. Non-Muslim	..	Lala Nanak Chand.
4. Non-Muslim	..	Lala Gokal Chand (re-elected).

Panchayats.

The 14th May, 1940.

No. 392.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921 and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Bap in the Sirsa tahsil of the Hissar district, to be known by the name of Bap for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 393.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Bap, declared by notification No. 392, dated the 14th of May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Hissar district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 394.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Panchel, in the Jagadhri tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Panchel for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 395.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Panchel, declared by notification No. 394, dated the 14th of May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 396.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Chholi, in the Jagadhri tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Chholi for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 397.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Chholi, declared by notification No. 396, dated the 14th of May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 398.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of

Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Akalgarh/Mandawli/Dusani, in the Jagadhri tahsil of the Ambala district to be a village to be known by the name of Mandawli for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 399.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Mandawli, declared by notification No. 398, dated the 14th of May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 400.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Galawli/Sudhal, in the Jagadhri tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Sudhal for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 401.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Sudhal, declared by notification No. 400, dated the 14th of May, 1940, to be a village for the purpose of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to the proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 402.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Kaimpura/Rattanpura. in the Jagadhri tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Rattanpura for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 403.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers. delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Rattanpura declared by notification No. 402, dated the 14th of May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 404.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Dharam Kot, in the Jagadhri tahsil of the Ambala

district, to be a village to be known by the name of Dharam Kot for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 405.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a Panchayat in the village of Dharam Kot, declared by notification No. 404, dated the 14th of May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 406.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Fatehgarh Tumbi in the Jagadhri tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Fatehgarh Tumbi for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 407.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated by him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a Panchayat in the village of Fatehgarh Tumbi, declared by notification No. 406, dated the 14th of May, 1940, to be a village or the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 408.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Khajuri, in the Jagadhri tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Khajuri for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 409.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Khajuri, declared by notification No. 408, dated the 14th of May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 410.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Azizpur Kalan/Ramgarh Majra, in the Jagadhri tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Azizpur Kalan for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 411.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Azizpur Kalan, declared by notification No. 410, dated the 14th of May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 412.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Basatianwala, in the Jagadhri tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Basatianwala for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 413.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notfication No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Basatianwala, declared by notification No. 412, dated the 14th of May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 414.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Kail, in the Jagadhri tehsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Kail for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 415.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Kail, declared by notification No. 414, dated the 14th of May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 416.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala division, hereby declares the the revenue estate of Sarawin, in the Jagadhri tahsil of the Ambala district, to be a village to be known by the name of Sarawin for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 417.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the

1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Sarawin, declared by notification No. 416, dated the 14th of May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Ambala district, to the Commissioner, Ambala division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 418.—With reference to the notification No. 92, dated the 8th November, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, the Commissioner, Ambala division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate given in column 2 of the following schedule, situated in Tahsil Ambala, in the Ambala district, and declared by notification No. 91, dated the 8th November, 1939, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act; to fix the number of panches at the figure given in column 4 of the said schedule; and to declare that the said panchayat shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 of the Act and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act:—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	Name of revenue estate.	Name of Tahsil.	Number of panches.
1	2	3	4
1	Dhurkhara ..	Ambala ..	Three.

No. 419.—With reference to the notification No. 98, dated the 6th December, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, the Commissioner, Ambala division, is pleased to establish panchayat for the revenue estates given in column 2 of the following schedule, situated in Tahsil Ambala, in the Ambala district, and declared by notification No. 97, dated the 6th December, 1939, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act; to fix the number of panches at the figure given in column 4 of the said schedule; and to declare that the said panchayat shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 of the Act and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act:—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	Names of revenue estates.	Name of tahsil.	Number of panches.
1	2	3	4
1	Gorsian ..	Ambala ..	Three.
2	Ismailpur ..	Ambala ..	Five.
3	Bakhnour ..	Ambala ..	Four.
4	Laotan ..	Ambala ..	Four.
5	Bhurangpur ..	Ambala ..	Five.

J. W. HEARN,
Commissioner, Ambala Division.

Committees.

The 16th May, 1940.

No. 147-L. F. B.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that S. Dalip Singh has been elected, under section 20 (1) of the said Act, President of the Municipal Committee of Muktsar in the Ferozepore District.

General (Gurdwaras).

The 16th May, 1940.

No. 148-L. F. B.—It is hereby notified that the candidate named in column 3 of the Schedule below has been elected by the constituency mentioned in column 4 of the schedule to be a member of the committee to be constituted under the provisions of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, for the Gurdwara specified in column 2 of the schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

No. and date of the notification declaring the Gurdwara under section 9/17 of the Act.	Name of Gurdwara.	Name and address of the candidate elected.	Constituency for election of committees of management.
1	2	3	4
75-G., dated the 17th May, 1935.	Gurdwara Guru Sar	S. Dhana Singh, son of S. Pala Singh, Jat, resident of Manawan.	Revenue estate of Manawan.

E. SHEEPSHANKS,

Commissioner, Jullundur Division.

Committees.

The 21st May, 1940.

No. 60.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that Lala Milkhi Ram, son of Lala Kirpa Ram, Khatri, has been elected a member, from ward No. 7, of the Municipal Committee of Hafizabad in the Gujranwala district, *vice* Lala Mehr Chand Kapur, resigned.

No. 61.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that Lala Kidar Nath, Tahsildar of Chunian, has been elected President of the Municipal Committee of Chunian, in the Lahore district, in place of Pandit Iqbal Narain, who has resigned, and that the said election has been approved by the Commissioner of the Lahore Division under the provisions of subsection (1) of section 20 of the said Act.

Small Towns.

The 18th May, 1940.

No. A/IV/62-B/IV/58.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following general order made by the Town Committee of Qadian, in the Gurdaspur district ; in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*p*) of section 35 of the said Act, and sanctioned by the Commissioner of the Lahore division, as required by subsection (1) of section 36 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force from the date of publication of this notification :—

GENERAL ORDER.

1. No person shall, within the limits of the Small Town of Qadian, sell or expose for sale wholesale or by auction, any fruit, vegetables or sugarcane except in premises licensed by the town committee in this behalf.

2. Any person wishing to obtain a licence for any place or premises for the sale or exposure for sale, wholesale or by auction of any fruit, vegetable or sugarcane, shall apply in writing to the President of the town committee, and, if the application is sanctioned by the committee a licence shall be issued to him by the Secretary on payment of a fee which the committee may fix from time to time under subsection (1) of section 41 of the Act with the approval of the Commissioner.

3. Every licence issued under paragraph 2 of this general order shall be subject to the following conditions :—

(*a*) That the licensee shall not allow any cart or animal which brings vegetables, fruit or sugarcane to the place or sale, to be kept standing there for a period longer than is necessary for the purpose of loading, or unloading so as to impede or obstruct traffic ;

(*b*) that the licensee shall keep the licensed premises in a clean and sanitary condition and shall not allow refuse to be placed anywhere except in a receptacle to be provided by him for the purpose ;

(*c*) that the licensee shall not keep on the licensed premises for sale, or expose for sale, or sell any vegetable, fruit or sugarcane that is unfit for human consumption or is declared to be so unfit by the town committee's health officer or by any member or other officer authorised by the committee in this behalf ;

(*d*) that any officer referred to in clause (*c*) above, shall have power to destroy any rotten fruit or vegetables or sugarcane which has been declared to be unfit for human consumption or which may be likely to cause spread of any epidemic disease ;

(*e*) that the licensee shall not employ or permit to be employed on the premises any person suffering from any contagious or infectious disease or from loathsome sores ;

(*f*) that the licensee shall keep all vessels and other things used in connection with the sale of fruit, vegetables and sugarcane in a state of cleanliness ;

(*g*) that the licensee shall not sub-let any portion of the licensed premises without the permission of the committee ;

(*h*) that the licensee shall permit the President, Vice-President, Secretary, health officer or any member or officer of the committee authorised by the committee in this behalf, at all reasonable times, to inspect the licensed premises without notice.

4. On breach of any of the conditions of the licence by the licensee or his agent, the town committee may forthwith cancel the licence, and the licensee shall be entitled to no compensation on account of such cancellation.

No. A/IV/62/3/59.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following general order made by the Town Committee of Baddo Malhi, in the Sialkot district, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*p*) of section 35 of the said Act, and sanctioned by the Commissioner of the Lahore division, as required by subsection (1) of section 36 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force from the date of this notification :—

GENERAL ORDER.

No person shall, within the limits of the small town, sell wholesale or by auction, any fruit or vegetable in premises other than the premises licensed for the purpose by the town committee.

Markets owned by the committee shall be deemed to have been licensed under this general order.

The fees to be charged under clause (*b*) of subsection (1) of section 41 of the Punjab Small Towns Act for the licensing of premises shall be those fixed by the committee, from time to time, with the previous approval of the Commissioner.

C. KING,

Commissioner, Lahore Division.

Panchayats.

The 16th May, 1940.

No. O.-XIV-J.-53/476.—With reference to notification No. O.-XIV-J. 53/368, dated the 24th November, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated the 1st February, 1933, and 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, is pleased to establish a Panchayat for the revenue estate situated in the Jhelum district and included in the area declared by notification No. O.-XIV.-J.-53/367, dated the 24th November, 1939, to be the village of Shakirpur for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said Panchayat shall consist of three Panches, that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-J.-54/477.—With reference to notification No. O.-XIV-J.-54/370, dated the 24th November, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated the 1st February, 1933 and 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, is pleased to establish a Panchayat for the revenue estate situated in the Jhelum district and included in the area declared by notification No. O.-XIV-J.-54/369, dated the 24th November, 1939, to be the village of Jaitipur for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said Panchayat shall consist of three Panches, that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-J.-55/478.—With reference to notificasion No. O.-XIV-J.-55/372, dated the 24th November, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated the 1st February, 1933, and 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, is pleased to establish a Panchayat for the revenue estate situated in the Jhelum district and included in the area declared by notification No. O. XIV-J.-55/371, dated the 24th November, 1939, to be the village of Sagharpur for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said Panchayat shall consist of four Panches, that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-J.-56/479.—With reference to notification No. O. XIV-J.-56/374, dated the 24th November, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated the 1st February, 1933, and 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, is pleased to establish a Panchayat for the revenue estate situated in the Jhelum district and included in the area declared by notification No. O.-XIV-J.-56/373, dated the 24th November, 1939, to be the village of Azampur, for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said Panchayat shall consist of three Panches, that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-J-57/480.—With reference to notification No. O.-XIV-J.-57/376, dated the 24th November, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated the 1st February, 1933, and 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, is pleased to establish a Panchayat for the revenue estate situated in the Jhelum district and included in the area declared by notification No. O.-XIV-J.-57/375, dated the 24th November, 1939, to be the village of Abdulahpur for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said Panchayat shall consist of three Panches, that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-J-96/481.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the revenue estates specified in column 3 of the attached schedule and situated in the Chakwal tahsil of the Jhelum district, are hereby declared to be a village to be known for the purposes of the said Act by the name given in column 2 :—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	Name of village.	Names of estate within the meaning of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	2	3
1	Choa Ganj Ali Shah ..	1. Choa Ganj Ali Shah. 2. Dhok Boda. 3. Shahpur. 4. Sar. 5. Dhok Qadu. 6. Tarmni. 7. Tanials.

No. O.-XIV-J-96/482.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a Panchayat in the village of Choa Ganj Ali Shah declared by notification No. O.-XIV-J.-96/481, dated 16th May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a Panchayat in his village may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Jhelum District, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

The 17th May, 1940.

No. O.-XIV-J.-44/483.—With reference to notification No. O.-XIV-J.-44/303, dated the 16th November, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated the 1st February, 1933, and 28th February, 1925, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, is

pleased to establish a Panchayat for the revenue estate situated in the Jhelum District and included in the area declared by notification No. O.-XIV-J.-44/302, dated 16th November, 1939, to be the village of Khothian for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said Panchayat shall consist of three Panches, that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-J.-45/484.—With reference to notification No. O.-XIV-J.-45/305, dated the 16th November, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated the 1st February, 1933, and 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, is pleased to establish a Panchayat for the revenue estate situated in the Jhelum district and included in the area declared by notification No. O.-XIV-J.-45/304, dated the 16th November, 1939, to be the village of Tatral for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said Panchayat shall consist of four Panches, that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-J.-50/485.—With reference to notification No. O.-XIV.-J.-50/313, dated the 16th November, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated the 1st February, 1933, and 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, is pleased to establish a Panchayat for the revenue estate situated in the Jhelum district and included in the area declared by notification No. O.-XIV-J.-50/312, dated the 16th November, 1939, to be the village of Sehotra for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said Panchayat shall consist of three Panches, that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-J.-97/486.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate of Sahu in Chakwal tahsil of the Jhelum district is declared to be a village to be known by the name of Sahu for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-J.-97/487.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a Panchayat in the village of Sahu, declared by notification No. O.XIV-J.-97/486, dated the 17th May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal to establish a Panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Jhelum district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-J.-98/488.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate of Mogla in Chakwal tahsil of the Jhelum district, is declared to be a village to be known by the name of Mogla, for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-J.-98/489.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a Panchayat in the village of Mogla declared by notification No. O.-XIV-J.-98/488, dated the 17th May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal to establish a Panchayat in his village, may submit his objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of Jhelum district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-J.-99/490.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate of Sohawa in Chakwal tahsil of the Jhelum district is declared to be a village to be known by the name of Sohawa for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-J.-99/491.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a Panchayat in the village of Sohawa, declared by notification No. O.-XIV-J.-99/490, dated 17th May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal to establish a Panchayat in his village, may submit his objection, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Jhelum district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV.-J.-100/492.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate of Kot Raja, in Chakwal tahsil of the Jhelum district, is declared to be a village to be known by the name of Kot Raja for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-J.-100/493.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a Panchayat in the village of Kot Raja, declared by notification No. O. XIV-J.-100/492, dated 17th May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village, who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a Panchayat in his village, may submit his objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Jhelum district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

No. O.-XIV-J.-101/496.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is notified for general information that the revenue estate of Kherpur, in Pind Dadan Khan tahsil of the Jhelum district, is declared to be a village to be known by the name of Kherpur for the purposes of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV-J.-101/497.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, it is hereby notified that it is proposed to establish a Panchayat in the

village of Kherpur, declared by notification No. O-XIV-J.-101/496, dated 17th May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

Any inhabitant of the said village who desires to object to the proposal, to establish a Panchayat in his village, may submit his objecttion, in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Jhelum district, to the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification in the village.

P. MARSDEN,

Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division.

Committees.

The 17th May, 1940.

No. 117.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that, under subsection (1) of section 20 of the said Act, the election of Sardar Sant Singh, B.A., LL.B., M.L.A., Advocate, as President of the Municipal Committee of Lyallpur, is approved.

C. V. SALUSBURY,

Commissioner, Multan Division.

309 CS -1128-23-5-40--SGPP Lahore.

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PART I—B.

Notifications by Commissioners.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Small Towns.

The 21st May, 1940.

No. 422.—In accordance with the provisions of section 4 (3) of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1922, it is hereby notified that Lala Kishori Lal, B.A., has been elected, under section 8 of the said Act, a member of the Town Committee, Radaur, in the Karnal district, *vice* Pandit Raghbir Singh, deceased.

The 23rd May, 1940.

No. 437.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (3) of section 4 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that Pandit Sita Ram has been elected a member of the Town Committee, Mehm, district Rohtak, *vice* Chaudhri Molar, deceased.

Panchayats.

The 22nd May, 1940.

No. 423.—Notification No. 141, dated the 6th October, 1938, issued by the Commissioner of the Ambala Division, in regard to the establishment of a panchayat in the village of Jhansa, in the Thanesar tahsil of the Karnal district, is hereby cancelled.

The 23rd May, 1940.

No. 424.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, and delegated to Commissioners of

Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Bakhtawarpur in the Sonepat tahsil of the Rohtak district, to be a village to be known by the name of Bakhtawarpur for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 425.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Bakhtawarpur, declared by notification No. 424, dated the 23rd of May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rohtak district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 426.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Menhdepur, in the Sonepat tahsil of the Rohtak district, to be a village to be known by the name of Menhdepur for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 427.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Menhdepur, declared by notification No. 426, dated the 23rd of May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rohtak district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 428.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Bajana Kalan, in the Sonepat tahsil of the Rohtak district, to be a village to be known by the name of Bajana Kalan for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 429.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Bajana Kalan, declared by notification No. 428, dated the 23rd of May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rohtak district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 430.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the

1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Bajana Khurd, in the Sonepat tahsil of the Rohtak district, to be a village to be known by the name of Bajana Khurd, for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 431.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Bajana Khurd, declared by notification No. 430, dated the 23rd of May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rohtak district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 432.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Fazilpur, Raipur, Shahjahanpur, Shahpur Turk, Siri Nagar, in the Sonepat tahsil of the Rohtak district, to be a village to be known by the name of Fazilpur/Pachgama, for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 433.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Fazilpur, Raipur, Shahjahanpur, Shahpur Turk, Siri Nagar, declared by notification No. 432, dated the 23rd of May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rohtak district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 434.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Pugthala, in the Sonepat tahsil of the Rohtak district, to be a village to be known by the name of Pugthala, for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 435.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Pugthala, declared by notification No. 434, dated the 23rd of May, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rohtak district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 436.—It is proposed to cancel the Punjab Government notification No. 29873, dated the 22nd October, 1930, so far it relates to the village of Jagsi in the Rohtak district.

2. Any inhabitant of the village objecting to the proposal may submit his objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner, Rohtak district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification.

J. W. HEARN,

Commissioner, Ambala Division.

Committees.

The 23rd May, 1940.

No. 62.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 15 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, read with Punjab Government notification No. 4, dated the 3rd January, 1912, the Commissioner of the Lahore division, is pleased to accept the resignation of Bawa Gopal Singh Bhalla, of his membership of the Municipal Committee of Gurdaspur in the Gurdaspur district.

No. 63.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that Chaudhri Sultan Lal Hussain Khan, Sub-Divisional Officer, Kasur, has been elected President of the Municipal Committee of Pattoki in the Lahore district, and that the said election has been approved by the Commissioner of the Lahore Division under the provisions of subsection (1) of section 20 of the said Act.

Small Towns.

The 23rd May, 1940.

No. A/IV/64/64.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following general order made by the Town Committee of Qadian, in the Gurdaspur District, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*x*) of section 35 of the said Act and sanctioned by the Commissioner of the Lahore Division, as required by subsection (1) of section 36 of the said Act, is published for general information, and shall come into force from the date of this notification :—

GENERAL ORDER.

1. The town committee shall establish one or more registration offices for the registration of births and deaths, within the limits of the small town, and may by public notice prescribe the office at which the reports of births and deaths occurring in specified portions of the small town are to be made in accordance with this order. The officer in charge of any such registration office shall be termed Small Town Registrar.

2. Every report of a birth required to be made under this order shall contain the following particulars which shall be entered in a register to be kept for the purpose by the Small Town Registrar, that is to say—

(*a*) the date of birth ;

(*b*) the sex of the child ;

(*c*) the name of the father and of the grandfather ;

(*d*) the residence of the father ;

(*e*) the occupation, caste and religion of the father ;

(*f*) the name of the person making the report and the date of his report ; and

(*g*) the name of the child :

Provided that—

(*i*) in the case of an illegitimate child, the Small Town Registrar shall not enter in the register the name of any person as father of the child save at the joint request of the mother and of the person acknowledging himself to be the father. If any entry of the father's name has been made in accordance with such a joint request, the entry shall be countersigned by the person acknowledging himself to be the father. If no

such joint request is made, the name, residence and caste of the mother shall be entered in place of the name, residence and caste of the father. In all such cases a note shall be made in the register to the effect that the child is illegitimate.

(ii) if the name of the child is not known when the report is made the person reporting the birth, or, if he is dead, the father of the child, or, if the father is dead or the child illegitimate, the mother of the child, or, if both the father and the mother of the child are dead, the person in whose keeping the child is, shall within three months of the birth, report the name of the child to the Small Town Registrar.

2. (A) The Small Town Registrar entering in the register prescribed in paragraph 2 the particulars required by that paragraph shall enquire from the person reporting the birth the name of the midwife, if any, who attended the mother at the time of the birth and, if the name is given, shall enter it in the register.

3. (i) Every report of the occurrence of a death, required to be made under this order shall contain the following particulars which shall be entered in a register to be kept for the purpose by the Small Town Registrar, that is to say :—

(a) the date of death ;

(b) the name of the deceased ;

(c) the name of the father, or, if the deceased was a married woman, of the husband of the deceased ;

(d) the sex of the deceased ;

(e) the age of the deceased ;

(f) the occupation, caste and religion of the deceased ;

(g) the residence of the deceased ;

(h) the cause of death ; and

(i) the name of the person making the report and the date of his report.

(ii) In the case of the death of a European, the person reporting the death shall also, if possible, furnish the certificate of a medical practitioner as to the cause of the death.

4. Any person reporting a birth or death may attest by his signature or thumb-impression the entry relating to such birth or death made in the register by the Small Town Registrar.

5. Every report of a birth or death required by this order may be made verbally or in writing.

6. The officer in charge of a jail, lock-up, work-house, lunatic asylum, Government or small town hospital, college or school, or any other Government or small town institution shall report to the Small Town Registrar the occurrence of any birth or death within the institution of which he is in charge not later than four days from the date of such occurrence.

7. Every person in charge of a private hospital, orphanage, serai, dharamsala, hotel, lodging-house or other such institution, shall report to the Small Town Registrar the occurrence of any birth or death within the institution of which he is in charge not later than four days from the date of such occurrence.

8. In the case of a birth or death not governed by paragraph 6 or 7 a report of its occurrence shall be made within four days to the Small Town Registrar by the head of the household in which such birth or death has occurred or by an adult member or servant of such household.

9. In the case of birth of which, for any reason, a report cannot be furnished by the head of a household or any adult member or servant of a household, the midwife or dai attending at such birth shall within four days report the occurrence of such birth to the Small Town Registrar.

10. Every medical practitioner who has been in attendance during the last illness of any person dying within Small Town limits, shall report the death of such person within four days of the date of death to the Small Town Registrar, provided that, if such person has died of any disease which is defined as an infectious disease or has been notified as an infectious disease by the Local Government under clause 7 of section 3 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, such medical practitioner shall report such death immediately.

11. Every customary or other sweeper shall report the occurrence of every birth and death which occurs within the premises in which he works within four days of such occurrence to the Sanitary Jamadar of the ward in which such premises are situated, provided that no such report need be made by any sweeper working in any Government or Small Town institution in respect of births or deaths occurring in such institutions.

12. Every person finding a living new born child exposed, and every person in whose charge such a child may be placed, shall within eight days of the finding of such child, report the fact to the Small Town Registrar, and shall at the same time to the best of his ability furnish the particulars specified in paragraph 2.

13. If a dead body is found exposed the officer in charge of the police station within whose jurisdiction such body is found shall within eight days of the finding of such body report the fact to the Small Town Registrar, and shall at the same time to the best of his ability furnish the particulars specified in paragraph 3, together, if possible, with a certificate of the Sub-Assistant Surgeon as to the cause of death.

14. Every person reporting a birth or death under this order shall be given free of charge a copy of the entry made by the Small Town Registrar, in respect of such birth or death.

15. Any person may inspect a register of births or deaths on payment of a fee of one rupee and shall be entitled to recieve a certified copy of any entry in a birth or death register on payment of a fee of eight annas provided that in case where insufficient or incorrect information is supplied by an applicant a further fee of four annas may be charged in respect of every year for which the registers have to be searched and a deposit sufficient to cover charges likely to be incurred under this proviso may be demanded before search is made. Any balance shall be refunded; and if the entry in question cannot be found, the deposit shall be refunded in full less eight annas.

16. No person shall wilfully destroy or injure or cause to be destroyed or injured any register of births or deaths or shall wilfully insert or cause to be inserted in any such register or certified copy thereof any false entry with regard to any birth or death and no Small Town Registrar, shall, without reasonable cause, refuse or omit to enter in a register of births or deaths any birth or death which has been duly reported to him.

17. Any error which may at any time be discovered in any register of births or deaths may be corrected, in red ink, by the president of the committee or by the Small Town Registrar.

18. Any clerical error of fact or substance in any register of births or deaths may be corrected in red ink, by the president of the committee provided that :—

(*i*) the committee may with the previous sanction of the Commissioner of the Division, assign the duty of making such corrections to some other officer and

(*ii*) that if any application is made for correction in a birth or death register the officer making such correction shall first satisfy himself that the correction to be made is a genuine one. Any corrections made shall be signed in full by the correcting officer.

The 27th May, 1940.

No. A./IV/162-B.-65.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following general order made by the Town Committee of Kila Sobha Singh, in the Sialkot district, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*p*) of section 35 of the said Act, and sanctioned by the Commissioner of the Lahore division, as required by subsection (1) of section 36 of the said Act is published for general information and shall come into force from the date of this notification :—

GENERAL ORDER.

1. No person shall manufacture or prepare for sale any sweetmeats, aerated waters, milk, curd, meat and cakes except in premises licensed by the town committee in this behalf.

2. No premises shall be licensed for the manufacture or preparation for sale of sweetmeats, aerated waters, milk, curd, meat and cakes :—

(*a*) unless they have a floor made of burnt bricks, cement or other impervious materials ;

(b) unless the walls are properly plastered and lime-washed ;

(c) unless they are provided with adequate light and ventilation to the satisfaction of the President of the town committee or the Secretary or the Medical Officer of Health appointed for this purpose ;

(d) unless they are provided with a drain and the whole floor is so sloped as to allow all liquid to flow off by the drain ;

(e) if there is any direct communication between the premises and any room used as sleeping room ;

(f) if there is any latrine, cesspool, cowshed, stable or other place within 100 feet of the premises, which in the opinion of the President, renders it undesirable that such premises should be used for the manufacture or preparation for sale of sweetmeats, aerated waters, milk, curd, meat and cakes.

3. No person shall sell any sweetmeats, aerated waters, milk, curd, meat and cakes except in premises licensed by the town committee in this behalf, except a person to whom a hawker's license has been issued.

4. No premises shall be licensed for the sale of sweetmeats, aerated waters, milk, curd, meat and cakes—

(a) unless suitable arrangements are made for the protection from flies of the articles mentioned herein by means of wire gauze.

5. Subject to the provisions of paragraphs 2 and 4 licences for premises for the manufacture or preparation for sale of sweetmeats, aerated waters. milk, curd, meat and cakes shall be issued by the President or Secretary in form S. T. P. appended to this order on the application of the owner or occupier of such premises, and shall be granted subject to the conditions specified in form S. T. P. as the conditions subject to which the licence is granted.

6. Licences issued in accordance with paragraph 3, shall be current for not more than 12 months, and shall, in any case, terminate on the 31st March, immediately succeeding the date of issue.

7. On the breach of any of the conditions of the licence by the licensee or his agent, the town committee may, forthwith, cancel the licence, and the licensee shall be entitled to no compensation on account of such cancellation.

Form S. T. P.

TOWN COMMITTEE, KILA SOBHA SINGH.

LICENCE FOR PREMISES FOR THE $\frac{\text{MANUFACTURE OR PREPARATION FOR SALE}}{\text{SALE}}$ OF ____________

ISSUED UNDER PARAGRAPH 3 FOR LICENSING PREMISES.

The premises of which a description is given in the attached schedule situated in (*name of street, ward, etc.*) *are hereby licensed for the* $\frac{\textit{manufacture or preparation for sale}}{\textit{sale}}$ *of* ____________.

This licence is granted to the $\frac{\text{owner}}{\text{occupier}}$ of the said premises subject to the following conditions ;—

1. That he shall not employ or permit to be employed in the $\frac{\text{manufacture or preparation for sale}}{\text{sale}}$ of ____________ any person suffering from any contagious or infectious disease or from loathsome sores or who has recently been attending on any person so suffering and that he shall not suffer any such person or any animal to enter or remain upon the licensed premises.

2. That he shall daily cause to be thoroughly washed and cleansed the floor and drain of the licensed premises, and every bench, counter, table, shelf, or other place on which articles $\frac{\text{manufactured or prepared for sale}}{\text{sold}}$ and any material used in such $\frac{\text{manufacture or preparation for sale}}{\text{sale}}$ are kept.

3. That he shall cause the walls of the licensed premises to be properly lime-washed at least twice a year, and more often if so required by the President of the Committee.

4. That he shall not spit or smoke or suffer any other person to spit or smoke within the licensed premises.

5. That he shall not keep or suffer to be kept in the licensed premises any bedding, soiled clothes or other things not required for the $\frac{\text{manufacture or preparation for sale}}{\text{sale}}$ of ____________

6. That he shall permit the President, Secretary or Medical Officer of Health of the town committee authorised in this behalf at all reasonable times and without notice to inspect the licensed premises.

7. That he shall keep all vessels, receptacles, utensils and other things used for the purposes in a state of thorough cleanliness, and that he shall daily cause to be thoroughly washed and cleansed the floors, drains and every bench, counter, tables, shelf or other materials used in the process of manufacture.

8. That he shall duly pay to the town committee the fee that may from time to time be imposed under section 41 of the Punjab Small Towns Act.

(For articles other than vegetables.)

9. That he shall take such measures as may be required by the President to protect articles of food from flies by means of wire-gauze.

(For meat only.)

10. That the wooden boards for cutting meat be covered with zinc sheet.

11. That no meat be exposed for sale which has been blown out or artificially stuffed nor the flesh of any animal which has died from any disease or other natural cause, nor any meat which is decayed or in a rotten condition.

12. That no waste meat, trimmings, bones refuse or offensive matter is thrown into the public street.

(For milk only.)

13. That no milk be exposed for sale that is mixed with water.

(For aerated water and cakes only.)

14. That he shall not use in the preparation for sale of any article any water except such as is obtained from a source and conveyed to the premises in a manner not approved by the President, Secretary or Medical Officer of Health of the town committee authorised in that behalf.

C. KING,

Commissioner, Lahore Division.

Committees.

The 25th May, 1940.

A.-II-6-IV/496.—In accordance with the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the following persons are appointed under section 12 of the said Act, members of the Municipal Committee of Kalabagh in the Mianwali district :—

(1) Malik Amir Muhammad Khan of Kalabagh.
(2) Malik Muhammad Azam Khan, Awan.
(3) L. Jai Diyal, Luthra.
(4) Pir Nazir Hussain Shah.
(5) L. Sona Ram Sachdev.
(6) L. Nihal Chand Batra.

No. A.-1-16-B. 497.—The following by-laws made by the Municipal Committee of Hazro, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 31 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of Hazro, in the Attock district, on the 1st day of July, 1940 :—

BY-LAWS.

1. All files, relating to items on the agenda, to be transacted in the next meeting of the Committee, shall be made available, for the inspection of the members of the Municipal Committee as soon as the copy of the agenda is issued to them, and the Secretary shall provide necessary facilities for inspection of the files.

2. (*i*) No member may inspect the papers relating to a matter in which he or either of his parents or any other descendant of either of his parents or the husband or wife, as may be, of any such descendant, has a direct or indirect pecuniary interest, subject to this exception :—

(*a*) members of sub-committees and members charged with the performance of any special duty may inspect the papers, without payment of fee, connected with their duties at the Secretary's office during office hours; and

(*b*) any other member may inspect documents and registers without payment of fee at the Secretary's office during office hours but he may, except in the case provided for in by-law 1, do so only with the permission in writing of the President or in his absence, of the Vice-President.

(*ii*) An application for permission to inspect under clause (*b*) shall be in writing, and state the papers to be inspected and the reasons for inspecting them. The President, or Vice-President, as may be, may refuse permission if the reasons given are in his opinion insufficient.

3. No member or official of the Committee except the Secretary, the President or a Vice-President shall remove any file from the Municipal office. The inspections allowed by by-laws 1 and 2 shall be made at the Municipal Office.

4. No member of the public is authorized to inspect the municipal files except the minutes of the meetings of the Committee or of a sub-committee, but if any person is permitted to inspect records other than the proceedings of the meeting of the Committee or of a sub-committee, he shall pay two rupees for the first hour and eight annas for any subsequent hour or part thereof.

5. Any member of the public who wishes to inspect municipal records, other than the proceedings of the meeting of the Committee or a sub-committee, under by-law 4, shall make an application in writing to the Secretary, and, if he is permitted by the President or in his absence by the Vice-President or the Secretary of the Committee to examine them, shall pay one rupee in advance. This sum shall in no case be returned, but if he inspects the records, it shall be deducted from the inspection fee referred to in by-law 4.

6. The inspection allowed by by-law 4 shall be made in the office of the Secretary of the Committee under his supervision or under the supervision of the officer appointed by him for the said purpose.

Small Towns.

The 25th May, 1940.

No. A.-XIV-53 (1)/498.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (3) of section 4 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the following person has been elected as a member of the Town Committee of Nurpur, in the Shahpur district, *vice* M. Abdul Hakim, removed :—

Ward No.		*Name of elected member.*
I	..	M. Muhammad Aslam Khan, son of Sultan Mahmud, caste Pathan, of Nurpur.

Panchayats.

The 25th May, 1940.

No. O.-XIV-J.-51/499.—With reference to notification No. O.-XIV-J.-51/315, dated the 16th November, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection 3 of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated 1st February, 1933, and 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate situated in the Jhelum district and included in the area declared by notification No. O.-XIV-J.-51/314, dated 16th November, 1939, to be the village of Gujar for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said panchayat shall consist of 4 panches ; that it will perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV.-J.-49/500.—With reference to notification No. O.-XIV J.-39/311, dated 16th November, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22, and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated the 1st February, 1933, and 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate situated in the Jhelum district and included in the area declared by notification No. O.-XIV-J.-39/310, dated 16th November, 1939, to be the village of Basharat for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said

panchayat shall consist of three panches; that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16 ; and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

No. O.-XIV.-J.-47/501 —With reference to notification No. O.-XIV-J.-47/309, dated 16th November, 1939, and in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (3) of section 5 and sections 16, 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notifications Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated the 1st February, 1933, and 28th February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate situated in the Jhelum district and included in the area declared by notification No. O.-XIV-J.-47/308, dated 16th November, 1939, to be the village of Qamar for the purposes of the said Act, and to declare that the said panchayat shall consist of 3 panches; that it shall perform all the duties mentioned in section 16; and that it shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

P. MARSDEN,

Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division.

Committees.

The 25th May, 1940.

No. 118.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, and in continuation of notification, No. 166, dated the 9th November, 1939, issued by the Commissioner, Multan Division, it is hereby notified that the following person has been elected a member of the Municipal Committee of Pakpattan, in the Montgomery district :—

Serial No.	*Name.*	*Ward.*
3.	Syed Mubarak Ali Shah, *vice* Khan Sahib Syed Muhammad Shah whose election was deemed to be invalid as he had failed to take the oath of allegiance within the prescribed period.	III.

C. V. SALUSBURY,

Commissioner, Multan Division.

346 CS—1130—30-5-40—SGPP Lahore.

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PART I—B.

Notifications by Commissioners.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

General (Gurdwaras).

The 29th May, 1940.

No. 149-L. F. B.—It is hereby notified that the candidates named in column 3 of the schedule below have been elected by the constituency mentioned in column 4 of the schedule to be members of the Committee to be constituted under the provisions of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, for the Gurdwara specified in column 2 of the schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No. as entered in schedule 1 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, as subsequently amended.	Name of Gurdwara.	Names and addresses of the candidates elected.	Constituency in schedule 1 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, as amended subsequently.
1	2	3	4
199 ..	Chhevin Padshahi at Thatha.	1. Sucha Singh, son of Jawahar Singh, caste Jat, resident of Thatha. 2. Boor Singh, son of Atar Singh, caste Jat, resident of Thatha. 3. Ajaib Singh, son of Sundar Singh, caste Jat, resident of Thatha. 4. Tara Singh, son of Chanda Singh, caste Jat, resident of Thatha.	Revenue estate of Thatha, Tahsil Zira, District Ferozepore.

No. 150-L. F. B.—It is hereby notified that the candidates named in column 3 of the schedule below have been elected by the constituencies mentioned in column 4 of the schedule to be members of the committees to be constituted under the provisions of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925 for the Gurdwaras specified in column 2 of the schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

No. and date of the notification declaring the Gurdwara to be a Sikh Gurdwara under section 9/17 of the Act.	Name of Gurdwara.	Names and addresses of the candidates elected.	Constituency for election of committee of management.
1	2	3	4
75-G., dated the 17th May, 1935.	Gurdwara Dharampura.	1. Puran Singh, son of Bohala Singh, caste Jat, resident of Kokri Butran.	Revenue estate of Kokri Butran, Tahsil Zira, District Ferozepore.
		2. Kishan Singh, son of Man Singh, caste Jat, resident of Kokri Butran.	
		3. Roor Singh, son of Dewan Singh, caste Jat, resident of Kokri Butran.	
		4. Babu Singh, son of Hazara Singh, caste Jat, resident of Kokri Butran.	
75-G., dated the 17th May, 1935.	Dharamsala Ram Das Wali.	1. Partap Singh, son of Bagha Singh, caste Jat, resident of Botianwala.	Revenue estate of Botianwala Tahsil Zira, District Ferozepore.
		2. Sundar Singh, son of Khan Singh, caste Jat, resident of Botianwala.	
		3. Gurdit Singh, son of Kala Singh, caste Jat, resident of Botianwala.	
		4. Saroop Singh, son of Blaqi, caste Jat, resident of Botianwala.	

E. SHEEPSHANKS,

Commissioner, Jullundur Division.

Committees.

The 29th May, 1940.

No. 66.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that Haji Rab Nawaz Khan has been elected President of the Municipal Committee of Kasur in the Lahore district, and that the said election has been approved by the Commissioner of the Lahore division under the provisions of subsection (1) of section 20 of the said Act.

The 31st May, 1940.

No. 67.—In accordance with the provisions of section 15 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, read with Punjab Government notification No. 4, dated the 3rd January, 1912, the Commissioner of the Lahore division is pleased to accept the resignation of Malik Abdul Quddus, P.C.S., Revenue Assistant, Amritsar, of his membership of the Municipal Committee of Jandiala, in the Amritsar district.

No. 68.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner of the Lahore division has appointed Mr. J. D. Fraser, Assistant Commissioner, Amritsar, to be a member of the Municipal Committee of Jandiala, in the

Amritsar district, vice Malik Abdul Quddus, Revenue Assistant, Amritsar, who has resigned.

C. KING,

Commissioner, Lahore Division.

Small Towns.

The 31st May, 1940.

No. A.-XII-77/502.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following general order made by the Town Committee of Makhad in the Attock district, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (1) of section 35 of the said Act, and sanctioned by the Commissioner, Rawalpindi division, as required by subsection (1) of section 36 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force from the date of this notification :—

GENERAL ORDER.

1. This general order applies only to the slaughter-house owned and managed by the town committee.

1-A. No person shall slaughter any animal of which the meat is intended for sale except at a place set apart by the committee for this purpose.

2. Animals for slaughter shall be brought to the slaughter-house between the hours of 3 and 11 a.m. or such hours as the Sub-Assistant Surgeon in charge of the slaughter-house, may from time to time direct, and shall, on arrival, be presented for inspection to the Sub-Assistant Surgeon.

3. The Sub-Assistant Surgeon may either approve of animals presented as fit for slaughter or may reject them as unfit.

4. Animals approved fit for slaughter shall be branded with a distinctive mark on ears, hooves or horns, and shall be at once admitted to the waiting yard of the slaughter-house and premises, persons presenting animals that are subsequently rejected shall remove them from the neighbourhood of the said premises.

5. All animals when approved, shall be kept in the waiting yard until the owners or persons in charge receive permission to bring them into the slaughter yard.

6. (1) Receptacles shall be provided on the slaughtering platform for the receipt of the contents of stomachs and bowels of slaughtered animals, and when slaughtered animals are disembowelled, which shall be as soon as possible after slaughter, the butchers shall cause such contents to be emptied into the receptacles so provided.

(2) Filled receptacles shall be removed and replaced by fresh empty receptacles as disembowelling proceeds, this being done by establishment provided for the purpose, and no disembowelling shall be permitted unless there are receptocles ready for the receipt of the contents of stomachs and bowels.

7. No person shall rub or cause to be rubbed the inner sides of skins upon the ground within any portion of the slaughter yard or in the neighbourhaod of the slaughter-house premises.

8. No person shall knowingly bring into any part of the slaughter-house premises any diseased or unsound cattle or other animals or any dying animals and no person shall bring any carcass inside the slaughter-house premises ; provided that animals which may have met with an accident in no way affecting their fitness for human food, may, with the approval of the Sub-Assistant Surgeon, be brought and slaughtered within the slaughter-house premises.

9. No animal which is pregnant or with unweaned young or which is less than 6 months old shall be slaughtered in the premises fixed by the town committee for the slaughter of animals.

10. All carcasses shall be inspected by the Sub-Assistant Surgeon and no carcass shall be removed from the slaughter-house premises until it has been passed as fit for human consumption, and, if necessary, branded or stamped so as to define its quality. The Sub-Assistant Surgeon shall cause all carcasses or meat, which in his opinion may be unfit for human consumption, to be buried or destroyed.

11. No person shall remove any carcass or portion of a carcass from the slaughter-house after the hour fixed for closing the slaughter-house and any carcass or portion of a carcass remaining within the slaughter-house premises, after such hours, shall be disposed of in such manner as the Sub-Assistant Surgeon may direct. Skins, horns and feet of animals must be removed before the hour appointed for closing the slaughter-house.

12. No person shall remove, or cause to be removed, any carcass or meat except in such a way that it is screened from public view.

13. No person shall blow or stuff any meat within the slaughter-house premises, and the Sub-Assistant Surgeon may cause to be buried or destroyed any meat found to be blown or stuffed.

14. All carcasses or meat ordered to be destroyed in accordance with the provisions of clauses 10 and 13, shall be so dealt with as to render it impossible to use such carcasses or meat for human food.

15. No person shall create any disturbance in the slaughter-house premises. Any person transgressing this clause shall be removed summarily under the direction of the Sub-Assistant Surgeon.

16 No persen affected with leprosy, sores or any other skin disease, or any contagious or infectious disease, shall enter the slaughter-house premises.

17. No person shall bring into the slaughter-house premises any dog or other animal not intended for slaughter or for the slaughter of which the slaughter-house is not provided.

18. The fees to be charged under subsection (1) of section 41 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, for the use of the slaughter-house, shall be those fixed by the committee from time to time with the previous approval of the Commissioner.

NOTE.—Only sheep and goats shall be slaughtered.

P. MARSDEN,

Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division.

111CS—1130—6-6-40—SGPP Lahore.

Registered No. L. 884

The Government Gazette, Punjab.

Published by Authority.

No 24. LAHORE, FRIDAY, JUNE 14, 1940.

PART I—B.

Notifications by Commissioners.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Committees.

The 6th June, 1940.

No. 70.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that Doctor Din Mohammad has been elected President of the Municipal Committee of Gurdaspur in the Gurdaspur district, and that the said election has been approved by the Commissioner of the Lahore Division under the provisions of subsection (1) of section 20 of the said Act.

Small Towns.

The 5th June, 1940.

No. A/IV/62-B/69.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following general order made by the Administrator of the Town Committee of Narot Jaimal Singh, in the Gurdaspur district, in exercise of the powers, conferred by clause (*p*) of section 35 of the said Act, and sanctioned by the Commissioner of the Lahore Division, as required by subsection (1) of section 36 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force from the date of this notification :—

GENERAL ORDER.

(1) No person shall within the limits of the small town sell wholesale or by auction any fruit or vegetable or sugarcane in premises other than the premises licensed for the purpose by the town committee.

(2) The fees to be charged under clause (b) of subsection (1) of section 41 of the Punjab Small Towns Act for the use of this market shall be those fixed by the Committee from time to time with the approval of the Commissioner.

The 10th June, 1940.

No. A/IV/60-B/II/71.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following addition made by the Town Committee of Ramnagar, in the Gujranwala district, to its general order regarding regulation of dangerous trades or callings published with the Commissioner's notification No. 122, dated the 13th July, 1932, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (g) of section 35 of the said Act, and sanctioned by the Commissioner of the Lahore Division, as required by subsection (1) of section 36 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force from the date of this notification :—

ADDENDUM.

After paragraph 5 the following shall be added as new paragraph No. 6 :—

"In premises where oil engines are used the exhaust pipes shall be kept free and open and nothing shall be permitted to be fastened to the end of the exhaust pipe, that may produce any sound".

C. KING,

Commissioner, Lahore Division.

Committees.

The 6th June, 1940.

No. 119.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the following person has been elected, under section 17 of the said Act, a member of the Municipal Committee of Rajanpur, in the Dera Ghazi Khan district :—

Ward No.	*Name*
VI	Maulvi Ghulam Muhammad, *vice* Qazi Qasim Ali, resigned.

Small Towns.

The 7th June, 1940.

No. 120.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following general order made by the Town Committee of Toba Tek Singh, in the Lyallpur district, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (p) of section 35 of the said Act, and sanctioned by the Commissioner, Multan Division, as required by subsection (1) of section 36 of the said Act is published for general information and shall come into force from the date of this notification :—

Notification No. 780, dated the 11th March, 1932, by the Commissioner, Multan Division, is hereby cancelled.

GENERAL ORDER.

1. No person shall manufacture or prepare for sale any milk, curd, butter, sweetmeats, bread, syrup and aerated waters except in premises licensed by the Town Committee in this behalf.

2. No premises shall be licensed for the manufacture or preparation for sale of milk, curd, butter, sweetmeats, bread, syrup and aerated waters :—

(a) unless they have a floor made of burnt bricks, cement or other impervious materials ;

(b) unless the walls are properly plastered and lime washed :

(c) unless they are provided with adequate light and ventilation to the satisfaction of the President of the Town Committee, or the Secretary or the Medical Officer of Health appointed for this purpose ;

(d) unless they are provided with a drain and the whole floor is sloped as to allow all liquid to flow off by the drain ;

(e) if there is any direct communication between the premises and any room used as a sleeping room;

(f) if there is any latrine, cesspool, cow-shed, stable or other place within fifty feet of the premises which in the opinion of the President renders it undesirable that such premises should be used for the manufacture or preparation for sale of milk, curd, butter, sweetmeats, bread, syrup and aerated waters.

3. No person shall sell any milk, curd, butter, sweeemeats, bread, syrup and aerated waters except in premises licensed by the Town Committee in this behalf, except a person to whom a hawker's license has been issued.

4. No premises shall be licensed for the sale of milk, curd, butter, sweetmeats, bread, syrup and aerated water :—

(a) unless they have a floor made of burnt bricks, cement, or other impervious materials ;

(b) unless the walls are properly plastered and lime washed ;

(c) unless they are provided with adequate light and ventilation to the satisfaction of the President of the Town Committee, or the Secretary, or the Medical Officer of Health appointed for the purpose ;

(d) unless they are provided with a drain and the whole floor is so sloped as to allow all liquid to flow off by the drain.

5. Subject to the provisions of paragraphs 2 and 4 licences for premises for the manufacture or preparation for sale and sale of milk, curd, butter, sweetmeats, bread, syrup and aerated waters shall be issued by the Secretary on behalf of the Town Committee in form S. T. P. appended to this order on the application of the owner or occupier of such premises, and shall be granted subject to the conditions specified in form S. T. P. as the conditions subject to which the licence is granted.

6. Licences issued in accordance with paragraph 3 shall be current for not more than 12 months and shall in any case terminate on the 31st March immediately succeeding the date of issue.

7. On the breach of any of the conditions of the licence by the licensee or his agent, the President of the Town Committee may, forthwith cancel the licence and the licensee shall be entitled to no compensation on account of such cancellation.

Form S. T. P.

TOWN COMMITTEE, TOBA TEK SINGH.

Licenses for premises for the manufacture or (preparation for sale / sale) of __________ issued under paragraph 3 __________ for licensing premises.

The premises of which a description is given in the attached schedule situated in __________ (name of street, ward, etc.,) are hereby licensed for the (manufacture or preparation for sale / sale) of __________

This licence is granted to owner/occupier of the said premises subject to the following conditions :—

(1) That he shall not employ or permit to be employed in the (manufacture or preparation for sale / sale) of __________ any person suffering from any contageous or infectious disease or from loathsome sores or who has recently been attending on any person so suffering and that he shall not suffer any such person or any animal to enter or remain upon the license premises.

(2) That he shall daily cause to be thoroughly washed and cleansed the floor and drain of the licensed premises and every bench, counter, table, shelf, or other place on which the articles (manufactured or prepared for sale / sold) and any material used in such (manufacture or preparation for sale / sale) are kept.

(3) That he shall cause the walls of the licensed premises to be properly lime washed at least twice a year and more often if so required by the President of the Committee.

(4) That he shall not spit or smoke or suffer any other person to spit or smoke within the licensed

(5) That he shall not keep or suffer to be kept in the licensed premises any bedding soiled clothes, or other things not required for the $\frac{\text{manufactute or preparation for sale}}{\text{sa e}}$ of ________

(6) That he shall permit the President, Secretory, Medical Officer of Health of the Town Committee Toba Tek Singh at all reasonable times and without notice to inspect the licensed premises and shall exhibit a notice outside his premises that he holds a licence from the Town Committee.

(7) That he shall keep all vessels, receptacles, utensils and other things used for the purpose in a state of thorough cleanliness, and that he shall daily cause to be thoroughly washed and cleaned the floors, drains and every bench, counter, tables, shelf or other materials used in the process of the manufacture.

(7-A) That he shall not use soiled waste paper as wrappings in selling the sweetmeats and other food-stuffs.

8. That he shall duly pay to the Town Committee the fee that may from time to time be imposed under section 41 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921.

(8-A) The President, Secretary or Medical Officer of Health of the Town Committee can destroy or cause to be destroyed any of these articles mentioned above, if it is unfit for human consumption in their opinion.

(9) That he shall take such measures as may be required by the Secretary to protect articles of food from flies by means of wire-gauze cages.

(For milk and curd only.)

(10) That no milk or curd be exposed for sale that is mixed with water.

(11) That milk and curd exposed for sale, in order to be protected from flies, be kept screened with wire-gauze cover.

(For aerated waters and other articles of food and drink.)

(12) That he shall not use in the preparation for sale of any articles any water except such as is obtained from a source and conveyed to the premises in a manner approved by the President, Secretary or Medical Officer of Health of the Town Committee authorised by the Town Committee in that behalf.

C. V. SALUSBURY,

Commissioner, Multan Division.

410 CS—1130—12-6-40—SGPP Lahore.

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Published by Authority.

No. 25. LAHORE, FRIDAY, JUNE 21, 1940.

PART I—B.

Notifications by Commissioners.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Committees.

The 7th June, 1940.

No. 439.—In accordance with the provisions of section 242 (1) (*d*) of Act III of 1911 (The Punjab Municipal Act), it is hereby notified that Mr. C. L. Talwar, Agent, Imperial Bank of India, Ambala City, is appointed a member of the Notified Area Committee of the Civil Station of Ambala City in the Ambala district, with effect from the date of this notification, *vice* L. Bihari Lal, retired.

The 11th June, 1940.

No. 440.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that Lala Hanuman Dass has been re-elected under section 20 (1) of the said Act, President of the Municipal Committee, Sirsa, in the Hissar district.

J. W. HEARN,

Commissioner, Ambala Division.

Committees.

The 18th June, 1940.

No. 138/L. F. B.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that Lala Kundan Lal Ahuja, has been elected, under section 20 (1) of the said Act, President of the Municipal Committee of Abohar in the Ferozepore district.

Small Towns.

The 15th June, 1940.

No. 151-L.-F.-B.—In Commissioner, Jullundur Division's notification No. 17-L.-F.-B., dated the 13th June, 1939, *substitute* against No. 1 the words " Ilaqa Magistrate, Police Station Dharamkot " for the words "Extra Assistant Commissioner at Moga ".

E. SHEEPSHANKS,

Commissioner, Jullundur Division.

Boards.

The 17th June, 1940.

No. C/II/2/IV/72.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 15 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, it is hereby notified that S. Gharib Singh of Kaleke has been elected a member of the District Board of Amritsar, from the Tarsikka Circle, *vice* S. Maghar Singh, deceased.

C. KING,

Commissioner, Lahore Division.

Boards.

The 15th June, 1940.

No. C.-II.-9-E/504.—In accordance with the provisions of section 15 (1) of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, it is hereby notified that the following person has been elected as a member to the District Board of Attock :—

Name of Tahsil.	Name of election circle	Name of elected candidate.
Fatehjang ..	Kot Fateh Khan, No. 14 ..	Mohd. Sadiq, son of Fazal Ahmad, of Kot Fateh Khan, *vice* Captain Malik Sultan Mohd. Khan resigned.

Small Towns.

The 15th June, 1940.

No. A IX.-52-E/503.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following general order made by the Town Committee of Mandi Bahauddin, in the Gujrat district in exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (*q*) and (*o*) of section 35 and clauses (*a*) and (*c*) of subsection (1) of section 42 of the said Act, and sanctioned by the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, as required by subsection (1) of section 36 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force from the date of this notification :—

GENERAL ORDER.

In this general order " hand-cart " means a hand-cart used for hawking articles or sale

2. No person shall use a hand-cart except under a licence granted in this behalf by the Town Committee, Mandi Bahauddin.

Explanation.—A licence will not be issued in case of a hand-cart, over all measurements of which are more than 4×5 feet.

3. (*a*) A licence to use any such hand-cart shall be issued by the Secretary of the Committee.

(*b*) At the time of issue of the licence the Secretary shall also give to the proprietor of the hand-cart a number-plate for which four annas will be charged, to be

affixed to the cart. In case such number-plate is lost another shall at once be obtained by the proprietor of the hand-cart from the Secretary of the committee on payment of six annas and affixed to the hand-cart.

4. Licensees shall pay Rs. 2 per mensem as fee in advance.

5. No person shall use or propel an unlicensed hand-cart.

6. Every licence issued under paragraph 3 shall be in the form 13 under rule 42 of the Small Town Account Rules, and shall be granted subject to the following conditions :—

(a) that the hand-cart in respect of which the licence is granted shall have the number-plates, which shall not be altered, defaced, or obliterated given under paragraph 3, affixed to it at all times ;

(b) that the hand-cart shall be maintained in good repair to the satisfaction of the Town Committee ;

(c) that all articles of food, confectionary, fruits and vegetables carried in or on the hand-cart shall be kept covered in the manner prescribed from time to time by the Secretary ;

(d) that the hand-cart shall be brought for inspection to the Town Office or such other places, set apart for the purpose, whenever required by the Committee ;

(e) that the hand-cart shall not be used in or propelled along the streets, bazars and markets, from half an hour after sunset until half an hour before sunrise unless it carries a light in such a position as to be conspicuous from the front and behind ;

(f) that the licensee or the person for the time being in charge of the hand-cart shall obey all instructions and directions with regard thereto, that may be issued by the Secretary of the Committee or a police officer ;

(g) that every licensee or any person for the time being in charge of a licensed hand-cart shall produce for inspection the licence for the hand-cart whenever required to do so by any member of the Town Committee or any officer of the committee authorised in this behalf ;

Note.—The attention of the licensee is directed to section 34 of the Police Act, 1861.

(h) that the licensee shall not set up the hand-cart at a fixed place anywhere in the Town and shall have to ply about ;

7. The licence may be suspended or cancelled by order of the Town Committee for a breach of any of the conditions of the licence or of any of these rules.

P. MARSDEN,

Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division.

Boards.

The 10th June, 1940.

No. 121.—In accordance with the provisions of subsection (*i*) of section 15 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, it is hereby notified that the following person has been elected a member of the District Board of Multan, in Circle No. 4 Qureshiwala in the Khanewal tahsil *vice* Khan Bahadur Chaudhri Allah Dad Khan, deceased :—

Pir Budhan Shah, Qureshi-Hashmi-Khagga.

Notified Areas.

The 15th June, 1940.

No. 122.—In accordance with the provisions of clause (*d*) of subsection (1) of section 242 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, and under the powers delegated to the Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 4, dated the 3rd January, 1912, it is hereby notified that Lala Sher Bahadur, son of Rai Sahib Lala Charan Das, Zaildar of Chichawatni, is appointed a member of the Notified Area Committee of Chichawatni, in the Montgomery district.

C. V. SALUSBURY,

Commissioner, Multan Division.

444 CS—1131—20-6-40—SGPP Lahore.

affixed to the cart. In case such number-plate is lost another shall at once be obtained by the proprietor of the hand-cart from the Secretary of the committee on payment of six annas and affixed to the hand-cart.

4. Licensees shall pay Rs. 2 per mensem as fee in advance.

5. No person shall use or propel an unlicensed hand-cart.

6. Every licence issued under paragraph 3 shall be in the form 13 under rule 13 of the Small Town Account Rules, and shall be granted subject to the following conditions:—

(a) that the hand-cart in respect of which the licence is granted shall have the number-plates, which shall not be altered, defaced, or obliterated given under paragraph 3, affixed to it at all times;

(b) that the hand-cart shall be maintained in good repair to the satisfaction of the Town Committee;

(c) that all articles of food, confectionery, fruits and vegetables carried in or on the hand-cart shall be kept covered in the manner prescribed from time to time, by the Secretary;

(d) that the hand-cart shall be brought for inspection to the Town Office or such other places, set apart for the purpose, whenever required by the Committee;

(e) that the hand-cart shall not be used in or propelled along the streets, bazars and markets, from half an hour after sunset until half an hour before sunrise unless it carries a light in such a position as to be conspicuous from the front and behind;

(f) that the licensee or the person for the time being in charge of the hand-cart shall obey all instructions and directions with regard thereto, that may be issued by the Secretary of the Committee or a police officer;

(g) that every licensee or any person for the time being in charge of a licensed hand-cart shall produce for inspection the licence for the hand-cart whenever required to do so by any member of the Town Committee or any officer of the committee authorised in this behalf;

Note.—The attention of the licensee is directed to section 34 of the Police Act, 1861.

(h) that the licensee shall not set up the hand-cart at a fixed place anywhere in the Town and shall have to ply about;

7. The licence may be suspended or cancelled by order of the Town Committee for a breach of any of the conditions of the licence or of any of these rules.

P. MARSDEN,

Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division.

Boards.

The 10th June, 1940.

No. 121.—In accordance with the provisions of sub-section (6) of section 15 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, it is hereby notified that the following person has been elected a member of the District Board of Multan, in Circle No. 4 Qureshiwala, in the Khanewal tahsil vice Khan Bahadur Chaudhri Allah Dad Khan, deceased:—

Pir Budhan Shah, Qureshi-Hashmi-Khagga.

Notified Areas.

The 13th June, 1940.

No. 122.—In accordance with the provisions of clause (d) of sub-section (1) of section 242 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, and under the powers delegated to the Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 4, dated the 3rd January, 1912, it is hereby notified that Lala Sher Bahadur, son of Rai Sahib Lala Charan Das, Zaildar of Chichawatni, is appointed a member of the Notified Area Committee of Chichawatni, in the Montgomery district.

C. V. SALUSBURY,

Commissioner, Multan Division.

Registered No. L. 391.

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Published by Authority.

No. 26. LAHORE, FRIDAY, JUNE 28, 1940.

PART I—B.

Notifications by Commissioners.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Committees.

The 22nd June, 1940.

No. 442.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, III of 1911, it is hereby notified that Lala Brijraj Saran has been elected President of the Jagadhri Municipal Committee, in the Ambala District, with effect from the 7th June, 1940, under section 20 (1) of the said Act.

Small Towns.

The 19th June, 1940.

No. 441.—*Corrigendum.*—In my notification No. 36, dated the 18th January, 1940, insert the words "or *sweet meats prepared therefrom*" between the words "banaspatine" and "at" in clause (*i*), "banaspatine" and "shall" in clause 2, "ghee" and "in" in condition No 2 and "banaspatine" and "is" in condition No. 3 of Form A.

J. W. HEARN,

Commissioner, Ambala Division.

Boards.

The 24th June, 1940.

No. 142-L. F. C.—In accordance with the provision of section 15 (1) of the Punjab District Board Act, 1883, it is hereby notified that the following person has been elected member of the District Board, Kangra, *vice* M. Moti Ram, deceased :—

Tahsil.	Number and name of circle.		Name and residence of the elected member.
Kulu Sub-Division ..	34	Seraj ..	M. Uttam Ram, son of Bansi Ram, resident of Gadhiar in Kothi Shikari, Negi of Kothi Shikari.

Committees.

The 21st June, 1940.

No. 141-L.F.B.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that Rai Bahadur Pandit Daulat Ram Kalia, M.B.E., Bar-at-Law, has been elected, under section 20(1) of the said Act, President of Municipal Committee, Ferozepore in the Ferozepore district.

The 24th June, 1940.

No. 143-L. F. B.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that Pandit Bansi Ram has been elected under section 20 of the said Act, President of the Municipal Committee of Banga in the Jullundur District, *vice* Sardar Harguranad Singh, resigned.

General (Gurdwaras).

The 21st June, 1940.

No. 139-L.F.B.—It is hereby notified in accordance with the provisions of subsection (3) of section 88 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, that the persons named in column 3 of the schedule below have been duly nominated by the Shiromani Gurdwara Parbandhak Committee, Amritsar, under the provisions of section 87 of the Act as the fifth members of committees for the gurdwaras specified in column 2 of the schedule and that the committees have been duly constituted :—

SCHEDULE.

No. and date of the notification declaring the Gurdwara to be a Sikh Gurdwara under sections 9/17 of the Act.	Name of Gurdwara.	Names and addresses of the members nominated.	Constituency for election of the Committee of Management.
1	2	3	4
110-G., dated the 1st May, 1930.	Dharamsala ..	Sardar Mansa Singh, son of Sardar Ralla Singh, village Fatehpur, Post Office Adampur.	Revenue estate of Fatehpur, Tahsil and District Jullundur.
83-G., dated 21st August, 1936.	Baba Sang Sahib	Sardar Beant Singh, son of Hazara Singh, village Dosanjh Kalan, District Jullundur.	Zails of Dhesian Rurka and Sargondi in Tahsil Phillaur.
200-G., dated the 10th August, 1931.	1. Dharamsala Pal Kadim.	Sardar Udham Singh Akali of village Bharsinghpura, Post Office Apra, District Jullundur.	Revenue estate of Pal Kadim, Tahsil Phillaur, District Jullundur.
120-G., dated the 25th September, 1934.	2. Dharamsala Pal Nau.		

No. 140-L.F.B.—It is hereby notified in accordance with the provisions of subsection (3) of section 88 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, that the person named in column 3 of the schedule below has been duly nominated by the Shiromani Gurdwara Parbhandak Committee, Amritsar, under the provision of section 87 of the Act as the fifth member of Committee for the gurdwaras specified in column 2 of the schedule and that the committee has been duly constituted :—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No. as entered in schedule 1 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, as subsequently amended.	Name of Gurdwara.	Name and address of the candidate nominated.	Constituency in schedule 1 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, as subsequently amended.
1	2	3	4
143 ..	Harian Welan ..	Sardar Pritam Sin h Pleader, Hoshiarpur.	Zail of Saido Patti Tahsil and District Hosh'arpur.

E. SHEEPSHANKS,

Commissioner, Jullundur Division.

Committees.

The 26th June, 1940.

No. 76.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that under the proviso to subsection (1) of section 20 of the said Act, the Commissioner of the Lahore Division has appointed Mr. J. D. Fraser, I.C.S, Assistant Commissioner, Amritsar, a member of the Municipal Committee of Jandiala, in the Amritsar District, to be President of the said Municipal Committee.

General (Gurdwaras).

The 21st June, 1940.

No. 290-11/73.—In accordance with the provisions of section 87 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, it is hereby notified that the following persons have been nominated by the Shiromani Gurdwara Parbandhak Committee to be the fifth members of the committees of management for the gurdwaras specified in the schedule below. The committees of these gurdwaras are, therefore, duly constituted under section 88 (3) of the said Act :—

SCHEDULE.

Name of Gurdwara.	Serial No. as entered in schedule of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925.	No. and date of notification declaring the Gurdwara as a Sikh Gurdwara.	Name and address of the person nominated.	Constituency for the election of the Committee of Management.
1. Gurdwara Darbar Sahib Guru Har Rai Sahib.	87	30, dated the 29th March, 1935.	Sardar Diwan Singh, contractor, son of Sardar Kahan Singh, of village Galotian Khurd, District Sialkot.	Revenue estates of Galotian Khurd and Sabha Sarai.
2. Gurdwara Nankana Sahib.	88	16, dated the 7th January, 1936.	Sardar Ganda Singh, son of Sardar Wadhawa Singh, of village and post office Rachhara, District Sialkot.	Zail of Bhullawali and revenue estates of Pandori and Kotli Dasu Singh.

The 25th June, 1940.

No. 290-9/74.—It is hereby notified that in accordance with the provisions of section 96 of the Sikh Gurdawaras Act, 1925, S. Kishan Singh, son of S. Hakam Singh, Patti Sabhai Ki, Village and Post Office Chabhal Kalan, District Amritsar, has been nominated by the Shiromani Gurdwara Parbandhak Committee, Amritsar, to be the fifth member of the Committee of Management for Gurdwara Bibi Viro Ji Da Asthan, in the Amritsar District, shown at serial No. 54 of Schedule I of the said Act, in the vacancy caused by the death of S. Teja Singh.

No. 290-9/75.—It is hereby notified that in accordance with the provisions of section 96 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, S. Harindar Singh, son of S. Raghbir Singh, Sandhawalia, Village and Post Office Rajasansi, District Amritsar, has been nominated by the Shiromani Gurdwara Parbandhak Committee, Amritsar, to be the fifth member of the Committee of Management for Gurdwara Baba Vir Singh in the Amritsar District shown at serial No. 51 of Schedule I of the said Act in the vacancy caused by the resignation of S. Lachhman Singh.

C. KING,

Commissioner, Lahore Division.

General (Gurdwaras).

The 19th June, 1940.

No. O·XIII·18-C/505.—*Corrigendum.*—In my notification No O·XIII·18-C/36, dated the 11th March, 1939, the name of "S. Sardar Singh" appearing in column 3 of the schedule, should be substituted for "S. Sardar Singh".

P. MARSDEN,

Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division.

Panchayats.

The 25th June, 1940.

No. 125.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the following person has been elected, under section 17 of the said Act, a member of the Municipal Committee of Khangarh in the Muzaffargarh District :—

Ward No. II. *Class II.*

Khan Nasrullah Khan *vice* Shaikh Ghulam Muhammad resigned.

Notified Areas.

The 22nd June, 1940.

No. 123.—In accordance with the provisions of section 242 (1) (*d*) of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the following person is appointed member of the Notified Area Committee of Jahanian, in the Multan district :—

Chaudhri Nasarullah Khan *vice* Khan Bahadur Chaudhri Allah Dad Khan deceased.

General (Gurdwaras).

The 24th June, 1940.

No. 124.—With reference to my notification No. 213, dated the 27th November, 1939, it is hereby notified that the person named in column 3 of the schedule below has been nominated by the Shiromani Gurdwara Parbandhak Committee, Amritsar, under the provisions of

section 96 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, as a member of the committee for the gurdwara specified in column 2 of the schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

Authority declaring the Gurdwara to be a Sikh Gurdwara under section 9/17 of the Act.	Name of Gurdwara.	Name and address of the member nominated.
1	2	3
Vide serial No. 115, Schedule I, of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act and Government notification No. 27-G., dated the 29th May, 1936.	Gurdwara No. 115 Nankana Sahib at Nanaksar and Panchayati Gurdwara at Pakka Sidhar.	Sardar Bhan Singh, son of Sardar Lal Singh, Chak No. 35, Post Office Pakpattan, District Montgomery.

C. V. SALUSBURY,

Commissioner, Multan Division.

490 CS—1131—27-6-40—SGPP Lahore.

Registered No. L. [illegible]

The Government Gazette, Punjab.

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No. 27. LAHORE, FRIDAY, JULY 5, 1940.

PART I—B.

Notifications by Commissioners.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Notified Areas.

The 7th June, 1940.

No. 438.—In accordance with the provisions of section 242 (1) (*d*) of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the following persons are appointed members of the Committee of Notified Area, of Kaithal Mandi in the Karnal district :—

1. Sub-Divisional Officer, Kaithal.
2. Lala Atma Ram, son of Lala Kalu Ram.
3. Lala Amar Nath, son of Lala Durga Das.
4. Lala Kanshi Ram, son of Lala Partap Singh.
5. Syed Fayyaz Hussain, son of Syed Iftikhar Hussain.

J. W. HEARN,

Commissioner, Ambala Division.

Boards.

The 27th June, 1940.

No. 144-L. F. B.—The by-laws published with notification No. 5743, dated the 27th August, 1929, issued by the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, shall also extend to the following school areas situated within the area subject to the authority of the district board in the

district of Ludhiana and shall come into force from the date of publication of this notification :—

1. Dakha.
2. Tihara Bet.
3. Kakka.

No. 145-L. F. B.—The proposal of the Ludhiana District Board in connection with the introduction of the Punjab Primary Education Act (VII of 1919) within the 3 selected areas named below having received final sanction,—*vide* Under-Secretary to Government, Punjab, memorandum No. 28339-A., dated the 11th December, 1939, it is hereby notified for general information that the District Board has, in accordance with section 3 (6) of the said Act, directed that part II of the Act shall be applied within the said limits with effect from the date of publication of this notification.

The public is hereby informed that it is an offence under the Act, for parents or employers of boys between 6 and 11 years of age to neglect to send them to school for primary education.

No tuition fee shall be charged in the Primary Department—

1. Dakha.
2. Tihara Bet.
3. Kakka.

E. SHEEPSHANKS,

Commissioner, Jullundur, Division.

Committees.

The 25th June, 1940.

No. 126.—In accordance with the directions of the Punjab Government under subsection (3) of section 31 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the following amendments made by the Municipal Committtee of Tandlianwala, in the Lyallpur district, to its business by-laws published with the Commissioner, Multan Division's notification No. 111, dated the 13th October, 1936, as subsequently amended by notification No. 9, dated the 28th January, 1939, and having been approved by me as required by subsection (2) of section 31 of the said Act, in exercise of the powers delegated to Commissioners of Divisions under section 32 of the said Act by Punjab Government notification No. 5555, dated the 17th February, 1934, are published for general information and shall come into force from the date of this notification ;—

AMENDMENTS.

1. After clause (3) of by-law 29 the following clause shall be added, namely :—

" (4) Education Sub-Committee ".

2. After by-law 52 the following new by-law shall be added, namely :—

" 52-A. The Education Sub-Committee shall deal with all questions regarding the establishment, up-keep and management of the Municipal Schools and other questions relating to education ".

No. 127.—In accordance with the directions of the Punjab Government under subsection (3) of section 31 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the following by-laws which have been made by the Municipal Committee of Montgomery, under subsection (1) of section 31 of the said Act and approved, as required by subsection (2) of section 31 of the said Act, by the Commissioner of the Multan Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him under section 31 of the said Act, by Punjab Government notification No. 5555, dated the 17th February, 1934, are hereby published for information and shall come into force within the said Municipality from the date of this notification, in supersession of the by-laws published

with the Commissioner, Multan Division's notification No. 34, dated the 12th October, 1917, as subsequently amended :—

BY-LAWS.

1. Meetings of the committee, whether ordinary or special, shall be held at such time, date and place as may be fixed by the President or in his absence by the Vice-President, provided that :—

(a) when there is neither a President nor a Vice-President in existence, the Secretary may convene a meeting at any time or place for the election of the President but not for the transaction of any other business ;

(b) the President or in his absence the Vice-President shall, on a requisition made in writing by not less than one fifth of the members of the committee, convene either an ordinary or a special meeting, within one week of the receipt of the requisition ; and

(c) the President or in his absence the Vice-President, shall on requisition made in writing by more than one-half of the members of the committee, convene either an ordinary or special meeting on the date and time fixed by the requisitionists.

2. The authority convening the meeting of the committee shall have the power to postpone it subject to the limitations contained in by-law No. 1 (b) and (c).

3. The Secretary or in his absence the President or in the absence of the President, the Vice-President, shall despatch to each member a notice signed by him stating the place, date and hour fixed for each meeting.

4. The Secretary or in his absence the President or in the absence of the President, the Vice-President shall despatch with the notice prescribed by the preceding by-law lists in English and Urdu, signed by him setting forth the business to be transacted at the meeting. This list is hereinafter called " the agenda ".

5. The Secretary or in his absence the President or in the absence of the President, the Vice-President shall include in the agenda any matter which any member desires to put before the meeting, if a copy of the proposed motion thereon signed by such member and a seconder is delivered to the Secretary or in his abence to the Head Clerk at the Municipal Office at least 7 clear days before the date of the meeting.

6. Members of the committee shall be entitled to ask questions relating to matters within the cognizance of the committee at an ordinary or special meeting. Any member desiring to ask questions shall give seven clear days' notice thereof to the Secretary before the date of the next ordinary or special meeting and a list of the questions shall be entered in the agenda in the order in which they are received. The reply to the questions will be given at the meeting by the Chairman of the meeting or the Secretary and it will form a part of the minutes. No question shall be couched in improper or intemperate language.

7. The notice and the agenda shall be despatched by the Secretary or in his absence by the President or in the absence of the President by the Vice-President so that at least one clear day in the case of a meeting ordered by the convener to be " urgent " and at least 3 clear days in the case of any other meeting, shall intervene between the date of despatch and the date of the meeting.

8. Notice of an adjourned meeting shall be given by the Chairman at the time of the adjournment and the Secretary or in his absence, the President or in the absence of the President, the Vice-President or in the absence of the both any person authorized by the Chairman shall immediately thereafter send information thereof to any member of the committee who was absent from the meeting adjourned. Provided that it shall be lawful for the President, or in his absence the Vice-President or in absence of both, the Secretary to alter with due notice, in an emergency, the place, date and hour of such meeting.

9. Copies of the minutes of all meetings shall be published as required by rule 4 of the rules published with Punjab Government notification No. 13981, dated 16th July, 1918, and such copies shall be sent to the members of the committee before the next meeting.

10. At every meeting the minutes of the preceding meeting shall be laid on the table and considered as read ; provided that any member who was present at that meeting may object to the confirmation of the minutes by an amendment on the ground that any matter is not correctly recorded or expressed.

Any correction that the majority of the meeting considers necessary shall be made. The meeting shall confirm the minutes when satisfied that they have been correctly recorded.

11. The quorum necessary for the transaction of business at an ordinary meeting shall be one third and at the special meeting one half of the total number of members of the committee. In the absence of a quorum the Chairman shall adjourn the meeting whether ordinary or special.

12. The Chairman shall decide all points of procedure and order and his decision shall be final.

13. A member when speaking shall stand and address the Chair.

14. (a) If more than one member rise to speak at the same time, the Chairman shall name the member who is to speak.

(b) Members when speaking shall stand and address the Chairman, and except on a point of order or personal explanation, the member speaking shall not be interrupted by any member other than the Chairman.

15. No written speeches shall be read out.

16. If a member speaks in English, the purport of his remarks may, if necessary, be translated in Urdu under the Chairman's direction.

17. So far as is possible and consistent with the matter under discussion no member shall interrupt any other member who is speaking, or direct personal or objectionable remarks at any other member. For the purpose of this by-law the ruling of the Chairman shall be final.

18. A member desiring to raise a point of order or make a personal explanation shall rise and address the Chairman; the member speaking shall then give way, and remain seated until the Chairman has decided the point raised : provided that the Chairman may permit any other member including the member called to order to speak on the said point.

19. If the meeting refuses to obey the ruling of the Chairman on any matter, he may adjourn it at once and when he has declared the meeting adjourned on this or any other ground, the subsequent proceedings of the meeting or any residue thereof shall be void and shall not appear in the minutes.

20. The Chairman, after calling the attention of the meeting to the conduct of a member who persists in stating or in arguing upon a matter which is, in the opinion of the Chairman, irrelevant or in repeating his own arguments or the arguments used by other members, may direct him to discontinue his speech.

21. The Chairman may name any member who is persistently unruly for report to the Deputy Commissioner for consideration under section 16 (1) (e) of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911.

22. The Chairman may direct any member whose conduct is, in his opinion, grossly disorderly, to withdraw immediately from the meeting and any member so ordered to withdraw shall do so forthwith and shall, unless recalled by the Chairman absent, himself during the remainder of the meeting. If the member so ordered disobeys, the Chairman may adjourn the meeting.

23. No matter on which the committee has recorded a resolution shall be again put before it for discussion, except—

(a) after the lapse of three months from the date of the resolution ; or

(b) unless it is included in the agenda ;

(i) by a procedure on the lines of that prescribed in by-law 5 above by the delivery to the Secretary of a proposed motion thereof signed by at least one half of the total number of the members of the committee ; or

(ii) with the permission of the President ; or

(c) in compliance with the express wishes of the Local Government, Commissioner or the Deputy Commissioner.

24. Notwithstanding the provisions of by-law 23, the Chairman may put before the meeting for discussion any matter, which is not entered in the agenda.

25. The items on the agenda shall be dealt with in their order, provided that the Chairman, with the consent of the majority of the members present, may vary such order.

26. The substance of every matter which it is proposed to be put before the meeting shall be explained, and if a member present makes a motion regarding such matter and another member present seconds such motion, the motion shall be put before the meeting for discussion.

27. After a motion is put before the meeting for discussion any member may propose an amendment thereto and such amendment, if seconded, shall be put before the meeting for discussion.

28. Any number of amendments to a motion may be put before the meeting for discussion at the same time.

29. The mover of a motion or amendment shall speak first. The seconder of a motion or amendment may speak directly after the mover or at a later period of the discussion.

30. A member may speak only once on any motion or amendment, but the mover or the seconder of such motion or amendment may reply at the conclusion of the debate thereon, and provided further that the Chairman may, at his discretion, at any time allow any member who has already spoken to make a brief explanation.

31. A member w o has already spoken on a motion before the meeting is not thereby debarred from speaking on an amendment to the motion; provided that in doing so he confines himself strictly to the fresh matter introduced by the amendment.

32. A motion or amendment which has been put before the meeting for discussion may be withdrawn with the Chairman's permission.

33. Amendments shall be put to the vote in the reverse order to that in which they have been moved. After votes are taken on any amendment no member shall have the right to move a fresh amendment on the same motion.

34. When a motion or amendment is put to vote, unless a pole is demanded a declaration made by the Chairman that a resolution has been passed shall be sufficient warrant for making an entry to that effect in the minutes of the proceedings of the meeting. If a pole is demanded votes shall be taken by show of hands, and names of the members voting for and against shall be recorded if any member so desires.

35. The Chairman may, with the consent of the majority of the members present, adjourn a meeting at which there is a quorum and if at a meeting which commenced with a quorum present, he shall adjourn the meeting.

36. All meetings of the committee shall be open to the reporters of the press, and at the discretion of the Chairman, to the public; provided that the reporters or the public or both shall withdraw if at any time so required by the Chairman.

37. A person who is not a member of the committee may be permitted to speak at a meeting only with the permission of the Chairman.

38. The Chairman may cause to be summarily removed from the building in which a meeting is being held any person not being a member of the committee who interrupts the business of the meeting or makes any noise or any expression of approval or disapproval or conducts himself in an unseemly manner.

39. The common seal shall be affixed to the following documents and shall remain in the custody of the Secretary :

(a) all deeds of sale, whether relating to movable or immovable property, executell by or on behalf of the committee ;

(b) all written contract deeds and leases executed by or on behalf of the committee ;

(c) all cheques ;

(d) all bills for the recovery of taxes, rents and other dues ;

(e) all notices, orders, sanctions and permits issued by the committee ;

(f) all copies of municipal records supplied to applicants ; and

(g) any other document or class of document on which the committee ; or the President may direct that the common seal shall be affixed.

40. There shall be the following sub-committees :—

(a) Finance Sub-Committee ;

(b) Municipal Works Sub-Committee ;

(c) Education Sub-Commttee ;

(d) Public Health Sub-Committee ;

(e) Vehicle Sub-Committee ; and

(f) Water Works and Garden Sub-Committee ;

and each sub-committee shall deal with the subjects detailed below in addition to dealing with any other subject which the committee may allot to them.

Finance Sub-Committee.—Preparation of annual budget ; matters relating to the imposition, assessment and collection of taxes (other than taxes on vehicles and animals) ; the management of nazul and municipal properties ; the raising of loans ; establishment (other than establishment of municipal works, education, public health, vehicle, garden and water-supply departments ; maintenance of accounts and all matters relating to finance.

(b) once a month inspect, without a detailed audit or examination, the account maintained in the Municipal Office, and report to the committee the result of its inspection ; and

(c) on being furnished with information of the evasion or attempted evasion of municipal taxation, and forthwith make an immediate enquiry and report its conclusions to the committee for consideration.

Municipal Works Sub-Committee.—Supervision of public works connected with buildings, roads and drains and notices received under section 189 (2) of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, regarding the erection or re-erection of any building, watering of roads and streets, municipal works establishment, cause to be prepared or check all estimates for works or repairs ; and shall advise the committee whether any work to be done should be entrusted to a contractor or carried out by the committee by its own agency; invite tenders and recommend a contractor for work to be entrusted to a contractor, arrange for the execution or supervision of work to be done by the committee's own agency ; report to the committee regarding the completion of all works under rule XIII·12 of the Municipal Account Code ; and advise the committee on all notices received under section 189 (2) of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, for erection or re-erection of buildings.

Except in any class of cases for which the committee prescribes a special procedure the sub-committee shall inspect without delay, and at least within 7 days from the date of the notice, the locality concerned. If necessary, it shall require the person giving the notice to furnish further particulars under the by-laws relating to the erection and re-erection of buildings and on his failure to do so shall send the notice to the committee with a recommendation that sanction be refused ; if the by-laws in question have been fully complied with the sub-committee shall consider whether there is any objection to sanction in connection with the matters with which the said by-laws deal, it shall also consider whether any encroachment on nazul or municipal property is involved ; and it shall submit the notice with its opinion as to the grant or refusal of sanction to the committee in time for the committee to dispose of it within 2 months of the date of the notice. If the committee accords sanction, the sub-committee shall be responsible to see that the plans sanctioned by the committee are strictly adhered to.

Education Sub-Committee.—All matters relating to schools, reading rooms, libraries promotion of education and the establishment connected therewith.

Public Health Sub-Committee.—All matters relating to hospitals, dispensaries, child welfare centre, maternity houses, registration of vital statistics, conservancy, epidemic diseases, control of food supply, markets, slaughter houses, cow houses, stables and generally all matters relating to public health and the establishment entertained in connection with such matters.

Vehicle Sub-Committee.—All matters relating to the licensing or taxation of vehicles or animals, and the establishment entertained in connection with such matters.

Water Works and Garden Sub-Committee.—All matters relating to—

(a) Gardens, parks, arboriculture and road trees ;

(b) water works, water suppiy of the town, canal water-supply, and the establishment connected therewith.

41. Each sub-committee shall consist of four members of the committee in addition to the President and Vice-Presidents who shall be ex-officio members of every sub-committee.

42. Three out of four members of every sub-committee shall be elected by the committee by ballot. The election of every such member shall be held separately one after another. The fourth member of the sub-committee shall be nominated by the President after the aforesaid election.

43. Each elected and nominated member of a sub-commtttee shall hold office for one year only, commencing from the date of election, provided that the case of casual vacancy the member elected or nominated to fill the vacancy shall hold the office only for the unexpired period.

44. A member may be removed from a sub-committee by order of the committee.

45. In addition to the number of members fixed under by-law 41 above, and elected or nominated under by-law 42 above, the President and the Vice-President of the committee, shall be members of every sub-committee and the committee may also appoint as an *ex-officio* additional member of any sub-committee any Government officer who is an *ex-officio* member of the committee.

46. The President or Vice-President, if present at a meeting of a sub-committee, shall take the Chair, otherwise each sub-committee shall at each meeting appoint one of its members to be Chairman. The Chairman of the sub-committee meeting shall have a second or casting vote in case of an equality of votes.

47. (1) The Municipal Secretary shall act as the Secretary of the Finance, Education, Garden and Water Works and Vehicle Sub-committees.

(2) The Municipal Medical Officer of Health shall act as the *ex-officio* Secretary of the Public Health Sub-Committee and shall be responsible for all matters relating to the Public Health Sub-committee.

(3) The Municipal Engineer or the Overseer shall act as the *ex-officio* Secretary of the Public Works Sub-Committee and shall be responsible for all matters relating to the Public Works Sub-Committee.

48. Each sub-committee shall, subject to any special or general order of the committee, exercise a general supervision in respect of the subjects allotted to it. All communications or orders addressed to the committee on those subjects shall be laid before the sub-committee except those of a purely routine nature which will be dealt with by the Secretary or those of an urgent nature which may be disposed of by the President. The sub-committee shall either on its own motion or on a reference made to it by the committee or the President, report to the committee, on matters relating to its subject.

49. If a sub-committee fails to deal with a matter within its province or referred to it promptly, the President may at his discretion lay the same for decision before the committee.

50. No matter within the cognizance of a sub-committee shall be put before the committee for consideration until it has been dealt with by the sub-committee concerned and if a sub-committee resolves not to put before the committee any matter which can be disposed of finally only by the committee, that matter shall not be put before the committee for discussion unless it is included in the agenda under by-law 5 above or unless it is put before the committee on appeal, provided that the President may put before the committee for further consideration any matter which a sub-committee has disposed of without putting it before the committee.

51. Each sub-committee shall meet once a week or at such other period as the committee may prescribe.

52. Each sub-committee shall at each meeting fix the place, date and time of its next meeting, and notice thereof shall be sent by the Secretary, Municipal Medical Officer of Health, Municipal Engineer or Overseer, as the case may be, only to the member of the sub-committee who was not present when such place, date and time was fixed.

53. An urgent meeting of a sub-committee shall be convened on the written requisition of at least 2 members of the sub-committee at a time not less than 24 hours after the time when such requisition is delivered to the Secretary. Immediately on receipt of such requisition, the Secretary shall despatch to all members of the sub-committee, except those who have signed the requisition, a notice of the meeting, together with a note stating the business to be considered. The President or in his absence the Vice-President may convene a meeting of a sub-committee.

54. The quorum of the meeting of a sub-committee shall be three including the *ex-officio* members.

55. Every sub-committee shall be guided by these by-laws in so far as they are applicable in regulating their business and procedure.

56. Every sub-committee shall maintain minutes of its proceedings in a separate book set apart for this purpose, and the Chairman shall sign the minutes. The sub-committee shall, as soon as possible, after each meeting forward to the President a copy of the minutes, and it shall defer action upon any resolution passed by it if required by the President to reconsider it or to defer action pending the consideration of the matter by the committee.

57. A sub-committee may appoint a temporary sub-committee from among its members to investigate and report on any matter.

58. The committee or the President may appoint a special sub-committee of not less than three members of the committee to investigate and report on any matter not within the province of the standing sub-committee, and such special sub-committee shall be dissolved as soon as that matter has been disposed of by the committee or the President.

59. The President shall be the chief executive authority of the committee and shall be responsible for the administration of the municipality in all its departments.

60. In addition to the other duties assigned to him in these by-laws, the President—

(*a*) shall arrange for the conduct of all municipal correspondence ;

(*b*) shall arrange for the disbursement of the fixed salaries of all sanctioned establishment and all other sanctioned payments due in accordance with any rule or by-laws in force ; and

(*c*) may sanction and order the expenditure of any sum not exceeding Rs. 200 in any one case from any allotment for contingencies which has been made in the sanctioned budget:

provided that the committee at its next ensuing meeting is informed of such expenditure.

61. Under the control of the President or when the President is absent from the municipality, the Vice-President, may exercise all his powers.

62. A sub-committee may sanction and order the execution of any work in connection with any of the subjects allotted to it, provided that the total cost does not exceed Rs. 400 and that provision has been made for it in the sanctioned budget.

63. Every member of the committee shall bring to the notice of the Secretary, President or the sub-committee concerned any defect of which he may become cognizant in the working of the municipal administration, or any case in which he thinks a notice or order should issue or proceedings be taken under the Municipal Act.

64. Every member of the committee shall during office hours be entitled to inspect at the municipal office any municipal document or record including the record of any case before a sub-committee.

65. The following officials shall be responsible for granting receipts on behalf of the committee under their signature :—

For all dues and payments.—Secretary or in his absence the Head Clerk.

Terminal Tax.—Superintendent, Assistant Superintendent, Inspectors and Moharrirs.

Tax Rate and Rents.—Tax Superintendent and Collectors.

66. The Secretary shall be the Executive Officer of the committee and shal discharge his duties subject to the control of the committee and of the sub-committee and under the immediate orders of the President.

67. The Secretary shall, unless his presence is dispensed with by the President or Chairman, attend every meeting of the committee or a sub-committee. Unless he is a member of the committee or of a sub-committee he shall not address the meeting but with the Chairman's permission he may explain any matter to the meeting.

68. The Secretary shall maintain the minutes of the proceedings of all meetings except Public Health and Municipal Works Sub-Committees, which will be maintained

by the Municipal Medical Officer of Health and the Municipal Engineer or the Overseer, respectively, and sign them before laying them before the Chairman for signature, and he shall be responsible for the prompt submission of a copy of the minutes to the Deputy Commissioner.

69. The Secretary shall lay before every meeting of the committee the minutes of the preceding meeting and of all meetings of the sub-committees held subsequent to that preceding meeting.

70. The Secretary shall maintain a register of motions delivered to him by members and shall lay it before each meeting of the committee.

71. The Secretary shall despatch notice of meeting and agenda to members as prescribed in these by-laws and whenever notice of a meeting is despatched, he shall collect all the records which relate to the agenda as well as the minutes of the proceedings of the immediately preceding meeting and shall keep them available for convenient inspection at the municipal office by any member previous to the meeting.

72. The Secretary shall, under the control of the President, conduct the whole of the office work of the committee.

73. The Secretary shall receive notices under section 189 (2) of the Municipal Act for erection or re-erection of buildings and other applications and communications addressed to the committee, and shall dispose of routine matters and lay other matters before the President or other competent authority for disposal.

74. The Secretary shall receive all tenders called for by, or made to, the committee or any sub-committee and shall open them in the presence of the President or Vice-President or of the Chairman of the sub-committee concerned.

75. The Secretary shall sign notices, processes, sanction and permits issued on behalf of the committee.

76. The Secretary shall be responsible that all municipal dues are received and credited in the municipal account, that all money received for credit to the municipal account is deposited daily according to law and that all accounts and financial returns are kept up-to-date and promptly submitted as prescribed.

77. The Secretary shall be responsible that no municipal money is expended without sanction, and that no payment is made except to a person entitled to receive it and on a bill properly drawn, checked and receipted ; and he shall sign all cheques before putting up for the signatures prescribed by rule XII-4 of the Municipal Account Code.

78. The Secretary shall control the whole of the municipal establishment and be responsible that all subordinate officers perform their duties, that all registers and returns are kept up and submitted as prescribed, and that all orders of competent authority are duly carried out.

79. The Secretary may incur any contingent expenditure not exceeding Rs. 10 in any one case subject to budget provision, and which expenditure will be reported to the committee at its next meeting.

80. All original appointments to the Municipal service shall be made from a list of candidates to be kept by the Secretary, in which names shall be entered under the control of the President, provided that in the case of a post carrying a pay of Rs. 30 or more an appointment, may with the President's sanction be made from outside the list.

81. All posts newly created and not provided for in the budget shall be sanctioned by the committee.

82. The appointment, promotion, reduction of salary suspension and dismissal of all servants :—

(a) drawing salaries up to Rs. 12 shall vest in the President ;

(b) drawing salaries above Rs. 12 and up to Rs. 30 shall vest in the sub-committee concerned ;

(c) drawing salaries above Rs. 30 shall vest in the committee.

83. The Secretary may suspend or fine up to Rs. 5—a municipal employee drawing a pay of Rs. 16 or less. Any order passed under this by-law shall be reported for confirmation to the next meeting of the sub-committee concerned.

84. The following may inflict fine subject to the confirmation of the committee—

(a) the President or in his absence the Vice-President, not exceeding one month's pay on all municipal servants ;

(b) members, on sweepers and bahishties of the conservancy department not exceeding ten days' pay subject to the appeal to the Public Health Sub-Committee.

All such fines shall be immediately reported to the Secretary.

85. The President or in his absence or under his control the Vice-President may suspend any servant of the committee subject to the consideration of the case by the committee at its next meeting.

86. Leave for any period shall be granted in accordance with the rule prescribed in the Civil Service Regulations and the Fundamental Rules, and in the case of entrants to municipal service after 31st December, 1930, the leave shall be granted in accordance with the Punjab Revised Leave Rules, 1936, published with Punjab Government notification No. 2066-F.-35/18843, dated 10th June, 1936, as subsequently amended. All such applications for leave must be submitted in writing through the Secretary for the orders of the President or in his absence the Vice-President or the sub-committee, as the case may be.

87. The Secretary, under the control of the President, may grant casual leave permissible under the rules to any municipal employee.

88. The President or in his absence the Vice-President or in the absence of the Vice-President also, the Secretary may grant urgent leave or leave on medical certificate to any servant, and may arrange for an appointment thus rendered necessary in the establishment of the committee, but when the leave granted is to a servant holding a post which carries a pay of Rs. 20 per mensem or more, any order passed under this by-law shall be reported for confirmation to the next meeting of the committee.

89. A Vice-President shall hold office for one year, except when he fills a vacancy caused by death, resignation or removal, in which case he shall hold office only for the unexpired term of his predecessor.

90. An appeal may be preferred to the committee subject to any restriction imposed by any by-law only from an executive order passed by a sub-committee, the President or Vice-President, a member or any officer or servant of the committee.

91. No appeal shall be heard unless it is filed within 30 days of the date of the order against which it is preferred or the date of its legal service on the appellant and unless it is accompanied by a certified copy of such order. Time spent in obtaining copies of such order shall be excluded from the limitation.

92. A copy of all by-laws passed by the committee shall be given free of charge to every member.

93. No person, who is either a parent or descendant of a member of the Municipal Committee or descendant of any parent of such member, or the husband or wife of such member or descendent shall be appointed as an officer or servant of such Municipal Committee without the previous sanction of the Deputy Commissioner.

94. The Secretary is authorised to make complaints to and lodge information in courts on behalf of the committee in regard to all offences committed against the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, or the rules and by-laws made thereunder.

C. V. SALUSBURY,

Commissioner, Multan Division.

524 CS—1129—4-7-40—SGPP Lahore,

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The Government Gazette,

Punjab.

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PART I—B.

Notifications by Commissioners.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Small Towns.

The 1st July, 1940.

No. 448.—In accordance with the provisions of section 4 (3) of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1922, it is hereby notified that M. Azizu, Weaver has been elected a member of the Town Committee, Radaur, in the Karnal district, under section 8 of the said Act, *vice* Hakim Faiz Mohd. Khan deceased.

No. 449.—The following amendment made by the Town Committee, Kharar, in the Ambala district, to its general order published with notification No. 18, dated the 5th of February, 1930, by the Commissioner, Ambala Division, having been confirmed by the Commissioner, Ambala Division, as required by sub section (1) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, is published for general information and shall come into force from the date of the publication of this notification.

AMENDMENT.

The words " Rs. 5 (five only) " shall be substituted for the words " Rs. 120 (one hundred and twenty only) " appearing fn the first line of paragraph 8 of the general order.

Panchayats.

The 28th June, 1940.

No. 443.—With reference to notification No. 62, dated the 19th of January, 1940, by the Commissioner, Ambala Division and in exercise of the powers conferred by sub section (3) of section 5 and sections 16 (*b*), 22 and 26 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1921, read with Punjab Government notification Nos. 2914 and 6986, dated the 1st of February, 1933, and the 28th of February, 1935, respectively, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, is pleased to establish a panchayat for the revenue estate situated in the Gohana tahsil of the Rohtak district and included in the area declared by notification No. 61, dated the 19th of January, 1940, to be the village of Jawahra, for the purposes of the said Act and declare that the said panchayat shall consist of 3 panches, shall perform all the duties enumerated in section 16 and shall exercise criminal and civil judicial powers in accordance with the provisions of sections 22 and 26, respectively, of the said Act.

The 1st July, 1940.

No 444.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estates of the villages named in column 3 of the schedule given below and situated in the Panipat Tehsil of the Karnal district, to be villages to be known by the names given in column 2 of the schedule for the purposes of the said Act :—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of the estate within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayat village is comprised.
1	2	3
1	Dahar ..	Dahar.
2	Palri ..	Palri.
3	Chamrara ..	Chamrara.
4	Binjhol ..	Binjhol.
5	Bursham ..	Bursham.
6	Kheri Nagal ..	Kheri Nagal.
7	Balana ..	Balana.
8	Mandi ..	Mandi.
9	Jaurasi Saraf Khas ..	(Jaurasi Saraf Khas). (Jaurasi Khalsa).

No. 445.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in each of the villages declared, by notification No. 444, dated the 1st of July, 1940, to be villages for the purposes of the said Act.

2 Any inhabitant of the said villages objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Karnal district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification.

No. 446.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, and delegated to Commissioners of

Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estates of the villages named in column 3 of the schedule given below and situated in the Karnal tahsil of the Karnal District to be villages to be known by the names given in column 2 of the schedule for the purposes of the said Act.

SCHEDULE.

Serial No.	Name of village.	Name of the estate within the meaning of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Punjab Land Revenue Act, 1887, of which the Panchayats village is comprised.
1	2	3
1	Bhaini Khurd ..	Bhaini Khurd.
2	Sidhpur ..	Sidhpur.
3	Abhli ..	Abhli.
4	Sawant ..	Sawant.
5	Barthal ..	Barthal.
6	Hathira ..	Hathira.
7	Barwa ..	Barwa.
8	Abhla ..	Abhla.
9	Bhaini Kalan ..	Bhaini Kalan.
10	Sultanpur ..	Sultanpur.
11	Baraoli ..	Baraoli.
12	Gagsina ..	Gagsina.

No. 447.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Gavernment notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in each of the villages declared by notification No. 446, dated the 1st of July, 1940, to be villages for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said villages objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Karnal district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of publication of this notification.

The 2nd July, 1940.

No. 450.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Atail in the Rohtak tahsil of the Rohtak district, to be a village to be known by the name of Atail for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 451.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Atail, declared by notification No. 450, dated the 2nd of July, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rohtak district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 452.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Samar Gopalpur, in the Rohtak tahsil of the Rohtak district, to be a village to be known by the name of Samar Gopalpur, for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 453.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Samar Gopalpur, declared by notification No. 452, dated the 2nd of July, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rohtak district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 454.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Chirana in the Gohana tahsil of the Rohtak district to be a village to be known by the name of Chirana, for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 455.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Chirana, declared by notification No. 454, dated the 2nd of July, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rohtak district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 456.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Pakasma in the Rohtak tahsil of the Rohtak district, to be a village to be known by the name of Pakasma for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 457.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Pakasma, declared by notification No. 456, dated the 2nd of July, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rohtak district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 458.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, and delegated to Commissioners of divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of

February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Ahulana Madina in the Gohana tahsil of the Rohtak district, to be a village to be known by the name of Ahulana Madina for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 459.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Ahulana Madina, declared by notification No. 458, dated the 2nd of July, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rohtak district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 460.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Govvrnment notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Kheri Damkan in the Gohana tahsil of the Rohtak district, to be a village to be known by the name of Kheri Damkan for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 461.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Kheri Damkan, declared by notification No. 460, dated the 2nd of July, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rohtak district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 462.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Baliana in the Rohtak tahsil of the Rohtak district, to be a village to be known by the name of Baliana, for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 463.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Baliana, declared by notification No. 462, dated the 2nd of July, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rohtak district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 464.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Mahmudpur in the Gohana tahsil of the Rohtak district to be a village to be known by the name of Mahmudpur, for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 465—In pursuance of the provisions of sub section (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Mahmudpur, declared by notification No. 464, dated the 2nd of July, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rohtak district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 466.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Barwasni in the Sonepat tahsil of the Rohtak district, to be a village to be known by the name of Barwasni for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 467.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Barwasni, declared by notification No. 466, dated the 2nd of July, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an obejection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rohtak district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 468.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Sampla in the Rohtak tahsil of the Rohtak district, to be a village to be known by the name of Sampla for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 469.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Sampla, declared by notification No. 468, dated the 2nd of July, 1940, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rohtak district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

No. 470.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, and delegated to Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the 1st of February, 1933, the Commissioner, Ambala Division, hereby declares the revenue estate of Moi in the Gohana tahsil of the Rohtak district, to be a village to be known by the name of Moi for the purposes of the said Act.

No. 471.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 5 of the Punjab Village Panchayat Act, 1939, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner, Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to him by Punjab Government notification No. 2914, dated the

1st of February, 1933, proposes to establish a panchayat in the village of Moi, declared by notification No. 470, dated the 2nd of July, 1910, to be a village for the purposes of the said Act.

2. Any inhabitant of the said village objecting to this proposal may submit an objection in writing through the Deputy Commissioner of the Rohtak district, to the Commissioner, Ambala Division, within three months from the date of the publication of this notification.

J. W. HEARN,

Commissioner, Ambala Division.

Boards.

The 5th July, 1940.

No. 147-L.F.B.—In exercise of the powers conferred on him by section 12 of the Northern India Ferries Act, 1878, as subsequently amended the Commissioner is pleased to make the following amendment to rule 21 of the ferry rules published with his notification No. 5660-D.C., dated the 9th October, 1936 :—

AMENDMENT.

For the existing rule 21 *substitute* the following —

" In case a lease of the tolls is cancelled for any reason and there is any amount due to the Board in respect of such tolls, the boats with which the ferry has been running shall be taken possession of by the Board and such boats may be auctioned under orders of the Chairman after the lapse of one month from the date of their seizure if the amount is not paid up and the sale proceeds adjusted towards the demand ".

Small Towns.

The 4th July, 1940.

No. 146-L.F.B.—In pursuance of sub section (1) of section 6 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Tahsildar of Hoshiarpur, whose appointment as a member of the Town Committee, Hariana, in the Hoshiarpur district, was notified in my notification No. 35-L.F.B., dated the 19th July, 1939, shall cease to be a member of the said Committee from the date of this notification.

E. SHEEPSHANKS,

Commissioner, Jullundur Division.

Small Towns.

The 4th July, 1940.

No. A./IV/119-B./1/77.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following general order made by the Town Committee of Khangah Dogran, in the Sheikhupura district, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*u*) of section 35 of the said Act, and sanctioned by the Commissioner of the Lahore Division, as required by subsection (1) of section 36 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force from the date of this notification from which date the general order published with the Commissioner's notification No. 33, dated the 5th March, 1928, shall be deemed to be cancelled :—

GENERAL ORDER.

1. No person shall store kerosene oil, at any place within the limits of the small town except in premises licensed by the town committee in this behalf.

2. Licences for premises for the storage of kerosene oil shall be issued by the President or Secretary in the form S. T. U. appended to this order on the application of the owner or occupier of such premises and shall be granted subject to the conditions specified in form S. T. U. as the conditions subject to which the licence is granted.

3. Licences issued in accordance with clause 2 shall be current for not more than twelve months and shall in any case terminate on the 31st March immediately succeeding the date of issue.

4. On the breach of any of the conditions of the licence by the licensee or his agent the town committee may forthwith cancel the licence and the licensee shall be entitled to no compensation on account of such cancellation.

SMALL TOWN COMMITTEE, KHANGAH DOGRAN.

Form S. T. U.

Licence for premises for storage of kerosene oil.

The premises of which a description is given on the reverse, situated in (name of street, ward, etc.) are hereby licensed for the storage of kerosene oil.

The licence is granted to ______________________ owner/occupier of the said premises subject to the following conditions :—

The licence shall not be transferable except under the orders of the committee.

1. That he shall not burn any article in or near the said premises or keep any other inflammable articles or allow any naked lights of fire, except those entered in the licence.

2. That he shall not smoke or suffer any person to smoke within the licensed premises.

3. That he shall permit any member or officer of the committee authorised in this behalf, at all reasonable times and without notice to inspect the licensed premises.

4. That he shall not keep kerosene oil in excess of 500 gallons.

5. That he shall keep kerosene oil in closed drums or tins, and shall open only one tin of the same quantity at one time.

6. That he shall keep a sufficient supply of sand or dry earth for the purpose of extinguishing fire in the event of an outbreak.

7. That he shall duly pay to the town committee the fees that may from time to time be imposed by the committee under clause (*g*) of subsection (1) of section 41 of the Punjab Small Towns Act.

The 9th July. 1940.

No. A/IV/162/10-B/78.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following amendment made by the Town Committee of Chubarkana Mandi, in the Sheikhupura district, to the general order published with Commissioner, Lahore Division's notification No. 26, dated the 31st January, 1938, having been sanctioned by the Commissioner of the Lahore division, as required by subsection (1) of section 36 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force from the date of publication of this notification :—

AMENDMENT.

The following new clauses shall be added after clause 3 :—

4. Every licence issued under paragraph 2 of this general order shall be subject to the following conditions :—

(*a*) that the licensee shall not allow any cart or animal, which brings fruit, vegetables or sugarcane to the place of sale, to be kept standing there for a period longer than is necessary for the purpose of loading or unloading, or so as to impede or obstruct traffic ;

(*b*) that the licensee shall keep the licensed premises in a clean and sanitary condition and shall not allow refuse to be placed anywhere except in a receptacle to be provided by him for the purpose ;

(*c*) that the licensee shall not keep for sale on the licensed premises, or expose for sale, or sell, any fruit, vegetables or sugarcane that is unfit for human consumption or is declared to be so unfit by the Town Committee's Health Officer, or by any member or other officer authorised by the Town Committee in this behalf ;

(*d*) that any officer referred to in clause (*c*) above shall have power to destroy any rotten fruit, vegetables or sugarcane which has been declared to be unfit for human consumption or which may be likely to spread any epidemic disease ;

(e) that the licensee shall not employ, or permit to be employed, on the licensed premises any person suffering from any contagious or infactious disease or from loathsome sores;

(f) that the licensee shall keep all vessels and other things used in connection with the sale of fruit, vegetables and sugarcane in a state of cleanliness;

(g) that the licensee shall not sub-let any portion of the licensed premises without the permission of the Committee; and

(h) that the licensee shall permit the President, Vice-President, Secretary, Health Officer, or any member or officer of the Committee authorised by the Cemmittee in this behalf, at all reasonable times, to inspect the licensed premises without notice.

5. In case of a breach of any of the conditions of the licence by the licensee or his agent the Town Committee may forthwith cancel the licence, and the licensee shall be entitled to no compensation on account of such cancellation.

Note.—Onion is included in the word vegetable.

C. KING,

Commissioner, Lahore Division.

Committees.

The 5th July, 1940.

No. 128.—In accordance with the provisions of section 15 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, and in exercise of the powers delegated to me under section 32 of the said Act by Punjab Government notification No. 4, dated the 3rd January, 1912, I hereby accept the resignation of Sheikh Muhammad Amin, B.A., LL.B., Pleader, Chiniot, from membership of the Municipal Committee of Chiniot, in the Jhang district.

The 6th July, 1940.

No. 129.—In accordance with the directions of the Punjab Government under subsection (3) of section 31 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the following by-laws which have been made by the Municipal Committee of Khanewal, in the Multan district, and have been approved, as required by subsection (2) of section 31 of the said Act, by the Commissioner, Multan Division, are published for general information and shall come into force six weeks from the date of the publication of this notification :—

BY-LAWS.

1. The Sanitary Inspector will be placed under the direct orders of the Medical Officer of Health.

2. He shall visit daily the whole of the area placed under him and enter in his diary any defects in sanitation found, the steps he has taken to remedy them and his suggestions to prevent the recurrence of them. He shall also note in his diary the action he has taken to carry out orders issued to him to abate any nuisance, and whether any such still persists.

3. He shall inspect all sanitary conveniences including latrines, urinals, filth receptacles and carts, cess-pools, drains, flushing appliances, sullage tanks, sewage farms, filth depots, dust-bins, slaughter-houses, markets, dhobi ghats and to supervise the collection and removal of all rubbish and excreta and to carry out all other duties of sanitary nature that may be required of him by the Medical Officer of Health.

4. He shall note from time to time the condition of all sanitary appliances placed in his charge and at any time when they require renewal, repairs, retarring or painting.

5. He shall inspect buildings in course of erection and report if proper arrangements are being made to comply with the building by-laws, or with the plans as passed in respect to such sanitary requirements as latrines, drainage, ventilation and accommodation.

6. He shall report if any unauthorised encroachments are being made on public land or on any thoroughfare.

7. He shall concern himself with the proper registration of births and deaths so far as this duty is entrusted to the Public Health Department and report any reputed cases of or deaths from infectious diseases or any undue mortality amongst inhabitants, rats or other animals.

8. He shall carry out the disinfection of wells, houses or drains and any other measures considered necessary by the Medical Officer of Health in connection with the occurrence of a case of infectious disease or of a threatened outbreak of such disease.

9. He shall be authorised to transfer any of his subordinates from one place to another as the exigencies of efficient working may require.

10. He shall keep a daily muster roll of the staff subordinate to him and mark as absent for the day any member who actually absents himself from duty or who grossly neglects his duty.

11. He shall inspect places used for preparation and sale of articles of food and drink and premises licensed under sections 121 and 122 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, and see that the various by-laws are complied with.

12. He shall exercise powers under sections 109, 203, 204, 206, 208 and 211 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911.

C. V. SALUSBURY,

Commissioner, Multan Division.

558 CS—1,129—11-7-40—SGPP Lahore.

Registered No. L. [illegible]

The Government Gazette, Punjab.

Published by Authority.

No. 29. LAHORE, FRIDAY, JULY 19, 1940.

PART I—B.

Notifications by Commissioners.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

General (Gurdwaras).

The 13th July, 1940.

No. 3-G.—In continuation of notification No. 2-G., dated the 15th March, 1940, it is hereby notified in accordance with the provisions of subsection (3) of section 88 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, that the person named in the schedule below has been duly nominated by the Shiromani Gurdwara Parbandhak Committee, Amritsar, under the provisions of section 87 of the Act, as the fifth member of the Committee for the Gurdwara specified in the schedule and that the Committee has been duly constituted :—

SCHEDULE.

Name of Gurdwara.	Name of the nominated member.
Gurdwara Jagadhri, No. 228 of schedule 1 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, Tahsil Jagadhri, District Ambala.	S. Hari Singh, son of S. Ram Singh, village Chagnoli, Post Office, Bilaspur, District Ambala.

J. W. HEARN,

Commissioner, Ambala Division.

Small Towns.

The 16th July, 1940.

No. 4738-D.C.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (3) of section 4 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that Pandit Shri Gopal, son of Pandit Anant Ram, Brahman, has been elected member of the Town Committee of Hariana, *vice* Pandit Kundan Lal resigned.

General Gurdwaras.

The 10th July, 1940.

No. 148-L. F. B.—It is hereby notified in accordance with the provisions of subsection (3) of section 88 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, that the persons named in column 3 of the schedule below have been duly nominated by the Shiromani Gurdwara Parbandhak Committee, Amritsar, under the provisions of section 87 of the Act as the fifth members of the Committee for the Gurdwaras specified in column 2 of the schedule and that the Committees have been duly constituted :—

SCHEDULE.

No. and date of the notification declaring the Gurdwara to be a Sikh Gurdwara under section 9/17 of the Act.	Names of Gurdwaras.	Names and addresses of the members nominated.	Constituency for election of Committee of Management.
1	2	3	4
5-G., dated the 17th May, 1935	Gurdwara Dharampura.	Jamadar Puran Singh Village Kokri Butran, Post Office, Dharamkot, District Ferozepore.	Revenue estate of Kokri Butran, Tahsil Zira.
Ditto ..	Dharamsala Ram Das Wali.	S. Jawand Singh, village Botianwala, Tahsil Zira, District Ferozepore.	Revenue estate of Botianwala Tahsil Zira.

No. 149-L.F. B.—It is hereby notified in accordance with the provisions of subsection (3) of section 88 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, that the person named in column 3 of the schedule below has been duly nominated by the Shiromani Gurdwara Parbandhak Committee, Amritsar, under the provisions of section 87 of the Act as the fifth member of the Committee for the Gurdwara specified in column 2 of the schedule and that the Committee has been duly constituted :—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No. as entered in schedule 1 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, as subsequently amended.	Name of Gurdwara.	Name and address of the candidate nominated.	Constituency in schedule 1 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, as subsequently amended.
1	2	3	4
199 ..	Chhevin Padshahi..	S. Indar Singh, son of S. Ghuman Singh, village Kot Karor Kalan, Post Office Mudki, District Feorzepore.	Revenue estate of Thatha, Tahsil Zira, District Ferozepore.

E. SHEEPSHANKS,

Commissioner, Jullundur Division.

594C8—1,129—18-7-40—SGPP Lahore.

Registered No. L. [illegible]

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No. 30. LAHORE, FRIDAY, JULY 26, 1940.

PART I—B.

Notifications by Commissioners.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Committees.

The 22nd July, 1940.

No. 151/L.F.B.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that Sufi Ghulam Mahbub Subhani, B.A., LL.B., Pleader, has been elected under sub-section (1) of section 20 of the said Act, President of the Municipal Committee of Ludhiana in the Ludhiana district *vice* Khawaja Muhammad Eusoof removed.

The 23rd July, 1940.

No. 152/L.F.B.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that M. Bakhsh Ullah has been elected a member from Muslim Ward No. 1 of the Municipal Committee, Nakodar in the Jullundur district, *vice* Ch. Fakhar Alam removed.

E. SHEEPSHANKS,

Commissioner, Jullundur Division.

Small Towns.

The 22nd July, 1940.

No. A. XIV.-320/506.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following

general order made by the Town Committee of Lalamusa in Gujrat district, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (o) of section 35 of the said Act, and sanctioned by the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, as required by sub section (1) of section 36 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force from the date of this notification :—

GENERAL ORDER.

1. In this general order—

(a) " Cattle " includes elephants, camels, buffaloes, horses, mares (entire, or gelded) ponies, colts, bullocks, fillies, mules, asses, pigs, rams, ewes, sheep, lambs, goats and kids ;

(b) " important road " means the roads specified in the schedule appended to this general order;

(c) " night time " means half an hour after sun set to half an hour before sun rise.

(d) " vehicle " means a vehicle other than a motor vehicle.

2. No vehicle shall be driven along an important road at night unless it is equipped with lights in the following manner :—

(a) in the case of a bicycle or a tricycle, one light in front and a red reflector at the back ;

(b) in the case of country carts, one light so placed as to be visible both from the front and the back ;

(c) in the case of any other vehicle, two lights visible both from the front and the back and in case the front lights are not visible from behind a third light at the back.

3. No cattle shall be driven along an important road at night unless the person driving them carries a light and if the number of cattle exceeds ten, unless they are accompanied by persons bearing lights in front of and behind the cattle.

SCHEDULE.

1. Grand Trunk Road.
2. Daultnagaar Road.
3. Godown Road.

P. MARSDEN,
Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division.

Committees.

The 19th July, 1940.

No. 131.—In accordance with the directions of the Punjab Government under subsection (3) of section 31 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the following amendments made by the Municipal Committee of Jhang-*cum*-Maghiana, to its business by-laws published with the Commissioner, Multan Division's notification No. 96, dated the 16th November, 1922, having been approved by me as required by subsection (2) of section 31 of the said Act, in exercise of the powers delegated to Commissioners of Divisions under section 32 of the said Act by Punjab Government notification No. 5555, dated the 17th February, 1934, are published for general information and shall come into force from the date of this notification :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. In by-law No. 38 *for* the word " five " *substitute* the word " seven ".

2. In by-law No. 44 *for* the word " five " *substitute* the word " six ".

3. In by-law No. 51 *for* the words " the President and five other members " *substitute* the words ' seven members ".

The 20th July, 1940.

No. 132.—The following amendments made by the Municipal Committee of Kamalia to its by-laws published with the Commissioner, Multan Division, notification No. 156, dated the 17th December, 1934, as subsequently amended by notification No. 18, dated the 28th February, 1936, having been approved, as required by subsection (2) of section 31 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, by the Commissioner, Multan Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to Commissioners of Divisions under section 32 of the said Act by Punjab Government notification No. 5555, dated the 17th February, 1934, are published for information and shall come into force in the Municipality of Kamalia, in the Lyallpur district, from the date of the publication of this notification :—

AMENDMENTS.

"1. In by-law 5 the words " or general " shall be deleted.

2. *For* by-law 32 the following by-law shall be substituted :—

" The following sub-committees shall be appointed and constituted :—

(*i*) Finance Sub-Committee ..	.. 4 members.
(*ii*) Education Sub-Committee ..	.. 4 members.
(*iii*) Lighting and Sanitation Sub-Committee	.. 4 members.
(*iv*) Public Works Sub-Committee ..	.. 4 members.
(*v*) Vehicle Sub-Committee ..	.. 4 members. "

3. After by-law 88 the following new by-law shall be added, namely :—

" 88-A. Fee for the supply of copies of sanctioned plans shall be charged at Re. 1 for an ordinary plan. The President or in his absence the Vice-President or any two members of the Public Works Sub-Committee may fix a higher fee for any copy of a sanctioned plan keeping in view the labour involved in preparing it. "

4. After by-law 92, the following new by-law shall be added, namely :—

" 93. The Civil Surgeon, Lyallpur, may incur expenditure up to Rs. 50 in a month on the purchase of miscellaneous articles, bazar medicines and diet for in-door patients of the Civil Dispensary, Kamalia, out of the permanent advance of the Sub-Assistant Surgeon, Kamalia. "

Small Towns.

The 18th July, 1940.

No. 130.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following general order made by the Town Committee of Kabirwala in the Multan district, in exercise of the power conferred by clause (*f*) of section 35 of the said Act and sanctioned by the Commissioner, Multan Division, as required by subsection (*i*) of section 36 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force from the date of the publication of this notification :—

GENERAL ORDER.

1. No person shall deposit manure, rubbish, dead bodies of animals or offensive matter anywhere within the limits of the town area except in the place or places fixed for these purposes by the town committee.

2. The owner of every animal that dies within the limits of the small town shall within one hour of its death remove the dead-body to the place fixed for this purpose by the town committee.

C. V. SALUSBURY,

Commissioner, Multan Division.

626 CS—1,128—25-7-40—SGPP Lahore.

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No. 31. LAHORE, FRIDAY, AUGUST 2, 1940.

PART I—B.

Notifications by Commissioners.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Committees.

The 24th July, 1940.

No. 472.—In accordance with the provisions of section 242 (1) (*d*) of Act III of 1911 (The Punjab Municipal Act), it is hereby notified that S. Umrao Singh, Rais Manauli, resident of the Civil Lines, Ambala City, is appointed a member of the Notified Area Committee of the Civil Station of Ambala City, in the Ambala district, with effect from the date of this notification, *vice* L. Behari Lal, retired.

Notification no. 439, dated the 7th June, 1940, is hereby cancelled.

J. W. HEARN,

Commissioner, Ambala Division.

Committees.

The 25th July, 1940.

No. A/II/17/79.—In accordance with the provisions of section 15 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, read with Punjab Government notification No. 4, dated the 3rd January, 1912, the Commissioner of the Lahore division is pleased to accept the resignation of Lala Mathra Das Ahooja, Extra Assistant Commissioner, Kasur, of his membership of the Municipal Committee of Khem Karan in the Lahore district.

No. A/II/17/80.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner of the Lahore division has appointed Chaudhri Mahbub Ali Khan,

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Extra Assistant Commissioner, Kasur, to be a member of the Municipal Committee of Khem Karan in the Lahore district, *vice* Lala Mathra Das Ahooja, who has resigned.

The 30th July, 1940.

No. C./II/5/III/81.—In accordance with the provisions of subsection (1) of section 15 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, it is hereby notified that the following person has been elected a member of the District Board of Gujranwala *vice* Chaudhri Nawab Khan, son of Dost Mohammad, of the Gajar Gola, deceased :—

Tahsil.	*Name and residence of Member.*	*Circle.*
Wazirabad	Chaudhri Ghulam Rasul, son of Fateh Ali, of Gajar Gola.	Kot Bhaga.

The 31st July, 1940.

No. 83.—The following rules framed by the Administrator of Lahore Municipality under section 3 of Act XIV of 1879 (The Hackney-Carriage Act) having been confirmed by the Commissioner of the Lahore Division are published for general information and shall come into force within the Lahore Municipality on the 1st day of September, 1940, from which date the rules published with the Commissioner's notification No. 70, dated the 20th September, 1921, as subsequently amended shall be deemed to have been cancelled.

RULES.

1. No hackney-carriage shall be let to hire or taken to ply or offered for hire except under a license granted in that behalf and signed by the Secretary.

2. Every hackney-carriage owner shall obtain a license from the Municipality, and every owner who is a minor under the age of 18 years, or who may be considered by the Secretary of the Municipal Committee to be incapable of satisfactorily discharging the legal responsibilities of an owner, shall appoint an agent in whose name the license shall be given, and such agent shall be responsible for all obligations of an owner under the Act and these rules.

3. Such license shall be issued from the Municipal Office in Form L.-4 of the Municipal Account Code on payment of the fee prescribed in rule 6, and after the carriage and horses have been examined and approved by a Licensing Committee formed of :—

(*i*) The Secretary of the Municipality,

(*ii*) The Assistant Secretary,

(*iii*) A Veterinary Assistant or Veterinary Assistant Surgeon in the employment of the Municipality nominated by the Secretary.

A quorum shall consist of two members.

4. Hackney-carriages shall be of two classes as detailed below :—

First Class.—All hackney-carriages except tumtums and ekkas.

Second Class.—Tumtums and ekkas.

5. Licenses will be granted subject to the following conditions :—

(*i*) All hackney-carriages must be of a standard pattern in accordance with the drawing and specifications for each class approved by the Licensing Committee and filed in the Municipal Office.

(*ii*) The horses used in a hackney-carriage must be of not less than 13 hands in height, not less than 3 years old and in good condition.

(*iii*) The harness, bits, lamps and uniforms of drivers of first class hackney-carriages must be of a standard pattern approved by the Committee mentioned in rule 3 and which pattern approved by the Committee mentioned in rule 3 and which pattern will be maintained in the Municipal Office. No thorn-bits will be permitted, for any class of hackney-carriage.

(*iv*) No licensed hackney-carriage shall be driven except by a driver licensed under these rules.

6. The annual fees for hackney-carriage licenses shall be as follows :—

First class Rs. 12.

Second class Rs. 6.

Provided that no fees will be charged upto March 31st, 1942, for carriages fitted with pneumatic tyres.

7. Hackney-carriages shall be divided into two lots, the first lot being licensed from 1st May to 30th April of the following year and the second lot from 1st October to 30th September of the following year. All licenses issued under this rule shall remain in force for one year.

Licenses shall be liable to revocation or suspension within that time by order of the Secretary, on proof before him that the proprietor or his agent has been guilty of the infringement of any of these rules or has been convicted of any offence under these rules or has allowed his conveyance to be used for immoral purposes or that the conditions on which the license was granted are not fully maintained, provided that the Secretary's order will be subject to appeal within one week to the Administrator.

8. Applications for the renewal of licenses shall be made one month before the expiry of the year of license and the renewed license shall be granted in the same way and by the same authority as provided in rule 3, and on payment of the same fee as for the original license, subject to any alteration made under proper authority.

9. Every hackney-carriage licensed under these rules, and the harness and lamps of such hackney-carriage, shall have the number of the license fixed or painted on them in such place and in such form as the Licensing Committee may determine and the cost of this shall be paid by the owner of the hackney-carriage.

10. Every horse passed as fit for use with a hackney-carriage shall be branded on the hoof and no horse shall be used with a hackney carriage until it has been marked as above. The marks must at all times be legible and distinct and should they at any time become indistinct or illegible the horse must be brought to the Municipal Office to have fresh brand put on.

11. All licenses shall be produced for inspection when required by any Magistrate or Police Officer or by the Secretary or other Officer of the Municipality authorized in this behalf by the Secretary or member of the Licensing Committee or by the hirer.

12. No hackney-carriage shall be employed for carrying a person suffering from either plague, cholera, smallpox or leprosy or the corpse of a person who has died from any of the above diseases, except under the directions of a medical practitioner and any carriage used for such a purpose shall be presented by the owner or driver for disinfection at the Municipal Disinfecting Station, before it is again let to hire or taken to ply, or offered for hire.

13. It shall be lawful for any member of the Licensing Committee or for the Inspector or Assistant Inspector of hackney-carriages or any other official of the Municipality authorized in this behalf in writing by the Secretary to enter any premises in which licensed vehicles, animals, harness and other things used therewith are kept, in order to carry out any of the provisions of these rules.

14. (*i*) No hackney-carriage shall wait for hire except at such places as may be appointed by the Senior Superintendent of Police for this purpose.

(*ii*) No licensed driver shall drive a hackney-carriage along any public streets in search of fares to the inconvenience of other traffic.

(*iii*) At such appointed places the licensed drivers shall rank on the stand for purposes of hire according to the order prescribed by any police officer or by an official of the Municipality deputed by the Secretary for the purpose.

15. The driver or proprietor of a hackney-carriage shall at any time of the day or night be bound to give such carriage on hire to any person demanding the same, unless for good or sufficient reason, the burden of proving which shall be on the driver or proprietor so refusing.

16. The maximum number of persons that may be carried in a hackney-carriage in addition to the driver is three. This will not include children of three years of age and under who shall not be reckoned.

Two children of 12 years and under but over three shall be reckoned as one person.

17. The maximum load inclusive of luggage which may be carried in a hackney-carriage is 8 maunds. Each adult person shall be considered to weigh 1½ maunds and each child of 12 years of age and under, but over 3 years of age 3/4 of a maund.

18. The owner or person in charge of a hackney-carriage shall keep a distinctly printed list of fares in English and Urdu affixed to such carriage in such place as the Committee may direct. If such list is destroyed or defaced another like list shall be forthwith substituted therefor.

19. The fares for hackney-carriages shall be as follows :—

	1st Class.	2nd Class
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
For the first hour or less ..	0 8 0	0 5 0
For each subsequent hour or part of an hour. ..	0 5 0	0 3 0
Special Rates.		
If the hackney-carriage is employed between the hours of 9 P. M. and 5 A. M. in addition to other charges.	0 3 0	0 2 0

NOTE I.—No driver or owner of a hackney-carriage is bound to let to hire his carriage for any place outside Municipal limits except Lahore Cantonment. If any person wishes to take a hackney-carriage to any place outside Municipal or Cantonment limits, the driver or owner is entitled to make special arrangements about the fare to be paid.

NOTE II.—The above fares shall be paid whether the hackney-carriage is being driven or whether it is being detained for the use of the person hiring it.

20. Every licensed vehicle shall at all times while plying for hire carry two lamps properly fitted with candles.

21. Every licensed vehicle shall be restricted to such cab stands as may be deemed proper by the Secretary.

22. Any carriage on being removed from Lahore for a period of more than a month will be struck off from the register of hackney-carriages and must not ply again for hire on its return except under a new licence.

23. No licensed hackney-carriage within Municipal limits shall discontinue plying for more than one week without the written permission of the Secretary. Failure to comply with this rule shall render the licence of such hackney-carriage liable to forfeiture.

24. No person may drive a hackney-carriage without a license. A driver's license shall not be granted to any person under 20 years of age or who is unacquainted with the rules of the road* or who in the opinion of the Secretary, is by reason of any infirmity, incapable or unfit to act as the driver of a hackney-carriage and such license may be granted by the Secretary and shall be liable to revocation or suspension by the Secretary on proof before him that the holder has been guilty of the infringement of any of these rules or is, in the opinion of the Secretary, for reasons to be recorded in writing unfit to act as the driver of a licensed carriage.

All applicants for licenses must produce two passport size photographs of themselves one of which will be affixed to their driving license, and duly attested, and the other will be retained for record in the municipal office.

25. Every licensed driver shall wear while driving a hackney-carriage or plying for hire, a brass badge of a standard pattern on his turban bearing the number of his license and drivers of first class carriages shall also wear the following uniform :—

Khaki drill coat, or in summar a khaki shirt.

Khaki Jodhpur breeches.

Khaki turban.

Leather belt of pattern approved by the Licensing Committee.

26. The fee for a driver's license shall be Rs. 3 per annum.

*NOTE.—*Vide* Municipal Traffic By-laws.

27. Prosecution for any breach of these rules may be instituted by any passenger, Police Officer or Secretary of the Municipal Committee, or Hackney-Carriage Inspector.

28. Hackney-Carriages licensed outside the municipal area shall only bring passengers into Lahore in accordance with the instructions issued from time to time by the Senior Superintendent of Police, otherwise they will be liable to prosecution.

29. Carriages must be brought bi-annually for inspection on dates fixed by the Licensing Committee mentioned in rule 8. Any vehicle found to have deteriorated in quality may be suspended from plying.

30. Where a hackney-carriage is hired out to a private person for a period exceeding one month, the owner of the carriage may, on the written request of such person, which he shall produce, apply to the Secretary, for exemption from compliance with the provisions of these rules, for so long as such hiring may continue. In cases in which the application is granted the owner shall be bound to report to the same authority the termination of the hiring out in question.

31. Any property found in any hackney-carriage not belonging to the owner of the hackney-carriage or the licensed driver shall be deposited at the Town Hall or at any Police Station. The owner of such property on giving a satisfactory proof of ownership to the police or to the Secretary of the Municipal Committee shall be entitled to have the property delivered to him on payment of a fee of Re. 0-8-0 half of which shall be made over to the driver of the tonga in compensation for his trouble.

NOTE—It is laid down in section 7 of the Hackney-Carriage Act, XIV of 1879, that any person breaking any rule made under the Act shall be punished with a fine which may extend to Rs. 50.

General (Gurdwaras).

The 30th July, 1940.

No. 290/9-V/82.—It is hereby notified that Sardar Tega Singh, son of Sardar Gurdit Singh, Jat of Kasel, Tahsil Tarn Taran, District Amritsar, has been elected under section 96 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, a member of the Gurdwara Committee of Jagranwanwala, in the Amritsar District, in the vacancy caused by the death of Sardar Teja Singh, son of Sardar Gurdit Singh.

C. KING,

Commissioner, Lahore Division.

Committees.

The 24th July, 1940.

No. A.-II.-3(1)/507.—In accordance with the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that Mr. A. Hameed, P.C.S., Deputy Commissioner, Attock, has been elected President of the Municipal Committee, Campbellpur, in Attock district, under section 20 of the said Act.

P. MARSDEN,

Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division.

869 CS—1,128—1-8-40—SGPP Lahore.

[illegible]

Registered No. L. [illegible]

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No. 32. LAHORE, FRIDAY, AUGUST 9, 1940.

PART I—B.

Notifications by Commissioners.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Boards.

The 6th August, 1940.

No. 155-L. F. B.—In accordance with the provisions of subsection (1) of section 15 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, it is hereby notified that Chaudhari Bishan Das of village Gahot has been elected a member of the Hoshiarpur District Board for the Gahot constituency, *vice* M. Atma Ram, removed.

Committees.

The 3rd August, 1940.

No. 154/L.F.B.—The following by-laws framed, under clause (*h*) of sub section (1) of section 31 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, by the Municipal Committee, **Ludhiana,** to regulate the duties of the Sanitary Inspector, are published for general information and will be brought into force within the Municipality of **Ludhiana** after six weeks from the date of publication of this notification :—

BY-LAWS.

1. The Sanitary Inspector shall be a servant of the Municipal Committee, and shall work under the direct control and supervision of the Municipal Medical Officer of Health.

2. He shall visit daily the whole of the area under his charge and see that it is kept clean. He shall maintain a diary and enter in it any defects found in sanitation, the steps he has taken to remedy them, and his suggestions to prevent their recurrence. He

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shall also note what has been done to carry out orders issued to him to abate any nuisance, and whether any still persists. He shall submit his diary of each day to the Municipal Medical Officer of Health on the forenoon of the next day.

3. He shall inspect and take care of all sanitary conveniences including latrines, filth receptacles and carts, drains, flushing appliances, sullage tanks, sewage farms, filth depôts, filth godowns, incinerators, and shall inspect and report on all streets, premises licensed under section 121 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, dairies, milk shops, cow-sheds, markets meat shops, all shops dealing in eatables, bakeries, aerated water factories, slaughter-houses, wells, dwelling houses, dhobi ghats.

4. He shall supervise the removal and disposal of all rubbish and excreta, and attend to any other duties of a sanitary nature that may be required of him by the Municipal Committee, or any officer deputed to control and supervise his work.

5. He shall note from time to time on the condition of all sanitary appliances placed in his charge, and submit reports, whenever necessary, for their renewal, repair, retarring and painting.

6. He shall inspect sites and report on all building applications. He shall also inspect houses in the course of erection and report whether the building by-laws in force are being complied with, and the sanctioned plan being followed in respect to sanitary requirements, such as latrines, accommodation, drainage and ventilation.

7. He shall report if any unauthorised encroachments are being made on any public land or on any thoroughfare, and bring to notice any damage done to Municipal property.

8. He shall arrange for the proper registration of births and deaths, and report any omissions which come to his notice. He shall also report any suspected cases, of or deaths from infectious disease, or any undue mortality amongst rats or other animals.

9. He shall carry out disinfection of wells, houses or drains and any other measures considered necessary by the Municipal Medical Officer of Health, in connection with the occurrence of a case of an infectious disease or of a threatened outbreak of such disease.

10. He shall supervise the work of the menial conservancy staff placed under his charge. He shall keep a muster roll of the staff subordinate to him, and shall mark as absent for the day any member of the staff who actually absents himself from duty or who grossly neglects his duty.

11. He shall report cases of unauthorised laying of streets in unbuilt areas within municipal limits.

12. He shall supervise the work of the staff engaged for the watering of streets and roads placed under his charge, and will take care of all watering appliances and will submit reports whenever necessary for their renewal and repairs. He shall also keep record of the petrol, mobile oil, crude oil, kerosine oil, grease and distilled water, consumed for watering of streets and roads.

13. He shall report if any person is carrying on a trade without obtaining a licence for which a licence is issued by the Municipal Committee on the recommendation of the Municipal Medical Officer of Health.

Small Towns.

The 1st August, 1940.

No. 153-L. F. B.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following general order, made by the Town Committee of Palampur in the Kangra district, in exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (*a*) and (*b*) of section 35 of the said Act and sanctioned by the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, as required by subsection (1) of section 36 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force from the date of this notification :—

GENERAL ORDER.

1. No person shall bathe or wash clothes or other articles or animals at a public stand-pipe or hydrant or tamper with or damage a public stand-pipe or hydrant or draw or attempt to draw water from a public stand-pipe or hydrant except by the proper method, or wilfully waste water or suffer water to run to waste from a public stand-pipe or hydrant.

2. (1) No person shall without the written permission of the Committee draw or use water from a public stand-pipe or hydrant or from a private water-supply for a purpose other than a domestic purpose.

Explanation.—For the purpose of this general order water for a domestic purpose shall not be deemed to include water .—

(*a*) for any trade, manufacture or business , or

(*b*) for fountains, swimming baths or for any ornamental or mechanical purpose , or

(*c*) for gardens or for purpose of irrigation , or

(*d*) for watering roads or paths , or

(*e*) for building purposes.

(2) A person permitted to draw or use water under clause (1) for a purpose other than a domestic purpose shall pay for the water consumed at the rate prescribed in paragraph 9 ; provided that if water is so drawn or used from a public stand-pipe or hydrant, the amount of water consumed shall be calculated at the rate of five hundred gallons per hundred cubic feet of material consolidated if the water is used for the consolidation of a road, or at the rate of five hundred gallons per hundred rupees of the value of the building as estimated by the Secretary of the Committee if the water is used for building purposes, unless in either case such person can prove to the satisfaction of the Committee the approximate amount of water actually consumed.

3. Subject to the provisions of paragraph 20 no connection with the committee's mains for a private water-supply and no alteration or extension of any such existing connection shall be made except on the application of the owner of such premises or his recognized agent, who shall be registered as the consumer and shall be responsible for the observance of the general order so far as the connection on his property is concerned.

4. Every application for a connection with the Committee's mains for a private water supply or for the alteration or extension of any such existing connection shall be addressed to the Secretary of the Committee and shall be made on a printed form in Form A, a copy of which may be obtained free of charge from the Committee's office, and on receipt of the application an estimate of the cost of the connection, shall be prepared and forwarded to the applicant.

5. If on receipt of the estimate the applicant wishes to have the connection alterations or extensions carried out, he shall deposit at the office of the Secretary of the Committee the amount of the estimate, and if the connection, alteration or extension is sanctioned by the Committee or the officer authorised by the committee in this behalf the work shall be executed only by Committee's agency or, to such extent as the committee may permit, by a plumber licensed by the Committee in accordance with the Water-supply Regulations contained in the Appendix.

6. The maximum number of private water-supply connections shall not exceed twenty-one and all connections for private water-supply shall be metered.

7. The meter shall be supplied by the Committee and rent shall be charged for it at the rates specified in paragraph 10 and no person shall tamper with the meter in any way ; provided that a member of the Committee's staff may, if authorized by the Committee in this behalf, have access to the meter.

8. No connection for a private water supply shall be provided with a ferrule or connection of more than half an inch in diameter.

9. The registered consumer shall pay each month for water consumed during the previous month at the rate of twelve annas per thousand gallons, provided that for the purpose of calculating the amount so payable any fraction of five hundred gallons less than two hundred and fifty gallons shall be disregarded and any such fraction not less than two hundred and fifty gallons shall be reckoned as five hundred gallons.

10. In addition to the charge specified in paragraph 9, meter rent shall be levied in accordance with the following scale :—

Size of meter.		*Monthly rate.*
3/8 inch	..	eight annas
1/2 inch	..	eight annas

and meter rent shall be charged for the period during which the meter is installed, whether it is in working order or not :

Provided that if the total period for which charge is to be made is not more than fifteen days in any one month, such period shall not be reckoned, and a period of more than fifteen days, but less than one month, shall be reckoned as one month ;

Provided further that no charge shall be made by the Committee for the cost of repair or renewal of a meter unless such repair or renewal has been necessitated by wilful abuse or negligence on the part of the registered consumer.

11. The registered consumer in respect of any metered connection may challenge the correctness of his meter on payment of a fee of four rupees; and if, on examination, the meter is found to record five per cent or more in excess, the fee shall be returned.

12. If in the course of any month a meter is found to be registering not less than five per cent in excess, the consumer shall be entitled to have the charge made to him for consumption of water reduced proportionately for the period from the first day of the month previous to the month in which the fee referred to in paragraph 11 is deposited to the day on which the meter is set right.

13. If in any month the meter of any connection ceases to register or has been removed for repair or renewal, the Committee shall be entitled to charge for that month an amount equal to the average amount levied for the corresponding month of the previous year and the two months preceding such month, or if the connection was not in existence or the supply had been cut off during such period, an amount not less than the amount levied during the month previous to the month in which the meter ceased to register or was removed for repair or renewal.

14. The bill of demand for meter rent and water-supply shall be presented to the consumer by the Secretary of the Committee each month and shall be paid within seven days from the date of presentation of the bill.

Explanation.—For the purpose of this paragraph a bill shall be deemed to have been duly presented if it is presented in the manner prescribed for the service of a notice in section 30 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921.

15. No building or premises shall be supplied with water from the service connection of any other building or premises.

16. No portion of any water connection or of the pipe or main leading to it shall be tampered with by any consumer in any way whatever, whether for the purpose of repair, alteration or any other purpose, except with the written permission of the Committee:

Provided that every consumer shall maintain the taps, pipes, tanks and other fitting inside the premises in water-tight condition.

17. A connection may at any time be cut off at the request of the registered consumer or by order of the Committee for any of the following reasons:—

(*a*) in the interest of the water works;

(*b*) for the purpose of effecting repairs to any part of the water-supply system;

(*c*) if the bill for water supply and meter rent remains unpaid for a period of one month from the date of presentation of the bill to the consumer;

(*d*) in any case where, in the opinion of the President or the Secretary of the Committee or the Municipal Medical Officer of Health, the use of water causes the premises to become insanitary; or

(*e*) in any case where, in the opinion of the President or the Secretary of the Committee or the Municipal Medical Officer of Health, adequate drainage arrangements have not been made for the disposal of waste water.

Explanation.—The cutting off of a connection means merely the closing of the stop cock.

18. Any registered consumer who wishes to close his connection shall give seven days' notice to the Secretary of the Committee and no charge shall be made for water or meter rent after the expiry of the period of the notice.

Explanation.—The closing of a connection means the removal of the meter and the severance of the service pipe from the communication pipe.

19. Any application for restoring a connection which has been closed shall be dealt with as if it were an application for a new connection.

20. If any person, other than the owner of the premises to which a connection has been made or his duly authorized agent wishes to re-open a connection or to keep open a connection which would otherwise be closed he shall enter into an agreement with the Committee undertaking the responsibilities of the registered consumer and shall remain responsible for the connection so long as it remains open and, if the Committee thinks fit, such person may be called upon to deposit a sum of thirty rupees as security for the

cost of water to be supplied and such amount shall be kept in tact and not set off against any money due from such consumer until the connection is closed.

21. Any person who commits a breach of paragraphs 1, 2, 3, 7 and 16 shall on conviction by a Magistrate be punishable with fine which may extend to twenty rupees and if the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to two rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

Form A.

[Paragraph No. 4.]

PALAMPUR TOWN COMMITTEE.

No. dated

Application for a private connection for water-supply from the distribution mains of the Town Committee of Palampur for (give name and particulars of premises to be supplied).

To

THE SECRETARY,

Town Committee, Palampur.

Sir,

I beg to request that a metered supply of water for *__________ purpose may be sanctioned for the premises specified above and that the Town Committee of Palampur will arrange to carry out the work. The particulars of the fittings required are given below.

*Domestic or other than domestic.

2. I undertake to act in respect of the said supply in conformity with the rules and regulations made by the Committee and also with such amended rules and regulations as may be made by the Committee from time to time for the regulation of connections between private premises and the water-supply mains of the Committee.

3. I agree that the Committee shall, with or without notice, have power to close or severe at any time the private service pipe to my premises if it considers it advisable or necessary to do so for any reason whatsoever.

Yours faithfully,

(Signature of the owner, or his recognised agent, of the premises specified above.)

Particulars of private connection.

Approximate length and diameter of service pipe__________

Number and capacity of storage tanks proposed ______ gallons No.______

Number and diameter of the taps______ No.______ diameter.

Diameter of ferrule or connection on distribution main__________

Diameter of stop-tap__________

Diameter of water meter__________

Position of meter and stop-tap and how to be protected __________

Signature__________.

Cost of connection.

______ ferrule or connection complete Rs. ______

______ ft. galvanized water tubing______

______ inches in diameter laid complete Rs. ______

______ stop-tap fixed complete Rs. ______

______ meter installation charges only, including box of cast iron or wrought iron Rs. ______

No.______ bib taps fixed complete Rs. ______

No.______ clamps to walls Rs. ______

No.______ cutting through walls and repairing them Rs. ______

No.______ storage tanks (with ball valves) capacity ______ gallons______ Rs. ______.

Total Rs. ______

Dated

Appendix.

[Paragraph 5.]

Water-supply regulations.

1. All works connected with the making, alteration, extension or repair of private connections shall be carried out by the Committees' agency or, to the extent which the Committee may permit, by a licensed plumber, under the supervision of the Committee's Engineer or other officer appointed for that purpose and all materials required for such work shall be provided by the Committee at the cost of the owner of a private house or his recognized agent.

2. The pipes and fittings of house service connections shall consist of the following sections :—

(*a*) the ferrule or tee connection connecting the communication pipe with the supply pipe, such ferrule to be made of hard brass or gun metal ; and the tee connection to be of galvanised iron:

(*b*) the communication pipe from the ferrule to the stop-cock and the service pipe or pipes from the stop-cock to the storage tanks and taps, such service pipe or pipes to be of galvanized iron, solid drawn or lap welded, of British manufacture and of the strength known as " Water strength";

(*c*) a brass stop-cock of the screw-down pattern having the same waterway as the pipe, such stop-cock to be placed at or near the point of entrance of the service pipe to the premises to be supplied with water or if necessary within such premises for the purpose of shutting off the water and regulating the supply, and to be provided with a cover box of cast iron or wrought iron and furnished with a lock and key, such key to remain under the control of the Committee's Engineer or other officer appointed by the Committee for that purpose ;

(*d*) the taps, which shall, wherever fitted, be of the screw-down pattern with crutch handle ;

(*e*) the meter, which shall, if possible, be placed in the same cover box as that in which the stop-cock is placed, and shall be fixed in a position where it is not liable to injury but can be easily inspected, provided that if the meter is placed in a separate box, the box shall be of cast iron or wrought iron and shall be placed as near to the stop cock as possible in a position where the meter can be conveniently examined and the box shall be fitted with lock and key and the key shall remain under the control of the Committee Engineer, or other officer of the Committee appointed for that purpose ;

(*f*) the storage tanks which shall be of heavy steel plates or reinforced concrete properly covered, and fitted with heavy pattern ball control valve.

3. The number of taps to each private connection and the dimensions of ferrule or tee connection interior pipes and taps for water shall be of the following relative sizes only :—

Diameter or ferrule or tee connection.	DIAMETER OF PIPES INSIDE BUILDING.		Size of taps or cocks.	Number of taps for each ferrule or tee connection.
	Lower floor.	Upper floor.		
3/8"	½"	½"	½"	2*
½"	½"	½"	½"	3
½"	¾"	½"	½"	4

4. All taps, ball valves and fittings for service connections shall be capable of standing a test pressure of three hundred pounds per square inch of water without damage or leakage.

5. All service pipes shall, if possible, be laid not less than 2½ feet below the surface of the ground.

*Details required should be filled in after consulting the Superintending Engineer, Public Health Circle.

6. All pipes and fittings laid above ground shall be securely fastened to a wall or other immovable structure by means of strong wrought iron clamps.

7. No service pipe or fitting shall pass alongside any sullage drain, sewer, latrine, ashpit or soakage pit, and no service pipe shall enter a b uilding through the same opening as gives exit to a sullage drain.

8. No taps shall be fixed at a distance of less than two feet above the surface of the ground.

9. No service pipe shall be connected directly with a boiler for generating steam and every cistern, tank, reservoir or other vessel, which is supplied with water from a service pipe shall have the discharge end of the service pipe or the tap at a distance of not less than six inches above the highest water level of such cistern, tank, reservoir or other vessel, and an overflow arrangement shall be provided whereby it shall be impossible for the water level in such cistern, tank, reservoir or other vessel to rise above the highest water level.

E. SHEEPSHANKS,
Commissioner, Jullundur Division.

(General Gurdwaras.)

The 7th August, 1940.

No. 290/9-V./84.—It is hereby notified that in accordance with the provisions of section 96 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, Sardar Atma Singh, Risaldar, son of Sardar Nihal Singh, village and post office Jhabal Kalan, district Amritsar, has been nominated by the Shiromani Gurdwara Parbandhak Committee, Amritsar, to be a member of the Committee of Management for Gurdwara Bibi Viro Ji Da Asthan, in the Amritsar District, shown at serial No. 54 of schedule 1 of the said Act, in the vacancy caused by the death of Sardar Amar Singh and the failure of the constituency to elect a member at the ensuing by-election.

No. 290/9-V./85.—It is hereby notified that the following persons are declared to have been elected by the constituency mentioned in the last column of the schedule below to be members of the Committee of Management constituted under the provisions of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, for the Gurdwara mentioned in the first column of the said schedule ;—

SCHEDULE.

Name of Gurdwara.	No. and date of notification declaring the Gurdwara as a Sikh Gurdwara.	Names and addresses of the candidates elected.	Constituency for the election of the Committee of Management.
Dharmsala Kham ..	266-G., dated the 22nd October, 1931.	1. Sardar Mangal Singh, son of Sardar Mit Singh, Village and Post Office Miran Kot Kalan, District Amritsar. 2. Sardar Maghar Singh, son of Sardar Lal Singh, Zimindar, Village and Post Office Miran Kot Kalan, District Amritsar.	Patti Miran Kot of the revenue estate of Miran Kot Kalan.

No. 290/9-V./86.—It is hereby notified that in accordance with the provisions of section 87 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, Sardar Mula Singh, son of Sardar Jowala Singh, Village and Post Office Miran Kot Kalan, Tahsil and District Amritsar, has been nominated by the Shiromani Gurdwara Parbandhak Committee, Amritsar, to be the fifth member of the Committee of Management for Gurdwara Dharamsala Kham in the Amritsar District. The Committee of this Gurdwara is, therefore, duly constituted under section 88 (3) of the said Act.

C. KING,
Commissioner, Lahore Division.

Panchayats.

The 2nd August, 1940.

No. O.XIV-J.-89/508.—*Corrigendum.*—In Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division's notification No. O.XIV.-J.-89/316, dated the 3rd April, 1940, for the words " Pind Dadan Khan Tahsil " *substitute* " Chakwal Tahsil ".

P. MARSDEN,

Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division.

Committees.

The 3rd August, 1940.

No. 133.—In the matter of the election petition presented on the 6th November, 1939, by M. Mehr Din, a defeated candidate from Ward No. IV against the election of M. Shahab Din as a member of the Municipal Committee of Chak Jhumra in the Lyallpur District.

The Commissioner, Multan Division, having received the report of the Commission appointed to hold the inquiry on the election petition described above, is hereby pleased to dismiss the petition and declare that M. Shahab Din has been duly elected as a member of the said Municipal Committee. The Commissioner is pleased further to order that the petitioner M. Mehr Din shall pay the respondent, M. Shahab Din, the sum of rupees one hundred and fifty on account of costs.

These orders are notified in pursuance of the provisions of section 255 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911.

Small Towns.

The 3rd August, 1940.

No. 134.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following general order made by the Town Committee of Kabirwala in the Multan district, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*m*) of section 35 of the said Act and sanctioned by the Commissioner, Multan Division, as required by subsection (1) of section 36 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force from the date of publication of this notification :—

GENERAL ORDER.

1. No person shall erect or re-erect or begin to erect or re-erect any building within the limits of the Small Town of Kabirwala, without the previous sanction of the Town Committee.

2. Every person who intends to erect or re-erect any building within the said limits, shall give notice in wriring to the President of the Town Committee of such intention and such notice shall be accompanied by a plan in duplicate on tracing cloth showing :—

(a) in the case of a new building the site or in the case of a building to be re-erected, the position of the existing building ;

(*b*) the general nature of the foundations and structure, including, when the building consists of more stories than one, the height of each story and the number of such stories ;

(*c*) the means of light, ventilation and drainage ;

(*d*) the name of the street or streets, if any, upon which the building abuts.

3. The Town Committee shall sanction or refuse to sanction the erection or re-erection of any building in respect of which a notice has been given in accordance with clause 2 of this general order, within two months from the date of receipt of such notice by the President.

If no orders are communicated to the persons giving the notice, within the said period of two months, it shall be presumed that the sanction applied for has been accorded.

4. Any person committing a breach of this general order will render himself liable to the penalties specified in section 38 of the Small Towns Act, 1921.

C. V. SALUSBURY,

Commissioner, Multan Division.

704 CS—1,129—8-8-40—SGPP Lahore.

Registered No. L. 88.

The Government Gazette, Punjab.

Published by Authority.

No. 33. LAHORE, FRIDAY, AUGUST 16, 1940.

PART I—B.

Notifications by Commissioners.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

General (Gurdwaras).

The 8th August, 1940.

No. 156-L. F. B.—It is hereby notified that the candidate named in column 3 of the schedule below has been elected by the constituency mentioned in column 4 of the schedule to be a member of the Committee to be constituted under the provisions of Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, for the Gurdwara specified in column 2 of the schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

No. and date of the notification declaring the Gurdwara to be a Sikh Gurdwara under section 9/17 of the Act.	Name of Gurdwara.	Name and address of the candidate elected.	Constituency for election of committee of management.
1	2	3	4
18-G., dated the 1st March, 1935	Guru Bhag Singh..	Randhir Singh, son of Chandu Lal, Khatri of Rahon, Tahsil Nawanshahr, District Jullundur, *vice* S. Jwala Singh, deceased.	Revenue estate of Urapar.

E. SHEEPSHANKS,

Commissioner, Jullundur Division.

CGP

Small Towns.

The 9th August, 1940.

No. A-XIV-59-E./509.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub section (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following general order made by the Town Committee of Fatehjang, in the Attock District; in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*q*) of section 35 of the said Act, and sanctioned by the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, as required by section 36 (1) of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force from the date of publication of this notification :—

GENERAL ORDER.

1. In this General Order the word " vehicle " means a vehicle other than a motor vehicle.

2. No person less than 14 years of age shall drive a vehicle drawn by an animal or animals.

3. No person shall take a vehicle loaded with bricks, kankar, earth, stone, metal, or other loose material along any public road or street unless the cart is protected on all sides by boards or other material and the load near the sides shall not be higher than six inches below the top of the sides.

4. No person shall take an elephant along any street without the previous sanction in writing of the Superintendent of Police.

5. No person in charge of a vehicle shall take it or any part of it over any footpath or tan ride reserved for padestrians or equestrians or over any grass plots along the sides of a road ; and no person riding or leading an animal shall take such animal over any footpath reserved for pedestrians or over any grass plot along the sides of a road.

6. The use on vehicles of bulb-horns, klaxon-horns or other similar warning contrivances ordinarily employed on motor vehicles is prohibited.

7. The driver of a vehicle shall obey all directions given, whether by signal or otherwise, by a Police officer controlling traffic.

8. No person in charge of a licensed vehicle plying for hire shall, when waiting for passengers, stop the vehicle anywhere in a street except at a stand allotted for the purpose by the Committee.

9. No person when riding a bicycle on any street or in any public place shall sit on any part of the bicycle except on the ordinary saddle, nor shall he carry any other person on the same bicycle.

10. No vehicle shall be driven along a public road or street during the period from half an hour after sunset to half an hour before sunrise unless it is supplied with lights in the following manner :—

(*a*) in the case of a bicycle or tricycle one light in front and red reflector at the back ;

(*b*) in the case of country carts, one light so placed as to be visible both from the front and the back ; and

(*c*) in the case of any other vehicles two lights visible both from the front and the back and in case the front lights are not visible from behind a third light at the back.

11. No person riding a bicycle shall permit it to be towed by any vehicle drawn by any animal or animals or propelled by mechanical means.

12. No person other than a person riding or leading an animal shall use the tan rides.

13. The galloping of animals on the tan rides is prohibited.

14. Any of the following classes of traffic may be prohibited either absolutely or during such hours as may be notified by the Committee in this behalf, on any road within the limits of the small town :—

(*i*) country carts ;

(*ii*) ekkas ;

(*iii*) hand carts;

(*iv*) horses out on exercise;

(*v*) laden animals;

except when actually crossing or proceeding to houses or shops which cannot be reached by any other road.

15. The person in charge of a vehicle, shall, if signalled to do so, stop it at the tax or toll barrier by which he enters or leaves the tax or toll limits for the purpose of allowing the officer or staff of the tax or toll department to realize the tax or toll or to examine the contents of the vehicle.

16. All vehicles shall observe the rules of the road, that is they shall pass traffic which is proceeding in the opposite direction on the left and traffic which is proceeding in the same direction on the right.

17. *Overtaking.*—A slower moving vehicle may be overtaken provided that—

(*a*) the act of overtaking will not hold up, inconvenience or endanger other traffic proceeding in either direction;

(*b*) the overtaking is not done in the vicinity of a blind corner, a Police Constable on point duty, or a turning to the right, or when the road is not clearly visible ahead;

(*c*) the vehicle sought to be overtaken is not itself attempting to overtake another vehicle.

18. *Turning.*—(1) (*a*) The driver of a vehicle shall slow down and make the appropriate signals before making any turnings.

(*b*) The speed at which any vehicle may be driven round any corner shall be such that there is no danger of skidding or over turning and such that the turning vehicle can be kept on the left hand side of the road without difficulty.

(2) In making a turning from a side road into a main road—

(*a*) (if the turning is to the right) the driver of the vehicle shall slow down, and if necessary stop until the main road is sufficiently clear to enable him to take the turning in safety;

(*b*) (if the turning is to the left) the driver of the vehicle shall keep to the extreme left, and not hold up, inconvenience or endanger other traffic in making such turning.

(3) In making a turn from a main road to a side road—

(*a*) (if the turning is to the right) the driver of the vehicle shall draw to the middle of the road, slow down and if necessary stop until the road on the right is sufficiently clear to enable him to take the turning in safety;

(*b*) (if the turning is to the left) the driver of the vehicle shall keep to the extreme left and not hold up, inconvenience or endanger other traffic when making such turning

When two roads meet and it is doubtful which of the two is the main road, special caution should be observed by all drivers.

When turning round a blind corner, the driver of the vehicle shall slow down give a warning in an audible manner, keep to the left and be on the look out for pedestrians, any obstacle on the road or traffic proceeding in either direction.

19. *Cross roads.*—When passing cross roads, the driver of a vehicle shall slow down, give a warning in an audible manner, and be on the look out for pedestrians or raffic crossing his path.

20. A clear road shall be no justification for lack of vigilance. The driver of a vehicle shall at all times be on the look out for pedestrians or traffic coming on the road unexpectedly.

21. The driver of a vehicle shall always allow sufficient room for other vehicles going in either direction to pass him with safety and without difficulty.

22 The driver of a vehicle shall not slow down or stop in any public place without making the appropriate signal.

23. When a vehicle is halted, it shall be drawn up either off the road or as near as possible to the extreme left of the road. No vehicle shall remain halted where it is

liable to cause danger or inconvenience to other traffic ; as for example on the blind side of a corner.

24. The driver of a vehicle plying for hire shall not carry in the vehicle more than :—

(*a*) (in the case of a tonga or tum-tum) five passengers including himself, or ten maunds of goods ;

(*b*) (in the case of cart drawn by two animals) 35 maunds of goods ;

(*c*) (in the case of a cart drawn by one animal) 15 maunds of goods.

No. A.-XIV.-59-E./510.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following general order made by the Town Committee of Fatehjang in the Attock district, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*p*) of section 35 and clause (*d*) of section 41 of the said Act and sanctioned by the Commissioner of Rawalpindi Division, as required by subsection (1) of section 36 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force from the date of publication of this notification :—

GENERAL ORDER.

1. No person shall manufacture or prepare for sale any milk, curds, sweetmeats bread, meat or ærated waters except in premises licensed by the Town Committee in this behalf.

2. No. premises shall be licensed for the manufacture or preparation for sale of milk, curds, sweetmeats, bread, meat or aerated water :—

(*a*) unless they have a floor made of burnt bricks, cement or other impervious materials ;

(*b*) unless the walls are properly plastered and lime-washed ;

(*c*) unless they are provided with adequate light and ventilation to the satisfaction of the President of the Town Committee ; or the Secretary or the District Medical Officer of Health appointed for this purpose ;

(*d*) unless they are provided with a drain and the whole floor is so sloped as to allow all liquid to flow off by the drain ;

(*e*) if there is any direct communication between the premises and any room used as a sleeping room ;

(*f*) if there is any latrine, cesspool, cowshed, stable or other place within fifty feet of the premises which in the opinion of the President renders it undesirable that such premises should be used for the manufacture or preparation for sale of milk, curds, sweetmeats, bread, meat or aerated waters.

3. No person shall sell any milk, curds, sweetmeats, bread, meat or aerated waters except in premises licensed by the Town Committee in this behalf, except a person to whom a hawker's licence has been issued.

4. No premises shall be licensed for the sale of milk, curds, sweetmeats, bread meat or aerated waters unless arrangements are made to protect the above-mentioned articles from flies by means of wire-gauze or cloth.

5. Subject to the provisions paragraphs 2, 4 and 5 licences for premises for the manufacture or preparation for sale of milk, curds, sweetmeats, bread, meat or aerated waters shall be issued by the President or the Secretary in form S. T. P. appended to this order on the application of the owner or occupier of such premises and shall be granted subject to the conditions specified in form S. T. P. as the conditions subject to which the licence is granted.

6. Licences issued in accordance with paragraph 3, shall be current for not more than 12 months and shall in any case terminate on the 31st March immediately succeeding the date of issue.

7. On the breach of any of the conditions of the licence by the licensee or his agent, the Town Committee may forthwith cancel the licence and the licensee shall be entitled to no compensation on account of such cancellation.

8. Licences issued under paragraph 3 shall be granted on a payment of a fee of Rs. 2 per annum.

SMALL TOWN COMMITTEE, FATEHJANG.

Form S. T. P.

Licence for premises for the manufacture or preparation for sale of ____________ issue under paragraph 3 for licensing premises.

The premises of which a de cription is given in the attached schedule, situated in (name of street, ward etc.) are hereby licensed for the manufacture or preparation for sale of ____________.

This licence is granted to $\frac{\text{owner}}{\text{occupier}}$ of the said premises subject to the following conditions :—

(1) That he shall not employ or permit to be employed in the manufacture or preparation for sale of ____________ any person suffering from any contagious or infectious disease or from loathsome sores or who has recently been attending on any person so suffering and that he shall not suffer, any such person or any animal to enter or remain upon the licensed premises.

(2) That he shall daily cause to be thoroughly washed and cleansed the floor and drain of the licensed premises and every bench, counter, table, shelf or other place on which the articles manufactured or prepared for sale and any material used in such manufacture or preparation for sale are kept.

(3) That he shall cause the walls of the licensed premises to be properly lime-washed at least twice a year and more often if so required by the President of the committee.

(4) That he shall not spit or smoke or suffer any other person to spit or smoke within the licensed premises.

(5) That he shall not keep or suffer to be kept in the licensed premises any bedding, soiled clothes or other things not required for the manufacture or preparation for sale of ____________.

(6) That he shall permit the President, Secretary or Medical Officer of Health of the town committee authorized in this behalf at all reasonable times and without notice to inspect the licensed premises.

(7) That he shall keep all vessels, receptacles, utensils, and other things used for the purpose in a state of thorough cleanliness, and that he shall daily cause to be thoroughly washed and cleansed the floors, drains and every bench, counter, table, shelf or other materials used in the process of manufacture.

(8) That he shall duly pay to the town committee the fee that may from time to time be imposed under section 41 of the Punjab Small Towns Act.

(For articles other than vegetables.)

(9) That he shall take such measures as may be required by the President to protect articles of food from flies by means of wire-gauze.

(For meat only.)

(10) That the wooden boards for cutting meat be covered with a zinc sheet.

(11) That no meat be exposed for sale which has been blown out, artificially stuffed nor the flesh of any animal which had died from any disease or other natural cause, nor any meat which is decayed or in a rotten condition.

(12) That no waste-meat, trimmings, bones, refuse or offensive matter be thrown into the public street.

(For milk only.)

(13) That no milk be exposed for sale that is mixed with water.

(For aerated water and bread only.)

(14) That he shall not use any water obtained from a source and conveyed to the premises in a manner not approved by the President, Secretary or Medical Officer of Health of town committee authorized in that behalf.

No. A.-XIV.-68/511.—In accordance with the provisions of section 4 (3) of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the following persons have been elected, under section 8 of the said Act, members of the Town Committee of Makhad in the Attock district, in accordance with the rules made in that behalf by the local Government :—

Ward No.		*Name of the member elected.*
I	..	Dr. Tirath Ram, son of Ram Lal.
II	..	M. Abdullah, son of Mohd. Sadiq.
III	..	Mian Mohd. Musa, son of Mian Mohd. Azam.
IV	..	S. Ahmad Shah, son of Abdullah Shah.
V	..	M. Abdul Karim, son of Nur Mohd.

P. MARSDEN,

Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division.

Registered No. L. 361.



The Government Gazette, Punjab.

Published by Authority.

No. 34. LAHORE, FRIDAY, AUGUST 23, 1940.

PART I—B.

Notifications by Commissioners.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

(General Gurdwaras).

The 15th August, 1940.

No. 157-L. F. B.—It is hereby notified that the candidate named in column 3 of the schedule below has been nominated by the Shiromani Gurdwara Parbandhak Committee, Amritsar, under section 96 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, to be a member of the Committee constituted under the provisions of the Act, for the Gurdwara specified in column 2 of the Schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

No. and date of the notification declaring the Gurdwara to be a Sikh Gurdwara under section 9/17 of the Act.	Name of Gurdwara.	Name and address of the member nominated.	Constituency for the election of the Committee of Management.
1	2	3	4
22-G., dated the 26th February, 1934.	Dharamsala ..	Master Chanchal Singh, son of S. Bhagwan Singh, village Mahilpur, Tahsil Garhshankar, District Hoshiarpur, *vice* S. Raghunandan Singh, deceased.	Revenue estate of Mahilpur, Tahsil Garhshankar, District Hoshiarpur.

E. SHEEPSHANKS,

Commissioner, Jullundur Division.

(General Gurdwaras).

The 14th August, 1940.

No. 290/11-II/87.—It is hereby notified that Sardar Karam Singh, son of Sardar Arjan Singh, Mianapura, Sialkot City, has been elected under section 96 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, a member of the Committee of Management of the Gurdwaras Nos. 82—85 of Schedule I of the said Act, in the vacancy caused by the resignation of Sardar Jiwan Singh, son of Sardar Jawahar Singh.

C. KING,

Commissioner, Lahore Division.

Small Towns.

The 16th August, 1940.

No 135.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following addendum made by the Town Committee of Lalian, in the Jhang district, to the General Order published with the Commissioner's notification No. 107, dated the 16th August, 1935, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*a*) of section 35 of the said Act, having been sanctioned by the Commissioner of the Multan Division, as required by subsection (1) of section 36 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force from the date of the publication of this notification:—

ADDENDUM.

After paragraph 5 of the General Order the following new paragraph shall be added, namely :—

" 6. (*i*) Should the Town Committee consider that there are no proper means of drainage of the waste water discharged from an existing tube-well, and that the disposal of the waste water from any such tube-well is detrimental to the health of the public the committee shall by notice served on the owner or owners of the said tube-well, require the said owner or owners to comply with the provisions of paragraphs 1, 2, 3 and 4 of this General Order.

(*ii*) After the service of such notice on the owner or owners of any tube-well in exsitence on the date of the enforcement of this General Order, the provisions of paragraphs 1, 2, 3 and 4 of the General Order shall apply to such tube-well in the same manner as to a tube-well constructed after the promulgation of the General Order."

C. V. SALUSBURY,

Commissioner, Multan Division.

774 CS—1 129—22-8-40—

Registered No. L. 864.

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No. 35. LAHORE, FRIDAY, AUGUST 30, 1940.

PART I—B.

Notifications by Commissioners.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Boards.

The 22nd August, 1940.

No. 473.—In accordance with the provisions of section 11 of the District Board Act, 1883, and in partial modification of notification No. 55-Bds., dated the 6th of July, 1935, it is hereby notified that the following person has been elected a member of the District Board, Rohtak, *vice* Ch. Sher Singh of Beri, whose election was declared void in Punjab Government notification No. 884-L. G.-38/13519, dated the 4th April, 1938 :—

Serial No.	*Tahsil.*	*Name and address of member.*	*Circle.*
26	.. Jhajjar ..	Ch. Ram Saran *alias* Ram Singh of Majra (Dubaldhan).	Beri.

J. W. HEARN,

Commissioner, Ambala Division.

Small Towns.

The 24th August, 1940.

No. 158-L. F. B.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following General Order made by the Town Committee of Mukerian, in the Hoshiarpur district, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*p*) of section 35 of the said Act, and sanctioned by the Commissioner of the Jullundur Division, as required by subsection (1) of section 36 of the said Act, is published

GGP

for general information and shall come into force from the date of this notification :—

GENERAL ORDER.

1. No person shall sell vegetable ghee or articles made thereof within the town limits except in premises licensed by the town committee in this behalf.

2. Vegetable ghee shall not be sold mixed with ordinary ghee.

3. Licences for premises for the sale of vegetable ghee or articles made thereof shall be issued by the President of the Committee in Form "A" appended to this General Order to persons applying for them subject to the conditions laid down in that form.

4. Such fee as may be imposed by the Committee from time to time under section 41 (1) (*d*) of the Punjab Small Towns Act, with the approval of the Commissioner, shall be charged for each licence.

5. Licenses issued shall be current, for not more than twelve months and shall in any case terminate on the 31st of March, immediately succeeding the date of issue.

Form A.

TOWN COMMITTEE, MUKERIAN.

LICENCE FOR PREMISES FOR THE SALE OF VEGETABLE GHEE OR ARTICLES MADE THEREOF ISSUED UNDER CLAUSE 3 OF THE GENERAL ORDER PUBLISHED WITH NOTIFICATION NO. 158-L.F.B., DATED 24TH AUGUST, 1940, ISSUED BY THE COMMISSIONER OF THE JULLUNDUR DIVISION.

The premises of which a description is given in the attached schedule situated in (name of street, ward, etc.) are hereby licensed for the sale of vegetable ghee or articles made thereof.

The licence is granted to the owner/occupier of the said premises on the following conditions :—

(1) That he shall not sell natural ghee or articles made thereof in the licensed premises.

(2) That he shall put a sign-board in a conspicuous position in front of the licensed premises with the following words printed thereon in bold type in English, Urdu and Hindi script :—

"Only Vegetable Ghee Or Articles Made Thereof Are Sold Here".

(3) That the licensed premises shall be open to inspection by the member or members of the Town Committee specially appointed for the purpose.

E. SHEEPSHANKS,

Commissioner, Jullundur Division.

Ferries.

The 23rd August, 1940.

No. H./II/7-II/1/90.—In exercise of the powers conferred on him by section 12 of the Northern India Ferries Act, 1878, as subsequently amended, the following rules have been made by the Commissioner, Lahore Division, for the regulation of public ferries in the area subject to the authority of the District Board of Sialkot and shall come into force with effect from the date of publication of this notification in supersession of the existing rules on the subject :—

RULES.

1. When a boat bridge is provided with a double roadway passengers, conveyances or animals crossing the bridge must use the roadway on the left side looking in the direction in which they are going.

2. When a boat bridge has only a single roadway the person incharge of the bridge and his subordinates shall control the traffic so as to prevent men, conveyance or animals travelling in one direction entering upon any section of the bridge while it is being used by traffic travelling in the opposite direction.

3. Boat bridge shall be opened free of charge for the passage of boats and rafts at least once daily for a period of not less than one hour.

4. The District Board may either keep the ferries and boat bridges under its own management, or may arrange to lease the collection of tolls for any period:—

(*a*) not exceeding one year with the sanction of the District Magistrate ; or

(*b*) not exceeding 5 years with the sanction of the Commissioner of the Division.

No boat bridge or ferry may be leased for more than 5 years at one time without the sanction of the Local Government.

5. The leases shall be sold by public auction at such place and time, but not later than 15th March, in the financial year preceding that to which the leases to be sold relate. Due publicity shall be given of the place and time of sale. The Vice-Chairman of the District Board may withdraw any or all of the leases from auction if the bid or bids made appear to him inadequate, or for any other sufficient reason.

6. The sale shall be conducted by the Secretary or by some other person appointed for this purpose by the Vice-Chairman of the District Board. All bids shall be recorded with his own hand by the officer conducting the sale.

7. The officer conducting the sale shall, on application made in writing before the sale, inform intending purchasers of the tolls of the terms on which the lease is to be held, and so far as possible furnish, if desired, other particulars likely to effect the value of the lease.

8. If a lease is cancelled or surrendered and it is proposed again to lease the tolls, they shall, on such date as the Vice-Chairman may appoint, be sold for the remainder of the current financial year. The new lease shall begin from such date as the Vice-Chairman may fix; and in other respects rules 4 to 7 shall apply to the sale.

9. Any purchaser whose bid is accepted by the Vice-Chairman will be required to pay in advance the amount of the rent payable for 2 months of the period for which the tolls are leased and to pay the rent due for each month immediately on the expiration of that month credit being given for the sum deposited in advance against the rent for the last 2 months of the period. If it is considered necessary for the protection of the revenue, security to the extent of the rent payable for six months may also be required.

10. No bids shall be accepted from persons not residents in British territory, or from an independent Chief, or the servant or subject of such chief without the sanction of the Commissioner of the division.

11. The purchaser of a lease shall not be at liberty to transfer it or to underlet any ferry without the permission in writing of the Vice-Chairman.

12. The Vice-Chairman may order the tolls of a group of ferries to be sold together if, with reference to their situation, he considers this necessary to prevent competition for the traffic. In the absence of such direction, the tolls of each ferry shall be put up to sale separately.

13. After the prescribed advance has been paid, a written lease shall be given to the lessees of the tolls specifying the period for which the lease has been granted, the amounts and dates of instalments to be paid, whether the leasee is responsible for providing the boats and their equipment and for maintainiug the prescribed crew, or only for the collections of the tolls and if the boatmen are paid by a share in the collection what share they are entitled to receive. The lessee shall execute a counterpart agreement containing the same particulars, and an undertaking to observe all rules in force, or which may be brought into force during the currency of his lease, under section 12 of the Northern India Ferries Act, 1878, so far as they relate to his duties.

14. The lessee shall report to the Vice-Chairman the name of any agent whom he may appoint to collect the tolls and to discharge any duties incumbent upon him at any ferry, and the dismissal or transfer of any such agent, before the expiration of the lease.

15. If the lessee is responsible for providing the boats and their equipment he shall be required to take over at a valuation to be approved by the District Board, all boats and their equipments, and all other material and appliances used by his predecessor for the purposes of the ferry, if in good condition and suitable for the purpose, and not in excess of what is required for the proper working of the ferry.

16. If the lessee is not required to provide the boats and equipment, he shall pay for the service of the boats and boatmen such share of the gross collections from tolls or other remuneration as may be customary, or as the District Board may have determined before sale of the lease.

17. The District Board shall determine for each ferry, the traffic of which is conveyed by boats, the number and kinds of such boats to be maintained and their dimensions and equipment, the number of the crew to be maintained for each boat, and whether the owner of the boat or the lessee is to be responsible for the presence of the crew and the maintenance of the boats in proper condition, and, in the former case, what share of the collections or other remuneration the boatmen and the owners of the boats shall be entitled to receive from the lessee; the hours during which the boats shall be bound to ply and if necessary the maximum intervals to be allowed, within those hours between the departure of one boat from the bank and that of the following boat from the same bank and the number of passengers, animals and vehicles, and the bulk and weight of other cargo which may be carried by each kind of boat on one trip. The order given on these points shall be reported to the Commissioner of the division, and shall be subject to his approval, and may for sufficient reason be varied from time to time with hiss anction.

18. At all ferries which are used by cattle or conveyances, suitable platforms shall be provided at the landing places to prevent danger to life or property.

19. It shall be the duty of the District Board to bring to the notice of the Magistrate of the district any circumstances which render special police arrangements

necessary at any ferry under its management for the prevention of crime and the preservation of the peace, and the salary of any police force posted at a ferry for such purpose shall be paid by the District Board.

20. No boat shall ply on any ferry unless the owner has taken out for it a licence yearly from the District Board commencing from the date of commencement of the lease of the tolls. In granting licences, preference shall be given to adult male members of the families of the preceding year's owners of boats. The licence shall state (*a*) the permanent number of the boat, (*b*) the name of the owner and (*c*) the sanctioned maximum load, and the charge for issuing this licence shall be Re. 1 per licence, or in the case of change of ownership, annas 8 only. Duplicate copies of this licence may be had for annas 8. Licences shall be affixed in conspicuous places in the boats. The permanent number of the boat shall be painted white on a conspicuous place. No boat shall be licensed unless it is serviceable and possesses the equipment prescribed in these rules and in any orders passed under rule 17. Each boat shall carry a board on which shall be painted :—

(*a*) the sanctioned tolls,
(*b*) the prescribed load,
(*c*) any information which the Chairman may prescribe.

21. The sanctioned load of a boat shall not exceed the amount prescribed in the licence which shall be in accordance with the orders passed under rule 17.

22. (*i*) If the owner of any licensed boat causes or permits it to ply on any ferry—

(*a*) in an unserviceable condition,
(*b*) without the equipment prescribed under these rules,
(*c*) without the full complement of men prescribed under these rules,
(*d*) by any person not licensed as a boatman under these rules or otherwise unqualified,
(*e*) with a load in excess of that prescribed under these rules, or

(*ii*) if the owner of any licensed boat without reasonable cause—

(*a*) neglects to maintain it in serviceable condition and with the prescribed equipment ;
(*b*) neglects or refuses to cause it to ply for the convenience of the public ;
(*c*) otherwise commits a breach of these rules, he shall, in addition to any penalty under section 23 of this Act be liable to have his licence suspended or cancelled by the Vice-Chairman or Secretary of the District Board.

23. The owner of any boat whose licence is suspended or cancelled shall for the time of suspension or cancellation forfeit to the District Board all share of his earnings of the gross collections of the ferry.

24. No boatman shall ply in, or be placed in charge of a boat on any ferry if he is blind, crippled, infirm or suffering from any infectious or contagious disease and unless he has received a licence from the District Board. This licence shall be issued by the District Board to qualified boatmen on payment of annas 4 yearly.

25. Any boatman who commits any breach of these rules or who without sufficient cause refuses to ply his boat for the convenience of the public or without giving a week's notice, ceases to work without giving a substitute, shall, in addition to any penalty provided by section 23 of the Act be liable to the suspension or cancellation of his licence by the Vice-Chairman or Secretary of the District Board.

26. Each ferry shall be technically inspected by the District Engineer at least twice a year.

27. Once a year during the month of February the District Board shall submit to the District Magistrate a report showing—

(*a*) the number of times the ferry has been technically inspected by the District Engineer, during the year ;
(*b*) whether at each inspection the District Engineer has found the number of boats sufficient, the condition of the boats up to the required standard of safety, and the number of boatmen employed, adequate ;
(*c*) whether the District Engineer has found over-crowding of the boats by passengers to be prevalent ; and
(*d*) information on any other points which the District Magistrate may consider necessary.

Orders under rule 17 of the rules under section 12 of the Northern India Ferries Act, 1878, as amended by Acts, XX of 1883 and III of 1886, for the regulation of the public ferries in the Sialkot District.

1. *Number of boats to be maintained at each ferry*—

Name of ferry.	Number of Boats.		
	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.
Pul	—	3	1
Khoja Chak	..	—	5
Beli	..	2	—
*Bhag	..	..	1
*Bains	..	..	1
*Jogh	..	..	1
*Gadial	..	1	—
Gangwal	..	2	—
†Ghazipur	—	..	1
†Gangwal (Minor)	—	..	1
*Khano Bhao	3	..	—
Branch Tawi	..	..	1
Sikka Bela	3	—	..
Kurri	6	..	..
Mari	3	4	...
Kulluwal	5	4	1
Bakhariali	2	2	1
Randhir	3	3	

*Boats at these ferries will be required to remain only when the streams are flowing, when not used at the places named, they must stand at the nearest ferry or where ordered.

†One or two boats as required to be sent to Khano Bhao, when they can be spared from the smaller ferries.

Boats at Bramtial, Sir, Chak Santhal and Chhanni Dheru will be required only when the river rises and the streams are not fordable and will be supplied from Pul and Khoja Chak ferries as directed.

2. *Kinds of boats and their dimensions.*—All boats to be the usual flat bottomed kind of the following dimensions:—

1st class boat .. 42 feet long by 10 feet wide.
2nd class boat .. 39 " by 9 "
3rd class boat .. 36 " by 7 "

A difference in measurements up to a limit of 4 inches may in some cases be admitted.

3. *Equipment for each boat.*—Each boat shall at all times be supplied with good fresh bedding of straw dib or kahi, and shall be equipped as follows:—

1 Rudder or Sakhwan.
1 Chappa or Oar.
3 Strong munj ropes (1 spare).
6 Strong bamboo poles (2 spare) in a first class boat, 4 in a 2nd class, 3 in 3rd class.
1 Trough for boiling water.

4. *Number of boatmen to be maintained.*—During the months of May, June, July, August and September there shall be always present with each boat 4 strong boatmen and during the remaining months of the year 2 boatmen except that for 3rd class boats there shall be 3 boatmen instead of 4.

5. *Responsibility for maintenance of crew and for keeping boats in proper condition.*—The owners of boats shall be held responsible for the proper number of boatmen being at all times present and for the maintenance of boats in proper condition. In the event of a boat not being in a fit condition to ply the owner shall be given notice by the Secretary to have the boat repaired within a period to be clearly specified. Should the boat not be put into a state to ply within the time specified in the notice, the Secretary may make necessary arrangements for another boat.

An agreement to be taken from the owners for the due performance of their obligations.

6. *Share of collections to be paid to owners and boatmen and lessees.*—The share of the boatmen and owners of boats shall be 2/3rd of the gross collections at all ferries except Kurri and other ferries on the Khano Bhao stream where the share shall be one-half of the gross collections. The remaining one-third and one-half respectively shall be the share of the lessee.

7. *Hours during which the boats shall be bound to ply.*—Boats shall be bound to ply between sunrise and sunset. In exceptional cases such as the crossing of the mails or urgent Government works or the crossing of a marriage party the boats may be worked after sunset, provided always that boats shall on no account be worked during floods, stormy or dangerous weather.

8. *Intervals between departure of boats from the same bank of the river.*—The intervals between the departure of one boat and that of the following boat from the same bank shall not be more than one hour in the winter months, and 3 hours in the summer months. Boats shall leave simultaneouly from both banks.

9. *Names of lessees agents to be intimated.*—The names of agents appointed by lessees for the collection of tolls and the carrying out of rules and orders and the dismissal or transfer of such agents shall be notified to the Secretary as far as possible before the appointment. The Secretary may refuse to allow a person to act as agent of the lessee if that person has in any way given trouble or annoyance to passengers or in the carrying out rules or instructions.

10. *Safety of landing boards or platforms.*—Landing boards or platforms have been supplied by the District Board to those ferries requiring them, for the loss or damage of which the boatmen shall be held jointly responsible.

11. *Removal of boats from a ferry.*—No boats shall be removed from any ferry except under the orders or with the previous permission of the Secretary.

12. *Passengers, animals, vehicles, bullocks and weight of grain or other cargo to be carried by each kind of boat on one trip* :—

Discription.	DURING WINTER MONTHS.		
	1st class boats.	2nd class boats.	3rd class boats.
Passengers and luggage	No. 100	No. 75	No. 50
Vehicles	3 with draught cattle.	2 with draught cattle.	2 with draught cattle.
Horses, ponies or mules	12 with attendants.	8 with attendants.	7 with attendants.
Donkeys	22	18	16
Horned cattle	20	16	12
Sheep and goats	175	125	70
Camels	8	6	5
Grains or other cargo in bulk	Mds. 250	Mds. 200	Mds. 100
DURING SUMMER MONTHS.			
Passengers and luggage	No. 75	No. 50	No. 40
Vehicles	2 with draught cattle.	1 with draught cattle.	1 with draught cattle.
Horses, ponies or mules	10 with attendants	6 with attendants.	5 with attendants.
Donkeys	18	15	12
Horned cattle	15	12	8
Sheep and goats	150	100	50
Camels	6	4	4
Grain or other cargo in bulk	Mds. 200	Mds. 175	M ds. 70

13. All complaints against boatmen, lessee or establishment should be addressed to the Secretary, District Board, Sialkot.

Small Towns.

The 21st August, 1940.

No. A/IV/61/B/V/88.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following amendment made by the Town Committee of Akalgarh, in the Gujranwala district, to its general order regarding the regulation of the erection or re-erection of buildings, published with the Commissioner's notification No. 179, dated the 20th September, 1937, having been sanctioned by the Commissioner of the Lahore division as required by subsection (1) of section 36 of the said Act, is published for general information, and shall come into force from the date of this notification :—

AMENDMENT.

In proviso (4) to paragraph 3 of the general order for the sentence beginning "and if it is objected" read —

"and any objection raised by the Collector shall be considered by the committee before sanctioning the application. If no reply is received from the Collector within 20 days, the committee will assume that the Collector has no objection to raise."

General (Gurdwaras).

The 21st August, 1940.

No. 290/10/II/89.—It is hereby notified that the following persons are declared to have been elected by the constituency mentioned in the last column of the schedule below to be members of the Committee of Management constituted under the provisions of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act,

1925, for the Gurdwara mentioned in the first column of the said schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

Name of Gurdwara.	No. and date of notification declaring the Gurdwara as a Sikh Gurdwara.	Names and addresses of the candidates elected.	Constituency for the election of the Committee of Management.
Uncha Becharag ...	75-G., dated the 17th May, 1935.	1. Sardar Balwant Singh, son of Sardar Charan Singh, village Pahra, tahsil and district Gurdaspur. 2. Sardar Pritam Singh, son of Sardar Jiwan Singh, village Pahra, tahsil and district Gurdaspur. 3. Sardar Lahora Singh, son of Sardar Arjan Singh, village Pahra, tahsil and district Gurdaspur. 4. Sardar Charan Singh, son of Sardar Sher Singh, village Pahra, tahsil and district Gurdaspur.	Revenue estate of Pahra.

C. KING,

Commissioner, Lahore Division.

Boards.

The 23rd August, 1940.

No. C.-II-9/513.—In accordance with the provisions of section 15(1) of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, it is hereby notified that the following person has been elected as member to the District Board of Attock :—

Name of Tahsil.	*Name of election circle.*	*Name of elected candidate.*
Fatehjang ..	Bahtar ..	Ghulam Farid Shah, son of Asghar Ali Shah, caste Sayyad of Buta, tahsil and district Attock, *vice* Sardar Mohd. Akbar Khan, deceased.

Committees.

The 23rd August, 1940.

No. A./II/15-C.-512.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the following person has been appointed under section 17 of the said Act, member of the Municipal Committee of Gujrat, in the Gujrat district in place of Khan Bahadur Akram Ali Khan, deceased :—

Khan Mohd. Akbar Khan, son of Jamadar Nathe Khan, Pathan Hassanzai, of Gujrat.

P. MARSDEN,

Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division.

813 CS—1129—30.8.38—SGPP Lahore.

Registered No. L. 361.

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PART I—B.

Notifications by Commissioners.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Committees.

The 29th August, 1940.

No. 160/L.F.B.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the following persons have been elected members of the Municipal Committee of Ludhiana in the Ludhiana district :—

CLASS II—MUSLIMS.

Nos. and names of wards.	*Names of persons elected.*
(6) Gurj Mungli ..	Khawaja Abdul Hamid, *vice* Khawaja Mohammad Aslam (removed).
(7) Railway Station ..	Sheikh Mohammad Ramzam, *vice* Khawaja Mohammad Eusoof (removed).
(10) Dholewal ..	Sheikh Mahmud Ali Arif, *vice* Khawaja Muhammad Akram (removed)

Small Towns.

The 28th August, 1940.

No. 159-L.F.B.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following general order made by the Town Committee of Mukerian, in the Hoshiarpur district, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*L*) of section 35 of the said Act, and sanctioned by the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, as required by subsection (1) of section 36 of the said Act, is published

for general information and shall come into force from the date of this notification :—

GENERAL ORDER.

1. This general order shall only apply to the slaughter-house which belongs to the Town Committee of Mukerian, and is under its control.

2. No one will be permitted to set up a slaughter-house other than that owned by the Committee for slaughtering animals within the town limits.

3. The Town Committee shall from time to time appoint one of its officers as a Superintendent.

4. Only sheeps and goats shall be slaughtered. The fees will be charged at the rate of Rs. 0-2-0 for each animal.

5. The animals meant to be slaughtered for sale must be presented to the Veterinary Assistant, Mukerian, or any other person appointed by the Committee in this behalf for his approval daily at the following hours :—

Summer	(1st April to 30th September	..	5 a. m. to 7-30 a. m.)
Winter	(1st October, to 31st March	..	7 a. m. to 10 a. m)

He shall stamp the word "approved" on the right ear of the animal approved.

6. Animals approved fit for slaughter shall be branded with a distinctive mark on the ears, hooves or horns and shall be at once admitted to the waiting-yard of the slaughter-house premises, and persons presenting animals that are subsequently rejected shall remove them from the neighbourhood of the said premises. All animals when approved shall be kept in the waiting-yard until the owners or person in charge receive permission to bring them into the slaughter yard.

7. All animals meant to be slaughtered for sale shall be brought to the slaughter-house between the following hours and will be slaughtered.

Summer	..	6 a. m. to 8-30 a. m.
Winter	..	8 a. m. to 10 a. m.

8. No animal shall be slaughtered unless it has been approved by the Veterinary Assistant, Mukerian, or other person appointed by the Committee in this behalf and until the fee of Rs. 0-2-0 per head due to the Committee has been paid and receipt obtained therefor. The animals which have not been approved or whose fees have not been paid, shall be turned out of the slaughter-house premises by the Superintendent's order. But the animals meant for sacrifices and offerings to God, on the occasion of Idul Zuha shall be exempt from the payment of this fee.

9. Receptacles shall be provided on the slaughtering-platform for the receipt of contents of stomachs and bowels of slaughtered animals, and when slaughtered animals are disembowelled which shall be as soon as possible after slaughter, the butcher shall cause such contents to be emptied into the receptacles so provided.

Filled receptacles shall be removed and replaced by fresh empty receptacles as disembowelling proceeds. This being done by establishment provided for the purpose, and no disembowelling shall be permitted unless there are receptacles ready for the receipt of the contents and stomachs and bowels. No person shall rub or cause to be rubbed the inner side of skins upon the ground within any portion of the slaughter-yard or in the neighbourhood of the slaughter-house premises.

10. No person shall knowingly bring into any part of the slaughter-house premises, any diseased or unsound or dying animal, and no person shall bring any carcass inside the slaughter-house premises provided that animals which may have met with an accident in no way, affecting their fitness for human food, may, with the approval of the Veterinary Assistant or other person appointed by the Committee be brought or slaughtered within the slaughter-house premises.

11. No animal which is with young shall be permitted to be slaughtered.

12. No person shall remove, or cause to be removed, any carcass or meat except in such a way that it is screened from public view.

13. All carcasses shall be presented directly to the Veterinary Assistant or the man appointed by the Committee under cover, and no carcass shall be sold in the bazaar until it has been declared fit for human consumption by the officer concerned and stamped with the word "Passed". He shall cause all carcasses or meat which, in his opinion, may be unfit for human consumption, to be buried or destroyed.

14. No person shall blow or stuff any meat within the slaughter-house premises and the Veterinary Assistant or other person appointed by the Committee in this behalf may cause to be buried or destroyed any meat found to be blown or stuffed.

15. All carcasses or meat ordered to be destroyed under paragraphs 13 and 14 shall be so dealt with as to render it impossible for human consumption.

16. Quarrelling is strictly prohibited in the slaughter-house. Any person transgressing this order shall be removed at once by the Superintendent.

17. No person affected with leprosy, sores or any other skin disease or any contagious or infectious disease shall enter the slaughter-house premises.

18. No person shall bring into the slaughter-house premises any dog or other animal not intended for slaughter or for the slaughter of which the slaughter-house is not provided.

19. Any dog or other animal brought into the slaughter-house premises in contravention of paragraph 18 above may be removed at once under the direction of the Superintendent.

The 29th August, 1940.

No. 161/L.F.B.—In pursuance of subsection (1) of section 6 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, it it hereby notified that the Tahsildar of Una, whose appointment as a member of the Town Committee, Una, in the Hoshiarpur district, was notified in my notification No. 2457-A./D.C., dated the 15th May 1937, shall cease to be a member of the said committee from the date of this notification.

No. 162 L.F.B.—In pursuance of subsection (3) of section 4 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Revenue Assistant, Una, has been appointed member of the Town Committee of Una, in the Hoshiarpur district, *vice* the Tahsildar, Una, who has ceased to be a member.

The 30th August, 1940.

No. 162-L. F. B.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following General Order made by the Town Committee of Mukerian, in the Hoshiarpur district, in exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (*q*) and (*o*) of section 35 and clauses (*a*) and (*c*) of subsection (1) of section 41 of the said Act, and sanctioned by the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, as required by subsection (1) of section 36 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force from the date of publication of this notification :—

GENERAL ORDER.

1. In this General Order the word "Vehicle" means any vehicle drawn by one or more horses or mules.

2. No person shall keep any vehicle for hire or suffer any vehicle of which he is the owner, to ply for hire, within the limits of the Small Town, except under a licence granted in this behalf by the Town Committee.

3. (1) A licence for a vehicle to be kept or to ply for hire, within the limits of the Small Town shall be issued by the Secretary of the Committee, on the application of the proprietor of such vehicle, and shall be granted on payment of the fees prescribed in paragraph 5 subject to the conditions specified in paragraph 8; provided that no such licence shall be issued until such vehicle has been approved by the sub-committee appointed by the Town Committee for this purpose as complying with the following conditions:—

(*a*) that it is in good order and repair in all its parts;

(*b*) that the harness is complete and serviceable;

(*c*) that it is provided with suitable lamps in good condition;

(*d*) that the animal or animals to be used to draw it is or are in good condition, and fit for and thoroughly broken to the work required of it or them, free from vice, not under three years of age and not under thirteen hands, provided that the committee may pass an animal of under thirteen hands if, in their opinion, it is strong and equal to the draught to be required of it.

(2) Licences issued under part (1) of this paragraph shall be numbered serially and the number of the licences and the class to which the vehicle belongs shall be painted in a conspicuous place in Urdu and in English figures on either side of every licensed vehicle.

4. (1) For the purposes of licences, vehicles shall be divided into four classes—

(*a*) four wheeled carriages drawn by two horses to be known as "first class";

(*b*) tongas of all kinds to be known as "second class";

(*c*) bamboo carts to be known as "third class";

(*d*) ekkas to be known as "fourth class".

(2) The decision of the committee regarding the class to which a vehicle belongs shall be final.

5. The fees payable for vehicles licences shall be as follows :—

(a) First class .. .. Six rupees per annum.

(b) Second class .. .. Three rupees per annum.

(c) Third class .. .. Three rupees per annum.

(d) Fourth class .. .. Three rupees per annum.

6. The maximum fares to be charged for the hire of licensed vehicles shall be as follows :—

Period.	*First class.* Rs. A. P.	*Second class.* Rs. A. P.	*Third class.* Rs. A. P.	*Fourth class.* Rs. A. P.
First hour or portion of an hour	1 0 0	0 6 0	0 4 0	0 3 0
Every subsequent hour or portion of an hour.	0 8 0	0 4 0	0 3 0	0 2 0
Day of nine hours ..	4 0 0	2 0 0	1 8 0	1 0 0

7. (1) The maximum number of persons and the maximum weights of loads to be carried in each class of licensed vehicles shall be as follows :—

Description of vehicles.	*Number of persons.*	*Weight of load.*
First class ..	Seven persons including the driver ..	Fifteen maunds.
Second class ..	Five persons including the driver ..	Eight and-a-half maunds.
Third class ..	Five persons including the driver ..	Eight and-a-half maunds.
Fourth class ..	Four persons including the driver ..	Seven maunds.

For the purpose of this paragraph two children each less than ten years of age shall be reckoned as one person.

(2) The combined weight of the persons and any luggage which may be carried at the same time shall not exceed the maximum weight specified in the third column of the table given in part (1) of this paragraph. For the purpose of this paragraph every adult shall be considered to weigh one and-a-half maund and every child under ten years of age to weigh three quarters of a maund, provided that no account shall be taken of children under three years of age.

8. Licences for vehicles to ply for hire shall be granted on the following conditions :—

(a) that the licensee shall keep the licensed vehicle clean and in good repair and the harness and lamps complete and in serviceable condition ;

(b) that he shall not use or suffer to be used, to draw the licensed vehicle, any animal which has not been approved by the committee or any animal which is lame or has sores or is otherwise unfit for work ;

(c) that he shall not demand any fare in excess of the maximum fare prescribed in paragraph 6 ;

(d) that he shall not carry or permit to be carried in or on the licensed vehicle any person or any load in excess of the number of persons or the weight of the load prescribed as the maximum in paragraph 7 ;

(e) that he shall not permit the licensed vehicle to be driven by any person who has not been licensed as a driver of such licensed vehicle under paragraph 10 ;

(f) that he shall give the licensed vehicle on hire together with the necessary animal or animals and driver to any person demanding it at any reasonable time except for good and sufficient reason, the burden of proving which shall lie on him ;

(g) that he shall cause to be affixed to the licensed vehicle in a conspicuous place the licence granted in respect of such vehicle for the current year and a copy of the authorized table of fares printed in English and Urdu and shall keep the number and class of the licence granted in respect of such vehicle clearly painted on a conspicuous place on either side of such vehicle ;

(h) that he shall not carry or permit to be carried in the licensed vehicle, any person whom he knows, or has good reason to believe, to be suffering from any infectious or contagious disease or the corpse of any person who has died of such disease, except with the permission, in writing, of the Sub-Assistant Surgeon in charge of the medical dispensary at Mukerian, in which case he shall cause the licensed vehicle to be disinfected to the satisfaction of the Sub-Assistant Surgeon before the vehicle is used to carry any other person for hire or otherwise ;

(i) that he shall not carry or permit to be carried in the licensed vehicle any article which projects more than two feet from the side or more than five feet from the front or rear of such vehicle ;

(j) that he shall immediately cause to be returned to the owner, if known, or deposited at the nearest Police Station any property which he may find left in the licensed vehicle ;

(k) that he shall cause the licensed vehicle, together with the animal or animals which draw it, to be produced for inspection whenever required to do so by the Secretary of the Committee.

9. No person shall drive a licensed vehicle for hire except under a licence to be granted in this behalf by the Town Committee, or being licensed to drive any specified class or classes of licensed vehicles shall drive any other class of such vehicle.

10. A licence to drive a licensed vehicle for hire shall be issued by the Secretary of the Committee to any person, not less than eighteen years of age, applying for such licence, on payment of the fees specified in paragraph 11, and shall be granted subject to the conditions specified in paragraph 12, provided that the Secretary of the Committee may refuse to issue a licence to any person who in his opinion is unfit to receive such a licence.

11. The fees payable for a licensed vehicle's driver's licence shall be as follows :—

(a) for first class vehicles, rupee one and annas eight per annum,

(b) for second class vehicles, one rupee per annum,

(c) for third class vehicles, one rupee per annum

(d) for fourth class vehicles one rupee per annum.

12. A licence to drive a licensed vehicle shall be granted subject to the following conditions :—

(a) that the licensee shall always, when driving a licensed vehicle, carry with him his driver's licence, and shall, on demand, produce it for the inspection of any person hiring such vehicle, or of any Police Officer or any officer of the Committee authorised in this behalf ;

(b) that the licensee shall always when driving a licensed vehicle, wear on his arm, a metal badge which shall be furnished to him when the licence is issued to him ;

(c) that the licensee shall always when driving a licensed vehicle, wear the prescribed uniform and shall keep such uniform clean and tidy ;

NOTE.—The prescribed uniform is as follows :—

Turban	Red.
Shirt or coat	Khaki.
Trousers	Khaki.

(d) that the licensee shall drive with due care and precaution and shall observe all rules of the road and all regulations for the control of the traffic which may have been or may be issued by the Police or by the committee ;

(e) that he shall keep any licensed vehicle, of which he may be in charge, clean and tidy, and shall not put his feet on any seat of such vehicle ;

(f) that he shall not cruelly beat, ill-treat, over-drive or in any other way misuse any animal in a licensed vehicle and shall not drive any animal which has not been approved by the Committee or any animal which is lame or has sores or is otherwise unfit for work ;

(g) that he shall not demand any fare in excess of the fares prescribed in paragraph 6 ;

(h) that he shall not carry any person or any load in a licensed vehicle in excess of the maximum number of persons or the maximum weight of load prescribed in paragraph 7 ;

(i) that he shall not drive a licensed vehicle while drunk or while suffering from any infectious or contagious disease, and shall not, while in charge of a licensed vehicle, make use of insulting, abusive or obscene language or gestures ;

(j) that he shall not loiter with his licensed vehicle in any public street ;

(k) that he shall not while plying for hire drive a licensed vehicle at an average speed of less than six miles an hour;

(l) that he shall immediately cause to be returned to the owner, if known, or deposit at the nearest Police Station, any property he may find left in a licensed vehicle ;

(m) that he shall not carry or permit to be carried on a licensed vehicle of which he is in charge any article which projects more than two feet from the side or more than 5 feet from the front or rear of such vehicle ;

(n) that he shall not carry in a licensed vehicle any person whom he knows or has good reason to believe to be suffering from any infectious or contagious disease or the corpse of any person who has died of such disease unless the permission in writing of the Sub-Assistant Surgeon in charge of

the dispensary at Mukerian has been obtained for the use of such vehicle for such purpose, in which case he shall not subsequently carry any other passenger in such vehicle, whether for hire or otherwise, until such vehicle has been disinfected to the satisfaction of the Sub-Assistant Surgeon ;

(o) that he shall not, without reasonable cause, the burden of proving which shall lie upon him, refuse to give on hire or to drive a licensed vehicle of which he is in charge, if any person demands it ;

(p) that he shall stop the licensed vehicle at the Terminal Tax barrier or octroi barrier by which he enters or leaves, for the purpose of allowing the officer or staff of Terminal Tax or Octroi Department to realise the tax or to examine the contents of the vehicle.

13. The President of the Committee may suspend or revoke any licence granted under this general order if he has reasons to believe that the licensee has committed a breach of any of the conditions on which his licence was granted, and any member of the Committee may for similar reason request the President to suspend or revoke any such licence.

E. SHEEPSHANKS,
Commissioner, Jullundur Division.

Boards.

The 30th August, 1940.

No. C/II/5/III/94.—In accordance with the provisions of subsection (1) of section 15 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, it is hereby notified that the following person has been elected a member of the District Board of Gujranwala, *vice* Chaudhri Fazal Elahi, Jat, son of Sultan Ahmad, Zaildar, of Kot Jafar, deceased :—

Tahsil.	*Name and residence of the member.*	*Name of the Circle.*
Wazirabad ..	Chaudhri Muhammad Hussain, son of Chaudhri Rasul Bakhsh, Jat, Lambardar, of Wazirabad.	Wazirabad.

C. KING,
Commissioner, Lahore Division.

The 4th September, 1940.

No. C/II/2/IV/95.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 15 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, it is hereby notified that Sardar Jaswant Singh of Tarn Taran has been elected a member of the District Board of Amritsar, from the Tarn Taran Circle, *vice* Sardar Bhagwan Singh, deceased.

ALAN MITCHELL,
Commissioner, Lahore Division.

Committees.

The 28th August, 1940.

No. 91.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the following persons have been elected members of the Municipal Committee of Kasur in the Lahore district :—

Serial No.	*Name.*	*Name of Ward.*
1.	Lala Kanshi Ram, Pleader	Hindu Ward I.
2.	Lala Lachman Das, Pleader	Hindu Ward II.
3.	Doctor Bodh Raj	Hindu Ward III.
4.	Lala Sarav Daman	Hindu Ward IV.
5.	Mian Muhammad Rafi	Muslim Ward I.
6.	Sheikh Ghulam Mohy-ud-Din	Muslim Ward II.
7.	Sayed Mubarik Ali Shah	Muslim Ward III.
8.	Khan Hidait Ullah Khan	Muslim Ward IV.
9.	Khan Muhammad Iqbal Khan	Muslim Ward V.
10.	Khan Muhammad Umar Khan	Muslim Ward VI.
11.	Haji Sher Muhammad	Muslim Ward VII.
12.	Sheikh Muhammad Niwaz	Muslim Ward VIII.
13.	Mian Muhammad Sardar, Honorary Magistrate..	Muslim Ward IX.

No. 92.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the following persons have been appointed members of the Municipal Committee of Kasur in the Lahore district :—

1. The Sub-Divisional Officer, Kasur (*ex officio*).
2. Khan Bahadur Nawab Sardar Muhammad Shahbaz Khan Khalafzai.
3. Malik Khuda Bakhsh, Advocate, Kasur.

Small Towns.

The 30th August, 1940.

No. A /IV/61-B./93.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921. the following amendment made by the Town Committee of Qila Didar Singh, in the Gujranwala district, to the general order published with the Commissioner's notification No. 131, dated the 5th August, 1932, having been sanctioned by the Commissioner of the Lahore Division, as required by subsection(1) of section 36 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force from the date of publication of this notification :—

AMENDMENT.

The following new paragraph shall be added after paragraph 13, namely :—

13-A. All parnallahs, which are made for letting out water from upper stories shall be covered with tin or any other metal sheet or shall be in the form of pipes. Where parnallahs are made by cutting into the wall, they shall be covered with tin or any other metal sheet applied flatly and where the parnallahs lie along the surface of the wall, they shall be covered with tin or any other metal sheet in semicircular shape. In all cases such covering shall extend from top to bottom of the parnallah so as to prevent the fall of the roof drainage on any person passing along the street.

C. KING,

Commissioner, Lahore Division.

(General Gurdwaras).

The 31st August, 1940.

No. O.-XIII-7-A./514.—It is hereby notified that the following persons have been elected members of the Managing Committee of the Sikh Gurdwara, Choha Sahib, No. 111 at Rakh Rohtas in the Jhelum tahsil of the Jhelum district :—

(1) S. Amrik Singh, son of Mukhan Singh, Timber Merchant, Jhelum.

(2) S. Hari Singh, son of Kirpal Singh, Timber Merchant, Jhelum.

(3) S. Rawel Singh, son of Natha Singh, Vakil, Jhelum.

(4) S. Gurbachan Singh, son of Bhagwan Singh, Shopkeeper, Dina.

No. O.-XIII-7-A./515.—It is hereby notified that the following persons have been elected members of the Managing Committee of the Sikh Gurdwara Siri Kartarpura at Sarai Alamgir in the Kharian tahsil of the Gujrat district :—

(1) S. Phula Singh, son of Uttam Singh, of Sarai Alamgir.

(2) S. Khazan Singh, son of Beli Ram, of Sarai Alamgir.

(3) S. Natha Singh, son of Arjan Singh, of Sarai Alamgir.

(4) S. Wadhawa Singh, son of Ghasita Singh, of Sarai Alamgir.

No. O.-III-7-A./516.—It is hereby notified that the following persons have been elected members of the Managing Committee of the Sikh Gurdwara Bhai Karam Singh Ahluwalia, known as Kalalanwala at Jhelum in the Jhelum tahsil of the Jhelum district :—

(1) S. Jaimal Singh, son of Hukam Singh, Vakil, Jhelum.

(2) S. Kartar Singh, son of Narain Singh, Shopkeeper, Pari Darwaza, Jhelum.

(3) Mohan Singh, son of Bhai Gian Chand, Contractor, Jhelum.

(4) S. Sardar Singh, son of Harnam Singh, Shopkeeper, Jhelum.

P. MARSDEN,

Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division.

Boards.

The 28th August, 1940.

No. 137.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (1) of section 15 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, it is hereby notified that the following persons have been elected as members of the

District Board of Lyallpur, *vice* Ch. Ahmad Bakhsh, deceased, and S. Kulbir Singh removed :—

Serial No.	Name of Member and residence	Father's name.	Number of the Circle.
6	S. Kartar Singh, of 96 G. B.	Kishan Singh ...	Pawaliani and Jaranwala Zails.
12	S. Chhanga Singh of 52-G. B.	Gopal Singh ...	Zail of Niwan excluding Chaks 117 and 121-J. B. and including Chaks 2 and 3 J. B., of Lodhran zail and Chaks 217 and 218-R. B. of Lyallpur zail.

Committees.

The 28th August, 1940.

No. 136.—In accordance with the direction of the Punjab Government under subsection (3) of section 31 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the following by-laws made by the Municipality of Khangarh, in the Muzaffargarh district, under subsection (1) of section 31 of the said Act, are published for information and shall come into force within the Municipality of Khangarh, from the date of the publication of this notification :—

BY-LAWS.

1. In these by-laws unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context :—

(*a*) "Municipal records" mean and include *Shajras, Khasras*, lay out plans, building schemes, town planning schemes, agenda and proceedings of the sub-committees and the Committee buildings plans and their files, and birth and death registers.

(*b*) "Urgent inspection" means an inspection of Municipal records to be arranged for on the date of receipt of the application for inspection.

(*c*) "Ordinary inspection" means an inspection of Municipal records to be arranged for not later than the third working day after the date of receipt of the application for inspection.

2. Municipal records shall be open to inspection by public subject to the general control of the President.

3. The inspection of record shall be made at such time, in such place and in the presence of such official as the President may direct. If a record is not inspected on the date and at the time and place so fixed, a fresh application shall be made on payment of a fresh fee, if inspection is still desired.

4. An application for inspection of a record shall be made in writing, and shall distinctly specify the record which it is desired to inspect and it shall be accompanied by a receipt proving payment of the fee prescribed in by-law 8 to the Secretary or other official appointed by the Committee in this behalf.

5. A separate application shall be made and a separate fee shall be paid for each distinct record which it is desired to inspect; provided that if two or more records are so closely connected that in the opinion of the President it is necessary to refer to all for the understanding of the subject, one application and one fee shall cover the inspection of all the records so connected.

6. The president may allow or refuse the inspection of a record, giving his reasons in each case in writing in support of his order. Any party aggrieved by such an order may appeal to the Committee within three days from the date of such order. The decision of the Committee confirming or setting aside or modifying the order of the President shall be final.

7. When any person inspecting a record desires to continue that inspection on the following day, he shall give notice of his intention in writing to the official in whose presence the inspection is made and in such case no fresh application need be made; provided that:

(1) Intimation of continued inspection is given immediately on conclusion of the inspection in hand;

(2) The inspection is continued from day to day;

(3) This will not affect the fees payable under by-law 8.

8.(1) The fee shall be one rupee for each hour or part of an hour on an ordinary application for inspection, and two rupees for the first hour or part of an hour and one rupee for every subsequent hour or part of an hour on an urgent application for inspection.

(2) If more time than is covered by the original fee paid on the application is taken in the inspection of a record, the balance shall be paid at the close of the inspection to the Secretary or other official appointed by the committee in this behalf and a receipt obtained, which receipt shall be delivered to the official superintending the inspection for record with the application.

9. The taking of a copy of any part of a record during the inspection is strictly prohibited, and only notes may be made. No mark shall be made on any record or paper inspected. Infringement or attempted infringement of this by-law shall deprive the person inspecting of all right to further inspection.

10. A member of the public may obtain copies of the resolutions of the committee and the sub-committees on payment of the following fees :—

A (a) —

	English or Roman Urdu.	*Vernacular.*
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
First 200 words or under ..	0 12 0	.. 0 6 0
Every additional 100 words or fraction thereof.	0 6 0	.. 0 3 0

These rates include the cost of paper which will be supplied by the Committee ;

(b) For field maps, boundary maps and tabular work a special fee shall be fixed by the President, but this fee should always be a multiple of 2 annas.

(c) Applicants for "urgent" copies, that is, copies to take precedence of other copying work, shall pay a uniform extra charge of one rupee or of such other amount as the committee may direct.

NOTE :—For purposes of the above by-laws the extra fee to be charged shall be fixed for each resolution of the Committee. In case of doubt whether a resolution is separate or not, the decision of the President shall be final.

(d) A search fee of 8 annas may be imposed under the orders of the President in cases in which an unreasonable amount of trouble has been caused in finding the original record.

(e) An agency fee of 2 annas will be charged when copies are delivered personally after a period of three days has expired from the date on which the copy was prepared.

B.—In the case of copies supplied through the value-payablepost ;

(a) Ordinary, Special, Urgent and Search fee as above prescribed ;
(b) Agency fees, 2 annas per application ;
(c) Court fee or stamp fees ; the amount actually spent on applicant's behalf on the application and on the copy supplied ;
(d) Postal charges ; the amount actually spent on applicant's behalf on postal charges and value-payable post commission.

11. Copies from the records of the Committee may be granted with the permission of the President, or, in his absence, the Vice-President, on payment of fees at the rates prescribed in by-law 10, if the President or the Vice-President holds that the granting of such copies is not pre-judicial to the interests of the committee.

The 2nd September, 1940.

No. 140.—*Corrigenda* —In the Commissioner, Multan Division's notification No. 127, dated the 25th June, 1940 :—

(1) in by-law 34 *substitute* the word "poll" *for* the word "pole" wherever it occurs ;

(2) in by-law 35 between the words "quorum" and "present" *add* the words "the chairman's attention is drawn to the fact that there is no quorum" ; and

(3) in the second line of by-law 43 *add* the word "in" between the words "that" and "the".

Small Towns.

The 30th August, 1940.

No. 139.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following amendment made by the Town Committee of Lalian, in the Jhang district, to the General Order published with the Commissioner's notification No. 205, dated the 10th December, 1938, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (p) of section 35 of the said Act, having been sanctioned by the Commissioner of the Multan Division as required by subsection (1) of

section 36 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force from the date of the publication of this notification :—

AMENDMENT.

In paragraph two of the general order, *for* the words "Rs. twelve" and "Rupee one" the words "Rs. two" and "annas four" respectively, shall be substituted.

General (Gurdwaras).

The 30th August, 1940.

No. 138.—It is hereby notified that the persons named in column 6 below have been elected members of the Gurdwara noted in column 4 :—

1	2	3	4	5	6
Name of district.	Name of Tahsil.	No. of Gurdwara.	Name of Gurdwara.	Revenue Estate.	Names of members elected.
Multan ...	Khanewal	241 ...	Dharams a l a Bhai Dyal Ji.	Multan city.	1. Achhar Singh, son of Jagat Singh, Landlord, resident of chak No. 137/10-R., Tahsil Khanewal. 2. Juggit Singh, son of Wadhawa Singh, Landlord, resident of Chak No. 133/10 R., Tahsil Khanewal. 3. Pretam Singh, son of Uttam Singh, Landlord, resident of Chak No. 133/10-R., Tahsil Khanewal. 4. Jiwan Dass, son of Jassu Ram, shop-keeper, resident of Railway Road, Multan city.

The 3rd September, 1940.

No. 141.—It is hereby notified that the persons named in column 6 below have been elected members of the Gurdwara noted in column 4 below :—

1	2	3	4	5	6
Name of district.	Name of tahsil.	Number of Gurdwara.	Name of Gurdwara.	Revenue estate.	Names of members elected.
Montgomery.	Montgomery.	113	Nanak Sar (or Dera Baba Nanak).	Chak No. 103/7-R.	1. Daya Singh, son of Mehar Singh, lambardar, of Chak No. 102/6-A. R., Post Office, Harrappa. 2. Jadha Singh, son of Chandi Ram, Contractor, Village Harrappa. 3. Uttam Singh, son of Gian Singh, Contractor, Village Harrappa. 4. Makhan Singh, son of Daya Singh, zamindar, Village Mohammadpur, Post Office, 89/6-R.

C. V. SALUSBURY,

Commissioner, Multan Division.

Registered No. L. 864

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No. 37. LAHORE, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 13, 1940.

PART I—B.

Notifications by Commissioners

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Committees.

The 10th September, 1940.

No. 168/L.F.B.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that Chaudhari Mathra Das Saini, Pleader, has been elected a member from ward No. 2 Non-Muslim of the Municipal Committee of Hoshiarpur, in the Hoshiarpur district, *vice* Ch. Balbir Singh, removed.

No. 171/L.F.B.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that M. Abdul Ghafur, son of M. Nabi Bakhsh, Pathan, has been elected under section 20 (1) of the said Act, President of the Municipal Committee, Khanna, in the Ludhiana district.

No. 172/L.F.B.—The following amendment made by the Municipal Committee, Abohar, to the by-laws published with Commissioner, Jullundur division's notification No. 6226, dated the 13th July, 1927, as subsequently amended, having been approved by the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, as required by subsection (2) of section 31 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, in exercise of the powers delegated to him under section 32 of the said Act by Punjab Government notification No. 5555, dated the 17th February, 1934, is published for general information. It shall come into force within the Municipality of Abohar, in the Ferozepore district, six weeks from the date of publication of this notification :—

AMENDMENT.

For existing by-law 30 the following new by-law shall be substituted, namely :—

30. (*a*) The following standing sub-committees shall be appointed by the Committee :—

1. Finance sub-committee.

2. Education sub-committee.
3. Medical and Public Health sub-committee.
4. Public Works sub-committee.

(*b*) The members of the Finance sub-committee will be the same as the members of the Education sub-committee. The members of the Medical and Public Health sub-committee will be the same as the members of the Public Works sub-committee.

Small Towns.

The 4th September, 1940.

No. 164-L. F. B.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following general order made by the Town Committee of Mukerian, in the Hoshiarpur district, in exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (*q*) and (*o*) of section 35 of the said Act, and sanctioned by the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, as required by subsection (1) of section 36 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force from the date of this notification :—

GENERAL ORDER.

1. No person shall keep for hire or cause to ply for hire, within the limits of the Small Town any cart drawn or propelled by one or more men or animals, except under a licence granted in this behalf by the Town Committee.

2. (*a*) A licence to keep for hire, or cause to ply for hire, any such cart, shall be issued by the Secretary of the Town Committee on the application of the proprietor of any such cart, on payment of the fees specified in paragraph 3 and shall be granted by the Committee on the conditions detailed in paragraph 4 :

Provided that the Secretary shall issue no licence in respect of any such cart, unless and until the cart and the animal or animals, if any, which are to draw it have been inspected and approved by the Sub-Committee appointed by the Town Committee for this purpose.

(*b*) At the time of issue of a licence the Secretary shall also give to the proprietor of the cart a number plate to be affixed to the cart.

3. The following fees shall be paid for licences issued in respect of various classes of carts under paragraph 2 :—

	If the licence is taken for a year. Per Annum. Rs. A. P.	*If the licence is taken for a period lese than a year.* Per mensem. Rs. A. P.
(*a*) For a cart drawn by one or more than one man.	3 0 0	0 6 0
(*b*) For a cart drawn by one animal	4 8 0	0 10 0
(*c*) For a cart drawn by one animal and one or more than one man.	6 0 0	0 12 0
(*d*) For a cart drawn by two animals or more.	12 0 0	1 4 0

4. Every licence issued under paragraph 2 shall be granted subject to the following conditions :—

(*a*) that the cart in respect of which the licence is granted shall be kept at all times in good repair and the animal or animals employed to draw it shall be maintained in good condition and free from sores ;

(*b*) that the person in charge of the cart shall not, except for reasonable cause, refuse to let the cart for hire ;

(*c*) that the person in charge of the cart and his assistants, if any, shall help in loading and unloading the cart, if required by the hirer to do so ;

(*d*) that the person in charge of the cart shall not ply for hire when in a state of drunkenness and shall not sleep or make use of insulting, abusive or obscene language or gestures when plying for hire, and shall not stand or loiter with the cart upon any public street or place elsewhere than at any place which may be appointed by the committee as a stand for licensed carts, and shall not refuse to give way to any carriage when reasonably required to do so ;

(*e*) that the person in charge of the cart shall conduct his cart on the extrem left of the road in a line with and in rear of any other cart or carts i front, which is or are proceeding in the same direction and shall no

in any way, make attempt forcibly to pass any cart immediately in front of his cart ;

(*f*) that when loading or unloading a cart in a street the person in charge of the cart shall keep it parallel with and immediately at the edge of the street;

(*g*) that when plying by night the cart shall have attached to it a lantern in such a position as to be conspicuous from in front and from behind ;

(*h*) that the licensee shall not employ any person of less than eighteen years of age to drive or be in charge of the cart ;

(*i*) that the cart shall not be loaded with a load in excess of the maximum load prescribed in paragraph 7.

5. For a breach of any of the conditions of the licence, the Town Committee may suspend or cancel a licence.

6. Every person in charge of a licensed cart shall at all times when plying for hire, have with him the licence for the cart and shall, if required to do so, exhibit such licence to the hirer, and shall, when called upon to do so, by any magistrate, member of the committee or officer of the committee authorised in this behalf, stop his cart and exhibit the licence to such magistrate, member or officer, and state his name and residence and the name of the proprietor of the cart.

7. (1) The maximum load to be carried by any cart plying for hire within the Small Town shall be as follows :—

	Maunds.
(*a*) For a cart drawn by 4 animals ...	45
(*b*) For a cart drawn by 3 animals ...	35
(*c*) For a cart drawn by 2 animals ..	30
(*d*) For a cart drawn by 1 animal ..	15
(*e*) For a cart drawn by one animal and two or more men	25
(*f*) For a cart drawn by one or more than one man ..	5

(2) No person shall load or cause or permit to be loaded any cart with a load in excess of the maximum load prescribed for such cart in clause 1 of this paragraph.

No. 165-L. F. B.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (3) of section 4 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that Sheikh Mohammad Asam, son of Sheikh Mohammad Hussan, has been elected member of the Town Committee of Khanpur, *vice* Khan Sahib Khan Sarbuland Khan resigned.

(General Gurdwaras.)

The 5th September, 1940.

No. 166-L.F.B.—It is hereby notified that the candidates named in column 3 of the schedule below have been elected by the constituencies mentioned in column 4 of the schedule to be members of the committees constituted under the provisions of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, for Gurdwaras specified in column 2 of the schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

No. and date of the notification declaring the Gurdwaras to be Sikh Gurdwaras under section 9/17 of the Act.	Name of Gurdwaras.	Name and address of candidates elected.	Constituency for the election of Committee of Management.
		Jullundur Tahsil.	
71-G., dated the 7th April, 1931.	Guru Granth Sahib Ji known as Bhai Sach Nandwala.	1. Buta Singh, son of Kahna, Jat, of village Saprai.	Revenue estate of Saprai in Jullundur tahsil.
		2. Harnam Singh, son of Kheman, Jat, of Saprai.	
		3. Man Singh, son of Chuhar Singh, Jat, of Saprai.	
		4. Attar Singh, son of Gomi, Jat, of village Saprai.	
320-G., dated the 5th February, 1932.	Dharamsala Panchaiti.	1 Chanan Singh, son of Udham Singh, Jat, of Bolinna.	Revenue estate of Bolinna in Jullundur tahsil.
		2. Waryam Singh, son of Jaimal, Jat, of Bolinna.	
		3. Milkha Singh, son of Deva Singh, Jat, of Bolinna.	
		4. Hukam Singh, son of Uttam Dass, Ramdasia, of Bolinna.	

No. and date of the notification declaring the Gurdwaras to be Sikh Gurdwaras under section 9/17 of the Act.	Name of Gurdwaras.	ame and address of candidates elected.	Constituency for the election of Committee of Management.
		Tahsil Jullundur—concld.	
33-G., dated the 21st August, 1936.	Dharamsala ...	1. Sham Singh, son of Natha Singh, Jat, of Athaula. 2. Nand Singh, Jamadar, son of Gurmukh Singh, Jat, of Athaula. 3. Banta Singh, son of Narain Singh, Jat, of Athaula. 4. Nauring Singh, Lambardar, son of Bogh Singh, Jat, of village Jullundur tahsil.	Revenue estate of Athaula in Jullundur tahsil.
		Phillaur Tahsil.	
11-G. dated the 2·th February, 1936.	Dharamsala Kalan.	1. Rattan Sin.h, son of Sewa Singh, Saini, of village Lasara. 2. Mehar Singh, son of Rala, Saini, of Lasara. 3. Lal Singh, son of Sahib Dayal Singh, Saini, of Lasara. 4. Chhaja Singh, son of Amar Singh, Saini, of Lasara.	Revenue estate of Lasara in Phillaur tahsil.
7-G., dated the 26th February, 1937.	Gurdwara Panchaiti, Sri Guru Arjan Dev Ji.	1. Mota Singh, son of Ganesha, Jat, of Bilga. 2. Dhana Singh, son of Bal Singh, Jat, of Bilga. 3. Amar Singh, son of Munsha Singh, Jat, of Bilga. 4. Kapoor Singh, son of Ran Singh, Khalsa Brothers of Bilga.	Revenue estate of Bilga in Phillaur tahsil.
		Nawanshahr Tahsil.	
18-G., dated the 1st March, 1935.	Guru Bhag Singh.	1. Lachhman Singh, son of Hakam Singh, Saini, of village Urapar. 2. Hakam Singh, son of Jaimal Singh, Saini, of village Urapar. 3. Khushal Singh, son of Bhagwan Singh, Jat, of village Bahara. 4. Ishar Singh, son of Udham Singh, Saini, of Chak Dana.	Revenue estate of Urapur, tahsil Nawanshahr.
38-G., dated the 12th January, 1931.	Dharamsala ...	1. Milkha Singh, son of Hari Singh, Saini, of Kahma. 2. Karm Singh, son of Chhaju, Saini, of Kahma. 3. Gujjar Singh, son of Attar Singh, Jat, of village Kahma. 4. Dalip Singh, son of Sarmakh Singh, Saini, of Kahma.	Revenue estate of Kahma in Nawanshahr tahsil.

No. 167-L.F.B.—It is hereby notified that the candidates named in column 3 of the schedule below have been elected by the constituencies mentioned in column 4 of the schedule to be members of the committees constituted under the provisions of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, for Gurdwaras specified in column 2 of the schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

No. and date of the notification declaring the Gurdwara to be a Sikh Gurdwara, under section 9/17 of the Act.	Name of Gurdwara.	Name and address of candidates elected.	Constituency for the election of Committee of Management.
		Ludhiana Tahsil.	
2020-G., dated the 22nd September, 1933.	Dharmsala Guru Granth Sahib.	1. Gurdial Singh, son of Kalyan Singh, Jat, of Asi Kalan, Post Office Raipur. 2. Nihal Singh, son of Khiwa Singh, Jat, of Asi Kalan, Post Office Raipur, tahsil and district Ludhiana.	Revenue estate of Asi Kalan in Ludhiana tahsil.

The 10th September, 1940.

No. 169-L. F. B.—It is hereby notified that the candidates named in column 3 of the schedule below have been elected by the constituency mentioned in column 4 of the schedule to be members of the committee to be constituted under the provisions of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, for

the Gurdwara specified in column 2 of the schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No. as entered in schedule I of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, as subsequently amended.	Name of Gurdwara.	Name and address of the candidate elected.	Constituency in schedule I of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, as subsequently amended.
1	2	3	4
165 ..	Gurdwara Guru Sar	1. Harnama, son of Sawan, Zamindar of Lama village, Post Office Raikot, Tahsil Jagraon, District Ludhiana. 2. Kundha Singh, son of S. Waryam Singh, Zamindar of Lama village, Post Office Raikot, Tahsil Jagraon.	Revenue estate of Lama Jatpura in Jagraon tahsil.

No. 170-L.F.B.—It is hereby notified that the candidates named in column 3 of the schedule below have been elected by the constituencies mentioned in column 4 of the schedule to be members of the committee to be constituted under the provisions of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, for the Gurdwaras specified in column 2 of the schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No. as entered in schedule I of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, as subsequently amended.	Name of Gurdwaras	Name and address of the candidates elected.	Constituency in schedule I of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, as subsequently amended.
1	2	3	4
193 ..	Guru Sar ..	1. Tikni, son of Gopi Mal, Aggarwal, of Rupana. 2. Chaghar Singh, son of Lal Singh, Jat, of Rupana, Muktsar tehsil. 3. Maghar Singh, son of Atar Singh, Jat, of Rupana, in Muktsar tehsil. 4. Koer Singh, son of Kundha Singh, Jat, of Rupana, Muktsar Tehsil.	Revenue estate of Rupana in Tahsil Muktsar, District Ferozepore.
173 ..	Dehra Daroli Bhai.	1. Rajindar Singh Bhai, son of Gajindar Singh Bhai, Sub-Registrar, Moga, District Ferozepore. 2. Jagjiwan Singh, son Nau Nihal Singh, of village Daroli Bhai. 3. Khiwan Singh, son of Hari Singh, of Daroli Bhai, tahsil Moga 4. Kishan Singh, son of Buta Singh, of Daroli Bhai, tahsil Moga.	Revenue estate of Daroli Bhai in Moga tahsil, of Ferozepore District.
175 ..	Guru Sar Madhoke.	1. Chanan Singh, son of Dewa Singh, of village Maddoke, Moga tahsil. 2. Nikku, son of Khawaja, of Madhoke, tahsil Moga. 3. Natha Singh, son of Sundar Singh, of Madhoke, tahsil Moga. 4. Banta, son of Sohel Singh, of village Madhoke, tahsil Moga.	Revenue estate of Madhoke in Moga tahsil of Ferozepore district.
180 ..	1. Guru Sar .. 2. Dharamsala Bahi Vir Singh (Unscheduled).	1. Ram Singh, son of Wazir Singh, of Patto Hira Singh, tehsil Moga. 2. Kartar Singh, son of Santa Singh, of Patto Hira Singh. 3. Darbara Singh, son of Chattar Singh, of Patto Hira Singh. 4. Labh Singh, son of Phula Singh, of Patto Hira Singh.	Revenue estate of Patto Hira Singh in Moga tahsil.

E. SHEEPSHANKS,
Commissioner, Jullundur Division.

Small Towns.

The 9th September, 1940.

No. A./IV/107/96.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (3) of section 4 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner of the Lahore Division has appointed Sheikh Abdul Haq, retired Station Master, to be a member of the Town Committee of Sujanpur, in the Gurdaspur district, *vice* Khan Sahib Sayed Ghulam Murtza Shah, deceased.

ALAN MITCHELL,
Commissioner, Lahore Division.

Committees.

The 9th September, 1940.

No. A.I.-11/517.—The following amendments to the bye-laws made by the Municipal Committee of Jhelum and published with Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division's notification No. 75-A.-1-192, dated the 19th December, 1925, as amended by notifications Nos. A.I.-11/E.-37, dated 5th February, 1936, and A.I.-11/28, dated 16th December, 1938, having been approved by the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, as required by section 31 (2) of the Punjab Municipal Act, are published for information. They shall come into force from the date of this notification :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. In bye-law No. 72 (3) after the word "expenditure" the words "and Municipal Works" shall be added.

2. In bye-law No. 74 after the word "contingencies" the words "and Municipal Works" shall be added and figure "10" in place of figure "20" and figure "100" in place of figure "50" shall be substituted.

3. The following new bye-law shall be added as No. 79 :—

79. The sale of dead trees and other moveable property of the Committee shall be conducted and sale sanctioned under orders of the President provided that the Committee's confirmation will be necessary in case the sale-proceeds exceed Rs. 50. All sales shall ordinarily be held by public auction and shall be conducted under the supervision of a member.

(2) Unserviceable articles can be written off under the orders of the President if the cost price does not exceed Rs. 10, in all other cases under the orders of the Committee.

(3) Detailed estimates need not be prepared for works not costing over Rs. 5.

P. MARSDEN,
Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division.

Committees.

The 5th September, 1940.

No. 142.—In accordance with the direction of the Punjab Government under subsection (3) of section 31 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the following amendment made by the Municipal Committee of Khanewal, in the Multan district, to its business by-laws published with notification No. 437, dated the 14th January, 1928, by the Commissioner, Multan Division, as subsequently amended by his notifications No. 712, dated the 20th June, 1931, No. 48, dated 27th June, 1933, No. 124, dated 14th October, 1935, and No. 7, dated 12th January, 1940, is published for general information and shall come into force from the date of the publication of this notification :—

AMENDMENT.

In clause (*d*) of by-law 62 after the words "up to Rs. 2" the following words shall be added :—

"and by the Medical Officer of Health on any servant subordinate to him drawing less than Rs. 20 per mensem up to Rs. 2".

General (Gurdwaras).

The 6th September, 1940.

No. 143.—It is hereby notified that the persons named in column 6 below have been elected members of the Gurdwara noted in column 4 :—

1	2	3	4	5	6
Name of district.	Name of tahsil.	Number of Gurdwara.	Name of Gurdwara.	Revenue estate.	Names of members elected.
Montgomery.	Okara	117	Nankana Sahib	Nankana Jagir.	1. Gurbaksh Singh, son of Ganga Singh, D. Block, Okara. 2. Kala Singh, son of Kesar Singh, of 10/1-L., Tahsil Okara. 3. Raghbir Singh, son of Kartar Singh, resident of Ward E., Montgomery Town. 4. Waryam Singh, son of Amar Singh, of Chak No. 135/9-L., Tahsil Montgomery.

C. V. SALUSBURY,
Commissioner, Multan Division.

894 CS—1127—12.9.40—SGPP Lahore.

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PART I—B.

Notifications by Commissioners.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Small Towns.

The 14th September, 1940.

No. 177-L. F. B.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (3) of section 4 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that Ch. Roshan Lal, son of Ch. Dina Nath, Saini, has been elected member of the Town Committee of Hariana, *vice* the Tahsildar, Hoshiarpur, who ceased to be a member of the said committee.

General (Gurdwaras).

The 11th September, 1940.

No. 173 L. F. B.—It is hereby notified that the candidates named in column 3 of the schedule below have been elected by the constituency mentioned in column 4 of the schedule to be members of the Committees constituted under the provision of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, for Gurdwaras specified in column 2 of the schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

No. and date of the notification declaring the Gurdwara to be a Sikh Gurdwara under section 9/17 of the Act.	Name of Gurdwara.	Name and address of the candidate elected.	Constituency for the election of the Committee of Management.
1	2	3	4
75-G., dated the 17th May, 1935.	Dharamsala ..	1. Nadhan Singh, son of Jaimal Singh, Jat Sikh, of village Sehju Mazara, in tahsil Samrala.	Revenue estate of Sehju Mazara in tahsil Samrala of Ludhiana district.

No. and date of the notification declaring the Gurdwara to be a Sikh Gurdwara under section 9/17 of the Act.	Name of Gurdwara.	Name and address of the candidate elected.	Constituency for the election of the Committee of Management.
1	2	3	4
22-G., dated the 5th April, 1935.	Dharamsala ..	1. Malu, son of Lehna, Jat Sikh, of village Rupalon, in tahsil Samrala.	Revenue estate of Rupalon, in tahsil Samrala, Ludhiana district.
324-G., dated the 16th December, 1930.	Dharamsala ..	1. Kishna, son of Hira, Jat Sikh, of village Rasulra, in tahsil Samrala. 2. Tilok Singh, son of Samund Singh, Jat Sikh, of village Rasulra, in tahsil Samrala. 3. Amar Singh, son of Khushia, Jat Sikh, of village Rasulra, in tahsil Samrala. 4. Chuhra, son of Sangat, Jat Sikh, of village Rasulra, in tahsil Samrala.	Revenue estate of Rasulra, in tahsil Samrala, Ludhiana district.
22-G., dated the 5th April, 1935.	Dharamsala ..	1. Mal Singh, son of Sundar Singh, Jat Sikh, of village Manki, in tahsil Samrala. 2. Nohar Singh, son of Gandu, Jat Sikh, of village Manki, in tahsil Samrala. 3. Ralla Singh, son of Partapa, Jat Sikh, of Manki, in tahsil Samrala. 4. Partap Singh, son of Mani, Sikh Barber, of village Manki, in tahsil Samrala.	Revenue estate of Manki, in tahsil Samrala, of Ludhiana district.
45-G., dated the 27th November, 1936.	Dharamsala ..	1. Dalip Singh, son of Sawan, Jat Sikh, of village Isru, in tahsil Samrala. 2. Khizan Singh, son of Gutia *alias* Gurmakh Singh, Jat Sikh, of village Isru, in tahsil Samrala. 3. Ujagar Singh, son of Fateh Singh, Jat Sikh, of village Isru, in tahsil Samrala. 4. Sundar Singh, son of Hazara Singh, Jat Sikh, of Isru, tahsil Samrala.	Revenue estate of Isru, in tahsil Samrala of Ludhiana district.

The 12th September, 1940.

No. 174-L. F. B.—It is hereby notified that the candidates named in column 3 of the schedule below have been elected by the constituencies mentioned in column 4 of the schedule to be members of the committees to be constituted under the provisions of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, for the Gurdwara specified in column 2 of the schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No. as entered in schedule I of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, as subsequently amended.	Name of Gurdwara.	Names and addresses of candidates elected.	Constituency in schedule I of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, as subsequently amended.
1	2	3	4
159	Gurdwara Mohi..	1. Ratan Singh, son of Ram Singh, Jat, village and post office Mohi, tahsil Jagraon, district Ludhiana. 2. Mastan Singh, son of Sobha Singh, Jat, village and post office Mohi, tahsil Jagraon, district Ludhiana. 3. Narain Singh, son of Hira, Lohar, of village and post office Mohi, tahsil Jagraon, district Ludhiana.	Revenue estate of Mohi.

No. 175-L.F.B.—It is hereby notified that the candidates named in column 3 of the schedule below have been elected by the constituencies mentioned in column 4 of the schedule to be members of the Committees constituted under the provisions of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, for the Gurdwaras specified in clumn 2 of the schedule :-

SCHEDULE.

No. and date of the notification declaring the Gurdwaras to be Sikh Gurdwaras as under section 9/17 of the Act.	Name of Gurdwara.	Name and address of candidate elected.	Constituency for the election of Committee of Management.
1	2	3	4
21-G., dated the 16th June, 1933.	Gurd w a r a Panchaiti.	(1) Hazura Singh, son of Hazara Singh, Jat, of village and Post Office Talwandi Khurd, Tahsil Jagraon, district Ludhiana. (2) Prem Singh, son of Kaku Singh. Jat, of village and Post Office Talwandi Khurd, Tahsil Jagraon, district Ludhiana.	Revenue estate of Talwandi Khurd.

No. and date of the notification declaring the Gurdwaras to be Sikh Gurdwaras as under section 9/17 of the Act.	Name of Gurdwara.	Name and address of candidate elected.	Constituency for the election of Committee of Management.
1	2	3	3
		(3) Rattan Singh, son of Sundar Singh, Jat, of village and Post Office Talwandi Khurd, Tahsil Jagraon, district Ludhiana. (4) Niranjan Singh, son of Balwant Singh, Jat, of village and Post Office Talwandi Khurd, Tahsil Jagraon, district Ludhiana.	
2 2-G., dated the 5th April, 1935.	Gurd w a r a Guru Gobind Sahib.	Indar Singh, son of Prem Singh, Jat, of village and Post Office Kamalpore, Tahsil Jagraon, district Ludhiana.	Revenue estate of Kamalpore.
11-G., dated the 28th February, 1936.	Gurd w a r a Guru Granth Sahib.	(1) Maghar Singh son of Rura Singh, Jat, of village Bazurg, Post Office Swaddi Khas Tahsil Jagraon, district Ludhiana. (2) Bhag Singh, son of Sher Singh Jat, of village Bazurg, Post Office Swaddi Khas, Tahsil Jagraon, district Ludhiana. (3) Niranjan Singh, son of Dyal Singh, Jat, of village Bazurg, Post Office, Swaddi Khas, Tahsil Jagraon, district Ludhiana. (4) Jagir Singh, son of Basao, Jat, of village Bazurg, Post Office Swaddi Khas, Tahsil Jagraon, district Ludhiana.	Revenue estate of Bazurg.
39-G., dated the 17th September, 1936.	Dharamsa l a Lamian Patti	(1) Ganga Singh, son of Jiwa Singh, Lohar, of village and Post Office Malak, Tahsil Jagraon, district Ludhiana. (2) Bhan Singh, son of Gulab Singh, Jat, of village and Post office Malak, Tahsil Jagraon, district Ludhiana. (3) Kapur Singh, son of Sahib Singh, Jat of village and Post Office Malak, Tahsil Jagraon, district Ludhiana. (4) Mit Singh, son of Ishar Singh, Jat, of village and Post Office Malak, Tahsil Jagraon district Ludhiana.	Revenue estate of Malak.
37-G., dated the 11th September, 1936.	Gurd w a r a Thamji Panchami Padshahi.	S. Nagindar Singh (Vakil), son of Gursaran Singh, Jat, of village Kotla Suraj Mal, Thana Shahkot, Tahsil Nakodar, district Jullundur.	Revenue estate of Kartarpur.
118-G., dated the 13th September, 1935.	Gurd w a r a Gangsar Panchami Padshai.		
599-G., dated the 19th April, 1929.	Dharamsa l a Baharli Patti Takhar.	(1) Pritam Singh, son of Didar Singh, Jat, village Shankar, Thana and Tahsil Nakodar, district Jullundur. (2) Khem Singh, son of Sain, Tailor, village Shankar, Thana and Tahsil Nakodar, district Jullundur. (3) Chanan Singh, son of Partap Singh, Jat, village Shankar, Thana and Tahsil Nakodar, district Jullundur. (4) Jowala Singh, son of Indar Singh, Jat, of village Shankar, Thana and Tahsil Nakodar, district Jullundur.	Revenue estate of Shankar.
871-G., dated the 16th December, 1929.	Dharms a l a Patti Gujrati Dharms a l a Patti Rajoki. Unchi Dharmsala.		

No. 176-L.F.B.—It is hereby notified that the candidates named in column 3 of the schedule below have been elected by the constituencies mentioned in column 4 of the schedule to be members of the committees constituted under the provisions of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, for Gurdwaras specified in column 2 of the schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

No. and date of the notification declaring the Gurdwaras to be Sikh Gurdwaras under section 8/17 of the Act.	Name of Gurwara.	Name and address of candidate elected.	Continuency for the election of Committee of Management.
1	2	3	4
		HOSHIARPUR TAHSIL.	
27-G., dated the 29th May, 1936.	Samadhan Sardar Baghel Singh.	1. Dhian Singh, son of Mutab Singh, zamindar, of Hariana. 2. Sant Singh, son of Nihal Singh, zamindar, of Hariana. 3. Ganda Singh, son of Nathu Ram, carpenter, of Hariana. 4. Dalip Singh, son of Uttam Singh, merchant of Hariana.	Revenue estate of Hariana in Hoshiarpur tahsil.

No. and date of the notification declaring the Gurdwaras to be Sikh Gurdwaras under section 8/17 of the Act.	Name of Gurwara.	Name and address of candidate elected.	Constituency for the election of Committee of Management.
1	2	3	4
39-G., dated the 21st August, 1936.	Panchaiti Dharamsala.	1. Ganga Singh, son of Mara, zamindar, of Dhugga, 2. Gopal Singh, son of Kaka, zamindar, of village Dhugga, 3. Shiv Lal, son of Lal Singh, zamindar, of village Dhugga, 4. Bhag Singh, son of Hira, zamindar, of Dhugga, Tahsil Hoshiarpur.	Revenue estate of Dhugga in Hoshiarpur tahsil.
		GARHSHANKAR TAHSIL.	
201-G., dated the 15th November, 1935.	Dharamsala Sarhala Khurd.	1. Partap Singh, son of Kishan Singh, 2. Kartar Singh, son of Mihan Singh, Jat, 3. Dhera Singh, son of Mehtab Singh, Jat, 4. Balwant Singh, son of Indar Singh, Jat, residents of Sarhala Khurd.	Revenue estate of Sarhala Khurd.
33-G., dated the 21st August, 1936.	Dharamsala Bachhauri.	1. Dalip Singh, son of Indar Singh .. 2. Rala Singh, son of Ganda, 3. Labh Singh, son of Jhandu, 4. Battan Singh, son of Faqiria, residents of village Bachhauri,	Revenue estate of Bachhauri.
31-G., dated the 19th June, 1936.	Gurdwara Shahidan.	1. Hari Singh, son of Mangal Singh, of Langeri. 2. Wali Singh, adopted son of Kirpal Singh, Jat, of Mahilpur. 3. Bikraman Singh, son of Makhan Singh, of village Bharta. 4. Babu Singh, son of Shiam Singh, of Mahilpur.	Revenue estate of Ladhewal.
		ZIRA TAHSIL, FEROZEPORE DISTRICT.	
120-G., dated the 25th September, 1934.	Dharamsala Panchaiti Anderli.	1. Sham Singh, son of Budh Singh, Jat, 2. Jawala Singh, son of Hazara Singh, Jat, 3. Hazara Singh, son of Dal Singh, Jat. residents of village Data.	Revenue estate of Data, in Zira tahsil.
22-G., dated the 5th April, 1935.	Akalgarh ..	1. Jamita Singh, son of Amar Singh, Jat, 2. Giana, son of Dhola, Jat, 3. Narain Singh, son of Pohoo Singh, Jat, 4. Jiwna, son of Bika Singh, Jat, residents of Daya Kalan.	Revenue estate of Daya Kalan in Zira tahsil.
22-G., dated the 5th April, 1935.	Dharamsala Andarli.	1. Jogindar Singh, son of Nidhan Singh, Jat, 2. Sheroo, son of Khashdal Singh, Jat, 3. Bhagwana, son of Badhawa Singh, Jat, 4. Jangir, son of Bhana, Jat, residents of Kishanpura Kalan.	Revenue estate of Kisnanpura Kalan in Zira tahsil.
		ZIRA TAHSIL.	
1-G., dated the 22nd January, 1937.	Gurdwara Bhai Mansa Singhwala.	1. Naranjan Singh, son of Ishar Singh, 2. Sundar Singh, son of Dasondha Singh, Jat. 3. Bhag Singh, son of Chanda Singh, Chhimba, 4. Santokh Singh, son of Dewa Singh, carpenter, residents of village Galoti.	Revenue estate of Galoti in Zira tahsil.
75-G., dated the 17th May, 1935.	Gurdwara Guru Sar.	1. Charan Singh, son of Gurdit Singh, Khatri, 2. Thana Singh, son of Vir Singh, Jat, 3. Jaimal Singh, son of Makhan Singh, Jat, 4. Roor Singh, son of Roda Singh, Jat, residents of village Manawan.	Revenue estate of Manawan in Zira tahsil.
		MOGA TAHSIL.	
114-G., dated the 30th August, 1935.	Gurdwara Mahna.	1. Hukam Singh, son of Rulia Singh, 2. Puran Singh, son of Sham Singh, 3. Man Singh, son of Sundar Singh. 4. Kishen Singh, son of Prem Singh, residents of Mahna, Tahsil Moga.	Revenue estate of Mahna, Tahsil Moga of Ferozepore district.

The 14th September, 1940.

No. 178-L. F. B.—It is hereby notified that the candidates named in column 3 of the schedule below have been elected by the constituency mentioned in column 4 of the schedule to be members of the Committee constituted under the provisions of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, for

the Gurdwara specified in column 2 of the schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No. as entered in Schedule I of the Sikh Gurdwara Act, 1925, as subsequently amended.	Name of Gurdwara.	Name and address of candidates elected.	Constituency in schedule I of the Sikh Gurdwara Act, 1925, as subsequently amended.
1	2	3	4
172 ..	Gurdwara Guru Sar Mehraj.	1. Karam Singh, son of Uttam Singh, Zamindar of Nathana, in Ferozepore tahsil. 2. Harnam Singh, son of Rur Singh, Zamindar, of Bhucho Kalan, in Ferozepore tahsil. 3. Chuhar Singh, son of Sher Singh, Zamindar of village Mehraj Patti Kaleki, in Ferozepore tahsil	Revenue estate of Mehraj in Ferozepore tahsil.

No. 179-L. F. B. - It is hereby notified that the candidates named in column 3 of the schedule below have been elected by the constituencies mentioned in column 4 of the schedule to be members of the Committees constituted under the provisions of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, for the Gurdwaras specified in column 2 of the schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

No. and date of the notification declaring the Gurdwaras to be Sikh Gurdwaras under section 9/17 of the Act.	Name of Gurdwara.	Name and address of candidates elected.	Constituency for the election of committee of management.
1	2	3	4
75-G., dated the 17th May, 1935.	1. Khuhi Dhab Wali. 2. Dera Bawa Pawan Hari *Urf* Lal Chand.	1. Narain Singh, son of Bagha Singh, Zamindar of Poohli, post office Nathana, in Ferozepore tahsil. 2. Sawan Singh, son of Jiwan Singh, Zamindar of village Poohli, post office Nathana, in Ferozepore tahsil. 3. Jawala Singh, son of Sochet Singh, Zamindar of village Poohli, post office Nathana. in Ferozepore tahsil. 4. Sajjan Singh, son of Amar Singh, Zamindar of village Poohli, post office Nathana, in Ferozepore tahsil.	Revenue estate of Poohli in Ferozepore tahsil.
Ditto ..	1. Dharamsala Patti Bihari. 2. Gurdwara Akalsar. 3. Dharamsala Patti Kamal.	1. Karpal Singh, son of Jang Singh .. 2. Gurbachan Singh, son of Bairam Singh, 3. Suhewa Singh, son of Dalip Singh. 4. Bakhshi Singh, son of Narain Singh, residents of village Sema, post office Nathana in Ferozepore tahsil.	Revenue estate of Sema in Ferozepore tahsil.
22-G., dated the 5th April, 1935.	1. Gurdwara Baba Sahib Sidh Tilak Rai.	1. Hardial Singh, adopted son of Kala Singh, Zamindars of Mehraj Patti Sandli, post office Mehraj, in Ferozepore tahsil.	Revenue estate of Mehraj in Ferozepore tahsil.
75-G., dated the 17th May, 1935.	2. Dharamsala Anderli Patti Jagta.	2. Gurbakhsh Singh, son of Kishan Singh, Zamindar of Mehraj Patti Karam Chand, in Ferozepore tahsil.	Ditto.
Ditto	3. Gurdwara Guru Sar Chhota Chewin Padshahi.	3. Mukand Singh, son of Bakshi Singh, Zamindar of Mehraj Patti Kaleki, in tahsil Ferozepore.	Revenue estate in Mehraj Patti Kaleke, in Ferozepore tahsil.
Ditto	4 Gurdwara Mori Sikhan.	4. Channan Singh, son of Kundha Singh, Zamindar of Mehraj Patti Kaleki in tahsil Ferozepore.	Revenue estate of Mehraj Patti Karam Chand in Ferozepore tahsil.
Ditto	Gurdwara Guru Granth Sahib, Dera Bahi Dal Singhwala.	1. Narain Singh, son of Bela Singh, 2. Baru Singh son of Balor Singh, 3. Waryam Singh, son of Punjab Singh, 4. Chand Singh, son of Sucha Singh, Zamindars of Bhucho Kalan in tahsil Ferozepore.	Revenue estate of Bhucho Kalan in Ferozepore tahsil.

E. SHEEPSHANKS,

Commissioner, Jullundur Division.

Committees.

The 13th September, 1940.

No. A/I/6-B (VIII)/10/101.—In accordance with the directions of the Provincial Government under subsection (3) of section 31 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the following bylaws made by the Municipal Com-

mittee of Nankana Sahib, in the Sheikhupura District, in exercise of the powers conferred by subsection (1) of section 31 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, having been approved as required by subsection (2) of section 31 of the said Act by the Commissioner of the Lahore Division in exercise of the powers delegated to him under section 32 of the said Act by Punjab Government notification No. 5555, dated the 17th February, 1934, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the said Municipality from the date of publication of this notification :—

BYLAWS.

I.—Time and place of meeting.

1. Every meeting of the Committee, whether ordinary or special, shall be held at a place, date and hour to be fixed for it by the President, or in his absence by the Vice-President, provided that when there is neither a President nor a Vice-President in existence, the Secretary may convene a meeting at any time or place for the election of the President but not for the transaction of any other business. Ordinary meetings of the Committee shall be held at least once a month.

II.—Manner in which notice shall be given.

2. (*a*) The notice of every meeting under bylaw 1 shall state the place, date and hour fixed for it and shall be signed by the President, Vice-President or Secretary.

(*b*) The notice shall be accompanied by a duly attested list of the business by the President or the Secretary to be transacted at the meeting hereinafter called the "Agenda".

(*c*) (1) The agenda shall include every matter that any member may desire to put to the meeting; provided that a copy of the motion thereon signed by such member and by a seconder is delivered to the Secretary at the Municipal Office at least seven clear days before the date of the meeting. Provided further that the President may, for reasons to be recorded in writing refuse to permit any matter to be placed on the agenda if he considers that the matter is one with which the committee is not concerned or is otherwise not suitable for discussion at a meeting of the committee.

(2) Any member aggrieved by the refusal of the President to allow any matter to be placed on the agenda may appeal to the Deputy Commissioner whose decision as to whether the matter may be so placed or not shall be final.

(*d*) The notice and agenda shall be despatched so that at least one clear day for the meeting that is deemed to be urgent and three clear days for any other meeting shall intervene between the date of despatch and the date of the meeting.

3. Notice of an adjourned meeting shall be given by the Chairman on the spot and the same shall, as soon as thereafter as possible be sent to all members of the committee who are absent: provided that it shall be lawful for the President or in his absence the Vice-President, to alter with due notice, in an emergency, the place, date or hour of such meeting.

4. All cases on the agenda of a meeting shall be made available in the Secretary's office for the inspection of members immediately after the despatch of the agenda.

III.—Quorum.

5. No business shall be transacted at an ordinary or general meeting of the Committee unless at least five of the members are present.

6. In the absence of a quorum the Chairman shall forthwith suspend the proceedings and adjourn the meeting.

IV.—Conduct of proceedings and the adjournment of meetings.

7. Every meeting shall commence with a motion by the Chairman that the minutes of the previous meeting be confirmed. Such minutes shall ordinarily be taken as read, but if for any reason they have not been previously circulated to the members they shall be read before they are taken into consideration. Any member, who was present at the previous meeting, may object to the confirmation of the minutes by an amendment on the ground that any matter is not correctly recorded or expressed.

8. The chairman shall decide all points of order or procedure and his decision shall be final. Whenever he rises, any member speaking shall resume his seat.

9. The items on the agenda shall be dealt with in their order, provided that the Chairman, with the consent of the majority of the members present, may vary such order or bring before the meeting any matter no included in the agenda.

10. If more than one member rise to speak at the same time, the Chairman shall name the member who is to speak.

11. Members when speaking shall stand and address the Chairman and except on a point of order or personal explanation the member speaking shall not be interrupted by any member other than the Chairman.

12. No written speeches shall be delivered.

13. So far as is possible and consistent with the matter under discussion no member shall direct personal or objectionable remarks at any other member. For the purpose of this bylaw the ruling of the Chairman shall be final.

14. A member desiring to raise a point of order or personal explanation shall rise and address the Chairman. The member speaking shall then give way, and remain seated until the Chairman has decided the point raised ; provided that the Chairman may permit any other member, including the member called to order, to speak on the said point.

15. If the meeting refuses to obey the ruling of the Chairman on any matter he may adjourn it at once ; and once he declares the meeting adjourned on this or any other ground, the subsequent proceedings of the meeting or any residue thereof shall be void and shall not appear in the minutes.

16. The Chairman may after calling the attention of the meeting to the conduct of a member, who persists in irrelevance or in tedious repetition of his own arguments or of the arguments used by other members direct him to discontinue his speech. If the member refuses to obey, the Chairman may order him to leave the meeting and the member shall at once do so and shall remain absent during the remainder period of the meeting unless recalled by the Chairman. The Chairman may cause to be summarily removed any member who disobeys an order to withdraw made under this bylaw.

17. Every motion or resolution shall be read, and if seconded shall be deemed to be before the meeting for discussion. The mover shall speak first in support of the motion ; then the seconder may speak, or if he desires, he may reserve his speech to a later period of the debate.

18. A member may speak only once to each motion, but the mover or a seconder of a substantive motion or resolution may reply at the conclusion of the debate thereon : provided that the Chairman at his discretion may at any time allow a member, who has already spoken, to make a brief explanation.

19. After a motion has been proposed and seconded any member may propose an amendment thereto. An amendment that is not seconded falls through.

20. Any number of amendments may be before the meeting at the same time but they shall be put to the vote in the reverse order to that in which they were moved. After all the amendments have been disposed of, the resolution as amended shall be put to the vote.

21. A member who has already spoken on a substantive motion before the meeting is not thereby debarred from speaking on an amendment to the motion : provided that in so doing he confined himself strictly to the fresh matter introduced by the amendment.

22. No motion or amendment shall be withdrawn except with the consent of the meeting.

23. Every motion, resolution or amendment voted on shall be put to the meeting both for and against.

Proviso.—Nothing in this and the following bylaws shall affect the provisions of the rules for the election of the President or the Vice-President in force for the time.

24. Unless a poll is demanded by any member present at the meeting a declaration made at the meeting by the Chairman that a motion, resolution or amendment has been carried or lost shall be sufficient warrant for making an entry to that effect in the minutes. If a poll is demanded by any member present it shall be taken by show of hands and the result of such poll as declared by the Chairman shall be deemed to be the resolution of the committee.

25. No decision of a Committee shall be reopened before the lapse of six months after it has been recorded, except in compliance with an order of the Provincial Government or of the Commissioner, or of the Deputy Commissioner or with the permission in writing of the President.

26. Any officer of Government or other person, not being a member of the Committee, may, with the consent of the majority of the members and of Chairman, address the meeting.

27. All meetings of the Committee shall be open to the reporters of the press and at the discretion of the Chairman, to the public : provided that the reporters of the public or both shall withdraw if at any time so required by the Chairman.

28. Except as provided in by-law 26 no noise or expression of approval or disapproval on the part of the public or reporters present shall be permitted.

29. The Chairman may cause any person, other than a member of the Committee, who interrupts the business of the meeting to be summarily removed from the building in which the meeting is held.

30. No member may inspect the papers relating to a matter in which he or either of his parents or any other descendant of either of his parents or the husband or wife as may be of any such descendant has a direct or indirect pecuniary interest. Subject to this exception —

(a) members of sub-committees and members charged with the performance of any special duty may inspect the papers connected with their duties at the Secretary's office during office hours ; and

(b) any other member may inspect documents and registers at the Secretary's office during office hours but he may, except in the case provided for by by-law 4 do so only with the permission in writting of the President or in his absence of the Vice-President An application for permission to inspect under clause (b) shall be in writing and state the papers to be inspected and the reasons for inspecting them. The President or Vice-President, as may be, may refuse permission if the reasons given are in his opinion insufficient.

Proviso.—Nothing in this by-law shall be deemed to deprive any person of a right to inspect a document under any law other than the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911.

V.—The custody of the common seal and its use.

31. The common seal of the Committee shall remain in the custody of the Secretary and shall be used on contracts, deeds, conveyances, leases, licenses, receipts and cheques signed by the Secretary and all notices issued under the Municipal Act and the by-law thereunder. In the absence of the Secretary, the President or Vice-President shall have the custody of the seal.

VI.—Sub-committees.

32. The following standing sub-committees shall be appointed and constituted as follows :—

(a) Finance Sub-committee	.. ..	3 members
(b) Sanitary and Lighting Sub-committee	..	3 members
(c) Municipal Works Sub-committee	... ..	3 members
(d) Education Sub-committee	.. ..	3 members

33. Members of sub-committees shall be elected at a general meeting of the Committee and shall hold office for one year from the date of their election. The President or the Vice-President of the Committee shall be ex-officio Chairman of all the sub-committees if they are members of the said sub-committees : Provided that if he is not a member of the said sub-committee the members shall elect one of themselves to be the Chairman of the sub-committee for its term. If the Chairman is not present at a meeting the members present shall elect one of themselves to preside at that meeting.

34. The Secretary of the Committee shall be ex-officio Secretary of all the standing sub-committees, except the Sanitary and Lighting sub-committee and Municipal Works sub-committee, the work of the Secretary of which shall be performed by the part-time Municipal Medical Officer of Health and the Overseer of the committee, respectively.

35. Every sub-committee shall meet once a month and notice of every meeting shall be sent to each member by the Secretary of the sub-committee under the order of the Chairman, together with a copy of the agenda to be discussed at the meeting.

36. No business shall be transacted at any meeting of a sub-committee, unless at least two-thirds of the members of the sub-committee are present.

37. The procedure of every sub-committee shall, so far as may be, be conducted in accordance with the by-laws regulating the procedure of the committee.

38. Nothing in these by-laws shall be deemed to authorise any sub-committee to exercise any power or perform any function, the exercise or performance of which has been delegated by the Committee to any officer or has been vested in any officer by any rule made under the Act as to require that any matter in respect of which any such power or function has been so delegated shall be submitted to a sub-committee.

39. Subject to the provisions of by-law 38 the Finance sub-committee shall be responsible for the preparation and punctual submission of the annual budget of the Committee and to it shall be submitted all matters relating to the imposition, assessment and collection of taxes, the sale or leases of municipal properties, the raising of loans and all questions affecting the receipts and expenditure.

To the Sanitary and Lighting sub-committee shall be submitted all matters connected with the public health, registration of vital statistics, conservancy, epidemic diseases, control of food supplies, markets, slaughter-houses and generally all matters relating to public health and services dealt with in Chapter IX of the Municipal Act, and that of the lighting arrangements.

To the Municipal Works sub-committee shall be submitted all matters relating to municipal works, construction of buildings and roads, parks and gardens. Building application under section 189 of the Act shall also be submitted to the Municipal Works sub-committee.

To the Education sub-committee shall be submitted all matters relating to education and schools.

40. Every sub-committee shall exercise general supervision in respect of the matters placed under its control. If any matter is submitted to a sub-committee in respect of which the Committee has delegated its powers to the sub-committee, the sub-committee shall pass orders thereon and its orders shall not be subject to revision by the Committee; in all other cases in which the orders of the Committee are required, the sub-committee shall make a recommendation to the Committee.

41. A copy of the proceedings of every meeting of a sub-committee signed by the Chairman of the sub-committee shall be forwarded by the Secretary of the sub-committee to the Secretary of the Committee for inclusion in the agenda of the next meeting of the Committee.

42. When the proceedings of a sub-committee are being considered by the Committee, no discussion shall be permitted of any item in respect of which the sub-committee has passed orders in exercise of a power delegated to it by the Committee or of any item in respect of which the sub-committee has called for a further report or otherwise postponed passing an order or making a recommendation and any such item shall be recorded merely as " read ", provided that any member may call in question any order of sub-committee on the ground that it was *ultra vires* of the sub-committee, and if the Committee considers that such order was *ultra vires*, it may confirm, modify or cancel such order : Provided further that if any member considers that the sub-committee is unduly delaying the decision of any matter in respect of which it has passed no order or made no recommendation, he may move a motion requiring the sub-committee to pass orders or submit its recommendation within a stated period and if such a motion is carried and the sub-committee fails to pass an order or make a recommendation within a period fixed, the Committee may itself proceed to pass orders in respect of such matters.

43. Notwithstanding anything in these by-laws in cases of emergency, the President may direct that any matter may be submitted direct to the Committee, if there is no time for it to be submitted first to the sub-committee to which it ought ordinarily to be submitted under the provisions of these by-laws.

44. Subject to the provision of section 35 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, an estimate of every work undertaken shall be submitted to and approved by the sub-committee concerned. Every estimate exceeding Rs. 100 shall not be taken in hand until sanctioned by the Committee.

45. Every estimate for original work or repair shall be considered by the sub-committee concerned before being put up for sanction to the competent authority. Estimates up to Rs. 50 shall be sanctioned by the President and over by the Committee. In special cases the President may, on the recommendation of the sub-committee, order any work to be executed under his direct management and when it is being executed, the sub-committee or some one of its members shall supervise it.

46. Building applications received under section 189 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, will be referred by the Secretary to the ward member concerned for inspection of site and report. The ward member shall after inspection submit his report to the Municipal Works sub-committee.

The latter shall submit its report to the Committee where they will be finally decided. Application for keeping materials on the streets or lanes not exceeding one week, may be decided by the ward member himself.

47. Application for new lamps will, in the first instance, be referred by the Secretary to the ward member for report, who will report to the Lighting sub-committee, the Lighting sub-committee shall submit its opinion to the Committee for final decision.

VII.—Duties of the sub-committees.

48. The following establishment will be regarded to be under the control of each sub-committee who will be responsible for its supervision:—

Municipal Office Establishment ..	Finance sub-committee and President.
Terminal-tax and other tax establishment ..	Finance sub-committee.

Municipal Works and Gardens	..	Municipal Works sub-committee.
Sanitation & Lighting Staff	..	Sanitary sub-committee.
Education & Schools	..	Education sub-committee.

VIII.—Persons by whom receipts may be granted on behalf of the Committee for money received under the Act.

49. The following officials shall be responsible for granting receipts on behalf of the Committee under their signature :—

For Terminal Tax	..	Superintendent and Terminal Tax Muharrirs.
For taxes and rent of land and tehbazari rents.		Tax Collectors or the Moharrirs concerned.
For slaughter-house fees	..	The Moharrirs of Slaughter-houses.
Cattle fair fees	..	Commission clerks.

In all other cases the Secretary and in his absence the Head Clerk of the office.

IX.—President's power.

50. Every year, in the month of April, the President shall record his opinion about the working of the employees of the Committee in their character sheets. The Sub-committee concerned may inform the President of its opinion about the employees concerning them. As regards the terminal tax moharrirs the finance sub-committee shall express its opinion.

51. All orders about punishment of the employees shall be issued by the President after due enquiry.

52. For all construction works to be executed on contract the contractor shall be selected by the President.

53. All transfers of the municipal employees except watch and ward establishment shall be done by the President but in special cases he will consult the sub-committee concerned.

54. The President will be the chief executive officer of the Committee and shall be responsible for the administration of all the departments :—

(*a*) he may, in addition to the duties assigned to him in these by-laws, incur any expenditure in a case of emergency or whenever required by higher officer, provided such expenditure is put up before the next meeting of the Committee for sanction ;

(*b*) he shall arrange to draw, according to the rule in force, all payments due and all amounts sanctioned by the Committtee ; and

(*c*) may order the expenditure provided in the budget estimate, of any sum not exceeding Rs. 200 at a time : provided that the Committee at its next meeting is informed of such expenditure.

55. Questions relating to appointment and dismissal of all municipal employees (except watch and ward establishment) carrying pay up to Rs. 10 shall be disposed of by the President and over Rs. 10 by the Committee with the recommendations of the sub-committee concerned.

56. The President may, in case of emergency on his own authority, appoint a servant on a salary up to Rs. 50 per mensem, sanction for which shall be taken in the next meeting of the Committee.

X.—Duties of the Secretary.

57. The Secretary of the Municipal Committee shall be authorised to call back papers which have been pending with a member or sub-committee concerned for over a month and put them in the meeting of the Committee, if their disposal cannot be delayed.

58. All correspondence and communications of orders between the President, sub-committee and establishment will be done through the Secretary.

59. The Secretary shall be the Executive Officer of all the establishment of the Municipal Committee or its departments with the exception of the conservancy staff, when a health officer is appointed, and of the municipal works staff, when any overseer is appointed, and he will perform his duties under the direct control of the President and the supervision of the Municipal Committee.

59. (*a*) The Secretary will attend all meetings of the Committee except when the Committee by a majority of votes requires him to keep away from the meeting hall. At such occasions the President will direct him to do so and he will comply accordingly.

(b) The Secretary of the Committee will not make any speech in the meeting. He will, however, explain matters when required by the President.

60. The Secretary shall maintain a register in which proposals sent by members will be recorded.

61. He will, as prescribed in these by-laws, despatch to every member the notice for meetings and the agenda (with an abstract of matters to be laid in that meeting of the Committee) and shall keep ready at hand in office all papers concerning the meeting for the perusal of members.

62. He shall sign all notices, parwanas, sanctions and permits issued on behalf of the Committee.

63. He shall be responsible that all sums received in office for credit to the Municipality are duly credited to the municipal fund according to rules, and shall keep all accounts and financial returns up to date.

64. He shall as prescribed by rule 5 of the Municipal Account Code, 1930, sign all cheques before putting them up for signature.

65. He shall supervise the whole of the municipal establishment and be responsible that all subordinates perform their duties, and that all the prescribed registers and returns are maintained and submitted, also all orders issued by competent authorities are duly carried out.

66. The Secretary shall draw and arrange the disbursement of salaries of all the sanctioned municipal establishment.

XI.—Fines.

67. The President may suspend any servant of the Committee subject to the condition that the case be laid for consideration before the next meeting of the Committee.

68. The Secretary may recommend for fine, up to Re. 1, any municipal servant working under him.

69. The President may fine, up to one month's pay, any employee of the Municipal Committee.

70. The sub-committees may fine, up to the limit of a week's pay, any municipal employee, concerning their department and working under their respective control.

71. Every servant of the Committee may appeal to the Committee against the punishment inflicted on him, provided such appeal is made within the period of 30 days from the date of the order, but no appeal shall lie against a fine under Rs. 2, if such fine is imposed with the sanction of the President.

XII.—Leave.

72. Every servant of the Committee shall be entitled to leave in accordance with the provisions of the Fundamental Rules.

73. The limit of casual leave shall not exceed 20 days in a year, and such leave must in no case exceed 10 days at a time.

74. All applications for leave shall be submitted in the municipal office whence they will after necessary remarks be submitted to the sub-committee concerned or the officer authorised to sanction the leave.

75. Every employee shall be responsible to report to the municipal office the date of his departure and return from leave through his immediate officer.

No employee shall proceed on leave unless his leave has been duly sanctioned. In case of urgent necessity necessary permission should first be obtained.

76. The President may grant leave up to one month to any of the municipal servants.

77. The Secretary may grant leave up to 2 days to any of the municipal employees.

78. Every sub-committee may grant leave up to 5 days to their respective employees.

79. Any excess expenditure in connection with leave arrangement shall be put before the Committee for sanction and no payment of such expenditure shall be made without the sanction of the Committee.

80. All leave without pay shall be granted by the President on the recommendation of the sub-committee concerned.

XIII.—The term for which a Vice-President shall hold office.

81. A Vice-President shall hold office for one year, except in a vacancy caused by the death or resignation or removal in which case he shall hold office only for the unexpired residue of the period of his predecessor.

XIV.—General miscellaneous rules.

82. The Committee or the President may form a special sub-committee comprising of members of the Committee to investigate and report any matter, and such special sub-committee shall be dissolved as soon as the matter has been disposed of by the Committee or the President.

83. Every member of the Committee shall bring to the notice of the Committee or of the sub-committee concerned any defect, which he may happen to find, in the work of municipal administration, or if in his opinion, a notice or order be required to be issued or any other proceeding taken under the Municipal Act in any case.

84. All necessary correspondence of the higher authorities shall be put up before the Committee.

85. In any meeting of the Committee, after any matter has been put to vote, the names of the members voting against it or remaining neutral will be recorded in the proceedings book, if so desired by them.

86. All bills of miscellaneous expenditure shall be laid before the Committee for sanction after verification by the sub-committee concerned.

87. The question of the increments of municipal employees shall be laid before and decided by the Committee every year in the month of April.

88. Under the control of the President or during the absence of the President from the municipality in case of emergency the Vice-President may exercise all powers of the President.

89. The rules in force for the grant of copies of judicial and revenue records shall apply generally to the grant of copies of municipal record, and the Secretary shall attest such copies. The record and urgent fee shall according to rules be credited as usual to the Municipal Committee.

90. A copy of all by-laws passed by the Committee shall be given free of charge to every member.

91. The price of each separate set of by-laws shall in no case exceed annas two. These can be had by anyone on payment.

92. The municipal office shall remain closed on the days the office of the Deputy Commissioner of Sheikhupura is closed. Besides these holidays the municipal office and schools shall remain closed on other occasions with the sanction of the President.

C. KING,

Commissioner, Lahore Division

The 17th September, 1940.

No. 102.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner of the Lahore Division has appointed Sheikh Abdul Latif, son of Sheikh Abdul Manan, to be a member of the Municipal Committee of Jandiala in the Amritsar district, *vice* Sayed Karam Hussain Shah, deceased.

General (Gurdwaras).

The 11th September, 1940.

No. 290/10-II/97.—It is hereby notified that the following persons are declared to have been elected by the constituency mentioned in the last column of the schedule below to be members of the Committee of Management constituted under the provisions of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, for the Gurdwaras mentioned in the first column of the said schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

Name of Gurdwara.	Serial No. as entered in schedule 1 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925.	No. and date of notification declaring the Gurdwara as a Sikh Gurdwara.	Names and addresses of the candidates elected.	Constituency for election of Committee of Management.
1	2	3	4	5
1. Dera Sahib..	68	..	(1) Sardar Atma Singh, son of Sardar Bur Singh, village and Post Office Batala.	Zail of Batala.
2. Gurdwara Sat Kartaran.	..	5-G., dated the 10th January, 1936.	(2) Sardar Bhagat Singh, son of Sardar Nihal Singh, village Chohewal, Post Office Batala. (3) Sardar Mohinder Singh, son of Lala Bhagat Ram, village and Post Office Batala. (4) Sardar Harnam Singh, son of Sardar Gurdit Singh, village and Post Office Batala.	

No. 290/10/II-98.—It is hereby notified that the following persons are declared to have been elected by the constituency mentioned in the last column of the schedule below to be members of the Committee of Management constituted under the provisions of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, for the Gurdwaras mentioned in the first column of the said schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

Name of Gurdwara.	Serial No. as entered in schedule I of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925.	No. and date of notification declaring the Gurdwara as a Sikh Gurdwara.	Names and addresses of the candidates elected.	Constituency for election of Committee of Management.
1	2	3	4	5
1. Damdama Sahib.	71	..	(1) Sardar Meya Singh, son of Nabo, village and Post Office Mari Buchian.	Police station area of Sirigobindpura.
2. Dharamsala Granthian.	..	75-G., dated the 17th May, 1935.	(2) Sardar Santa Singh, son of Sardar Natha Singh, village and Post Office, Khojala.	

No. 290/10-II/99.—It is hereby notified that the following persons are declared to have been elected by the constituency mentioned in the last column of the schedule below to be members of the Committee of Management constituted under the provisions of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, for the Gurdwara mentioned in the first column of the said schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

Name of Gurdwara.	Serial No. as entered in schedule I of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925.	Names and addresses of the candidates elected.	Constituency for the election of the Committee of Management.
1	2	3	4
Durbar Kot Naina..	79	(1) Sardar Ujjagar Singh, son of Sardar Isar Singh, Jat, of Wallpur Bura, Branch Office Bura Dalla, tahsil Shakargarh. (2) Sardar Buta Singh, son of Sardar Hira Singh, Jat of Wallipur Bura, Branch Office Bura Dalla, tahsil Shakargarh (3) Sardar Teja Singh, son of Sain Ditta, Jat, of Khan Muraka, Branch Office Kot Naina, tahsil Shakargarh. (4) Sardar Milkha Singh, son of Isar, Jat, of Daulat Chak, Branch Office Kot Naina, tahsil Shakargarh.	Zails of Sujowal, Kot Bachna, Ikhlaspur, Bhati, Ghurgal, and Pindi Umra in tahsil Shakargarh and zail Mirzapur in tahsil Gurdaspur.

No. 290/12-III/100.—It is hereby notified that the following persons are declared to have been elected by the constituency mentioned in the last column of the schedule below to be members of the Committee of Management constituted under the provisions of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, for the gurdwara mentioned in the first column of the said schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

Name of Gurdwara.	No. and date of notification declaring the Gurdwara as a Sikh Gurdwara.	Names and addresses of the candidates elected.	Constituency for the election of the Committee of Management.
1	2	3	4
Dharamsala Bhai Kishen Singh Ji.	23-G., dated the 24th April, 1936.	1. Sardar Sodagar Singh, son of Sardar Bal Singh, Zamindar, of village Bhangwan. 2. Sardar Bahadur Singh, son of Sardar Jawand Singh, Zamindar, of village Bhangwan. 3. Sardar Budha Singh, son of Sardar Barkat Singh, shopkeeper, of village Bhangwan. 4. Sardar Faujdar Singh, son of Sardar Kala Singh, Zamindar of village Bhangwan.	Revenue estate of Bhangwan.

ALAN MITCHELL,

Commissioner, Lahore Division.

Small Towns.

The 13th September, 1940.

No. A.-XIV.-23/518.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following general order made by the Town Committee of Kharian in Gujrat district, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*o*) of section 35 of the said Act, and sanctioned by the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, as required by subsection (1) of section 36 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force from the date of this notification :—

GENERAL ORDER.

1 In this general order—

(*a*) " Cattle " includes elephants, camels, buffaloes, horses, mares (entire or gelded), ponies, colts, bullocks, fillies, mules, asses, pigs, rams, ewes, sheep, lambs, goats and kids ;

(*b*) " important road " means the roads specified in the schedule appended to this general order ;

(*c*) " night time " means half an hour after sunset to half an hour before sunrise ;

(*d*) " vehicle " means a vehicle other than a motor vehicle.

2. No vehicle shall be driven along an important road at night unless it is equipped with lights in the following manner :—

(*a*) in the case of a bicycle or a tricycle, one light in front and a red reflector at the back ;

(*b*) in the case of country carts, one light so placed as to be visible both from the front and the back ;

(*c*) in the case of any other vehicle, two lights visible both from the front and the back and in case the front lights are not visible from behind a third light at the back.

3. No cattle shall be driven along an important road at night unless the person driving them carries a light and if the number of cattle exceeds ten, unless they are accompanied by persons bearing lights in front of and behind the cattle.

SCHEDULE.

1. Grand Trunk Road.

P. MARSDEN,

Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division.

Small Towns.

The 14th September, 1940.

No. 144.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following general order made by the Town Committee of Shorkot in the Jhang district, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*p*) of section 35 of the said Act, and sanctioned by the Commissioner, Multan Division, as required by subsection (1) of section 36 of the said Act published for general information and shall come into force from the date of the publication of this notification :—

GENERAL ORDER.

1. In order to promote the health, comfort and welfare of the residents of the Small Town of Shorkot, no premises situated within the limits of the town shall be used for the sale, either wholesale or by auction, of any fresh fruits or vegetables or sugarcane (*Ganna*) or fodder unless such premises have been licensed by the Town Committee in this behalf.

2. The fee to be charged for the licensing of such premises shall be at the rates and scales, sanctioned by the Commissioner, Multan Division, from time to time under section 41 (2) of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921.

C. V. SALUSBURY,

Commissioner, Multan Division.

884 CS—1128—20.9.40—SGPP Lahore.

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PART I—B.

Notifications by Commissioners

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Committees.

The 19th September, 1940.

No. 474.—In accordance with the provisions of section 242 (*i*) (*d*) of the Punjab Municipal Act III, of 1911, it is hereby notified that the following officials have been re-appointed to be *ex-officio* members of the Notified Area Committee of the Civil Station of Ambala City, in the Ambala district :—

(1) The Deputy Commissioner, Ambala.
(2) The Superintendent of Police, Ambala.
(3) The District Medical Officer of Health, Ambala.

General (Gurdwaras).

The 14th September, 1940.

No. 4-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that the persons named in the schedule below have been declared as elected members of the Committee of Management of the Gurdwaras specified in the schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

Name of Gurdwaras.	Name and address of the persons elected.
1. Gurdwara Guru Gobind Singh Sahib in Gopal Mochan, No. 226. 2. Kapal Mochan.	1. Nanu Singh son of Sarni Singh, Jat Sikh, village Malkpur, tahsil Jagadhri, district Ambala. 2. Nika Singh, son of Chuhar Singh, Jat Sikh, village Karkauli, tahsil Jagadhri, district Ambala. 3. Lachman Singh, son of Gursaran Singh, Jat Sikh, village Machrauli, tahsil Jagadhri, district Ambala. 4. Balwant Singh, son of Inder Singh, Jat Sikh, village Kheri Ranghran, tahsil Jagadhri, district Ambala.

No. 5-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that the persons named in the schedule below have been declared as elected members of the Committee of Management of the Gurdwara specified in the schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

Name of Gurdwara.	Name and address of the persons elected.
Gurdwara Guru Gobind Singh No. 201, Sirsa.	1. S. Jang Singh, son of Deva Singh, Jat, of village Kalanwali, Post Office Kalanwali Mandi, tahsil Sirsa, district Hissar. 2. S. Bhagwan Singh, son of Saindatta, Jat, of village Khatrawan, Post Office Kalanwali Mandi, tahsil Sirsa, district Hissar. 3. S. Sapuran Singh, son of Nidhan Singh, Jat, of village Desu Malkana, Post Office Kalanwali Mandi, tahsil Sirsa, district Hissar. 4. S. Harchand Singh, son of Bir Singh, Jat, of Lakarwali, Post Office Kalanwali Mandi, tahsil Sirsa, district Hissar.

No. 6-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that the persons named in the schedule below have been declared as elected members of the Committee of Management of the Gurdwara specified in the schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

Name of Gurdwara.	Name and address of the persons elected.
Dharamsala ..	1. Gurbaksh Singh, son of Bishan Singh, Jat, of Salimpur, Zail Amroli, Post Office Bada Samana, district Ambala. 2. Gurbakhsh Singh, son of Hardit Singh, Jat, of Salimpur, tahsil Rupar, district Ambala. 3. Prem Singh, son of Narain Singh, Jat, of Salimpur, tahsil Rupar, district Ambala. 4. Jiwa Singh, son of Bir Singh, Jat, of Salimpur tahsil Rupar, district Ambala.

No. 7-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that the persons named in the schedule below have been declared as elected members of the Committee of Management of the Gurdwara specified in the schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

Name of Gurdwara.	Name and address of the persons elected.
Jand Sahib No, 236 ..	1. Ishar, son of Dewa, caste Labana, of Khokhar, tahsil Rupar, district Ambala. 2. Arjan Singh, son of Nathu, Saini, of Behrampur Bet, Post Office Bela, tahsil Rupar, district Ambala. 3. Kahla Singh, son of Ganda Singh, Jat, of Hafazabad, tahsil Rupar, district Ambala. 4. Millo, *alias* Ratan Singh, son of Gujar Singh, Jat, of Mahtot, Post Office Bela, tahsil Rupar, district Ambala.

No. 8-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that the persons named in the schedule below have been declared as elected mem-

bers of the Committee of Management of the Gurdwara specified in the schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

Name of Gurdwara.	Name and address of the persons elected.
Gurdwara Lambe ..	1. Sawan Singh, son of Dhian Singh, Zamindar, village Kamrah. Post Office Manauli, tahsil Kharar, district Ambala, 2. Kirpa Singh, son of Nand Singh, Zamindar, village Sohana, Post Office Sohana, tahsil Kharar, district Ambala. 3. Kartar Singh, son of Natha Singh, Zamindar, village Burail, Post Office Burail, tahsil Kharar, district Ambala. 4. Sahib Singh, son of Gandhi, Zamindar, village Kojeri, Post Office Kharar, tahsil Kharar, district Ambala.

No. 9-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that the persons named in the schedule below have been declared as elected members of the Committee of Management of the Gurdwara specified in the schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

Name of Gurdwara.	Name and address of the persons elected.
Khizarabad (Gurdwara Baba Zorawar Singh), No. 239.	1. Lachman Singh, son of Sunder Singh, resident of Khizarabad, tahsil Kharar, district Ambala. 2. Uttam Singh, son of Nikka Singh, Zamindar, resident of Salimpur Khurd, Post Office Sialba, tahsil Kharar, district Ambala. 3. Sarwan Singh, son of Puran Singh, Zamindar, resident of Salimpur Buda, Post Office Sialba, tahsil Kharar, district Ambala. 4. Jiwan Singh, son of Ishar, Zamindar, resident of Kuba Hari, Post Office Sialba, tahsil Kharar, district Ambala.

No. 10-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that the persons named in the schedule below have been declared as elected members of the Committee of Management of the Gurdwara specified in the schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

Name of Gurdwara.	Name and address of the persons elected.
Manji Sahib, No. 238 ..	1. Kirpal Singh, son of Suba, Zamindar, resident of Khuni Mazra, Post Office Kharar, tahsil Kharar, district Ambala. 2. Bhoop Inder Singh, son of Chanda Singh, Zamindar, village Mani Mazra, tahsil Kharar, district Ambala. 3. Nagina Singh, son of Bishna, Zamindar, resident of Mani Mazra, tahsil Kharar, district Ambala. 4. Ajit Singh, son of Mastan Singh, Zamindar, resident of Mani Mazra, tahsil Kharar, district Ambala.

No. 11-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that the persons named in the schedule below have been declared as elected mem-

bers of the Committee of Management of the Gurdwara specified in the schedule:—

SCHEDULE.

Name of Gurdwara.	Name and address of the persons elected.
Kewal, No. 203 ..	1. S. Dana, son of Bhagwan Singh, Jat of village Kalanwali, Police Station Rori, district Hissar. 2. S. Bishan Singh, son of Budh Singh, Jat, of village Taruwana, Police Station Rori, tahsil Sirsa, district Hissar. 3. S. Kartar Singh, son of Jai Singh, Jat, of village Taruwana, Police Station Rori, Post Office Kalanwali Mandi, tahsil Sirsa, district Hissar. 4. S. Jit Singh, son of Badan Singh, Jat, of village Kalanwali, Post Office Kalanwali Mandi, tahsil Sirsa, district Hissar.

J. W HEARN,

Commissioner, Ambala Division.

Small Towns.

The 21st September, 1940.

No. 181/L. F. B.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following General Order made by the Town Committee of Dasuya in the Hoshiarpur district, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (p) of section 35 of the said Act, and sanctioned by the Commissioner of the Jullundur Division as required by subsecti on (1) of section 36 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force from the date of this notification.

GENERAL ORDER.

1. No person shall manufacture or prepare for sale any butter, meat, milk, khoya, rabri, sweetmeats, tea sold as beverage, bread or aerated waters except in premises licensed by the Town Committee in this behalf.

2. No premises shall be licensed for the manufacture or preparation for sale of butter, meat, milk, khoya, rabri, sweetmeats, tea sold as beverage, bread or aerated waters:—

(*a*) unless they have a floor made of burnt brick, cement or other impervious materials;

(*b*) unless the walls are properly plastered and lime-washed;

(*c*) unless they are provided with adequate light and ventilation to the satisfaction of the President of the Town Committee;

(*d*) unless they are provided with a drain and the whole floor is so sloped as to allow all liquid to flow off by the drain;

(*e*) if there is any direct communication between the premises and any room used as a sleeping room;

(*f*) if there is any latrine, cesspool, cowshed, stable, or other place within 20 feet of the premises which, in the opinion of the President, renders it undesirable that such premises should be used for the manufacture or preparation for sale of meat, milk, butter, khoya, rabri, tea, bread, aerated waters or sweetmeats; and

(*g*) unless they are protected from flies by means of wiregauze.

3. No person other than a person to whom a hawker's license has been issued shall sell any vegetables, fruit, sugarcane, meat, milk, butter, khoya, rabri, tea sold as beverage, aerated waters or sweetmeats except in premises licensed by the Town Committee in this behalf.

4. No premises shall be licensed for the sale of meat, milk, butter or sweetmeats—

(*a*) unless they have a floor made of burnt brick, cement or other impervious materials;

(*b*) unless the walls are properly plastered and lime-washed;

(c) unless they are provided with adequate light and ventilation to the satisfaction of the President of the Town Committee;

(d) unless they are provided with a drain and the whole floor is so sloped as to allow all liquid to flow off by the drain;

(e) if there is any direct communication between the premises and any room used as a sleeping room;

(f) if there is any latrine, cesspool, cowshed, stable or other place within 20 feet of the premises which, in the opinion of the President, renders it undesirable that such premises should be used for the sale of meat, milk, butter or sweetmeats; and

(g) unless they are protected from flies by means of wiregauze.

5. No premises shall be licensed for the sale of vegetables, fruit, sugarcane, khoya, rabri, tea sold as a beverage, bread or aerated waters :—

(a) unless they have a floor made of burnt brick, cement or other impervious materials;

(b) unless they are provided with adequate light and ventilation to the satisfaction of the President of the Town Committee; and

(c) unless they are provided with a drain and the whole floor is so sloped as to allow all liquid to flow off by the drain.

6. Subject to the provisions of paragraphs 2, 4, and 5 licences for premises for the manufacture or preparation or sale or for the sale of milk, meat, khoya, rabri, sweetmeats, fruit, sugarcane, vegetables, tea sold as a beverage, bread or aerated waters, shall be issued by the President or the Secretary in the form S. T. P. appended to this order on the application or the owner or occupier of such premises, and shall be granted subject to the conditions specified in form S. T. P. as the condition subject to which the licence is granted.

7. Licences issued in accordance with paragraph 3, shall be current for not more than 12 months, and shall, in any case, terminate on the 31st March, immediately succeeding the date of issue.

8. On the breach of any of the conditions of the license by the licensee or his agent, the Town Committee may forthwith cancel the licence, and the licensee shall be entitled to no compensation on account of such cancellation.

Form S. T. P.

TOWN COMMITTEE DASUYA.

Licence for premises for the $\frac{\textit{manufacture or preparation for sale}}{\textit{sale}}$ *of ——— issued under paragraph 3 for licensing premises. The premises of which a description is given in the attached schedule, situated in (name of street, ward, etc.) are hereby licensed for the* $\frac{\textit{manufacture or preparation for sale}}{\textit{sale}}$ *———.*

This license is granted to the owner/occupier of the said premises subject to the following conditions :—

1. That he shall not employ or permit to be employed in the $\frac{\text{manufacture or preparation for sale}}{\text{sale}}$ of ——— any person suffering from any contagious or infectious disease or from loathsome sores or who has recently been attending on any person so suffering, and that he shall not suffer any such person or any animal to enter or remain upon the licensed premises.

2. That he shall daily cause to be thoroughly washed and cleaned the floor and drain of the licensed premises, and every bench, counter, table, shelf, or other place on which articles $\frac{\text{manufactured or prepared for sale}}{\text{exposed for sale}}$ and any material used in such manufacture or preparation for sale are kept.

3. That he shall cause the walls of the licensed premises to be properly lime-washed at least twice a year and more often if so required by the President of the committee.

4. That he shall not spit or smoke or suffer any other person to spit or smoke within the licensed premises.

5. That he shall not keep or suffer to be kept in the licensed premises any bedding, soiled clothes or other things not required for the $\frac{\text{manufacture or preparation for sale}}{\text{sale}}$ of ———

6. That he shall permit the President, the Secretary or the Medical Officer of Health of the town committee authorised in this behalf at all reasonable times and without notice to inspect the licensed premises.

7. That he shall keep all vessels, receptacles, utensils, and other things used in the process of manufacture or preparation for sale or for the exposure of articles for sale in a state of thorough cleanliness, and that he shall daily cause to be thoroughly washed and cleaned the floors, drains and every bench, counter, table, shelf or other articles and all materials used in the process of manufacture.

8. That he shall duly pay to the town committee the fee that may from time to time be imposed under section 41 of the Punjab Small Towns Act.

(FOR ARTICLES OTHER THAN VEGETABLES.)

9. That he shall take such measures as may be required by the President to protect articles of food from flies by means of wire gauze.

(FOR MEAT ONLY.)

10. That he shall keep all wooden boards on which meat is cut covered with zinc sheets.

11. That he shall not expose for sale or permit to be exposed for sale any meat which has been blown out or artificially stuffed or the flesh of any animals which has died from any disease or other natural cause.

12. That he shall not throw or permit to be thrown into the public street any waste meat, trimming bones, refuse or offensive matter.

(FOR MILK ONLY.)

13. That he shall not expose for sale or permit to be exposed for sale any milk that is mixed with water.

(FOR AERATED WATERS AND BREAD ONLY.)

14. That he shall not use in the preparation for sale of any article any water except such as is obtained from a source and conveyed to the premises in a manner approved by the President the Secretary or the Medical Officer of Health, of the town committee authorised in that behalf.

General (Gurdwaras).

The 19th September, 1940.

No. 180/L. F. B.—It is hereby notified that the candidates named in column 3 of the schedule below have been elected by the constituencies mentioned in column 4 of the schedule to be members of the committees to be constituted under the provisions of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, for the Gurdwaras specified in column 2 of the schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No. as entered in schedule I of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, as subsequently amended.	Name of Gurdwara.	Name and address of the candidate elected.	Constituency in schedule I of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, as subsequently amended.
1	2	3	4
177 ..	Nanak Sar ..	1. Kartar Singh, son of Sundar Singh, of village Balaspur, in tahsil Moga, District Ferozepore. 2. Kartar Singh, son of Jamiat Singh, of village Takhtupura, in tahsil Moga, District Ferozepore. 3. Atma Singh, son of Waryam Singh, of village Raoke Kalan, in tahsil Moga, District Ferozepore. 4. Gurbachan Singh, son of Attar Singh, Doctor of village Takhtupura, in tahsil Moga, District Ferozepore.	Revenue estate of Takhtupura, in tahsil Moga, District Ferozepore.
179 ..	(1) Lohgarh Sahib, (2) Singh Sabha Moga (unscheduled).	1. Kartar Singh, son of Dalip Singh, Zamindar, of village Dina in tahsil Moga, District Ferozepore. 2. Gyan Singh, son of Sawan Singh, Zamindar, of village Sekha Kalan, in Moga tahsil, Ferozepore District. 3. Chanan Singh, son of Indar Singh, Pleader, at Moga, in the Ferozepore Distrct. 4. Bachan Singh, son of Harnam Singh, Zamindar, of village Chogawan, in Moga tahsil of Ferozepore District.	Revenue estate of Dina in Moga tahsil of Ferozepore District. Revenue estate of Moga in in tahsil Moga of Ferozepore District.
197 ..	(1) Gurdwara Gurusar, (2) Dharamsala Andarli Narain Das Wali.	1. Suba Singh, son of Kala Singh, Zamindar, of Khosa Kotla, in Zira tahsil of Ferozepore District. 2. Nand Singh, son of Hira Singh, Zamindar, of village Khosa Kotla, in Zira tahsil, of the Ferozepore District. 3. Narain Singh, son of Pala Singh, Zamindar, of Khosa Kotla, in Zira tahsil of the Ferozepore District. 4. Bhat Singh, son of Jiwan Singh, Zamindar, of Khosa Kotla, in the Zira tahsil of the Ferozepore District.	Revenue estate of Khosa Kotla, Khosa Randhir and Khosa Pando in Zira tahsil of Ferozepore District.

The 21st September, 1940.

No. 182-L.F.B.—It is hereby notified that the candidates named in column 3 of the schedule below has been elected by the constituency mentioned in column 4 of the schedule to be members of the Committee constituted under the provisions of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, for the Gurdwaras specified in column 2 of the schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

No. and date of the notification declaring the Gurdwara to be a Sikh Gurdwara under section 9/17 of the Act.	Name of Gurdwara.	Name and address of candidate elected.	Constituency for election of committee of management.
1	2	3	4
37-G., dated the 11th September, 1936.	(1) Gurdwara Jhamji Sahib Panchwin Padshahi.	(1) S. Beant Singh, son of Budh Singh, Zamindar, resident of village Rurka Kalan in tahsil Phillaur of Jullundur district.	Revenue estate of Kartarpur in Jullundur tahsil.
18-G., dated the 13th September, 1935.	(2) Gurdwara Gangsar Panchwin Padshahi.	(2) S. Bakhshish Singh, son of Sheru, Zamindar of village Chak Bilgan, in tahsil Nawanshahr of Jullundur district.	

E. SHEEPSHANKS,
Commissioner, Jullundur Division.

Committees.

The 19th September, 1940.

No. 103.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that Sardar Gurbakhsh Singh has been elected President of the Municipal Committee of Nankana Sahib in the Sheikhupura district, and that the said election has been approved by the Commissioner of the Lahore Division, under the provisions of subsection (1) of section 20 of the said Act.

The 20th September, 1940.

No. 106.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that Bakhshi Kanhaya Lal, M.A., LL.B., Advocate, has under the provisions of subsection (1) of section 20 of the said Act, been elected President of the Municipal Committee of Gujranwala in the Gujranwala district.

No. 107.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that Chaudhri Mahbub Ali Khan, Extra Assistant Commissioner, Kasur, has been elected President of the Municipal Committee of Khem Karn in the Lahore district, and that the said election has been approved by the Commissioner of the Lahore Division under the provisions of subsection (1) of section 20 of the said Act.

The 23rd September, 1940.

No. A./XII/12-B./118.—The following rules made by the Municipal Committee of Patti, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 19 of the Vaccination Act, 1880, as amended by the Punjab Vaccination Law Amendment Act, 1929, and in supersession of the rules published with the Commissioner's notification No. 30, dated the 17th May, 1929, having been confirmed by the Commissioner of the Lahore Division, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of Patti, in the Lahore District, on the day of 1940.

RULES.

1. The municipal committee shall maintain a vaccine station at such place within the area under its jurisdiction as the Medical Officer of Health may, in consultation with the Committee, approve and shall similarly fix the day and hours at which such stations shall be open and cause to be affixed on the outside of such place, in a

conspicuous position a sign-board on which shall be printed, in letters easily legible, both in English and vernacular characters the following inscription :—

Patti Municipal Vaccine Station open every day from (hours) to (hours).

2. For the due performance of vaccination the municipal committee shall appoint such number of public vaccinators as the Director of Public Health may from time to time determine, and every such vaccinator shall ordinarily wear on the breast a distinguishing badge with the words "Public Vaccinator, Municipal Committee, Patti" inscribed on it.

3. No person shall be appointed a public vaccinator unless he :—

(a) has passed the Anglo-Vernacular middle school examination or in the case of an Inspector of Vaccination and Sanitation to be employed by the Municipal Committee, has passed the matriculation examination of an Indian University, holds one or other of the under-mentioned certificates and has received a course of instructions in vaccination at the Punjab Vaccine Institute unless he has already received such instructions while undergoing training as a Sanitary Inspector—

(i) The Punjab Sanitary Inspectors' Certificate ;
(ii) The Bombay Sanitary Surveyors' Certificate ;
(iii) The Madras Sanitary Inspectors' Certificate ;
(iv) Certificate from the Royal Sanitary Institute, London ;
(v) Certificate from the Sanitary Inspectors' Association, London ;
(vi) The Burma Public Health Certificate ; and

(b) is certified by a medical practitioner, registered under the Punjab Medical Registration Act, 1916, to be physically and mentally fit for the duties he will have to perform and produces a certificate that he has been successfully vaccinated or re-vaccinated not earlier than twelve months prior to the date of his appointment or is insusceptible to successful vaccination or has had smallpox and shows obvious scars thereof ;

(c) has attended a course of instructions in vaccination and elementary hygiene at the Punjab Vaccine Institute and has obtained the certificate by that Institute.

4. During the vaccination season the public vaccinator shall be bound to attend the vaccine station to which he may be attached by the Medical Officer of Health on the days and at the hours fixed for such station and he shall ordinarily reside in the Municipality.

Note for vaccinators.—Although the Vaccination Act, 1880, does not render liable to punishment the omission to have children under the age of six months vaccinated yet it is very desirable that the children should be vaccinated at an earlier age ; and as a rule, all healthy unprotected children over one month old presented for vaccination should be vaccinated by the public vaccinators.

5. The lymph to be used in the performance of vaccination shall be the lymph obtained from the Punjab Vaccine Institute.

6. Persons desirous of procuring the vaccination of their children at their own houses shall intimate the fact to the public vaccinator who out of the hours of his public duties shall arrange with the applicant to vaccinate the child and a fee of annas eight shall be payable to a public vaccinator who so vaccinates a child beyond the the municipal limits.

7. Persons licensed by the Local Government to act as private vaccinators shall in no case demand a higher fee than eight annas for a single operation and shall perform their duties under the orders and subject to the general control of the Medical Officer of Health.

8. If the result of the first vaccination is a failure the child shall be re-vaccinated and if the second operation is also a failure a third attempt shall be made and if this also proves unsuccessful no further attempt shall be made.

9. Whenever it is ascertained that a child is unfit for vaccination or is insusceptible of successful vaccination, a certificate in form I attached to these rules shall be granted in the former case, to the parent or guardian of such child by the vaccinator and in the latter in form II by the Medical Officer of Health and in like manner, whenever it is ascertained that a child has been successfully vaccinated, a certificate shall be granted by the vaccinator to the parent or guardian of such child in form III attached to these rules.

10. The following registers shall be maintained by the municipal committee :—

(a) A register to be known as register "A" showing the names of the children born in the municipality on and after the date of the application of the Vaccination Act, 1880 to such area.

(*b*) A register to be known as register " B " showing the names of unprotected children born in the municipality previous to the date of the application of the Vaccination Act, 1880, and who were at that date under the age of 14 years, if boys, and of 8 years, if girls.

(*c*) A register to be known as register " C " showing the names of unprotected boys and girls under the age of 14 and 8 years, respectively, who are brought within the municipality at any time after the application of the Vaccination Act, 1880, and who have resided there for a month or more.

(*d*) A register to be known as register " D " showing the result of each vaccination or its postponement and the delivery of certificates, if any.

11. The preparation of register " A " shall be effected from the register of births maintained in the municipal office, that of registers " B " and " C " from the information to be collected under the orders of the Medical Officer of Health and that of register " D " from the reports submitted by the vaccinator, as hereinafter prescribed.

12. Every public and private vaccinator employed within the municipality shall keep up the following registers :—

(*a*) Register " E " showing :—

(*i*) name, sex, age, parentage, caste and residence of each child vaccinated ;
(*ii*) date of operation ;
(*iii*) date of inspection after vaccination ;
(*iv*) result whether successful or unsuccessful ;
(*v*) date of second operation, if first unsuccessful ;
(*vi*) date of inspection after re-vaccination ;
(*vii*) result whether successful or unsuccessful ;
(*viii*) date of third operation, if first and second unsuccessful.

(*b*) Register " F " showing :—

(*i*) name, sex, age, parentage, caste and residence of each child produced, but found unfit for vaccination ;
(*ii*) date of certificate of postponement granted under section 9 of the Vaccination Act, 1880 ;
(*iii*) date on which the child was represented for vaccination and the result of inspection ;
(*iv*) date of renewal of postponement certificate, if any ;
(*v*) remarks.

Explanation.—If, on the child being represented for vaccination, it is found to be in a fit state for that operation, the fact shall be recorded in column 3 of register F and an entry of the fact of vaccination when performed should be made in register E, a reference to such entry being made in the column of remarks of register F opposite the corresponding entry in the latter.

13. Every public and private vaccinator shall prepare a monthly report during the vaccination season on the general result of the vaccine operations during that period and shall submit the same through the Medical Officer of Health to the secretary of the municipal committee accompanied by a return showing :—

(*a*) number of boys vaccinated during the month ;
(*b*) number of girls vaccinated during the month ;
(*c*) results :—
(*i*) number successful ;
(*ii*) number unsuccessful ;
(*iii*) number insusceptible.

Form I.

PATTI MUNICIPALITY.

VACCINATION STATION.

Certificate of unfitness for vaccination.

I __________ a public (or licensed, as the case may be) vaccinator, do hereby certify that in my opinion __________ (name of child), the son (or daughter, as the case may be, of __________ resident of __________ is in a state unfit for vaccination and that such unfitness will continue during the whole (or if a part, specify the same) of the current vaccination season.

Note.—In case the unfitness for vaccination is to continue during the whole vaccination season the certificate shall be countersigned either by a Superintendent of Vaccination or by a qualified Medical Practitioner.

Dated __________ (Sd.) __________

Vaccinator.

Form II.

Certificate of insusceptibility of successful vaccination.

I ________ do hereby certify that ________ the son (or daughter, as the case may be) of ________ resident of ________ has been three times unsuccessfully vaccinated, and that in my opinion he (or she, as the case may be) is insusceptible of successful vaccination.

Dated ________

(Sd.) ________,

Medical Officer of Health.

Form III.

Certificate of successful vaccination.

I ________ a public (or licensed, as the case may be) vaccinator, do hereby certify that ________ (name of child), the son (or daughter, as the case may be) of ________ resident of ________ was vaccinated by me on the ________ day of ________ in the year ________ and that after due inspection I am satisfied that the vaccination has been successful.

Dated ________

(Sd.) ________,

Vaccinator.

General Gurdwara.

The 19th September, 1940.

No. 290/8-III/104.—It is hereby notified that the following persons are declared to have been elected by the constituency mentioned in the last column of the schedule below to be members of the Committee of Management constituted under the provisions of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, for the Gurdwara mentioned in the first column of the said schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

Name of Gurwara.	No. and date of notification declaring the Gurdwaras as a Sikh Gurdwara.	Names and addresses of the candidates elected.	Constituency for the election of Committee of Management.
1	2	3	4
Dharamsala Almashur Damdama Sahib.	38-G., dated the 12th January, 1931.	1. Sardar Baghel Singh, son of Sardar Chet Singh, of Kachha, Post Office/Police Station Kahna Nau. 2. Sardar Bhola Singh, son of Sardar Mangal Singh, of Kachha, Post Office/Police Station Kahna Nau. 3. Sardar Labh Singh, son of Sardar Gopal Singh, of Kachha, Post Office/Police Station Kahna Nau. 4. Sardar Tara Singh, son of Sardar Dula Singh, of Kachha, Post Office/Police Station Kahna Nau.	Revenue estate of Kachha.

No. 290/8-III/105.—It is hereby notified that the following persons are declared to have been elected by the constituency mentioned in the last column of the schedule below to be members of the Committee of Management constituted under the provisions of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, for the Gurdwaras mentioned in the first column of the said schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

Name of Gurdwara.	Serial No. as entered in Schedule I of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925.	Names and addresses of the candidates elected.	Constituency for the election of the Committee of Management.
1		3	4
1. Kamas .. 2. Manga (Gurdwara Pahli Padshahi).	16 19	1. Sardar Naranjan Singh, son of Sardar Ujagar Singh, of Jhoda, Post Office/Police Station Raiwind. 2. Sardar Dula Singh, son of Sardar Mangal Singh, of Kahna Kohna, Post Office/Police Station Kahna Nau. 3. Sardar Dhara Singh, son of Sardar Ram Singh, of Asal Saleman, Post Office/Police Station Kahna Nau. 4. Sardar Nand Singh, *alias* Mahtab Singh, son of Sardar Bhagat Singh, of Hudiara, Post Office/Police Station Barki.	Zails of Rangilpur, Jodhir and Badoki.

The 21st September, 1940.

No. 290/12-III/108.—It is hereby notified that the following persons are declared to have been elected by the constituency mentioned in the last column of the schedule below to be members of the Committee of Management constituted under the provisions of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, for the Gurdwaras mentioned in the first column of the said schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

Name of Gurdwaras	Serial No. as entered in Schedule I of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925.	No. and date of notification declaring the Gurdwara as a Sikh Gurdwara.	Names and addresses of the candidates elected.	Constituency for election of Committees of Management.
1	2	3	4	5
1. Guru Kotha ..	94	..	1. Sardar Sundar Singh, son of Sardar Swaya Singh. Shopkeeper, Balochi Gala, Wazirabad City. 2. Sardar Khalwant Singh, son of Sardar Ghasita Singh, resident of Guru Kotha Street, Wazirabad City. 3. Sardar Kishan Singh, son of Lala Beli Ram, resident of village Langianwali, Post Office Gakhar, Tahsil Wazirabad, District Gujranwala. 4. Sardar Hari Singh, son of Sardar Waryam Singh, resident of village Kot Bela, Post Office Salhoki, Tahsil Wazirabad, District Gujranwala.	Tahsil of Wazirabad.
2. Dharamsala Bhai Abnasha Singh.	95	..		
3. Gurdwara and Dharamsala Bhai Sant Singh.	..	41-G., dated the 14th March, 1934.		

No. 290/9-V./109.—It is hereby notified that the following persons are declared to have been elected by the constituency mentioned in the last column of the schedule below to be members of the Committee of Management constituted under the provisions of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, for the Gurdwara mentioned in the first column of the said schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

Name of Gurdwara	Serial No. as entered in Schedule I of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925	Names and addresses of the candidates elected.	Constituency for the election of the Committee of Management.
1	2	3	4
Guru Sar Satlani.	60	1. Sardar Kehar Singh, son of Sardar Bhan Singh, of Khasa, Post Office Chak Mukand, Tahsil Amritsar. 2. Sardar Narain Singh, son of Sardar Nihal Singh of Roranwala, Post Office Attari, Tahsil Tarn Taran. 3. Sardar Jhanda Singh, son of Sardar Khazan Singh, of Chicha, Post Office Chicha, Tahsil Tarn Taran. 4. Sardar Gurdial Singh, son of Sardar Jhanda Singh, of Naushera Dhala, Tahsil Tarn Taran.	Zails of Chicha Gumtala, Attari, Naushera Dhala (Kalas), Chabba and Kasel.

No. 290/9-V/110.—It is hereby notified that the following persons are declared to have been elected by the constituency mentioned in the last column of the schedule below to be members of the Committee of Management constituted under the provisions of the Sikh Gurdwaras

Act, 1925, for the Gurdwara mentioned in the first column of the said schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

Name of Gurdwara.	Serial No as entered in Schedule I of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925.	Names and addresses of the candidates elected.	Constituency for the election of the Committee of Management.
Dera Sahib ..	62	1. Sardar Nand Singh, Jamadar, son of Sardar Bhup Singh, of Jamarai, Tahsil Tarn Taran. 2. Sardar Jagat Singh, son of Sardar Jawahar Singh, of Chak Mehar, Post Office Jamarai, Tahsil Tarn Taran. 3. Sardar Hazara Singh, son of Sardar Nihal Singh, Ramgharia, of Jamarai, Tahsil Tarn Taran. 4. Sardar Basant Singh, son of Sardar Jhanda Singh, of Jamarai, Tahsil Tarn Taran.	Revenue estates of Lohar and Jamarai.

No. 290/9-V/111.—It is hereby notified that the following persons are declared to have been elected by the constituency mentioned in the last column of the schedule below to be members of the Committee of Management constituted under the provisions of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, for the Gurdwara mentioned in the first column of the said schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

Name of Gurdwara.	No. and date of notification declaring the Gurdwara as a Sikh Gurdwara.	Names and addresses of the candidates elected.	Constituency for the election of the Committee of Management.
Dharamsala Sangatpura.	18-G, dated the 26th February, 1934.	1. Sardar Wadhawa Singh, son of Sardar Uttam Singh, of Sangatpura, Post Office Brahampur, Tahsil Tarn Taran. 2. Sardar Malagar Singh, son of Sardar Sumand Singh, of Sangatpura, Post Office Brahampur, Tahsil Tarn Taran. 3. Sardar Bhadar Singh, son of Sardar Jodh Singh, of Sangatpura, Post Office Brahampur, Tahsil Tarn Taran. 4. Sardar Jagir Singh, son of Sardar Bhagat Singh, of Sangatpura, Post Office Brahampur, Tahsil Tarn Taran.	Revenue estate of Sangatpura.

No. 290/9-V/112.—It is hereby notified that the following persons are declared to have been elected by the constituency mentioned in the last column of the schedule below to be members of the Committee of Management constituted under the provisions of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, for the Gurdwara mentioned in the first column of the said schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

Name of Gurdwara.	No. and date of notification declaring the Gurdwara as a Sikh Gurdwara.	Names and addresses of the candidates elected.	Constituency for the election of the Committee of Management.
1	2	3	4
Guru ka Dhora...	365-G., dated the 18th April, 1932.	1. Sardar Harnam Singh, son of Sardar Gulab Singh, of Kairon, Tahsil Tarn Taran. 2. Sardar Sadhu Singh, son of Sardar Jhanda Singh, of Kairon, Tahsil Tarn Taran.	Revenue estate of Kairon.

No. 290/9-V/113.—It is hereby notified that the following persons are declared to have been elected by the constituency mentioned in the last column of the schedule below to be members of the Committee of Management constituted under the provisions of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, for the Gurdwara mentioned in the first column of the said schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

Name of Gurdwara.	No. and date of notification declaring the Gurdwara as a Sikh Gurdwara.	Names and addresses of the candidates elected.	Constituency for the election of the Committee of Management.
1	2	3	4
Wadda ...	64-G., dated the 30th April, 1934.	1. Sardar Dewan Singh, son of Sardar Dewa Singh, shop keeper, of Sarai Amanat Khan, Tahsil Tarn Taran. 2. Sardar Banta Singh, son of Sardar Natha Singh, of Sarai Amanat Khan, Tahsil Tarn Taran. 3. Sardar Mul Singh, son of Sardar Lachhman Singh, of Sarai Amanat Khan, Tahsil Tarn Taran. 4. Sardar Buta Singh, son of Sardar Bhadar Singh, of Sarai Amanat Khan, Tahsil Tarn Taran.	Reveuue estate of Sarai Amanat Khan.

No. 290/9-V/114.—It is hereby notified that the following persons are declared to have been elected by the constituency mentioned in the last column of the schedule below to be members of the Committee of Management constituted under the provisions of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, for the Gurdwaras mentioned in the first column of the said schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

Name of Gurdwara.	Serial No. as entered in Schedule I of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925.	Names and addresses of the candidates elected.	Constituency for the election of the Committee of Management.
1	2	3	4
Walla Sahib ...	41	1. Sardar Basant Singh, son of Sardar Khushal Singh, Zamindar, of village Wallah, Tahsil Amritsar. 2. Sardar Pritam Singh, son of Sardar Nand Singh, of village Wallah, Tahsil Amritsar. 3. Sardar Darshan Singh, son of Sardar Jodh Singh, of village Sultanwind, Tahsil Amritsar. 4. Sardar Nikka Singh, son of Gamon, of village Wallah, Tahsil Amritsar.	Zail of Verka (excluding Amritsar Municipal Area).

No. 290/9-V/115.—It is hereby notified that the following persons are declared to have been elected by the constituency mentioned in the last column of the schedule below to be members of the Committee of Management constituted under the provisions of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, for the Gurdwara mentioned in the first column of the said schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

Name of Gurdwara.	Serial No. as entered in Schedule I of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925.	Names and addresses of the candidates elected.	Constituency for the election of the Committee of Management.
1	2	3	4
Udoke ...	46	1. Sardar Sohan Singh, son of Sardar Ganga Singh, of village Mian Randhawa, Tahsil Amritsar. 2. Sardar Surain Singh, son of Sardar Jawala Singh, of village Udoke, Tahsil Amritsar. 3. Sardar Ganga Singh, son of Sardar Fateh Singh, of village Mian Randhawa, Tahsil Amritsar. 4. Sardar Lal Singh, son of Sardar Jawahar Singh, of village Mian Randhawa, Tahsil Amritsar.	Revenue estates of Udoke and Mian Randhawa.

No. 290/9-V/116.—It is hereby notified that the following persons are declared to have been elected by the constituency mentioned in the last column of the schedule below to be members of the Committee of Management constituted under the provisions of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, for the Gurdwaras mentioned in the first column of the said schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

Name of Gurdwaras.	Serial No. as entered in Schedule I of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925.	No. and date of notification declaring the Gurdwaras as a Sikh Gurdwara.	Names and addresses of the candidates elected.	Constituency for election of the Committee of Management.
1	2	3	4	5
Damdama Sahib. Attari Sahib	47	562, dated the 31st March, 1933.	1. Sardar Indar Singh, son of Sardar Hakim Singh, of village Sultanwind, Tahsil Amritsar. 2. Sardar Bhan Singh, son of Sardar Bhag Singh, of village Sultanwind, Tahsil Amritsar. 3. Sardar Gian Singh, son of Sardar Wadawa S ngh, of village Sultanwind, Tahsil Amritsar. 4. Sardar Moola Singh, son of Sardar Chanda Singh, of village Sultanwind, Tahsil Amritsar.	Revenue estate of Sultanwind.

No. 290/9-V/117.—It is hereby notified that the following persons are declared to have been elected by the constituency mentioned in the last column of the schedule below to be members of the Committee of Management constituted under the provisions of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, for the Gurdwara mentioned in the first column of the said schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

Name of Gurdwara.	Serial No. as entered in Schedule I of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925.	Names and addresses of the candidates elected.	Constituency for the election of the Committee of Management.
1	2	3	4
Guru ka Bagh...	63	1. Sardar Bhagwan Singh, Giani, son of Sardar Sher Singh, village and Post Office Ramdas, Tahsil Ajnala. 2. Sardar Pal Singh, son of Sardar Bishan Singh, village Lakhshari Nangal, Post Office Jagdev Kalan, Tahsil Ajnala. 3. Sardar Ram Singh, son of Sardar Kala Singh, village and Post Office Choganwan, Tahsil Ajnala.	Tahsil of Ajnala

ALAN MITCHELL,
Commissioner, Lahore Division.

Small Towns.

The 19th September, 1940.

No. A.-XIV-59/519.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following General Order made by the Town Committee of Fatehjang, in Attock district, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*g*) of section 35 of the said Act, and sanctioned by the Commissioner of the Rawalpindi Division, as required by subsection (1) of section 36 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall came into force from the date of publication of this notification :—

GENERAL ORDER.

1. Trades or callings which give rise to offensive noises or unwholesome odours are not permitted between eight o'clock at night and six o'clock in the morning unless specially authorized in this behalf by the Town Committee.

2. In premises where oil engines are used, kerosine oil, petroleum and other inflammable materials shall be kept in a separate room which shall not be contiguous to the engine room.

3. Every person shall adopt the best practicable means to the satisfaction of the committee for rendering innocuous all gases, effluvia or vapours emitted by the engine during the process of working and shall in every case cause such gases effluvia or vapours to be discharged into the external air in such a manner and in such a height as to admit of the proper diffusion of these gases without producing any unwholesome or injurious effects in the neighbourhood or shall cause such gases to pass from the exhaust pipe (or other outlet of such gases) through fire or into a condensing apparatus and then through fire in such a manner as to consume effectually such gases so as to deprive the same of all noxious or injurious properties.

4. In premises where smoke arises through the use of coal in the furnace or any other place in the engine house every person shall use such apparatus that will as far as practicable consume the smoke arising from the engine or the furnace.

Explanation.—For purposes of this order the decision of the committee or some officer appointed by the committee in this behalf whether the ventilation is adequate or the drains or the rooms are suitable or the means adopted for rendering gases, effluvia or vapours innocuous are the best practicable, shall be final.

P. MARSDEN,

Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division.

Small Towns.

The 18th September, 1940.

No. 145.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following general order made by the Town Committee of Kabirwala, in the Multan district in exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (*q*) and (*o*) of section 35 and clauses (*a*) and (*c*) of subsection (1) of section 42 of the said Act and sanctioned by the Commissioner, Multan Division, as required by subsection (1) of section 36 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force from the date of this notification :—

GENERAL ORDER.

1. In this general order " hand cart " means a hand cart used for hawking articles for sale.

2. No person shall use a hand cart except under a licence granted in this behalf by the Town Committee, Kabirwala.

Explanation.—A licence will not be issued in case of a hand cart, over all measurements of which are more than 4 and 5 feet.

3. (*a*) A licence to use a hand cart shall be issued by the Secretary of the Committee.

(*b*) At the time of issue of the licence the Secretary shall also give to the proprietor of the hand cart a number plate, for which annas four shall be charged, to be affixed to the cart. In case such number plate is lost another shall at once be obtained by the proprietor of the hand cart from the Secretary of the Committee on payment of annas six and affixed to the hand cart.

4. Licensees shall pay Rs. 2 per mensem as fee in advance.

5. No person shall use or propel an unlicensed hand cart.

6. Every licence issued under paragraph 3 shall be in the form 13 prescribed in rule 42 of the Small Town Account Rules, 1923 and shall be granted subject to the following conditions :—

(*a*) that the hand cart in respect of which the licence is granted shall have the number plates, which shall not be altered, defaced, or obliterated given under paragraph 3 above, affixed to it at all times ;

(*b*) that the hand cart shall be maintained in good repair to the satisfaction of the Town Committee ;

(*c*) that all articles of food, confectionery, fruits, and vegetables carried in or on the hand cart shall be kept covered in the manner prescribed from time to time by the Secretary.

(*d*) that the hand cart shall be brought for inspection to the Town office or any other place, specified for the purpose, whenever required by the Committee ;

(*e*) that the hand cart shall not be used in or propelled along the streets, bazars and markets, from half an hour after sunset until half an hour

Gurdwaras specified in column 2 of the schedule:—

SCHEDULE.

Serial no. as entered in Schedule I of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, as subsequently amended.	Name of Gurdwara.	Names and addresses of candidates elected.	Constituency in Schedule I of the Sikh Gurdwara Act, 1925, as subsequently amended.
1	2	3	4
169 ..	Gurusarbazidpur.	1. Dhian Singh, son of Dewa Singh, Medical Practitioner, Ferozepore City. 2. Dharm Singh, son of Uttam Singh, Zamindar of Bhangar in tahsil Ferozepore of the Ferozepore district. 3. Gurdial Singh, son of Gurmukh Singh, Zamindar of Dhindsa in Ferozepore tahsil of the Ferozepore district. 4. Mangal Singh, son of Fateh Singh, Carpenter of Ferozepore City.	Revenue estate of Bazidpur in Ferozepore tahsil of the Ferozepore district.

E. SHEEPSHANKS,

Commissioner, Jullundur Division.

Committees.

The 26th September, 1940.

No. 119.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that Chaudhri Sultan Lal Hussan Khan, Sub-Divisional Officer, Kasur, has been elected President of the Municipal Committee of Kasur, in the Lahore District, and that the said election has been approved by the Commissioner of the Lahore Division under the provisions of sub section (1) of section 20 of the said Act.

General (Gurdwaras).

The 30th September, 1940.

No. 290/12-III-120.—It is hereby notified that the following persons are declared to have been elected by the constituency mentioned in the last column of the schedule below to be members of the Committee of Management constituted under the provisions of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, for the Gurdwaras mentioned in the first column of the said schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

Name of Gurdwara.	No. and date of notification declaring the Gurdwara as a Sikh Gurdwara.	Names and addresses of the candidates elected.	Constituency for election of Committee of Management.
1	2	3	4
1. Dharamsala Dhupian.	41-G., dated the 18th March, 1927.	1. Sardar Sant Singh, son of Sardar Narain Singh, Shopkeeper, Guru Nanakpura, Gujranwala.	Gujranwala City.
2. Dharamsala Lumbian.	223-G., dated the 24th August, 1931.	2. Sardar Gurdit Singh, son of Sardar Uttam Singh, Harmonium Maker, Kanwar Garh, Gujranwala.	
3. Smadh Sardar Charat Singh.	365-G., dated the 18th April, 1932.	3. Sardar Chand, son of Lala Devi Ditta Mal, Banker, near Clock Tower, Gujranwala.	
4. Khalsa Dharamsala.	365-G., dated the 18th April, 1932.	4. Sardar Jiwan Singh, son of Sardar Bhola Singh, Thathiar, Thathiarian Street, Gujranwala.	
5. Dharamsala Bhai Lal Singh.	106-G., dated the 13th August, 1934.		
6. Smadh Sardar Mahan Singh.	97-G., dated the 2nd August, 1935.		
7. Damdama Baba Sahib Singh.	118-G., dated the 13th September, 1935.		
8. Dharamsala Bhai Mool Singh (Chah Tutianwala).	118-G., dated the 13th September, 1935.		
9. Dharamsala Tek Singh.	31-G., dated the 19th June, 1936		
10. Smadh Baba Patasa Singh Sahibwali.	23-G., dated the 24th Aprl 1936.		

No. 290/9-V-121.—It is hereby notified that the following persons are declared to have been elected by the constituency mentioned in the last column of the schedule below to be members of the Committee of Management constituted under the provisions of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, for the Gurdwaras mentioned in the first column of the said schedule:—

SCHEDULE.

Name of Gurdwara.	Serial No. as entered in Schedule I of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925.	No. and date of notification declaring the Gurdwara as a Sikh Gurdwara.	Names and addresses of the candidates elected.	Constituency for election of committees of management.
1. Sri Darbar Sahib Khadur Sahib.	52	--	1. Sardar Naranjan Singh, son of Sardar Sher Singh, of Khadur Sahib, Tahsil Tarn Taran, District Amritsar.	Zail of Nagoke.
2. Mal Akhara	..	223-G., dated the 24th August, 1931.	2. Sardar Narain Singh, son of Sardar Ghulla Singh, of Takhtu Chak, Tahsil Tarn Taran, District Amritsar.	
3. Tipiana Sahib.	..	496-G., dated the 24th October, 1932.	3. Sardar Tara Singh, son of Sardar Jawala Singh, of Khadur Sahib, Tahsil Tarn Taran, District Amritsar.	
			4. Sardar Jagat Singh, son of Sardar Maghar Singh, of Nagoke, Tahsil Tarn Taran, District Amritsar.	

ALAN MITCHELL,

Commissioner, Lahore Division.

General (Gurdwaras).

The 30th September, 1940.

No. 147.—It is hereby notified that the gentleman named in column 6 below has been elected member of the Gurdwara noted in column 4:—

1	2	3	4	5	6
Name of district.	Name of tahsil.	Number of Gurdwara.	Name of Gurdwara.	Revenue estate.	Name of member elected.
Lyallpur	Jaranwala.	424	Mai Malan ...	Chak No. 65, Mukandpur, Gogera Branch.	1. Sardar Panta Singh, son of S. Lachhman Singh, caste Jat, resident of Chak No. 65-G. B., Jaranwala Tahsil, District Lyallpur.

C. V. SALUSBURY,

Commissioner, Multan Division.

988 CS—1126—3/10/40—SGPP Lahore.

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No. 41. LAHORE, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 11, 1940.

PART I—B.

Notifications by Commissioners.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Panchayats.

The 2nd October, 1940.

No. 476.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following general order, made by the Town Committee of Mehm in the Rohtak district, in exercise of the power conferred by clause (*p*) of section 35 and clause (*b*) of subsection (1) of section 41 of the said Act, and sanctioned by the Commissioner. Ambala Division, as required by subsection (1) of section 36 and subsection (2) of section 41 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force from the date of this notification :—

GENERAL ORDER.

No person shall sell, either wholesale or by auction any grain within the town area of Mehm at any place other than the grain market of the Committee for the use of which he must pay brokerage or arhat at the rate of one anna per maund (on the sale price) to the contractor of the grain market appointed by the Committee.

General (Gurdwaras).

The 2nd October, 1940.

No. 12-G.—It is hereby notified for general information that the persons named in the schedule below have been declared as elected members of the Committee of Management of the Gurdwara specified in the schedule.

SCHEDULE.

Name of the Gurdwara.	Name and address of the persons elected.
Navin Padshahi, Bichhuwana ..	1. Jit Singh, son of Variyam Singh, Jat Sikh of Bichhuwana, Tahsil Hissar, District Hissar.
	2. Mehr Singh, son of Bakhtawar Singh, Jat Sikh of Bichhuwana, Tahsil Hissar, District Hissar.
	3. Inder Singh, son of Ishar Singh, Jat Sikh of Kuleri, Tahsil Hissar, District Hissar.
	4. Harchand Singh, son of Narain Singh, Jat Sikh of Bichhuwana, Tahsil Hissar, District Hissar.

J. W. HEARN

Boards.

The 5th October, 1940.

No. C./II/4/IV/126.—In accordance with the provisions of sub section (1) of section 15 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, it is hereby notified that Chaudhri Ghulam Haider Khan, Jat of Baddo Malhi, tahsil Narowal, has been elected a member of the District Board of Sialkot from the Baddo Malhi Zail Circle, *vice* Chaudhri Nasir Ahmad, who has vacated his seat on his election having been declared void in Punjab Government notification No. 1659-L.G.-40/20414, dated the 29th April, 1940.

Committees.

The 4th October, 1940.

No 123.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that Sardar Bishen Singh has been elected President of the Municipal Committee of Narowal in the Sialkot district, and that the said election has been approved by the Commissioner of the Lahore Division under the provisions of subsection (1) of section 20 of the said Act.

No. 124.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that Chaudhri Muhammad Hussain, Sarbrah Zaildar, has been elected President of the Municipal Committee of Eminabad in the Gujranwala district, and that the said election has been approved by the Commissioner of the Lahore Division under the provisions of subsection (1) of section 20 of the said Act.

The 5th October, 1940.

No 125.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that Mahant Ajudhia Nath has been elected a member of the Municipal Committee of Gurdaspur in the Gurdaspur district, *vice* Bawa Gopal Singh Bhalla, resigned.

Small Towns.

The 5th October, 1940.

No. A./IV/119-B./II/128.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following general order made by the Town Committee of Kila Sobha Singh, in the Sialkot district, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*u*) of section 35 of the said Act, and sanctioned by the Commissioner of the Lahore Division, as required by subsection (1) of section 36 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force from the date of this notification :—

GENERAL ORDER.

1. No person shall store kerosene oil, spirit or other explosive material at any place within the limits of the small town except in premises licensed by the town committee in this behalf.

2. Licences for premises for the storage of the materials mentioned in paragraph 1 of this order shall be issued by the President or Secretary in the form S. T. U. appended to this order on the application of the owner or occupier of such premises and shall be granted subject to the conditions specified in form S. T. U. as the conditions subject to which the licence is granted.

3. Licences issued in accordance with paragraph 2 shall be current for not more than 12 months and shall in any case terminate on the 31st March immediately succeeding the date of issue.

4. On the breach of any of the conditions of the licence by the licensee or his agent the town committee may forthwith cancel the licence and the licensee shall be entitled to no compensation on account of such cancellation.

Form S. T. U.

TOWN COMMITTEE KILA SOBHA SINGH.

LICENCE FOR PREMISES FOR THE STORAGE OF KEROSENE OIL AND SPIRIT.

The premises of which description is given on the reverse, situated in (name of street, ward, etc.) are hereby licensed for the storage of kerosene oil and spirit.

This licence is granted to ______________ owner / occupier

of the said premises subject to the following conditions. The licence shall not be transferable except under the orders of the committee :—

1. That he shall not burn any article in or near the said premises or keep any other inflammable articles or allow any naked lights or fire except those entered in the licence.

2. That he shall not smoke or suffer any person to smoke within the licensed premises.

3. That he shall permit any member or officer of the committee authorised in this behalf at all reasonable times and without notice to inspect the licensed premises.

4. That he shall not keep the following articles in excess of the quantities given below :—

(i) Kerosene oil

6. That he shall keep a supply of sand or dry earth for the purpose of extinguishing fire in the event of an outbreak.

7. That he shall duly pay to the town committee the fees that may from time to time be imposed by the committee under clause (*g*) of subsection (1) of section 41 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921.

General (Gurdwaras).

The 4th October, 1940.

No. 290/9-V/122.—It is hereby notified that the following persons are declared to have been elected by the constituency mentioned in the last column of the schedule below to be members of the Committee of Management constituted under the provisions of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, for the Gurdwara mentioned in the first column of the said schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

Name of Gurdwara.	Serial No. as entered in Schedule I of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925	Names and addresses of the candidates elected.	Constituency for the election of the Committee of Management.
1	2	3	4
Ram Das ..	66	1. Sardar Narinder Singh, son of Sardar Sham Singh, of Ram Das, Zail Kamalpur, Tahsil Ajnala, District Amritsar. 2. Sardar Narain Singh, son of Sardar Santa Singh, of Kamalpur Zail, Tahsil Ajnala, District Amritsar. 3. Sardar Ganda Singh, son of Sardar Kharakh Singh, Maddu Chhanga, Zail Sidhar, Tahsil Ajnala, District Amritsar. 4. Sardar Sadhu Singh, son of Sardar Gurdit Singh, of Ramdas, Zail Kamalpur, Tahsil Ajnala, District Amritsar.	Police Station areas of Ram Das and Ajnala.

The 5th October, 1940.

No. 290/10-III/127.—It is hereby notified that the following persons are declared to have been elected by the constituency mentioned in the last column of the schedule below to be members of the Committee of Management constituted under the provisions of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, for the Gurdwaras mentioned in the first column of the said schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

Name of Gurdwara.	Serial No. as entered in Schedule I of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925.	No. and date of notification declaring the Gurdwara as a Sikh Gurdwara.	Names and addresses of the candidates elected.	Constituency for the election of the Committee of Management.
1	2	3	4	5
1. Burj Sahib ..	75	..	1. Sardar Ram Singh, son of Sardar Buta Singh, Jat Zamindar, of village Dhariwal Kalan, Tahsil and District Gurdaspur. 2. Sardar Kartar Singh, son of Sardar Isar Singh, Jat Zamindar of village Pir-de Sain, Tahsil and District Gurdaspur. 3. Sardar Surjan Singh, son of Sardar Mehng Singh, Jat, Pensioner of village and Post Office Sohal, Tahsil and District Gurdaspur. 4. Sardar Tara Singh, son of Sardar Punjab Singh, Jat Zamindar of village Sidhwan, Post Office Kahnawan, Tahsil and District Gurdaspur.	Zails of Sohal, Deriwalla, Ghuman Kalan and Bhumbli.
2. Dharamsala Bhai Bura Waraich.	..	24-G., dated the 12th April, 1935.		

ALAN MITCHELL,

Commissioner, Lahore Division.

Committees.

The 2nd October, 1940.

Ilahi has been elected, under section 20 (1) of the said Act, as President of the Municipal Committee of Kunjah in the Gujrat district.

The 7th October, 1940.

No. A. II. 12/521.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 15 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, read with section 32 of the said Act, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, is pleased to accept the resignation of Raja Mohammad Sartaj Khan, from the membership of Municipal Committee of Pind Dadan Khan.

General (Gurdwaras).

The 7th October, 1940.

No. O.-XIII-9/522.—It is hereby notified that the following persons have been elected members of the Managing Committee of the Sikh Gurdwaras Block No. 3 and Block No. 2 at Sargodha in the Shahpur district :—

(1) S. Gurbachan Singh, son of S. Harbel Singh, Sahukar of Mandi Sargodha.

(2) S. Dalip Singh, son of S. Mohkam Singh, Contractor, Block No. 16, Sargodha.

(3) S. Gulab Singh, son of S. Arjan Singh, Contractor, Block No. 14, Sargodha.

(4) S. Nanak Singh, son of S. Jaggat Singh, of Chak No. 28-S. B.

P. MARSDEN,

Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division.

Committees.

The 2nd October, 1940.

No. 148.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the following person has been elected, under section 17 of the said Act, a member of the Municipal Committee of Lyallpur :—

Name of Ward.	*Name of member.*
X	Chaudhri Sahib Din, son of Chaudhri Qutab Din.

C. V. SALUSBURY,

Commissioner, Multan Division.

1027 CS—1126—9 10-40—SGPP Lahore.

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No. 42. LAHORE, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 18, 1940.

PART I—B.

Notifications by Commissioners.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Small Towns.

The 15th October, 1940.

No. A/IV/162-B/6/138.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following general order made by the Town Committee of Qadian in the Gurdaspur District, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*p*) of section 35 of the said Act, and sanctioned by the Commissioner of the Lahore Division as required by subsection (1) of section 36 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force from the date of this notification :—

GENERAL ORDER.

1. No person shall sell banaspatine or charbini as defined in section 3 of th Punjab Pure Food Act at any place within the limits of the Small Town of Qadian in any premises not licensed by the town committee in this behalf.

2. Licences for premises for the sale of banaspatine or charbini shall be issued by the Secretary of the town committee in form 'A' appended to this general order, to persons applying for them, subject to the conditions laid down in that form.

3. The fees to be charged under subsection (1) of section 41 of the Act for the licensing of premises shall be those fixed by the committee from time to time with the approval of the Commissioner.

4. Licences issued in accordance with paragraph 2 shall be current for not more than 12 months, and shall in any case terminate on the 31st March, immediately succeeding the date of issue.

5. On the breach of any of the conditions of the licence by the licensee or his agent, the town committee may forthwith cancel the licence and the licensee shall be entitled to no compensation on account of such cancellation.

FORM A.

TOWN COMMITTEE, QADIAN.

Licence for premises for the sale of banaspatine or charbini issued under paragraph 2 of the general order published with notification No. A/IV/162-B/6/138, dated the 15th October, 1940, by the Commissioner of the Lahore Division.

The premises, of which a description is given in the attached schedule, situated in (name of street, ward

banaspatine.
... for the sale of charbini

The licence is grant d to the owner/occupier of the said premises on the following conditions :—

(1) That the licence shall be transferable under the orders of the town committee, but not otherwise.
(2) That the licensee shall not sell natural ghee in the said premises.
(3) That he shall put a sign-board in front of the licensed premises with the following words printed thereon in bold type in English, Urdu, Hindi and Gurmukhi scripts :—
"Only banaspatine or charbini is sold here".
(4) That the licensed premises shall be kept open for the inspection of the official authorised by the committee from time to time, for this purpose.

General.

The 29th July, 1940.

No. 80-A.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-rule (1) of rule 19 of the Punjab Registration of Moneylenders Rules, 1939, it is hereby notified that the Commissioner of the Lahore Division has, in exercise of the powers conferred upon him by virtue of section 11 of the Punjab Registration of Moneylenders Act (No. III of 1938), accepted the appeal of Harnam Dass, son of Devi Dass, Brahman, Katra Khazana, Gali Khaiwali Khurd, Amritsar, and has set aside the order, dated the 20th April, 1940, passed by the Collector of the Amritsar District and published with Punjab Government notification No. I, dated the 20th April, 1940, cancelling the licence of Harnam Dass No. 67 of 1939 for a period of 6 months.

General (Gurdwaras).

The 9th October, 1940.

No. 290/8-III/129.—It is hereby notified that the following person is declared to have been elected by the constituency mentioned in the last column of the schedule below to be a member of the Committee of Management constituted under the provisions of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, for the Gurdwara mentioned in the first column of the said schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

Name of Gurwara.	No. and date of notification declaring the Gurdwara as a Sikh Gurdwara.	Name and address of the candidate elected.	Constituency for the election of the Committee of Management.
1	2	3	4
Gurdwara Guru Arjan Sahib.	38-G., dated the 12th January, 1931.	Sardar Bela Singh, son of Sardar Bishan Singh, Jat, Zamindar of village Benka, Post Office Patti, Police Station Bhikhiwind, tahsil Kasur, district Lahore.	Revenue estate of Benka.

The 11th October, 1940.

No. 290/11-II/130.—It is hereby notified that the following persons are declared to have been elected by the constituency mentioned in the last column of the schedule below to be members of the Committee of Management constituted under the provisions of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, for the Gurdwaras mentioned in the first column of the said schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

Name of Gurdwaras.	Serial No. as entered in Schedule I of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925.	No. and date of notification declaring the Gurdwara as a Sikh Gurdwara.	Names and addresses of the candidates elected.	Constituency for election of the Committee of Management.
1	2	3	4	5
1. Babe di Ber ...	82	...	(1) Sardar Harnam Singh, son of Sardar Jawind Singh, Zamindar, of village Gunna Khurd, Post Office Badiana, tahsil and district Sialkot.	Tahsil of Sialkot.
2. Shahid Bunga	83	...		
3. Baoli Sahib	84	...		
4. Tahli Sahib (Guru Sar)	85	...		
5. Bunga Bhai Sundar Singh.	...	38.G., dated the 12th January, 1931.	(2) Sardar Kapur Singh, son of Sardar Kartar Singh, village and post office Uggoke, tahsil and district Sialkot.	
6. Panchaiti ...	...	365-G., dated the 18th April, 1932.	(3) Sardar Arjan Singh, son of Sardar Wadhawa Singh, Pensioner, Ram Talai, Sialkot City.	
7. Dharamsala Bhai Gurdit Singh Ghora.	...	193-G., dated the 25th October, 1935.	(4) Sardar Balsaran Singh, son of Sardar Gian Singh, Zamindar, Sadr Kachery, Sialkot.	

The 14th October, 1940.

No. 290/13/132.—It is hereby notified that the following persons are declared to have been elected by the constituency mentioned in the last column of the schedule below to be members of the Committee of Management constituted under the pr ovisions of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, for the Gurdwara mentioned in the first column of the said schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

Name of Gurdwara.	Serial No. as entered in Schedule I of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925.	Names and addresses of the candidates elected.	Constituency for the election of the Committee of Management.
1	2	3	4
Sacha Sauda (or Khara Sauda).	98	1. Sardar Sultan Singh, son of Sardar Mahna Singh, Zamindar of Chak No. 5-G. B., Tahsil and District Sheikhupura. 2. Sardar Lachhman Singh, son of Sardar Waryam Singh, Zamindar of Chak No. 8-G. B., Tahsil and District Sheikhupura. 3. Sardar Qandhara Singh, son of Sardar Waryam Singh, Zamindar of Chuharkana, Tahsil and District Sheikhupura. 4. Sardar Moola Singh, son of Sardar Baj Singh, Zamindar of Bandhoke, Tahsil and District Sheikhupura.	Tahsils of Sheikhupura and Nankana Sahib.

The 15th October, 1940.

No. 290/12-III/133.—It is hereby notified that the following persons are declared to nave been elected by the constituency mentioned in the last column of the schedule below to be members of the Committee of Management constituted under the provisions of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, for the Gurdwaras mentioned in the first column of the said schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

Name of Gurdwaras.	Serial No. as entered in Schedule I of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925.	No. and date of notification declaring the Gurdwara as a Sikh Gurdwara.	Names and addresses of the candidates elected.	Constituency for the election of the Committee of Management.
1	2	3	4	5
1. Rohri Sahib 2. Chakki Sahib (Dharamsala Sangalwali *alias* Kundewali). 3. Gurdwara Khuhi Bhai Lalo ji. 4. Chhevin Padshahi. 5. Dharamsala Andruni.	90 91	.. .. 551-G., datad the 27th February, 1933. -- 22-G., dated the 5th April, 1935. .. 25-G., dated the 22nd May, 1936. ..	1. Sardar Khazan Singh, son of Arura, of Village and Post Office Gunnaur, Tahsil and District Gujranwala. 2. Sardar Suba Singh, son of Natha of Village Jagowala Nau, Post Office Babbar, Tahsil and District Gujranwala. 3. Sardar Jagjit Singh, son of Sardar Mall Singh, of Kotli Johad, Singh, Tahsil and District Gujranwala. 4. Sardar Teja Singh, son o Sardar Atar Singh, near Clock Tower, Gujranwala City.	Tahsil of Gujranwala.

No. 290/12-III/134.—It is hereby notified that the following persons are declared to have been elected by the constituency mentioned in the last column of the schedule below to be members of the Committee of Management constituted under the provisions of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1 25, for the Gurdwaras mentioned in the first column of the said schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

Name of Gurdwara.	Serial No. as entered in schedule I of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925	No. and date of notification declaring the Gurdwara as a Sikh Gurdwara.	Names and addresses of the candidates elected.	Constituency for the election of the Committee of Management.
1	2	3	4	5
1. Bache Nau	96 97	.. ..	1. Sardar Shangara Singh, son of Sardar Bhag Singh, of	Tahsil of Hafizabad.

Name of Gurdwara.	Serial No. as entered in Schedule I of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925.	No. and date of notification declaring the Gurdwara as a Sikh Gurdwara.	Names and addresses of the candidates elected.	Constituency for the election of the Committee of Management.
1	2	3	4	5
3. Bawa Ishar Singh and Bhai Manga.	..	365-G., dated the 18th April, 1932.	and Tahsil Hafizabad, District Gujranwala. 2. Sardar Kesara Singh, son of Boota, of Village Samrai, Post Office Kaliki Mandi, Tahsil Hafizabad, District Gujranwala. 3. Sardar Hari Singh, son of Sardar Ganga Singh, Shopkeeper, Hafizabad, District Gujranwala. 4. Sardar Indar Singh, son of Lala Sohana Mal, Shopkeeper, Hafizabad Mandi, District Gujranwala.	
4. Bungewala..	..	20-G., dated the 26th February, 1934.		
5. Bawa Mool Singh.	..	24-G., dated the 26th February, 1934.		
6. Gurdwara Bhai Raman.	..	160-G., dated the 21st December, 1934.		

No. 290/9-V/135.—It is hereby notified that the following persons are declared to have been elected by the constituency mentioned in the last column of the schedule below to be members of the Committee of Management constituted under the provisions of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, for the Gurdwaras mentioned in the first column of the said schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

Name of Gurdwara.	Serial No. as entered in Schedule I of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925.	Names and addresses of the candidates elected.	Constituency for the election of the Committee of Management.
1	2	3	4
Bibi Wiroji da Asthan.	54	1. Sardar Hazara Singh, son of Sardar Sant Singh, of Jhabal Kalan, Tahsil Tarn Taran, District Amritsar. 2. Sardar Narain Singh, son of Sardar Lehna Singh, Lambardar of village Jhabal Kalan, Tahsil Tarn Taran, District Amritsar. 3. Sardar Ganga Singh, son of Sardar Ram Singh, of village Jhabal Kalan, Tahsil Tarn Taran, District Amritsar. 4. Sardar Sawan Singh, son of Sardar Chanda Singh, of village Jhabal Kalan, Tahsil Tarn Taran, District Amritsar.	Revenue estate of Chabhal Kalan.

No. 290/9-V/136.—It is hereby notified that the following persons are declared to have been elected by the constituency mentioned in the last column of the schedule below to be members of the Committee of Management constituted under the provisions of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, for the Gurdwaras mentioned in the first column of the said schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

Name of Gurdwara.	Serial No. as entered in Schedule I of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925.	Names and addresses of the candidates elected.	Constituency for the election of the Committee of Management
1	2	3	4
Chohla Sahib ..	57	1. Sardar Sarup Singh, son of Sardar Labh Singh, of Naushera Pannuan, Tahsil Tarn Taran, District Amritsar. 2. Sardar Jagat Singh, son of Sardar Ishar Singh, of Marhana, Tahsil Tarn Taran, District Amritsar. 3. Sardar Kartar Singh, son of Sardar Kishan Singh, of Pakhupura, Tahsil Tarn Taran, District Amritsar. 4. Sardar Jaswant Singh, son of Sardar Gopal Singh, of Dhotian, Tahsil Tarn Taran, District Amritsar.	Police Station area of Sarhali.

No. 290/8-III/137.—It is hereby notified that the following persons are declared to have been ...

last column of the schedule below to be members of the Committee of Management constituted under the provisions of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, for the Gurdwaras mentioned in the first column of the said schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

Name of Gurdwaras.	No. and date of notification declaring the Gurdwara as a Sikh Gurdwara.	Names and addresses of the candidates elected.	Constituency for the election of Committee of Management.
1	2	3	4
1. Dharmsala Man. 2. Gurdwara Bhai Bahlol.	26-G., dated the 26th February, 1934. 106-G., dated the 13th August, 1934.	1. Sardar Maya Singh, son of Sardar Chattar Singh, Jat, Zamindar, of village Man (Sarakwala), Bhilla Zail, Police Station Sadr Kasur, Post Office and Tahsil Kasur, District Lahore. 2. Sardar Fateh Singh, son of Sardar Mehan Singh, Jat, Zamindar, of village Man (Sarakwala), Bhilla Zail, Police Station Sadr Kasur, Post Office and Tahsil Kasur, District Lahore. 3. Sardar Banta Singh, son of Sardar Saman Singh, Jat, Zamindar, of Man (Sarakwala), Bhilla Zail, Police Station Sadr Kasur, Post Office and Tahsil Kasur, District Lahore. 4. Sardar Amrik Singh, son of Sardar Mal Singh, Jat, Zamindar, of Qadiwind, Kesar Garh Zail, Police Station Sadr Kasur, Post Office and Tahsil Kasur, District Lahore.	Tahsil of Kasur.

ALAN MITCHELL,
Commissioner, Lahore Division.

Committees.

The 12th October, 1940.

No. 149.—In accordance with the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the following person has been appointed under section 12 of the said Act, a member of the Municipal Committee, Chiniot, in the Jhang district :—

Sayed Ghulam Abbas, son of Sayed Mubarik Shah of Chiniot.

C. V. SALUSBURY,
Commissioner, Multan Division.

1041 CS—1127—17-10-40—SGPP Lahore.

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No. 43. LAHORE, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1940.

PART I—B.

Notifications by Commissioners.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Small Towns.

The 21st October, 1940.

No. 478.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (3) of section 4 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that Chaudhri Sher Mohammad Khan has been elected a member of the Town Committee, **Mehm**, district Rohtak, *vice* Chaudhri Fajar Mohammad Khan, deceased.

Panchayats.

The 21st October, 1940.

No. 477.—Notifications Nos. 368 to 373, dated the 2nd May, 1940, by the Commissioner, Ambala Division, are hereby cancelled.

E. SHEEPSHANKS,

Commissioner, Ambala Division.

General (Gurdwaras).

The 21st October, 1940.

No. 290/10-III/139.—It is hereby notified that the following persons are declared to have been elected by the constituency mentioned in the last column of the schedule below to be members of the Committee of Management constituted under the provisions of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act,

1925, for the Gurdwaras mentioned in the first column of the said schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

Name of Gurdwaras.	Serial No. as entered in Schedule I of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925.	No. and date of notification declaring the Gurdwara as a Sikh Gurdwara.	Names and addresses of the candidates elected.	Constituency for the election of the Committee of Management.
1	2	3	4	5
1. Kartarpur Sahib.	80	..	1. Sardar Budha Singh, son of Sardar Kesar Singh, Zamindar of village Pairewal, Post Office Kanjrur, Tahsil Shakargarh, District Gurdaspur.	Tahsils of Batala, Gurdaspur, Shakargarh and Narowal.
2. Dharamsala	..	99-G., dated the 16th August, 1935.	2. Sardar Indar Singh, son of Sardar Gehal Singh, Zamindar, of village and Post Office Bhadal, Tahsil and District Gurdaspur.	
			3. Sardar Hakam Singh, son of Sardar Wasawa Singh, Zamindar of village Rampur, Post Office Khushalpur, Tahsil Batala, District Gurdaspur.	
			4. Sardar Gopal Singh, son of Sardar Sant Singh, Zamindar of Kot Karam Chand, Post Office Jaura Singhan, Tahsil Batala, District Gurdaspur.	

The 23rd October, 1940.

No. 290/8-III/140.—It is hereby notified that the following persons are declared to have been elected by the constituency mentioned in the last column of the schedule below to be members of the Committee of Management constituted under the provisions of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, for the Gurdwaras mentioned in the first column of the said schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

Name of Gurdwaras.	Serial No. as entered in Schedule I of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925.	No. and date of notification declaring the Gurdwara as a Sikh Gurdwara.	Names and addresses of the candidates elected.	Constituency for the election of the Committee of Management.
1	2	3	4	5
1. Bhai Pheru (Gurdwara Sangat Sahib).	25	...	1. Sardar Kishan Singh, son of Sardar Ganda Singh, of village Lambe Jagir, Tahsil Chunian, District Lahore.	Tahsil of Chunian.
2. Gurdwara Akalian.	...	264-G., dated the 22nd October, 1931.	2. Sardar Ishar Singh, son of Sardar Sawaya Singh, of village Kamboke, Chak No. 4, Tahsil Chunian, District Lahore.	
3. Gurdwara Guru Arjan Dev ji.	...	22-G., dated the 5th April, 1935.	3. Sardar Ishar Singh, son of Sardar Hukam Singh, of village But, Post Office Raiwind, Chunian Tahsil, District Lahore.	
			4. Sardar Kesar Singh, son of Sardar Ganda Singh, of village Dharampura, Chak No. 65, Tahsil Chunian, District Lahore.	

No. 290/9-V/141.—It is hereby notified that the following persons are declared to have been elected by the constituency mentioned in the last column of the schedule below to be members of the Committee of

Management constituted under the provisions of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, for the Gurdwaras mentioned in the first column of the said schedule :—

SCHEDULE,

Names of Gurdwaras.	Serial No. as entered in Schedule I of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925.	No. and date of notification declaring the Gurdwara as a Sikh Gurdwara.	Names and addresses of the candidates elected.	Constituency for the election of the Committee of Management.
1. Damdama Sahib 2. Chheharta Sahib 3. Attari Sahib Urf Janam Asthan.	44 45 ..	.. .. 1-G. dated the 22nd January, 1937.	1. Sardar Gurbakhsh Singh, son of Sardar Sunder Singh, of village Vadali Guru, Post Office Chheharta, Police Station Sadr, Tahsil and District Amritsar. 2. Sardar Mohinder Singh, son of Sardar Isar Singh, of village Bharariwal, Post Office Amritsar, Police Station Sadr, Tahsil and District Amritsar. 3. Sardar Banta Singh, son of Sardar Budh Singh of village Vadali Guru, Post Office Chheharta, Police Station Sadr, Tahsil and District Amritsar. 4. Sardar Doola Singh, son of Sardar Sochait Singh, of village Basarkai, Post Office Chheharta, Police Station Sadr, Tahsil and District Amritar.	Zail of Chabba.

No. 290/9-V/142.—It is hereby notified that the following persons are declared to haveb een elected by the constituency mentioned in the last column of the schedule below to be members of the Committee of Management constituted under the provisions of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, for the Gurdwara mentioned in the first column of the said schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

Name of Gurdwara.	No. and date of notification declaring the Gurdwara as a Sikh Gurdwara.	Names and addresses of the candidates elected.	Constituency for the election of the Committee of Management.
Mayarwala (Dharmsala Mianwali).	30-G. dated the 26th February, 1934.	1. Sardar Boor Singh, son of Sardar Ala Singh, of Majitha, Tahsil and District Amritsar. 2. Sardar Balwant Singh, son of Sardar Jhanda Singh, of Majitha, Tahsil and District Amritsar. 3. Sardar Natha Singh, son of Sardar Boor Singh, of Majitha, Tahsil and District Amritsar. 4. Sardar Bhagwan Singh, son of Sardar Kesar Singh, of Majitha, Tahsil and District Amritsar.	Revenue Estate of Majitha.

J. W. HEARN,
Commissioner, Lahore Division.

Small Towns.

The 21st October, 1940.

No. 150.—*Corrigendum.*—In line five of the preamble to notification No. 145, dated the 18th September, 1940, by the Commissioner, Multan Division, *for* " section 42 " *read* " section 41".

C. V. SALUSBURY,
Commissioner, Multan Division.

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PART I—B.

Notifications by Commissioners.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Boards.

The 22nd October, 1940.

No. 481.—In accordance with the provisions of section 11 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, it is hereby notified that the following person has been elected a member of the District Board of Gurgaon, *vice* Ch. Suleh Khan, deceased :—

Tahsil.	Name of circle.	Name and residence of member.
Ballabgarh ..	Pali ..	Ch. Moti Ram, son of Chuna, Jat of village Minaru, post office Faridabad.

Committees.

The 22nd October, 1940.

No. 479.—In accordance with the provisions of section 24, Act III of 1911 (The Punjab Municipal Act), it is hereby notified that the Sub-Divisional Officer, Rupar, has been re-elected, under section 20, subsection (3) of the said Act, President of the Municipal Committee of Rupar, in the Ambala district.

No. 480.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that L. Des Raj has been elected a member of the Municipal Committee of Kalka, in the Ambala district, *vice* B. Mohammad Amir, resigned.

E. SHEEPSHANKS,
Commissioner, Ambala Division.

General (Gurdwaras).

The 23rd October, 1940.

No. 185/L.F.B.—It is hereby notified that the candidates named in column 3 of the schedule below have been elected by the constituency mentioned in column 4 of the schedule to be members of the committee to be constituted under the provisions of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, for the Gurdwara specified in column 2 of the schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No. as entered in schedule 1 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, as subsequently amended.	Name of Gurdwara.	Name and address of candidates elected.	Constituency in schedule 1 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, as subsequently amended.
1	2	3	4
168	Heran ..	1. Hari Singh, son of Narinjan Singh, resident of Gill, Post Office Gill, in Ludhiana district. 2. Nahar Singh, son of Bhola Singh, resident of Talwandi Khurd, in Ludhiana district. 3. Narinjan Singh, son of Ishar Singh, resident of Heran, Post Office Hans, in Ludhiana district. 4. Partap Singh, son of Naghia, resident of Chak, in Ludhiana district.	Revenue estate of Heran, in tahsil Jagraon, Ludhiana district.

No. 186/L.F.B.—It is hereby notified that the candidate named in column 3 of the schedule below has been elected by the constituency mentioned in column 4 of the schedule to be member of the committee constituted under the provisions of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, for the Gurdwaras specified in column 2 of the schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

No. and date of the notification declaring the Gurdwara to be a Sikh Gurdwara under section 9/17 of the Act.	Name of Gurdwara.	Name and address o candidate elected.	Constituency for election of the Committee of Management.
1	2	3	4
37-G., dated the 11th September, 1936. 118-G., dated the 13th September, 1935.	1. Gurdwara Thamji Sahib, Panchwin Padshahi. 2. Gurdwara Gangsar, Panchwin Padshahi.	1. Teja Singh, son of Jit Singh, Jat, of village Dingrian, tehsil and district Jullundur.	Revenue estate of Kartarpur, in Jullundur tahsil.

A. C. MACNABB,
Commissioner, Jullundur Division.

Committees.

The 23rd October, 1940.

No. 143.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that Bedi Gopal Das has been elected President of the Municipal Committee of Dera Baba Nanak, in the Gurdaspur district, and that the said election has been approved by the Commissioner of the Lahore Division under the provisions of subsection (1) of section 20 of the said Act.

No. 144.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that Captain Mirza Mohammad

Abdullah Khan has been elected President of the Municipal Committee of Wazirabad, in the Gujranwala district, and that the said election has been approved by the Commissioner of the Lahore Division under the provisions of subsection (1) of section 20 of the said Act.

Small Towns.

The 25th October, 1940.

No. A/IV/61-B./V./145.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following general order made by the Town Committee of Qadian in the Gurdaspur District in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*n*) of section 35 of the said Act, and sanctioned by the Commissioner of the Lahore Division, as required by subsection (1) of section 36 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force from the date of the publication of this notification :—

GENERAL ORDER.

1. The town committee may, by special order, require the owner of any building or land to provide, move or remove any drain, privy, latrine, urinal, cesspool or other receptacle for filth or refuse, or to provide any additional drains, privies, latrines, urinals, cesspools or other receptacles, as aforesaid, which should in its opinion be provided for the building or land, in such manner and of such pottern as the committee may direct. Moreover, the town committee may, by special order, require the owner or occupier of any building or land to have any privy, latrine or urinal, provided for the same, shut off by an adequate roof and wall or fence from the view of persons passing by or dwelling in the neighbourhood, or to remove or alter, as the committee may direct, any door or trap door of a privy, latrine or urinal opening into any street or drain.

2. The town committee, may, by special order, require the owner or occupier of any building or land to repair, alter or put in good order any drain, privy, latrine, urinal, cesspool or receptacle for any filth or refuse, or to close any drain, privy, latrine, urinal or cesspool belonging thereto.

3. The town committee may, by special order, require any person, who may construct any new drain, privy, latrine, urinal, cesspool or receptacle for filth or refuse, without its permission in writing or contrary to its directions or who may construct, rebuild or open any drain, privy, latrine, urinal, cesspool or receptacle for filth or refuse which it has ordered to be demolished or closed or not to be made, to demolish the drain, privy, latrine, urinal, cesspool or receptacle, or to make such alteration therein as it may think fit.

J. W. HEARN,

Commissioner, Lahore Division.

Commitieets.

The 22nd October, 1940.

No. A.-II-54-B./523.—In accordance with the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that Chaudhri Ata Mohammad Khan has been elected under section 20 (1) of the said Act, President of the Municipal Committee of Dinga, in the Gujrat district.

P. MARSDEN,

Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division

Small Towns.

The 22nd October, 1940.

No. 151.—In accordance with the provisions of subsection (3) of section 4 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the following person has been appointed under section 8 of the Act, a member of the Town Committee of Khairpur Sadat, in the Muzaffargarh district, *vice* Dr. Rafiq Ahmad Aziz, *ex*-Medical Officer, incharge of the Rural Dispensary, Khairpur Sadat, resigned :—

Khan Ghulam Sarwar Khan, son of Umar Khan, caste Biloch Bidani, of Khairpur Sadat.

C. V. SALUSBURY,

Commissioner, Multan Division.

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No. 45. LAHORE, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 8, 1940.

PART I—B.

Notifications by Commissioners

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Committees.

The 31st October, 1940.

No. 482.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the following persons have been elected members of the Municipal Committee of Panipat in the Karnal district :—

No. of Wards.		*Name of persons elected.*
3	..	M. Ghulam Rabbani *vice* Haji Abdul Qayyum (removed).
12	..	M. Zafar Hasan *vice* Kh. Amir Ahmad Ansari (removed).

No. 483.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that M. Akhtar Ali Khan, son of M. Mehfuz Ali Khan, has been elected a member of the Municipal Committee of Bahadurgarh, in the Rohtak district, in the vacancy caused by the removal of M. Mukhtar Ahmad.

E. SHEEPSHANKS,

Commissioner, Ambala Division.

Boards.

The 4th November, 1940.

No. C./II/5/III/147.—In accordance with the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 15 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, it is hereby notified that the following person has been elected a member of the District Board of Gujranwala, *vice* Bhai Labh Singh, son of Devi

Ditta, zaildar of Mandhiala Tega, deceased :—

Tahsil.	Name and residence of the member.	Name of circle.
Gujranwala ..	Sheikh Mohammad Hussain, son of Mohammad Din, caste Bhandari, Trader, of Eminabad.	Chak Waraich.

The 6th November, 1940.

No. K/II/22/150.—Notification No. 54, dated the 1st May, 1928, and 4, dated the 21st January, 1929, issued by the Commissioner, Lahore Division, are hereby cancelled in so far as they relate to the areas mentioned against them in the schedule given below :—

Number of the notification and date.	Serial No.	Name of the School area or village.	Item No. of the notification.	Name of the compulsory area in which included.
(1) No. 54, dated the 1st May, 1928.	1	Lil ..	7	Lil.
	2	Gobindpura ...	8	Gobindpura.
	3	Kalewala Chima ...	21	Kalewala Chima
	4	Pilo ...	44	Pilo.
	5	Pir Kamal ...	49	Pir Kamal.
	6	Kot Salim ...	24	Kot Salim.
	7	Beriwala ...	26	Beriwala.
	8	Harchoke ...	6	Harchoke.
(2) No. 4, dated the 21st January, 1929.	9	Dehla Chatha ...	55	Dehla Chatha.
	10	Khan Musalman ...	17	Khan Musalman.
	11	Kot Ishaq ..	79	Kot Ishaq.
	12	Saib ...	27	Saib.
	13	Kotli Adu ...	14	Wahndo.
	14	Dhilwan ...	56	Pandori Kalan.
	15	Vairoke ...	71	Dhaunkal.
	16	Jandiala Dhabwala ...	75	Jandiala Dhabwala.
	17	Hardo Ratta ...	84	Hardo Ratta.
	18	Mirza Bhattian ...	86	Mirza Bhattian.
	19	Pindi Bawrey ..	91	Pindi Bawrey.

Committees.

The 4th November, 1940.

No. A/II/13/III/146.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that Sardar Iqbal Singh, Pleader, has been appointed a member of the Municipal Committee of Gurdaspur, in the Gurdaspur district, *vice* Sardar Sahib Sardar Jowahar Singh, deceased.

General (Gurdwaras).

The 4th November, 1940.

No. 290/9-V./148.—In accordance with the provisions of section 87 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, it is hereby notified that the following person has been nominated by the Shiromani Gurdwara Parbandhak Committee, Amritsar, to be the fifth member of the Committee of Management for the Gurdwara specified in the schedule below. The committee of this Gurdwara is, therefore, duly constituted under section 88 (3) of the said Act :—

SCHEDULE.

Name of Gurdwaras.	Serial No. as entered in Schedule I of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925.	No. and date of notification declaring the Gurdwara as a Sikh Gurdwara.	Name and address of the person nominated.	Constituency for the election of the Committee of Management.
1	2	3	4	5
1. Damdama Sahib.	47 ..	...	Sardar Kapur Singh, son of Sardar Jowala Singh, village and Post Office Sultanwind, tahsil and district Amritsar.	Revenue estate of Sultanwind.
2. Attari Sahib	...	562-G., dated the 31st March, 1933.		

No. 290/8-III/149.—In accordance with the provisions of section 87 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 19?5, it is hereby notified that the following person has been nominated by the Shiromani Gurdwara Parbandhak Committee, Amritsar, to be the fifth member of the Committee of Management for the Gurdwara specified in the schedule below. The committee of this Gurdwara is, therefore, duly constituted under section 88 (3) of the said Act :—

SCHEDULE.

Name of Gurdwara.	No. and date of notification declaring the Gurdwara as a Sikh Gurdwara.	Name and address of the person nominated.	Constituency for the election of the Committee of Management.
1	2	3	4
Dharamsala Almashpur Damdama Sahib.	38-G., dated the 12th January, 1931.	Sardar Arjan Singh, son of Sardar Jowahar Singh, village Barka, Post Office Barki, district Lahore.	Revenue estate of Kachha.

J. W. HEARN,

Commissioner, Lahore Division.

Committees.

The 5th November, 1940.

No. A.-II-4-E/526.—In accordance with the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that Khan Sahib Malik Ladhu Khan has been elected, under section 20 (1) of the said Act, President of the Municipal Committee of Bhakkar, in the Mianwali district.

No. A.-II-4-I/527—In accordance with the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the following person is appointed under section 12 of the said Act, as a member of the municipal committee of Pindigheb in the Attock district :—

Pandit Nand Lal, B.A., LL.B.

Small Towns.

The 29th October, 1940.

No. A/XIV/59/524.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following general order made by the Town Committee of Fatehjang in the Attock district, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*p*) of section 35 of the said Act, and clause (*d*) of section 41 of the said Act and sanctioned by the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, as required by subsection (1) of section 36 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force from the date of publication of this notification :—

GENERAL ORDER.

(*a*) No person shall sell banaspatine or charbine at any place within the limits of the small town of Fatehjang except in the premises licensed by the town committee in this behalf.

(*b*) Licences for the premises for the sale of banaspatine or charbine shall be issued by the Secretary of the Town Committee in form " A " appended to this general order to persons applying for them subject to the conditions laid down in that form.

(*c*) Licences issued under paragraph (*b*) shall be granted on payment of a fee of Rs. 50 per annum or Rs. 5 per month.

(*d*) Licences issued under paragraph (*b*) shall be current for not more than twelve months and shall in any case terminate on the 31st March immediately succeeding the date of issue.

(*e*) On the breach of any of the conditions of the licence by the licensee or his agent the Town Committee may forthwith cancel the licence and the licensee shall be entitled to no compensation on account of such cancellation.

Form A.

TOWN COMMITTEE, FATEHJANG.

Licence for the premises for the sale of banaspatine or charbine issued under parag raph (b) of the general order published with notification No. A/XIV/59/524, dated the 29th October, 1940.

The premises of which a description is given in the attached schedule situated in (name of street, ward, etc.) are hereby licensed for the sale of banaspatine or charbine.

The licence is granted to the owner or occupier of the said premises on the following conditions:

(a) That the licence shall be transferable under the order of the town committee but not otherwise.

(b) That he shall not sell natural ghee in the said premises.

(c) That he shall put a sign-board in front of the licensed premises with the following words printed thereon in bold type in English, Urdu, Hindi and Gurmukhi scripts:—

"Only banaspatine or charbine is sold here".

(d) That the licensed premises shall be kept open for the inspection of the Medical Officer of Health or any other official authorised by the committee for the purpose.

No. A.XII-18-A./525.—The following rules made by the town committee of Makhad, in the Attock district, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 19 of the Vaccination Act, 1880, having been confirmed by the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, are published for general information and shall come into force within the small town of Makhad, in the Attock district, six weeks after the date of publication of these rules, in the *Punjab Gazette*:—

RULES.

Appointment of Vaccine Station.

1. The town committee shall maintain a vaccine station at such place within the area under its jurisdiction as the Sub-Assistant Surgeon in charge of the local dispensary duly appointed for the purpose may, in consultation with the committee, approve, and shall similarly fix the day and hours at which such station shall be open, and shall cause to be affixed on the outside of such place in a conspicuous position, a sign-board on which shall be printed, in letters easily legible, both in English and Vernacular characters the following inscription:

"Small Town Vaccine Station".

"Open every day from 9 a.m. to 3 p.m."

(except on Sundays or Public Holidays).

Appointment of Public Vaccinator.

2. For the due performance of vaccination the town committee shall appoint such number of public vaccinators as the Director of Public Health may from time to time determine; and every such vaccinator shall ordinarily wear on the breast a distinguishing badge with the words "Public Vaccinator, Town Committee, Makhad" inscribed on it.

Qualifications of Public Vaccinator.

3. No person shall be appointed a public vaccinator unless he—

(a) has passed the Anglo-Vernacular middle school examination; and

(b) is certified by a medical practitioner, registered under the Punjab Medical Registration Act, 1916, to be physically and mentally fit for the duties he will have to perform and produce a certificate that he has been successfully vaccinated or re-vaccinated not earlier than twelve months prior to the date of his appointment or is insuspectible of successful vaccination or has had small-pox and shows obvious scars thereof.

(c) has attended a course of instruction in vaccination and elementary hygiene at the Punjab Vaccine Institute and has obtained the certificate granted by that Institute.

Time of attendance of public vaccinators and their residence.

4. During the vaccination season the public vaccinator shall be bound to attend the vaccine station, to which he may be attached by the Sub-Assistant Surgeon duly appointed for the purpose, on the days and the hours fixed for such station and he shall ordinarily reside in the Small Town.

Note for vaccinators.—Although the Vaccination Act, 1880, does not render liable to punishment the omission to have children under the age of six months vaccinated, yet it is very desirable that children should be vaccinated at an earlier age; and as a rule, all healthy unprotected children over one month old presented for vaccination should be vaccinated by the public vaccinators.

Nature of the lymph to be ordinarily used.

5. The lymph to be used in the performance of vaccinations shall be the lymph obtained from the Punjab Vaccine Institute.

Facilities for procuring vaccination of children at private houses and the fee payable to a public vaccinator for an operation outside his own circle.

6. Persons desirous of procuring the vaccination of their children at their own houses shall intimate the fact to the public vaccinator (or any of the public vaccinators as the case may be) who out of his public duties shall arrange with the applicant to vaccinate the child and a fee of Re. 1

shall be payable to a public vaccinator who so vaccinates a child within the limits of the small town.

Fee chargeable by private vaccinators and the authority to which they are subject.

7. Persons licensed by the Punjab Government to act as private vaccinators shall in no case demand a higher fee than Re. 1 for a single operation, and shall perform their duties under the orders and subject to the general control of the sub-assistant surgeon duly appointed for the purpose.

Re-vaccination and the age of the child.

8. If the result of the first vaccination is a failure, the child shall be re-vaccinated and if this second operation is also a failure, a third attempt shall be made, and if this also proves unsuccessful no further attempt shall be made.

Grant and form of certificate of successful vaccination, unfitness for or insusceptibility of vaccination.

9. Whenever it is ascertained that a child is unfit for vaccination or is insusceptible of successful vaccination, a certificate in form I attached to these rules shall be granted in the former case, to the parent or guardian of such child by the vaccinator, and in the latter in form I, by the Medical or Vaccination Officer duly appointed for the purpose and in like manner, whenever it is ascertained that a child has been successfully vaccinated, a certificate shall be granted by the vaccinator to the parent or guardian of such child in form III attached to these rules.

Registers to be kept by the Town Committee.

10. The following registers shall be maintained by the town committee of Makhad :—

(a) a register to be known as register "A" showing the names of children born in the small town on and after the date of the application of the Vaccination Act, 1880, to such area ;

(b) a register to be known as register "B" showing the names of unprotected children born in the small town previous to the date of the application of the Vaccination Act, 1880, and who were at that date under the age of fourteen years, if boys, and of eight years, if girls ;

(c) a registrar to be known as register "C" showing the names of unprotected boys and girls under the age of fourteen and eight years, respectively, who are brought within the small town at any time after the application of the Vaccination Act, 1880, and who have resided there for a month or more ;

(d) a register to be known as register "D" showing the result of each vaccination or its postponement and the delivery of certificates, if any.

Rules for the preparation of registers.

11. The preparation of register "A" shall be effected from the register of births maintained in the small town office; that of registers "B" and "C" from the information to be collected under the orders of the Sub-Assistant Surgeon, Makhad, and that of register "D" from the reports submitted by the vaccinator, as hereinafter prescribed.

Registers to be kept by vaccinator.

12. Every public and private vaccinato employed within the small town shall keep up the following registers :—

(a) Register "E" showing—

(i) name, sex, age, parentage, caste and residence of each child vaccinatad ;
(ii) date of operation ;
(iii) date of inspection after vaccination ;
(iv) result whether successful or unsuccessful ;
(v) date of second operation, if first unsuccessful ;
(vi) date of inspection after re-vaccination ;
(vii) result whether successful or unsuccessful ;
(viii) date of third operation, if first and second unsuccessful.

(b) Register "F" showing—

(i) name, sex, age, parentage, caste and residence of each child produced, but found unfit for vaccination ;
(ii) date of certificate of postponement granted under section 9 of the Vaccination Act, 1880 ;
(iii) date on which the child was represented for vaccination, and the result of inspection ;
(iv) date of renewal of postponement certificate, if any ;
(v) remarks.

Explanation :—If, on the child being represented for vaccination it is found to be in a fit state for that operation, the fact shall be recorded in column 3 of register F and an entry of the fact of vaccination when performed should be made in register E, a reference to such entry being made in the column of remarks of register F, opposite the corresponding entry in the latter.

Preparation of vaccination report and return.

13. Every public and private vaccinator shall prepare a monthly report during the vaccination season on the general result of the vaccine operations during that period, and shall submit the same through the Sub-Assistant Surgeon to the Secretary of the town committee accompanied by a return showing—

(a) number of boys vaccinated during the month ;

(b) number of girls vaccinated during the month ;

(c) results—

(i) number successful ;

(ii) number unsuccessful ;

(iii) number insusceptible.

Form I.

MAKHAD SMALL TOWN,

VACCINATION STATION.

Certificate of unfitness for vaccination.

I ____________________ a public (or licensed as the case may be) vaccinator, do hereby certify that in my opinion ____________________ (name of child), the son (or daughter, as the case may be) of ____________________ resident of ____________________ is in a state unfit for vaccination, and that such unfitness will continue during the whole (or if a part, specify the same) of the current vaccination season.

Note.—In case the unfitness for vaccination is to continue during the whole vaccination season the certificate shall be countersigned either by a Superintendent of Vaccination or by a qualified Medical Practitioner.

Sd.

Dated Vaccinator.

Form II.

CERTIFICATE OF INSUSCEPTIBILITY OF SUCCESSFUL VACCINATION.

I ____________________ do hereby certify that ____________________ the son (or daughter, as the case may be) of ____________________ resident of ____________________ has been three times unsuccessfully vaccinated and that in my opinion he (or she, as the case may be) is insusceptible of successful vaccination.

Sd.

Dated Sub-Assistant Surgeon, Makhad.

Form III.

CERTIFICATE OF SUCCESSFUL VACCINATION.

I ____________________ a public (or licensed, as the case may be) vaccinator, do hereby certify that ____________________ (name of child), the son (or daughter, as the case may be) of ____________________, resident of ____________________, was vaccinated by me on the ____________________ day of ____________________ in the year ____________________ and that after due inspection I am satisfied that the vaccination has been successful.

Sd.

Dated Vaccinator.

P. MARSDEN,

Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division.

Town Committees.

The 4th November, 1940.

No. 153.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub section (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following general order made by the Town Committee of Shorkot in the Jhang district, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (h) of section 35 of the said Act, having been sanctioned by the Commissioner, Multan Division, as required by subsection (1) of section 36 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force from the date of this notification :—

GENERAL ORDER.

(1) Should any building, well, wall or structure or anything affixed thereto, or any bank or tree be deemed by the Committee to be in a state considered in any way

dangerous, it may, by notice, require the owner thereof forthwith either to remove the same or to cause such repairs to be made to the building, well, wall, structure or bank, as the committee may consider necessary for the public safety, and should it appear to be necessary in order to prevent imminent danger, the committee shall forthwith take such steps as may be necessary at the expense of the owner, to avert the danger.

(2) The committee may, by notice, require the owner or part-owner, or person claiming to be the owner, or part owner, of any building or land which, by reason of abandonment or disputed ownership or other cause, has remained untenanted and become a resort of idle and disorderly persons or otherwise a nuisance, to secure or enclose the same within a reasonable time fixed in the notice.

Small Towns.

The 29th October, 1940.

No. 152.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following amendment made by the town committee of Kahror, in the Multan district, to its general order published with the Commissioner, Multan Division's notification No. 60, dated the 26th July, 1933, as subsequently amended by his notification No. 32, dated the 27th April, 1936, having been sanctioned by him as required by subsection (1) of section 36 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force from the date of publication of this notification :—

AMENDMENT.

In paragraph 2 substitute " Rs. 50 " for " Rs. 250 " and " Rs. 5 " for " Rs. 25 "

C. V. SALUSBURY,

Commissioner, Multan Division.

487CS —1130—7-11-40—SGPP Lahore.

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No. 46. LAHORE, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1940.

PART I—B.

Notifications by Commissioners.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Committees.

The 5th November, 1940.

No. 187-L. F. B.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that Lala Labhu Ram Bahl, of Urmar, has been elected a member from Ward No. 2 of the Municipal Committee of Urmar Tanda, in Hoshiarpur district, *vice* Pandit Baldev Mittar Bijli, removed.

No. 188-L. F. B.—In accordance with the provisions of section 15 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, and in pursuance of the delegation made in Punjab Government notification No. 4, dated the 3rd January, 1912, the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, is pleased to accept the resignation of Dr. Anwar-ul-Haq from membership of the Municipal Committee of Hoshiarpur.

A. C. MACNABB,

Commissioner, Jullundur Division.

Committees.

The 8th November, 1940.

No. A/II/1/V/151.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that Sardar Shukar Singh, Sahukar, son of Sardar Wadhawa Singh, has been elected, from non-Muslim Ward No. VII, a member of the Municipal Committee of Gujranwala, in the Gujranwala District, *vice* Sardar Autar Singh, Bar.-at-Law, murdered.

J. W. HEARN,

Commissioner, Lahore Division.

General (Gurdwaras).

The 9th November, 1940.

No. O. XIII.-7-A./528.—In continuation of notification No. O. XIII-7-A./515, dated the 31st August, 1940, it is hereby notified in accordance with the provisions of subsection (3) of section 88 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, that the person named in column 3 of the Schedule below has been duly nominated by the Shiromani Gurdwara Prabandhak Committee, Amritsar, under the provisions of section 87 of the Act, as the fifth member of the committee for the Gurdwara specified in column 2 of the Schedule and that the Committee has been duly constituted :—

SCHEDULE.

No. and date of notification declaring the Gurdwara to be a Sikh Gurdwara under section 9/17 of the Act.	Name of Gurdwara.	Name and address of the nominated member.
5-G., dated 12th February, 1937 ..	Siri Kartarpura at Sarai Alamgir, District Gujrat.	S. Saran Singh, son of S. Kalyan Singh, of Sarai Alamgir.

P. MARSDEN,

Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division.

Boards.

The 11th November, 1940.

No. 156.—In accordance with the provisions of subsection (1) of section 15 of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, it is hereby notified that the following person has been elected a member of the District Board of Dera Ghazi Khan, in Circle No. 4 Shadan Lund, in the Dera Ghazi Khan Tahsil, *vice* Khan Ghulam Hassan Khan Sihani of Sanjar Shahi, resigned :—

Sardar Imam Bakhsh Khan, son of Sardar Naurang Khan, Biloch Haidrani of Shadan Lund.

Notified Areas.

The 9th November, 1940.

No. 154.—In accordance with the provisions of clause (*d*) of subsection (1) of section 242 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that Lala Ram Chand, Munjal, is appointed a member of the Notified Area Committee of Jahanian, in the Multan district.

C. V. SALUSBURY,

Commissioner, Multan Division.

1227 CS—1130—14-11-40—SGPP Lahore.

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No. 47. LAHORE, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 22, 1940.

PART I—B.

Notifications by Commissioners.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Notified Areas.

The 4th November, 1940.

No. 484.—Under the provisions of section 242 (*i*) (*d*) of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the following persons are appointed members of the Notified Area Committee, Nuh, in the Gurgaon district :—

1. L. Bal Mukand, son of L. Nanag Ram.
2. M. Shamshuddin, son of M. Muzaffar Khan.

General (Gurdwaras).

The 11th November, 1940.

No. 13-G.—In continuation of notification No. 5-G., dated the 14th September, 1940, it is hereby notified in accordance with the provisions of subsection (3) of section 88 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, that the person named in the schedule below has been duly nominated by the Shiromani Gurdwara Parbandhak Committee, Amritsar, under the provisions of section 87 of the Act, as the fifth member of the Committee for the Gurdwara specified in the schedule, and that the Committee has been duly constituted :—

SCHEDULE.

Name of Gurdwara.	*Name of the nominated member.*
Gurdwara Guru Gobind Singh, No. 201, Sirsa. ..	S. Baldan Singh, son of S. Ramta Singh, village Habuana, Post Office dabwali, district Hissar.

No. 14-G.—In continuation of notification No. 12-G., dated the 2nd October, 1940, it is hereby notified in accordance with the provisions of subsection (3) of section 88 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, that the person named in the schedule below has been duly nominated by the Shiromani Gurdwara Parbandhak Committee, Amritsar, under the

provisions of section 87 of the Act, as the fifth member of the Committee for the Gurdwara specified in the schedule, and that the Committee has been duly constituted :—

SCHEDULE.

Name of Gurdwara.	*Name of the nominated member.*
Navin Padshahi, Bichhuwana ..	Jathedar Kishan Singh, son of S. Harnam Singh, of village Bichhuwana, Post Office Badladha, district Hissar.

E. SHEEPSHANKS,

Commissioner, Ambala Division.

Small Towns.

The 15th November, 1940.

No. 189-L. F. B.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following general order made by the Town Committee of Samrala, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*y*) of section 35 of the said Act, and sanctioned by the Commissioner of the Jullundur Division, as required by subsection (1) of section 36 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force within the Small Town of Samrala in the Ludhiana district from the date of the publication of this notification :—

GENERAL ORDER.

1. No person shall sell or import for sale milk, curd and butter within the limits of the Small Town except under a licence granted in this behalf by the Town Committee of Samrala.

2. Licences to sell milk, curd and butter or import the same for sale shall be issued by the Secretary of the Town Committee of Samrala to any person applying for the same on a payment of a licence fee of one rupee per licence subject to the following conditions :—

(*a*) that the licensee shall not sell or import or expose for sale any milk, curd or butter of milk obtained from any animal which he knows or has good reasons to believe to be suffering from any disease, or from any dairy or other place from which the procuring of milk, curd or butter has, under any general or special declaration notified to the licensee, been declared dangerous to the public health by the Medical Officer authorized by the Town Committee in this behalf ;

(*b*) that the licensee shall import and keep all milk, curd or butter for sale in clean and covered vessels ;

(*c*) that the licensee shall not keep any milk, curd or butter for sale in any place or room used for cooking or sleeping or in any room adjoining a latrine or cesspool ;

(*d*) that the licensee shall not dilute or adulterate or cause to be diluted or adulterated any milk intended for sale or import or expose for sale diluted or adulterated milk ; and

(*e*) that skimmed milk shall be clearly declared by the licensee to be "skimmed milk" and shall not be sold as pure milk.

3. Licences issued in accordance with clause 2, shall terminate on the 31st March, immediately succeeding the date of issue.

NOTE.—This General Order does not apply to those persons who are not customary sellers, but keep milch cattle within the Small Town area for private use and sell the surplus supply of milk.

A. C. MACNABB,

Commissioner, Jullundur Division.

General (Gurdwaras).

The 19th November, 1940.

No. 290/8-III/153.—It is hereby notified that the following person is declared to have been elected by the constituency mentioned in the last column of the Schedule below to be a member of the Committee of Management constituted under the provisions

of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, for the Gurdwara mentioned in first column of the said schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

Name of Gurdwara.	No. and date of notification declaring the Gurdwara as a Sikh Gurdwara.	Name and address of the candidate elected.	Constituency for the election of the Committee of Management.
1	2	3	4
Gurdwara Pahli Padshahi Guru Nanak Dev Ji.	92 G., dated the 14th July, 1934.	'ardar Bela Singh, son of Sardar Sant Singh, Jat, of Sidhwan, Tahsil Kasur, district Lahore.	Zail of Khalra.

No. 290/8-III/154.—In accordance with the provisions of section 87 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, it is hereby notified that the following person has been nominated by the Shiromani Gurdwara Parbandhak Committee, Amritsar, to be the fifth member of the Committee of Management for the Gurdwara specified in the schedule below. The Committee of this Gurdwara is, therefore, duly constituted under section 88 (3) of the said Act :—

SCHEDULE.

Name of Gurdwara.	No. and date of notification declaring the Gurdwara as a Sikh Gurdwara.	Name and address of the person nominated	Constituency for election of the Committee of Management.
1	2	3	4
Gurdwara Pahli Padshahi Guru Nanak Dev Ji.	92-G., dated the 14th July, 1934.	Sardar Jiwan Singh, son of Sardar Mangal Singh, of village Daliri, Post Office Khalra, Tahsil Kasur, District Lahore.	Zail of Khalra

J. W. HEARN,

Commissioner, Lahore Division.

Boards.

The 13th November, 1940.

No. C.-II-7 (ii)/529.—In accordance with the provisions of section 15 of the Punjab District Boards, Act, 1883, it is notified that the following person has been elected as a member of the District Board of Shahpur District :—

Name of Circle.	*Name of member.*
	SARGODHA TAHSIL.
1. Hundewali ..	S. Jagir Singh, son of Wasakha Singh, Labana Sikh, of Chak No. 115-S. B., Tahsil Sargodha, *vice* Sardar Sahib Subedar Sher Singh, deceased.

P. MARSDEN,

Commssioner, Rawalpindi Division.

Small Towns.

The 11th November, 1940.

No. 155.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub section (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following general order made by the Town Committee of Shorkot in the Jhang district, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*p*) of section 35 of the said Act, and sanctioned by the Commissioner, Multan Division, as required by subsection (1) of section 36 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force from the date of this notification :—

GENERAL ORDER.

1. No person shall manufacture or prepare for sale any sweetmeats, meat and bread except in premises licensed by the Town Committee in this behalf.

2. No premises shall be licensed for the manufacture or preparation for sale of sweetmeats, meat and bread—

(*a*) unless they have a floor made of burnt brick, cement, or other impervious materials ;

(*b*) unless the walls are properly plastered and lime-washed ;

(c) unless they are provided with adequate light and ventilation to the satisfaction of the President or the Secretary of the Committee or the Medical Officer of Health appointed for this purpose ;

(d) unless they are provided with a drain and the whole floor is so sloped as to allow all liquid to flow off by the drain ;

(e) if there is any direct communication between the premises and any room used as a sleeping room ;

(f) if there is any latrine, cess pool, cow-shed, stable or other place within 50 feet of the premises which, in the opinion of the President, renders it undesirable that such premises should be used for the manufacture, or preparation for sale of sweet-meats, meat and bread.

3. No person shall sell any sweetmeats, meat and bread except in premises licensed by the Town Committee in this behalf, except a person to whom a hawker's licence has been issued.

4. No premises shall be licensed for the sale of sweet meats meat and bread unless suitable arrangements are made for the protection of articles mentioned by means of wire-gauze covers from flies.

5. Subject to the provisions of paragraphs 2 and 4, licences for premises for the manufacture or preparation for sale of sweet meats, meat and bread shall be issued by the president or Secretary in Form S. T. P. appended to this order on the application of the owner or occupier of such premises and shall be granted subject to the conditions specified in Form S. T. P. as the conditions subject to which the licence is granted.

6. Licences issued in accordance with paragraph 3 shall be current for not more than 12 months and shall in any case terminate on the 31st March immediately succeeding the date of issue ;

7. On the breach of any of the conditions of the licence by the licensee or his agent, the Town Committee may, forthwith cancel the licence and the licensee shall be entitled to no compensation on account of such cancellation.

TOWN COMMITTEE, SHORKOT.

Form S. T. P.

Licence for premises for the manufacture or preparation for sale / sale of ____________ under paragraph ____________ for licensing premises. The premises of which a description is given in the attached schedule, situated in (name of street, ward, etc.) are hereby licensed for the manufacture or preparation for sale / sale of ____________.

This licence is granted to owner / occupier of the said premises subject to the following conditions :—

(1) That he shall not employ or permit to be employed in the manufacture or preparation for sale / sale of ____________ any person suffering from any contagious or infectious disease or from loathsome sores, or who has recently been attending on any person suffering from such disease and that he shall not suffer any such person or any animal to enter or remain upon the licensed premises.

(2) That he shall daily cause to be thoroughly washed, and cleansed the floor and drain of the licensed premises, and every bench, counter, table or shelf or other place on which the articles manufactured or prepared for sale / sold and any material used in such manufacture or preparation for sale / sale are kept.

(3) That he shall cause the walls of the licensed premises to be properly lime-washed at least twice a year and more often if so required by the President of the Committee.

(4) That he shall not spit or smoke or suffer any other person to spit or smoke within the licensed premises.

(5) That he shall not keep or suffer to be kept in the licensed premises any bedding soiled clothes, or other things not required for manufacture or preparation for sale / sale of ____________.

(6) That he shall permit the President, Secretary or Medical Officer of Health of the Town Committee authorised in this behalf at all reasonable times and without notice, to inspect the licensed premises and shall exhibit a notice outside his premises that he holds a licence from the Town Committee.

7. That he shall keep all vessels, receptacles, utensils and other things used for the purpose in a state of thorough cleanliness and that he shall daily cause to be thoroughly washed and cleansed the floor, drains and every bench, counter, tables, shelf or other materials used in the process of manufacture.

(8) That he shall duly pay to the Town Committee the fee that may from time to time be imposed under section 41 of the Punjab Small Towns Act.

(For articles other than vegetables.)

(9) That he shall take such measures as may be required by the President, to protect articles of food from flies by means of wire-gauze cages.

(For meat only.)

(10) That the wooden boards for cutting meat be covered with a zinc sheet and must not project beyond the regular line of bazar.

(11) That no meat be exposed for sale which has been blown out and artificially stuffed nor the flesh of any animal which has died from any disease or other natural cause nor any meat which is decayed or is in a rotten condition.

(12) That no waste meat trimmings bones, refuse or offensive matter be thrown into the public street or bazar.

(13) That meat intended for sale, in order to be protected from flies, be kept in wire-gauze cages or screened with clean cloth and that meat so kept shall not be displayed for sale in a manner that would take it beyond the regular line of the bazar.

(For other articles of food and drink).

(14) That he shall not use in the preparation for sale of any article, any water except such as is obtained from a source and conveyed to the premises in a manner approved by the President, Secretary or Medical Officer of Health of the Town Committee authorized by the Committee in that behalf.

C. V. S. LUSBURY,
Commissioner, Multan Division.

1286 CS—1130—21-11-40—SGPP Lahore.

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Punjab.

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No. 48. LAHORE, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 29, 1940.

PART I—B.

Notifications by Commissioners.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Small Towns.

The 19th November, 1940.

No. 485.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following general order made by the Town Committee of Babyal, in the Ambala district, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*g*) of section 35 of the said Act, and sanctioned by the Commissioner, Ambala Division, as required by subsection (1) of section 36 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force from the date of this notification :—

GENERAL ORDER.

1. Trades or callings which give rise to offensive noises are not permitted between eight o'clock at night and six o' clock in the morning unless specially authorised in this behalf by the Town Committee.

2. In premises where oil engines are used, kerosene oil, petroleum and other inflammable materials shall be kept in a separate room which shall not be contiguous to the engine room.

3. Every person shall adopt the best practicable means to the satisfaction of the Committee for rendering innocuous all gases, effluvia or vapours emitted by the engine during the process of working, and shall in every case cause such gases, effluvia or vapours to be discharged into the external air in such a manner and at such a height as to admit of the proper diffusion of these gases without producing any injurious effects in the neighbourhood, or shall cause such gases to pass from the exhaust pipe (or other outlet of such gases) through fire or into a condensing apparatus and then through fire in such a manner as to consume effectually such gases so as to deprive the same of all noxious or injurious properties.

4. In premises where smoke arises through the use of coal in the furnace or any other place in the engine-house, every person shall use such apparatus that will, as far as possible, consume the smoke arising from the engine or the furnaces.

Explanation.—For purposes of this order the decision of the Committee or some officer appointed by the Committee in this behelf, as to whether the ventilation is adequate or the drains or the rooms are suitable or the means adopted for rendering gases, effluvia or vapours innocuous are the best practicable, shall he final.

5. The exhaust pipe shall be kept free and open and nothing shall be permitted to be fastened to the end of the exhaust pipe that may produce any sound.

E. SHEEPSHANKS,
Commissioner, Ambala Division.

Boards.

The 25th November, 1940.

No. 190-L.F.B.—In accordance with the provisions of section 15 (1) of the Punjab District Boards Act, 1883, it is hereby notified that Ch. Rahmat Ullah, son of Nur Ahmad, Arain, of Rehrwan, Post Office Dharamkot, has been elected a member of the District Board, Ferozepore, for the constituency of Galhouti, *vice* M. Mubarak Ali Khan, deceased.

General (Gurdwaras).

The 25th November, 1940.

No. 191-L.F.B.—It is hereby notified, in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (3) of section 88 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, that the persons named in column 3 of the schedule below have been duly nominated by the Shiromani Gurdwara Parbandhak Committee, Amritsar, under the provisions of section 87 of the Act, as fifth members of the Committees for the Gurdwaras specified in column 2 of the schedule and that the Committees have been duly constituted :—

SCHEDULE.

No. and date of the notification declaring the Gurdwara to be a Sikh Gurdwara under section 9/17 of the Act.	Names of Gurdwaras.	Names and addresses of the members nominated.	Constituency for election of Committee of Management.
1	2	3	4
1. 22-G., dated the 5th April, 1935.	Akalgarh ..	S. Nand Singh, son of S. Kahan Singh, of village Daya Kalan, Post Office Dharamkot, Tahsil Zira.	Revenue estate of Daya Kalan in Zira tahsil of Ferozepore district.
2. 120-G., dated the 25th September, 1934.	Dharamsala Panchaiti Anderli.	S. Rulia Singh, retired Patwari of village Data, Post Office Dharamkot, Tahsil Zira.	Revenue estate of Data in Zira tahsil of Ferozepore district
3. 114-G., dated the 30th August, 1935.	Gurdwara Mahna	S. Sohan Singh, son of S. Budh Singh, village and Post Office Mahna in Moga Tahsil.	Revenue estate of Mahna, Moga tahsil of Ferozepore district.
4. 75-G., dated the 17th May, 1935.	1. Khui Dhab Wali.	S. Inder Singh, son of S. Warayam Singh, village Poohli, Post Office Nathana, district Ferozepore.	Revenue estate of Poohli in Ferozepore tahsil.
Ditto. ..	2. Dera Bawa Pawan Hari *Urf* Lal Chand.		
5. 22-G., dated the 5th April, 1935.	1. Gurdwara Baba Sahib Sidh Tilak Rai.	S. Narinjan Singh, son of S. Harnam Singh, village and Post Office Mehraj, Ferozepore district.	Revenue estate of Mehraj in Ferozepore tahsil.
75-G., dated the 17th May, 1935.	2. Dharamsala Andarli Patti Jagta.		
Ditto. ..	3. Gurdwara Guru Sar Chhota Chhevin Padshahi.		
Ditto. ..	4. Gurdwara Hari Sikhan.		

A. C. MACNABB,
Commissioner, Jullundur Division.

Committees.

The 22nd November, 1940.

No 157.—The following by-laws framed under clause (*h*) of subsection (*i*) of section 81 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, by the Municipal Committee, Montgomery, to regulate the duties of the Sanitary Inspector, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of Montgomery after six weeks from the date of the publication of this notification :—

BY-LAWS.

1. The Sanitary Inspector shall be a servant of the Municipal Committee and shall work under the direct control and supervision of the Municipal Medical Officer of Health.

2. He shall visit daily the whole of the area under his charge and see that it is kept clean. He shall maintain a diary and enter in it any defects found in sanitation, the steps he has taken to remedy them and his suggestions to prevent their recurrence. He shall also note what has been done to carry out orders issued to him to abate any nuisance, and whether any still persists. He shall submit his diary of each day to the Municipal Medical Officer of Health on the forenoon of the next day, who, after making his remarks therein, will forward it to the President for orders; provided that if on any occasion a special report is submitted by an Inspector he may, instead of entering such report *in extenso* in his diary, be required to enter therein an abstract from such report and the order, if any, passed thereon at the appropriate place, having regard to the time and date when such report was submitted and such order received.

3. He shall inspect and take care of all sanitary conveniences including latrines, filth receptacles and carts, drains, flushing appliances, sullage tanks, sewage farms, filth depôts, incinerators, and shall inspect and report on all streets, dairies, milk shops, cow sheds, markets, meat shops, all shops dealing in eatables, bakeries, aerated water factories, slaughter-houses, wells and *dhobi ghats*.

4. He shall supervise the removal and disposal of all rubbish and excreta, and attend to any other duties of a sanitary nature that may be required of him by the Municipal Committee or any officer deputed to control and supervise his work.

5. He shall note from time to time on the condition of all sanitary appliance, placed in his charge, and submit reports, whenever necessary, for their renewal, repair re-tarring and painting.

6. He shall, after due notice is given to the owner or occupier by the Municipal Medical Officer of Health or the Committee as the case may be, inspect houses in the, course of erection and report whether the building by-laws in force are being complied with, and if the sanctioned plan is being followed in respect of sanitary requirements such as latrines, accommodation, drainage and ventilation.

7. He shall report if any unauthorised encroachments are being made on any public land or on any thoroughfare, and bring to notice any damage done to Municipal property.

8. He shall arrange for the proper registration of births and deaths and report any omissions which come to his notice. He shall also report any suspected cases of deaths from infectious disease, or any undue mortality amongst rats or other animals.

9. He shall carry out disinfection of wells, houses or drains, and any other measures considered necessary by the Municipal Medical Officer of Health, in connection with the occurrence of a case of an infectious disease or of a threatend outbreak of such disease.

10. He shall supervise the work of the menial conservancy staff placed under his charge. He shall keep a muster roll of the staff subordinate to him, and shall mark as absent for the day any member of the staff who actually absents himself from duty or who grossly neglects his duty.

11. He shall in the case of an outbreak of fire, proceed at once to the spot, requisition all his resources and do his best in fighting the outbreak.

C. V. SALUSBURY,
Commissioner, Multan Division.

1337 CS—1130—28.11.40—SGPP Lahore.

Committees

The 22nd December, 1940

No. [illegible].—The following bye-laws framed under clause (f) of sub-section (1) of section [illegible] of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, by the Municipal Committee, [illegible], [illegible] duties of the Sanitary Inspector, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of [illegible] after six weeks from the date of the publication of this notification:—

BYE-LAWS

1. The Sanitary Inspector shall be a servant of the Municipal Committee and shall be under the direct control and supervision of the Medical Officer of Health [illegible].

2. He shall visit daily the whole of the area under his charge and see that [illegible] He shall [illegible] any defects found in [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible]

3. He shall supervise [illegible] and disposal of all rubbish [illegible] [illegible] other duties of a sanitary nature that may be required of him by [illegible] or any officer deputed to control and supervise his work.

4. He shall note from time to time on the buildings in [illegible] sanitary condition, [illegible] his charge, and [illegible] for their removal [illegible] and painting.

5. He shall, after due notice [illegible] the Medical Officer of Health [illegible] whether the building [illegible] erection and report whether the building [illegible] sanitary requirements [illegible] and if the sanitation plans [illegible] accommodation, drainage and ventilation.

6. He shall report if any [illegible] and [illegible] to any [illegible]

[illegible]

8. He shall arrange [illegible] He shall also [illegible] come to his notice [illegible] infectious disease or any [illegible]

9. He shall carry out disinfection of [illegible] [illegible] of a case of [illegible]

10. He shall supervise the [illegible] of the [illegible] and shall [illegible] He shall keep a muster roll of the staff [illegible] [illegible] for the day [illegible] duty.

11. He shall in the case of an outbreak of [illegible] proceed at once to the [illegible] [illegible] his resources and do his best in fighting the outbreak.

G. V. [illegible],
Commissioner, Multan Division.

Registered No. L. 864.

The Government Gazette, Punjab.

Published by Authority.

No. 49. LAHORE, FRIDAY, DECEMBER 6, 1940.

PART I—B.

Notifications by Commissioners.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Boards.

The 29th November, 1940.

No. 487.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 15 (1) of the Punjab District Board Act, 1883, it is, hereby, notified that Ch. Amir Singh, son of Ch. Kidara, Jat, of village Bas Badshahpur, Tahsil Hansi, has been elected as a member of Hissar District Board in the vacancy caused by the removal of Ch. Khiali.

Committees.

The 27th November, 1940.

No. 486.—In accordance with the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that Dr. Hukam Chand Gupta has been elected, under section 20, subsection (1) of the said Act, President of the Municipal Committee, Kaithal, in the Karnal district,

E. SHEEPSHANKS,
Commissioner, Ambala Division.

Notified Areas.

The 12th November, 1940.

No. A/IV/246/152.—In accordance with the provisions of clause (*d*) or subsection (1) of section 242 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, and under the powers delegated to the Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 4, dated the 3rd January, 1912, it is hereby notified that the following persons are appointed members of the Notified Area Committee of Muridke Mandi in the Sheikhupura district :—

(1) The Tahsildar of Shahdara.

(2) Seth Kidar Nath, son of Seth Tulsi Ram, Aggarwal.

(3) S. Musharraf Ali Khan, Zaildar.

(4) Sardar Jiwan Singh, son of Sardar Dyal Singh Ahrati.

General (Gurdwaras).

The 30th November, 1940.

No. 290/8-III/155.—It is hereby notified that the following persons are declared to have been elected by the constituency mentioned in the last column of the schedule below to be members of the Committee of Management constituted under the provisions of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, for the Gurdwara mentioned in the first column of the said schedule :—

SCHEDULE.

Name of Gurdwara.	No. and date of notification declaring the Gurdwara as a Sikh Gurdwara.	Names and addresses of the candidates elected.	Constituency for election of the Committee of Management.
1	2	3	4
Dharamsala at Pathanke.	28-G, dated the 26th February, 1934.	1. Sardar Wadhawa Singh, son of Sardar Santa Singh, Jat Zamindar, of village Pathanke, Post Office Padhana, Tahsil and District Lahore. 2. Sardar Ram Singh, son of Sardar Jawala Singh, Jat Zamindar, of village Pathanke, Post Office Padhana, Tahsil and District Lahore. 3. Sardar Sodagar Singh, son of Sardar Deva Singh, Jat Zamindar, of village Pathanke, Post Office Padhana, Tahsil and District Lahore. 4. Sardar Bela Singh, son of Sardar Hakim Singh, Jat Zamindar, of village Pathanke, Post Office Padhana, Tahsil and District Lahore.	Police Station area of Khalra in the Kasur Tahsil and villages Rakh Sardar Hardit Singh, Theh Sarja Marja and Pathanke of Zail Padhana in the Lahore Tahsil.

J. W. HEARN,
Commissioner, Lahore Division.

Small Towns.

The 2nd December, 1940.

No. A.XIV.-68/530—In exercise of the powers vested in the Commissioner by rule 30-A, published in the Punjab Government notification No. 3742-A, dated 5th February, 1924, it is hereby notified that in respect of bye-election of the Town Committee, **Makhad**, in the Attock district the dates in rules 6 and 11 of the Punjab Government notification No. 29388, dated 18th December, 1933, are amended as follows :—

(*i*) In rule 6, *for* the words " between 10th day of April and 10th day of May " *read* " 20th day of December, 1940 and 20th day of January, 1941".

(*ii*) In rule 11(*i*) *for* the words " the 15th day of February " *read* " 27th November " and *for* the words " 1st day of February " *read* " 10th day of December".

(*iii*) In rule 11 (*iii*) *for* the words " the 5th day of March " *read* " 16th day of December' and *for* the words " 12th day of March " *read* " 21st day of December".

P. MARSDEN,
Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division.

1378 CS—1130—6-12-40—SGPP Lahore.

Registered No. L. 864

The Government Gazette, Punjab.

Published by Authority.

No. 50. LAHORE, FRIDAY, DECEMBER 13, 1940.

PART I—B.

Notifications by Commissioners.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Boards.

The 7th December, 1940.

No. 192-L. F. B.—The by-laws published with notification No. 5743, dated the 27th August, 1929, issued by the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, shall also extend to the following school areas situated within the area subject to the authority of the District Board in the district of Ludhiana and shall come into force from the date of publication of this notification :—

1. Mandiani.
2. Janetpura.

No. 193-L. F. B.—The proposal of the Ludhiana District Board in connection with the introduction of the Punjab Primary Education Act (VII of 1919) within the areas named below having received the final sanction of the Governor of the Punjab, it is hereby notified for general information that the District Board has, in accordance with section 3 (6) of the said Act, directed that part II, of the Act shall be applied within the said limits with effect from the date of publication of this notification.

The public is hereby informed that it is an offence under the Act, for parents or employers of boys between 6 and 11 years of age to neglect to send them to school for primary education.

No tuition fee shall be charged in the Primary Department :—

1. Mandiani.
2. Janetpura.

No. 194-L. F. B.—The by-laws published with notification No. 5743, dated the 27th August, 1929, issued by the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, shall also extend to the following school area situated within the area subject to the authority of the District Board in the district of Ludhiana and shall come into force from the date of publication of this notification :—

1. Machhiwara.

No. 195-L. F. B.—The proposal of the Ludhiana District Board in connection with the introduction of the Punjab Primary Education Act (VII of 1919) within the area named below having received the final sanction of the Governor of the Punjab, it is hereby notified for general information that the District Board has, in accordance with section 3 (6) of the said Act, directed that part II of the Act shall be applied within the said limits with effect from the date of publication of this notification.

The public is hereby informed that it is an offence under the Act, for parents or employers of boys between 6 and 11 years of age to neglect to send them to school for primary education.

No tuition fee shall be charged in the primary department:—

1. Machhiwara.

A. C. MACNABB,
Commissioner, Jullundur Division.

Committees

The 5th December, 1940.

No. A.-II/1/V/156.—In accordance with the provisions of section 15 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, read with Punjab Government notification No. 4, dated the 3rd January, 1912, the Commissioner of the Lahore Division is pleased to accept the resignation of Lala Mela Ram from membership of the Municipal Committee of Gujranwala, in the Gujranwala district.

General (Gurdwaras).

The 7th December, 1940.

No. 290/8-IV/157.—In accordance with the provisions of section 87 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, it is hereby notified that the following person has been nominated by the Shiromani Gurdwara Parbandhak Committee to be fifth member of the Committee of Management for the Gurdwaras specified in the schedule below. The Committee of this Gurdwara is, therefore, duly constituted under section 88 (3) of the said Act:—

SCHEDULE.

Name of Gurdwara.	No. and date of notification declaring the Gurdwara as a Sikh Gurdwara.	Name and address of the person nominated.	Constituency for the election of the Committee of Management.
1	2	3	4
1. Dharamsala Man.	26-G., dated the 26th February, 1934.	Sardar Pala Singh, son of Sardar Jag Singh, of village Daftuh, Post Office Luliani, Tahsil Kasur, District Lahore.	Tahsil of Kasur and villages Rakh Sardar Hardit Singh, Theh Sarja Marja and Path auke in the Lahore Tahsil.
2. Gurdwara Bhai Bablol.	106-G., dated the 13th August, 1934.		

No. 290/8-IV/158.—In accordance with the provisions of section 87 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, it is hereby notified that the following person has been nominated by the Shiromani Gurdwara Parbandhak Committee to be fifth member of the Committee of Management for the Gurdwara specified in the schedule below. The committee of this Gurdwara is, therefore, duly constituted under section 88 (3) of the said Act:—

SCHEDULE.

Name of Gurdwara.	No. and date of notification declaring the Gurdwara as a Sikh Gurdwara.	Name and address of the person nominated.	Constituency for the election of the Committee of Management.
1	2	3	4
Gurdwara Guru Arjan Sahib.	38-G., dated the 12th January, 1931.	Sardar Udham Singh, son of Sardar Tara Singh, village Daliri, Post Office Khalra, tahsil Kasur, district Lahore.	Revenue estate of Benka.

The 10th December, 1940.

No. 290/10-III/159.—In accordance with the provisions of section 87 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, it is hereby notified that the following person has been nominated by the Shiromani Gurdwara Parbandhak Committee to be the fifth member of the Com-

mittee of Management for the Gurdwara specified in the schedule below. The Committee of this Gurdwara is, therefore, duly constituted under section 88 (3) of the said Act :—

SCHEDULE.

Name of Gurdwara.	No. and date of notification declaring the Gurdwara as a Sikh Gurdwara.	Name and address of the person nominated.	Constituency for the election of the Committe of Management
1	2	3	4
Uncha Ber Chiragh.	75-G., dated the 17th May, 1935.	Sardar Mangal Singh, son of Sardar Dhirta Singh, of village Jogi Chima, Post Office Qadian, District Gurdaspur.	Revenue estate of Pahra.

J. W. HEARN,

Commission er, Lahore Division,

Small Towns.

The 6th December, 1940.

No. A.-XIV-37/531.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following amendments made by the Town Committee of Phalia, in the Gujrat district, to the General Order published with notification No. A.-XIV-37/88, dated the 15th February, 1938, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause *(q)* of section 35 of the said Act, having been sanctioned by the Commissioner of the Rawalpindi Division, as required by subsection (1) of section 36 of the said Act, are published for general information and shall come into force from the date of the publication of this notification :—

AMENDMENTS.

1. In paragraph 3 of the General Order for the words " in rule 36 of the Punjab Motor Vehicles Rules, 1931 " the words " of 30 miles per hour " shall be substituted and for the words " that fixed by the rule " the words " 30 miles per hour " shall be substituted.

2. In paragraph 5 of the General Order for the words " Registering Authority as defined in rule 3 (19) of the Punjab Motor Vehicles Rules, 1931 " the words " competent authority " shall be substituted.

No. A.-XIV/37/532.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following General Order made by the Town Committee of Phalia, in the Gujrat district, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause *(u)* of section 35 of the said Act, and sanctioned by the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, as required by subsection (1) of section 36 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force from the date of this notification:—

GENERAL ORDER.

1. No person shall store kerosine oil, or spirit at any place within the limits of the Small Town except in premises licensed by the Town Committee in this behalf, provided that nothing contained in this order shall apply to the persons or premises licensed under the Indian Petroleum Act, 1899.

2. Licences for premises for the storage of the materials mentioned in paragraph (1) of this order shall be issued by the President or Secretary in the form S. T. U. appended to this order on the application of the owner or occupier of such premises and shall be granted on payment of the fees that may from time to time be imposed by the Committee under clause *(g)* of subsection (1) of section 41 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, subject to the conditions specified in form S. T. U. as the conditions subject to which the licence is granted.

3. Licences issued in accordance with paragraph 2 shall be current for not more than 12 months and shall in any case terminate on the 31st March, immediately succeeding the date of issue.

4. On the breach of any of the conditions of the licence by the licensee or his agent the Town Committee may forthwith cancel the licence and the licensee shall be entitled to no compensation on account of such cancellation.

Form S. T. U.

TOWN COMMITTEE, PHALIA.

Licence for premises for the storage of Kerosine Oil and Spirit.

The premises of which a description is given on the reverse situated in (name of street, ward, etc.), are hereby licensed for the storage of Kerosine Oil, Spirit.

This licence is granted to ____________________

owner / occupier of the said premises subject to the following conditions :—

The licence shall not be transferable except under the orders of the Committee.

1. That he shall not burn any article in or near the said premises or keep any other inflammable articles or allow any naked lights of fire except those entered in the licence.

2. That he shall not smoke or suffer any person to smoke within the licensed premises.

3. That he shall permit any member or officer of the Committee authorised in this behalf at all reasonable times and without notice to inspect the licensed premises.

4. That he shall not keep the following articles in excess of the quantity given below :—

(1) Non-dangerous petroleum up to 500 gallons.

5. That he shall keep the kerosine oil, or spirit in closed drums or tins and shall open only one tin of the same quality at one time.

6. That he shall keep a supply of sand or dry earth for the purpose of extinguishing fire in the event of an out-break.

7 That the licensee shall pay to the committee the licence fee at the rate of :—

		Rs. A. P.
(1)	Non-dangerous petroleum up to 4 gallons ...	Nil.
(2)	Non-dangerous petroleum, 5 to 16 gallons	1 0 0
(3)	Non-dangerous petroleum, 16 to 100 gallons	4 0 0
(4)	Non-dangerous petroleum, 100 to 250 gallons	6 0 0
(5)	Non-dangerous petroleum, 250 to 500 gallons	8 0 0

P. MARSDEN,

Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division.

Notified Areas.

The 2nd December, 1940.

No. 158.—In accordance with the provisions of clause (*d*) of subsection (*1*) of section 242 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, and under the powers delegated to the Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 4, dated the 3rd January, 1912, it is hereby notified that the following person is appointed a member of the Notified Area Committee of Lodhran in the Multan district :—

The Assistant Colonization Officer, Nili Bar Colony, Pakpattan, *vice* the Extra Assistant Colonization Officer, Nili Bar Colony.

No. 159.—In accordance with the provisions of clause (*d*) of subsection (1) of section 242 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, and under the powers delegated to the Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 4, dated the 3rd January, 1912, it is hereby notified that the following person is appointed a member of the Notified Area Committee of Vihari in the Multan district :—

The Assistant Colonization Officer, Nili Bar Colony, Pakpattan, *vice* the Extra Assistant Colonization Officer, Nili Bar Colony.

The 5th December, 1940.

No. 160.—In accordance with the provisions of clause (*d*) of subsection (1) of section 242 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, and under the powers delegated to the Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 4, dated the 3rd January, 1912, it is hereby notified that the following person is appointed a member of the Notified Area Committee of Dunyapur in the Multan district :—

The Assistant Colonization Officer, Nili Bar Colony, Pakpattan, *vice* the Extra Assistant Colonization Officer, Nili Bar Colony.

No. 161.—In accordance with the provisions of clause (*d*) of subsection (1) of section 242 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, and under the powers delegated to the Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 4, dated the 3rd January, 1912, it is hereby notified that the following person is appointed a member of the Notified Area Committee of Burewala in the Multan district :—

The Assistant Colonization Officer, Nili Bar Colony, Pakpattan, *vice* the Extra Assistant Colonization Officer, Nili Bar Colony.

No. 162.—In accordance with the provisions of clause (*d*) of subsection (1) of section 242 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, and under the powers delegated to the Commissioners of Divisions by Punjab Government notification No. 4, dated the 3rd January, 1912, it is hereby notified that the following person is appointed a member of the

Notified Area Committee of Arifwala in the Montgomery district :—

The Assistant Colonization Officer, Nili Bar Colony, Pakpattan, *vice* the Extra Assistant Colonization Officer, Nili Bar Colony.

General (Gurdwaras).

The 10th December, 1940.

No. 163.—In continuation of my notification No. 138, dated the 30th August, 1940, it is hereby notified in accordance with the provisions of subsection (3) of section 88 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, that the person named in column 3 of the schedule below has been duly nominated by the Shiromani Gurdwara Parbandhak Committee, Amritsar, under the provisions of section 87 of the Act, as the fifth member of the Committee for the Gurdwara specified in column 2 of the schedule and that the committee has been duly constituted.—

SCHEDULE.

1	2	3
No. and date of notification declaring the Gurdwara to be a Sikh Gurdwara under section 9/17 of the Act.	Name of Gurdwara.	Name and address of the nominated member.
Vide serial No. 241 of schedule I of the Sikh Gurdwara Act.	Dharamsala Bhai Dayal Ji.	S. Fateh Singh, son of S. Khem Singh, lambardar, village Kot Mul Chand, Post Office Jawand Singhwala, district Multan.

C. V. SALUSBURY,

Commissioner, Multan Division.

[illegible] Area Committee [illegible] in the [illegible] :—

The Assistant Colonization Officer, [illegible], the Colony, Chairman; [illegible] Assistant Colonization Officer, [illegible].

General (Cardwarma)

The 10th December, 1960.

No. 163.—In continuation of my notification No. [illegible], dated the [illegible] August [illegible], [illegible] hereby notified in accordance with the provisions of subsection (3) of section [illegible] of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, that the person named in column 1 of the [illegible] has been duly nominated by the Shiromani Gurdwara Parbandhak Committee, [illegible] under [illegible] of section [illegible] of the Act, as the fifth member of the Committee [illegible] Gurdwara specified in column 2 of the schedule and that the committee has been duly [illegible]:—

SCHEDULE

1	2	3
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible] of schedule I of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act

[illegible] SALISBURY,

Commissioner, [illegible] Division.

Registered No. L. 864

The Government Gazette, Punjab.

Published by Authority.

No. 51. LAHORE, FRIDAY, DECEMBER 20, 1940.

PART I—B.

Notifications by Commissioners.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Committees.

The 12th December, 1940.

No. 488.—The following amendments made by the Municipal Committee, Karnal, in the Karnal district, to its by-laws published with notification No. 83, dated the 6th March, 1940, by the Commissioner, Ambala Division, having been approved as required by subsection (2) of section 31 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, by the Commissioner Ambala Division, in exercise of the powers delegated to Commissioners of Divisions, under section 32 of the said Act by Punjab Government notification No. 5555, dated, the 17th February, 1934, are published for general information and shall come into force within the Karnal Municipality from the date of this notification.

AMENDMENTS.

1. *Substitute* the word 'three' *for* the words "at least two-third of the" in by-law 44.

2. *Add* the following as sub-clause (*d*) to the by-law 6:—

"(*d*) subject to budget provision, all petty work requisitions in form M. W. 2 prescribed in rule XIII-1-(1) (*a*) of the Punjab Municipal Account Code in respect of minor works costing not more than two hundred rupees and contracts for execution of such works on recommendation of the Municipal Works and Building Sub-Committee or its Chairman. The sanction of such work by him shall be sufficient authority for the execution of such work".

3. *Substitute* the figures "250" *for* "100" in the second line of by-law 61.

E. SHEEPSHANKS,
Commissioner, Ambala Division.

Town Committees.

The 10th December, 1940.

No. 196-L.F.B.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following general order made by the Town Committee, Jaijon, in the Hoshiarpur district, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*k*) of section 35 of the said Act, and sanctioned by the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, as required by subsection (1) of section 36 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force from the date of this notification: —

GENERAL ORDER.

1. Should the Town Committee be of opinion that in order to prevent the spread of any infectious or contagious disease it is necessary to disinfect buildings or articles inhabited or used by persons attacked by the disease the Town Committee may direct the Town Medical Officer of Health empowered in that behalf to enter upon or take possession of and disinfect all such buildings or articles as may be declared by the town Medical Officer of Health to have been inhabited or used by persons attacked by the disease. Such order shall specify the period for which it shall have effect which shall not exceed two months but may be renewed.

2. When, in order to prevent the spread of any infectious or contagious disease it is necessary to disinfect buildings or articles therein likely to contain or retain infection the Town Medical Officer of Health or the Sanitary Inspector or any other person empowered in this behalf may enter upon or take possession of and disinfect all such buildings or articles as may be considered by him necessary for the purpose. A refusal or obstruction to get such disinfection done shall constitute a breach of this general order.

3. When an inmate of any building, not being a hospital in which persons suffering from infectious diseases are received, is suffering from a notifiable infectious disease :—

(*a*) the heads of the family to which that immate (in this general order referred to as the patient) belongs and in his default, the nearest relative of the patient present in the building or attendant on the patient and in default of such relative, every person in charge of or attendant on the patient and in default of any such person, the occupier of the building shall, as soon as he becomes aware that the patient is suffering from a notifiable infectious disease, send notice thereof to the Town Medical Officer of Health and in his absence to the Secretary of the Town Committee ;

(*b*) every qualified medical person or a Hakim or Vaid or a person openly and constantly practising the medical profession attending on or called to visit the patient shall, as soon as he becomes aware that the patient is suffering from a notifiable infectious disease, send to the Town Medical Officer of Health and in his absence to the Secretary of the Town Committee information stating the name of the patient, the situation of the building and the disease from which the patient is suffering.

4. The infectious diseases notifiable under this order are the following :—

Cholera, Small-pox, Plague, Measles, Diphtheria, Tuberculosis (including tubercle of lung), Enteric fever, Relapsing fever, Influezna, Puerperal fever, Cerebrospinal, Meningitis, Leprosy Mumps, Whooping cough, Chicken pox, Scarlet fever, Typhus fever, Enysipelas, Dysentery, and sprue.

Small Towns.

The 11th December, 1940.

No. 197-L.F.B.—In pursuance of the provisions of the sub section (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following general order made by the Town Committee of Samrala, in the Ludhiana district, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*p*) of section 35 of the said Act, and sanctioned by the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, as required by sub section (1) of section 36 of the said Act is published for general information and shall come into force from the date of this notification : –

GENERAL ORDER.

1. No person shall manufacture or prepare for sale any milk, curd, butter, sweetmeats, bread, syrup and aerated waters except in premises licensed by the Town Committee in this behalf.

2. No premises shall be licensed for the manufacture or preparation for sale of milk, curd, butter, sweetmeats, bread, syrup and aerated waters :—

(*a*) unless they have a floor made of burnt bricks, cement or other impervious materials ;

(*b*) unless the walls are properly plastered and lime-washed ;

(c) unless they are provided with adequate light and ventilation to the satisfaction of the President of the Town Committee, or the Secretary or the Medical Officer of Health appointed for this purpose ;

(d) unless they are provided with a drain and the whole floor is sloped as to allow all liquid to flow off by the drain ;

(e) if there is any direct communication between the premises and any room used as a sleeping room ;

(f) if there is any latrine, cesspool, cow-shed, stable or other place within fifty feet of the premises which in the opinion of the President renders it undesirable that such premises should be used for the manufacture or preparation for sale of milk, curd, butter, sweetmeats, bread, syrup and aerated waters.

3. No person shall sell any milk, curd, butter, sweetmeats, bread, syrup and aerated waters except in premises licensed by the Town Committee in this behalf, except a person to whom a hawker's licence has been issued.

4. No premises shall be licensed for the sale of milk, curd, butter, sweetmeats, bread, syrup and aerated water :—

(a) unless they have a floor made of burnt bricks, cement, or other impervious materials ;

(b) unless the walls are properly plastered and lime-washed ;

(c) unless they are provided with adequate light and ventilation to the satisfaction of the President of the Town Committee, or the Secretary, or Medical Officer of Health appointed for the purpose ;

(d) unless they are provided with a drain and the whole floor is so sloped as to allow all liquid to flow off by the drain.

5. Subject to the provisions of paragraphs 2 and 4 licences for premises for the manufacture or preparation for sale and sale of milk, curd, butter, sweetmeats, bread, syrup and aerated waters shall be issued by the Secretary on behalf of the Town Committee in form S. T. P. appended to this order on the application of the owner or occupier of such premises, and shall be granted subject to the conditions specified in form S. T. P. as the conditions subject to which the licence is granted.

6. Licences issued in accordance with paragraph 3 shall be current for not more than 12 months and shall in any case terminate on the 31st March immediately succeeding the date of issue.

7. On the breach of any of the conditions of the licence by the licensee or his agent, the President of the Town Committee may, forth with cancel the licence and the licensee shall be entitled to no compensation on account of such cancellation.

FORM S. T. P.

Town Committee, Samrala.

LICENSES FOR PREMISES FOR THE MANUFACTURE OR $\frac{\text{PREPARATION FOR SALE}}{\text{SALE}}$ OF________

ISSUED UNDER PARAGRAPH 3 __________________ FOR LICENSING PREMISES.

The premises of which a description is given in the attached schedule situated in ______________ __________ (name of street, ward etc.) are hereby licensed for the $\frac{\text{manufacture or preparation for sale}}{\text{sale}}$ of________________________.

This licence is granted to owner/occupier of the said premises subject to the following conditions —

(1) That he shall not employ or permit to be employed in the $\frac{\text{manufacture or preparation for sale}}{\text{sale}}$ of________________________ any person suffering from any contagious or infectious disease or from loathsome sores or who has recently been attending on any person so suffering and that he shall not suffer any such person or any animal to enter or remain upon the licensed premises.

(2) That he shall daily cause to be thoroughly washed and cleansed the floor and drain of the licensed premises and every bench, counter, table, shelf, or other place on which the articles $\frac{\text{manufactured or prepared for sale}}{\text{sold}}$ and any material used in such $\frac{\text{manufacture or preparation for sale}}{\text{sale}}$ are kept.

(3) That he shall cause the walls of the licensed premises to be properly lime-washed at least twice a year and more often if so required by the President of the Committee.

(4) That he shall not spit or smoke or suffer any other person to spit or smoke within th licensed premises.

(5) That he shall not keep or suffer to be kept in the licensed premises any bedding soiled clothes, or other things not required for the $\frac{\text{manufacture or preparation for sale}}{\text{sale}}$ of________

(6) That he shall permit the President, Secretary, Medical Officer of Health of the Town Committee Samrala at all reasonable times and without notice to inspect the licensed premises and shall exhibit a notice outside his premises that he holds a licence from the Town Committee.

(7) That he shall keep all vessels, receptacles, utensils and other things used for the purpose in a state of thorough cleanliness, and that he shall daily cause to be thoroughly washed and cleaned the floors, drains and every bench, counter, tables, shelf or other materials used in the process of the manufacture.

(7-A) That he shall not use soiled waste paper as wrappings in selling the sweetmeats and other food-stuffs.

(8) That he shall duly pay to the Town Committee the fee that may from time to time be imposed under section 41 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921.

(8-A) The President, Secretary or Medical Officer of Health of the Town Committee can destroy or cause to be destroyed any of these articles mentioned above, if it is unfit for human consumption in their opinion.

(9) That he shall take such measures as may be required by the Secretary to protect articles of food from flies by means of wire-gauze cages.

(FOR MILK AND CURD ONLY.)

(10) That no milk or curd be exposed for sale that is mixed with water.

(11) That milk and curd exposed for sale, in order to be protected from flies, be kept screened with wire-gauze cover.

(FOR AERATED WATERS AND OTHER ARTICLES OF FOOD AND DRINK.)

(12) That he shall not use in the preparation for sale of any articles any water except such as is obtained from a source and conveyed to the premises in a manner approved by the President-Secretary or Medical Officer of Health of the Town Committee authorised by the Town Committee in that behalf.

No. 198-L. F. B.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following general order made by the Town Committee of Samrala, in the Ludhiana district, in exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (*q*) and (*o*) of section 35 and clauses (*a*) and (*c*) of subsection (1) of section 41 of the said Act, and sanctioned by the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, as required by subsection (1) of section 36 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force from the date of this notification :—

GENERAL ORDER.

In this general order " hand-cart " means a hand-cart used for hawking articles for sale.

2. No person shall use a hand-cart except under a licence granted in this behalf by the Town Committee Samrala.

Explanation.—A licence will not be issued in case of a hand-cart, over all measurements of which are more than 4×5 feet.

3. (*a*) A licence to use any such hand-cart shall be issued by the Secretary of the Committee.

(*b*) At the time of issue of the licence the Secretary shall also give to the proprietor of the hand-cart a number-plate for which four annas will be charged, to be affixed to the cart. In case such number plate is lost another shall at once be obtained by the proprietor of the hand-cart from the Secretary of the Committee on payment of six annas and affixed to the hand-cart.

4. Licensees shall pay Re. 1 per mensem as fee in advance.

5. No person shall use or propel an unlicensed hand-cart.

6. Every licence issued under paragraph 3 shall be in the form 13 under rule 42 of the Small Town Account Rules, and shall be granted subject to the following conditions :—

(*a*) that the hand-cart in respect of which the licence is granted shall have the number-plates, which shall not be altered, defaced, or obliterated as given under paragraph 3, affixed to it at all times ;

(*b*) that the hand-cart shall be maintained in good repair to the satisfaction of the Town Committee ;

(*c*) that all articles of food, confectionery, fruits and vegetables carried in or on the hand-cart shall be kept covered in the manner prescribed from time to time by the Secretary ;

(*d*) that the hand-cart shall be brought for inspection to the Town Office or such other places, set apart for the purpose, whenever required by the Committee ;

(*e*) that the hand-cart shall not be used in or propelled along the streets, bazars and markets, from half an hour after sunset until half an hour before sunrise unless it carries a light in such a position as to be conspicuous from the front and behind ;

(*f*) that the licensee or the person for the time being in charge of the hand-cart shall obey all instructions and directions with regard thereto, that may be issued by the Secretary of the Committee or a police officer ;

(*g*) that every licensee or any person for the time being in charge of a licensed hand-cart shall produced for inspection the licence for the hand-cart whenever required to do so by any member of the Town Committee or any officer of the committee authorised in this behalf ;

NOTE.—The attention of the licensee is directed to section 34 of the Police Act, 1861.

(*h*) that the licensee shall not set up the hand-cart at a fixed place anywhere in the Town and shall have to ply about.

7. The licence may be suspended or cancelled by order of the Town Committee for a breach of any of the conditions of the licence or of any of these rules.

No. 199-L. F. B.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following General Order made by the Town Committee of Samrala, in the Ludhiana district, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*p*) of section 35 and clause (*d*) of section 41 of the said Act and sanctioned by the Commissioner of the Jullundur Division, as required by section 36 (1) of the said Act, is published for general information, and shall come into force from the date of this notification :—

GENERAL ORDER.

(1) No person shall sell banaspatine at any place within the limits of the Small Town of Samrala except in premises licensed by the Town Committee in this behalf.

(2) Licences for premises for the sale of banaspatine shall be issued by the Secretary of the Town Committee in form "A" appended to this General Order, to persons applying for them, subject to the conditions laid down in that form.

(3) Licences issued under paragraph 2 shall be granted on a payment of a fee of Rs. 60 per annum.

(4) Licences issued in accordance with paragraph 2 shall be current for not more than 12 months, and shall, in any case, terminate on the 31st March, immediately succeeding the date of issue.

(5) On the breach of any of the conditions of the licence by the licensee or his agent, the Town Committee may, forthwith, cancel the licence and the licensee shall be entitled to no compensation on account of such cancellation.

Form "A".

TOWN COMMITTEE SAMRALA.

LICENCE FOR PREMISES FOR THE SALE OF BANASPATINE ISSUED UNDER PARAGRAPH 2 OF THE GENERAL ORDER PUBLISHED WITH NOTIFICATION No.199-L.F.B., DATED 11TH DECEMBER, 1940, BY THE COMMISSIONER, JULLUNDUR, DIVISION.

The premises of which a description is given in the attached schedule situated in (name of street, ward, etc.) are hereby licenced for the sale of banaspatine. The licence is granted to the owner/occupier of the said premises on the following conditions :—

(1) That the licence shall be transferable under the order of the Town Committee, but not otherwise.

(2) That he shall not sell natural ghee in the said premises.

(3) That he shall put a signboard in front of the licensed premises with the following words printed thereon in bold type in English, Urdu and Hindi scripts :—

"Only banaspatine is sold here."

(4) That licensed premises shall be kept open for the inspection of the official authorised by the committee, from to time, for this purpose.

General (Gurdwaras).

The 12th December, 1940.

No. 200-L. F. B.—It is hereby notified in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (3) of section 88 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, that the persons named in column 3 of the Schedule below have been duly nominated by the Shiromani Gurdwara Parbandhak Committee, Amritsar, under the provisions of section 87 of the Act, as the fifth member of the committees for the Gurdwaras specified in column 2 of the

schedule and that the committees have been duly constituted :—

SCHEDULE.

Serial No. as entered in Schedule I of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, as subsequently amended.	Name of Gurdwara.	Name and address of the nominated member.	Constituency in Schedule I of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, as subsequently amended.
1	2	3	4
179	(1) Lohgarh Sahib, (2) Singh Sabha, Moga (Unscheduled.)	S. Dulla Singh, son of S. Bur Singh, village and Post Office Rode, District Ferozepore.	Revenue estates of Dina and Moga in Moga tahsil, Ferozepore district.
197	(1) Gurdwara Gurusar, (2) Dharamsala Andarli Narain Dass Wali.	S. Anokh Singh, son of S. Sundar Singh, village and Post Office Khosa Randhir, District Ferozepore.	Revenue estate of Khosa Kotla Khosa Randhir and Khosa Pando in Zira tahsil of Ferozepore district.
168	Hehran ...	S. Kapur Singh, M. L. A., Advocate, Ludhiana.	Revenue estate of Hehran in the Ludhiana district.

No. 201-L. F. B.—It is hereby notified in accordance with the provisions of subsection (3) of section 88 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, that the persons named in column 3 of the Schedule below have been duly nominated by the Shiromani Gurdwara Parbandhak Committee, Amritsar, under the provisions of section 87 of the Act as the fifth members of the committees for the Gurdwaras specified in column 2 of the schedule and that the committees have been duly constituted :—

SCHEDULE.

No. and date of the notification declaring the Gurdwara to be a Sikh Gurdwara under sections 9/17 of the Act.	Name of Gurdwara.	Name and address of the member nominated.	Constituency for election of committee of management.
1	2	3	4
22-G., dated the 5th April, 1935.	Dharamsala Anderli at Kishanpura Kalan.	S. Chanan Singh, son of S. Jiwan Singh, village Bhindar Khurd, Post Office Bhindar Kalan, District Ferozepore.	Revenue estate of Kishanpura Kalan in Zira tahsil.
76-G., dated the 17th May, 1935.	Gurdwara Gurusar ...	S. Gian Singh, son of S. Maghar Singh, village and Post Office Manawan, District Ferozepore.	Revenue estate of Manawan, Zira tahsil.

No. 202-L. F. B.—It is hereby notified in accordance with the provisions of subsection (3) of section 88 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, that the person named in column 3 of the schedule below has been duly nominated by the Shiromani Gurdwara Parbandhak Committee, Amritsar, under the provisions of section 87 of the Act, as the fifth member of the committee for the Gurdwara specified in column 2 of the Schedule and that the committee has been duly constituted :—

SCHEDULE.

No. and date of the notification declaring the Gurdwara to be a Sikh Gurdwara under sections 9/17 of the Act.	Name of Gurdwara.	Name and address of the member nominated.	Constituency for election of committee of management.
1	2	3	4
14-G., dated the 8th February, 1934.	Dharamsala ..	S. Kesar Singh, son of S. Harnam Singh, village Jagatpur, Post Office Mukandpur, District Jullundur.	Revenue estate of Ratinda, tahsil Nawanshar, District Jullundur.

A. C. MACNABB,
Commissioner, Jullundur Division.

Committees

The 17th December, 1940.

No. A-II/30/II/162.—In accordance with the provisions of section 15 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, read with Punjab Government notification No. 4 dated the 3rd January, 1912, the Commissioner of the Lahore Division is pleased to accept the resignation of Lala Ram Chand, son of Lala Wazir Chand, Sahukar, from membership of the Municipal Committee of Hafizabad, in the Gujranwala district.

General (Gurdwaras).

The 16th December, 1940.

No. 290/10-III/160.—In accordance with the provisions of section 87 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, it is hereby notified that the following person has been nominated by the Shiromani Gurdwara Parbandhak Committee to be the fifth member of the Committee of Management for the Gurdwaras specified in the Schedule below. The Committee of these Gurdwarars is, therefore, duly constituted under section 88 (3) of the said **Act** :—

SCHEDULE.

Name of Gurdwaras.	Serial No. as entered in Schedule I of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925.	No. and date of notification declaring the Gurdwara as a Sikh Gurdwara.	Name and address of the person nominated.	Constituency for the election of the committee of Management.
1	2	3	4	5
1. Burj Sahib..	75	..	Sardar Suchet Singh, son of Sardar Ala Singh, of village Ghuman Khurd, Post Office Ghuman Kalan, District Gurdaspur.	Zails of Sohal Deriwala, Ghuman Kalan and Bhumbli.
2. Dharamsala Bhai Bura Waraich.	..	24-G., dated the 12th April, 1935.		

No. 290/10-III/161.—In accordance with the provisions of section 87 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, it is hereby notified that the following person has been nominated by the Shiromani Gurdwara Parbandhak Committee to be the fifth member of the Committee of Management for the Gurdwaras specified in the Schedule below. The Committee of these Gurdwaras is, therefore, duly constituted under section 88 (3) of the said Act :—

SCHEDULE.

Name of Gurdwaras.	Serial No. as entered in Schedule I of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925.	No. and date of notification declaring the Gurdwara as a Sikh Gurdwara.	Name and address of the person nominated.	Constituency for the election of the committee of management.
1	2	3	4	5
1. Kartarpur Sahib.	80	..	Sardar Mehar Singh, son of Sardar Sant singh, of village Thetharke, Tahsil Batala, District Gurdaspur.	Tahsils of Batala, Gurdaspur, Shakargarh and Narowal.
2. Dharamsala	..	99-G., dated the 16th August, 1935.		

J. W. HEARN,

Commiss ones, Lahore Division,

Committees.

The 10th December, 1940.

No. A-II-9 (II) 533.—In pursuanc of the provisions of section 15 read with section 32 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, is pleased to accept the resignation of Khan Bahadur Raja Muhammad Akbar Khan, from membership of the Municipal Committee of Jhelum.

The 12th December, 1940.

No. A-I-4-534.—The following amendment made by the Municipal Committee Kunjab, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 31·1 (f) of the Punjab Mnnicipa Act, 1911, of the bye-laws published with notification No. 109-A-1-199, dated 4th September, 1926, and approved, as required by subsection (2) of section 31 of the said Act, by the Commissioner Rawalpindi Division, in exercise of the powers conferred upon him in section 32 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force from the date of this notification :—

AMENDMENT.

1. Between by-laws Nos. 44 and 45 the following new bye-law shall be added.

" 44-A. The President is authorized to pass orders for the payment of an amount not exceeding Rs. 20 at a time ".

No. A.-XIV-37/535.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following general order made by the Town Committee of Phalia in the Gujrat district, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*p*) of section 35 and clause (*d*) of section 41 of the said Act, and sanctioned by the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, as required by subsection (1) of section 36 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force from the date of publication of this notification :—

GENERAL ORDER.

1. No person shall manufacture or prepare for sale any milk, curds, sweetmeats, bread, meat or aerated waters except in premises licensed by the Town Committee in this behalf.

2. No premises shall be licensed for the manufacture or preparation for sale of milk, curds, sweetmeats, bread, meat or aerated water—

(*a*) unless they have a floor made of burnt bricks, cement or other impervious materials ;

(*b*) unless the walls are properly plastered and lime-washed ;

(*c*) unless they are provided with adequate light and ventilation to the satisfaction of the President of the Town Committee ; or the Secretary or the District Medical Officer of Health appointed for this purpose ;

(*d*) unless they are provided with a drain and the whole floor is so sloped as to allow all liquid to flow off by the drain ;

(*e*) if there is any direct communication between the premises and any room used as a sleeping room ;

(*f*) if there is any latrine, cess-pool, cow-shed, stable or other place within fifty feet of the premises which in the opinion of the President renders it undesirable that such premises should be used for the manufacture or preparation for sale of milk, curds, sweetmeats, bread, meat or aerated waters.

3. No person shall sell any milk, curds, sweetmeats, bread, meat or aerated waters except in premises licensed by the Town Committee in this behalf, except a person to whom a hawker's licence has been issued.

4. No premises shall be licensed for the sale of milk, curds, sweetmeats, bread, meat or aerated waters unless arrangements are made to protect the abovementioned articles from flies by means of wire-gauze or cloth.

5. Subject to the provisions of paragraphs 2, 4 and 5 licences for premises for the manufacture or preparation for sale of milk, curds, sweetmeats, bread, meat or aerated waters shall be issued by the President or the Secretary in form S. T. P. appended to this order on the application of the owner or occupier of such premises and shall be granted subject to the conditions specified in form S. T. P. as the conditions subject to which the licence is granted.

6. Licences issued in accordance with paragraph 3, shall be current for not more than 12 months and shall in any case terminate on the 31st March immediately succeeding the date of issue.

7. On the breach of any of the conditions of the licence by the licensee or his agent the Town Committee may forthwith cancel the licence and the licensee shall be entitled to no compensation on account of such cancellation.

8. Licences issued under paragraph 3 shall be granted on payment of a fee of Rs. 2 per annum.

TOWN COMMITTEE, PHALIA.

Form S. T .P.

Licence for premises for the manufacture or preparation for sale of ____________ *issued under paragraph 3 of the general order for licensing premises.*

THE premises of which a description is given in the attached schedule, situated in (name of street, ward, etc.,) are hereby licensed for the manufacture or preparation for sale of ____________

The licence is granted to owner/occupier of the said premises subject to the following conditions:—

(1) That he shall not employ or permit to be employed in the manufacture or preparation for sale of ____________ any person suffering from any contagious or infectious disease or from loathsome sores or who has recently been attending on any person so suffering and that he shall not suffer any such person or any animal to enter or remain upon the licensed premises.

(2) That he shall daily cause to be thoroughly washed and cleansed the floor and drain of the licensed premises and every bench, counter, table, shelf or other place on which the articles manufactured or prepared for sale and any material used in such manufacture or preparation for sale are kept.

(3) That he shall cause the walls of the licensed premises to be properly lime-washed at least twice a year and more often if so required by the President of the Committee.

(4) That he shall not spit or smoke or suffer any other person to spit or smoke within the licensed premises.

(5) That he shall not keep or suffer to be kept in the licensed premises any bedding, soiled clothes or other things not required for the manufacture or preparation for sale of

(6) That he shall premit the President, Secretary or Medical Officer of Health of the Town Committee authorized in this behalf at all reasonable times and without notice to inspect the licensed premises.

(7) That he shall keep all vessels, receptacles, utensils and other things used for the purpose in a state of thorough cleanliness, and that he shall daily cause to be thoroughly washed and cleansed the floors, drains and every bench, counter, table, shelf or other materials used in the process of manufacture.

(8) That he shall duly pay to the Town Committee the fee that may from time to time be imposed under section 41 of the Punjab Small Towns Act.

(9) That he shall take such measures as may be required by the President to protect articles of food from flies by the means of wire-gauze.

(For meat only).

(10) That the wooden boards for cutting maet shall be covered with a zinc sheet.

(11) That no meat shall be exposed for sale which has been blown out, or artificially stuffed, nor the flesh of any animal which had died from any disease or other natural cause, nor any meat which is decayed or in a rotton condition.

(12) That no waste meat, trimmings, bones, refuse or offensive matter shall be thrown into the public street.

(For milk only).

(13) That no milk shall be exposed for sale that is mixed with water.

(For ærated water and bread only).

(14) That he shall not use any water obtained from a source and conveyed to the premises in a manner not approved by the President, Secretary or Medical Officer ot Healt of the committee authorized in that behalf.

No. A.-XIV-37/536.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following general order made by the Town Committee of Phalia in the Gujrat district, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*g*) of section 35 of the said Act, and sanctioned by the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, as required by subsection (1) of section 36 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force from the date of this notification ;—

GENERAL ORDER.

1. Trades or callings which give rise to offensive noises are not permitted between eight o'clock at night and six o'clock in the morning unless specially authorized in this behalf by the town committee.

2. In premises where oil engines are used, kerosine oil, petroleum and other inflammable materials shall be kept in a separate room which shall not be contiguous to the engine room.

3. Every person shall adopt the best practicable means, to the satisfaction of the committee, for rendering innocuous all gases, affluvia or vapours emitted by the engine during the process of working and shall in every case cause such gases, effluvia or vapours to be discharged into the external air in such a manner and at such a height as to admit of the proper diffusion of these gases without producing any unwholesome or injurious effects in the neighbourhood or shall cause such gases to pass from the exhaust pipe (or other outlet of such gases) through fire or into a condensing apparatus and then through fire in such a manner as to consume effectually such gases so as to deprive the same of all noxious or injurious properties.

4. In premises where smoke arises through the use of coal in the furnace or any other place in the engine house, every person shall use such apparatus that will, as far as practicable, consume the smoke arising from the engine or the furnaces.

5. In premises where oil engines are used the exhaust pipes shall be kept free and open and nothing shall be permitted to be fastened to the end of the exhaust pipe that may produce any sound.

Explanation.—For purposes of this order the decision of the committee or some officer appointed by the committee in this behalf whether the ventilation is adequate or the drains or the rooms are suitable, or the means adopted for rendering gases, effluvia or vapours innocuous, are the best practicable, shall be final.

The 11th December, 1940.

No. 537.—In accordance with the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that Khan Bahadur Raja Mohd. Akram Khan has been elected under sub section (1) of section 20 of the said Act, President of the Municipal Committee of Jhelum in the Jhelum district.

P. MARSDEN,

Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division.

Small Towns.

The 11th December, 1940.

No. 164.—In accordance with the provisions of subsection (3) of section 4 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, it is hereby notified that the following person has been elected under section 8 of the said Act, a member of the Town Committee of Shorkot in the Jhang district, *vice* S. Haidar Shah, son of S. Salhun Shah, deceased :—

S. Hassan Shah, son of Umar Shah, Sayyad. of Shorkot.

C. V. SALUSBURY,

Commissioner, Multan Division.

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PART I—B.

Notifications by Commissioners.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

Committees.

The 21st December, 1940.

No. 489.—In the matter of election petition preferred by (1) Shabir Beg, (2) Ghulam Mohammad, (3) Rashid Beg, (4) Dalip Singh, (5) Anwar Yar Beg on the 24th July, 1939, against the election of Ch. Salim-ud-Din as a member of the Municipal Committee, Hansi.

The Commissioner, Ambala Division, having received the report of the commission appointed to hold the enquiry into the election petition described above, is hereby pleased to declare the election of Ch. Salim-ud-Din valid. The Commissioner is pleased further to order that the petitioners shall pay Rs. 113-14-0 (rupees one hundred and thirteen and annas 14 only) to the respondent on account of the costs of the suit.

These orders are herein notified in pursuance of the provisions of section 255 of the Punjab Municipal Act.

General (Gurdwaras).

The 18th December, 1940.

No. 15-G.—In continuation of notification No. 8-G., dated the 1st September, 1937, by the Commissioner, Ambala Division, it is hereby notified for general information that the person named in the schedule below has been declared elected as a member of the committee constituency for the Gurdwaras specified in the schedule, *vice* Partap Singh, son of Jiwan Singh, resigned :—

SCHEDULE.

Name of the Gurdwaras.	Name and address of the elected members.
Gurdwaras No. 215-219, Ambala City ..	S. Dalel Singh, son of S. Bara Singh, Sikh, Railway Road, Ambala City.

E. SHEEPSHANKS,
Commissioner, Ambala Division.

Committees.

The 23rd December, 1940.

No. 203-L. F. B.—In accordance with the provisions of section 15 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, and in pursuance of the delegation made in Punjab Government notification No. 4, dated the 3rd January, 1912, the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, is pleased to accept the resignation of Lala Harbans Lal from membership of the Municipal Committee of Nakodar in Jullundur district.

Small Towns.

The 23rd December, 1940.

No. 205-L.F.B.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following general order made by the town committee of **Mukerian** in the Hoshiarpur district, in exercise of the power conferred by clauses (*a*) and (*b*) of section 35 of the said Act and sanctioned by the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, as required by subsection (*1*) of section 36 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force from the date of this notification :—

GENERAL ORDER.

1. The town committee may by public notice declare any well or other source of water to be a source of water used for drinking purposes.

2. No person shall pollute a source of water used for drinking purposes—

(*a*) by collecting within a distance of less than 100 feet or throwing into it any rubbish or filth or by easing himself or urinating nearer than 100 feet ;

(*b*) by bathing or washing any clothes or utensils or watering any animals within a distance of less than 100 feet or such other distance as the committee may, by special order, apply to any source of supply ;

(*c*) by lowering his private receptacle for drawing water into any well to which the committee may by special order apply this sub-clause ;

(*d*) by permitting surface water or the water of any drain to flow into the source of water used for drinking purposes.

3. No person shall build without the sanction of the town committee any kachcha drain, sewer or latrine or make other arrangements for the collection of dirty or filthy material within 50 feet from a source of water used for drinking purposes.

4. If the committee has by special order required the owner or occupier of any source of water used for drinking purposes—

(*a*) to build a drain, cistern or masonry floor in order to provide for dirty water to flow off or prevent the flow of surface water or the water of any drain into the said source ; or

(*b*) to provide it, if a well, with a suitable covering in order to prevent pollution from natural causes such as by falling in of dead leaves or decomposed fruit of berries ; or

(*c*) to provide it, if a well, with a parapet three feet high round the surface of the well ; or

(*d*) to provide it with a metal receptacle for raising water for drinking purposes attached to a metal chain of such length that the upper end of the chain shall always be above the surface of the water ;

or if the committee has by special order required the owner of any drain, privy, latrine, urinal, cesspool or other receptacle for filth or refuse to remove or close any drain, privy, latrine, urinal, cesspool or other receptacle for filth or refuse which exists within fifty feet of the source of water used for drinking purposes ; and if the said owner or occupier refuses or neglects within a reasonable time to obey any of the said special orders, the committee may after a week's further notice enter upon such source of supply and carry out the improvements indicated.

5. The president, secretary, or medical officer of health of the town committee authorised in that behalf may, at all times, inspect a source of water supply, and the town committee shall cause this to be done not less than twice a year.

6. The owner or occupier of a source of supply of drinking water shall clean it at least twice a year and whenever called on to do so by the president, secretary or medical officer of health of the town committee empowered in that behalf.

7. The president, secretary, or medical officer of health of the town committee may at any time clean a source of supply of drinking water and disinfect it with permanganate of potash.

8. Should the Committee consider that the water in any well, tank or other place is likely, if used for drinking, to engender or cause the spread of any dangerous disease, it may by special order prohibit the removal or use of such water for drinking and require the owner or occupier of such well, tank or place to take such steps as may be specified in the special order to prevent the public from having access to such water; and should the owner or occupier neglect to take such steps the committee may after a week's further notice enter upon such well, tank or place and take the steps specified in such special order.

General (Gurdwaras).

The 23rd December, 1940.

No. 204-L. F. B.—It is hereby notified, in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (3) of section 88 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, that the person named in column 3 of the schedule below has been duly nominated by the Shiromani Gurdwara Parbandhak Committee, Amritsar, under the provisions of section 87 of the Act, as the fifth member of the Committee for the Gurdwara specified in column 2 of the schedule and that the Committee has been duly constituted:—

SCHEDULE.

Serial no. as entered in Schedule I of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, as subsequently amended.	Name of Gurdwara.	Name and address of member nominated.	Constituency in Schedule I of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, as subsequently amended.
1	2	3	4
193 ..	Gurusar ..	S. Kartar Singh, son of S. Kala Singh, of village Sukhna Ablu, Post Office Doda, Tahsil Muktsar, District Ferozepore.	Revenue estate of Rupana, Tahsil Muktsar District Ferozepore.

A. C. MACNABB,
Commissioner, Jullundur Division.

Small Towns.

The 20th December, 1940.

No. A./IV/68-B/II/163.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following general order made by the Town Committee of Qadian, in the Gurdaspur district, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (1) of section 35 of the said Act, and sanctioned by the Commissioner of the Lahore Division, as required by subsection (1) of section 36 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force from the date of this notification:—

GENERAL ORDER.

1. (*i*) "Slaughter-house" means the slaughter-house owned and managed by the Town Committee.

(*ii*) "Superintendent" means the officer incharge of the slaughter-house, who will be the Veterinary Assistant Surgeon or a registered Medical Practitioner, deputed by the Town Committee for this purpose.

2. (*i*) The slaughter-house will be open for the slaughter of animals during such hours as the committee may, from time to time, direct.

(*ii*) No animal shall be slaughtered for sale at any other time, or place, provided that, in special circumstances and on the realisation of double the usual fee, the Superintendent may allow the slaughter of any animal at any other time or place. In all such cases the previous written permission of the Superintendent shall be obtained.

3. The Committee shall fix at a conspicuous place in the slaughter-house, a notice showing—

(*i*) the hours of the working of the slaughter-house;

(*ii*) the fees payable; and

(*iii*) any other directions that the Committee or the Superintendent may see fit to issue.

4. Every animal for slaughter shall, on being brought to the slaughter-house, be presented for inspection to the Superintendent who, before passing any animal for slaughter, shall satisfy himself that—

(*i*) it is more than 6 months old;

(*ii*) its flesh will be fit for use as human food;

(*iii*) it is not pregnant or with unweaned young;

(*iv*) it is not diseased or in a dying condition:

Provided that an animal which has met with an accident, and is otherwise healthy, may be passed for slaughter.

5. The Superintendent shall maintain a register in which he shall enter a brief description of each animal approved for slaughter, and the fees recovered therefor.

(6) The fees to be charged under subsection (1) of section 41 of the Punjab Small Towns Act for the use of the slaughter-house shall be those fixed by the committee from time to time with the previous approval of the Commissioner.

7. (1) No person shall knowingly bring into any part of the slaughter-house—

(i) a diseased or unsound animal ;

(ii) an animal which is less than 6 months old ;

(iii) an animal which is pregnant or with unweaned young ;

(iv) any carcass ;

(v) any dog ; or

(vi) any animal not meant for slaughter, or for the slaughter of which the slaughter-house is not provided.

(2) Any animal brought in contravention of this general order shall be summarily removed under the directions of the Superintendent.

8. (i) Animals approved for slaughter by the Superintendent shall be branded or marked with a distinctive mark on ears, hooves or horns and admitted into the waiting yard of the slaughter-house.

(ii) All animals when approved shall be kept in the waiting yard until the owners or persons in charge receive permission to bring them into the slaughter-yard.

(iii) The owner of the animal shall remain responsible for its security while it is in the waiting yard.

(iv) No animal shall be admitted into the waiting yard unless the prescribed fee has been paid.

9. Animals rejected as unfit for slaughter shall be removed forthwith from the premises of the slaughter-house :

Provided that animals found to be affected by any infection or contagious disease or which may reasonably be suspected of being so affected, shall, if the Superintendent so directs, be forthwith apprehended and removed to the Veterinary Hospital or such other place as the Committee may provide for the purpose.

10. Each animal shall be slaughtered immediately over the drain and no blood shall be allowed to flow upon the floor.

11. (i) Slaughtered animals shall be disembowelled as soon as possible after slaughter.

(ii) The contents of the stomachs and bowels shall not be washed into the drain or allowed to drop on the floor, but shall be emptied into buckets or receptacles provided for the purpose by the Town Committee.

12. No person shall rub or cause to be rubbed the inner sides of skins upon the ground within any portion of the slaughter-house or in the neighbourhood of the slaughter-house premises.

13. (i) All carcasses shall, after skinning and cleaning, be presented to the Superintendent for inspection.

(ii) Carcasses which have been passed by the Superintendent, as fit for human consumption shall, if necessary, be branded or stamped so as to define their quality.

(iii) No person shall remove any carcass from the slaughter-house premises until it has been duly passed by the Superintendent.

(iv) The Superintendent shall cause any carcass or meat, which is, in his opinion, unfit for human consumption, to be buried or destroyed.

14. No person shall remove entrails and offals from the slaughter-house until they have been properly washed and cleaned.

15. No person shall blow or stuff any meat within the slaughter-house premises, and the Superintendent may cause to be buried or destroyed any meat found to be blown or stuffed.

16. Any carcass or meat ordered to be destroyed, in accordance with the provisions of general order 13 or 15, shall be so treated as to render its use for human food impossible.

17. No meat shall be sold on the premises of the slaughter-house.

18. No person shall remove or cause to be removed from the premises of the slaughter-house any carcass or meat, except in a clean receptacle, and covered in such

manner as to be screened from public view, and adequately protected against flies and dust.

19. The Superintendent shall. by general or special order direct the disposition of all skins, heads, horns and feet of slaughtered animals and all carcasses or meat found left in the slaughter-house. after the hour fixed for closing the slaughter-house.

20. (*i*) No person effected with leprosy, sores or any other skin disease or any contagious of infectious disease shall enter the slaughter-house premises.

(*ii*) No person other than the staff of the Town Committee on duty and licensed butchers and their assistants or *bona fide* servants, shall enter the slaughter-house premises during the process of slaughtering or skinning and cutting up of carcasses.

(*iii*) No person shall create any disturbance in the slaughter-house premises.

General (Gurdwaras).

The 20th December, 1940.

No. 290/12-III/164.—It is hereby notified that Sardar Anokh Singh, son of Sardar Sundar Singh, Jat, of village and Post Office Naushera Virkan, Tahsil and District Gujranwala, has been elected, under section 96 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, a member of the Committee of Management for Gurdwara Mattu Bhaike (Gurdwara Chhevin Padshahi) No. 98, in the vacancy caused by the death of Sardar Jawand Singh, son of Sardar Ganda Singh.

The 23rd December, 1940.

No. 290/8-IV/165.—In accordance with the provisions of section 87 of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925, it is hereby notified that the following person has been nominated by the Shiromani Gurdwara Parbandhak Committee to be the fifth member of the Committee of Management for the Gurdwaras specified in the schedule below. The committee of these Gurdwaras is, therefore, duly constituted under section 88 (3) of the said Act :—

SCHEDULE.

Name of Gurdwara.	Serial No. as entered in Schedule I of the Sikh Gurdwaras Act, 1925.	No. and date of notification declaring the Gurdwara as a Sikh Gurdwara.	Name and address of the persons nominated.	Constituency for the election of the Committee of Management.
1	2	3	4	5
1. Bhai Pheru (Gurdwara Sangat Sahib).	25	..	Sardar Waryam Singh, son of Sardar Partap Singh, of village But, Post Office Kot Radha Kishan, District Lahore.	Tahsil of Chunian.
2. Gurdwara Akalian.	..	264-G, dated the 22nd October, 1931.		
3. Gurdwara Guru Arjan Dev Ji.	--	22-G., dated the 5th April, 1935.		

J. W. HEARN,
Commissioner, Lahore Division.

Committees.

The 18th December, 1940.

No. A.-II-7/538.—In accordance with the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the following person is appointed under section 17 of the said Act, a member of the Municipal Committee of Isakhel :—

Non-official.

L. Sant Ram, son of L. Aya Ram, *vice* S. Chatar Singh, deceased.

The 21st December, 1940.

No. A.-II-3 (ii)/541.—In accordance with the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that W. F. G. LeBailly, Esquire, I.C.S., Deputy Commissioner, Attock, has been elected President of the Municipal Committee, Campbellpur, in Attock district, under section 20 of the said Act.

Small Towns.

The 19th December, 1940.

No. A-XIV-17-539.—In pursuance of the provisions of subsection (2) of section 36 of the Punjab Small Towns Act, 1921, the following general order made by the Town Committee of Talagang in the Attock district, in exercise of the power conferred by

clause (p) of section 35 and clause (d) of section 41 of the said Act, and sanctioned by the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division as required by subsection (1) of section 36 of the said Act, is published for general information and shall come into force from the date of this notification :—

GENERAL ORDER.

1. No person shall sell Banaspatine or charbine or any article of food prepared with these for human consumption at any place within the limits of the Small Town, Talagang except in premises licensed by the Town Committee in this behalf.

2. Licences for premises for the sale of banaspatine or charbine or any article of food prepared with these shall be issued by the President of the Town Committee in form "A" appended to this general order to persons applying for them, subject to the conditions laid down in that form.

3. Licences issued under paragraph 2 shall be granted on payment of a fee of Rs. fifty per annum or if the licence is not taken for the whole year at the rate of Rs. 5 per mensem.

4. Licences issued in accordance with paragraph 2 shall be current for not more than 12 months and shall in any case terminate on the 31st March immediately succeeding the date of issue.

5. On the breach of any of the conditions of the licence by the licensee or his agent, the Town Committee may, forthwith, cancel the licence and the licensee shall be entitled to no compensation on account of such cancellation.

6. That the licence shall be transferable under the order of the Town Committee but not otherwise.

"Form A".

TOWN COMMITTEE, TALAGANG.

Licence for premises for the sale and manufacture of Banaspatine or Charbine issued under paragraph 2 of the General Order published with notification No. A-XIV-17-533, dated 19th December, 1940.

The premises of which a description is given in the attached schedule situated in street (ward) .... are hereby licensed for the sale (or manufacture) or Banaspatine or charbine or articles of food prepared with these.

The licence is granted to .... the owner (or occupier) of the said premises on the following conditions :—

1. That he shall neither sell natural ghee in the said premises nor prepare articles of food with ghee.

2. That he shall put a sign board in front of the licensed premises with the following words printed thereon in bold type in Urdu, Hindi and Gurmukhi scripts. The sign board shall not be less than 2′×1½′.

"ONLY BANASPATINE OR CHARBINE IS SOLD OR USED HERE."

3. The licensed premises shall be kept open for the inspection of the Medical Officer of Health or any other official authorised by the committee for the purpose.

4. That on every package containing Banaspatine or charbine, whether opened or closed, there shall be affixed a label, on all sides of the package, in black letter of 3″×4″ on a white back ground, showing that the package contains such articles.

Public Health.

The 19th December, 1940.

No E-IV-8(i)-540.—The following regulations made by the District Board of Shahpur, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 19-A of the Vaccination Act 1880, having been confirmed by the Commissioner, Rawalpindi Division, are published for general information, and shall come into force within the area, subject to its jurisdiction, on the 10th day of February, 1941.

REGULATIONS.

Vaccination Circles.

1. The area subject to these regulations shall be divided for the purpose of vaccination into 17 Vaccination Circles; and each Vaccination Circle shall correspond in area with one Police Station and these Circles shall be known as Sargodha, Kirana, Sillanwali, Shahpur, Jhawarian, Sahiwal, Bhera, Miani, Midh Ranjha, Bhalwal, Kotmoman, Khushab, Mitha Tiwana, Gunjial, Nurpur, Naushehra, and Katha Saghral.

2. The District Board, Shahpur, shall appoint one or more Inspectors of Vaccination and Rural Sanitation for each Circle, who shall work Under the orders of the District Medical Officer of Health, and shall wear on the breast a distinguishing badge with the words, "Inspector of Vaccination and Rural Sanitation, District Board Shahpur" inscribed on it.

3. The Shahpur District Board shall appoint a Superintendent of Vaccination and Rural Sanitation and one or more additional Superintendents of Vaccination and Rural Sanitation for Vaccination Circles, who shall also work under the orders of the District Medical Officer of Health.

4. *Qualifications of Inspector of Vaccination and Rural Sanitation.*—The District Board, Shahpur, shall not appoint any person to a post of Inspector of Vaccination and Rural Sanitation (hereinafter referred to as Inspector) or of Superintendent of Vaccination and Rural Sanitation (hereinafter referred to as Superintendent) unless he holds one or other of the marginally-noted Certificates and has also seceived a course of instruction in vaccination at the Punjab Vaccine Institute, if such instruction was not already included in the Sanitary Inspector's Examination.

1. The Punjab Sanitary Inspector's Certificate.
2. The Bombay Sanitary Inspector's Certificate.
3. The Madras Sanitary Inspector's Certificate.
4. Certificate from the Royal Sanitary Institute, London.
5. Certificate from the Sanitary Inspector Association, London.
6. The Burma Public(?) Health Certificate.

(*a*) The pay of Inspectors and Superintendents shall be as follows :—

Name of Post.	*Scale per mensem.*
	Rs.
Inspector	20-2-40
Superintendent	40-3-70-5-75.

(*b*) The District Board may grant conveyance allowance in addition to pay.

(*c*) No Inspector shall be eligible for promotion as Superintendent, unless he has passed the examination prescribed for Sanitary Inspectors.

5. *Nature of lymph to be ordinarily used.*—The lymph to be used in the performance of vaccination shall be the lymph obtained from the Punjab Vaccine Institute.

6. Every Inspector shall visit, at least twice each village of the circle to which he has been appointed during the Vaccination season, and shall notify the headman of the village 3 days in advance of his visit and shall cause his arrival at the village to be announced by beat of drum.

7. *Appointment of Vaccine Stations.*—Every Inspector in consultation with the headman of the village shall select a place (or places) in each village for performing vaccinations, such as school, *Dara* or *Sarai*, and such places shall ordinarily be used on all occasions for this purpose.

8. *Facilities for procuring vaccination of children at private houses and the fees payable to an Inspector for an operation.*—Persons desirous of procuring the vaccination of their children at their own houses shall intimate the fact to the Inspector, who shall arrange with the applicant to vaccinate the child and a fee of annas eight shall be payable to the Inspector, when he so vaccinates a child.

9. *Fee chargeable by private vaccinators and the authority to which they are subject.*—Persons licensed by the Provincial Government to act as private vaccinators shall in no case demand a higher fee than annas eight for a single operation, and shall perform their duties under the orders and subject to the general control of the District Medical Officer of Health.

10. *Secondary Vaccination.*—If the result of the first vaccination is a failure, the child shall be revaccinated and if this second operation is also a failure, a third attempt shall be made and if this also proves unsuccessful, no further attempt shall be made.

11. *Grant and form of certificate of successful Vaccination, unfit for or insusceptibility of vaccination.*—Whenever it is ascertained that a child is unfit for vaccination or is not susceptible to successful vaccination a certificate in form I attached to these rules shall be granted to the parent or guardian of such child, in the former case by the Inspector, and in the latter in form II by the District Medical Officer of Health, and in like manner, whenever it is ascertained that a child has been successfully vaccinated, a certificate shall be granted by the Inspector to the parent or guardian of the child in form III attached to these regulations.

12. The District Medical Officer of Health shall cause to be maintained the following registers by the Superintendent of Vaccination and Rural Sanitation :—

(*a*) A register to be known as register "A" showing the names of children born within the area subject to these regulations on and after the date of application of the Vaccination Act, 1880 to such area.

(*b*) A register to be known as register "B" showing the names of unprotected children born in the area aforesaid previous to the date of the application of the Vaccination Act, 1880, and who were at that date under the age of 14 years if boys and eight years if girls.

(*c*) A register to be known as register "C" showing the names of unprotected boys and girls under the age of 14 and 8 years, respectively, who are

brought within the local area aforesaid at any time after the application of the Vaccination Act, 1880, and who have resided there for a month or more.

(d) A register to be known as register "D" showing the result of each vaccination or its postponement and the delivery of certificates, if any.

(e) A village vaccination register to be known as register "E" showing the vaccination state and the vaccination Index of each village.

13. *Rules for the preparation of registers.*—The preparation of register "A" shall be effected from the register of births maintained in the office of the Civil Surgeon and of registers "B" and "C" from the information to be collected under the orders of the District Medical Officer of Health and of registers "D" and "E" from the reports submitted by the Vaccinators and Inspectors as hereinafter prescribed.

14. *Registers to be kept by Inspectors.*—Every Inspector and private vaccinator employed within the local area to which these rules apply, shall keep the following registers :—

(a) Register "F" showing—

(i) name, sex, age, parentage, caste and residence of each child vaccinated,

(ii) date of operation ;

(iii) date of inspection after vaccination;

(iv) result whether successful or unsuccessful ;

(v) date of second operation, if first unsuccessful ;

(vi) date of inspection after 2nd vaccination ;

(vii) result whether successful or unsuccessful ;

(viii) date of third operation, if first and second unsuccessful.

(b) Register "G" showing—

(i) name, sex, age, parentage, caste and residence of each child produced, but found unfit for vaccination ;

(ii) date of certificate of postponement granted under Section 9 of the Vaccination Act, 1880 ;

(iii) date on which the child was re-presented for vaccination and the result of inspection ;

(iv) date of renewal of postponement certificate, if any ;

(v) Remarks.

Explanation.—If a child on being re-presented for vaccination is found to be in a fit state for that operation, the fact should be recorded in column 3 of the register G, and an entry of the fact of vaccination when performed shall be made in register "F", a reference to such entry being made in column of remarks of register "G" opposite the corresponding entry in the latter.

15. *Preparation of Vaccination Report and Return.*—Every Inspector or private vaccinator shall prepare after the end of each month during the vaccination season a report on the general results of the vaccination operations carried out during the preceding month, and shall submit it, through the Superintendent to the District Medical Officer of Health, together with a return showing—

(a) number of boys vaccinated during the month ;

(b) number of girls vaccinated during the month ;

(c) results :—

(i) number successful (2 scars or more) ;

(ii) number unsuccessful (less than 2 scars) ;

(iii) number insusceptible ;

(iv) the vaccination index of each village in which the vaccination was carried out during the month.

Form I.

SHAHPUR DISTRICT BOARD.

Vaccination Station ____________

CERTIFICATE OF UNFITNESS FOR VACCINATION.

I ______________________ Inspector Vaccination, and Rural Sanitation (or licensed Vaccinator, as the case may be) do, hereby, certify that in my opinion ____________

name of the child, the son or daughter) as the case may be, of ______________ resident of ______________ is in a state unfit for vaccination, and that such unfitness will continue during the whole (or if a part specify the same) of the current Vaccination season.

Date ______________.

(Sd.)

Inspector of Vaccination and Rural
Sanitation.
______________ Circle.

Form II.

CERTIFICATE OF INSUSCEPTIBILITY OF SUCCESSFUL VACCINATION.

I ______________ do, hereby certify that ______________ the son (or daughter as the case may be), of ______________ resident of ______________ has been three times unsuccessfully vaccinated, and that in my opinion he (or she as the case may be) is unsusceptible of successful vaccination.

Dated ______________.

(Sd.)

District Medical Officer of Health

____

Form III.

CERTIFICATE OF SUCCESSFUL VACCINATION.

I, ______________, Inspector of Vaccination and Rural Sanitation (or licensed vaccinator, as the case may be), do, hereby, certify that ______________ (name of child) the son (or daughter, as the case may be) of ______________ resident of ______________ was vaccinated by me on the ______________ day of ______________ of the year ______________ and that after due inspection, I am satisfied that the vaccination has been successful.

Dated ______________,

(Sd.) ______________

Inspector of Vaccination and Rural
Sanitation
______________ Circle

P. MARSDEN,
Commissioner Rawalpindi Division.

Committees.

The 16th December, 1940.

No. 165.—In consequence of the increase in the constitution of the Municipal Committee of Pakpattan from 12 to 13 members and in pursuance of the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that Khan Sahib Sayed Muhammad Shah, Pleader, has been appointed, under section 12 of the said Act, a member of the Municipal Committee of Pakpattan in the Montgomery District.

No. 166.—In accordance with the provisions of section 24 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911, it is hereby notified that the following person has been appointed, under section 12 of the said Act, a member of the Municipal Committee of Lyallpur, *vice* Khwaja Ghulam Hussain, Pleader, Lyallpur, appointed Executive Officer :—

Chaudhri Rahmat Ali, Pleader, Lyallpur.

C. V. SALUSBURY,
Commissioner, Multan Division.

1499 CS—27-12-40—SGPP Lahore.